# FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

SEPTEMBER 1952



BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM WASHINGTON

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## FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

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## POSTWAR USE OF CONSUMER FUNDS

Consumer spending and saving decisions were stabilizing factors in the economy during the second year of the defense emergency, offsetting in part the increasing diversion of output to national security purposes. During much of the first year after the outbreak of hostilities in Korea, consumer spending added to inflationary pressures in markets for many goods and services. During the second defense year consumer expenditures for nondurable goods and services kept pace with rising incomes, but purchases of new homes and of consumer durable goods were smaller than in the preceding 12 months and the flow of consumer funds into financial assets was substantially larger.

Consumer indebtedness of all types continued to increase from the high level outstanding at the time of the Korean outbreak. The growth in debt, however, was slower in the second defense year than in the first, and was not much above the average for the four postwar years before June 1950. The increase in consumer holdings of financial assets, on the other hand, was considerably greater in the past year than in the earlier periods.

## MOVEMENT TOWARD PREWAR PATTERNS

The ways consumers dispose of funds obtained from personal income, borrowing, and sales of assets reflect a wide range of needs, preferences, and requirements. Expenditures for nondurable goods and services such as

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food, clothing, and rent account for the largest part of all consumer uses of funds. Capital outlays for new homes, automobiles, and other durable goods are another important use of funds, as are transactions that add to consumer holdings of financial assets. Payment of personal taxes is now a substantial item. Finally, investments in their own enterprises are a use of funds by proprietors of farms and other unincorporated businesses. Shifts in consumer preferences, particularly as between outlays for capital goods and additions to financial assets, have contributed greatly to postwar changes in general economic activity.

Consumer expenditures for new homes and durable goods were large and generally increasing throughout the period July 1946 through June 1950. Even during the moderate recession of 1948-49, consumer capital outlays declined less and recovered earlier than business investment expenditures. For the pre-Korean period as a whole, the value of consumer purchases of capital goods averaged almost three and a half times the restricted wartime rate.

Expenditures for nondurable goods and services, which had increased in the war period, rose further in early postwar years. The relative increase from wartime levels, however, was much smaller than the rise in consumer outlays for capital goods, produc-

Use	1938-41	1942-45	July 1946 through		ending e 30
			June 1950	1951	1952 <i>p</i>
Personal taxes Nondurable goods and	3.4	10.1	9.4	10.4	11.6
services	78.8	63.2	71.0	68.5	68.3
Durable goods	9.3	4.7	10.6	12.0	9.5
New homes	3.4	.8	3.2	4.5	3.6
cial assets Net increase in unin- corporated business	5.0	16.0	4.8	4.1	5.9
equities <sup>1</sup> Other <sup>3</sup>	(2) (2)	5.2 (2)	(²) .9	(²) .5	.7 .5
Total uses of funds	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Annual average, in bil- lions of dollars	81.3	157.7	212.6	253.8	271.8

CONSUMER USES OF FUNDS, SELECTED PERIODS [Percentage distribution]

P Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Increase in business assets of farms and other unincorporated businesses less depreciation of business assets and increase in business liabilities. Personal activities of farmers and other pro-prietors, such as payments of personal taxes, consumption ex-penditures, and increases in personal holdings of financial assets, are included with activities of other consumers in the appropriate lines of the table. <sup>1</sup> Increase in personal holdings of instancial assets, <sup>1</sup> Increase in personal holdings of financial assets, <sup>2</sup> Increase in personal holdings of financial assets, <sup>2</sup> Increase in personal holdings of the table. <sup>3</sup> Increase in personal holdings of tables in personal holdings of the table. <sup>3</sup> Increase in personal holdings of the tables in personal holdings of tables

A net decrease (net source of funds to consumers) in this period. <sup>3</sup> Includes increases in assets of nonprofit organizations statistical discrepancy (outlays not accounted for).

Nore.—Columns may not add to 100 per cent because of round-ing. Basic data from U. S. Department of Commerce and Secur-ities and Exchange Commission, with supplementary estimates by Federal Reserve.

tion of which had been cut back sharply during the war. In contrast to the high level of expenditures for capital goods, consumer use of funds to acquire financial assets was substantially below the high wartime rate. The assets acquired included liquid assets such as currency and bank deposits, United States Government securities and savings and loan shares, and other financial claims such as private insurance and pension reserves, and corporate and municipal securities.

In important respects these postwar changes brought the allocation of consumer funds closer to the pattern prevailing in prewar years. As is shown above in the table, funds allocated to durable goods, new homes, and financial assets respectively were about the same proportion of all consumer uses of funds in the four years preceding Korea as they had been in the four years just before World War II.

Principal differences in the pattern of consumer use of funds before and after the war were the substantially larger part of the total paid out in personal taxes and the smaller part accounted for by purchases of nondurable goods and services. The rise in personal tax payments, reflecting higher income taxes carried over from the war period as well as higher levels of employment and income, brought the ratio of personal taxes to total consumer uses of funds above 9 per cent from about 3.5 per cent in the prewar years.

The smaller proportion of funds used for nondurable goods and services reflected mainly the relatively slow rise in utility prices and the continuation of rent controls in many areas after the war. Expenditures for nondurable goods rose rapidly in early postwar years, owing in part to sharp increases in food and apparel prices. In the four years after the war, purchases of food, clothing, and other nondurable goods averaged more than two and a half times prewar levels and were about the same relative share of all consumer uses of funds as in prewar years. Consumer expenditures for services, although twice prewar levels, were a substantially smaller share of the total.

PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES, SELECTED PERIODS IN CONSTANT (1939) PRICES

[In billions of dollars]

		Annual average		Year ending June 30			
Type of expenditure	1938–41	1942-45	July 1946 through June 1950	1951	1952 <i>p</i>		
Total expenditures	69.8	80.3	100.9	109.5	109.1		
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	7.3 36.5 26.1	5.2 44.1 31.1	$12.7 \\ 50.0 \\ 38.2$	$15.4 \\ 52.0 \\ 42.2$	$12.4 \\ 53.7 \\ 43.0$		

Preliminary

P Preliminary, NOTE.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding. Basic data from U. S. Department of Commerce and Council of Economic Advisers; July 1946 through June 1950 estimates by Federal Reserve.

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Even after differential price movements are taken into account, expenditures for nondurable goods and services lagged behind other postwar uses of consumer funds. As is shown in the second table, purchases of nondurable goods and services increased approximately 40 per cent, in terms of constant (1939) prices, while outlays for durable goods rose some 75 per cent. The number of new homes purchased increased almost 90 per cent.

## Impact of the Defense Emergency

Invasion of South Korea in June 1950 accelerated the increase in consumer expenditures, particularly for items expected to be most affected by military requirements. Consumer purchases of new homes and durable goods, which had reached the highest point of the pre-Korean period in the first half of 1950, rose sharply in the following three months. Demand for durable goods abated in the autumn of 1950, but increased again with news of military reverses toward the end of the year and in the early months of 1951. Peaks reached in the second round of spending were below those of the earlier buying period, and by the second quarter of 1951 purchases of durable goods had declined to about their immediate pre-Korean level.

For the entire first year after the invasion, expenditures for new homes and durable goods amounted to 20 per cent more than in the previous year and some 40 per cent more than the average for the preceding four years. The increases were greater for new homes than for consumer durable goods and, in durable goods, they were more rapid for automobiles than for home furnishings. Expenditures for nondurable goods and services were 15 per cent above their average for the earlier postwar years, but continued to

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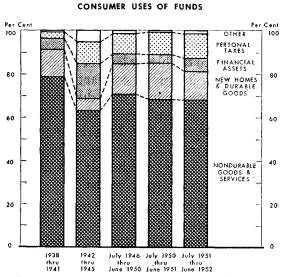
decline as a share of all consumer uses of funds.

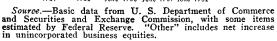
In part, the increase in consumer expenditures reflected the higher level of retail prices, but even in terms of constant prices the volume of new homes and durable goods purchased was considerably larger than in the previous year and well above the average for the four pre-Korean years. The corresponding rise for nondurable goods and services was much more moderate.

Despite the increase in consumer spending and in personal tax payments, incomes and borrowing were sufficiently large to permit consumers as a group to continue acquiring financial assets at the relatively high rate of the preceding four years.

## Moderation of Demand for Homes And Durable Goods

As the impact of anti-inflation measures applied by the Government became increasingly felt throughout the economy, consumers altered their disposition of funds considerably. Reaction from earlier intensive buying and heavy borrowing, higher tax payments, and the effectiveness of restraints on new borrowing were reflected in a decline in consumer expenditures for capital goods. In the second year of Korean hostilities, these expenditures were about 15 per cent smaller than in the preceding year; they declined from a sixth to about an eighth of all consumer uses of funds. Expenditures for nondurable goods and services increased somewhat, and were about the same proportion of all consumer uses of funds as in the first year after the Korean invasion. The proportion of consumer funds used to acquire financial assets rose sharply, as is shown in the chart on the following page, and personal tax payments continued to increase.





Consumer expenditures for homes and durable goods, although smaller than in the first year of Korean hostilities, represented a substantial dollar amount and physical volume of purchases. Expenditures for durable goods alone in constant (1939) prices, while down almost a fifth from the preceding 12 months, were almost as large as the very high average for the four years preceding Korea. The number of new homes purchased in the second year of hostilities was also about a fifth below the peak rate for the first defense year although about a fifth above the average in earlier postwar years.

## CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

Postwar shifts in consumer spending have been reflected in a substantial adjustment in the financial position of consumers. Wartime developments—high incomes, scarcities of consumer goods, and price controls—enabled consumers to add substantially to their holdings of financial assets. From the end of 1941 through 1945 consumers acquired more than 22 billion dollars a year of liquid assets and 3 billion of other financial claims, while their total indebtedness rose less than one billion dollars a year.

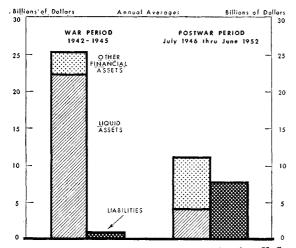
This growth in financial wealth was an important factor enabling consumers to satisfy deferred demands in the postwar period as the production of homes, automobiles, and other durable goods expanded. Nevertheless, the record volume of spending in postwar years did not reduce aggregate consumer holdings of financial wealth. Continued high incomes and the availability of credit to finance purchases enabled consumers as a group to add moderately to liquid asset holdings and to acquire substantial amounts of other financial assets such as insurance reserves and corporate securities.

The major postwar shift in the financial activities of consumers has been the sharp increase in all types of borrowing, as is shown in the chart on the opposite page. From mid-1946 to June of this year, mortgages and other liabilities incurred in purchases of homes, goods, services, and securities increased almost 8 billion dollars a year, about a third less than the rise in their holdings of all financial assets, but almost twice as much as additions to consumer holdings of liquid assets.

Service charges on this indebtedness increased more rapidly than personal income or liquid assets. Rough estimates of required amortization and interest payments on all consumer liabilities indicate a tripling of annual debt service charges over the entire postwar period, an increase from about onetwentieth of personal income soon after the end of the war to about one-tenth in the first half of 1952. To some extent, these larger fixed charges replaced consumer expenditures for comparable services; for example, mortgage amortization and interest payments were made in lieu of rental payments.

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#### GROWTH IN CONSUMER FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES



Source.—Federal Reserve estimates based on data from U. S. Housing and Home Finance Agency, Securities and Exchange Commission, and others.

They also represented for some consumers a means of financing capital expenditures which could not easily have been made out of current income or accumulated liquid asset holdings.

Postwar changes before Korea. A considerable part of the increase in consumer indebtedness occurred in the postwar years before the beginning of the defense emergency. In the course of spending almost 120 billion dollars for new homes and durable goods from mid-1946 to mid-1950, consumers increased their indebtedness 30 billion dollars, an average of 7.5 billion dollars a year.

The increase in total liabilities during this period was almost twice the increase in consumer liquid asset holdings, and estimated service charges on the growing indebtedness rose faster than personal income or liquid asset holdings. In the same period, however, consumers also added more than 6 billion dollars a year in other financial assets-almost 5 billion in private insurance and pension reserves, and more than a billion and a half in other financial claims such as corporate securities, State and local government obligations, mortgages, and credit union

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Altogether, the growth of liquid shares. and other financial assets amounted to somewhat more than 10 billion dollars a year and exceeded the average increase in indebtedness by more than a third.

First year of defense emergency. The flow of consumer funds into financial assets continued at a high rate in the first year after the invasion of Korea, but the composition of asset accumulation changed sharply. The increase in holdings of liquid assets-currency, bank deposits, Government securities, and savings and loan shares-amounted to only about one-third of the average annual increase in the preceding four years. The smaller flow into liquid assets was largely attributable to reduced purchases and increased redemptions of Government securities. Currency and demand deposit balances increased substantially, but time deposits were almost unchanged. Saving and loan shares continued to grow at about the pre-Korean rate.

GROWTH IN CONSUMER FINANCIAL ASSETS, SELECTED PERIODS [In billions of dollars]

	1	nual rage	Year ending June 30			
Type of asset	1942–45	July 1946 through June 1950	1951	1952 <i>p</i>		
Total financial assets 1	25.2	10.2	10.5	16.1		
Liquid assets Currency and bank deposits Savings and loan shares U. S. Government securities.	22.2 10.8 .7 10.7	3.9 1.4 1.3 1.2	1.4 1.8 1.5 -1.9	7.3 4.9 2.6 2		
Other Private insurance and pen- sion reserves Corporate securities <sup>2</sup> Other <sup>3</sup>	$ \begin{array}{r} 3.1 \\ 3.4 \\2 \\1 \end{array} $	6.3 4.6 .2 1.5	9.1 5.7 1.2 2.2	8.8 5.7 2.0 1.1		

Preliminary.

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary.
<sup>1</sup> Excludes estimated changes in financial assets owned directly by unincorporated businesses, nonprofit organizations, and credit unions. Estimated changes in assets of self-administered pension plans are included in "private insurance and pension reserves."
<sup>2</sup> Changes are calculated as purchases minus sales of securities in each period and do not measure the change in market value of securities held.
<sup>3</sup> Includes State and local government securities, credit union shares, mortgages, and credit balances due from security dealers.

NOTE.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding. Federal Reserve estimates based on data from Securities and Exchange Commission and others.

Consumer additions to other types of financial assets increased at well above earlier rates. The flow of funds into private insurance and pension reserves rose by a fourth, and consumer net purchases of corporate securities registered one of the largest 12month increases on record. All told, the increase in financial assets exceeded 10 billion dollars, about the same rate as the average for the preceding four years.

Reflecting the large volume of expenditures for homes and durable goods in this period, consumer liabilities increased considerably, although somewhat less than financial assets. Most of the rise in liabilities occurred in the second half of 1950, and brought a substantial increase in debt service charges. Personal tax payments also rose, following the higher rates imposed in late 1950. Tax payments and debt service charges together amounted to approximately onefourth of personal income in the first half of 1951 as compared with about one-fifth in the half year before the Korean invasion. Income after taxes and debt servicing increased, but no more than the prices of goods and services purchased by consumers.

Second defense year. In the second year of the defense emergency, consumer emphasis shifted from the purchase of capital goods to the acquisition of financial assets. Prior satisfaction of the most urgent demands for consumer capital goods and the attendant rise in consumer liabilities were important factors underlying the shift. More immediate considerations were the continued availability of most types of consumer goods despite threatened shortages and the restraints exerted on credit financing of homes and durable goods.

Expenditures for new homes and durable goods fell well below those of the previous year, while the amount of consumer funds used to acquire financial assets increased substantially. Almost half of the rise was accounted for by increases in consumer holdings of liquid assets, as compared with only about one-eighth in the preceding 12 months. At midyear 1952, consumer holdings of liquid assets amounted to approximately 175 billion dollars. In addition to the growth in these assets, private insurance reserves continued to expand and another sharp rise occurred in net purchases of corporate securities. The flow of consumer funds into all types of financial assets exceeded 16 billion dollars.

Reduction in consumer expenditures for capital goods was accompanied by a slower rate of growth in consumer indebtedness. Mortgages and other consumer liabilities increased 8 billion dollars, as compared with more than 9 billion in the preceding year. About one-seventh of the increase in liabilities was attributable to the rapid rise in consumer instalment credit, largely for the purchase of automobiles and other durable goods, following suspension of Regulation W early in May of this year.

Financing patterns. Postwar changes in the disposition of consumer funds and the methods by which expenditures were financed have modified the structure of consumer indebtedness. Changes were principally in the source of funds rather than the purpose of borrowing, as is shown in the table on the following page.

Mortgages accounted for some 70 per cent of the 77 billion dollars owed by consumers at mid-1952, a slightly larger proportion than at the end of World War II. Consumer credit to finance purchases of goods and services represented more than a quarter of the indebtedness at mid-1952 as compared with a fifth at the end of 1945. Loans to finance purchases of securities, which declined after the last war loan drive in 1945,

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INDEBTEDNESS OF CONSUMERS, SI	elected Dates
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[Estimated amounts outstanding, in billions of dollars]

Type of debt and	Decen	iber 31		June 30						
creditor	1939	1945	1946	1950	1951	1952 <i>p</i>				
Total indebtedness <sup>1</sup> .	21.5	27.7	29.8	59.6	68.9	76.8				
For purchase of: Real estate Goods and services Other	$12.5 \\ 7.0 \\ 2.0$	18.8 5.6 3.3	20.5 6.7 2.6	39.3 17.7 2.6	46.9 19.3 2.7	53.1 21.0 2.7				
Type of creditor: Financial institu- tion <sup>2</sup> Other	10.6 10.9	15.5 12.2	(3) (3)	38.9 20.7	46.4 22.5	52.4 24.4				

P Preliminary. P Categories of indebtedness refer to the principal purpose for which loans were obtained. Real estate debt excludes estimated amounts of mortgages on 1- to 4-family dwellings owed by other than owner-occupants. Debt incurred in purchases of goods and services is the Federal Reserve series on total consumer credit. Other indebtedness includes security loans owed to banks and security brokers and dealers, and share loans owed to savings and hoan associations. loan associations.

<sup>2</sup> Includes commercial and mutual savings banks, life insurance companies, credit unions, and savings and loan associations.

<sup>4</sup> Data not available. *Source.*—Federal Reserve estimates, based on data from U. S. Housing and Home Finance Agency, Securities and Exchange Commission, and others.

have increased little in recent years. ln June 1952 they represented less than 4 per cent of all consumer liabilities.

The share of consumer debt held by financial institutions-banks, life insurance companies, savings and loan associations, and credit unions-has grown substantially since the end of the war. It amounted to more than two-thirds of all consumer liabilities in June 1952 as compared with little more than

one-half in December 1945. The relative share owed to other lenders, such as merchants, security dealers, and finance companies, has dropped accordingly, although the dollar amount owed to such lenders has doubled since the end of the war. The growth of consumer borrowing from financial institutions reflects the increasing share of residential real estate credit supplied by institutional lenders. In the 12 months ending in June 1952, these lenders supplied about 75 per cent of the net funds borrowed by consumers.

Financial institutions not only supply the bulk of consumer financing but also receive most of the consumer funds applied to financial uses. The flow to institutions in the form of deposits, net premium payments, and share purchases exceeded 13 billion dollars last year, or more than four-fifths of all consumer financial uses of funds. This proportion has increased in recent years. The flow of consumer funds into other financial uses has also increased, but less sharply than the flow to financial institutions. Reductions in holdings of United States Government securities have partly offset substantial additions to consumer holdings of corporate securities.

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Part III. Income, Selected Investments, and Short-term Debt of Consumers<sup>1</sup>

This article presents survey information on changes over the postwar period in the income, selected investments, and short-term debt of consumers. The picture of changes in consumer financial positions shown by these data, although far from complete, helps to clarify many phases of consumer finances.

The largest increases in income in the postwar period appear to have taken place among consumers in the middle section of the income scale. According to survey data, the income of this segment of the population was nearly 40 per cent higher in 1951 than in 1946, a somewhat larger increase than the rise in prices and Federal income taxes in this period. Consumer groups at the top and bottom of the income scale apparently did not have this large an increase. On the average, there seems to have been little change in the real income of consumers in the five years referred to, although money income rose during that period. The increase in national defense needs in recent years has been met by a growth in the total output of the economy without a reduction in real incomes.

The rise in consumer money income before taxes since the end of the war has been greater, relatively, than the expansion in consumer holdings of liquid assets, which had increased greatly in the war period. Consumers in the lower half of the income scale generally increased their liquid assets at about the same rate as their incomes increased. Consumers in the upper half of the scale also had increases in income but tended to add to their other investments rather than to liquid assets.

The Consumer Finances Survey made early this year showed that more than half of total consumer holdings of corporate stock, nonfarm businesses, and real estate other than homes was owned by spending units with incomes of \$5,000 or more. This group represented about one-fifth of all spending units and received nearly half of aggregate income.

Postwar expansion of durable goods purchases has resulted in a sharp rise in consumer shortterm debt. Survey data indicate that plans to buy consumer durable goods in 1952 were relatively more frequent among spending units that owed considerable amounts than among spending units with no short-term debt.

#### Income

Continued expansion of economic activity in 1951 and a higher average price level than in 1950 contributed to a 19 billion dollar increase in consumer money income before taxes, on the basis of survey data.<sup>2</sup> This substantial increase was widely dis-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This is the third and last of a series of articles presenting the results of the Board of Governors' 1952 Survey of Consumer Finances. The first article in the series, covering the general financial position, expectations, and investment preferences of consumers, appeared in the July BULLETIN. The second article, devoted to durable goods expenditures in 1951 and buying plans for 1952 and 1953, appeared in the August BULLETIN. Discussion of the sampling procedure and limitations of the survey is given in a technical note to the first article.

The present article was prepared by Irving Schweiger and John Frechtling of the Consumer Credit and Finances Section of the Board's Division of Research and Statistics. A close working relationship is maintained with the staff of the Survey Research Center at all stages of the work and this analysis has had the benefit of suggestions from the Center's staff, particularly John B. Lansing, Harold Guthrie, and Eva Mueller.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Survey data indicate that aggregate consumer income rose from 183 billion dollars in 1950 to 202 billion in 1951, roughly the same percentage increase shown by Department of Commerce estimates when adjusted to the survey universe and definition of income. In both years, the figures obtained by the survey amounted to more than 90 per cent of the Commerce Department estimate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The interview unit of the survey is the spending unit, defined as all persons living in the same dwelling and belonging to the same family who pool their incomes to meet their major expenses. The estimated number of spending units in the survey population as of February 1 of each year was 53.1 million in 1952, 52.0 million in 1951 and in 1950, 50.6 million in 1949, 49.0 million in 1948, 46.6 million in 1947, and 46.0 million in 1946.

The estimated number of family units, which include all related persons living in the same dwelling, was 47.0 million in 1952, 45.9 million in 1951, 45.2 million in 1950, 44.0 million in 1949, 42.6 million in 1948, 40.8 million in 1947, and 39.8 million in 1946.

It should be kept in mind that data on income changes rely upon the respondents' recollection of income for a period covering two years and are therefore subject to considerable memory error.

#### TABLE 1

INCOME GROUPING OF SPENDING UNITS AND OF TOTAL MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES<sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution]

	19	51	19	50	19	49	1948		
Money income before taxes	Spending units	Total money income	Spending units	Total money income	Spending units	Total money income	Spending units	Total money income	
nder \$1,000. ,000-\$1,999. ,000-\$2,999. ,000-\$2,999. ,000-\$4,999. ,000-\$7,499. ,500-\$7,499. ,500-\$9,999. 0,000 and over.	15 18 18 15 14 4	1 6 12 16 17 22 26	13 17 19 19 12 14 3 3	2 7 13 18 16 23 } 21	14 19 21 19 11 11 2 3	2 9 16 19 15 19 } 20	$     \begin{array}{r}       12 \\       18 \\       23 \\       20 \\       12 \\       10 \\       2 \\       3     \end{array} $	2 8 16 20 15 17 22	
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
fedian income <sup>2</sup>	\$3,200 \$3,820		\$3,000 \$3,520		\$2,700 \$3,270		\$2,840 \$3,450		

<sup>1</sup> Income data for each year are based on interviews during January, February, and early March of the following year.
 <sup>2</sup> Median income is that of the middle spending unit in a ranking of all units by size of income.
 <sup>3</sup> Mean income is the average obtained by dividing aggregate money income before taxes by number of spending units.

tributed. About 27 million or more than half of the approximately 53 million spending units in the population received higher incomes in 1951 than in 1950. This was as large as any corresponding proportion found in the postwar period. Lower incomes in 1951 were received by nearly 9 million spending units.3

The effect of these changes was to raise the income of the median (middlemost) spending unit from \$3,000 in 1950 to \$3,200 in 1951. Mean income (arithmetic average for all spending units) rose from \$3,520 to \$3,820, as is shown in Table 1.

Survey data indicate that spending units headed by managerial and self-employed persons had the largest dollar increases in both median and mean income between 1950 and 1951 (see Table 2). The only other major occupational grouping with a substantial increase over 1950 in both median and mean income was the skilled and semiskilled workers. In most of the other major occupational groups gains were not distributed evenly. Unskilled and service workers were the only group with no increase in either measure of average income in 1951 compared with 1950.

In the postwar period, changes in money income have varied considerably among occupations both in timing and in amount. Entrepreneurial groups, self-employed and managerial persons and farm operators, reached income peaks early in the postwar period as prices rose very rapidly. De-

Occupation of head			Mean i	income 1		Median income <sup>2</sup>						
of spending unit	1951 1950		1949 1948		1947	1946	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946
All spending units	\$3,820	\$3,520	\$3,270	\$3,450	\$3,290	\$2,870	\$3,200	\$3,000	\$2,700	\$2,840	\$2,530	\$2,300
Professional and semiprofessional Managerial and self-employed <i>Managerial</i> <i>Self-employed</i> Clerical and sales Skilled and semiskilled Unskilled and service Farm operator. Other 4	8,960 5,820 3,920 3,970 2,320 2,660	5,630 5,790 6,580 5,330 3,910 3,530 2,350 2,480 2,020	5,350 5,630 5,960 3,260 3,350 2,200 2,570 2,040	5,140 6,300 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 3,350 3,470 2,280 2,690 2,030	5,450 6,730 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 3,220 3,120 1,900 2,080 2,010	4,940 5,920 ( <sup>8</sup> ) 2,900 2,820 1,730 1,890 ( <sup>3</sup> )	4,500 4,780 5,350 4,180 3,410 3,800 2,100 1,880 ( <sup>3</sup> )	4,500 4,500 4,950 4,100 3,200 3,600 2,100 1,900 ( <sup>3</sup> )	4,000 4,500 (3) 2,800 3,200 2,100 1,500 ( <sup>3</sup> )	4,000 4,500 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 3,000 3,300 2,100 1,800 ( <sup>3</sup> )	4,000 4,500 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 2,900 3,000 1,750 1,500 ( <sup>3</sup> )	4,000 3,700 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 2,600 2,700 1,600 1,300 ( <sup>3</sup> )

TABLE 2 MEAN AND MEDIAN INCOMES WITHIN OCCUPATIONAL GROUPS

Mean income is the average obtained by dividing aggregate money income before taxes by number of spending units.
 Median income is that of middle spending unit when units are ranked by size of money income before taxes.
 Data not available.

Includes spending units headed by housewives, protective service workers, unemployed persons, and students.

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#### TABLE 3

PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES RECEIVED BY EACH TENTH OF THE NATION'S SPENDING UNITS WHEN RANKED BY SIZE OF INCOME<sup>1</sup>

Spending units By each tenth ranked by size				nth	_	Cumulative					Lowest income within group				ıp
of income before taxes	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947
Highest tenth Second Fourth Fifth Sixth Seventh Eighth Ninth Lowest tenth	31 15 12 10 9 8 6 5 3 1	29 15 13 11 9 8 6 5 3 1	30 15 12 11 9 8 6 5 3 1	31 15 12 10 9 8 6 5 3 1	33 15 12 10 9 7 6 4 3 1	31 46 58 69 78 85 92 96 99 100	29 44 57 68 77 85 91 96 99 100	30 45 58 68 78 85 91 96 99 100	31 46 58 68 76 84 90 95 99 100	33 48 60 70 78 86 91 96 99 100	\$6,600 5,060 4,330 3,700 2,660 2,090 1,450 850 ( <sup>2</sup> )	\$6,210 4,950 4,080 3,550 3,000 2,510 1,990 1,430 830 ( <sup>2</sup> )	\$5,800 4,500 3,760 2,700 2,290 1,810 1,280 710 ( <sup>2</sup> )	\$6,000 4,500 3,750 3,200 2,840 2,400 2,000 1,500 860 ( <sup>2</sup> )	\$5,700 4,200 3,500 2,530 2,100 1,700 1,200 750 ( <sup>2</sup> )

<sup>1</sup> Income data for each year are based on interviews during January, February, and early March of the following year. It is possible that the proportion of income received by the highest tenth of income receivers is underestimated by several percentage points in all years. Because samples of approximately 3,500 spending units have been used in these surveys, it cannot be expected that a completely repre-sentative sample of the highest dollar incomes was obtained. <sup>2</sup> Data not available.

NOTE .- Detailed figures may not add to cumulative totals because of rounding.

clines in average income for each of these groups set in thereafter and continued until 1951, when their incomes again rose substantially. Survey data suggest that in 1951 their mean incomes were still slightly below the peaks reached by self-employed businessmen in 1947 and by farm operators in 1948.

Incomes of other occupations changed more slowly but more steadily than entrepreneurial incomes. The steadiest rate of increase was found among skilled and semiskilled workers. In all, the average of this group rose from \$2,820 in 1946 to \$3,970 in 1951, an increase of about 40 per cent. This was the largest percentage rise of any major occupational group during this period. The

smallest increases in mean income before taxes in this five-year span, approximately 20 per cent, were indicated for the self-employed and managerial group combined and the professional and semiprofessional group.

Distribution of income. The shift toward a more even distribution of money income before taxes that had taken place in the previous three years apparently did not continue in 1951 (see Table 3). Survey data indicate that there was little change from 1950 to 1951 in the shares of income received by each income tenth of the population.

Survey data also provide information on the average income of each income tenth of the population during the entire postwar period (see Table 4).

TABLE	4
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AVERAGE INCOME OF EACH TENTH OF NATION'S SPENDING UNITS WHEN RANKED BY SIZE OF INCOME WITH PERCENTAGE INCREASE SINCE 1946

Spending units ranked by		Average	money in	come befo	Percentage increase since 1946						
size of income	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1951	1951 1950 1949			1947
Highest tenth Second. Third. Fourth. Fifth. Sixth. Seventh. Eighth. Ninth. Lowest tenth <sup>2</sup> .	5,750 4,720 4,030 3,460 2,940 2,410 1,790 1,120	\$10,090 5,430 4,470 3,820 3,270 2,780 2,230 1,700 1,130 490	\$9,740 5,070 4,090 3,460 2,970 2,520 2,030 1,540 1,010 2,60 410	\$10,660 5,080 4,110 3,490 3,040 2,590 2,180 1,730 1,140 480 540	\$11,020 4,870 3,850 2,800 2,340 1,910 1,450 1,020 390 ( <sup>3</sup> )	\$9,100 4,240 3,420 2,920 2,500 2,130 1,740 1,340 900 410 ( <sup>2</sup> )	29 36 38 38 38 38 38 39 34 24 -24 (3)	11 28 31 31 31 31 28 27 26 -17 ( <sup>3</sup> )	7 20 20 18 19 18 17 15 12 -37 (*)	17 20 20 22 22 25 29 27 17 ( <sup>3</sup> )	21 15 13 12 12 10 10 8 13 -5 ( <sup>3</sup> )
All spending units	3,820	3,530	3,270	3,450	3,290	2,870	33	23	14	20	15

<sup>1</sup> Average (mean) income has been computed for each income tenth (decile) as well as for whole population. Sampling error, which was approximately \$180 for whole population, is not yet available for individual tenths. It will be much larger than \$180 for the highest tenth and much smaller for the middle tenths. <sup>2</sup> Negative incomes caused by farm or business losses are included in upper line and excluded in lower line.

\* Data not available.

It should be noted that these comparisons are useful primarily as guides to major trends since they are subject to a sizable sampling error, especially at the top and bottom of the income scale. It is also worth noting that many spending units shift from one income tenth to another from year to year. An indication of the movement of individual spending units up and down the income scale between 1950 and 1951 is provided in Supplementary Table 1 at the end of this article.

From 1946 through 1951, the average income of all spending units in the population increased from \$2,870 to \$3,820 or somewhat more than 30 per cent. The increase was largest, amounting to nearly 40 per cent, at the middle part of the distribution. Less than average increases took place both at the top and the bottom. The average income of the lowest tenth actually declined, owing partly to a greater volume of farm and nonfarm business losses in 1951. Less frequent doubling up of members of low income families as the housing situation improved in the postwar period, and the consequent breaking up of spending units, also tended to lower the average income of the bottom income group. Despite the fact that the highest tenth had the largest percentage rise in average income between 1950 and 1951, this grouping had a smaller percentage increase in average income from 1946 through 1951 than the next lower seven-tenths of the population.

Increases in money income before taxes, however, do not necessarily mean gains in purchasing power. Consumer prices have also risen substantially since 1946 and income taxes have been lowered and then raised. The net effect of these price and tax changes is difficult to measure but some approximation of over-all changes in real income appears possible.

According to the Consumers' Price Index of the Department of Labor, the average price of goods and services bought by consumers with moderate incomes in large cities was 33 per cent higher in 1951 than in 1946. The average income of all spending units rose by about this same percentage. Federal personal income tax payments appear to have absorbed slightly more than 10 per cent of income before taxes in 1951 and slightly less than 10 per cent in 1946, according to Department of Commerce data. The difference is sufficiently small on the average to be ignored without seriously affecting the analysis. These over-all comparisons indicate

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that average real income was about the same in both years. Some small gain appears to have been realized, however, among middle income groups, or, in 1951 figures, among the half of all spending units with incomes between \$2,660 and \$5,060.

Disposable income. With about 10 per cent of consumer income allocated to the payment of Federal income taxes, it is useful to ascertain the incidence of this tax. From the data provided by the survey, it is possible to estimate in rough fashion the Federal personal income tax liability for each spending unit. The estimates are computed on the basis of money income before taxes, the size, composition, and age of each spending unit, and the number of persons not living in the dwelling occupied by the spending unit who were dependent on the spending unit for support.

It should be stressed that these income tax estimates are only approximations; that they refer not to *payments* but to *liabilities*, apart from those on capital gains or losses; and that State and local income taxes are not included.<sup>4</sup> In part because of lack of information concerning deductions larger than the standard minimum, the estimates of tax liabilities tend to be somewhat high.

Rising incomes as well as higher tax rates were reflected in a substantial increase in tax liabilities in 1951. Approximately the same proportion of spending units (7 in every 10) had some tax liability in 1951 as in 1950 but the amount of the tax was considerably larger in 1951. As can be seen in Table 5, tax liabilities of \$500 or more were indicated for 25 per cent of all spending units in 1951 compared with 16 per cent in 1950. The distribution of the tax load in 1951 among the various income fifths appears to have been similar to that in 1950. In both years the fifth of the spending units with the largest incomes obtained somewhat less than half of total income before taxes and accounted for about two-thirds of total Federal income taxes (see Table 6).

Income after taxes (disposable income) was of course lower than income before taxes. Taxes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For a detailed description of the method of estimating tax liability and disposable income from survey data, see Federal Reserve BULLETIN, August 1950, pp. 961-62.

The U. S. Department of Commerce estimates disposable income for its national income series by deducting from personal income actual Federal personal income tax payments (not liabilities), including taxes on capital gains and losses. The deductions also include other tax and nontax payments to governments, chief of which are Federal estate and gift taxes and State and local personal tax and nontax payments.

## TABLE 5

ESTIMATED FEDERAL PERSONAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY OF SPENDING UNITS WITHIN INCOME GROUPS [Percentage distribution of spending units]

		Money income before taxes														
Estimated tax liability <sup>1</sup>				Inder \$1,00 1,000 \$1,99				\$2,000- \$2,999 \$3,999				)00- 999	\$5,000- \$7,499		\$7,500 and over	
	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950
None \$1-\$49	31 3	32 5	91 8	95 4	68 4	63 8	<b>34</b> 6	34 10	13 3	12 5	3 1	4 3	2 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	(2) 1	1	(2) (2)
\$50-\$99 \$100-\$199 \$200-\$499	4 10 27	7 12 28	1 (2)	1 (2)	8 14 6	13 16 ( <sup>2</sup> )	6 19 35	5 18 33	10 18 48	13 22 47	2 6 57	3 13 60	2 18	1 3 33	$\begin{pmatrix} (2) \\ 1 \\ (2) \end{pmatrix}$	(*) (*) 1
\$500-\$999 \$1,000-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$4,999 \$5,000 and over.	18 5 1	12 3 1 (2)	· · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · ·		8 	1  	31 	17 	71 7	61 1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	14 57 16 10	24 53 15
Not ascertained.	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(*)	(2)
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number of cases.	2,820	3.415	279	418	358	514	454	567	482	601	424	441	490	538	333	294

 $^1$  No adjustment for capital gains or losses, which are excluded from money income.  $^2$  No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

#### TABLE 6

#### DISTRIBUTION OF CONSUMER INCOME AND INCOME TAX BY INCOME QUINTILES

[Per cent]

Spending units ranked by size of income 1	Money income			Federal personal			Disposable		
	before taxes			income tax <sup>2</sup>			income <sup>3</sup>		
	1951	1950	1949	1951	1950	1949	1951	1950	1949
Highest quintile.	46	44	45	68	65	68	42	42	43
Second.	23	24	23	17	19	17	24	24	24
Third.	16	17	17	10	10	9	18	18	17
Fourth.	11	11	11	5	5	5	12	12	12
Lowest quintile.	4	4	4	(4)	1	1	4	4	4
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

<sup>1</sup> Annual money income before taxes. <sup>2</sup> Estimated Federal personal income tax liability, without adjustment for capital gains or losses, which are excluded from money Advantage of the second second

#### TABLE 7

#### DISPOSABLE INCOME GROUPING OF SPENDING UNITS AND OF TOTAL DISPOSABLE MONEY INCOME

[Percentage distribution]

	19	51	19	50	19	49	1948		
Disposable income	Spending units	Total disposable money income	Spending units	Total disposable money income	Spending units	Total disposable money income	Spending units	Total disposable money income	
Under \$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$2,999. \$3,000-\$3,999. \$4,000-\$4,999. \$5,000-\$7,499. \$7,500 and over.	20 20 14	2 7 15 21 18 20 17	13 19 21 20 13 10 4	2 9 16 22 17 19 15	15 21 23 18 11 8 4	2 11 19 21 16 16 15	12 21 25 19 11 8 4	2 10 20 21 15 15 17	
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Median disposable income Mean disposable income	\$2,970 \$3,390		\$2,850 \$3,220		\$2,600 \$3,000		\$2,700 ( <sup>1</sup> )		

<sup>1</sup> Data not available.

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lowered median income to \$2,970 from \$3,200 and mean income to \$3,390 from \$3,820 (see Tables 1 and 7).

The progressive Federal income tax reduced the proportion of total income obtained by the highest income tenth in 1951. The share was reduced from 31 per cent for the highest tenth before taxes to less than 28 per cent for the highest tenth after taxes (see Table 8).

#### TABLE 8

PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL MONEY INCOME RECEIVED BY EACH TENTH OF THE NATION'S SPENDING UNITS WHEN RANKED BY SIZE OF INCOME

Spending units ranked by size	bef	ney incore Fed come ta	eral	Money income after Federal income tax (disposable income) <sup>2</sup>			
of income 1	1951	1950	1949	1951	1950	1949	
Highest tenth Second Third Fourth Fifth Sixth Seventh Eighth Ninth Lowest tenth.	31 15 12 10 9 8 6 5 3 1	29 15 13 11 9 8 6 5 3 1	30 15 12 11 9 8 6 5 3 1	28 15 13 11 9 8 7 5 3 1	27 15 13 11 10 8 7 5 3 1	28 15 13 11 9 8 7 5 3 1	
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	

Ranking based on size of money income before or after tax, as

<sup>1</sup> No adjustment for capital gains or losses, which are excluded from money income figures. For method of estimating disposable income, see "Distribution of Consumer Income in 1949," Federal Reserve BULLETIN, August 1950, pp. 961–62.

Additional information concerning sources of income, composition of income groups, income by regions, and disposable income, as well as some survey information about family income, is presented in Supplementary Tables 2-16 at the end of this article.

#### Selected Investments

The 1952 survey obtained information on selected components of the balance sheets of consumers. These included liquid assets, corporate stock, investment in farm or nonfarm business, real estate other than owner-occupied houses, and short-term consumer debt. The survey brings up to date information on liquid assets and on the major types of business investment through which consumers help to determine the character and the functioning of the economy. It also furnishes for the first time crude estimates of the distribution of ownership of certain of these assets.

The items covered represent only part of the

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over-all consumer balance sheet, and the asset items, except for liquid assets, are types held by relatively few consumers. The proportions of spending units owning directly the several types of business investments range from 7 per cent for corporate stock to 14 per cent for real estate other than owner-occupied houses. Survey data indicate, however, that the overlap in these investments is not substantial and that roughly 3 in every 10 spending units own one or more of these four types of business assets. Assets not covered include equity in owner-occupied housing and in life insurance and pension reserves, which are widely held. A fuller report on the net worth of consumers as of early 1950 was published in the December 1950 Federal Reserve BULLETIN.

Liquid assets. The number of spending units owning some liquid assets (defined as United States Government bonds, savings and checking accounts, and shares in savings and loan associations and credit unions; but excluding currency) in early 1952 is estimated at 37 million, roughly 1 million less than the postwar peak in early 1951, although about 3 million more than in early 1946. Growth in the number of spending units between early 1946 and 1952, which resulted in part from undoubling in housing accommodation, also made possible an increase from 12 to 16 million in the number without any of the types of liquid assets surveyed.

A slight decline in 1951 in the proportion of spending units owning liquid assets renewed a

#### TABLE 9

#### SIZE OF LIQUID ASSET HOLDINGS OF SPENDING UNITS <sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution of spending units]

Size of holding <sup>2</sup>	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947
Zero \$1-\$199	31 17	28 16	31 16	29 16	27 15	24 14
\$200-\$499 \$500-\$999	13	14	10 11 10	13	13 13 12	12
\$1,000-\$1,999	10	11 12	10	11	12	14
\$2,000-\$4,999 \$5,000-\$9,999	12 5	11 5	13 6	12 5	12 5	14 5 3
\$10,000 and over	3	3	3	3	4	
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100
Median holding: All units All units with assets	\$230 \$720	\$300 \$710	\$250 \$810	\$300 \$790	\$350 \$820	\$470 \$890

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Liquid asset groupings refer to holdings on Jan. 1, 1952 and at time of interviews in January, February, and early March of other years indicated. <sup>2</sup> Includes all types of U. S. Government bonds, checking ac-counts, savings accounts in banks, postal savings, and shares in savings and loan associations and credit unions. Excludes cur-rency. Data for 1949 do not include shares in credit unions, which are relatively small in aggregate amount and not likely to affect totals significantly. totals significantly.

#### TABLE 10

#### LIQUID ASSET HOLDINGS WITHIN INCOME GROUPS

		All spending units Money income before taxes <sup>2</sup>														
Size of holding <sup>1</sup> 1952 19	1951		Under \$1,000- \$1,000 \$1,999				\$3,000- \$3,999 \$4,999		\$5,000- \$7,499		\$7,500 and over					
		1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	
Zero \$1-\$499 \$500-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$4,999 \$5,000 and over	31 30 19 12 8	28 30 23 11 8	60 17 11 6 6	53 24 13 6 4	48 25 15 7 5	46 29 16 5 4	41 31 16 9 3	32 33 23 8 4	24 40 19 11 6	24 38 24 10 4	17 35 27 17 4	13 34 32 15 6	11 34 26 19 10	5 28 31 20 16	2 11 25 24 38	( <sup>3</sup> ) 27 25 40
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number of cases	2,820	3,415	278	418	359	514	455	567	482	601	424	441	490	538	332	294

#### [Percentage distribution of spending units]

Liquid asset data are based on interviews in January. February, and early March of years indicated. In 1952 respondents were asked for their balances on Jan. 1, 1952; in the earlier survey for balances at the date of interview. Liquid assets include all types of U.S. Government bonds, checking accounts, savings accounts in banks, postal savings, and shares in savings and loan associations and credit unions. Excludes currency.
<sup>2</sup> Income groups refer to money income before taxes in year prior to year indicated.
<sup>3</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

postwar trend which had been interrupted only in 1950. The decline, from 72 to 69 per cent of all spending units, brought the proportion to about the same figure as in early 1950 (see Table 9). There was a small increase, however, in the average liquid asset holding.

The proportion of consumers owning liquid assets declined at almost all income levels in 1951 (see Table 10). Nevertheless, there appeared to be

#### TABLE 11

PROPORTION OF LIQUID ASSETS HELD BY EACH TENTH OF THE NATION'S SPENDING UNITS WHEN RANKED By Size of Income<sup>1</sup>

Spending units ranked by	Percentage of liquid assets										
money income before taxes	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947					
Highest tenth	39	36	35	44	43	39					
Second	11	15	13	ii	14	15					
Third	9	10	10	- 9	8	-õ					
Fourth		6		8	7	7					
Fifth	8 7 5 5 5 5 5	7	8 8	6	5	7					
Sixth	5	6	67	6	6	7					
Seventh	5	6	7	63	4	5					
Eighth	5	6 5 4 5	5	3	4	4					
Ninth	5	4	4	43	45	4 4 3					
Lowest tenth	6	5	4	3	5	3					
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100					

<sup>1</sup> Liquid asset data refer to holdings on Jan. 1, 1952 and at time of interviews in January, February, and early March of other years indicated. Spending units are ranked in order of their incomes in year prior to year specified.

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some increase in the frequency with which large amounts of liquid assets (\$2,000 or more) were reported by low and middle income groups (less than \$5,000). This development was reflected in an increase in the share of total assets accounted for by the three-tenths of the population with the lowest incomes (see Table 11). This continued a trend in which this group has increased its share of total liquid assets from 11 per cent in early 1946 to 16 per cent at the beginning of this year, the largest for any postwar year. In part, this trend has resulted from an increase at these income levels in the number of retired persons with sizable amounts of liquid assets. The number of businessmen with temporarily low incomes but relatively large liquid assets has also tended to increase as business conditions have become more competitive.

The only occupational group to show a substantial increase in its median liquid asset holding in 1951 was the managerial and self-employed group (see Table 12). This increase was consistent with the fact that this group also had the largest increase in income during 1951.

Relation of liquid assets to income. Since consumer income grew more rapidly than consumer holdings of liquid assets in the postwar period, there was a substantial decline in the ratio of consumer liquid assets to money income before taxes. It is useful to examine data obtained by successive

#### TABLE 12

Type and Size of 1	LIQUID ASSET	Holdings	WITHIN	OCCUPATIONAL GROUPS <sup>1</sup>
ſ	Percentage dis	tribution of	spending	g units]

Type and size of holding	and	ssional semi- ssional	Mana and empl	self-	Clei ar sa	nd	Ski ar semis	nd	Unsk ar serv	ıd		rm ator	Ret	ired
	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951
All types: <sup>2</sup> Zero. \$1-\$499. \$500-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$4,999. \$5,000 and over.	10 35 23 18 14	6 29 33 18 14	12 25 23 18 22	10 31 27 16 16	18 37 26 13 6	14 41 27 10 8	32 34 20 11 3	31 33 23 9 4	54 29 12 4 1	47 27 17 7 2	31 25 20 14 10	28 27 23 13 9	42 9 14 15 20	36 17 18 16 13
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
U. S. savings bonds (series A-F): <sup>3</sup> Zero \$1-\$499 \$500-\$1,999	50 28 11 11	40 30 19 11	47 24 16 13	46 24 16 14	55 31 11 3	$50 \\ 33 \\ 12 \\ 5$	61 24 12 3	59 26 11 4	84 13 2 1	77 17 4 2	62 22 11 5	62 23 9 6	61 15 12 12	62 16 12
\$2,000 and over All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	4	100	100	100	100	12	10 100
Savings accounts (in banks only): <sup>4</sup> Zero	38 27 18 17	38 18 28 16	54 17 9 20	54 15 15 16	41 31 18 10	39 34 16 11	54 25 12 9	53 24 15 8	65 23 10 2	62 19 12 7	82 6 5 7	79 8 6 7	67 4 11 18	61 11 10 18
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Checking accounts: Zero	31 42 19 8	26 51 18 5	28 30 26 16	27 41 22 10	55 33 9 3	55 35 7 3	73 19 7 1	74 21 4 1	86 11 2 1	86 11 2 1	38 25 23 14	38 30 22 10	65 13 13 9	62 19 13 6
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Median asset holdings Number of cases	\$700 273	\$1,020 269	\$1,140 364	\$860 485	\$370 430	\$400 477	\$150 780	\$200 902	0 280	\$20 289	\$300 215	\$290 388	\$410 178	(5) 219

<sup>1</sup> Liquid asset data refer to holdings on Jan. 1. 1952 and at time of interviews in January, February, and early March of 1951. <sup>9</sup> Includes all types of U. S. Government bonds, checking accounts, savings accounts in banks, postal savings, and shares in savings and loan associations and credit unions. Excludes currency. <sup>8</sup> Bonds recently purchased included at purchase price; others estimated at 86 per cent of maturity value in 1952 and 83 per cent <sup>1</sup> 1051

<sup>8</sup> Bonds recently purchased included at purchase price; others estimated at 86 per cent of maturity value in 1952 and 83 per cent in 1951.
<sup>4</sup> Excludes postal savings and shares in savings and loan associations and credit unions.
<sup>6</sup> Data not available.

surveys for any light they may shed on this aspect of consumers' financial positions.<sup>5</sup>

A high rate of personal saving during the war contributed to a very sharp expansion in liquid asset holdings by individuals. At the end of the war, the ratio of liquid assets to income for individuals was probably at a record high for modern times. In the postwar period, a lower rate of personal saving, at least until 1951, and substantial net investment by individuals in other types of assets, tended to keep the increase in personal liquid asset holdings to a small figure. The rise in the

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rate of personal saving in 1951 and 1952 was accompanied by an increase in the flow of saving into liquid types of assets, although the percentage increase in liquid assets was still less than that for personal income.

Survey data indicate that since 1948 the decline

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In this article, liquid assets are related to money income before taxes. The survey data regarding liquid assets differ in several respects from roughly similar material presented in the leading article of this BULLETIN. Important among these differences is the fact that survey data exclude, and the leading article includes, consumer holdings of currency and all liquid assets held in personal trust accounts.

It is necessary to caution that the survey findings based on the relationship of two aggregates are subject to very large sampling and reporting errors. The over-all trend regarding the ratio of liquid assets to money income before taxes shown by the survey data is in general conformity with ratios indicated by independent aggregate data, although tending to overstate the decline.

Available evidence indicates that the total of consumer liquid asset holdings obtained by the survey amounts to roughly two-thirds of a comparable aggregate estimated from Treasury and banking statistics. This comparison is not at all precise. Differences in coverage and in concepts between the two types of estimates may account for some part of the difference.

TABLE	13
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RELATION OF AGGREGATE LIQUID ASSETS TO AGGREGATE INCOME

Group		gregate entage income		gate me	
	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948
All spending units	42	45	54	53	58
Money income before taxes: Under \$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,999 \$3,000-\$3,999 \$4,000-\$3,999 \$4,000-\$4,999 \$7,500 and over	204 55 35 36 27 35 53	166 50 40 29 34 45 60	172 57 51 42 41 50 69	100 47 45 38 39 55 75	151 59 41 42 40 56 83
Money income tenth: <sup>2</sup> Highest Second Third Fourth Fifth Sixth Seventh Eighth Ninth Lowest	53 31 30 32 32 30 36 45 75 288	57 43 37 26 31 35 44 46 53 263	63 45 45 39 45 39 66 61 70 286	74 39 41 33 44 50 33 69 121	74 55 39 41 34 49 40 52 74 247

<sup>1</sup> Liquid assets at beginning of specified year as a percentage of previous year's money income before taxes. <sup>2</sup> Spending units are first ranked by size of previous year's money income before taxes, then divided into tenths.

in ratio of liquid assets to income has been concentrated among spending units above the \$3,000 income level and has been greatest above the \$5,000 income level. The lowest income group (less than \$1,000), on the other hand, appears to have increased its ratio since 1948 (see Table 13). This divergence may be attributed in part to factors related to shifts of consumers among income levels. First is the recent rise to high income status of many consumers who have not yet had the opportunity to accumulate large amounts of liquid assets. Second is the greater frequency at low income levels of consumers who had previously accumulated large asset holdings while enjoying higher incomes. The somewhat greater volume of business losses reported by spending units in recent years has also tended to lower the average income of the bottom income group, thereby tending to raise its ratio of liquid assets to income. Some in the lowest income group, such as retired persons, will probably remain permanently in this group. Others, such as businessmen or farmers with temporary business reverses, may move into other income groups.

The factor of possibly the greatest significance in explaining the decline in ratio of liquid assets to income for higher income consumers has been

their increased investment in farm and nonfarm business, in corporate stock, and in real estate. This increase reflected the changes in investment preferences at various income levels as reported in the July BULLETIN. In broad terms, high income groups (\$5,000 or more) have tended since early 1949 to shift strongly in preference from fixed value assets, such as bank accounts and savings bonds, to risk-type assets such as real estate and common stock because of the latter's higher yield and as an antiinflation hedge. Middle income groups (\$3,000 to \$5,000) showed this tendency to a considerably lesser extent and it is reasonable to assume that consumers with incomes of less than \$3,000, who were not questioned on this point, had little if any change in preference of this nature. The transfer of a large volume of liquid assets into trust accounts, which are relatively illiquid and are not covered by the survey, probably also had a considerable effect upon the ratios of upper income groups.

Survey data also permit calculation of a ratio of liquid assets to money income before taxes for each spending unit. This type of ratio is subject to much smaller sampling errors than are ratios based on aggregate data for the population or for groups within the population. Ratios for individual spending units have been calculated for the latest survey only and relate liquid asset holdings at the beginning of 1952 to income in 1951.

The median ratio of liquid asset holdings to annual money income for the population is approximately 10 per cent, although the ratio of total liquid asset holdings of consumers to total personal income is more than 40 per cent. Both ratios would of course be higher if data were available on currency holdings. Somewhat less than 50 per cent of all spending units did not have liquid assets of the types surveyed, or had them in an amount equal to less than 5 per cent of annual income (see Table 14). On the other hand, 1 in every 9 spending units had liquid assets equal to or greater than income in 1951 and 1 in 20 had liquid assets equal to at least two years' income.

Among income groups, the median ratio of liquid assets to income tended to increase steadily as income increased. Large holdings in relation to income (100 per cent or more of annual income) were most frequent at the extremes of the income distribution (incomes of less than \$2,000 and of \$7,500 or more). Such large holdings were relatively most frequent among retired persons, whose incomes were generally small, and least frequent

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		Тав	le 14				
Relation of Liquid	Assets to	INCOME	WITHIN	Specified	GROUPS,	EARLY	1952 <sup>1</sup>
	[Percentag	e distribu	tion of sp	ending units	s]		

	Num-			Liquid ass	ets as a p	ercentage	of money	income b	efore taxe	s
Group characteristic	ber of cases	All cases	Zero	Less than 5 per cent	5–19 per cent	20–39 per cent	40–59 per cent	60–99 per cent	109 per cent or more	Not avail- able <sup>2</sup>
All spending units	2,820	100	31	15	19	10	6	7	11	l
1951 money income before taxes: Under \$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$2,999 \$3,000-\$3,999 \$4,000-\$4,999 \$5,000-\$7,499 \$7,500 and over	278 359 454 482 424 490 333	$100 \\ 100 $	61 49 41 24 17 11 2	1 9 15 22 18 22 9	5 11 16 22 28 26 26	5 6 8 11 13 14 23	3 6 4 7 10 12	3 6 5 7 10 9 11	18 16 9 10 6 8 17	4
Occupation of head of spending unit: Professional and semiprofessional. Self-employed. Managerial. Clerical and sales. Skilled and semiskilled. Unskilled and service. Farm operator. Retired.	263 223 154 430 776 282 215 178	100     100	11 14 8 19 31 54 32 43	16 11 12 16 20 15 8 2	32 21 25 26 21 14 15 4	13 12 16 17 11 7 9 5	6 12 7 6 4 6 3	9 9 15 8 6 2 11 8	13 20 17 8 5 4 16 54	(3) 1 (3) (3) (4) 3 1
Family status of spending unit: Single person: Age 18-44 Age 45 and over Married: <sup>4</sup> Age 18-44, no children under 18 Age 18-44, children under 18	317 316 213 842	100 100 100 100	34 33 23 30	13 7 23 21	18 10 24 25	14 11 12 10	5 6 5 5	8 6 8 4	8 27 4 4	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1 1
Age 45 or over, no children under 18 Age 45 or over, children under 18 Others <sup>5</sup>	616 302 122	100 100 100	22 35 59	8 14 8	15 18 11	10 11 6	8 7 6	13 8 5	23 7 5	1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )

Liquid assets at beginning of 1952 as a percentage of 1951 money income before taxes.
Includes spending units with zero or negative incomes.
No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.
Both husband and wife in spending unit.
Includes spending units with or without children from which husband or wife was absent.

#### TABLE 15

LIQUID ASSET HOLDINGS WITHIN REGIONAL INCOME GROUPS<sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution of spending units]

	Number	4.11	Size of holding					
1951 money income before taxes, and region	of cases	All cases	Zero	\$1-\$499	\$500- \$1,999	\$2,000- \$4,999	\$5,000 and over	
All income groups: North East North Central South West	788 1,051 623 358	100 100 100 100	25 23 51 19	31 31 24 35	22 22 12 21	15 14 8 12	7 10 5 13	
Under \$3,000: North East North Central South. West.	271 370 325 126	100 100 100 100	42 35 68 35	29 28 19 <b>33</b>	16 21 8 11	10 9 3 11	3 7 2 10	
\$3,000-\$4,999: North East North Central South. West.	287 351 156 112	100 100 100 100	16 20 34 13	38 38 34 43	25 22 19 25	14 16 11 10	7 5 2 9	
\$5,000 and over: North East. North Central. South. West.	230 330 142 120	100 100 100 100	8 7 12 5	23 27 27 27	28 27 19 29	26 18 22 17	15 21 20 22	

<sup>1</sup> Survey regions are defined as follows: North East includes New England, the Middle Atlantic States, and Delaware; North Central includes West North Central and East North Central States; South includes East South Central, West South Central, and South Atlantic States other than Delaware; West includes the Mountain and Pacific Coast States. The sampling errors of data based on the same number of cases are generally somewhat greater for regions than for the nation. Sampling errors of regional data in this survey approximate sampling errors of national data based on half as many cases.

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among skilled and unskilled workers. In general, older persons had the highest ratios of liquid assets to income.

Regional data. The survey provides for the first time liquid asset data for four broad geographic regions. Survey findings indicate that consumers in the Western and North Central regions have the largest asset holdings while those in the South have the smallest. The disparity between the South and other regions arises primarily among consumers with incomes of less than \$5,000. Above this income level, there is little difference among the regions (see Table 15).

Additional information concerning the liquid assets of spending units, with some data for families, is given in Supplementary Tables 17-21 at the end of this article.

Real estate. The most widely held of the four types of business investments covered was real estate other than owner-occupied homes and farms. Approximately 1 in every 7 consumer spending units owned some such real estate in early 1952. Most frequently, it was a one- or two-family house, a farm or extra farmland, or a lot. More widespread ownership of real estate than of corporate stock was consistent with the finding reported in the July BULLETIN that substantially more consumers preferred investment in real estate than in stock.

Survey data indicate that ownership of real estate other than homes and farms was more widely distributed among the various income groups than was corporate stock or private business interests. The income groups below \$7,500 owned somewhat more than half of the total reported value of such real estate, with consumers having incomes of less than \$3,000 accounting for approximately onesixth of the total. The frequency of such real estate ownership rose from 7 per cent in the lowest income group (less than \$1,000) to approximately 39 per cent in the highest income group (\$7,500 or more).

The value of the real estate owned also tended to be much greater in the higher income groups than in the lower income groups (see Table 16).

Owners of large holdings accounted for nearly the same proportion of total real estate holdings as was the case with other business investments. It is estimated that the 5 per cent of spending units with holdings of \$10,000 or more accounted for more than two-thirds of the total holdings of investment real estate. Additional information regarding the value of real estate is presented in Supplementary Table 22.

Corporate stock. Although consumers have indicated a growing preference for investment in corporate stock in recent years, ownership of this asset has tended to remain limited to a relatively small group.<sup>6</sup> As of early 1952, common and preferred stock in corporations open to public investment (socalled open or publicly held corporations) were owned by 7 per cent of the approximately 53 million spending units in the population, or, on a family basis, by 8 per cent of the approximately 47 million families. This was about the same proportion of spending units as in early 1950 and early 1949. In all, nearly 4 million spending units owned stock in publicly held corporations early this year. Previous surveys have indicated that on the average there are four individual stock-

<sup>6</sup> For details on trends in investment preferences, see "Consumer Expectations as to Economic Trends and Consumer Investment Preferences," Federal Reserve BULLETIN, July 1952.

	Ireicenta	ge uistin		a spending	g units wit		e groupsj			
1071	1951 money income of cases All cases	A 11	, , Did		Value of real estate					
		not own	Owned	Under \$1,000	\$1,000- \$4,999	\$5,000- \$9,999	\$10,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and over	Not ascer- tained	
All spending units	2,820	100	86	14	1	4	2	3	2	2
Under \$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$2,2999 \$3,000-\$3,999 \$4,000-\$4,999 \$5,000-\$7,499 \$7,500 and over.	359 454 482 424	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	93 90 88 90 86 81 61	7 10 12 10 14 19 39	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ (^2) \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	4 2 5 4 5 5 5 5	1 2 2 1 4 4 3	1 1 2 1 2 3 9	(2) 2 1 1 1 4 15	1 1 1 2 2 6

 TABLE 16

 Value of Real Estate Other than Owner-occupied Homes and Farms, Early 1952<sup>1</sup>

 [Percentage distribution of spending units within income groups]

<sup>1</sup> Includes real estate other than owner-occupied farms and owner-occupied 1- and 2-family houses. Value reported in early 1952 in relation to previous year's income.
 <sup>2</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

holders for every three spending units that report holding stock. It can be estimated on this basis that approximately 5 million individuals in the survey universe owned some stock in early 1952. As has been stated in reporting the findings of previous surveys, this should be considered a rough minimum estimate.

Half of the spending units owning stock in publicly held corporations reported that they had invested in one company; one-third held stock in from two to five corporations; and one-seventh owned shares in six or more companies (see Table 17).

Consumer Finance Survey findings indicate that in 1952, as in earlier years surveyed, the majority of stockholders owned relatively small amounts of corporate stock (see Table 18). There is some evidence, however, that the value of stock owned has tended to increase since early 1949. This reflects both net new investment by consumers and a rise in the average market value of stock in the period covered. For example, stockholdings of \$1,000 or more were reported by 56 per cent of those owning stock in early 1952 compared with 44 per cent in early 1949. Data from several surveys indicate that increased personal investment in corporate stock in recent years has resulted primarily from an increase in the amount invested rather than in the number of investors.

From the information obtained concerning value of holdings in publicly held corporations, it can be estimated that the 1 per cent of all spending units that owned \$10,000 or more of stock accounted for at least two-thirds of the total value of stock reported. A minimum of two-thirds of total stock

#### TABLE 17

#### DIVERSIFICATION OF STOCKHOLDINGS

[Percentage distribution of stockholding spending units]

Number of corporations represented <sup>1</sup> Early	1952 Early 1949
1	
<b>4</b> -5	
6-8 9 or more	7 6 } 14
All cases 10	$\frac{3}{0}$ 100
Number of cases	

<sup>1</sup> Includes common and preferred stock of corporations open to investment by the general public. Excludes stock of privately held corporations.

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TABLE	18
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SIZE OF STOCKHOLDINGS 1	
-------------------------	--

Percentage	distribution	of	spending	unitsl	

Amount of stock held	Early	Early	Early
	1952	1950	1949
None <sup>2</sup>	93	93	92
	7	7	8
Under \$500	2	2	3
\$500-\$999	1	1	
\$1,000-\$4,999	2	2	
\$5,000-\$24,999. \$25,000 and over Not ascertained	1 1 ( <sup>3</sup> )		$\begin{bmatrix} & \tilde{1} \\ & (3) \\ & (3) \end{bmatrix}$
All cases	100	100	100
Number of cases	2,820	3,512	3,510

<sup>1</sup> Includes common and preferred stock of corporations open to investment by general public. Excludes stock of privately held corporations.

<sup>2</sup> Includes the one-half of 1 per cent of all spending units for which stock ownership was not ascertained. <sup>3</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

NOTE.--Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

ownership in early 1952 may also be attributed to the 3 per cent of spending units with incomes of \$10,000 or more in 1951. Additional information regarding stock ownership is presented in Supplementary Table 24 at the end of this article.

Survey findings regarding stock ownership can be compared with similar data provided in a special study by The Brookings Institution conducted in early 1952 for the New York Stock Exchange.

The two studies appear to have obtained similar results. The Brookings study found that 9.5 per cent of all family units held stock in publicly owned corporations as compared with 8 per cent according to the Survey of Consumer Finances. The difference is within the limits of sampling error.<sup>7</sup> The Brookings study also found that 46 per cent of *individual* stockholders owned stock in only one company, 41 per cent in from two to five companies, and 13.5 per cent in six or more companies. The comparable percentages from the Consumer

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The difference in findings for the country as a whole is mainly due to differences in findings for the South with respect to the proportion of families that own stock—4.2 per cent according to the Survey of Consumer Finances and 7.8 per cent according to the Brookings study. For the three other regions combined—the Northeast, the North Central, and the West—the results of the two studies were similar— 9.5 per cent and 9.8 per cent respectively.

There are certain differences between these surveys, such as the inclusion by the Brookings study and exclusion by this survey of people living in hotels, rooming houses, and tourist camps. The known differences between the surveys, however, do not appear to have made their findings incomparable. The Brookings study, entitled *Share Ownership in the United States*, was prepared by L. H. Kimmel.

#### TABLE 19

VALUE OF UNINCORPORATED NONFARM BUSINESSES WITHIN INCOME GROUPS, EARLY 1952

[Percentage distribution of spending units]

1071	Number	Did	Did	Value 1						
1951 money income of	of cases	of Cases	not own	Owned	Under \$1,000	\$1,000- \$4,999	\$5,000- \$9,999	\$10,000 \$24,999	\$25,000 and over	Not ascer- tained
All spending units	2,820	100	93	7	1	2	1	1	1	1
Under \$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$2,999 \$3,000-\$2,999 \$4,000-\$4,999 \$5,000-\$7,499 \$7,500 and over.	454 482 424	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	99 98 95 94 92 89 79	1 2 5 6 8 11 21	$ \begin{array}{c} (2)\\ (2)\\ 1\\ (2)\\ (2)\\ 1\\ (2)\\ 1\\ (2) \end{array} $	1 1 3 4 3 2	(2) (2) 1 2 1 3 2	( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1 1 2 5	(2) (2) (2) (1) 1 9	(2) 1 1 (2) 1 1 3

<sup>1</sup> In the case of a partnership, refers to value of interest held by spending unit. <sup>2</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

Finances Survey for *spending units* (not individuals) were 50, 33, and 14, with 3 per cent not ascertained. Survey information on the value of stock in open or publicly held corporations has no counterpart in the Brookings study.

Interest in nonfarm business. A full or part financial interest in a nonfarm unincorporated business was reported at the beginning of 1952 by nearly 7 per cent of all spending units or roughly 3.5 million. An additional 750,000 spending units reported having a financial interest in a privately held corporation.<sup>8</sup>

The rate of turnover of small businesses is reflected by the survey finding that roughly 250,000 spending units terminated their interest in a business during 1951.

As with other investment assets, an interest in an unincorporated nonfarm business was reported relatively more frequently in higher income groups than in other income groups. According to information concerning the value of business interest, which was obtained only for unincorporated businesses, the higher the income group the larger the average value of the investment (see Table 19). Spending units with incomes of \$7,500 or more owned nearly half of the reported value of unincorporated businesses. This proportion would be increased considerably if data for privately held corporations could be included. Interests in these corporations were held much more frequently at high than at low income levels and, according to information from previous surveys, in considerably larger average amount.

Survey data indicate that the 2.5 per cent of all spending units having an interest of \$10,000 or more in an unincorporated business in early 1952 accounted for well over two-thirds of the aggregate value of these business interests. For additional information on ownership of nonfarm businesses, see Supplementary Table 25 at the end of this article.

Interest in a farm. Of the more than 4.5 million farm operators in early 1952, approximately twothirds owned the farms on which they were living (see Table 20). Consumers who own but do not operate farms are excluded from these data, having been included in the section on ownership of real estate other than owner-occupied homes and farms.

The median value of owner-operated farms in early 1952, taking land, buildings, machinery, and

#### TABLE 20

TENURE OF FARM OPERATING SPENDING UNITS, EARLY 1952

[Percentage distribution of farm operating spending units]

Tenure	All farm operating	1951 money income before taxes			
	spending units	Under \$2,000	\$2,000 and over		
Own: In full In part	63 5	60 5	67 4		
Rent: As full renter As tenant or sharecropper	1 26	(1) 29	1 23		
Other 2	5	6	5		
All cases	100	100	100		
Number of cases	217	99	118		

<sup>1</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent. <sup>2</sup> Includes related secondary spending units and cases in which farm has been sold.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Having a financial interest in a privately held corporation means having a controlling or a large financial interest. This is more restrictive than simply owning shares, which was reported by approximately 1,250,000 spending units.

inventory into account, fell between \$15,000 and \$20,000. About one-third were worth at least \$30,000 while fewer than one-tenth were valued at less than \$5,000.

Farm operators who did not own their land (renters, tenants, and sharecroppers) generally had some investment in the operation in the form of machinery or inventory. In somewhat more than half the cases, this equity amounted to less than \$2,500 as of early 1952. For about one-fifth of nonowning farm operators, however, the equity amounted to \$10,000 or more (see Supplementary Table 23 at the end of this article).

#### SHORT-TERM CONSUMER DEBT

Debt data in the 1952 survey have been calculated only for short-term debt of nonbusiness spending units. Mortgage debt was not covered and responses by farm operators and owners of nonfarm businesses were excluded. A more complete description of the problems arising in defining the debts covered in this section is given in the technical note at the end of this article, which also describes differences between debt data from the 1951 and 1952 surveys.

Debts incurred for consumption purposes have risen steadily from their low level at the end of the war. At the beginning of 1952, more than 50 per cent of all spending units other than those owning businesses or classed as farm operators owed nonmortgage debts incurred primarily for consumption. Two-thirds of these debts were for amounts less than \$500, and three-fourths represented less than 20 per cent of the 1951 income of the debtor.

Federal Reserve estimates based on reports of lenders indicate that consumer debt increased more rapidly than personal income from the end of 1945 to the end of 1950.<sup>9</sup> As a result, the ratio of total short-term consumer debt outstanding to annual personal income rose from about 3 per cent at the end of 1945 to about 9 per cent at the end of 1950, a ratio only slightly less than those of the immediate prewar years. This ratio declined to about 8 per cent at the end of 1951, reflecting an increase in consumer incomes and little change in outstanding debt during the period of instalment credit regulation.

Expansion of consumer debt during the postwar period was closely tied to the increase in volume

<sup>9</sup> Changes in the treatment of consumer debt make yearto-year comparisons of survey data on debt inadvisable, as is explained in the technical note at the end of this article.

Aggregate data based on lenders' reports provide a better basis for year-to-year comparisons of consumer debt than do survey data because of greater consistency of definition and coverage. Although these aggregate data cover a somewhat larger population and differ slightly in definition from the survey data, the debts included in the survey are such a large proportion of those included in the lender data that the latter are believed to furnish a reliable guide to year-to-year movements in the consumer debt of the survey population.

#### TABLE 21

#### Consumer Debt in Relation to Income and Expenditures for Durable Goods 1

[Percentage distribution of nonbusiness spending units] <sup>2</sup>

1951 money income before	Number	Consumer debt as percentage of income						
taxes, and net expenditures for durable goods	Number All of cases cases		Has no debt	1-9 per cent	1019 per cent	20 per cent and over	Not ascertained	
Income under \$3,000:								
No expenditure	595	100	68	18	5	7	2	
\$1-\$199	136	100	41	39	14	5	1	
\$200-\$499	110	100	34	29	18	18 37	1	
\$500 and over	64	100	28	9	21	37	5	
Income \$3,000-\$4,999:								
No expenditure	302	100	58	31	5	4	2	
\$1-\$199	98	100	39	45	4	9	3	
\$200-\$499	184	100	29	51	15	4	1	
\$500-\$999	95	100	18	34	21	25	2	
\$1,000 and over	96	100	21	21	27	30	1	
Income \$5,000 and over:								
No expenditure	175	100	59	30	7	2	2	
\$1-\$499	182	100	45	34	11	7	3	
\$500-\$999	105	100	28	43	24	4	Ĭ	
\$1.000 and over	165	100	34	27	21	17	l i	

<sup>1</sup> Consumer debt at the beginning of 1952 as a percentage of 1951 money income before taxes. Consumer debt excludes debts secured by mortgages and debts for business purposes to banks, loan companies, and credit unions. Expenditures for durable goods relate to 1951 purchases of automobiles, major household appliances, and furniture, and are net of allowances for trade-ins. <sup>2</sup> Excludes spending units headed by farm operators and owners of part or all of an unincorporated business or privately held corporation.

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#### TABLE 22

#### CONSUMER DEBT IN EARLY 1952 1

[Percentage distribution of nonbusiness spending units within specified groups]<sup>2</sup>

		i								
			NT -			Am	ount of co	onsumer d	ebt	
Group characteristic	Num- All ber of cases	ber of cases sum	No con- sumer debt 4	Some con- sumer debt	\$1-\$99	\$100- \$199	\$200- \$499	\$500 \$999	\$1,000 and over	Not ascer- tained
All nonbusiness spending units	2,327	100	49	51	13	8	14	9	6	1
1951 money income before taxes: Under \$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$2,999. \$3,000-\$3,999. \$4,000-\$4,999. \$5,000-\$7,499. \$7,500 and over.	212 303 399 420 366 404 223	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	68 60 47 38 40 39 54	32 40 53 62 60 61 46	22 16 15 14 7 7 8	3 9 13 9 2	5 9 13 18 22 17 8	1 3 11 8 14 17 11	1 4 7 8 10 16	(5) 2 1 2 (5) 1 1
Liquid asset holdings: None	597 388 308 242 249 315 225	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	42 32 40 46 70 66 81	58 68 54 30 34 19	18 13 12 15 8 9 5	10 12 10 8 3 5 7	14 20 20 15 9 9 2	10 13 10 8 6 5 1	5 9 7 3 5 3	1 1 1 1 1 1
Occupation of head of spending unit: Professional and semiprofessional. Managerial. Clerical and sales. Skilled and semiskilled. Unskilled and service. Retired. Other <sup>6</sup> .	252 121 415 761 275 176 327	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	51 56 51 37 43 78 57	49 44 63 57 22 43	11 5 11 13 19 13 14	7 5 10 11 9 1 8	11 9 12 19 17 2 10	13 18 9 12 6 2 5	7 7 6 7 4 1 5	(5) (5) 1 2 3 1
Age of head of spending unit:           18-24           25-34           35-44           45-54           55-64           65 or over	208 525 494 434 303 305	100 100 100 100 100 100	46 31 41 47 64 79	54 69 59 53 36 21	19 13 12 14 11 13	11 10 11 10 7 1	11 22 17 15 8 3	12 15 10 6 5 2	1 8 7 4 1	( <sup>6</sup> ) 1 1 1 1
Family status: Single person: Age 18-44 Married: <sup>7</sup> Age 18-44, no children under 18 Age 18-44, children under 18 Age 45 or over, no children under 18	291 296 179 668 477	100 100 100 100 100	60 75 40 25 65	40 25 60 75 35	17 13 5 12 10	9 3 8 13 5	8 6 24 21 11	5 2 16 17 3	1 1 6 10 5	( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 1 2 1
Age 45 or over, children under 18. Other <sup>8</sup>	217 113	100 100	38 43	62 57	17 29	12 10	14 11	10 5	9 1	(5) 1

<sup>1</sup> Excludes debts secured by mortgages and debts for business purposes to banks, loan companies, and credit unions. <sup>2</sup> Excludes spending units headed by farm operators and owners of part or all of an unincorporated business or privately held cor-

poration, <sup>3</sup> Total number of cases exceeds sum of various groups because of inclusion of cases for which relevant characteristics were not asa fotal number of cases exectes sum of various group. For the entropy of the entropy of

of sales and to the broadening of the market for durable goods. Survey data indicate that with the increase in purchases of automobiles (new and used) from 5 million in 1946 to approximately 12 million in both 1950 and 1951, the proportion of the total bought on credit increased from about one-fifth to more than one-half. There was a similar rise in use of credit to buy household appliances and furniture.

It is significant that, at all levels of income, a relatively larger proportion of spending units with debt than without debt planned to buy a car or some other durable good during 1952. This was true even among spending units whose debts at the beginning of 1952 amounted to 20 per cent or more of their 1951 incomes. The pattern of buying plans and consumer debt probably resulted in part from the activities of younger families, among

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whom accumulation of household appliances and furniture continues at a high rate for a number of years.

Factors related to consumer indebtedness. At all levels of income, the proportion of spending units that reported consumer debt at the beginning of 1952 was larger among purchasers of durable goods than among nonpurchasers (see Table 21). Further illustrating this point, it was found that approximately three-fourths of the younger married couples with children reported consumer debt. In contrast, only one-fourth of the older single persons owed such debt (see Table 22).

Changes in income are often accompanied by the incurrence of debt. Both spending units whose incomes increased and those whose incomes decreased between 1950 and 1951 reported consumer debt with greater frequency than spending units experiencing little change in income (see Table 23). The relatively high frequency of debt among spending units with increases in income may reflect in part their desire to take immediate advantage of their greater ability to purchase durable goods. Spending units whose incomes fall may borrow because they find it difficult to reduce prior com-

#### TABLE 23

CONSUMER DEBT IN RELATION TO INCOME CHANGE <sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution of nonbusiness spending units within specified groups] <sup>2</sup>

1951 money income before taxes, with change from 1950	Num- ber of cases	All cases	No con- sumer debt, early 1952 <sup>3</sup>	Some con- sumer debt, early 1952
Under \$3,000: Larger by 25 per cent or more Somewhat larger No substantial change Smaller.	177 220 303 177	100 100 100 100	52 52 65 56	48 48 35 44
\$3,000-\$4,999: Larger by 25 per cent or more Somewhat larger No substantial change Smaller	125 322 203 110	100 100 100 100	34 37 46 38	66 63 54 62
\$5,000 and over: Larger by 25 per cent or more Somewhat larger No substantial change Smaller 4.	129 275 141 54	100 100 100 100	25 47 54 46	75 53 46 54

<sup>1</sup> Consumer debt in early 1952 in relation to changes in money income before taxes between 1950 and 1951 within 1951 income

<sup>2</sup> Excludes spending units headed by farm operators and owners of part or all of an unincorporated business or privately held cor-poration.

portation.
Includes the less than one-half of 1 per cent of all spending units for which debt status was not determined.
This distribution should be used with caution because of the small number of cases involved.

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#### TABLE 24

Spending	UNITS	AGGR	EGATE	Mon	<b>JEY</b>	INCO	AND	
Aggrega	TE CON	ISUMER	Debt,	ВҮ	Inc	OME	Gro	UPS
	ſD	oroonto	na diatri	buti	1			

#### [Percentage distribution]

1951 money income before taxes	Spending units <sup>1</sup>	1951 money income before taxes <sup>2</sup>	Consumer debt, early 1952 8
Under \$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$2,999. \$3,000-\$3,999. \$4,000-\$4,999. \$5,000-\$7,499. \$7,500 and over	12 15 19 19 15 14 6	2 6 14 18 19 23 18	2 5 17 21 19 25 11
All cases	100	100	100

<sup>1</sup> Excludes spending units headed by farm operators and owners of part or all of an unincorporated business or privately held corporation.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes incomes of spending units described in note 1. <sup>3</sup> Excludes mortgages and debts for business purposes to banks, loan companies, and credit unions.

mitments or to change their patterns of consumption.

