# FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN 

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## BOARD OF GOVERNORS

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## Trends in Consumer Goods

Consumer incomes and demands have continued to expand this year. Total personal income reached an annual rate of $\$ 324$ billion in June, compared with $\$ 306$ billion a year earlier. Disposable income after taxes increased about as much over the past twelve months as in the earlier phase of the general economic expansion from mid-1954 to June 1955. Consumer buying has increased less than income this year, as shown in the chart, in contrast to the greater rise relative to income last year, when purchases of passenger automobiles were exceptionally large. Instalment credit extensions have shown some reduction from the advanced rates reached in mid- 1955. Repayment of debt has increased further, and consumer buying has been supported to a much smaller extent by instalment credit than in 1955.

Consumer prices showed little over-all change in early 1956, but in recent months food prices have increased more than seasonally and prices of some other goods and of services have continued to edge up. The average level at midyear was 1.6 per cent higher than in mid-1955.

While retail prices of industrial goods were changing little last year, wholesale prices were generally rising as demands for industrial commodities expanded and capacity operations were reached in a number of basic industries.

Prospects of further steel price increases and of work stoppages added to strong demands for steel mill products this year. Prices of various other industrial commodities advanced and farm product prices re-
covered significantly to levels somewhat above those a year earlier. Demands for some materials declined during the second quarter as world supplies improved and use in the auto industry decreased. Average wholesale prices changed little in May and June, but advances of about 7 per cent in finished steel prices in July and early August contributed to a resumption of the rise in industrial prices.


Note-Based on Department of Commerce seasonally adjusted data for income and sales and Bureau of Labor Statistics data for prices. Latest data are estimates for July.

The recent wage settlements in the steel industry-ending a work stoppage of more than one month-provided for an immediate increase of 10.5 cents per hour in basic wage rates and other benefits estimated to amount to an additional 10 cents per hour. Further wage increases and other gains in
each of the next two years are also provided in the settlements. Wage advances had been negotiated earlier in some other industries, and increases in additional industries are in prospect. These wage advances, together with the poststrike upswing in industrial activity now under way, are resulting in substantial increases in manufacturing payrolls.

In nonmanufacturing lines, employment and employee earnings showed an accelerated growth in the first half of the year, farmers' cash receipts were maintained, and farm wage rates rose. Minimum wage rates under the Fair Labor Standards Act were raised on March 1 from $\$ .75$ to $\$ 1.00$ per hour.

## TOTAL AND CONSUMER GOODS OUTPUT

The leveling off in industrial production in late 1955 at a new record rate of operations reflected mainly output at near-capacity limits for a number of basic industrial materials and curtailments in the auto and residential construction industries from exceptionally high levels of activity. Consumer buying of most goods continued to expand, and stronger demands developed for business durable equipment and nonresidential construction. Expansion in these lines took place without more substantial price advances partly because of the readjustments in autos and housing.

Throughout this period of redirection of resources extending from last autumn to June, the Board's index of industrial production ranged between 141 and 144 of the 1947-49 average; the range was between 107 and 109 per cent of the 1953-55 average used in the accompanying chart. Activity in lines manufacturing finished consumer goods, which accounted for about one-third of the total index last autumn, has

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION


Note.-Seasonally adjusted indexes of special groupings. Latest data are for July.
generally been maintained since that time, except for autos-as indicated in the chart showing special groupings expressed in terms of points in the total index of industrial production.

Output in industries producing business durable equipment and ordnance increased about 10 per cent from autumn to midyear. More adequate supplies of certain materials such as steel plate would have permitted an even more rapid expansion in some lines like railroad cars and shipbuilding. The relatively large rise in April reflected the ending of a five-month strike at plants of a leading electrical equipment manufacturer.

By the spring of this year, total output of materials and parts, shown on the chart, was reduced by cutbacks in output of original equipment auto parts, metal stampings, copper mill products, glass, and various rubber and textile products used mainly by the auto industry. Production of lumber, roofing, and some other materials used in
residential construction was also at reduced levels.

In May steel output was curtailed by work stoppages at plants accounting for 4 per cent of capacity, and in late June a major stoppage began that involved an additional 82 per cent of the industry. With steel production in July reduced to 15 per cent of capacity and with related curtailments in iron and coal mining activity, there was a 5 per cent decrease in total industrial materials output. As production of finished consumer goods and of equipment and ordnance was largely maintained, the total index of industrial production declined only 4 per cent, or from 141 to 136 per cent of the 1947-49 base period.

With steel consumption sustained, after allowing for vacation influences, inventories were reduced in July and early August. Shortages, that existed in some types of steel before the strike, began to spread to other products before full-scale operations were resumed.

By mid-August steel production was back to 86 per cent of capacity. Further recovery is indicated this autumn to balance and replenish steel stocks, to facilitate the increased production of new model autos, and to permit various equipment and construction lines to go ahead with scheduled plans for expansion. The current recovery in total industrial output appears to be not so sharp as that after the two-month steel strike in mid-1952, when output of many goods was at less advanced levels and auto assemblies had been more than halved, as shown in the accompanying chart.

## AUTO MARKETS

Contraction in consumer purchases of new passenger automobiles this year is in contrast to increased demands for most other
goods and services. In the early part of the 1956 model year, consumer demand for new autos was close to the year-earlier level, but below the advanced third-quarter 1955 rate. Output rates, although declining from the November peak shown on the chart, were held considerably above sales in order to accumulate dealers' stocks for the spring selling season. By February stocks reached nearly 900,000 units and were about threefifths larger than a year earlier.


Note.-Consumer prices for new autos based on Bureau of Labor Statistics data; for used cars, advertised prices based on trade data for low-priced late models, after allowance for depreciation. Latest data are for July.

Sales of new cars showed no seasonal expansion during the important selling season, March through June. The number sold was more than one-fifth below the corresponding period in 1955, but about the same as in 1953 and 1954. Output was curtailed further in late April, and stocks began to decline in May. By early August stocks were about one-tenth below the yearearlier total. With monthly output scheduled to be cut to around 325,000 autos
during the current model change-over period, dealers' stocks are likely to be reduced to relatively low levels.

The change-over curtailment in auto production will be followed by a more than seasonal increase in the fourth quarter to a rate within 10 per cent of that in the fourth quarter of last year, according to trade reports. The prospective volume, added to the 3.8 million cars assembled by midAugust, suggests a total output for 1956 between 140 and 145 per cent of the 194749 average.

Average output levels similar to that for automobiles are indicated for original equipment parts and for the various materials used in new auto production. These levels relative to 1947-49 are roughly comparable to those maintained by producers of major household goods and for total industrial production over the past year.

The decrease in auto output this year from 7.9 million units in 1955 apparently had its origin in market developments in that year. The expansion in sales was very large, influenced by recovery from the 195354 recession, by broad styling and engineering changes, by liberalization of credit terms, and by large discounts from list prices and intense sales efforts.

Sales of 1956 models, which were not greatly changed in design from 1955 models, have been on about the same credit terms as those in effect after the middle of last year. Also, sales since March have been at somewhat higher net prices to consumers than in the same period of 1955. Factory prices and dealers' list prices on the 1956 models were raised about 5 per cent, and discounts and allowances on trade-ins this spring and summer have not been significantly larger than they were last year. This year's sales experience, compared with that
of 1955 , indicates a shift in buying standards; the highest priced and the lower priced cars generally have shown less reduction in sales than medium priced cars.

Demand for used cars this year has been better maintained than that for new cars. Sales of used cars during the four months March-June were only about one-eighth below those a year earlier. During this period prices of late model cars, after allowance for depreciation, were rising as market sup-plies-originating mainly from trade-ins on new cars-were down more than one-eighth from a year earlier. Dealers' stocks of used cars declined about one-sixth from February to midyear when they were at the lowest level for this season of the year since 1952.

Consumers have continued to borrow heavily to finance auto purchases this year. Sales of new cars on credit have declined considerably less than cash sales. Along with the rise in the proportion of purchases made with borrowed funds, there has been an increase in the average amount borrowed, due in part to higher prices of autos. Consequently, the dollar amount of credit extended for auto purchases has decreased only half as much as unit sales from the spring and summer of 1955. The earlier expansion in credit extensions led to increased repayments this year and, although extensions have continued to exceed repayments, outstanding auto credit has risen at a much slower rate. Meanwhile, consumer credit extensions for other purposes have continued large.

## HOUSEHOLD AND OTHER DURABLE GOODS

Retail sales of goods other than autos have generally continued upward in 1956 and in the first half averaged 6 per cent larger than in the year-earlier period. Unfavorable shopping weather contributed to some de-
crease in Easter sales, but rising consumer incomes and more widespread sales promotion brought larger volume in the second quarter. The increase more than offset the reduced volume of auto sales, and at midyear total retail sales were at a new high, as the chart shows.

Expansion in sales at furniture and appliance retail outlets this year followed an increase of about one-tenth during 1955, which was much less than last year's rise in new auto sales. The continued expansion in household goods sales has occurred despite the effects in these markets of the reduced volume of home construction and auto output. New home building accounts for more than one-fifth of the market for major appliances and some other household goods, and this demand is supplied in part by retail stores. Production of radio sets for installation in autos has been sharply curtailed this year. During 1955 these sets accounted for about half of total radio output included in the Federal Reserve major household goods index. The number of other radio sets produced in the first six months of this year was about one-fourth larger than in the same period in 1955.

Over-all output of major household goods, which account for about 40 per cent of the total value of consumer durable goods production, reached 145 per cent of the 194749 average by mid-1955. This level was about one-fourth larger than in 1954 when output and inventories of major household goods had been curtailed. Following some replenishment during 1955, both factory and distributor stocks increased further during the first half of 1956, after the settlement of an extended work stoppage at plants of a major producer of appliances and television.

Output of major appliances and heating

RETAIL SALES
1953-55:100


Note.-Based on Department of Commerce seasonally adjusted data for dollar value of retail store sales. Latest data are estimates for July.
equipment reached a new peak in the first four months of this year, then decreased in May and June to levels moderately below those a year earlier. Output of television sets during the first half of the year was about one-tenth less than in the same period of 1955. While distributor stocks of television sets at midyear were larger than a year earlier, factory stocks were smaller and retail sales were rising further. Output of furniture and floor coverings changed little through July, at a level 5 per cent higher than a year earlier.

Except in the case of a few major appliances, retail prices of household durable goods changed little in the first half of 1956, according to Bureau of Labor Statistics data. Retail prices of vacuum cleaners declined 15 per cent, while refrigerator prices declined 5 per cent further to a level 15 per cent below a year earlier. Manufacturers' prices of these appliances changed relatively little. In July and early August manufacturers' prices of these and of some other consumer durable goods were raised.

Furniture prices at wholesale have changed little since late 1955, when they rose 4 per cent. Retail prices, which had declined earlier in 1955, leveled off after midyear and are reported to have changed little since then.

Output of miscellaneous consumer durables declined somewhat last winter reflecting mainly a drop in production of automotive replacement parts from an advanced yearend level. Over-all output of these parts and of small appliances, luggage, and various other home and personal goods subsequently held steady at an average level about 5 per cent above the corresponding period in 1955. Reflecting the larger number of cars on the road, shipments of passenger tires to the replacement market averaged 3 per cent larger in the first half of 1956 than a year earlier.

## NONDURABLE GOODS

In markets for such consumer nondurable goods as clothing, gasoline, and general merchandise, seasonally adjusted retail sales reached new peaks during the second quarter of 1956. Dollar value of sales of fresh and processed foods also increased further during the first half of the year.

Total output of consumer nondurable goods has been maintained in 1956. Early in the year decreases in output of certain major apparel items were offiset by further increases for some other products. The reduced rate of clothing and shoe production and curtailment in auto assemblies have been the main factors in the decrease in cotton and synthetic textile-mill activity this year. In recent months consumer buying of apparel reached advanced levels, as the chart shows. With output of apparel showing recovery by midyear and as the preparation for new model autos accel-

SELECTED DETAIL SALES


Note--Seasonally adjusted indexes of dollar value based on combinations of department store sales of apparel and major household durable goods and Department of Commerce data for apparel and furniture and appliance stores. Latest data are estimates for July.
erates, the basis for greater activity in the textile industry is indicated.

Food markets. Steady expansion over the past two years in consumer expenditures for foods has reflected further growth in population and income, a continuing shift of demand toward the more highly processed foods, and-more recently-higher food prices. When consumer expenditures for durable goods were rising sharply in late 1954 and in 1955, outlays for food apparently expanded less than in some other periods of rising incomes. This year, however, further income gains have been reflected in somewhat greater expansion in demands for foods. Although these demands have been accompanied generally by continued growth in supplies, retail food prices, which had declined in 1954 and 1955, rose 4 per cent this spring. At midyear such prices averaged 2 per cent higher than a year earlier.

Late in 1955 meat output increased more than seasonally and was nearly one-tenth larger than a year earlier, as the chart on the following page shows. Retail meat prices declined about 10 per cent, and wholesale prices of meat and livestock dropped substantially more. In the first half of this year meat production showed
less than the usual seasonal decline, and supplies continued to exceed the rising level of a year earlier by about 10 per cent. Despite large supplies, retail prices of meats recovered more than seasonally during the spring and early summer to levels near those of mid-1955.

Also contributing to this year's rise in average food prices were more than seasonal increases in prices of fresh fruits and vegetables. Late frosts delayed and to some extent reduced harvests of potatoes and other vegetables and fruits. Increased demands for other foods-mainly dairy products, poultry, and eggs-have been accompanied by larger market supplies and average prices of these products have changed little, as the chart shows.

Expanding consumer demands for foods, along with revisions in Federal agricultural programs that affect both domestic and export trends, have been reflected in a rise in


Note--Price indexes based on Bureau of Labor Statistics data. Seasonally adjusted index of meat output based on Department of Agriculture data for commercial slaughter. Latest data: June for prices; second quarter for output.
prices of farm products from the reduced levels reached at the end of 1955. In July prices received by farmers were up 10 per cent from December and were 3 per cent above the mid-July 1955 level. Supplies of meats are not expected to expand so much this autumn as a year earlier, and Federal agricultural price support levels generally are not being further reduced.

## Survey of Common Trust Funds, 1955

The annual survey of common trust funds, of which this is the first, is part of a program instituted by the Board of Governors to provide information concerning the uses made of principal accumulations of savings. Common trust funds, as special mediums for investment of trust funds in the care of banking institutions, recently have had a rapid growth that portends their future importance in this general area.

The term common trust fund means an investment "pool" operated and maintained by a bank or trust company exclusively for the purpose of combining the funds of many accounts held in a fiduciary capacity and created and used for true fiduciary purposes. ${ }^{1}$

There are two basic types of common trust funds, legal and discretionary. A legal fund is restricted to investments prescribed by State law or by a State authority as legal for the investment of trust funds. A discretionary fund is not limited to a legal list of investments, but is one that permits full investment discretion to the trustee. Either a legal or a discretionary fund may be diversified in its holdings or may be a special fund limited to one type or class of investment.

[^0]Common trust funds of the kind embraced in this Survey are established and maintained in conformity with the rules and regulations contained in Section 17 of Regulation F of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. This Section was promulgated December 31, 1937, coincident with the related provisions of the Internal Revenue Code dealing with tax exemption of such funds. Basic authority for the establishment of common trust funds has been enacted in all States except Iowa, and in the District of Columbia. Funds are now operated in 36 of these jurisdictions.

This Survey covers all common trust funds for general investment operated by banks and trust companies in the continental United States administered under subsection (c) of Section 17 of Regulation F, and which had been in operation for at least 12 months on January 31, 1956. There are 198 such funds operated by 162 banks and trust companies. The Survey attained complete coverage of all of these funds.

All statistics for 1955 cover a 12 -month period; the reporting period is not identical for all funds, however, because of variations in fiscal years and related valuation dates. The terminal date was in October 1955 in 35 per cent of the funds, November 1955 in 25 per cent, December 1955 in 14 per cent, and January 1956 in 26 per cent.

## INVESTMENTS HELD

The combined market value of the assets of the 198 common trust funds included in the Survey increased from $\$ 1,596$ million in 1954 to $\$ 1,857$ million in 1955 , as shown

Table 1
Investment Holdings, Purchases, and Sales of Common Trust Funds, 1954-55 ${ }^{1}$
[Dollar amounts in millions]

| Investment ${ }^{2}$ | Holdings, at beginning of period |  | Cost of purchases and other acquisitions | Proceeds from sales and redemptions | Holdings, at end of period |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | At market value | As percentage of total |  |  | At market value | As percentage of total |
| Total investments (including principal cash). | \$1,595.7 | 100.0 | \$356.1 | \$221.6 | \$1,856.5 | 100.0 |
| Bonds, notes, and certificates-total. | 632.9 | 39.6 | 210.5 | 125.5 | 708.4 | 38.2 |
| U. S. Govt-total. . . | 317.9 | 19.9 | 100.3 | 94.0 | 320.5 | 17.3 |
| Marketable, maturing: One year or less.... | 3.3 | . 2 | 24.1 | 23.5 | 5.0 | . 3 |
| After one year | 123.8 | 7.7 | 61.1 | 44.9 | 136.1 | 7.3 |
| Nonmarketable. | 190.8 | 12.0 | 15.1 | 25.6 | 179.4 | 9.7 |
| State and political subdivision. | 25.6 | 1.6 | 9.0 | 3.0 | 31.2 | 1.7 |
| Domestic corporate-total. | 273.5 | 17.1 | 92.2 | 24.0 | 336.9 | 18.1 |
| Industrial. | 74.1 | 4.6 | 18.9 | 9.8 | 82.0 | 4.4 |
| Public utilities | 131.0 | 8.2 | 42.5 | 7.3 | 163.9 | 8.8 |
| Railroad. | 41.0 | 2.6 | 10.3 | 3.5 | 47.1 | 2.5 |
| Other. | 27.4 | 1.7 | 20.5 | 3.4 | 44.0 | 2.4 |
| Other ${ }^{3}$. | 15.9 | 1.0 | 9.0 | 4.6 | 19.9 | 1.1 |
| Preferred stocks-total. | 190.2 | 11.9 | 49.4 | 26.0 | 213.7 | 11.5 |
| Industrial. . . . | 96.1 | 6.0 | 28.7 | 16.7 | 107.7 | 5.8 |
| Public utilities. | 75.6 | 4.7 | 15.2 | 3.7 | 87.6 | 4.7 |
| Railroad. | 5.5 | . 4 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 4.9 | . 3 |
| Financial. | 4.3 | . 3 | 2.3 | . 8 | 5.8 | . 3 |
| Trade. | 7.9 | . 5 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 7.1 | . 4 |
| Other. | . 7 |  | . 2 | . 2 | . 7 | . |
| Common stocks-total . | 747.7 | 46.9 | 86.7 | 66.1 | 904.3 | 48.7 |
| Industrial. | 450.0 | 28.2 | 49.5 | 42.7 | 561.4 | 30.2 |
| Public utilities | 158.1 | 9.9 | 21.4 | 7.4 | 187.1 | 10.1 |
| Railroad. | 10.8 | . 7 | 1.8 | . 6 | 13.8 | . 7 |
| Financial. | 85.3 | 5.4 | 8.5 | 9.7 | 92.3 | 5.0 |
| Trade. | 38.4 | 2.4 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 43.8 | 2.4 |
| Other. | 5.2 | .3 | . 7 | . 4 | 5.9 | . 3 |
| Other investments ${ }^{4}$. | 14.4 | . 9 | 9.5 | 3.9 | 20.0 | 1.1 |
| Principal cash. | 10.5 | . 7 |  |  | 10.2 | . 5 |

1 Survey of 198 common trust funds operated under Sec. 17(c) of Regulation $F$ of Board of Governors. Data are for 12 -month periods with terminal dates for individual funds ranging from Oct. 31,1955
through Jan. 31, 1956. Excludes funds in operation less than 12 through
months.
2 Nonmarketable U. S. Government securities are valued at cost and other holdings at market value. Purchases are shown at cost and sales at proceeds realized. Conversions and exchanges of secu
in Table 1. About half of the increase resulted from an inflow of new participations and the remainder from appreciation in market value of investments and realized capital gains.

The composition of total investments of the funds did not change significantly during the report year. Common stock holdings of $\$ 904$ million in 1955 were 49 per cent of the total value as compared to 47 per cent in 1954. Bond holdings of $\$ 708$ million, about half of which were United States Government securities, were $\$ 76$ million larger
securities received. Stock rights held at beginning or end of reporting period are included in appropriate investment category at marke value. Proceeds from sales of such rights are included in proceed from sales of securities during period. Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
${ }^{3}$ Quasi-government agencies, and Canadian government and corporations.
Mortgages, savings deposits, and savings and loan shares.
than in the previous year, but the proportion of the total portfolio invested in bonds declined from 40 to 38 per cent. Preferred stocks were approximately 12 per cent of total investments in both years and other investments (mortgages and savings deposits) were 1 per cent. Cash holdings changed little at $\$ 10$ million.

Diversified discretionary funds. Total assets of the 138 diversified discretionary funds covered by the Survey amounted to 80 per cent of all common trust funds at the end of the 1955 reporting period. They in-
creased $\$ 208$ million during the year, of which $\$ 96$ million was from new participations and $\$ 112$ million from appreciation in market value of investments and realized capital gains. Details are given in Table 2.

Common stock holdings in 1955 were 53 per cent of total investments for this group, and they ranged from 15 to 90 per cent of the portfolios of individual funds. Bond holdings were 35 per cent of aggregate holdings and individual ratios ranged from a low of 1 per cent to a high of 77 per cent. Investments in preferred stocks remained approximately 11 per cent of total assets, and individual ratios in 1955 portfolios ranged from zero to 42 per cent. Other investments (mortgages and savings deposits) amounted to less than 1 per cent of group holdings and were held by only a few funds.

Diversified legal funds. Total assets of the 42 diversified legal funds covered by the Sur-
vey amounted to $\$ 285$ million or 15 per cent of all common trust fund assets. Of the $\$ 34$ million increase during 1955, $\$ 23$ million was from new participations and $\$ 11$ million from appreciation in market value of investments and realized capital gains. Bond holdings represented approximately half of the investments of this type of fund, and individual holdings ranged from 20 to 71 per cent. Common stock holdings were 32 per cent of total holdings, and holdings of individual funds were in a relatively narrow range between 16 and 37 per cent. Preferred stock holdings represented 16 per cent of total investments of this group, with individual fund ratios ranging from zero to 48 per cent. Only a few funds held mortgages and savings deposits.

Special funds. A bank or trust company operating either a legal or a discretionary fund may, by plan or institutional policy,

Table 2
Market Value of Investment Holdings of Common Trust Funds, by Type of Fund, 1954-55 ${ }^{1}$

| Investment ${ }^{2}$ | [In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All funds |  |  | Diversified discretionary funds |  |  | Diversified legal funds |  |  | Special funds |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Discretionary | Legal |  |  |
|  | 1955 | 1954 | Change |  |  |  | 1955 | 1954 | Change | 1955 | 1954 | Change | 1955 | 1954 | Change | 1955 | 1954 | Change |
| Total. | 1,856.5 | 1,595.7 | 260.8 | 1,487.3 | 1,279.7 | 207.6 |  |  |  | 284.5 | 250.8 | 33.8 | 76.8 | 58.8 | 18.1 | 7.9 | 6.4 | 1.4 |
| Bonds, notes, and certifiU. S. Govt. | 708.4 | 632.9 | 75.5 | 520.7 | 468.0 | 52.7 | 142.1 | 126.5 | 15.6 | 39.8 | 33.1 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 5.3 | . 6 |
| U. S. Govt. <br> State and political subdi- | 320.5 | 317.9 | 2.6 | 237.0 | 235.2 | 1.8 |  | 71.5 | . 4 | 9.3 6.6 | 8.8 | . 6 | 2.2 | 2.5 | -. 3 |
| vision. ............... | 31.2 336.9 | 273.5 | 5.6 63.4 | 18.6 | 206.6 | 3.0 44.0 | 4.2 62.8 | 4.1 49.1 | 13.6 | 22.6 | ${ }_{17.8}^{4.8}$ | 1.8 5.5 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 7 |
| Other............. | 19.9 | 15.9 | 4.0 4. | 15.0 | 11.2 | 3.8 | 3.2 3.2 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 2.4 | $-1.2$ | 1.8 .4 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ . \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (3) |
| Stocks. | 1,117.9 | 937.9 | 180.1 | 948.1 | 795.0 | 153.1 | 135.6 | 117.6 | 18.1 | 32.7 | 24.1 | 8.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | . 3 |
| Preferred. | 213.7 | 190.2 | 23.5 | 166.3 | 148.8 | 17.5 | 45.6 | 39.9 | 5.6 | . 9 |  | . 5 | 1.0 | 1.1 | -. 1 |
| Common. | 904.3 | 747.7 | 156.6 | 781.9 | 646.2 | 135.6 | 90.1 | 77.6 | 12.4 | 31.9 | 23.8 | 8.0 | . 5 |  | . 5 |
| Other investments. | 20.0 | 14.4 | 5.6 | 12.3 | 9.3 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 3.1 | . 9 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 1.5 | . 2 |  | . 2 |
| Principal cash. | 10.2 | 10.5 | -. 4 | 6.2 | 7.5 | -1.2 | 2.7 | 3.6 | $-.9$ | . 8 | 4-. 5 | 1.4 | 4 | (3) | . 3 |
| Factors affecting change during year: <br> Net additions to principal funds. <br> Appreciation in market value of investments. <br> Realized capital gains. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 134.2 |  |  | 96.2 |  |  | 22.5 |  |  | 13.9 |  |  | 1.6 |
|  |  |  | 102.0 |  |  | 90.5 |  |  | 8.0 |  |  | 3.6 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 24.6 |  |  | 20.8 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 3.6 |  |  | (3) |

[^1]limit investments to one type or class, for example, exclusively common stocks. In this study, these funds have been grouped under the classification of special funds.

Ten of the 18 special funds held only fixed income investments (bonds or bonds and preferred stocks); the balance held only common stocks except that small amounts of Government securities were held as temporary investments or to supplement cash requirements to meet withdrawals. As a group, these funds held 5 per cent of the total assets of all common trust funds.

## INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

Gross security transactions (purchases, sales, and redemptions) of all common trust funds totaled $\$ 578$ million during the report year. Activity or turnover of bonds was over $21 / 2$ times as great as that of common stocks and slightly greater than that of preferred stocks. ${ }^{2}$ Activity in bonds was affected to a considerable extent by the practice of using United States Government securities as a temporary investment and as a supplement to cash holdings.

Approximately 63 per cent of the new money flowing into common trust funds during the report period is estimated to have been invested in bonds, 15 per cent in common stocks, 17 per cent in preferred stocks, and 4 per cent in mortgages and savings deposits. This distribution is based on the assumption that the amount by which purchases in each class of securities exceeded sales represented investment of new money, and that all other transactions were switches between or within the various classes. Of these other transactions, 56 per cent were

[^2]in bonds, 30 per cent in common stocks, 12 per cent in preferred stocks, and 2 per cent in mortgages and savings deposits. As shown in Table 1, purchases exceeded sales in all major categories.

## GROWTH AND DISTRIBUTION

The size of common trust funds varies widely, as shown in Table 3. There was a general increase in size from 1954 to 1955; however, four funds, two diversified and two special, decreased in size during the year. The largest fund included in the Survey had total assets valued at just under $\$ 100$ million at the end of 1955 ; at the other extreme, the smallest fund had only $\$ 145$,000 . Both were diversified discretionary funds. None of the legal or special funds had as much as $\$ 25$ million in total assets.

The number of common trust funds has increased rapidly in recent years, partly because of the increase in the number of States that have only recently passed enabling legislation. ${ }^{3}$ Only 40 of the present funds were in existence at the end of 1946, as shown in Table 4. In the following three years the number nearly doubled and since then there has been an average of 24 new funds a year.

The 198 funds included in this Survey were operated by 162 banks, as summarized in Table 5. A number of banks operated two or more funds, usually a legal and a discretionary fund. The largest number of common trust funds operated by one bank was four (two diversified discretionary and two diversified legal funds); this was the result of a merger of two banks. At the end of 1955, State member banks operated the largest number of funds with assets totaling \$1,266 million, national banks operated funds with assets amounting to $\$ 373$ million, and nonmember banks operated funds with assets totaling $\$ 217$ million.

Geographically, 83 per cent of the dis-
cretionary and all of the legal funds in the Survey were in States east of the Mississippi River. Dollarwise, this area held 69 per cent of the common trust funds, of which
almost half was in the Boston, New York, and Philadelphia Federal Reserve Districts, as shown in Table 6. New York State had the largest number, 35 funds, Pennsylvania

Table 3
Size Distribution of Common Trust Funds, 1954-55 ${ }^{1}$

| Size of fund (Total assets, in millions of dollars) ${ }^{2}$ | All funds |  |  |  | Divers. discret. funds |  |  |  | Divers. legal funds |  |  |  | Special funds |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 |  | 1954 |  | 1955 |  | 1954 |  | 1955 |  | 1954 |  | 1955 |  | 1954 |  |
|  | No. of funds | Total assets | No. of funds | Total assets | No. of funds | Total assets | No. of funds | Total assets | No. of funds | Total | No. of funds | Total assets | No. of funds | Total assets | No. of funds | Total assets |
| All funds. | 198 | \$1,856.5 | 198 | \$1,595.7 | 138 | \$1,487.3 | 138 | \$1,279.7 | 42 | \$284.5 | 42 | \$250.8 | 18 | \$84.7 | 18 | \$65.2 |
| Under 1. | 29 | 20.1 | 49 | 28.0 | 14 | 9.2 | 30 | 18.0 | 7 | 5.7 | 10 | 5.4 | 8 | 5.2 | 9 | 4.6 |
| 1-2. | 32 | 44.1 | 27 | 39.8 | 24 | 33.9 | 19 | 27.9 | 6 | 7.8 | 7 | 10.9 | 2 | 2.4 | 1 | 1.0 |
| 2-5. | 51 | 171.3 | 50 | 167.7 | 37 | 121.9 | 35 | 115.9 | 11 | 37.9 | 10 | 35.8 | 3 | 11.5 | 5 | 15.9 |
| 5-10.. | 33 | 231.6 | 24 | 167.9 | 26 | 189.9 | 20 | 140.5 | 5 | 30.1 | 3 | 20.7 | 2 | 11.6 | 1 | 6.7 |
| 10-25. | 35 | 552.2 | 35 | 556.1 | 19 | 295.1 | 21 | 341.3 | 13 | 203.0 | 12 | 177.8 | 3 | 54.1 | 2 | 37.0 |
| 25-50. | 13 | 458.2 | 9 | 336.9 | 13 | 458.2 | 9 | 336.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50-100. | 5 | 379.1 | 4 | 299.2 | 5 | 379.1 | 4 | 299.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ See Table 1, note 1.
Table 4
Starting Dates of the 198 Reporting Common Trust Funds

| Year | Total | Discretionary |  |  | Legal |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Diversified | Special |  | Diversified | Special |  |
|  |  |  | Fixed income ments | Common stock |  | Fixed income investments | Common stock |
| Total.... | 198 | 138 | 6 | 7 | 42 | 4 | 1 |
| 19551.... | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1954..... | 34 | 14 23 | 1 3 | 1 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| 1952...... | 20 | 12 |  | 2 | 5 | 1 |  |
| 1951...... | 20 | 15 | 1 |  | 4 | . . . . . |  |
| 1950..... | 22 | 12 |  |  | 10 |  |  |
| 1949..... | 14 | 13 |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 1948..... | 8 | 7 |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1947 \ldots . . \\ & 1946 . . . \end{aligned}$ | 16 3 | 12 |  |  | 3 | 1 |  |
| 1945..... | 11 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944...... | 7 | 4 | i |  | 2 |  |  |
| 1943..... | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942..... | 4 | 5 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1941..... | 5 | 5 |  |  |  |  | ..... |
| 1940..... | 6 | 4 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 1939..... | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 1937..... | i |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| 1937..... | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |

${ }^{1}$ At least 17 other discretionary funds and one legal fund are known to have begun operation in 1955 but were excluded from the known because they had been in operation less than 12 months on Jan. 31, 1956.

Table 5
Common Trust Funds and Their Investment Holdings, by Class of Bank ${ }^{1}$

| Class of bank | No. of funds | No. of banks ${ }^{2}$ | Market value of holdings ${ }^{3}$ (In millions of dollars) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1955 | 1954 |
| All banks, total. . | 198 | 162 | 1,857 | 1,596 |
| Diversified discretionary. | 138 | 134 | 1,487 | 1,280 |
| Diversified legal. | 42 | 41 | 285 | 251 |
| Special........ | 18 | 18 | 85 | 65 |
| State member banks, total. | 85 | 61 | 1,266 | 1,121 |
| Diversified discretionary. | 55 | 53 | 994 | 881 |
| Diversified legal. | 27 | 26 | 257 | 231 |
| Special... | 3 | 3 | 15 | 9 |
| National banks, total . | 79 | 72 | 373 | 298 |
| Diversified discretionary. | 62 | 60 | 318 | 253 |
| Diversified legal.......... | 11 | 11 | 21 | 14 |
| Special. . | 6 | 6 | 34 | 31 |
| Insured nonmember banks, total | 19 | 17 | 28 | 22 |
| Diversified discretionary... | 10 | 10 | 20 | 16 |
| Diversified legal | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 |
| Special..... | 6 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| Noninsured nonmember banks, total. | 15 | 12 | 189 | 156 |
| Diversified discretionary | 11 | 11 | 155 | 131 |
| Diversified legal. | 1 | 1 | $3{ }^{3}$ | 3 |
| Special......... | 3 | 3 | 31 | 22 |

${ }^{1}$ See Table 1, note 1.
2 Details do not add to total because some banks operate two or more funds.
${ }^{3}$ See Table 1, note 2.
was second with 31, and Massachusetts third with 16, as shown in Table 7. These three States had 41 per cent of the total number of funds. In dollar size, Pennsylvania ranked first with $\$ 565$ million, New

York second with $\$ 412$ million, and Massachusetts third with $\$ 167$ million. These three States accounted for 62 per cent of all assets of common trust funds included in the Survey.

Table 6
Types of Common Trust Funds and Investment Holdings, by Federal Reserve District, $1955^{1}$
[Dollar amounts in millions


Table 7
State Distribution of Common Trust Funds, by Type, $1955^{1}$


[^3]from this Survey, which began operation in 1955

# 1956 Survey of Consumer Finances Durable Goods and Housing 

Consumer expenditures for durable goods and houses increased sharply from 1954 to 1955. Both new and used car purchases reached new records, and the average price paid for new cars rose substantially. Purchases of most other durable goods and houses also increased to approach or exceed earlier records. Data from the 1956 Survey of Consumer Finances suggest that the increased expenditures were widely distributed among various groups in the population. ${ }^{1}$

## AUTOMOBILES

About 6.1 million consumer spending units purchased new automobiles and 9.4 million purchased used automobiles in 1955, according to Survey of Consumer Finances data. Purchases covered exclude those by transients, residents of institutions, and personnel living on military bases, as well as businesses and governments. The average price reported for new cars reached a new high, while that for used cars apparently declined slightly.

[^4]Purchases. About 11 per cent of all spending units purchased new cars in 1955, compared with about 8 per cent in 1954 and 10 per cent in 1950, the previous record. The proportion of purchasers that reported paying $\$ 3,000$ or more increased from 30 per cent in 1954 to 42 per cent in 1955. The median (middlemost) and the mean (average) price rose nearly 10 per cent. The rise probably reflected mainly an increase in the importance of higher priced models and extra equipment, since prices of comparable models were about the same in both years.

To some extent the increase in prices paid for new cars was offset by higher trade-in allowances. About 84 per cent of all new car purchasers reported trading in a car, and another 4 per cent reported a sale at the time of purchase. The average trade-in allowance increased somewhat from 1954 to 1955, despite a decline in market prices of used cars. Even after larger allowances for cars traded in, however, the net outlay of all spending units buying new cars rose substantially. More than 40 per cent of all purchasers made net outlays of $\$ 2,000$ or more in 1955 , compared with 30 per cent in 1954. Median net outlay rose from $\$ 1,670$ to $\$ 1,840$ and mean net outlay from $\$ 1,730$ to \$1,900.

Nearly 15 per cent of the new cars purchased in 1955 were 1956 models, which were introduced in the fall, and almost all of the rest were 1955 models. Somewhat
less than one-half of the cars traded in for new cars had been produced in 1950, 1951, or 1952, about one-third after 1952, and one-sixth prior to 1950. More than onethird of the cars traded in on new cars in 1955 had been purchased second-hand.

In addition to new car purchasers who sold or traded in cars at the time of purchase, some purchasers either retained cars already owned or disposed of them at some other time during the year. About 95 per cent of all new car purchasers during 1955 had owned one or more automobiles at the beginning of the year.

The basis for a record volume of transactions in used cars was supplied by the 5.3 million automobiles traded in for new cars, together with those traded in by spending units purchasing more recent models of used cars. About 17 per cent of all spending units reported purchasing used cars during 1955. Data from other sources suggest that Survey data do not account fully for transactions in used cars, even after allowance for the fact that some spending units purchased more than one such car during the year.

Prices paid for used cars declined slightly on the average in 1955. The proportion of spending units reporting prices of less than $\$ 1,000$ increased from 65 to 70 per cent, but the proportion reporting prices of $\$ 1,500$ or more also increased. The median price declined from $\$ 700$ to $\$ 600$, but the mean price declined only slightly. The divergent movement of these measures reflects a greater relative decline in prices of older cars than of more recent models and some increase in the share of more recent models in 1955 transactions.

Trade-ins and sales were considerably less frequent for used car purchasers than for new car purchasers. Only 53 per cent of
the used car purchasers either traded in or sold a car at the time of purchase. Onefourth of such purchasers had not owned a car at the beginning of the year. Most of the automobiles traded in for used cars had been purchased second-hand.

Models produced in 1950-52 accounted for about 40 per cent of used car purchases in 1955, more recent models for less than 25 per cent, and pre-1950 models for about 35 per cent. About 70 per cent of all the cars traded in for used cars, however, were produced prior to 1950 , and 25 per cent were prewar models. Apparently many of the older models traded in were scrapped by the dealers.

Characteristics of purchasers. The frequency of automobile purchases and their distribution between new and used automobiles varied with the income and age of the spending unit and the region of the country. As shown in Table 1, purchases were considerably more frequent in the middle

Table 1
Automobile Purchasers within Income Groups, 1955

| [Percentage distribution of spending units] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of purchase and method of financing | Money income before taxes |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 3,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \$ 3,000- \\ \$ 4,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 5,000- \\ & \$ 7,499 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 7,500 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { over } \end{gathered}$ |
| No purchase. Purchase.... | 84 16 | 69 31 | 66 34 | 59 41 |
| New car: Cash. Credit ${ }^{1}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 2 | 5 | 17 |
| Used car: Cash. . Credit ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 15 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 11 \end{array}$ | 5 5 |
| All cases. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Includes instalment and other borrowing.
and upper income brackets than among lower income spending units. The major difference between the middle and the upper income groups was in the relative frequency of new and used car purchases. Among spending units with incomes of $\$ 7,500$ or more, about three-fourths of the purchases were new cars and one-fourth were used cars, while among those with incomes from $\$ 3,000$ to $\$ 5,000$ the proportions were reversed. Spending units with incomes of $\$ 7,500$ or more accounted for about two-fifths of all new car purchases.

AUTOMOBILE PURCHASERS, 1955


The frequency of automobile purchases was highest in the youngest age bracket and declined steadily as age increased, as shown by the chart. About 44 per cent of all spending units headed by persons from 18 to 24 years old purchased automobiles, compared with only 12 per cent of those headed by persons 65 and over. The proportion of all purchases accounted for by new car purchases, however, increased with age. Only one-seventh of the cars purchased by spending units in the youngest age bracket were new cars, compared with nearly one-half of those purchased by all spending units headed by persons 35 years of age or older. Many young purchasers who are buying automo-
biles for the first time are presumably not in a position to finance the purchase of a new car.

Financing of purchases. About three-fifths of both new and used car purchasers in 1955 reported some use of instalment or other credit. The proportion of credit purchases reported was similar to that in other recent years, although considerably larger than in any postwar year prior to 1952 . The increase in the number of automobile purchases in 1955, however, was accompanied by a substantial rise in the number of credit purchases and the volume of debt outstanding. One-sixth of all spending units incurred debt in connection with automobile purchases.

About 20 per cent of the credit purchasers of new automobiles and 30 per cent of the credit purchasers of used automobiles in 1955 reported incurring debt equal to 80 per cent or more of the nominal purchase price. The lower percentage for new car purchasers may be attributed in part to the large trade-in allowances that they received. Indebtedness reported generally includes finance charges and in some cases insurance charges, as well as that part of the purchase price which is not covered by the trade-in or cash payment.

Purchases of the cheapest used cars least frequently involved the use of credit. Only about two-fifths of used cars costing less than $\$ 500$ were financed through the use of credit, compared with about three-fourths of those costing $\$ 1,000$ or more. Not only do the less expensive cars require relatively small net outlays, but it is more difficult to obtain financing for such cars from financial institutions. The most expensive new cars, which were bought most frequently by the upper income groups, were also financed somewhat less frequently through the use of
credit than medium-priced cars.
The proportion of automobile purchasers using credit varied with income, liquid asset holdings, and family status. As shown by Table 1 on page 807, the largest proportion of purchasers using credit was among spending units with incomes from $\$ 3,000$ to $\$ 7,500$. Within each income group, purchasers reporting a large amount of liquid assets used credit much less frequently than those reporting a smaller amount or none. Young married couples financed automobile purchases through the use of credit more frequently than other groups. ${ }^{2}$

Automobile ownership. Production and sale of new automobiles in 1955 was offset only in part by scrappage of older automobiles. It is estimated that the stock of automobiles increased almost 4 million units. Data from the Survey of Consumer Finances suggest that consumers accounted for a sizable part of the increase. Both the proportion of spending units owning automobiles and the average number of automobiles owned per spending unit apparently continued to increase during 1955. Early this year about 70 per cent of all spending units owned at least one automobile, and 9 per cent owned two or more. The corresponding proportions in 1949 were 51 per cent and 3 per cent.

The large volume of new cars purchased in 1955, together with the scrappage of some of the older automobiles, resulted in a decrease in the average age of automobiles owned by consumers. The proportion of

[^5]AUTOMOBILE OWNERSHIP, EARLY 1956

such automobiles that were more than 3 years old remained larger than in the period 1951-53, but the proportion that were more than 7 years old was substantially smaller.

The frequency of automobile ownership increases as income increases, as shown by the chart. While more than three-fourths of spending units in all income brackets except that below $\$ 3,000$ own automobiles, ownership of two or more automobiles is heavily concentrated in the upper income groups. One-fourth of all spending units with incomes of $\$ 7,500$ or more own two or more automobiles.

Automobile ownership is most frequent relatively among spending units headed by persons between 25 and 44 years old, and within this age group married couples own automobiles more frequently than single persons. Almost 90 per cent of all couples under 45 have at least one automobile. The largest increase in ownership in recent years, however, has been among young unmarried persons. Ownership of two or more automobiles is most frequent among married couples with children.

The proportion of spending units owning
automobiles is smaller in the North East than in other regions. The difference persists within income groups. Automobile ownership is also somewhat less frequent in the South than in the West or North Central areas, but differences are minor within income groups. The less frequent ownership in the North East is probably associated primarily with the high degree of urbanization and developed public transportation systems, while that in the South apparently reflects primarily the lower level of income.

## FURNITURE AND APPLIANCES

Consumer expenditures for furniture and household appliances rose in 1955 but more moderately than those for automobiles. Purchases of most major items increased, while prices changed little.

About 45 per cent of all spending units, or almost 25 million spending units, reported buying one or more items of furniture or a major household appliance during 1955. This was more than 1 million in excess of the number that reported such purchases in 1954. Among major items, purchases of furniture were reported by 18 per cent of all spending units, television sets by 15 per cent, and refrigerators and washing machines each by about 8 per cent.

Purchases of furniture and household appliances typically involved relatively moderate outlays. Almost 80 per cent of all purchasers of furniture and household appliances made expenditures totaling less than $\$ 500$ before allowance for trade-ins, and only 5 per cent spent $\$ 1,000$ or more. The median expenditure for such items reported by spending units purchasing one or more is estimated at $\$ 290$, about the same as in each of the preceding three years.

The median expenditure reported for television sets declined nearly 10 per cent to a
new low of $\$ 250$ in 1955. Prices paid for refrigerators also declined slightly, while those for washing machines showed little change. The median amount spent by purchasers for furniture rose about 10 per cent to $\$ 225$.

The proportion of purchasers of furniture and major household appliances that reported the use of instalment credit remained about the same in 1955 as in other recent years. About 44 per cent of all spending units buying one or more items financed all purchases through the use of instalment credit, and an additional 9 per cent financed some of their purchases through the use of such credit. About one-half of all purchases of each of the major items covered were financed by instalment credit. Spending units making large expenditures used credit more frequently than those making small expenditures.

Both the frequency of purchases of furniture and household appliances and the average size of expenditures increased as income increased. About 60 per cent of all spending units with incomes of $\$ 7,500$ or more purchased one or more of the items covered, compared with only about 30 per cent of those with incomes of less than $\$ 3,000$. More than one-third of all purchasers with incomes of $\$ 7,500$ or more spent $\$ 500$ or more on the items included.

The greatest differences in the frequency of purchases of individual items by income groups were in furniture and miscellaneous items. Television sets were purchased by somewhat more than one-sixth of the spending units in all income groups except those below $\$ 2,000$. Despite the larger amounts spent for furniture and household appliances by spending units in the upper income groups, purchasers in these groups used
credit less frequently than those in the lower and middle income groups.

As shown by Table 2, purchases of furniture and household appliances were most frequent relatively for young married couples and least frequent for unmarried persons. The average number of purchases and average total expenditures were relatively large for the former group. Young married couples also made use of credit in financing expenditures for household goods more frequently than other groups. This group includes spending units that are establishing households for the first time and those that are expanding housing facilities as their families increase. Many of them are looking forward to higher incomes in the future. Unmarried persons frequently live with relatives or in furnished quarters, while older couples have typically acquired major items

Table 2
Expenditures on Selected Durable Goods, $1955^{1}$

| Age and family status | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { pur- } \\ \text { chasers2 } \end{gathered}$ | within g | ps] |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gross expenditure ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200- \\ & \$ 499 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 500 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
| All spending units..... | 45 | 13 | 21 | 9 |
| Single: <br> Under 45 | 21 | 8 | 8 | 5 |
| 45 and over | 24 | 13 | 7 | 3 |
| Married:4 <br> Under 45, no children. Under 45, children under 18 . 45 and over, children under 18. 45 and over, no children. | 63 | 12 | 32 | 16 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 58 | 12 | 28 | 15 |
|  | 51 | 14 | 28 | 8 |
|  | 43 | 16 | 20 | 6 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes furniture and major household appliances.
2 Includes purchasers for whom amount of expenditure was not 2 Includes purchasers for whom
ascertained.
3 Before allowance for trade-in.
${ }^{3}$ Age refers to head of spending unit. Includes only spending units in which both husband and wife are present.
of furniture earlier and make expenditures only for replacements or for purchases of new or improved items.

## housing

According to data from the Survey of Consumer Finances, about 5 per cent of all nonfarm spending units purchased houses last year. Almost two-thirds of the purchases consisted of existing houses and slightly more than one-third of new houses. About one-half of all purchasers had owned a house prior to the 1955 purchase. As in other recent years, approximately 85 per cent of all purchasers incurred mortgage debt.

Somewhat more than 30 per cent of all houses purchased in 1955 cost the purchaser $\$ 12,500$ or more, and about the same proportion cost less than $\$ 7,500$. The median price reported was about $\$ 10,000$ and the mean about $\$ 11,200$. Reported costs of purchase were slightly lower than in 1952 but remained substantially higher than in earlier years. Because of the small number of purchases covered each year and the wide range within which prices fall, data on average purchase price are subject to a particularly large sampling error.

Purchasers of houses. Spending units headed by persons 25 to 34 years of age purchased houses most frequently and those headed by persons 45 or over least frequently. Among spending units headed by persons under 45 years of age, most of the purchasers were married couples, and purchases were more frequent on the part of those with children than those without.

Within the younger age groups, spending units containing veterans continued to purchase houses more frequently than those without veterans. This difference probably reflects not only the availability of VA-
guaranteed loans on favorable terms but also differences in family status and sex. A disproportionately large number of spending units headed by young nonveterans probably consists of unmarried women. Spending units headed by veterans under 45 accounted for almost one-half of all house purchases in 1955.

House purchases were most frequent among spending units with incomes from $\$ 5,000$ to $\$ 7,500$. Some apparent reduction in frequency of purchase at incomes of $\$ 7,500$ or more may have reflected in part the already large proportion of owners in the upper income groups. The higher income groups were more important relatively in the market for new houses than in the market for existing houses. Spending units with incomes of $\$ 5,000$ or more accounted for about 70 per cent of all purchases of new houses and about 50 per cent of all purchases of existing houses.

Housing status. Large-scale production and sale of houses in recent years have been accompanied by a large increase in the number of home owners. As shown by the chart, the proportion of all nonfarm spending units

that own their own homes has increased from 43 per cent in 1948 to 52 per cent in 1956. The number of nonfarm home owners has increased from 17 to 26 million. The proportion of spending units living with relatives declined by almost one-half, from 15 to 8 per cent, and there was a decline from 38 to 34 per cent in the proportion renting their living quarters. In each recent year, about 5 per cent of the spending units have neither owned a home nor paid rent; these probably include principally spending units headed by workers for whom housing is provided. If spending units living in hotels and large rooming houses, in institutions of various kinds, and on military bases were included in Survey tabulations, the proportion of spending units either renting quarters or living in quarters that they neither own nor rent would be higher.

The decrease in the proportion of spending units living with relatives in recent years has in part merely relieved crowding due to wartime and immediate postwar conditions. As the number of housing units available for purchase and rent has increased, many spending units have set up separate households. A tendency for young persons to establish separate households more frequently and at an earlier age may be associated with higher incomes, veterans' benefits, earlier marriages, and movement of more young unmarried persons away from home.

Many questions relating to home ownership lend themselves better to consideration on a family basis than on a spending unit basis. In the following discussion all related spending units living in the same household are considered as a single family unit. Early in 1956 about 57 per cent of all nonfarm families covered by the Survey owned their
own homes, and 35 per cent rented a house or an apartment. The remainder either rented rooms in private households or lived in quarters that they neither owned nor rented.

All respondents owning homes were asked to estimate their present market value. Slightly more than 10 per cent of all nonfarm families valued their homes at $\$ 20,000$ or more, and about the same proportion valued them at less than $\$ 5,000$. The median estimated value was about $\$ 10,000$ and the mean value about $\$ 11,700$.

The relative frequency of home ownership and of renting varies with the income and other characteristics of the family and its location. About three-fourths of all nonfarm families with incomes of $\$ 7,500$ or more own their own homes, compared with fewer than one-half of those with incomes below $\$ 3,000$. The median value of homes owned increases steadily with income. Home ownership increases with age and in each age bracket is more frequent for married couples than for single persons. About 70 per cent of nonfarm couples 45 or over own homes.

About one-half of the families in cities of 50,000 or more own their homes, compared with about two-thirds of the nonfarm families in smaller communities and in the open country. Home ownership is considerably less frequent in the North East than in other regions of the country for families with incomes below $\$ 5,000$, but there is little difference in the frequency of ownership in the higher income brackets. These differences reflect in part differences in the availability of rental housing and in the cost and convenience of sites available for purchase.

Mortgage debt. About 50 per cent of all nonfarm home owners reported some mortgage debt outstanding on their homes early
in 1956. About 30 per cent of those with debt owed $\$ 7,500$ or more and the same proportion owed less than $\$ 3,000$. The median amount of debt was $\$ 5,000$ and the median ratio of debt to house value was about 50 per cent. The large number of house purchases since the war, together with liberal credit terms, has been accompanied by an increase in both the proportion of homes on which debt is outstanding and the proportion with a relatively high ratio of debt to house value.

Almost two-thirds of all houses valued from $\$ 12,500$ to $\$ 20,000$ were mortgaged, compared with only slightly more than onefourth of those valued at less than $\$ 7,500$ and about one-half of those valued at $\$ 20,000$ or more. Houses with relatively low estimated values may have been owned by the same owner for a considerable period of time and the mortgage paid off. As noted earlier, the most expensive houses tend to be owned by high income families.

Mortgage indebtedness is most frequent among home owners with incomes from $\$ 5,000$ to $\$ 10,000$. About two-thirds of all home owners in this income range have some mortgage debt, compared with only about one-fifth of those with incomes below $\$ 3,000$. As already noted, home ownership is relatively infrequent in the lowest income brackets, and a large proportion of home owners in these brackets probably consists of families headed by retired persons who purchased homes or accumulated financial assets when incomes were higher. Among families with incomes of $\$ 10,000$ or more, mortgage debt is somewhat less frequent than among those with incomes from $\$ 5,000$ to $\$ 10,000$, but about one-third of the debtors owe $\$ 10,000$ or more.

The frequency and amount of mortgage debt and its ratio to house value vary with
the age of the head of the family and the length of the period during which the family has owned the house. Slightly more than one-third of all nonfarm owners purchased their present houses prior to 1946, about the same proportion from 1946 to 1952 , and somewhat less than one-third after 1952. About 80 per cent of all owners that purchased their homes in 1953 or later had mortgage debt early in 1956, compared with only about 20 per cent of those that purchased their homes before 1946.

Only slightly more than 30 per cent of all nonfarm home owners 45 or more years of age have mortgage debt, and nearly half of the debtors owe debt equal to less than 30 per cent of their house value. Approximately 75 per cent of owners under 45 have
some debt, and more than half of such debts are equal to at least 50 per cent of the value of the house. The differential in the frequency and amount of indebtedness by age groups reflects in part the longer average period in which older families have lived in their present homes, but it is also found among recent house purchasers. Many older couples can finance current purchases in whole or in part through equities built up in homes formerly owned. Moreover, older couples may find it difficult to obtain mortgage financing on liberal terms. Among younger purchasers, families containing veterans are more frequently in debt and in debt for a larger proportion of the house value than those without veterans.

## TECHNICAL NOTE

Results of the 1956 Survey of Consumer Finances are based on 3,014 interviews during January and February in 2,672 dwelling units. These dwelling units are located in the 12 largest metropolitan areas and in 54 additional sampling areas chosen to represent a cross section of the population living in private households in the continental United States. Transients, residents of institutions, and persons living on military reservations are not represented.

Within dwellings, interviews are conducted with each spending unit. A spending unit is defined as all persons living in the same dwelling, and related by blood, marriage, or adoption, who pool their incomes to meet their major expenses. A husband and wife living together are always included in the same spending unit even though they do not pool their separate incomes. All children under 18 years of age are included in the spending unit of their closest relative.

The spending unit containing the owner or lessee of the dwelling is the primary spending unit. Children 18 years or more of age and other relatives who earn more than $\$ 15$ per week and who do not pool their incomes with that of the primary spending unit are classified as related secondary spending units. Spending units composed of persons in the dwelling unit who are not related to members of the primary spending unit are designated as unrelated secondary spending units.

Since the spending unit includes those persons, and only those persons, who make joint financial decisions, it is the unit most frequently used in tabulations of Survey financial data. Some Survey data, however, notably those on housing, are presented for family units. A family unit is defined as all persons living in the same dwelling who are related by blood, marriage, or adoption. Survey family units include individuals liv-
ing alone as well as groups of related persons. To obtain data on a family basis, information for related secondary spending units is combined with that for the primary spending units to which they are related and with which they live. The head of the primary spending unit is considered to be the head of the family. The number of family units is equal to the number of primary spending units plus the number of unrelated secondary spending units.

Estimates of the total number of spending units in the population covered by the Survey are derived by multiplying the number of occupied dwelling units, or households, estimated from Census data by the average number of spending units per dwelling unit included in the Survey sample. The number of family units is estimated in a similar manner. Both the estimated number of dwelling units and the average number of spending units and family units per dwelling unit are subject to sampling error. The accompanying table shows the estimated number of dwelling units, spending units,

Spending Units and Family Units in Survey Population

|  | Year of Survey |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 | r1955 | 1954 | 1953 | 1952 |
| a. Primary spending unit (equals occupied dwelling unit). | 48.7 | 47.6 | 46.8 | 46.2 | 45.4 |
| b. Related secondary spending unit.. | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 5.8 |
| c. Unrelated secondary spending unit. | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Family (a plus c)........ | 50.4 | 49.2 | 48.5 | 48.0 | 47.2 |
| Spending unit (a plus b plus c) ${ }^{1}$. | 55.0 | 54.2 | 54.0 | 53.9 | 53.0 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. the ratio of primary spending units to all spending units, are sub eet to sampling error. The size of the sampling error is such that there is one chance in 20 that the estimates
above or below the true figure by one million.
and family units in the population covered by the Surveys.

As shown by the table, it is estimated that there were about 55.0 million spending units and 50.4 million family units in the United States early in 1956. Spending units had increased almost 1 million and family units more than 1 million since early 1955. Census data showed a considerable increase in the number of households from early 1955 to 1956. As in most other postwar years, Survey data showed a decline in the proportion of related secondary spending units. The indicated decline during 1955, however, may have been accounted for in part by improvement in sampling techniques.

Although Survey of Consumer Finances data are adjusted to Census Bureau estimates of the number of households, every effort is made to account for all dwelling units in the areas sampled in order to insure that the sample chosen is representative. In the past the estimated number of dwelling units obtained by self-expansion of the Survey sample has been smaller than the Census estimate. This year special efforts were made to obtain fuller coverage in the Survey. In some places the usual method of interviewer prelisting of dwelling units was supplemented by the use of city directory listings or by interviews at every address within limited areas. Efforts were also made to improve the quality of the prelisting process itself.

The number of dwelling units estimated by expanding the Survey of Consumer Finances sample increased in relation to the Census Bureau estimate from 1955 to 1956. Since it is believed that the households covered this year but missed in earlier years included a particularly large proportion of
single person households, the increased coverage may have accounted in part for the decline in the estimated number and proportion of secondary spending units. Thus, the increase in spending units and family units, but particularly the former, may have been understated in relation to the change in the number of households.

Aggregative data are obtained for the population covered by the Survey of Consumer Finances by multiplying data on proportions and means obtained in the Survey by the estimated total number of spending units or family units. Estimates of the number of units with given characteristics are obtained by multiplying the proportion shown by the
sample to have that characteristic by the estimated total number of units. Estimates of aggregate assets, debt, expenditures, and other variables are obtained by multiplying the mean amount derived from the sample by the number of units. All 1955 data in the foregoing article are based on the estimate of 55.0 million spending units and 50.4 million family units. Data in earlier articles in this series were based on a preliminary estimate of 54.2 million spending units and 49.8 million family units.

A more detailed description of Survey methods was published in the Federal Reserve Bulletin for July 1950.


Supplementary Table 2
Automobile Purchasers within Various Groups
[Purchasers as a percentage of spending units]

| Group characteristic | New automobile |  | Used automobile |  | Group characteristic | New automobile |  | Used automobile |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 | 1954 | 1955 | 1954 |
| All spending units. | 11 | 8 | 17 | 16 | Occupation of head: |  |  |  |  |
| Money income before taxes: |  |  |  |  | Professional and semiprofessional. Managerial. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 18 | 14 | 13 | 16 |
| Under \$1,000.... . . . . . . | (1) | 2 | 8 | 3 | Self-employed... | 22 | 15 | 12 | 13 |
| \$1,000-\$1,999. | 1 | 2 | 13 | 14 | Clerical and sales | 15 | 9 | 15 | 14 |
| \$2,000-\$2,999. | 7 | 4 | 20 | 17 | Skilled and semiskilled. | 12 | 7 | 26 | 22 |
| \$3,000-\$3,999. | 6 | 4 | 20 | 22 | Unskilled and service. | 4 | 4 | 14 | 21 |
| \$4,000-\$4,999. | 9 | 8 | 27 | 17 | Farm operator... | 7 | 9 | 16 | 10 |
| \$5,000-\$7,499. | 16 | 13 | 18 | 20 | Retired. . . . . . | 7 | 3 | 6 | 7 |
| \$7,500-\$9,999. | 26 | 14 | 12 | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$10,000 and over. | 36 | 28 | 8 | 8 | Age of head: |  |  |  |  |
| Region: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18-24 \ldots \\ & 25-34 \ldots . \end{aligned}$ | 6 13 | 6 10 | 38 | 28 |
| North East. | 10 | 6 | 13 | 14 | 35-44. | 16 | 11 | 18 | 18 |
| North Central. | 12 | 8 | 17 | 16 | 45-54 | 11 | 8 | 15 | 14 |
| South. | 12 | 10 | 19 | 16 | 55-64 | 9 | 7 | 9 | 9 |
| West. | 11 | 8 | 22 | 19 | 65 and over | 6 | 2 | 6 | 4 |

1 No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.
2 Survey regions are defined as follows: North East includes New England, the Middle Atlantic States, and Delaware; North Central includes West North Central and East North Central States; South
includes East South Central, West South Central, and South Atlantic States other than Delaware; West includes Mountain and Pacific Coast States.

Supplementary Table 3
Price Paid and Net Outlay by Automobile Purchasers
[Percentage distribution of purchasers]

| Type of purchase and amount | Price |  |  |  | Net outlay ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 | 1953 | 1952 | 1955 | 1954 | 1953 | 1952 |
| New automobile: | (2) | (2) | (2) | 1 | 26 | 40 |  |  |
| \$1,500-\$1,999. | 4 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 32 | 28 | 28 | 22 |
| \$2,000-\$2,499. | 25 | 40 | 39 | 40 | 22 | 16 | 18 | 15 |
| \$2,500-\$2,999. | 28 | 23 | 30 | 26 | 12 | 8 | 7 | 5 |
| \$3,000-\$3,499. | 22 | 18 | 14 | 18 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| \$3,500 and over. | 20 | 12 | 9 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Not ascertained. |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| All cases. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Median. Mean. | \$2,780 $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 9 4 0}$ | \$ | \$2,500 $\$ 2,650$ | - | \$1,840 $\$ 1,900$ | $\$ 1,670$ $\$ 1,730$ | \$1,590 $\$ 1,660$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1,430 \\ & \$ 1,560 \end{aligned}$ |
| Number of cases. | 387 | 294 | 305 | 245 | 387 | 294 | 305 | 245 |
| Used automobile: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$250-\$499... | 18 | 12 | 29 | 33 | 27 | 26 | 12 | 22 |
| \$500-8749. | 18 | 16 |  | 24 | 18 | ${ }_{r 18}$ | 21 | 16 |
| \$750-\$999. | 13 | 14 | 25 | 24 | 13 | ${ }^{1} 13$ | 16 | 17 |
| \$1,000-\$1,499. | 12 | 18 | 25 | 20 | 11 | 12 | 14 | ${ }^{1} 15$ |
| \$1,500-\$1,999... | 8 | 8 3 | 12 | 15 | 4 | 3 | 6 | ${ }_{r}{ }^{6}$ |
| \$2,000 and over. Not ascertained. | 6 4 | 3 6 | 6 <br> 3 | 6 2 | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | $\frac{1}{7}$ | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}2 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| All cases. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Median. | \$600 |  | \$900 | \$850 | \$470 | \$500 | \$600 | \$600 |
| Mean. | \$780 | \$800 | \$920 | \$950 | \$610 | \$600 | \$640 | \$700 |
| Number of cases. | 482 | 474 | 409 | 405 | 482 | 474 | 409 | 405 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
1 After deduction for trade-in or sale of automobile.
2 No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

Supplementary Table 4
Trade-ins and Sales in Connection with Automobile Purchases
[Percentage distribution of purchasers]

| Type of transaction | Buyers of new and used cars |  |  | Buyers of new cars |  |  | Buyers of used cars |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 | 1953 | 1955 | 1954 | 1953 | 1955 | 1954 | 1953 |
| Traded in a car Sold a car Neither.. <br> Not ascertained | 62 5 32 1 | 62 5 32 1 | 63 6 30 1 | 84 4 12 (1) | 83 3 14 (1) | 82 4 14 (1) | 48 5 46 1 | 51 7 41 1 | 51 7 41 1 |
| All cases.. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Number of cases. | 869 | 768 | 714 | 387 | 294 | 305 | 482 | 474 | 409 |

${ }^{1}$ No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.
Supplementary Table 5
Amounts Expended for Furniture and Major Household Appliances
[Percentage distribution of spending units]

| Amount | 1955 | 1954 | 1953 | 1952 | 1951 | 1950 | 1949 | 1948 | 1947 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zero.. | 55 | 57 | 57 | 61 | 58 | 58 | 61 |  | 64 |
| Under $\$ 100$ | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 |  | 6 | 7 |  | 9 |
| \$100-\$199. | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 8 |
| \$200-\$299. | 11 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 6 |
| \$300-\$499. | 11 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 8 | 6 |
| \$500-\$749. | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| \$750-\$999.. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| \$1,000 and over. | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Not ascertained. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | (1) | 1 | 1 |
| All cases. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Number of cases. | 3,014 | 3,119 | 3,000 | 3,097 | 2,820 | 3,415 | 3,512 | 3,510 | 3,562 |

Supplementary Table 6
Purchasers of Furniture and Major Household Appliances within Various Groups [Purchasers as a percentage of spending units]

| Group characteristic | Any type of purchase ${ }^{1}$ |  | Television set |  | Washing machine |  | Refrigerator |  | Furniture |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1954 | 1955 | 1954 | 1955 | 1954 | 1955 | 1954 | 1955 | 1954 |
| All spending units. | 45 | 43 | 15 | 14 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 18 | 16 |
| Money income before taxes: Under $\$ 1,000$ | 25 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$1,000-\$1,999........... | 30 | 31 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 8 | ${ }_{11}^{8}$ |
| \$2,000-\$2,999. | 42 | 36 | 19 | 13 | 6 | 5 | 8 | 5 | 10 | 11 |
| \$3,000-\$3,999. | 49 | 46 | 20 | 18 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 19 | 15 |
| \$4,000-\$4,999. | 50 | 47 | 17 | 17 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 6 | 21 | 17 |
| \$5,000-\$7,499. | 52 | 55 | 17 | 19 | 12 | 13 | 8 | 8 | 24 | 22 |
| \$7,500-\$9,999.. | 57 | 56 | 18 | 18 | 10 | 11 | 6 | 8 | 30 | 24 |
| \$10,000 and over. | 61 | 57 | 18 | 16 | 13 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 30 | 28 |
| Family status: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ange 18-44. | 21 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age 45 and over. | 24 | 22 | 7 | 7 | 2 | , | 5 | 4 | 7 | 6 |
| Married: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age 18-44, no children under $18 \ldots$ | ${ }_{58}^{63}$ | 51 | 25 | 13 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 11 | 30 | 27 |
| Age 18-44, children under 18. | 58 | 57 | 21 | 21 | 14 | 13 | 9 | 7 | 26 | 22 |
| Age 45 and over, no children under 18. | 43 | 38 | 15 | 12 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 15 | 13 |
| Age 45 and over, children under 18.. | 51 | 53 | 16 | 16 | 12 | 13 | 7 | 8 | 17 | 16 |
| Region: ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North East.. | 39 | 39 | 12 | 12 | 8 |  | 7 |  | 16 |  |
| North Central. | 48 | 43 | 17 | 15 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 21 | 17 |
| South.. | 46 | 47 | 16 | 16 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 15 | 16 |
| West........................... . . . | 47 | 44 | 15 | 14 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 7 | 22 | 18 |

[^6]units in which both husband and wife are present. ${ }^{3}$ For definition of Survey regions, see Supplementary Table 2, note 2 .

Supplementary Table 7
Consumer Plans to Purchase Durable Goods and Nonfarm Houses within Income Groups ${ }^{1}$ [Prospective purchasers as a percentage of spending units]

| Money income before taxes in preceding year | Consumer durable goods |  |  |  |  |  | Nonfarm houses, new and used ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New automobiles |  | Used automobiles |  | Furniture and major household appliances |  |  |  |
|  | 1956 | 1955 | 1956 | 1955 | 1956 | 1955 | 1956 | 1955 |
| All spending units... | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 28 | 28 | 9 | 9 |
| Under \$1,000. | 1 | (3) | 4 | 3 | 10 | 12 | 3 | 1 |
| \$1,000-\$1,999. | 1 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 19 | 16 | 5 | 4 |
| \$2,000-\$2,999. | ${ }_{5}$ | 2 | 7 | 8 | 20 | 23 | 8 | 4 |
| \$3,000-\$3,999. | 5 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 26 | 30 | 8 | 8 |
| \$4,000-\$4,999. | 9 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 32 | 35 | 10 | 10 |
| \$5,000-\$7,499. | 11 19 | 11 19 | 9 | 8 | 35 43 | 36 38 | 13 13 | 15 |
| \$10,000 and over. | 23 | 35 | 5 | ${ }^{6}$ | 47 | 44 | 12 | 12 |
| Median planned expenditure ${ }^{4}$. | \$2,700 | \$2,700 | \$700 | \$800 | \$300 | \$250 | (5) | ${ }^{(5)}$ |

1 Includes spending units planning definitely, probably, or possibly to buy and those having already bought in Survey year.

2 Includes nonfarm spending units only.
3 No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.
Supplementary Table 8
Consumer Plans to Purchase Automobiles and Other Selected Durable Goods ${ }^{1}$
[Prospective purchasers as a percentage of all spending units]


1 See Supplementary Table 7, note 1.
${ }_{2}$ Includes spending units planning purchases of items listed individually and other major household appliances.

4 Based on spending units that have bought, will buy, or will probably buy automobiles, and spending units that have bought, will buy, will probably, or will possibly buy other items.

5 Data not available.
Supplementary Table 9
Credit Purchasers of Automobiles and Other Selected Durable Goods
[Percentage of purchasers using credit]

| Type of purchase | 1955 | 1954 | 1953 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New automobile. | 60 | ${ }^{6} 61$ | 59 |
| Used automobile. | 60 | ${ }^{2} 61$ | ${ }^{6} 61$ |
| Furniture and major household appliances ${ }^{1}$. | 52 | 54 | 56 |
| Furniture. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 45 | r 50 | 50 |
| Television set | 56 | 57 | 55 |
| Refrigerator. | 51 | 58 | 63 |
| Washing machine | 55 | 55 | 58 |

$r$ Revised.
${ }^{r}$ Revised. two similar items, one for credit and one for cash, were classified as two similar items, one for credit and one for cash, were cla
credit purchasers. Charge-account purchasers are excluded.

Supplementary Table 10
Instalment Purchase Debt within Income Groups, Early 1956
[Percentage distribution of spending units]

| Amount of debt | All 1955 income groups | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 1,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{\$ 1 , 0 0 0 -} \\ & \$ 1,999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 2,000-99 \\ \$ 2, \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,000- \\ & \$ 3,999 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 4,000- \\ \hline 4,999 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 5,000- \\ & \$ 7,499 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 7,500-990 \\ \$ 9, \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10,000 \\ & \text { and over } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 79 10 5 4 4 (1) | 96 2 1 1 $(1)$ $(1)$ | 92 6 1 1 $(1)$ (1) | $\begin{array}{r} 84 \\ 10 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 78 \\ 13 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ (1) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 69 \\ 17 \\ 7 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ (1) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 72 \\ 10 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 2 \\ (1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 68 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 8 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \text { (1) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 78 \\ 4 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ 3 \\ (1) \end{array}$ |
| All cases | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Other purchase debt ${ }^{2}$ None Under $\$ 100$ \$100-\$199. $\$ 200-\$ 499 \ldots$ Not ascertained | 70 10 8 8 9 3 (1) | $\begin{array}{r} 84 \\ 9 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 73 \\ 16 \\ 8 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ (1) \\ (1) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 70 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 2 \\ \text { (1) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 8 \\ 11 \\ 2 \\ (1) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 67 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 4 \\ (1) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62 \\ & 11 \\ & 12 \\ & 11 \\ & 4 \\ & (1) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 73 \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ 10 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ (1) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ \text { (1) } \end{array}$ |
| All cases | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

1 No cases reported or less than one half of 1 per cent.
2 Includes instalment debt in connection with consumer goods other than automobiles, houses, and house additions and repairs.