A smaller proportion of aggregate consumer debt than of income was accounted for by the highest income group at the beginning of 1952.10 The 6 per cent of nonentrepreneurial spending units with 1951 income of \$7,500 or more owed 11 per cent of the aggregate consumer debt while receiving 18 per cent of the income (see Table 24).

Consumer debt at the beginning of 1952 was reported by a larger proportion (60 per cent) of spending units with incomes of \$3,000 to \$7,499 than of units at higher or lower income levels. The proportion ranged downward to 32 per cent for spending units with incomes less than \$1,000 (see Table 25), in part reflecting the limited ability of these groups to service debt.

Spending units owning large amounts of liquid assets reported consumer debt much less frequently than those with small holdings. Spending units without liquid assets, however, reported debt with less frequency than those having moderate holdings (\$1-\$199). The low frequency of debt among units without liquid assets reflects the large proportion of very low income units in the group.

Short-term debts exceeded liquid asset holdings

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The finding of the 1951 survey that the total debt of spending units was distributed similarly to total money income applied to all debt, including mortgage and business debt, and to all spending units. The difference between the 1951 finding and the one discussed above indicated the greater importance of mortgage and business debts in the higher than in the lower income groups.

#### TABLE 25

## RELATION OF CONSUMER DEBT TO INCOME, EARLY 1952<sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution of nonbusiness spending units within specified groups] Consumer debt as percentage of money income before taxes Number All Group characteristic of cases 2 cases 1-9 10-19 20-39 40 per cent Not Zero 8 per cent per cent per cent and over ascertained All nonbusiness spending units 4..... 2,327 100 48 29 3 2 11 7 1951 money income before taxes: 

 Imoney income before taxes:

 Under \$1,000-\$1,999

 \$2,000-\$2,999

 \$3,000-\$3,999

 \$4,000-\$4,999

 \$5,000-\$7,499

 100 212 303 398 420 365 404 222 15 21 28 38 34 35 26 5243 1 2 1 2 100 100 100 100 60 47 38 40 40 54 6 10 9 5 6 10 10 15 16 10 1 3 1 1 100 100 13 \$7,500 and over..... Occupation of head of spending unit: Professional and semiprofessional..... 252100 51 56 51 37 43 78 58 27 11 9 10 7 9 9 2 1 Professional and semiprofessional.... Managerial... Clerical and sales... Skilled and semiskilled Unskilled and service. Retired. (5) 1 2 2 3 2 252 121 415 761 275 176 100 100 100 24 28 36 29 11 24 1 2 3 3 2 2 11 13 100 14 4 100 Other\_6..... 291 8 6 Family status: (<sup>5</sup>) 1 100 100 60 73 25 17 8 4 5 2 23 296 Age 18-44, no children under 18..... Age 18-44, children under 18..... Age 45 or over, no children under 18... 179 100 41 25 65 39 29 17 8 13 5 8 5 2 3 2 2 39 20 37 17 6 14 668 477 217 100 100 4 2 100 Age 45 or over, children under 18... 1 4 Other 8. . . . . . . . . 113 100 44 39 8 (5) 

<sup>1</sup> Consumer debt at the beginning of 1952 as a percentage of 1951 money income before taxes. <sup>8</sup> Total number of cases exceeds sum of various groups because of inclusion of cases for which relevant characteristics were not ascer-

Four number of these factors and owners of part or all of an unincorporated business or privately held corporative of the state of the

tion. <sup>5</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

<sup>1</sup> To cases reported of ress than one-han of per cents
<sup>1</sup> Includes spending units headed by self-employed artisans, housewives, protective service workers, unemployed persons, or students.
<sup>2</sup> Both husband and wife present in spending unit.
<sup>8</sup> Includes spending units with or without children from which husband or wife is absent.

for about 70 per cent of all debtors. Among debtors with incomes below \$3,000, the corresponding proportion exceeded 80 per cent, and at incomes of \$7,500 or more, it was about 50 per cent.

Medical debt. In 1952, the Survey of Consumer Finances determined for the first time the amount owed on medical bills. About 19 per cent of all spending units (including farm operators, owners of businesses, and nonbusiness spending units) reported debts to doctors, dentists, or hospitals for dental and medical services.<sup>11</sup> The average (mean) debt outstanding was about \$105 and the median \$50. It should be noted that these data relate to medical debts and do not refer to total medical expenses.

Variation among spending units in the frequency of medical debt is greatest among family status groups (see Table 26). This variation may be explained by differences in the number of persons needing medical care, by the greater need of children for medical care, and by variations in the use of funds for other purposes, such as the purchase of durable goods. Medical debts were most frequently reported by younger married couples with one or more children under 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> These figures exclude debt to banks and other institutions incurred to meet medical expenses. The medical debt of nonbusiness spending units is included here and also as a component of the short-term consumer debt of this group reported earlier in this section.

#### TABLE 26

#### DEBTS ON MEDICAL BILLS, EARLY 1952 1

[Percentage distribution of spending units within specified groups]

	Number					Amount	of debt	
Group characteristic	of cases	All cases	No debt	Some debt	\$1-\$99	\$100-\$199	\$200 and over	Not ascer- tained
All spending units	2,820	100	81	19	14	3	2	(2)
<b>1951</b> money income before taxes: Under \$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,999. \$3,000-\$2,999. \$3,000-\$3,999. \$4,000-\$4,999. \$5,000-\$7,499. \$7,500 and over.	278 359 454 482 424 490 333	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	83 82 78 78 81 82 86	17 18 22 22 19 18 14	14 13 17 17 12 12 10	2 1 2 2 4 4 2	1 3 3 3 2 2	(2) 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
Occupation of head of spending unit: Professional and semiprofessional Managerial Self-employed Clerical and sales. Skilled and semiskilled. Unskilled and service. Farm operator. Retired. Other <sup>3</sup> .	273 152 212 430 780 280 215 178 266	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	88 84 90 81 77 79 77 87 79	12 16 10 23 21 23 13 21	9 8 6 14 16 14 18 10 17	2 2 3 4 2 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1	1 6 2 3 4 3 1 2	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
Age of head of spending unit:           18-24           25-34           35-44           45-54           55-64           65 or over	218 634 619 547 382 362	100 100 100 100 100 100	76 77 77 82 87 87	24 23 23 18 13 13	21 16 16 12 9 11	2 3 4 1 (²)	1 4 3 2 2 1	(2) (2) 1 (2) 1 1 1
Family status: Single person: Age 18-44 Age 45 or over Married: 4 Age 18-44, no children under 18	317 316 213	100 100 100	89 87 89	11 13 11	10 9 9	1 2 1	(2) 1 1	( <sup>2</sup> ) 1 ( <sup>2</sup> )
Age 18-44, children under 18 Age 45 or over, no children under 18 Age 45 or over, children under 18 Other 5	842 616 302 122	100 100 100 100	70 89 76 73	30 11 24 27	21 8 18 23	4 1 4 1	5 2 2 3	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2)

Includes debts at the beginning of 1952 to doctors, dentists, and hospitals for medical and dental services.
 No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.
 Includes spending units headed by housewives, unemployed persons, or students.
 Both husband and wife in spending unit.
 Includes spending units with or without children from which husband or wife is absent.

#### APPENDIX

## TECHNICAL NOTE ON CONSUMER DEBT DATA

The comparability of survey data regarding debts of consumers has been affected by year-to-year changes in the number of questions asked on this subject, in the emphasis concerning specific components of debt, in the wording and placement of the questions, and in the processing of the data.

A shift in emphasis resulted in explicitly excluding mortgage indebtedness from the debt section of the 1952 questionnaire. Additional changes in emphasis between 1951 and 1952 were the insertion of a specific question on outstanding medical bills and the elimination of a specific question on charge account balances with stores other than grocery stores. Since a number of specific

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questions rather than one omnibus question usually result in more complete coverage of a total, the changes regarding medical debt and charge accounts probably tended respectively to increase and to decrease the total debt reported by consumers in 1952 as compared with 1951.

Extensive changes between 1951 and 1952 were also made in the phrasing and the placement in the questionnaire of the questions regarding debt. All debt questions were concentrated in a single group in the 1952 questionnaire. In previous years, outstanding debt had been derived from questions placed at a number of points deemed appropriate. For example, questions on the financing of pur-

chases of durable goods in the previous year and on subsequent payments on instalment contracts were asked immediately following questions relating to purchases of cars and other durables. The association in the 1951 questionnaire of debt and purchase questions probably resulted in more complete coverage of consumer debt than in the following year when a single question referred to the results of all past instalment transactions. In 1952, in addition to the question on medical debts, single questions covered instalment debts, other debts to banks, loan companies, and credit unions, and other debts to private individuals, life insurance companies, and miscellaneous lenders. Use of these questions may have moderated the limitation of coverage resulting from the disassociation of debt and purchase questions.

The 1952 data entitled "consumer debt" incorporated several modifications from the 1951 data entitled "non-real-estate debt." The 1952 data exclude spending units classified as farm operators or owners of unincorporated businesses or privately held corporations in an attempt to obtain debt data that would reflect more clearly the activities of spending units as consumers. Also, the 1952 data exclude only mortgage debt while non-real-estate debt in 1951 excluded any form of debt incurred in repairing or improving real estate. Furthermore, in 1952 a question was included to determine and exclude the amount, if any, of the noninstalment debt to banks and loan companies which was incurred for business or farm purposes. In 1951, debts of this nature were not identified and could not be excluded.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 1

#### 1950 Incomes of Spending Units within 1951 Income Groups<sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution]

	1951 money income before taxes												
1950 money income before taxes	All spend- ing units	Under \$1,000	\$1,000- \$1,999	\$2,000- \$2,999	\$3,000- \$3,999	\$4,000- \$4,999	\$5,000- \$7,499	\$7,500 and over					
Under \$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$2,999. \$3,000-\$3,999. \$4,000-\$4,999. \$5,000-\$7,499. \$7,500 and over. Not ascertained.	14 18 18 12 9	73 12 2 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 11	26 50 9 3 1 (2) (2) 11	6 21 55 7 1 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 9	3 6 27 49 5 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 9	1 6 36 41 6 1 7	1 3 11 28 45 3 8	1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 2 1 4 17 63 12					
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100					
Number of cases	2,820	279	358	454	482	424	490	333					

<sup>1</sup> Based on reports of spending units interviewed early in 1952 concerning annual incomes in both 1950 and 1951. As shown in table, the 1950 income of 9 per cent of all spending units could not be determined at the beginning of 1952.
 <sup>2</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 2

INCOME CHANGE RELATED TO INCOME IN YEAR BEFORE CHANGE<sup>1</sup> ſ

[Percentage distribution of spending un	ts]
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				Money	income	before	taxes in	ı year p	revious	to char	ıge			
Change in money income before taxes	Under \$1,000		\$1,000- \$1,999		\$2,000- \$2,999		\$3,000- \$3,999		\$4,000- \$4,999		\$5,000 \$7,499		\$7,500 and over	
	1950	1949	1950	1949	1950	1949	1950	1949	1950	1949	1950	1949	1950	1949
Income larger By 25 per cent or more Somewhat	47 31 16	48 29 19	48 24 24	50 23 27	57 21 36	52 17 35	56 17 39	52 14 38	60 15 45	52 15 37	50 10 40	43 12 31	44 9 35	44 17 27
No substantial change	34	31	32	30	27	28	26	28	25	30	28	32	26	33
Income smaller Somewhat By 25 per cent or more		18 12 6	16 9 7	19 11 8	15 11 4	19 12 7	17 13 4	19 14 5	14 9 5	18 14 4	18 13 5	23 14 9	24 13 11	20 12 8
Not ascertained	4	3	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	(2)	4	2	6	3
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number of cases	294	418	345	536	439	582	498	615	349	378	342	397	241	236

<sup>1</sup> In approximately one-tenth of the cases for the 1952 and 1951 surveys, money income for the "year previous to change" was not ascertained. These cases are not included in this table. <sup>2</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 3 INCOME CHANGE RELATED TO INCOME IN YEAR AFTER CHANGE<sup>1</sup> [Percentage distribution of spending units]

	Money income before taxes in year after change													
Change in money income before taxes	Under \$1,000		\$1,000- \$1,999		\$2,000- \$2,999		\$3,000- \$3,999		\$4,000 \$4,999		\$5,000- \$7,499		\$7,500 and over	
	1950 to 1951 <sup>2</sup>	1949 to 1950 3	1950 to 1951 2	1949 to 1950 s	1950 to 1951 2	1949 to 1950 3	1950 to 1951 <sup>2</sup>	1949 to 1950 s	1950 to 1951 <sup>2</sup>	1949 to 1950 3	1950 to 1951 <sup>2</sup>	1949 to 1950 \$	1950 to 1951 <sup>2</sup>	1949 to 1950 3
Income larger By 25 per cent or more Somewhat	31 18 13	30 14 16	43 21 22	43 19 24	49 17 32	48 18 30	55 20 35	52 15 37	60 17 43	58 16 42	67 26 41	61 26 35	54 19 35	61 30 31
No substantial change	38	36	31	33	29	29	27	31	22	26	21	24	24	27
Income smaller Somewhat By 25 per cent or more		32 14 18	21 13 8	22 12 10	18 13 5	21 15 6	15 13 2	16 13 3	14 11 3	14 11 3	8 6 2	13 10 3	10 7 3	7 6 1
Not ascertained	5	2	5	2	4	2	3	1	4	2	4	2	12	5
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number of cases	279	418	358	514	454	567	482	601	424	441	490	538	333	294

Based on changes in money income before taxes as reported by spending units early in 1952 and early in 1951.
 Income change from 1950 to 1951 related to 1951 income.
 Income change from 1949 to 1950 related to 1950 income.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 4

INCOME CHANGES OF SPENDING UNITS WITHIN OCCUPATIONAL AND AGE GROUPS<sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution of spending units]

		-			Change ir	n money in	come befo	ore taxes		
Group characteristic	Num- ber of	All cases	Ir	ncome larg	er	No	In	come sma	ller	Not
	cases	Cases	Total	By 25 per cent or more	Some- what	sub- stantial change	Total	Some- what	By 25 per cent or more	ascer- tained
All spending units: 1950-51 1949-50	2,820 3,415	100 100	52 49	20 19	32 30	28 30	16 19	11 12	5 7	4
Occupation of head of spending unit: Professional and semiprofessional: 1950-51 1949-50	273 269	100 100	54 60	19 24	35 36	23 27	16 12	11 8	5 4	ì
1950–51. 1949–50. Self-employed:	152 235	100 100	53 48	11 16	42 32	32 40	9 11	78	2 3	6 1
1950–51 1949–50 Clerical and sales:	212 250	100 100	35 45	18 25	17 20	31 31	20 18	9 11	11 7	14 6
1950–51 1949–50 Skilled and semiskilled:	430 477	100 100	65 57	25 19	40 38	20 24	13 17	10 13	3 4	2 2
1950-51 1949-50 Unskilled and service:	780 901	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$	62 58	21 22	41 36	23 28	12 12	10 10	2 2	3 2
1950-51 1949-50 Farm operator:	280 289	100 100	51 49	21 19	30 30	27 30	17 19	13 12	4 7	5 2
1950–51. 1949–50.	215 388	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ 100 \end{array}$	44 40	20 18	24 22	21 23	30 34	16 17	14 17	5 3
Age of head of spending unit: 18-24 years: 1950-51	218 269	100 100	70 73	47 43	23 30	11 13	15 12	11	4	4
25-34 years: 1950-51 1949-50	634 711	100 100 100	60 58	21 21	39 37	20 21	12 15 19	10 12	5 7	52
35-44 years: 1950-51 1949-50	619 781	100 100	56 53	17 19	39 34	25 30	15 16	12 10	3 6	4 1
45-54 years: 1950-51 1949-50	547 659	100 100	49 44	18 16	31 28	30 32	17 21	12 14	5 7	4 3
55-64 years: 1950-51 1949-50	382 540	100 100	41 40	11 12	30 28	36 37	17 20	10 14	7 6	6 3
65 years or over: 1950–51 1949–50	362 434	100 100	31 31	14 10	17 21	43 43	22 24	13 13	9 11	4 2

<sup>1</sup> Based on changes in money income before taxes as reported by spending units early in 1952 and early in 1951.

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## SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 5

INCOME GROUPING OF SPENDING UNITS WITHIN OCCUPATIONAL GROUPS<sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution]

Money income before taxes	and	ssional semi- ssional	Man	agerial	Self-er	nployed	Clei ar sa		a	illed nd skilled	a	killed nd vice		rm stor <sup>2</sup>	Oth	er <sup>3</sup>
	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950
Under \$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$2,999. \$3,000-\$3,999. \$4,000-\$4,999. \$5,000-\$7,499. \$5,000-\$7,499.	11 16 12 15	4 8 14 17 14 24 19	$1\\3\\11\\11\\16\\25\\33$	1 9 8 16 16 24 24	16 20	15 10 22	5 11 23 20 17 17 7	2 14 29 19 12 17 7	3 7 17 26 24 20 3	2 11 19 30 20 17 1	17 30 25 16 7 4 1	11 33 28 18 7 3 (4)	29 22 13 17 7 5	$30 \\ 21 \\ 18 \\ 11 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 4$	$34 \\ 24 \\ 16 \\ 10 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 4$	$37 \\ 27 \\ 14 \\ 10 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 2$
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Median income Mean income	\$4,500 \$6,020	\$4,500 \$5,630	\$5,350 \$8,960	\$\$4,950 \$6,580	\$4,180 \$5,820	<sup>5</sup> \$4,100 \$5,330	\$3,410 \$3,920	\$3,200 \$3,910	\$3,800 \$3,970	\$3,600 ,\$3,530	\$2,100 \$2,320	\$2,100 r\$2,350	\$1,880 \$2,660	\$1,900 \$2,480	\$1,500 \$2,360	\$1,300 \$2,030
Number of cases	273	269	152	235	212	250	430	477	780	902	280	289	215	<b>38</b> 8	<b>46</b> 8	606

r Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Income data for each year are based on interviews during January, February, and early March of the following year. All the occupational groupings are in terms of the occupation of the head of the spending unit.
 <sup>2</sup> Income for farm operators is not directly comparable with income for other groups because of the large amount of nonmoney income that farmers produce for their own consumption.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes spending units headed by retired and unemployed persons and by students, housewives, and persons whose occupations were not ascertained.
 <sup>4</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.
 <sup>5</sup> Estimated from distributions of spending units by income groups. The median for the combined self-employed and managerial group was \$4,500 in both 1950 and 1951.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 6

INCOME DISTRIBUTION OF SPENDING UNITS HAVING SPECIFIED CHARACTERISTICS, 1951

[Per cent]

	Num-			Mo	ney incom	e before t	axes		
Group characteristic	ber of cases	All income groups	Under \$1,000	\$1,000 \$1,999	\$2,000- \$2,999	\$3,000 \$3,999	\$4,000- \$4,999	\$5.000 \$7,499	\$7,500 and over
All spending units	2,820	100	13	15	18	18	15	14	7
Number of income receivers in spending unit: One Two or more	2,200 611	100 100	15 5	16 12	18 16	19 13	14 18	11 27	7 9
Age of head of spending unit: 18-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 65 or over	216 619 612 535 371 351	$     \begin{array}{r}       100 \\      1$	21 5 7 9 13 36	26 10 11 14 16 26	29 22 15 15 18 15	13 24 21 16 14 10	6 18 18 17 14 4	4 16 20 17 15 5	1 5 8 12 10 4
Race of head of spending unit: White Negro	2,582 195	100 100	10 31	14 29	17 27	19 9	16 2	16 1	8
Family status of spending unit: Single person: Age 18-44 Married: Age 18-44, no children under 18 Age 18-44, children under 18 Age 45 or over, no children under 18	317 316 213 842 616 302	100 100 100 100 100 100	19 38 5 4 12 6	24 25 7 8 15 14	30 16 17 17 16 14	18 9 17 24 15 16	4 5 20 21 15 16	4 5 26 19 16 20	2 8 7 11 14
Place of residence of spending unit: Metropolitan area <sup>1</sup> Other urban area <sup>2</sup> Rural area <sup>3</sup>	982	100 100 100	7 12 19	13 13 19	18 19 17	17 18 20	16 15 12	19 15 9	10 8 4
Region: 4 North East North Central South West		100 100 100 100	6 11 24 7	15 13 18 14	20 16 18 18	20 19 15 16	17 16 10 17	16 17 9 18	6 8 6 10

 <sup>1</sup> Includes the 12 largest cities in the United States and their surrounding suburban and rural areas
 <sup>2</sup> Includes cities of 2,500 population or more, but not metropolitan.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes towns of less than 2,500 population and open country. These figures are especially influenced by exclusion of nonmoney 4 For definition of regions, see Table 15, footnote 1, p. 983.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 7 CHARACTERISTICS OF SPENDING UNITS WITHIN INCOME GROUPS [Percentage distribution of spending units]

						Mon	ey in	come	befo	re tax	æs					
Group characteristic	All in gro			der 000		)00- 999	\$2,0 \$2,	)00- 999	\$3,0 \$3,	)00- 999		)00- 999		)00 499		500 over
	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950
Number of income receivers in spending unit: None One Two or more Not ascertained	(1) 78 22 (1)	1 74 25 ( <sup>1</sup> )	2 89 9 ( <sup>1</sup> )	3 87 10 ( <sup>1</sup> )	(1) 82 17 1	(1) 77 23 (1)	(1) 80 20 (1)	(1) 80 20 (1)	(1) 85 15 (1)	(1) 78 22 (1)	(1) 73 27 (1)	(1) 66 34 (1)	(1) 60 40 (1)	(1) 53 47 (1)	(1) 78 22 (1)	(1) 74 26 (1)
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Age of head of spending unit: 18-24	9 23 22 19 12 13 2	9 22 22 18 15 13 1	15 9 12 14 13 36 1	7 9 7 13 16 48 ( <sup>1</sup> )	15 14 16 17 14 22 2	15 16 17 16 17 19 ( <sup>1</sup> )	14 28 18 15 13 10 2	16 25 21 15 13 9 1	6 30 26 17 10 8 3	6 31 25 16 16 5 1	3 28 27 22 13 4 3	4 25 33 22 13 3 ( <sup>1</sup> )	2 26 30 23 13 5 1	3 27 29 23 16 2 ( <sup>1</sup> )	1 16 26 32 17 6 2	(1) 10 32 32 18 8 (1)
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Race of head of spending unit: White Negro Other Not ascertained.	88 10 1 1	90 8 1 1	$     \begin{array}{r}       73 \\       24 \\       2 \\       1 \\       100     \end{array} $	85 13 1 1 100	80 18 1 1	80 17 1 2	83 15 1 1	91 9 ( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> ) 100	94 5 ( <sup>1</sup> ) 1	94 5 1 ( <sup>1</sup> ) 100	96 2 1 1	93 3 1 3 100	99 1 ( <sup>1</sup> ) ( <sup>1</sup> ) 100	97 2 (1) 1 100	97 1 (1) 2 100	98 2 (1) (1) 100
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100				100	100		100	100	
Occupation of head of spending unit: Professional and semiprofessional. Managerial. Self-employed. Clerical and sales. Skilled and semiskilled. Unskilled and service. Farm operator. Retired. Other. Not ascertained.	7 4 7 13 30 13 9 6 10 1	$   \left. \begin{array}{c}       6 \\       13 \\       13 \\       30 \\       9 \\       9 \\       7 \\       12 \\       1   \end{array}   \right. $	$ \begin{array}{c} (1) \\ (1) \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 17 \\ 21 \\ 21 \\ 24 \\ 3 \end{array} $	2 5 2 4 8 21 24 34 ( <sup>1</sup> )	5 1 6 10 14 25 12 14 12 1	3 3 10 19 19 11 11 18 1	6 2 6 17 29 18 7 5 9 1	5 8 20 30 14 9 5 9 ( <sup>1</sup> )	5 2 3 15 45 11 9 2 7 1	5 10 13 48 9 5 3 7 ( <sup>1</sup> )	7 4 7 15 50 6 4 1 5 1	6 13 12 49 5 3 6 1	$ \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 6 \\ 9 \\ 16 \\ 43 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{array} $	10 21 17 38 2 5 2 4 1	$ \begin{array}{c} 23 \\ 17 \\ 13 \\ 13 \\ 1 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ (^1) \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 19 \\ 49 \\ 15 \\ 5 \\ (^{1}) \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ (^{1}) \end{array} $
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Family status of spending unit: Single person: Age 18-44 Age 45 or over Married: <sup>2</sup>	12 11	13 14	18 33	13 46	19 19	23 19	20 10	26 9	12 5	10 6	3 4	5 6	3 4	3 4	2 4	1 5
Age 18-44, no children under 18         Age 18-44, 1-2 children under 18         Age 18-44, 3 or more children under 18         Age 45 or over, no children under 18         Age 45 or over, 1 or more children under 18         Other 3         Not ascertained.		9 20 9 21 11 3	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 8 \\ 19 \\ 6 \\ 9 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 23 \\ 6 \\ \dots \\ 3 \end{array} $	3 3 20 10 11 2 11 2	6 11 6 23 9 	7 }28 18 9 6 2	8 17 10 20 8 2		10 30 11 18 13 2	$     \begin{array}{c}       10 \\       43 \\       21 \\       12 \\       3 \\       4     \end{array} $	14 29 13 18 11 	$ \begin{array}{c} 13 \\ 40 \\ 22 \\ 15 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array} $	17 27 11 22 14 		8 21 10 36 18 
All cases .	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Place of residence of spending unit: Metropolitan area <sup>4</sup> Other urban area <sup>5</sup> Rural area <sup>6</sup> .	31 35 34	31 35 34	17 32 51	20 24 56	26 31 43	24 34 42	32 36 32	29 37 34	29 34 37	35 37 28	35 36 29	38 39 23	42 36 22	39 38 23	44 37 19	38 41 21
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number of cases	2,820	3,415	279	418	358	514	454	567	482	601	424	441	490	538	333	292

<sup>1</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.
<sup>2</sup> Both husband and wife in spending unit.
<sup>3</sup> For 1951 includes spending units with or without children from which husband or wife is absent. This group was included with single persons in 1950.
<sup>4</sup> The 12 largest cities in the United States and their surrounding suburban and rural areas.
<sup>5</sup> Includes cities of 2,500 population or more, but not metropolitan.
<sup>6</sup> Includes towns of less than 2,500 population and open country.

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#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 8

AVERAGE FEDERAL PERSONAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY IN RELATION TO AVERAGE MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES WITHIN INCOME CLASSES<sup>1</sup>

Money income before taxes		e income e tax ²	Ave incom	rage ne tax		ge dis- income	Income tax as a percentage of income before tax <sup>3</sup>		
	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	
Under \$1,000 4 \$1,000-\$1,999	1,470	\$ 460 1,490	\$ <sup>(5)</sup> \$40	( <sup>5</sup> ) \$ 40	\$ 430 1,420	\$ 460 1,460	$\frac{1}{3}$	( <sup>6</sup> ) 2	
2,000-\$2,999. 3,000-\$3,999. 4,000-\$4,999.	$3,450 \\ 4,430$	2,470 3,450 4,390	140 240 390	120 200 330	2,360 3,210 4,040	2,350 3,250 4,070	6 7 9	5 6 7	
5,000-\$7,499. 7,500 and over	5,890 13,850	5,850 12,590	660 3,050	570 2,070	5,230 10,800	5,280 10,520	11 20	10 16	
All spending units	3,820	3,520	440	300	3,380	3,220	12	9	

 <sup>1</sup> Arithmetic averages. Federal income tax liability is estimated for each spending unit on the basis of income, age, and family status. Estimates assume use of standard deductions. No adjustment for capital gains and losses. Disposable income plus income tax liability may not equal income before tax because amounts have been rounded to nearest \$10.
 <sup>2</sup> Sampling error, which was \$180 for average income before tax of all spending units in 1950, is not available for individual class intervals in that year or for any class in 1951. It will be much larger than \$180 for the highest class and much smaller for the middle Intervals in that you of the formation of th

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 9

#### DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL MONEY INCOME BEFORE AND AFTER FEDERAL INCOME TAX, BY INCOME GROUPS BEFORE TAX

Supplementary	Table	10	

INCOME RECEIVED FROM UNINCORPORATED FARM AND NONFARM BUSINESS

[Percentage	distribution	of	spending	units]
-------------	--------------	----	----------	--------

	Perce	ntage	Percentage of total money income						
Money income before taxes	spen	of	Fed	ore eral e tax	eral in tax (d	Fed- ncome isposa- come) <sup>1</sup>			
	1951	1950	1951	1951 1950		1950			
Under \$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$2,999 \$3,000-\$3,999 \$4,000-\$4,999 \$5,000-\$7,499 \$7,500-\$9,999 \$10,000 and over	13 15 18 18 15 14 4 3	13 17- 19 19 12 14 3 3		2 7 13 18 16 23 21	2 6 12 17 18 22 23	2 8 14 19 16 23 18			
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100			

<sup>1</sup> No adjustment for capital gains or losses, which are excluded from money income figures. For method of estimating disposable income, see "Distribution of Consumer Income in 1949," Federal Reserve BULLETIN, August 1950, pp. 961-62.

Net income	Farn	n operat	tors 1	ceivin unii	ling un g incom ncorpor nonfarn usinesse	e from ated 1
	1951	1950	1949	1951	1950	1949
Negative. Under \$500 3 \$500-\$999 \$1,000-\$1,999 \$3,000-\$3,999 \$4,000-\$4,999 \$5,000-\$9,999 \$10,000 and over. Not ascertained	10 13 16 20 14 11 5 8 2 1	8 16 17 18 17 7 6 8 2 1	14 19 11 20 13 7 3 8 4 1	$ \begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 9 \\ 3 \\ 9 \\ 25 \\ 14 \\ 20 \\ 9 \\ 5 \\ \end{array} $	3 1 6 13 13 12 11 24 12 5	10 6 8 13 15 14 7 16 7 4
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	

<sup>1</sup> Income refers to farm money income only and excludes non-money farm income and nonfarm earnings. <sup>2</sup> 1950 and 1951 distributions differ from 1949 distribution in that self-employed artisans (persons whose investments in their businesses are small) are excluded. <sup>3</sup> Includes spending units owning businesses which furnished no income during year.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 11

ESTIMATED FEDERAL PERSONAL INCOME TAX LIABILITY

OF FAMILY UNITS<sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution of family units]

Estimated tax liability 2	1951	1950	1949	1948
None	30	32	35	32
\$1-\$49	3	5	6	5
\$50-\$99 \$100-\$199	4 9	6 10	12	13
\$200-\$499		26	25	25
\$500-\$999	19	15	īĭ	12
\$1,000-\$1,999	7	5	3	3
\$2,000-\$4,999	2	1	1	1
\$5,000 and over	1	(3)	(3)	1
All cases	100	100	100	100

<sup>1</sup> Includes single-person families. <sup>2</sup> No adjustment for capital gains or losses, which are excluded from money income. <sup>3</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 12

INCOME RECEIVED FROM SPECIFIED SOURCES BY SPENDING UNITS WITHIN INCOME AND OCCUPATIONAL GROUPS, 1951 [Percentage distribution of spending units]

i			195	1 money	income l	before ta	Kes			Oce	cupation	n of hea	d of spe	nding u	nit	
Source of income	All spend- ing units	Under \$1,000	\$1,000- \$1,999			\$4,000- \$4,999		\$7,500 and over	Profes- sional and semi- profes- sional	Self- em- ployed	Man- ager- ial	Cler- ical and sales	Skilled and semi- skilled	Un- skilled and serv- ice	Farm oper- ator	Re- tired
Wages and salaries: None \$1-\$499. \$100-\$499. \$5,000-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$1,999. \$3,000-\$2,999. \$3,000-\$4,999. \$3,000 and over Not ascertained.	22 1 4 5 11 15 27 15 ( <sup>2</sup> )	57 6 16 20 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 1 \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 51 \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (2) \end{array}$	14 1 2 11 70 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	$11 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 10 \\ 73 \\ (^2) \\ (^2) \\ (^2)$	10 $(2)$ $1$ $1$ $2$ $3$ $82$ $(2)$ $1$ $1$	11 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1 1 2 10 74 ( <sup>2</sup> )	$\begin{array}{c} 31 \\ (^2) \\ 1 \\ (^2) \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 62 \\ (^2) \end{array}$	$14 \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ (2) \\ 3 \\ 11 \\ 14 \\ 26 \\ 32 \\ (2) \\$	$65 \\ 1 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 5 \\ (^2)$	3 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	1 1 4 14 23 36 20 ( <sup>2</sup> )	1 (2) 1 2 7 19 48 22 (2)	5 1 7 12 28 25 19 3 (²)	72610551(2)(2)1	84 2 4 2 3 2 2 1 (²)
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Pensions and allowances, etc.; <sup>3</sup> None	78 2 8 7 4 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	61 2 16 20 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	67 1 6 13 12 (2) (2) (2) (2) 1	78 3 6 5 6 2 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	$ \begin{array}{c} 82\\ 2\\ 8\\ 5\\ 2\\ (^2)\\ 1\\ (^2)\\ (^2) \end{array} $	86 1 6 4 3 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	88 1 6 3 2 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	$89 \ (^2) \ 3 \ 2 \ 1 \ 1 \ 2 \ (^2) \ (^2)$	90 (2) 6 2 1 (2) (2) (2) (2)	84 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 7 6 2 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	94 (2) 4 2 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	87 (2) 4 6 3 (2) (2) (2) (2)	84 3 3 2 (²) (²) (²) (²)	78 2 8 3 (²) 1 (²)	87 2 4 2 4 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	25 1 13 33 20 5 3 ( <sup>2</sup> )
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Interest, dividends, etc.: 4 None \$1-\$99 \$100-\$499 \$500-\$999. \$2,000-\$2,999 \$2,000-\$2,999 \$5,000 and over Not ascertained	89 4 4 1 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	93 3 3 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	94 2 2 1 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	90 6 3 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	93 4 3 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	88 6 4 1 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	86 5 1 1 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	60 4 13 4 5 3 8 ( <sup>2</sup> )	79 8 7 3 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1 1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	84 3 7 2 2 1 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	74 5 7 2 3 2 4 ( <sup>2</sup> )	$ \begin{array}{c} 89\\ 2\\ 6\\ 1\\ 1\\ (^2)\\ (^2)\\ (^2)\\ (^2) \end{array} $	94 4 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	96 3 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	86 8 3 2 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	79 5 9 2 2 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) 3 ( <sup>2</sup> )
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Rent other than from room- ers and boarders: <sup>5</sup>																
None. \$1-\$99. \$100-\$499. \$1,000-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$2,999. \$5,000 and over. Not ascertained	89 1 5 3 1 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	89 1 8 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	$ \begin{array}{c} 89 \\ 1 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ (^2) \\ (^2) \\ (^2) \\ (^2) \\ (^2) \end{array} $	93 1 2 1 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	95 1 2 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	88 1 6 3 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	85 2 6 3 2 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1 1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	78 1 3 4 6 2 2 3 1	90 1 2 2 3 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	79 1 9 4 3 1 1 1	88 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 5 2 2 1 1 1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	$ \begin{array}{c} 93 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ (^2) \\ (^2) \\ (^2) \end{array} $	92 1 5 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	94 1 2 1 1 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )	93 1 3 ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) 1	$ \begin{array}{c} 72 \\ 3 \\ 11 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ (^2) \\ 3 \\ (^2) \end{array} $
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number of cases	2,820	279	358	454	482	424	490	333	273	212	152	430	780	280	215	178

<sup>1</sup> Data are subject to considerable reporting error, especially where small amounts are involved.
<sup>2</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.
<sup>3</sup> Includes income from old-age pensions, retirement pay, annuities, unemployment compensation, welfare payments, alimony, regular contributions, veterans' pensions, school allotments, State bonuses, and allotments to families of servicemen.
<sup>4</sup> Includes interest, dividends, income from trust funds, and royalties.
<sup>5</sup> The first question asked was: "Did you receive income from roomers and boarders?" Respondents were then asked "Did you receive money from other rent?" If yes, "How much was it after allowing for expenses?"

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#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 13 INCOME GROUPING OF FAMILY UNITS AND OF TOTAL MONEY INCOME BEFORE TAXES<sup>1</sup> [Percentage distribution]

			<u> </u>						
	19	51	19	50	19	949	1948		
Money income before taxes	Family units <sup>2</sup>	Total money income	Family units <sup>2</sup>	Total money income	Family units <sup>2</sup>	Total money income	Family units <sup>2</sup>	Total money income	
Under \$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$2,999. \$3,000-\$3,999. \$4,000-\$4,999. \$5,000-\$7,499. \$5,000-\$9,999. \$10,000 and over.	16 17 15 17		11 15 16 18 13 18 5 4	$\left.\begin{array}{c}1\\6\\10\\16\\14\\26\\\end{array}\right\}$	13 15 18 19 12 15 4 4	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 6 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ 14 \\ 23 \\ 25 \end{array} $	11 15 20 20 12 14 4 4	2 6 12 18 14 21 } 27	
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Median income Mean income	\$3,530 \$4,320		\$3,400 \$3,990		\$3,100 \$3,750		\$3,120 \$4,020		
Number of cases	2,501		3,029		3,069		3,068		

<sup>1</sup> Income data for each year are based on interviews during January, February, and early March of the following year. Family units are defined as all persons living in the same dwelling who are related by blood, marriage, or adoption. <sup>2</sup> Includes single-person family units.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 14

DISPOSABLE INCOME GROUPING OF FAMILY UNITS AND OF TOTAL DISPOSABLE MONEY INCOME

#### [Percentage distribution]

	19	51	19	50	19	49	1948		
Disposable income	Family units	Total disposable money income	Family units	Total disposable money income	Family units	Total disposable money income	Family units	Total disposable money income	
Under \$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$2,999. \$3,000-\$3,999. \$4,000-\$4,999. \$5,000-\$7,499. \$7,500-\$9,999. \$10,000 and over.	18 20 15	1 5 12 18 18 24 22	12 16 18 20 13 14 4 3	1 7 12 19 17 23 } 21	13 16 22 19 12 12 12 3 3	2 7 16 19 16 21 } 19	11 17 22 20 12 12 12 6	2 7 16 19 15 20 21	
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Median disposable income Mean disposable income	\$3,330 \$3,810		\$3,220 \$3,640		\$2,950 *\$3,450		\$3,000 (1)		
Number of cases	2,501		3,029		3,069		3,068		

r Revised. 1 Data not available.

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 15

Size of Families within Income Groups

[Percentage distribution of family units]

						Annı	ial mo	ney ine	come b	efore t	axes					
Number of persons in family unit		icome ups		der 000		)00 999		)00- 999		)00- 999		)00- 999	\$5,0 \$7,	)00- 499		500 nd ve <b>r</b>
	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950	1951	1950
One Two Three Four Five or more Not ascertained	12 29 21 19 19 ( <sup>1</sup> )	12 29 21 19 19 ( <sup>1</sup> )	41 35 8 5 11 ( <sup>1</sup> )	45 28 11 7 8 1	21 34 19 8 18 ( <sup>1</sup> )	19 38 18 11 14 ( <sup>1</sup> )	14 33 18 17 18 ( <sup>1</sup> )	13 33 18 17 19 ( <sup>1</sup> )	9 26 23 22 19 1	7 26 24 24 19 ( <sup>1</sup> )	3 28 27 25 17 ( <sup>1</sup> )	4 27 25 19 25 ( <sup>1</sup> )	2 25 26 23 24 ( <sup>1</sup> )	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 27 \\ 26 \\ 23 \\ 22 \\ (^1) \end{array}$	3 24 23 28 22 (1)	1 21 22 27 29 ( <sup>1</sup> )
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number of cases	2,501	3,029	202	334	269	397	352	420	395	495	383	400	505	595	395	388

<sup>1</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

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#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 16 Amount of Income Received from Specified Sources, 1951 [Percentage distribution of spending units]

		Pensions.	Re	nt 2	Unincor-	Professional		Interest.
Amount of income	Wages and salaries	benefits, contribu- tions, etc. <sup>1</sup>	Roomers and boarders	Other	porated nonfarm business	practice, other self- employment	Farming <sup>3</sup>	dividends. trust funds, and royalties
NoneSome	22 78	78 22	95 5	89 11	94 6	95 5	88 12	89 11
Negative \$1-\$99 \$100-\$499 \$500-\$999 \$1,000-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$2,999 \$3,000-\$2,999 \$4,000-\$4,999 \$5,000-\$9,999 \$10,000 and over. Undetermined amount.	1 4 5	2 7 7 4 1	$\left.\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (4) \\ (4) \end{array}\right.$	1 5 2 1 1 (4) 1 (4)	<pre>(4) (4) (4) (4) 1 2 1 1 1 (4) </pre>	(4) (7) 1 1 1 1 1 (4) (4) (5) (4)	1 3 2 1 1 2 1 (4) (4)	$\left.\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & 4 \\ & & 4 \\ & & 1 \\ & & 1 \\ & & (4) \\ & & (4) \\ & & (4) \\ & & (4) \end{array}\right.$
Not ascertained	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

<sup>1</sup> Includes income from old-age pensions, retirement pay, annuities, unemployment compensation, welfare payments, alimony, regular contributions, veterans' pensions, school allotments. State bonuses, and allotments to families of servicemen.
 <sup>2</sup> The first question asked was: "Did you receive income from roomers and boarders?" If yes, "How much?" A gross figure was accepted if less than four roomers were involved. Respondents were then asked: "Did you receive money from other rent?" If yes, "How much was it after allowing for expenses?"
 <sup>3</sup> Includes net income from farming by nonfarm operators as well as farm operators.
 <sup>4</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 17

PROPORTION OF LIQUID ASSETS HELD BY INCOME GROUPS OF SPENDING UNITS<sup>1</sup>

Money income	Percentage distribution of spending units							Proportion of liquid assets held					
before taxes	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	
Under \$1,000 \$1,000-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$2,999 \$3,000-\$3,999 \$4,000-\$4,999 \$5,000-\$7,499 \$7,500 and over	18 18 15	13 17 19 19 12 14 6	14 19 21 19 11 11 5	12 18 23 20 12 10 5	14 22 23 17 10 9 5	17 23 25 17 8 6 4	7 8 10 14 11 18 32	6 8 11 12 12 23 28	6 9 15 15 11 18 26	4 7 14 14 11 18 32	6 10 12 13 9 16 34	5 11 17 16 12 13 26	
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	

Refers to liquid assets held on January 1 in 1952 and at time of interviews in other years.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 18

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 19

PROPORTION OF LIQUID ASSETS HELD BY EACH TENTH OF THE MEDIAN LIQUID ASSET HOLDINGS OF SPENDING UNITS WITHIN NATION'S SPENDING UNITS WHEN RANKED BY SIZE OF LIQUID ASSET HOLDINGS 1

INCOME GROUPS 1

Spending units ranked	Proportion of liquid assets									
by size of holding	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948					
Highest tenth	65	65	64	66	66					
Second .	18	17	19	17	17					
Third	9	9	9	9	85					
Fourth	52	5	5	5	5					
Fifth	2	3	2	2	3					
Sixth	1	1	1	1	1					
Seventh	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)					
Eighth	0	(2)	0	(2)	(2)					
Ninth	0	0	0	0	0					
Lowest tenth	0	0	0	0	0					
All cases	100	100	100	100	100					

 $^1$  Liquid asset data refer to holdings on Jan. 1, 1952 and at time of interviews in January, February, and early March of other years indicated.  $^2$  Less than one-half of 1 per cent.

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Money income before taxes	di	Perce stribu endir	ition	of	Median liquid asset hold- ing within income group							
	1951	1950	1949	1948	1952	1951	1950	1949				
Under \$1,000.	13	13	14		\$ 0	\$ 0		\$ 0				
\$1,000-\$1,999	15	17	19	18	10							
\$2,000-\$2,999	18	19	21	23	50	190						
\$3,000-\$3,999	18	19	19	20	200	250						
\$4,000\$4,999	15	12	11	12	450							
\$5,000-\$7,499	14	14	11	10	680	1,000	1,130					
\$7,500 and over	7	6	5	5	3,050	3,860	4,270	4,500				
All cases	100	100	100	100	\$ 240	\$ 300	\$ 250	\$ 300				

<sup>1</sup> Median liquid asset holding is amount held by middlemost unit in a ranking of spending units within each income group in order of the size of their holdings of liquid assets. Income groups relate to income of year previous to interview, and amount of liquid assets represents holdings on Jan. 1, 1952 and at time of interviews in January. February, and early March in other years indicated.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 20 SIZE OF LIQUID ASSET HOLDINGS WITHIN FAMILY INCOME GROUPS <sup>1</sup> [Percentage distribution of family units]

		c		Money income before taxes											
Size of holding	All family units		Under \$1,000			\$1,000-\$2,999			\$3,000-\$4,999			\$5,000 and over			
	1952	1951	1950	1952	1951	1950	1952	1951	1950	1952	1951	1950	1952	1951	1950
Zero \$1-\$499. \$500-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$4,999 \$5,000 and over	29 29 20 13 9	27 29 23 12 9	29 27 20 14 10	63 15 8 7 7	57 20 13 6 4	56 22 10 7 5	46 28 13 8 5	42 28 18 7 5	41 27 16 10 6	21 37 23 13 6	20 38 27 12 3	21 32 24 15 8	8 25 26 22 19	4 23 28 22 23	5 20 27 24 24
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Number of cases	2,501	3,029	3,069	202	335	376	621	817	930	778	894	927	900	983	836

<sup>1</sup> Liquid asset data are based on interviews in January, February, and early March of year indicated. In 1952 respondents were asked for their balances on Jan. 1, 1952; in earlier surveys for balances at the date of interview. Income groups are based on annual money income before taxes in year prior to year indicated. For data on spending unit basis, see Table 10.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 21

INCOMES OF SPENDING UNITS INITIATING OR EXHAUSTING LIQUID ASSET HOLDINGS <sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution of spending units within specified groups]

Money income before taxes		Spending units initiating liquid asset holdings				Spending units exhausting liquid asset holdings <sup>2</sup>			
·	1951	1950	1949	1948	1951	1950	1949	1948	
Under \$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,999. \$2,000-\$2,999. \$3,000-\$3,999. \$4,000-\$4,999. \$5,000-\$7,499. \$7,500 and over Not ascertained	20 19 22 14 14	13 25 15 21 12 12 2 ( <sup>3</sup> )	12 23 27 19 8 10 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1	8 18 35 21 8 7 2 1	14 25 20 15 16 10 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )	17 25 23 21 9 4 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1	15 25 26 23 7 2 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 2	12 21 29 24 6 7 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1	
All cases	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Number of cases	136	138	113	90	62	109	120	191	

<sup>1</sup> Based on interviews in January, February, and early March following year specified. In 1952 respondents reported holdings of liquid assets as of Jan. 1, 1951 and 1952, whereas in earlier surveys they reported holdings at time of interview in current and preceding year. These data are based on relatively few cases and are only rough approximations.
<sup>2</sup> Includes spending units formed during year specified which did not possess liquid assets at time of interview early in following year.
<sup>3</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

1950

84

16

4 5 5

(2) 100

3,512

1952

86 14

1

100

2,820

## SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 22 OWNERSHIP OF REAL ESTATE OTHER THAN OWNER-OCCUPIED

Homes and Farms, 1952 and 1950

[Percentage distribution of spending units]

Value of real estate

51,000-\$24,999 \$5,000-\$24,999 \$25,000 and over. Not ascertained

Number of cases.....

Some owned.....

Under \$1,000.....

All units....

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 23

VALUE OF FARM ASSETS, EARLY 1952 1

[Percentage distribution of farm operating spending units]

Value of assets	Owner operator	Non-owner operator		
Under \$2,500 \$2,500-\$4,999. \$5,000-\$7,499. \$7,500-\$9,999. \$10,000 and over. Not ascertained.	6 7 8 68	59 7 3 3 22 6		
All cases	100	100		
Number of cases	146	69		

<sup>1</sup> Includes farm, machinery, and inventory.

<sup>1</sup> Includes a few cases in which ownership was not ascertained. <sup>2</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

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## 1952 SURVEY OF CONSUMER FINANCES

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 24

#### AMOUNT OF STOCK HELD BY SPENDING UNITS WITHIN SPECIFIED GROUPS, EARLY 1952

#### [Percentage distribution of spending units]

	Num-						Amoi	int of ste	ock held 2		
Group characteristic	ber of cases	All cases	None 1	Some	Under \$500	\$500- \$999			\$10,000- \$24,999		Not as- certained
All spending units	2,820	100	93	7	2	1	2	1	1	(3)	(3)
1951 money income before taxes:         Under \$1,000.         \$1,000-\$1,999.         \$2,000-\$2,999.         \$3,000-\$3,999.         \$4,000-\$4,999.         \$5,000-\$4,999.         \$5,000-\$7,499.         \$7,500 and over.	278 359 454 482 424 490 333	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	98 95 96 95 94 89 69	2 5 4 5 6 11 31	1 3 1 2 1 3 4	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1 1 1 1 2	1 1 2 1 2 4 8	(3) (3) (3) 1 1 1 4	(3) 1 (3) (3) (3) (3) 6	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) 1 5	(3) (3) (3) 1 1 2
Occupation of head of spending unit: Professional and semiprofessional. Managerial Self-employed Clerical and sales Skilled and semiskilled Unskilled and service. Farm operator Retired	212 430 780 280	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	85 82 92 95 99 94 90	15 18 16 8 5 1 6 10	4 1 5 1 2 1 3 2	1 1 1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1	4 5 3 2 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1 2	3 3 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1	2 4 2 1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1 ( <sup>3</sup> )	1 2 1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 2	(*) 1 (3) 1 (3) (3) (3) (3) 2
Age of head of spending unit: 18-24	619 547 382	100 100 100 100 100 100	97 97 94 92 88 89	3 3 6 8 12 11	1 1 2 2 2 3	1 (3) 1 (3) 1 1	1 1 2 3 3 3	(3) (3) 1 1 1 1 1	(3) (3) (3) 1 2 (3) (3)	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> ) 1 2 1	(3) 1 (8) (3) 1 2

<sup>1</sup> Includes the less than one-half of 1 per cent of all spending units for which ownership of stock was not ascertained. <sup>2</sup> Includes common and preferred stock of corporations open to investment by general public. Excludes stock of privately held corporations. <sup>3</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 25

#### OWNERSHIP OF NONFARM BUSINESSES WITHIN INCOME GROUPS <sup>1</sup>

[Percentage distribution of spending units]

Money income before taxes	Num- ber of	All	Did n	ot own	Owned <sup>2</sup>		Unincorporated business		Privately held corporation	
	cases	cases	1952	1949	1952	1949	1952	1949	1952	1949
All spending units .	2.820	100	92	91	8	9	6	7	1	2
Under \$1,000. \$1,000-\$1,999 \$2,000-\$2,999 \$3,000-\$3,999 \$4,000-\$4,999 \$5,000-\$7,499 \$7,500 and over	278 359 454 482 424 490 333	$     \begin{array}{r}       100 \\      1$	97 97 95 94 91 86 70	97 95 95 94 91 77 57	3 3 5 6 9 14 30	3 5 6 9 23 43	3 3 5 6 8 11 19	3 4 5 7 19 27	(3) (3) (3) (3) 1 3 9	(3) 1 (3) 1 2 4 14

<sup>1</sup> Ownership of business early in specified year in relation to money income before taxes in previous year. <sup>2</sup> Figures in these two columns are not always the sum of corresponding figures in later columns because of inclusion here of spending units that reported ownership of both unincorporated businesses and privately held corporations as well as units for which type of business owned was not ascertained. <sup>3</sup> No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

## **REAL ESTATE CREDIT**

## SUSPENSION OF REGULATION X<sup>1</sup>

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System today suspended Regulation X—Real Estate Credit—in connection with its announcement of a period of real estate credit control relaxation prescribed by the 1952 Amendments to the Defense Production Act. The suspension of Regulation X, effective September 16, 1952, applies to credit terms on both residential and nonresidential properties. Conventional mortgage loans are, of course, still subject to basic State and Federal statutes governing real estate loans by financial institutions.

The Board's action related only to real estate credit not insured or guaranteed by the Government. A statement on terms that will apply to Government aided real estate credit is being issued separately by the Housing and Home Finance Administrator, Raymond M. Foley, who concurred in the Board's announcement.

Regulation X was first issued in October 1950, under authority of the Defense Production Act of 1950 and Executive Order 10161 providing for regulation of real estate credit terms to restrain inflation and conserve defense-needed materials. It was suspended in view of mandatory provisions in the 1952 Amendments to the Defense Production Act. These amendments required that a period of residential credit control relaxation be announced if estimated residential construction starts for three consecutive months were below a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 1,200,000 units. Information has been received from the Secretary of Labor that the seasonally adjusted annual rate of housing starts, as estimated for this purpose, was less than 1,200,000 units in each of the months of June, July, and August, 1952.

## RELAXATION ON GOVERNMENT-SUPPORTED HOUSING CREDIT<sup>2</sup>

Following certification by the Secretary of Labor that new nonfarm housing starts have been below an annual rate of 1,200,000 units for three consecutive months, Raymond M. Foley, Administrator of the Housing and Home Finance Agency, today instructed the Federal Housing Administration, the Veterans Administration, and the U. S. Department of Agriculture to relax down payment requirements on home loans aided or made by the Federal government.

The certification by the Secretary of Labor and the credit relaxations were made in accordance with requirements of the Defense Production Act Amendments of 1952. Relaxation on governmentsupported housing credit was made simultaneously with announcement by the Federal Reserve Board of the suspension of Regulation X on conventional residential credit.

The effect of these relaxations on governmentaided credit follows:

FHA Insured Mortgages: Minimum down payment requirements will revert to those fixed by the National Housing Act and regulatory limitations. These range upward from 5 per cent for one- to four-family units, increasing as the valuation or acquisition cost of the property increases. Down payment requirements ranging from 5 to 40 per cent, previously imposed in line with Regulation X on conventional loans, will no longer apply.

Commissioner Walter L. Greene, of the Federal Housing Administration, also announced that the maximum FHA-insured loan for single-family dwellings will be \$14,000. He stated this limitation is designed to increase incentive for builders to work in the moderate and lower-priced housing fields.

For multi-unit projects, the maximum FHA-

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Statement for the press by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, dated Sept. 15, 1952, for immediate release.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Statement to the press by the Housing and Home Finance Agency, dated Sept. 15, 1952, for immediate release.

insured loan will be 90 per cent per unit on the first \$7,000 of value, the same as under previous regulations, plus 60 per cent, instead of the previous 55 per cent, on the value in excess of \$7,000. Maximum FHA-insured loans on cooperative projects also revert to those fixed under Section 213 of Title II of the National Housing Act. These are 90 to 95 per cent of replacement cost, depending on the proportion of veterans in the cooperative.

VA-Guaranteed Home Loans: Minimum down payment requirements will be 5 per cent, as permitted by law, on all housing priced above \$8,400, instead of increasing up to 35 per cent on higher-priced houses as previously required. For houses priced above \$7,000 but not more than \$8,400, the down payment minimum is 4 per cent, approximately the same as the previous requirements. No down payment is required on houses priced at \$7,000 or less. However, closing costs, up to 4 per cent of the price, must be paid in cash on houses at \$7,000 or less.

Farm Housing Loans: The Farmers Home Administration in the U. S. Department of Agriculture will announce later the adjustments to be made in terms for farm housing loans as a result of the new relaxations.

The relaxed terms will be made effective on September 16 and will apply to all mortgages not executed prior to that date. Outstanding commitments on which a mortgage has not yet been executed may be amended under the new terms on application by the lender to the agency issuing the commitment.

The relaxations do not change the maximum time allowed for paying off government-aided mortgages. These limits are 25 years on houses valued at \$12,000 or less, and 20 years for higher priced properties, except that the Veterans Administration may approve a longer period if it finds that this is necessary to prevent hardship to a veteran.

The credit relaxations were ordered under provisions of the Defense Production Act Amendments of 1952, which provide that the President may impose down payment restrictions of no more than 5 per cent (except where other statutes may require higher limits) when the annual rate of new nonfarm homebuilding falls below 1,200,000 units for three consecutive months. Authority to carry out this requirement was delegated by the President to the Federal Reserve Board in connection with conventional residential credit and to Housing and Home Finance Administrator Raymond M. Foley for government-aided or government-made housing loans. Action followed certification by the Secretary of Labor that the Bureau of Labor Statistics has found that new nonfarm home starts for the months of June, July and August have been less than the 1,200,000 annual rate. The Act authorizes the restoration of credit controls if home construction for three consecutive future months should equal or exceed the 1,200,000 annual rate.

"We are not yet out of the inflationary danger zone," Mr. Foley said, "and therefore we feel that the controls specifically authorized by Congress in the amendments to the Defense Production Act should be retained in the government-aided field. We hope that the more liberal credit terms thus available will be used wisely by the total industry, so as not to result in an inflationary upsurge in housing prices, nor in a speculative wave of starts. We would be much happier if we are not confronted with conditions that make necessary reimposing Regulation X and related restrictions under the formula set by Congress."

(Tables are available on request which give the maximum mortgage amount and minimum down payment requirements which now apply compared to those previously in effect on FHA-insured and VA-guaranteed home loans.)<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>These requests should be addressed to the Housing and Home Finance Agency, Washington 25, D. C.

## LAW DEPARTMENT

Administrative interpretations of banking laws, new regulations issued by the Board of Governors, and other similar material

## **Real Estate Credit**

## Suspension of Regulation X

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, in connection with its announcement of a period of real estate credit control relaxation, suspended Regulation X, relating to real estate credit, effective September 16, 1952. The Board's statement for the press appears on page 1002 of this issue of the BULLETIN, and the text of the Board's announcement is as follows:

## NOTICE OF SUSPENSION

Issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System with the concurrence of the Housing and Home Finance Administrator.

1. a. The Secretary of Labor has transmitted to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System the estimates required to be made by Section 607 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Section 503 of Executive Order No. 10161, as amended.

b. The Secretary of Labor, on the basis of his estimates of the number of permanent, nonfarm, family dwelling units, the construction of which has been started during each of the three calendar months, June, July, and August, 1952, has estimated the annual rate of construction starts during each such months, after making reasonable allowance for seasonal variations in the rate of construction.

c. The annual rate of construction starts so estimated by the Secretary of Labor for each of the said three months was at a level below an annual rate of 1,200,000 starts per year.

2. In view of the foregoing, as required by Section 607 of the Defense Production Act, as amended, and Section 503 of Executive Order No. 10161, as amended, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, with the concurrence of the Housing and Home Finance Administrator, hereby announces the beginning of a "period of residential credit control relaxation" which period shall begin on September 16, 1952.

3. a. Effective September 16, 1952, Regulation X is suspended.

b. The suspension of Regulation X was adopted by the Board after consideration of all relevant matter, including recommendations received from time to time from industry and trade association representatives and others. Section 709 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, provides that the functions exercised under such Act shall be excluded from the operation of the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237), except as to the requirements of section 3 thereof.

## State Bank Membership

## Amendments to Regulation H

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System effective September 1, 1952, amended Regulation H, entitled "Membership of State Banking Institutions in the Federal Reserve System," so as to make the regulation conform to changes in the law made by the Act of July 15, 1952, relating to capital requirements for admission of State banks to membership in the Federal Reserve System and to the capital requirements for the establishment of branches by State member banks. The text of the regulation follows:

## **REGULATION H**

#### As amended, effective September 1, 1952

## MEMBERSHIP OF STATE BANKING INSTITU-TIONS IN THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

#### AUTHORITY FOR REGULATION

This regulation is based upon and issued pursuant to provisions of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act and related provisions of law.

## SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this regulation-

(a) The term "State bank" means any bank or trust company incorporated under a special or general law of a State or under a general law for the District of Columbia, any mutual savings bank

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(unless otherwise indicated), and any Morris Plan bank or other incorporated banking institution engaged in similar business.<sup>1</sup>

(b) The term "mutual savings bank" means a bank without capital stock transacting a savings bank business, the net earnings of which inure wholly to the benefit of its depositors after payment of obligations for any advances by its organizers, and in addition thereto includes any other banking institution the capital of which consists of weekly or other time deposits which are segregated from all other deposits and are regarded as capital stock for the purposes of taxation and the declaration of dividends.

(c) The term "Board" means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

(d) The term "board of directors" means the governing board of any institution performing the usual functions of a board of directors.

(e) The term "Federal Reserve Bank stock" includes the deposit which may be made with a Federal Reserve Bank in lieu of a subscription for stock by a mutual savings bank which is not permitted to purchase stock in a Federal Reserve Bank, unless otherwise indicated.

(f) The terms "capital" and "capital stock" mean common stock, preferred stock, and legally issued capital notes and debentures purchased by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation which may be considered capital and capital stock for purposes of membership in the Federal Reserve System under the provisions of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act.

#### SECTION 2. ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

Under the terms of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, to be eligible for admission to membership in the Federal Reserve System—

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(1) A State bank, other than a mutual savings bank, must possess capital stock and surplus which, in the judgment of the Board, are adequate in relation to the character and condition of its assets and to its existing and prospective deposit liabilities and other corporate responsibilities: Provided, That no bank engaged in the business of receiving deposits other than trust funds, which does not possess capital stock and surplus in an amount equal to that which would be required for the establishment of a national banking association in the place in which it is located, shall be admitted to membership unless it is, or has been, approved for deposit insurance under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

(2) A mutual savings bank must possess surplus and undivided profits not less than the amount of capital required for the organization of a national bank in the place where it is situated.

The minimum capital required for the organization of a national bank, referred to hereinbefore in connection with the capital required for admission to membership in the Federal Reserve System, is as follows:

If located in a city or town with a population—	Minimum Capital
Not exceeding 6,000 inhabitants.	\$ 50,000
Exceeding 6,000 but not exceeding 50,000 inhabitants	100,000
Exceeding 50,000 inhabitants (except as stated below)	200,000
In an outlying district of a city with a popu- lation exceeding 50,000 inhabitants; pro- vided State law permits organization of	
State banks in such location with a capi- tal of \$100,000 or less	100,000

With certain exceptions not here applicable, a national bank must have surplus equal to 20 per cent of its capital in order to commence business.

#### SECTION 3. INSURANCE OF DEPOSITS

Any State bank becoming a member of the Federal Reserve System which is engaged in the business of receiving deposits other than trust funds and which is not at the time an insured bank under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, will become an insured bank under the provisions of that Act on the date upon which it becomes a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under the provisions of section 19 of the Federal Reserve Act, national banks, or banks organized under local laws, located in Alaska or in a dependency or insular possession or any part of the United States outside the continental United States are not required to become members of the Federal Reserve System but may, with the consent of the Board, become members of the System. However, this Regulation H is applicable only to the admission of banks eligible for admission to membership under section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act and does not cover the admission of banks eligible under section 19 of the Act. Any bank desiring to be admitted to the System under the provisions of section 19 should communicate with the Federal Reserve Bank with which it desires to do business.

member of the Federal Reserve System.<sup>2</sup> In the case of an insured bank which is admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System, the bank will continue to be an insured bank.

SECTION 4. APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

(a) State bank, other than a mutual savings bank. A State bank, other than a mutual savings bank, applying for membership, shall make application on Form F.R. 83A to the Board for an amount of capital stock in the Federal Reserve Bank of its district equal to six per cent of the paid-up capital stock and surplus of the applying institution.

(b) Mutual savings bank. A mutual savings bank applying for membership shall make application on Form F.R. 83B to the Board for an amount of capital stock in the Federal Reserve Bank of its district equal to six-tenths of one per cent of its total deposit liabilities as shown by the most recent report of examination of such institution preceding its admission to membership, or, if such institution be not permitted by the laws under which it was organized to purchase stock in a Federal Reserve Bank, on Form F.R. 83C, for permission to deposit with the Federal Reserve Bank an amount equal to the amount which it would have been required to pay in on account of a subscription to capital stock.

(c) Mutual savings bank which is not authorized to purchase stock of Federal Reserve Bank at time of admission. If a mutual savings bank be admitted to membership on the basis of a deposit of the required amount with the Federal Reserve Bank in lieu of payment upon capital stock because the laws under which such bank was organized do not at that time authorize it to purchase stock in the Federal Reserve Bank, it shall subscribe on Form F.R. 83D for the appropriate amount of stock in the Federal Reserve Bank whenever such laws are

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amended so as to authorize it to purchase stock in a Federal Reserve Bank.<sup>3</sup>

(d) Execution and filing of application. Each application made under the provisions of this section and the exhibits referred to in the application blank shall be executed and filed, in duplicate, with the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which the applying bank is located.

SECTION 5. APPROVAL OF APPLICATION

(a) Matters given special consideration by Board. In passing upon an application, the following matters will be given special consideration.

(1) The financial history and condition of the applying bank and the general character of its management;

(2) The adequacy of its capital structure in relation to the character and condition of its assets and to its existing and prospective deposit liabilities and other corporate responsibilities; and its future earnings prospects;

(3) The convenience and needs of the community to be served by the bank; and

(4) Whether its corporate powers are consistent with the purposes of the Federal Reserve Act.

(b) Procedure for admission to membership after approval of application. If an applying bank conforms to all the requirements of the Federal Reserve Act and this regulation and is otherwise qualified for membership, its application will be approved subject to such conditions as may be prescribed pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. When the conditions prescribed have been accepted by the applying bank, it should pay to the Federal Reserve Bank of its district one-half of the amount of its subscription and, upon receipt of advice from the Federal Reserve Bank as to the required amount, one-half of one per cent of its paid-up subscription for each month from the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> In the case of a State bank which is engaged in the business of receiving deposits other than trust funds and which at the time of its admission to membership in the Federal Reserve System is not an insured bank, the Board is required under the provisions of sections 4 and 6 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act to issue a certificate to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the effect that the bank is a member of the Federal Reserve System and that consideration has been given to the financial history and condition of the bank, the adequacy of its capital structure, its future earnings prospects, the general character of its management, the convenience and needs of the community to be served by the bank, and whether or not its corporate powers are consistent with the purposes of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Federal Reserve Act provides that, if the laws under which any such savings bank was organized be not amended at the first session of the legislature following the admission of the savings bank to membership so as to authorize mutual savings banks to purchase Federal Reserve Bank stock, or if such laws be so amended and the bank fail within six months thereafter to purchase such stock, all of its rights and privileges as a member bank shall be forfeited and its membership in the Federal Reserve System shall be terminated in the manner prescribed in section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act.

period of the last dividend.<sup>4</sup> The remaining half of the bank's subscription shall be subject to call when deemed necessary by the Board. The bank's membership in the Federal Reserve System shall become effective on the date as of which a certificate of stock of the Federal Reserve Bank is issued to it pursuant to its application for membership or, in the case of a mutual savings bank which is not authorized to subscribe for stock on the date as of which a certificate representing the acceptance of a deposit with the Federal Reserve Bank in place of a payment on account of a subscription to stock is issued to it pursuant to its application for membership.

## SECTION 6. PRIVILEGES AND REQUIREMENTS OF MEMBERSHIP

Every State bank while a member of the Federal Reserve System—

(a) Shall retain its full charter and statutory rights subject to the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act and other Acts of Congress applicable to member State banks, to the regulations of the Board made pursuant to law, and to the conditions prescribed by the Board and agreed to by such bank prior to its admission;

(b) Shall enjoy all the privileges and observe all the requirements of the Federal Reserve Act and other Acts of Congress applicable to member State banks and of the regulations of the Board made pursuant to law which are applicable to member State banks;

(c) Shall comply at all times with any and all conditions of membership prescribed by the Board in connection with the admission of such bank to membership in the Federal Reserve System; and

(d) Shall not reduce its capital stock except with the prior consent of the Board.<sup>5</sup>

#### SECTION 7. CONDITIONS OF MEMBERSHIP

Pursuant to the authority contained in the first paragraph of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act,

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which authorizes the Board to permit applying State banks to become members of the Federal Reserve System "subject to the provisions of this Act and to such conditions as it may prescribe pursuant thereto," the Board, except as hereinafter stated, will prescribe the following conditions of membership for each State bank hereafter applying for admission to the Federal Reserve System, and. in addition, such other conditions as may be considered necessary or advisable in the particular case—

1. Such bank at all times shall conduct its business and exercise its powers with due regard to the safety of its depositors, and, except with the permission of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, such bank shall not cause or permit any change to be made in the general character of its business or in the scope of the corporate powers exercised by it at the time of admission to membership.<sup>6</sup>

2. The net capital and surplus funds of such bank shall be adequate in relation to the character and condition of its assets and to its deposit liabilities and other corporate responsibilities.

The acquisition by a member State bank of the assets of another institution through merger, consolidation, or purchase may result in a change in the general character of its business or in the scope of its corporate powers within the meaning of condition numbered 1, and if at any time a bank subject to such condition anticipates making any such acquisition a detailed report setting forth all the facts in connection with the transaction shall be made promptly to the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which such bank is located.

If at any time, in the light of all the circumstances, the aggregate amount of a member State bank's net capital and surplus funds appears to be

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> In the case of a mutual savings bank which is not permitted by the laws under which it was organized to purchase stock in a Federal Reserve Bank, it shall deposit with the Federal Reserve Bank an amount equal to the amount which it would have been required to pay in on account of a subscription to capital stock.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> This applies to capital stock of all classes and to capital notes and debentures legally issued and purchased by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation which, under the Federal Reserve Act, are considered as capital stock for purposes of membership.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> For many years, the Board prescribed, as standard conditions of membership, a condition which, in general, prohibited banks from engaging as a business in the sale of real estate loans to the public and certain conditions relating to the exercise of trust powers, including one which prohibited self-dealing in the investment of trust funds. The elimination of these conditions as standard conditions of membership does not reflect any change in the Board's posihibited by such conditions; and attention is called to the fact that engaging as a business in the sale of real estate loans to the public or failing to conduct trust business in accordance with the applicable State laws and sound principles of trust administration may constitute unsafe or unsound practices and violate condition numbered 1.

inadequate, the bank, within such period as shall be deemed by the Board to be reasonable for this purpose, shall increase the amount thereof to an amount which in the judgment of the Board shall be adequate in relation to the character and condition of its assets and to its deposit liabilities and other corporate responsibilities.

## SECTION 8. ESTABLISHMENT OR MAINTENANCE OF BRANCHES

(a) In general. Every State bank which is or hereafter becomes a member of the Federal Reserve System is subject to the provisions of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act relating to the establishment and maintenance of branches7 in the United States or in a dependency or insular possession thereof or in a foreign country. Under the provisions of section 9, member State banks establishing and operating branches in the United States beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which the parent bank is situated must conform to the same terms, conditions, limitations. and restrictions as are applicable to the establishment of branches by national banks under the provisions of section 5155 of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to the establishment of branches in the United States, except that the approval of any such branches must be obtained from the Board rather than from the Comptroller of the Currency. The approval of the Board must likewise be obtained before any member State bank establishes any branch after July 15, 1952, within the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which the parent bank is situated (except within the District of Columbia). Under the provisions of section 9, member State banks establishing and operating branches in a dependency or insular possession of the United States or in a foreign country must conform to the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions contained in section 25 of the Federal Reserve Act relating to the establishment by national banks of branches in such places.

(b) Branches in the United States.

1. Before a member State bank establishes a branch (except within the District of Columbia), it must obtain the approval of the Board.

2. Before any nonmember State bank having a branch or branches established after February 25, 1927, beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which the bank is situated is admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System, it must obtain the approval of the Board for the retention of such branches.

3. A member State bank located in a State which by statute law permits the maintenance of branches within county or greater limits may, with the approval of the Board, establish and operate, without regard to the capital requirements of section 5155 of the Revised Statutes, a seasonal agency in any resort community within the limits of the county in which the main office of such bank is located for the purpose of receiving and paying out deposits, issuing and cashing checks and drafts. and doing business incident thereto, if no bank is located and doing business in the place where the proposed agency is to be located; and any permit issued for the establishment of such an agency shall be revoked upon the opening of a State or national bank in the community where the agency is located.

4. Except as stated in the immediately preceding paragraph, in order for a member State bank to establish a branch beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which it is situated, the aggregate capital stock of the member State bank and its branches shall at no time be less than the aggregate minimum capital stock required by law for the establishment of an equal number of national banking associations situated in the various places where such member State bank and its branches are situated.<sup>8</sup>

5. A member State bank may not establish a branch beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which it is situated unless such establishment and operation are at the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 5155 of the Revised Statutes of the United States provides that: "(f) The term 'branch' as used in this section shall be held to include any branch bank, branch office, branch agency, additional office, or any branch place of business located in any State or territory of the United States or in the District of Columbia at which deposits are received, or checks paid, or money lent."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The requirement of this paragraph is met if the aggregate capital stock of a member State bank having branches is not less than the total amount of capital stock which would be required for the establishment of one national bank in each of the places in which the head office and branches of the member State bank are located, irrespective of the number of offices which the bank may have in any such place. There are no additional capital requirements for additional branches within the city, town, or village in which the head office is located.

time authorized to State banks by the statute law of the State in question by language specifically granting such authority affirmatively and not merely by implication or recognition.

6. Any member State bank which, on February 25, 1927, had established and was actually operating a branch or branches in conformity with the State law is permitted to retain and operate the same while remaining a member of the Federal Reserve System, regardless of the location of such branch or branches.

7. The removal of a branch of a member State bank from one town to another town constitutes the establishment of a branch in such other town and, accordingly, requires the approval of the Board. The removal of a branch of a member State bank from one location in a town to another location in the same town will require the approval of the Board if the circumstances of the removal are such that the effect thereof is to constitute the establishment of a new branch as distinguished from the mere relocation of an existing branch in the immediate neighborhood without affecting the nature of its business or customers served.

(c) Application for approval of branches in United States. Any member State bank desiring to establish a branch should submit a request for the approval by the Board of any such branch to the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which the bank is located. Any nonmember State bank applying for membership and desiring to retain any branch established after February 25, 1927, beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which the bank is situated should submit a similar request. Any such request should be accompanied by advice as to the scope of the functions and the character of the business which are or will be performed by the branch and detailed information regarding the policy followed or proposed to be followed with reference to supervision of the branch by the head office; and the bank may be required in any case to furnish additional information which will be helpful to the Board in determining whether to approve such request.

(d) Foreign branches. Before a member State bank establishes a branch in a foreign country, or dependency or insular possession of the United States, it must have a capital and surplus of 1,000,000 or more and obtain the approval of the Board.

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(e) Application for approval of foreign branches. Any member State bank desiring to establish such a branch and any nonmember State bank applying for membership and desiring to retain any such branch established after February 25, 1927, should submit a request for the approval by the Board of any such branch to the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which the bank is located. Any such request should be accompanied by advice as to the scope of the functions and the character of the business which are or will be performed by the branch and detailed information regarding the policy followed or proposed to be followed with reference to supervision of the branch by the head office; and the bank may be required in any case to furnish additional information which will be helpful to the Board in determining whether to approve such request.

# SECTION 9. PUBLICATION OF REPORTS OF MEMBER BANKS AND THEIR AFFILIATES $^9$

(a) Reports of member banks. Each report of condition made by a member State bank, which is required to be made to the Federal Reserve Bank of its district as of call dates fixed by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, shall be published by such member bank within twenty days from the date the call therefor is issued.

The report shall be printed in a newspaper published in the place where the bank is located or, if there be no newspaper published in the place where the bank is located, then in a newspaper published in the same or in an adjoining county and in general circulation in the place where the bank is located. The term "newspaper," for the purpose of this regulation, means a publication with a general circulation published not less frequently than once a week, one of the primary functions of which is the dissemination of news of general interest.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Under the provisions of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act, reports of condition of member State banks which, under that section, must be made to the respective Federal Reserve Banks on call dates fixed by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System "shall be published by the reporting banks in such manner and in accordance with such regulations as the said Board may prescribe."

Section 9 also provides that the reports of affiliates of a member State bank which are required by that section to be furnished to the respective Federal Reserve Banks "shall be published by the bank under the same conditions as govern its own condition reports." The term "affiliates," as used in this provision of section 9, under the express terms of that section, includes "holding company affiliates as well as other affiliates," but a member State bank is not required to furnish to a Federal Reserve Bank the report of an affiliated member bank.

The copy of the report for the use of the printer for publication should be prepared on the form supplied or authorized for the purpose by the Federal Reserve Bank. The published information shall agree in every respect with that shown on the face of the condition report rendered to the Federal Reserve Bank, except that any item for which no amount is reported may be omitted in the published statement. All signatures shall be the same in the published statement as in the original report submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank, but the signatures may be typewritten or otherwise copied on the report for publication.

A copy of the printed report shall be submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank attached to the certificate on the form supplied or authorized for the purpose by the Federal Reserve Bank.

(b) Reports of affiliates.<sup>10</sup> Each report of an affiliate of a member State bank, including a holding company affiliate, shall be published at the same time and in the same newspaper as the affiliated bank's own condition report submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank, unless an extension of time for submission of the report of the affiliate has been granted under authority of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. When such extension of time has been granted, the report of the affiliate must be submitted and published before the expiration of such extended period in the same newspaper as the condition report of the bank was published.

The copy of the report for the use of the printer for publication should be prepared on Form F.R. 220a. The published information shall agree in every respect with that shown on the face of the report of the affiliate furnished to the Federal Reserve Bank by the affiliated member bank, except that any item appearing under the caption "Financial relations with bank" against which the word

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"none" appears on the report furnished to the Federal Reserve Bank may be omitted in the published statement of the affiliate, provided that if the word "none" is shown against all of the items appearing under such caption in the report furnished to the Federal Reserve Bank the caption "Financial relations with bank" shall appear in the published statement followed by the word "none." All signatures shall be the same in the published statement as in the original report submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank, but the signatures may be typewritten or otherwise copied on the report for publication.

A copy of the printed report shall be submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank attached to the certificate on Form F.R. 220a.

#### SECTION 10. VOLUNTARY WITHDRAWAL FROM FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

(a) General. Any State bank desiring to withdraw from membership in a Federal Reserve Bank may do so after six months' written notice has been filed with the Board;<sup>11</sup> and the Board, in its discretion, may waive such six months' notice in any individual case and may permit such bank to withdraw from membership in a Federal Reserve Bank, subject to such conditions as the Board may prescribe, prior to the expiration of six months from the date of the written notice of its intention to withdraw.

(b) Notice of intention of withdrawal. Any State bank desiring to withdraw from membership in a Federal Reserve Bank should signify its intention to do so, with the reasons therefor, in a letter addressed to the Board and mailed to the Federal Reserve Bank of which such bank is a member. Any such bank desiring to withdraw from membership prior to the expiration of six months from the date of written notice of its intention to withdraw should so state in the letter signifying its intention to withdraw and should state the reason for its desire to withdraw prior to the expiration of six months.

Every notice of intention of a bank to withdraw from membership in the Federal Reserve System

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 21 of the Federal Reserve Act, among other things, provides as follows: "Whenever member banks are required to obtain reports from affiliates, or whenever affiliates of member banks are required to submit to examination, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or the Comptroller of the Currency, as the case may be, may waive such requirements with respect to any such report or examination of any affiliate if in the judgment of the said Board or Comptroller, respectively, such report or examination is not necessary to disclose fully the relations between such affiliate and such bank and the effect thereof upon the affairs of such bank." Therefore, of course, in any case where the Board of Governors waives the filing of a report of an affiliate of a member State bank, no publication of a report of such affiliate is required.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Under specific provisions of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act, however, no Federal Reserve Bank shall, except upon express authority of the Board, cancel within the same calendar year more than twenty-five per cent of its capital stock for the purpose of effecting voluntary withdrawals during that year. All applications for voluntary withdrawals are required by the law to be dealt with in the order in which they are filed with the Board.

and every application for the waiver of such notice should be accompanied by a certified copy of a resolution duly adopted by the board of directors of such bank authorizing the withdrawal of such bank from membership in the Federal Reserve System and authorizing a certain officer or certain officers of such bank to file such notice or application, to surrender for cancellation the Federal Reserve Bank stock held by such bank, to receive and receipt for any moneys or other property due to such bank from the Federal Reserve Bank and to do such other things as may be necessary to effect the withdrawal of such bank from membership in the Federal Reserve System.