Supplementary Table 11
Automobile Ownership within Various Groups, Early 1956
[Percentage distribution of spending units]

| Group characteristic | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { cases } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { cases }}{\text { All }}$ | Owns |  | Does not own | Group characteristic | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { cases } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { cases } \end{gathered}$ | Owns |  | Does not own |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I automobile | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 1 automobile | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { or } \\ \text { more } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| All spending units. | 3,014 | 100 | 61 | 9 | 30 | Region: ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | North East.. | 868 950 | 100 | 56 | 5 | 39 |
| 1955 money income before taxes: | 261 | 100 | 28 | 1 | 71 | North Central | 950 408 | 100 | 65 59 | 10 | 25 |
| Under \$1,000. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 331 | 100 | 38 | 3 | 71 59 | Weuth. | 788 | 100 | 59 65 | 10 12 | 31 23 |
| \$2,000-\$2,999. | 359 | 100 | 55 | 4 | 41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$3,000-\$3,999. | 384 | 100 | 64 | 6 | 30 | Family status: |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$4,000-\$4,999. | 407 | 100 | 78 | 7 | 15 | Single: |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$5,000-\$7,499. | 703 | 100 | 78 | 11 | 11 | Age 18-44. | 293 | 100 | 54 | 2 | 44 |
| \$7,500-\$9,999. | 277 | 100 | 74 | 20 | 6 | Age 45 and over. | 437 | 100 | 30 | 1 | 69 |
| \$10,000 and over. . . . . . . . . . . | 292 | 100 | 62 | 32 | 6 | Married: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Age 18-44, no children |  |  |  |  |  |
| Occupation of head: |  |  |  |  |  | under 18 . | 215 | 100 | 80 | 7 | 13 |
| Professional and semiprofes- |  |  |  |  |  | Age 18-44, children under $18 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 931 | 100 | 74 | 13 | 13 |
| sional. | 313 | 100 | 70 | 15 | 15 | Age 45 and over, no chil- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managerial. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 183 | 100 | 80 | 13 | 7 | dren under 18.......... | 617 | 100 | 65 | 10 | 25 |
| Self-employed. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 262 | 100 | 68 | 20 | 12 | Age 45 and over, children |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clerical and sales | 365 | 100 | 58 | 9 | 33 | under 18. | 309 | 100 | 66 | 16 | 18 |
| Skilled and semiskilled | 810 | 100 | 74 | 9 | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unskilled and service | 299 | 100 | 44 | 3 | 53 | Number of income recipients: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm operator. | 154 | 100 | 70 | 13 | 17 | One. | 2,043 | 100 | 59 | 7 | 34 |
| Retired. | 269 | 100 | 45 | 3 | 52 | Two or more | 948 | 100 | 66 | 13 | 21 |

1 See Supplementary Table 2, note 2.
Supplementary Table 12
Age of Automobiles Owned by Consumers ${ }^{1}$ [Percentage distribution of automobiles]

| Age of automobile | 1956 | 1955 | 1954 | 1953 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 years or less. | 37 | 34 | 36 | 42 |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ year or less. 2 or 3 years... | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & \hline 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{12}{22}$ | 13 23 | 111 |
| More than 3 years. | 63 | 66 | 64 | 58 |
| 4 to 7 years. More than 7 years. | 41 22 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & 23 \end{aligned}$ | 40 24 | 30 28 |
| All cases. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

I Ownership of automobiles as of date of Survey. In early 1956 automobiles were classified for age as follows: 1 year or less- 1955 and 1956 models; 2 or 3 years- 1953 and 1954 models; 4 to 7 years$949,1950,1951$, and 1952 models; more than 7 years- 1948 models and earlier. Similar classifications were used in previous Surveys.

Supplementary Table 14
Value of Nonfarm Houses
[Percentage distribution of owner-occupied nonfarm houses]

| Amount ${ }^{1}$ | 19562 | 19552 | 1953 | 1951 | 1949 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$1-54,999. | 11 | 18 | 18 | 22 | ${ }^{23}$ |
| \$7,500-99,999. | 16 | 14 | 15 | 17 | 16 |
| \$10,000-\$12,499. | 20 | 20 | 17 | 16 | 17 |
| \$12,500-\$14,999... | 10 16 | ${ }_{14}^{9}$ | 12 | 109 | 6 |
| \$20,000 and over |  | 10 | 9 | 7 | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Median. | \$10,000 | \$10,000 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { \$9,000 } \\ \mathbf{1 0}\end{array}$ | \$7,900 $\$ 9,300$ | $\$ 8,000$ $\$ 9,100$ |
| Mean.... | \$11,700 | \$11,000 | \$10,700 | \$9,300 | \$9,100 |

[^7]2 See Supplementary Table 6, note 2.

## Supplementary Table 13

Family Expenditures on Home lmprovement and Maintenance
[Percentage distribution of home-owning nonfarm families]

| Amount | 1955 | 1954 | 1953 | 1952 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zero. | 42 | 41 | 42 | 40 |
| Under \$100 | 12 | 13 | 15 | 14 |
| \$100-\$199 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 12 |
| \$200-\$499 | 16 | 17 | 14 | 15 |
| \$500-\$999. | 11 | 10 | 9 | 11 |
| \$1,000 and over | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 |
| Not ascertained | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| All cases. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Supplementary Table 15
Purchases of Nonfarm Houses

| Type of house | Percentage of nonfarm spending units | Estimated number of pur(In millions) | Median expenditure ${ }^{1}$ | Mean expenditure ${ }^{1}$ | Estimated total expenditure (In billions) ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1955: New.... | 1.7 3.1 | 0.9 1.7 | \$10,000 | \$11,190 | \$29.1 |
| 1954: New.... | 1.9 | 1.0 $r 1.5$ | 10,500 | 11,200 | r28.0 |
| 1953: New..... | 1.4 2.9 | 0.7 1.5 | 10,500 | 11,600 | 25.5 |
| 1952: New....... | $\begin{aligned} & 1.3 \\ & 2.3 \end{aligned}$ | $0.6$ | 10,800 | 11,800 | 20.1 |
| ${ }^{r}$ Revised. <br> ${ }_{1}$ Data based on | atively sn | all numb | of cases. |  |  |

SUpplementary Table 16
Housing Status of Spending Units by Age and Family Status, Early 1956
[Percentage distribution of nonfarm spending units within groups]

| Age and family status ${ }^{1}$ | Percentage of all nonfarm spending units | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { cases } \end{aligned}$ | Housing status |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Owns home | Rents home | Lives with relatives | Other ${ }^{2}$ |
| All nonfarm spending units ${ }^{3}$. | 100 | 100 | 53 | 34 | 8 | 5 |
| Age 18-44: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 10 | 100 | 8 | 32 | 54 | 6 |
| Married, no children under 18. | $7{ }^{7}$ | 100 | 38 | 54 | 4 | 4 |
| Married, youngest child under 6.. | 21 | 100 | 50 | 43 | 5 | 2 |
| Married, youngest child 6 or over | 9 | 100 | 62 | 34 | 2 | 2 |
| Age 45-64: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . - | 8 | 100 | 49 | 36 | 6 | 9 |
| Married, no children under 18 | 12 | 100 | 73 | 22 | 4 | 1 |
| Married, children under 18. | 9 | 100 | 70 | 27 | 3 | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ |
| Age 65 and over: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Single... | 8 | 100 | 50 | 30 | 14 | 6 |
| Married. | 8 | 100 | 72 | 17 | 11 | 1 |
| 1 Age refers to head of spending unit; "married" refers only to | ${ }^{3}$ Includes some spending units of types not covered in separate categories or for which information was not obtained. Together |  |  |  |  |  |
| spending units that include both husband and wife; "single" refers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| to unmarried, widowed, separated, and divorced persons without | these account for about 8 per cent of the 2,893 nonfarm spending |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 Spending units that receive housing as part of compensation, live temporarily in houses they have sold, etc. | 4 No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent. |  |  |  |  |  |

Supplementary Table 17
Housing Status of Nonfarm Families
[Percentage distribution of nonfarm families within specified groups]

| Group characteristic | $\underset{\text { cases }}{\text { All }}$ | Owns home |  |  | Rents home |  |  | Other ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1956 | 1955 | 1954 | 1956 | 1955 | 1954 | 1956 | 1955 | 1954 |
| All nonfarm families ${ }^{2}$. | 100 | 57 | 55 | 56 | 37 | 40 | 40 | 6 | 5 | 4 |
| Family money income before taxes in precedingyear: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100 100 | 44 | 43 | ${ }_{45}^{44}$ | 36 49 | 40 | 37 46 | 20 10 | 17 9 | ${ }_{9}^{19}$ |
| \$2,000-\$82,999. | 100 | 50 | 39 | 47 | 42 | $\stackrel{54}{54}$ | 47 | 8 | 7 | 6 |
| \$3,000-83,999... | 100 100 | 46 56 | 46 | 45 52 | 49 41 4 | 51 43 43 | 52 45 4 | $\stackrel{5}{3}$ | 3 <br> 3 | 3 |
| \$5,000-87,499... | 100 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 33 | 33 | 33 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| $\$ 7,500-89,999 \ldots$. $\$ 10,000$ and over. | ${ }_{100}^{100}$ | 73 <br> 80 | 75 | 72 | ${ }_{20}^{26}$ | 24 | 26 | (3) | 1 | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Self-employed. | 100 | ${ }_{81}^{64}$ | 73 | 76 | ${ }_{18}^{34}$ | 28 | 39 <br> 23 | 1 | 2 | ${ }_{1}$ |
| Clerical and sales: | 100 | 54 | 5 | 5 | ${ }^{43}$ | 44 | 42 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Skilled and semiskilled | 100 | 388 | 40 | 4 |  |  |  | 17 |  |  |
| Retired... | 100 | 69 | 65 | 65 | 26 | 30 | 25 | 5 | 5 | 10 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No veteran in family One or more veteran | 100 100 | 42 50 | 43 52 | $\stackrel{44}{51}$ | 48 | 52 45 | 52 47 | ${ }_{3}^{10}$ | ${ }_{3}^{5}$ | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metropolitan area. | 100 | 49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Other city, 50,000 and over Town or city, $2,500-49,999$ | ${ }_{100}^{100}$ | ${ }_{64}^{46}$ | 51 56 | 51 57 | 52 33 | 47 41 41 | 46 39 39 | $\frac{2}{3}$ | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |  |
| Town under 2,, $500 .$. | 100 100 | 67 | 70 68 | 70 68 | 21 | 25 17 | 23 20 | 12 | - 5 | 7 |
| Open country..... | 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North East. North Contral | 100 100 | 52 60 | 46 59 | 50 61 | ${ }_{36}^{44}$ | 50 36 | 47 35 | 4 |  |  |
| South........ | 100 | 59 | 58 | 56 | 33 | 37 | 39 39 | ${ }_{8}^{4}$ | 5 | 5 |
| West...... | 100 | 57 | 60 | 55 | 38 | 36 | 38 | 5 | 4 | 7 |

1 Families that receive housing as part of compensation, live temporarily in houses they have sold, etc.
${ }_{2}$ Total number of nonfarm families included in Survey was 2,604 in $1956,2,601$ in 1955 , and 2,478 in 1954.

[^8] under
5 See Supplementary Table 2 , note 2.

SUPplementary Table 18
Mortgage Debt within Family Income Groups, Early 1956
[Percentage distribution of home-owning nonfarm families]

| Money income before taxes in preceding year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { cases } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { cases } \end{aligned}$ | Amount of mortgage debt |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Zero | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1- \\ \$ 1,999 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2,000- \\ & \$ 4,999 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 5,000- \\ & \$ 7,499 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 7,500- \\ & \$ 9,999 \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 10,000$ and over |
| All income groups. | 1,558 | 100 | 50 | 8 | 14 | 12 | 9 | 7 |
| Under \$1,000.. | 86 100 | 100 100 | 90 82 | 6 5 | 8 | (1) | 2 | ${ }_{(1)}^{(1)}$ |
| \$2,000-\$2,999. | 123 | 100 | 68 | 8 | 15 | 8 | (1) | 1 |
| \$3,000-\$3,999. | 131 | 100 | 57 | 13 | 15 | 5 | 6 | 4 |
| \$4,000-\$4,999. | 191 | 100 | 45 | 12 | 18 | 13 | 8 | 4 |
| \$5,000-\$7,499. | 443 | 100 | 36 | 10 | 17 | 20 | 10 | 7 |
| \$7,500-\$9,999. | 211 | 100 | 33 | 7 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 10 |
| \$10,000 and over. | 273 | 100 | 42 | 2 | 11 | 9 | 16. | 20 |

${ }^{1}$ No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

## Supplementary Table 19

Mortage Debt in Relation to House Value, Early 1956
[Percentage distribution of home-owning nonfarm families within groups]

${ }^{1}$ No cases reported or less than one-half of 1 per cent.

Supplementary Table 20
Annual Mortgage Payments by Nonfarm Families
[Percentage distribution of home-owning nonfarm families]

| Amount | 19561 | 19551 | 19512 | 19492 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Zero. | 50 | 46 | 51 | 55 |
| Under \$500. | 12 | 14 | 24 | 24 |
| \$500-\$999. | 27 | 30 | 16 | 13 |
| \$1,000 and over . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 9 | 8 | 5 | 3 |
| No regular payments or amount not ascertained. | 2 | 2 | 4 | 5 |
| All cases. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

[^9]2 Actual payments during previous year.

Supplementary Table 21
Monthly Rent of Nonfarm Families
[Percentage distribution of rent-paying nonfarm families]

| Amount ${ }^{1}$ | 1956 | 1955 | 1953 | 1949 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under \$20. | 11 | 8 | 11 | 19 |
| \$20-\$29. | 13 | 14 | 16 | 21 |
| \$30-\$39. | 13 | 16 | 15 | 23 |
| \$40-\$49 | 14 | 16 | 17 | 15 |
| \$50-\$74. | 31 | 31 | 26 | 16 |
| \$75 and over. | 17 | 14 | 13 | 5 |
| Not ascertained | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| All cases. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

${ }^{1}$ Early in year specified.

## The Balance Sheet of Agriculture, 1956

The major factual portion of the twelfth in a series of annual reports on the financial condition of agriculture, issued by the United States Department of Agriculture, is given below.1, ${ }^{2}$ The full report will be published as an Agriculture Information Bulletin of the Department of Agriculture.

The study was prepared under the direction of Norman J. Wall, Head of the Agricultural Finance Section, Production Economics Research Branch, Agricultural Research Service, by F. L. Garlock,
L. A. Jones, R. W. Bierman, M. M. Taylor and W. H. Scofield.

Data relating to the inventories of particular items were prepared under the direction of the following persons: Livestock-A. V. Nordquist; crops-C. E. Burkhead, J. J. Morgan, George D. Harrell; machinery-E. W. Grove, Robert H. Masucci; household equipment-Jean L. Pennock. Data relating to farm income and expenditures were compiled under the direction of $E . W$. Grove.

## THE 1956 BALANCE SHEET IN GENERAL

Farm assets reached an all-time record value of $\$ 170.1$ billion on January 1, 1956. The increase in value of farm assets in 1954 and 1955a period when farm prices and farm income were falling-resulted mainly from increases in the value of farm real estate. Other farm assets, as a group, rose $\$ 0.9$ billion in 1954 and fell $\$ 0.3$ billion in 1955. Household furnishings and equipment, machinery and motor vehicles, and the financial assets owned by farmers rose in value each year; livestock inventories decreased each year. Inventories of crops rose in value in 1954

[^10]and fell in 1955.
Farm debts, including price-support loans, increased about $\$ 0.6$ billion in 1954 and $\$ 1.1$ billion in 1955. In those two years, farm mortgage debt increased by $\$ 1.3$ billion and non-real-estate debt, excluding price-support loans, by $\$ 0.9$ billion. Outstanding price-support loans to individual farmers declined by $\$ 0.5$ billion. Despite the increase in farm debt, the value of proprietors' equities in farm assets rose from the post-Korean low of $\$ 144.4$ billion at the beginning of 1954 to $\$ 151.3$ billion on January 1, 1956.
the meaning, use, and limitations of the Balance Sheet and its individual items were considered.

Many of the considerations in that publication are still pertinent. They may be referred to with profit by those who examine the Balance Sheet of Agriculture for the first time. The reader will recall that in a country as vast and diversified as ours, financial changes are never entirely uniform, either for geographic areas or for individuals. Thus, even when the Balance Sheet accurately reflects the aggregate, it does not reveal the differences that are found in different States and regions and among individual farmers.
${ }^{2}$ For earlier reports in this series, see the Federal Reserve Bulletin for September 1946, pp. 974-94; November 1947, pp. 1357-72; September 1948, pp. 1067-82; September 1949, pp. 1053-63; September 1950, pp. 1118-31; September 1951, pp. 1090-1103; July 1952, pp. 758-71; August 1953, pp. 822-34; August 1954, pp. 821-33; and August 1955, pp. 869-78.

## ASSETS

The value of all farm assets in the United States rose further during 1955 to an all-time peak of $\$ 170.1$ billion on January 1, 1956 (Table 1). ${ }^{3}$ These assets include the financial assets, automobiles, and household furnishings and equipment owned by farmers as well as all assets used directly in farm production, such as farm land and buildings, livestock, tractors, motor trucks, farm machinery, and inventories of crops. The increase in 1955 was $\$ 3.6$ billion, or about 2 per cent, compared with $\$ 5.0$ billion or about 3 per cent in 1954.

Rising prices of farm real estate caused most of the increase in value of farm assets in 1955. Farm real estate values rose despite declines in farm prices and farm income. A strong demand for farm real estate was generated by the need of many farmers to enlarge their operations. The value of farm real estate was also affected by restricted offerings of farms for sale and by the spread of urban development.

Although farm expenditures for motor vehicles and farm machinery were lower in 1954 and 1955 than in a number of preceding years, purchases exceeded depreciation in each of these years. Farmers continued to improve their inventories of home furnishings and equipment. The currency and deposits owned by farmers remained constant during 1954 and 1955 but small increases occurred in the value of the United States savings bonds that farmers owned, largely because of interest accruals, and in the value of farmers' equities in cooperative associations.

[^11]The currency, bank deposits, and United States savings bonds owned by farmers increased in purchasing power during 1955 by 1.4 per cent. This gain resulted from a small increase in the amount of these assets that farmers owned and from a slight decline in the prices of goods and services that farmers buy.

Table 1
Comparative Balance Sheet of Agriculture United States, January 1, Selected Years, 1940-56 [In billions of dollars]

${ }^{1}$ Computed from unrounded data.
${ }^{2}$ Revised.
${ }^{2}$ Revised.
${ }^{3}$ Includes all crops held on farms for whatever purpose and crops held off farms as security for Commodity Credit Corporation loans. The latter on Jan. 1, 1956 totaled $\$ 1,381$ million.
${ }^{4}$ Estimated valuation for 1940 , plus purchases minus depreciation since then.
${ }^{5}$ Total of rounded data
6 Although these are nonrecourse loans, they are included as liabilities because borrowers must either pay them in cash or deliver the commodities on which they were based. The values of the underlying commodities are included among the assets; hence the loans must be included as liabilities to avoid overstating the amoun of proprietors' equities.
${ }^{7}$ Includes individuals, merchants, dealers, and others. Estimates based on fragmentary data.

Table 2
Physical Assets of Agriculture Valued at 1940 Prices, United States, January 1, Selected Years, 1940-56 [In billions of dollars]

| Assets | 1940 | 1950 | 1955 | 1956 | Net increase or decrease (-) ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1940-56 | 1955-56 |
| Real estate ${ }^{2}$. | 33.6 | 35.8 | 337.3 | 37.5 | 3.8 | 0.2 |
| Livestock. | 5.1 | 4.8 | 35.1 | 5.2 | . 04 | . 03 |
| Machinery and motor vehicles ${ }^{3}$ | 3.1 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 4.5 | . 1 |
| Crops stored on and off farms. | 2.7 | 3.2 | 33.6 | 3.5 | . 9 | -. 03 |
| Household furnishings and equipment ${ }^{4}$...... | 4.3 | 5.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 2.3 | 1 |
| Total ${ }^{3}$, 5. | 48.8 | 55.2 | 60.0 | 60.4 | 11.5 | . 4 |

1 Computed from unrounded data.
${ }_{2}$ This series is based on data for Census years developed by Alvin S. Tostlebe in cooperation with the National Bureau of Economic Research. It takes into account changes in the area in farms, acreage of improved land, and number and condition of farm structures. See Agricultural Finance Review, November 1952.) Data for intermarks based on net investment in farm structures (gross investment marks based on net investment in farm structures (gross inve ${ }_{3}$ Revised.
${ }^{4}$ Purchases since 1940 are deflated by an index of prices paid by farmers for housefurnishings.

5 Totals of rounded data.
Only two main types of farm assets declined in value during the two-year period. These were the inventories of livestock and crops. Each was worth at current prices about $\$ 0.9$ billion less on January 1, 1956 than two years earlier. The physical inventories of both livestock and crops were slightly larger at the end than at the beginning of the period. Lower prices were the chief cause of decline in the value of these inventories.

The quantity of all physical farm assets, as measured by valuations in 1940 prices, has risen each year since 1945 (Table 2). For the entire period 1946-55, the increase was about 20 per cent; it was less than 2 per cent for the last two years. The major changes in 1954 and 1955 came from expenditures for farm buildings and other structures and from additions to household furnishings and equipment.

## DEBTS

Total farm debt, including price-support loans, amounted to $\$ 18.8$ billion on January 1, 1956. The farm debt has increased each year since 1945. The growth in farm debt during 1946-56 was partly a phase of the adjustment to a higher price level. However, both the physical assets and the physical production of agriculture increased considerably in this period; and increased use of
credit was one of the means by which these changes were accomplished.

Farm mortgage debt increased in 1955 by about $\$ 0.8$ billion or nearly 10 per cent, bringing the amount of this debt to $\$ 9.0$ billion on January 1,1956 . Both the number and size of mortgages recorded were higher in 1955 than in 1954. Outstanding farm mortgage debt increased in all regions during 1955.

The non-real-estate debt of farmers, excluding price-support loans, has increased in all years since 1944, except in 1953, when it dropped substantially. On January 1, 1956 it amounted to $\$ 7.9$ billion, or about 8 per cent more than a year earlier. Eleven years earlier, this debt reached a low for the 1940's and 1950's of only $\$ 2.7$ billion.

Outstanding price-support loans to individual farmers dropped from $\$ 2.4$ billion at the beginning of 1954 to $\$ 1.9$ billion on January 1, 1956. The amount of such loans made declined from the record of nearly $\$ 2.7$ billion in 1953 to about $\$ 2.3$ billion in 1954 and $\$ 2.2$ billion in 1955.

## AGRICULTURAL INCOME

Total gross farm income in 1955 was $\$ 33.3$ billion, a decline of about 2 per cent from the $\$ 33.9$ billion in 1954 (Table 3). Cash receipts from farm marketings-the main item of gross income -declined from $\$ 29.7$ billion in 1954 to $\$ 29.3$ billion in 1955. Government payments to farmers and the value of home consumption of farm products also decreased. The rental value of farm dwellings increased slightly, and the value of crop and livestock inventories also rose.

The small decline that occurred between 1954 and 1955 in cash receipts from marketings was the result of lower prices for farm products. The price index for all commodities declined a little more than 5 per cent.

Despite the 2 per cent decline between 1954 and 1955 in gross farm income, production costs (other than wages, rent, and mortgage interest) rose about 1 per cent, from $\$ 17.2$ to $\$ 17.4$ billion. Expenditures for feed, livestock, and fertilizer declined, but not enough to offset the increased costs related to the operation and depreciation of machinery and other farm capital, and higher expenditures for seed, taxes, and miscellaneous items of expense.

Because of the decrease in income and the rise in costs, total net income from agriculture

## Table 3

Comparative Income Statement for Agriculture United States, Selected Years, 1950-55 ${ }^{1}$
[In millions of dollars]

| Item | 1950 | 1954 | 1955 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| How net income was obtained |  |  |  |
| Total gross farm income: |  |  |  |
| Cash receipts from farm marketings | 28,405 | 29,714 | 29,264 |
| Government payments to farmers | 283 | 257 | 229 |
| Home consumption of farm produ | 2,051 | 1,869 | 1,768 |
| Rental value of farm dwellings. | 1,366 | 1,623 | 1,678 |
| Net change in inventory ${ }^{\text {2 }}$..... | 859 | 466 | 340 |
| Total | 32,964 | 33,929 | 33,279 |
| Production costs, other than wages, rent, and interest on mortgages: |  |  |  |
| Feed bought............................ | 2,000 | 1, 5672 | 1,542 |
| Fertilizer and lime bought. | 978 | 1,274 | 1,266 |
| Repairs and operation of capital items. | 2,969 | 3,265 | 3,353 |
| Depreciation and other consumption of farm capital. | 2,743 | 3,645 | 3,734 |
| Taxes on farm real estate and personal property. | 919 | 1,122 | 1,187 |
| Seed bought | 531 | 557 | 627 |
| Miscellaneo | 1,611 | 1,896 | 1,980 |
| Total | 15,081 | 17, 194 | 17,369 |
| Net income from agriculture | 17,883 | 16,735 | 15,910 |
| How net income was distributed |  |  |  |
| Wages to hired labor (cash and perquisites). - | 2,750 | 2,710 | 2,750 |
| Net rent and Government payments to landlords not living on farms ${ }^{3}$. | 1,153 |  |  |
| Interest on farm mortgage debt |  |  | 410 |
| Net income of farm operators. | 13,716 | 12,487 | 11,680 |
| Net income from agriculture | 17,883 | 16,735 | 15,910 |
| Realized net income of farm operators |  |  |  |
| Net income of farm operators | 13,716 | 12,487 | 11,680 |
| Net change in inventory. | 859 | 466 | 340 |
| Realized net income of farm operators. | 12,857 | 12,021 | 11,340 |

1 Revised.
2 Reflects physical changes during year in all livestock and crops on farms, except crops under CCC loans, with the changes valued at average prices for the year
3 After subtraction of taxes, mortgage interest, and other expenses paid by such landlords.
dropped by more than $\$ 800$ million or about 5 per cent. From the 1955 net income from agriculture of $\$ 15.9$ billion, about $\$ 4.2$ billion was received by hired labor, mortgage holders, and landlords not living on farms. Wage and interest income was larger, and rent to landlords was smaller in 1955 than in 1954. Total net income received by farm operators was $\$ 11.7$ billion in 1955 compared with $\$ 12.5$ billion in 1954 . The amount of net income that was actually realized by farm operators in 1955 was about $\$ 11.3$ billion; $\$ 340$ million of the total net income of farm operators was in the form of increased crop and livestock inventories on hand at the end of the year. The realized net income of farm operators of $\$ 11.3$ billion in 1955 compares with $\$ 12.0$ billion in 1954 and $\$ 14.3$ billion in 1952.

The purchasing power of the realized net income of farm operators declined about 5.5 per cent between 1954 and 1955. This decrease resulted almost entirely from the decline in income as average prices of goods and services bought by farmers declined only slightly. The purchasing power of both total and realized net income of farm operators was lower in 1955 than for any year since 1940. In 1946, the high year for this period, the purchasing power of realized and total net income of farm operators was 79 per cent and 73 per cent, respectively, above that for 1955.

Income of the farm population from nonfarm sources is an important supplement to their income from agriculture. In 1955, the income of farm people from nonagricultural sources was $\$ 6.1$ billion, about 45 per cent of total net income of all farm people from agriculture.

## THE 1956 BALANCE SHEET IN DETAIL

The foregoing pages have provided a summary analysis of the Balance Sheet in general terms and an account of the income position of agriculture. In this section, each item of the 1956 Balance Sheet is treated in detail.

[^12]
## ASSETS

Farm real estate. ${ }^{4}$ The market value of farm real estate (land and buildings) on March 1, 1956 was estimated at a new high of $\$ 102.7$ billion, nearly $\$ 4$ billion more than a year earlier and $\$ 6$ billion above the previous high in 1953. This represented an average value of $\$ 88.65$ per acre for the 1,158 million acres of land in farms reported by the 1954 Census. The value of farm

The Balance Sheet for 1955 showed a value of $\$ 91.3$ billion, or about 8 per cent less.

buildings last March was estimated at $\$ 24.8$ billion, or 24 per cent of the value of land and buildings. The value of farm buildings has represented a declining proportion of the value of farm real estate in most years since 1940, partly because of steady decline in the number of farms.

Continued strong demand by farmers for additional land with which to enlarge their farms and the widespread opinion that farmland is still a safe and desirable long-term investment, despite lower farm income, appear to be the major factors responsible for rising land values during the last two years. In addition, several other value-sustaining forces can be observed in the various regions. Among these are urban and industrial expansion into rural areas, demand for part-time farms and rural residences, a strong demand for land for timber production, and favorable weather and crop yields in 1955.
Livestock and poultry on farms. A decline of nearly $\$ 13$ per head in the value of hogs was largely responsible in 1955 for a further drop in the value of livestock on farms. Total value of livestock and poultry on farms on January 1, 1956 was $\$ 10.8$ billion, 4 per cent less than a year earlier and the lowest since 1946 (Table 4).
In 1940 prices, the total value on January 1, 1956 was $\$ 5.2$ billion. This represented a rise of 1 per cent in 1955 and reflected increases in the total number of cattle and hogs on farms.

The 1955 pig crop was 12 per cent above 1954, and on January 1, 1956 the number of hogs on farms totaled 55.1 million, 9 per cent more than a year earlier. Increases occurred in all regions. Hog prices declined sharply in 1955, dropping
from $\$ 17$ per hundredweight in December 1954 to $\$ 10.60$ in December 1955. The total value of hogs declined 37 per cent from $\$ 1,542$ million on January 1, 1955 to $\$ 977$ million at the beginning of 1956 .

Numbers of cattle and calves kept for milk declined from 35.4 million on January 1, 1955 to 34.9 million on January 1, 1956, although milk prices were relatively stable in 1955 and the milkfeed ratio improved. Numbers of other cattle increased in 1955 from 61.2 million at the beginning of 1955 to 62.6 million a year later. Prices for beef cattle in late 1955 averaged below the same months of the preceding year. In December 1955, the average price per hundredweight was $\$ 13.50$ as compared with $\$ 15.20$ in December 1954.

All cattle on farms numbered 97.5 million head on January 1, 1956. This was an increase of about 1 per cent in 1955 , which was the seventh consecutive year in which cattle numbers had increased. The total value was $\$ 8,581$ million, less than 1 per cent above the value on January 1, 1955.

Table 4
Livestock and Poultry on Farms: Number, Value per Head, and Total Value, United States Jandary 1, 1955 and 1956

| Class | 19551 |  |  | 1956 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { (ber } \\ & \text { (Mi1 } \\ & \text { (lions) } \end{aligned}$ | Value per head (Dollars) | Total value (Million dollars) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { (Mil } \\ & \text { lions) } \end{aligned}$ | Value per head (Dollars) | Total value (Million dars) |
| Cattle. | 97 | 88.20 | 8,517 | 97 | 88.00 | 8,581 |
| Milk cows ${ }^{2}$. | 23 | 134.00 |  | 23 |  | 3,235 |
| Hogs. . . . . . | 50 | 30.60 | 1,542 | 55 | 17.70 | 977 |
| Horses and mul | 4 | 56.20 | 242 | 4 | 62.60 | 248 |
| All sheep ${ }^{3}$... | 32 | 14.90 | 472 | 31 | 14.30 | 444 |
| Stock sheep ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }_{3} 27$ | 14.90 | 404 | 27 | 14.30 | 385 |
| Chickens. | 391 | 1.05 5 | 411. | 382 | 1.26 | 481 |
| Turkeys. | 5 | 5.33 | 26 | 5 | 5.50 | 27 |
| Total. |  |  | 11,210 |  |  | 10,758 |

1 Revised.
2 Included in cattle.
3 Includes sheep and lambs on feed for market.
4 Included in all sheep.
Machinery and motor vehicles on farms. The value of farm machinery and motor vehicles on farms reached a record high of $\$ 16.6$ billion on January 1, 1956. This was about 4 per cent above the previous high of $\$ 16.0$ billion on January 1, 1955 (Table 5). Purchases of farm machinery and motor vehicles in 1955 were nearly

Table 5
Farm Machinery and Motor Vehicles: Value by Classes, United States, January 1, Selected Years, 1940-56
[In milfions of dollars]

| Year | Total 1 | Trac- <br> tors ${ }^{1}$ | Auto- <br> mobiles | Motor- <br> trucks ${ }^{1}$ | Other <br> farm <br> machin- <br> ery ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1940 \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 3,060 | 503 | 958 | 262 | 1,337 |
| $1950 \ldots \ldots$. | 11,216 | 2,365 | 2,324 | 1,445 | 5,082 |
| $1954 \ldots \ldots$. | 15,919 | 3,153 | 3,705 | 1,907 | 7,154 |
| $1955 \ldots \ldots$ | 15,993 | 3,160 | 3,655 | 1,905 | 7,273 |
| $19563 \ldots \ldots$ | 16,628 | 3,342 | 3,761 | 2,030 | 7,495 |

${ }^{1}$ Revised 1940-54.
${ }_{3}$ Revised 1950-54
reliminary.
6 per cent above 1954 but were 9 per cent below the high reached in 1951. Valued in 1940 prices, machinery and motor vehicles on farms totaled nearly $\$ 7.6$ billion at the beginning of 1956 , compared with $\$ 7.5$ billion for 1955 and 1954. In terms of 1940 prices, purchases of farm machinery and motor vehicles in 1955 were about 3 per cent above 1954 but 23 per cent below the high reached in 1949.

In 1955, purchases of farm machinery and motor vehicles amounted to 11.7 per cent of the total cash receipts from farming. Numbers of tractors, motortrucks, grain combines, cornpickers, pickup balers, and field forage harvesters on farms were at record highs at the beginning of 1956. The number of farms with milking machines was also the highest of record on that date.

Crops. Production of crops in 1955 almost equaled the 1948 record and was considerably higher than the output for any of the last six years. This large production resulted mainly from the generally high yields per acre. The acreage of principal crops harvested was the smallest since 1940.

The quantity of crops owned by farmers on January 1, 1956-stored on farms and in off-farm storage under Commodity Credit Corporation loans-was slightly less than a year earlier. In constant 1940 prices, the 1956 value was $\$ 3.5$ billion compared with $\$ 3.6$ billion in 1955 and $\$ 3.4$ billion in 1954. Because of lower prices, the value in current prices of crop inventories of
farmers at the beginning of 1956 was $\$ 8.3$ billion, 14 per cent lower than a year earlier.

The value of crops stored on farms on January 1, 1956, including crops sealed under loan to the Commodity Credit Corporation, was $\$ 6.9$ billion, $\$ 800$ million less than a year earlier. The value of such crop inventories in constant 1940 prices, however, increased about 4 per cent from about $\$ 3.0$ billion to $\$ 3.1$ billion.

The important livestock feed crops (feed grains, hay, and forage crops), which make up about three-fourths of all crops stored on farms, dropped in value from $\$ 5.9$ billion to $\$ 5.3$ billion during 1955. Corn and hay, the two most important crops in this group, declined in value by $\$ 370$ million and $\$ 107$ million, respectively. The relatively unimportant crops of sorghum silage and forage were the only ones in this group that rose in value. As measured by values in 1940 prices, however, the quantity of feed grains on farms increased about 6 per cent and the supply of hay and forage increased by more than 2 per cent during the year.

The value of food grains stored on farms decreased from $\$ 718$ million to $\$ 660$ million between January 1, 1955 and January 1, 1956. The chief crop in this group is wheat, which declined in value from $\$ 687$ million to $\$ 628$ million although the quantity on farms was practically the same as a year earlier. The value of oil crops in farm storage declined by 27 per cent during the year-from $\$ 475$ million to $\$ 345$ million. Of the other crops on farms at the beginning of 1956, cotton was most important. It had a value of $\$ 327$ million, more than 40 per cent above a year earlier.

On January 1, 1956 the value of crops owned by farmers in off-farm storage that were pledged as security for price-support loans was $\$ 1.4$ billion. This is more than $\$ 0.5$ billion less than the record amount under loan a year earlier. Prices were generally lower and the physical quantity of these stocks was down about a fourth. Cotton was the chief crop stored off farms. It was valued at nearly $\$ 900$ million at the beginning of 1956-about $\$ 250$ million less than on January 1, 1955.

Liquid financial assets. At the beginning of 1956, the liquid financial assets owned by farm people were estimated at $\$ 16.9$ billion, about $\$ 0.2$ bil-

Table 6
Liquid Financial Assets Owned by Farmers January 1, Selected Years, 1940-56
[In billions of dollars]

| Year | Total ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cur- } \\ & \text { rency } \end{aligned}$ | Deposits ${ }^{1},{ }^{2}$ |  | U. S. savings bonds ${ }^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Demand | Time |  |
| 1940. | 4.1 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 0.3 |
| 1945. | 12.9 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 2.0 | 3.4 |
| 1950. | 15.7 | 3.1 | 5.3 | 2.5 | 4.8 |
| 1951. | 15.8 | 3.0 | 5.4 | 2.5 | 4.9 |
| 1952. | 16.3 | 3.1 | 5.7 | 2.6 | 4.9 |
| 1953. | 16.3 | 2.9 | 5.7 | 2.7 | 5.0 |
| 1954. | 16.5 16.7 | 2.8 2.8 | 5.6 | 2.9 3.0 | 5.2 |
| 1956. | 16.9 | 2.8 | 5.5 | 3.0 | 5.6 |

${ }_{1}$ Revised.
2 These two series have been revised to adjust them to the level of current estimates of demand deposits for 1954 and 1955 made by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. The demand deposit series was lowered by amounts ranging from $\$ 2.5$ billion and $\$ 2.6$ billion in the period 1952-55 to no change in 1940 . The series on time deposits was revised to keep the previous relationship with demand deposits.
${ }^{3}$ Redemption value.
lion more than a year earlier (Table 6). This increase in financial assets occurred mainly in the cash value of United States savings bonds. The amount of currency and bank deposits held by farmers remained about the same as at the beginning of 1955. To some, the maintenance or increase in liquid assets by farmers may seem paradoxical in view of the decline in farm income. In some instances, working funds in the form of demand deposits or currency were maintained by means of borrowing. Also, the net increase in United States savings bonds and savings accounts in banks is believed to have resulted largely from the accrual of interest. However, where reduced incomes have been experienced or anticipated, there are indications that many farmers have attempted to hold on, or add, to their financial reserves by curtailing their expenditures.

Deposits and currency. Farmers' holdings on January 1, 1956 of demand deposits, time deposits, and currency totaled $\$ 5.5$ billion, $\$ 3.0$ billion, and $\$ 2.8$ billion, respectively. These amounts are about the same as a year earlier. For a selected group of some 600 agricultural counties, the demand deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations in insured banks increased 1.8 per cent during 1955. Time deposits increased 3.6 per cent. These increases are believed to stem mainly from the nonfarm population in these counties and to be larger than those for farmers.

United States savings bonds. The cash value of United States savings bonds held by farmers on January 1, 1956 was estimated at $\$ 5.6$ billion compared with $\$ 5.4$ billion a year earlier. Of the $\$ 200$ million increase, only about $\$ 60$ million resulted from a net increase in purchases over redemptions. An increase of $\$ 140$ million stemmed from the accrual of interest on Series $E$ bonds. During 1955, farmers invested $\$ 303$ million in Series E bonds and $\$ 188$ million in Series $H$ bonds. This represented little change from 1954 in purchases of E bonds, but H bond purchases were $\$ 53$ million larger than in 1954 . Those buying Series $\mathbf{H}$ bonds are believed to be heavier investors than those buying E bonds; Series H bonds are current-income bonds for which the smallest denomination is $\$ 500$. Relatively heavy purchases of both E and H bonds continue in the Corn Belt and the Northern Plains.

Net worth of farmers' cooperatives. On January 1, 1956 the net worth of farmers' cooperatives was $\$ 3.3$ billion, about $\$ 0.2$ billion greater than a year earlier. The growth of these associations has been continuous throughout the war and postwar years. In 1946 the net worth of farmers' cooperatives was $\$ 1.4$ billion, and in 1940 it was only $\$ 0.8$ billion.

Productive assets in agriculture. Not all of the assets shown in the Balance Sheet of Agriculture are productive assets. To estimate the investment in the productive assets in the agricultural industry, it is necessary to eliminate the value of the dwellings, household goods, part of the investment in automobiles, and most of the financial assets. Also, those crops already produced and held for sale are eliminated. For 1956, the remainder of the assets-those used in productionhave a value of $\$ 124.9$ billion, about 73 per cent of the total assets.

## claims

Farm real estate debt. The current trend toward higher farm mortgage (real estate) debt continued in 1955, as the demand for farm mortgage money was strong and major farm mortgage lenders continued to increase both the number and size of their loans.

On January 1, 1956 farm mortgage debt totaled an estimated $\$ 8,960$ million (Table 7). This represents an increase of 10 per cent in 1955, the tenth consecutive year in which farm mortgage

debt has increased, as shown in the chart. The increase was shared by all active lenders, and the total debt increased in every region.

Total recordings of farm mortgages rose in 1955, and reflected increased lending activity by most types of lenders. Farm mortgages recorded in 1955 amounted to $\$ 2,380$ million. This was 26 per cent above the 1954 amount and the highest since 1923. By lenders, the increase from 1954 to 1955 in amounts recorded was: Federal land banks, 60 per cent; insurance companies, 29 per cent; individual and miscellaneous lenders,

Table 7
Farm Mortgage Debt Outstanding, by Lenders United States, January 1, Selected Years 1940-56

| Lender | Amount outstanding (In millions of dollars) |  |  |  | Percentagechange 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1940 | 1950 | 1955 | 1956 | $\begin{gathered} 1940- \\ 56 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{56}{1955-}$ |
| Total. | 6,586 | 5,579 | 8,176 | 28,960 | 36 | 10 |
| Federal land banks ${ }^{3}$ | 2,010 | 906 | 1,267 | 1,480 | -26 | 17 |
| Federal Farm Mortgage |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farmers Home Adm. 5 . | 713 | 189 | 271 |  | 770 | 3 |
| Life insurance companies ${ }^{3}$... | 984 | 1,172 | 2,052 | 22,270 | 131 | 11 |
| Insured commercial banks. | 534 |  | 1,136 | 1,270 | 138 | 12 |
| Individuals and misc. 6. | 2,313 | 2,374 | 3,437 | 23,662 | 58 | 7 |

${ }_{2}^{1}$ Computed from unrounded data.
2 Preliminary.
${ }^{3}$ Includes regular mortgages, purchase-money mortgages, and sales contracts.
${ }_{4}$ Loans were made for the Corporation by the Land Bank Commissioner. Authority to make new loans expired July 1, 1947. On June 30, 1955, loans of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation were sold to the 12 Federal land banks.
${ }^{5}$ For 1940 tenant-purchase loans only. 1945-56 includes tenantpurchase; farm-enlargement; farm-development; project-liquidation loans; beginning July 1950, farm-housing loans; beginning 1955, building-improvement loans; and beginning an. 1, 1956, direct soil and water loans to individuals. Data also include similar loans from State Corporation trust funds.
${ }^{6}$ Estimates of farm mortgage debt held by individual and miscellaneous lenders for 1951 and later years should be regarded only as general indicators of trend.

18 per cent; and banks, 15 per cent.
More liberal appraisal policies of the Federal land banks, put into effect in late 1954, and changes in the Federal Reserve Act in August 1955 to permit larger real estate loans for longer terms by national banks were factors in the increase. The average size of farm mortgages recorded increased from $\$ 6,000$ in 1954 to $\$ 7,100$ in 1955. The total number of mortgages recorded in 1955 was 335,000 , compared with 316,000 in 1954. The Federal land banks had the largest relative increase in size of farm mortgages recorded-from $\$ 6,000$ in 1954 to $\$ 8,000$ in 1955. The average size of mortgage recorded by insurance companies increased from $\$ 13,700$ in 1954 to $\$ 14,800$ in 1955 , while the increase for commercial and savings banks was from $\$ 4,500$ in 1954 to $\$ 5,000$ in 1955.

The purposes of farm mortgage loans changed little in 1955. Refinancing of debts and the purchase of farm real estate continued to account for the largest share of the money borrowed. Of the proceeds of the last 100 loans made by each Federal land bank prior to December 15, 1955, about 62 per cent was to be used to refinance debts and 15 per cent was for purchase of farm real estate. The share devoted to real estate purchases was moderately above a year earlier, but the percentage for refinancing was down slightly. Reports from 13 life insurance companies which loaned $\$ 120$ million on farm mortgages in the first quarter of 1956 showed no significant change in purposes of loans from a year earlier. In the first three months of 1956 , about 32 per cent of the money loaned was for purchase of real estate, and 50 per cent was for the purpose of refinancing debts.

Principal repayments during 1955 on farm mortgage debt were somewhat higher relative to total farm mortgage debt outstanding than in 1954 for life insurance companies, but slightly lower for the Federal land banks. Delinquencies continue low. Of 182,000 farm mortgages held by 16 life insurance companies on March 31, 1956, there were 600 with interest overdue three months or more and only 100 in process of foreclosure. This was about the same proportion as a year earlier. Similarly, delinquent and extended loans of the Federal land banks, in both number and principal outstanding, made up about the same proportion of total loans as a year earlier.


Non-real-estate debt. The non-real-estate debt of farmers, excluding price-support loans made or guaranteed by the Commodity Credit Corporation, rose during 1955 to $\$ 7.9$ billion on January 1,1956 . The increase for the year was more than 8 per cent, compared with 5 per cent for 1954. This type of farm debt has increased each year since 1944 except in 1953 when it was reduced by 9 per cent (Table 8). At the beginning of 1945 , it amounted to only $\$ 2.7$ billion.
The non-real-estate debt, excluding price-support loans, owed by farmers to banks and Federally sponsored agencies on January 1, 1956 amounted to $\$ 4.4$ billion or 10 per cent more than a year earlier, as shown in the map. During 1955, the loans held by banks increased about 13 per cent and those held by production credit associations nearly 12 per cent, but loans held by the Farmers Home Administration decreased about 6 per cent.

Table 8
Farmers' Non-Real-Estate Debt, United States January 1, Selected Years, 1940-56
[In billions of dollars]

| Type of debt | 1940 | 1950 | 1955 | 1956 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price-support loans made or guaranteed by Commodity Credit Corporation ${ }^{1}$.... | . 4 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 1.9 |
| Other loans by banks and Federally sponsored agencies. | 1.5 | 2.8 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| Loans and book credits by miscellaneous lenders ${ }^{2}$ | 1.5 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| Total, excluding Commodity Credit Corporation loans. | 3.0 | 5.2 | 7.3 | 7.9 |
| Total, including Commodity Credit Corporation loans. | 3.4 | 6.9 | 9.5 | 9.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Although these are nonrecourse loans, they are treated as debts Borrowers must either pay them in cash or deliver the commodities on which they are based.
2 Estimate based on fragmentary data.

Regionally, increases during 1955 in the non-real-estate debt of farmers to principal lenders were greatest in the North Central and Western States, as shown in the chart.

Regional differences in growth of non-realestate farm debt can be explained, at least partly, by regional differences in the income and inventory situations of farmers. In all parts of the United States, the cost-price squeeze is causing many farmers to use more credit and making it more difficult for many farmers to pay debts. Moreover, many farmers have increased their use of fertilizer and are mechanizing, expanding, or

adjusting their operations in the hope that they can improve their incomes or lower their costs by operating on a larger scale or by intensifying or diversifying their operations. Marketing quotas and acreage allotments have required many changes in production. These adjustments have meant that many farmers have had to use more credit. But, despite the cost-price squeeze, both receipts from farm marketings and net income of farm operators were generally higher in 1955 than in 1954, in both the Northeastern and the Southeastern States. Higher prices of milk and eggs, and the excellent crops of cotton, tobacco, and peanuts produced in 1955 were largely responsible for these improvements. In these regions, many farmers were able not only to repay
loans incurred for operating purposes in 1955 but also to pay off considerable amounts of loans that were carried over from earlier years.

The situation was less favorable in the Corn Belt, Pacific, and Mountain regions. In both the Corn Belt and Mountain States, cash receipts from farm marketings were lower in 1955 than in 1954, and in all three regions net farm income from some of the major types of farms was down considerably. A drastic decline occurred in the net income from hog-beef fattening farms. Moreover, cattle feeders had more cattle on feed and, in the range areas, the carryover of young stock was greater at the beginning of 1955 than a year earlier. Apparently, these larger inventories, which were often combined with lower incomes, explain why the non-real-estate debt of farmers increased more in the Corn Belt, Mountain, and Pacific regions than in other regions.

Data for both production credit associations and banks indicate that the non-real-estate debt of farmers is continuing to increase in 1956. Through May the amount loaned (including renewals) by the production credit associations was nearly 6 per cent greater in 1956 than in 1955, and their outstanding loans were 8 per cent higher on May 30, 1956 than a year earlier. On April 10, 1956 non-real-estate loans to farmers held by banks are estimated to have been about 6 per cent higher than a year earlier. But the increase in 1956 appears to be at a lower percentage rate than in 1955.

Operating loans made by the Farmers Home Administration, including the regular production and subsistence loans and emergency loans, were about 21 per cent greater during the first half of

1956 than in the same period of 1955. Increases were most pronounced in the Corn Belt, Plains, and Pacific States. Such loans were lower in 1956 than in 1955 in a number of Southern States, probably because of improved incomes in these States.

The volume of price-support loans made to individual farmers was about $\$ 2.2$ billion in 1955 , compared with about $\$ 2.3$ billion in 1954 and $\$ 2.7$ billion in 1953. The outstanding amount of such loans declined from $\$ 2.4$ billion at the beginning of 1954 to $\$ 1.9$ billion on January 1, 1956. Of all price-support loans outstanding on January 1, 1956, 35 per cent of the amount was on cotton, 23 per cent on tobacco, 18 per cent on wheat, 11 per cent on corn, and 14 per cent on other crops.

Total farm debt. Except for a barely perceptible decline in 1953, total farm debt (excluding pricesupport loans) has risen each year since January 1, 1946, when it was at the lowest point since World War I. From $\$ 7.7$ billion outstanding on that date, it increased an average of about $\$ 0.9$ billion per year to $\$ 16.9$ billion on January 1, 1956. The increase during 1955 was $\$ 1.4$ billion, or 9 per cent.

Regional data for the total of all farm mortgage debt and of non-real-estate debt held by reporting lenders show increases for the 10-year period January 1, 1946 to January 1, 1956 ranging from about 68 per cent in the Lake States to nearly 188 per cent in the Mountain States. During 1955, the total of these debts increased nearly 10 per cent in the United States as a whole. Increases exceeding 10 per cent occurred in the Corn Belt, Mountain, and Pacific regions.

## Law Department

## Member Banks Dealing in Obligations of Banks for Cooperatives

By Act of Congress, approved July 26, 1956 (Public Law 809, 84th Congress), paragraph Seventh of section 5136 of the Revised Statutes of the United States was amended, effective January 1, 1957, so as to remove the present limitation on national banks investing in debentures issued by the banks for cooperatives. Subject, of course, to any applicable provision of State law, this authorization also extends to all State member banks of the Federal Reserve System as section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act makes this provision of section 5136 applicable to State member banks. The text of the pertinent provision of the new law is as follows:
Sec. 201. (c) Paragraph Seventh of section 5136 of the Revised Statutes as amended, is amended (1) by inserting in next to the last sentence immediately before the words "Federal Home Loan Banks," the words "thirteen banks for cooperatives or any of them or the"; and (2) by changing the last sentence to read as follows: "The limitations and restrictions herein contained as to dealing in and underwriting investment securities shall not apply to obligations issued by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development which are at the time eligible for purchase by a national bank for its own account: Provided, That no association shall hold obligations issued by said bank as a result of underwriting, dealing, or purchasing for its own account (and for this purpose obligations as to which it is under commitment shall be deemed to be held by it) in a total amount exceeding at any one time 10 per centum of its capital stock actually paid in and unimpaired and 10 per centum of its unimpaired surplus fund."

## Salary of Federal Reserve Board Members

By Act of Congress, approved July 31, 1956 (Public Law 854, 84th Congress), adjusting the rates of compensation of the heads of the executive departments and of certain other officials of the Federal Government, the rate of basic compensation of the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System was increased from $\$ 16,000$ to $\$ 20,500$ per annum, and the rate of basic compensation for other members of the Board was increased from $\$ 16,000$ to $\$ 20$,000 per annum. This Act, in effect, amends section 10 of the Federal Reserve Act.

## Federal Reserve Banks as Fiscal Agents in Connection with Guarantees of Flood Damage Loans

The Act of Congress, approved August 7, 1956 (Public Law 1016, 84th Congress), cited as the "Federal Flood Insurance Act of 1956" authorizes any Federal Reserve Bank, when designated by the Housing and Home Finance Administrator, to act as fiscal agent of the United States in guaranteeing loans made by financing institutions to persons suffering loss from flood damage. The pertinent provisions of the Act are as follows:

Sec. 5. (c) Any Federal Reserve bank, when designated by the Administrator, is hereby authorized to act, on behalf of the Administrator, as fiscal agent of the United States in guaranteeing loans under this section and in otherwise taking action in connection with such guarantees. Such funds as may be necessary to enable such bank to carry out any such guarantee shall be supplied and disbursed by or under authority of the Administrator from the Disaster Loan Fund. Such bank shall not have any responsibility or accountability except as agent in taking any action in connection with such guarantees. Each such bank shall be reimbursed by the Administrator, from funds appropriated by the Federal Government, for all expenses incurred by the bank in acting as agent on behalf of the Administrator, including among such expenses, notwithstanding any other provision of law, attorneys' fees and expenses of litigation.
(d) Actions and operations of such banks under authority of subsection (c) of this section shall be subject to the supervision of the Administrator and subject to such regulations as he may prescribe. The Administrator is authorized to prescribe the term and incidental charges for loans guaranteed under subsection (c) of this section. The Administrator is further authorized to prescribe regulations with respect to the forms and procedures (which shall be uniform to the maximum extent practicable) to be utilized in connection with such guarantees.

## Interest on Time Deposits with Alternate Maturities

The Board was asked recently whether four forms of time deposit contracts complied with the requirements of Regulation Q. The first was evidenced by a certificate which provided for a maturity 6 months after date of deposit with an option on the part of the depositor to withdraw part or all of the funds, without notice, on the

30th day after the date of deposit, or on the 90th day after the date of deposit, and which provided that funds withdrawn on the 30th day would bear interest at a rate of 1 per cent, funds withdrawn on the 90th day would bear interest at a rate of 2 per cent, and funds withdrawn at the end of 6 months would bear interest at a rate of $21 / 2$ per cent.

With respect to the above form of certificate, the Board referred to its interpretation published in 1953 Federal Reserve Bulletin 721 ( 12 CFR 217.105) which expressed the view that if a time certificate permits withdrawal either at a specified maturity or prior to such time after a specified period of written notice, the maximum rate of interest will depend upon which of such withdrawal privileges is elected by the depositor and the maximum rate applicable under the regulation in the circumstances of the withdrawal privilege so elected. For example, a certificate providing for payment 5 years after date with interest at $21 / 2$ per cent, but providing also for earlier payment after 90 days' written notice with interest at 2 per cent, would comply with the regulation. Such a certificate has a single fixed maturity but provides that an earlier maturity may be fixed at the option of the depositor with a resulting reduction in the rate of interest payable.

The Board pointed out that, by contrast, the certificate described in the first paragraph above had several fixed maturities, the first of which was 30 days after date of deposit, so that the deposit when established was payable 30 days after date. The Supplement to Regulation Q provides that no member bank shall pay interest at a rate in excess of 1 per cent per annum on a time deposit having a maturity date less than 90 days after the date of deposit or payable upon written notice of less than 90 days. The Board said that, consequently, the 2 per cent and $21 / 2$ per cent rates of interest provided for under the form of time certificate described in the first paragraph above would be in excess of the maximum rates prescribed by Regulation Q .

The second deposit contract on which the Board's views were requested was a 6 months' time deposit with interest at a rate of $21 / 4$ per cent, but with an alternate fixed maturity of 90 days after date with interest at 2 per cent. The third contract represented a deposit payable 11 months after date with interest at a rate of $23 / 8$ per cent but
with alternate fixed maturities of 90 days, 4 months, and 5 months, with interest at 2 per cent; 6,7 , and 8 months, with interest at $21 / 4$ per cent; and 9 and 10 months with interest at $23 / 8$ per cent. The Board stated that the foregoing views expressed with respect to the form of deposit contract described in the first paragraph above were applicable also to the second and third forms of contracts described in this paragraph.

The fourth form of contract represented a time deposit having a fixed maturity dated 6 months after the date of deposit but with an option on the part of the depositor to withdraw a part or all of the funds either on 90 days' advance written notice at a rate of 2 per cent, or on 30 days' advance written notice at a rate of 1 per cent if withdrawn during the first 90 days or at a rate of 2 per cent if withdrawn after the 90th day following the date of deposit. The Board said that such a contract providing for payment of interest at a rate of 2 per cent on a deposit withdrawn after 30 days' written notice would not comply with Regulation Q .

The Board said that in connection with all four of the forms of deposit contracts described above, it is important to bear in mind that the maximum permissible interest rate does not depend upon the length of time the deposit is left with the bank. Where the deposit contract provides a fixed maturity but with an option on the part of the depositor to withdraw after a prescribed period of notice, the maturity is that named in the certificate unless and until the depositor exercises his option to change that maturity, and in that event the maximum interest rate payable will be the rate applicable under the regulation with respect to the period of such notice of withdrawal given by the depositor. Where the certificate itself names alternate fixed maturities, as in three of the certificates discussed above, without provision for withdrawal after notice upon the option of the depositor, the certificate must be regarded as maturing at the earliest fixed maturity and, if not withdrawn at that time or at any subsequent fixed maturity, as being automatically renewed until the date of the next following fixed maturity; and the maximum interest rate payable upon withdrawal at any fixed maturity would be the maximum rate applicable under the regulation to the period from the previous automatic renewal to the date of such withdrawal.

## Bank Holding Companies

Pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has issued Regulation Y, effective September 1, 1956. The text of the regulation follows:

## REGULATION Y

## Section 1. Authority and Scope

This regulation is issued pursuant to the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, the provisions of which are set forth in the Appendix to this regulation. ${ }^{1}$ Provisions relating to holding company affiliates, as defined in section 2(c) of the Banking Act of 1933, are contained in the Board's Regulation P. ${ }^{2}$

## Section 2. Definitions

(a) Bank holding company.--Subject to the exceptions stated in subsection (b) of this section, the term "bank holding company" means any company-
(1) which directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with power to vote either
(i) 25 per centum or more of the voting shares of each of two or more banks, or
(ii) 25 per centum or more of the voting shares of any other company which is or becomes a bank holding company; or
(2) which controls in any manner the election of a majority of the directors of each of two or more banks; or
(3) for the benefit of whose shareholders or members 25 per centum or more of the voting shares of each of two or more banks or of a bank holding company is held by trustees; or
(4) which is a successor to any company that falls within (1), (2), or (3) above, and any such successor shall be deemed to be a

[^13]bank holding company from the date as of which its predecessor company became a bank holding company.
(b) Exceptions from definition of "bank holding company".-No company shall be considered a bank holding company-
(1) if it is a bank and it would otherwise be a bank holding company only by virtue of its ownership or control of shares in a fiduciary capacity, provided such shares are not held for the benefit of the shareholders of such bank; or
(2) if (i) it is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and was so registered prior to May 15, 1955, or is affiliated with any such registered company in such manner as to constitute it an affiliated company within the meaning of that Act, and (ii) it does not directly own 25 per centum or more of the voting shares of each of two or more banks; or
(3) if it would otherwise be a bank holding company only by virtue of its ownership or control of shares acquired by it in connection with its underwriting of securities and if such shares are held only for such period of time as will permit the sale thereof upon a reasonable basis; or
(4) if it was formed for the sole purpose of participating in a proxy solicitation and would otherwise be a bank holding company only by virtue of its control of voting rights of shares acquired in the course of such solicitation; or
(5) if at least 80 per centum of its total assets are composed of holdings in the field of agriculture, and for this purpose the term "agriculture" includes farming in all its branches, including fruitgrowing, dairying, the raising of livestock, bees, fur-bearing animals, or poultry, forestry or lumbering operations, and the production of naval stores, and operations directly related thereto.
(c) Company.-The term "company" means any corporation (including a bank), business trust, association, or similar organization, except-
(1) any corporation the majority of the shares of which are owned by the United States or by any State;
(2) any corporation or community chest, fund, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, or educational purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private share-
holder or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation; and
(3) any partnership.
(d) Bank--The term "bank" means any national banking association or any State bank, savings bank, or trust company, but shall not include any organization operating under section $25(a)$ of the Federal Reserve Act, or any organization which does not do any business within the United States.
(e) State member bank.-The term "State member bark" means any State bank which is a member of the Federal Reserve System.
( $f$ ) District bank.-The term "District bank" means any State bank organized or operating under the Code of Law for the District of Columbia.
( $g$ ) Subsidiary.-The term "subsidiary," as used with respect to a specified bank holding company, means-
(1) any company 25 per centum or more of whose voting shares (excluding shares owned by the United States or by any company wholly owned by the United States) is owned or controlled by such bank holding company;
(2) any company the election of a majority of whose directors is controlled in any manner by such bank holding company; or
(3) any company 25 per centum or more of whose voting shares is held by trustees for the benefit of the shareholders or members of such bank holding company.
( $h$ ) Successor.-The term "successor" includes any company which acquires directly or indirectly from a bank holding company shares of any bank, when and if the relationship between such company and such bank holding company is such that the transaction effects no substantial change in the control of such bank or beneficial ownership of such shares of such bank.
(i) Board--The term "Board" means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
(j) The Act.-The term "the Act" means the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956.
(k) Federal Reserve Bank.-The term "Federal Reserve Bank" as used herein with respect to the
filing of registration statements, applications, requests, or reports by a bank holding company or other company shall mean the Federal Reserve Bank of the Federal Reserve district in which such company has its principal office.

## Section 3. Registration

(a) Registration statement.-On or before November 5, 1956, or within 180 days after it becomes a bank holding company, whichever is later, each bank holding company shall register with the Board by filing with the Federal Reserve Bank a registration statement, in duplicate, on forms prescribed by the Board. Upon timely application by any bank holding company and upon a satisfactory showing as to the need therefor, the Board in its discretion may extend the time prescribed herein for the filing of a registration statement by such bank holding company.
(b) Date of registration.-The date of registration of a bank holding company shall be the date on which its registration statement is received by the Federal Reserve Bank with which such statement is required to be filed.

## Section 4. Acquisition of Bank Shares or Assets

(a) Transactions requiring Board approval.-Except with the prior approval of the Board or except as provided in subsection ( $b$ ) of this sec-tion,-
(1) no action shall be taken which will result in any company becoming a bank holding company;
(2) no bank holding company shall acquire direct or indirect ownership or control of any voting shares of any bank;
(3) no bank holding company which is not a bank and no nonbanking subsidiary of a bank holding company shall acquire all or substantially all of the assets of a bank; and
(4) no bank holding company shall merge or consolidate with any other bank holding company.
(b) Excepted transactions.-Prior approval by the Board is not required with respect to any of the following transactions:
(1) The acquisition by a bank holding company of direct or indirect ownership or con-
trol of any voting shares of any bank if, after such acquisition, such company will not directly or indirectly own or control more than 5 per centum of the voting shares of such bank;
(2) The acquisition by a bank holding company of additional shares in a bank in which such bank holding company owned or controlled a majority of the voting shares immediately prior to such acquisition; or
(3) The acquisition by a bank (including a bank which is a bank holding company or a subsidiary of a bank holding company) of the voting shares of any bank, if-
(A) such shares are acquired in good faith in a fiduciary capacity and are not held for the benefit of the shareholders of the acquiring bank, or
(B) such shares are acquired in the regular course of securing or collecting a debt previously contracted in good faith, provided that any shares acquired after the date of the Act in securing or collecting any such previously contracted debt shall be disposed of within a period of two years from the date on which they were acquired.
(c) Applications which will not be approved.No application will be approved by the Board if such approval would permit a bank holding company or any subsidiary thereof to acquire, directly or indirectly, any voting shares of, interest in, or all or substantially all of the assets of any bank which was not a subsidiary of the bank holding company on the date of enactment of the Act and which is located outside the State in which such bank holding company maintains its principal office and place of business or in which it conducts its principal operations, unless the acquisition of such shares or assets of a State bank by an out-of-State bank holding company is specifically authorized by the statute laws of the State in which such bank is located, by language to that effect and not merely by implication.
(d) Submission of application.-Application for approval by the Board of any transaction requiring such approval under subsection (a) of this section shall be filed, in triplicate, with the Federal Reserve Bank. Any such application shall be filed not less than 60 days before the date on which it is proposed that the transaction requiring
approval be consummated. ${ }^{3}$ Upon timely request and upon a satisfactory showing as to the need therefor, the Board in its discretion may accept an application although submitted within such period of 60 days. A separate application shall be filed with respect to each bank the voting shares or assets of which are sought to be acquired.
(e) Procedure on applications.-A Federal Reserve Bank receiving an application under this section will forward two copies thereof to the Board. If either the applicant or the bank the voting shares or assets of which are sought to be acquired is a national bank or a District bank, the Board will transmit a copy of the application to the Comptroller of the Currency. If either the applicant or the bank the voting shares or assets of which are sought to be acquired is a State bank, the Board will transmit a copy of the application to the appropriate supervisory authority of the State in which such bank is located.
(f) Hearings on applications.-In any case in which the Board receives written advice of disapproval of the application from the Comptroller of the Currency or the appropriate State supervisory authority, as the case may be, within 30 days from the date of receipt of the application by the notified authority, the Board will so notify the applicant in writing, directing the applicant's attention to the provisions of section $3(b)$ of the Act. Within three days after the date of the sending of such notice to the applicant, the Board will notify in writing the applicant and the Comptroller of the Currency or the appropriate State supervisory authority, as the case may be, of the date fixed by the Board for the commencement of a hearing on the application and of the place and time at which such hearing will be held. Any such hearing will be commenced not less than ten days nor more than thirty days after the date on which the Board sent the applicant notice of the disapproval of the Comptroller of the Currency or the appropriate State supervisory authority.
( $g$ ) Action on applications.-In any case in

[^14]which a hearing is held in accordance with subsection ( $f$ ) of this section, the Board, after the conclusion of such hearing, will by order grant or deny the application on the basis of the record made at such hearing. In all other cases, the Board will by order grant or deny the application after receipt by it of advice that the Comptroller of the Currency or the appropriate State supervisory authority, as the case may be, does not disapprove the application, or, if no such advice is received, after the expiration of thirty days from the date of receipt of the copy of the application by the Comptroller of the Currency or such State authority.
(h) Factors affecting action.-In acting upon any application the Board, as required by the Act, will consider the following factors:
(1) The financial history and condition of the applicant and the bank or banks concerned;
(2) The prospects of the applicant and the bank or banks concerned;
(3) The character of the management of the applicant and the bank or banks concerned;
(4) The convenience, needs, and welfare of the communities and the area concerned; and
(5) Whether or not the effect of the proposed transaction for which approval is desired would be to expand the size or extent of the bank holding company system involved beyond limits consistent with adequate and sound banking, the public interest, and the preservation of competition in the field of banking.

## Section 5. Interests in Nonbanking Organizations

(a) Period allowed for divestment.-No bank holding company, except as provided in section 4(c) of the Act, the provisions of which are set forth in the Appendix to this regulation, shall (1) after the date of enactment of the Act acquire direct or indirect ownership or control of any voting shares of any company which is not a bank, or (2) after two years from the date of enactment of the Act or from the date as of which it becomes a bank holding company, whichever is later, retain direct or indirect ownership or control of any voting shares of any company which is not a bank or a bank holding company, or engage
in any business other than that of banking or of managing or controlling banks or of furnishing services to or performing services for any bank of which it owns or controls 25 per centum or more of the voting shares. Upon timely request and upon a satisfactory showing of the need therefor, the Board in its discretion may extend the two-year period referred to in the preceding sentence, except that, as provided by the Act, no such extension of time may be approved by the Board for more than one year at a time or for any period beyond a date five years after the date of enactment of the Act or five years after the date as of which the company became a bank holding company, whichever is later.
(b) Shares of financial, fiduciary, or insurance companies.-Any bank holding company which is of the opinion that a company all the activities of which are of a financial, fiduciary, or insurance nature is so closely related to the business of banking or of managing or controlling banks, as conducted by such bank holding company or its banking subsidiaries, as to be a proper incident thereto and as to make it unnecessary for the prohibitions of section 4 of the Act to apply in order to carry out the purposes of the Act, may request the Board for such a determination pursuant to section 4(c) (6) of the Act. Any such request shall be filed in duplicate with the Federal Reserve Bank. After receipt of any such request, the Board will notify the bank holding company of the place and time fixed for a hearing on the requested determination; and, after the conclusion of such hearing and on the basis of the record made at the hearing, the Board will by order make or decline to make the requested determination.
(c) Tax certifications.-Any bank holding company desiring a certification by the Board for purposes of the provisions of Part VIII of Subchapter 0 of Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended by the Act, may file an application in duplicate for such certification with the Federal Reserve Bank; and any such application will be forwarded by the Federal Reserve Bank to the Board. Any application for a certification under subsections ( $a$ ), ( $b$ ) or ( $c$ ) of section 1101 of said Part VIII shall be filed not less than sixty days in advance of the distribution, or exchange and distribution, with respect to which such cer-
tification is desired. ${ }^{4}$ Upon timely request by any bank holding company and upon a satisfactory showing as to the need therefor, the Board in its discretion may accept an application for any such certification although submitted within such 60day period. On the basis of an application under this subsection, the Board will either issue a certification or by order deny the application. A duplicate original of each certification will be transmitted to the Internal Revenue Service of the Treasury Department.

## Section 6. Borrowing by Bank Holding Company or Its Subsidiaries

It is unlawful under the Act, with certain exceptions, for any bank which is a subsidiary of a bank holding company to invest in the capital stock, bonds, debentures, or other obligations of such company or of any other subsidiary of such company; to accept as collateral for an advance to any person the capital stock, bonds, debentures, or other obligations of such company or any such other subsidiary; to purchase securities, other assets, or obligations under repurchase agreement from such company or any such other subsidiary; or to make any loan, discount or extension of credit to such company or any such other subsidiary. For statutory provisions on this subject, see section 6 of the Act, set forth in the Appendix to this regulation.

## Section 7. Hearings and Proceedings

(a) Hearings.-In addition to hearings required by the Act (see sections $4(f)$ and $5(b)$ of this regulation), a hearing may be ordered by the Board in its discretion with respect to any application or request under this regulation, either upon its own motion or upon the request of any party in interest, if the Board deems such hearing to be in the interests of the parties or the public interest. Notice of any hearing required by the Act will be published in the Federal Register a reasonable time in advance of the date fixed for

[^15]the hearing; and any hearings so required will ordinarily be held before trial examiners appointed in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act. All hearings under this regulation will be conducted in accordance with the Board's "Rules of Practice for Formal Hearings."
(b) Record of proceedings.-The record in any proceeding under this regulation upon which an order of the Board is based shall consist of the application or request filed with the Board in connection with such proceeding; any views and recommendations received by the Board from the Comptroller of the Currency or the appropriate State supervisory authority pursuant to section 3(b) of the Act; the transcript of any hearing held with respect to such application or request and any report and recommendation made by the trial examiner or hearing officer before whom such hearing was held; any other document or writing relied upon by the Board in making disposition of the matter; and any order of the Board granting or denying the application or request.
(c) Parties.-A party to any proceeding under this regulation shall include any person or agency named or admitted as a party or any person who has filed a request in writing to be admitted as a party and who is entitled as of right to be admitted.

## Section 8. Reports and Examinations

Each bank holding company shall furnish to the Board in a form to be prescribed by the Board a report of its operations for its fiscal year ending in 1956 or the fiscal year in which it became a bank holding company, whichever is later, and for each fiscal year thereafter until it ceases to be a bank holding company. Each such annual report shall be filed, in duplicate, with the Federal Reserve Bank. Each bank holding company shall furnish to the Board such additional information at such times as the Board may require. The Board may examine any bank holding company or any of its subsidiaries and the cost of any such examination shall be assessed against and paid by such bank holding company. As far as possible the Board will use reports of examinations made by the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or the appropriate

State bank supervisory authority for the purposes of this section.

## Section 9. Statutory Penalties

Under the Act, any company which willfully violates any provision of the Act or any regulation or order issued by the Board pursuant thereto shall upon conviction be fined not more than $\$ 1,000$ for each day during which the violation continues; and any individual who willfully participates in a violation of any provision of the Act shall upon conviction be fined not more than
$\$ 10,000$ or imprisoned not more than one year, or both. Every officer, director, agent, and employee of a bank holding company is subject under the Act to the same penalties for false entries in any book, report, or statement of such bank holding company as are applicable to officers, directors, agents, and employees of member banks of the Federal Reserve System for false entries in any books, reports, or statements of member banks under section 1005 of Title 18, U. S. Code.

## APPENDIX

[Text of Bank Holding Company Act]

## Current Events and Announcements

## FEDERAL RESERVE MEETENGS

A meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee was held in Washington on August 7, 1956. At this meeting Alfred Hayes was elected Vice Chairman of the Committee, succeeding Allan Sproul whose resignation became effective June 30, 1956.