Notice of intention to withdraw or application for waiver of six months' notice of intention to withdraw by any bank which is in the hands of a conservator or other State official acting in a capacity similar to that of a conservator should be accompanied by advice from the conservator or other such State official that he joins in such notice or application.

(c) Time and method of effecting actual withdrawal. Upon the expiration of six months after notice of intention to withdraw or upon the waiving of such six months' notice by the Board, such bank may surrender its stock and its certificate of membership to the Federal Reserve Bank and request that same be canceled and that all amounts due to it from the Federal Reserve Bank be refunded.<sup>12</sup> Unless withdrawal is thus effected within eight months after notice of intention to withdraw is first given, or unless the bank requests and the Board grants an extension of time, such bank will be presumed to have abandoned its intention of withdrawing from membership and will not be permitted to withdraw without again giving six months' written notice or obtaining the waiver of such notice.

(d) Withdrawal of notice. Any bank which has given notice of its intention to withdraw from membership in a Federal Reserve Bank may withdraw such notice at any time before its stock has been canceled and upon doing so may remain a member of the Federal Reserve System. The notice rescinding the former notice should be accompanied by a certified copy of an appropriate resolution duly adopted by the board of directors of the bank.

#### SECTION 11. BOARD FORMS

All forms referred to in this regulation and all such forms as they may be amended from time to time shall be a part of this regulation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> A bank's withdrawal from membership in the Federal Reserve System is effective on the date on which the Federal Reserve Bank stock held by it is duly canceled. Until such stock has been canceled, such bank remains a member of the Federal Reserve System, is entitled to all the privileges of membership, and is required to comply with all provisions of law and all regulations of the Board pertaining to member banks and with all conditions of membership applicable to it. Upon the cancellation of such stock, all rights and privileges of such bank as a member bank shall terminate.

Upon the cancellation of such stock, and after due provision has been made for any indebtedness due or to become due to the Federal Reserve Bank, such bank shall be entitled to a refund of its cash paid subscription with interest at the rate of one-half of one per cent per month from the date of last dividend, the amount refunded in no event to exceed the book value of the stock at that time, and shall likewise be entitled to the repayment of deposits and of any other balance due from the Federal Reserve Bank.

## CURRENT EVENTS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

#### Publication of the Annual Report of the Board of Governors

The Thirty-eighth Annual Report of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, covering operations for the calendar year 1951, is available for distribution. Copies may be obtained upon request from the Division of Administrative Services, Board of Governors, Washington 25, D. C.

#### Historical Supplement to Monthly Chart Book on Bank Credit, Money Rates, and Business

The historical supplement to the monthly Federal Reserve Chart Book on Money Rates, Bank Credit, and Business has been brought up to date, primarily to meet the needs of colleges and universities. The new edition is now available for distribution on the terms indicated in the last paragraph.

The format and the charts included, of which there are 113 pages, are the same as in the April 1952 edition. A few charts for which the indexes have been shifted to a new base period are shown on the new basis. In most cases the charts cover the period beginning with 1919 or some earlier year. All charts include the latest data available on September 18, 1952.

Single copies of this supplement may be purchased for 60 cents each; in quantities of 10 or more for shipment to one address, there is a special price of 50 cents per copy. Orders should be sent to the Division of Administrative Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington 25, D. C.

## Change in Board's Staff

Mr. J. Leonard Townsend resigned as Solicitor of the Board of Governors, effective August 31, in order to accept a position as Vice President and Director of the Pan American Sulphur Company, with headquarters at Dallas, Texas.

Mr. Townsend was Assistant Solicitor of the Securities and Exchange Commission when he became associated with the Board of Governors as Assistant General Attorney on March 1, 1945. A year later Mr. Townsend's title was changed to Assistant General Counsel and on December 28, 1947, he was appointed Associate General Counsel. With the creation of the Office of the Solicitor on December 6, 1948, he was appointed Solicitor.

Mr. Townsend's services will continue to be available to the Board of Governors on a part-time basis during the pendency in the courts of the Clayton Act proceeding against Transamerica Corporation.

## Death of Director

Mr. George H. Zimmerman, Chairman of the Board and President, Wm. Cameron and Company, Waco, Texas, who had served as a Class B director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas since April 24, 1951, died on August 29, 1952.

## New Edition of U. S. Government Manual

The 1952-53 edition of the United States Government Organization Manual is off the press and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C., for \$1 a copy.

The Manual is published by the Federal Register Division, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration. It contains sections descriptive of the agencies in the legislative, judicial and executive branches of the Government. Supplemental information includes (1) brief descriptions of quasi-official agencies and selected international organizations, (2) charts of the more complex agencies, and (3) appendixes relating to abolished or transferred agencies and to governmental publications.

## Admission of State Banks to Membership in the Federal Reserve System

The following State banks were admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System during the period July 16, 1952 to August 15, 1952:

## Missouri

St. Joseph-The First Trust Company.

## Ohio

Fairborn-The Farmers and Merchants Bank.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

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## NATIONAL SUMMARY OF BUSINESS CONDITIONS

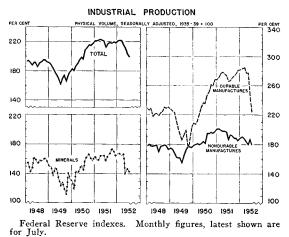
[Compiled August 26 and released for publication August 28]

Steel production and over-all industrial activity have shown substantial recovery in August from the sharply reduced July rate, and the volume of construction has continued at close-to-record levels. Sales at department stores have expanded in early August, while sales of automobiles have apparently continued near the restricted July rate. Wholesale prices have advanced slightly since early July, and consumer prices have reached a new record level.

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

The Board's index of industrial production declined further in July to 191 per cent of the 1935-39 average, but is estimated to have recovered in August to about the May level. Steel and iron ore production have increased rapidly following settlement of the dispute at the end of July, and gains in other industries have been fairly widespread.

Activity in durable goods industries was reduced turther in July, owing mainly to curtailments in steel consuming industries. Over-all activity in the machinery industries decreased about 5 per cent. Much sharper curtailments occurred in the automobile and railroad equipment industries. Production of passenger automobiles and trucks amounted to about 200,000 in July as compared with 519,000 in June; in the third week of August output was up markedly and for the month may approach 300,000 vehicles. Output of television was unchanged in



#### September 1952

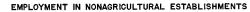
July while appliances decreased about 15 per cent. Steel production was at about the June level of 18 per cent of capacity, but expanded to 99 per cent of capacity by the fourth week of August.

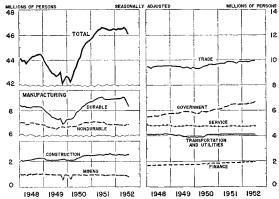
Output of nondurable goods decreased in July owing mainly to vacation schedules in textiles and some other industries. Rayon deliveries rose substantially further. Paperboard production—following the usual July curtailment—increased in early August to the highest rate since last autumn, and petroleum refining activity increased to a new record level.

Minerals production in August will be substantially above the reduced level of recent months, owing mainly to the restoration of iron ore production. Crude petroleum output has also increased but coal production is being sharply curtailed in the last week of August by a work stoppage.

#### CONSTRUCTION

Value of construction contracts awarded showed little change in July as an increase in awards for public construction offset a small decline in private awards. The number of housing units started was 104,000, a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 1,088,-000 as compared with 1,063,000 in June. Total dollar volume of new construction put in place in July was a record for the month.





Bureau of Labor Statistics data adjusted for seasonal variation by Federal Reserve. Proprietors, self-employed persons and domestic servants are not included. Midmonth figures, latest shown are for July.

#### Employment

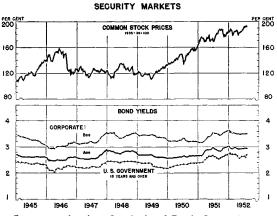
Seasonally adjusted employment in nonagricultural establishments declined further in July, as shut-downs in steel consuming industries about doubled the number of workers idled by the steel strike. The average work week at factories was reduced by one-half hour and average hourly earnings were down slightly. In mid-August, however, initial claims for unemployment compensation, at 179,000 were almost 200,000 below the peak of mid-July.

#### Agriculture

Crop prospects declined in July, particularly for tobacco, feeds, and pasture, and total output as of August 1 was forecast at only 1 per cent above last year. In August rains have fallen in many dry areas. Beef production has increased and total meat output in the first three weeks of August has been 4 per cent above the year-ago level. Production of milk and eggs in July continued smaller than a year ago.

#### DISTRIBUTION

Department store sales showed a more than seasonal increase in the early part of August, following a decrease in July of 5 per cent, according to the Board's seasonally adjusted index. Stocks at the end of July were indicated by preliminary data to be somewhat higher, after seasonal adjustment, than at the end of June, but 12 per cent below a



Common stock prices, Standard and Poor's Corporation; corporate bond yields, Moody's Investors Service; U. S. Government bond yields, U. S. Treasury Department. Weekly figures, latest shown are for Aug. 13, 1952.

year ago. Passenger automobile sales in early August remained near the considerably reduced July rate, as new car supplies continued low.

#### COMMODITY PRICES

The general level of wholesale commodity prices advanced slightly from early July to the third week of August, reflecting increases in some farm, food, and textile products. Also, following conclusion of new wage agreements, prices of steel and aluminum products were raised about 5 per cent and prices of steel scrap and nonferrous metals strengthened.

The consumers price index rose further by .6 per cent in July to a new high. Average prices of foods also reached a new high—3 per cent above year-ago levels. Rents and prices of other services and of fuels also increased, while apparel prices declined further.

#### BANK CREDIT

Total outstanding bank credit declined somewhat from mid-July to mid-August. Bank holdings of U. S. Government securities, bank loans on such securities, and loans to manufacturers of metal products decreased. The effect of these declines on total bank credit was offset to some extent by increases in other types of loans and investments.

Bank reserve positions continued generally tight for the period, with discounts at the Federal Reserve fluctuating around a high level and with the rate on Federal funds remaining just below the discount rate. A number of important money market banks raised their lending rates on stock market call money by <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> per cent.

#### SECURITY MARKETS

Yields on Government securities rose during the first half of August, then declined somewhat in the following week. The average rate of discount on the new bills issued August 14 was 1.90 per cent, but market rates on bills stayed below this level. Early in August the Treasury received subscriptions for a 1-year 2 per cent certificate of indebtedness to mature August 15, 1953 offered in exchange for 2.4 billion dollars of 1% per cent certificates maturing August 15 and September 1, 1952.

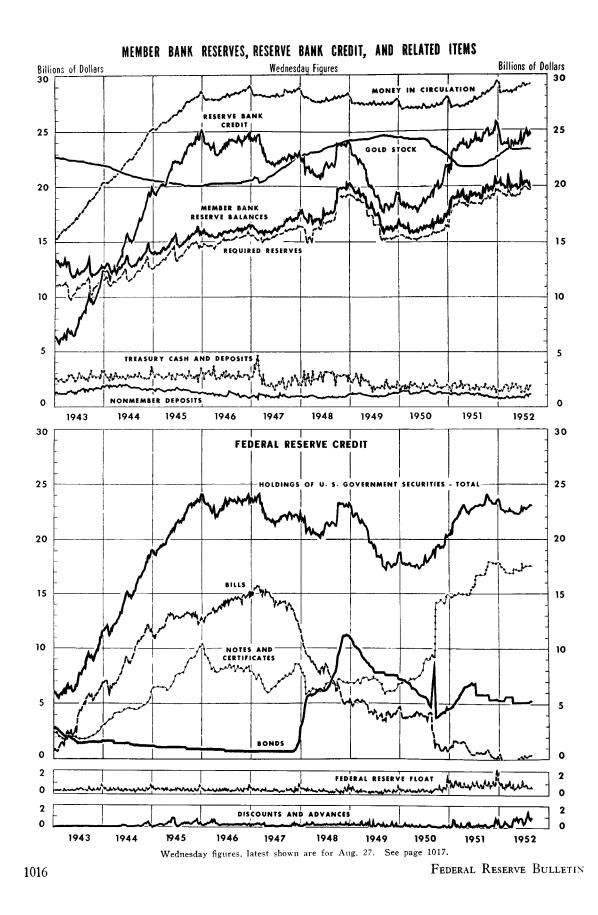
#### FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

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## FINANCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS UNITED STATES

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Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to financial and business developments in the United States. The data relating to the Federal Reserve Banks and the member banks of the Federal Reserve System are derived from regular reports made to the Board; index numbers of production are compiled by the Board on the basis of material collected by other agencies; figures for gold stock, money in circulation, Treasury finance, and operations of Government credit agencies are obtained principally from statements of the Treasury, or of the agencies concerned; data on money and security markets and commodity prices and other series on business activity are obtained largely from other sources. Back figures for banking and monetary tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, *Banking and Monetary Statistics*; back figures for most other tables may be obtained from earlier BULLETINS.



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## MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS

[In millions of dollars]

	R	leserve I	Bank cre	dit outs	tandin	g					Treas-				ember ba rve balar	
Date or period	Dis- counts and ad- vances		Govern securitie Bonds	Bills, certifi-	All oth <b>e</b> r <sup>1</sup>	Total	Gold stock	Treas- ury cur- rency out- stand- ing	Money in cir- cula- tion	Treas- ury cash hold- ings	ury de- posits with	Non- mem- ber de- posits	Other Fed- eral Re- serve ac- counts	Total	Re- quired <sup>2</sup>	Ex- cess <sup>2</sup>
Wednesday figures:																
1951—July 3 July 11 July 18 July 25	236 300	22,977 23,092 23,081 23,057	5,822 5,822	17,270 17,259	938 1,223	23,970 24,267 24,605 24,063	21,750 21,757 21,758 21,759	4.654 4.656 4.656 4.658	27,893 27,781	1,296 1,296	179 253 612 424	1,014 1,107 1,183 1,191	768 766	19,189 19,364 19,380 19,088	18,459 18,465	633 905 915 648
Aug. 1 Aug. 8 Aug. 15 Aug. 22 Aug. 29	200 242 214	23,081 23,118 23,151 23,084 23,066	5,822 5,822 5,822 5,822	17,259 17,296 17,329 17,262 17,244	967 877	24,282 24,046 24,360 24,175 24,001	21,759 21,759 21,800 21,800 21,800 21,800	4,663 4,665 4,666 4,667 4,668	27,842 27,904 27,925 27,932 28,034	1,308 1,298 1,288 1,292 1,291	557 203 495 434 557	1,175 1,016 1,113 1,096 999	720	19,099 19,328 19,285 19,172 18,871	18,430 18,441 18,468 18,517 18,485	669 887 817 655 386
Sept. 5 Sept. 12 Sept. 19 Sept. 26	325	23,079 23,108 23,135 23,474	5,822	17,257 17,286 17,313 17,652	951 1,289	24,006 24,384 24,783 24,677	21,853 21,934	4,672 4,673 4,674 4,676	28,262 28,216 28,140 28,137	1,299 1,294 1,285 1,288	408 474 477 816	1,022 1,047 923 1,024	713	18,825 19,167 19,835 19,369	18,406 18,555 18,864 18,837	419 612 971 532
Oct. 3 Oct. 10 Oct. 17 Oct. 24 Oct. 31	79 69 152	24,039 24,072 23,848 23,666 23,552	5,825 5,325 5,325 5,325	18,247 18,523 18,341	875 1,200 1,024	25,025 25,117 24.841	22,015 22,055 22,105 22,144 22,234	4,680 4,681 4,683	28,320 28,448 28,385 28,301 28,410	1,286 1,296 1 291	397 335 326 509 493	966 1,002 975 886 818	750 851 850	20,004 19,939 20,068 19,833 19,557	18,843 18,868 18,950 19,144 19,060	1,161 1,071 1,118 689 497
Nov. 7 Nov. 14 Nov. 21 Nov. 28	274	23,507 23,397 23,275 23,239	5,325 5,334	18,072 18,072 17,941	930	24,602 24,745	22,284 22,283 22,333 22,332	4,686 4,688 4,689 4,693	28,534 28,601 28,701 28,742	1,284 1,285	452 245 364 548	843 815 800 750	776	19,667 19,850 19,843 19,603	18,988 18,976 19,211 19,229	679 874 632 374
Dec. 5 Dec. 12 Dec. 19 Dec. 26	710	23,239 23,239 23,239 23,239 23,503	5,376	17,863	1,031	25,081 24,980 25,745 25,576	22,381 22,382 22,491 22,621	4,699 4,700 4,703 4,704	29.263	1,269	501 266 6 289	787 740 776 880	770	120.798	19,196 19,317 19,767 19,637	723 647 1,031 571
1952—Jan. 2 Jan. 9 Jan. 16 Jan. 23 Jan. 30	198 135 112	23,658 23,452 23,119 22,993 22,785	5,344 5,344 5,344	18,108 17,775 17,649	904 1,118 1,010	24,554 24,372 24,116	22,697 22,772 22.822 22,872 22,931	4,706 4,707 4,710 4,711 4,716	28,800 28,526 28,342	1,280 1,291 1,280	8 69 138 11 221	694 771 719 663 729	743 744 743	20,364 20,369 20,488 20,660 20,013	19,685 19,551 19,590 19,573 19,455	679 818 898 1,087 558
Feb. 6 Feb. 13 Feb. 20 Feb. 27	619 454	22,614 22,499 22,400 22,555	5,344	17,155	634 1,033	23,753	22,990 23,011 23,071 23,110	4,717	28,425 28,387	1,276 1,308	491	728 685 749 730	741	20,148 20,094 20,007 19,710	19,415 19,304 19,293 19,224	733 790 714 486
Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26	357	22,514 22,530 22,825 22,528	5,636 5,636	16,894 17,189	891 1,265	23,778	23,290 23,291 23,292 23,292 23,291	4,726 4,726 4,729 4,731	28,452 28,361	1,296 1,285	639	841 742	785	21,038	19,166 19,182 19,627 19,500	621 599 1,411 776
Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Apr. 30	167 622 830	22,514 22,494 22,467 22,372 22,363	5,636 5,136 5,136	16,858 17,331 17,236	731 1,020 771	24,109 23,973	23,291 23,293 23,293 23,295 23,295 23,297	4,736 4,736 4,737 4,738 4,739	28.526	1,273 1,288 1,287	381 520 877	763 853 809	827 825 824	19,812 19,652 20,218 19,875 19,940	19,076 19,225 19,087	646 576 993 788 797
May 7 May 14 May 21 May 28	499	22,329 22,315 22,283 22,273	5.136	17,193 17,179 17,147 17,137	1,013	23,794	23,297 23,297 23,298 23,298 23,296	4,739		1.293	516 384	796 813	745	20,127	19,071 19,092 19,181 19,217	963 861 946 450
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	834	22,378 22,492 22,997 22,564	5,136	17,356 17,861	1,289	24,128 24,828	23,296 23,297 23,297 23,346	4,750 4,751	28,787	1,284 1,286	507 9	824 834 768 813	742	19,978 21,232	19,207 19,226 19,736 19,621	699 752 1,496 385
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	683 974 1,073	22,869 22,860 22,723 22,726 22,726 22,844	5,136 5,136	17,733 *17,724 17,587 17,590 17,708	974 875	24,465 24,671 24,674	23,346 23,347 23,348 23,350 23,350	4,754 4,756 4,756	28,988	1,264 1,271 1,275	38 307 482	906 988 1,016	799 797 797	20,413 20,422 20,326	20,104 20,008 19,973 19,875 19,829	r49 405 449 451 580
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Aug. 27	979	22,977 23,051 23,032 23,092	5,236	17,815	732 799	24,553 24,810	23,350 23,344 23,344 23,344 23,344	4,764	29,051 29,068	1,277	422	1,057	721	20,267	19,675 19,692 p19,617 p19,645	P650

<sup>r</sup> Revised. <sup>p</sup> Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes industrial loans and acceptances purchased, which are shown separately in subsequent tables.
 <sup>2</sup> Wednesday figures and end-of-month figures (shown on next page) are estimates.

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 101-103, pp. 369-394; for description, see pp. 360-366 in the same publication.

						ĮIn	millions	of dolla	rsj							
	R	eserve I	Bank cro	edit out	standin	g					Treas-				mber bar ve balan	
Date or period	Dis- counts		Govern ecurities	3	All	<b>T</b> + 1	Gold stock	Treas- ury cur- rency out-	Money in cir- cula-	Treas- ury cash hold-	ury de- posits with Federal	Non- mem- ber de-	Other Fed- eral Re- serve			
	and ad- vances	Total	Bonds	Bills, certifi- cates, and notes	other	Total		stand- ing	tion	ings	Re- serve Banks	posits	ac- counts	Total	Re- quired <sup>2</sup>	Ex- cess <sup>2</sup>
End of period: 1929—June 29 1933—Dec. 30 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—June 30 Dec. 30 1951—June	163 85 223 78 43 67	216 1,998 2,484 2,254 24,262 23,350 22,559 23,333 18,885 18,331 20,778 22,982	441 1,351 1,467 947 753 2,853 10,977 7,218 5,618 4,620	787 23,315 22,597 19,700 12,356	104 580 536 542 536 329 1,371		22,737 20,065 20,529 22,754 24,244 24,427 24,231 22,706		4,459 5,434 7,598 11,160 28,515 28,952 28,868 28,224 27,600 27,156 27,741 27,809	2,287 2,272 1,336 1,325 1,312	36 35 634 867 977 393 870 1,123 821 950 668 317	166 653 1,360 1,308 822 961 1,189 1,517 1,431 1,460	346 251 291 495 607 563 590 70f 771 714	2,356 2,292 11,653 12,450 15,915 16,139 17,899 20,479 16,568 15,934 15,934 17,681 19,020	14,457 15.577 16,40( 19.277 15,550 15,498 16,509	475 5,209 3,085 1,458 562 1,499 1,202 1,018 436 1,172
1951—Aug Sept Oct Dec 1952—Jan Feb Mar May June July Aug	190 186 624 19 328 598 133 676 952 59 1,270	23,127 23,734 23,552 23,239 23,801 22,729 22,528 22,514 22,363 22,273 22,906 22,853 23,146	5,822 5,325 5,334 5,344 5,636 5,636 5,136 5,136 5,136 5,136	17,305 17,912 18,227 17,905 18,457 17,385 16,892 16,878 17,227 17,137 17,770 17,717 17,910	1,134 690 871 1,189 726 778 623 593 927 586 699	24,309 25,058 24,427 24,734 25,009 23,783 23,904 23,270 23,632 24,152 23,551 24,821 25,216	22,013 22,233 22,382 22,695 22,951 23,191 23,291 23,298 23,296 23,346	4,700 4,709 4,717 4,727 4,736 4,739 4,748 4,754 4,762	28,809 29,206 28,386 28,465 28,465 28,464 28,767 29,026 28,978	1,283 1,288 1,270 1,319 1,287 1,277 1,281 1,274 1,283	459 936 493 481 247 162 558 169 450 541 333 638 488	1,127 818 794 889 76' 796 845 784 1,094 846 991	727 780 772 746 741 733 801 749 743 783 723	20.056 20.077 19.982 19.733 19.940 19.778 19.381 20.323	19,060 19,180 19,667 19,443 19,254	490 <sup>6</sup> 389. 634. 728; 492 <sup>-</sup> 797 591 -192 495;
Averages of daily figures: 1951—June July Aug July July Aug	194 292 585 1,092	22,797 23,059 23,123 22,617 22,798 23,027	6,113 5,822 5,136 5,136	15,971 16,946 17,301 17,481 17,662 17,811	1,032 848 941 895	23,913 24,285 24,263 24,144 24,786 24,824	21,757 21,790 23,308 23,348	4,656 4,666 4,751 4,756	27,951 28,843 29,028	1,291 1,288 1,282 1,270	405 483 328 306	843 960	756 719 767 791	19,229 19,174 20,140	19,431 19,926	8341 756 704 709 609

#### MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS-Continued [In millions of dollars]

For footnotes see preceding page.

#### MAXIMUM RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS

[Per o	[Per cent per annum]						
	Nov. 1, 1933-	Feb. 1, 1935-	Effective				
	Jan. 31, 1935	Dec. 31, 1935	Jan. 1, 1936				
Savings deposits Postal Savings deposits Other deposits payable:	3 3	21/2 21/2	21/2 21/2				
In 6 months or more		21/2	235				
In 90 days to 6 months		21/2	2				
In less than 90 days		21/2	1				

NOTE.—Maximum rates that may be paid by member banks as established by the Board of Governors under provisions of Regula-tion Q. Under this Regulation the rate payable by a member bank may not in any event exceed the maximum rate payable by State banks or trust companies on like deposits under the laws of the State in which the member bank is located. Maximum rates that may be paid by insured nonmember banks as established by the F.D.I.C., effective Feb. 1, 1936, are the same as those in effect for member banks.

**MARGIN REQUIREMENTS 1** [Per cent of market value]

Prescribed in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934	Feb. 1, 1947– Mar. 29, 1949	Mar. 30, 1949– Jan. 16, 1951	Effec- tive Jan. 17, 1951
Regulation T: For extensions of credit by brokers and dealers on listed securities For short sales Regulation U: For loans by banks on stocks	75 75 75	50 50 50	75 75 75

<sup>1</sup> Regulations T and U limit the amount of credit that may be ex-tended on a security by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of its market value at the time of the extension; the "margin requirements" shown in this table are the difference between the market value (100%) and the maximum loan value.

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 145, p. 504, and BULLETIN for March 1946, p. 295, and February 1947, p. 162.

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## MEMBER BANK RESERVE REQUIREMENTS

#### [Per cent of deposits]

	Net d	emand dep	osits 1	Time
Effective date of change	Central reserve city banks	Reserve city banks	Country banks	deposits (all member banks)
1938—Apr. 16.           1941—Nov. 1           1942—Aug. 20.           Sept. 14.           Oct. 3.           1948—Feb. 27.           June 11.           Sept. 16.           Sept. 24.           1949—May 1.           May 5.           June 30.           July 1.           Aug. 11.           Aug. 12.           Jung 30.           July 1.           Aug. 11.           Aug. 16.           Sept. 1.           1951—Jan. 11.           Jan. 25.           Feb. 1.	24 23 <sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>2</sub> 23 22 <sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>2</sub> 22 23 24	22 21 20	12 14  16  15  13  13 	1734 1735 17 17 16 16 15 15 15 15 16 16 26
In effect Sept. 1, 1952 4	24	20	14	6

<sup>1</sup> Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, which beginning-Aug. 23, 1935, have been total demand deposits minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks. (also minus war loan and series E bond accounts during the period Apr. 13, 1943-June 30, 1947). <sup>2</sup> Requirement became effective at country banks. <sup>3</sup> Requirement became effective at central reserve and reserve city banks. <sup>4</sup> Present legal minimum and maximum requirements on net demand deposits—central reserve cities, 13 and 26 per cent; reserve cities, 10 and 20 per cent; country, 7 and 14 per cent, respectively; on time deposits at all member banks, 3 and 6 per cent, respectively. Back feures —See Banking and Monderny Statistics Table 107, p. 400

Back figures .-- See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 107, p. 400,

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES [Per cent per annum]

		Discounts fo	or and adva	ances to me	ember banks			ances to individ		
Federal Reserve Bank Advances secured by Government obligations and discounts of and advances secured by eligible paper (Secs. 13 and 13a) <sup>1</sup>			s of and le paper	Oth	er secured advai Sec. 10(b)]	nces	partnerships, or corpora- tions other than member banks secured by direct obligations of the U. S. (last par. Sec. 13)			
	Rate on Aug. 31	In effect beginning—	Previous rate	Rate on Aug. 31	In effect beginning—	Previous rate	Rate on Aug. 31	In effect beginning—	Previous rate	
Boston. New York. Philadelphia. Cleveland. Richmond. Atlanta. Chicago. St. Louis. Minneapolis. Kansas City. Dallas. San Francisco.	1 84 1 84 1 84 1 84 1 84 1 84 1 84 1 84	Aug. 21, 1950 Aug. 21, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 24, 1950 Aug. 23, 1950 Aug. 22, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 24, 1950		214 214 214 214 214 214 214 214 214 214	Aug. 21, 1950 Aug. 21, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 24, 1950 Aug. 23, 1950 Aug. 23, 1950 Aug. 22, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 25, 1950 Aug. 24, 1950	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	214 214 214 214 214 214 214 214 214 214	Jan. 14, 1948 <sup>2</sup> Oct. 30, 1942 Aug. 23, 1948 Aug. 25, 1950 <sup>2</sup> Oct. 28, 1942 Aug. 24, 1950 Aug. 13, 1948 Jan. 12, 1948 Jan. 12, 1948 Feb. 14, 1948 <sup>2</sup> Oct. 28, 1942	2 3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> 4	

<sup>1</sup> Rates shown also apply to advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months. <sup>2</sup> Certain special rates to nonmember banks were in effect during the wartime period.

Note, *Maximum maturities*. Discounts for and advances to member banks: 90 days for discounts and advances under Sections 13 and 1 is of the Federal Reserve Act except that discounts of certain bankers' acceptances and of agricultural paper may have maturities not exceeding 6 months and 9 months, respectively, and advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months are limited to maximum maturities of 15 days; 4 months for advances under Section 10(b). Advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations under the last paragraph of Section 13: 90 days.

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 115-116, pp. 439-443.

# FEDERAL RESERVE BANK BUYING RATES ON ACCEPTANCES

[Per cent per annum]

Maturity	Rate on	In effect be-	Previous
	Aug. 31	ginning—1	rate
1- 90 days	2	Dec. 18, 1951	1 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
91-120 days		Dec. 18, 1951	1 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub>
121-180 days		Dec. 18, 1951	2

<sup>1</sup> Dates effective at Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

NOTE.—Effective minimum buying rates on prime bankers' accept-ances payable in dollars.

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 117, pp. 443-445.

# FEES AND RATES ESTABLISHED UNDER REGULATION V ON LOANS GUARANTEED PURSUANT TO DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT OF 1950 AND EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10161

[In effect August 31]

Fees Payable to Guaranteeing Agency by Financing Institution on Guaranteed Portion of Loan

Percentage of loan guaranteed	Guarantee fee (percentage of interest payable by borrower)	Percentage of any commitment fee charged borrower
0 or less	10 15 20 25	10 15 20
55 10 15	25 30 35 40-50	25 30 35 40-50

Maximum Rates Financing Institutions May Charge Borrowers [Per cent per annum]

Interest rate	 5
eonomicanente rate :	 

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK RATES ON INDUSTRIAL LOANS

## AND COMMITMENTS UNDER SECTION 13B

OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE ACT

Maturities not exceeding five years

[In effect August 31. Per cent per annum]

Federal Reserve Bank	comm	strial or ercial esses	To financing institutions				
				ounts or hases			
	On loans <sup>1</sup>	On commit- ments	Portion for which institu- tion is obligated	Re- maining portion	On commit ments		
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	212-5 212-5 212-5 212-5 212-5 212-5 212-5 212-5 212-5 212-5 212-5 212-5		$ \begin{array}{c} (2)\\ (3)\\ (4)\\ (2)\\ (2)\\ (2)\\ (2)\\ (2)\\ (3)\\ (2)\\ (2)\\ (2)\\ (3)\\ (2)\\ (3)\\ (2)\\ (3)\\ (2)\\ (3)\\ (3)\\ (2)\\ (3)\\ (3)\\ (3)\\ (3)\\ (3)\\ (3)\\ (3)\\ (3$	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	1/2-1 1/2 /2 1/2-1 1/2 /2		

<sup>1</sup> Including loans made in participation with financing institutions <sup>2</sup> Rate charged borrower less commitment rate. <sup>3</sup> Rate charged borrower. <sup>4</sup> Rate charged borrower but not to exceed 1 per cent above the dis-

count rate. Charge of 1/4 per cent per annum is made on undisbursed portion of loan.

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 118, pp. 446-447.

## **REAL ESTATE CREDIT TERMS UNDER REGULATION X AND ASSOCIATED REGULATIONS** OF FHA AND VA\*

Regulation X terms as prescribed by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System with the concurrence of the Housing and Home Finance Administrator and terms on loans insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration and the Veterans Administration as issued under the authority of the Housing and Home Finance Administrator under the provisions of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10161, as amended.

Value or sales price		1- to 4-family units	and farm residences	Multi-unit residences	Nonresidential properties <sup>1</sup>
per family unit		Regulation X and FHA	VA	(Reg. X and FHA)	(Regulation X)
		l (in per c	Maximum loan per family unit cent of value unless otherwise	t <sup>2</sup> specified)	Maximum loan per property
Not more than \$7,000		95	100 per cent of sales price (closing costs to be paid in cash)	90	
\$7,001-\$10,000		\$6,300 plus 75 per cent of excess over \$7,000 (95-86)	\$6,720 plus 90 per cent of sales price over \$7,000, plus total amount of closing costs (96-94 per cent of sales price <sup>3</sup> )	\$6,300 plus 55 per cent of excess over \$7,000 (90-80)	
\$10,001-\$12,000	••••	\$8,550 plus 55 per cent of excess over \$1(),000 (86-75)	\$9,420 plus 84 per cent of sales price over \$10,000, plus total amount of closing costs (94-93 per cent of sales price <sup>\$</sup> )	\$7,950 plus 54 per cent of excess over \$10,000 (80-71)	
\$12,001-\$15,000			\$11,100 plus 45 per cent of (1) sales price over \$12,000 and (2) closing costs (93-81 per cent of sales price plus closing costs)		50 per cent of value
\$15,001-\$16,000				\$10,650 plus 50 per cent of excess over \$15,000 (71-66)	
\$16,001-\$20,000		\$11,300 plus 45 per cent of excess over \$15,000 (75-67)	\$12,900 plus 43 per cent of (1) sales price over (\$16,000 and (2) closing costs (81-72 per cent of sales price plus closing costs)		
\$20,001-\$21,000	• • •		)	\$13,150 plus 37 per cent of excess over \$20,000	
\$21,001-\$25,000		\$14,000 plus 25 per cent of excess over \$21,000 (67-60)	\$15,050 plus 30 per cent of (1) sales price over \$21,000 and (2) closing costs (72-65 per cent of sales price plus closing costs)	(66–60)	
Over \$25,000		60	65	60	
			Maximum matu	urity (years)	
Not more than \$12,000 Over \$12,000	 	25 20	* 25 * 20	} None specified	} 25
		<u> </u>	Amortization re	equirements	
All values	<i>.</i>	until amount outstanding is erty value at time the loan	of 5 per cent of original loan s 50 per cent or less of prop- was made or liquidation of substantially equal periodic principal	None specified under Reg- ulation X; periodic pay- ments satisfactory to Com- missioner on FHA loans	Liquidation of loan b maturity through sul stantially equal period payments or payment of principal
Effective period		June 11, 1952– September 15, 1952 <sup>s</sup>	June 11, 1952– September 15, 1952 <sup>5</sup>	June 11, 1952– September 15, 1952	February 15, 1951– September 15, 1952

Properties generally described as commercial and recreational.
Maximum amount of loan insured by FHA may not exceed \$14,000 on 1-family, \$16,000 on 2-family, \$20,500 on 3-family, \$25,000 on 4-family residences, or \$8,100 per unit on multi-unit projects. On existing 1 to 4-family units the loan amount may not exceed 80 per cent of value.
These percentages should be increased by the percentage that closing costs are of sales price.
Under special circumstances and with the approval of the Veterans Administrator, the maximum maturity may be 30 years.
For terms effective before June 11, 1952, see BULLETIN for October 1950, p. 1321, January 1951, pp. 31-32, and May 1952, p. 510.

\* Regulation X was suspended effective Sept. 16, 1952, and the associated regulations relating to FHA and VA loans were relaxed, as described on p. 1002.

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## STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[In thousands of dollars]

		Wee	Inesday figu	res		I	End of mont	
Item			1952			19	52	1951
	Aug. 27	Aug. 20	Aug. 13	Aug. 6	July 30	Aug.	July	Aug.
Assets								
Gold certificates	21,450,503 696,253	21,453,501 695,238	21,457,254 693,063	21,457,253 696,404	21,452,252 694,092	21,448,503 698,254	21,452,253 694,090	19,936,180 675,196
Total gold certificate reserves	22,146,756	22,148,739	22,150,317	22,153,657	22,146,344	22,146,757	22,146,343	20,611,376
Other cash Discounts and advances:	345,629	345,085	335,438	338,390	349,985	342,928	350,772	330,730
For momember banks	860,531 36,500 4,474	942,498 36,500 4,482	733,602 36,500 4,534		1,388,235 15,000 4,728	36,500		552,486 5,693
Bills Certificates:	397,500	375,000	375,000	384,400	199,400	436,200	265,400	615,942
Special Other Notes Bonds	11,890,216	5,568,073	5,568,073	5,568,073	5,568,073	5,568,073	11,883,216 5,568,073 5,135,823	11,838,465
Total U. S. Government securities	23,091,612	23,032,112	23,051,112	22,976,612	22,843,512	23,145,612	22,852,512	23,127,084
Total loans and securities	23,993,117	24,015,592	23,825,748	23,823,653	24,251,475	24,468,682	24,127,239	23,685,263
Due from foreign banks. F. R. notes of other Banks. Uncollected cash items. Bank premises. Other assets.	3,221,074 45,324	23 182,838 3,742,400 45,434 231,059	23 183,259 3,686,797 45,341 225,827		3,267,696	3,060,783 45,300	3,175,286	38 163,491 2,726,373 42,231 195,696
Total assets	50,171,341	50,711,170	50,452,750	49,960,811	50,461,151	50,496,369	50,252,072	47,755,198
Deposits:	24,966,441							
Member bank—reserve accounts. U. S. Treasurer—general account Foreign Other	707,038	20,267,016 525,981 839,161 217,885	20,135,775 421,798 863,737 192,518	269,922 726,628	605,083	488,191 811,731	637,546 723,641	19,180,672 459,321 760,441 277,921
Total deposits	21,588,027	21,850,043	21,613,828	21,511,130	22,055,162	22,056,023	21,951,572	20,678,355
Deferred availability cash items Other liabilities and accrued dividends.	2,611,490 17,573	2,947,751 15,883	2,959,771 14,738	2,586,111 14,935		2,313,971 15,461	2,481,171 14,050	2,102,418 15,535
	49,183,531	49,729,735	49,478,016	48,992,617	49,499,397	49,504,473	49,289,376	46,816,674
Capital Accounts Capital paid in	538,342 27,543	246,384 538,342 27,543 169,166	246,352 538,342 27,543 162,497	246,288 538,342 27,543 156,021	538 342	246,407 538,342 27,543 179,604	246,232 538,342 27,543 150,579	233,093 510,022 27,543 167,866
Total liabilities and capital accounts	50,171,341	50,711,170	50,452,750	49,960,811	50,461,151	50,496,369	50,252,072	47,755,198
Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined (per cent) Contingent liability on acceptances purchased		47.4	47.6		t			46.1
for foreign correspondents.	9,102 6,295	9,136 6,277	9,026 6,287	9,093 6,107				23,812 6,050
Maturity D	istribution	of Loans a	nd U. S. Go	overnment	Securities <sup>1</sup>	1		
Discounts and advances total Within 15 days	897,031 770,649 126,346 36	794,219	770,102 657,597 90,901 21,604	842,582 746,230 96,292 60	1,321,845 81,330	160,971	1,182,208 87,867	552,486 530,780 21,706
Industrial loans—total. Within 15 days. 16 days to 90 days. 91 days to 1 year.	4,474 734 865 2,414	4,482 775 872 2,619	4,534 648 1,031 2,635	4,459	4,728 660	4,659 653 856	4,592 649 824	5,693 467 916 3,478
Over 1 year to 5 years U. S. Government securities—total. Within 15 days 16 to 90 days	461	216 23,032,112 50,500	220 23,051,112 204,800	220 22,976,612 217,200	$220 \\ 22,843,512 \\ 324,400$	560 23,145,612 53,500	$218 \\ 22,852,512 \\ 308,400$	832
Over 1 year to 5 years. Over 5 years to 10 years. Over 10 years.	6,795,941 5,941,352	6,795,941 5,941,352 1,070,224 2,072,095	6,615,541 5,941,352 1,070,224	6,491,041 5,941,352 1,070,224	6,478,941 5,941,352 1,070,224	6,795,941 5,941,352 1,070,224	6,503,941 5,941,352 1,070,224	6,218,100 4,878,166 1,031,904 3,110,580
Federal	Reserve No	otes—Feder	al Reserve	Agents' Ac	counts	<u>I</u>	1	<u> </u>
F. R. notes outstanding (issued to Bank)	25,955,218	25,862,035	25,810,912	25,801,439	25,804,625	26,012,965	25,787,225	24,936,612
Collateral held against notes outstanding: Gold certificates Eligible paper. U. S. Government securities	13,139,000 553,926	13,219,000 694,441	13,294,000 474,656	13,094,000 597,465	13,094,000 922,158	13,164,000 875,176	13,094,000 885,683	12,259,000 436,193
Total collateral.		<u></u>	····				27,454,683	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		l <u></u>		1	1	<u> </u>

<sup>1</sup> Callable U. S. Government securities classified according to nearest call date.

## STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ON AUGUST 31, 1952

								·		·			
Item	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Fran cisco
Assets													
Gold certificates.	21,448,503	698,635	6,643,027	1,164,090	1,417,387	932,420	881,040	4,485,345	525,708	362,235	875,195	701,285	2,762,136
Redemption fund for F. R. notes.	698,254	61,225	69,053	55,588	82,657	76,446	51,496	102,624	47,846	24,453	38,000	28,071	60,795
Total gold certifi- cate reserves Other cash Discounts and advances: Secured by	22,146,757 342,928	759,860 32,052	6,712,080 64,237	1,219,678 18,763	1,500,044 30,350	1,008,866 21,028	932,536 27,563	4,587,969 61,057	573,554 18,176	386,688 8,494	913,195 12,398	729,356 12,387	2,822,931 36,423
U. S. Govt. securities Other Industrial loans U. S. Govt.	1,280,973 37,438 4,659	56,675 2,263	239,570 11,023	85,615 2,847 3,868	80,591 3,558	79,690 1,862 81	30,130 1,620 615	5,123	82,180 1,902	10,525 949 95	104,761 1,510	23,300 1,387	248,336 3,394
securities	23,145,612	1,638,409	5,385,815	1,451,386	2,305,147	1,560,750	1,336,548	3,307,080	1,237,434	735,045	1,010,880	1,058,450	2,118,668
Total loans and securities Due from foreign	24,468,682	1,697,347	5,636,408	1,543,716	2,389,296	1,642,383	1,368,913	3,551,803	1,321,516	746,614	1,117,151	1,083,137	2,370,398
F. R. notes of other Banks.	23 187,911	1 6,859	<sup>1</sup> 7 21,269	2 11,680	2 7,264	1 28,325	1 22,820	3 15,130	1 7,994	1 23,281	1 9,043	1 7,287	2 26,959
Uncollected cash items Bank premises	3,060,783 45,300	213,698 980	533,345 7,716	196,783 2,958	272,422 4,720	269,624 4,720	238,010 3,665	6,619	129,096 3,109	99,647 1,062	175,035 2,347	175,138 632	275,206 6,772
Other assets	243,985	19,517	54,751	15,042	24,525	16,456	14,505		12,645	7,602	10,791	11,527	22,051
Total assets	50,496,369 	2,730,314	13,029,813	3,008,622	4,228,623	2,991,403	2,608,013	8,739,933	2,066,091	1,273,389	2,239,961	2,019,465	5,560.742
	25,119,018	1 520 059	5 537 700	1 763 528	2 278 203	1 770 744	1 272 111	4,781,602	1 140 107	630,537	999.754	737 037	2,566,625
Deposits: Member bk.—	25,119,018	1,330,038	5,557,722	1,703,320	2,270,203	1,170,744	1,575,111	4,701,002	1,149,197	030,337	999,7J <del>4</del>	131,931	2,500,025
reserve accts. U. S. Treas.—	. ,	875,186			1,524,536	874,474		3,272,901	712,965	480,618		1,022.511	•
gen. acct Foreign Other	488,191 811,731 344,718	20,957 49,501 3,279	60,172 2 254,432 184,453	37,544 62,275 1,287	45,009 73,453 3,452	30,656 40,718 15,293	41,925 34,331 50,778	110,978	25,618 30,339 7,593	35,691 20,758 4,850	52,311 30,339 1,276	30,087 30,339 35,519	42,154 74,268 34,634
Total deposits Deferred avail.	22,056,023	948,923	6,790,862	1,027,777	1,646,450	961,141	1,039,731	3,452,250	776,515	541,917	1,065,822	1,118.456	2,686,179
cash items Other liab. and	2,313,971	187,654	413,284	140,698	209,518	205,359	149,170	366,006	98,994	73,045	134,096	122,360	213,787
accrued div	15,461	895	4,077	913	1,839	771	713	2,395	487	839	655	597	1.280
	49,504,473	2,667,530	12,745,945	2,932,916	4,136,010	2,938,015	2,562,725	8,602,253	2,025,193	1,246,338	2,200,327	1,979,350	5,467.871
Capital Accts.													
Capital paid in Surplus (Sec. 7) Surplus (Sec. 13b) Other cap. accts.	246,407 538,342 27,543 179,604	13,196 34,192 3,011 12,385	77,148 159,743 7,319 39,658	17,190 41,493 4,489 12,534	23,696 50,648 1,006 17,263	10,823 27,025 3,349 12,191	10,186 23,871 762 10,469	79,601	8,641 21,788 521 9,948	5,470 14,063 1,073 6,445	9,325 20,367 1,137 8,805	11,951 18,210 1,397 8,647	26,899 47,341 2.140 16.491
Total liabilities and cap. accts.	50,496,369	2,730,314	13,029,813	3,008,622	4,228,623	2.991,403	2,608,013	8,739,933	2,066,091	1,273,389	2,239,961	2,019,465	5,560,742
Reserve ratio Cont. liab. on ac- cept. purch.—	46.9%	30.7%	54.4%	43.7%	38.2%	36.9%	38.6%	55.7%	29.8%	33.0%	44.2%	39.3%	53.7%
foreign corresp. Industrial loan	9,130	564	<sup>3</sup> 2,777	710		464	391	1,265	346	237	346	346	847
commitments	6,154			1,969	700	61		2,242			794		388

#### [In thousands of dollars]

Federal Reserve Notes-Federal Reserve Agents' Accounts

		1							1				
F. R. notes out-													
standing(issued													
to Bank)	26.012.965	1.597.175	5,774,230	1.812.625	2.357.578	1.838.385	1.436.157	4.860.648	1.189.962	643.220	1.024.742	771.780	2.706.463
Collateral held:	.,,							,,.					
Gold certificates	13,164,000	400,000	4,520,000	750,000	735,000	470,000	510,000	2,900,000	270,000	170,000	280,000	259,000	1,900,000
Eligible paper	875,176		217,060		<i>.</i>				82,495	10,525	104,830		242,336
U. S. Govt. sec.	13,550,000	1,300,000	1,400,000	1,100,000	1,650,000	1,400,000	950,000	2,000,000	950,000	505,000	750,000	545,000	1,000,000
fotal collateral	27,589,176	[1,756,675]	6,137,060	1,935,615	2,385,000	1,945,640	1,460,000	4,900,000	1,302,495	685,525	1,134,830	804,000	3,142,336
								1					

<sup>1</sup> After deducting \$16,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.
 <sup>2</sup> After deducting \$557,283,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.
 <sup>3</sup> After deducting \$6,353,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.

#### INDUSTRIAL LOANS BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Date (last Wednesday or last day	app	ications roved date	Ap- proved but not com-	Loans out- standing <sup>2</sup>	Commit- ments out-	Partici- pations of financ- ing insti- tutions	
of period)			pleted 1 (amount)	(amount)	standing (amount)	out- standing <sup>s</sup> (amount)	
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	3,489 3,511 3,542 3,574 3,607 3,649 3,698	525,532 544,961 565,913 586,726 615,653 629,326 651,389	1,295 320 4,577 945 335 539 4,819	3,894 1,995 554 1,387 995 2,178 2,632	4,165 1,644 8,309 7,434 1,643 2,288 3,754	2,705 1,086 2,670 4,869 1,990 2,947 3,745	
1951							
July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	3,727 3,731 3,732 3,734 3,736 3,736	678,477 691,536 695,178 700,040 706,215 710,931	6,730 12,197 4,394 2,943 3,073 3,513	5,801 5,750 5,062 4,447 4,505 4,687	3,767 6,050 6,478 7,151 6,361 6,036	6,115 7,860 11,420 11,990 12,064 11,985	
1952							
Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31	3,738 3,741 3,741 3,743 3,743 3,743 3,745 3,745	716,210 721,144 725,787 730,482 734,049 738,721 743,629	832 772 108 571 235 1,083 1,589	4,621 4,957 5,296 5,207 5,211 5,101 4,624	7,125 6,845 6,467 6,536 6,083 5,947 6,184	$12,018 \\10,307 \\10,474 \\10,339 \\10,262 \\10,105 \\9,814$	

Includes applications approved conditionally by the Federal Reserve Banks and under consideration by applicant.
 Includes industrial loans past due 3 months or more, which are not included in industrial loans outstanding in weekly statement of condition of Federal Reserve Banks.
 Not covered by Federal Reserve Bank commitment to purchase or discount of the statement of conditioned by Federal Reserve Bank commitment to purchase or discount of the statement of

discount.

NOTE.—The difference between amount of applications approved and the sum of the following four columns represents repayments of ad-vances, and applications for loans and commitments withdrawn or expired.

#### LOANS GUARANTEED THROUGH FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS UNDER REGULATION V, PURSUANT TO **DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT OF 1950 AND EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10161**

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Date	aut	iteed loans horized date	Guara loa outsta	Additional amount available to borrowers	
Date	Num- ber Amount		Total amount	Portion guaran- teed	under guat- antee agree- ments outstanding
1950					
Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	3 23 62	1,000 13,585 31,326	2,340 8,017	2,232 6,265	3,335 8,299
1951					
Jan. 31 Feb. 28 Mar. 31 June 30 July 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Dec. 31 1952	119 161 254 328 402 484 568 658 729 776 815 854	$\begin{array}{c} 109, 433\\ 122, 541\\ 300, 955\\ 421, 267\\ 514, 626\\ 654, 893\\ 828, 584\\ 1, 052, 337\\ 1, 154, 942\\ 1, 218, 988\\ 1, 302, 342\\ 1, 395, 444 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23,778\\ 44,250\\ 68,833\\ 126,080\\ 183,610\\ 252,100\\ 325,299\\ 405,043\\ 492,167\\ 556,839\\ 615,812\\ 675,459\end{array}$	19,837 36,537 56,973 106,053 151,858 209,465 267,715 332,618 400,652 454,789 502,524 546,597	$\begin{array}{c} 13.748\\ 33.840\\ 47,822\\ 185,001\\ 205,629\\ 276,702\\ 349,905\\ 384,852\\ 450,013\\ 495,512\\ 476,609\\ 472,827\end{array}$
Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 June 30 July 31	901 934 971 998 1,023 1,050 1,066	1,463,443 1,530,388 1,677,786 1,727,729 1,787,755 1,867,643 1,922,388	715,928 763,838 836,739 838,073 870,174 883,262 909,688	580,381 617,674 672,974 672,678 695,814 703,774 726,452	525,129511,786467,392595,098601,752615,139648,065

NOTE.—The difference between guaranteed loans authorized and sum of loans outstanding and additional amounts available to bor-rowers under guarantee agreements outstanding represents amounts repaid, guarantees authorized but not completed, and authorizations expired or withdrawn.

#### DEPOSITS, RESERVES, AND BORROWINGS OF MEMBER BANKS

[Averages of daily figures.1 In millions of dollars]

	All mem-			Re- serve	Coun- try	All mem-	Central city l	anks         Re- serve city banks         Co t barks           Chi- cago         Co city banks         Co t barks           5,980         40,548         35           1,181         5,713         1           4,799         34,835         34           5,386         35,230         30           1,150         12,882         12           120         1,874         3           1,361         7,908         5		Coun-
	ber banks	New York	Chi- cago	city banks	try banks	ber banks	New York			try banks
		First h	alf of Jul	y 1952		Second half of July 1952				
Gross demand deposits: Total Interbank. Other Net demand deposits <sup>2</sup> . Time deposits <sup>3</sup> . Demand balances due from domestic banks Reserves with Federal Reserve Banks: Total <u>R</u> equired	95,385 93,858 32,192 6,213	24,833 4,010 20,823 22,634 2,108 46 5,528 5,559	5,953 1,197 4,756 5,349 1,158 125 1,369 1,353	40,966 5,911 35,054 35,320 12,841 1,924 7,914 7,834	35,837 1,087 34,751 30,555 16,086 4,119 5,814 5,243	106,114 11,779 94,335 93,372 32,263 5,933 20,452 19,867	23,980 3,836 20,144 22,070 2,089 37 5,424 5,422	1,181 4,799 5,386 1,150 120 1,361	5,713 34,835 35,230 12,882 1,874 7,908	35,606 1,049 34,557 30,686 16,142 3,902 5,760 5,264
Excess Borrowings at Federal Reserve Banks	635 968	-31 229	15 44	80 581	571 114	585 1,179	1 221		89 685	495 156

<sup>1</sup> Averages of daily closing figures for reserves and borrowings and of daily opening figures for other items, inasmuch as reserves required are <sup>1</sup> Demand deposits at opening of business.
 <sup>2</sup> Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, i. e., gross demand deposits minus cash items reported as in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes some interbank and U. S. Government *time* deposits; the amounts on call report dates are shown in the *Member Bank Call Report*.

#### MEMBER BANK RESERVES AND BORROWINGS

[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

Month, or	All mem-		reserve oanks	Re- serve	Coun-
week ending Wednesday	ber banks <sup>1</sup>	New York	Chi- cago	city banks	try banks <sup>1</sup>
Total reserves held: 1951—July 1952—June July	19,229 20,140 20,536	5,028 5,324 5,474	1,294 1,317 1,365	7,439 7,785 7,911	5,469 5,714 5,786
July 16 July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	20,649 20,519 20,408 20,368 20,338 20,336	5,514 5,415 5,431 5,330 5,194 5,241	1,358 1,350 1,369 1,365 1,358 1,357	7,978 7,926 7,899 7,908 7,949 7,931	5,799 5,828 5,710 5,765 5,838 5,806
Excess reserves: 1951—July 1952—June July	756 709 609	9 38 -14	$-2 \\ -8 \\ 7$	162 135 84	586 544 532
July 16 July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	690 628 577 633 651 p679	$ \begin{array}{r}     13 \\     -15 \\     23 \\     15 \\     -36 \\     44 \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}             4 \\             -9 \\             10 \\             -5 \\             5 \\           $	122 98 92 123 124 105	551 554 452 500 558 \$531
Borrowings at Federal Reserve Banks: 1951—July 1952—June July	194 579 1,077	71 169 225	7 23 82	77 278 634	39 109 136
July 16 July 23 July 30 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20	1,100 1,138 1,227 1,258 917 797	283 193 216 404 230 181	55 106 145 36 44 16	624 693 693 649 469 456	138 146 173 169 174 144

P Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Weekly figures of excess reserves of all member banks and of country banks are estimates. Weekly figures of borrowings of all mem-ber banks and of country banks may include small amounts of Federal Reserve Bank discounts and advances for nonmember banks, etc.

Back figures .- See Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 396-399.

#### POSTAL SAVINGS SYSTEM

#### [In millions of dollars]

			Ase	iets	
End of month	Depos- itors' bal- ances 1	Total	Cash in deposi- tory banks	U.S. Govern- ment securi- ties	Cash reserve funds, etc. <sup>2</sup>
1943 — December 1944 — December 1945 — December 1946 — December 1948 — December 1948 — December 1949 — December 1950 — December 1950 — December March April May June July August September October November December 1952 — January February March March	1,788 2,342 2,933 3,284 3,417 3,330 3,188 2,924 2,901 2,877 2,852 2,831 2,885 2,783 2,784 2,774 2,754 2,754 2,754 2,705 2,695 2,661 2,661	1,843 2,411 3,022 3,387 3,525 3,525 3,525 3,312 3,045 3,022 2,998 2,998 2,998 2,998 2,998 2,993 2,993 2,893 2,803 2,803 2,851 2,842 2,855 2,835 2,835 2,835	10 8 6 6 7 7 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1,716 2,252 2,837 3,308 3,244 3,118 2,868 2,853 2,703 2,703 2,703 2,703 2,703 2,748 2,703 2,748 2,703 2,748 2,703 2,748 2,703 2,680 2,670 2,644 2,638 2,609	118 152 179 200 212 198 187 166 153 152 169 172 172 172 172 172 173 158 156 168 156 158 158 158 173
April May June July	<i>p</i> 2,656 <i>p</i> 2,637 <i>p</i> 2,619 <i>p</i> 2,603	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Preliminary.
 Outstanding principal, represented by certificates of deposit.
 Includes reserve and miscellaneous working funds with Treasurer of United States, working cash with postmasters, accrued interest on bond investments, and miscellaneous receivables.
 Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, p. 519; for description, see p. 508 in the same publication.

#### BANK DEBITS AND DEPOSIT TURNOVER

[Debits in millions of dollars]

Year or month	Debits t	o total depo interbank		, except	turnover deposits	rate of of total s, except bank	Debits to deposit a except in and Gov	accounts, aterbank	Annual rate of turnover of demand deposits, except inter- bank and Government	
	Total, all reporting centers	York other reporti		Other reporting centers	New York City	Other reporting centers	New York City <sup>2</sup>	Other leading cities <sup>2</sup>	New York City <sup>2</sup>	Other leading cities <sup>2</sup>
1946 <sup>3</sup>	1,050,021 1,125,074 1,249,630 1,231,053 1,403,752 1,577,857	417,475 405,929 449,002 452,897 513,970 551,889	527,336 599,639 667.934 648,976 742.458 854.050	105,210 119,506 132,695 129,179 147,324 171,917	18.9 21.0 23.6 24.1 26.6 26.9	10.0 11.9 12.9 12.4 13.4 14.5	407,946 400,468 445,221 447,150 508,166 540,990	522,944 598,445 660,155 639,772 731,511 837,491	25.2 24.1 27.2 28.2 31.4 32.2	16.5 18.0 19.2 18.7 20.3 21.7
1951—July August September October November December	124,425 125,291 121,205 139,308 132,158 144,800	43,224 41,363 41,145 47,971 44,802 53,500	67.532 69.827 66.359 75.799 72.428 76.049	13.669 14.101 13.700 15.539 14.928 15.251	26.0 23.8 26.0 26.4 27.8 30.7	14.1 13.5 14.4 14.4 15.4 15.1	41 673 39 007 41,688 45,334 42,503 55,184	64.826 67,441 66,941 72,515 69,685 76,007	31.1 27.0 31.7 30.4 31.4 37.9	20.9 20.0 21.8 20.9 22.0 22.6
1952—January February March April May June June July	128,022 139,977 139,141 135,965 144,769	48,106 45,375 50,180 52,057 49,535 54,922 57,052	74,953 68,738 75,089 72,607 71,898 74,948 74,908	15.462 13,908 14,708 14,476 14,532 14,899 15,024	26.4 27.8 27.9 28.8 27.4 30.9 30.3	14.4 14.5 14.6 14.1 13.9 14.8 14.2	45,425 44,419 50,213 49,745 49,830 55,385 50,472	71,986 67,466 74,545 70,189 71,485 73,019 69,980	30.1 32.5 34.0 34.4 34.3 38.6 35.1	20.6 21.4 22.0 21.1 21.3 22.2 20.7

National series for which bank debit figures are available beginning with 1919.
 Weekly reporting member bank series.
 Deposits and debits for first six months of 1946 are estimated.

Norts to total deposit accounts, except interbank accounts, have been reported for 334 centers from 1942 through November 1947, 333 centers from December 1947 through December 1950, and for 342 centers beginning January 1951; the deposits from which rates of turnover have been computed have likewise been reported by most banks and have been estimated for others. Debits to demand deposit accounts, except interbank and U. S. Government, and the deposits from which rates of turnover have been computed have been reported by member banks in leading cities since 1935.

UNITED	STATES	MONEY	IN	CIRCUL	ATION,	BY	DENOMINATION	IS
[Out	side Treas	ury and Fe	dera	l Reserve	Banks.	In n	nillions of dollars]	

End of year or	Total in cir-	c	oin and	small d	enomir	nation c	ırrency	1		La	rge deno	ominati	on curre	ency <sup>2</sup>		Unas-
month	cula- tion 1	Total	Coin	¥\$1	\$2	\$5	\$10	\$20	Total	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	sorted
1933         1934         1935         1936         1937         1938         1939         1940         1941         1942         1943         1944         1945         1944         1945         1944         1945         1945         1946         1947         1948         1949         1949	5,536 5,882 6,543 6,550 6,856 7,598 8,732 11,160 15,410 20,449 25,307 28,515 28,952 28,868 28,224 27,600	20,020 19,529 19,025	1,484	402 423 460 499 505 524 559 610 695 801 909 987 1,039 1,029 1,029 1,048 1,049 1,048	33 32 33 35 33 34 36 39 44 55 70 81 73 67 65 64 62 64	815 906 905 946 1,019 1,129 1,355 1,693 2,150 2,313 2,173 2,173 2,110 2,047 2,004	1,563 1,560 1,611 1,772 2,021 2,731 4,051 5,194 5,983 6,782 6,782 6,275 6,060 5,897	1,326 1,359 1,501 1,475 1,481 1,475 1,480 2,545 4,096 5,705 7,224 9,201 9,310 9,310 9,310 9,310 8,846 8,846	7,834 8,518 8,850 8,698 8,578	1,996 2,327 2,492	618 577 627 700 919 1,112 1,433 1,910 2,912 4,153 4,220 4,771 5,070 5,074 5,056	125 1122 122 135 139 160 191 227 261 287 407 555 454 407 555 454 438 428 400 382	237 216 239 265 288 327 425 523 556 586 586 586 749 990 801 783 782 707 689 588	<b>8</b> 57 76 17 20 30 24 9 10 7 8 5 5 4	10 7 16 18 12 32 32 60 46 25 22 24 24 24 24 24 27 17 17 11	8 10 5 8 7 5 2 4 4 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
1951—June July August September October November December	27,809 27,851 28,155 28,288 28,417 28,809	19,521 19,560 19,813 19,896 19,955	1,578 1,590 1,602 1,616 1,631 1,642	1,092 1,092 1,103 1,124 1,132 1,144 1,182	64 64 64 64 65	2,011 2,008 2,031 2,038 2,041 2,075	6,113 6,088 6,176 6,181 6,160 6,291	8,663 8,718 8,837 8,874 8,927 9,067	8,289 8,292 8,344 8,393 8,463 8,528	2,405 2,409 2,428 2,437 2,452 2,482	4,947 4,952 4,989 5,034 5,092 5,133 5,207	356 354 353 353 353 353 352 355	570 565 562 557 554 549 556	4 4 4 4 4 4	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1952—January February March April May June July	28,464 28,767 29,026	19,937 19,936 20,231 20,449	1,630 1,637 1,651 1,665	1,115 1,110 1,113 1,114 1,132 1,140 1,129	65 66 65 67 68 67	2,013 2,016 2,004 2,040 2,054	6,152 6,165 6,141 6,261 6,323	8,934 8,940 8,960 9,066	8,563 8,537 8,529 8,537 8,537 8,578	2,503 2,496 2,498 2,508	5,161 5,152 5,140 5,137 5,142 5,166 5,172	352 351 349 347 346 344 344	550 545 540 535 530 525 522	4 4 4 4 4 4 4	<b>8</b> 8 9 8 8 8 8	2 2 1 1 1 2

<sup>1</sup> Total of amounts of coin and paper currency shown by denominations less unassorted currency in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. <sup>2</sup> Includes unassorted currency held in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks and currency of unknown denominations reported by the Treasury as destroyed. <sup>3</sup> Paper currency only; \$1 silver coins reported under coin.

Back figures .- See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 112, pp. 415-416.

#### UNITED STATES MONEY, OUTSTANDING AND IN CIRCULATION, BY KINDS

[On basis of circulation statement of United States money. In millions of dollars]

		Money	held in the	Freasury	Money	Mone	y in circula	tion 1
	Total out- standing, July 31, 1952	As security against gold and silver certificates	Treasury cash	For Federal Reserve Banks and agents	held by Federal Reserve Banks and agents	July 31, 1952	June 30, 1952	July 31, 1951
Gold Gold certificates. Federal Reserve notes. Treasury currency—total	23,350 22,184 25,787 4,762	22,184 \$ 2,352	<sup>2</sup> 1,166 64 50	19,331	2,816 1,144 351	38 24,580 4,361	38 24,605 4,383	39 23,526 4,286
Standard silver dollars Silver bullion Subsidiary silver coin Minor coin United States notes Federal Reserve Bank notes National Bank notes Total—July 31, 1952	403 347 221 78 (4)	257 2,095	39 7 2 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> ) 1,281	19.331	3 288 22 5 30 3 (§) 4,310	193 2,064 1,097 396 315 218 77 28,978		182 2,060 1,027 382 314 241 81
Ĵune 30, 1952 July 31, 1951	(4) (4)	24,528 22,880	1,283 1,302	19,328 17,688	4,218 4,291		29,026	27,851

Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. Includes any paper currency held outside the continental limits of the United States. Totals for other end-of-month dates are shown in table above and totals by weeks in the table on p. 1017.
 Includes \$156,039,431 held as reserve against United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890.
 To avoid duplication, amount of silver dollars and bullion held as security against silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding.
 Because some of the types of money shown are held as collateral or reserves against other types, a grand total of all types has no special significance and is not shown. See note for explanation of these duplications.
 Less than \$500,000.

significance and is not shown. See note for explanation of these duplications. Less than \$500,000. NOTE.—There are maintained in the Treasury—(i) as a reserve for United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890—\$156,039,431 in gold bullion; (ii) as security for Treasury notes of 1890—an equal dollar amount in standard silver dollars (these notes are being canceled and retired on receipt); (iii) as security for outstanding silver certificates—silver in bullion and standard silver dollars of a monetary value equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (iv) as security for gold certificates—gold bullion of a value at the legal standard equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (iv) as security for gold certificates—gold bullion of a value at the legal standard equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (iv) as security for gold certificates—gold bullion of a value at the legal standard equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (iv) as security for gold certificates—gold bullion of a value at the legal standard equal to the face amount of such gold certificates. Federal Reserve notes are obligations of the United States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal Reserve and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of the Federal Reserve Act, or of direct obligations of the United States. Federal Reserve Banks must maintain a reserve in gold certificates of at least 25 per cent, including the redemption fund, with the Treasurer of the United States, against Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation; gold certificates payable in gold certificates. Federal Reserve Bank notes and notes are being cancels of the United States payable in gold certificates. Federal Reserve Bank notes and national bank notes are in process of retirement. national bank notes are in process of retirement

## CONSOLIDATED CONDITION STATEMENT FOR BANKS AND THE MONETARY SYSTEM ALL COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANKS, FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS, POSTAL SAVINGS SYSTEM, AND TREASURY CURRENCY FUNDS <sup>1</sup>

					Assets						Liabi and C	
					1	Bank credi	t			Total assets, net—		
Date		Treas-			U. S.	Governm	ent obliga	tions		Total liabil- ities	Total	Capital and misc.
	Gold	ury cur- rency	Total	Loans, net	Total	Com- mercial and savings banks	Federal Reserve Banks	Other	Other secu- rities	and capital, net	deposits and currency	ac- counts, net
1929—June 29 1933—June 30 1933—Dec. 30 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—June 30 July 25 Aug. 29 Sept. 26 Oct. 31	4,037 4,031 17,644 22,737 20,065 20,529 22,754 24,244 24,427 24,231 22,706 21,756 21,756 21,800 21,800 22,000	4,562 4,589 4,598 4,607 4,636 4,655 4,700 4,700 4,700	58,642 42,148 54,564 64,653 167,381 158,366 160,457 162,681 164,348 171,667 173,447 173,300 176,400 176,400 178,300	43,023	5,741 10,328 23,105 29,049 128,417 113,110 107,086 98,709 96,560 94,450 94,600 95,000 95,900 97,000	5,499 8,199 19,417 25,511 101,288 86,558 81,199 74,097 78,433 77,320 72,894 68,726 68,900 69,200 69,200 69,700 70,800	216 1,998 2,484 2,254 24,262 23,350 22,559 23,333 18,885 18,331 20,778 22,982 23,100 23,100 23,500 23,500 23,600	26 131 1,204 1,284 2,867 3,202 3,328 3,264 3,138 3,264 3,138 2,888 2,888 2,888 2,742 2,700 2,700 2,700 2,700	12,621 13,640 14,741 15,176 15,300 15,300 15,400	64,698 48,465 75,171 90,637 191,785 183,457 188,148 189,290 191,706 193,186 199,009 199,858 199,700 200,700 203,000	55,776 42,029 68,359 82,811 180,806 171,657 175,348 176,121 177,313 178,568 184,385 185,038 184,500 185,200 187,300	8,922 6,436 6,812 7,826 10,979 11,800 12,800 13,168 14,392 14,618 14,624 14,820 15,200 15,500 15,700 16,000
Nov. 28. Dec. 31 1952—Jan. 30 <sup>p</sup> Feb. 27 <sup>p</sup> . Mar. 26 <sup>p</sup> Apr. 30 <sup>p</sup> June 25 <sup>p</sup> . July 30 <sup>p</sup>	22,300 22,695 22,900 23,100 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300	4,700 4,700 4,700 4,700 4,700 4,700 4,700 4,700 4,800	179,400 181,323 179,900 179,300 180,100 179,900 180,600 182,500 185,200	66,500 67,597 66,700 67,000 67,700 68,100 68,500 69,600 70,000	97,400 97,808 97,300 96,200 96,100 95,200 95,200 95,300 96,000 98,000	71,500 71,343 71,800 71,100 70,900 70,200 70,500 70,800 72,600	23,200 23,801 22,800 22,600 22,500 22,400 22,300 22,600 22,800	2,700 2,664 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600	15,500 15,918 15,900 16,100 16,400 16,600 16,800 17,000	206,400 208,724 207,600 207,200 208,200 207,900 208,700 210,600	190,500 193,404 191,600 191,500 192,300 192,200 192,900 195,000 197,300	15,900 15,320 15,700 15,700 15,700 15,700 15,800 15,600 16,000

[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. In millions of dollars]

					De	posits ar	nd Curren	су				
			U. S. Go	vernment	balances		Ι	Deposits a	djusted an	d currenc	y	
Date	Total	Foreign bank		At com-	At				Time d	eposits 3		Cur-
	Total	deposits, net	Treas- ury cash	mercial and savings banks	Federal Reserve Banks	Total	Demand deposits <sup>2</sup>	Total	Com- mercial banks	Mutual savings banks 4	Postal Savings System	rency outside banks
1050-June 30.         Dec. 30.         1951-June 30.         July 25.         Aug. 29.         Sept. 26.         Oct. 31.         Nov. 28.         Dec. 31.         1952-Jan. 30 <sup>*</sup> .         Feb. 27*.	175,348 176,121 177,313 178,568 184,385 185,038 184,500 185,200 185,200 187,300 189,200 190,500 193,404 191,600 191,500	$\begin{array}{c} 365\\ 50\\ 1,217\\ 1,498\\ 2,141\\ 1,885\\ 2,103\\ 2,555\\ 2,518\\ 2,424\\ 2,400\\ 2,300\\ 2,300\\ 2,200\\ 2,100\\ 2,100\\ 2,100\\ 2,100\\ 2,100\\ 2,200\\ $	204 264 2,409 2,215 2,287 2,272 1,336 1,325 1,298 1,293 1,281 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300	381 852 846 1,895 24,608 3,103 1,452 2,451 3,801 2,989 6,332 4,600 4,100 5,100 4,100 5,100 3,700 3,800 3,605 2,800 2,800 2,800	$1,123 \\ 821 \\ 950 \\ 668 \\ 317 \\ 400 \\ 600 \\ 800 \\ 500 \\ 500 \\ 500 \\ 247 \\ 200 \\ 70$	54,790 40,828 63,253 76,336 150,793 164,004 170,008 169,781 169,964 176,917 174,684 175,800 177,000 177,900 177,900 181,600 182,700 185,984 185,920	22,540 14,411 29,793 38,992 75,851 87,121 85,520 85,040 92,272 88,960 90,700 91,400 92,000 90,700 95,000 95,000 96,300 98,234 98,234	28,611 21,656 27,059 27,729 48,452 56,411 57,520 58,616 59,739 59,247 59,948 60,000 60,500 60,900 60,500 61,447 61,700 62,000	19,557 10,849 15,258 15,884 30,135 33,808 35,249 35,804 35,804 36,719 36,719 36,719 36,710 37,100 37,100 37,500 37,500 37,500 37,500 37,500 37,819 38,000 38,200	8,905 9,621 10,523 10,533 15,385 15,385 16,869 17,746 19,273 20,009 20,382 20,400 20,500 20,400 20,500 20,600 20,600 20,600 20,600 20,600 20,887 20,887 20,880 20,800 20,500 20,600 20,0000 20,0000 20,000 20,0000 20,00000000	149 1,186 1,278 1,313 2,932 3,283 3,329 3,329 2,923 2,923 2,923 2,923 2,923 2,923 2,923 2,923 2,923 2,900 2,700 2,700 2,700 2,700 2,700	3,639 4,761 6,401 9,615 26,490 26,476 26,730 25,415 25,185 25,185 25,398 25,776 25,100 25,300 25,400 25,700 25,800 25,700 25,800 25,600 25,600
Mar. 26 <sup>p</sup> Apr. 30 <sup>p</sup> May 28 <sup>p</sup> June 25 <sup>p</sup> July 30 <sup>p</sup>	192,200 192,900 195,000	2,200 2,200 2,300 2,300 2,500	1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300	5,800 4,500 4,400 5,900 6,800	600 100	182,900 183,800 184,400 185,300 186,100	94,800 95,100 95,300 95,800 96,100	62,400 62,700 63,000 63,500 63,800	38,500 38,600 38,900 39,100 39,400	21,300 21,400 21,600 21,800 21,900	2,700 2,700 2,600 2,600 2,600	25,700 25,900 26,000 26,000 26,200

P Preliminary

Preliminary.
<sup>1</sup> Treasury funds included are the gold account, Treasury currency account, and Exchange Stabilization Fund.
<sup>1</sup> Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.
<sup>4</sup> Excludes interbank time deposits; United States Treasurer's time deposits, open account; and deposits of Postal Savings System in banks.
<sup>4</sup> Prior to June 30, 1947, includes a relatively small amount of demand deposits.
<sup>6</sup> Less than 50 million dollars.
NOTE.—For description of statement and back figures, see BULLETIN for January 1948, pp. 24-32. The composition of a few items differs slightly from the description in the BULLETIN article; stock of Federal Reserve Banks held by member banks is included in "Other securities" and in "Capital and miscellaneous accounts, net" and balances of the Postal Savings System and the Exchange Stabilization Fund with the U. S. Treesury are netted against the same item instead of against U. S. Government deposits and Treasury cash.
<sup>6</sup> Treasury cash. Total deposits and currency shown in the monthly *Chart Book* excludes "Foreign bank deposits, net" and "Treasury cash." Except on call dates, figures are rounded to nearest 100 million dollars and may not add to the totals. See *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, Table 9, pp. 34-35, for back figures for deposits and currency.

## ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES \*

#### PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, AND NUMBER OF BANKS

[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. Amounts in millions of dollars]

		Loans	and inves	tments				Dep	osits			
			I	nvestment	s	Crah			Ot	her	Total	Number
Class of bank and date	Total	Loans	Total	U. S. Govern- ment obliga- tions	Other secu- rities	Cash assets <sup>1</sup>	Total 1	Inter- bank <sup>1</sup>	De- mand	Time	capital accounts	of
All banks: 1939—Dec. 30 1941—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—June 30 July 25 Dec. 31 1952—Apr. 30p June 25p July 30p	50,884 61,126 140,227 131,698 134,924 133,693 140,598 148,021 147,742 147,874 147,742 147,869 155,250 156,150 157,890 160,080	26,615 30,362 35,648 43,002 48,174 49,544 60,386 63,840 63,750 67,608 68,490 68,920 70,100	28,719 34,511 109,865 96,050 91,923 85,519 91,054 87,635 83,901 84,120 87,261 86,760 87,230 87,790 89,800	$19,417 \\ 25,511 \\ 101,288 \\ 86,558 \\ 81,199 \\ 74,097 \\ 78,433 \\ 72,894 \\ 68,726 \\ 68,726 \\ 68,850 \\ 71,343 \\ 70,210 \\ 70,450 \\ 70,840 \\ 72,570 \\ \end{array}$	9,302 8,999 8,577 9,491 10,723 11,422 12,621 14,741 15,176 15,918 16,550 16,780 16,950 17,230	$\begin{array}{c} 23,292\\ 27,344\\ 35,415\\ 35,041\\ 38,388\\ 39,474\\ 36,522\\ 41,086\\ 38,235\\ 37,740\\ 45,531\\ 40,050\\ 39,350\\ 40,460\\ 40,120\\ \end{array}$	68,242 81,816 165,612 155,902 161,865 161,248 164,467 175,296 171,020 185,756 179,360 179,310 182,540 183,460	9,874 10,982 14,065 12,656 13,033 12,269 12,710 14,039 11,947 12,390 15,087 12,340 12,200 12,600 12,600	$\begin{array}{c} 32,516\\ 44,355\\ 105,935\\ 92,462\\ 95,727\\ 94,671\\ 96,156\\ 104,744\\ 102,527\\ 101,150\\ 111,644\\ 106,670\\ 106,400\\ 108,650\\ 109,340\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 25,852\\ 26,479\\ 45,613\\ 50,784\\ 53,105\\ 54,308\\ 55,601\\ 56,513\\ 57,386\\ 57,386\\ 57,480\\ 57,480\\ 59,025\\ 60,350\\ 60,710\\ 61,200\\ 61,520\\ \end{array}$	8,194 8,414 10,542 11,360 11,948 12,479 13,088 13,837 14,236 14,270 14,623 14,890 14,940 14,990 15,030	$\begin{array}{c} 15,035\\ 14,826\\ 14,553\\ 14,585\\ 14,714\\ 14,703\\ 14,687\\ 14,636\\ 14,636\\ 14,636\\ 14,608\\ 14,608\\ 14,608\\ 14,604\\ 14,605\\ \end{array}$
All commercial banks: 1939-Dec. 30 1941-Dec. 31 1945-Dec. 31 1946-Dec. 31 1947-Dec. 31 1948-Dec. 31 1948-Dec. 31 1950-Dec. 30 1950-Dec. 31 1952-Apr. 30 1952-Apr. 30 May 28 Jung 25 Jung 30 Jung 30	50 746	26,083 31,122 38,057 42,488 42,965 52,249 54,821 54,590 57,746 58,220 58,520 59,570	23,430 29,032 97,936 82,871 78,226 71,811 77,232 74,426 71,480 74,863 74,120 74,540 75,200 76,990	$\begin{array}{c} 16,316\\ 21,808\\ 90,606\\ 74,780\\ 69,221\\ 62,622\\ 67,005\\ 62,027\\ 58,521\\ 58,720\\ 61,524\\ 60,450\\ 60,700\\ 61,230\\ 62,810\\ \end{array}$	7,114 7,225 7,331 8,091 9,006 9,189 10,227 12,399 12,760 13,339 13,670 13,840 13,970 14,180	$\begin{array}{c} 22,474\\ 26,551\\ 34,806\\ 34,223\\ 37,502\\ 38,596\\ 40,289\\ 37,384\\ 36,920\\ 44,645\\ 39,220\\ 38,530\\ 39,240\\ 39,360\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 57,718\\71,283\\150,227\\139,033\\144,103\\142,843\\145,174\\155,265\\151,457\\150,560\\164,840\\157,910\\157,720\\160,740\\161,560\\\end{array}$	9,874 10,982 14,065 12,656 13,032 12,269 14,039 11,946 12,390 15,086 12,340 12,200 12,690 12,600	$\begin{array}{c} 32,513\\ 44,349\\ 105,921\\ 92,446\\ 95,711\\ 94,654\\ 96,136\\ 104,723\\ 102,507\\ 101,130\\ 111,618\\ 106,640\\ 106,370\\ 108,620\\ 109,310 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 15,331\\ 15,952\\ 30,241\\ 33,930\\ 35,360\\ 35,921\\ 36,328\\ 36,503\\ 37,004\\ 37,040\\ 38,137\\ 38,930\\ 39,150\\ 39,430\\ 39,650\\ \end{array}$	6,885 7,173 8,950 9,577 10,059 10,480 11,590 11,590 11,980 12,216 12,460 12,530 12,530	$14,484\\14,278\\14,011\\14,044\\14,181\\14,171\\14,156\\14,121\\14,107\\14,108\\14,089\\14,073\\14,075\\14,075\\14,076\\$
All member banks: 1939—Dec. 30, 1941—Dec. 31, 1945—Dec. 31, 1946—Dec. 31, 1947—Dec. 31, 1948—Dec. 31, 1950—Dec. 30, 1951—June 30, July 25, Dec. 31, 1952—Apr. 30p, June 25p, June 32p, June 25p, July 30p,	107,424 106,563 106,502 112,247 111,753 112,379	$\begin{array}{c} 26,696\\ 32,628\\ 36,060\\ 36,230\\ 44,705\\ 46,866\\ 46,658\\ 49,561\\ 49,806\\ 50,026\\ 50,955\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 19.979\\ 25,500\\ 84.408\\ 69,666\\ 65.218\\ 59.556\\ 65.297\\ 62.719\\ 59.698\\ 59.844\\ 62.687\\ 61.947\\ 62.353\\ 63.071\\ 64,626\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14,328\\ 19,539\\ 78,338\\ 63,042\\ 57,914\\ 52,154\\ 56,883\\ 52,365\\ 49,108\\ 49,209\\ 51,621\\ 50,590\\ 50,826\\ 51,430\\ 52,786 \end{array}$	5,651 5,961 6,070 6,625 7,304 7,402 8,414 10,355 10,590 10,635 11,065 11,357 11,527 11,521 11,840	$\begin{array}{c} 19.782\\ 23.123\\ 29.845\\ 29.587\\ 32.845\\ 34.203\\ 31.317\\ 35.524\\ 33.244\\ 32.607\\ 39.252\\ 34.528\\ 33.982\\ 34.770\\ 34.641 \end{array}$	49,340 61,717 129,670 118,170 122,528 121,362 123,885 133,089 129,737 128,605 134,650 134,650 134,519 137,267 137,807	9,410 10,525 13,640 12,060 12,403 11,641 12,097 13,447 11,347 11,781 14,425 11,796 11,665 12,151 12,063	28,231 38,846 91,820 78,920 81,785 80,881 82,628 90,306 88,678 87,105 95,968 91,607 91,418 93,447 93,921	$\begin{array}{c} 11,699\\ 12,347\\ 24,210\\ 27,190\\ 28,340\\ 29,160\\ 29,336\\ 29,712\\ 29,719\\ 30,623\\ 31,247\\ 31,436\\ 31,669\\ 31,823\\ \end{array}$	5,522 5,886 7,589 8,095 8,464 9,174 9,695 9,987 10,003 10,218 10,419 10,453 10,479 10,506	6,362 6,619 6,884 6,900 6,923 6,918 6,892 6,873 6,859 6,856 6,856 6,856 6,824 6,824 6,821 6,812
All mutual savings banks: 1939—Dec. 30 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—June 30 July 25 Dec. 31 1952—Apr. 30p May 28p June 25p. July 30p	10,216 10,379 16,208 17,704 18,641 19,395 20,400 21,346 21,697 21,800 22,259 22,259	4,944 5,686 6,578 8,137 9,020 9,160 9,862	5,289 5,478 11,928 13,696 13,709 13,822 13,209 12,640 12,398 12,640 12,690 12,590 12,810	$\begin{array}{c} 3,101\\ 3,704\\ 10,682\\ 11,778\\ 11,978\\ 11,476\\ 11,428\\ 10,868\\ 10,205\\ 10,130\\ 9,819\\ 9,760\\ 9,750\\ 9,610\\ 9,760\\ 9,760\\ \end{array}$	2,188 1,774 1,246 1,400 1,718 2,334 2,342 2,472 2,579 2,880 2,940 2,980 3,050	818 793 609 818 886 878 873 797 851 820 886 830 820 970 760	10,524 10,533 15,385 16,869 17,763 18,405 20,031 20,404 20,460 20,915 21,450 21,590 21,590 21,800	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 6 14 16 17 20 20 20 20 20 20 30 30 30 30	10,521 10,527 15,371 16,853 17,745 18,387 19,273 20,009 20,382 20,440 20,888 21,420 20,888 21,420 21,560 21,560 21,770	1,309 1,241 1,592 1,784 1,889 2,122 2,247 2,285 2,290 2,407 2,430 2,440 2,460 2,460	551 548 542 533 532 529 529 529 529 529 529 529 529 529 52

P Preliminary, \* "All banks" comprise "all commercial banks" and "all mutual savings banks." "All commercial banks" comprise "all nonmember com-mercial banks" and "all member banks" with exception of three mutual savings banks that became members in 1941. Stock savings banks and nondepesii trust companies are included with "commercial" banks. Number of banks includes a few noninsured banks for which asset and lia-bility data are not available. Comparability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in Federal Reserve membership. insurance status, and the reserve classifications of cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc. Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal balances, which on Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated 513 million dollars at all member banks and 525 million at all insured commercial banks. For other footnotes see following two pages.

## ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES \*-Continued

## PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, AND NUMBER OF BANKS-Continued

[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. Amounts in millions of dollars]

			and inves	tments					osits	·		
			I	nvestment	s				Ot	her	Total	Number
Class of bank and date	Total	Loans	Total	U. S. Govern- ment obliga- tions	Other secu- rities	Cash assets <sup>1</sup>	Total <sup>1</sup>	Inter- bank <sup>1</sup>	De- mand	Time	capital accounts	Number of banks
Central reserve city member banks: New York City: 1939-Dec. 30 1941-Dec. 31 1945-Dec. 31 1946-Dec. 31 1947-Dec. 31 1949-Dec. 31 1950-Dec. 30 1951-June 30 July 25 Dec. 31 1952-Apr. 30p June 25p July 30p	9,339 12,896 26,143 20,393 18,759 19,583 20,612 20,604 20,001 21,379 20,990 21,346 21,833 21,804	$\begin{array}{c} 3,296\\ 4,072\\ 7,334\\ 6,368\\ 7,179\\ 8,048\\ 7,550\\ 9,729\\ 10,234\\ 10,089\\ 11,146\\ 11,113\\ 11,168\\ 11,449\\ 11,080\\ \end{array}$	6,043 8,823 18,809 14,465 10,712 12,033 10,833 10,370 9,912 9,912 10,233 9,877 10,724	$\begin{array}{r} 4.772\\ 7.265\\ 17.574\\ 13.308\\ 11.972\\ 9.649\\ 10.746\\ 8.993\\ 8.460\\ 7.918\\ 8.129\\ 7.775\\ 8.008\\ 8.193\\ 8.407\\ \end{array}$	1,272 1,559 1,235 1,242 1,063 1,242 1,063 1,910 1,910 1,910 2,102 2,170 2,191 2,317	$\begin{array}{c} 6.703\\ 6.637\\ 6.439\\ 7.261\\ 7.758\\ 6.982\\ 7.393\\ 6.816\\ 8.564\\ 7.682\\ 7.682\\ 7.682\\ 7.840\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14,509\\ 17,932\\ 30,121\\ 24,723\\ 25,216\\ 44,024\\ 23,983\\ 25,646\\ 25,064\\ 23,695\\ 26,859\\ 25,268\\ 26,548\\ 26,191\\ 26,107\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4,238\\ 4,207\\ 4,657\\ 4,246\\ 4,464\\ 4,213\\ 4,107\\ 4,638\\ 4,107\\ 4,832\\ 4,175\\ 4,832\\ 4,175\\ 4,822\\ 4,203\\ \end{array}$	9,533 12,917 24,227 19,028 19,307 18,131 19,287 19,291 17,940 20,348 19,374 19,374 19,627 20,117 20,172	736 807 1,236 1,445 1,680 1,651 1,722 1,666 1,598 1,717 1,772 1,792 1,732	1,592 1,648 2,120 2,205 2,306 2,312 2,351 2,398 2,398 2,398 2,454 2,454 2,454 2,454	36 36 37 37 37 25 23 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
Chicago: 1939—Dec. 30 1945—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—June 30 July 25 1952—Apr. 30p June 25p June 25p July 30p	2,105 2,760 5,931 4,765 5,088 4,799 5,424 5,520 5,422 5,731 5,458 5,458 5,688 5,805	$\begin{array}{r} 569\\ 954\\ 1,333\\ 1,499\\ 1,801\\ 1,783\\ 1,618\\ 2,083\\ 2,215\\ 2,235\\ 2,2468\\ 2,370\\ 2,402\\ 2,468\\ 2,432\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,536\\ 1,806\\ 4,598\\ 3,266\\ 3,287\\ 3,016\\ 3,806\\ 3,487\\ 3,305\\ 3,187\\ 3,264\\ 3,086\\ 3,086\\ 3,056\\ 3,220\\ 3,373\end{array}$	1,203 1,430 4,213 2,912 2,890 2,633 3,324 2,911 2,742 2,648 2,711 2,545 2,511 2,664 2,802	333 376 385 355 397 383 482 576 564 559 552 556 556 571	$\begin{array}{c} 1,446\\ 1,566\\ 1,489\\ 1,545\\ 1,739\\ 1,932\\ 1,850\\ 2,034\\ 1,898\\ 1,906\\ 2,196\\ 1,994\\ 1,994\\ 1,992\\ 2,015\\ 2,077\\ \end{array}$	3,330 4,057 7,046 5,905 6,402 6,293 6,810 7,109 6,788 7,402 6,788 7,402 6,877 6,913 7,070 7,198	888 1,035 1,312 1,153 1,217 1,064 1,191 1,228 1,040 1,151 1,307 1,091 1,085 1,184 1,181	$\begin{array}{c} 1,947\\ 2,546\\ 5,015\\ 3,922\\ 4,273\\ 4,227\\ 4,535\\ 4,778\\ 4,552\\ 4,778\\ 4,527\\ 4,952\\ 4,645\\ 4,689\\ 4,738\\ 4,877\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 495\\ 476\\ 719\\ 829\\ 913\\ 1,001\\ 1,083\\ 1,103\\ 1,126\\ 1,110\\ 1,143\\ 1,141\\ 1,139\\ 1,148\\ 1,140\end{array}$	250 288 377 404 426 444 470 490 501 497 513 520 524 526 527	14 13 14 14 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13
Reserve city member banks:												
1939—Dec. 30 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—June 30 July 25 Dec. 31 1952—Apr. 30p May 28p June 25p July 30p 	$\begin{array}{c} 12,272\\ 15,347\\ 40,108\\ 35,351\\ 36,040\\ 35,332\\ 38,301\\ 40,685\\ 39,991\\ 40,434\\ 42,694\\ 42,463\\ 42,463\\ 42,559\\ 43,373\\ 44,088\\ \end{array}$	5,329 7,105 8,514 10,825 13,449 14,285 14,370 17,906 18,558 18,517 19,651 19,577 19,563 19,900 20,070	6,944 8,243 31,594 24,527 22,591 21,047 23,931 22,779 21,432 21,917 23,043 22,886 22,996 23,473 24,018	$\begin{array}{c} 5,194\\ 6,467\\ 29,552\\ 22,250\\ 20,196\\ 18,594\\ 19,084\\ 17,659\\ 18,174\\ 19,194\\ 18,807\\ 18,807\\ 18,829\\ 19,240\\ 19,750\\ \end{array}$	$1,749 \\ 1,776 \\ 2,042 \\ 2,276 \\ 2,396 \\ 2,453 \\ 2,980 \\ 3,695 \\ 3,774 \\ 3,743 \\ 3,849 \\ 4,079 \\ 4,167 \\ 4,233 \\ 4,268 \\ 1,768 \\ 1,77$	6,785 8,518 11,286 11,654 13,066 13,317 12,168 13,998 13,175 12,810 15,199 13,454 13,147 13,478 13,201	$\begin{array}{c} 17,741\\ 22,313\\ 49,085\\ 44,477\\ 46,467\\ 45,943\\ 47,559\\ 51,437\\ 49,874\\ 49,807\\ 54,466\\ 51,900\\ 51,593\\ 52,941\\ 52,902\\ \end{array}$	3,686 4,460 5,570 5,649 5,713 6,448 5,264 5,264 5,499 6,976 5,502 5,502 5,421 5,671 5,665	$\begin{array}{r} 9,439\\ 13,047\\ 32,877\\ 28,049\\ 29,395\\ 29,153\\ 30,182\\ 33,342\\ 32,791\\ 32,467\\ 35,218\\ 33,879\\ 33,586\\ 34,577\\ 34,444\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4,616\\ 4,806\\ 9,760\\ 10,858\\ 11,423\\ 11,391\\ 11,664\\ 11,647\\ 11,819\\ 12,272\\ 12,519\\ 12,586\\ 12,693\\ 12,793\\ \end{array}$	1,828 1,967 2,566 2,728 2,844 2,928 3,087 3,322 3,431 3,429 3,521 3,606 3,625 3,642 3,641	346 351 359 355 341 324 324 321 320 320 320 319
Country member banks: 1939—Dec. 30 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1950—Dec. 31 July 25 Dec. 31 1952—Apr. 30p May 28p June 25p July 30p	35,412 36,324 36,726 38,219 40,558 40,448 40,645 42,444 42,844 43,132	$\begin{array}{r} 4.768\\ 5,890\\ 5,596\\ 8.004\\ 10,199\\ 11,945\\ 12,692\\ 14,988\\ 15,858\\ 15,817\\ 16,296\\ 16,746\\ 16,893\\ 17,138\\ 17,325\\ \end{array}$	5,456 6,628 29,407 27,408 26,125 24,782 25,527 25,570 24,828 26,148 26,123 25,994 26,511	$\begin{array}{r} 3.159\\ 4.377\\ 26.999\\ 24.572\\ 22.857\\ 21.278\\ 21.862\\ 21.377\\ 20.247\\ 20.469\\ 21.587\\ 21.463\\ 21.478\\ 21.333\\ 21.827\\ \end{array}$	2,297 2,250 2,408 2,836 3,268 3,504 3,665 4,193 4,343 4,343 4,343 4,359 4,645 4,661 4,684	$\begin{array}{r} 4,848\\ 6,402\\ 10,632\\ 10,151\\ 10,778\\ 11,196\\ 10,314\\ 11,571\\ 10,779\\ 11,075\\ 13,292\\ 11,398\\ 11,159\\ 11,545\\ 11,523\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,762\\ 17,415\\ 43,418\\ 43,066\\ 44,443\\ 45,534\\ 45,534\\ 48,897\\ 47,877\\ 47,877\\ 48,315\\ 52,288\\ 50,607\\ 50,465\\ 51,065\\ 51,600\\ 51,600\\ \end{array}$	598 822 1,223 1,091 1,073 964 1,001 1,133 936 974 1,309 1,028 988 1,014 1,014	7,312 10,335 29,700 27,921 28,810 29,370 32,899 31,840 32,171 35,449 33,709 33,538 34,015 34,428	5,852 6,258 12,494 14,053 14,560 14,762 14,865 15,170 15,170 15,530 15,939 16,036 16,158	1,851 1,982 2,525 2,757 2,934 3,123 3,305 3,532 3,658 3,681 3,850 3,850 3,850 3,850 3,874	5,966 6,219 6,476 6,519 6,513 6,501 6,500 6,498 6,484 6,469 6,466 6,465 6,458

<sup>1</sup>Beginning with December 31, 1947, the all bank series was revised as announced in November 1947 by the Federal bank supervisory agencies. At that time a net of 115 noninsured nonmember commercial banks with total loans and investments of approximately 110 million dollars was added, and 8 banks with total loans and investments of 34 million were transferred from noninsured mutual savings to nonmember commercial banks. For other footnotes see preceding and opposite pages.

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## ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES \*--- Continued

## PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, AND NUMBER OF BANKS-Continued

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

		Loans	and invest		nts in mil			Dep	osits			
			I	nvestment	s				Ot	her		
Class of bank and date	Total	Loans	Total	U.S. Govern- ment obliga- tions	Other secu- rities	Cash assets 1	Total <sup>1</sup>	Inter- bank <sup>1</sup>	De- mand	Time	Total capital accounts	Number of banks
All insured commercial banks:           1941—Dec. 31           1945—Dec. 31           1949—Dec. 31           1950—Dec. 30           1951—June 30           Dec. 31	121,809 112,286 118,278 124,822	21,259 25,765 41,968 42,485 51,723 54,306 57,256	28,031 96,043 70,318 75,793 73,099 69,825 73,564	21.046 88.912 61.388 65.820 60,986 57,427 60,533	6,984 7,131 8,929 9,974 12,113 12,398 13,031	25,788 34,292 38,087 35,207 39,821 36,960 44,176	69,411 147,775 140,642 143,138 153,288 149,461 162,908	10,654 13,883 11,900 12,368 13,744 11,582 14,777	43,059 104,015 93,300 94,914 103,499 101,328 110,382	15,699 29,876 35,441 35,856 36,045 36,551 37,749	6,844 8,671 10,158 10,645 11,263 11,622 11,902	13,426 13,297 13,413 13,429 13,432 13,437 13,439
National member banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—June 30 Dec. 31	27,571 69,312 63,845 67,943 72,090 71,014 75,255	11,725 13,925 23,752 23,853 29,184 30,479 32,317	15,845 55,387 40,093 44,090 42,906 40,534 42,938	12,039 51,250 34,852 38,161 35,587 32,965 35,063	3,806 4,137 5,241 5,930 7,320 7,569 7,875	14,977 20,114 22,974 20,995 23,763 22,198 25,951	39,458 84,939 81,407 83,113 89,281 86,589 94,173	6,786 9,229 7,842 8,278 9,133 7,625 9,788	24,350 59,486 54,020 55,034 60,251 58,715 63,477	8,322 16,224 19,545 19,801 19,897 20,248 20,908	3,640 4,644 5.657 5,920 6,313 6,504 6,653	5,117 5,017 4,991 4,975 4,958 4,946 4,939
State member banks: 1941-Dec. 31 1945-Dec. 31 1948-Dec. 31 1949-Dec. 31 1950-Dec. 30 1951-June 30 Dec. 31	$\begin{array}{c} 15,950\\ 37,871\\ 31,771\\ 33,585\\ 35,334\\ 35,550\\ 36,992 \end{array}$	6,295 8,850 12,308 12,378 15,521 16,386 17,243	9,654 29,021 19,463 21,207 19,813 19,163 19,748	7,500 27,089 17,301 18,722 16,778 16,143 16,558	2,155 1,933 2,161 2,484 3,035 3,020 3,191	8,145 9,731 11,228 10,322 11,762 11,046 13,301	22,259 44,730 39,955 40,772 43,808 43,149 46,843	3,739 4,411 3,799 3,819 4,315 3,722 4,637	14,495 32,334 26,862 27,594 30,055 29,963 32,491	4,025 7,986 9,295 9,359 9,438 9,464 9,715	2,246 2,945 3,144 3,254 3,381 3,483 3,565	1,502 1,867 1,927 1,917 1,915 1,913 1,901
Insured nonmember commercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31 1951—June 30 Dec. 31	5,776 14,639 16,685 16,766 17,414 17,585 18,591	3,241 2,992 5,911 6,258 7,023 7,446 7,701	2,535 11,647 10,774 10,508 10,391 10,139 10,890	1,509 10,584 9,246 8,947 8,632 8,330 8,923	1,025 1,063 1,528 1,561 1,759 1,810 1,967	2,668 4,448 3,887 3,892 4,299 3,718 4,926	7,702 18,119 19,296 19,269 20,216 19,741 21,912	129 244 259 272 297 235 353	4,213 12,196 12,419 12,285 13,194 12,650 14,415	3,360 5,680 6,618 6,712 6,726 6,857 7,144	959 1,083 1,358 1,473 1,570 1,637 1,686	6,810 6,416 6,498 6,540 6,562 6,581 6,602
Noninsured nonmem- ber commercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—June 30 Dec. 31	1,457 2,211 2,013 1,919 1,853 1,913 1,789	455 318 520 481 527 514 490	1,002 1,893 1,493 1,438 1,327 1,399 1,299	761 1,693 1,234 1,185 1,040 1,094 991	241 200 259 253 286 305 308	763 514 509 442 468 423 469	1,872 2,452 2,201 2,036 1,976 1,996 1,932	329 181 368 341 294 364 308	1,291 1,905 1,353 1,223 1,224 1,178 1,235	253 365 479 472 458 453 388	329 279 322 321 327 329 314	852 714 758 727 689 670 650
All nonmember com- mercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31 Dec. 31	18,698 18,686 19,267 19,499	3,696 3,310 6,431 6,739 7,550 7,960 8,192	3,536 13,539 12,267 11,947 11,718 11,538 12,189	2,270 12,277 10,479 10,132 9,672 9,423 9,914	1,266 1,262 1,788 1,814 2,046 2,115 2,275	3,431 4,962 4,396 4,334 4,767 4,141 5,395	9,574 20,571 21,497 21,305 22,193 21,737 23,843	457 425 628 613 591 599 661	5,504 14,101 13,772 13,508 14,417 13,828 15,650	3,613 6,045 7,097 7,184 7,184 7,310 7,533	1,288 1,362 1,680 1,794 1,897 1,966 1,999	7,662 7,130 7,256 7,267 7,251 7,251 7,252
Insured mutual savings banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1950—Dec. 30 Dec. 31	1,693 10,846	642 3,081 4,109 4,814 6,086 6,829 7,523	1,050 7,765 9,202 9,394 9,015 8,839 8,668	629 7,160 7,795 7,832 7,487 7,169 6,921	421 606 1,407 1,562 1,528 1,670 1,746	151 429 684 682 617 688 695	1,789 10,363 12,772 13,592 14,320 14,924 15,368	1  1 2	12 14 16 19 18 23	1,789 10,351 12,757 13,575 14,301 14,905 15,343	164 1,034 1,334 1,420 1,513 1,582 1,678	52 192 193 192 194 201 202
Noninsured mutual savings banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 <sup>2</sup> 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—June 30 Dec. 31	6,083 6,192	4,259 1,198 1,577 1,764 2,050 2,191 2,339	4,428 4,163 4,506 4,428 4,194 3,838 3,730	3,075 3,522 3,680 3,596 3,380 3,036 2,897	1,353 641 826 832 814 802 833	642 180 194 191 180 163 191	8,744 5,022 5,633 5,702 5,711 5,479 5,547		6 2 3 3 3 2 3	8,738 5,020 5,631 5,699 5,708 5,477 5,544	1,077 558 665 702 734 702 729	496 350 339 339 335 328 327

For footnotes see preceding two pages.

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 1-7, pp. 16-23; for description, see pp. 5-15 in the same publication. For revisions in series prior to June 30, 1947, see BULLETIN for July 1947, pp. 870-871.

## ALL INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES \*

## LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[In millions of dollars]

					Loan	s 1							Inv	estment	ts			
	Trad		Com- mer-		Loan purch	asing					<u> </u>	. s. g	overnm	ent ob	ligation	s	Obli- ga-	
Class of bank and call date	Total loans and invest-		cial, in- clud-	Agri- cul-	or car secur		Real es-	Con-	Other				Di	rect	·		tions of States	Other
	ments	Totali	ing open- mar- ket pa- per	tur- al	To brok- ers and deal- ers	To oth- ers	tate loans	sumer loans		Total	Total	Bills	Certifi- cates of in- debt- ed- ness	Notes	Bonds	Guar- an- teed	and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	
All insured commercial banks:																		
1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31.	121,809 112,286 118,278 124,822	25,765 41,968 42,485 51,723	9,461 18,761 16,935 21,776	1,314 2,775 2,963 2,823	3,164 1,336 1,749 1,789	3,606 939 855 1,036	10,666 11,405 13,389	1,351 4,907 6,002 7,628	2,191 2,992 3,124 3,955	96,043 70,318 75,793 73,099	21,046 88,912 61,388 65,820 60,986 60,533	2,455 2,821 3,692 4,118	10,065 12,479 1,932	16,045 3,394 5,810	45,100 43,833 38,168	22 8 6	3,651 3,873 5,509 6,400 7,933 8,989	3,258 3,420 3,574 4,179
Member banks, total: 1941—Dec. 31.	43 521	18,021	8 671	972	594	598	3,494	3,0	02	25 500	19,539	971		3 007	11,729	3 837	3 000	2 871
1941—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—June 30.	107,183 95,616 101,528 107,424	22,775 36,060 36,230 44,705	8,949 17,631 15,857 20,521	855 1,800 1,945 1,808	3,133 1,324 1,737 1,770	3,378 834 758 927	3,455 8,244 8,834 10,522	1,027 3,933 4,776 6,167	1,977 2,658 2,809 3,585	84,408 59,556 65,297 62,719	78,338 52,154 56,883 52,365 51,621 51,261	2,275 2,588 3,389 3,665	10,409	14,271 2,800 5,085 14,054 9,596	44,792 38,761 37,996	16 5 4 8 15	3,254 4,480 5,274 6,640 7,528 8,125	2,815 2,922 3,140 3,714 3,538
New York City: <sup>2</sup> 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 30. 1952—June 30.	26,143 18,759 19,583 20,612 21,379	4,072 7,334 8,048 7,550 9,729 11,146 11,268	1 5.642	· · · · · ·	412 2,453 1,102 1,410 1,421 1,219 1,619	225	123 80 224 256 442 514 426	76 313 377 540 520	636 621 850 950	$18,809 \\ 10,712$	8,129	589 720 824 1,122	3,433 1,183 1,785 250 616 692	3,325 365 835 1,711 1,428	$\begin{array}{c c} 7.405 \\ 6.206 \\ 4.960 \end{array}$	1 2 2	729 606 563 752 1,123 1,385 1,436	830 629 500 535 767 719 794
Chicago: <sup>2</sup> 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—June 30.	2,760 5,931 4,799 5,424 5,569 5,731 5,664	1,333 1,783 1,618 2,083 2,468	732 760 1,412 1,211 1,567 1,977 1,856	6 2 4 7 9 16 11	109 110 94	52 233 63 56 69 63 61	22 36 51 51 65 70 67	26 115 115 147	91 147 172	1,806 4,598 3,016 3,806 3,487 3,264 3,284	2,633 3,324 2,911 2,711	133 183	1,467 275 690 131 332 371	700	1,864 1,958 1,945 1,847 1,526		182 181 210 290 335 351 363	193 204 174 192 242 201 201
Reserve city banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 31. 1951—Dec. 31.	$ \begin{array}{r} 35,332\\38,301\\40,685\\42,694\end{array} $	7,105 8,514 14,285 14.370 17,906 19,651 19,745	$3,661 \\ 7,282 \\ 6,704 \\ 8,646 \\ 10,140$	300 205 437 457 392 513 519	427 130 183 207 203		1,459 3,503 3,742 4,423 4,651	1,609 1,965 2,567 2,512	826 1,118 1,212 1,534 1,578	31,594 21,047 23,931 22,779 23,043	6,467 29,552 18,594 20,951 19,084 19,194 19,123	1,056 1,189 1,218 2,524	6,982 3,201 4,180 499 2,493 2,520	5,653 1,090 2,124 5,536 3,640	4,248 15,878 13,247 13,457 11,830 10,528 10,851	5 1 1 8	956 1,126 1,421 1,727 2,184 2,458 2,832	1,254 1,511 1,390
Country banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—June 30.	36,726 38,219 40,558 42,444	5,890 5,596 11,945 12,692 14,988 16,296 17,133	1,484 3,296 3,150 3,980 4,377	$1,480 \\ 1,407 \\ 1.610$	36 33 35	183 471 187 173 187 178 178 179	1,881	492	578	29,407	4,377 26,999 21,278 21,862 21,377 21,587 21,206	630	3 340	1,128 1,768 6,107 4,008	2,926 16,713 16,046 15,189 13,287 12,587 12,817	9 4 5 5	1,222 1,342 2,286 2,505 2,998 3,334 3,494	1,067 1,217 1,160 1,194 1,227
Insured non- member com- mercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31.	17 414	2,992 5,911	1,078	1.015	31 12 12	64 228 105 97 109 109	2,426 2,575 2,872	323 975 1,225 1,461	334	$10,774 \\ 10,508$	110.584	180 234 303	2,066 2,071 465	594 725 2,702	$\begin{array}{c} 6,538\\ 6.349\\ 5,846\\ 5,008 \end{array}$	6 3 2 3	563 619 1,030 1,127 1,294 1,462	462 443 498 434 465 505

\* These figures do not include data for banks in possessions of the United States. During 1941 three mutual savings banks became mem-bers of the Federal Reserve System; these banks are included in "member banks" but are *not* included in "all insured commercial banks." Com-parability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in Federal Reserve membership, insurance status, and the reserve classi-fications of cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc. <sup>1</sup> Beginning June 30, 1948, figures for various loan items are shown gross (i. e., before deduction of valuation reserves); they do not add to the total and are not entirely comparable with prior figures. Total loans continue to be shown net.

For other footnotes see opposite page.

## ALL INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES \*-Continued RESERVES AND LIABILITIES

[In millions of dollars]

							Deman	d deposit	:5			Time	deposits			
Class of bank and call date	Re- serves with Federal Re- serve Banks	Cash in vault	Bal- ances with do- mestic banks <sup>3</sup>	De- mand de- posits ad- justed 4	Inter depo Do- mestic <sup>4</sup>		U.S. Gov- ern- ment	States and political subdi- visions	Certi- fied and offi- cers' checks,	Indi- viduals, partner- ships, and cor pora-	Inter- bank	U.S. Gov- ern- ment and Postal Sav-	States and polit- ical subdi- visions	partner- ships, and cor- pora-	Bor- row- ings	Capi- tal ac- counts
									etc.	tions		ings		tions		
All insured com- mercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31	12,396 15,810 20,404 16,428 17,458 19,911	1,829 1,939 1,984 2,145	8,570 11,075 8,947 9,466 10,463 11,561	74,722 84.211	12,566 10,344 10,885 11,955	673 1,248 1,488 1,315 1,442 1,381	3,050 2,788	7,182	2,113 2,338 2,898	36,544 72,593 81,682 82,106 89,922 95,604	158 70 69 169 347 427	59 103 117 182 189 278	1,331	29,277 34,244 34,442 34,525	215 54 14 82	6,844 8,671 10,158 10,645 11,263 11,902
Member banks, total:																
1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30	12,396 15,811 20,406 16,429 17,459 19,912 19,333		6,246 7,117 5,674 6,194 6,868 7,463 6,470	64,184 72,152 72,658 78,370	9,714 12,333 10,098 10,623 11,669 12,634 11,013	1.243	1,709 22,179 2,122 2,838 2,523 3,101 5,439	3,066 4,240 5,850 6,017 6,400 6,666 6,989	2,450 1,962 2,185 2,724	62,950 70,947	140 64 63 164 341 422 469	50 99 111 175 183 257 288	399 927 1,051 1,121 1,238	23.712 27.801 27,934 28.032	26	5,886 7,589 8,801 9,174 9,695 10,218 10,526
New York City: <sup>1</sup> 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30	5,105 4,015 5,643 4,462 4,693 5,246 5,266	93 111 117 112 118 159 168	141 78 67 68 78 79 92	10,761 15,065 15,773 15,182 15,898 16,439 16,070	3,385	607 1,105 1,278 1,084 1,162 1,128 1,096	866 6,940 445 640 451 858 1,651	319 237 241 196 258 321 305	450 1,338 750 895 1,087 1,289 1,079	15,712	6 17 31 113 268 318 350		20 24 37 22	778 1,206 1,646 1,590 1,647 1,614 1,721	195 25 70 5 20	1,648 2,120 2,306 2,312 2,351 2,425 2,460
Chicago: <sup>4</sup> 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30	1,021 942 1,325 1,183 1,216 1,407 1,259	43 36 28 27 30 32 30	298 200 143 159 133 165 135	2,215 3,153 3,604 3,797 3,954 4,121 3,903	1,292 1,038 1,151 1,177 1,269	8 20 26 40 48 38 39	188 258 174	240	34 66 53 60 70 66 52	2,152 3,160 3,702 3,932 4,250 4,404 4,037	1	5	10	719 989 1,069		288 377 444 470 490 513 530
Reserve city banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 30	4,060 6,326 7,701 6,413 6,806 7,582 7,312	425 494 483 482 519 639 551	2,590 2,174 1,845 1,965 2,206 2,356 2,083	11,117 22,372 25,072 25,744 27,938 29,489 28,703	5,213 5,498 6,174 6,695	54 110 168 176 217 192 182	801 1,142 976 1,124	1,144 1,763 2,401 2,478 2,575 2,550 2,689	286 611 649 650 852 822 719	11,127 22,281 25,302 25,912 28,938 30,722 29,258	104 30 19 38 57 90 101	38 46 60 85	160 547 617 631 714	9,563 10,798 10,987 10,956 11,473	2 8 4 25	1,967 2,566 2,928 3,087 3,322 3,521 3,663
Country banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30	2,210 4,527 5,736 4,371 4,745 5,676 5,495	526 796 858 901 976 1,231 1,072	3,216 4,665 3,619 4,002 4,450 4,862 4,159	9,661 23,595 27,703 27,935 30,581 33,051 31,671	790 1,199 943 979 1,111 1,285 1,060	2 8 9 10 11 12	876	1,370 2,004 2,925 3,058 3,282 3,554 3,708	239 435 510 579 715 783 705	30,234	30 17 13 13 12 13 12	52 49 73 82	443 491	12,224 14,369 14,289 14,339 14,914	16	1,982 2,525 3,123 3,305 3,532 3,760 3,873
Insured non- member com- mercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31		271 391 453 463 503 603	2,325 3,959 3,273 3,273 3,596 4,099	4,092 10,537 12,059 11,918 12,729 13,948	108 233 246 261 286 335	2 5 8 6 5 12	201	1,332	151 153 174	10,736 10,517 11,262	18 6 5 6 5	4 6 6	153 182 210	6,524 6,510		959 1,083 1,358 1,473 1,570 1,686

<sup>2</sup> Central reserve city banks.
<sup>3</sup> Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal bank balances, which on Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated 513 million dollars at all member banks and 525 million at all insured commercial banks.
<sup>4</sup> Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection. For other footnotes see preceding page.

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 18-45, pp. 72-103 and 108-113.

## WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-NEW YORK CITY AND OUTSIDE

## LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]

			[Month]			ans 1								tments			
	Tatal		Com-		or pur arrying							U. 1	S. Gove	rnment	obligat	ions	
Date or month	Total loans and invest- ments	Total 1	mer- cial, indus- trial,	To br and d		To a	others	Real estate	Loans to	Other	Total			Cer- tifi-			Other secu-
			and agri- cul- tural	U.S. Govt. ob- liga- tions	Other se- curi- ties	U.S. Govt. ob- liga- tions	Other se- curi- ties	loans	banks	loans		Total	Bills	cates of in- debt- ed- ness	Notes	Bonds <sup>2</sup>	rities
Total— Leading Cities																	
1951—July	70,142	32,673	19,067	420	1,021	128	579	5,544	479	5,895	37,469	30,818	2,405	1,541	7,383	19,489	6,651
1952—May June July	74,523	$34,741 \\ 35,034 \\ 35,769$	20,625	596	1,161 1,241 1,346	93 97 199	567 557 565	5,682 5,702 5,744	457 513 564	6,115 6,254 6,395	38.661 39.489 40.864	31,520 32,214 33,374	3,454 3,904 3,462	3,724 3,689 3,790	5.942	18,442 18,679 20,163	7.275
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	73,956 75,000	34,679 35,257	20,518 20,776	533 559	1,272 1,176 1,218 1,298	93 92 102 103	562 559 552 554	5,686 5,696 5,703 5,722	382 420 618 627	6,236 6,281	39,277 39,743	31,903 32,060 32,407 32,488	$3,856 \\ 4.020$	3,695 3,692 3,706 3,664	5,948	18,584 18,564 18,744 18,826	7,217
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	$76,728 \\ 76,643 \\ 76,191$	35,862 35,757 35,441	$20,580 \\ 20,637$	808 726	1,413 1,335 1,310 1,305 1,366	222 214 211 197 153	567 563 564 565 564	5,726 5,737 5,739 5,753 5,764	759 583 670 423 386	6,373 6,374 6,402	40,866 40,886 40,750	33,582 33,364 33,402 33,256 33,267	$   \begin{array}{r}     3,420 \\     3,483 \\     3,361   \end{array} $	3,885 3,838 3,792 3,736 3,700	5,957 5,962 5,961	20,016 20,149 20,165 20,198 20,288	7,502 7,484 7,494
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Aug. 27	75,344	35,427	20,722 20,799	315 259	1,517 1,450 1,235 1,213	145 136 133 134	571 568 647 648	5,774 5,795 5,802 5,805	640	$6,463 \\ 6,471$	40,062 39,917	32,586 32,500 32,363 32,246	2,789 2,764	3,486 3,448 3,362 3,350	$5,976 \\ 5,980$	20,291 20,287 20,257 20,195	$7,562 \\ 7,554$
New York City																	
1951—July	1 1		6,791	357	i i	26		493	279			7,916	730			5,327	
1952—May June July	20,765 21,205 22,022	11,020 11,126 11,490	7,554 7,579 7,473	428 454 696		17 19 55	212 205 204	445 429 409	272 275 409	1.343	9,745 10,079 10.532	7,939	945 1,077 810	656 631 761	1,366 1,363 1,364	4,868	2,140
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	20,960 21,322 21,591	10,961 11,198 11,376	7,474 7,510 7,662 7,670	404 438		17 17 21 21	209 208 199 205	431 432 428 425	225 276 295 303	1,339		7,892 7,891 7,941 8,033	1,038	621 638 632 632	1,377 1,371 1,352 1,355	4,844 4,882	2,108 2,183
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	22,935 22,133 21,895 21,592 21,559	12,229 11,654 11,437 11,123 11,011	7,508 7,497 7,479 7,469 7,412	597	1,066 1,033 1.049 1,040 1,086	68 65 61 54 28	207 204 202 204 204 204	419 413 407 405 403	615 411 458 280 279	1,356 1,361 1,366	10,706 10,479 10,458 10,469 10,548	8,184 8,187	1,044 737 782 735 752	806 768 734 738 758	1,359 1,361 1,364 1,375 1,363	5,318 5,304 5,339	2,295 2,27 <b>4</b> 2,282
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Aug. 27	21,278 21,140 20,919	11,202 11,111 11,014	7,475 7,522 7,556 7,625			27 24 24 28	208 206 240 239	411 406 402 394	362 352 435 456	1,391 1,410	$10,029 \\ 9,905$	7,779 7,720 7,612 7,691	503 509 559 658	613 572 499 531	1,361 1,359 1,361 1,362	5.280	$2,309 \\ 2,293$
Outside New York City																	
1951—July	50,122	22,524	12,276	63	227	102	346	5,051	200	4.578	27,598	22,902	1,675	1,231	5,834	14,162	4,696
1952May June July	153.318	23,908	13,095 13,046 13,125	138 142 217		76 78 144	355 352 361	5,237 5,273 5,335	185 238 155	4,911	29,410	23,855 24,275 25,121	2,827	3,068 3,058 3,029	4.579	13,744 13,811 14,845	5.135
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	52,996 53,678 53,822	23,718 24,059 24,189	12,950 13,008 13,114 13,114	132 129 121 187	261 226 235 255	76 75 81 82	353 351 353 349	5,255 5,264 5,275 5,297	157 144 323 324	4,857 4,897 4,934 4,957	29,111 29.278 29,619 29,633	24,011 24,169 24,466 24,455	2,627 2,818 2,945 2,917	3,074 3,054 3,074 3,074 3,032	$4.577 \\ 4.585$	13,744 13,720 13,862 13,920	5,109 5,153
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	54,556 54,595 54,748 54,599 54,556	24,243 24,208 24,320 24,318 24,304	13,083 13,158 13,157	235 180 211 244 217	347 302 261 265 280	154 149 150 143 125	360 359 362 361 360	5,307 5,324 5,332 5,348 5,361	144 172 212 143 107	5,013 5,036	30,428 30,281	25,109 25,180 25,218 25,069 25,027	2,690 2,683 2,701 2,626 2,561	3,079 3,070 3,058 2,998 2,942	4,596 4,598 4,586	14,752 14,831 14,861 14,859 14,921	5,207 5,210 5,212
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Aug. 27			13,182 13,200 13,243 13,294	139 128 111 135	258	118 112 109 106	363 362 407 409	5,363 5,389 5,400 5,411	233 281 205 164	5,072	$30,033 \\ 30,012$	24,807 24,780 24,751 24,555	$2,280 \\ 2,205$	2.863	4,617 4,619	14,989 15,007 15,064 15,055	$5,253 \\ 5,261$

<sup>1</sup> Figures for various loan items are shown gross (i. e., before deduction of valuation reserves); they do not add to the total, which is shown net. <sup>2</sup> Includes guaranteed obligations.

## WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-NEW YORK CITY AND OUTSIDE-Continued **RESERVES AND LIABILITIES**

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]

					I	Demand	deposits nterbank		Tin	ne depo pt inter	sits,	I	nterbai leposit				
Date or month	Re- serves with Fed- eral Re- serve Banks	Cash in vault	Bal- ances with do- mestic banks	De- mand de- posits ad- justed?	Indi- vid- uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	States and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	Certi- fied and Offi- cers' checks, etc.	U. S. Gov- ern- ment	Indi- vid- uals, part- ner- ships, and cor- pora- tions	States and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	U. S. Gov- ern- ment and Postal Sav- ings	Dem Do- mes- tic	and For- eign	Time	Bor- row- ings	Cap- ital ac- counts	Bank deb- its 4
Total— Leading Cities																	
1951—July	14,207	861		1	50,716		1,377	3,508	14,675	739	139	9,512	1,278	379	536	6,701	106,499
1952—May June July	14,999	891 962 937			52,737 54,053 53,110		1,571 1,729 1,671	3,145	15,501 15,627 15,683	775 769 772	174 175 182	9,552 9,824 9,988	1,258	426 452 468	991 976 1,245	7,016	121,315 128,404 120,452
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	14,691 15,809	937 990 942 977	2,304 2,363 2,532 2,350	52,516 53,202 53,924 52,870	53,227 54,368 55,334 53,285	3,809 3,600 3,570 3,812	1,516 1,372 2,044 1,984	3,202	15,583 15,608 15,634 15,681	774 770 770 762	174 176 175 178		1,245	454	1,084 1,051 1,056 711	7,017 7,015 7,013 7,021	25,693 33,114
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	14,984 15,060 14,995	899 972 919 935 957	$2,475 \\ 2,307$	52,002 52,448	52,818 52,454 53,915 53,172 53,189	$3,444 \\ 3,491$	2,060 1,603 1,481 1,541 1,668	6,124 5,629 5,199	15,689 15,677 15,669 15,692 15,687	763 765 777 778 779	182 182	10,277 10,266 10,204 9,692 9,502	1,228	467 471 471	1,022 71,101 1,429 1,209 1,491	7,034 7,025 7,008 7,022 7,029	22,376 27,100 26,829
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Aug. 27	14,938	889 943 903 957	2,328	51,764	52,183 53,359 52,709 53,125	3,447	1,298 1,328 1,394 1,263	$4,476 \\ 4,589$	15,713 15,714 15,704 15,717	773 772 767 766	189 189	$10,057 \\ 10,308 \\ 9,921 \\ 9,660$	1,343 1,298	461 466	1,195 1,097 1,267 1,116	7,051 7,047 7,043 7,049	24,006
New York City																	
1951-July					16,096		643		1,477	23	42	2,834		284	331	2,354	
1952—May June July		197 182	33 31	16,504 15,773	16,625	352 260 278	825 901 869	999 2,509 2,509	1,588	25 23 22	49 52 54	2,855	1,039	320 340 353	372 471 382	2,407	55,385
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	5,923	193 212 184 197	29 35	16,240 16,409 16,996 16,370	17,268 17,937	289 265 234 250	733 615 1,131 1,127	938 743 808 1,507		25 22 22 22 22	49 52 52 53	2,753 2,760 3,037 2,871	$1,028 \\ 1,021$	334 342 344 341	600 464 535 285	2,411 2,409 2,405 2,404	10,389
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	5.395	184 194 174 176 181	31 31 31	15,721 15,632 15,626 15,901 15,984	16,376 16,630 16,600	229 292 261 291 316	1,166 804 697 777 904	2,761	1,616 1,593 1,573 1,583 1,575	21 22 23 22 23	53 53 54 55 54	3,115 2,964 2,924 2,796 2,769	$997 \\ 1,000$	353 351 354 354 351	220 380 494 297 518		9,099 10,941 10,629
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Aug. 27	5,230 5,115 5,224 5,003	174 159	33 35	15,420 15,327 15,434 15,871	$16,228 \\ 16,234$	294 260 247 290	592 610	1,882 1,758 1,680 1,474	1,551	24 24 24 24 24	55 55 55 55	2,852 2,899 2,783 2,690	1,089 1,044	340 346 351 360	502 452 447 312	2,429 2,425 2,426 2,425	9,040 10,763
Outside New York City																	
1951—July	9,098	732	2,318	34,553	34,620	3,251	734	2,382	13,198	716	97	6.678	214	95	205	4,347	64,826
1952—May June July	9,525	749 765 755	2.354	36,624	35,973 36,740 36,485	3,438		2.146	13,922 14,005 14,095	750 746 750	125 123 128			106 112 115	505	4,585 4,609 4,607	71,485 73,019 69,980
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	9,266 9,473 9,886 9,476	744 778 758 780	$2,334 \\ 2,497$	36,793 36,928	36,253 37,100 37,397 36,214	3,335	783 757 913 857	$1,515 \\ 2,394$	13,979 13,993 14,004 14,042	749 748 748 740	125 124 123 125	6,871 7,010 7,225 6,770	215 217 222 219	108 112 113 113	484 587 521 426	4,606 4,608	14,088 15,304 18,800 17,097
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	9,796 9,582 9,665 9,575 9,628	715 778 745 759 776	$2,444 \\ 2,276$	36,376 36,547	36,081 36,078 37,285 36,572 36,408	3,183 3,200	894 799 784 764 764	3,363 3,160 2,982	14,073 14,084 14,096 14,109 14,112	742 743 754 756 756	126 126 128 127 131	6.896	216 230 231 226 244	112 116 117 117 117	802 r721 935 912 973	4,617 4,606 4,591 4,604 4,613	13,277 16,159 16,200
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Aug. 27	9,714	724 769 744 784	$2,409 \\ 2,293$	$36,510 \\ 36,330$	36,130 37,131 36,475 36,611	$3,200 \\ 3,200$	747 736 784 723	$2,718 \\ 2,909$	14,149 14,163 14,160 14,174	749 748 743 742	129 134 134 135	7,205 7,409 7,138 6,970	$245 \\ 254 \\ 254 \\ 256 \\ 256 \\ $	114 115 115 115	645 820	4,622 4,622 4,617 4,624	14,966 17,086

Revised.
Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.
Monthly and weekly totals of debits to demand deposit accounts except interbank and U. S. Government accounts. Back figures.—For description of revision beginning July 3, 1946, see BULLETIN for June 1947, p. 602, and for back figures on the revised basis, see BULLETIN for July 1947, pp. 878-883; for old series, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 127-227.

#### CHANGES IN COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL LOANS OF A SAMPLE OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS **BY INDUSTRY**<sup>1</sup>

[Net declines, (-). In millions of dollars]

	Business of borrower												
		Manufacturing and mining											Comm'l
Period <sup>2</sup>	Food, liquor, and tobacco	Textiles, apparel and leather	Metals and metal products (incl. machin- ery and trans. equip.)	Petro- leum, coal, chemical and rubber	Other	Trade (whole- sale and retail)	Com- modity dealers	Sales finance com- panies	Public utilities (incl. trans- porta- tion)	Con- struc- tion	All other types of business	Net changes classi- fied	ind'l, and agr'l change
1951—April-June July-Dec	$-243 \\ 932$	-361	275 873	48 125	60 141	62 16	$-421 \\ 722$	63 30	175 351	44 98	8 37	186 2,769	$\begin{smallmatrix}&18\\2,372\end{smallmatrix}$
1952—JanJune	-868	-73	1,111	176	76	-105	-634	-217	-2	18	-28	-546	-808
Monthly: 1952—April June July Aug	-295 -116 -35 -24 167	$-35 \\ -57 \\ 20 \\ 37$	41 29 93 109 105	-26 -34 44 29 68	6 16 6 7	$20 \\ -7 \\ 5 \\ -32 \\ -3$	-131 -118 -53 59 83	3 35 70 -32 -37	$-70^{19}$ 59 -165 38	17 22 15 6 12	-29 4 34 53 36	-499 -223 249 -189 304	$-568 \\ -266 \\ 254 \\ -203 \\ 338$
Week ending: June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	$-37 \\ -7 \\ 24 \\ -14$	-3 -3 -3	$-32 \\ 62 \\ 53 \\ 10$	8 16 43 7	$-16 \\ 17 \\ 17 \\ -1$	-11 12 9 -5	$-27 \\ -12 \\ -12 \\ -2$	15 19 57 17	-13 15 43 13	1 2 8 4	17 8 5 5	-108 90 251 17	-106 94 258 8
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	$-37 \\ -1 \\ -15 \\ 22 \\ 6$	$ \begin{array}{r} -7\\ 21\\ -2\\ 8\end{array} $	44 29 19 18 37	3 2 10 7 6	$     \begin{array}{r}       -5 \\             14 \\             -6 \\             3         \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} -22\\ 3\\ -10\\ -3 \end{array} $	-12 31 8 25 7	$38 \\ -3 \\ -27 \\ -43$	-167 $1$ $-13$ $10$ $3$	-2 3 12 -3 -5	$     \begin{array}{r}       40 \\       -8 \\       14 \\       -3 \\       9     \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} -214 \\  & 6 \\  & 57 \\  & 7 \\ -46 \end{array} $	-217 13 57 -11 -45
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Aug. 27	42 24 46 56	12 12 4 8	$-63 \\ -15 \\ -28 \\ 1$	$\begin{array}{r} 43\\ -1\\ 4\\ 23 \end{array}$	$-\frac{4}{4}$	-1 -5 -5 8	38 32 -2 16	-1 -19 -12 -5	2 3 22 11	$-2^{6}_{1}$	3 9 12 13	86 44 44 130	76 65 77 120

Sample includes about 220 weekly reporting member banks reporting changes in their larger loans; these banks hold nearly 95 per cent of total commercial and industrial loans of all weekly reporting member banks and about 70 per cent of those of all commercial banks. During April and May 1951 the coverage was smaller.
 Figures for other than weekly periods are based on weekly changes during period. Net change at all banks in weekly reporting series.

#### OUTSTANDING COMMITMENTS OF LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES TO ACQUIRE LOANS AND INVESTMENTS FOR DEFENSE AND NONDEFENSE PURPOSES<sup>1</sup>

#### [In millions of dollars]

		Defens	se and de	fense-su <sub>1</sub>	oporting	Nondefense							
								To	others, o	n real esta	te mortg	ages	State.
End of month	Total	Total	Public	Rail-	Other business and	Total	To business and		]	Nonfarm r	esidentia	1	county, and mu- nicipal
			utility	road	in- dustry		in- dustry	Farm	Total	VA guaran- teed	FHA in- sured	Con- ven- tional	
1951—April <sup>2</sup> June <sup>2</sup> July <sup>2</sup> August <sup>2</sup> . September. October November. December.	4,055 3,749 3,928 4,037 4,394	1,687 1,677 1,760 1,757 1,642 1,706 1,867 2,112 2,019	383 450 446 450 409 407 395 353 310	300 298 309 297 286 236 204 192 170	1,005 928 1,005 1,011 947 1,063 1,268 1,567 1,539	2,709 2,564 2,362 2,221 2,053 2,163 2,119 2,238 2,111	963 937 831 752 744 918 945 955 1,007	99 88 83 80 80 83 96 98 107	1,648 1,539 1,447 1,390 1,229 1,162 1,078 1,186 997	650 577 531 484 402 365 316 276 270	649 619 594 566 509 490 452 437 417	349 343 322 340 317 307 310 473 311	108 91 76 77 54 59 51 44 44
1952—January February March April	4,101 4,090	1,983 2,111 2,211 2,181	302 419 508 512	137 158 144 158	1,544 1,534 1,559 1,511	2,114 1,937 1,842 1,946	1,053 969 901 980	99 102 88 85	962 866 852 881	257 222 205 200	409 346 332 352	295 298 315 329	46 54 37 31

<sup>1</sup>With suspension of the Voluntary Credit Restraint Program, coverage and classification of these data are being revised. Pending such revision, publication of the series is temporarily discontinued. <sup>2</sup>Excludes business mortgage loans of less than \$100,000 each and foreign investments, which were not reported until September.

NOTE.-Data for 45 companies, which account for 85 per cent of the assets of all United States life insurance companies; they were initiated by the Life Insurance Association of America in accordance with the Program for Voluntary Credit Restraint.

#### COMMERCIAL PAPER AND BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING

#### [In millions of dollars]

		Dollar acceptances outstanding										
End of month paper out-	Commer-		Held by				Based on					
	paper out-	Total out-	Accepting banks				Imports	Exports		Goods stored in or shipped between		
	standing <sup>1</sup>	standing	Total	Own bills	Bills bought	Others	into United States	from United States	Dollar ex- change	poin  United	ts in Foreign	
				Dought					States	countries		
1951—June July September October November December	336 368 377 410 435	425 380 384 375 398 437 490	162 135 122 118 131 154 197	120 103 94 85 87 96 119	42 33 28 33 44 58 79	263 245 262 256 267 283 293	267 225 218 210 226 227 235	104 104 109 104 106 116 133	( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> ) 6 3 4 5 23	22 24 25 27 27 46 55	31 27 26 31 35 43 44	
1952—January February March May June July	480 517 534 544 510 495	492 493 458 422 430 416 450	193 188 177 150 155 148 171	127 121 120 110 121 108 122	66 67 57 40 34 40 49	300 305 282 272 275 268 279	235 234 228 211 197 195 200	135 135 138 135 136 126 126 126	23 27 6 6 37 45 73	52 46 36 22 17 15 17	<b>48</b> 51 <b>51</b> 48 43 36 34	

 $^1$  As reported by dealers; includes some finance company paper sold in open market.  $^2$  Less than \$500,000.

Back figures .- See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 127, pp. 465-467; for description, see p. 427.

#### CUSTOMERS' DEBIT BALANCES, MONEY BORROWED, AND PRINCIPAL RELATED ITEMS OF STOCK EXCHANGE FIRMS CARRYING MARGIN ACCOUNTS

[Member firms of New York Stock Exchange. Ledger balances in millions of dollars]

		Debit b	alances		Credit balances									
End of month	Customers'	Debit balances in	Debit balances in	Cash on		Custo credit ba		Other credit balances						
	(net) <sup>1</sup> and trading an	firm investment and trading accounts	hand and in banks	Money borrowed <sup>2</sup>	Free	Other (net)	In partners' investment and trading accounts	In firm investment and trading accounts	In capital accounts (net)					
1944—June.           December           1945—June.           December           1946—June.           1947—June.           1947—June.           1947—June.           December           1948—June.           December           1948—June.           December           1948—June.           December           1949—June.           December           December           December           December	887 1,041 1,223 1,138 809 540 552 578 619 550 681 881 1,256 1,356	5 7 11 12 7 5 6 7 7 10 5 5 12 9	253 260 333 413 309 312 333 315 326 312 419 400 386 399	196 209 220 313 370 456 395 393 332 349 280 306 314 397	619 726 853 795 498 218 223 240 283 257 493 523 827 745	424 472 549 654 651 650 612 576 586 528 633 673 890	95 96 121 120 120 162 176 145 112 129 159 166 230	15 18 14 29 24 30 24 23 20 24 23 20 26 20 26 25 36	11 8 13 13 17 10 9 15 11 5 9 15 11 12	216 227 264 299 314 290 271 273 291 273 291 278 260 271 312 317				
1951—June August September. October November December	1,275 <sup>3</sup> 1,260 <sup>3</sup> 1,290 <sup>3</sup> 1,291 <sup>8</sup> 1,279 1,292	10  12	375  392	364  	680 * 624 * 640 * 653 * 649 695	834 *816 *843 *853 *805 816	225	26  	13  11	319  314				
1952—January February March April May June July	<sup>3</sup> 1,289 <sup>3</sup> 1,280 <sup>3</sup> 1,293 <sup>3</sup> 1,315 <sup>3</sup> 1,312 1,327 <sup>3</sup> 1,387	9	427	365	<sup>8</sup> 633 <sup>8</sup> 652 <sup>8</sup> 734 <sup>8</sup> 818 <sup>8</sup> 847 912 <sup>3</sup> 1,126	<b>* 809</b> <b>* 790</b> <b>* 756</b> <b>* 756</b> <b>* 725</b> 708 <b>* 692</b>	219	23		324				

<sup>1</sup> Excludes balances with reporting firms (1) of member firms of New York Stock Exchange and other national securities exchanges and (2)

Excludes balances with reporting firms (1) of member firms of New York Stock Exchange and other national securities exchanges and (2) of firms' own partners.
 Includes money borrowed from banks and also from other lenders (not including member firms of national securities exchanges).
 As reported to the New York Stock Exchange. According to these reports. the part of total customers' debit balances represented by balances secured by U. S. Government securities was (in millions of dollars): April, 38; May, 33; July, 67.
 NOTE.—For explanation of these figures see "Statistics on Margin Accounts" in BULLETIN for September 1936. The article describes the method by which the figures are derived and reported, distinguishes the table from a "statement of financial condition," and explains that the last column is not to be taken as representing the actual net capital of the reporting firms.

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 143, pp. 501-502, for monthly figures prior to 1942, and Table 144, p. 503, for data in detail at semiannual dates prior to 1942.

#### OPEN-MARKET MONEY RATES IN NEW YORK CITY [Per cent per annum]

	Prime	Prime	U. S. Government securities (taxable)							
Year, month, or week	com- mercial paper,	bank- ers' accept- ances,	3-mon	th bills	9- to 12-	3- to 5-				
wcek	4- to 6- months <sup>1</sup>	90 days 1	Market yield	Rate on new issues	month issues <sup>2</sup>	year issues *				
1949 average 1950 average 1951 average	1.48 1.45 2.17	$1.12 \\ 1.15 \\ 1.60$	1.08 1.20 1.52	1.102 1.218 1.552	1.14 1.26 1.73	1.43 1.50 1.93				
1951—August September. October November. December.	2.26 2.19 2.21 2.25 2.31	$1.63 \\ 1.63 \\ 1.63 \\ 1.63 \\ 1.63 \\ 1.69$	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.62 \\       1.63 \\       1.54 \\       1.56 \\       1.73 \\     \end{array} $	$1.644 \\ 1.646 \\ 1.608 \\ 1.608 \\ 1.731$	1.70 1.71 1.74 1.68 1.77	1.89 1.93 2.00 2.01 2.09				
1952—January February April May June July August	2.38 2.38 2.38 2.35 2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31	$1.75 \\ $	1.57 1.54 1.59 1.57 1.67 1.70 1.81 1.83	$1.688 \\ 1.574 \\ 1.658 \\ 1.623 \\ 1.710 \\ 1.700 \\ 1.824 \\ 1.876$	1.75 1.70 1.69 1.60 1.66 1.74 1.89 1.94	2.08 2.07 2.02 1.93 1.95 2.04 2.14 2.29				
Week ending: Aug. 2 Aug. 9 Aug. 16 Aug. 23 Aug. 30	2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31	1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75	1.86 1.85 1.81 1.79 1.87	1,877 1.860 1.903 1.841 1.899	1.89 1.92 1.93 1.93 1.98	2.20 2.27 2.30 2.29 2.31				

<sup>1</sup> Monthly figures are averages of weekly prevailing rates. <sup>2</sup> Series includes certificates of indebtedness and selected note and bond issues.

\* Series includes selected note and bond issues.

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 120-121, pp. 448-459, and BULLETIN for May 1945, pp. 483-490, and October 1947, pp. 1251-1253.

# BANK RATES ON BUSINESS LOANS

AVERAGE OF RATES CHARGED ON SHORT-TERM LOANS TO BUSINESS BY BANKS IN SELECTED CITIES

[Per cent per annum]

	4.11	Size of loan									
Area and period	All loans	\$1,000- \$10,000		\$100,000- \$200,000							
Annual averages: 19 cities: 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	2.2 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.1 2.5 2.7 2.7 2.7 3.1	4.4 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.4 4.5 4.5 4.7	3.2 3.4 3.3 3.1 3.1 3.5 3.7 3.6 4.0	2.2 2.5 2.6 2.2 2.5 2.8 3.0 3.0 3.4	2.0 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.7 1.8 2.2 2.4 2.4 2.9						
Quarterly: 19 cities: 1951Sept Dec 1952Mar June	3.06 3.27 3.45 3.51	4.74 4.78 4.85 4.90	3.99 4.05 4.16 4.21	3.36 3.49 3.66 3.72	2.78 3.03 3.24 3.29						
New York City: 1951—Sept Dec 1952—Mar June	2.79 3.01 3.23 3.27	4.35 4.37 4.43 4.53	3.72 3.91 3.97 4.03	3.18 3.34 3.48 3.55	2.64 2.87 3.11 3.14						
7 Northern and East- ern cities: 1951—Sept Dec 1952—Mat June	3.06 3.23 3.47 3.46	4.81 4.81 4.91 4.90	3.97 4.04 4.16 4.17	3.24 3.46 3.67 3.71	2.82 3.03 3.29 3.27						
11 Southern and Western cities: 1951—Sept Dec 1952—Mar June	3.47 3.67 3.79 3.90	4.89 4.95 5.01 5.05	4.17 4.15 4.28 4.33	3.55 3.62 3.79 3.86	3.04 3.35 3.46 3.63						

# NOTE.—For description of series see BULLETIN for March 1949, pp. 228-237.

#### BOND YIELDS 1 [Per cent per annum]

		Munic- ipal (high- grade) <sup>3</sup>	Corpo- rate (high- grade) <sup>4</sup>	Corporate (Moody's) <sup>s</sup>								
Year, month, or week	U. S. Govern- ment			Total	By ratings						By groups	
	(long- term) <sup>2</sup>				Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility	
Number of issues	1-8	15	9	120	30	30	30	30	40	40	40	
1949 average 1950 average 1951 average	2.31 2.32 2.57	2.21 1.98 2.00	2.65 2.60 2.86	2.96 2.86 3.08	2.66 2.62 2.86	2.75 2.69 2.91	3.00 2.89 3.13	3.42 3.24 3.41	2.74 2.67 2.89	3.24 3.10 3.26	2.90 2.82 3.09	
1951—August September October November December	2.57 2.56 2.61 2.66 2.70	2.04 2.05 2.08 2.07 2.10	2.86 2.85 2.92 2.98 3.03	3.12 3.08 3.13 3.20 3.25	2.88 2.84 2.89 2.96 3.01	2.92 2.88 2.93 3.02 3.06	3.18 3.15 3.18 3.26 3.31	3.51 3.46 3.50 3.56 3.61	2.92 2.89 2.93 2.97 3.00	3.31 3.27 3.31 3.42 3.50	3.13 3.09 3.14 3.21 3.24	
1952—January February March April. May June July August.	2.61 2.61	2.10 2.04 2.07 2.01 2.05 2.10 2.12 2.22	2.96 2.89 2.96 2.92 2.93 2.95 2.96 2.97	3.24 3.18 3.19 3.16 3.16 3.17 3.17 3.17 3.18	2.98 2.93 2.96 2.93 2.93 2.94 2.95 2.94	3.05 3.01 3.03 3.01 3.00 3.03 3.04 3.06	3.32 3.25 3.24 3.20 3.20 3.20 3.19 3.21	3.59 3.53 3.51 3.50 3.49 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.51	3.00 2.97 2.99 2.97 2.97 2.98 2.99 3.00	3.48 3.38 3.36 3.32 3.31 3.32 3.33 3.33	3.23 3.19 3.21 3.19 3.20 3.20 3.20 3.20	
Week ending: Aug. 2. Aug. 6. Aug. 16. Aug. 23. Aug. 30.	2.69 2.72	2.13 2.14 2.21 2.25 2.28	2.96 2.96 2.97 2.97 2.97	3.18 3.18 3.18 3.18 3.18 3.18	2.94 2.95 2.94 2.95 2.95 2.95	3.05 3.05 3.06 3.06 3.06 3.06	3.20 3.20 3.20 3.21 3.22	3.51 2.52 3.51 3.51 3.51	2.99 3.00 3.00 3.01 3.01	3.34 3.34 3.34 3.34 3.34 3.35	3.20 3.20 3.20 3.20 3.20 3.20	

<sup>1</sup> Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal bonds, which are based on figures for Wednesday.
<sup>2</sup> Beginning Apr. 1, 1952, series includes all fully taxable, marketable bonds due or first callable after 12 years. Prior to that date, only bonds due or first callable after 15 years were included.
<sup>4</sup> Standard and Poor's Corporation. <sup>4</sup> U.S. Treasury Department.
<sup>5</sup> Moody's Investors Service, week ending Friday. Because of a limited number of suitable issues, the industrial Aaa and Aa groups have been reduced from 10 to 6 issues, and the railroad Aaa and Aa groups from 10 to 5 and 4 issues, respectively.

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 128-129, pp. 468-474, and BULLETIN for May 1945, pp. 483-490, and October 1947, pp. 1251-1253.

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#### SECURITY MARKETS

	Bo	ond pric	es						St	ock pric	es						
									-	Com	mon		_				Vol- ume
Year, month, or week	U. S. Gov-	Mun-	Cor-	Pre-		ard and dex, 193				Securi			nge Com 39 = 100		1 series		of trad- ing <sup>#</sup> (in
	ern-	icipal (high- grade) <sup>3</sup>	rate (high- grade) <sup>1</sup>	ferred4		In-		Pub-		Ma	nufactu	ring	Trans-	Pub-	Trade, fin-		thou- sands of
					Total	dus- trial	Rail- road	lic utilit <b>y</b>	Total	Total	Dur- able	Non- dur- able	porta- tion	lic util- ity	ance, and serv- ice	Min- ing	shares)
Number of issues	1-8	15	17	15	416	365	20	31	265	170	98	72	21	28	32	14	
1949 average 1950 average 1951 average	102.73 102.53 98.85	133.4	122.0	181.8	121 146 177	128 156 192	97 117 149	98 107 112	128 154 185	132 166 207	116 150 178	147 180 233	139 160 199	98 107 113	161 184 208	129 144 205	1,037 2,012 1,684
1951—Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	98.90 99.10 98.22 97.52 96.85	132.0 131.3 131.6	118.0 116.9 115.3	167.0 165.4	185	198 205 202 193 199	147 153 155 144 151	114 116 115 115 116	190 195 191 185 190	215 220 216 208 215	179 185 185 178 182	249 253 244 235 245	196 204 203 194 204	114 115 114 114 115	206 215 214 208 209	219 231 244 239 238	1,463 1,916 1,802 1,246 1,367
1952—Jan Feb Apr May June July Aug	96.27 96.77 96.87 97.95 98.91 98.32 98.40 97.09	131.9 130.9 130.4	116.5 115.9 116.2 116.3 116.2 116.0	165.9 168.3 172.2 173.4 173.3 171.1	185 184 184 188 192	<b>204</b> <b>199</b> <b>201</b> <b>199</b> <b>199</b> <b>204</b> <b>210</b> <b>208</b>	155 155 161 165 167 174 175 175	117 118 118 117 117 116 117 119	195 193 193 191 190 196 199 199	222 218 216 215 214 222 225 225	185 183 182 181 182 187 192 194	255 251 248 245 243 253 256 254	211 209 214 217 216 225 226 228	116 117 117 116 117 117 117 117 120	209 206 203 201 204 208 210	246 258 295 298 283 291 289 278	1,574 1,320 1,283 1,282 1,044 1,215 1,096 995
Week ending: Aug. 2 Aug. 9 Aug. 16 Aug. 23 Aug. 30	98.08 97.20 96.82 97.12 97.08	130.1 128.8 128.1	115.9 115.7 115.7	170.5 169.9 170.0	193 192 190	211 211 209 206 206	177 178 177 173 174	117 119 118 119 119	201 201 198 197 197	228 228 225 222 222 223	196 196 195 192 193	258 257 252 250 251	230 231 228 225 226	119 120 120 120 120	210 212 210 208 208	286 281 271 273 279	1,110 1,101 1,014 949 907

<sup>1</sup> Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal and corporate bonds, preferred stocks, and common stocks (Standard and Poor's series), which are based on figures for Wednesday. <sup>3</sup> Beginning Apr. 1, 1952, series includes all fully taxable, marketable bonds due or first callable after 12 years. Prior to that date, only bonds due or first callable after 15 years were included. <sup>4</sup> Prices derived from average yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation, on basis of a 4 per cent 20-year bond. <sup>4</sup> Standard and Poor's Corporation. Prices derived from averages of median yields on noncallable high-grade stocks on basis of a \$7 annual dividend. <sup>5</sup> Average daily volume of trading in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange. *Back figures.*—See *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, Tables 130, 133, 134, and 136, pp. 475, 479, 482, and 486, respectively, and BULLETIN for May 1945, pp. 483-490, and October 1947, pp. 1251-1253.

#### NEW SECURITY ISSUES [In millions of dollars]

																-	
				]	For new	capital						For	r refund	ing			
	Total (new	Total			Dom	estic				Total			Dom	estic			
Year or month	and re- fund- ing)	(do- mestic and		State	Fed- eral		orporat	e	For- eign <sup>2</sup>	(do- mestic and		State and	Fed-	C	orporat	e	For- eign <sup>2</sup>
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	mu- nici- pal	eral agen- cies <sup>1</sup>	Total	Bonds and notes	Stocks												
1944         1945         1946         1947         1948         1949         1949	2,169 4,216 8,006 8,645 *9,691 10,220 9,753 *10,900 *12,267	913 1,772 4,645 37,566 9,085 8,160 8,214	896 1,761 4,635 7,255 9,076 8,131 8,103	176 235 471 952 2,228 2,604 2,803 3,370 3,084	15 26 127 239	646 1,264 3,556 4,787 46,177	422 607 2,084 3,567 45,269 4,125 3,138	224 657 1,472 1,219 908 971	2 17 12 10 68 10 29 111 246	1,527 3,303 6,234 4,000 2,125 1,135 1,593 \$2,686 2,253	1,442 3,288 6,173 3,895 1,948 1,135 1,492 2,463 2,216	259 404 324 208 44 82 104 112 92	497 418 912 734 422 768 943 992 1,597	685 2,466 4,937 2,953 1,482 284 445 1,360 527	4,281 2,352 1,199 257 393 1,301	656 601 283 28	86 15 61 105 177  101 123 37
1951—July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	946 677 *1,075 1,292 1,006 1,053	970 866	451 731 945 866	319 151 265 368 297 276	40 107	485 300 427 470 569 562	334 199 370 272 371 361	151 101 56 198 197 201	8 34 50 26 4	126 192 194 322 140 211		2 1 4 18 4 19	93 172 170 288 89 102	31 20 20 16 47 83	20 14 14 23	 6 2 24	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1952—Jan Feb Mar Apr May June	1,232 852 1,090 1,551 *1,555 1,403	930 694 1,003 1,249 31,249 1,245	1,109	349 285 144 452 376 615	36 38 80 56	538 346 812 704 677 587	437 200 619 535 453 406	101 146 192 170 224 180	93	302 158 87 303 306 158	158 81 299 306		71 76 63 257 144 141	10 74 13 40 151 3	73 13 36 142		···· 6 4 ···· 3

<sup>1</sup> Includes publicly offered issues of Federal credit agencies, but excludes direct obligations of U. S. Treasury.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes issues of noncontiguous U. S. Territories and Possessions.
 <sup>3</sup> These figures for 1947, 1950, 1951, September 1951 and May 1952 include 244 million dollars, 100 million, 150 million, 100 million, and 47 million, respectively, of issues of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes the Shell Caribbean Petroleum Company issue of 250 million dollars, classified as "foreign" by the Chronicle.

Source.—For domestic issues, Commercial and Financial Chronicle; for foreign issues, U. S. Department of Commerce. Monthly figures subject to revision. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 137, p. 487.

### NEW CORPORATE SECURITY ISSUES<sup>1</sup> PROPOSED USES OF PROCEEDS, ALL ISSUERS

[In millions of dollars]

					Pr	oposed uses	of net procee	eds		
Year or month	Estimated gross proceeds <sup>2</sup>	Estimated net proceeds <sup>3</sup>		New money		Retire	ement of sec	urities	Repayment	Other
	proceeds	proceeds	Total	Plant and equipment	Working capital	Total	Bonds and notes	Preferred stock	of other debt	purposes
1938           1939           1940           1941           1942           1943           1944           1945           1946           1947           1948           1949           1945	$\begin{array}{c} 2,155\\ 2,164\\ 2,677\\ 1,062\\ 1,170\\ 3,202\\ 6,011\\ 6,900\\ 6,577\\ 7,078\\ 6,052\\ 6,361\\ 7,741 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,110\\ 2,115\\ 2,615\\ 2,623\\ 1,043\\ 1,147\\ 3,142\\ 5,902\\ 6,757\\ 6,466\\ 6,959\\ 5,959\\ 6,261\\ 7,607\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 681\\ 325\\ 569\\ 868\\ 474\\ 308\\ 657\\ 1,080\\ 3,279\\ 4,591\\ 5,929\\ 4,606\\ 4,006\\ 6,531\end{array}$	504 170 424 661 287 141 252 638 2,115 3,409 4,221 3,724 2,966 5,110	177 155 145 207 187 167 405 442 1,164 1,182 1,708 882 1,041 1,421	1,206 1,695 1,854 1,583 739 2,389 4,555 2,868 1,352 307 401 1,271 486	$\begin{array}{c} 1,119\\ 1,637\\ 1,726\\ 1,483\\ 366\\ 667\\ 2,038\\ 4,117\\ 2,392\\ 1,155\\ 240\\ 360\\ 1,149\\ 391 \end{array}$	87 59 128 100 30 72 351 438 476 196 67 41 122 96	215 69 174 138 73 49 134 379 356 488 637 620 363	7 26 19 28 35 27 47 133 231 168 234 315 364 226
1951—July August September October November December	531 508 390 655 673 871	521 500 381 639 660 856	469 436 343 548 570 771	350 342 286 404 488 682	119 94 58 144 83 90	30 24 18 12 43 45	26 21 18 10 42 42	3 3 2 1 2	18 27 15 53 29 11	5 14 5 26 18 29
1952—January February March April May June July	605 478 972 *967 *1.116 848 1,200	595 469 954 r951 r1,097 836 1,182	559 413 875 *844 *925 747 1,131	487 278 655 7613 735 553 971	72 134 221 7232 7189 194 161	8 36 15 *13 *126 38 32	8 35 15 r9 r126 38 32	1 3	15 13 45 r70 r38 46 12	13 7 19 r24 r9 5 7

#### PROPOSED USES OF PROCEEDS, BY MAJOR GROUPS OF ISSUERS [In millions of dollars]

	Mai	nufactu	ring <sup>15</sup>		amercia cellaneo			Railroa	d	Pu	blic util	ity 7	Соп	nmunica	tion <sup>8</sup>		teal esta and fina	
Year or month	Total net pro- ceeds <sup>9</sup>		Retire- ments <sup>10</sup>	Total net pro- ceeds <sup>9</sup>	New money	Retire- ments <sup>10</sup>	Total net pro- ceeds <sup>9</sup>	New money	Retire- ments <sup>10</sup>	Total net pro- ceeds <sup>9</sup>	New money	Retire- ments <sup>10</sup>	Totał net pro- ceeds <sup>9</sup>		Retire- ments <sup>10</sup>	Total net pro- ceeds <sup>9</sup>	New money	Retire- ments <sup>10</sup>
1938         1939         1940         1941         1942         1943         1944         1945         1946         1948         1949         1949         1945         1946         1947         1948         1949         1949         1949         1949         1949         1949         1949         1949         1950	831 961 927 497 1,033 1,969 3,601 2,686 2,180 1,391 1,175 3,066	469 188 167 243 228 454 811 2,201 1,974 1,726 851 638 2,617	$\begin{array}{c} 226\\ 353\\ 738\\ 463\\ 89\\ 199\\ 504\\ 1,010\\ 981\\ 353\\ 54\\ 44\\ 149\\ 221\\ \end{array}$	403 338 538 518	304 229 262 337	21 28 63 56	54 182 319 361 47 160 602 1,436 704 283 617 456 548 332	24 85 253 32 46 102 115 129 240 546 441 301 297	$\begin{array}{r} 30\\ 97\\ 186\\ 108\\ 15\\ 114\\ 500\\ 1,320\\ 571\\ 35\\ 56\\ 11\\ 193\\ 34 \end{array}$	1,208 1,246 1,180 1,340 2,291 2,129 3,212 2,281 2,615 2,866 2,570	180 43 245 3145 22 40 69 785 2,188 1,998 2,188 1,998 2,140 1,971 2,317	$\begin{array}{r} 943\\ 1,157\\ 922\\ 993\\ 292\\ 423\\ 1,343\\ 2,159\\ 1,252\\ 939\\ 145\\ 234\\ 685\\ 104 \end{array}$	891 567 395 605	870 505 304 594	2 49 81 5	16 102 155 94 21 107 206 323 286 587 593 739 515	8 9 42 55 4 13 61 85 164 189 480 480 480 368	7 88 9 18 42 65 64 24 30 35 100 66
1951—July August September October. November December	154 230 156 306 214 480	124 198 142 263 180 428	17 17 13 10 21 26	36 22 28 40 46 39	21 16 19 26 22 28	12 3 3 2	18 9 30 18 76 22	18 9 30 16 61 22	1 15	188 209 145 197 273 266	186 198 133 179 260 251	1 4 2 6 14	51 3 15 37 25	51 3 8 15 37 24	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	74 27 14 62 14 23	70 12 11 48 11 18	2
1952—January February March April May June July	349 285 366 r350 r559 287 327	331 238 336 r329 r502 255 307	31 4 5 45 2 8	29 13 61 766 740 44 16	21 9 46 r39 r29 42 12	1 2 5 r5	17 29 12 34 r119 51 46	17 29 12 34 741 16 46	r68 35	184 125 490 r399 r313 355 240	177 122 461 r343 r293 338 239	6 3 6 7 8 1 1	2 6 747 726 29 491	2 3 6 r45 r26 29 491	r3	14 13 20 r56 r40 70 62	11 12 15 r55 r34 68 37	1  r5 23

" Revised.

<sup>r</sup> Revised.
<sup>1</sup> Estimates of new issues sold for cash in the United States.
<sup>2</sup> Gross proceeds are derived by multiplying principal amounts or number of units by offering price.
<sup>3</sup> Estimated net proceeds are equal to estimated gross proceeds less cost of flotation, i. e., compensation to underwriters, agents, etc., and expenses.
<sup>4</sup> Classifications for years 1938-47 are not precisely comparable with those beginning 1948, but they are believed to be sufficiently similar for broad comparisons. See also footnotes 5 through 8.
<sup>6</sup> Prior to 1948 this group corresponds to that designated "industrial" in the old classification.
<sup>6</sup> Includes "Other transportation" for which separate figures are available beginning in 1948. <sup>8</sup> Included in "Public utility" prior to 1948.
<sup>9</sup> Includes issues for repayment of other debt and for other purposes not shown separately.
<sup>10</sup> Retirement of securities only.

Source.-Securities and Exchange Commission; for compilation of back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 138, p. 491, a publication of the Board of Governors.