## ADMISSIONS OF STATE BANKS TO MEMBERSHIP IN THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

The following State banks were admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System during the period June 16, 1956 to July 15, 1956:

| Arkansas |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Crossett |  |
| Indiana |  |
| Bentonville | Bank of Crossett |
| Michigan |  |
| Warren. | Bentonville State Bank |
| New York |  |
| Bay Shore <br> Wyoming <br> Laramie | Warren Bank |
|  | State Bank of Suffolk |
|  | Bank of Laramie |

## RESIGNATION OF BRANCH DIRECTOR

Effective July 31, 1956, the Board of Governors accepted the resignation of Mr. William M. Day, President, Michigan Bell Telephone Company, Detroit, Michigan, as a director of the Detroit Branch. Mr. Day had served the Branch as a director since January 1, 1951.
tables published annually and semiannually

| Latest Bulletin Reference |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Semiannually | Issue | Page |
| Banking offices: |  |  |
| Analysis of changes in number of. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | Aug. 1956 | 896 |
| On, and not on, Federal Reserve Par | Aug 1956 | 97 |
| Stock Exchange firms, detailed debit and |  |  |
|  | Mar. 1956 | 286 |
| Annually |  |  |
| Earnings and expenses: |  |  |
| Federal Reserve Banks. | Feb. 1956 | 178-179 |
| Member banks: |  |  |
| Calendar year.. | May 1956 | 510-518 |
| First half of year. | Oct. 1955 | 1188 |
| Insured commercial banks. | May 1956 | 519 |
| Banks and branches, number of, by class and State. $\qquad$ | Apr. 1956 | 398-399 |
| Operating ratios, member banks. | June 1956 | 650-652 |
| Banking and monetary statistics, 1955. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Feb. } 1956 \\ \text { May } \\ 1956\end{array}\right.$ | $182-188$ $520-523$ |

# National Summary of Business Conditions 

Released for publication August 15

Industrial production declined in July and advanced in early August, reflecting mainly fluctuations in steel output. Activity in steelconsuming lines, including construction, increased somewhat in July. Retail sales continued in record volume. Prices of industrial commodities rose after mid-July, following three months of little change, and farm product prices changed little at levels moderately higher than a year earlier. Bank loans to business expanded, and interest rates rose.

## Industrial Production

Industrial production, as measured by the Board's seasonally adjusted index, declined from 141 per cent of the 1947-49 average in June to 136 in July, owing to the steel work stoppage and related cuts in output of coke, iron ore, and coal.

Activity in most durable goods industries other than iron and steel increased somewhat in July. Machinery and most other producers' equipment expanded further, and output of consumer durable goods increased. Auto assembly in July was somewhat above the reduced June rate but

in August is scheduled to decline because of model change-overs. Steel output, which declined from a rate of 93 per cent of capacity in June to about 15 per cent in July, had recovered to 85 per cent by mid-August.

Activity at textile mills apparently declined further in July, while apparel production remained at a level moderately higher than in the spring. Output of rubber products was maintained following earlier declines, and activity in the paper, chemicals, and petroleum industries continued at advanced levels.

## Construction

Outlays for construction expanded further in July and were at a record seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 44.4$ billion. Value of construction contract awards, after declining considerably in June from exceptionally high levels, showed little change in July. Housing starts declined seasonally and the seasonally adjusted annual rate remained close to 1.1 million.

## Employment

Employment in nonagricultural establishments, seasonally adjusted, declined 500,000 in July, largely as a result of the steel strike, to $51.1 \mathrm{mil}-$ lion. While average hourly and weekly earnings in manufacturing were also affected somewhat, the average length of the factory workweek, which usually declines in July, was unchanged at 40.1 hours. The number of persons unemployed, not counting workers on strike unless they are seeking other jobs, was little changed from June but, at 2.8 million, was 350,000 above the year-earlier level.

## Distribution

Seasonally adjusted retail sales in July continued at about the record May-June rate and were 3 per cent above a year earlier. Sales were apparently at or above previous highs at most
types of stores. Department store sales in July exceeded the June peak and remained strong in early August. Sales of new autos in July were down from June but remained above production; dealers' stocks declined further and were below the year-earlier level for the first time this year.

## Commodity Prices

Average wholesale commodity prices advanced somewhat from mid-July to mid-August, reflecting mainly a general increase of 7 per cent in steel and advances in a number of metal products. Pig iron, aluminum, magnesium, scrap metals, brick, and rubber also advanced, and prices of tires, gasoline, and some other consumer goods were raised. Meanwhile, average prices of farm products changed little. Livestock prices advanced to a level somewhat above that reached last spring and grains generally continued strong, but there were moderate decreases in fruits and vegetables, from sharply advanced levels, and raw cotton prices declined to about the level of the new crop (October) future.

## Bank Credit and Reserves

Total loans and investments at city banks declined about $\$ 500$ million between mid-July and early August, reflecting principally continued reductions in holdings of U.S. Government securities. While security loans declined, business, real estate, and consumer loans rose. Recently, new borrowing by business-principally commodity dealers-has been offset only in part by net

## Prices



Bureau of Labor Statistics indexes. "Other" wholesale prices exclude processed foods, included in total but not shown separately. Monthly figures, latest shown: June for consumer prices. and July for wholesale Drices.
repayments-largely by metals manufacturers and sales finance companies.

During late July and early August, average borrowings from the Federal Reserve rose to about $\$ 800$ million and excess reserves declined to $\$ 525$ million. A substantial reduction in Reserve Bank float absorbed more reserves over the period than were supplied, largely through reductions in required reserves and small System purchases of U. S. Government securities.

## Security Markets

Yields on intermediate- and long-term U. S. Government securities rose rapidly between midJuly and mid-August, reaching new highs for the year. Intermediate-term yields moved above long-term yields to record postwar levels. Although the Treasury bill yield remained below its April 1956 high, it rose approximately 30 basis points in the first half of August to a level above 2.60 per cent. In the third week of July the Treasury refunded $\$ 12.9$ billion of maturing securities with a new $23 / 4$ per cent note, due August 1, 1957. Cash redemptions of maturing issues totaled nearly $\$ 900$ million. On August 6 the Treasury sold for cash $\$ 3.2$ billion of $23 / 4$ per cent March 1957 tax anticipation certificates. Original subscriptions to the new certificate totaled $\$ 10.6$ billion.

Yields on corporate and State and local government bonds increased sharply during the latter part of July and early August. Common stock prices fluctuated around record or near-record levels.
reservis and borrowings - all member banks


Federal Reserve data. Free reserves are excess reserves less borrowings. Weekly averages, latest shown are for week end-

## Financial and Business Statistics

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Tables on the following pages include the prin cipal statistics of current significance relating to financial and business developments in the United States. The data relating to Federal Reserve Banks, member banks of the Federal Reserve System, and department store trade, and the consumer credit estimates are derived from regular reports made to the Board; production indexes are compiled by the Board on the bas.s
of material collected by other agencies; figures for gold stock, currency in circulation, Federal finance, and Federal credit agencies are obtained from Treasury statements; the remaining data are obtained largely from other sources. Back figures for 1941 and prior years for banking and monetary tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, Banking and Monetary Statistics.

MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS




2



${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
For other footnotes see following page.

MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS—Continued
[In millions of dollars]

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
${ }^{p}$ Preliminary 1 Includes industrial loans and acceptances; these items are not shown
separately in this table, but are given for end-of-month and Wednesday dates in subsequent tables on Federal Reserve Banks.
2 These figures are estimated.

RESERVES, DEPOSITS, AND BORROWINGS OF MEMBER BANKS, BY CLASSES
[Averages of daily figures. 1 In millions of dollars]

| Item and period | All member banks | Central reserve city banks |  | Reserve banks | $\begin{gathered} \text { Coun- } \\ \text { try } \\ \text { tanks } \end{gathered}$ | Item and period | All member | Central reserve city banks |  | Reserve citybanks | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Coun- } \\ & \text { try } \\ & \text { banks } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | New <br> York | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chi- } \\ & \text { cago } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | New <br> York | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chi- } \\ & \text { cago } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Total reserves held: |  |  |  |  |  | Excess reserves: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1955-June. | 18,715 | 4,388 | 1,135 | 7,680 | 5,512 | 1955-June. | 569 | 15 | -3 | 61 | 496 |
| July.. | 18,825 | 4,371 | 1,148 | 7,759 | 5,546 | July... | 619 | 9 | 8 | 87 | 516 |
| Aug. | 18,728 | 4,286 | 1,140 | 7,737 | 5,565 | Aug. | 577 | 10 | -1 | 54 | 514 |
| Sept. | 18,711 | 4,262 | 1,129 1,127 | 7,738 7,823 | 5,583 | Sept. | 564 | 14 |  | 63 64 | 487 460 |
| Nov. | 18,902 | 4,257 | 1,144 | 7,840 | 5,660 | Nov. | 525 | 14 | 3 | 38 | 470 |
| Dec. | 19,240 | 4,432 | 1,166 | 7,924 | 5,716 | Dec | 594 | 35 | 2 | 60 | 497 |
| 1956-Jan. | 19,138 | 4.293 | 1,178 | 7,934 | 5,732 | 1956-Jan. | 552 | -24 | -1 | 72 | 505 |
| Feb. | 18,709 | 4.196 | 1,138 | 7,753 | 5,623 | Feb. | 533 | 11 | 3 | 66 | 452 |
| Mar | 18,924 | 4,372 | 1,137 | 7,796 | 5,619 | Mar. | 585 | 28 | 2 | 84 | 470 |
| Apr. | 18,847 | 4,287 | 1,105 | 7,814 | 5,641 | Apr. | 527 | -12 | -1 | 64 | 476 |
| May | 18,734 | 4,264 | 1,119 | 7,775 | 5,577 | May. | 467 | 10 | 2 | 49 | 406 |
| June. | 18,933 | 4,354 | 1,133 | 7,784 | 5,662 | June. | 575 | 13 | 4 | 78 | 479 |
| Week ending: 1956-June | 19,116 | 4,424 | 1139 | 7819 | 5,734 | Week ending: | 615 | 10 | 1 | 60 | 544 |
| 1956-June 27. | 19,030 | 4,393 | 1,146 | 7,798 | 5,692 | 1956-June 27... | 595 | 24 | 2 | 69 | 500 |
| July 4. | 18,902 | 4,361 | 1,156 | 7,825 | 5,559 | July 4. | 472 | -10 | -2 | 92 | 392 |
| July 11. | 19,040 | 4,280 | 1,137 | 7,829 | 5,794 | July 11. | 755 | 37 | 3 | 111 | 604 |
| July 18 | 18,869 | 4,204 | 1,130 | 7,824 | 5,711 | July 18 | ${ }^{p} 629$ | 12 | 1 | 85 | ${ }^{p} 531$ |
| July 25. | 18,744 | 4,189 | 1,114 | 7,767 | 5,674 | July 25. | ${ }^{p} 561$ | -8 | 4 | 72 | ${ }^{p} 493$ |
| Required reserves: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Borrowings at Federal Reserve Banks: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1955-June............. | 18,146 | 4,373 | 1,138 | 7,619 | 5,016 | 1955-June. | 401 | 13 | 40 | 229 | 119 |
| July................ | 18,205 | 4,362 | 1,140 | 7,673 | 5,030 | July. | 527 | 78 | 33 | 306 | 110 |
| Aug. | 18,152 | 4,277 | 1,141 | 7,682 | 5,052 | Aug. | 765 | 149 | 60 | 395 | 161 |
| Sept. | 18,148 | 4,248 | 1,128 | 7,675 | 5,096 | Sept. | 849 | 141 | 114 | 472 | 122 |
| Oct. | 18,345 | 4,316 | 1,127 | 7,759 | 5,144 | Oct. | 884 | 151 | 137 | 480 538 | 116 |
| Nov.............. | 18,378 | 4,243 | 1,142 | 7,802 | 5,191 | Nov. | 1,016 | 279 | 70 | 538 | 129 |
| Dec. | 18,646 | 4,397 | 1,164 | 7,865 | 5,220 | Dec. | 839 | 197 | 85 | 398 | 159 |
| 1956-Jan. | 18,586 | 4,317 | 1,179 | 7,863 | 5,227 | 1956-Jan.. | 807 | 174 | 82 | 425 | 126 |
| Feb.. | 18,177 | 4,186 | 1,134 | 7,687 | 5,170 | Feb. | 799 | 149 | 106 | 402 | 142 |
| Mar | 18,340 | 4,344 | 1,135 | 7,712 | 5,149 | Mar. | 993 | 202 | 258 | 382 | 151 |
| Apr. | 18,320 | 4,299 | 1,106 | 7,750 | 5,165 |  | 1,060 | 155 | 261 | 493 | 151 |
| May | 18,268 | 4,254 | 1,117 | 7,726 | 5,171 | May | 971 | 98 | 155 | 517 | 201 |
| June. | 18,359 | 4,341 | 1,130 | 7,706 | 5,183 | June. | 769 | 46 | 115 | 434 | 174 |
| Week ending: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956--June 20 | 18,500 | 4,414 | 1,138 | 7,758 | 5,190 | Week ending: |  |  |  |  |  |
| June ${ }^{\text {July }} 4$ | 18,435 | 4,369 | 1,145 | 7,729 7,733 | 5,192 | 1956-June 20. | 764 | 28 57 | 141 84 | 448 | 147 |
| July 11. | 18,285 | 4,244 | 1,133 | 7,718 | 5,190 | July 4. | 643 | 88 | 45 | 403 | 107 |
| July 18 | p18,238 | 4,192 | 1,129 | 7,739 | p5, 178 | July 11 | 878 | 175 | 78 | 467 | 158 |
| July 25. | p18,183 | 4,197 | 1,110 | 7,695 | p5, 181 | July 18 | 849 | 212 | 54 | 442 | 141 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | July 25. | 573 | 42 | 31 | 398 | 102 |
|  | June 1955 |  |  |  |  | Free reserves: ${ }^{2} 4$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits: | $112,844$ | 23,431 | - |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}168 \\ 92 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2 -69 | -43 -25 | -168 -219 | 377 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -188 | -139 | -61 | -341 | 353 |
| Gross demand deposits: |  |  |  |  |  | Sept. | -285 | -127 | -114 | -409 | 365 |
| Total. |  |  | 6,022 | 44,132 | 39,259 | Oct. | -360 | -150 | -137 | -416 | 344 |
| Interbank | 12,361 | 4,008 19 | 1,159 | 5,996 | 1,198 | Nov | -491 -245 | -265 | -67 -83 | -500 -338 | 341 338 |
| Other............. | 100,483 | 19,423 | 4,863 | 38,136 | 38,061 | Dec | -245 | -162 | -83 | -338 | 338 |
| Net demand deposits ${ }^{3} \ldots$ | $98,045$ |  | 5,362 | 37,846 | 33,832 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Time deposits. <br> Demand balances due | 40,010 | 3,445 | 1,308 | 16,132 | 19,125 | 1956-Jan. | -255 -266 | -198 -138 | -83 -103 | $\begin{array}{r}-353 \\ -336 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 379 310 |
| from domestic banks. | 6,180 | 47 | 106 | 1,965 | 4,062 | Mar | -408 | -174 | -256 | -298 | 319 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Apr | -533 | -167 | -262 | -429 | 325 |
|  | June 1956 |  |  |  |  |  | - 194 | -83 | - 111 | - 356 | 305 |
| Gross demand deposits:Total.............. |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Week ending: } \\ & \text { 1956-June } 20 . \end{aligned}$ | - 149 | -18 |  | -388 | 397 |
|  | 115,186 | 23,668 | 6,065 | 44,973 | 40,479 | 1956-June 27. | -161 | -33 | - -82 | - 332 | 286 |
| Interbank | 12,449 | 4,048 | 1,177 | 6,004 | 1,221 | July 4. | -171 | -98 | -47 | -311 | 285 |
| Other.. | 102,736 | 19,620 | 4,889 | 38,969 | 39,258 | July 11. | -123 | -138 | -75 | -356 | 446 |
| Net demand deposits ${ }^{3}$. | 99, 287 | 20,851 | 5,323 | 38,190 | 34,924 | July 18. | $\stackrel{n}{n}-220$ | -200 | -53 | -357 | p390 |
| Time deposits......... | 41,181 | 3,406 | 1,301 | 16,630 | 19,844 | July 25. | ${ }^{p}-12$ | -50 | $-27$ | -326 | p391 |
| Demand balances due from domestic banks. . | 6,212 | 67 | 104 | 1,994 | 4,046 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$p$ Preliminary.
1 Averages of daily closing figures for reserves and borrowings and of daily opening figures for other items, inasmuch as reserves required are based on deposits at opening of busimess.
banks and free reserves of all member

[^16]FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES
[Per cent per annum]

| Federal Reserve Bank | Discounts for and advances to member banks |  |  |  |  |  | Advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations other than member banks secured by direct obligations of the U.S. (last par. Sec. 13) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Advances secured by Government obligations and discounts of and advances secured by eligible paper (Secs. 13 and 13a) ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Other secured advances [Sec. 10(b)] |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rate on July 31 | In effect beginning- | Previous rate | Rate on July 31 | In effect beginning- | Previous rate | Rate on July 31 | In effect beginning- | Previous rate |
| Boston. | 23/4 | Apr. 13, 1956 | 21/2 | $31 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | $33 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 |  |
| New York | $23 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $31 / 4$ |
| Philadelphia | $23 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $31 / 4$ |
| Cleveland. | $23 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | Nov. 18, 1955 | $3$ |
| Richmond | $23 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | Nov. 22, 1955 | $3$ |
| Atlanta. . | $23 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | $33 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $31 / 2$ |
| Chicago | $23 / 4$ | Apr. 20, 1956 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 4$ | Apr. 20, 1956 | 3 | 33/4 | Apr. 20, 1956 | $31 / 2$ |
| St. Louis. | $23 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | $31 / 2$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $31 / 4$ |
| Minneapolis. | 3 | Apr. 13, 1956 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 2$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | $41 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $33 / 4$ |
| Kansas City. | 23/4 | Apr. 13, 1956 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | $33 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $31 / 2$ |
| Dallas...... | $23 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $21 / 2$ | $31 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | $33 / 4$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | $31 / 2$ |
| San Francisco | 3 | Apr. 13, 1956 | 21/2 | $31 / 2$ | Apr. 13, 1956 | 3 | 4 | Apr. 13, 1956 | 31/2 |

${ }^{1}$ Rates shown also apply to advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months.
Nore.-Maximum maturities. Discounts for and advances to member banks: 90 days for discounts and advances under Sections 13 and 13a of the Federal Reserve Act except that discounts of certain bankers' accept-
ances and of agricultural paper may have maturities not exceeding 6 months and 9 months, respectively, and advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months are Section 10(b). Advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations under the last paragraph of Section 13:'90 days.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK DISCOUNT RATE ${ }^{1}$
[Per cent per annum]

| Date effective | Rate | Date effective | Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1930-Feb. 7 | 4 | 1942-Oct. 30. | $21 / 2$ |
| Mar. 14 | $31 / 2$ | 1946-Apr. 25 |  |
| May ${ }^{\text {June }} 2$ | 3 | 1948-Jan. ${ }_{\text {Aug. }} 13$ |  |
| Dec. 24 | ${ }_{2}{ }^{1 / 2}$ | 1950-Aug. 21 | $13 / 4$ |
| 1931-May 8 | 11/2 | 1953-Jan. 16 |  |
| Oct. 9 | 21/2 | 1954-Feb. 5 | $13 / 4$ |
| 1932 -Feb. 26 | $3{ }^{1 / 2}$ | (1955-Apr. 15 | 11/2 |
| 1932-Feb. ${ }^{\text {June }} 24$ | $31 / 2$ | 1955-Apr. ${ }^{\text {Aug. }} 5$ |  |
| 1933-Mar. 3. | 31/2 | Sept. 9 | 21/4 |
| Apr. 7. | 3 | Nov. 18 | $21 / 2$ |
| May 26. | $21 / 2$ | 1956-Apr. 13 | 23/4 |
| 1934-Feb. ${ }^{\text {Oct. }} 20$ | ${ }_{1}^{2} / 2$ |  | 23/4 |
| 1937-Aug. 27. | $1{ }^{1 / 2}$ | In effect Aug. 1, 1956 | 23/4 |

${ }^{1}$ Under Secs. 13 and 13a, as described in table above.
2 Preferential rate for advances secured by Govt. securities maturing or callable in 1 year or less in effect during the period Oct. 30, 1942Apr. 24, 1946. The rate of 1 per cent was continued for discounts of and
advances secured by eligible paper. . Govt. securities. In 1955 and 1956
Note.-Repurchase rate on U. S. this rate was the same as the discount rate except in the following periods (rates in percentages): 1955-May 4-6, 1.65; Aug. 4, 1.85; Sept. 1-2, 2.10; Sept. 8, 2.15; and Nov. 10, 2.375 .

MARGIN REQUIREMENTS ${ }^{1}$
[Per cent of market value]

| Prescribed in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } 20, \\ 1933 . \\ \mathrm{Jan.}, \\ 1955 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Jan} .4, \\ 1955- \\ \text { Apr.22, } \\ 1955 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Effec- } \\ & \text { five } \\ & \text { Apr. } 23, \\ & 1955 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Regulation T: <br> For extensions of credit by brokers and dealers on listed securities............. | 5050 | 6060 | 7070 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Regulation U: For loans by banks on | 50 | 60 | 70 |

1 Regulations $T$ and $U$ limit the amount of credit that may be extended on a security by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of its market value at the time of extension; margin requirements are the difference between the market value ( $100 \%$ ) and the maximum loan value. Changes on Feb. 20, 1953, and Jan. 4, 1955, were effective after the close of business on those dates.

MEMBER BANK RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
[Per cent of deposits]

| Effective date of change | Net demand deposits ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Time deposits |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Central reserve city banks | Reserve city banks | $\begin{gathered} \text { Coun- } \\ \text { try } \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}$ | Central reserve and reserve city banks | Country banks |
| 1917-June 21. | 13 | 10 | 7 | 3 | 3 |
| 1936-Aug. 16. | 191/2 | 15 | 101/2 | $41 / 2$ | $41 / 2$ |
| 1937-Mar. 1....... | 223/4 | 171/2 | 121/4 | 51/4 | 51/4 |
| May 1 | 26 | 20 |  |  |  |
| 1938-Apr. 16. | 223/4 | 171/2 | 12 | 5 | 5 |
| 1941-Nov. 1....... | 26 | 20 | 14 | 6 | 6 |
| 1942-Aug. $20 . . . . . .$. | 24 |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. 14....... | 22 |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. 3....... | 20 | -•..... |  |  |  |
| 1948-FFeb. 27. . . . . . | 22 |  |  |  |  |
| June 11...... | 24 |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. 16, 24*... | 26 | 22 | 16 | 71/2 | $71 / 2$ |
| 1949-May 1, 5*.... | 24 | 21 | 15 | 7 |  |
| June 30, July 1*. |  | 20 | 14 | 6 | 6 |
| Aug. 1, 11*... | 231/2 | 191/2 | 13 | 5 |  |
| Aug. 16, 18*... | 23 | 19 | 12 |  | 5 |
| Aug. 25....... | 221/2 | 181/2 |  |  |  |
| Sept. 1........ | 22 | 18 |  |  |  |
| 1951-Jan. 11, 16*.... | 23 | 19 | 13 | 6 | 6 |
| Jan. 25, Feb. 1*. | 24 | 20 | 14 |  |  |
| 1953-July 1,9*.. | 22 | 19 | 13 |  |  |
| 1954-June $16,24^{*} \ldots \ldots$ | 21 |  |  | 5 | 5 |
| July 29, Aug. ${ }^{\text {* }}$. | 20 | 18 | 12 |  |  |
| In effect Aug. 1, 1956.. | 20 | 18 | 12 | 5 | 5 |
| Present statutory requirements: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum, . | 13 | 10 | 7 | 3 | 3 |
| Maximum. | 26 | 20 | 14 | 6 | 6 |

${ }^{1}$ Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, which beginning Aug. 23, 1935, have been total demand deposits minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks (also minus war loan and series E bond accounts during the period Apr. 13, *First-of-month or
other dates (usually or midmonth dates are changes at country banks, and other dates (usually Thursdays) are at central reserve city or reserve city
banks.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS
[In thousands of dol.ars]

| Item | Wednesday |  |  |  |  | End of month |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  |  |  |  | 1956 |  | 1955 |
|  | July 25 | July 18 | July 11 | July 4 | June 27 | July | June | July |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Redemption fund for F. R. notes. | 20,255,988 | 20,854,109 | -855,496 | -843,128 | -839,331 | 2, 854,782 | 20,843,331 | 20,833,137 |
| Total gold certificate reserves. | 21,139,380 | 21,139,503 | 21, 140,889 | 21,133,520 | 21, 108,720 | 21, 151,174 | 21, 108,722 | 20,994,239 |
| F. R. notes of other Banks | 345,523 | 307,798 | 263,447 | 213,342 | 266,631 | 322,210 | 241,478 | 225,922 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Discounts and advances: For member banks. For nonmember banks, | 461,388 | 451,860 | 652,549 | 570,084 | 537,366 | 451,680 | 232,232 | 713,756 40,000 |
| Industrial loans.. | 909 | 914 | 906 | 874 | 922 | 954 | 904 | 40,000 |
| Acceptances-Bought outright............................. | 17,116 | 17,116 | 17,232 | 17,536 | 16,553 | 17,643 | 17,903 | 10,384 |
| U. S. Government securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certificates-Specia | 10,932,699 | 10,932,699 | 10,932,699 | 10,932,699 | 10,932,699 | 10,932,699 | 10,932,699 | 8,273,775 |
| Notes........... | 9,153,913 | 9.153,913 | 9,153,913 | 9,153,913 | 9,153,913 | 9,153,913 | 9,153,913 | 11,645,837 |
| Bonds. | 2,801,750 | 2,801,750 | 2,801,750 | 2,801,750 | 2,801,750 | 2,801,750 | 2,801,750 | 2,801,750 |
| Total bought outright. <br> Held under repurchase agreement. | 23,366,732 | 23,484,332 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 23,649,032 \\ 1,500 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,839,332 \\ 23,500 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,491,632 \\ 29,900 \end{array}$ | 23,437,932 | $\begin{array}{r} 23,712,332 \\ 45,400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,982,508 \\ 108,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total U. S. Government securities. | 23, 366,732 | 23,484, 332 | 23,650,532 | 23, 862,832 | 23,521,532 | 23,437,932 | 23,757,732 | 24,090,508 |
| Total loans and securities. | 23, 846, 145 | 23,954,222 | 24,321,219 | 24,451, 326 | 24,076,373 | 23,908,209 | 24,009,338 | 24,855,137 |
| Due from foreign banks. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22 | 22 |
| Uncollected cash items. | 4,617,065 | 5,511,376 | 4,759.911 | 4,702,553 | 5,032,780 | 4,278,840 | 4,706,794 | 3,814,742 |
| Bank premises.. Other assets. . . | 69,506 190,751 | 69,247 245,038 | 67,901 235,310 | 67,786 224,165 | 67,725 213,714 | 69,683 200,279 | 67,800 217,951 | 57,638 172,696 |
| Total assets. | 50,600,547 | 51,603,151 | 51,142, 123 | 51,134,264 | 51,115,618 | 50,326,618 | 50,716,917 | 50,487,642 |
| Federal Reserve notes... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal R | 26,326,474 | 26,442,255 | 26,512,468 | 26,485,572 | 26,208,485 | 26,370,250 | 26,367, 109 | 25,945,405 |
| Member bank reserves. <br> U. S. Treasurer-general account <br> Foreign <br> Other | 18,315,358 | 18,784,169 | 18,622,962 | 18,930,241 | 18,559,565 | 18,307,716 | 18,442,853 | 18,998,673 |
|  | 590,628 | 477,076 | 494, 327 | 449,448 | 575,507 | 512,920 308 | 522,403 | 622,789 |
|  | 261,800 | 288,616 | 326,253 | 291,027 | 293,440 | 308,308 | 296,698 | 409,988 |
|  | 260,880 | 274,145 | 284,714 | 286,576 | 290,114 | 287,535 | 313,442 | 419,479 |
| Total deposits. | 19,428,666 | 19,824,006 | 19,728,256 | 19,957,292 | 19,718,626 | 19,416,479 | 19,575,396 | 20,450,929 |
| Deferred availability cash items Other liabilities and accrued dividends 1 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,534,306 \\ 13,885 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,036,701 \\ 14,659 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,610,077 \\ 14,681 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,409,127 \\ 14,870 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,906,218 \\ 23,598 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,319,556 \\ 14,343 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,496,753 \\ 115,164 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,950,895 \\ 13,906 \end{array}$ |
| Total liabilit | 49, 305,331 | 50,317,621 | 49, 865,482 | 49, 866,861 | 49,856,927 | 49,120,628 | 49,454,422 | 49, 361, 135 |
| Capital Accounts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital paid in. | 317,171 | 316,827 | 316,521 | 316,051 | 315,611 | 317,2,36 | 315,742 | 296,358 |
| Surplus (Section 7). | 693,612 | 693,612 | 693,612 | 693, 612 | 693,612 | 693,612 | 693,612 | 660,901 |
| Surplas (Section 136) | 27,543, | 27,543 | 27,543 | 27,543 | 27,543 | 27,543 | 27,543 | 27,543 |
| Other capital accounts | 256,890 | 247,548 | 238,965 | 230,197 | 221,925 | 167,599 | 225,598 | 141,705 |
| Total liabilities and capital accounts | 50,600.547, | 51,603,151 | 51,142, 123 | 51, 134,264 | 51, 115,618 | 50,326,618 | 50,716,917 | 50,487,642 |
| Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined (per cent). | 46.2 | 45.7 | 45.7 | 45.5 | 46.0 | 46.2 | 45.9 | 45.3 |
| Contingent liability on acceptances purchased for foreign correspondents. | 46,168: | 44,854 | 44,692 | 44,819 | 45,356 | 47,927 | 44,786 | 22,755 |
| Industrial loan commitments....................... | 2,495 | 2.493 | 2,518 | 2,585 | 2,577 | 2,427 | 2,565 | 3,265 |

Maturity Distribution of Loans and U. S. Government Securities ${ }^{2}$


STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ON JULY 31, 1956
[In thousands of dollars]

| Item | Boston | New York | Philadelphia | Cleveland | Richmond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. Louis | Minneapolis | Kansas City | Dallas | San Francisco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold certificate account. | 898,195 | 5,377,739 | 1,079,483 | 1,792,006 | 1,245,069 | 921,164 | 3,660,999 | 818,593 | 394,576 | 837,652 | 736,259 | 2,534,657 |
| Redemption fund for F. R. notes. | 58,999 | $176,783$ | 61,404 |  | 71,400 | 50,840 | 154,525 | 42,856 | 23,240 | 42,426 | 25,840 | 72,316 |
| Total gold certificate reserves. | 957,194 | 5,554,522 | 1,140,887 | 1,866,159 | 1,316,469 | 972,004 | 3,815,524 | 861,449 | 417,816 | 880,078 | 762,099 | 2,606,973 |
| F. R. notes of other Ban | 25,863 | 48,277 | 37,210 | 25,121 | 29,182 | 48,696 | 23,586 | 10,257 | 20,884 | 7,486 | 17,452 | 28,196 |
| Other cash. . . . . . . . . . . | 28,650 | 87,131 | 22,240 | 38,602 | 21,044 | 32,777 | 60,737 | 24,041 | 9,495 | 12,250 | 14,232 | 45,002 |
| Discounts and advances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secured by U. S. Govt. securities. | 11,375 | 33,665 | 57,140 | 51,730 | 36,199 | 23,875 | 101,015 | 29,850 | 11,335 | 39,070 | 36,950 | 5,200 |
| Other. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 33 |  | 14,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 243 |  |
| Industrial loans. | 300 |  | 603 |  |  |  |  |  | 51 |  |  |  |
| Acceptances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bought outright. . . . . . . . . . |  | 17,643 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Held under repurchase agreement............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. Govt. securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bought outright. . . . . . . . . . . Held under repurchase agreement. | 1,288,289 | 5,898,812 | 1,408,409 | 2,027,217 | 1,443,050 | 1,205,155 | 4,089,263 | 978,534 | 529,392 | 1,015,566 | 931,517 | 2,622,728 |
| Total loans and securities | 1,299,997 | 5,950,120 | 1,480,152 | 2,078,947 | 1,479,249 | 1,229,030 | 4,190,278 | 1,008,384 | 540,778 | 1,054,636 | 968,710 | 2,627,928 |
| Due from foreign banks. |  | 16 | 2 | 2 |  |  | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Uncollected cash items....... | 400,517 | 808,373 | 271,955 | 357,951 | 313,651 | 302,315 | 710,912 | 162,781 | 101,773 | 241,546 | 202,147 | 404,919 |
| Bank premises. | 5,417 | 8,598 | 4,893 | 7,254 | 6,788 | 3,998 | 5,948 | 3,886 | 4,459 | 4,129 | 3,344 | 10,969 |
| Other assets. | 10,646 | 48,528 | 11,720 | 17,398 | 12,068 | 11,136 | 36,974 | 8,096 | 4,445 | 8,501 | 8,577 | 22,190 |
| Total assets. | 2,728,285 | 12,505,555 | 2,969,059 | 4,391,434 | 3,178,452 | 2,599,957 | 8,843,962 | 2,078,895 | 1,099,651 | 2,208,627 | 1,976,562 | 5,746,179 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| F. R. notes | 1,592,625 | 6,043,394 | 1,744,179 | 2,462,803 | 2,005,943 | 1,307,382 | 5,109,827 | 1,175,518 | 511,403 | 1,048,697 | 703,957 | 2,664,522 |
| Deposits: ${ }_{\text {Member bank reserves . . . . }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Member bank reserves.....- U. S. Treasurer-general | 744 | 5, | 857,043 | 1,461,811 | 795,272 | 908,870 | 2,984,967 | 662,504 | 410,558 | 843,396. | 70,674 | 2,519,425 |
| account................ | 28,527 | 57,860 | 33,023 | 33,173 | 38,414 | 46,168 | 50,720 | 39,683 | 49,252 | 50,029 | 49,348 | 36,723 |
| Foreign | 15,930 | 2115,503 | 19,440 | 24,570 | 13,770 | 11,880 | 37,800 | 10,260 | 6,750 | 10,260 | 13,770 | 28,375 |
| Other.. | 2,917 | 215,592 | 10,824 | 2,520 | 2,759 | 3,016 | 452 | 7,277 | 1,482 | 1,770 | 1,265 | 37,661 |
| Total deposi | 791,941 | 5,537,584 | 920,330 | 1,522,074 | 850,215 | 969,934 | 3,073,939 | 719,724 | 468,042 | 905,455 | 1,035,057 | 2,622,184 |
| Deferred availability cash items. | 271,145 | 587,950 | 217,730 | 295,949 | 257,833 | 266,478 | 486,009 | 135,740 | 88,559 | 205,936 | 176,934 | 329,293 |
| Other liabilities and accrued dividends. | 846 | 3,557 | $\begin{array}{r}738 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,783 | 540 | 621 | 2,940 | 471 | 353 | 539 | 415 | 1,540 |
| Total liabilities | 2,656,557 | 12,172,485 | 2,882,977 | 4,282,609 | 3,114,531 | 2,544,415 | 8,672,715 | 2,031,453 | 1,068,357 | 2,160,627 | ,916,363 | 5,617,539 |
| Capital Accounts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital paid in. | 16,307 | 91,623 | 20,414 | 30,319 | 14,551 | 14,740 | 42,406 | 10,898 | 7,050 | 12,737 | 17,445 | 38,746 |
| Surplus (Sec. 7). | 41,667 | 195,827 | 49,491 | 62,563 | 35,012 | 30,841 | 101,894 | 27,649 | 17,586 | 25,960 | 33,847 | 71,275 |
| Surplus (Sec. 136) | 3,011 | 7,319 | 4,489 | 1,006 | 3,349 | 762 | 1,429 | 521 | 1,073 | 1,137 | 1,307 | 2,140 |
| Other capital accounts. | 10,743 | 38,301 | 11,688 | 14,937 | 11,009 | 9,199 | 25,518 | 8,374 | 5,585 | 8,166 | 7,600 | 16,479 |
| Total liabilities and capital accounts. | 2,728,285 | 12,505,555 | 2,969,059 | 4,391,434 | 3,178,452 | 2,599,957 | 8,843,962 | 2,078,895 | 1,099,651 | 2,208,627 | 1,976,562 | 5,746,179 |
| Reserve ratio. | 40.1\% | 48.0\% | 42.8\% | $46.8 \%$ | 46.1\% | 42.7\% | 46.6\% | 45.5\% | 42.7\% | $45.0 \%$ | 43.8\% | 49.3\% |
| Contingent liability on acceptances purchased for foreign correspondents.... | 2,726 | 314,940 | 3,326 | 4,204 | 2,356 | 2,033 | 6,468 | 1,756 | 1,155 | 1,756 | 2,356 | 4,851 |
| Industrial loan commitments. . |  |  | 28 | 164 |  |  | 107 |  |  | 2,128 |  |  |

[^17]
## FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES-FEDERAL RESERVE AGENTS' ACCOUNTS

[In thousands of dollars]
FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS COMBINED

| Item | Wednesday |  |  |  |  | End of month |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1956 |  |  |  |  | 1956 |  | $\frac{1955}{\mathrm{Ju}!\mathrm{y}}$ |
|  | July 25 | July 18 | July 11 | July 4 | June 27 | July | June |  |
| F. R. notes outstanding (issued to Bank). Collateral held against notes outstanding: Gold certificate account . . Eligible paper. U. S. Government securities. | 27, 309,449 | 27,361, 195 | 27,341,898 | 27,234,868 | 27, 123,226 | 27,313,323 | 27,177,986 | 26,844,481 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11,498,000 | 11,498,000 | 11,498,000 | 11,498,000 | 11,538,000 | 11,498,000 | 11,478,000 | 11,208,000 |
|  | 100,665 | 1 , 90,812 | 119,498 | 127,593 | -86,117 | 132,060 | 1, 79,043 | 363,335 |
|  | 16,985,000 | 16,985,000 | 16,935,000 | 16,935,000 | 16,935,000 | 16,985,000 | 16,935,000 | 17,055,000 |
|  | 28,583,665 | 28,573,812 | 28,552,498 | 28,560,593 | 28,559,117 | 28,615,060 | 28,492,043 | 28,626,335 |

EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ON JULY 31, 1956


INDUSTRIAL LOANS BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS
[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

| End of year or month | Applications approved to date |  | Ap-prove but not completed ${ }^{1}$ (amount) | Loans standing ${ }^{2}$ (amount) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Commit- } \\ \text { ments } \\ \text { out- } \\ \text { standing } \\ \text { (amount) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Partici- } \\ \text { pations } \\ \text { of financ- } \\ \text { ing insti- } \\ \text { tutions } \\ \text { out- } \\ \text { standing }{ }^{3} \text { (amount) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Num- | Amount |  |  |  |  |
| 1950. | 3,698 | 651,389 | 4,819 | 2,632 | 3,754 | 3,745 |
| 1951... | 3,736 | 710,931 | 3,513 | 4,687 | 6,036 | 11,985 |
| 1952... | 3,753 | 766,492 | 1,638 | 3,921 | 3,210 | 3,289 |
| 1953... | 3,765 | 803,429 | 1,951 | 1,900 | 3,569 | 3,469 |
| 1954..... | 3,771 | 818,224 | 520 | 719 | 1,148 | 1,027 |
| 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June..... | 3,775 | 824,441 | 170 | 460 | 3,571 | 1,577 |
| July..... | 3,775 | 824,847 | 170 | 489 | 3,265 | 1,305 |
| Aug...... | 3,777 | 825,161 | 45 | 586 | 3,416 | 1,392 |
| Sept. | 3,777 | 825,282 | 45 | 700 | 2,795 | 1,230 |
| Oct... | 3,777 | 825,666 | 45 | 693 | 2,751 | 1,224 |
| Nov..... | 3,777 | 826, 111 | 45 | 704 | 2,339 | 1,107 |
| Dec...... | 3,778 | 826,853 | 305 | 702 | 2,293 | 1,103 |
| 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan...... | 3,778 | 827,159 | 45 | 693 | 2,470 | 1,154 |
| Feb...... | 3,778 | 827,529 | 45 | 695 | 2,444 | 1,152 |
| Mar. | 3,778 | 828,016 | 45 | 658 | 2,455 | 1,132 |
| Apr. | 3,779 | 828,846 | 45 | 945 | 2,455 | 1,128 |
| May. | 3,780 | 829,485 | 45 | 933 | 2,571 | 1,288 |
| June..... | 3,781 | 845,116 | 15,000 | 904 | 2,565 | 1,287 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes applications approved conditionally by the Federal Reserve Banks and under consideration by applicant.
${ }_{2}$ Includes industrial loans past due 3 months or more, which are not included in industrial loans outstanding in weekly statement of condition of Federal Reserve Banks.
${ }^{3}$ Not covered by F. R. Bank commitment to purchase or discount.
Note.-The difference between amount of applications approved and the sum of the following four columns represents repayments of advances, and applications for loans and commitments withdrawn or expired.