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FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

#### SALES, PROFITS, AND DIVIDENDS OF LARGE CORPORATIONS

# MANUFACTURING CORPORATIONS

[In millions of dollars]

	Assets of	10 millio (200 corp		and over	Assets of	f 50 millio (81 corp		and over	Asset		) million d porations)	ollars
Year or quarter	Sales	Profits before taxes	Profits after taxes	Divi- dends	Sales	Profits before taxes	Profits after taxes	Divi- dends	Sales	Profits before taxes	Profits after taxes	Divi- dends
Annual 1939	10,621 13,041 18,342 21,841 28,312 30,421 26,600 21,372 30,869 37,008 36,738 36,738 34,118 51,067	1,212 1,848 3,165 3,408 3,693 3,538 2,429 2,038 4,104 5,317 5;038 7,893 8,557	999 1,277 1,523 1,224 1,263 1,258 1,132 1,205 2,524 3,312 3,101 4,055 3,411	725 859 951 763 779 851 864 946 1,170 1,404 1,660 2,240 1,986	9,008 11,138 15,691 18,544 24,160 25,851 22,278 17,415 25,686 31,238 31,578 31,578 37,831 43,389	1,071 1,638 2,778 2,876 3,111 2,982 1,976 1,573 3,423 4,593 4,593 4,506 6,992 7,492	883 1,127 1,329 1,056 1,097 1,091 964 932 2,105 2,860 2,768 3,566 2,975	656 772 854 672 688 755 764 804 1,000 1,210 1,210 1,474 2,013 1,754	1,613 1,903 2,651 3,297 4,152 4,550 4,322 3,956 5,183 5,770 5,180 5,180 5,180	141 211 387 532 557 453 465 681 723 531 902 1,066	116 149 194 168 167 167 168 274 420 452 332 489 436	69 86 91 91 91 96 100 142 170 194 186 228 232
Quarterly	9,263	1,400	791	387	7,935	1,253	705	347	1,328	147	86	41
1950—1 <sup>1</sup>	10,695	1,821	1,038	395	9,213	1,629	926	347	1,482	192	112	48
3 <sup>1</sup>	11,847	2,190	1,240	583	10,156	1,928	1,090	534	1,691	262	150	50
4 <sup>1</sup>	12,313	2,482	987	875	10,527	2,182	846	785	1,786	300	141	89
$ \begin{array}{c} 1951 - 1 & 1 & \dots & \dots \\ 2 & 1 & \dots & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & \dots & \dots \\ 4 & 1 & \dots & \dots \end{array} $	12,711	2,238	878	469	10,811	1,951	765	420	1,899	287	113	48
	13,047	2,219	839	475	11,079	1,928	724	421	1,968	291	115	54
	12,297	1,964	762	475	10,443	1,716	658	422	1,854	248	103	53
	13,013	2,137	932	567	11,055	1,897	827	490	1,957	240	105	77
1952-1	r12,760	r1,940	7815	482	710,812	۲1,715	*727	430	r1,948	225	r88	r52
	12,629	1,616	622	476	10,625	1,410	537	422	2,004	206	85	54

#### PUBLIC UTILITY CORPORATIONS

	_			ln m	illions of c	lollarsj						
		Rail	road			Electric	power			Telej	phone	
Year or quarter	Operat- ing revenue	Profits before taxes	Profits after taxes	Divi- dends	Operat- ing revenue	Profits before taxes	Profits after taxes	Divi- dends	Operat- ing revenue	Profits before taxes	Profits after taxes	Divi- dends
Annual 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1944 1945 1946 1947 1947 1949 1949 1949 1950 1951	4,297 5,347 7,466 9,055 9,437 8,902 7,628 8,685 9,672 8,580 9,473	126 249 674 1,658 2,211 1,972 756 271 777 1,148 700 1,384 1,260	93 189 500 902 873 667 450 287 450 287 479 699 438 783 693	126 159 186 202 217 246 246 235 235 236 289 252 312 328	$\begin{array}{c} 2,647\\ 2,797\\ 3,029\\ 3,216\\ 3,464\\ 3,615\\ 3,681\\ 3,815\\ 4,291\\ 4,830\\ 5,055\\ 5,431\\ 5,867\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 629\\ 692\\ 774\\ 847\\ 913\\ 902\\ 905\\ 964\\ 953\\ 1,129\\ 1,303\\ 1,480\\ \end{array}$	535 548 527 490 502 507 534 638 643 657 757 757 824 818	$\begin{array}{r} 444\\ 447\\ 437\\ 408\\ 410\\ 398\\ 407\\ 458\\ 494\\ 493\\ 553\\ 619\\ 661\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,137\\ 1,206\\ 1,334\\ 1,508\\ 1,691\\ 1,815\\ 1,979\\ 2,148\\ 2,283\\ 2,694\\ 2,967\\ 3,342\\ 3,729 \end{array}$	231 257 297 364 420 451 433 313 215 292 333 580 691	189 193 187 168 176 168 174 209 138 186 207 331 341	164 167 162 151 156 155 162 168 131 178 213 276 318
Quarterly 1950—1 3 4	1,985 2,238 2,534 2,715	114 243 454 574	<sup>2</sup> 56 <sup>2</sup> 152 <sup>2</sup> 258 <sup>2</sup> 318	61 53 55 142	1,378 1,322 1,317 1,415	351 321 293 339	<sup>2</sup> 230 <sup>2</sup> 212 <sup>2</sup> 171 <sup>2</sup> 211	146 153 152 168	787 821 853 881	116 137 158 169	<sup>2</sup> 71 <sup>2</sup> 84 <sup>2</sup> 84 <sup>2</sup> 92	62 67 70 76
$ \begin{array}{c} 1951 \\             2 \\             3 \\           $	2,440 2,596 2,583 2,772	229 275 250 505	<sup>2</sup> 104 <sup>2</sup> 146 <sup>2</sup> 124 <sup>2</sup> 320	$101 \\ 63 \\ 53 \\ 111$	1,504 1,419 1,423 1,521	413 344 320 403	<sup>2</sup> 229 <sup>2</sup> 195 <sup>2</sup> 168 <sup>2</sup> 226	157 161 162 181	904 918 931 976	175 174 160 182	<sup>2</sup> 90 <sup>2</sup> 92 <sup>2</sup> 72 <sup>2</sup> 86	77 79 81 81
1952—1 2	2,587 2,532	295 261	141 149	80 74	1,603 1,491	498 400	257 214	172 173	993 1,023	194 205	93 98	85 87

#### [In millions of dollars]

r Revised.

<sup>1</sup> Certain tax accruals for the first six months of 1950 and 1951, required by subsequent increases in Federal income tax rates and charged by many companies against third quarter profits, have been redistributed to the first and second quarters. Available information does not permit a similar redistribution of accruals charged against fourth quarter 1950 profits to cover 1950 liability for excess profits taxes. <sup>2</sup> As reported.

<sup>2</sup> As reported. NOTE.—Manufacturing corporations. Data are from published company reports, except sales for period beginning 1946, which are from reports of the Securities and Exchange Commission. For certain items, data for years 1939-44 are partly estimated. Assets are total assets as of the end of 1946. Railroads. Figures are for Class I line-haul railroads (which account for 95 per cent of all railroad operations) and are obtained from reports of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Electric power. Figures are for Class A and B electric utilities (which account for about 95 per cent of all electric power operations) and are obtained from reports obtained from reports of the Federal Power Commission, except that quarterly figures on operating revenue and profits before taxes are partly estimated by the Federal Reserve, to include affiliated nonelectric operations. Telephone. Revenues and profits are for telephone operations of the Bell System Consolidated (including the 20 operating subsidiaries and the together represent about 85 per cent of all telephone companies, which together represent about 85 per cent of all telephone operations. All series. Profits before taxes refer to include affiliates. Data are for the 20 operating subsidiaries and the two affiliates. Data are obtained from the Federal Communications Commission. All series. Profits before taxes refer to income after all charges and before Federal income taxes and dividends. For description of series and back figures, see pp. 662-666 of the BULLETIN for June 1949 (manufacturing); pp. 215-217 of the BULLETIN for March 1942 (public utilities); and p. 908 of the BULLETIN for September 1944 (electric power).

#### SALES, PROFITS, AND DIVIDENDS OF LARGE MANUFACTURING CORPORATIONS, BY INDUSTRY

[In millions of dollars]

		Annual					ç	Quarter	ly			
Industry					1950 1			19	51 1		195	52
	1949	1950	1951	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2
Nondurable goods industries												
Total (94 corps.): <sup>1</sup> Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends.	12,853 1,847 1,213 710	2,702 1,513	17,371 3,184 1,411 845	3,469 582 350 175	3,958 785 467 213	4,085 830 395 334	4,349 855 368 199	4,288 814 342 202	4,294 773 334 203	4,441 741 368 242	74.335 705 7314 210	4,216 599 285 205
Selected industries: Foods and kindred products (28 corps.): Sales. Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends.	3,323 379 235 135	3,492 469 257 143	3,873 407 199 140	828 101 58 34	980 159 89 34	913 126 62 45	1,025 124 . 61 31	901 86 40 35	942 93 46 32	1004 104 52 42	r959 r86 r40 32	942 93 42 32
Chemical and allied products (26 corps.): Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes. Dividends	3,557 675 404 312	4,447 1,110 560 438	5,433 1,384 484 355	1,048 247 138 79	1,188 313 179 113	1,260 345 131 174	1,338 365 128 84	1,377 365 120 85	1,351 342 111 87	1,367 312 125 100	1,373 318 108 87	1,337 281 105 87
Petroleum refining (14 corps.): Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes. Dividends	3,865 525 406 172	4,234 650 442 205	4,999 861 516 231	989 133 96 42	187	1,172 209 130 78	1,204 217 123 57	1,204 203 118 55	1,246 218 127 55	1,345 222 148 64	1,318 204 129 64	1,275 147 111 60
Durable goods industries												
Total (106 corps.): * Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends	23,885 3,191 1,887 950	5,192 2,542			1,405		8,362 1,382 510 270	1,405	8,003 1,191 428 273	8,572 1,396 565 325	r8,425 1,234 r501 273	8,413 1,017 337 269
Selected industries: Primary metals and products (39 corps.): Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends	8,187 993 578 285	10,446 1,700 854 377		2,562 400 223 73	2,718 455 253 80	2,965 547 214 157	3,044 525 188 88	3,198 557 193 85	3,034 492 176 86	3,226 519 217 120	r3,073 425 r220 88	2,385 99 29 87
Machinery (27 corps.): Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes. Dividends	4,353 519 320 138	5,058 847 424 208	<b>4,6</b> 04 998 367 191	1,196 168 93 37	1,269 194 107 38	1,493 341 145 84	1,480 250 90 43	1,563 237 82 47	1,434 210 73 48	1,690 301 123 54	1,590 232 81 49	1,746 234 82 48
Automobiles and equipment (15 corps.): Sales Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends.	9,577 1,473 861 451	11,805 2,305 1,087 671	12,438 1,915 704 479	2,975 595 328 91	3,355 656 357 232	3,192 655 189 258	3,268 513 194 122	3,331 508 183 119	2,899 405 142 119	488 185	3,035 503 170 116	3,429 596 189 114

<sup>r</sup> Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Certain tax accruals for the first six months of 1950 and 1951, required by subsequent increases in Federal income tax rates and charged by many companies against third quarter profits, have been redistributed to the first and second quarters. Available information does not permit a similar redistribution of accruals charged against fourth quarter 1950 profits to cover 1950 liability for excess profits taxes.
 <sup>a</sup> Total includes 26 companies in nondurable goods groups not shown separately, as follows: textile mill products (10); paper and allied products (15); and miscellaneous (1).
 <sup>a</sup> Total includes 25 companies in durable goods groups not shown separately, as follows: building materials (12); transportation equipment other than automobile (6); and miscellaneous (7).

CORPORATE PROFITS, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS

(Estimates of the Department of Commerce. Quarterly data at seasonally adjusted annual rates)

[In billions of dollars]

Year	Profits before taxes	Income taxes	Profits after taxes	Cash divi- dends	Undis- tributed profits	Quarter	Profits before taxes	Income taxes	Profits after taxes	Cash divi- dends	Undis- tributed profits
1940	9.3 17.2 21.1 25.1 24.3 19.7 23.5 30.5 33.8 27.1 39.6 42.9	2.9 7.8 11.7 14.4 13.5 11.2 9.6 11.9 13.0 10.8 18.4 24.2	$\begin{array}{c} 6.4\\ 9.4\\ 9.4\\ 10.6\\ 10.8\\ 8.5\\ 13.9\\ 18.5\\ 20.7\\ 16.3\\ 21.2\\ 18.7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4.0 \\ 4.5 \\ 4.3 \\ 4.5 \\ 4.7 \\ 5.8 \\ 6.6 \\ 7.3 \\ 7.5 \\ 9.0 \\ 9.0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.4 \\ 4.9 \\ 5.1 \\ 6.2 \\ 6.1 \\ 3.8 \\ 8.1 \\ 12.0 \\ 13.6 \\ 8.8 \\ 12.2 \\ 9.7 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1950-2$	35.5 44.3 48.4 50.1 43.3 38.6 39.5 42.7 41.0	16.5 20.6 22.5 28.4 24.5 21.8 22.2 24.7 23.7	19.0 23.7 26.0 21.7 18.8 16.9 17.3 18.1 17.3	8.1 9.3 10.7 8.6 9.0 9.2 9.3 8.9 9.6	10.9 14.4 15.3 13.1 9.8 7.7 8.0 9.2 7.7

<sup>1</sup> Figures, except for cash dividends, are estimates of Council of Economic Advisers, based on preliminary data.

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FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

#### UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEBT-VOLUME AND KIND OF SECURITIES

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

			Public issues 3											
		T-4-1				Market	able				No	nmarketa	ble	
End of month	Total gross	Total gross direct	<b>T</b> + 1			Certifi-		Bo	nds	Con-		_	Tax	Special issues
	debt 1	debt 2	Total	Total	Bills	cates of indebt- edness	Notes	Bank eligi- ble 4	Bank re- stricted	vert- ible	Total •	Sav- ings bonds	and sav- ings notes	
1943—Dec.           1944—Dec.           1945—Dec.           1946—Dec.           1946—Dec.           1947—Dec.           1948—Dec.           1949—June           1950—June           1950—June           1951—June           1951—June           1951—June           1951—Aug.           Sept.           Oct.           Nov.           Dec.           1951—Aug.           Sept.           Oct.           Nov.           Dec.           1952—Jan.           Feb.           Mar.           Apr.           June           July.           July.	$\begin{array}{c} 232,144\\ 278,682\\ 259,487\\ 256,981\\ 252,854\\ 252,798\\ 257,160\\ 257,377\\ 256,731\\ 255,251\\ 256,677\\ 257,386\\ 259,647\\ 259,461\\ 259,813\\ 260,399\\ 258,124\\ 258,337\\ 259,813\\ 260,399\\ 258,124\\ 258,337\\ 259,951\\ 259,151\\ 263,107\\ \end{array}$	230,630 278,115 259,149 256,900 252,800 257,710 257,730 257,737 256,708 255,222 256,644 257,253 258,298 259,604 259,419 259,775 260,362 258,8084 258,298,084 259,905 259,905 259,905	212,565 255,693 233,064 225,250 218,865 217,986 221,123 222,853 220,575 218,198 219,174 219,321 221,391 221,168 221,220,325 221,391 221,168 221,249 221,766 219,301 221,930 222,9400 222,9400 222,9400 222,9400 222,9400 222,9400 222,9400 222	$\begin{array}{c} 161, 648\\ 198, 778\\ 176, 613\\ 165, 758\\ 155, 147\\ 155, 123\\ 155, 131\\ 155, 310\\ 152, 450\\ 137, 917\\ 139, 741\\ 140, 169\\ 141, 753\\ 142, 741\\ 142, 685\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16,428\\ 17,037\\ 17,033\\ 15,136\\ 12,224\\ 11,536\\ 12,319\\ 13,533\\ 13,627\\ 13,614\\ 15,012\\ 15,617\\ 16,849\\ 18,100\\ 18,102\\ 18,104\\ 18,104\\ 18,104\\ 18,104\\ 16,863\\ 17,462\\ 18,267\\ 17,219\\ 17,213\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 30, 401\\ 38, 155\\ 29, 987\\ 21, 220\\ 26, 525\\ 29, 427\\ 29, 636\\ 18, 418\\ 5, 373\\ 9, 509\\ 14, 740\\ 15, 317\\ 28, 016\\ 28, 017\\ 29, 078\\ 29, 079\\ 29, 079\\ 29, 079\\ 29, 079\\ 29, 079\\ 29, 079\\ 29, 079\\ 28, 423\\ 28, 423\\ 28, 423\\ 28, 170\\ \end{array}$	23,039 22,967 10,090 11,375 7,131 3,596 8,249 30,258 35,806 31,010 31,013 31,010 31,013 18,409 18,409 18,440 18,434 18,452 18,956 18,965	$\begin{array}{c} 66,931\\68,403\\69,866\\68,391\\61,966\\60,951\\55,283\\53,319\\44,557\\42,928\\42,168\\42,167\\42,167\\41,049\\41,040\\41,040\\41,040\\40,942\\40,943\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 24,850\\ 52,216\\ 49,636\\ 49,636\\ 49,636\\ 49,636\\ 49,636\\ 49,636\\ 49,636\\ 49,636\\ 36,051\\ 36,051\\ 36,050\\ 36,050\\ 36,048\\ 36,048\\ 36,044\\ 36,042\\ 36,044\\ 36,042\\ 36,044\\$	13,573 12,570 12,567 12,062 12,062 12,060 12,047 12,034 12,048	66,585 66,506 66,588 66,423 66,513 67,041 65,907 66,019 66,403 65,622 65,478	27,363 40,361 48,183 49,776 52,053 55,051 56,260 56,260 56,260 57,575 57,530 57,575 57,587 57,587 57,587 57,684 57,664 57,664 57,664 57,664 57,664 57,664 57,664 57,664	8,586 9,843 8,235 5,725 5,384 4,572 4,860 7,610 8,472 8,640 7,818 8,041 7,705 7,737 7,737 7,539 8,044 6,911 7,057 7,470 6,612 6,440 6,330	16,326 20,000 24,585 28,955 31,714 32,776 33,876 33,376 33,376 35,146 35,637 35,146 35,637 35,146 35,637 35,862 35,902 36,233 36,236 36,277 36,277 36,277 36,277 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 37,276 37,276 36,276 37

<sup>1</sup> Includes fully guaranteed securities, not shown separately.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes amounts held by Government agencies and trust funds, which aggregated 6,689 million dollars on July 31, 1952.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes Treasury bonds and minor amounts of prewar and Postal Savings bonds.
 <sup>5</sup> Includes Series A investment bonds, depositary bonds, armed forces leave bonds, and adjusted service bonds, not shown separately. *Back figures.*—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 146–148, pp. 509–512.

#### UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE PUBLIC SECURITIES OUTSTANDING AUGUST 31, 1952

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS [In millions of dollars]

Funds received from sales during

period

Amount

out-

Year or

 $[On\ basis\ of\ daily\ statements\ of\ United\ States\ Treasury. In millions of\ do!lars]$ 

		mars)	
Issue and coupon rate	Amount	Issue and coupon rate	Amount
Treasury bills           Sept. 4, 1952	1,300 1,201 1,202 1,200 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,500 1,300 1,300 1,300	Treasury bonds-Cont. June 15, 1953-542 June 15, 1953-542 June 15, 1953-55214 June 15, 1953-55214 June 15, 1953-55214 Mar. 15, 1955-65424 Mar. 15, 1955-65424 Sept. 15, 1955-594234 Sept. 15, 1955-594234 June 15, 1958-634234 June 15, 1958-634234 June 15, 1958-634234 June 15, 1958-634234 June 15, 1958-634234	5,825 8,662 1,501 715 681 2,611 1,149 987 3,872 927 4,245 919 5,281 3,368
Certificates Sept. 1, 1952176 Oct. 1, 1952176 Dec. 1, 1952176 Feb. 15, 1953176 June 1, 1953176 Aug. 15, 19532	262 10,861 1,063 8,868 4,963 2,003	Dec. 15, 1960-654. 232 June 15, 1962-67. 235 Dec. 15, 1963-684. 233 June 15, 1964-695. 234 Dec. 15, 1964-695. 234 Mar. 15, 1965-705. 235 Mar. 15, 1965-715. 235 June 15, 1967-725. 235 Sept. 15, 1967-725. 235 Dec. 15, 1967-725. 235	1 485 2 118 2 529 3 758 3 815 4 752 2 976 1 899 2 716 3 852
Mar. 15, 1954	4,675 5,365 6,854 1,007 550 523	Postal Savings bonds2½ Panama Canal Loan.3 Total direct issues	84 50 144,148
Treasury bonds Mar. 15–Sept. 15, 1953.2	7,986	Guaranteed securities Federal Housing Admin. Various	38
Mar. 15-Sept. 15, 1953.2	See ta	Federal Housing Admin. Various ble on Open-Market Mone	

<sup>2</sup> Maturity Dec. 15, 1954. <sup>3</sup> Maturity Dec. 15, 1955.

<sup>4</sup> Partially tax exempt. <sup>5</sup> Restricted.

Year or	standing		per	100		maturities
month	at end of period	All series	Series E and H	Series F and J	Series Gand K	All series
1945         1946         1947         1948         1948         1950         1951	48,183 49,776 52,053 55,051 56,707 58,019 57,587	12,937 7,427 6,694 7,295 5,833 6,074 3,961	9,822 4,466 4,085 4,224 4,208 3,668 3,190	595 325 342 498 233 417 124	2,520 2,637 2,267 2,573 1,392 1,990 646	5,558 6,427 5,126 5,144 5,101 5,840 5,651
1951—Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	57,509 57,488 57,501 57,552 57,587	314 273 334 316 297	267 230 274 268 254	8 7 10 9 9	38 36 50 39 34	437 390 410 364 401
1952—Jan Feb Apr May June July Aug	57,664 57,682 57,680 57,644 57,614 57,685 57,709 57,753	441 339 331 313 292 364 367 356	364 288 284 267 253 293 316 309	16 10 9 10 8 15 9 11	61 42 38 37 30 56 43 37	<b>493</b> <b>411</b> <b>428</b> <b>438</b> <b>423</b> <b>431</b> <b>468</b> <b>399</b>
Matur	ities and a	mounts	outstand	ing Augu	ist 31, 19	52
Year of maturity		All series	Serie E and		eries and J	Series G and K
1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 Unclassified Total		3,275 6,246 7,935 6,756 4,965 4,742 4,815 4,605 5,063 4,381 3,883 732 412 -59 57,753	$\begin{array}{c} 3.27\\ 5.10\\ 5.66\\ 4.41\\ 2.22\\ 2.30\\ 2.55\\ 2.36\\ 12.93\\ 1.74\\ \dots\\ -5\\ 35.01\end{array}$	18 16 8 3 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	190 472 492 577 460 238 254 439 196 363 118 85	949 1,797 1,846 2,165 1,980 2,077 1,802 2,264 1,254 1,777 614 327 
rotal	•••••	51,155	0,00		0,082	18,852
<sup>1</sup> Includes be dollars.	onds with	extend	ed matu	rities to	otaling 6	76 million

# September 1952

Redemp-tions and

maturities

#### OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, DIRECT AND FULLY GUARANTEED [Par value in millions of dollars]

	Total gross		1 by vernment					Held by t	the public				
End of month	debt (includ- ing guar-		es and unds 1		Federal	Com-	Mutual	Insur- ance	Other	State and	Indiv	iduals	Miscel- laneous
	anteed securi- ties)	Special issues	Public issues	Total	Reserve Banks	mercial banks <sup>2</sup>	savings banks	com- panies	corpo- rations	local govern- ments	Savings bonds	Other securities	inves- tors 3
1940—Dec 1941—Dec 1942—Dec 1943—Dec 1944—Dec 1945—Dec 1946—Dec 1946—Dec 1949—Dec 1950—June Dec 1951—June Dec 1952—Mar May June	50,942 64,262 112,471 170,108 232,114 278,682 259,487 256,981 252,854 257,160 257,160 257,377 256,731 255,251 259,461 258,124 258,337 259,951 259,951	6,982 9,032 12,703 16,326 20,000 24,585 28,955 31,714 33,896 32,356 33,707 34,653 35,902 36,493 36,746 37,198	$\begin{array}{c} 2.260\\ 2.558\\ 3.218\\ 4.242\\ 5.348\\ 7.048\\ 6.338\\ 7.048\\ 5.404\\ 5.614\\ 5.404\\ 5.614\\ 5.474\\ 5.490\\ 6.305\\ 6.379\\ 6.503\\ 6.500\\ 6.524\\ 6.596\end{array}$	43,312 54,722 100,221 153,163 210,470 251,634 228,564 227,526 217,800 219,547 217,533 214,293 217,180 215,128 215,128 215,091 216,229 214,816	2,254 6,189 11,543 18,846 24,262 23,350 22,559 23,333 18,885 18,331 20,778 22,982 23,801 22,514 22,514 22,514	$\begin{array}{c} 17,300\\ 21,400\\ 41,100\\ 59,900\\ 77,700\\ 90,800\\ 74,500\\ 68,700\\ 68,700\\ 66,800\\ 65,600\\ 61,800\\ 58,400\\ 61,600\\ 61,200\\ 60,500\\ 61,100\\ 61,200\\ 61,200\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,200\\ 3,700\\ 4,500\\ 6,100\\ 8,300\\ 10,700\\ 11,500\\ 11,500\\ 11,500\\ 11,600\\ 11,600\\ 10,200\\ 9,800\\ 9,$	6,900 8,200 11,300 15,100 19,600 24,900 23,900 21,200 20,100 19,800 19,800 19,800 17,100 16,400 16,200 16,200 15,900	2,000 4,000 10,100 21,400 21,400 15,300 14,100 19,000 20,800 21,100 *21,600 *22,400 *22,200 20,300	$\begin{array}{c} 500\\ 700\\ 1,000\\ 4,300\\ 6,500\\ 6,500\\ 7,300\\ 7,900\\ 8,700\\ 8,700\\ 8,700\\ 8,900\\ 9,500\\ 9,900\\ 9,900\\ 9,900\\ 9,900\\ 9,900\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,800\\ 5,400\\ 13,400\\ 24,700\\ 36,200\\ 42,900\\ 44,200\\ 47,800\\ 49,900\\ 49,900\\ 49,900\\ 49,900\\ 49,900\\ 49,100\\ 49,100\\ 49,100\\ 49,100\\ 49,000\\ 49,100\\ 49,000\\ \end{array}$	7,800 8,200 10,300 12,900 16,700 21,000 19,900 19,900 19,300 16,400 16,600 15,400 14,400 r14,400 r14,400 r14,400	700 900 2,300 4,400 7,400 9,500 8,300 8,300 9,300 9,800 10,100 10,800 11,100 11,500 11,500 11,500 11,500

<sup>r</sup> Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes the Postal Savings System.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes holdings by banks in territories and insular possessions, which amounted to 250 million dollars on Dec. 31, 1951.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes savings and loan associations, dealers and brokers, foreign accounts, corporate pension funds, and nonprofit institutions.

Nortz.—Holdings of Federal Reserve Banks and U. S. Government agencies and trust funds are reported figures; holdings of other investor groups are estimated by the Treasury Department.

#### SUMMARY DATA FROM TREASURY SURVEY OF OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES ISSUED OR GUARANTEED BY THE UNITED STATES \*

[Interest-bearing public marketable securities. In millions of dollars]

			Lince	erest-pea	aning pu	ione ma	Inseraor	e securities. In mi	mons or	donarsj					
End of month	Total out- stand- ing	U. S. Govt. agen- cies and trust funds	Fed- eral Re- serve Banks	Com- mer- cial banks <sup>1</sup>	Mu- tual sav- ings banks	Insur- ance com- panies	Other	End of month	Total out- stand- ing	U. S. Govt. agen- cies and trust funds	Fed- eral Re- serve Banks	Com- mer- cial banks <sup>1</sup>	Mu- tual sav- ings banks	Insur- ance com- panies	Other
Type of security:								Treasury bonds and notes, due or callable:							
Total: <sup>2</sup> 1949—Dec 1950—June Dec 1951—June Dec	155.325 152,471 137,944	5,350 5,365 3.272 3,345	18,331 20,778 20,268 22,588	59,856 58,972 54,893 51,515 54,148	10,877 10,144 8,254 7,880	18,132 16,862 12,077	43,663 44,429	1950—June Dec	14,319 10,387 38,905 37,631 25,508	49		15,083	238 151 230 467 420	360 926	3,685 2,300 10,722 10,747 5,819
1952—May June Treasury bills:	140,451	3,031	21,559 22,192 4,829	53,715 53,867	7,788 7,494 15		45,228 43,532 <b>3,88</b> 0	1952—May June	24.485 25,210	14	1,620	16,197 16,826	367 327	731 677	5,556
1949—Dec 1950—June Dec 1951—June Dec	13,627 13,614 18,102	11 3 35 26 50	3,856 1,296 527 596	3,703 3,898 3,750 6,773	35 33 122 71	90 474 829 532	5,846 7,901 8.360 10,080	1-5 years: 1949—Dec 1950—June Dec	35,067 51,802 33,378 31,022	327	5,116	24,907 33,127 24,534 20,853	1,121 1,058 568 227	1,641 1,731 1,142 756	10,443 5,660
1952—May June Certificates:	18,267 17,219		381		137 103	596	11,142 10,270 10,991	Ďeo	28,678	155	5,102	18,600	142 166	685 715	3,994
1949—Dec 1950—June Dec 1951—June Dec	29,636 18,418 5,373 9,509 29,078	( <sup>3</sup> ) 17	5,357 2,334	2,753	169 64 7 37 41	633 382 53 287 662		June 5-10 years:	29,434 18,537	130 568	5,941 1,388	18,352 6,995	138 2,640	701 2,230	4,172
1952—May June Treasury notes:	28.423 28,423	60	11,487 11,821	6,870 6,877	118 120		9,361 9,091	Dec 1951—June Dec	17,411 15,962 11,156	412 376	982 1,032	7,329 6,273	$2,125 \\ 2,009$	1.948 1.858	4,615 4.414
1949—Dec 1950—June Dec 1951—June	8,249 20,404 39,258 35,806	10 14	3,500 12,527 12,439	5,569 11,204 15,833 13,704 10,465	107 154 136 120 67		1,752 5,114 10,045 8,842	1952—May June	11,154 13,272					1,671 2,183	
Dec 1952—May June Treasury bonds:	18,409 18,956 18,963	3 2 2	5,568 5,568	$10,438 \\ 10,431$	61 42	333 332	2,554 2,588	1949—Dec 1950—June Dec	45,084 43,599	4,482 4,682	$2,349 \\ 2,508$	4,092 2,932	7,130 7,180	13,507	13,090 13,524 13,989 10,534
1949—Dec 1950—June Dec 1951—June	102,795 94,035	5,273 5,283	5,618 4,620	39,235 38,691 33,607 31,286	10,624 9,967	17,249	25,340	Dec 1952—May	30,012 30,001	2,726	1,415 1,415	2,740 3,069	5,276 5,208	7,027 6,475	10,828
Dec 1952—May June	76,945 76,837	3,209 3,304	4,130 4,422	30,104 30,313 30,695	7,697 7,466	9,839 9,258	21,966 22,074 21,504	June	26,707	2,231	1,358	2,681	4,707	5,711	10,019

\* Figures include only holdings by institutions or agencies from which reports are received. Data for commercial banks, mutual savings banks, insurance companies, and the residual "other" are not entirely comparable from month to month. Figures in column headed "other" include holdings by nonreporting banks and insurance companies as well as by other investors. Estimates of total holdings (including relatively small amounts of nonmarketable issues) by all banks and all insurance companies for certain dates are shown in the table above. <sup>1</sup> Includes stock savings banks.
\* Includes Postal Savings and prewar bonds and a small amount of guaranteed securities, not shown separately below.
\* Less than \$500,000.

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FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

## SUMMARY OF TREASURY RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND RELATED ITEMS

				On basis	of daily	v statemer	nts of Uni	ted Stat	es Trea	sury					sh oper ne and	
			1			Increase decreas	se (-)	Genera	l fund o	f the Tr		end of p	period)		ile allu	outgo -
Fiscal year or	Net re-	Budget ex-	surplus	Trust ac-	Clear- ing	during	period	Bal-		Ass Depos			Total	Cash		Excess income
month	ceipts	pendi- tures	(+) or deficit (-)	ac- counts, etc. <sup>1</sup>	ac- count <sup>1</sup>	Gross debt	General fund balanc <del>e</del>	ance in gen- eral fund	Total	Fed- eral Re- serve Banks <sup>2</sup>	Spe- cial depos- itaries	Other assets	lia- bili- ties	in- come	Cash outgo	(+) or outgo (-)
Fiscal year:																
1950 1951 1952	48,143	44.633	+3,510	+679	-214	+4,587 -2,135 +3,883	+1,839	7,357	7,871	338	5,680	1,853	514	53,439	43,155 45,804 67,956	+7,635
1951—Aug Sept Oct. Nov Dec.,	3,594 6,209 2,635 3,521 5,279	5,163 5,483 5,178	+1,046 -2,847 -1,658	+37	$+30 \\ -86 \\ +20$		-2,042 -250	6,916 4,874 4,624	7,356 5,311 5,147	947 493 481	3,244 4,547 3,021 2,901 2,693	1,727 1,861 1,798 1,765 1,801	439 437 523	6,555 2,855 4,293	4,862 5,801 5,642	-965 +1,693 -2,946 -1,348 +21
1952—Jan Feb Mar Apr May	4,953 5,553 9,886 4,323 3,809 9,796	5,704 6,016 5,659	+448 +4,182 -1,693 -1,850	+106 -291 +357	$-25 \\ -245 \\ +329$	$+587 \\ -2,278 \\ +209 \\ +1,613$	+1,765 -1,447 +28	5.075 6.840 5.393 5.421	5,700 7,445 6,108 6,046	558 169 450 569	3,216 5,228 3,779 3,690	1,926 2,049 1,879 1,787	625 605 715	6,275 10,436 4,689 4,722	5,328 6,120 5,972 5,751	-290 +947 +4,316 -1,283
June July Aug	3,316 4,050	6,742	-3,426	-17	+432	+3,968 +113	+957	7,925	8,520	638	6,027	1,855	594	3,593		

DETAILS OF TREASURY RECEIPTS

		On bas	sis of daily	statem	ents of	United	States Tre	easury		On basis of	reports by	y collectors o	of internal	revenue
	Income	taxes	Mis-				Ded	uct		Individual	income	C	Es-	Excise
Fiscal year or month	With- held	Other	cella- neous internal	Em- ploy- ment	Other re- ceipts	re-	Refunds of	Social Security employ-	Net re- ceipts	and old insurance		Corpora- tion in- come and profits	tate and gift	and other miscel-
	by em- ployers <sup>4</sup>		revenue	taxes	ceipts		receipts	ment taxes 5		Withheld	Other	taxes	taxes	laneous taxes
Fiscal year:														
1950	10,073			2,883		41,311			37.045		7,264	10.854	706	7,599
1951 1952		24,218	9,423 9,726	$3,931 \\ 4.562$		$53,369 \\ 67,999$			48,143 62,129		9,908 11,545	14,388 21,467	730 833	8,704 8,971
1951-Aug	2,130	404	806	596		4,165	55	516	3,594	3,600	116	290	66	771
Sept	1,128		707	449				258	6,209		1,276	2,942	52	641
Oct	780	828	885	46	169	2,708		32	2,635		215	512	52	831
Nov	2,177 1.361		805 823	505 322		3,951 5,576		400 266	3,521 5,279		98 310	160	70 77	776
Dec			1									2,649		712
1952-Jan		\$ 3,021	826	174 703	383	5,153		147			\$2,330	807	65	763
Feb Mar	$3,057 \\ 2,019$	1.943	805 825	539		6,194 10,800		446 460	5,553 9,886		1,464 2,133	311 5,913	66 113	754 718
Apr	2,019	3.191	849	268	150			252	4,323		1.583	1.278	88	742
May	3,009		828	582	197			476			221	351	80	750
June	1,983		845	201		10,220		142	9,796		1,478	5.659	48	804
July	1,007	1,435	949	204		3,649		182	3,316		393	958	84	863
Aug	¢2,996	445	862	₽539	177	4.585	102	434	4,050	l				

DETAILS OF BUDGET EXPENDITURES AND TRUST ACCOUNTS

	-			(	)n basis	of daily	v staten	ients of	United	States	Treasur	У				
				Budge	t expen	ditures						Trus	t and ot	her acc	ounts	
Fiscal year or month		Na-	Other	Inter- national	Inter-	Vet- erans	Aid to	Social Secur-	Trans- fers			ial Secu accounts			Other	
	Total	tional de- fense	military security pro- grams <sup>7</sup>	eco- nomic aid <sup>8</sup>	est on debt	Ad- min- istra- tion	agri- cul- ture	ity pro- grams	to trust ac- counts	Other	Re- ceipts	In- vest- ments	Ex- pendi- tures	Re- ceipts	In- vest- ments <sup>9</sup>	Ex- pendi- tures
Fiscal year: 1950 1951 1952	40,167 44,633 66,145	19,964	1,901	3,854		5,204	2,986 635 1,219	1,375 1,415 1,424	972	5,075	5,631	1,028 2,685 2,982		2,165	-1,430 872 654	771
1951—Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	5,087 5,163 5,483 5,178 5,627	3,040 2,628 3,166 3,015 3,070	262 289 380	247 188	222 580 497 173 1,057	419 365 406 436 386		150 58 187 121 88	41 496 87 92 64	556 550 398 669 330	421 179 732	193 59 285	243 253	160 475 190 171 142	-66 323 -58 -38 -8	99 169
1952—Jan Feb Apr May June July Aug	5,455 5,105 5,704 6,016 5,659 6,930 6,742 5,018	3,414 3,155 3,425 3,775 3,791 3,699 \$\$,902 \$\$2,950	363 406 435 413 375 471	214 201 277 315 337 \$251	228 142 689 350 172 1,518 320 183	428 378 385 371 352 339 391 354	194 78 83 52 85 187 117 \$126	158 108 66 149 76 148 158 <i>p</i> 112	71 78 50 99 80	355 248 ¢635	711 558 371 924 521 288	175 157 267 532 356 24	310	120 126 104 126 505 450	46 14 3 -22 293 333	137

Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Excess of receipts (+) or expenditures (-).
 <sup>2</sup> Excludes items in process of collection.
 <sup>3</sup> For description, see Treasury Bulletin for September 1947 and subsequent issues.
 <sup>4</sup> Prior to January 1952 represents income tax withheld. and employment taxes less amounts appropriated to Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund; beginning with January 1952, employment taxes withheld no longer separable.
 <sup>5</sup> These are appropriated directly to the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund.
 <sup>6</sup> Beginning with January 1952, includes social security taxes on self-employed persons.
 <sup>7</sup> Atomic Energy, Maritime activities, and military assistance abroad.
 <sup>8</sup> Includes State Department.

#### GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES

[Based on compilation by United States Treasury Department. In millions of dollars]

		А	ssets, of	ther tha	n intera	igency i	tems 1			ies, oth agency			
Corporation or agency			Loans	Com- modi- ties,		est- nts	Land, struc-	Other	and d	notes, leben- payable	Other	U. S. Gov- ern-	Pri- vately owned
	Total	Cash	re- ceiv- able	sup- plies, and mate- rials	U. S. Govt. secu- rities	Other secu- rities <sup>2</sup>	tures, and equip- ment	as- sets	Fully guar- anteed by U. S.	Other	liabil- ities	ment inter- est	inter- est
Sept. 30, 1951 Dec. 31, 1951	25,188 25,668 26,744 26,858	659 931	13,504 13,906 14,422 14,422	1,515	2,236	$3,472 \\ 3,463$	3,025 3,358	659 854 882 991	34 43		949 1.161	22,533 22,962 23.842 24,010	315 322 329 349
Classification by agency, Mar. 31, 1952 Department of Agriculture: Farm Credit Administration: Banks for cooperatives. Federal intermediate credit banks. Production credit corporations. Agricultural Marketing Act. Federal Farm Mortgage Corp. Rural Electrification Administration. Commodity Credit Corporation. Farmers' Home Administration 4. Federal Crop Insurance Corp.	449 811 55 1 34 1,884 2,212 583 31	27 17 2 1 41 14 65 29	739  1 32 1.782	1,012	48 43	10	(*)  (3) 106 (*)	(3) (3) 1 60 374 25		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(3) (3) (3) (3) (1) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3	283 58 55 1 33 1,884 1,906 580 28	
Housing and Home Finance Agency: Home Loan Bank Board: Federal home loan banks	1,003 211 1,903 447 2,068 89	1 83 46	589 557 30 2,053 35		384 204 	(3) (3)	( <sup>3</sup> ) 1,242 1 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 31	6 22 80 14	· · · · · · 37	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	350 6 12 212 3 1	205 1,891 198 2,065	· · · · · · · ·
Reconstruction Finance Corporation: Assets held for U. S. Treasury <sup>6</sup> Other <sup>6</sup> Export-Import Bank Federal Deposit Insurance Corp Tennessee Valley Authority. All other <sup>7</sup> .	2,338 1,425 1,359	2 7 ( <sup>3</sup> ) 229 229	1 705 2,322  4,008	(3) (3) 16			(3) (8) 1,105	35 16 14 8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	  	70 43 122 43 63	2,294 1,303 1,316	

#### PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### CLASSIFICATION OF LOANS BY PURPOSE AND AGENCY

						Ma	ar. 31, 19	052						
Purpose of loan	Fed. Farm Mort. Corp.	Fed. inter- medi- ate credit banks	Banks for co- opera- tives	modity	Rural Elec- trifica- tion Adm.	Farm- ers' Home Adm.	Home Own- ers' Loan Corp.	Public Hous- ing Adm.	Fed. home loan banks	Recon- struc- tion Fi- nance Corp.	Dort- Im- port	All other	All agen- cies	Dec. 31, 1951, all agencies
To aid agriculture To aid home owners To aid industry:							2,053	:					4,239 2,363	
Railroads Other To aid financial institutions:									<i></i> 		 	2 70	98 473	101 48 <b>8</b>
Banks Other. Foreign loans Other Less: Reserve for losses	  	 	 	 		 			589	8 61 63	2,329	 3,706 110 9		779
Total loans receivable (net)	32		371	708	1,782						2,322	4,074	14,422	14,422

<sup>1</sup> Assets are shown on a net basis, i. e., after reserve for losses.
 <sup>2</sup> Totals for each quarter include the United States' investment of 635 million dollars in stock of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and its subscription of 2,750 million to the International Monetary Fund.
 <sup>8</sup> Less than \$500,000.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes Disaster Loans, etc., Revolving Fund.
 <sup>6</sup> Assets representing unrecovered costs to the Corporation in its national defense, war, and reconversion activities, which are held for the Treasury for liquidation purposes in accordance with provisions of Public Law 860, 80th Congress.
 <sup>6</sup> Includes figures for smaller War Plants Corp., which is being liquidated by the Reconstruction Finance Corp.
 <sup>7</sup> Figures for one small agency are for date other than Mar. 31.

Nore.—Statement includes figures for certain business-type activities of the U. S. Government. Comparability of the figures in recent years has been affected by (1) the adoption of a new reporting form and the substitution of quarterly for monthly reports beginning Sept. 30, 1944, and (2) the exclusion of figures for the U. S. Maritime Commission beginning June 30, 1948. For back figures see earlier issues of the BULLETIN and Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 152, p. 517.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

#### **BUSINESS INDEXES**

[The terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation]

		(physi	rial prod cal volu 5-39 = 1	me)* 1		c awar	nstructi ontracts ded (va 7-49 = 1	s lue)²	Emplo	yments 1947–4	and pa 9 = 100	yrolls <sup>3</sup>	Freight	Depart- ment	Con-	Whole-sale
Year or month			Ma fact				Resi-		Non- agri- cul-		nufactu ction w		carload- ings* 1935-39 =100	store sales* (retail value)4	sumers' prices <sup>3</sup> 1935–39 =100	com- modity
Tear of month	To	tal	Du- rable	Non- du- rable	Min- erals	Total	den- tial	All other	tural em- ploy- ment	Emp me		Pay- rolls		1947-49 =100		=100
	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Unad- justed
1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925		72 75 58 73 88 82 90	84 93 53 81 103 95 107	62 60 57 67 72 69 76	71 83 66 71 98 89 92	34 34 30 43 45 51 66	26 18 27 41 49 57 75	39 45 32 43 42 40 59	61.6 62.2 55.4 58.7 64.6 63.8 65.5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	68.7 69.0 52.8 58.4 66.9 62.1 64.2	31.1 37.1 24.0 25.7 32.6 30.4 32.1	121	27 32 30 30 34 34 36	143.3 127.7 119.7 121.9	
1926 1927 1928 1929 1930		96 95 99 110 91	114 107 117 132 98	79 83 85 93 84	100 100 99 107 93	69 69 73 63 49	73 71 76 52 30	67 68 70 70 62	67.9 68.2 68.3 71.3 67.0		65.5 64.1 64.2 68.3 59.5	33.0 32.4 32.8 35.0 28.3	152 147 148 152 131	37 37 37 38 35	126.4 124.0 122.6 122.5 119.4	65.0 62.0 62.9 61.9 56.1
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	75 58 69 75 87	67 41 54 65 83	70 70 79 81 90	80 67 76 80 86	34 15 14 17 20	22 8 7 7 13	41 20 18 24 25	60.6 53.7 53.9 59.0 61.6		50.2 42.6 47.2 55.1 58.8	21.5 14.8 15.9 20.4 23.5	82	32 24 24 27 29	108.7 97.6 92.4 95.7 98.1	47.4 42.1 42.8 48.7 52.0
1936 1937 1938 1939 1940	•••• •••• ••••	103 113 89 109 125	108 122 78 109 139	100 106 95 109 115	99 112 97 106 117	30 32 35 39 44	22 25 27 37 43	35 36 40 40 44	66.2 70.6 66.4 69.6 73.6	• • • • • • •	63.9 70.1 59.6 66.2 71.2	27.2 32.6 25.3 29.9 34.0	89	33 35 32 35 37	99.1 102.7 100.8 99.4 100.2	52.5 56.1 51.1 50.1 51.1
1941 1942 1943 1944 1944 1945	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	162 199 239 235 203	201 279 360 353 274	142 158 176 171 166	125 129 132 140 137	66 89 37 22 36	54 49 24 10 16	74 116 45 30 50	83.1 91.2 96.6 95.3 92.1	<b></b> . <b></b> .	87.9 103.9 121.4 118.1 104.0	49.3 72.2 99.0 102.8 87.8	138 137 140	44 50 56 62 70	105.2 116.6 123.7 125.7 128.6	56.8 64.2 67.0 67.6 68.8
1946 1947 1948 1948 1949 1950 1951	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	170 187 192 176 200 220	192 220 225 202 237 273	165 172 177 168 187 194	134 149 155 135 148 164	82 84 102 113 159 171	87 86 98 116 185 170	79 83 105 111 142 172	95.1 99.6 101.6 98.8 101.4 106.6		97.9 103.4 102.8 93.8 99.2 105.4	97.2 111.2	132 143 138 116 128 134	90 98 104 98 105 109	139.5 159.6 171.9 170.2 171.9 185.6	78.7 96.4 104.4 99.2 103.1 114.8
1950 November December	215 218	215 216	260 268	195 197	160 157	163 177	171 179	159 176	104.5 104.8		105.5 105.6		136 140	103 109	176.4 178.8	109.3 112.1
1951 January. February. March. April. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	221 221 222 223 222 211 212 217 218 218 218 218 218	216 217 219 222 223 214 220 223 222 220 217	268 271 277 279 276 274 265 267 271 274 277 282	201 201 199 198 198 197 187 193 192 188 188 188	164 158 158 165 165 165 165 167 174 170 163	178 173 163 199 193 200 162 156 147 140 156 166	188 187 1766 170 166 174 179 176 168 160 146 145		107.0 106.8	106.9 107.1 106.8 106.8 106.0 104.8 103.9 103.4 103.3	105.6 104.2 105.7 105.8	128.5 130.0 129.5 128.1 129.8 126.4 128.4 130.9 129.8 129.8	136 133 131 125 133 133 135 137	125 115 105 104 104 105 109 107 109 113 109	181.5 183.8 184.5 184.6 185.4 185.5 185.5 185.5 186.6 187.4 188.6 189.1	115.0 116.5 116.5 115.9 115.1 114.2 113.7 113.4 113.7 113.6
1952 January February March April July July August Estimated: all	221 222 221 216 211 204 P191 •212	217 218 217 215 *211 205 *192 *215	282 284 285 277 277 248 \$224 \$224 \$264	189 190 188 183 180 186 *180 *189	167 167 164 166 *140 147 #143 *157	161 156 164 171 168 172 ₱180	142 163 174 189 186 193 <b>P196</b>	152 157 158 156 158 p169	107.0 107.0 r107.0 r107.1 106.7 p105.9	103.7 r104.0 r103.6 101.3 p98.7	103.6 103.6 102.9 101.9 100.2	131.0 131.9 128.1 128.2	141 136 133 126 122 108 102 125	108 106 105 103 108 111 \$\$105 \$\$114	189.1 187.9 188.0 188.7 189.0 189.6 190.8	<b>†111.2</b>

Estimated; all estimates are those of the Federal Reserve. *P* Preliminary. *r* Revised.
 \* Average per working day.
 \* For indexes by groups or industries, see pp. 1046-1049.
 \* Three-month moving average, based on F. W. Dodge Corporation data. A description of the index may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics. For monthly data (dollar value) by groups, see p. 1053.
 \* The unadjusted indexes of employment and payrolls, wholesale commodity prices, and consumers' prices are compiled by or based on data of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Nonagricultural employment covers employees only and excludes personnel in the armed forces. The consumers' price index is the adjusted series, reflecting: (1) beginning 1940, allowances for rents of new housing units and (2) beginning January 1950, interim revision of series and weights.
 \* For indexes by Federal Reserve districts and for other department store data, see pp. 1056-1058.
 \* Back functoring Burg Entry For indextiol production August 1940 no 825-882. Sentember 1941 pp. 933-937 and October 1043 pp. 058-084.

Back figures in BULLETIN.—For industrial production, August 1940, pp. 825–882, September 1941, pp. 933–937, and October 1943, pp. 958–984; for department store sales, December 1951, pp. 1490–1515.

### INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES

#### (Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Federal Reserve index numbers, 1935-39 average =100]

			19	51						1952			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July
Industrial Production—Total	212	217	218	218	219	218	221	222	221	216	211	204	₽191
Manufactures—Total	222	226	228	226	228	228	231	232	231	225	224	214	₽200
Durable Manufactures	265	267	271	274	277	282	282	284	285	277	277	248	₽224
Iron and Steel 1,	253	254	258	261	261	263	261	261	263	245	245	142	₽127
Pig iron	230	230	231	235	232	227	229	235	239	205	208	42	
Steel Open hearth Electric.	293	291 208 881	298 213 902	304 217 921	307 216 954	304 219 911	304 218 913	304 221 892	309 225 911	278 196 855	278 195 7867	66 39 256	₽55 
Machinery	328	328	336	340	347	358	359	360	359	•354	<b>*3</b> 53	352	₽33-
Transportation Equipment	293	305	311	311	313	320	318	322	327	329	338	339	₽262
Automobiles (including parts) (Aircraft; Railroad Equipment; Shipbuilding — Private and Government) <sup>2</sup> .	216	223	226	223	216	221	218	219	222	*227 	r232	230	₽139
Nonferrous Metals and Products	199	197	196	201	209	207	216	217	218	219	7216	210	P20
Smelting and refining	226	213	214	230	235	235	243	249	252	257	<del>7</del> 259	247	₽242
Aluminum; Magnesium; Tin) * Fabricating	188	191	190	190	198	196	206	204	204	203	<sup>7</sup> 199	196	P19
Lumber and Products	141	146	146	149	157		159		150	152	7142	146	714
Lumber and Froducts		137	135	138	149	154	150	162	158 149	143	128	134	12
Furniture	160	165	167	171	172	141 178	175	154 176	175	143	168	169	P164
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	237	228	228	219	212	219	217	224	222	220	217	222	P21
Glass products	260 285	234 249	232 246	214 222	199 204	208 216	210 223	223 239	224 239	-225 242	228 243	247 269	₽24 26
Cement Clay products Other stone and clay products <sup>2</sup>	177	222 176	219 173	217 172	219 173	242 172	233 182	257 177	244 175	238 7173	230 7167	222 171	21 16
Nondurable Manufactures	187	193	192	188	188	185	189	190	188	183	7180	186	P18
Textiles and Products	160	170	163	154	157	152	157	160	152	144	151	154	P14
Textile fabrics Cotton consumption Rayon deliveries		150 145 360	145 142 334	139 140 293	142 144 289	137 136 283	142 144 296	146 150 294	139 141 288	131 130 280	137 135 287	138 133 312	11 342
Nylon and silk consumption <sup>2</sup> . Wool textiles. Carpet wool consumption. Apparel wool consumption. Wool and worsted yarn. Woolen yarn. Worsted yarn. Worsted cloth.	27 117 105 92 123	115 58 132 117 108 130 135	114 63 132 117 108 129 132	114 86 119 114 108 123 126	120 94 122 120 116 126 133	118 99 121 115 112 119 131	116 120 110 109 108 109 126	122 133 116 117 114 120 126	112 123 110 108 103 114 113	108 117 110 103 96 112 109	r117 r113 123 112 108 r116 123	112 75 125 113 106 124 124	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Leather and Products	85	99	100	91	89	88	100	107	108	102	105	103	
Leather tanning	75	81	84	80	78	79	86	90	86	84	90	92	
Cattle hide leathers. Calf and kip leathers. Goat and kid leathers Sheep and lamb leathers	58	99 44 65 56	104 51 56 64	96 51 53 67	94 51 53 69	91 59 60 71	98 64 70 71	101 73 72 74	98 68 69 72	95 72 64 69	105 67 67 72	107 69 67 79	  
Shoes	. 92 164	110	111	98 163	97 160	94	110 162	118 165	122 166	114	115	111	 10
Wheat flour	107	108	107	109	115	100	122	113	100	103	100	113	P11
Cane sugar meltings <sup>2</sup> Manufactured dairy products Butter Cheese	150 77 180	148 77 173	143 72 165	140 71 163	137 64 158	136 62 161	137 65 165	138 66 163	142 71 169	146 73 181	148 73 183	147 769 180	14 14 7 17
Cheese Canned and dried milk Ice cream <sup>2</sup>	169	173	165 138	163 126	158 118 	161   119 	165 118	163 120	169 133	181 149	183 163 	180 164	

# INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES—Continued

(Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Federal Reserve index numbers, 1935-39 average = 100]

			19	51						1952			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Jul
Manufactured Food Products-Continued													
Meat packing Pork and lard Beef Veal Lamb and mutton	187 126 107	162 207 128 110 65	168 221 126 99 64	157 198 124 109 74	168 205 143 106 75	163 200 141 84 69	162 193 145 87 80	182 228 153 84 85	179 230 141 81 85	165 207 135 79 79	146 167 140 84 76	148 170 137 99 78	142 163 144 109 68
Other manufactured foods Processed fruits and vegetables Confectionery Other food products	147 127	174 139 140 188	176 152 136 189	173 163 127 183	166 121 136 183	168 123 149 183	169 128 145 184	171 133 143 185	172 150 135 184	169 *146 128 183	*169 *146 130 *181	175 162 121 188	p170 p130 p188
Alcoholic Beverages	175	178	184	178	188	176	174	171	170	157	150	152	16
Malt liquor Whiskey Other distilled spirits. Rectified liquors.	78 474	165 51 492 223	164 70 335 332	154 76 265 358	180 86 262 292	178 85 253 225	185 73 336 150	173 73 327 193	171 68 292 208	154 62 298 205	149 51 231 214	161 38 185 207	170 193 224
Tobacco Products	161	183	177	185	194	147	176	175	174	184	178	189	17.
Cigars Cigarettes Other tobacco products	98 225 57	114 252 73	123 239 70	127 259 44	129 262 84	87 204 60	108 244 67	105 244 68	109 243 59	110 259 62	114 245 64	116 264 65	11 24 5
Paper and Paper Products	190	196	197	196	191	184	187	193	192	185	182	r 181	16
Paper and pulp. Pulp. Groundwood pulp. Soda pulp. Sulphate and sulphite pulp <sup>3</sup> . Paper Paperboard.	183 230 137 78 269 176 217	189 228 132 93 265 183 224	192 234 137 99 271 185 216	191 235 130 97 273 185 213	187 235 112 95 278 180 205	182 223 116 94 261 176 191	185 229 111 95 271 178 197	189 237 114 99 279 181 209	188 241 117 99 284 180 205	181 228 110 95 269 174 202	175 221 108 92 260 168 207	176 227 121 89 266 *168 201	15- 19: 12- 6: 22: 14: 18:
Fine paper <sup>2</sup> Printing paper. Tissue and absorbent paper. Wrapping paper. Newsprint Paperboard containers (same as Paperboard)	167 204 165 129	185 196 168 130	192 200 180 129	190 210 180 127	188 179 184 125	191 181 181 128	192 195 177 123	191 184 176 129	189 190 178 131	186 186 161 122	175 162 149 130	182 *168 153 134	15 17 12 12
Printing and Publishing	166	174	179	177	175	174	175	177	177	175	170	176	15
Newsprint consumption Printing paper (same as shown under Paper)	166	164	167	165	163	158	159	163	164	164	166	169	16
Petroleum and Coal Products	262	265	266	269	276	281	281	281	278	263	r211	252	P25
Petroleum refining <sup>2</sup> Gasoline Fuel oil Lubricating oil. Kerosene. Other petroleum products <sup>2</sup> . Coke. By-product coke.	213 195 209 183 178	213 209 200 208 187 179	214 213 187 216  185 178	212 214 200 214 185 178	214 226 196 230 185 177	215 234 192 224 185 178	211 238 188 243  188 179	212 242 177 208  188 179 459	210 227 183 223 204 197	205 218 177 211 179 175	157 167 124 133	216 228 185 199	₽22 ₽22 
Beehive coke	388 305	457	411 301	452 298	467	456 298	464 300	297	420 294	329	7291	83 297	P25
Paints. Rayon. Industrial chemicals. Other chemical products <sup>2</sup> .	167 392 554	165 393 557	158 358 560	156 346 556	158 331 563	158 317 563	159 322 562	157 299 562	155 269 563	r152 267 r559	r151 270 r557	152 307 562	p15 p32 p54
Rubber Products	243	243	245	239	245	250	248	243	242	r235	r239	245	P23
Minerals—Total	156	165	167	174	170	163	167	167	164	166	-140	147	P14
<sup>7</sup> uels	160	171	172	179	178	170	175	174	170	171	140	161	P1
Coal. Bituminous coal. Anthracite. Crude petroleum	66	123 134 77 194	125 137 79 195	138 147 104 199	141 152 99 196	125 135 86 193	136 147 91 194	123 135 77 199	111 122 68 199	110 119 74 201	100 107 73 159	96 102 74 193	2 9 19
Metals	132	134	137	144	122	122	125	128	125	141	143	P65	p
Metals other than gold and silver Iron ore		194	200	212	175	174	177	182	176	204	207	P71	p7
Gold	52	49 58	49 58	47 62	45 65	44 70	47	47	48 78	47	51 75		

For other footnotes see preceding page.

NOTE.—For description and back figures see BULLETIN for October 1943, pp. 940-984, September 1941, pp. 878-881 and 933-937, and August 1940, pp. 753-771 and 825-882.

# INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES

#### (Without Seasonal Adjustment)

[Federal Reserve index numbers, 1935-39 average =100]

			19	951						1952			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Jul
Industrial Production—Total	214	220	223	222	220	217	217	218	217	215	-211	205	P19
Manufactures — Total	223	229	232	230	229	227	227	229	228	224	224	215	p 20
Durable Manufactures	266	269	273	276	277	280	280	281	283	277	278	249	P22
ron and Steel 1	253	254	258	261	261	263	261	261	263	245	245	142	P1
Pig iron. Steel. Open hearth. Electric.	293	230 291 208 881	231 298 213 902	235 304 217 921	232 307 216 954	227 304 219 911	229 304 218 913	235 304 221 892	239 309 225 911	205 278 196 855	208 278 195 7867	42 66 39 256	
Machinery	328	328	336	340	347	358	359	360	359	r 354	r353	352	₽ <i>3</i> ,
Fransportation Equipment	293	305	311	311	313	320	318	322	327	329	338	339	P20
Automobiles (including parts) (Aircraft; Railroad equipment; Shipbuilding—Private and Government) <sup>2</sup>	216	223	226	223	216 	221	218 	219	222	*227	r232	230	₽1. 
Nonferrous Metals and Products	199	197	197	201	209	207	216	217	218	219	+216	210	P2
Smelting and refining (Copper smelting; Lead refining; Zinc smelting; Aluminum; Magnesium; Tin) <sup>2</sup>	225	213	214	230	236	235	243	249	252	257	260	246	p2.
Fabricating (Copper products; Lead shipments; Zinc shipments; Aluminum products; Magnesium products; Tin consumption) <sup>2</sup> .	188	191 	190 	190 	198 	196 	206	204	204	203	r199	196 	p1
umber and Products	151	158	158	158	155	141	142	148	149	152	145	155	P1
Lumber Furniture	146 160	154 165	153 167	151 171	146 172	122 178	125 175	133 176	135 175	143 r170	133 7168	148 169	1 p1
Sione, Clay, and Glass Products	239	238	237	230	217	212	205	208	212	216	223	225	<i>p</i> 2
Glass products	273	241 259 251 182	236 251 254 180	219 228 252 182	200 206 237 179	197 201 220 177	207 219 188 169	218 232 196 168	224 239 200 167	*225 242 226 *168	240 260 241 *166	245 266 237 170	₽2 2 2 ₽1
Nondurable Manufactures	188	197	199	193	191	185	184	186	184	180	180	187	<b>P1</b>
Textiles and Products	160	170	163	154	157	152	157	160	152	144	151	154	p1
Textile fabrics. Cotton consumption Rayon deliveries.	138 123 379	150 145 360	145 142 334	139 140 293	142 144 289	137 136 283	142 144 296	146 150 294	139 141 288	131 130 280	137 135 287	138 133 312	13
Nylon and silk consumption <sup>2</sup> . Wool textiles Carpet wool consumption Apparel wool consumption Woolen and worsted yarn Woolen yarn. Woosted yarn. Woolen and worsted cloth.	105 92 123	115 58 132 117 108 130 135	114 63 132 117 108 129 132	114 86 119 114 108 123 126	120 94 122 120 116 126 133	118 99 121 115 112 119 131	116 120 110 109 108 109 126	122 133 116 117 114 120 126	112 123 110 108 103 114 113	108 117 110 103 96 112 109	r117 r113 123 112 108 r116 123	112 75 125 113 106 124 124	· · ·
Leather and Products	83	98	100	91	91	88	100	109	108	102	105	102	ŀ.
Leather tanning. Cattle hide leathers. Calf and kip leathers. Goat and kid leathers. Sheep and lamb leathers. Shoes.	86 42	80 96 47 63 58 110	83 102 50 57 62 111	80 97 52 53 67 98	81 98 52 52 73 97	79 91 58 61 67 94	86 100 62 70 66 110	96 109 77 74 81 118	86 98 67 68 70 122	84 95 69 66 68 114	90 105 64 66 77 115	90 102 70 68 78 111	· · · · · ·
Manufactured Food Products	176	189	192	177	164	158	151	149	148	149	154	166	P ] ]
Wheat flour.         Cane sugar meltings <sup>2</sup> .         Manufactured dairy products.         Butter.         Cheese.         Canned and dried milk.         Ice cream.	221 94 221 196	107 215 85 194 164	117 169 69 169 127	115 128 61 146 102	116  98 49 119 85 	108 95 49 116 92	122 86 54 122 95	114 97 58 134 108	101 116 64 152 131	104 152 • 75 188 168	99 197 94 245 227	109 217 795 7256 227	р1 2 2 1

Preliminary. r Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Methods used in compiling the iron and steel group index have been revised beginning October 1949. A description of the new methods may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.
 <sup>2</sup> Series included in total and group indexes but not available for publication separately.
 <sup>3</sup> Because of a reclassification of the basic data used to measure changes in production, the sulphate pulp and sulphite pulp series are no longer available separately. Individual indexes through June 1951 are shown in preceding BULLETINS.

# INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES—Continued (Without Seasonal Adjustment)

[Federal Reserve index numbers, 1935-39 average = 100]

			1	951						1952			
Industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Jul
Manufactured Food Products—Continued													
Meat packing Pork and latd Beef Veal. Lamb and mutton	141 165 127 107 67	139 159 130 108 64	149 174 136 109 69	156 186 135 124 77	188 240 148 114 75	195 264 141 79 68	193 253 148 81 85	175 223 140 74 86	165 214 128 76 83	152 188 127 78 77	147 167 140 88 78	147 170 134 99 73	137 144 146 109 65
Other manufactured foods Processed fruits and vegetables Confectionery Other food products	181 191 104 191	200 263 151 192	209 297 175 193	192 210 167 192	174 111 161 192	166 96 150 187	157 83 149 177	155 84 144 176	153 82 125 176	151 789 107 175	153 r95 100 178	166 124 89 190	17 17 16 17 16 17 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
Alcoholic Beverages	190	179	193	197	178	154	145	152	155	155	158	176	180
Malt liquor. Whiskey Other distilled spirits. Rectified liquors.	204 78 275 197	188 51 266 223	166 70 459 332	143 76 686 358	139 86 549 292	142 85 278 225	151 73 219 150	155 73 196 193	159 68 190 208	162 62 179 205	170 51 139 214	203 38 115 207	220 19 115 224
Tobacco Products	167	190	188	191	198	137	176	167	164	174	178	197	179
Cigars Cigarettes Other tobacco products	98 236 57	114 265 71	123 256 75	127 269 47	129 267 86	87 188 53	108 244 66	105 229 66	109 226 59	110 241 62	114 245 64	116 278 66	113 253 54
Paper and Paper Products	189	196	196	196	191	183	187	194	192	186	182	182	15
Paper and pulp Pulp Groundwood pulp Soda pulp Sulphate and sulphite pulp <sup>3</sup> Paper Paperboard.	78 269	189 226 116 93 265 183 224	191 232 122 99 271 185 216	191 233 121 97 273 185 213	187 236 119 95 278 180 205	181 223 117 94 261 175 191	185 230 116 95 271 178 197	190 238 119 99 279 182 209	188 242 125 99 284 180 205	181 230 121 95 269 174 202	175 222 117 92 260 168 207	177 227 122 89 266 169 201	153 193 110 68 226 145 182
Fine paper <sup>2</sup> . Printing paper. Tissue and absorbent paper. Wrapping paper. Newsprint. Paperboard containers (same as Paperboard)	167 196 165 126	185 196 168 128	192 200 180 129	190 212 180 127	188 179 184 126	191 175 181 125	192 193 177 123	191 191 176 129	189 190 178 131	186 188 161 124	175 162 149 131	182 171 153 135	150 16 <sup>1</sup> 12 <sup>4</sup> 12 <sup>4</sup>
Printing and Publishing	155	166	180	181	183	178	170	175	180	180	174	175	14.
Newsprint consumption Printing paper (same as shown under Paper)	143	147	168	173	178	166	148	159	171	174	173	168	14
Petroleum and Coal Products	262	265	266	269	276	281	281	281	278	263	7211	252	₽25
Petroleum refining <sup>2</sup> . Gasoline Fuel oil. Lubricating oil. Kerosene. Other petroleum products <sup>2</sup> . Coke. By-product coke.	211 213 193 194  183 178	213 209 198 199  187 179	214 213 187 214  185 178	212 214 200 214  185 178	214 226 196 237 185 177	215 234 190 231  185 178	211 238 183 248  188 179	212 242 175 218  188 179	210 227 181 227  204 197	205 218 184 215  179 175	157 167 129 134	216 228 185 187	₽220 ₽229
Beehive coke	388	457	411	452	467	456	464	459	420	329	329	83	4
Chemical Products            Paints            Rayon	301 165 392	303 163 393	303 157 358	<i>303</i> 156 346	304 157 331	302 158 317	302 156 322	300 155 299	298 155 269	*295 *153 267	*291 *155 270	295 157 307	P29 P15 P324
Industrial chemicals Other chemical products <sup>2</sup>	554	557	560 	556 	563 	563 	562	562 	563 • • • • •	*559 • · · · •	*557	562 • • • • •	₽54. ····
Rubber Products	243	243	245	239	245	250	248	243	242	7235	+239	245	₽23:
Minerals—Total	161	170	171	176	169	159	162	162	158	165	143	149	P14
Fuels	160	171	172	179	178	170	175	174	170	171	140	161	P15
Coal Bituminous coal Anthracite Crude petroleum	97 105 66 192	123 134 77 194	125 137 79 195	138 147 104 199	141 152 99 196	125 135 86 193	136 147 91 194	123 135 77 199	111 122 68 199	110 119 74 201	100 107 73 159	96 102 74 193	84 9 5 19
Metals		167	166	163	115	89	88	91	90	130	159	₽80	P8
Metals other than gold and silver Iron ore	247 384	250 403	246 388	240 354	160 185	117 94	116 94	121 98	118 94	189 238	239 r349	p99	
(Copper: Lead; Zinc) <sup>2</sup> Gold Silver	50 66	54 57	56 59	55 62	50 65	46 70	45 73	43 77	43 80	42 77	 44 74	••••	1

For other footnotes see preceding page.

Note-For description and back figures see BULLETIN for October 1943, pp. 940-984, September 1941, pp. 878-881 and 933-937, and August 1940, pp. 753-771 and 825-882.

#### OUTPUT OF MAJOR CONSUMER DURABLE GOODS (Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Federal Reserve index numbers, 1947-49 average =100]

Product group		1951					1952						
Product group	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total 1         Passenger automobiles 1	100	101	107	<i>103</i>	<i>104</i>	98	100	102	<i>104</i>	<i>103</i>	<i>104</i>	107	69
	111	112	115	108	104	93	91	96	103	109	110	114	44
Household goods, total	88	<b>89</b>	98	98	103	104	110	108	106	97	<b>98</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>97</b>
Carpets	47	55	56	60	60	63	79	75	80	83	81	44	
Furniture	102	97	97	98	101	105	104	103	102	105	107	108	111
Major appliances	78	86	96	88	93	100	97	95	98	82	85	89	76
Radios and television	98	95	123	135	149	130	164	158	141	118	115	136	126

<sup>1</sup>Seasonal adjustment factors for passenger automobiles revised beginning January 1952.

NOTE.—Figures for July are preliminary. For description see BULLETIN for October 1951, pp 1235-1240. Tables of back data, including unadjusted indexes for these series, and indexes for certain component series may be obtained from the Division of Administrative Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington 25. D. C.

PRODUCTION WORKER EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES [Unadjusted, estimates of Bureau of Labor Statistics; adjusted, Federal Reserve. In thousands of persons]

	1951								1952						
Industry group or industry			19	51						1952	<u> </u>				
moustry group of moustry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July		
ADJUSTED FOR SEASONAL VARIATION															
Total Durable goods	13,106	12,967	12,855	12,789	12,776	12,803		12,835		12,862	· · ·		12,213		
Primary metal industries	7,352	7,303 1,171	7,265 1,162	7,248 1,154	7,264	7,261 1,152	7,256 1,156	7,285 1.154	7,281	<b>7,331</b>	<b>7,320</b>	6,975 753	6,630 735		
Fabricated metal products	834	829	810	805	801	794	796	799	799	802	805	795	742		
Machinery except electrical	1,247	1,221	1,225	1,248	1,261	1,263	1,276	1,275	1,267	r1,276	-1,265	1,254	1,235		
Electrical machinery Transportation equipment	705 1,187	714 1,198	711	700 1,205	707	712 1,235	718 1,235	720	715	714	716 1,308	710 1,324	704 1.062		
Lumber and wood products	748	736	730	729	712	699	667	685	680	7688	r644	699	700		
Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Instruments and related prod-	296 485	289 482	284 480	283 477	287 470	290 460	292 457	290 449	449	*293 *452	*294 *449	297 453	298 457		
ucts Misc. manufacturing industries	229 410	226 396	226 382	227 373	229 370	230 374	231 374	232 375	232 376	235 382	r234 r388	235 394	240 398		
Ordnance and accessories	38	41	44	47	50	52	54	55	,		59	61	59		
Nondurable goods	5,754	5,664	5,590	5,541	5,512	5,542	5,560	5,550		*5,531	*5,493	5,554	5,583		
Textile-mill products Apparel and other finished tex- tiles	1,203 1.053	1,170 1,032	1,147 1,007	1,1 <b>3</b> 3 985	1,121	1,124 1,020	1,120 1,029	1,106	1,102	r1,093	*1,089 *1,006	1,085 1,019	1,111 1,040		
Leather and leather products	341	336	321	317	319	325	330	335	336	339	344	346	351		
Food and kindred products	1,170	1,154	1,148	1,158	1,132	1,133	1,144	1,159		1,155	1,153	1,165	1,148		
Tobacco manufactures Paper and allied products Printing, publishing and allied	80 427	81 421	82 418	82 411	79 407	83 406	82 403	81 402	81 399	83 398	83 400	82 405	84 401		
industries	512 548	514 542	515 540	512 533	514 531	512 527	510 531	507 530	511 530	510 530	r511	512 529	516 529		
Products of petroleum and coal Rubber products	548 196 224	194 220	194 218	535 197 213	196 215	197 215	551 195 216	195 214	197 214	199 213	525 166 216	193 218	194 209		
WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT															
Total	12,885	13,069	13,087	12,997	12,904	12,911	12,766	12,820	12,815	r12,733	<sup>7</sup> 12,606	12,393	12,004		
Durable goods	7,226	7,261	7,279	7,296	7,314	7,322	7,264	7,306	7,316	+7,329	7,280	6,947	6,514		
Primary Metal Industries Blast furnaces, steel works	1,155	1,165	1,162	1,160	1,149	1,164	1,162	1,160			†1,146	749	724		
and rolling mills	572	575	573	570	558	573	570	570		<i>*</i> 558	*561	182	• • • • • • • •		
Fabricated Metal Products	813	817	810	809	805	806	804	807	807	806	797	787	723		
Machinery except Electrical Metalworking machinery	<i>1,235</i> 232	1,209 225	<i>1,219</i> 231	1,242 232	1.255 241	<i>1,269</i> , <i>1</i> 245	<i>1,276, 1</i> 247	1.281 249	1,280 249	282, 1° 249	1,271 r1,271	1,260 248	1,223		
Electrical Machinery Electrical apparatus (gen-	684	696	707	707	718	726	725	727	722	714	709	706	683		
erating, etc.) Communication equipment.	271 230	272 239	273 247	265 258	266. 268	271 272	273 271	275 273	273 273	270 7269	*267 267	266 267	••••		
Transportation Equipment Motor vehicles and equip-	1,187	1.198	1,211	1,205	1,234	1,235	1,235	1,251	1.266	1,288	1,308	1,324	1,062		
ment Aircraft and parts	684 347	675 357	679 360	667 362	635 395	645 407	633 415	634 424	643 428	7663 7430	7670 7435	674 444	• • • • • • • •		
Lumber and Wood Products Sawmills and planing mills	7 <i>48</i> 443	7 <i>54</i> 449	745 443	7 <i>40</i> 439	7 <i>19</i> 428	696 412	654 391	668 396	670 398	r678 r405	r644 394	7 <i>06</i> 428	700		
Furniture and Fixtures Household furniture	284 196	285 195	285 196	<i>289</i> 201	294 206	296 208	296 208	296 207	296 208	+292 205	*287 202	288 202	286		
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	478	484	482	479	472	465	452	447	449	r-152	r.449	453	450		
Instruments and Related Products.	221	224	226	228	230	232	232	233	234	236	+234	235	232		
Misc. Manufacturing Industries	383	388	388	390	388	381	37-4	381	382	380	+376	378	372		
Ordnance and Accessories	38	41	44	47	50	52	54	55	56	58	59	61	59		

For footnotes see following page.

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FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

#### PRODUCTION WORKER EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES—Continued

[Unadjusted, estimates of Bureau of Labor Statistics; adjusted, Federal Reserve. In thousands of persons]

			19	951						1952			
Industry group or industry	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Nondurable goods	5,659	5,808	5,808	5,701	5,590	5,589	5,502	5,514	5,499	r5,404	r5,326	5,446	5,490
Textile-mill Products Broad-woven fabric mills Knitting mills	1,167 574 210	<i>1,152</i> 561 212	1, <i>136</i> 551 205	1,133 546 209	1,132 544 209	<i>1,141</i> 548 211	1,131 540 209	<i>1,123</i> 527 210	<i>1,113</i> 518 210	507	<i>1,084</i> 503 209	1,085 506 212	1,078
Apparel and Other Finished Tex- tiles Men's and boys' furnishings. Women's and misses' outer-	990 233	<i>1,04</i> 7 238	<i>1,03</i> 7 239	1,019 238	1,008 233	<i>1,035</i> 235	<i>1,029</i> 228	1,052 233	1,051 238	+996 239	* <i>961</i> 237	<i>973</i> 240	<b>9</b> 78
wear Leather and Leather Products Footwear (except rubber)	271 <i>336</i> 215	295 <i>343</i> 221	284 <i>32</i> 7 208	270 <i>320</i> 201	279 <i>317</i> 198	296 <i>323</i> 205	300 <i>330</i> 213	309 <i>342</i> 221	306 <i>344</i> 222	+275 336 217	r254 330 213	253 <i>339</i> 221	346
Food and Kindred Products Meat products Canning and preserving Bakery products	1,225 236 226 192	1,307 233 305 192	1,330 235 330 193	1,254 236 238 195	1,160 246 145 192	1,122 252 120 190	1,068 246 106 187	1,060 244 105 187	1,057 239 104 189	<i>r1,057</i> 7233 7114 7186	<i>r1,073</i> <i>r</i> 230 <i>r</i> 122 184	1,134 232 152 191	1,198
Tobacco Manufactures	75	84	89	89	85	85	82	80	78	77	77	78	79
Paper and Allied Products Pulp, paper and paperboard	418	419	416	413	411	410	405	404	401	398	398	403	393
mills	214	215	214	212	212	212	211	210	208	-206	207	209	
Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries Newspapers Commercial printing	507 151 167	<i>509</i> 151 166	515 153 167	<i>517</i> 153 169	<i>519</i> 154 170	<i>520</i> 155 171	<i>510</i> 151 170	507 152 166	508 152 167	507 152 166	+508 +154 +167	<i>512</i> 154 167	511
Chemicals and Allied Products Industrial organic chemicals.	526 172	5 <i>31</i> 174	<i>543</i> 175	544 172	5 <i>42</i> 173	5 <i>38</i> 171	<i>536</i> 170	<i>538</i> 168	<i>538</i> 168	<i>530</i> 163	<i>517</i> 161	513 163	508
Products of Petroleum and Coal Petroleum refining	<i>198</i> 154	<i>198</i> 154	<i>19</i> 7 154	<i>197</i> 154	<i>197</i> 154	<i>196</i> 155	<i>193</i> 153	<i>193</i> 153	<i>194</i> 152	<i>197</i> 155	165 7123	<i>194</i> 153	196
Rubber Products	217	218	218	215	219	219	218	215	215	213	213	215	203

#### " Revised.

Nors.—Covers production and related workers only; data shown include all full- and part-time production and related workers who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Figures for July 1952 are preliminary. Back data and data for industries not shown, without seasonal adjustment, may be obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Seasonally adjusted data beginning January 1939, for groups and the total, may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

#### HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES [Compiled by Bureau of Labor Statistics]

	Av	erage wee (dollars j			Ave	erage ho (per	ours woi week)	ked	Average hourly earnings (dollars per hour)			
Industry group	1951		1952		1951		1952		1951		1952	
	July	May	June	July	July	May	June	July	July	May	June	July
Total	64.24	66.61	66.98	65.84	40.2	40.2	40.4	39.9	1.598	1.657	1.658	1.650
Durable goods	68.79	°71.76	71.80	69.67	40.9	41.1	41.1	40.2	1.682	r1.746	1.747	1.733
Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery except electrical Electrical machinery Transportation equipment	74.76 67.98 75.42 66.13 74.33	73.02 70.78 78.88 68.82 79.49	71.55 69.80 78.87 69.35 78.96	67.26 68.85 77.08 67.46 77.02	41.1 41.0 43.0 40.4 39.9	r39.6 41.2 r42.8 40.6 41.1	$\begin{array}{r} 39.1 \\ 40.7 \\ 42.7 \\ 40.7 \\ 40.7 \\ 40.7 \end{array}$	37.1 40.5 41.8 39.8 39.7	1.819 1.658 1.754 1.637 1.863	71.844 1.718 71.843 71.695 71.934	1.830 1.715 1.847 1.704 1.940	1.813 1.700 1.844 1.695 1.940
Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries Ordnance and accessories	57.43 55.74 65.04 68.18 56.46 73.10	r59.74 r59.75 r65.52 r71.85 r60.47 78.40	$\begin{array}{r} 64.37\\ 60.00\\ 65.85\\ 72.13\\ 60.44\\ 78.08 \end{array}$	63.72 58.52 64.72 71.60 59.33 76.22	$\begin{array}{r} 39.8 \\ 39.7 \\ 41.4 \\ 41.8 \\ 39.9 \\ 43.1 \end{array}$	r41.0 r40.9 40.9 r41.7 40.5 43.8	$\begin{array}{r} 42.1 \\ 40.9 \\ 40.8 \\ 41.6 \\ 40.4 \\ 43.5 \end{array}$	41.7 40.0 40.1 41.1 39.9 42.3	$1.443 \\ 1.404 \\ 1.571 \\ 1.631 \\ 1.415 \\ 1.696$	r1.457 r1.461 r1.602 r1.723 r1.493 1.790	1.529 1.467 1.614 1.734 1.496 1.795	1.528 1.463 1.614 1.742 1.487 1.802
Nondurable goods	58.48	r59.52	60.87	61.26	39.3	38.9	39.5	39.5	1.488	r1.530	1.541	1.551
Textile-mill products Apparel and other finished products Leather and leather products Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures	$\begin{array}{r} 49.58 \\ 45.10 \\ 47.12 \\ 61.65 \\ 44.03 \end{array}$	r50.71 r44.98 r48.49 r63.97 r45.40	51.44 45.30 50.22 65.73 46.82	51.42 46.03 50.33 66.17 49.46	37.7 35.4 37.1 42.2 37.6	37.7 r36.3 37.1 41.3 37.9	38.3 36.3 38.1 42.3 38.6	38.2 36.1 38.6 42.2 39.6	1.315 1.274 1.270 1.461 1.171	r1.345 1.239 r1.307 r1.549 r1.198	$1.343 \\ 1.248 \\ 1.318 \\ 1.554 \\ 1.213$	1.346 1.275 1.304 1.568 1.249
Paper and allied products Printing, publishing and allied products Chemicals and allied products Products of petroleum and coal Rubber products	65.44 75.50 69.01 84.06 70.81	r66.38 r79.75 r69.56 75.16 r72.74	$\begin{array}{c} 67.80 \\ 79.93 \\ 70.39 \\ 84.37 \\ 74.48 \end{array}$	67.90 79.99 70.33 86.46 75.27	$\begin{array}{r} 42.8\\ 38.6\\ 41.6\\ 41.8\\ 41.0\end{array}$	41.8 38.6 r40.8 37.3 r40.1	$\begin{array}{r} 42.4\\ 38.8\\ 40.9\\ 40.7\\ 40.7\\ 40.7\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 42.2\\ 38.7\\ 40.7\\ 40.9\\ 41.2 \end{array}$	1.529 1.956 1.659 2.011 1.727	r1.588 r2.066 1.705 2.015 r1.814	1.599 2.060 1.721 2.073 1.830	1.609 2.067 1.728 2.114 1.827

" Revised.

NOTE,-Data are for production and related workers. Figures for July 1952 are preliminary. Back data are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

#### **BMPLOYMENT IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS, BY INDUSTRY DIVISION**

									······································
Year or month	Total	Manufac- turing	Mining	Contract construction	Transporta- tion and public utilities	Trade	Finance	Servic <b>e</b>	Federal, State, and local government
1944	41,480 40,069 41,412 43,371 44,201 43,006 44,124 46,401	17,111 15,302 14,461 15,247 15,286 14,146 14,884 15,931	883 826 852 943 981 932 904 920	1,094 1,132 1,661 1,982 2,165 2,156 2,318 2,569	3,798 3,872 4,023 4,122 4,151 3,977 4,010 4,144	7,260 7,522 8,602 9,196 9,491 9,438 9,524 9,804	1,374 1,394 1,586 1,641 1,716 1,763 1,812 1,883	3,934 4,055 .4,621 4,786 4,799 4,782 4,761 4,759	6,026 5,967 5,607 5,454 5,613 5,811 5,910 6,390
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED									
1951—July August September October November December	46,602 46,555 46,465 46,415 46,482 46,608	16,026 15,893 15,801 15,748 15,761 15,811	899 914 912 914 916 916	2,574 2,601 2,587 2,630 2,581 2,569	4,134 4,143 4,157 4,173 4,169 4,161	9,837 9,822 9,791 9,770 9,827 9,893	1,880 1,895 1,908 1,917 1,926 1,931	4,780 4,791 4,783 4,746 4,758 4,749	6,472 6,496 6,526 6,517 6,544 6,578
1952—January February March April June July	46,471 46,594 46,552 *46,556 *46,625 46,435 46,104	15,830 15,877 15,894 r15,931 r15,896 15,624 15,305	916 912 911 *899 *894 824 783	2,545 2,593 2,523 r2,517 r2,495 2,536 2,550	$\begin{array}{r} 4,139\\ 4,147\\ 4,154\\ 74,156\\ 74,116\\ 74,137\\ 4,134\\ 4,083\end{array}$	9,852 9,860 9,862 79,849 79,912 9,962 9,953	1,919 1,929 1,937 r1,942 r1,948 1,958 1,967	4,742 4,738 4,728 4,748 4,771 4,791 4,787	6,528 6,538 6,543 6,554 6,572 6,606 6,676
UNADJUSTED									
1951—July August September October November December	46,432 46,724 46,956 46,902 46,852 47,663	15,813 16,008 16,039 15,965 15,890 15,913	906 922 917 917 917 917 916	2,754 2,809 2,768 2,761 2,633 2,518	4,176 4,190 4,178 4,166 4,165 4,161	9,667 9,641 9,781 9,893 10,109 10,660	1,908 1,914 1,898 1,898 1,907 1,912	4,852 4,839 4,831 4,770 4,734 4,702	6,356 6,401 6,544 6,532 6,497 6,881
1952—January February March April June July	45,913 45,899 46,001 *46,299 *46,355 46,378 45,941	15,776 15,859 15,869 r15,795 r15,680 15,487 15,104	909 902 904 r896 r893 827 790	2,316 2,308 2,296 r2,416 r2,520 2,663 2,729	4,103 4,111 4,118 r4,096 r4,134 4,163 4,124	9,720 9,643 9,668 r9,845 r9,773 9,836 9,781	1,909 1,919 1,937 r1,952 r1,958 1,978 1,996	$\begin{array}{r} 4,671 \\ 4,667 \\ 4,681 \\ 4,748 \\ 4,795 \\ 4.839 \\ 4,859 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,509\\ 6,490\\ 6,528\\ 6,551\\ 6,602\\ 6,585\\ 6,558\\ \end{array}$

[Unadjusted, estimates of Bureau of Labor Statistics; adjusted, Federal Reserve. In thousands of persons]

r Revised.

Norm-Data include all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, unpaid family workers, and members of the armed forces are excluded. July 1952 figures are preliminary. Back unadjusted data are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonally adjusted figures beginning January 1939 may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

#### LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT [Bureau of the Census estimates without seasonal adjustment. Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over]

				Civilian labor forc	æ		
Year or month	Total civilian non- institutional			Employed <sup>2</sup>			Not in the labor force
	population <sup>1</sup>	Total	Total	In nonagricul- tural industri <del>cs</del>	In agriculture	Unem- ployed	
1944           1945           1946           1947           1948           1949           1950           1951           1951           1951           1951           1951           1951           1951           1952           1954           1955           1955           1957           1951           1951           1952           Jone           June           July	93,220 94,090 103,070 106,018 107,175 108,156 109,284 108,976 108,856 108,856 108,956 109,064 109,122 109,200 109,260 109,274 109,274 109,274 109,556 109,556	$\begin{array}{c} 54,630\\ 53,860\\ 57,520\\ 60,168\\ 61,442\\ 62,105\\ 63,099\\ 62,884\\ 64,382\\ 64,208\\ 63,186\\ 63,452\\ 63,164\\ 62,688\\ 61,780\\ 61,838\\ 61,518\\ 61,714\\ 62,778\\ 64,390\\ 64,176\\ \end{array}$	53,960 52,820 55,250 58,027 59,378 59,378 59,957 61,005 62,526 62,526 62,526 62,630 61,836 61,336 61,014 59,726 59,714 60,132 59,714 60,132 61,176 62,572 61,176	45,010 44,240 46,930 49,761 51,405 50,684 52,450 53,951 54,618 54,618 54,054 54,168 54,168 54,168 54,168 54,314 54,636 53,540 53,540 53,720 54,402 54,402 54,403	8,950 8,580 8,320 8,266 7,973 8,026 7,973 7,054 7,908 7,507 7,054 7,908 7,526 7,668 7,672 6,378 6,378 6,378 6,378 6,378 6,378 6,378 6,378 6,378 6,378 6,378 6,378 7,597 7,598	$\begin{array}{r} 670\\ 1,040\\ 2,270\\ 2,142\\ 2,064\\ 3,395\\ 3,142\\ 1,879\\ 1,856\\ 1,578\\ 1,606\\ 1,616\\ 1,828\\ 1,674\\ 2,054\\ 2,054\\ 1,602\\ 1,804\\ 1,612\\ 1,602\\ 1,818\\ 1,942\\ \end{array}$	38,590 40,230 45,550 45,733 46,051 46,181 46,181 46,092 44,474 44,688 45,770 45,612 45,958 46,512 47,480 47,436 47,756 47,584 46,648 45,166

<sup>1</sup> The number of persons in the armed forces, previously included in the total noninstitutional population and total labor force items, is no longer available for reasons of security. <sup>2</sup> Includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic service workers. Nore.—Details do not necessarily add to group totals. Information on the labor force status of the population is obtained through inter-views of households on a sample basis. Data relate to the calendar week that contains the eighth day of the month. Back data are available from the Bureau of the Census.

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#### CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in millions of dollars]

			Resid	ential			No	nresid <del>e</del> nt	ial build	ing			Public	
Month	To	tai	buil	ding	Fact	ories	Comm	rcial	Educa	tional	Otl	her	and r utili	
	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952	1951	1952
January. February. March. April May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	1,140.5 1,271.0 1,375.0 2,573.0 1,439.4 1,422.7 1,265.8 1,096.0 1,072.0 951.1		531.1 574.6 590.8 661.1 545.2 548.1 567.6 479.7 496.2 443.9	396.4 592.7 681.6 753.8 581.8	116.2 126.2 174.3 1,274.9 242.0 206.9 161.8 122.5 116.4 96.5	61.0 120.2 204.8 78.9 166.4	78.8 106.3 60.6 65.4 75.4 65.5 80.0 68.8 48.4	62.2 70.6 75.3 79.9 74.2	81.0 128.4 103.5 123.2 128.1 150.1 127.9 98.5 94.5 79.0	104.2 118.7 134.4 145.7 126.7 122.4	132.2 139.4 133.9 175.3 148.3 146.9 123.8 116.6 159.1 123.1	74.0 153.8 147.7 158.4 184.2	178.2 223.6 266.1 278.0 310.5 295.2 219.3 198.7 137.0 160.2	187.4 265.3 353.6 347.0 355.6
Year	15,751.1		6,205.4		2,883.3		915.3	•••••	1,334.6		1,689.2		2,723.2	

# CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY OWNERSHIP [Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in millions of dollars]

Manah		Total		Publi	c own	ership	Privat	e owne	ership
Month	1950	1951	1952	1950	1951	1952	1950	1951	1952
Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July Aug	731 780 1,300 1,350 1,348 1,345 1,420 1,549	1,045 1,141 1,271 1,375 2,573 1,439 1,423 1,266	885 1,321 1,598 1,564 1,489	481 354 389 428 460 438	306 332 418 456 1,474 583 636 486	339 554 636 558 559	530 495 819 996 959 917 960 1,111	808 852 919 1,099 856 787 779	547 767 961
Sept Oct Nov Dec	1,287 1,136 1,087 1,168 14,501	1,096 1,072 951 1,100 15,751	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	364 308 320 381 4,409	318 310 326 476 6,122	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	922 828 767 787 10,092	762 625 624	

#### LOANS INSURED BY FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION [In millions of dollars]

· <u></u>		Title I	loans		Mortg	ages	
Year or month	Total	Prop- erty im- prove- ment <sup>1</sup>	Small home con- struc- tion	1- to 4- family houses (Title II)	and group	War and Vet- erans' housing (Title VI) <sup>2</sup>	tary hous-
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	1,787 3,338 3,821 4,342 3,221	534 614 594 694 708	(*) 7 13 47 29	446 880 1,855 2,466 1,894	7 21 109	808 1,836 1,339 1,031 278	12 123 203
1951—July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	274 270 239 300 248 227	76 66 53 74 68 65	2 3 4 4 3	146 154 131 145 141 125	17 15 7 20 4 9	19 18 16 15 24 10	13 14 28 41 7 15
1952—Jan, Feb Mar Apr May June July	5 274 5 211 5 207 5 242 5 249 5 273 5 269	88 64 61 64 71 102 73	4 2 2 2 2 2 3	159 125 124 126 128 134 147	18 8 7 26 15 6 14	(*) 5 4 7 2 7	2 10 8 18 18 18 18 15

1 Net proceeds to borrowers.

<sup>1</sup> Net proceeds to borrowers.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes mortgages insured in connection with sale of Government owned war housing and insured loans to finance the manufacture of housing.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes 6 million dollars of Class 3 loans (program terminated Feb. 28, 1950) and 1 million of Sec. 8 loans.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes defense housing as follows (in millions of dollars): January, 1; February, 0.3; March, 0.5; April, 2; May, 7; June, 8; July, 10, Norr

Note.—Figures represent gross insurance written during the period and do not take account of principal repayments on previously insured loans. Figures include some reinsured mortgages, which are shown in the month in which they were reported by FHA. Reinsured mortgages on rental and group housing (Title II) are not necessarily shown in the month in which reinsurance took place.

September 1952

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY DISTRICTS

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in thousands of dollars]

	19	52	1951
Federal Reserve district	July	June	July
Boston New York Philadelphia. Cleveland Richmond. Atlanta. Chicago. St. Louis Minneapolis. Kansas City. Dallas.	85,405 213,875 112,121 170,016 141,852 197,533 250,592 104,938 49,632 71,598 113,723	105,392 203,203 105,070 150,210 150,472 205,265 211,351 116,664 59,247 67,051 114,925	79,404 235,241 127,421 142,821 152,504 190,972 220,334 74,615 46,246 53,251 99,851
Total (11 districts)	1,511,285	1,488,850	1,422,660

#### **INSURED FHA HOME MORTGAGES (TITLE II) HELD IN** PORTFOLIO, BY CLASS OF INSTITUTION

[In millions of dollars]

End of month	Total	Com- mer- cial banks	Mu- tual sav- ings banks	Sav- ings and loan associ- ations	Insur- ance com- panies	eral agen-	Other <sup>2</sup>
1936—Dec 1937—Dec 1938—Dec 1940—Dec 1941—Dec 1942—Dec 1942—Dec 1944—Dec 1944—Dec	365 771 1,199 1,793 2,409 3,107 3,620 3,620 3,626 3,399 3,156	228 430 634 902 1,162 1,465 1,669 1,705 1,590 1,506	8 27 38 71 130 186 236 256 260 263	56 110 149 192 224 254 276 292 269 253	41 118 212 342 542 789 1,032 1,134 1,072 1,000	5 32 77 153 201 234 245 79 68 13	27 53 90 133 150 179 163 159 140 122
1946June	3,102	1,488	260	247	974	11	122
Dec	2,946	1,429	252	233	917	9	106
1947-June	2,860	1,386	245	229	889	8	102
Dec	2,871	1,379	244	232	899	7	110
	2,988	1,402	251	245	973	7	110
	3,237	1,429	265	269	1,113	9	152
1949—June	3,894	1,587	305	323	1,431	21	227
Dec	4,751	1,771	378	416	1,828	52	305
1950—Dec	6,695	2,205	693	603	2,712	60	421
1951—June		2,412	903	658	3,115	44	423
Dec		2,554	1,072	689	3,453	71	373

<sup>1</sup> The RFC Mortgage Company, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the United States Housing Corporation. <sup>3</sup> Includes mortgage companies, finance companies, industrial banks, endowed institutions, private and State benefit funds, etc.

NOTE.—Figures represent gross amount of mortgages held, exclud-ing terminated mortgages and cases in transit to or being audited at the Federal Housing Administration.

#### PERMANENT NONFARM DWELLING UNITS STARTED [In thousands of units]

			Rural		Priv	vate			Governm	ent-under	written
Year or month	Total	Urban	non- farm	Total	1- family	2- family	Multi- family	Public	Total	FHA	VA
1939.           1941.           1945.           1946.           1947.           1948.           1948.           1949.           1950.           1951.	515 706 209 671 849 932 1,025 1,396 1,091	359 434 134 404 480 525 589 828 595	156 272 75 267 369 407 436 568 496	458 620 208 663 846 914 989 1,352 1,020	373 533 185 590 740 763 792 1,151 892	20 28 9 24 34 46 35 42 40	66 58 15 48 72 104 162 159 88	57 87 1 8 3 18 36 44 71	158 220 47 152 440 393 466 686 413	158 220 41 69 229 291 361 486 264	6 83 211 102 105 200 149
1951—September October November December	96 90 75 61	49 44 39 31	47 46 36 29	95 89 72 60	81 80 64 51	4 3 3 2	10 6 6 6	1 1 2 1	30 32 27 23	20 20 18 14	10 12 9 9
1952—January February April May June. July. August	65 78 104 106 110 \$106 \$104 \$299	36 43 59 59 61 n.a. n.a.	29 35 45 47 49 n.a. n.a.	62 74 91 96 101 p99 p102 p98	54 65 79 85 90 n.a. n.a.	3 3 4 4 n.a. n.a. 	5 6 8 7 7 n.a. n.a.	3 3 13 9 9 77 \$2 \$2 \$1	23 26 28 38 38 39 42	16 17 19 26 26 26 29	7 9 12 12 13 13

Preliminary n.a. Not available.

Norg.—Government underwritten units are those started under commitments of FHA or VA to insure or guarantee the mortgage. VA figures after June 1950 and all FHA figures are based on field office reports of first compliance inspections; VA figures prior to June 1950, estimates based on loans closed information. Other figures are estimated by Bureau of Labor Statistics on the basis of reports of building permits issued, reported starts of public units, and a sample of places not issuing permits.

#### FREIGHT CARLOADINGS, BY CLASSES [Index numbers, 1935-39 average =100]

		1		Mo	nthly	seasona	lly adju	sted		Monthly—unadjusted						
Class	Annual		1951 1952							1951			19	52		
	1950	1951	July	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	July	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total	128	134	125	136	133	126	122	108	102	130	126	124	123	124	111	104
Coal Coke Grain Livestock. Forest products Ore Miscellaneous Merchandise, I. c. l	117 180 135 68 141 172 140 53	121 208 143 69 150 205 147 48	97 215 130 61 143 203 142 45	120 192 140 72 146 277 149 49	111 196 139 66 141 257 149 47	103 166 130 73 142 212 141 46	101 179 132 66 126 212 137 45	96 69 161 56 139 53 119 44	75 57 153 56 146 46 115 43	97 209 156 50 143 325 143 44	120 203 137 57 140 69 140 47	111 198 128 53 141 75 142 48	103 163 115 65 142 195 139 47	101 178 116 59 131 292 138 45	96 68 165 45 144 82 122 44	75 56 183 45 147 73 116 43

NOTE.—For description and back data, see BULLETIN for June 1941, pp. 529-33. Based on daily average loadings. Basic data compiled by Association of American Railroads. Total index compiled by combining indexes for classes with weights derived from revenue data of the Inter-state Commerce Commission.

## MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

	[In	mill	lions	of	dol	lars]	
--	-----	------	-------	----	-----	-------	--

	Merc	handise ex	ports 1	Mercl	handise im	ports 2	Excess of exports			
Month	1950	1951	1952	1950	1951	1952	1950	1951	1952	
January February March April. May June June July September October November December December	741 764 860 804 830 877 779 762 911 906 977 1,065	974 1,076 1,295 1,370 1,354 1,297 P1,186 P1,297 P1,287 P1,232 P1,232 P1,387 P1,438	p1,253           p1,335           p1,421           p1,337           p1,466           p1,162	623 600 665 585 659 687 709 820 859 923 855 867	1,025 910 1,102 1,033 1,018 930 p895 p881 p721 p834 p819 p801	p922           p892           p963           p933           p835           p860	118 164 195 219 170 190 70 -59 52 -16 122 198	51 166 193 337 336 \$292 \$292 \$292 \$292 \$293 \$292 \$293 \$293	p331           p443           p458           p404           p631           p302	
January-June	4,875	7,366	₽7,974	3,819	6,018	<i>p</i> 5,405	1,057	1,348	₽2,569	

Preliminary.
 Exports of domestic and foreign merchandise. Includes exports under foreign aid programs, including Department of Defense shipments under the Mutual Security Program as follows (in millions of dollars): 1950, 282; 1951, 1,065; January-June 1952, 735.
 <sup>\*</sup>General imports including imports for immediate consumption plus entries into bonded warehouses.

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#### DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS [Based on retail value figures] SALES AND STOCKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS [Index numbers, 1947-49 average = 100]

						Fee	leral Res	erve dist	rict				
Year or month	United States	Boston	New York	Phil- adel- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
SALES 1 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	90 98 104 98 105 109	92 99 102 99 103 105	91 99 103 98 101 105	87 96 104 100 106 109	88 97 105 98 105 111	92 97 103 100 105 112	90 96 103 101 109 115	89 98 104 97 104 108	90 97 104 98 104 105	88 98 104 99 105 104	90 98 103 99 108 111	85 94 105 102 113 117	91 99 104 98 105 108
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED			1										
1951—July August September October November December	105 109 107 109 113 109	106 108 100 103 106 106	103 106 101 103 104 103	105 111 107 108 109 105	107 108 108 112 114 109	105 121 109 114 118 109	113 113 112 112 122 120	7100 107 106 109 110 109	104 106 105 105 109 107	101 109 101 104 107 104	104 111 112 110 116 113	114 115 115 114 129 122	r106 105 107 109 118 108
1952—January February March. April. May. June. July.	108 106 105 103 108 111 \$\$\$\$\$	102 100 104 99 101 103 p106	100 100 98 96 96 98 95	110 110 109 102 107 107 106	115 108 106 104 103 112 105	114 109 114 108 116 122 106	119 112 114 *116 127 138 P120	106 105 103 100 104 105 97	111 100 99 98 102 111 99	97 113 94 98 104 100 104	115 106 105 104 112 114 p114	122 115 115 114 128 132 123	106 108 102 105 118 114 110
UNADJUSTED													
1951—July August September October November December	84 93 113 112 134 184	73 82 110 105 129 188	74 80 106 108 131 179	+75 83 112 114 144 185	84 94 114 115 140 181	86 95 118 121 145 192	90 100 117 117 140 204	785 94 114 111 132 175	85 95 111 111 130 168	81 97 112 118 120 166	85 102 119 117 131 185	96 104 124 119 144 203	93 101 108 107 125 189
1952—January. February. March. April. May. June. July.	83 83 92 103 108 105 <i>p</i> 84	81 75 87 103 102 103 p73	80 82 86 94 95 95 69	81 82 97 103 108 102 76	87 83 95 104 105 105 82	80 83 96 110 115 114 87	90 94 110 118 122 117 \$96	81 81 89 99 104 103 82	81 80 89 101 106 103 81	72 83 80 100 105 96 83	86 85 93 104 112 106 <i>p</i> 93	95 93 105 114 125 116 104	83 86 90 103 113 *108 96
STOCKS 1 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	77 93 107 100 109 129	85 95 105 100 110 124	85 98 105 97 104 124	81 93 107 99 108 127	78 93 107 100 106 128	80 94 105 101 114 134	75 90 108 102 120 140	73 89 111 100 110 128	77 93 106 100 112 131	74 91 110 100 104 117	74 93 108 100 113 132	69 89 110 101 112 132	73 93 107 100 110 131
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED													
1951—July August September October November December	137 134 127 121 117 119	130 127 120 115 112 115	133 129 122 115 115 115	<sup>7</sup> 132 130 126 117 115 120	136 130 125 117 114 118	r145 140 135 127 125 130	140 144 132 130 130 133	139 131 124 121 115 117	139 139 127 119 114 119	124 123 116 113 107 106	141 143 133 123 117 121	141 140 135 125 120 125	139 138 132 124 119 119
1952—January. February. March. April. May. June. July.	118 116 115 116 118 118 118 <i>p</i> 120	115 112 109 111 109 110 110	114 107 108 111 112 113 116	115 113 113 112 114 113 112	114 110 110 111 109 107 113	133 127 127 126 131 139 140	133 129 126 125 126 125 126 125 129	114 113 113 114 114 114 113 118	106 112 111 114 124 125 120	106 102 103 104 106 105 109	122 122 120 121 124 122 p129	124 122 124 122 124 123 130	121 123 119 123 128 128 128
UNADJUSTED			4.5										
1951—July. August September. October. November. December.	126 128 131 134 133 108	117 120 124 130 132 108	117 125 129 130 132 106	116 123 131 135 133 105	122 125 130 131 128 104	r133 138 139 143 139 114	132 141 137 142 145 116	125 124 127 134 133 109	129 135 135 134 125 105	120 117 117 120 119 97	133 134 133 134 133 108	129 137 138 136 135 115	134 132 135 136 132 106
1952— January February March April. May. June. July.	106 113 120 122 120 112 P110	105 107 112 114 112 102 99	101 104 113 116 115 105 102	100 111 119 121 116 105 99	104 109 116 117 111 100 102	117 123 136 136 135 127 128	119 128 132 132 127 120 121	106 111 118 118 118 116 107 107	92 109 118 122 124 118 112	100 99 107 109 108 100 105	114 121 126 127 126 119 P121	112 120 131 129 125 114 120	109 117 122 129 132 126 120

*p* Preliminary.
 *r* Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Figures for sales are the average per trading day, while those for stocks are as of the end of the month or the annual average.

NOTE .- For description and monthly indexes for back years, see BULLETIN for December 1951, pp. 1463-1515.

# DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS—Continued SALES AND STOCKS BY MAJOR DEPARTMENTS

		ch:	Percentag ange fror go (retail	na	stoc	io of ks to es <sup>1</sup>	19	without	Index r t season age mor	al adju	stment.	01
Department	Num- ber of stores report-		les ing iod	Stocks (end of month)	Ju	ne	Sa	les duri period	ng	Sto	ocks at of mont	end h
	ing	June 1952	Six months	June 1952	1952	1951	19	52	1951	19	52	1951
			1952				June	May	June	June	May	June
GRAND TOTAL—entire store <sup>3</sup>	356	-3	-4	-15	3.1	3.5						
MAIN STORE-total	356	-3	5	-15	3,3	3.8	194	210	200	646	699	765
Piece goods and household textiles Piece goods . Silks, velvets, and synthetics Woolen yard goods. Cotton yard goods. Household textiles. Linens and towels Domestics—muslins, sheetings Blankets, comforters, and spreads	<b>320</b> 297 201 176 191 312 276 256 245	$ \begin{array}{r} -8 \\ -8 \\ -11 \\ -16 \\ -6 \\ -8 \\ -12 \\ -6 \\ -6 \\ -6 \\ \end{array} $	$-11 \\ -5 \\ -4 \\ -17 \\ -2 \\ -15 \\ -14 \\ -20 \\ -7$	$ \begin{array}{r} -23 \\ -13 \\ -12 \\ -27 \\ -6 \\ -28 \\ -19 \\ -35 \\ -31 \\ \end{array} $	4.2 4.1 4.4 17.2 2.5 4.2 5.0 3.5 3.8	5.0 4.3 4.5 19.5 2.5 5.3 5.4 5.1 5.2	<b>160</b> 157 109 48 266 162 147 179 164	<b>185</b> 200 155 55 320 180 155 209 180	174 171 123 57 282 176 168 190 174	667 641 485 823 664 672 740 630 628	695 697 536 737 764 696 730 678 645	868 739 546 1,165 715 933 912 983 905
Small wares. Laces, trimmings, embroideries, and ribbons Notions. Toilet articles, drug sundries. Silverware and jewelry. Silverware and clocks 4. Costume jewelry 4. Fine jewelry and watches 4. Art needlework. Books and stationery. Books and magazines. Stationery.	348 202 240 332 317 216 283 73 235 275 129 239	$ \begin{array}{c} -7 \\ -6 \\ -3 \\ -5 \\ -8 \\ -12 \\ 0 \\ -20 \\ -12 \\ -6 \\ -11 \\ -3 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \\ +2 \\ -3 \\ -13 \\ +7 \\ -9 \\ -4 \\ +3 \\ +2 \\ +4 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -5 \\ +1 \\ -1 \\ -4 \\ -11 \\ -15 \\ -5 \\ -8 \\ -13 \\ 0 \\ +6 \\ -2 \end{array} $	4.0 3.4 3.7 4.7 6.1 2.7 7.8 6.8 4.0 3.8 4.1	<b>3.9</b> 3.2 3.0 3.6 4.8 6.3 2.9 6.8 6.9 3.8 3.2 4.0	168 218 266 150 182  102 150 122 156	<b>185</b> 266 287 164 196  115 164 136 161	180 232 273 158 199  115 159 137 161	667 755 824 551 851  690 602 464 635	689 792 853 562 893  708 635 491 643	<b>701</b> 744 832 573 945  790 599 451 632
Women's and misses' apparel and accessories. Women's and misses' ready-to-wear accessories. Handkerchiefs. Millinery. Women's and children's gloves. Corsets and brassieres. Women's and children's hosiery. Underwear. Silk and muslin underwear, and slips. Negligees, robes, and lounging apparel. Infants' wear. Handbags and small leather goods. Women's and children's shoes. Children's shoes 4. Women's and misses' ready-to-wear apparel. Women's and misses' coats and suits. Coats 4. Suits 4. Juniors' coats, suits, and dresses. Girls' wear. Juniors' coats, suits, and dresses. Girls' wear. Blouses, skirts, and sportswear. Aprons, housedresses, and uniforms. Furs.	255 329 243 243 212 222 352 342 226 220 320 273 345 256 269 244 345 256	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ -39 \\ -19 \\ -111 \\ -113 \\ +53 \\ -133 \\ +53 \\ -133 \\ -19 \\ -233 \\ -19 \\ -233 \\ -19 \\ -233 \\ -19 \\ -233 \\ -19 \\ -14 \\ +32 \\ +51 \\ -14 \\ +32 \\ +51 \\ -19 \\ +19 \\ -19 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} +1 \\ +1 \\ 0 \\ +-6 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ +2 \\ -7 \\ 0 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ +4 \\ +1 \\ -2 \\ 0 \\ -3 \\ 2 \\ -4 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ +3 \\ 0 \\ +7 \\ 3 \\ +2 \\ 6 \\ -8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -6 \\ -7 \\ -16 \\ +6 \\ -30 \\ -112 \\ -112 \\ -112 \\ -112 \\ -12 \\ -56 \\ -56 \\ -122 \\ -112 \\ -17 \\ -74 \\ +47 \\ -16 \\ -17 \\ -71 \\ -7$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2.6}\\ \textbf{2.2.4}\\ \textbf{4.1.3.2.7}\\ \textbf{6.2.7}\\ \textbf{6.7.0.7}\\ \textbf{2.2.3.4}\\ \textbf{4.6.8}\\ \textbf{6.9.4.7}\\ \textbf{1.9.4}\\ \textbf{6.9.4.7}\\ \textbf{1.9.4}\\ \textbf{6.9.8}\\ \textbf{3.3.7}\\ \textbf{1.9.4}\\ \textbf{6.9.8}\\ \textbf{8.8.3}\\ \textbf{1.1.2}\\ \textbf{3.1.2}\\ \textbf{3.1.2}\\$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2.7}\\ \textbf{3.3}\\ \textbf{2.4}\\ \textbf{1.17}\\ \textbf{5.7}\\ \textbf{3.42}\\ \textbf{2.37}\\ \textbf{3.42}\\ \textbf{2.37}\\ \textbf{3.42}\\ \textbf{2.37}\\ \textbf{3.42}\\ \textbf{3.22}\\ \textbf{3.32}\\ \textbf{4.8}\\ \textbf{4.71}\\ \textbf{3.322}\\ \textbf{3.311}\\ \textbf{2.04}\\ \textbf{4.8}\\ \textbf{1.3322}\\ \textbf{1.48}\\ \textbf{2.12}\\ \textbf{2.12}\\ \textbf{1.48}\\ \textbf{2.12}\\ \textbf{2.16}\\ \textbf{1.17}\\ \textbf{2.16}\\ \textbf{1.17}\\ \textbf{2.17}\\ \textbf{2.17}$	187           181           231           99           85           302           1211           213           199           181           211           213           199           181           217           167           209              194           72              213           213           2142              318           292           13	218 212 290 116 143 133 303 155 246 302 231 236 231 236 204 231 236 204 237  225 149  254 274 239 278  254 239 278 	188           186           211           107           111           98           286           1397           181           215	478 579 501 421 131 528 827 310 579 762 540 413 745 409 969  371 249  420 305 568 305 568 305	530 627 586 445 163 547 842 334 623 809 586 490 786 458 1,079 ************************************	510         622           499         501           126         559           844         343           654         866           634         412           866         634           412         866           411         419           1,021
Men's and boys' wear Men's clothing. Men's furnishings and hats. Boys' wear. Men's and boys' shoes and slippers	<b>334</b> 270 318 306 193	$ \begin{array}{c} -2 \\ -5 \\ +1 \\ -5 \\ +1 \\ +1 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -3 \\ -7 \\ -2 \\ +3 \\ -5 \end{array} $	-11 -9 -13 -9 -11	<b>3.3</b> 4.0 2.6 4.3 4.0	3.7 4.2 3.0 4.5 4.5	230 217 258 160 236	184 199 172 174 194	234 228 256 169 234	771 878 682 689 942	<b>856</b> 992 766 758 994	867 974 784 769 1,054
<ul> <li>Homefurnishings.</li> <li>Furniture and bedding.</li> <li>Mattresses, springs, and studio beds 4.</li> <li>Upholstered and other furniture 4.</li> <li>Domestic floor coverings.</li> <li>Rugs and carpets 4.</li> <li>Draperies, curtains, and upholstery.</li> <li>Lamps and shades.</li> <li>China and glassware.</li> <li>Major household appliances.</li> <li>Housewares (including small appliances).</li> <li>Gitt shop 4.</li> <li>Radios, phonographs, television, records, etc.4.</li> <li>Radios, phonographs, television 4.</li> <li>Records, sheet music, and instruments 4.</li> <li>Miscellaneous merchandise departments.</li> <li>Toys, games, sporting goods, cameras.</li> </ul>	121 319 285	$\begin{array}{c} -5 \\ -6 \\ -3 \\ -7 \\ -15 \\ -15 \\ -18 \\ -8 \\ -12 \\ +28 \\ -7 \\ -8 \\ -2 \\ +2 \\ +28 \\ -7 \\ -8 \\ -2 \\ -18 \\ -4 \\ +3 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -13 \\ -9 \\ -51 \\ -24 \\ -26 \\ -211 \\ -8 \\ -77 \\ -20 \\ -9 \\ -5 \\ -25 \\ -27 \\ -9 \\ -9 \\ -11 \\ +3 \\ +6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -24 \\ -18 \\ -30 \\ -18 \\ -29 \\ -33 \\ -15 \\ -8 \\ -8 \\ -8 \\ -57 \\ -64 \\ -57 \\ -64 \\ -12 \\ -23 \\ -30 \end{array}$	<b>4.2</b> 4.3 2.1 5.9 5.9 4.4 5.1 8.3 2.3 4.4 5.5 4.4 5.5 4.4 5.5 4.4 5.4 5.4 5.4	<b>5.3</b> 4.9 2.7 7.1 7.4 4.2 4.4 4.8 7.3 6.0 4.1 5.3 8.3 6.0 <b>3.4</b> 5.7	212 201  146  196 145 155 278 310  <b>191</b> 202 202	231 220  188  241 187 157 262 315  213 161	  <b>199</b> 196	901 859  869 744 1,281 619 1,063  532 781 781	744 1,126  633 802	  699 1,123
Toys, games, sporting goods, canteras Sporting goods and cameras Luggage Candy 4		$ \begin{array}{c c} +3\\ +9\\ -2\\ -3\\ -13\\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} +3 \\ +6 \\ 0 \\ +1 \\ +2 \end{array} $	$\begin{vmatrix} -30 \\ -40 \\ -15 \\ -6 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix}$	4.1 3.6 2.7 1.4	7.5 4.2 2.8 1.3	202 157 207 311	101 128 165 269	144 212 322	652 749 852	684 776 902	1,092 898 907

For footnotes see following page.

## **DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS**—Continued SALES AND STOCKS BY MAJOR DEPARTMENTS-Continued

		ch	Percentag ange fror go (retail	'na	stoc	io of ks to es 1	19		t seasor	numbers nal adjus nthly sa	stment,	
Department	Num- ber of stores report-	du	lles ring riod	Stocks (end of month)	Ju	ine	Sa	lles duri period	ing		ocks at of mont	
	ing	June	Six	June	1952	1951	19	52	1951	19	52	1951
		1952	1952	1952	1952	1931	June	May	June	June	May	June
BASEMENT STORE-total	197	-1	-1	12	2.0	2.3	211	214	212	430	470	494
Domestics and blankets 4	134	-4	-7	-28	2.8	3.8						
Women's and misses' ready-to-wear Intimate apparel 4. Coats and suits 4. Dresses 4. Blouses, skirts, and sportswear 4. Girls' wear 4. Infants' wear 4.	189 166 173 174 156 122 125	+2 -2 -15 +4 +8 +2 0	$ \begin{array}{c} +2 \\ -3 \\ +1 \\ +3 \\ +6 \\ +5 \\ +6 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -9 \\ -10 \\ 0 \\ -6 \\ -16 \\ -9 \\ -9 \\ -9 \\ -9 \\ \end{array} $	1.6 2.1 2.8 0.8 1.2 1.8 2.6	1.8 2.3 2.4 0.9 1.6 2.0 2.9	· · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			358	359
Men's and boys' wear Men's wear 4 Men's clothing 4 Men's furnishings 4 Boys' wear 4	<b>160</b> 146 100 119 121	-2 -2 -5 -1 -1	$ \begin{array}{r} -2 \\ -3 \\ -1 \\ -5 \\ +3 \end{array} $	15 16 11 20 12	<b>1.9</b> 1.8 2.1 1.5 2.8	2.2 2.1 2.3 1.9 3.1	282	217		543	638	654 
Homefurnishings	106	. –8	-8	-14	3.4	3.6	164	201	179	558	564	646
Shoes	119	-3	-4	-4	3.2	3.2	177	171	182	563	619	581
NONMERCHANDISE—total 4	174	0	-1	(5)	(5)	(3)						
Barber and beauty shop 4	73	-3	+4	(5)	(5)	(5)						

\* Corrected.
 <sup>1</sup> The ratio of stocks to sales is obtained by dividing stocks at the end of the month by sales during the month and hence indicates the number of month's supply on hand at the end of the month in terms of sales for that month.
 \* The 1941 average of monthly sales for each department is used as a base in computing the sales index for that department. The stocks index is derived by applying to the sales index for each month the corresponding stocks-sales ratio. For description and monthly indexes of sales and stocks by department groups for back years, see BULLETIN for August 1946, pp. 856-858. The titles of the tables on pp. 857 and 858 were reversed.
 <sup>3</sup> For movements of total department store sales and stocks see the indexes for the United States on p. 1055.
 <sup>4</sup> Index numbers of sales and stocks for this department are not available for publication separately; the department, however, is included in group and total indexes.

NOTE.—Based on reports from a group of large department stores located in various cities throughout the country. In 1951, sales and stocks at these stores accounted for almost 50 per cent of estimated total department store sales and stocks. Not all stores report data for all of the departments shown; consequently, the sample for the individual departments is not so comprehensive as that for the total.

# SALES, STOCKS, ORDERS, AND RECEIPTS AT 296 DEPARTMENT STORES <sup>1</sup>

#### WEEKLY INDEX OF SALES

	(In millions of dollars) Reported data Derived data <sup>1</sup>														
	R	eported da	ta	Derived	i data 1										
Year or month	Sales (total for month)	Stocks (end of month)	Out- standing orders (end of month)	Receipts (total for month)	New orders (total for month)										
1943 average 1944 average 1945 average 1946 average 1948 average 1948 average 1950 average 1951 — July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec 1952—Jan Mat	347 358 *258 309 343 388 442 608 291 271	509 535 563 715 826 912 862 942 1,114 71.068 1,106 1,117 1,152 1,147 929 910 956 1,027	530 560 729 909 552 465 350 466 425 +133 395 404 408 r375 292 379 r387 r387 r332	203 226 256 344 355 355 -216 -355 -216 -355 -216 423 423 437 390 272 317 388	223 236 269 327 336 335 331 370 345 r263 r309 363 427 r404 r307 359 r325 r333										
Mar Apr May June July	340 345 320	1,027 1,036 1,008 945 ₱920	332 274 252 384 ₽472	349 317 257 237	291 295 389 9325										

P Preliminary, PRevised, <sup>1</sup> These figures are not estimates for all department stores in the United States. Figures for sales, stocks, and outstanding orders are based on actual reports from the 296 stores. Receipts of goods are derived from the reported figures on sales and stocks. New orders are derived from estimates of receipts and reported figures on out-standing order.

standing orders. Back figures. - Division of Research and Statistics.

# September 1952

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	W	ithout seaso	nal ad	justment		
1950		1951		1951		1952
Oct.         7         14           21          28            Nov.         4          11            18          25            Dec.         2          16            30          30	.111 .105 .108 .109 Nov. .118 .127 .110 .153 Dec. .191 .220 .221	$\begin{array}{c} 13 \dots 117 \\ 20 \dots 116 \\ 27 \dots 113 \\ 3 \dots 121 \\ 10 \dots 127 \\ 17 \dots 130 \\ 24 \dots 123 \end{array}$	May June	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	May June	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
1951 an. 6 13 20 27	.105	1952 5 78 12 92 19 90 26 83	Aug.	14 83 21 81 28 80		$     \begin{array}{c}       12 \dots 8 \\       19 \dots 8 \\       26 \dots 7     \end{array} $
reb. 3 10 17 24	. 94 . 94	2 84 9 87 16 89 23 83	Sept.	2597 1105 8100 15114		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Mar. 3 10 17 24 31	. 99 Mar. .105 .101 .105	1 85 8 88 15 90 22 94 29101		22111 29114		20 27

NOTE,---For description and weekly indexes for back years, see BULLETIN for April 1952, pp. 359-362.

#### **DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS**—Continued SALES BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS AND BY CITIES

[Percentage change from corresponding period of preceding year]

							ł.	1			·	0			
	July 1952	June 1952	7 mos. 1952		July 1952	June 1952	7 mos. 1952		July 1952		7 mos. 1952		July	June	7 mos. 1952
United States. Boston. New Haven. Portland. Boston Area. Downtown Boston Area. Downtown Boston. Lowell- Lawrence. New Bedford. Springfield. Worcester. Providence. New York. Bridgeport 1. Newark 1. Albany. Bridgeport 2. New York City 1 Poughkeepsie. Rochester 1. New York City 1 Poughkeepsie. Rochester 1. Schenectady. Syracuse 1. Utica. <b>Philadelphia</b> Trenton 1. Lancaster 1. Philadelphia 1. Canton 1. Cincinnati 1. Cleveland 1. Cleveland 1. Cloumbus 1. Springfield 1. Toledo 1. Younghystown 1. Erie 1. Noden 1. Cincinnati 1. Cleveland 1. Columbus 1. Springfield 1. Toledo 1. Younghystown 1. Erie 1. Witkes Barre 1. Noden 1. Cleveland 1. Clev	$\begin{array}{c} 1952\\ \hline p+4\\ +4\\ +4\\ +10\\ +10\\ +14\\ +10\\ +14\\ +12\\ +5\\ -4\\ (3)\\ -2\\ +5\\ +10\\ 2\\ +5\\ +10\\ 2\\ +5\\ +6\\ +3\\ 0\\ +13\\ +20\\ +13\\ +20\\ +13\\ +22\\ +3\\ +13\\ +22\\ +3\\ +12\\ +22\\ +3\\ +12\\ +22\\ +22\\ +22\\ +22\\ +22\\ +22\\ +22$	$\begin{array}{c} & +1\\ & 0\\ -2\\ -4\\ +3\\ +3\\ +3\\ +3\\ +4\\ 0\\ -2\\ -6\\ +1\\ -1\\ -1\\ -3\\ -3\\ -3\\ -1\\ -3\\ -3\\ -1\\ -3\\ -3\\ -1\\ -1\\ -3\\ -3\\ -1\\ -1\\ -1\\ +2\\ -2\\ -1\\ -1\\ +2\\ 2\\ -2\\ -1\\ +2\\ 2\\ -2\\ -2\\ -1\\ +2\\ 2\\ -2\\ -2\\ -2\\ -2\\ -2\\ -2\\ -2\\ -2\\ -2$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ch'ls'ton, W. Va. Huntington Atlanta Birmingham <sup>1</sup> . Mobile. Montgomery Jacksonville <sup>1</sup> . Miami <sup>1</sup> . Orlando. St. Petersburg. Tampa <sup>1</sup> . Atlanta <sup>1</sup> . Augusta. Columbus. Macon <sup>1</sup> . Savannah Baton Rouge <sup>1</sup> . New Orleans <sup>1</sup> . Jackson <sup>1</sup> . Meridian Bristol Chattanooga <sup>1</sup> . Nashville <sup>1</sup> . Chicago <sup>1</sup> . Peoria <sup>1</sup> . Fort Wayne <sup>1</sup> Indianapolis <sup>1</sup> .	$\begin{array}{c} 1952\\ \hline \\ p+55\\ p+33\\ +77\\ +11\\ +277\\ (2)\\ +37\\ +77\\ +12\\ +12\\ +12\\ +12\\ +12\\ +12\\ +12\\ +12$	$\begin{array}{c} +5\\ +5\\ +5\\ +3\\ +3\\ +2\\ +10\\ (^{3})\\ +1\\ +15\\ +8\\ +21\\ +11\\ +15\\ +8\\ +24\\ +10\\ +17\\ +111\\ +15\\ +8\\ +8\\ +11\\ +17\\ +15\\ +8\\ +8\\ +31\\ +17\\ +15\\ +8\\ +8\\ +31\\ +17\\ +15\\ +8\\ +8\\ +8\\ +31\\ +17\\ +15\\ +8\\ +8\\ +8\\ +8\\ +8\\ +8\\ +8\\ +8\\ +8\\ +8$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Des Moines Detroit <sup>1</sup> Grand Rapids <sup>1</sup> Lansing <sup>1</sup> Milwaukee <sup>1</sup> Green Bay <sup>1</sup> Madison St. Louis Fort Smith Little Rock <sup>1</sup> Evansville Quincy St. Louis <sup>1</sup> St. Louis Area. Springfield Memphis <sup>1</sup> Memphis <sup>1</sup> Memphis <sup>1</sup> Mankato Mankato Mankato Great Falls Great Falls Great Falls Great Falls Great Falls Great Falls Duluth- Superior <sup>1</sup> La Crosse Hutchinson Topeka Wichita St. Joseph. Omaha Oklahoma City. Tulsa	$\begin{array}{c} +4\\ +4\\ 0\\ -4\\ +9\\ 9\\ +13\\ +4\\ +2\\ 2\\ p+10\\ p+13\\ +4\\ +2\\ p+13\\ +2\\ -2\\ -3\\ +11\\ +6\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2$	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 0\\ -3\\ -3\\ +3\\ +12\\ -2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	El Paso. Fort Worth Houston <sup>1</sup> San Antonio Waco Evan Antonio Waco Bakersfield <sup>1</sup> Fresno <sup>1</sup> Log Beach <sup>1</sup> Log Beach <sup>1</sup> Log Beach <sup>1</sup> Downtown Los Angeles <sup>1</sup> Outration <sup>1</sup> Oakland and Berkeley <sup>1</sup> Nageles <sup>1</sup> Oakland and Berkaley <sup>1</sup> San Francisco <sup>1</sup> . San Francisco <sup>1</sup> . San Francisco <sup>1</sup> . San Jose <sup>1</sup> Stockton <sup>1</sup> Vallejo and Nampa Portland <sup>1</sup> Seattl Lake City <sup>1</sup> . Bellingham Everett <sup>1</sup> Spokane <sup>1</sup>	$ \begin{array}{c} +38\\+12\\+18\\+12\\+12\\+12\\+12\\+7\\p+8\\+10\\+6\\+9\\+8\\0\\p+11\\p-6\\+10\\-7\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} +18\\ +11\\ +7\\ +5\\ +5\\ +5\\ +15\\ +20\\ +7\\ -44\\ +5\\ +11\\ -13\\ -11\\ -11\\ -11\\ -11\\ +7\\ +2\\ +20\\ +7\\ -44\\ +5\\ +11\\ -11\\ -11\\ -11\\ +7\\ +2\\ +2\\ -2\\ -7\\ -7\\ -1\\ -11\\ +11\\ +5\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2\\ +2$	$\begin{array}{c} 1952 \\ \hline \\ +21 \\ +2 \\ +6 \\ +3 \\ +10 \\ +10 \\ +8 \\ +18 \\ +18 \\ +2 \\ +2 \\ +9 \\ +4 \\ +3 \\ +2 \\ -6 \\ +4 \\ +4 \\ +3 \\ +6 \\ +44 \\ +3 \\ +6 \\ +44 \\ +4 \\ +0 \\ 0 \\ -7 \\ -2 \\ -4 \\ +2 \\ -3 \\ -4 \\ +2 \\ -1 \\ -5 \\ -5 \\ -5 \\ -5 \\ -5 \\ -5 \\ -5$

P Preliminary.
P Revised.
Indexes for these cities may be obtained on request from the Federal Reserve Bank in the district in which the city is located.
Data not available.
Six months 1952.
Five months 1952.

# **CONSUMERS' PRICES<sup>1</sup>**

[Bureau of Labor Statistics index for moderate income families in large cities. 1935-39 average =100]

Year or month	All items	Food	Apparel	Rent	Fuel, electricity, and refrigeration	House furnishings	Miscellaneous
1929	122.5	132.5	115.3	141.4	112.5	111.7	104.6
1933	92.4	84.1	87.9	100.7	100.0	84.2	98.4
1941	105.2 116.6 123.7 125.7 128.6 139.5 159.6 171.9 170.2 171.9	105.5 123.9 138.0 136.1 139.1 159.6 193.8 210.2 201.9 204.5 204.5	106.3 124.2 129.7 138.8 145.9 160.2 185.8 198.0 190.1 187.7 204.5	106.4 108.8 108.7 109.1 109.5 110.1 113.6 121.2 126.4 131.0 136.2	102.2 105.4 107.7 109.8 110.3 112.4 121.2 133.9 137.5 140.6	107.3 122.2 125.6 136.4 145.8 159.2 184.4 195.8 189.0 190.2	104.0 110.9 115.8 121.3 124.1 128.8 139.9 149.9 154.7 156.4
1951 July August September October November December	185.6 185.2 185.5 185.5 186.6 187.4 188.6 189.1	227.4 226.9 227.7 227.0 227.3 229.2 231.4 232.2	204.3 204.0 203.3 203.6 209.0 208.9 207.6 206.8	136.2 135.7 136.2 136.8 137.5 138.2 138.9 139.2	$144.1 \\ 143.6 \\ 144.0 \\ 144.2 \\ 144.4 \\ 144.6 \\ 144.8 \\ 144.8 \\ 144.9$	210.9 212.5 212.4 210.8 211.1 210.4 210.8 210.2	165.4 164.8 165.0 165.4 166.0 166.6 168.4 169.1
1952—January February March April June July	189.1 187.9 188.0 188.7 189.0 189.6 190.8	232.4 227.5 227.6 230.0 230.8 231.5 234.9	204.6 204.3 203.5 202.7 202.3 202.0 201.4	139.7 140.2 140.5 140.8 141.3 141.6 141.9	$145.0 \\ 145.3 \\ 145.3 \\ 145.3 \\ 144.6 \\ 144.8 \\ 146.4$	209.1 208.6 207.6 206.2 205.4 204.4 204.2	169.6 170.2 170.7 171.1 171.4 172.5 173.0

<sup>1</sup> Series is the adjusted one reflecting: (1) beginning 1940, allowances for rents of new housing units and (2) beginning January 1950, interim revision of series and weights. Back figures.—Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor.

## WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1947-49=100]

							Other	commo	dities				Ma-	Furni-	N	To-	
Year or month	All com- modi- ties	Farm prod- ucts	Proc- essed foods	Total	Tex- tile prod- ucts and ap- parel	Hides, skins, and leather prod- ucts	Fuel, power, and light- ing ma- terials	Chem- icals and allied prod- ucts	Rub- ber and prod- ucts	Lum- ber and wood prod- ucts	Pulp, paper, and allied prod- ucts	Metals and metal prod- ucts	chin- erv	ture and other house- hold dur- ables	Non- me- tallic min- erals struc- tural	bacco manu- fac- tures and bottled bev- erages	Mis- cella- neous
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	96.4 104.4 99.2 103.1 114.8	92.8 97.5	106.1 95.7 99.8	103.4 101.3 105.0	104.4 95.5 99.2	102.1 96.9 104.6	107.1 101.9 103.0	103.8 94.8 96.3	102.1 98.9	107.2 99.2 113.9	102.9 98.5 100.9	103.9 104.8 110.3	106.6 108.6	101.4	101.7 104.4 106.9	100.4 101.6 102.4	103.1 96.1
1951 July September October November December	113.7 113.4 113.7 113.6	110.4 109.9 111.5	111.2 110.9 111.6 111.0	115.7 114.9 114.8 114.6 114.5 114.6	108.5 105.9 103.9 103.9	118.0 118.0 113.6 107.0	106.3 106.7 106.8 106.9	108.5 108.7 108.8 108.6	144.3 144.7 144.7 144.6	122.3 121.6 121.7 121.1	119.5 119.4 118.8 118.4	122.2 122.1	118.9 119.4 120.2 120.5	113.5 113.1 112.8 112.7	113.6 113.6 113.6 113.6	107.8 107.8 107.5 107.5	102.6 105.1 106.9
1952 January February March April May June July	112.5 112.3 111.8 111.6 7111.2	107.8 108.2 108.7 107.9 r107.2	109.5 109.2 108.0 108.6 7108.5		102.1 100.6 99.9 99.3 99.0	99.5 98.0 94.1 94.7 95.9	107.2 107.4 106.3 106.0 105.9	105.9 105.4 104.8 104.3 104.3	143.1 142.0	120.3 120.5 120.9 120.7 119.9	118.3 117.7 117.4 116.9 116.7	122.6 122.6 122.5 121.8 121.1	122.0 121.8 121.6 121.6 r121.3	112.4 111.9 112.1 111.7 111.6	112.9 112.9 112.8 112.9 112.9 113.8	110.8 110.8 110.8 110.8 110.8 110.8	109.5 108.4 108.1

Subgroup Farm Products: Fresh and dried produce Grains.	1951 July	May	1952		Subgroup	1951		1952	
Farm Products: Fresh and dried produce	July	May		1					
Fresh and dried produce			June	July	Subgroup	July	May	June	July
Fresh and dried produce					Bulk Baker and Allind Burker				
	90.8	128.9	124.2	128.2	Pulp, Paper, and Allied Products:	114.5	113.3	113.3	109.3
Grains	94.3	98.8	95.4	94.9	Woodpulp Wastepaper	224.1	55.1	55.1	55.1
Livestock and poultry	118.6	108.9	107.2	108.2	Paper	118.3	123.5	124.2	123.8
Plant and animal fibers	137.1	114.2	118.7	115.3	Paperboard	132.0	129.8	129.3	125.4
Fluid milk	102.5	104.3	103.5	106.7	Converted paper and paperboard.	117.1	114.5	113.7	1123.4
Eggs	106.2	74.3	81.0	112.9	Building paper and board	113.4	115.8	115.8	115.8
Hay and seeds	95:8	96.0	98.5	100.5	Metals and Metal Products:	11011	110.0	110.0	1.0.0
Other farm products	137.2	137.1	136.7	138.3	Iron and steel	123.0	122.8	122.4	122.3
Processed Foods:					Nonferrous metals	121.5	122.0	7120.0	123.9
Cereal and bakery products	106.2	107.0	106.7	106.5	Metal containers	121.1	120.5	120.5	120.5
Meats, poultry and fish	116.8	112.1	r110.1	110.6	Hardware	125.8	126.9	123.9	123.9
Dairy products and ice cream	106.7	110.6	110.1	113.8	Plumbing equipment	122.6	116.0	118.0	118.1
Canned, frozen, fruits & vegetables.	103.5	104.2	103.5	103.9	Heating equipment	114.4	113.7	7113.5	113.6
Sugar and confectionery	109.5	109.2	110.9	111.6	Fabricated struc. metal products.	117.3	115.4	115.4	115.4
Packaged beverage materials	161.8	161.9	161.9	161.9	Fabricated nonstructural metal				
Other processed foods	122.2	112.8	118.4	126.6	products	126.0	124.4	124.4	124.4
Textile Products and Apparel:	442.0	07.0	07.4	0.0	Machinery and Motive Products:	100.1	101 7	101 -	104 -
Cotton products	113.0	97.2	95.4 112.8	96.1	Agri. mach. and equipment	120.1	121.5	121.5	121.5
Wool products		111.7 86.8		113.9 89.4	Cons. mach. and equipment	123.7	125.3	r125.4	125.4
Synthetic textiles	96.7 116.1	128.8	88.6 129.8	134.7	Metal working machinery	$124.7 \\ 123.4$	128.0 123.1	r127.9 r122.4	127.9
Silk products	105.0	100.8	129.8	100.5	General purpose mach., etc Miscellaneous machinery	119.6	119.2	r119.0	119.0
Other textile products	141.0	98.6	98.7	95.7	Elec. mach. and equipment	122.2	120.8	120.0	120.0
Hides, Skins, and Leather Products:	141.0	20.0	20.1	30.1	Motor vehicles	112.5	119.7	119.7	119.7
Hides and skins	124.0	58.1	59.5	61.9	Furniture; Other Household Durables;	112.5	119.7	119.7	117.1
Leather	127.7	84.5	88.9	89.3	Household furniture	115.9	113.1	112.7	112.6
Footwear	122.1	111.1	111.0	110.6	Commercial furniture	124.9	123.2	123.2	123.2
Other leather products	114.1	100.3	r100.6	100.6	Floor covering	142.3	120.9	7119.1	119.1
Fuel, Power, and Lighting Materials:					Household appliances	107.6	107.3	r106.8	106.8
Coal	107.2	104.9	105.3	105.9	Radio, TV, and phonographs	93.6	90.7	r93.8	93.8
Coke	124.3	124.3	124.3	124.3	Other household durable goods	117.2	119.3	119.3	119.4
Gas	97.5	104.2	r102.0	102.0	Nonmetallic Minerals—Structural:		'		1
Electricity	98.5	98.0	798.5	98.5	Flat glass	114.0	114.4	114.4	114.4
Petroleum and products Chemicals and Allied Products:	110.8	109.9	109.6	109.4	Concrete ingredients	$112.9 \\ 112.4$	$112.9 \\ 112.4$	112.9 112.4	112.9
Industrial chemicals	120.4	115.1	114.9	114.7	Concrete products Structural clay products	112.4 121.4	112.4 121.4	112.4 121.4	121.4
Paint and paint materials	120.4	107.3	107.0	106.9	Gypsum products	117.4	117.7	121.4 117.7	121.4 117.7
Drugs, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics.	95.6	92.2	92.2	92.1	Prepared asphalt roofing	105.4	98.6	106.0	106.0
Fats and oils, inedible	70.0	47.2	52.0	49.8	Other nonmetallic minerals	110.9	111.9	111.9	111.9
Mixed fertilizers	106.7	108.6	108.7	108.7	Tobacco Mfrs. and Bottled Beverages:			•••• · /	1
Fertilizer materials	107.1	111.5	109.9	110.7	Cigarettes	105.7	107.3	107.3	107.3
Other chemicals and products	108.3	103.0	103.0	103.1	Cigars	101.5	98.0	98.0	98.0
Rubber and Products:					Other tobacco products	107.6	114.8	114.8	114.8
Crude rubber	194.6	182.7	152.7	138.6	Alcoholic beverages	106.1	111.2	111.2	111.2
Tires and tubes	133.9	133.0	130.5	129.6	Nonalcoholic beverages	119.7	119.7	119.7	119.7
Other rubber products	131.3	127.6	<b>*1</b> 27.1	127.0	Miscellaneous:				
Lumber and Wood Products:					Toys, sporting goods, small arms	116.5	113.5	113.5	113.5
Lumber	123.0	121.1	7120.1	120.4	Manufactured animal feeds	98.0	108.3	107.9	102.7
Millwork	130.4	126.4	126.4	126.8	Notions and accessories	101.4	91.5	91.5	91.5
Plywood	116.9	105.6	105.7	105.7	Jewelry, watches, photo equipment.	101.2	101.0	101.0	101.1
					Other miscellaneous	120.7	121.0	120.5	120.8

r Revised.

Source.—Bureau of Labor Statistics. Back figures.—See BULLETIN for March 1952, pp. 311-313.

# GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, AND PERSONAL INCOME

[Estimates of the Department of Commerce. In billions of dollars]

#### RELATION OF GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME. PERSONAL INCOME, AND SAVING

		Annual totals								Seaso	onally a by	ljusted 7 quarte		rates
	1929	1012	1020	10/1	1947	1049	10.10	1050	1051		1951		19.	52
	1929	1933	1939	1941	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	2	3	4	1	2
Gross national product	103.8	55.8	91.3	126.4	233.3	259.0	258.2	284.2	329.2	329.3	330.9	337.1	339.4	343.2
Less: Capital consumption allowances Indirect business tax and related	8.8	7.2	8.1	9.3	14.8	17.6	19.4	21.5	24.6	24.3	25.0	25.8	26.7	27.7
liabilities Business transfer payments	7.0 .6	7.1	9.4 .5	11.3 .5	18.7 .7	20.4	21.6 .8	23.8 .8	25.3 .9	24.7 .9	25.0	25.8	26.3	26.8
Statistical discrepancy Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of	ĭ	1.2	1.4	1.6	.3	-3.2	.2	7	1.4	5.7	.0	8	-1.9	n.a.
government enterprises	1	(1)	.5	.1	1	.0	.0	.4	.5	1.1	. 1	.2	.5	. 2
Equals: National income	87.4	39.6	72.5	103.8	198.7	223.5	216.3	239.2	277.6	274.8	280.2	285.6	288.0	n.a.
Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment Contributions for social insurance Excess of wage accruals over	10.3	-2.0 .3	5.8 2.1	14.6 2.8	24.7 5.7	31.7 5.2	29.2 5.7	34.8 6.9		41.2 8.2	41.9 8.1	42.5 8.3	42.7 8.5	n.a. 8,4
Plus: Government transfer payments Net interest paid by government Dividends Business transfer payments	.0 .9 1.0 5.8 .6	$1.5 \\ 1.2 \\ 2.1$	.0 2.5 1.2 3.8 .5	.0 2.6 1.3 4.5	.0 11.1 4.4 6.6 .7	.0 10.5 4.5 7.2 .7	.0 11.6 4.6 7.5 .8		4.9	11.6 4.9 9.0	4.9 9.2	6 11.5 5.0 9.3 .9	.1 11.7 5.0 8.9 .9	
Equals: Personal income	85.1	46.6	72.6	95.3	191.0	209.5	205.9	226.3	254.1	251.9	256.1	262.0	263,0	264.4
Less: Personal tax and related payments Federal State and local	2.6 1.3 1.4	1.5 .5 1.0	2.4 1.2 1.2	3.3 2.0 1.3	21.5 19.6 1.9		18.6 16.2 2.5	20.8 18.1 2.7	29.1 26.1 3.0	28.7 25.8 3.0		30.4 27.3 3.1	32.5 29.3 3.2	
Equals: Disposable personal income.	82.5	45.2	70.2	92.0	169.5	188.4	187.2	205.5	225.0	223.2	227.1	231.5	230.5	231.5
Less: Personal consumption expenditures	78.8	46.3	67.5	82.3	165.6	177.9	180.6	194.3	208.0	204.5	206.4	210.5	213.2	214.9
Equals: Personal saving	3.7	-1.2	2.7	9.8	3.9	10.5	6.7	11.2	17.0	18.7	20.7	21.1	17.3	16.5

### NATIONAL INCOME, BY DISTRIBUTIVE SHARES

		Annual totals								Seasonally adjusted annual rates by quarters				
											1951		19	52
	1929	1933	1939	1941	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	2	3	4	1	2
National income	87.4	39.6	72.5	103.8	198.7	223.5	216.3	239.2	277.6	274.8	289.2	285.6	288.0	n.a.
Compensation of employees Wages and salaries <sup>2</sup> Private Military Government civilian Supplements to wages and salaries	<b>50.8</b> 50.2 45.2 .3 4.6 .6	28.8 23.7 .3	45.7 37.5 .4	61.7 51.5 1.9	122.1	<b>140.2</b> <i>134.4</i> <b>115.7</b> <b>4.0</b> <b>14.7</b> <b>5.8</b>	133.4	145.6	169.9 141.2 8.6 20.1	141.2 8.5 19.6	172.1 142.0 9.1 21.0	<b>183.4</b> <i>174.3</i> 143.8 9.6 20.9 9.1	<b>186.5</b> <i>177.4</i> <b>1</b> 45.8 n.a. n.a. 9.0	<b>186.9</b> <i>177.8</i> 145.6 n.a. n.a. 9.2
Proprietors' and rental income <sup>3</sup> Business and professional Farm Rental income of persons	8.3	2.9 2.3	6.8 4.5	6.9	19.8	22.1	<b>42.1</b> 21.6 12.8 7.7		26.2 15.6	26.0 14.4	26.0	<b>53.1</b> 26.6 17.0 9.4	52.1 27.3 15.4 9.4	<b>51.9</b> 27.6 14.8 9.5
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment Corporate profits before tax Corporate profits tax liability Corporate profits after tax Inventory valuation adjustment	9.8	.2 .5 4	5.8 6.5 1.5 5.0 7	17.2 7.8	30.5	33.8 13.0 20.7	27.1 10.8	39.6 18.4	42.9 24.2 18.7	43.3 24.5 18.8	<b>41.9</b> <i>38.6</i> 21.8 16.9 <i>3.2</i>	39.5 22.2	42.7 24.7 18.1	<b>n.a.</b> n.a. n.a. n.a. 1.7
Net interest	6.5	5.0	4.2	4.1	3.5	4.3	5.0	5.8	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.7	6.9

n.a. Not available. <sup>1</sup> Less than 50 million dollars. <sup>2</sup> Includes employee contributions to social insurance funds. <sup>3</sup> Includes noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.

NOTE.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Source .-- Department of Commerce.

#### GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, AND PERSONAL INCOME—Continued [Estimates of the Department of Commerce. In billions of dollars] GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT OR EXPENDITURE

		Annual totals								Seasonally adjusted annual rates by quarters				
											1951		19	52
	1929	1933	1939	1941	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	2	3	4	1	2
Gross national product	103.8	55.8	91.3	126.4	233.3	259.0	258.2	284.2	329.2	329.3	330.9	337.1	339.4	343.2
Personal consumption expenditures Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	9.4		6.7 35.3	9.8 44.0	21.4 95.1	22.9 100.9	<b>180.6</b> 23.8 99.2 57.5	102.8	27.1 113.5	26.3 111.3	25.5 113.2	25.3 116.2	25.2 118.0	26.4 117.8
Gross private domestic investment	7.8 3.6 4.2 6.4 1.6	1.1 .5 .7 1.8 -1.6	4.9 2.7 2.2 4.6 .4	7.7 3.9	<b>30</b> .2 13.9 6.3 7.6 17.1 8 1.4	17.7 8.6 9.1 19.9 5.0	9.0 18.7	22.9 12.6 10.3 22.0 5.5	23.3 11.0 12.3	23.5 10.9 12.6 25.4 16.3	22.4 9.9 12.5 24.9 8.9	<b>52.9</b> 22.4 10.3 12.1 24.7 5.8 5.2	<b>50</b> .0 23.7 11.0 12.7 25.7 .6 1	23.6 11.0 12.6 25.7
Net foreign investment	.8	.2	.9	1,1	8.9	1.9	.5	-2.3	.2	2	1.1	2.6	1.9	.9
Government purchases of goods and services <i>Federal</i> National security Other Less: Government sales <sup>2</sup> State and local	$\left.\begin{array}{c} 1.3\\ 1.3\\ 8\\ 8\end{array}\right)$	2.0 2.0 (*)	5.2 1.3 3.9 (1)	16.9 13.8 3.2 ( <sup>3</sup> )	15.8 13.3 3.8 1.3	21.0 16.1 5.6 .6	25.4 19.3 6.6	22.2 18.5 3.9 .2	40.9 37.1 4.2	38.3 34.9 3.7 .3	45.5 41.6 4.5 .5	<b>71.2</b> 48.9 44.3 5.1 .5 22.3	51.2 46.4 5.2 .4	54.9 50.3 5.1 .4

# PERSONAL INCOME

[Seasonally adjusted monthly totals at annual rates]

			1	Wages and	l salaries							Less	
	Per-			age and s	alary disb	ursement	8	Other	Pro- prietors'	Divi- dends and	Trans- fer	personal contri- butions	Non- agricul-
Year or month	sonal income	Total receipts <sup>4</sup>	Total dis- burse- ments	Com- modity produc- ing in- dustries	Distrib- utive indu <b>s</b> - tries	Service indus- tries	Gov- ern- ment	labor income⁵	and rental income <sup>6</sup>	per- sonal interest income	pay- ments <sup>7</sup>	for social insur- ance <sup>8</sup>	tural income*
1929           1933           1939           1939           1939           1941           1944           1947           1948           1949           1950           1951	85.1 46.6 72.6 95.3 191.0 209.5 205.9 226.3 254.1	50.0 28.7 45.1 60.9 119.9 132.1 131.2 142.7 166.5	<b>50.2</b> <b>28.8</b> <b>45.7</b> <b>61.7</b> <b>122.0</b> <b>134.3</b> <b>133.4</b> <b>145.6</b> <b>169.9</b>	<b>21.5</b> <b>9.8</b> <b>17.4</b> <b>27.5</b> <b>54.3</b> <b>60.2</b> <b>56.9</b> <b>63.5</b> <b>74.9</b>	<b>15.5</b> <b>8.8</b> <b>13.3</b> <b>16.3</b> <b>35.1</b> <b>38.8</b> <b>38.9</b> <b>41.3</b> <b>45.9</b>	<b>8.2</b> <b>5.1</b> <b>6.9</b> <b>7.6</b> <b>15.3</b> <b>16.6</b> <b>17.2</b> <b>18.6</b> <b>20.3</b>	<b>5.0</b> <b>5.2</b> <b>8.2</b> <b>10.2</b> <b>17.2</b> <b>18.7</b> 20.4 22.2 28.7	.5 .4 5 2 4 2 8 3.1 3.8 4.2	<b>19.7</b> <b>7.2</b> <b>14.7</b> <b>20.8</b> <b>42.4</b> <b>47.3</b> <b>42.1</b> <b>45.2</b> <b>50.6</b>	13.3 8.2 9.2 9.9 14.5 16.0 17.1 19.5 20.4	1.5 2.1 3.0 3.1 11.8 11.3 12.4 15.1 12.4	.1 .2 .6 8 2.1 2.2 2.2 2.9 3.4	76.8 43.0 66.3 86.1 170.8 187.1 188.7 208.5 233.6
1951—June July August September October November December	$\begin{array}{c} 254.3\\ 254.5\\ 256.7\\ 257.3\\ 261.7\\ 260.9\\ 263.4 \end{array}$	168.2 167.3 167.9 168.8 170.5 171.3 172.6	171.6 170.7 171.2 172.1 174.0 174.8 176.0	75.4 75.0 74.8 75.7 75.9 75.8 77.5	$\begin{array}{r} 47.0\\ 46.3\\ 46.5\\ 46.3\\ 46.5\\ 46.5\\ 46.5\\ 46.5\\ 46.7\end{array}$	20.4 20.4 20.4 20.4 20.7 20.8 20.8	28.8 29.0 29.5 29.7 30.9 31.7 31.0	4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.3 4.3 4.2 4.3	48.8 50.1 51.5 50.9 53.4 52.5 53.3	20.4 20.5 21.0 20.8 20.5 21.1	$12.7 \\ 12.5 \\ 12.6 \\ 12.4 \\ 12.7 \\ 12.4 \\ 12.1 $	3.4 3.3 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.4	235.4 234.0 235.5 236.4 239.1 239.5 240.7
1952—January February March April. May June.	263.4 263.5 261.9 262.5 264.5 266.7	173.1 174.5 173.9 173.4 174.6 175.8	176.7 178.0 177.3 176.7 177.9 179.3	77.3 78.2 77.7 76.9 76.7 77.2	47.1 47.1 47.0 47.0 47.7 48.5	20.8 20.9 20.8 21.0 21.3 21.3	31.5 31.8 31.8 31.8 32.2 32.3	4.3 4.3 4.3 4.4 4.4 4.5	53.4 52.1 50.7 51.2 51.7 52.8	20.1 20.5 21.0 21.5 21.5 21.4	12.8 12.4 12.4 12.3 12.6 12.5	3.9 3.8 3.8 3.6 3.6 3.8	241.7 243.4 242.7 242.9 244.9 245.9

<sup>1</sup> Includes construction expenditures for crude petroleum and natural gas drilling.
 <sup>2</sup> Consists of sales abroad and domestic sales of surplus consumption goods and materials.
 <sup>4</sup> Less than 50 million dollars.
 <sup>4</sup> Total wage and salary receipts, as included in "Personal income." is equal to total disbursements less employee contributions to social insur-ance. Such contributions are not available by industries.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes compensation for injuries, employer contributions to private pension and welfare funds, and other payments.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes business and professional income, farm income, and rental income of unincorporated enterprise; also a noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.

Includes business and protessional income, farm moome, and fental moome of unmorporated entrypact, and entrypact of the protect of the protect

NOTE .- Details may not add to totals because of rounding. Source .- Department of Commerce.

#### CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS TOTAL CONSUMER CREDIT, BY MAJOR PARTS

[Estimated amounts outstanding. In millions of dollars]

			In	stalment cred	lit			Noninstalr	nent credit	
End of year or month	Total consumer credit	Total instal-		Sale credit		Loans 1	Total noninstal-	Single- Dayment	Charge	Servic <del>e</del> credit
<u></u>		ment credit	Total	Automobile	Other		ment credit	loans 2	accounts	credit
1939	7,031 8,163 8,826 5,692 4,600 4,976 5,627 8,677 11,862 14,366 16,809 20,097 20,644 19,256 19,132 19,262 19,362	4,424 5,417 5,887 3,048 2,001 2,364 4,000 6,434 8,600 10,890 13,459 13,510 12,955 12,903 13,045 13,167 13,196	2,792 3,450 3,744 1,617 942 1,648 3,086 4,528 6,240 7,904 7,546 7,234 7,173 7,247 7,327 7,355	$\begin{array}{c} 1,267\\ 1,729\\ 1,942\\ 482\\ 175\\ 200\\ 227\\ 544\\ 1,151\\ 1,961\\ 3,144\\ 4,126\\ 4,039\\ 4,041\\ 4,061\\ 4,061\\ 4,175\\ 4,134\\ \end{array}$	1,525 1,721 1,802 1,135 707 691 715 1,104 1,935 2,567 3,096 3,778 3,507 3,193 3,112 3,109 3,152	1,632 1,967 2,143 1,431 1,119 1,422 2,352 3,348 4,072 4,650 5,555 5,964 5,721 5,730 5,798 5,840	2,607 2,746 2,939 2,644 2,599 2,915 3,263 4,677 5,428 5,766 5,919 6,638 7,134 6,301 6,229 6,217 6,195 6,389	530 536 565 483 414 428 510 749 896 949 1,018 1,332 1,436 1,393 1,393 1,393 1,398 1,401	1,544 1,650 1,764 1,513 1,498 1,758 1,981 3,054 3,612 3,854 4,239 4,587 3,804 3,743 3,743 3,724 3,868	533 560 610 648 687 729 772 874 920 963 992 1,067 1,111 1,098 1,093 1,095 1,098
November December	19,989 20,644	13,271 13,510	7,400 7,546	4,100 4,039	3,300 3,507	5,871 5,964	6,718 7,134	1,422 1,436	4,190 4,587	1,106 1,111
1952—January February March April June <sup>p</sup> July <sup>p</sup>	20,126 19,717 19,565 19,788 20,293 20,958 21,200	13,314 13,185 13,156 13,319 13,806 14,405 14,732	7,322 7,158 7,047 7,099 7,421 7,813 8,021	$\begin{array}{r} 3,962\\ 3,927\\ 3,891\\ 3,946\\ 4,171\\ 4,446\\ 4,602 \end{array}$	3,360 3,231 3,156 3,153 3,250 3,367 3,419	5,992 6,027 6,109 6,220 6,385 6,592 6,711	6,812 6,532 6,409 6,469 6,487 6,553 6,468	1,445 1,448 1,443 1,437 1,431 1,436 1,442	4.253 3,967 3,855 3,913 3.921 3,980 3,891	1,114 1,117 1,111 1,135 1,135 1,137 1,135

P Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes repair and modernization loans insured by Federal Housing Administration.
 <sup>2</sup> Noninstalment consumer loans (single-payment loans of commercial banks and paymbrokers).

NOTE.-Back figures by months beginning January 1929 may be obtained from Division of Research and Statistics.

#### CONSUMER INSTALMENT LOANS

[Estimates. In millions of dollars]

			ł		utstandin period)		Loans m		rincipal le tring perio		itution <b>s</b>		
Year or month	Total	Com- mercial banks <sup>1</sup>	Small loan com- panies	Indus- trial banks²	Indus- trial loan com- panies <sup>2</sup>	Credit unions	Miscel- laneous lenders	Insured repair and modern- ization loans <sup>2</sup>	Com- mercial banks <sup>1</sup>	Small loan com- panies	Indus- trial banks <sup>2</sup>	Indus- trial loan com- panies <sup>2</sup>	Credit union <b>s</b>
1939         1940         1941         1942         1943         1944         1945         1946         1947         1948         1949         1950         1951	1,119 1,170 1,422 2,352 3,348 4,072	523 692 784 426 316 357 477 956 1,435 1,709 1,951 2,431 2,510	448 498 531 417 364 439 597 701 817 929 1,084 1,268	131 132 134 89 67 68 76 117 166 204 250 291 301	99 104 107 72 59 60 70 98 134 160 175 203 229	135 174 200 130 104 100 103 153 225 312 402 525 542	96 99 102 91 86 88 93 109 119 131 142 157 176	200 268 285 206 123 113 164 322 568 739 801 864 938	680 1,017 1,198 792 639 749 942 1,793 2,636 3,069 3,282 3,875 4,198	827 912 975 784 800 869 956 1,231 1,432 1,534 1,737 1,946 2,437	261 255 255 182 151 155 166 231 310 375 418 481 528	194 198 203 146 128 139 151 210 282 318 334 358 417	237 297 344 236 201 198 199 286 428 577 712 894 947
1951—June July September October November December	5,721 5,730 5,798 5,840 5,841 5,871 5,964	2,515 2,492 2,521 2,524 2,522 2,509 2,510	1,151 1,167 1,181 1,203 1,191 1,211 1,268	288 288 293 296 299 299 301	209 211 217 221 222 225 229	522 524 531 533 535 535 542	164 166 167 169 168 170 176	872 882 888 894 904 922 938	356 339 389 351 373 347 354	204 206 210 183 205 228 292	44 49 42 52 45 50	35 35 40 35 40 38 42	86 76 90 78 86 83 84
1952—January February March April. May June <sup>p</sup> July <sup>p</sup>	6,109 6,220 6,385 6,592	2,521 2,542 2,593 2,642 2,726 2,838 2,890	1,273 1,275 1,285 1,302 1,320 1,346 1,365	<b>300</b> <b>301</b> 303 307 319 330 340	230 232 235 239 246 254 259	541 545 553 568 589 614 631	176 176 177 179 181 183 185	951 956 963 983 1,004 1,027 1,041	393 373 429 429 479 497 471	184 181 216 211 236 248 240	46 46 52 50 52 56 53	38 37 41 39 44 44 42	85 91 95 103 116 122 113

Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Figures include only personal instalment cash loans and retail automobile direct loans shown on the following page, and a small amount of the retail direct loans not shown separately. Other retail direct loans outstanding at the end of July amounted to 123 million dollars, and other loans made during July were 18 million.
 <sup>3</sup> Figures include only personal instalment cash loans, retail automobile direct loans, and other retail direct loans. Direct retail instalment loans are obtained by deducting an estimate of paper purchased from total retail instalment paper.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes only loans insured by Federal Housing Administration adjusted by Federal Reserve to exclude nonconsumer loans.