LOANS GUARANTEED UNDER REGULATION V:
[Amounts in millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Loans authorized to date |  | Loansoutstanding |  | Additional amount available to borrowers under guarantee agreements outstanding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { Num- }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Amount | Total amount | Portion guaranteed |  |
| 1950. | 62 | 31 | 8 | 6 | 8 |
| 1951. | 854 | 1,395 | 675 | 547 | 473 |
| 1952. | 1,159 | 2,124 | 979 | 803 | 586 |
| 1953. | 1,294 | 2,358 | 805 | 666 | 364 |
| 1954. | 1,367 | 2,500 | 472 | 368 | 273 |
| 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |
| June. . | 1,390 | 2,543 | 394 | 294 | 235 |
| July. | 1,392 | 2,544 | 296 | 225 | 211 |
| Aug. | 1,396 | 2,552 | 291 | 221 | 207 |
| Sept. | 1,400 | 2,557 | 281 | 217 | 204 |
| Oct. | 1,402 | 2,564 | 269 | 210 | 202 |
|  | 1,404 1,411 | 2,568 | 281 294 | 217 226 | 192 170 |
| 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan..... | 1,415 | 2,581 | 281 | 216 | 178 |
| Feb.. | 1,419 | 2,636 | 298 | 228 | 170 |
| Mar. | 1,427 | 2,654 | 338 | 253 | 167 |
| Apr.. | 1,432 | 2,657 | 335 | 250 | 180 |
| May. | 1,435 | 2,663 | 340 | 256 | 175 |
| June. | 1,441 | 2,710 | 363 | 270 | 186 |

${ }^{1}$ Loans made by private financing institutions and guaranteed by Government procurement agencies, pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950. Federal Reserve Banks act as fiscal agents of the guaranteeing agencies in these transactions, and the procedure is governed by Regulation $V$ of the Board of Governors.
Note.-The difference between guaranteed loans authorized and sum of loans outstanding and additional amounts available to borrowers under guarantee agreements outstanding represents amounts repaid, guarantees authorized but not completed, and authorizations expired or withdrawn.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK RATES ON INDUSTRIAL LOANS 1
[In effect July 31. Per cent per annum]

| Federal <br> Reserve Bank | To industrial or commercial businesses |  | To financing institutions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { loans }}{\text { lon }}$ | $\xrightarrow[\substack{\mathrm{On} \\ \text { commit- } \\ \text { ments }}]{\text { ( }}$ | On discounts or purchases |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { On } \\ \text { commit- } \\ \text { ments }}}{\text { On }}$ |
|  |  |  | Portion for which institution is obligated | Re-maining por- tion |  |
| Boston. | 3-51/2 | 1/2-11/2 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (4) | 1/2-11/2 |
| New York... | 31/2-51/2 | 1/2-13/8 | (3) | $(4)$ $(4)$ | 1/2-13/8 |
| Philadelphia | 21/2-5 | 1/2-11/4 | (5) | (4) $(4)$ | 1/2-11/4 |
| Richmond | 21/2-5 | 1/2-11/4 | (3) | (4) | 1/2-11/4 |
| Atlanta. | 3-51/2 | 3/4-13/8 | (3) | (4) | $63 / 4-13 / 8$ |
| Chicago. | 3-51/2 | 1/4-13/8 | 3-51/2 | $3-51 / 2$ | 1/4-13/8 |
| St. Louis. | 3-5 | 1/2-11/4 | $23 / 431 / 4$ | ${ }_{(4)}$ | 1/4-1/4 |
| Kansas City. | 23/4-5 | 12-1/8 | (3) | (4) | 1/2-1/8 |
| Dallas.. | 3-51/2 | 1/2-13/8 | (3) | (4) | $71 / 2-13 / 8$ |
| San Francisco | 3-51/2 | 1/2-13/8 | (3) | (4) | $71 / 2-13 / 8$ |

${ }^{1}$ Rates on industrial loans, discounts or purchases of loans, and commitments under Sec. 13b of the Federal Reserve Act. Maturities not exceeding five years.
${ }^{3}$ Rate charged borrower less commitment rate.
${ }_{4}{ }^{4}$ Rate charged borrower.
${ }^{5}$ Rate charged borrower but not to exceed 1 per cent above the discount rate.
${ }_{6}$ Charge of $1 / 2$ per cent per annum is made on undisbursed portion.
${ }^{6}$ Charge of $1 / 2$ per cent per annum is made on undisbursed portion.
7 Charge of $1 / 4$ per cent per annum is made on undisbursed portion.

FEES AND RATES ON LOANS GUARANTEED UNDER REGULATION $V^{1}$
[In effect July 31]

| Percentage of loan guaranteed | Guarantee fee (percentage of interest payable by borrower) | Percentage of any commitment fee charged borrower |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 70 or less. | 10 | 10 |
| 75. | 15 | 15 |
| 80. | 20 | 20 |
| 85. | 25 | 25 |
| 90. | 30 | 30 |
| 95. | 35 | 35 |
| Over 95. | 40-50 | 40-50 |

Maximum Rates Financing Institution May Charge Borrower [Per cent per annum]

${ }^{1}$ Schedule of fees and rates established by the Board of Governors on loans made by private financing institutions and guaranteed by Government procurement agencies, pursuant to the Defense Production Act agencies in these transactions, and the procedure is governed by Regulation $V$ of the Board of Governors.

BANK DEBITS AND DEPOSIT TURNOVER
[Debits in millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Debits to demand deposit accounts, except interbank and <br> U. S. Government accounts |  |  |  | Annual rate of turnover of demand deposits except interbank and U. S. Government deposits |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Without seasonal adjustment |  |  | Seasonally adjusted ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |
|  | Total, all reporting centers | New York City | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ \text { other } \\ \text { centers } 1 \end{gathered}$ | 337 other reporting centers ${ }^{2}$ | New York City | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ \text { other } \\ \text { centers } \end{gathered}$ | 337 other reporting centers ${ }^{2}$ | New York City | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ \text { other } \\ \text { centers } 1 \end{gathered}$ | 337 other reporting centers ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1948. | 1,227,476 | 443,216 | 270,912 | 513,348 | 26.9 | 21.6 | 16.6 |  |  |  |
| 1949. | 1,206,293 | 446,224 | 260,897 | 499, 172 | 27.9 | 20.9 | 15.9 |  |  |  |
| 1950. | 1,380, 112 | 509,340 | 298,564 | 572,208 | 31.1 | 22.6 | 17.2 |  |  |  |
| 1951. | 1,542,554 | 544,367 | 336,885 | 661,302 | 31.9 | 24.0 | 18.4 |  |  |  |
| 1952. | 1,642,853 | 597,815 | 349,904 | 695, 133 | 34.4 | 24.1 | 18.4 |  |  |  |
| 1953. | 1,759,069 | 632,801 | 385,831 | 740,436 | 36.7 | 25.6 | 18.9 |  |  |  |
| 1954 | 1,887,366 | 738,925 | 390,066 | 758,375 | 42.3 | 25.8 | 19.2 |  |  |  |
| 1955. | 2,043,548 | 766,890 | 431,651 | 845,007 | 42.7 | 27.3 | 20.4 |  |  |  |
| 1955-May. | 167,714 | 62,211 | 36,570 | 68,933 | 42.7 | 28.4 | 206 | 43.8 | 28.8 | 21.0 |
| June. | 177,917 | 67,634 | 37,569 | 72,714 | 44.7 | 28.3 | 20.8 | 41.4 | 27.7 | 20.8 |
| July. | 161,748 | 58,904 | 34,123 | 68,721 | 40.7 | 26.6 | 20.4 | 41.7 | 27.1 | 20.7 |
| Aug. | 167,343 | 58,980 | 35,863 | 72,499 | 38.2 | 25.9 | 19.9 | 44.2 | 28.3 | 21.2 |
| Sept. | 169,967 | 62,550 | 35,126 | 71,291 | 43.5 | 27.4 | 21.1 | 42.4 | 27.7 | 208 |
| Oct. | 175,779 | 67,568 | 35.803 | 72,409 | 44.7 | 26.5 | 203 | 46.1 | 27.3 | 20.3 |
| Nov. | 173.190 | 63,406 | 36,876 | 72,908 | 45.4 | 29.0 | 220 | 45.9 | 28.6 | 20.9 |
| Dec. | 200.52 ${ }^{7}$ | 81027 | 40,19? | 79.30 ? | 51.3 | 28.1 | 216 | 454 | 26.9 | 20.5 |
| 1956-Jan. . | 187,361 | 69,675 | 40,718 | 76,967 | 45.7 | 29.5 | 21.7 | 45.5 | 30.1 | 21.5 |
| Feb. | 162.105 | 57,413 | 35.143 | 69.549 | 41.1 | 27.5 | 21.0 | 42.2 | 28.2 | 21.1 |
| Mar. | 189,793 | 73,214 | 40,132 | 76.447 | 47.2 | 29.7 | 20.8 | 46.0 | 27.1 | 20.9 |
| Apr. | 176,760 | 65,715 | 37.763 | 73,282 | 45.4 | 30.1 | 21.5 | 46.1 | 29.2 | 22.2 |
| May. | 185,584 | 69,452 | 38,766 | 77.367 | 46.0 | 28.7 | 21.7 | 47.2 | 29.1 | 22.1 |
| June. | 186,540 | 70,733 | 38,937 | 76,870 | 47.0 | 28.9 | 21.6 | 43.5 | 28.3 | 21.6 |
| July . | 181,284 | 65,873 | 38,653 | 76,757 | 45.9 | 229.7 | 222.4 | 47.1 | ${ }^{p} 30.3$ | p22.7 |

[^18][^19]DENOMINATIONS OF UNITED STATES CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION
[On basis of compilation by United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total | Coin and small denomination currency |  |  |  |  |  |  | Large denomination currency |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | culation ${ }^{1}$ | Total | Coin | $\$ 12$ | \$2 | \$5 | \$10 | \$20 | Total | \$50 | \$100 | \$500 | \$1,000 | \$5,000 | $\$ 10,000$ |
| 1939 | 7,598 | 5,553 | 590 | 559 | 36 | 1,019 | 1,772 | 1,576 | 2,048 | 460 | 919 | 191 | 425 | 20 | 32 |
| 1941 | 11,160 | 8,120 | 751 | 695 | 44 | 1,355 | 2,731 | 2,545 | 3,044 | 724 | 1,433 | 261 | 556 | 24 | 46 |
| 1945 | 28,515 | 20,683 | 1,274 | 1,039 | 73 | 2,313 | 6,782 | 9,201 | 7,834 | 2,327 | 4,220 | 454 | 801 | 7 | 24 |
| 1947 | 28,868 | 20,020 | 1,404 | 1,048 | 65 | 2,110 | 6,275 | 9,119 | 8,850 | 2,548 | 5,070 | 428 | 782 | 5 | 17 |
| 1949 | 27,600 | 19,025 | 1,484 | 1,066 | 62 | 2,004 | 5,897 | 8,512 | 8,578 | 2,435 | 5,056 | 382 | 689 | 4 | 11 |
| 1950 | 27,741 | 19,305 | 1,554 | 1,113 | 64 | 2,049 | 5,998 | 8,529 | 8,438 | 2,422 | 5,043 | 368 | 588 | 4 | 12 |
| 1951 | 29,206 | 20,530 | 1,654 | 1,182 | 67 | 2,120 | 6,329 | 9,177 | 8,678 | 2,544 | 5,207 | 355 | 556 | 4 | 12 |
| 1952 | 30,433 | 21,450 | 1,750 | 1,228 | 71 | 2,143 | 6,561 | 9,696 | 8,985 | 2,669 | 5,447 | 343 | 512 | 4 | 10 |
| 1953 | 30,781 | 21,636 | 1,812 | 1,249 | 72 | 2,119 | 6,565 | 9,819 | 9,146 | 2,732 | 5,581 | 333 | 486 | 4 | 11 |
| 1954. | 30,509 | 21,374 | 1,834 | 1,256 | 71 | 2,098 | 6,450 | 9,665 | 9,136 | 2,720 | 5,612 | 321 | 464 | 3 | 15 |
| 1955-June. | 30,229 | 21,312 | 1,858 | 1,226 | 72 | 2,061 | 6,471 | 9,625 | 8,917 | 2,658 | 5,487 | 312 | 448 | 3 |  |
| July. | 30,244 | 21,351 | 1,865 | 1,228 | 72 | 2,052 | 6,466 | 9,668 | 8,894 | 2,652 | 5,475 | 310 | 445 | 3 | 9 |
| Aug. | 30,317 | 21,406 | 1,878 | 1,234 | 72 | 2,055 | 6,476 | 9,692 | 8,911 | 2,657 | 5,489 | 309 | 444 | 3 | 9 |
| Sept. | 30,422 | 21,489 | 1,887 | 1,252 | 72 | 2,072 | 6,495 | 9,711 | 8,933 | 2,653 | 5,518 | 308 | 442 | 4 | 9 |
| Oct. | 30,559 | 21,609 | 1,900 | 1,270 | 72 | 2,088 | 6,513 | 9,767 | 8,951 | 2,655 | 5,538 | 306 | 440 | 4 | 9 |
| Nov | 30,993 | 21,971 | 1,922 | 1,288 | 73 | 2,129 | 6,642 | 9,917 | 9,023 | 2,687 | 5,579 | 306 | 438 | 3 | 9 |
| Dec. | 31,158 | 22,021 | 1,927 | 1,312 | 75 | 2,151 | 6,617 | 9,940 | 9,136 | 2,736 | 5,641 | 307 | 438 | 3 | 12 |
| 1956-Jan. | 30,228 | 21.236 | 1,897 | 1,239 | 73 | 2,049 | 6,361 | 9,618 | 8,992 | 2,684 | 5,560 | 303 | 433 | 3 | 9 |
| Feb. | 30,163 | 21,227 | 1,900 | 1,231 | 73 | 2,042 | 6,392 | 9,588 | 8,936 | 2,665 | 5,528 | 302 | 430 | 3 | 9 |
| Mar | 30,339 | 21,419 | 1,914 | 1,244 | 73 | 2,067 | 6,486 | 9,635 | 8,920 | 2,662 | 5,518 | 300 | 428 | 3 | 9 |
| Adr. | 30,210 | 21,320 | 1,922 | 1,241 | 73 | 2,053 | 6,430 | 9,602 | 8,890 | 2,654 | 5,500 | 299 | 425 | 4 | 9 |
| May | 30,513 | 21,621 | 1,939 | 1,264 | 73 | 2,090 | 6,539 | 9,716 | 8,892 | 2,662 | 5,498 | 298 | 423 | 3 | 8 |
| June. | 30,715 | 21,801 | 1,948 | 1,262 | 74 | 2,090 | 6,589 | 9,838 | 8,914 | 2,676 | 5,505 | 296 | 421 | 3 | 13 |

${ }^{1}$ Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. Prior to December 1955 the totals shown as in circulation were less than totals of coin and
paper currency shown by d
2 Paper currency only; \$1 silver coins reported under coin.

## KINDS OF UNITED STATES CURRENCY OUTSTANDING AND IN CIRCULATION

[On basis of compilation by United States Treasury. In millions of dollars)

| Kind of currency | Total outstanding, June 30, 1956 | Held in the Treasury |  |  | Held by F. R. Banks and agents | Currency in circulation ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | As security against gold and silver certificates | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Treasury } \\ & \text { cash } \end{aligned}$ | For <br> F. R. <br> Banks and agents |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } 30, \\ 1956 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } 31, \\ 1956 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } 30, \\ 1955 \end{gathered}$ |
| Gold. | 21,799 | 21,142 | 2657 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold certificates. | 21,142 |  |  | 18,293 | 2,816 | 333 | -34 | 34 |
| Federal Reserve notes. | 27,178 |  | 70 |  | 1,052 | 26,055 | 25,853 | 25,618 |
| Treasury currency-total. | 5,032 | 32,420 | 40 |  | 365 | 4,626 | 4,626 | 4,577 |
| Standard silver dollars. | 489 | 218 | 29 |  | 5 | 237 | 235 | 223 |
| Silver bullion. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,202 | 2,202 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890. | 32,420 |  |  |  | 271 | 2,150 | 2,158 | 2,171 |
| Subsidiary silver coin. | 1,317 |  | 6 |  | 53 | 1,259 | 1,253 | 1,202 |
| Minor coin . . . . . . | + 463 |  | 1 |  | 97 | 453 | + 451 | 433 |
| United States notes. | 347 |  | 2 |  | 27 | 318 | 318 | 319 |
| Federal Reserve Bank notes. | 148 |  | (1) |  | (4) 1 | 147 | 148 | 163 |
| National Bank notes. | 65 |  | (4) |  | (4) | 64 | 64 | 67 |
| Total-June 30, 1956 | (5) | 23, 562 | 768 | 18,293 | 4,233 | 30,715 |  |  |
| May 31, 1956. | (5) | 23,535 | 779 812 | 18, 269 | 4,234 |  | 30,513 |  |
| June 30, 1955. | (5) | 23,439 | 812 | 18,178 | 4,089 |  | , | 30,229 |

[^20]receipt); (3) as security for outstanding silver certificates-silver in bullion and standard silver dollars of a monetary value equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (4) as security for gold certificates-gold bullion of a value at the legal standard equal to the face amount of United States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal Reserve Bank. Federal Reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal Bank. Federal Reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal Reserve agents of a like amount of gold certificates or of gold certificates and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of Each Federal Reserve Bank must maintain a reserve in gold certificates of Each Federal Reserve Bank must maintain a reserve in gold certificates of at least 25 per cent against its Federal Reserve notes in actual circula-
tion. Gold certificates deposited with Federal Reserve agents as collattion. Gold certificates deposited with Federal Reserve agents as collatredemption fund, are counted as reserve. Gold certificates, as herein used, includes credits with the Treasurer of the United States payable in gold certificates. Federal Reserve Bank notes and national bank notes are in process of retirement.

CONSOLIDATED CONDITION STATEMENT FOR BANKS AND THE MONETARY SYSTEM 1
[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. In millions of dollars]


## ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

1 Represents all commercial and savings banks, Federal Reserve Banks, Postal Savings System, and Treasury currency funds (the gold account, Treasury currency account, and Exchange Stabilization Fund).
${ }^{2}$ Excludes interbank time deposits; U. S. Treasurer's time deposits, open account; and deposits of Postal Savings System in banks.

3 Prior to June 30, 1947, includes a small amount of demand deposits. ${ }^{4}$ Demand deposits other than interbank and U.S. Govt., less cash items reported as in process of collection.
${ }^{5}$ Seasonally adjusted series begin in 1947 and are available only for last Wednesday of the month. For back figures, see Bulletin for March
$1955, \mathrm{pp} .252-255$, and this table in subsequent issues.

Note.-For description of statement and back figures, see Bulletin for January 1948, pp. 24-32. The composition of a few items differs slightly from the description in the BuLLETIN article: stock of Federal Reserve Banks held by member banks is included in other securities and in capital and miscellaneous accounts, net, and balances of the Postal Savings System and the Exchange Stabilization Fund with the U.S. Treasury are netted against capital and miscellaneous accounts, net, instead of against U. S. Govt. deposits and Treasury cash. Total deposits and currency shown in the monthly Chart Book excludes foreign bank deposits, net, and Treasury cash. Except on call dates, figures are rounded
to nearest $\$ 100$ million and may not add to the totals.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER OF ALL BANKS, BY CLASSES 1
[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. Amounts in millions of dollars]

| Class of bank and date | Loans and investments |  |  |  | Cash assets ${ }^{2}$ | Total assets Total liabilities and capital accounts ${ }^{3}$ | Deposits |  |  |  |  | Total capital accounts | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { banks } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Loans | U. S. Govt. obligations | Other securities |  |  |  |  |  | Other |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Inter- | Dem |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | U. S. Govt. | Other |  |  |  |
| All banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939-Dec. 30 | 50,884 | 22,165 | 19,417 | 9,302 | 23,292 | 77,068 | 68,242 | 9,874 |  | 16 | 25,852 | 8,194 | 15,035 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 61,126 | 26,615 | 25,511 | 8,999 | 27,344 | 90,908 | 81,816 | 10,982 |  |  | 26,479 | 8,414 | $14,826$ |
| 1943-Dec. 31 | 140,227 | 30,362 | 101,288 | 8,577 | 35,415 | 177,332. | 165,612 | 14,065 |  |  | 45,613 | 10,542 | $14,553$ |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 134,924 | 43,002 | 81,199 | 10,723 | 38,388 | 175,091 | 161,865 | 13,033 | 1,346 | 94, 381 | 53, 105 | 11,948 | 14,714 |
| $1950-$ Dec. 30 | 148,021 | 60,386 | 72,894 | 14,741 | 41,086 | 191,317. | 175,296 | 14,039 | 2,809 | 101,936 | 56,513 | 13,837 | 14,650 |
| 1953--Dec. 31 | 171,497 | 80,518 | 72,610 | 18,370 | 45,811 | 220,140 | 201,100 | 15,957 | 4,149 | 112,639 | 68,354 | 16,118 | $14,509$ |
| 1954 -Dec. 31 | 183,784 184,253 | 85,617 91.355 | 77,728 71.947 | 20,439 20,951 | 44,585 42,014 | 231,654 | 211,115 | 16,811 15,245 | 4,176 | 116,617 | 73,510 75,491 | 17,270 | $\begin{aligned} & 14,367 \\ & 14,309 \end{aligned}$ |
| Oct. 26 | 188, 490 | 96,260 | 71, 410 | 20,820 | 41,480 | 233,340 | 210,450 | 14,710 | 4,530 | 4,910 | 76,300 | 18,090 | 14,269 |
| Nov. 30 | 189,100 | 98,650 | 69,840 | 20,610 | 42,470 | 235,120 | 211,860 | 14,780 | 4,210 | 116,980 | 75,890 | 18,210 | 14,264 |
| Dec. 31 | 190,780 | 100,057 | 70,052 | 20,670 | 47,803 | 242,008 | 220,441 | 16,646 | 3,712 | 123,239 | 76,844 | 18,112 | 14,243 |
| 1956-Jan. 25 p | 189,530 | 99,600 | 69,380 | 20,550 | 41,170 | 234,180 | 211,040 | 14,550 | 2,010 | 117,600 | 76,880 | 18,160 | 14,250 |
| Feb. 298 | 188,700 | 100,360 | 67,640 | 20,700 | 41,430 | 233,720 | 210,130 | 14,060 | 3,640 | 115,140 | 77,290 | 18,360 | 14,230 |
| Mar. $28{ }^{p}$ | 190,510 | 102,770 | 67,020 | 20,720 | 40,850 | 234,910 | 211,140 | 14,210 | 6,170 | 112,930 | 77,830 | 18,410 | 14,229 |
| Apr. $25^{p}$ | 190,770 | 103,570 | 66,490 | 20,710 | 40,750 | 235,070 | 211,070 | 14,220 | 4,110 | 114,910 | 77,830 | 18,580 | 14,224 |
| May $30^{p}$ | 190,550 | 104,500 | 65,560 | 20,490 | 40,890 | 235,010 | 210,890 | 13,690 | 5,450 | 113,580 | 78,170 | 18,710 | 14,218 |
| June $27^{p}$ | 191,550 | 106,370 | 64,660 | 20,520 | 41,630 | 236,770 | 212,780 | 14,470 | 5,070 | 114,330 | 78,910 | 18,730 | 14,209 |
| All commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939-Dec. 30. | 40,668 | 17,238 | 16,316 | 7,114 | 22,474 | 65,216 | 57,718 | 9,874 |  |  | 15,331 | 6,885 | 14,484 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 50,746 | 21,714 | 21,808 | 7,225 | 26,551 | 79,104 | 71,283 | 10,982 |  | 349 | 15,952 | 7,173 | 14,278 |
| 1945-Dec. 31 | 124,019 | 26,083 | 90,606 | 7,331 | 34,806 | 160,312 | 150,227 | 14,065 |  | 921 | 30,241 | 8,950 | 14,011 |
| 1947-Dec. 314 | 116,284 | 38,057 | 69,221 | 9,006 | 37, 502 | 155,377 | 144,103 | 13,032 | 1,343 | 94,367 | 35,360 | 10,059 | 14,181 |
| $1950-$ Dec. 30. | 126,675 | 52,249 | 62,027 | 12,399 | 40,289 | 168,932 | 155,265 | 14,039 | 2,806 | 101,917 | 36,503 | 11,590 | 14,121 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 145,687 | 67,593 | 63,426 | 14,668 | 44,828 | 193,010 | 176,702 | 15,955 | 4,146 | 112,604 | 43,997 | 13,559 | 13,981 |
| $1954-$ Dec. 31 | 155,916 | 70,619 | 68,981 | 16,316 | 43,559 | 202.378 | 184,757 | 16,809 | 4,172 | 116,567 | 47,209 | 14,576 | 13.840 |
| 1955-June 30 | 155,264 | 75,183 | 63.271 | 16,809 | 41,025 | 199,249 | 181,516 | 15,242 | 5,078 | 112.983 | 48.214 | 14,906 | 13.781 |
| Oct. 26 | 158,860 | 79,210 | 62,860 | 16,790 | 40,590 | 202,410 | 182,640 | 14,710 | 4,530 | 114,860 | 48,540 | 15,300 | 13,742 |
| Nov 30 | 159,390 | 81,390 | 61,370 | 16,630 | 41,580 | 204,100 | 184,020 | 14,780 | 4,210 | 116,930 | 48, 100 | 15,390 | 13,737 |
| 1956 Dec. 31. | 160,881 | 82,601 | 61,592 | 16,688 | 46,838 | 210,734 | 192,254 | 16,643 | 3,709 | 123,187 | 48,715 | 15,300 | 13,716 |
| 1956-Jan. 25 | 159,410 | 81,980 | 60,900 | 16,530 | 40,260 | 202,730 | 182,720 | 14,550 | 2,010 | 117,550 | 48,610 | 15,340 | 13,723 |
| Feb. ${ }^{\text {Mar. }} 28^{p}$ | 158,350 | 82,540 84,730 | 59,170 58,540 | 16,640 | 40,530 39,960 | 202,040 | 181,670 182,440 | 14,060 14,210 | 3,640 | 115,090 | 48,880 49,190 | 15,510 15,550 | 13,703 13,702 |
| Apr. $25^{\circ}$ | 160,040 | 85,340 | 58,060 | 16,640 | 39,920 | 203,070 | 182,330 | 14,220 | 4,110 | 114,860 | 49,140 | 15,710 | 13,697 |
| May $30^{p}$ | 159,600 | 86,030 | 57,170 | 16,400 | 40,060 | 202,780 | 181,980 | 13,690 | 5,450 | 113,520 | 49,320 | 15,820 | 13,691 |
| June $27 p$ | 160,470 | 87,720 | 56,360 | 16,390 | 40,720 | 204,340 | 183,590 | 14,470 | 5,070, | 114,270 | 49,780 | 15,840 | 13,682 |
| All member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939-Dec. 30 | 33.941 | 13,962 | 14,328 | 5,651 | 19,782 | 55,361 | 49,340 | 9,410 | 743 | 27,489 | 11,699 | 5,522 | 6,362 |
| 1941--Dec. 31. | 43,521 | 18,021 | 19,539 | 5,961 | 23,123 | 68,121 | $61,717$ | 10,525 | 1,709 | 37, 136 | 12,347 | 5,886 | 6,619 |
| 1945--Dec. 31 | 107, 183 | 22,775 | 78,338 | 6,070 | 29,845 | 138,304 | 129,670 | 13,640 | 22,179 | 69,640 | 24,210 | 7,589 | 6,884 |
| 1947--Dec. 31 | 97,846 | 32,628 | 57,914 | 7,304 | 32,845 | 132,060 | 122,528 | 12,403 | 1,176 | 80,609 | 28,340 | 8,464 | 6,923 |
| 1950-Dec. 30 | 107,424 | 44,705 | 52,365 | 10,355 | 35,524 | 144,660 | 133,089 | 13,448 | 2,523 | 87,783 | 29,336 | 9,695 | 6.873 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 122,422 | 57,762 | 52,603 | 12,057 | 39,381 | 163,983 | 150, 164 | 15,170 | 3,756 | 96,024 | 35,213 | 11,316 | 6,743 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 131,602 | 60,250 | 57,809 | 13,543 | 38,076 | 172,242 | 157,252 | 15,983 | 3,715 | 99,604 | 37,950 | 12,210 | 6,660 |
| 1955-June 30 | 130,788 | 64,315 | 52.543 | 13,930 | 36,300 | 169,686 | 154,670 | 14,462 | 4,656 | 96,742 | 38,810 | 12.461 | 6,611 |
| Oct. 26. | 133,650 | 67,889 | 51,897 | 13,864 | 35,732 | 171,983 | 155,108 | 13,936 | 4,109 | 98,030 | 39,033 | 12,774 | 6,571 |
| Nov. 30. | 134,029 | 69,865 | 50,483 | 13,681 | 36,726 | 173,507 | 156,354 | 14,000 | 3,845 | 99,794 | 38,715 | 12,852 | 6.559 |
| Dec. 31 | 135,360 | 70,982 | 50,697 | 13,680 | 41,416 | 179,414 | 163,757 | 15,865 | 3,327 | 105,400 | 39,165 | 12,783 | 6,543 |
| 1956-Jan. $25^{\circ}$ | 133,999 | 70,329 | 50,133 | 13,537 | 35,366 | 172,055 | 154,952 | 13,850 | 1,693 | 100,360 | 39,049 | 12,813 | 6,540 |
| Feb. $29{ }^{\circ}$ | 133,008 | 70,812 | 48,571 | 13,625 | 35,697 | 171,491 | 154,064 | 13,384 | 3,278 | 98,136 | 39,266 | 12,966 | 6,525 |
| Mar. $28{ }^{p}$ | 134,582 | 72,860 | 48,084 | 13,638 | 35,129 | 172,455 | 154,870 | 13,541 | 5,620 | 96,197 | 39,512 | 13,005 | 6,521 |
| Apr. $25^{p}$ | 134,643 | 73,386 | 47,639 | 13,618 | 35,101 | 172,483 | 154,715 | 13,541 | 3,666 | 98,037 | 39,471 | 13,134 | 6,517 |
| May $30^{p}$ | 134, 114 | 73,930 | 46,818 | 13,366 | 35,279 | 172,156 | 154,405 | 13,044 | 4,912 | 96,827 | 39,622 | 13,234 | 6,510 |
| June $27^{p}$ | 135,054 | 75,505 | 46,199. | 13,350 | 35,820 | 173,655 | 155,923 | 13,806 | 4,574 | 97,520 | 40,023 | 13,257 | 6,502 |
| All mutual savings banks : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939-Dec. 30. | 10,216 | 4,927 | 3,101 | 2,188 | 818 | 11,852 | 10,524 |  |  |  | 10,521 | 1,309 | 551 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 10,379 | 4,901 | 3,704 | 1,774 | 793 | 11,804 | 10,533 |  |  |  | 10,527 | 1,241 | 548 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 16,208 | 4,279 | 10,682 | 1,246 | 609 | 17,020 | 15,385 |  | 14 |  | 15,371 | 1,592 | 542 |
| 1947-Dec. 314 | 18,641 | 4,944 | 11,978 | 1,718 | 886 | 19,714 | 17,763 | $i$ | 3 | 14 | 17,745 | 1,889 | 533 |
| 1950-Dec. 30 | 21,346 | 8,137 | 10,868 | 2,342 | 797 | 22,385 | 20,031 |  | 3 | 19 | 20,009 | 2,247 | 529 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 25,810 | 12,925 | 9,184 | 3,701 | 983 | 27, 130 | 24,398 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 24,358 | 2,559 | 528 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 27,868 | 14,998 | 8,748 | 4,123 | 1,026 | 29,276 | 26,359 | 3 | 4 | 50 | 26, 302 | 2,694 | 527 |
| 1955-June 30 | 28.990 | 16,172 | 8,675 | 4,142 | - 989 | 30,382 | 27,334 | 3 | 3 | 51 | 27,277 | 2,757 | 528 |
| Oct. 26 | 29,630 | 17,050 | 8,550 | 4,030 | 890 | 30,930 | 27,810 | (5) | (5) | 50 | 27,760 | 2,790 | 527 |
| Nov. 30 | 29,710 | 17,260 | 8,470 | 3,980 | 890 | 31,020 | 27,840 | (5) | (5) | 50 | 27,790 | 2,820 | 527 |
| 1956 Dec. 31. | 29,898 | 17,456 | 8,460 | 3,982 | 965 | 31,274 | 28, 187 | (5) 3 | (5) 4 | 51 | 28,129 | 2,812 | 527 |
| 1956-Jan. $25 p$ | 30, 120 | 17,620 | 8,480 | 4,020 | 910 | 31,450 | 28,320 | (5) | (5) | 50 | 28,270 | 2,820 | 527 |
| Feb. $29 p$ | 30,350 | 17, 820 | 8,470 | 4,060 | 900 | 31,680 | 28,460 | (5) | (5) | 50 | 28,410 | 2,850 | 527 |
| Mar. $28^{p}$ | 30,600 | 18,040 | 8,480 | 4,080 | 890 | 31,930 | 28,700 | (5) | (5) | 60 | 28,640 | 2,860 | 527 |
| Apr. $25{ }^{\text {p }}$ | 30,730 | 18,230 | 8,430 | 4,070 | 830 | 32,000 | 28,740 | (5) | (5) | 50 | 28,690 | 2,870 | 527 |
| May $30{ }^{p}$ | 30,950 | 18,470 | 8,390 | 4,090 | 830 | 32,230 | 28,910 | (5) | (5) | 60 | 28,850 | 2,890 | 527 |
| June $27^{p}$ | 31,080 | 18,650 | 8,300 | 4,130 | 910 | 32,430 | 29,190 | (5) | (5) | 60 | 29,130 | 2,890 | 527 |