# **CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS**—Continued

# CONSUMER INSTALMENT SALE CREDIT, EXCLUDING AUTOMOBILE CREDIT [Estimated amounts outstanding. In millions of dollars]

[Estin	nated amo	unts outs	In millio	ns of doll	arsj	
End of year or month	Total, exclud- ing auto- mobile	Depart- ment stores and mail- order houses	Furni- ture stores	House- hold appli- ance stores	Jewelry stores	All other retail stores
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1946 1947 1948 1949 1949 1950	1,525 1,721 1,802 1,135 707 691 715 1,104 1,935 2,567 3,096 3,778 3,507	377 439 466 252 172 183 198 337 650 874 1,010 1,245 1,186	536 599 619 440 289 293 296 386 587 750 935 1,029 971	273 302 313 188 78 50 51 118 249 387 500 710 613	93 110 120 76 57 56 57 89 144 152 163 79 73	
1951 June August September. October November. December. 1952 January April May June <sup>p</sup> July <sup>p</sup>	3,193 3,112 3,109 3,152 3,221 3,300 3,507 3,360 3,231 3,156 3,153 3,250 3,367 3,419	1,055 1,022 1,015 1,028 1,056 1,099 1,186 1,129 1,082 1,060 1,064 1,101 1,132 1,142	874 859 870 908 971 933 909 893 894 924 954 971	602 590 590 600 608 613 592 567 541 551 551 582 596	66 64 65 68 73 70 67 65 65 67 71	6 5 4 8 5 7 6 3 5 4 4 9

# CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF INDUSTRIAL BANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

[Estimates In millions of dollars]

[Est	imates.	In million	s of dollar	's]			
			instal- paper ²	Repair and	Personal instal-	CONSUMER INS LOAN COI [Esti	
Year or month	Total	Auto- mobile	Other	modern- ization loans <sup>1 2</sup>	ment cash loans	Year or month	Total
Outstanding at end of period: 1949 1950 1951	343.2 391.0 404.1	93.6 118.5 118.9	63.1 79.7 81.2	55.4 54.9 56.5	131.1 137.9 147.5	Outstanding at end of period: 1949 1950 1951	194.7 226.9 255.3
1951—June July September . October November . December	385.0 385.1 391.7 396.3 401.8 402.4 404.1	119.6 120.2 123.1 123.9 123.9 121.9 118.9	72.9 70.7 71.6 73.6 75.8 77.7 81.2	52.6 52.9 53.7 54.8 56.1 56.5 56.5	139.9 141.3 143.3 144.0 146.0 146.3 147.5	1951—June July August September. October November. December.	232.6 235.4 241.3 245.5 247.4 250.3 255.3
1952—January February March April May June <sup>p</sup> July <sup>p</sup>	402.6 403.9 405.8 410.7 426.2 441.1 454.9	116.5 116.3 116.6 119.2 128.2 138.4 145.6	81.4 81.4 81.2 81.1 82.5 84.7 87.1	56.1 56.3 55.4 55.8 57.2 58.2 60.9	148.6 149.9 152.6 154.6 158.3 159.8 161.3	1952—January February March April May July <sup>p</sup> July <sup>p</sup>	256.2 257.7 260.9 265.5 273.2 282.7 287.6
Volume extended during month: 1951—June July September . October November . December .	48.8 48.5 58.4 51.2 60.0 52.3 53.6	15.6 14.9 19.4 16.2 17.3 14.6 13.1	7.8 7.6 10.4 10.4 12.2 11.8 12.8	3.9 3.8 4.5 4.1 5.2 4.1 3.4	21.5 22.2 24.1 20.5 25.3 21.8 24.3	Volume extended during month: 1951—June August September November December	36.1 35.9 42.6 37.8 41.3 39.5 43.6
1952—January February March May June <sup>p</sup> July <sup>p</sup>	52.5 51.8 57.5 58.8 69.2 73.5 69.1	14.3 15.2 16.8 18.1 25.8 27.7 24.4	11.8 10.1 10.6 10.3 11.2 12.3 12.9	<b>3.5</b> <b>3.7</b> <b>4.1</b> <b>5.4</b> 6.3 6.5 6.6	22.9 22.8 26.0 25.0 25.9 27.0 25.2	1952—January February March April May July <sup>p</sup> July <sup>p</sup>	39.4 38.3 42.2 41.6 48.0 47.7 44.7

CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF COMMERCIAL BANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT [Estimates. In millions of dollars]

[Estim	ates. II	i minioi	is or uor	laisj		
Year or month	Total		nobile ail Direct loans	Other retail, pur- chased and direct	Repair and mod- erniza- tion loans <sup>1</sup> <sup>2</sup>	sonal instal- ment cash
Outstanding at end of				·	102115	Toans
period: 1949 1950 1951	4,416 5,645 5,434	854 1,143 1,061	915 1,223 1,192	922 1,267 1,031	781 905 937	944 1,107 1,213
1951—June July August September October November December	5,481 5,430 5,472 5,440 5,442 5,436 5,434	1,090 1,086 1,097 1,105 1,090 1,079 1,061	1,246 1,230 1,240 1,239 1,226 1,209 1,192	1,098 1,068 1,059 1,004 1,010 1,017 1,031	883 886 899 911 925 937 937	1,164 1,160 1,177 1,181 1,191 1,194 1,213
1952—January February March April June <sup>p</sup> July <sup>p</sup>	5,418 5,412 5,446 5,528 5,744 6,027 6,202	1,042 1,038 1,035 1,055 1,130 1,217 1,272	1,219 1,270	1,034 1,016 1,008 1,005 1,036 1,086 1,121	928 924 922 940 969 1,005 1,042	1,230 1,248 1,284 1,309 1,339 1,388 1,407
Volume extended dur- ing month: 1951—June July September October November December	666 642 738 682 744 689 686	143 137 162 150 150 136 117	160 150 187 166 168 152 149	115 115 131 126 153 147 157	64 62 70 67 82 72 70	184 178 188 173 191 182 193
1952—January February March April June <sup>p</sup> July <sup>p</sup>	714 679 758 807 945 1,001 949	131 135 144 162 228 243 217	170 167 185 191 235 240 214	146 130 138 153 162 177 178	57 55 62 79 92 101 101	210 192 229 222 228 240 239

# MENT CREDITS OF INDUSTRIAL VIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT In millions of dollars]

Retail instal-ment paper 2

Repair and modern-

Personal instal-

ment

Auto-mobile ization loans 1 2 cash loans Other 43.5 57.9 63.2 31.4 41.1 47.3 6.5 7.3 7.2 113.3 120.6 137.6 ò 2 125.9 127.0 128.5 130.2 130.7 133.2 137.6 59.8 60.5 63.2 63.5 63.7 63.4 63.2 39.8 40.8 42.4 44.5 45.6 46.1 47.3 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 7.6 7.2 б 35  $\begin{array}{c} 62.5\\62.4\\62.6\\64.0\\67.7\\71.0\\72.6\end{array}$ 47.0 47.4 48.8 50.0 52.2 55.2 57.0 139.5 140.8 142.5 144.5 146.3 149.3 150.6 7.2 7.1 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.2 7.4 ò 5 б 21.7 21.3 23.5 20.9 23.3 23.6 27.2 9.0 8.9 11.5 9.4 9.6 9.0 9.3  $\begin{array}{c} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.6 \\ 0.6 \\ 0.7 \\ 0.7 \\ 0.5 \end{array}$ 4.9 5.2 7.0 6.9 7.7 6.2 6.6 ō 6 6 9.2 8.9 9.1 10.1 13.0 12.2 11.3 24.0 23.2 25.4 24.0 5.7 5.7 7.1 6.8 7.9 8.8 8.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.8 26.3 26.0 24.2 ń P Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Includes not only loans insured by Federal Housing Administration but also noninsured loans. <sup>2</sup> Includes both direct loans and paper purchased.

### **CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS**—Continued

# FURNITURE STORE STATISTICS

Item		ntage ci n preced month		Percentage change from corresponding month of preceding year				
	July 1952 <i>p</i>	June 1952	May 1952	July 1952 p	June 1952	May 1952		
Net sales: Total Cash sales Credit sales: Instalment Charge account	-9 -4 -11 -1	5 8 4 8	$^{+23}_{+18}$ $^{+27}_{+7}$	$+12 \\ -5 \\ +21 \\ -2$	$^{+11}_{-11}$ $^{+23}_{-8}$	$+14 \\ -4 \\ +26 \\ -7$		
Accounts receivable, end of month: Total Instalment	$^{+1}_{+1}$	$^{+3}_{+3}$	$^{+4}_{+3}$	+13 +13	$^{+9}_{+10}$	$^{+4}_{+5}$		
Collections during month: Total Instalment	$^{+1}_{0}$	$^{-6}_{-6}$	$^{+5}_{+8}$	$-2 \\ -4$	$^{-9}_{-8}$	$^{-3}_{+1}$		
Inventories, end of month, at retail value.	-1	-4	-3	-12	-15	-16		

	Instal	ounts	Charge accounts		
Year or month	Depart- ment stores	Furni- ture stores	House- hold ap- pliance stores	Depart- ment stor <del>es</del>	
1951 JuneJuly August September October. November. December.	18 19	11 11 12 11 12 11 11	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	49 46 48 47 50 50 45	
1952 January. February March. April May June. July <sup>p</sup>	18 20 18 19	10 10 11 10 11 10 10	13 13 13 13 13 13 12 13	<b>47</b> <b>45</b> <b>48</b> <b>46</b> <b>48</b> <b>46</b> <b>46</b> <b>46</b>	

RATIO OF COLLECTIONS TO ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE<sup>1</sup>

P Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Collections during month as percentage of accounts outstanding at beginning of month.

₱ Preliminary.

# DEPARTMENT STORE SALES, ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, AND COLLECTIONS

	I	ndex numb	ers, withou	t seasonal	adjustment	, 1947-49 a	verage = 10	0	Percen	tage of tota	al sales
Year or month		Sales duri	ng month			receivable f month		ns during nth	Cash	Instal-	Charge
	Total	Cash	Instal- ment	Charge account	Instal- ment	Charge account	Instal- ment	Charge account	sales	ment sales	account sales
Averages of monthly data: 1941	46 53 60 67 75 93 99 103 99 101 104 95 75 90 101 113 129 129	44 57 72 92 105 103 103 94 93 95 91 71 83 90 101 115 167	55 45 39 36 37 56 85 105 110 136 133 103 -91 127 138 164 171 205	48 48 49 53 59 84 101 106 111 106 111 106 111 100 93 107 121 138 185	76 60 35 29 28 38 67 108 125 177 181 171 163 162 166 172 182 197	53 48 42 44 50 -73 92 105 103 111 124 115 103 103 113 113 113 122 136 177	58 60 47 41 53 78 106 117 146 165 161 151 151 151 163 169 168	47 51 50 52 92 103 104 111 118 114 106 99 97 114 121 122	48 56 61 64 59 52 51 48 48 50 50 48 47 46 47 49	9 6 5 4 4 4 6 7 8 10 9 8 9 11 10 11 10 9	43 34 32 32 37 37 41 41 42 43 42 41 41 41 43 43 42
1952—January February March April May June July <sup>p</sup>	84 79 91 99 100 93 78	77 72 83 90 90 84 71	110 106 122 118 137 126 114	89 83 96 107 106 99 80	190 182 178 175 176 178 177	142 124 117 121 122 120 107	180 162 170 153 153 148 144	165 129 118 108 115 114 111	48 48 48 48 47 47 48	10 10 9 10 10 10	42 42 42 43 43 43 43 41

Preliminary. r Revised.

NOTE .-- Data based on reports from a smaller group of stores than is included in the monthly index of sales shown on p. 1055.

# **INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL STATISTICS**

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International capital transactions of the United States.	1066-1071
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Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to gold, international capital transactions of the United States, and financial developments abroad. The data are compiled for the most part from regularly published sources such as central and commercial bank statements and official statistical bulletins, some data are reported to the Board directly. Figures on international capital transactions of the United States are collected by the Federal Reserve Banks from banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers in the United States in accordance with the Treasury Regulation of November 12, 1934. Back figures for all except price tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, *Banking and Monetary Statistics*.

#### **INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES**

#### TABLE 1.- NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935, BY TYPES

[Net movement from United States, (-).	In millions of dollars]
--	-------------------------

F 1 0 1025		Incr	ease in banki	ng funds in U	. S. 1	Decrease in U. S.	Domestic securities:	Foreign securities:	Inflow in
From Jan. 2, 1935, through	Total	Total	Foreign official <sup>2</sup>	Foreign other	Interna- tional	banking funds abroad <sup>1</sup>	Inflow of foreign funds <sup>3</sup>	Return of U. S. funds <sup>3</sup>	brokerage balances
1946—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31	8,343.7 8,569.1 8,763.5	5,726.1 6,362.3 6,963.9 6,863.9 7,890.7	2,333.6 1,121.8 2,126.0 2,197.8 2,715.6	2,938.7 2,998.5 2,993.6 3,028.2 3,472.8	453.8 2,242.0 1,844.3 1,637.8 1,702.3	427.2 186.5 116.8 307.6 231.4	464.5 375.5 183.3 258.5 1,202.9	1,237.9 1,276.9 1,182.1 1,209.9 1,064.5	153.7 142.4 123.1 123.7 131.7
1951—July 31 Aug. 31. Sept. 30. Oct. 31. Nov. 30. Dec. 31.	10,118.8 10,170.7 10,114.5 10,130.0	7,797.0 8,017.4 8,038.1 8,422.3 8,448.2 8,529.7	2,598.1 2,734.8 2,723.6 2,769.8 2,734.7 2,751.9	3,541.6 3,639.7 3,697.4 3,909.1 3,972.5 4,089.6	1,657.3 1,642.9 1,617.2 1,743.4 1,741.0 1,688.3	189.4 181.9 231.9 211.3 186.3 160.9	1,070.8 877.4 856.8 612.9 617.0 618.6	911.2 911.5 912.1 743.7 754.4 687.5	132.6 130.6 131.8 124.3 124.1 125.6
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 <sup>p</sup> June 30 <sup>p</sup>	$\begin{array}{c} 10,208.8\\ 10,234.3\\ 10,268.6\\ 10,454.8 \end{array}$	8,464.4 8,638.2 8,717.6 8,829.1 9,196.5 9,275.3	2,644.9 2,811.5 2,912.3 3,025.5 3,221.0 3,291.6	4,138.7 4,200.2 4.148.0 4,164.9 4.282.3 4.300.2	1,680.91,626.51,657.31,638.71,693.31,683.5	133.4164.9125.0109.794.998.5	$\begin{array}{c} 631.3 \\ 616.8 \\ 617.4 \\ 622.4 \\ 604.3 \\ 599.4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 688.6\\ 658.3\\ 642.5\\ 580.4\\ 428.0\\ 441.7 \end{array}$	125.4 130.7 131.8 127.0 131.1 133.4

# TABLE 2.—SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES<sup>4</sup>

[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

Date	In- terna-		foreign tries	United		Neth-	Switz-		Other	Total	Can-	Latin		All
Date	tional insti- tutions	Official and privat <del>e</del>	Official <sup>2</sup>	King- dom	France	er- lands	er- land ⁵	Italy	Europe	Europe	ada	America	Asia	other
1946—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31	2,262.0 1,864.3 1,657.8	4,854.4 5,853.7 5,960.2	2,836.3 2,908.1	458.9 326.2 546.3 574.4 \$656.6	192.8 171.6	143.3 122.8 170.5	372.6 446.4 538.9 576.9 553.0	267.9 153.1 333.5 303.6 314.7	739.8 738.1 717.0	1,976.7 2,472.4 2,513.9	409.6 775.2 869.1		1,057.9 1,151.8 961.0	193.7 167.4 179.5
1951 – July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	1,662 8 1,637 1 1,763 3	7,108.7 7,155.1 7,413.1 7,441.4	3,433.9 3,480.1 3,445.0	522.6 513.0 543.2	222.7 270.1 254.4	131.7 135.4 132.4 154.5	499.9 506.8 511.5 493.3 506.8 521.3	289.4 283.4 287.8 288.2 293.1 300.5	1,097.4 1,131.3 1,116.5 1,086.1	2,763.1 2,801.9 2,843.7 2,886.1	1,011.1 1,022.8 1,257.8 1,250.1	1,614.3 1,578.3 1,532.0 1,502.2 1,461.6 1,437.8	1,495.1 1,540.8 1,535.0 1,555.8	261.0 257.6 274.3 287.8
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 <sup>p</sup> . June 30 <sup>p</sup> .	1,646.4 1,677.2 1,658.6 1.713.3	7,745.8 7,794.5 7,924.5 8,237.4	3,622.6 3,735.8 3,931.3	644.6 796.9 783.6 745.0 756.8 793.4	251.4 256.3 267.2	$155.9 \\ 149.7 \\ 122.0 \\ 155.9$	521.6 542.9 544.8 584.3 599.6 600.8		959.2 956.4	3,002.2 2,978.0 2.964.9 3,062.8	1,336.3 1,339.7 1,397.8 1,496.0	1,400.7 1,416.3 1,463.1 1,490.2 1,528.7 1,516.3	1,661 9 1,687.8 1,755.0 1,824.0	329.1 325.9 316.6 325.9

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Certain of the movement figures in Table 1 have been adjusted to take account of changes in the reporting practice of banks (see BULLETIN for August 1951, p. 1030). Reported figures from banks, however, did not permit similar adjustments in Tables 2 and 3, representing outstanding amounts. Therefore changes in outstanding amounts as may be derived from Tables 2 and 3 will not always be identical with the movement of funds shown in Table 1.
 <sup>a</sup> Represents funds held with banks and bankers in the United States by foreign central banks and by foreign central governments and their agencies (including official purchasing missions, trade and shipping missions, diplomatic and consular establishments, etc.), and also funds held in accounts with the U. S. Treasury.
 <sup>a</sup> Beginning with 1947, these figures include transactions of international institutions, which are shown separately in Tables 6 and 7. Securities of such institutions are included in foreign securities.
 <sup>4</sup> "Short-term liabilities" reported in these statistics represent principally demand deposits and U. S. Government obligations maturing in not more than one year from their date of issue, held by banking institutions in the United States. The term "foreigner" is used to designate foreign governments, central banks, and other official institutions (see footnote 2 above) as well as other banks, organizations, and individuals domiciled outside the United States, including U. S. citizens domad and the foreign subsidiaries and offices of U. S. banks and commercial abanks of the transactional Settlements, included in "International institutions" as of that date.
 <sup>a</sup> Beginning January 1950, excludes Bank for International Settlements, included in "International institutions" as of that date.
 <sup>b</sup> Data for August 1950 include, for the first time, certain deposit balances and other items which have been held in specific trust accounts, bank which have beee

Note.—These statistics are based on reports by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers. Beginning with the BULLETIN for September 1951, certain changes were made in the order and selection of the material published. An explanation of the changes appears on page 1202 of that issue. For further explanation and information on back figures see BULLETIN for August 1951, p. 1030.

# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued TABLE 2.—SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES-Constinued

						Tabl	le 2a.—	-Other	Europe								
Date	Other Europe		Bel- gium	Czech- oslo- vakia	Den- mark	Fin- land	Ger- many	Greece	Nor- way	Po- land	Por- tugal	Ru- mania	Spain	Swe- den	USSR	Yugo- slavia	
1946—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31	739.8	 	124.9 128.7	5.6	66.5 52.8 44.7 38.0 45.5	22.2 30.5 19.1 25.1 18.3	7.1 89.5 178.9 149.4 221.6	34.7 21.1 29.6	123.5 56.2 77.7 69.4 43.6	4.2	39.0 47.1 37.7 38.1 45.7	8.9 8.7 7.0 6.7 6.1	16.4 12.8 13.6 15.7 21.3	172.6 58.6 49.0 90.1 115.3	73.7 21.3 10.2	12.4 12.1 19.9 7.6 13.2	112.5 138.2 119.3 117.4 52.4
1951—July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	1,131.3 1,116.5 1,086.1	54.6 57.4 61.1 62.9	138.4 132.9 143.6 145.1	2.1 2.0 1.5 1.5	41.5 39.9 44.6 47.2 46.7 45.3	26.3 27.5 23.1 24.0 27.9 27.0	403.6 481.4 502.5 488.3 455.9 405.6	40.4 41.1 39.1 41.5	65.5 99.9 103.0 106.3 98.6 99.7	3.6 2.1 2.3 2.4 2.6 2.8	42.9 41.5 47.9 36.4 35.4 40.7	6.0 5.7 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.1	15.8 14.0 14.4 16.8 18.4 17.1	94.5 88.8 89.3 83.7 80.3 70.7		4.2 4.2 5.3 4.0 8.2 7.1	48.0 53.4 55.6 53.6 52.7 57.6
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 <sup>p</sup> . June 30 <sup>p</sup> .	959.2 956.4 970.8 1,004.7	55.4 54.0 54.9 53.1	136.6 130.4 134.1	.8 .7 .7 .6	44.0 38.7 38.9 37.6 37.0 34.2	30.0 30.7 26.9 23.8 23.9 21.3	395.1 353.0 361.8 380.2 390.5 453.1	38.4 41.0 41.9 41.1	97.7 96.7 104.4 100.5 100.9 94.6	2.4 5.8 2.5 2.1 2.4 2.6	40.7 42.8 41.8 41.6 43.1 40.6	6.0 6.1 6.2 6.1 6.1 6.0	16.6 17.4 17.9 17.7 20.2 18.5	$     \begin{array}{r}       64.3 \\       64.4 \\       62.4 \\       65.3 \\       65.8 \\       68.4 \\     \end{array} $		7.7 8.7 7.1 7.6 7.8 10.7	59.5 58.8 57.9 54.2 55.1 47.6
						Tabl	le 2b.—	-Latin A	merica								

[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars] m . . . .

#### Neth-Do Re-publands West min-Other Co-El Latin Latin Amer-ica<sup>2</sup> Argen Boican Re-Guate Mex Uru-Vene Date Amer-Brazil Chile lom-bia Cuba Peru lic of Pan-Sallivia Indies tina mala ico zuela guay vador ica pub-lic and Suriama nam $\begin{array}{c} 1946 {-\!\!\!\!-} {\rm Dec.} & 31. & 1,104.8 & 112.6 \\ 1947 {-\!\!\!-} {\rm Dec.} & 31. & 1,216.6 & 236.2 \\ 1948 {-\!\!\!-} {\rm Dec.} & 31. & 1,287.0 & 215.8 \\ 1949 {-\!\!\!-} {\rm Dec.} & 31. & 1,436.7 & 201.1 \\ 1950 {-\!\!\!-} {\rm Dec.} & 31. & 1,612.9 & 301.8 \\ \end{array}$ 14.017.8 17.1 13.5 20.4 $\begin{array}{r} 40.9 \\ 41.8 \\ 52.6 \\ 52.8 \\ 60.2 \end{array}$ 174.0 104.7 123.7 192.8 50.746.355.660.957.8 46.1 54.0 85.9 153.5 234.7 219.4 164.2 152.2 139.2 146.7 214.6 207.1 77.2 70.3 71.8 74.3 74.0 78.0 121.7 143.2 85.2 181.8 186.5 184.1 207.4 $16.1 \\ 14.9 \\ 24.3 \\ 25.9$ . 42.7 226.0 79.5 53.4 259.1 25.4 30.2 59.2 16.1 75.1 71.3 July 31. 1,614.3 330.9 Aug. 31. 1,578.3 320.3 Sept. 30. 1,532.0 312.1 Oct. 31. 1,502.2 299.5 Nov. 30.1 1,461.6 277.1 Dec. 31. 1,437.8 249.7 22.2 21.6 26.2 24.1 25.0 171.5 151.4 140.4 132.8 110.1 57.8 56.2 55.5 52.5 47.6 54.0 50.9 52.1 46.2 61.0 79.7 28.5 26.0 23.4 21.9 22.8 111.2 128.2 143.9 150.4 159.3 354.3 336.7 312.3 53.2 53.0 50.7 44.2 43.6 45.8 28.2 27.7 30.4 30.2 31.2 52.8 54.5 52.9 51.2 48.6 47.2 83.2 80.6 79.7 79.1 83.0 84.7 74.6 74.7 76.3 68.0 68.1 71.9 86.9 87.5 85.5 85.4 86.6 85.1 62.0 66.3 58.7 46.1 41.7 37.7 1951-64.6 65.6 67.7 305.2 284.7 32.2 28.5 27.8 100.3 106.4251.7 24.4 158.2 34.9 27.8 1952—Jan. 31. 1,400.7 Feb. 29. 1,416.3 June 30. 1,463.1 Mar. 31. 1,463.1 May 31.9 June 30.9 June 30.9 June 30.7 June 147.0 134.0 171.9 150.4 177.3 195.7 67.4 64.5 66.5 101.4 140.4 129.8 98.5 118.2 99.6 98.5 89.8 80.9 97.6 96.3 95.0 91.1 80.7 73.6 253.1 265.5 288.3 307.4 318.1 316.6 32.1 35.9 39.5 40.0 39.7 38.3 31.5 31.3 28.8 28.2 28.4 32.2 49.5 48.8 56.3 57.0 55.9 56.5 63.1 65.7 67.9 65.6 70.5 73.3 75.2 76.8 83.5 93.0 89.9 97.6 $\begin{array}{r} 23.6 \\ 23.6 \\ 21.4 \\ 21.7 \\ 24.4 \\ 24.1 \end{array}$ 56.5 59.5 57.3 58.6 52.0 54.3 $\begin{array}{r} 46.1 \\ 48.9 \\ 50.5 \\ 53.4 \\ 51.5 \\ 50.4 \end{array}$ 36.5 39.0 43.7 42.5 37.2 36.8 97.1 95.4 103.6 $\frac{104.1}{105.1}$ 109.2

_						Tab	le 2c	-Asia	and A	ll Othe	r							
Date	Asia	For- mosa and China Main- land	Hong Kong	India	Indo- n <del>es</del> ia		Israel	Japan	Phil- ippine Re- public	land	Tur- key	Other Asia <sup>2</sup>	All other	Aus- tra- lia	Bel- gian Congo	Egypt and Anglo- Egyp- tian Sudan	Union of South Africa	Other 4
1946—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 31.	1,316.4 1,057.9 1,151.8 961.0 1,378.5	229.9 216.2 110.6	39.8 51.1 83.9	62.4 51.8 63.3	69.3	 	 	31.3 81.4 214.6	488.3 297.3	· · · · · · · ·	37.6 17.5 9.8	99.0 204.0 165.7	232.8 193.7 167.4 179.5 254.5	30.6 22.2 32.4	<b>.</b> . <b>.</b> .	20.8 25.0 27.7 61.6 75.6	15.8 6.0	91.8 101.6 79.5
1951—July 31. Aug. 31. Sept. 30. Oct. 31. Nov. 30. Dec. 31.	1,495.1 1,540.8 1,535.0 1,555.8	89.7 93.7 90.0 88.4	62.3 60.0	64.3 68.9 59.8 57.7	152.9 157.4 172.7 128.0 129.1 140.6	25.8 25.3 21.0 21.8	16.7 12.0 13.5 14.4		355.6 342.2	73.1 80.0 84.9 90.9	12.9 12.0 12.2 11.4	158.6 170.1 154.5 171.3 169.1 168.4	261.0 257.6 274.3 287.8	22.3 22.4 32.4 36.8	53.1 50.3	98.7 104.8 101.7 101.2	21.8 11.6 16.0 13.6	65.2 68.5 72.0 83.7
1952—Jan. 31. Feb. 29. Mar. 31. Apr. 30. May 31 <sup>p</sup> June 30 <sup>p</sup>	1,661.9 1,687.8 1,755.0 1,824.0	81.6 78.6 80.1 80.2	67.8 65.6 62.7	59.4 46.3 52.1 67.3	131.8 127.4 141.0 171.1 189.7 176.5	26.9 25.7 23.8 23.5	19.3 19.8 27.6 37.8	636.2 655.7 682.4 696.8 726.3 731.4	331.1 332.2 335.0 334.2	115.0 121.0	14.9 10.6 10.8 14.2	164.8 166.1 162.4 166.3 161.5 151.7	329.1 325.9 316.6 325.9	36.5 38.4 36.7 44.7	58.8 57.8 62.0 68.1	127.3 123.3 117.7	11.8 9.0 13.9 12.4	95.7 93.3 80.7 83.1

p Preliminary

<sup>1</sup> Beginning January 1950, excludes Austria, Czechoslovakia, and Poland, reported separately as of that date.
 <sup>2</sup> Beginning January 1950, excludes Dominican Republic, Guatemala. El Salvador, and Uruguay, reported separately as of that date.
 <sup>3</sup> Beginning January 1948, includes Pakistan, Burma, and Ceylon, previously included with India. Beginning January 1950, excludes Iran, Israel, and Thailand, reported separately as of that date.
 <sup>4</sup> Beginning January 1950, excludes Belgian Congo, reported separately as of that date.

# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued TABLE 3.—SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES <sup>1</sup>

[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

1016 0 01			lands	land	Italy	Europe	Europe	ada	Amer- ica	Asia	All other
1946—Dec. 31	29.2 24.5 37.2	5.723.4119.051.831.4	151.0 49.1 51.4 5.2 3.4	9.8 7.0 6.9 3.8 8.7	16.0 21.1 15.8 22.6 20.7	82.8 118.9 106.3 98.5 67.1	312.9 248.6 323.8 219.2 237.0	52.2 27.5 39.8 37.6 125.8	226.8 514.3 516.6 411.1 378.8	99.2 127.0 118.8 139.7 96.3	17.2 31.5 19.7 20.4 60.0
1951—July 31	87.0 52.0 33.0 34.7 35.0 28.5 32.8 35.4 33.5	8.2 13.3 11.0 11.3 11.0 10.1 14.1 14.1 13.2 13.8 11.6	3.4 3.8 2.9 3.9 5.0 5.8 5.6 5.7 3.4 3.5	10.7 8.3 9.2 9.6 8.8 11.2 11.2 10.3 11.6 8.6 7.3	29.3 18.0 13.2 11.2 7.5 10.3 12.6 14.4 21.5 23.5 24.9	89.8 88.8 92.1 97.7 111.2 114.6 103.0 89.6 81.1 80.3	245.2 219.2 174.7 160.1 163.6 182.8 186.8 186.8 186.2 176.9 163.9 165.1	119.3 101.9 101.0 102.5 118.3 92.0 89.3 72.4 72.1 76.4 69.5	401.3 429.5 437.2 463.8 465.5 489.3 520.3 520.6 570.2 601.1 649.6	117.6 141.0 128.7 146.9 153.0 162.4 161.9 154.6 149.5 144.8 118.8	56.6 55.9 55.9 44.7 42.6 41.9 37.6 36.7 35.7 33.5 31.5

#### Table 3a .-- Other Europe

Date	Other Europe	Aus- tria	Bel- gium	Den- mark	Fin- land	Ger- many	Greece	Nor- way	Por- tugal	Spain	Swe- den	Yugo- slavia	All other 2
1946—Dec 31 1947—Dec 31 1948—Dec 31 1949—Dec 31 1950—Dec 31	118.9 106.3		7.5 15.0 21.4 19.3 21.5	.5 2.2 .6 .4 3.2	6.2 8.0 3.4 8.2 2.2	30.4 30.5 30.5 30.0 25.4	12.4 10.6 1.2 .7 .2	3.3 9.2 8.4 7.4 1.4	1.0 1.1 .7 .5 .5	7.2 .9 2.9 7.0 1.6	4.9 5.4 1.4 2.3 6.9	(3) (3) 6.0 (3)	9.5 35.9 29.8 22.6 4.0
1951—July 31 Aug 31 Sept 30. Oct 31 Nov. 30. Dec. 31	88.8 86.3 92.1	(3) .2 .3 .1 (3)	18.7 15.2 21.5 23.6 27.1 39.6	4.1 4.1 5.2 5.7 5.9 4.8	5.1 5.0 2.5 2.7 3.2 3.1	25.9 26.4 28.8 30.9 28.6 28.3	.1 .2 .1 .5 .2	2.1 2.0 1.8 1.7 1.1 2.5	1.0 1.0 .8 .6 .7 .8	20.2 23.5 14.2 17.1 16.8 18.8	6.2 4.9 4.1 4.3 6.2 5.4	1.7 1.5 1.9 1.1 3.5 3.9	4.8 5.0 5.2 4.4 4.2 4.0
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 <sup>p</sup> June 30 <sup>p</sup>	103.0 89.6 81.1 80.3	(3) (3) .1 (3) .1 (3) (3)	42.9 33.7 28.7 21.3 18.7 16.5	4.0 4.6 4.3 3.9 3.5	3.6 4.1 2.7 1.8 3.4 2.9	30.1 27.9 27.7 27.2 26.9 23.2	.2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	2.0 1.6 1.5 1.8 2.1 1.6	1.0 .9 1.2 1.0 .8 .8	19.0 19.8 13.5 12.6 14.6 14.3	5.2 4.3 4.2 3.6 3.2 2.7	2.4 1.3 .7 2.4 2.7 2.3	4.2 4.6 4.4 4.9 3.8 3.6

Table 3b.-Latin America

Date	Latin Amer- ica	Argen- tina	Bo- livia	Brazil	Chile	Co- lom- bia	Cuba	Do- min- ican Re- pub- lic	Guate- mala	Mex- ico	Neth- er- lands West Indies and Suri- nam	Peru	Re- pub- lic of Pan- ama	El Sal- vador	Uru- guay	Vene- zuela	Other Latin Amer- ica 4
1946—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31	226.8 514.3 516.6 411.1 378.8	65.2 72.4 53.6	2.3 2.0 2.7 2.3 8.7	49.8 165.8 165.4 136.9 78.0	14.6 27.8 15.2 15.5 6.8	26.4 32.6 32.6 21.1 42.5	25.7 108.6 83.1 27.5 27.6	1.9	2.6	25.5 52.2 73.8 73.0 70.6	.8 1.1 1.5 1.3 1.3	3.7 4.3 4.4 5.8 11.0	1.3 4.7 4.6 5.3 3.1	  6.8	8.0	8.7 15.3 26.0 25.6 49.4	26.2 34.5 34.7 43.1 14.6
1951—July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	401.3 429.5 437.2 463.8 465.5 489.3	8.9 8.3 9.3 7.9	7.8 7.2 7.2	104.5 112.4 135.0 155.6 164.3 185.0	12.3 15.5 19.5 20.6 22.7 24.8	45.9 42.7 42.1 43.0 39.7 43.7	50.6 42.0 34.0 30.1 29.4 32.3	2.0 1.8 1.5 1.7 1.7 1.8	2.7 3.0 2.8 3.4 3.2 3.8	60.4 68.6 69.1 74.1 87.4 90.6	1.4 1.2 1.4 1.1 1.4 1.2	11.1 12.2 12.7 13.9 12.7 11.8	2.6 2.6 3.2 3.1 3.3 3.0	3.8 4.1 5.5 7.5 8.4 9.5	9.9 11.3 12.9 13.4 9.3 10.5	62.6 80.5 67.7 66.9 54.6 41.7	14.4 14.7 13.7 13.1 12.3 14.5
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 <sup>p</sup> . June 30 <sup>p</sup> .	520.3 520.6 570.2 601.1 649.6 669.8	7.8 8.6 7.8 7.4	9.9 8.1 8.6 9.7	207.3 217.0 234.9 272.2 318.8 358.2	26.2 23.6 29.3 29.1 27.5 26.1	39.3 36.1 33.8 31.5 34.3 35.0	29.6 31.0 56.6 54.7 55.9 51.8	2.2 2.1 2.1 2.9 2.4 2.2	4.0 4.2 4.2 4.1 3.7 4.1	109.1 103.0 101.1 94.4 89.8 78.0	1.2 1.2 1.3 1.1 1.2	12.0 11.8 11.5 10.3 11.6 10.9	$\begin{array}{r} 4.2 \\ 4.1 \\ 3.9 \\ 6.8 \\ 6.0 \\ 5.9 \end{array}$	9.9 8.4 7.5 6.5 5.3 5.4	11.8 7.9 19.1 24.9 28.1 30.7	34.9 38.7 33.1 32.2 34.2 32.1	13.7 13.8 15.1 13.7 13.8 11.5

Preliminary.
See footnote 1, p. 1066.
Beginning January 1950, excludes Austria, reported separately as of that date.
Less than \$50,000.
Beginning January 1950, excludes Dominican Republic, Guatemala, El Salvador, and Uruguay, reported separately as of that date.

# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued TABLE 3.—SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES—Continued

[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars] Table 3c.-Asia and All Other

											~.							
Date	Asia	For- mosa and China Main- land		India	Indo- nesia	Iran	Isra <b>el</b>	Japan	Phil- ippine Re- public	land	Tur- key	Other Asia <sup>1</sup>	All other	Aus- tralia	Bel- gian Congo	Egypt and Anglo- Egyp- tian Sudan	Union of South Africa	Other <sup>2</sup>
1946—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31	127.0 118.8 139.7	40.8 24.2 16.6	2.6 3.4 3.7	29.6 20.4 17.4	.5 1.9 .2	6.6	<b>.</b> . <b>.</b> .	.2 .9 15.9 14.1 12.1	20.2 27.4 37.3 23.2 4.9		1.4 17.7 1.4 14.3 .9	4.6 7.5 14.3 50.3 13.9	31.5	9.0 4.7 7.9		.4 .1 .4 .2 .3	10.1 14.4 7.9 4.5 7.3	3.3 8.0 6.8 7.7 7.2
1951—July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	141.0 128.7 146.9	10.2 10.2 10.3 10.1	3.0 3.2	14.6 12.1 9.7 13.3	.2 .4 .4 .4	6.6	24.0 25.7 27.0	7.9 8.5 8.5 10.7	14.0 22.7 19.0 23.0 22.6 29.3	4.4 3.9 2.8	.8 .8 10.6 .8	33.1 46.3 37.3 42.9 52.9 51.6	55.9 44.7	30.9 27.9 25.3 23.4	7.7 7.7 6.9 6.7	.8 3.9 .3 .2	9.4 9.3 8.5 7.6 6.8 6.7	6.8 7.4 7.9 4.7 5.6 6.5
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 <sup>p</sup> . June 30 <sup>p</sup> .	154.6 149.5 144.8 118.8	9.6 9.1 8.6 7.3	1.6 2.8 4.2 2.5	16.8 20.4 14.5 9.4	.5 .7 .9 .6	9.0 10.1 10.8	32.4 30.3 29.3 30.2	8.8 9.1 11.0 13.8		2.1 2.9 3.7 2.8 3.2 2.7	.5 .6 13.8 23.6 1.6 15.4	50.0 45.1 26.9 15.3 12.1 9.0	36.7 35.7 33.5 31.5	17.5 17.7 13.5 12.7	7.2 7.6 7.8	.1 .1 .2 .2 .2	6.3 6.0 5.7 7.0 4.8 4.7	5.0

TABLE 4.--PURCHASES AND SALES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM DOMESTIC SECURITIES, BY TYPES® (Inflow of Foreign Funds)

[In millions of dollars]

	U.S. Gover	nment bond	s and notes 4	Corporat	e bonds and	1 stocks <sup>s</sup>			Net purchases
Year or month	Purchases	Sales	Net purchases	Purchases	Sales	Net purchas <del>es</del>	Total purchases	Total sales	of domestic securities
1946	282.4 430.0 1,236.4	684.2 283.3 330.3 333.6 294.3 1,356.6	$\begin{array}{r} -269.7 \\ 61.5 \\ -47.9 \\ 96.4 \\ 942.1 \\ {}^{6}-683.0 \end{array}$	367.6 226.1 369.7 354.1 774.7 859.8	432.1 376.7 514.1 375.3 772.3 761.0	$\begin{array}{r} -64.5 \\ -150.6 \\ -144.3 \\ -21.2 \\ 2.4 \\ 98.7 \end{array}$	782.1 570.9 652.2 784.1 2,011.1 1,533.3	1,116.3 659.9 844.4 708.9 1,066.6 2,117.6	$ \begin{array}{r} -334.2 \\ -89.1 \\ -192.2 \\ 75.2 \\ 944.4 \\ -584.3 \\ \end{array} $
1951—July August September October November December	25.7 11.1 20.7 20.7	79.3 226.7 56.1 282.5 17.4 36.0	$\begin{array}{r} -49.4 \\ -201.1 \\ -45.0 \\ -261.8 \\ 3.4 \\ -8.8 \end{array}$	51.6 68.0 76.7 94.0 62.6 64.1	47.3 60.3 52.4 76.1 61.8 53.7	4.2 7.7 24.3 17.9 .8 10.4	81.5 93.7 87.8 114.6 83.4 91.3	126.7 287.0 108.5 358.5 79.2 89.7	$ \begin{array}{r} -45.1 \\ -193.3 \\ -20.7 \\ -243.9 \\ 4.2 \\ 1.6 \end{array} $
1952—January February March April May <sup>p</sup> . June <sup>p</sup>	15.5 19.4 13.9 31.2	12.7 18.7 16.3 15.8 37.7 40.0	$ \begin{array}{r} 7.6 \\ -3.2 \\ 3.1 \\ -2.0 \\ -6.5 \\ .2 \end{array} $	76.6 68.3 65.7 76.2 59.8 62.9	71.5 79.6 68.1 69.2 71.4 68.0	$5.1 \\ -11.3 \\ -2.5 \\ 7.0 \\ -11.7 \\ -5.1$	96.9 83.8 85.1 90.1 91.0 103.2	84.2 98.3 84.4 85.0 109.1 108.0	$ \begin{array}{r} 12.7 \\ -14.5 \\ .6 \\ 5.0 \\ -18.2 \\ -4.8 \end{array} $

# TABLE 5.—PURCHASES AND SALES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM FOREIGN SECURITIES OWNED IN THE UNITED STATES, BY TYPES <sup>8</sup> (Return of U. S. Funds)

[In millions of dollars]

			<u> </u>							
	F	oreign stocl	cs	F	oreign bond	ls	Total	<b>T</b> 1	Net purchases	
Year or month	Purchases	Sales	Net purchases	Purchases	Sales	Net purchases	purchases	Total sales	of foreign securities	
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	57.1 81.7 88.8 173.8	65.6 42.6 96.7 70.8 198.2 348.7	$ \begin{array}{c}4 \\ 14.6 \\ -15.0 \\ 18.0 \\ -24.4 \\ -76.4 \end{array} $	755.9 658.7 211.6 321.2 589.2 500.4	490.4 634.3 291.4 311.5 710.2 r801.0	265.524.5-79.89.8-121.0r -300.6	821.2 715.9 293.3 410.1 763.0 772.7	556.1 676.8 388.2 382.3 908.4 r1,149.7	265.139.0-94.827.8-145.4 $r-377.0$	
1951—July. August September October November December	19.6 26.6 25.2 24.2	18.1 19.6 26.6 21.4 47.6 82.6	$ \begin{array}{c} -1.7 \\1 \\ (7) \\ 3.8 \\ -23.5 \\ -58.2 \end{array} $	45.4 21.1 73.6 53.9 73.7 38.1	28.2 20.7 73.0 226.1 39.6 46.8	$ \begin{array}{c c} 17.3 \\ .4 \\ .6 \\ -172.2 \\ 34.2 \\ -8.7 \\ \end{array} $	61.8 40.7 100.2 79.1 97.9 62.5	46.2 40.3 99.6 247.5 87.2 129.4	$ \begin{array}{r} 15.6\\.3\\.6\\-168.4\\10.7\\-66.9\end{array} $	
1952—January February March April May <sup>p</sup> June <sup>p</sup> .	29.4 22.0 28.9 19.0	29.9 28.1 35.8 44.9 20.4 22.9	$ \begin{array}{r} 4.6 \\ 1.4 \\ -13.8 \\ -16.0 \\ -1.4 \\ -3.6 \end{array} $	33.1 19.0 21.5 47.7 35.6 50.0	36.5 50.7 23.4 93.8 186.5 32.7	$ \begin{array}{r} -3.5 \\ -31.7 \\ -1.9 \\ -46.1 \\ -150.9 \\ 17.3 \end{array} $	67.5 48.4 43.5 76.6 54.6 69.3	$\begin{array}{r} 66.4 \\ 78.7 \\ 59.3 \\ 138.7 \\ 206.9 \\ 55.6 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.1 \\ -30.3 \\ -15.8 \\ -62.1 \\ -152.3 \\ 13.7 \end{array} $	

Preliminary. Revised.
 <sup>1</sup> Beginning January 1948, includes Pakistan, Burma, and Ceylon, previously included with India. Beginning January 1950, excludes Iran, Israel, and Thailand, reported separately as of that date.
 <sup>2</sup> Beginning January 1950, excludes Belgian Congo, reported separately as of that date.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes transactions of international institutions. <sup>4</sup> Through 1949 includes transactions in corporate bonds.
 <sup>6</sup> Through 1949 represents transactions in corporate stocks only.
 <sup>6</sup> Includes net sales of 554 million dollars by Canada. <sup>7</sup> Less than \$50,000.

# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

# TABLE 6.—DOMESTIC SECURITIES: NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM UNITED STATES SECURITIES. BY COUNTRIES (Inflow of Foreign Funds)

[Net sales, (-). In millions of dollars]

				[*	tee buieb,	( ). m		domaroj					
Year or month	Inter- national insti- tutions	Total	United King- dom	France	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia	All other
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	74.5 7.6 87.0	-334.2 -163.6 -199.8 -11.8 823.2 -568.4	$ \begin{array}{r} -36.9 \\ -8.9 \\ 9.1 \\ 20.9 \\ 64.0 \\ 21.4 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -6.8 \\ -50.2 \\ -82.8 \\ -6.8 \\ 197.8 \\ 6.0 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{r} -17.5 \\ 13.0 \\ -40.0 \\ 44.2 \\ 19.0 \\ 45.9 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r}1 \\ -17.1 \\ (1) \\ 1.5 \\7 \\ 1.9 \end{array} $	$-10.8 \\ -14.1 \\ 2.6 \\ 2.2 \\ 73.8 \\ -43.8$	$ \begin{array}{r} -98.6 \\ -175.5 \\ -190.4 \\ 36.5 \\ 347.5 \\ 9.2 \end{array} $	$-16.4 \\ 3.2 \\ 7.5 \\ -49.0 \\ 458.2 \\ -595.5$	6.3 3.5 10.2 2.5 30.1 13.9	$\begin{array}{r} -224.5 \\ 10.0 \\ -23.3 \\ -2.1 \\ -15.3 \\ 4.8 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.0\\2.2\\-3.9\\.2\\2.7\\7\end{array} $
1951—July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	-18.6 .3 -14.5 1.0	$-34.0 \\ -174.8 \\ -20.9 \\ -229.4 \\ 3.1 \\ .7$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.6 \\ 8.6 \\ -2.5 \\ -3.6 \\ 3.1 \\ 5.6 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -13.9 \\ .4 \\ -20.0 \\ .4 \\ .6 \\ .7 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -6.0 \\ -2.7 \\ -1.4 \\ -2.2 \\ -4.6 \\ -1.0 \end{array} $	5.8 5.4 11.0 11.2 2.6 -4.3	6 2 .5 1 .2 .3	$ \begin{array}{r} .6 \\ -42.6 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.9 \\ .8 \\ 3.8 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{ c c } -11.3 \\ -31.0 \\ -11.6 \\ 7.5 \\ 2.6 \\ 5.0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} -25.3 \\ -142.2 \\ -3.1 \\ -235.9 \\ -1.7 \\ -7.6 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.7 \\ -1.3 \\ 3.8 \\ 3.9 \\ 1.2 \\ 3.1 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} .9\\1\\ -10.1\\ -5.0\\ .9\\ (^{1}) \end{array} $	1 .1 .1 .1 .3
1952—Jan Feb Mar Apr May <sup>p</sup> June <sup>p</sup>	-3.3 .8 .8 .3	$ \begin{array}{r}     12.4 \\     -11.2 \\    2 \\     4.2 \\     -18.5 \\     -5.4 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r}     5.4 \\    7 \\     2.3 \\     4 \\     1.3 \\    8 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1.5 \\ .7 \\ .4 \\6 \\ (^1) \\ 1.6 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} -1.7 \\ -2.7 \\ -2.3 \\ -2.6 \\ -3.1 \\ -3.0 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 10.4 \\ -4.8 \\ 2.4 \\1 \\ -1.9 \\ 3.0 \end{array} $	1 2 .1 2	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.3 \\ .3 \\ -1.2 \\6 \\ .7 \\ 1.2 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r}     14.1 \\     -7.0 \\     1.4 \\     -3.3 \\     -2.9 \\     1.7 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -3.1 \\ -9 \\ -2.7 \\ 3.6 \\ -7.2 \\ -2.5 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 2.3 \\ -2.3 \\ 2.9 \\ 4.1 \\4 \\ -4.8 \end{array} $	-1.3 -1.1 -2.1 (1) -7.82	.4 .1 .3 2 2 .5

#### TABLE 68 .-- DOMESTIC SECURITIES: NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM UNITED STATES SECURITIES Other Europe; Latin America; and Asia

Year or month	Other Europe	Aus- tria ²	Bel- gium	Nor- way	All other	Latin Amer- ica	Co- lom- bia	Cuba	Mex- ico	Re- public of Pan- ama	Uru- guay <sup>2</sup>	Other Latin Amer- ica	Asia	For- mosa and China Main- land	Indo- nesia	Philip- pine Re- pub- lic	Othe <b>r</b> Asia
1946 1947 1948 1949 1949 1950 1951	-10.8 -14.1 2.6 2.2 73.8 -43.8	18.4		9 36.7	1.4 6.0	-3.5 10.2 2.5 30.1	.1 .3 .2 1.2 -1.2 .5	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.7 \\9 \\8 \\ -1.0 \\ 24.6 \\ 6.1 \end{array} $	2.5 2.9 .3 .5	$\begin{vmatrix} -6.9 \\ -4.7 \\ 4.2 \\ .1 \end{vmatrix}$	-5.0		10.0 -23.3 -2.1 -15.3	$\begin{array}{c c} -3.2 \\ -22.7 \\ -7.2 \\ -3.0 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1.3 \\1 \\ .2 \end{array} $	7.0 .4 .5 .9	
1951—July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	$     \begin{array}{r}       -42.6 \\       1.0 \\       1.9     \end{array} $	$\begin{bmatrix} -4.7 \\ (1) \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} .2\\ -3.6\\ 1.2\\ 2.0\\ .7\\ 3.4 \end{array} $	(1) (1) 2	2 5	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.7 \\       -1.3 \\       3.8 \\       3.9 \\       1.2 \\       3.1 \\     \end{array} $	1 5	.3 3 2 .4 .2 .1	3 .6 ( <sup>1</sup> )	$ \begin{array}{c} -1.6 \\ .6 \\ 3.1 \\3 \\ -1.5 \\ .2 \\ \end{array} $	8 .1 1.6 .7	2.5 .7	1 -10.1 -5.0 .9	2 .1	$ \begin{pmatrix} (1) \\ (1) \\ -10.0 \\ -5.0 \\ (1) \\ \cdots \\ \cdots \end{pmatrix} $	$\begin{array}{c} .1 \\ (1) \\ (1) \\ (1) \\ (1) \\ -1.2 \end{array}$	.7 2 1 .9 1.2
1952—Jan Feb Mar Apr May <sup>p</sup> . June <sup>p</sup> .	-1.2 6	(1) (1) (1) (1)	6 .5 1 .8 .2 .4	$ \begin{array}{c} (^{1}) \\1 \\1 \\ (^{1}) \\1 \end{array} $	9 1 -1.3 -1.3 .5 .6	2.3-2.32.94.14-4.8	$ \begin{array}{c}4 \\3 \\ .6 \\ .4 \\ -1.1 \\ 1.1 \end{array} $	.1 .3 .5 .8 1 4	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.0 \\2 \\ (^{1}) \\8 \\7 \\4 \end{array} $	-3.2 2.0	1.0 1 .5 2	1 1.7	$-1.3 \\ -1.1 \\ -2.1 \\ {}^{(1)} \\ -7.8 \\8 \\8 \\$	2 .2 .1	-8.0	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1.1 \\3 \\ -1.6 \\ (^1) \\ .1 \\ -1.0 \end{array} $	8 4 1

# TABLE 7.—FOREIGN SECURITIES: NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM FOREIGN SECURITIES OWNED IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES (Return of U. S. Funds)

	(Return of C. S. Funds)													
	[Net sales, (-). In millions of dollars]													
Year or month	Inter- national insti- tutions	Total	United King- dom	France	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia	All other	
1946. 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	-249.3	265.1288.3-94.943.8-141.8 $r-224.3$	$\begin{array}{ c c c } -20.9 \\ -2.0 \\ -9.9 \\ -13.5 \\ -6.1 \\ -2.0 \end{array}$	$-1.0 \\ -3.1 \\ -4.3 \\ .4 \\ -1.3 \\ -4.1$	$ \begin{array}{c} -7.0 \\ -29.9 \\ -5.3 \\1 \\ -4.7 \\ 2.8 \end{array} $	13.9 14.9 35.4 19.1 17.2 14.2	8 3 .1 .4 .5 1.2	$10.9 \\ 15.6 \\ 11.4 \\ 24.6 \\ 7.8 \\ 16.4$	$\begin{array}{c} -32.6 \\ -34.4 \\ -43.4 \\ 30.8 \\ 13.4 \\ 28.5 \end{array}$	187.6     205.2     -102.2     -10.6     -190.0     r-258.6	131.3 89.2 40.7 20.2 29.8 33.8	$ \begin{array}{r}     .3 \\     .5 \\     1.6 \\     .8 \\     1.0 \\     -36.0 \end{array} $	-21.4 27.8 8.4 2.6 3.9 7.9	
	.1 -1.0 -99.4	$ \begin{array}{r}     15.6 \\     .2 \\     1.6 \\     -69.0 \\     10.7 \\     -66.9 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} .1\\ .3\\6\\ .2\\ .3\\1 \end{array} $	4 .2 .8 ( <sup>1</sup> ) .8	$ \begin{array}{c}2\\7\\ .1\\ .7\\ .4\\ .2 \end{array} $	.3 1.0 1.2 .2 1.4 .9	.1 (1) (1) (1) (1) .1	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.4 \\ .7 \\ -1.1 \\ 1.4 \\ .3 \\ 2.9 \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.7 \\       1.5 \\       .4 \\       3.4 \\       2.5 \\       4.6 \\     \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 16.4 \\ -1.6 \\ -2.2 \\ -76.5 \\ 9.2 \\ -68.0 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} 4.2 \\ (^1) \\ 3.8 \\ 5.4 \\ 2.6 \\ 2.3 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} -6.9 \\ (^{1}) \\ -1.7 \\ -2.0 \\ -3.9 \\ -6.8 \end{array} $	.2 .4 1.3 .6 .3 .9	
1952Jan Feb Mar Apr May <sup>p</sup> June <sup>p</sup>	-4.4	$\begin{array}{r} 2.5 \\ -30.4 \\ -11.4 \\ -62.2 \\ -102.3 \\ 14.5 \end{array}$	$\begin{vmatrix} .2 \\ -3.0 \\5 \\ .1 \\ -1.1 \\ -1.1 \end{vmatrix}$	1.0 .4 .2 .5 .5 .9	$ \begin{array}{c} .7\\.3\\.5\\.6\\2\\-3.9\end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 2.3 \\ .7 \\ .4 \\ 1.7 \\ 1.0 \\1 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} .1 \\ \frac{(1)}{(1)} .2 \\2 \end{array}$	.6 .8 2.8 .4 1.1 6.1	$ \begin{array}{r}     4.9 \\    8 \\     3.1 \\     3.3 \\     1.3 \\     1.7 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 2.8 \\ -30.6 \\ -5.5 \\ -71.2 \\ -102.1 \\ 12.6 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1.1 \\ 2.3 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.9 \\ 2.5 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -4.4 \\ -1.8 \\ -5.0 \\ -4.1 \\ -3.6 \\ -2.7 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r}     .3 \\     .6 \\     -5.5 \\     8.8 \\     .1 \\     .4 \end{array} $	
Dec 1952Jan Feb Mar Apr MayP	$ \begin{array}{c} -1.4 \\ .1 \\ -4.4 \\ (1) \\ -50.0 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -66.9 \\ 2.5 \\ -30.4 \\ -11.4 \\ -62.2 \\ -102.3 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{ c c c } &1 \\ & .2 \\ -3.0 \\ &5 \\ & .1 \\ -1.1 \\ & -1.1 \end{array}$	.8 1.0 .4 .2 .5 .5	$\begin{array}{c c} .2 \\ .7 \\ .3 \\ .5 \\ .6 \\2 \end{array}$	.9 2.3 .7 .4 1.7 1.0	.1 .1 $\frac{{}^{(1)}}{-}.2$ ${}^{(1)}$ .1	2.9 .6 .8 2.8 .4 1.1	$ \begin{array}{r} 4.6 \\8 \\ 3.1 \\ 3.3 \\ 1.3 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} -68.0 \\ 2.8 \\ -30.6 \\ -5.5 \\ -71.2 \\ -102.1 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 2.3 \\ -1.1 \\ 2.3 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.9 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -6.8 \\ -4.4 \\ -1.8 \\ -5.0 \\ -4.1 \\ -3.6 \\ \end{array} $		

Preliminary.
 Less than \$50,000.

r Revised. <sup>2</sup> Not available until 1950.

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FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued TABLE 8.-INFLOW IN BROKERAGE BALANCES, BY COUNTRIES (The Net Effect of Increases in Foreign Brokerage Balances in U. S. and of Decreases in Balances Held by Brokers and Dealers in U. S. with Brokers and Dealers Abroad)

Year or month	Total	United Kingdom	France	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia	All Other
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	$9.7 -11.3 -19.3 \\ .6 \\ 8.0 \\ -6.1$	$ \begin{array}{r}6 \\ -1.0 \\ -1.2 \\ .1 \\1 \\ .9 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -2.9 \\ -1.4 \\ -2.5 \\5 \\1 \\ .4 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -8.5 \\ -4.8 \\ -3.4 \\ .2 \\ 2.5 \\ .3 \\ \end{array} $	9.3 - 1.5 - 10.7  .9 .7 - 4.8	$\begin{array}{c} \overset{(1)}{-2} \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .4 \\ .2 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.1 \\5 \\ -3.2 \\ .1 \\2 \\3 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} -1.6 \\ -9.3 \\ -20.8 \\ 1.0 \\ 3.0 \\ -3.3 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 2.0 \\ -2.0 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ -3.0 \\ 2.8 \end{array} $	7.56 1.2 -1.3 4.4 -5.0	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.0\\ 1.8\\ .4\\2\\ 3.0\\5\\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} .7 \\ -1.4 \\1 \\ .2 \\ .6 \\1 \end{array} $
1951—July August September October November December	$ \begin{array}{c c} -2.0 \\ 1.2 \\ -7.5 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r}5 \\2 \\7 \\ 1.2 \\ .7 \\ \end{array} $	.5 8 3 .2 .6 3	$ \begin{array}{r}       .8 \\       -2.7 \\       .6 \\       -1.9 \\       .3 \\       .7   \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c}7 \\3 \\ .3 \\ -1.0 \\ .1 \\ (^1) \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} .1 \\2 \\ .2 \\1 \\ (1) \\5 \end{array}$	1 -1.0 .4 .2 .2 2	$ \begin{array}{r} .2\\ -4.9\\ 1.0\\ -3.4\\ 2.3\\ .3 \end{array} $	-1.0 2 .1 .4 .1 .3	$ \begin{array}{r} .3\\ 2.1\\ .2\\ -4.5\\ -3.1\\ 1.3 \end{array} $	2 .7 1 .5 1 ( <sup>1</sup> )	.6 .3 ( <sup>1</sup> ) 5 .5 4
1952—January February March April. May <sup>p</sup> June <sup>p</sup>	5.3 1.2 -4.8	$ \begin{array}{c}8\\ 1.1\\ .2\\ -1.3\\ .4\\ 1.0 \end{array} $	-1.1 .8 9 .3 .2	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.7 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.9 \\ -1.9 \\6 \\ 3.1 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r}5 \\ 4.8 \\ -2.7 \\ 1.7 \\ 2.9 \\ -2.1 \end{array} $	$(1) \\ .2 \\ .1 \\2 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .1$	.4 .2 .2 3 5 .1	$ \begin{array}{c} -3.7 \\ 8.1 \\ (^1) \\ -2.9 \\ 2.6 \\ 2.2 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 8 \\ 1 & 4 \\ -1 & 5 \\ - & 3 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 2.2 \\ -1.5 \\ .1 \\ -2.6 \\ 2.1 \\ .5 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r}     .2 \\     .5 \\    2 \\    8 \\     .2 \\    3 \\ \end{array} $	(1) 6 (1) .6 .2

[In millions of dollars]

Preliminary.
 Less than \$50,000.

<sup>2</sup> Amounts outstanding (in millions of dollars): foreign brokerage balances in U. S., 88.0; U. S. brokerage balances abroad, 31.5.

# GOLD PRODUCTION

OUTSIDE USSR

[In millions of dollars]

		Production reported monthly												
Year or	Estimated world production			Af	rica			Nor	th and So	outh Ame	erica		Other	
month	outside USSR 1	Total reported monthly	South Africa	Rho- desia	West Africa <sup>2</sup>	Belgian Congo <sup>3</sup>	United States <sup>4</sup>	Can- ada	Mex- ico	Colom- bia	Chile	Nica- ragua <sup>5</sup>	Austra- lia	India <sup>3</sup>
		\$1=15/21 grains of gold 9/10 fine: i. e., an ounce of fine gold =\$35.												
1941         1942         1943         1944         1945         1946         1947         1948         1949         1950         1951	861.0	$\begin{array}{c} 1,110.4\\ 982.1\\ 774.1\\ 701.5\\ 683.0\\ 697.0\\ 705.5\\ 728.1\\ 753.2\\ 776.2\\ 757.4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 504 \ 3\\ 494 \ 4\\ 448 \ 2\\ 429 \ 8\\ 427 \ 9\\ 417 \ 6\\ 392 \ 0\\ 405 \ 5\\ 409 \ 7\\ 408 \ 2\\ 403 \ 1\\ \end{array}$	27.8 26.6 23.0 20.7 19.9 19.1 18.3 18.0 18.5 17.9 17.0	32.4 29.2 19.7 18.4 18.9 20.5 19.3 23.4 23.1 23.2 23.7	19.6 18.0 15.8 12.7 12.1 11.6 10.8 11.1 12.9 12.0 12.7	209.2 131.0 48.8 35.8 32.5 51.2 75.8 70.9 67.3 80.1 66.3	$187.1 \\ 169.4 \\ 127.8 \\ 102.3 \\ 94.4 \\ 99.1 \\ 107.5 \\ 123.5 \\ 144.2 \\ 155.4 \\ 152.7 \\$	28.0 28.0 22.1 17.8 17.5 14.7 16.3 12.9 14.2 14.3 13.8	23.0 20.9 19.8 19.4 17.7 15.3 13.4 11.7 12.6 13.3 15.1	9.3 6.4 6.1 7.1 6.3 81 5.9 6.3 6.7 6.1	7.5 8.6 7.7 7.9 7.0 6.4 7.8 7.7 8.0 8.8	52.4 40.4 26.3 23.0 23.0 28.9 32.8 31.2 31.3 30.4 30.5	10.0 9.1 8.8 6.6 5.9 4.6 6.1 6.5 5.7 6.7 7.6
1951—June July September October November December	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\begin{array}{c} 62.7\\ 62.5\\ 65.7\\ 63.3\\ 66.0\\ 63.2\\ 62.3 \end{array}$	33.9 34.4 34.6 33.3 34.1 33.8 33.2	1,4 1,4 1,4 1,5 1,4 1,5	1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.1	1 1 1.2 1.3 1.1 1.1 .9 1.0	5.6 5.2 6.4 6.1 6.3 5.4 4.9	12.7 12.1 12.1 12.6 13.2 13.0 13.2	1.0 1.0 2.0 .8 2.0 .8 1.2	1.3 1.3 1.5 1.3 1.2 1.2 .9	.5 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5	.6 .9 .8 .8 .7 .7 .8	2.3 2.0 2.6 2.8 2.7 2.7 2.6	.6 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7
1952—January February March April May June	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		$\begin{array}{r} 34.2\\ 32.2\\ 34.4\\ 33.8\\ 35.5\\ 34.1\\ 34.1\\ \end{array}$	1.4 1.4 1.3 1.5	2.0 1.9 1.9 2.0 2.0	1.1 1.2 1.2 1.3 1.2 1.2	5.0 4.8 4.6 5.0 5.1 5.5	12.4 12.3 12.8 12.7 12.8	.5 1.4 	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.6\\ 1.4\\ 1.2\\ 1.6\\ 1.5\\ \end{array} $	.6 .4	.7 .7 .7 .8 .8	2.4 2.6 2.5	.6 .7 .7 .7 .7 .7

 Gold production in USSR: No regular government statistics on gold production in USSR are available, but data of percentage changes irregularly given out by officials of the gold mining industry, together with certain direct figures for past years, afford a basis for estimating annual production as follows: 1934, 135 million; 1935, 158 million; 1936, 187 million; 1937, 185 million; and 1938, 180 million.

 <sup>1</sup> Estimates of United States Bureau of Mines.
 <sup>2</sup> Beginning 1942, figures reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics. Beginning 1944, they are for Gold Coast only.

 <sup>8</sup> Reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
 <sup>9</sup> Verily figures are estimates of United States Mint. Monthly figures are estimates of United States Mint. Monthly figures reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics.

 <sup>4</sup> Includes Philippine production received in United States through 1945. Verily figures are estimates of United States Mint. Monthly figures reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics, those for 1951 having been adjusted by subtracting from each monthly figure \$297,000 so that the aggregate for the year is equal to the yearly estimate compiled by the United States Mint.

 <sup>6</sup> Gold exports reported by the National Bank of Nicaragua, which states that they represent approximately 90 per cent of total production, Nore—For erailanation of table and sources, see BiuLETIN for Lune 1948, p. 731, and Banking and Monetary Statistics, p. 524. For annual

NOTE.—For explanation of table and sources, see BULLETIN for June 1948, p. 731, and Banking and Monetary Statistics, p. 524. For annual estimates compiled by the United States Mint for these and other countries in the period 1910–1941, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 542–543.

#### **REPORTED GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS**

					fru m	illions of c	ionars]						
End of month	Estimated total world (excl.	United	States	Argen- tina	Bel- gium	Bolivia	Brazil	Canada	Chile	Co- lombia	Cuba	Den- mark	Ecua- dor
month	(excl. USSR)1	Treasury	Total <sup>2</sup>	· ·····	gram					lombia		mura	401
1945—Dec 1946—Dec 1947—Dec 1948—Dec 1949—Dec 1950—Dec	33,770 34,120 34,550 34,930 35,410 35,820	20,065 20,529 22,754 24,244 24,427 22,706	20,083 20,706 22,868 24,399 24,563 22,820	1,197 1,072 322 143 216 216	716 735 597 624 698 587	22 22 23 23 23 23 23	354 354 354 317 317 317	361 543 294 408 496 590	82 65 45 43 40 40	127 145 83 51 52 74	191 226 279 289 299 271	38 38 32 32 32 31	21 21 20 21 21 19
1951—Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	35,990 35,950	21,854 22,013 22,233 22,382 22,695	21,986 22,164 22,394 22,579 22,873	288 276 273 268 268	608 638 621 619 621	23 23 23 23 23 23	317 317 317 317 317 317	681 691 736 805 850	45 45 45 45 45	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	291 311 311 311 311 311	31 31 31 31 31 31	22 22 22 22 22 22 22
May June	30,010	22,951 23,190 23,290 23,297 23,296 23,346 23,350	23,055 23,377 23,428 23,450 23,502 23,533 23,536	268 268 268 268 268 268	631 610 624 638 650 669 735	23 23 23 23	317 317 317 317 317 317 317	860 868 874 877 886 893	45 45 45 45 42 42 42		311 311 321 321 321 318	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
End of month	Egypt	France <sup>3</sup>	Guate- mala	India	Iran	Italy	Java	Mexico	Nether- lands	New Zealand	Nor- way	Pakis- tan	Peru
1945—Dec 1946—Dec 1947—Dec 1948—Dec 1949—Dec 1950—Dec	52 53 53 53 53 53 97	1,090 796 548 548 523 523	28 28 27 27 27 27 27	274 274 274 256 247 247	131 127 142 140 140 140 140	24 28 58 96 256 256	4201 4180 178 208	294 181 100 42 52 208	270 265 231 166 195 311	23 23 23 23 23 27 29	80 91 72 52 51 50	 14 27 27	28 24 20 20 28 31
1951—Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	174 174 174 174 174	548 548 548 548 548 548	27 27 27 27 27 27	247 247 247 247 247 247 247	138 138 138 138 138 138	256 281 292 323 333	229 229 279 279 279 279	193 191 190 191 208	311 311 312 312 312 316	31 31 31 31 31 32	50 50 50 50 50 50	27 27 27 27 27 27 27	46 46 46 46 46
1952—Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July	174 174 174 174 174 174	548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548 548	27 27 27 27 27 27 27	247 247 247 247 247 247 247	138 138 138 138 138 138 138	339 346 346 346 	279 279 280 280 280 280 280	207 206 185 185	316 317 340 342 344 344 344	32 32 32 32 33 33 33 33	50 50 50 50 50 50 50	27 38 38 38 38 38 38	46 46 46 46 46 46
End of month	Portu- gal	El Sal- vador	South Africa	Spain	Sweden	Switz- er- land	Thai- land	Turkey	United King- dom	Uru- guay	Vene- zuela	Inter- national Mone- tary Fund	Bank for Inter- national Settle- ments
1945—Dec 1946—Dec 1947—Dec 1948—Dec 1949—Dec 1950—Dec	1 2.50	13 12 15 15 17 23	914 939 762 183 128 197	110 111 111 111 85 61	482 381 105 81 70 90	1,342 1,430 1,356 1,387 1,504 1,470	43 34 34 34 118 118	241 237 170 162 154 150	5 2,476 5 2,696 5 2,079 5 1,856 5 1,688 5 3,300	195 200 175 164 178 236	202 215 215 323 373 373	15 1,356 1,436 1,451 1,495	39 32 30 36 68 167
1951—Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	234 250 255	26 26 26 26 26 26	210 210 209 208 190	61 50 50 50 51	129 128 134 136 152	1,447 1,446 1,448 1,454 1,452	113 113 113 113 113 113	150 150 150 150 150 151	\$ 3,269 \$ 2,335	257 252 242 232 221	373 373 373 373 373 373 373	1,529 1,529 1,529 1,530 1,530	143 144 132 127 115
	270 274 274	26 26 26 30 30 30	190 193 169 164 161 148	51 51 51 51 51 51 51	179 211 214 214 214 210 213 206	1,438 1,426 1,422 1,413 1,410 1,408	113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113	150 150 150 150 153 150 150	5 2,036 5 1,770 5 1,700 5 1,662 5 1,678 5 1,685 5 1,716	221 211 211 211 211	373 373 373 373 373 373 373	1,531 1,532 1,532 1,532 1,535	116 126 143 151 154 154 166

[In millions of dollars]

July . . .

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Includes reported gold holdings of central banks and governments and international institutions, unpublished holdings of various central banks and governments, estimated holdings of British Exchange Equalization Account based on figures shown below under United Kingdom, and estimated official holdings of countries from which no reports are received.
 <sup>2</sup> Includes gold in Exchange Stabilization Fund. Gold in active portion of this Fund is not included in regular statistics on gold stock (Treasury gold) used in the Federal Reserve statement "Member Bank Reserves, Reserve Bank Credit, and Related Items" or in the Treasury statement "United States Money, Outstanding and in Circulation, by Kinds."
 <sup>4</sup> Represents gold holdings of Bank of France (holdings of French Exchange Stabilization Fund are not included).
 <sup>4</sup> Figures are for following dates: 1946—Mar. 31, and 1947—Mar. 31, a for Equalization Account holdings of gold, U. S. and Canadian dollars, as reported by British Government. (Gold reserves of Bank of England have remained unchanged at 1 million dollars since 1939, when Bank's holdings were transferred to Exchange Equalization Account.) Notes—For description of figures, including details regarding special internal gold transfers affecting the reported data, see Banking and Notes—For description of figures, including details regarding special internal gold transfers affecting the reported data, see Banking and Notes—For description of figures, including details regarding special internal gold transfers affecting the reported data, see Banking and State State State state stress and special internal gold transfers affecting the reported data, see Banking and State State State State state stress and state states states and provide state State state state states states and provide states states states and state states states and state states states and state states statestates and state states statestress and states states statest

Note.—For description of figures, including details regarding special internal gold transfers affecting the reported data, see *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, pp. 524-535; for back figures through 1941 see Table 160, p. 526 and pp. 544-555, in the same publication and for those subsequent to 1941 see BULLETIN for April 1951, p. 464; February 1950, p. 252; and November 1947, p. 1433. For revised back figures for Argentina and Canada, see BULLETIN for January 1949, p. 86, and February 1949, p. 196, respectively.

#### NET GOLD PURCHASES BY THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES

#### [Negative figures indicate net sales by the United States]

Year or quarter	Total	United Kingdom	Bel- gium	France	Neth- er- lands	Portu- gal	Swe- den	Switz- er- land	Other Europe 1	Canada	Argen- tina	Cuba	Mexico
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	-452.9 721.3 2,864.4 1,510.0 193.3 -1,725.2 75.2	2 406.9 734.3 446.3 -1,020.0 469.9	31.1 14.2 222.8 69.8 ~41.0 ~55.0 -10.3	278.5 264.6 15.8 -84.8 -20.0	130.8 40.7 23.5 79.8 4.5	-47.9 -10.0 116.0 63.0 14.0 -15.0 -34.9	80.2 238.0 3.0  -22.9 -32.0	$ \begin{array}{r} -86.8 \\ -29.9 \\ 10.0 \\ -5.6 \\ -40.0 \\ -38.0 \\ -15.0 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -7.4 \\ 27.3 \\ 86.6 \\ 5.8 \\ ^2-159.9 \\ -68.0 \\ -60.1 \\ \end{array} $	36.8 337.9 311.2  3.4 -100.0 -10.0	-224.9 153.2 727.5 114.1 -49.9	-85.0 -30.0 -65.0 -10.0 -10.0 28.2 -20.0	$\begin{array}{r} -23.8 \\ 36.9 \\ 45.4 \\ 61.6 \\ -16.1 \\ -118.2 \\ -60.2 \end{array}$
1949													
JanMar AprJune July-Sept OctDec	68.8 173.9 101.5 -151.0	162.4 283.9	-31.0	<b></b>		3.5		-10.0 -20.0	$\begin{array}{c} -13.7 \\ -11.2 \\ {}^{2}-119.1 \\ -15.9 \end{array}$	· • • • • • • • •	-49.9	-10.0	2.3 7.9 -11.3 -15.0
1950													
JanMar AprJune July-Sept OctDec.	-201.3 -30.4 -731.0 -762.4		-35.0 -20.0	28.5 56.3		15.0	-3.0	-13.0	-12.4 -11.9 3.4 -47.1		· · · · · · · · · · ·		-15.8 -40.5 -61.9
1951					1								
JanMar AprJune July-Sept OctDec	-876.3 -55.6 291.4 715.7	<b>400</b> .0 80.0 320.0 629.9	12.3 2.0	-91.7  71.7	~4.5		-15.0 -17.0		-44.3 -11.2 -3.5 -1.1	-10.0		-20.0	64 1
1952													
JanMar AprJune	<b>557.3</b> 105.7	520.0	20.2						-10.1	6.9			11.3 101.4

#### (In millions of dollars at \$35 per fine troy ounce)

#### NET GOLD PURCHASES BY THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES—Continued

[Negative figures indicate net sales by the United States] (In millions of dollars at \$35 per fine troy ounce)

Year or quarter	Uru- guay	Vene- zuela	Other Latin Amer- ica	Asia and Oceania	Union of South Africa	All other
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	-37.9 -4.9 25.1 10.7 -14.4 -64.8 22.2		13.4	13.7 1.0 4.1 52.1 35.4	498 6 195.7 13.1	11.9 6.9 -1.6 4-47.2
1949						
JanMar AprJune July-Sept OctDec	3.0 -16.5 -1.0	~50.0	3 6 3.7 2 9 11 9	6.6 2.2	72.0 55.6 48.1 19.9	-2,0
1950						
JanMar AprJune July-Sept OctDec	-12.0 -2.0 -23.9 -26 9	,  	-10.4 9 1 -5.9	.2 1.0 -13.9 -22.8	3.9 9.2	-26.9 -2.8 -14.7 -2.8
1951						
JanMar. AprJune July-Sept OctDec.	-50.9 15.0 28.0 30.1	9		$-2.4 \\ -3.9$	20.3	-31.0
1952						
JanMar AprJune	10.0	. <b></b>	$-17.6 \\ -7.4$		<b>4.3</b> 7.2	 

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN GOLD STOCK OF UNITED STATES [In millions of dollars]

		[		u.10]		
Period		tock at period Total <sup>1</sup>	Increase in total gold stock	Net gold im- port or export (-)	Ear- marked gold: de- crease or in- crease (-)	Domes- tic gold produc- tion <sup>2</sup>
1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1948 1951 1951 1951 1951 1952 1952 1952 Mar Apr May July Aug	22,726 21,938 20,619 20,665 20,529 22,754 24,244 24,427 22,706 22,695 21,854 22,695 21,854 22,695 22,951 23,290 23,290 23,290 23,290 23,344	21,981 20,631 20,083 20,083 22,868 22,868 24,399 24,563 22,873 21,986 22,873 21,986 22,873 21,986 22,164 22,394 22,873 23,055 23,357 23,533 23,535	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{1,530.4}\\ \textbf{164.6}\\ \textbf{-1,743.3}\\ \textbf{52.7}\\ \textbf{133.1}\\ \textbf{178.0}\\ \textbf{229.9}\\ \textbf{185.0}\\ \textbf{294.1}\\ \textbf{182.4}\\ \textbf{321.5}\\ \textbf{51.6}\\ \textbf{22.0}\\ \textbf{51.9}\\ \textbf{30.5} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 68.9\\ -845.4\\ -106.3\\ 311.5\\ 1.866.3\\ 1.680.4\\ -866.5\\ -371.3\\ -549.0\\ -3.7\\ 10.9\\ -18.4\\ -2.1\\ 6.5\\ 6.3.6\\ 150.3\\ 157.1\\ 96.6\\ 27.2\\ 36.6\\ 24.5\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -803\ 6\\ -459\ .8\\ -356.7\\ +356.7\\ +356.7\\ +65.4\\ -409.7\\ -1.59.2\\ -499.7\\ -1.352.4\\ -1.352.4\\ +188.4\\ +188.4\\ +289.9\\ +137.5\\ +152.2\\ -75.4\\ -75.4\\ -75.4\\ -77.4\\ +10.3\\ +1\\ -75.4\\ -77.4\\ +10.3\\ +1\\ +10.3\\ +1\\ +10.3\\ +1\\ +10.3\\ +1\\ +10.3\\ +1\\ +10.3\\ +1\\ +1\\ +1\\ +1\\ +1\\ +1\\ +1\\ +1\\ +1\\ +1$	$\begin{array}{c} 125.4 \\ 48.3 \\ 35.8 \\ 32.0 \\ 51.2 \\ 75.8 \\ 70.9 \\ 67.3 \\ 80.1 \\ 80.1 \\ 6.3 \\ 6.4 \\ 6.1 \\ 6.3 \\ 5.4 \\ 4.8 \\ 4.6 \\ 5.0 \\ 5.0 \\ 5.5 \\ 5.5 \\ 6.4 \\ (4) \end{array}$

See footnote 2 on opposite page.
 <sup>2</sup> Yearly figures are estimates of United States Mint. For explanation of monthly figures see p. 1071. footnote 4.
 <sup>3</sup> Change includes transfer of 687.5 million dollars gold subscription to International Monetary Fund.
 <sup>4</sup> Not yet available.
 <sup>5</sup> Gold held under earmark at the Federal Reserve Banks for foreign account, including gold held for the account of international institutions, amounted to 4,914.6 million dollars on Angust 31, 1952. Gold under earmark is not included in the gold stock of the United States.