${ }^{2}$ Preliminary
1 All banks in the United States. All banks comprise all commercial banks and all mutual savings banks. All commercial banks comprise all nonmember commercial banks and all member banks including one bank insured State member nondeposit trust company but excluding three noninsured State monks that became members in 941 Stock savings munk sand bons banks. Number of banks includes a few noninsured banks for which
asset and liability data are not available. Comparability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in Federal Reserve membership, insurance status, and the reserve classifications of cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc.
Dec 31 inning Dec. 31, 1942 , aggregated $\$ 513$ million
${ }^{3}$ Includes other assets and liabilities not shown separately.
For other footnotes see following two pages.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER OF ALL BANKS, BY CLASSES ${ }^{1}$-Continued
[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. Amounts in milions of dollars]

| Class of bank and date | Loans and investments |  |  |  | Cash assets ${ }^{2}$ | Total <br> Total liabilities and capital counts ${ }^{3}$ | Deposits |  |  |  |  | Total capital counts | Numof banks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Loans | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U. S. } \\ & \text { Govt. } \\ & \text { obliga- } \\ & \text { tions } \end{aligned}$ | Other securities |  |  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Interbank ${ }^{2}$ | Other |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Demand |  | Time |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | U. S. Govt. | Other |  |  |  |
| Central reserve city member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939-Dec. 30. | 9,339 | 3,296 | 4,772 | 1,272 | 6,703 | 16,413 | 14,507 | 4,238 | 74 | 9,459 | 736 | 1,592 | 36 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 12,896 | 4,072 | 17,574 | 1,539 | 6,637 6,439 | 19,862 | 17,932 | 4,207 | 866 6,940 | 12,051 | 786 1,236 | 1,648 | 36 37 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 20,393 | 7,179 | 11,972 | 1,242 | 7,261 | 27,982 | 25,216 | 4,464 | , 267 | 19,040 | 1,445 | 2,259 | 37 |
| 1950-Dec. 30 | 20,612 | 9,729 | 8,993 | 1,890 | 7,922 | 28,954 | 25,646 | 4,638 | 451 | 18,836 | 1,722 | 2, 351 | 23 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 22,058 | 12,289 | 7,765 | 2,004 | 8,074 | 30,684 | 27,037 | 5,214 | 778 | 18,894 | 2,150 | 2,572 | 22 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 23,880 | 12,039 | 9,342 | 2,499 | 7,581 | 32, 193 | 28,252 | 5,709 | 736 | 19,414 | 2,392 | 2,803 | 21 |
| 1955-June 30 | 23,099 | 13,016 | 7,782 | 2,300 | 7,748 | 31,559 | 27,791 | 5,454 | 1,131 | 18,926 | 2,281 | 2,715 | 18 |
| Oct. 26 | 23,142 | 13,868 | 7,015 | 2,259 | 7.022 | 30,850 | 26,737 | 5,048 | 1,060 | 18,358 | 2,271 | 2,734 | 18 |
| Nov. 30 | 23,212 | 14,536 14,640 | 6,546 6,796 | 2,130 | 7,591 | 31,568 | 27,229 <br> 29 | 5,166 5,600 | 879 756 | 18,888 20,719 | 2,296 | 2,759 2,745 | 18 |
| 1956-Jan. $25{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 22,945 | 14, 134 | 6,671 | 2,140 | 6,789 | 30,477 | 25,965 | 5,020 | 215 | 18,465 | 2,265 | 2,749 | 18 |
| Feb. 29 | 22,750 | 14.392 | 6,140 | 2,218 | 7,215 | 30,730 | 26,317 | 4,934 | 690 | 18,402 | 2,291 | 2,794 | 18 |
| Mar. $28{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 23,563 | 15,382 | 5,976 | 2,205 | 7,076 | 31,372 | 26,951 | 4,958 | 1,401 | 18,210 | 2,382 | 2,783 | 18 |
| Apr. ${ }^{25 p}$ | 23,201 | 15,099 | 6,027 | 2,075 | 6,862 | 30,773 | 26,499 | 4,929 | + 805 | 18,456 | 2, 309 | 2,793 | 18 |
| May ${ }^{\text {June }} \mathbf{2 7}{ }^{p}$ | 22,918 | 15,153 | 5,871 | 1,894 | 6,957 | 30,607 | 26,388 | 4,941 | 1,049 | 18,103 | 2,295 | 2,798 | 18 |
| June $27^{p}$ | 23,558 | 15,782 | 5,872 | 1,904 | 6,976 | 31,316 | 26,914 | 5,138 | 1,063 | 18,318 | 2,395 | 2,802 | 18 |
| Chicago: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939-Dec. 30 | 2,105 | 569 | 1,203 | 333 | 1,446 | 3,595 | 3,330 | 888 | 80 | 1,867 | 495 | 250 | 14 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 2,760 | 954 | 1,430 | 376 | 1,566 | 4,363 | 4,057 | 1,035 | 127 | 2,419 | 476 | 288 | 13 |
| 1945-Dec. 31 | 5,931 | 1,333 | 4,213 | 385 | 1,489 | 7,459 | 7,046 | 1,312 | 1,552 | 3.462 | 719 | 377 | 12 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 5,088 | 1,801 | 2,890 | 397 | 1,739 | 6,866 | 6,402 | 1,217 | 72 | 4,201 | 913 | 426 | 14 |
| 1950-Dec. 30 | 5,569 | 2.083 | 2,911 | 576 | 2,034 | 7,649 | 7,109 | 1,229 | 174 | 4,604 | 1,103 | 490 | 13 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 6.204 | 2,776 | 2.856 | 572 | 2,115 | 8,366 | 7,724 | 1,387 | 259 | 4,837 | 1,242 | 566 | 13 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 6.518 | 2,784 | 3,120 | 614 | 1,954 | 8,520 | 7,845 | 1,321 | 251 | 4,977 | 1,295 | 600 | 13 |
| 1955-June 30 | 6.288 | 2,846 | 2,742 | 699 | 1,763 | 8.102 | 7.431 | 1,180 | 343 | 4,606 | 1,303 | 612 | 13 |
| Oct. ${ }^{\text {Nov. }} 36$ | 6,264 | 2,977 | 2,581 | 706 | 1,930 | 8,247 | 7,387 | 1,200 | 251 | 4,635 | 1,301 | 619 | 13 |
| Nov. 30. Dec. 31. | 6,210 | 3,079 | 2,430 | 701 | 1,956 | 8,222 | 7,453 | 1,156 | 254 | 4,745 | 1,298 | 628 | 13 |
| 1956-Jan. ${ }^{\text {Dec. }} \mathbf{3 1}$. | 6,542 | 3,342 3.239 | 2,506 | 665 | 2,132 | 8,720 | 8,010 | 1.296 1,144 | 222 74 | 5,165 | 1,327 | 628 626 | 13 |
|  | 6,435 6,237 | 3.239 | 2,535 2,472 | 661 | 1,985 | 8,469 | 7,749 | 1,144 | 74 216 | 5,230 4.731 | 1,391 | 626 631 | 13 13 |
| Mar. $28^{p}$ | 6,446 | 3,223 | 2,545 | 678 | 1,785 | 8,282 | 7,202 | 1,236 | 420 | 4,284 | 1,262 | 631 | 13 |
| Apr. $25{ }^{5}$ | 6,325 | 3,383 | 2,242 | 700 | 1,850 | 8,227 | 7,208 | 1,129 | 228 | 4,572 | 1,279 | 631 | 13 |
|  | 6.219 | 3.400 | 2,124 | 695 | 1,903 | 8,176 | 7,334 | 1,094 | 344 | 4,613 | 1,283 | 636 | 13 |
| June $27{ }^{p}$ | 6,324 | 3,574 | 2,068 | 682 | 1,992 | 8,367 | 7,480 | 1,207 | 336 | 4,640 | 1,297 | 636 | 13 |
| Reserve city member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939-Dec. 30. | 12,272 | 5,329 | 5,194 | 1,749 | 6,785 | 19,687 | 17,741 | 3,686 | 435 | 9,004 | 4,616 | 1,828 | 346 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 15,347 | 7,105 | 6,467 | 1,776 | 8,518 | 24,430 | 22,313 | 4,460 | 491 | 12,557 | 4,806 | 1,967 | 351 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 40,108 | 8,514 | 29,552 | 2,042 | 11,286 | 51,898 | 49,085 | 6,448 | 8,221 | 24,655 | 9,760 | 2,566 | 359 |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 36,040 | 13,449 | 20,196 | 2,396 | 13,066 | 49,659 | 46,467 | 5,649 |  | 28,990 | 11,423 | 2,844 | 353 |
| 1950-Dec. 30. | 40,685 | 17,906 | 19,084 | 3,695 | 13,998 | 55,369 | 51,437 | 6,448 | -976 | 32,366 | 11,647 | 3,322 | 336 319 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 46,755 50,738 | 22,763 | 19,559 | 4,434 5 | 15,925 | 63,547 67,165 | 58,663 | 7,254 | 1,504 | 35,773 | 14, 132 | 3,984 4,300 | 319 300 |
| 1955-June 30 | 50,596 | 25,654 | 19,697 | 5,245 | 14,696 | 66,293 | 60,854 | 6,545 | 1,843 | 36, 459 | 16,007 | 4,492 | 297 |
| Oct. 26 | 51,986 | 27,334 | 19,526 | 5,126 | 14,757 | 67,782 | 61,350 | 6,420 | 1,477 | 37,386 | 16,067 | 4,625 | 295 |
| Nov. 30 | 52,054 | 28,114 | 18,892 | 5,048 | 15,098 | 68,214 | 61, 685 | 6,390 | 1,551 | 37,757 | 15,987 | 4,650 | 294 |
| Dec. 31 | 52,459 | 28,622 | 18,826 | 5,011 | 16,994 | 70,478 | 64,733 | 7,446 | 1,288 | 39,835 | 16,164 | 4,641 | 292 |
| 1956-Jan. $25^{p}$ | 52,058 | 28,519 | 18,603 | 4,936 | 14,581 | 67,687 | 61,299 | 6,365 | - 509 | 38,326 | 16,099 | 4,656 | 293 |
| Feb. $29^{p}$ | 51,600 | 28,719 | 17,989 | 4,892 | 14,657 | 67,358 | 60,756 | 6,042 | 1,335 | 37,208 | 16,171 | 4,722 | 291 |
| Mar. $28{ }^{p}$ | 52,104 | 29,350 | 17,837 | 4,917 | 14,431 | 67,640 | 61,144 | 6,121 | 2,280 | 36,528 | 16,215 | 4,759 | 291 |
| Apr. $25{ }^{p}$ | 52,410 | 29,753 | 17,694 | 4,963 | 14,578, | 68,107 | 61,266 | 6,236 | 1,407 | 37,421 | 16,202 | 4,822 | 290 |
| May $30{ }^{\text {p }}$ | 52.057 | 29,886 | 17,280 | 4,891 | 14,629 | 67,829 | 60,959 | 5,852 | 2,017 | 36,803 | 16,287 | 4,875 | 291 |
| June $2^{7}$ | 52,389 | 30,415 | 17, 112 | 4,862 | 14,774 | 68,262 | 61,573 | 6,249 | 1,805 | 37,081 | 16,438 | 4,893 | 291 |
| Country member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939-Dec. 30. | 10,224 | 4,768 | 3,159 | 2,297 | 4,848 | 15,666 | 13,762 | 598 | 154 | 7,158 | 5,852 | 1,851 | 5,966 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 12,518 | 5,890 | 4,377 | 2,250 | 6,402 | 19,466 | 17,415 | 822 | 225 | 10,109 | 6,258 | 1,982 | 6,219 |
| 1945-Dec. 31 | 35,002 | 5,596 | 26,999 | 2,408 | 10,632 | 46,059 | 43,418 | 1,223 | 5,465 | 24,235 | 12,494 | 2,525 | 6,476 |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 36,324 | 10,199 | 22,857 | 3,268 | 10,778 | 47,553 | 44,443 | 1,073 | 432 | 28,378 | 14,560 | 2,934 | 6,519 |
| 1950-Dec. 30 | 40,558 | 14,988 | 21,377 | 4,193 | 11,571 | 52,689 | 48,897 | 1,133 | 922 | 31,977 | 14,865 | 3,532 | 6,501 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 47,404 | 19,934 | 22,423 | 5,047 | 13,268 | 61,385 | 56,740 | 1,315 | 1,216 | 36,520 | 17,690 | 4,194 | 6,389 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 50,466 | 21,442 | 23,629 | 5,395 | 13,117 | 64,364 | 59,360 | 1, 508 | 1,271 | 37,794 | 18,787 | 4,506 | 6,326 |
| 1955-June 30 | 50,806 | 22,799 | 22,321 | 5,685 | 12,092 | 63,732 | 58,594 | 1,283 | 1,339 | 36,751 | 19,220 | 4,642 | 6,283 |
| Oct. 26 | 52,258 | 23,710 | 22,775 | 5,773 | 12,023 | 65,104 | 59,634 | 1,268 | 1,321 | 37,651 | 19,394 | 4,796 | 6,245 |
| Nov. 30. | 52,553 | 24,136 | 22,615 | 5,802 | 12,081 | 65,503 | 59,987 | 1,288 | 1,161 | 38,404 | 19,134 | 4,815 | 6,234 |
| Dec. 31 | 52,775 | 24,379 | 22,570 | 5,826 | 13,342 | 66,988 | 61,636 | 1,523 | 1,061 | 39,681 | 19,372 | 4,769 | 6,220 |
| 1956-Jan. $25^{p}$ | 52,561 | 24,437 | 22,324 | 5,800 | 12,011 | 65,422 | 59,939 | 1,321 | , 895 | 38,339 | 19,384 | 4,782 | 6,216 |
| Feb. 298 | 52,421 | 24,604 | 21,970 | 5,847 | 11,872 | 65,158 | 59,594 | 1,248 | 1,037 | 37,795 | 19,514 | 4,819 | 6,203 |
| Mar. $28^{p}$ | 52,469 | 24,905 | 21,726 | 5,838 | 11,837 | 65,161 | 59,573 | 1,226 | 1,519 | 37,175 | 19,653 | 4,832 | 6,199 |
| Apr. $25^{\text {p }}$ | 52,707 | 25, 151 | 21,676 | 5,880 | 11,811 | 65,376 | 59,742 | 1,247 | 1,226 | 37,588 | 19,681 | 4,888 | 6, 196 |
| May 30p | 52,920 | 25,491 | 21,543 | 5,886 | 11,790 | 65,544 | 59,724 | 1,157 | 1,502 | 37,308 | 19,757 | 4,925 | 6,188 |
| June $27{ }^{p}$ | 52,783 | 25,734 | 21,147 | 5,902 | 12,078 | 65,710 | 59,956 | 1,212 | 1,370 | 37,481 | 19,893 | 4,926 | 6,180 |

4 Beginning with Dec. 31, 1947, the all-bank series was revised as announced in November 1947 by the Federal bank supervisory agencies. At that time a net of 115 noninsured nonmember commercial bank with total loans and investments of about $\$ 110$ million was added, and

8 banks with total loans and investments of $\$ 34$ million were transferred from noninsured mutual savings to nonmember commercial banks. 5 Less than $\$ 5$ million
For other footnotes see preceding and opposite pages.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND NUMBER OF ALL BANKS, BY CLASSES ${ }^{1}$-Continued
[Amounts in millions of dollars]

| Class of bank and date | [Amounts in millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total capital accounts | Num. ber of banks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Loans and investments |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cash } \\ \text { assets }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Total assets Total liabilities and capital accounts ${ }^{3}$ | Deposits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Loans | U. S. Govt. obligations | Other securities |  |  |  |  |  | Other |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Inter- | Dem | and |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | U. S. Govt. | Other |  |  |  |
| All insured commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 49,290 | 21,259 | 21,046 | 6,984 | 25,788 | 76,820 | 69,411 | 10,654 | 1,762 | 41,298 | 15,699 | 6,844 | 13,429 |
| 1945-Dec. 31 | 121,809 | 25,765 | 88,912 | 7.131 | 34,292 | 157,544 | 147,775 | 13,883 | 23,740 | 80,276 | 29,876 | 8.671 | 13,297 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 114,274 | 37,583 | 67.941 | 8,750 | 36,926 | 152,733 | 141,851 | 12,670 | 1,325 | 92,975 | 34,882 | 9,734 | 13,398 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 143,796 | 67,082 | 62,381 | 14,333 | 44,398 | 190,638 | 174,697 | 15,548 | 4,116 | 111,423 | 43,610 | 13,239 | 13,412 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 154,115 | 70,127 | 68,012 | 15,976 | 43,161 | 200,127 | 182,886 | 16,376 | 4,154 | 115,482 | 46,874 | 14,252 | 13,303 |
| 1955-June 30 | 153,488 | 74,692 | 62,342 | 16.454 | 40,685 | 197,077 | 179,728 | 14,794 | 5,064 | 111,993 | 47,876 | 14,579 | 13,267 |
| Dec. 31 | 159,164 | 82,081 | 60,765 | 16,318 | 46,480 | 208,608 | 190,512 | 16,273 | 3,697 | 122,149 | 48,393 | 14,980 | 13,216 |
| National member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31... | 27,571 | 11,725 | 12,039 | 3.806 | 14,977 | 43,433 | 39.458 | 6,786 | 1,088 | 23,262 | 8,322 | 3,640 | 5.117 |
| 1945--Dec. 31 | 69,312 | 13,925 | 51,250 | 4,137 | 20,114 | 90,220 | 84,939 | 9,229 | 14,013 | 45,473 | 16,224 | 4,644 | 5,017 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 65,280 | 21,428 | 38,674 | 5,178 | 22,024 | 88,182 | 82,023 | 8,410 | 795 | 53,541 | 19,278 | 5,409 | 5,005 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 81,913 | 37; 831 | 35,482 | 8,600 | 26,479 | 109,804 | 100.654 | 10,152 | 2,525 | 63,819 | 24,160 | 7,391 | 4,856 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 88,509 | 39,712 | 39,392 | 9,405 | 25,662 | 115,835 | 105,851 | 10,714 | 2,508 | 66,426 | 26,202 | 8,085 | 4,789 |
| 1955-June 30 | 83,315 | 39.424 | 34,673 | 9,219 | 22,892 | 107,741 | 98636 | 8,314 | 2,849 | 60,919 | 26,554 | 7,714 | 4,744 |
| Dec. 31 | 86,152 | 43,428 | 33,579 | 9,144 | 25,697 | 113,412 | 103,903 | 9,317 | 2,063 | 65,840 | 26,683 | 7,915 | 4,692 |
| State member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941--Dec. 31. | 15,950 | 6,295 | 7,500 | 2,155 | 8,145 | 24,688 | 22,259 | 3,739 | 621 | 13,874 | 4,025 | 2,246 | 1,502 |
| 1945--Dec. 31 | 37,871 | 8,850 | 27,089 | 1.933 | 9,731 | 48,084 | 44,730 | 4,411 | 8,166 | 24,168 | 7,986 | 2,945 | 1.867 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 32,566 | 11, 200 | 19,240 | 2, 125 | 10,822 | 43,879 | 40, 505 | 3,993 | , 381 | 27,068 | 9,062 | 3,055 | 1,918 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 40,509 | 19,931 | 17,121 | 3,457 | 12,903 | 54.179 | 49,510 | 5,019 | 1,232 | 32, 206 | 11,054 | 3,925 | 1887 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 43,093 | 20,538 | 18,417 | 4.138 | 12.414 | 56.407 | 51,401 | 5,269 | 1.207 | 33, 177 | 11,748 | 4.125 | 1,871 |
| 1955-June 30 | 47,473 | 24, 891 | 17.870 | 4.711 | 13408 | 61945 | 56,034 | 6.148 | 1,807 | 35,823 | 12,256 | 4.747 | 1867 |
| Dec. 31 | 49,208 | 27,554 | 17,118 | 4,536 | 15,719 | 66,002 | 59.854 | 6,549 | 1.264 | 39,559 | 12,482 | 4,868 | 1,851 |
| Insured nonmember commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941--Dec. 31. | 5,776 | 3,241 | 1,509 | 1,025 | 2,668 | 8,708 | 7.702 | 129 | 53 | 4,162 | 3,360 | 959 | 6.810 |
| 1945-Dec. 31 | 14,639 | 2,992 | 10.584 | 1,063 | 4,448 | 19.256 | 18, 119 | 244 | 1,560 | 10,635 | 5,680 | 1,083 | 6,416 |
| 1947-D-Dec. 31. | 16,444 | 4.958 | 10,039 | 1,448 | 4,083 | 20.691 | 19,340 | 266 | 149 | 12,366 | 6,558 | 1,271 | 6,478 |
| 1953-Dec. 31. | 21,396 | 9,328 | 9,790 | 2,278 | 5.020 | 26,679 | 24,555 | 378 | 360 | 15,398 | 8.419 | 1,925 | 6,672 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 22,536 | 9,886 | 10,215 | 2.436 | 5,088 | 27,911 | 25,657 | 393 | 439 | 15,879 | 8,947 | 2,044 | 6,647 |
| 1955-June 30 | 22,723 | 10,385 | 9,811 | 2.527 | 4,388 | 27,417 | 25,082 | 332 | 408 | 15,251 | 9,090 | 2,121 | 6,660 |
| Dec. 31 | 23,829 | 11,108 | 10,081 | 2,640 | 5,067 | 29,220 | 26,779 | 408 | 370 | 16,749 | 9,252 | 2,199 | 6,677 |
| Noninsured nonmember commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941--Dec. 31 | 1,457 | 455 | 761 | 241 | 763 | 2. 283 | 1,872 | 329 |  | 291 | 253 | 329 | 852 |
| 1945- Dec. 31 | 2.211 | 318 | 1,693 | 200 | 514 | 2,768 | 2,452 | 181 |  | 905 | 365 | 279 | 714 |
| 1947-Dec. 314 | 2,009 | 474 | 1,280 | 255 | 576 | 2,643 | 2,251 | 363 | 18 | 1,392 | 478 | 325 | 783 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 1,891 | 511 | 1,045 | 335 | 430 | 2,372 | 2,005 | 407 | 30 | 1,182 | 386 | 320 | 569 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 1,800 | 492 | 969 | 339 | 397 | 2.250 | 1,871 | 433 | 18 | 1,085 | 335 | 324 | 536 |
| 1955-June 30 | 1.776 | 491 | 930 | 355 | 340 | 2172 | 1,788 | 448 | 13 | . 990 | 337 | 327 | 513 |
| Dec. 31 | 1,716 | 520 | 827 | 370 | 357 | 2,126 | 1,742 | 370 | 12 | 1,039 | 322 | 320 | 499 |
| All nonmember commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 -Dec. 31. | 7,233 | 3,696 | 2,270 | 1.266 | 3.431 | 10.992 | 9,573 | 457 |  | 504 | 3,613 | 1,288 | 7,662 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 16,849 | 3,310 | 12,277 | 1,262 | 4,962 | 22,024 | 20,571 | 425 |  | 101 | 6,045 | 1,362 | 7. 130 |
| 1947-Dec. 314 | 18,454 | 5,432 | 11,318 | 1,703 | 4,659 | 23,334 | 21,591 | 629 | 167 | 13,758 | 7,036 | 1,596 | 7,261 |
| 1953 -Dec. 31 | 23,287 | 9,838 | 10,835 | 2,613 | 5,450 | 29,051 | 26,560 | 784 | 390 | 16,580 | 8,806 | 2,245 | 7,241 |
| 1954 Dec. 31 | 24,337 | 10,378 | 11,184 | 2,775 | 5,485 | 30, 161 | 27,528 | 825 | 457 | 16,964 | 9,282 | 2,368 | 7,183 |
| 1955-June 30. | 24,499 | 10,876 | 10,741 | 2,88! | 4,728 | 29,589 | 26,870 | 780 | 422 | 16,241 | 9,427 | 2,448 | 7,173 |
| Dec. 31. | 25,546 | 11,628 | 10,908 | 3,010 | 5,424 | 31,347 | 28,522 | 778 | 382 | 17,788 | 9,574 | 2,519 | 7,176 |
| Ineured mutual savings banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 10,846 | 3,681 | 7, 160 | 606 | 429 | 11,424 | 10,363 |  |  | 2 | 10,789 | 1,034 | 52 192 |
| 1947-Dec. 31 | 12,683 | 3,560 | 8,165 | 958 | 675 | 13,499 | 12,207 | 1 | 2 | 12 | 12,192 | 1,252 | 194 |
| 1953-Dec. 31. | 19,252 | 10,016 | 6,476 | 2,760 | 799 | 20,334 | 18,383 | 2 | 2 | 33 | 18,345 | 1,819 | 219 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 20,830 | 11,651 | 6,117 | 3,062 | 832 | 21,981 | 19,885 | 3 | 3 | 48 | 19,831 | 1,920 | 218 |
| 1955-June 30 | 21,617 | 12.567 | 5.998 | 3,052 | 808 | 22,761 | 20,590 | 2 | 2 | 49 | 20,536 | 1,965 | 218 |
| Dec. 31 | 22,331 | 13,563 | 5,858 | 2,910 | 785 | 23,458 | 21,237 | 3 | 3 | 49 | 21,182 | 2,006 | 220 |
| Noninsured mutual savings banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 -Dec. 31. | 8.687 | 4.259 | 3.075 | 1,353 | 642 | 9,846 | 8,744 |  |  |  | 8,738 | 1,077 | 496 |
| 1945 -Dec. 31. | 5,361 | 1,198 | 3,522 | . 641 | 180 | 5,596 | 5,022 |  | 1 | 2 | 5,020 | 558 | 350 |
| 1947-Dec. 314 | 5,957 | 1,384. | 3,813 | 760 | 211 | 6,215 | 5,556 |  | 1 | 2 | 5,553, | 637 | 339 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 6,558 | 2,910 | 2,707 | 941 | 184 | 6,796 | 6,015 |  | 1 | 2 | 6,013 | 740 | 309 |
| 1954-Dec. 31 | 7,038 | 3,346 | 2,630 | 1,061 | 194 | 7,295 | 6,474 |  | 1 | 2 | 6,471 | 774 | 309 |
| 1955-June 30 | 7,373 | 3,605 | 2,677 | 1,090 | 180 | 7,621 | 6,743 |  | 1 | 2 | 6,741 | 792 | 310 |
| Dec. 31 | 7,567 | 3,893 | 2,601 | 1,072 | 180 | 7,816 | 6,950 |  | 1 | 2 | 6,947 | 806 | 307 |

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS OF COMMERCIAL BANKS, BY CLASSES 1
[In millions of dollars]


- Partly estimated. Figures have been rounded to nearest $\$ 10$ million. ${ }^{1}$ All commercial banks in the United States. These figures exclude data for banks in U.S. possessions except for one bank in Alaska that became a member bank on Apr. 15, 1954. During 1941 three mutual savings banks became members of the Federal Reserve System; these insured commercial banks or all commercial banks. Comparability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in Federa

Reserve membership, insurance status, and the reserve classifications of Reserve membership, insurance status, and the
cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc.

2Beginning June 30, 1948 , figures for various loan items are shown gross (i. e., before deduction of valuation reserves); they do not add to the total and are not entirely comparable with prior figures. Total loans continue to be shown net.
For other footnotes see opposite page.

RESERVES AND LIABILITIES OF COMMERCIAL BANKS, BY CLASSES 1
[In millions of dollars]

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Class of bank } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { call date } \end{aligned}$ | Reserves with Federal Reserve Banks | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cash } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { vault } \end{gathered}$ | Balances with domestic banks ${ }^{5}$ | Demand deposits adjusted ${ }^{6}$ | Demand deposits |  |  |  |  |  | Time deposits |  |  |  | Bor-rowings | $\begin{gathered} \text { Capi- } \\ \text { tal } \\ \text { ac- } \\ \text { counts } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Interbank deposits |  | U. S. Govt. | States and political subdivisions | Certi- <br> fied <br> and <br> offi- <br> checks <br> etc. | Individuals, partnerships, and cor-pora- | Interbank | U. S. Govt. and Postal ings | States and political subdivisions | Individuals, partner ships, and cor-porations |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Do- } \\ \text { mestic } \end{gathered}$ | Foreign |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commercial banks: ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 17,796 | 2,216 | 10.216 | 87,123 | 11,362 | 1,430 | 1,343 | 6.799 | 2,581 | 84,987 | 240 | 111 | 866 | 34,383 | 65 | 10,059 |
| 1954-Dec. $31 .$. | 18,734 | 2,469 | 12,202 10 | 106,540 | 13,511 | 1,539 | 4,172 | 9,902 | 3,199 | 103,466 | 1,759 | 365 | 2,402 | 44,441 | 3 | 14,576 |
| Dec. 31. | 18,721 | 2,682 | 12,050 | 109,905 | 13,512 | 1,546 | 3,709 | 10,273 | 3,904 | 109,011 | 1,585 | 356 | 2,340 | 46,019 | 159 | 14,906 |
| 1956-Apr. $10{ }^{\text {c }}$. | 18,490 | 2,840 | 10,620 | 105,750 | 12,200 | 1,630 | 3,890 | 9,870 | 3,030 | 102,130 | 1,440 | 340 | 2,470 | 46,440 | 1,540 | 15,710 |
| All insured commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31.... | 12,396 | 1,358 | 8,570 | 37,845 | 9,823 | 673 | 1,762 | 3,677 | 1,077 | 36,544 | 158 | 59 | 492 | 15,146 | 10 | 6,844 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 15,810 | 1,829 | 11,075 | 74,722 | 12,566 | 1,248 | 23,740 | 5,098 | 2,585 | 72,593 | 70 | 103 | 496 | 29,277 | 215 | 8,671 |
| 1947-Dec. 31.. | 17,796 | 2,145 | 19,736 | 85,751 | 11, 236 | 1,379 | 1,325 | 6,692 | 2,559 | 83,723 | 54 | 111 | 826 | 33,946 | 61 | 9,734 |
| 1954-Dec. 31.. | 18,734 | 2,444 | 11, 854 | 105,471 | 13,392 | 1, 5397 | 4,154 | 9,763 | 3,176 | 102,543 | 1,487 | 365 | 2,348 | 44, 160 | 21 | 14,252 |
| 1955-June 30... | 17,941 | $\underset{2,656}{2,655}$ | 10,241 11,744 | 102,247 | 11,801 13,390 | 1,534 | 5,064 3,697 | 10,150 | 3,131 | 98,712 | 1,459 | 368 356 | 2,374 | 45,135 | 137 | 14,579 14,980 |
| Member banks, total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 12,396 | 1,087 | 6,246 | 33,754 | 9,714 | 671 | 1,709 | 3,066 | 1,009 | 33,061 | 140 | 50 | 418 | 11,878 |  | 5,886 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 15,811 | 1,438 | 7,117 | 64,184 | 12,333 | 1,243 | 22,179 | 4,240 | 2,450 | 62,950 | 64 | 99 | 399 | 23,712 | 208 | 7,589 |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 17,797 | 1,672 | 6,270 | 73,528 | 10,978 | 1,375 | 1,176 | 5.504 | 2,401 | 72,704 | $\begin{array}{r}50 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 105 334 | +693 | 27,542 <br> 565 | 54 | 8,464 |
| 1954-Dec. 31. | 18,735 | 1,843 | 7,613 6,704 | 89, 81207 | 13,015 | 1, ${ }^{1,593}$ | 3,715 4,656 | 7,781 | 2,964 2,919 | 88,859 85,706 | 1,475 1,449 | 334 <br> 338 | 1,966 | 35,650 | 115 | 12,210 |
| $1{ }^{\text {dec }} 31$. | 18,722 | 2,019 | 7.612 | 92,435 | 13.002 | 1,511 | 3,327 | 8.075 | 3.638 | 93,687 | 1, 353 | 327 | 1,865 | 36,972 | 137 | 12,783 |
| 1956-Apr. 10.. | 18,487 | 2,127 | 6,720 | 89,145 | 11,757 | 1,603 | 3,486 | 7,780 | 2,781 | 87,647 | 1,207 | 315 | 1,902 | 37,275 | 1,440 | 13,145 |
| New York City: 4 1941-Dec. 31... | 5,105 | 93 | 141 | 10,761 | 3,595 |  | 866 | 319 | 450 | 11,282 |  |  | 29 | 778 |  |  |
| 1945-Dec. 31... | 4,015 | 111 | 78 | 15,065 | 3,535 | 1,105 | 6,940 | 237 | 1,338 | 15,712 | 17 | i0 | 20 | 1,206 | 1905 | 2, 120 |
| 1947-Dec. 31. | 4,639 | 151 | 70 | 16,653 | 3,236 | 1,217 | 267 | 290 | 1,105 | 17,646 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 1,418 | 30 | 2,259 |
| 1954-Dec. 31.. | 4,398 | 126 | 67 | 16,500 | 3,336 | 1,177 | 736 | 368 | 1,223 | 17,823 | 1,196 | 54 | 192 | 2,146 |  | 2,803 |
| 1955-June 30.. | 4,399 | 138 | 87 | 15,859 | 3,129 | 1,187 | 1,131 | 374 | 1,252 | 17,300 | 1,137 | 57 59 | 110 | 2.114 | 10 | 2.715 |
| 1956 Dec. 31. | 4,431 | 127 | 111 | 16.493 | 3.364 | 1,151 | 756 | 302 | 1, 498 | 18,919 | 1.085 | 59 54 | 72 | 2,171 |  | 2,745 |
| 1956-Apr. 10.. | 4,145 | 145 | 91 | 15,811 | 2,883 | 1,242 | 820 | 280 | 1,209 | 16,955 | ${ }^{9} 92$ | 54 | 104 | 2,220 | 297 | 2,783 |
| Chicago: 4 $1941-\text { Dec. } 31 .$ | 1,021 | 43 | 298 |  | 1,027 |  |  | 233 | 34 | 2,152 |  |  |  | 476 |  | 288 |
| 1945--Dec. 31. | , 942 | 36 | 200 | 3,153 | 1,292 | 20 | 1,552 | 237 | 66 | 3,160 |  |  |  | 719 |  | 377 |
| 1947--Dec. 31. | 1,070 | 30 | 175 | 3,737 | 1,196 | 21 | 72 | 285 | 63 | 3,853 |  | 2 |  | 902 |  | 426 |
| 1954-Dec. 31. | 1,177 | 29 | 162 | 4,400 | 1,264 | 40 | 251 | 274 | 80 | 4,622 | 18 | 6 | 10 | 1,280 |  | 600 |
| 1955-June 30.. | 1,021 | 28 | 127 | 4,024 | 1,125 | 39 | 343 | 288 | 79 85 | 4,238 | 16 | 6 | 10 | 1,287 |  | 612 |
| 1956-Apr. $10 \ldots \ldots$ | 1,135 | 32 31 | 141 98 | 1.349 3,892 | 1.246 1,200 | 40 37 | 222 | 299 255 | 75 71 | 4.781 4,144 | 11 9 | 4 | 8 8 | 1,268 | 271 | 628 631 |
| Reserve city ban |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941--Dec. 31.. | 4,060 | 425 | 2,590 | 11,117 | 4,302 | 54 | 491 | 1,144 | 286 | 11,127 | 104 | 20 | 243 | 4,542 |  | 1,967 |
| 1945-Dec. 31. | 6,326 | 494 | 2,174 | 22,372 | 6,307 | 110 | 8,221 | 1,763 |  | 22,281 | 30 | 38 | 160 | 9,563 |  | 2,566 |
| 1947-Dec. 31.. | 7,095 | 556 | 2,125 | 25,714 | 5,497 | 131 | ${ }^{4} 405$ | 2,282 | 705 | 26,003 | 22 | 45 | 332 | 11,045 |  | 2, 3 , 3 4 |
| 1954-Dec. ${ }^{\text {195-June }} 31 .$. | 7,783 | 558 634 | 2,327 | 32,694 | 6,946 | 289 | 1,457 | 2,876 | 866 | 33,677 <br> 32,681 | 239 277 | 111 | 1,018 1 | 14, 399 | 5 | 4,300 4,492 |
| 195- Dec. 31... | 7,727 | 638 | 2,515 | 33,757 | 6,903 | 303 | 1, 288 | 3.048 | 1,035 | 35,752 | $\stackrel{239}{ }$ | 106 | -941 | 15, 117 | 82 | 4.641 |
| 1956-Apr. 10.. | 7,659 | 666 | 2,088 | 32,641 | 6,327 | 308 | 1,332 | 2,856 | 732 | 33,536 | 238 | 107 | 974 | 15,147 | 669 | 4,823 |
| Country banks: 1941- Dec. 31. | 2,210 | 526 | 3,216 | 9,661 | 790 | 2 | 225 | 1,370 | 239 | 8,500 | 30 | 31 | 146 | 6,082 |  | 1,982 |
| 1945--Dec. 31.... | 4,527 | 796 | 4,665 | 23,595 | 1,199 | 8 | 5,465 | 2,004 | 435 | 21,797 | 17 | 52 | 219 | 12,224 | 11 | 2,525 |
| 1947-Dec. 31... | 4,993 | 929 | 3,900 | 27,424 | 1,049 | 7 | , 432 | 2,647 | 528 | 25,203 | 17 | 45 | 337 | 14,177 | 23 | 2,934 |
| $1954-$ Dec. 31.. | 5,377 | 1,129 | 5,057 | 36,242 | 1,469 | 17 | 1,271 | 4,263 | 795 | 32,736 | 22 | 163 | 799 | 17,826 | 11 | 4,506 |
| 1955-June 30.. | 5,163 | 1,217 | 4, 254 | 35, 299 | 1,249 | 15 | 1,339 | 4,433 | -831 | 31,487 | 19 | 158 | 830 | 18, 232 | 55 | 4,642 |
| Dec. 31... 1956-Apr. $10 .$. | 5.429 5 | 1,282 | 4.844 4.443 | 37.836 | 1,488 1,348 | 17 | 1,061 | 4.425 4.390 | 1.020 769 | 34,235 33,012 | 18 17 | 157 150 | 844 906 | 18,371 18,640 | 52 203 | 4,769 4,908 |
| All nonmember |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947-Dec. 31. |  | 544 | 3,947 | 13,595 | 385 | 55 | 167 | 1,295 | 180 | 12,284 | 190 | 6 | 172 | 6,858 | 12 | 1,596 |
| 1954--Dec. 31.. |  | 627 | 4,590 | 16,704 | 496 | 46 | 457 | 2,121 | 235 | 14,608 | 284 | 31 | 436 | 8,814 | 16 | 2,369 |
| 1955--June 30. |  | 664 | 3,825 | 16,014 | 424 | 47 | 422 | 2,162 | 235 | 13,844 | 309 | 30 | 468 | 8,929 | 35 | 2,448 |
| Dec. 31.. |  | 663 | 4,439 | 17,470 | 510 | 36 | 382 | 2,198 | 265 | 15,324 | 231 | 29 | 475 | 9,071 | 22 | 2,519 |

${ }^{3}$ Breakdown of loan, investment, and deposit classifications is not available prior to 1947; summary figures for earlier dates appear in the preceding table.
city banks.
5 Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal bank balances, which on

Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated $\$ 513$ million at all member banks and $\$ 525$
million at all insured commercial banks.
6 Demand deposits other than interbank and U.S. Govt., less cash items reported as in process of collection.