NOTE.—For back figures and description of statistics, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 156, pp. 536-538, and pp. 522-523.

<sup>1</sup>Includes Bank for International Settlements.
<sup>2</sup>Includes sale of 114.3 million dollars of gold to Italy.
<sup>3</sup>Includes sales of 185.3 million dollars of gold to China.
<sup>4</sup>Includes sales of gold to Egypt as follows: 1950, 44.8 million dollars; and 1951, 76.0 million.
<sup>6</sup>Includes sales of 45.0 million dollars of gold to Indonesia.

#### INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND AND INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

[End-of-month figures. In millions of dollars]

International Fund	19	52	19	51
International Fund	Apr.	Jan.	Oct.	Apr.
Gold Currencies (balances with depositories	1,532	1,531	1,529	1,495
and securities payable on demand): United States Other Unpaid balance of member subscriptions.	$1,283 \\ 4,460 \\ 871$	1,322 4,408 883	1,322 4,409 869	1,313 4,315 907
Other assets Member subscriptions Accumulated net income	1 8,154 -7	8,152 -7	$8,137 \\ -6$	$     8,037 \\     -6 $
Net currency purchased 1		1952		1951
(Cumulative—millions of dollars)	July	June	May	July
Australian pounds. Belgian francs. Brazilian cruzeiros. Chilean pesos. Czechosłovakian koruny. Danish kroner. Egyptian pounds. French francs. Indian rubess. Iranian rials. Netherlands guilders. Norwegian kroner. Turkish liras. Pounds sterling. Yugoslav dinars. All other.	20.0 11.4 63.0 3.6 6.0 10.2 -5.5 125.0 100.0 8.8 75.2 10.0 300.0 9.0 -1.6	11.4 88.0 3.6 6.0 10.2 -5.5 125.0 100.0 8.8 75.2  300.0 9.0 -1.6	11.4 103.0 3.6 6.0 10.2 -5.5 125.0 100.0 8.8 75.2  300.0 9.0 -1.7	9.0
Total	735.0	750.0	764.9	736.0

International Bank	19	52	19	51
	June	Mar.	Dec.	June
Gold Currencies (balances with depositories and securities payable on demand):			(2)	
United States	6 937	5 940	8 945	9 919
gations) Calls on subscriptions to capital stock * Loans (incl. undisbursed portions and incl. obligations sold under Bank's	512 4	490 4	510 4	457 4
guarantee) Other assets	1,270	1,186 14	1,113	
Bonds outstanding. Liability on obligations sold under guar-	500			
antee	56	41	33	33
Loans—undisbursed Other liabilities	403	372 5	350 10	6
General reserve	58 28	55 26	50 24	42 20
Capital <sup>3</sup>	1,691	1,691	1,688	1,668

<sup>1</sup> As of July 31, 1952, the Fund had sold 817.0 million U. S. dollars; in addition, the Fund sold to the Netherlands 1.5 million pounds sterling in May 1947 and 300 million Belgian francs in May 1948, sold to Norway 200 million Belgian francs in June and July 1948, and sold to Brazil 10 million pounds sterling in January 1951. Repurchases amounted to 127.4 million dollars. Currencies the net transactions in which amount to less than one million are reported under "All other." \* Less than \$500,000. \* Excludes uncalled portions of capital subscriptions, amounting to 6,763 million dollars as of June 30, 1952, of which 2,540 million repre-sents the subscription of the United States.

Bank of England		s of issue rtment	As	sets of ban departmen		NT .	Liabilities of banking department						
(Figures in millions of pounds sterling)	Gold 1	Other	Notes and	Dis- counts	Securi-	Note circula- tion <sup>3</sup>		Depo	osits		Other liabili-		
		assets <sup>2</sup>	coin	and ad- vances	ties		Bankers'	Public	ECA	Other	ties and capital		
1942—Dec. 30.           1943—Dec. 29.           1944—Dec. 27.           1945—Dec. 26.           1946—Dec. 25.           1947—Dec. 31.           1948—Dec. 29.           1949—Dec. 28.           1940—Dec. 28.           1950—Dec. 27.           1951—Aug. 29.           Oct. 31.           Nov. 28.           Dec. 26.           1952—Jan. 30.           Feb. 27.           Mar. 26.           Apr. 30.           May 28.           June 25.           July 30.	.2 .2 .2 .2 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4 .4	$\begin{array}{c} 950.0\\ 1,100.0\\ 1,250.0\\ 1,400.0\\ 1,450.0\\ 1,350.0\\ 1,350.0\\ 1,350.0\\ 1,375.0\\ 1,375.0\\ 1,400.0\\ 1,400.0\\ 1,400.0\\ 1,400.0\\ 1,400.0\\ 1,450.0\\ 41,450.0\\ 41,500.0\\ 41,550.0\\ \end{array}$	27.7 12.5 13.5 20.7 23.4 100.8 36.1 33.7 19.2 42.9 52.4 40.7 38.2 14.1 48.1 34.9 30.7 39.7 39.7 59.8 36.8	3.5 2.5 5.1 8.4 13.6 15.2 16.7 14.8 29.2 29.7 19.0 20.8 16.8 18.2 7.9 17.7 23.6 27.4 11.9 21.2 21.6	267.9 307.9 317.4 327.6 321.3 401.1 489.6 337.7 345.7 345.7 356.0 364.0 389.2 343.7 344.2 351.8 306.1 319.6 309.6	$\begin{array}{c} 923 \ 4\\ 1,088.7\\ 1,238.6\\ 3,379.9\\ 1,428.2\\ 3,349.7\\ 1,293.1\\ 1,321.9\\ 1,357.7\\ 1,358.0\\ 1,348.9\\ 1,351.8\\ 1,363.7\\ 1,437.9\\ 1,353.8\\ 1,367.0\\ 1,384.6\\ 1,410.0\\ 1,384.6\\ 1,410.0\\ 1,412.2\\ 1,442.1\\ 1,515.1\\ \end{array}$	223.4 234.3 260.7 274.5 278.9 315.1 314.5 299.2 313.5 273.6 289.9 303.9 294.7 299.8 277.8 283.0 280.3 273.0 280.3 273.0 280.3 273.0 273.0 273.0 277.7 262.0	9.0 10.3 5.2 5.3 10.3 18.6 11.7 11.6 4 18.5 16.4 13.4 15.5 16.4 13.4 15.5 16.4 13.4 12.1 10.7 10.1 10.4	17.4 97.9 .4 .9 1.1 7.2 .6 .6 .5 .5 .5 13.6 18.2	48.8 60.4 52.3 58.5 92.1 111.2 98.9 91.2 93.1 89.4 89.8 87.5 83.3 73.4 72.6 72.5 69.2	17.9 17.9 17.8 17.8 17.8 18.1 18.1 18.1 18.1 18.5 18.5 17.8 18.5 17.8 18.0 18.1 18.3 18.5 17.8 18.0 18.1 18.1 18.3		

**CENTRAL BANKS** 

<sup>1</sup> On June 9, 1945, the official buying price of the Bank of England for gold was increased from 168 shillings to 172 shillings and threepence per fine ounce, and on Sept. 19, 1949, it was raised to 248 shillings. For details regarding previous changes in the buying price of gold and for internal gold transfers during 1939, see BULLETIN for March 1950, p. 388, footnotes 1 and 4. <sup>2</sup> Securities and silver coin held as cover for fiduciary issue, the amount of which is also shown by this figure. <sup>8</sup> Notes issued less amounts held in banking department. <sup>4</sup> Fiduciary issue decreased by 50 million pounds on Jan. 16 and increased by 50 million on Apr. 1, June 25, and July 21. For details on previous changes, see BULLETIN for February 1952, p. 212; February 1951, p. 238; February 1950, p. 254; April 1949, p. 450; and February 1948, p. 254

p. 254.

NOTE .- For back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 164, pp. 638-640; for description of statistics, see pp. 560-561 in same publication.

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			Assets			Liabilities						
Bank of Canada (Figures in millions of	0.11	Sterling and United	Dominion a cial gov secut	ernment	Other	Note		Deposits		Other liabilities		
Canadian dollars)	Gold	States dollars	Short- term <sup>1</sup>	Other	assets	circulation <sup>2</sup>	Chartered banks	Dominion govern- ment	Other	and capital *		
1939—Dec. 30         1940—Dec. 31         1941—Dec. 31         1942—Dec. 31         1943—Dec. 31         1944—Dec. 31         1945—Dec. 31         1945—Dec. 31         1944—Dec. 31         1945—Dec. 31         1946—Dec. 31         1947—Dec. 31         1949—Dec. 31         1949—Dec. 31         1949—Dec. 31		64.3 38.4 200.9 .5 .6 172.3 156.8 156.8 1.0 2.0 .4 74.1 111.4	181.9448.4391.8807.2787.6906.91,157.31,197.41,022.01,233.71,781.41,229.3	49.9 127.3 216.7 209.2 472.8 573.9 688.3 708.2 858.5 779.1 227.8 712.5	5.5 12.4 33.5 31.3 47.3 29.5 42.1 43.7 45.4 42.5 297.1	232.8 359.9 496.0 693.6 874.4 1,036.0 1,129.1 1,186.2 1,211.4 1,289.1 1,307.4 1,367.4	217.0 217.7 232.0 259.9 340.2 401.7 521.2 565.5 536.2 547.3 547.3 547.3	46.3 10.9 73.8 51.6 20.5 12.9 153.3 60.5 68.8 98.1 30.7 24.7	17.9 9.5 6.0 19.1 17.8 27.7 29.8 93.8 67.5 81.0 126.9 207.1	13.3 28.5 35.1 24.0 55.4 209.1 198.5 42.7 42.4 43.1 119.2 172.6		
1951—Aug. 31 Sept. 29 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31		96.5 128.8	1,349.6 1,297.6 1,317.5 1,137.8 1,141.8	888.1 896.1 956.4 1,043.1 1,049.3	119.8 87.1 83.1 79.2 135.2	1,370.7 1,388.0 1,406.5 1,407.2 1,464.2	580.4 579.4 588.3 633.8 619.0	115.0 105.6 210.3 66.0 94.9	185.7 140.0 83.3 92.5 66.1	205.8 154.8 165.0 189.5 200.0		
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	70.3 60.1 72.3 78.3	1,095.4 1,058.1 1,179.9 1,191.5 1,203.6 1,251.3 1,280.0	1,042.6 1,027.7 882.2 874.7 824.6 817.8 843.9	82.7 88.2 106.8 84.0 73.8 76.1 71.2	1,375.6 1,374.4 1,393.2 1,411.8 1,417.4 1,441.8 1,458.3	629.2 616.7 656.5 645.7 579.4 578.0 595.5	92.8 88.5 14.6 14.3 21.9 26.8 51.6	54.9 52.1 66.1 41.7 44.6 48.5 41.6	153.4 112.5 98.6 109.0 117.1 93.9 111.2		

				Ass	ets				Liabilities					
Bank of France (Figures in millions of francs)	Gold 5	Foreign	oreign				nces to nment <sup>6</sup>	Other	Note circula-		Deposits	1	Other liabil- ities	
	Gold	change	Open market <sup>6</sup>	Special	Other	Current	Other	assets 6	tion	Govern- ment	ECA	Other	and capital	
1940—Dec. 26 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 30 1944—Dec. 28 1945—Dec. 27 1 1946—Dec. 26 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 30 1949—Dec. 29	91,447 91,447 91,447 91,447 91,447 91,447 191,447 191,447 191,447 191,447	131,284 82,087 31,888 28,320 20,857 15,607 11,336 13,634 15,808	5,818 7,802 6,812 8,420 9,518 12,170 7,980 37,618 67,395 97,447 137,689 97,447 137,689 97,447 136,947 236,169 225,418 168,822 233,879 245,014 273,149 273,149 273,149 273,149 273,149	8,577 28,548 34,081 1.256 9.231 23,855 32,015 31,956 29,280 29,239 22,984 26,128 21,871	5,149 3,646 4,517 5,368 7,543 18,592 25,548 76,254 117,826 238,576 335,727 472,894 472,894 472,894 472,894 472,894 472,894 472,894 472,894 850,733 841,006 799,004 841,897 831,044 835,599	64,400 15,850  67,900 147,400 150,900 157,900 158,900	30, 473 112, 317 182, 507 250, 965 366, 973 475, 447 445, 447 445, 447 445, 447 480, 447 558, 039 558, 039 558, 039 558, 039 481, 039 470, 982 470,	212,822 245,129 235,289 252,303 199,545 190,830 184,064 126,412 113,099 139,747 118,726 110,501	151, 322 218, 383 270, 144 382, 774 500, 386 572, 510 570, 006 721, 865 920, 831 987, 621 1, 278, 211 1, 570, 360 1, 754, 151 1, 779, 556 1, 841, 608 1, 866, 693 1, 866, 693 1, 880, 832 1, 866, 651 1, 825, 615 1, 900, 526 1, 900, 526 1, 984, 549	$1,914 \\984 \\984 \\1,517 \\770 \\578 \\783 \\12,048 \\12,048 \\70 \\96 \\60 \\60 \\62 \\19 \\96 \\60 \\62 \\19 \\29 \\57 \\96 \\22 \\84 \\39 \\36 \\55 \\55 \\55 \\55 \\55 \\55 \\55 \\55 \\55 \\5$		$\begin{array}{c} 14,751\\27,202\\28,272\\29,935\\33,137\\37,855\\57,755\\63,468\\82,479\\171,783\\158,973\\161,720\\161,720\\161,720\\164,453\\166,455\\166,455\\166,455\\166,455\\166,455\\166,455\\166,455\\166,455\\166,455\\166,455\\171,228\\166,226\\156,226\\$	2,925 *44,986 *68,474 *21,318 *15,596 7,078 *4,087 7,213 10,942 *4,087 *4,087 *4,087 *4,087 *4,087 *4,087 *4,087 *4,087 *4,087 *24,234 *16,206 *17,77 *24,234 *26,490 *27,177 *25,905 *24,234 *26,490 *27,922 *41,332 *30,601 *1,332 *30,601 *1,448 *29,679 *30,653 *33,554 *3,554	

<sup>1</sup> Securities maturing in two years or less,
 <sup>2</sup> Includes notes held by the chartered banks, which constitute an important part of their reserves.
 <sup>4</sup> Beginning November 1944, includes a certain amount of sterling and United States dollars.
 <sup>4</sup> On May 1, 1940, gold transferred to Foreign Exchange Control Board in return for short-term Government securities (see BULLETIN for July 1940, pp. 677-678).
 <sup>4</sup> For details on devaluations and other changes in the gold holdings of the Bank of France. see BULLETIN for September 1951, p. 1211; September 1950, pp. 132 and 1261; June 1949, p. 747; May 1948, p. 601; May 1940, pp. 406-407; January 1939, p. 29; September 1937, p. 853; and November 1936, pp. 878-880.
 <sup>6</sup> For explanation of these items, see BULLETIN for January 1950, p. 117, footnote 6.
 <sup>7</sup> Beginning January 1950, when the Bank of France modified the form of presentation of its statement, the figures under this heading are not strictly comparable with those shown for earlier dates.
 <sup>8</sup> Includes the following amounts (in millions of frances) for account of the Central Administration of the Reichskreditkassen: 1940, 41,400; 1941, 64.580: 1942, 16.857; 1943, 10.724.
 <sup>9</sup> Includes advance to Stabilization Fund, amounting to 32.5 billion frances on July 31. Nore.—For back figures on Bank of Canada and Bank of France, see Banking and Monetary Statistics. Tables 166 and 165, pp. 644-645

NOTE.—For back figures on Bank of Canada and Bank of France, see Banking and Monetary Statistics. Tables 166 and 165, pp. 644-645 and pp. 641-643, respectively; for description of statistics, see pp. 562-564 in same publication. For last available report from the Reichsbank (February 1945), see BULLETIN for December 1946, p. 1424.

Central Bank		1952		1951	Central Bank		1952		1951
(Figures as of last report date of month)	July	June	May	July	(Figures as of last report date of month)	July	June	May	July
Central Bank of the Argentine					Bank of the Republic of Colom-				
<b>Republic</b> (millions of pesos): Gold reported separately		814		874	bia—Cont. Loans and discounts	341,741	346,294	323,077	257,368
Other gold and foreign exchange.		279			Government loans and securities. Other assets Note circulation	161,574	161,811	156,840	135,630 83,883
Government securities Rediscounts and loans to banks		44,983	44,149	37,661	Note circulation	498,385	497,505	473,363	410,181
Other assets	•••••	251 17,622		293 14,794		295,437	295,299	310,705	204,422 69,554
Currency circulation Deposits—Nationalized Other sight obligations Other liabilities and capital		27,114	26,683	25,060	Central Bank of Costa Rica	01,000	02,109	05,207	09,004
Other sight obligations	 	702 3.000		539 2,603	(thousands of colones): Gold	11.511	11.511	11.511	11,511
commonwealth Bank of Aus-			-,,,,,,	2,000	Gold. Foreign exchange. Net claim on Int'l. Fund 4 Loans and discounts. Other assets. Note circulation. Demand denosits	92,101	97,369	91,822	30,476
tralia (thousands of pounds): Gold and foreign exchange	280,220	298,055	305,877	710,232	Loans and discounts	62.206	7,031 60.773	57.025	6,088 83,166
Checks and bills of other banks.	4,679	10,754	8,825	5,063	Securities	7,335	7,405	7,577	8,219
Securities (incl. Government and Treasury bills)	458.840	475,887	514,173	342,668	Note circulation	24,040	118.288	117.550	15,838 103,701
Other assets	62,871	98,317	129,220	82,570					11,011
				277,721	Other liabilities and capital National Bank of Cuba	10,113	18,074	19,488	10,286
Other	194,920	257,970	370,670	533,570 33,653	(thousands of pesos):			220 564	280.564
Other liabilities and capital	271,683	288,545	265,521	295,590	Gold. Foreign exchange (net)		· · · · · · · ·	72,067	116,310
ustrian National Bank (millions of schillings):									
Gold	98	98	98	51	Silver.			34,988	43,486
Foreign exchange Loans and discounts	903 7,145	559 7,206	642 6.745	252 4.918	Net claim on Int'l. Fund 4 Loans and discounts	• • • • • • •		12,511 16,156	12,511 1,245
Claim against Government	3,263	3,487	3,491	4,524	Credits to Government			12,887	10,522
Other assets Note circulation	$\frac{41}{8,566}$		42 8,348	37 6,796	Other assets Note circulation		• • • • • • •	33,849 427.053	27,509 379,777
Deposits-Banks	255	312	233	171	Foreign exchange (Stabilization Fund) Net claim on Int'l. Fund t Loans and discounts Credits to Government Other assets Note circulation Deposits Other liabilities and capital			214,918	234,855
Other Blocked	$419 \\ 2,211$	$379 \\ 2,210$	370 2,067	$577 \\ 2,238$	Other liabilities and capital National Bank of Czechoslovakia 5	•••••	••••	8,378	7,163
Mational Bank of Belgium (millions of francs):					National Bank of Denmark (millions of kroner):				
Gold 1	36,760	33,468	32,485	29,742	Gold	69	69	69	69
Foreign claims and balances (net) Loans and discounts	$17,716 \\ 7,521$	23,727 5,470	24,298 6,131	$12,580 \\ 9,334$	Foreign exchange Contributions to Int'l. Bank	550	448 11	439 11	425 8
Consolidated Government debt.	34,763	34,763	34,763	34,860	Loans and discounts	95	148	83	112
Government securities Other assets	7,690 3,677	$10,007 \\ 3,768$	9,345 3,639	3,757 3,112	Securities	$435 \\ 3,542$	432 3,831	$431 \\ 3,870$	131 3,942
Note circulation	97,175	94,671	94,401	88,822	Other assets	183	198	195	539
Deposits—Demand ECA	1,620 1,449	$1,540 \\ 1,250$	1,285 1,308	1,546 570	Note circulation Deposits—Government	$1,670 \\ 1,505$	1,681 1,870	1,702 1,791	1,569 1,802
Other liabilities and capital	7,882	13,742	13,667	2,446	Other	1,533	1,423	1,442	1,670
tary dept. (millions of bolivianos):			(Apr.)*		Other liabilities and capital Central Bank of the Dominican	166	163	163	185
Gold at home and abroad <sup>2</sup> Foreign exchange (net)	· · · · · · ·	· • • · · · · ·	1,370 831	1,370 513	Republic (thousands of dollars):	12 066	12,066	12,066	8,056
Loans and discounts			1,439	1,975	Gold Foreign exchange (net)	20,809	19,825	20,855	19,177
Government securities	• • • • • <i>•</i> •		$1,843 \\ 267$	724 160	Net claim on Int'l. Fund 4 Paid-in capital—Int'l. Bank	1,250	1,250 42	1,250 42	1,250 40
Note circulation			4,220	3,936	Loans and discounts	336	488	545	212
Deposits			862. 668	194 613	Government securities	8,395 589	8,395 589	6,895 632	6,217 992
entral Bank of Ceylon (thousands			000	0.0	Note circulation	31,469	31,147	29,794	26,226
of rupees): Foreign exchange5	529,476	521,914	571,383	677,105	Demand deposits Other liabilities and capital	10,669	10,186	10,685	8,918 801
Advances to Government <sup>3</sup> Government securities		43.000	24 0001	713,972 2,706	Central Bank of Ecuador		1		
Other assets	3,207	2,865	3.437	1,628	Gold <sup>6</sup>	336,797	336,467	336,245	334,993
Other assets	93,928 19,137	394,593 11,759	402,925	397,245 90,625	Gold <sup>6</sup> Foreign exchange (net) <sup>6</sup> Net claim on Int'l. Fund <sup>4</sup> Credits—Government. Other.	117,208	120,200	110,658	69,110 18 757
Banks	25,817	160,246	183,250	162,081	Credits—Government	227,724	223,865	234,940	188,362
Other liabilities and capital	34,700	33,944	33,201	<sup>7</sup> 45,460	OtherOther	220,230 141.978	197,403	169,473	171,057
of pesos):	1,109	1,108	1,096	1,314	Other assets Note circulation	528,351	515,127	499,243	488,385
Foreign exchange (net)	221	236	218	198	Demand depositsPrivate banks Other	144,023	125,210	141,686	$136,423 \\ 107,554$
Net claim on Int'l. Fund 4 Discounts for member banks	$166 \\ 2,147$	221 1,562	221 1,961	107	Other liabilities and capital National Bank of Egypt (thou-	224,854	279,913	260,205	231,772
Loans to Government	665	665	670	675	sands of pounds):		1	1	
Other loans and discounts Other assets	8,452 2,882	8,770 2,953	$7,392 \\ 3,069$	5,304 2,332	Gold 7 Foreign exchange		60,553 19,700		$60,552 \\ 46,010$
Note circulation	10,338	10,391	9,310	.359	Equiliar and Education				
Deposits—Bank Other	2,697 247	2,280 505	2,212 604	• 497 846	Government securities		292,020 21,645	290,539	309,905 5,497
Other liabilities and capital	2,362	2,339	2,501	1,924	Other assets		2,348	3,325	2,623
ank of the Republic of Colombia (thousands of pesos):			1		Government securities Loans and discounts Other assets Note circulation Deposits—Government Other liabilities and capital		179,738	182,422	160,295 85,441
	as cach	222 506	235 027	181,524	Others		122 206	117 604	156,065
Gold and foreign exchange2 Net claim on Int'l. Fund 4	35,938		24,371	24.369	Other liebilities of the liebilities	•••••	122,200	117,024	22,786

\* Latest month available.
\* Revised.
\* On Aug. 17, 1950, gold reserve revalued from .0202765 to .0177734 grams of fine gold per franc.
\* It is understood that, beginning June 1950, gold reserves have been revalued at a rate of 60 bolivianos per dollar.
\* Includes special loan under Bretton Woods Agreements Act.
• This figure represents the amount of the bank's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund. Until such time as the Fund engages in operations in this currency, the "net claim" will equal the country's gold contribution.
• For last available report (March 1950), see BULLETIN for September 1950, p. 1262.
• In December 1950, gold and foreign exchange holdings revalued from 13.50 to 15.00 sucres per dollar.
\* Beginning April 1951, gold previously held in Issue Department revalued from 7.4375 grams of fine gold to 2.55187 grams of fine gold per Egyptian pound.
Norte—For details relating to individual iteme in certain tent.

Nore,—For details relating to individual items in certain bank statements, see BULLETIN for January 1952, p. 102; January 1951, p. 112; and January 1950, p. 118.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

Central Bank		1952		1951	Central Bank		1952		1951
(Figures as of last report date of month)	July	June	May	July	(Figures as of last report date of month)	July	June	May	July
Central Reserve Bank of El Salva-							1		
dor (thousands of colones): Gold	73,821	73,886	73,946	64,610	Bank of Italy (billions of lire): Gold	4	4	4	4
Foreign exchange (net)	40,559	46,961	50,076	75,364	Foreign exchange	38	34	36	32
Net claim on Int'l. Fund <sup>1</sup>	1,566	1,566	1,566	1,565	Advances to Treasury	590 247	590 239		590
Loans and discounts Government debt and securities	14,520 6,814	10,856	9,248 6,375	5.602	Government securities	212		226 211	261 205
Other assets	1,265	1,440	1,334	1,406	Other assets	816	793	786	603
Note circulation	81,647	82,278 51,749	82,150 53,389	75,803	Note circulation	1,259	1,209	1,204	1,118
Deposits Other liabilities and capital	7,300	7,064	7,006	6,610		110	153	152	159
State Bank of Ethiopia <sup>2</sup>	.,	.,	.,		Demand	58	62	55	82
Bank of Finland (millions of mark- kaa):					Other Other liabilities and capital	394 86		368 73	269 64
Gold	5,865	5,865	5,865	4,475	Bank of Japan (millions of yen):				04
Foreign assets (net)	14,684	16,584		5,663	Cash and builting		1,020	1,077	1,147
Clearings (net) Loans and discounts	3,859 31,189	4,970 30,626	6,269 26,877	-1,711 37,611	Advances to Government		38,390	279 940	42,640 390,060
Securities	1,086	1,070	960	955	Advances to Government Loans and discounts Government securities Other assets.		138,650	153,650	130,388
Other assets	1,898 44,173	1,900	1,892	9,480	Other assets		102,638	114,091	31,968
Note circulation Deposits	44,173	45,052 2,482	46,579 1,547	39,826 1,249			57.349	61,405	409,026 147,234
Other liabilities and capital	14,013			15,399	Other		30,111	41,202	19,824
Bank of German States (millions of German marks):					Other liabilities		38,858	40,540	20,120
Gold	492	388	259		The Java Bank (millions of rupiah): Gold 4	1,063	1,063	1,063	871
Foreign exchange	3,447	3,113	2,713	2,098	Foreign exchange (net)	705	963	1,209	730
Loans and discounts Loans to Government	2,868 8,398	$3,569 \\ 8,422$	3,129 8,963	$4,194 \\ 9,556$	Loans and discounts	377	251 2,849	237 2,177	493 1,723
Other assets	573	576	610			668	746		656
Note circulation	9,843	9,805	9,748	8,384	Note circulation	3,860	3,750	3,462	2,947
Deposits—Government Banks	1,781 2,093	$2,020 \\ 2,157$	$2.120 \\ 1.739$	2,593 1,846	Deposits—ECA Other	496	496	496 1,223	
Other	241	279	264	1,286	Other liabilities and capital.	541	469	355	695
Other liabilities and capital	1,820	1,806	1,803	3,210	Bank of Mexico (millions of pesos):	1 010	007	1.010	1.0/0
Bank of Greece (billions of drach- mae):					Monetary reserve 5 "Authorized" holdings of secu-	1,018	997	1,042	1,060
Gold and foreign exchange (net) .		1,403	1,454	935	rities, etc	2,601	2,503	2,521	2,715
Loans and discounts		$\frac{125}{8,550}$	140	$191 \\ 6.402$	Bills and discounts	502	470	634	461
Advances—Government		3,330	8,160 3,370	3,528		422 3,023	492 3,013	447 3,034	$\begin{smallmatrix}&493\\2.797\end{smallmatrix}$
Other assets. Note circulation. Deposits—Government. Reconstruction and relief accts Other lickbible		2,063	1,827	2.347	Demand liabilities	1,050	976	1,134	1,443
Note circulation		1,945 862	1,985 899	1,770	Other liabilities and capital Netherlands Bank (millions of	470	473	475	489
Reconstruction and		002	0,7,7	001	guilders):				
relief accts		6,856	6,619	4,426	Gold <sup>6</sup>	1,325	1,303	1,303	1,177
Other liabilities and capital	· · · · · · · ·	1,972 3,935	$2,060 \\ 3,387$	$2,035 \\ 4,321$	Silver (including subsidiary coin). Foreign assets (net)	14 1,540	14 1,281	15 1,184	17 41
Bank of Guatemala (thousands of		0,700	0,001	1,021	Loans and discounts	34	46	38	503
quetzales):	27,228	27 220	27 220	27.229	Govt. debt and securities	1,920	2,100	2.100	3,262
Gold Foreign exchange (net)	14,007	27,228 16,678	27,228 17,495	12,092	Other assetsOld	504 42	552 43	499 43	644 48
Gold contribution to Int'l. Fund .	1.250	1,250	1,250	1,250	New	2,932	2,959	2,870	2,806
Rediscounts and advances	7,180 17,942	4.794	5,095 19,020	6,952 17,629	Deposits—Government	700 1,062	622 1,027	624 1,027	1,626
Other assets Circulation—Notes		40,527	41,154	36,256	ECA Other	391	445	367	677
Coin	3,326	3,355	3,359	3,268	Other liabilities and capital	209	200	207	487
Deposits—Government Banks	6,861 6,884	$7,301 \\ 5,854$	3,690 6,094	2,818 10,949	Reserve Bank of New Zealand (thousands of pounds):				
Other liabilities and capital	11,641	10,390	15,790	11,859	Gold Foreign exchange reserve		5,913	5,873	5,203
National Bank of Hungary <sup>3</sup>					Foreign exchange reserve	• • • • • • • •	22,444 6,019	25,464 6,019	78,943 6,235
<b>Reserve Bank of India</b> (millions of rupees):					Loans and discounts Advances to State or State un-			0,019	0,233
Issue department:		100			dertakings. Investments. Other assets.		54,812	54,701	51,929
Gold at home and abroad Foreign securities	••••	$\frac{400}{5,832}$	400 6,032	$400 \\ 6,232$	Investments	· • • • • • • •	$32,182 \\ 4,258$	$32,182 \\ 2,636$	$11,974 \\ 3,510$
Indian Govt. securities		4,040	4,646	5,166	Note circulation		01,225	61,876	60,624
Rupee coin Note circulation	• • • • • • •	759 11,288	749	603 12,016		· <b>· · ·</b> · · · ·	56,385 8,017		90,769
Banking department:		11,200	11,300	12,010				7,980	6,401
Notes of issue department Balances abroad Bills discounted	. <i></i>	350	460	385	Gold.		242	242	243
Balances abroad	• • • • • • • •	1,002	845 48	2,174 28	Foreign assets (net)	••••	480 30		187 9
Loans to Government Other assets		15	8	52	Loans and discounts	· · · · · · · ·	54 54	62	49
Other assets	•••••	1,342	1,384	926			46	46	46
Deposits Other liabilities and capital		2,351 459	2,341 405	3,315 251	Other assets	• • • • • • • •	6,202 53	6,202 59	6,202 121
Central Bank of Ireland (thousands		109	100	201	Note circulation		2,679	2,573	2,431
of pounds):		2.646	2 640	2 640	Deposits-Government	· <b>· ·</b> · · · · ·	1,737	1,999	1,754
Gold Sterling funds		2,646	2,646 55,552	2,646 49,886	ECA-MSA		1,146 973	1,012	1,116 769
Sterling funds Note circulation		57,979	58,199	52,532	Other liabilities and capital		573	568	770
				1	<u> </u>			1 1	

<sup>1</sup> This figure represents the amount of the bank's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund. Until such time as the Fund engages in operations in this currency, the "net claim" will equal the country's gold contribution.
<sup>2</sup> For last available report (July 1950), see BULLETIN for December 1950, p. 1699.
<sup>3</sup> For last available report (Form .34987 to .233861 grams of fine gold per rupiah.
<sup>4</sup> Gold revalued on Sept. 19, 1949, from .34987 to .233861 grams of fine gold per guilder.
NOTE.—For details relating to individual items in certain bank statements, see BULLETIN for January 1952, p. 103; January 1951, p. 113

Central Bank		1952		1951	Central Bank		1952		1951
(Figures as of last report date of month)	July	June	May	July	(Figures as of last report date of month)	July	June	May	July
State Bank of Pakistan (millions of rupees): Issue department: Gold at home and abroad Sterling securities Pakistan Govt. securities		81 815 766	81 916 665	44 851 555	Bank of Spain—Cont. Note circulation Deposits—Government Other Other liabilities and capital	$1,714 \\ 2,570 \\ 23,592$	1,852 2,538	$1,934 \\ 2,706$	31,648 690 3,229 19,169
Govt. of India securities India currency Rupee coin Notes in circulation Banking department:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	126 300 66 2,094	126 300 69	136 300 42 1,868 60	Net claim on Int'l. Fund <sup>2</sup> Paid-in capital—Int'l. Bank	$454 \\ 1,319 \\ 88 \\ 11$	1.358	88	
Notes of issue department. Balances abroad Bills discounted Loans to Government Other assets Deposits Other liabilities and capital	· · · · · · · · ·	96 2 537 594	96 679 730	597 99 402 1,071	vances to National Debt Office <sup>5</sup> Other domestic bills and advances Other assets Note circulation Demand deposits—Government	2,741 269 741 4,051 782 148	258 798 4.097 685	276 786 3.962	3,526 242 511 3,482 636 527
Bank of Paraguay-Monetary dept.		102		87 1,165 115,282 5,261	Other liabilities and capital Swiss National Bank (millions of frances): Gold Foreign exchange Loans and discounts	5,813 337 234	654 5.815 287	621 5.822 289	594 6,014 188 141
(thousands of guaranies): Gold 1	· · · · · · · · · ·		$     \begin{array}{r}       -1.042 \\       307.349 \\       63.748 \\       23,777 \\       311.103 \\       126.293     \end{array} $	-1,001 148,515 16,617 52,369 186,783 86,726	Other assets Note circulation Other sight liabilities Other liabilities and capital Central Bank of the Republic of	80 4,635 1,629 201	76 4,624	78 4,574 1,649	79 4,469 1,753 199
Other liabilities and capital Central Reserve Bank of Peru (millions of soles):			58,534	64,701	Turkey (millions of pounds): Gold Foreign exchange and foreign	419	419	429	419
Gold and foreign exchange <sup>3</sup> Net claim on Int'l. Fund <sup>2</sup> Contribution to Int'l. Bank Loans and discounts to banks Loans to Government Other assets Note circulation	599 67 285 842 233 1,361	67 2 217 864 240 1,289	1,267	1,228	clearings. Loans and discounts. Securities. Other assets. Note circulation. Deposits—Gold. Other. Other. Other liabilities and capital	86 1,534 27 91 1,138 153 678 188	1,409271081,120153631	27 105 1.112 153 593	160 1,282 15 120 973 153 641 230
Deposits Other liabilities and capital Central Bank of the Philippines (thousands of pesos): Gold Foreign exchange	354 313	374 320 16,926 474,401	294	352 192 11,067 523,146	Bank of the Republic of Uruguay (thousands of pesos): Gold Silver Paid-in capital—Int'l. Bank		· · · · · · ·	(Apr.)* 321.119 9.556 314	409,387 10,043 316
(thousands of pesos):         Gold         Foreign exchange         Net claim on Int'I. Fund <sup>2</sup> Loans         Domestic securities         Other assets         Other labilities and capital         Other liabilities and capital         Bank of Portugal (millions of escurds):		29,504 21,365 234,680 157,147 539,282 252,855 141,887	29,504 24,365 234,716 153,593 545,411 249,026 135,110	29,504 29,609 231,760 185,879 611,406 210,170 189,388	ment bodies. Other loans and discounts Other assets. Note circulation. Deposits—Government. Other. Other liabilities and capital			$162.226 \\ 347.127 \\ 411.646 \\ 361.335 \\ 83.732 \\ 292.156 \\ 514.764 \\$	150,899 300,896 357,247 360,210 109,921 311,408 447,250
Gold Foreign exchange (net) Loans and discounts Advances to Government Other assets Note circulation Demand deposits—Government ECA		$\begin{array}{r} 4,407\\ 11,551\\ 671\\ 1.418\\ 579\\ 8,813\\ 1,324\\ 29\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4,415\\ 11,598\\ 657\\ 1.417\\ 599\\ 8,876\\ 1,540\\ 29\end{array}$	3,820 10,692 529 1,246 586 8,242 900 144	lions of bolivares): Gold. Foreign exchange (net) Other assets. Note circulation Deposits. Other liabilities and capital Bank for International Settle-	1,141 162 64 854 249 264	1,141 170 73 867 236	$1,141 \\ 211 \\ 72 \\ 863 \\ 238$	1,141 -94 129 730 171 276
Other Other liabilities and capital South African Reserve Bank (thousands of pounds): Gold 4		6.396 2.064 52.318	6.142 2,099 57.215		ments (thousands of Swiss gold francs): Gold in bars Cash on hand and with banks Sight funds at interest Rediscountable bills and accept-	56.669	34,410	$471.683 \\ 100.082 \\ 17.987$	475,853 57,047 4,393
Gold * Foreign bills Other bills and loans Other assets Note circulation Deposits. Other liabilities and capital Bank of Spain (millions of pesetas):		$\begin{array}{c} 65,911 \\ 16,622 \\ 33,282 \\ 86,265 \\ 59,447 \end{array}$	70,780 16,497 30,071 85,129	73,016 5,119 27,919 79,142 83,163	ances (at cost) Time funds at interest Sundry bills and investments Funds invested in Germany Other assets Demand deposits (gold)	44,952 211,383 297-201	46.598 295.741 297.201	1297 201	$139,380 \\ 31,023 \\ 334,195 \\ 297,201 \\ 1,393 \\ 304,286$
Gold	558 374 15.775 19.381 27,508	19,358	377	15,389	Short-term deposits: Central banks—Own account Other Long-term deposits: Special	469,905 55.660 228,909	422.157 53.437 228.909	471.371 79.535 228.909	505,345 37,810 228,909 264,135

\* Latest month available.
<sup>1</sup> As of Mar. 5, 1951, gold revalued from .287595 to .148112 grams of fine gold per guarani.
<sup>2</sup> This figure represents the amount of the bank's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund. Until such time as the Fund engages in operations in this currency, the "net claim" will equal the country's gold contribution.
<sup>3</sup> In November 1949, part of the gold and foreign exchange holdings of the bank were revalued.
<sup>4</sup> On Dec. 31, 1949, gold revalued from 172 to 248 shillings per fine ounce.
<sup>5</sup> Includes small amount of non-Government bonds.

NOTE - For details relating to individual items in certain bank statements, see BULLETIN for January 1950, p. 120.

## MONEY RATES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

## DISCOUNT RATES OF CENTRAL BANKS

[Per cent per annum]

			Centra	al banl	s of—-				_				
Date effective	United King- dom	France	Ger- many	Bel- gium	Neth- er- lands	Swe-	Switz- er- land	Central bank of—	Rate July 31	Date effective	Central bank of—	Rate July 31	Date effective
In effect Dec. 31, 1945 Nov. 7, 1946 Dec. 19 Jan. 10, 1947	2	13/4		21/2 3	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Argentina Austria Belgium Bolivia	315 6 314 6	July 3, 1952	ltaly Japan Java Mexico	4 5.84 3 41⁄2	Apr. 6, 1950 Oct. 1, 1951 Apr. 1, 1946 June 4, 1942
Aug. 27 Oct. 9 June 28, 1948 Sept. 6 Oct. 1 May 27, 1949 July 14		31/2 &4	141/2			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Canada Chile Colombia Costa Rica	2 41⁄3 4 4	Oct. 17, 1950 June 13, 1935 July 18, 1933 Feb. 1, 1950	Netherlands New Zealand. Norway Pakistan	31/2 11/2 21/2 3	Jan. 22, 1952 July 26, 1941 Jan. 9, 1946 July 1. 1948
Oct. 6 June 8, 1950 Sept. 11 Sept. 26 Oct. 27 Dec. 1 Apr. 17, 1951	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	21/2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3¼ 3¾	····· 3 ····· 4	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Denmark Ecuador Egypt El Salvador	$510 \\ 3^{1/2} \\ 3$	Nov. 2, 1950 May 13, 1948 July 5, 1952 Mar. 22, 1950	Peru Portugal South Africa. Spain	6 21⁄2 4 4	Nov. 13, 1947 Jan. 12, 1944 Mar. 27, 1952 Mar. 18, 1949
July 5 Sept. 13 Oct. 11 Nov. 8 Nov. 9 Jan. 22, 1952 Mar. 12 May 29	21/2	3 4		3¼	 3½	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Finland France Germany Greece India Ireland	534 4 15 12 312 312	Dec. 16, 1951 Nov. 9, 1951 May 29, 1952 July 12, 1948 Nov. 15, 1951 Mar. 25, 1952	Sweden Switzerland Turkey United King- dom USSR	$3 \\ 1 \frac{1}{2} \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4$	Dec. 1, 1950 Nov. 26, 1936 Feb. 26, 1951 Mar. 12, 1952 July 1, 1936
In effect July 31, 1952		4	15				11/2	NOTE.—Chan	ges sind	r the Land Centr ce July 31: Germ		rom 5 t	o 4½; Nether-

NOTE.—Changes since July 31: Germany—Aug. 21, from 5 to 4½; Nether-lands—Aug. 1, from 3½ to 3 per cent.

## **OPEN-MARKET RATES**

[Per cent per annum]

	Canada		United K	ingdom		France	Nethe	rlands	Sweden	Switzer- land
м́onth	Treasury bills 3 months	Bankers' acceptances 3 months	Treasury bills 3 months	Day-to- day money	Bankers' allowance on deposits	Day-to- day money	Treasury bills 3 months	Day-to- day money	Loans up to 3 months	Private discount rate
1942—June 1943—June 1944—June 1945—June 1946—June 1946—June 1948—June 1948—June 1948—June 1950—June	.54 .50 .39 .36 .39 .41 .41 .51 .51 .75	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \ .03 \\ 1 \ .03 \\ 1 \ .03 \\ 1 \ .03 \\ .53 \\ .53 \\ .56 \\ .63 \\ .69 \\ .69 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.09\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ 1.00\\ .50\\ .51\\ .51\\ .52\\ .51\\ .51\\ .51\end{array}$	$1.00 \\ 1.06 \\ 1.13 \\ 1.13 \\ .63 \\ $	$ \begin{array}{r} .50\\.50\\.50\\.50\\.50\\.50\\.50\\.50\\.50\\.50\\$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.58\\ 1.67\\ 1.58\\ .74\\ 1.32\\ 1.45\\ 2.02\\ p2.46\\ 2.52\\ 2.52\\ 2.52\\ \end{array} $			3-51/2 3-51/2 3-51/2 2/2-5 2/2-5 2/2-4/2 2/2-4/2 2/2-4/2 2/2-4/2 2/2-4/2 3-5	$\begin{array}{c} 1.25\\ 1.25\\ 1.25\\ 1.25\\ 1.25\\ 1.25\\ 1.50\\ 1.50\\ 1.50\\ 1.50\\ \end{array}$
1951—July August, September, October, November, December,	.77 .79 .88 .93 .92 .89	.93 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.38 1.50	.51 .51 .51 .84 .98	.63 .63 .63 .92 1.00	.50 .50 .50 .50 .69 .75	2.57 2.64 2.56 2.78 3.27 3.50	1.39 1.38 1.24 1.16 1.17 1.21	.91 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	3-5 <b>3-5</b> <b>3-5</b> <b>3-5</b> <b>3-5</b> <b>3-5</b>	1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50
1952—January February March April May June	.89 .91 .94 .98 1.02 1.08	1.50 1.50 2.48 3.00 3.00 3.00	.97 .99 2.01 2.35 2.37 2.43	1.00 1.00 1.82 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25	.75 .75 1.57 2.00 2.00 2.00	3.50 3.93 3.95 3.88 3.84 3.66	1.18 1.17 1.38 1.40 1.25 1.20	1.001.001.001.00.90.75	3-5 3-5 3-5 3-5 3-5 3-5	$\begin{array}{c} 1.50 \\ 1.50 \\ 1.50 \\ 1.50 \\ 1.50 \\ 1.50 \\ 1.50 \end{array}$

Preliminary.

Note.—For monthly figures on money rates in these and other foreign countries through 1941, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 172 pp. 656-661, and for description of statistics see pp. 571-572 in same publication.

### **COMMERCIAL BANKS**

	· · · · ·				· · · ·							
United Kingdom <sup>1</sup>				Assets					_	Li	abilities	
(11 London clearing banks. Figures in	Cash	Money at call and	Bills dis-	Treasury deposit	Securitie	Loans		Other		Deposi	:5	Other liabilities
millions of pounds sterling)	reserves	short notice	counted	receipts 2		custon	iers	assets	Total	Deman	d Time	and capital
1946—December 1947—December 1948—December 1949—December 1950—December	499 502 502 532 540	432 480 485 571 592	610 793 741 1,109 1,408	1,560 1,288 1,397 793 <b>456</b>	1,427 1,483 1,478 1,512 1,528	99 1,21 1,39 1,53 1,66	9 6 4	505 567 621 579 735	5,935 6,200 6,202	3,962 4,159 4,161	1,972 2,041 2,041	342 396 420 427 550
1951 — August September October November December	515 503 514 517 531	573 582 579 562 598	1,185 1,276 1,330 901 972	306 216 177 108 102	1,549 1,553 1,555 2,033 1,965	1,86 1,88 1,91 1,93 1,95	8 0 5	755 741 778 787 867	6,135 6,204 6,189	4,068 4,140 4,118	2,067 2,063 2,071	612 624 638 654 651
1952—January February March April May June July	521 492 501 491 504 501	605 526 526 512 518 537 535	965 856 854 883 936 1,064 1,139	66 15	1,954 1,944 1,935 1,934 1,932 1,917 1,917	1,92 1,94 1,95 1,96 1,90 1,87 1,83	5 9 7 1 5	824 804 789 821 713 720 690	5,893           5,887           5,994           5,903           5,003	3,923 3,914 3,952 3,840 3,909	1,971 1,974 2,042 2,063 2,155	659 689 667 623 587 559 558
		Assets							Liabiliti	es		
Canada (10 chartered banks. End of month figures	Enti	rely in Car	ada	Security loans abroad				Note	Deposits payal excluding inter			Other
in millions of Canadian dollars)	Cash reserves	Security loans	Other loans and discounts	and net due from foreign banks	Securitie	othe asset		circula tion		Deman	d Time	liabilities and capital
1946—December 1947—December 1948—December 1949—December 1950—December	753 731 749 765 824	136 105 101 133 134	1,507 1,999 2,148 2,271 2,776	132 106 144 146 171	4,232 3,874 4,268 4,345 4,286	1,03 1,15 1,16 1,05 1,30	9 9 8	21 18 10 14 (*)	6,412 5 7,027	2,671 2,970 2,794	3,740 4,057 4,433	1,525 1,544 1,537 1,477 1,667
1951—July August September October November December	798 784 788 835 843 907	84 90 107 111 96 107	3,043 3,073 3,045 3,034 3,123 3,028	209 260 217 182 166 227	3,840 3,832 3,876 3,876 3,894 3,876	1,34 1,33 1,24 1,40 1,42 1,46	9 2 3 3	(\$) (\$) (\$) (\$)	7,658 7,667 7,637 7,752 7,829 7,896	3,084 3,042 3,177 3,213	4,583 4,595 4,575 4,616	1,665 1,710 1,639 1,688 1,715 1,714
1952—January February March April May June	869 809 880 897 785 813	107 95 97 140 132 138	2,955 2,918 2,949 2,960 3,012 3,048	183 231 202 236 255 328	3,927 4,003 4,095 4,068 4,100 4,067	1,30 1,35 1,39 1,37 1,35 1,45	3 0 0 0	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	7,705 7,761 7,979 7,987 7,979 8,120	3,076 3,231 3,230 3,210	4,685 4,748 4,757 4,769	1,637 1,648 1,634 1,685 1,685 1,655 1,727
France			Assets							Liabilities		
(4 large banks. End of month figures in millions of francs)	Cash re <b>s</b> erves	Due from banks	Bills dis counted		s Ot				Deposits		Own accept- ances	Other liabilities and
							Tot	-	Demand	Time		capital
1946       -December         1947       -December         1948       -December         1949       -December         1950       -December	18,007 22,590 45,397 40,937 48,131	18,940 19,378 35,633 42,311 52,933	195,223 219,386 354,245 426,690 527,525	86,87 126,24 129,50	75 27, 16 34, 01 29,	409 3 030 8 843 0	91,9 341,5 52,2 527,2 749,9	547 221 266	290,055 338,090 545,538 619,204 731,310	1,890 3,457 6,683 8,062 18,618	15,694 25,175 30,638 26,355 28,248	7,145 8,916 12,691 15,662 17,316
1951—June July August September October November December	47,856 52,131 49,453 52,015 48,996 47,980 60,215	62,305 66,660 65,572 64,414 79,337 81,460 72,559	522,657 478,256 485,824 540,986 520,457 506,061 627,648	174,62 171,38 167,36 173,53 179,93	25         50,           30         49,           52         52,           80         59,           33         61,	030 582 138 099 658	77,2 753,6 753,6 805,6 799,9 793,0 906,9	628 627 610 918 078	756,997 733,546 732,964 783,881 777,973 768,657 879,767	20,222 20,082 20,663 21,729 21,946 24,422 27,145	32,544 32,933 30,611 30,952 35,382 35,372 33,774	30,828 35,141 37,573 40,353 46,120 48,641 23,547
1952January February March April May	53,133 50,662 48,669 45,646 48,832	75,407 73,868 75,148 72,947 75,533	534,792 538,245 555,883 556,151 618,190	183,50 174,04 180,55	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	310 219 474	331,6 327,9 334,4 331,7 391,4	946 482 729	801,854 796,396 802,481 800,944 861,703	29,837 31,551 32,002 30,786 29,719	30,433 30,414 28,953 28,482 27,025	26,854 26,227 30,531 36,556 39,893

<sup>1</sup> This table represents aggregates of figures reported by individual banks. Data are compiled on the third Wednesday of each month, except in June and December when the statements give end-of-month data.
<sup>2</sup> Represent six-month loans to the Treasury with a yield of ½ per cent after October 1945.
<sup>3</sup> Less than \$500,000.

Note.—For details concerning data in earlier years, see BULLETIN for February 1952, p. 466; and for back figures and figures on German commercial banks, see *Banking and Monetary Statistics*, Tables 168-171, pp. 648-655, and for description of statistics see pp. 566-571 in same publication.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

[Averages of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers. In cents per unit of foreign currency]

		Argentina (peso)		Aus-		tium anc)		nzil xeiro)	British		lada llar)
Year or month	Basic	Prefer- ential	Free	tralia (pound)		"Bank notes" account	Official	Free	Malay- sla <sup>1</sup> (dollar)	Official	Free
1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	29.773 29.773 29.773 29.774 26.571 20.000		8.289 7.067	321.34 321.00 321.22 293.80 223.15 223.07	2.2829 2.2817 2.2816 2.2009 1.9908 1.9859	2.1407 1.9722 21.9622	5.4 5.4 5.4	403 406 406 406 406	42.973 32.788 32.849	95,198 100,000 100,000 97,491 90,909	93.288 91.999 91.691 92.881 91.474 94.939
1951—September October November December.	$\begin{array}{r} 20.000 \\ 20.000 \\ 20.000 \\ 20.000 \\ 20.000 \end{array}$	13.333 13.333 13.333 13.333 13.333	6.952 6.974 6.937 6.986	223.01 223.06 223.15 222.61	1.9866 1.9838 1.9838 1.9838	<sup>2</sup> 1.9876	5.4 5.4	406 406 406 406	32.850 32.850 32.850 32.850 32.830	• • • • • • • • • • •	94.706 95.112 95.820 97.410
1952—January. February. March. April. June. July. August.	$\begin{array}{c} 20,000\\ 20,000\\ 20,000\\ 20,000\\ 20,000\\ 20,000\\ 20,000\\ 20,000\\ 20,000\\ 20,000\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13.333\\ 13.333\\ 13.333\\ 13.333\\ 13.333\\ 13.333\\ 13.333\\ 13.333\\ 13.333\\ 13.333\end{array}$	6.979 7.115 7.172 7.164 7.169 7.183 7.196 7.194	221.92 222.00 223.03 224.10 223.24 221.88 222.17 222.19	$\begin{array}{c} 1.9838\\ 1.9838\\ 1.9838\\ 1.9838\\ 1.9838\\ 1.9838\\ 1.9838\\ 1.9838\\ 1.9838\\ 1.9842\\ 1.9879\end{array}$		5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4	406 406 406 406 406 406 406 406 406	$\begin{array}{c} 32.691\\ 32.662\\ 32.783\\ 32.921\\ 32.752\\ 32.505\\ 32.509\\ 32.445 \end{array}$		99.490 99.869 100.375 101.891 101.615 102.086 103.120 103.984
Year or month	Ceylon	Czecho- slovakia	Den- mark	Finland		ance anc)	Germany (deutsche	India	Ireland	Mexico	Neth- erlands
	(rupee)	(koruna)	(krone)	(markka)	Official	Free	mark)	(rupee)	(pound)	(peso)	(guilder)
1946 1947 1948 1948 1940 1950 1951.	27.839 20.850 20.849	2.0060 2.0060 2.0060 2.0060 2.0060 3.0060 3.0060	$\begin{array}{r} 20.876\\ 20.864\\ 20.857\\ 19.117\\ 14.494\\ 14.491\end{array}$	4.4354		3409 3407 .3240 .3017 .2858 .2856	23.838 23.838	30.155 30.164 30.169 27.706 20.870 20.869	4280.38	$\begin{array}{r} 20.581 \\ 20.577 \\ 18.860 \\ 12.620 \\ 11.570 \\ 11.564 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 37.813\\ 37.760\\ 37.668\\ 34.528\\ 26.252\\ 26.264\end{array}$
1951—September. October November December.	$20.850 \\ 20.850 \\ 20.850 \\ 20.840$	2.0060 \$2.0060	$14.492 \\ 1$	4 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.2856 .2855 .2856 .2856	23.838 23.838 23.838 23.838 23.838	$20.870 \\ 20.870 \\ 20.870 \\ 20.861$	4280.38 280.38 280.38	$\begin{array}{r} 11.571 \\ 11.563 \\ 11.569 \\ 11.567 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 26.278 \\ 26.267 \\ 26.270 \\ 26.287 \end{array}$
1952—January February March. April. May July. August.	$\begin{array}{c} 20.799\\ 20.818\\ 20.916\\ 21.003\\ 20.961\\ 20.834\\ 20.871\\ 20.875\\ \end{array}$		14.492 14.492 14.492 14.492 14.492 14.492 14.492 14.492 6.14.492	$\begin{array}{r} .4354\\ .4354\\ .4354\\ .4354\\ .4354\\ .4354\\ .4354\\ .4354\\ .4354\\ .4354\\ .4354\end{array}$		$\begin{array}{r} .2856\\ .2854\\ .2856\\ .2856\\ .2856\\ .2856\\ .2856\\ .2856\\ .2856\\ .2856\\ .2856\end{array}$	23.838 23.838 23.838 23.838 523.838 523.838	$\begin{array}{c} 20.819\\ 20.839\\ 20.949\\ 21.031\\ 20.988\\ 20.870\\ 29.892\\ 20.893\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 280.38\\ 280.38\\ 280.38\\ 280.77\\ 280.07\\ 278.46\\ 278.82\\ 278.85 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 11.562\\ 11.561\\ 11.564\\ 11.569\\ 11.566\\ 11.5661\\ 11.574\\ 11.623 \end{array}$	26.320 26.329 26.319 26.340 26.337 26.317 26.324 26.317
Year or month	New Zealand (pound)	Norway (krone)	Philip- pine Republic (peso)	Portu- gal (escudo)	South Africa (pound)	Swe- den (krona)	Switz- erland (franc)	United King- dom (pound)		Uruguay (peso)	
1946. 1947 1948 1949. 1950. 1951.	$\begin{array}{r} 322.63\\ 322.29\\ 350.48\\ 365.07\\ 277.28\\ 277.19\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 20.176\\ 20.160\\ 20.159\\ 18.481\\ 14.015\\ 14.015\\ 14.015\end{array}$	49.723 49.621 49.639	$\begin{array}{r} 4.0501 \\ 4.0273 \\ 4.0183 \\ 3.8800 \\ 3.4704 \\ 3.4739 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 400.50\\ 400.74\\ 400.75\\ 366.62\\ 278.38\\ 278.33\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 25.859 \\ 27.824 \\ 27.824 \\ 25.480 \\ 19.332 \\ 19.327 \end{array}$	23.363 23.363 23.363 23.314 23.136 23.060	403.28 402.86 403.13 368.72 280.07 279.96	65.830 65.830 65.830 65.830 65.833 65.833	$\begin{array}{c} 56.280\\ 56.239\\ 56.182\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.189\end{array}$	42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553
1951—September October November December.	277.10 277.17 277.27 276.72	$14.015 \\ 1$	49.643 49.643 49.643 49.643	$3.4644 \\ 3.4598 \\ 3.4605 \\ 3.4726$	278.38 278.38 278.38 277.79	19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327	$\begin{array}{r} 22.963 \\ 22.916 \\ 22.882 \\ 22.900 \end{array}$	279.88 279.94 280.05 279.49	65.833 65.833 65.833 65.833	$56.189 \\ 56.180 \\ 56.180 \\ 56.180 \\ 56.180 \\ 56.180 \\ $	$\begin{array}{r} 42.553\\ 42.553\\ 42.553\\ 42.553\\ 42.553\end{array}$
1952—January February April June July August	$277.96 \\ 277.29$	$\begin{array}{c} 14.015\\ 14.015\\ 14.015\\ 14.015\\ 14.015\\ 14.015\\ 14.015\\ 14.015\\ 14.015\\ 14.015\\ \end{array}$	49.655 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677	3.4874 3.4863 3.4888 3.4906 3.4898 3.4801 3.4801 3.4793 3.4848	276.95 277.01 278.55 279.80 279.03 277.42 277.78 277.81	19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327	22.880 22.881 22.947 23.013 23.078 23.138 23.240 23.288	$\begin{array}{c} 278.15\\ 278.12\\ 279.67\\ 280.79\\ 280.07\\ 278.46\\ 278.82\\ 278.85\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 65 & 833 \\ 65 & 833 \\ 65 & 833 \\ 65 & 833 \\ 65 & 833 \\ 65 & 833 \\ 65 & 833 \\ 65 & 833 \\ 65 & 833 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ 56.180\\ \end{array}$	42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553

<sup>1</sup>, Beginning Aug. 27, 1951, quotations on Straits Settlements dollar were discontinued and quotations on Malayan dollar substituted. The two rates had been identical for a considerable period. <sup>2</sup> Based on quotations through Sept. 19, 1951. <sup>3</sup> Based on quotations through Oct. 26, 1951. <sup>4</sup> Based on quotations through May 8, 1952. <sup>6</sup> Based on quotations through May 8, 1952. <sup>6</sup> Based on quotations through May 8, 1952. <sup>6</sup> Based on quotations through May 1, 14, 1952. <sup>8</sup> Based on quotations through May 8, 1952.

NOTE.—For back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 173, pp. 662–682. For description of statistics, see pp. 572–573 in same publication, and for further information concerning rates and averages for previous years, see BULLETIN for December 1951, p. 1601; October 1950 p. 1419; January 1950, p. 123; October 1949, p. 1291; January 1949, p. 101; July 1947, p. 933; and February 1944, p. 209.

### PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES

### WHOLESALE PRICES-ALL COMMODITIES

[Index numbers]

Year or month	United States (1947-49 = 100)	<b>Canada</b> (1935-39 =100)	Mexico (1939 = 100)	United Kingdom (1930 = 100)	France (1949 = 100)	Italy (1938 = 100)	Japan (1934-36 average =1)	Nether- lands (1948 = 100)	Sweden (1935 = 100)	Switzer- land (Aug. 1939 =100)
1941           1942           1943           1944           1945           1946           1947           1948           1949           1950           1951           1951           1951           1952           November           December           1952           January           February           March           April	113 112 112	116 123 128 131 132 163 193 193 211 240 244 240 240 240 240 240 239 238 237 233 231 227	110 121 146 179 229 242 260 285 311 386 396 388 393 395 403 402 402 402 404 407	153 159 163 166 169 175 192 219 230 262 320 320 324 325 329 330 335 339 333 330	9 10 12 14 20 34 52 89 100 108 138 135 134 138 135 134 138 146 151 152 153 152 153 152	136 153 	2 2 2 4 4 16 48 128 209 246 342 340 348 353 359 356 358 355 358 357 353 349	100 104 117 143 142 142 142 143 144 145 145 145 145 143 144	172 189 196 194 186 199 214 216 227 299 305 304 304 304 304 306 317 318 320 320 322 321	171 195 203 207 205 200 208 217 206 203 227 224 222 223 227 226 228 227 224 222 223 227 226 228 227 224 222 221
May June July	112 111 112	225 227 226	406 405 400	328 328 337	145 P143 P144	<sup>p5,168</sup> <sup>p5,127</sup>	348 348	140 139	321 \$\$322	220 220 220 220

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary.

Sources.—See BULLETIN for January 1952, p. 108; August 1951, p. 1046; January 1950, p. 124; June 1949, p. 754; June 1948, p. 746; July 1947, p. 934; January 1941, p. 84; April 1937, p. 372; March 1937, p. 276; and October 1935, p. 678.

#### WHOLESALE PRICES-GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

[Indexes for groups included in total index above]

1 <u></u>	United States (1947-49 = 100)			(1	<b>Canada</b> (1935-39 = 100)			United Kingdom (1930 = 100)		Netherlands (1948 = 100)		
Year or month	Farm products	Processed foods	Other commod- ities	Farm products	Raw and partly manu- factured goods	Fully and chiefly manu- factured goods	Foods	Indus- trial products	Foods	Indus- trial raw products	Indu <b>s-</b> trial finished products	
1941	46 59 69 72 83 100 107 93 98 113	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. 98 106 96 100 111	64 68 69 70 71 78 95 103 101 105 116	107 127 145 155 165 177 190 230 226 237 265	114 123 131 134 136 140 164 196 197 213 238	119 124 127 129 130 138 162 192 199 211 242	146 158 160 158 158 158 165 181 197 221 247	156 160 164 170 175 184 207 242 249 286 <b>P</b> 364	100 101 112 122	100 108 128 171	100 104 116 143	
1951—July August September October November December	111 110 110 112 112 111	111 111 111 112 111 111 111	116 115 115 115 115 115	277 263 261 259 265 265 267	243 237 236 236 237 236	246 245 244 243 242 242 240	252 258 261 263 263 266	p361 p363 p363 p367 p368 p368 p368	118 119 121 122 124 129	170 172 171 174 177 174	144 143 142 142 142 142 141	
1952—January February March April. May June. July.	110 108 108 109 108 107 110	110 110 109 108 109 109 109 110	114 114 113 113 113 113 113	263 251 248 245 244 250 244 250 244	233 228 226 221 220 221 219	240 236 235 231 228 231 230	277 271 276 280 280 283 289	p368 p363 p366 p358 p355 p352 p348	130 133 130 130 128 127	176 172 169 166 165 163	141 141 139 138 136 134	

n.a. Not available. *p* Preliminary.

Sources.—See BULLETIN for January 1952, p. 108; August 1951, p. 1046; July 1947, p. 934; May 1942, p. 451; March 1935, p. 180; and March 1931, p. 159.

## PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES-Continued

#### **RETAIL FOOD PRICES** [Index numbers]

#### COST OF LIVING [Index numbers]

Year or month	United States <sup>1</sup> (1935-39 =100)		United King- dom (Jan. 15, 1952 =100)	France (1949 =100)	Nether- lands <sup>2</sup> (1949 =100)	Switz- er- land (Aug. 1939 = 100)	Year or month	United States <sup>1</sup> (1935–39 =100)	Can- ada (1935-39 =100)	United King- dom (Jan. 15, 1952 =100)	France (1949 =100)	Nether- lands <sup>2</sup> (1949 =100)	Switz- er- land (Aug. 1939 = 100)
1943 1944 1945 1945 1945 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1951 1951 1951 1951 1951 1951 1951 1951 0ctober November December.	138 136 139 160 194 210 202 205 227 227 227 227 227 227 227 227 229 231 232	131 131 133 140 160 196 203 211 241 250 251 251 250 249	67 72 76 82 91 93 93 94 95 96 97	12 15 21 36 57 92 100 111 128 127 129 132 137 139	100 111 121 127 124 124 125 123 122	161 164 164 160 170 176 176 176 181 181 182 183 184 184	1943 1944 1945 1945 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1951 September October November December.	186 187 187	118 119 119 124 136 155 161 167 185 188 189 190 190 191	77 82 84 86 95 95 96 97 98 98 98	12 16 22 35 57 90 100 111 130 130 131 133 136 140 143	100 109 119 122 121 121 121 121 120 119	148 151 153 152 158 163 162 159 167 167 167 168 169 170 171
1952-January February March April May June July	232	250 248 242 240 235 237 240	100 100 101 104 104 109	142 145 144 142 139 137 <i>p</i> 136	123 124 124 125 124 P124	183 182 182 182 183 184 <sup>p</sup> 185	1952-January February March April May June July	189 189	192 191 189 189 187 187 187	100 100 101 102 102 104	146 149 148 147 145 143 P143	120 120 120 120 119 119	171 171 171 170 171 171 171 <i>p</i> 171

Preliminary.
 <sup>1</sup> Adjusted series reflecting allowances for rents of new housing units and, beginning January 1950, interim revision of series and weights.
 <sup>2</sup> Beginning January 1952, the index is based on data for 21 communities instead of 9 as heretofore.

Sources.—See BULLETIN for August 1952, p. 961; January 1952, p. 109; August 1951, p. 1047; October 1950, p. 1421; January 1950, p. 125; July 1947, p. 935; May 1942, p. 451; October 1939, p. 943; and April 1937, p. 373.

SECURITY PRICES

	[Index numbers except as otherwise specified]										
	Bonds					Common stocks					
Year or month	United States (high grade) <sup>1</sup>	<b>Canada</b> (1935-39 =100)	United Kingdom (December 1921 = 100)	France <sup>2</sup> (1949 = 100)	Nether- lands	United States (1935-39 =100)	Canada (1935-39 =100)	United Kingdom (1926=100)	France <sup>2</sup> (1949 = 100)	Nether- lands	
Number of issues	17		87	60	14	416	105	278	295	27	
1944 1945 1946 1947 1947 1949 1950 1951 1951 September October November December	118.7 121.6 123.4 122.1 118.3 121.0 122.0 117.7 117.1 118.0 116.9 115.3 114.8	103.0 105.2 117.2 118.5 105.0 107.6 109.6 95.7 95.3 95.2 94.6 92.8 89.3	127.5 128.3 132.1 130.8 129.9 126.5 121.2 117.6 116.6 116.5 116.3 115.0 110.9	136.8 138.3 131.5 120.0 106.4 100.0 99.8 101.4 7101.8 r103.1 r104.2 r103.3 r103.3	109.6 105.6 107.1 106.8 106.7 87.0 80.3 78.1 81.3 80.3 78.3	99.8 121.5 139.9 123.0 124.4 126.4 176.5 181.5 187.3 185.0 177.7 182.5	83.8 99.6 115.7 106.0 112.5 109.4 131.6 168.3 169.7 179.8 183.3 174.0 177.3	88.6 92.4 94.6 92.0 87.6 90.0 97.1 96.5 97.4 99.0 97.3 94.9	100 92 113 r113 r123 r132 r132 r132 r127 r129	265 195 233 240 219 217 215 207 215 207 206	
1952—January February March April May June July	115.5 116.5 115.9 116.2 116.3 116.2 116.0	88.2 87.8 86.9 86.7 88.8 87.7 85.3	110.4 110.5 107.3 108.5 108.6 105.8 105.8	r103.5 r103.3 r105.2 r105.3 r110.7 r113.9 p114.2	80.0 81.5 83.3 83.9 84.5 85.2 85.4	187.1 183.2 185.2 183.6 183.7 187.6 192.1	181.7 179.5 177.6 175.8 169.0 171.6 174.9	95.0 92.8 90.5 91.6 92.0 89.6 89.9	r139 r149 r149 r144 r136 r142 p145	204 198 191 185 185 184 190	

Preliminary.
 Preces derived from average yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation, on basis of a 4 per cent 20-year bond.
 Beginning August 1951, figures are revised to show monthly averages rather than end-of-month quotations. Yearly averages for 1951 and previous years, however, are based on end-of-month data and are therefore not strictly comparable.

NOTE.—For sources and description of statistics, see BULLETIN for August 1952, p. 961; September 1951, p. 1219; March 1951, p. 357; June 1948, p. 747; March 1947, p. 349; November 1937, p. 1172; July 1937, p. 698; April 1937, p. 373; June 1935, p. 394; and February 1932, p. 121,

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FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

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Federal Reserve Bank of	Chairman <sup>1</sup> Deputy Chairman	President First Vice President	Vice Pre (Vice Presidents in charg lower section	e of branches are listed in
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Richmond	Charles P. McCormick John B. Woodward, Jr.	Hugh Leach J. S. Walde <b>n, Jr.</b>	R, W. Mercer <sup>3</sup>	K. Brantley Wat <b>son</b> Edw. A. Wayne Chas. W. Williams
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Kansas City	Robert B. Caldwell Cecil Puckett	H. G. Leedy Henry O. Koppang		Clarence W. <b>Tow</b> D. W. Woolley
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San Francisco	Brayton Wilbur William R. Wallace, Jr.	C. E. Earhart H. N. Mangels		Ronald T. Sym <b>ms</b> ' O. P. Wheeler
VICE	PRESIDENTS IN CHAR	GE OF BRANCHES OF I	FEDERAL RESERV	E BANKS
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CHAIRMEN, DEPUTY CH	HAIRMEN, AND	SENIOR OFFICE	RS OF FEDERAL	RESERVE BANK	(S

Federal Reserve Federal Reserve Branch Vice Presidents Branch Vice Presidents Bank of Bank of New York..... Buffalo I. B. Smith Minneapolis... Helena C. W. Groth W. D. Fulton J. W. Kossin Cleveland . . . . . Cincinnati G. A. Gregory R. L. Mathes L. H. Earhart Kansas City... Denver Pittsburgh Oklahoma City D. F. Hagner R. L. Cherry Richmond..... Baltimore Omaha Charlotte John L. Liles, Jr. T. A. Lanford R. E. Moody, Jr. E. P. Paris Atlanta ..... Birmingham C. M. Rowland W. H. Holloway W. E. Eagle El Paso Dallas.... Jacksonville Houston Nashville San Antonio New Orleans W. F. Volberg J. A.Randall W. L. Partner J. M. Leisner Chicago..... San Francisco.. Detroit H. J. Chalfont Los Angeles C. M. Stewart C. A. Schacht Paul E. Schroeder Portland St. Louis..... Little Rock Salt Lake City Louisville Seattle Memphis <sup>2</sup> Cashier. <sup>3</sup> Also Cashier. <sup>4</sup>Counsel.

<sup>1</sup> Also Federal Reserve Agent.

## FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD PUBLICATIONS<sup>1</sup>

The material listed below may be obtained from the Division of Administrative Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington 25, D. C. Remittance should be made payable to the order of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

- FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN. Issued monthly. Subscription price in the United States and its possessions, Bolivia, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Haiti, Republic of Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, El Salvador, Uruguay, and Venezuela is \$2.00 per annum or 20 cents per copy; elsewhere \$2.60 per annum or 25 cents per copy. Group subscriptions in the United States for 10 or more copies to one address, 15 cents per copy per month, or \$1.50 for 12 months.
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- HISTORICAL SUPPLEMENT TO FEDERAL RESERVE CHARTS ON BANK CREDIT, MONEY RATES, AND BUSINESS. Issued semiannually, usually April and September. Annual subscription to monthly chart book includes one issue of supplement. Single copies, 60 cents each; in quantities of 10 or more copies for single shipment, 50 cents each. (Domestic rates)
- BANKING STUDIES. Comprising 17 papers on banking and monetary subjects by members of the Board's staff. August 1941; reprinted March 1949. 496 pages. Paper cover. \$1.00 per copy; in quantities of 10 or more copies for single shipment, 75 cents each.

<sup>1</sup> A more complete list, including periodical releases and reprints, appeared on pp. 726-29 of the June 1952 BULLETIN.

- BANKING AND MONETARY STATISTICS. Statistics of banking, monetary, and other financial developments. November 1943. 979 pages. \$1.50 per copy. No charge for available individual sections (unbound).
- RULES OF ORGANIZATION AND RULES OF PROCEDURE— Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (with amendments). September 1946. 31 pages.
- THE FEDERAL RESERVE ACT, as amended to November 1, 1946, with an Appendix containing provisions of certain other statutes affecting the Federal Reserve System. 372 pages. 50 cents per paper-bound copy; \$1.00 per cloth-bound copy.
- THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM—ITS PURPOSES AND FUNCTIONS. November 1947; reprinted April 1951. 125 pages. 75 cents per cloth-bound copy; in quantities of 10 or more copies for single shipment, 50 cents each. Paper-bound copies available without charge.
- DISTRIBUTION OF BANK DEPOSITS BY COUNTIES AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS, as of December 30, 1950. July 1951. 125 pages.
- A STATISTICAL STUDY OF REGULATION V LOANS. September 1950. 74 pages. 25 cents per copy; in quantities of 10 or more copies for single shipment, 15 cents each.
- COMPILATION OF FEDERAL AND STATE LAWS RELAT-ING TO BRANCH BANKING IN THE UNITED STATES. (July 1, 1951.) December 1951. 33 pages.
- THE DEVELOPMENT OF BANK DEBITS AND CLEARINGS AND THEIR USE IN ECONOMIC ANALYSIS. January 1952. 175 pages. 25 cents per copy; in quantities of 10 or more copies for single shipment, 15 cents each.
- REGULATIONS OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM. Individual regulations with amendments.

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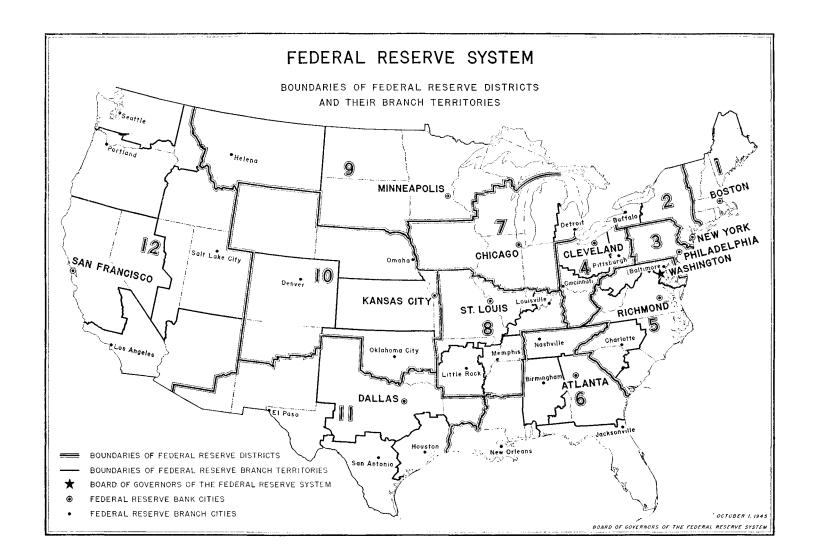
#### REPRINTS

(From Federal Reserve Bulletin unless preceded by an asterisk)

- THE INTERNATIONAL MOVEMENT OF GOLD AND DOL-LARS IN 1950. March 1951. 10 pages.
- \* THE TREASURY—CENTRAL BANK RELATIONSHIP IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES—PROCEDURES AND TECH-NIQUES. November 1950. April 1951. 19 pages.
- TRENDS IN INTERNATIONAL TRADE AND PAYMENTS. April 1951. 14 pages.
- HOUSE PURCHASES IN THE FIVE MONTHS FOLLOWING THE INTRODUCTION OF REAL ESTATE CREDIT REGU-LATION. July 1951. 23 pages.
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- CREDIT AND SALES REPORTED BY REGULATION W REGISTRANTS. October 1951. 12 pages.
- REVISED INDEXES OF DEPARTMENT STORE SALES AND STOCKS BY DISTRICTS. December 1951. 53 pages.
- ECONOMIC PROBLEMS FACING POST-TREATY JAPAN. January 1952. 11 pages.
- THE SECOND ARMAMENT BUDGET. February 1952. 9 pages.
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- RECENT CHANGES IN GERMANY'S FOREIGN TRADE BALANCE. March 1952. 7 pages.
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- Revised Weekly Index of Department Store Sales. April 1952. 4 pages.

- 1952 Survey of Consumer Finances-Consumer Plans for Spending and Saving. April 1952. 6 pages. PART I. CONSUMER EXPECTATIONS AS TO ECONOMIC TRENDS AND CONSUMER INVESTMENT PREFERENCES. July 1952. 17 pages. PART II. PUR-CHASES OF DURABLE GOODS AND HOUSES IN 1951 AND BUYING PLANS FOR 1952. August 1952. 16 pages. PART III. INCOME, SELECTED INVEST-MENTS, AND SHORT-TERM DEBT OF CONSUMERS. September 1952. 28 pages. Also, similar survey for 1946 from June-September 1946 Bul-LETINS, 28 pages; for 1947 from June-August and October 1947 BULLETINS, 48 pages; for 1948 from June-September and November 1948 Bul-LETINS, 70 pages; for 1949 from June-November 1949 and January 1950 BULLETINS, 124 pages; for 1950 from April and June-December 1950 Bul-LETINS, 106 pages, which includes THE METHODS OF THE SURVEY OF CONSUMER FINANCES; for 1951 from June-September and December 1951 Bul-LETINS, 86 pages.
- STATEMENT BY CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF GOV-ERNORS BEFORE SUBCOMMITTEE ON GENERAL CREDIT CONTROL AND DEBT MANAGEMENT, MARCH 11, 1952. April 1952. 4 pages.
- CHANGES IN INSTALMENT CREDIT TERMS. May 1952. 6 pages.
- EXCESS PROFITS TAXES OF COMMERCIAL BANKS. June 1952. 18 pages.
- REAL ESTATE LOANS OF REGISTRANTS UNDER REGU-LATION X. June 1952. 18 pages.
- FINANCING OF LARGE CORPORATIONS IN 1951. June 1952. 6 pages.
- ESTIMATED LIQUID ASSET HOLDINGS OF INDIVIDUALS AND BUSINESSES. July 1952. 2 pages.
- BALANCE SHEET OF AGRICULTURE, 1952. July 1952. 14 pages.





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