For other footnotes see opposite page.

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS OF BANKS IN LEADING CITIES
[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]


1 Exclusive of loans to banks and after deduction of valuation reserves;
2 Includes guaranteed obligations. individual loan items are shown gross.

RESERVES AND LIABILITIES OF BANKS IN LEADING CITIES
[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]


[^21][^22]CHANGES IN COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL LOANS OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS, BY INDUSTRY 1
[Net decline, (-). In millions of dollars]

| Period ${ }^{2}$ | Manufacturing and mining |  |  |  |  | Trade (wholesale and retail) | Commodity dealers | Sales finance companies | Public utilities (incl. trans-portation) | Con-struction | All other types of business | Net changes classified | $\begin{gathered} \text { Comm'1 } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { ind' } \\ \text { change- } \\ \text { all } \\ \text { weekly } \\ \text { report- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { banks }{ }^{4} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Food, liquor, and tobacco | Textiles, apparel, and leather | Metals and metal products ${ }^{3}$ | Petroleum, coal, chemical, and rubber | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1953-Jan.-June. } \\ & \text { July-Dec. } \end{aligned}$ | -657 537 | 156 -107 | 420 -326 | -45 138 | 90 -49 | 215 -7 | -644 392 | -91 -137 | 12 | 18 -23 | -111 | -536 610 | -805 795 |
| 1954-Jan.-June. <br> July-Dec. | -505 498 | 55 -26 | -577 -548 | -10 88 | -1 -62 | -41 120 | -363 539 | $\begin{array}{r}\text {-175 } \\ \hline 32\end{array}$ | 126 -225 | 71 82 | 106 132 | $-1,314$ 630 | $-1,496$ 539 |
| 1955-Jan.-June. | -540 480 | 220 | 177 224 | 313 208 | 153 | 146 | -461 469 | 589 704 | 384 | 134 | 143 370 | 1,257 | 1,078 53,206 |
| 1956-Jan.-June . | -302 | 238 | 1,362 | 424 | 369 | 171 | -386 | -322 | 365 | 54 | 149 | 2,124 | 42,243 |
| 1956-May. | -81 | 38 | 53 | -7 | 32 | 20 | -107 | -101 | -44 | 33 | 103 | -62 | -57 |
| June. | 25 | 62 | 396 | 170 | 106 | -35 | -96 | 59 | 222 | 24 | 86 | 1,019 | 1,082 |
| July. | $-100$ | 29 | - 121 | 64 | 75 | -4 | 142 | -204 | -28 | -16 | 24 | -139 | -229 |
| Week ending: <br> 1956-May $\qquad$ | -2 | 16 | 61 | -6 | 14 | 30 | -12 | 30 | 45 | 4 | 40 | 220 | 219 |
| May 9 | $-10$ | 14 | 53 | -1 | 15 | 7 | -17 | -45 | -76 | 14 | 4 | -39 | -25 |
| May 16 | -24 | 24 | 88 | 25 | 17 | 9 | -37 | -8 | -9 | 10 | 57 | 152 | 168 |
| May 23. | -35 | -3 | 3 | -16 |  | -14 | -18 | -53 | 4 | 7 | -1 | -124 | -111 |
| May 30. | -11 | -14 | $-151$ | -10 | -14 | -12 | -24 | -26 | -8 | -1 |  | -271 | -308 |
| June 6. | -20 | 7 | 29 | 159 | 34 | 4 | -25 | -43 | 26 | 2 | 21 | 195 | 191 |
| June 13. | 16 | 18 | 114 | 24 | 29 | - 52 | -21 | -27 | 77 | 16 | 36 | 230 | 277 |
| June 20. | 25 | 26 | 215 | -13 | 48 | 22 | -26 | 242 | 105 | 8 | 13 | 664 | 678 |
| June 27. | 4 | 11 | 37 |  | -5 | -9 | -24 | -112 | 13 | -3 | 16 | -70 | -64 |
| July 4. | -25 | 16 | -28 | 21 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 8 |  | $-11$ | 27 | 23 | -8 |
| July 11. | -46 | 18 | -39 | 8 | 70 | 1 | 2 | $-100$ | $-16$ | 1 | 12 | -89 | -106 |
| July 18. | -14 | -4 | -37 | 15 | 10 | -4 | 42 | -46 | -9 | -4 | -5 | -56 | -80 |
| July 25. | -15 | -1 | -17 | 20 | -6 | -5 | 88 | -67 | -3 | -1 | -10 | -17 | -35 |

${ }^{1}$ Data for a sample of about 210 banks reporting changes in their larger loans; these banks hold over 90 per cent of total commercial and industrial loans of all weekly reporting member banks and near per cent of those of all commercial banks.
${ }^{3}$ Includes machinery and transportation equipment.
${ }^{4}$ Prior to week ending Jan. 11, 1956, included clanges in agricultural 5
Sncludes increase of $\$ 318$ million resulting from errors disclosed incident to survey of credit extended to real estate mortgage lenders.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCE COMPANY PAPER AND BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING
[In millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Commercial and finance company paper |  |  | Dollar acceptances |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Held by: |  |  |  |  |  | Based on: |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Placed through dealers ${ }^{1}$ | Placed directly (finance paper) ${ }^{2}$ |  | Accepting banks |  |  | F. R. Banks |  | Others | Imports into United States | Exports from United States | Dollar exchange | Goods stored in or shipped between points in: |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | tal | bills | bought | Own acct. | eign <br> corr. |  |  |  |  | United States | Foreign countries |
| 1950. | 920 | 345 | 575 | 394 | 192 | 114 | 78 | .... | 21 | 180 | 245 | 87 | 2 | 28 | 32 |
| 1951. | 1,331 | 449 | 882 | 490 | 197 | 119 | 79 | - | 21 | 272 | 235 | 133 | 23 | 55 | 44 |
| 1952 | 1,745 | 552 | 1,193 | 492 | 183 | 126 | 57 | .... | 20 | 289 | 232 | 125 | 39 | 64 | 32 |
| 1953. | 1,966 | 564 | 1,402 | 574 | 172 | 117 | 55 | . . . . | 24 | 378 | 274 | 154 | 29 | 75 | 43 |
| 1954 | 1,924 | 733 | 1,191 | 873 | 289 | 203 | 86 | . . | 19 | 565 | 285 | 182 | 17 | 300 | 89 |
| 1955-June. | 2,303 | 572 | 1,731 | 655 | 182 | 138 | 44 | 16 | 26 | 431 | 216 | 189 | 40 | 125 | 85 |
| July. . | 2,411 | 593 | 1,818 | 650 | 184 | 144 | 40 | 10 | 23 | 433 | 223 | 186 | 41 | 108 | 92 |
| Aug. | 2,359 | 580 | 1,779 | 655 | 186 | 142 | 44 | 14 | 27 | 427 | 220 | 182 | 41 | 111 | 101 |
| Sept. | 2,245 | 564 | 1,681 | 671 | 190 | 147 | 43 | 21 | 27 | 433 | 253 | 189 | 33 | 108 | 87 |
| Oct. | 2,255 | 547 | 1,708 | 662 | 189 | 144 | 45 | 16 | 26 | 430 | 258 | 201 | 33 | 82 | 87 |
| Nov. | 2,283 | 542 | 1,741 | 642 | 187 | 134 | 52 | 17 | 27 | 410 | 259 | 205 | 20 | 73 | 86 |
| Dec. | 2,008 | 510 | 1,498 | 642 | 175 | 126 | 49 | 28 | 33 | 405 | 252 | 210 | 17 | 63 | 100 |
| 1956-Jan. | 2,350 | 573 | 1,777 | 624 | 169 | 124 | 44 | 18 | 32 | 406 | 237 | 220 | 11 | 46 | 110 |
| Feb. | 2,618 | 588 | 2,030 | 667 | 184 | 135 | 49 | 14 | 37 | 431 | 263 | 234 | 20 | 43 | 106 |
| Mar. | 2,545 | 560 | 1,985 | 660 | 170 | 130 | 40 | 14 | 39 | 436 | 263 | 236 | 18 | 49 | 94 |
| Apr. | 2,514 | 508 | 2,006 | 628 | 146 | 108 | 39 | 13 | 42 | 427 | 235 | 240 | 10 | 43 | 100 |
| May | 2,607 | 515 | 2,092 | ${ }^{r} 643$ | 157 | 113 | 44 | 16 | 45 | ${ }^{7} 424$ | 245 | ${ }^{2} 252$ | 9 | 33 | 104 |
| June. | 2,427 | 476 | 1,951 | 684 | 180 | 109 | 71 | 18 | 45 | 441 | 264 | 251 | 9 | 34 | 125 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
As reported by dealers; includes finance company paper as well as investors. other commercial paper sold in the open market.

MONEY MARKET RATES
[Per cent per annum]

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year, } \\ \text { month, or } \\ \text { week } \end{gathered}$ | Prime commercial paper, 4 to 6 months |  | Prime bankers' acceptances, 90 days ${ }^{1}$ | U. S. Government securities (taxable) ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 3-month bills |  | 9- to 12month issues ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3-\text { to } 5- \\ \text { year } \\ \text { issues } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Market yield | Rate on new issues |  |  |
| 1953 average. | 2.52 | 2.33 | 1.87 | 1.90 | 1.931 | 2.07 | 2.56 |
| 1954 average | 1.58 | 1.42 | 1.35 | . 94 | . 953 | . 92 | 1.82 |
| 1955 average | 2.18 | 1.97 | 1.71 | 1.73 | 1.753 | 1.89 | 2.50 |
| 1955-July. | 2.11 | 1.87 | 1.50 | 1.60 | 1.622 | 1.88 | 2.54 |
| Aug. | 2.33 | 2.02 | 1.67 | 1.90 | 1.876 | 2.12 | 2.73 |
| Sept. | 2.54 | 2.28 | 2.08 | 2.07 | 2.086 | 2.14 | 2.72 |
| Oct. | 2.70 | 2.46 | 2.23 | 2.23 | 2.259 | 2.19 | 2.58 |
| Nov. | 2.81 | 2.53 | 2.17 | 2.25 | 2.225 | 2.28 | 2.70 |
| Dec. | 2.99 | 2.80 | 2.43 | 2.54 | 2.564 | 2.56 | 2.83 |
| 1956-Jan.. | 3.00 | 2.88 | 2.45 | 2.41 | 2.456 | 2.50 | 2.74 |
| Feb. . | 3.00 | 2.88 | 2.38 | 2.32 | 2.372 | 2.38 | 2.65 |
| Mar. | 3.00 | 2.88 | 2.38 | 2.25 | 2.310 | 2.43 | 2.83 |
| Apr. | 3.14 | 2.93 | 2.44 | 2.60 | 2.613 | 2.83 | 3.11 |
| May. | 3.27 | 3.00 | 2.50 | 2.61 | 2.650 | 2.83 | 3.04 |
| June. | 3.38 | 3.00 | 2.45 | 2.49 | 2.527 | 2.69 | 2.87 |
| July. | 3.27 | 2.94 | 2.43 | 2.31 | 2.334 | 2.62 | 2.97 |
| Week ending: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June 30. | 3.38 | 3.00 | 2.38 | 2.48 | 2.535 | 2.60 | 2.90 |
| July | 3.34 | 2.97 | 2.38 | 2.33 | 2.409 | 2.56 | 2.85 |
| July 14. | 3.31 | 2.94 | 2.38 | 2.33 | 2.387 | 2.54 | 2.90 |
| July 21. | 3.29 3.19 | 2.94 | 2.43 | 2.26 | 2.237 | 2.55 | 2.96 |
| July 28. | 3.19 | 2.94 | 2.50 | 2.32 | 2.303 | 2.74 | 3.09 |

${ }^{1}$ Averages of daily prevailing rates. averages computed from daily closing bid prices.
4 Consists of selected note and bond issues.

BANK RATES ON SHORT-TERM BUSINESS LOANS

| [Per cent per annum] |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Area and period | All <br> loans | Size of loan (thous. of dol.) |  |  |  |
|  |  | 10 | $10-$ | $\stackrel{100}{200}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |
| Annual averages, 19 large cities: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1953.. | 3.7 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.5 |
| 1954 | 3.6 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 3.4 |
| 1955. | 3.7 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.5 |
| Quarterly: ${ }^{1}$ <br> 19 large cities: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3.77 | 4.98 | 4.44 | 3.99 | 3.56 |
| 1956-Mec. | 3.93 | 5.01 5.05 | 4.52 | 4.14 | 3.75 3.74 |
| June | 4.14 | 5.18 | 4.69 | 4.34 | 3.97 |
| New York City: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1955-Sept.. | 3.54 | 4.83 | 4.39 | 3.87 | 3.39 |
| 1956 Dec. | 3.76 | 4.86 | 4.48 | 4.00 | 3.64 |
| 1956-Mar. | 3.75 | 4.92 | 4.49 | 4.05 | 3.62 |
| June | 3.97 | 5.00 | 4.61 | 4.23 | 3.86 |
| 7 Northern \& Eastern cities: <br> 1955-Sept. | 3.76 | 5.06 | 4.43 | 3.99 | 3.58 |
| 1950 Dec. | 3.95 | 5.08 | 4.52 | 4.16 | 3.79 |
| 1956-Mar. | 3.93 | 5.11 | 4.55 | 4.10 | 3.78 |
| June | 4.15 | 5.26 | 4.74 | 4.32 | 4.01 |
| 11 Southern \& Western cities: <br> 1955-Sept. | 4.11 | 5.01 | 4.47 | 4.07 | 3.88 |
| Dec.. | 4.17 | 5.06 | 4.54 | 4.22 | 3.91 |
| 1956-Mar........... | 4.19 | 5.09 | 4.58 | 4.20 | 3.94 |
| June | 4.38 | 5.23 | 4.71 | 4.42 | 4.15 |

${ }^{1}$ Based on figures for first 15 days of month.
Note--For description see Bulletin for March 1949, pp. 228-237.

BOND AND STOCK YIELDS ${ }^{1}$
[Per cent per annum]

| Year, month, or week | U. S. Govt. bonds (long-term) |  | State and local govt. bonds |  |  |  | Corporate bonds ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Industrial stocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | General obligations ${ }^{4}$ |  |  | Revenue bonds 6 | Total ${ }^{5}$ | By selected ratings |  | $\underset{\text { groups }}{\text { By }}$ |  |  | Dividends/ price ratio |  | Earnings/ <br> price ratio <br> Com- <br> mon 8 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Old } \\ \text { series } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { series }{ }^{3}}{\text { New }}$ | Total ${ }^{5}$ | Aaa | Baa |  |  | Aaa | Baa | $\begin{gathered} \text { Indus- } \\ \text { trial } \end{gathered}$ | Railroad | Public utility | Preferred ${ }^{7}$ | Common ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| Number of issues | 3-7 | 1-2 | 20 | 5 | 5 | 10 | 120 | 30 | 30 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 14 | 125 | 125 |
| 1953 average. | 2.93 | 3.16 | 2.82 | 2.31 | 3.41 | 3.02 | 3.43 | 3.20 | 3.74 | 3.30 | 3.55 | 3.45 | 4.27 | 5.51 | 10.14 |
| 1954 average | 2.83 | 2.70 2.94 | 2.46 | 2.04 | 3.09 | 2.81 | 3.16 | 2.90 | 3.51 3.53 | 3.09 3.19 | 3.25 3.34 | 3.15 | 4.02 | 4.70 3.93 | 8.75 |
| 1955 average. | 2.80 | 2.94 | 2.57 | 2.18 | 3.14 | 2.85 | 3.25 | 3.06 | 3.53 | 3.19 | 3.34 | 3.22 | 4.01 | 3.93 | 8.04 |
| 1955-July. | 2.87 | 2.96 | 2.62 | 2.23 | 3.17 | 2.86 | 3.24 | 3.06 | 3.52 | 3.18 | 3.32 | 3.22 | 3.96 | 3.63 |  |
| Aug. | 2.91 | 3.02 | 2.69 | 2.33 | 3.22 | 2.92 | 3.29 | 3.11 | 3.56 | 3.25 | 3.36 | 3.26 3.26 3 | 4.01 | 3.76 3.76 | 719 |
| Sept | 2.88 | 3.00 | 2.70 | 2.31 | 3.24 | 2.92 | 3.31 3 | 3.13 | 3.59 | 3.25 3.23 | 3.40 3.38 | 3.29 3.27 | 4.06 | 3.76 3 3 | 7.19 |
| Oct. | 2.82 2.85 | 2.96 2.96 | 2.64 2.60 | 2.25 | 3.22 3.20 | 2.89 2.87 | 3.30 3.29 | 3.10 | 3.59 3.58 | 3.23 3.22 | 3.38 3.38 | 3.27 3.28 | 4.04 4.01 | 3.96 3.96 3 |  |
| Dec. | 2.88 | 2.97 | 2.70 | 2.29 | 3.25 | 2.97 | 3.33 | 3.15 | 3.62 | 3.26 | 3.42 | 3.31 | 4.05 | 3.92 | 7.96 |
| 1956-Jan. | 2.86 | 2.94 | 2.69 | 2.27 | 3.24 | 2.91 | 3.30 | 3.11 | 3.60 | 3.23 | 3.40 | 3.28 | 4.03 | 4.08 |  |
| Feb. | 2.82 | 2.93 | 2.63 | 2.19 | 3.21 | 2.89 | 3.28 | 3.08 | 3.58 | 3.20 | 3.37 | 3.26 | 3.99 | 3.93 |  |
| Mar. | 2.90 | 2.98 | 2.67 | 2.24 | 3.24 | 2.95 | 3.30 | 3.10 | 3.60 | 3.24 | 3.37 | 3.27 | 4.01 | 3.68 | 7.06 |
| Apr. | 3.05 | 3.10 | 2.84 | 2.43 | 3.38 | 3.07 | 3.41 | 3.24 | 3.68 | 3.37 | 3.47 | 3.38 | 4.15 | 3.69 |  |
| May | 2.93 | 3.03 | 2.83 | 2.46 | 3.37 | 3.06 | 3.46 | 3.28 | 3.73 | 3.40 3.49 | 3.53 355 | 3.44 | 4.22 | 3.97 3.92 |  |
| June | 2.89 2.97 | 2.98 3 | 2.72 2.78 | 2.34 | $r$ 3.26 3.34 | 3.02 3.07 | 3.46 3.50 | 3.27 | 3.75 3.79 | 3.39 3.42 | 3.55 3.59 | 3.44 3.48 | 4.17 | 3.82 3.70 | 7.54 |
| July | 2.97 | 3.05 | 2.78 | 2.39 | 3.34 | 3.07 | 3.50 | 3.28 | 3.79 | 3.42 | 3.59 | 3.48 | 4.16 | 3.70 |  |
| Week ending: June 30 | 2.92 | 3.00 | 2.72 | 2.34 | r3.26 | 3.03 | 3.47 | 3.27 | 3.77 | 3.40 | 3.55 | 3.46 | 4.17 | 3.8 ? |  |
| July 7 | 2.90 | 2.98 | 2.76 | 2.38 | 3.31 | 3.04 | 3.48 | 3.26 | 3.78 | 3.41 | 3.57 | 3.46 | 4.18 | 3.74 |  |
| July 14 | 2.95 | 3.01 | 2.78 | 2.38 | 3.34 | 3.05 | 3.49 | 3.27 | 3.78 | 3.40 | 3.58 | 3.47 | 4.15 | 3.70 |  |
| July 21 | 2.98 | 3.05 | 2.79 | 2.40 | 3.35 | 3.08 | 3.49 | 3.28 | 3.79 | 3.41 | 3.59 | 3.48 | 4.16 | 3.65 |  |
| July 28. | 3.02 | 3.10 | 2.80 | 2.41 | 3.37 | 3.11 | 3.52 | 3.30 | 3.82 | 3.44 | 3.61 | 3.49 | 4.16 | 3.69 |  |

## ${ }^{+}$Revised.

${ }_{1}$ Monthly and weekly yields are averages of daily figures for U.S. Govt. and corporate bonds. Yields of State and local govt. general obligations are based on Thursday figures; of revenue bonds, on Friday figures; and of preferred stocks, on Wednesday figures. Figures for common stocks are as of the end of the period, except for annual averages.

2 Consists of fully taxable, marketable $21 / 2$ per cent bonds due or first callable after 12 years, through Sept. 30, 1955, and those due or callable in 10-20 years, beginning Oct. 1, 1955.
1955, the 3 per cent bond of Febriary 1995. ${ }^{1978 \text { and, beginning Feb. 1, }}$

SECURITY PRICES ${ }^{1}$

| Year, month, or week | Bond prices |  |  |  | Common stock prices |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Vol-umeoftrad-ing(inthou-sandsofohares) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U. S. Govt. (long-term) |  | Municipal grade) | Cor-porate (highgrade) | Standard and Poor's series (index, $1935-39=100$ ) |  |  |  | Securities and Exchange Commission series (index, $1939=100$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { In- } \\ & \text { dus- } \\ & \text { trial } \end{aligned}$ | Railroad | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pub- } \\ & \text { lic } \\ & \text { util- } \\ & \text { ity } \end{aligned}$ | Total | Manufacturing |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Trans- } \\ \text { porta- } \\ \text { tion } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pub- } \\ \text { lic- } \\ \text { utii- } \\ \text { ity } \end{gathered}$ | Trade, finance, and service | Mining |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { se- } \\ & \text { ries } \end{aligned}$ | ries ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Du- } \\ \text { rable } \end{gathered}$ | Non-durable |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of issue | 3-7 | 1-2 | 15 | 17 | 480 | 420 | 20 | 40 | 265 | 170 | 98 | 72 | 21 | 29 | 31 | 14 |  |
| 1953 average. | 93.90 | 101.46 | 119.7 | 112.1 | 189 | 204 | 170 | 122 | 193 | 220 | 193 | 245 | 219 | 122 | 207 | 240 | 1,419 |
| 1954 average. | 99.51 | 109.60 | 125.8 | 117.2 | 227 | 250 | 180 | 136 | 230 | 271 | 245 | 295 | 233 | 136 | 236 | 267 | 2,270 |
| 1955 average. | 95.97 | 103.36 | 123.1 | 114.4 | 342 | 341 | 248 | 152 | 305 | 374 | 352 | 394 | 320 | 153 | 297 | 313 | 2,578 |
| 1955-July. | 94.96 | 102.73 | 121.4 | 114.3 | 315 | 360 | 256 | 156 | 319 | 395 | 366 | 421 | 334 | 157 | 304 | 317 | 2,423 |
| Aug. | 94.51 | 101.57 | 120.5 | 113.2 | 311 | 354 | 250 | 156 | 315 | 390 | 368 | 410 | 324 | 156 | 302 | 311 | 1,818 |
| Sept. | 94.87 | 101.95 | 121.3 | 113.1 | 323 | 371 | 257 | 155 | 327 | 407 | 387 | 425 | 331 | 155 | 320 | 317 | 2,862 |
| Oct. . | 95.83 | 102.75 | 122.5 | 113.6 | 306 | 350 | 241 | 151 | 310 | 385 | 365 | 403 | 309 | 151 | 307 | 294 | 2,008 |
| Nov.. | 95.46 | 102.73 | 122.6 | 113.7 | 322 | 369 | 255 | 154 | 328 | 411 | 389 | 430 | 325 | 154 | 325 | 312 | 2,319 |
| Dec.. | 95.07 | 102.62 | 119.8 | 112.4 | 327 | 377 | 258 | 153 | 334 | 419 | 396 | 439 | 332 | 154 | 323 | 326 | 2,428 |
| 1956-Jan. | 95.40 | 103.04 | 121.3 | 113.3 | 323 | 372 | 249 | 153 | 326 | 408 | 379 | 434 | 320 | 154 | 310 | 330 | 2,247 |
| Feb. | 95.94 | 103.28 | 122.3 | 113.9 | 324 | 373 | 250 | 155 | 330 | 413 | 383 | 441 | 323 | 156 | 310 | 350 | 2,320 |
| Mar | 94.88 | 102.41 | 120.3 | 113.2 | 347 | 401 | 265 | 159 | 351 | 443 | 412 | 472 | 344 | 160 | 322 | 373 | 2,874 |
|  | 92.86 | 100.05 | 116.9 | 111.2 | 351 | 408 | 271 | 156 | 355 | 452 | 410 | 491 | 348 | 157 | 317 | 369 | 2,576 |
| May | 94.40 | 101.35 | 117.3 | 110.6 | 344 | 399 | 269 | 155 | 347 | 441 | 398 | 480 | 342 | 156 | 306 | 364 | 2,420 |
| June. | 95.03 | 102.22 | 119.2 | 110.5 | 341 | 397 | 257 | 154 | 341 359 | 434 | 393 | 471 | 328 335 | 155 | 300 315 | 352 | 1,771 |
| July. | 93.94 | 100.98 | 118.6 | 110.3 | 357 | 417 | 260 | 157 | 359 | 460 | 421 | 495 | 335 | 159 | 315 | 369 | 2,177 |
| Week ending: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June ${ }^{\text {Jun }} 7$. | 94.56 | 102.16 | 119.0 118.6 | 110.6 110.6 | $\begin{array}{r}345 \\ 348 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 403 | 258 | 155 | 347 354 | ${ }_{4}^{442}$ | 404 412 | 477 | 332 334 | 156 157 | 303 307 | 354 <br> 364 | 1,800 |
| July 14 | 94.28 | 101.65 | 118.8 | 110.1 | 356 | 417 | 260 | 157 | 358 | 458 | 420 | 493 | 334 | 158 | 318 | 362 | 2,272 |
| July 21 | 93.82 | 100.89 | 118.6 | 110.4 | 360 | 423 | 260 | 157 | 363 | 465 | 426 | 500 | 335 | 159 | 318 | 377 | 2,262 |
| July 28 | 93.40 | 100.01 | 118.5 | 110.0 | 362 | 424 | 265 | 160 | 362 | 463 | 425 | 497 | 336 | 161 | 316 | 372 | 2,110 |

${ }^{1}$ Monthly and weekly data for U. S. Govt. bond prices and volume of trading are averages of daily figures; for other series monthly and weekly data are based on ingures for one day each week-weekly closing prices for common stocks (Securities and Exchange Commission) and Wednesday closing prices for all others.
2 Series composed of fully taxable
${ }^{2}$ Series composed of fully taxable, marketable $21 / 2 \mathrm{per}$ cent bonds due or first callable after 12 years through Sept. 30, 1955, and, beginning Oct.

1, 1955, those due or callable in 10-20 years.
, ${ }^{3}$ The $31 / 4$ per cent bond of $1978-83$ and, beginning Feb. 1, 1955, the 3 per cent bond of February 1995.
4 Prices derived from average yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation, on basis of a 4 per cent 20 -year bond.
5 Average daily volume of trading in stocks on the New York Stock
Exchange for a five and one-half hour trading day Exchange for a five and one-half hour trading day.

STOCK MARKET CREDIT
[In millions of dollars]

| End of month or last Wednesday of month | Customer credit |  |  |  |  | Broker and dealer credit ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Totalsecurities other than U. S. Govt. obligations ( $\mathrm{col} .3+$ col. 5) | Net debit balances with New York Stock Exchange firms ${ }^{1}$ |  | Bank loans to others (than brokers and dealers) for purchasing and carrying securities ${ }^{2}$ |  | Money borrowed |  | Customer net free credit balances |
|  |  | Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations | Secured by other securities | U. S. Govt. obligations | Other securities | On U. S. Govt. obligations | $\begin{gathered} \text { On } \\ \text { other } \\ \text { securities } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 1952-Dec. . . . . . . . . 193--Dec............ 1954-Dec. . . . . . | 1,980 $\mathbf{2 , 4 4 5}$ 3,436 | 33 31 41 | 1,332 1,665 2,388 | 149 88 65 | 648 780 1.048 | 30 88 69 | 877 1,074 1,529 | $\begin{array}{r} 727 \\ 713 \\ 1,019 \end{array}$ |
| 1955-June. | 3,870 | 46 | 2,711 | 31 | 1,159 | 73 | 2,020 | 917 |
| July.. | 3,911 | 45 | 2,734 | 29 | 1,177 | 77 | 2,003 | 918 |
| Aug............... | 3,865 | 43 | 2,710 | 29 | 1,155 | 71 | 1,994 | 887 |
| Sept. | 3,966 | 43 | 2,805 | 33 | 1,161 | 68 | 2,056 | 977 |
| Oct. | 3,944 | 40 |  | 29 | 1,195 |  | 2,088 | 920 |
| Nov.............. Dec........... | 3,980 4,030 | 38 34 | 2,759 | 27 32 | 1,221 | 75 51 | 2,185 2,246 | 876 894 |
| 1956-Jan.. | 4,040 | 36 | 2,786 | 37 | 1,254 | 41 | 2,129 | 905 |
| Feb. | 3,991 | 34 | 2,740 | 36 | 1,251 | 52 | 2,137 | 913 |
| Mar. | 4,038 | 31 | 2,786 | 40 | 1,252 | 50 | 2,127 | 960 |
| Apr.. | 4,043 | 33 | 2,788 | 40 | 1,255 | 44 | 2,145 | 896 |
| May. | 4,047 | 38 34 | 2,810 | 40 48 | 1,237 | 42 39 | 2,186 | 870 |
| June. | 4,009 | 34 | 2,786 | 48 | 1,223 | 39 | 2,195 | 836 |

1 Ledger balances of momber firms of the Now York Stock Exchange carrying margin accounts, as reported to the Exchange. Customers' debit and free credit balances exclude balances maintained with the reporting firm by other member firms of national securities exchanges and balances of the reporting firm and of general partners of the reporting firm. Bal ances are net for each customer-i.e., all accounts of one customer are
consolidated. Monoy borrowed includes borrowings from banks and consolidated. Monoy borrowed includes borrowings from banks and
from other lenders oxcept member firms of national securities exchanges.

Data are as of the end of the month, except money borrowed, which is as of the last Wednesday of the month beginning June 1955.
2 Data, except as noted below, are for all weekly reporting member banks, which account for about 70 per cent of all loans to others for purchasing or carrying securities. Figures are for the last Wednesday of the month. Some loans for purchasing or carrying U. S. Govt. securities are included in column 5 after 1952; loans for that purpose are shown sep-
arately in column 4 for all weekly reporting member banks in 1952 and for New York and Chicago banks thereafter.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES 1
[Institute of Life Insurance data. In millions of dollars]

| Date | Total assets | Government securities |  |  |  | Business securities |  |  | Mortgages | Real estate | Policy loans | Other assets |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | United States | $\begin{gathered} \text { U. S. } \\ \text { State and } \\ \text { local } \end{gathered}$ | Foreign ${ }^{2}$ | Total | Bonds | Stocks |  |  |  |  |
| End of year: ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941. | 32,731 | 22,478 | 6,796 | 1,995 | \% 687 | 10,174 | 9,573 | ${ }_{999}^{601}$ | 6,442 | 1,878 | 2,919 | 1,840 |
| 1945 | 44,797 | 22,545 | 20,583 |  | 1,240 | 11,059 | 10,060 | 999 | 6,636 | 857 | 1,962 | 1,738 |
| 1948. | 55,512 | 19,135 | 16,746 | 872 | 1,517 | 20,272 | 18,844 | 1,428 | 10,833 | 1,055 | 2,057 | 2,160 |
| 1949 | 59,630 | 17,868 | 15,290 | 1,052 | 1,526 |  | 21,406 | 1,718 | 12,906 | 1,247 | 2,240 | 2,245 |
| 1950 | 64,020 | 16,178 | 13,459 | 1,152 | 1,507 | 25,351 | 23,248 | 2, 103 | 16,102 | 1,445 | 2,413 | 2,591 |
| 1951 | 68,278 | 13,760 | 11,009 | 1,170 | 1,581 | 28,111 | 25,890 | 2,221 | 19,314 | 1,631 | 2,590 | 2,872 |
| 1952 | 73,375 | 12,905 | 10,252 | 1,153 | 1,500 | 31,515 | 29,069 | 2,446 | 21,251 | 1,903 | 2,713 | 3,088 |
| 1953 | 78,533 | 12,537 | 9,829 | 1,298 | 1,410 | 34,438 | 31,865 | 2,573 | 23,322 | 2,020 | 2,914 | 3,302 |
| 1954 | 84.486 | 12,262 | 9.070 | 1,846 | 1,346 | 37.300 | 34.032 | 3.268 | 25.976 | 2.298 | 3.127 | 3,523 |
| 1955. | 90,432 | 11,829 | 8,576 | 2,038 | 1,215 | 39,545 | 35,912 | 3,633 | 29,445 | 2,581 | 3,290 | 3,742 |
| End of month: 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1952-Dec. . | 73,034 | 12,814 | 10,195 | 1,126 | 1,493 | 31,286 | 29,095 | 2,191 | 21,245 | 1,868 | 2,699 | 3,122 |
| 1953-Dec. | 78,201 | 12,452 | 9,767 | 1,278 | 1,407 | 34,265 | 31,926 | 2,339 | 23,275 | 1,994 | 2,894 | 3,321 |
| 1954-De | 84,068 | 12,199 | 9,021 | 1,833 | 1,345 | 36,695 | 33,985 | 2,710 | 25,928 | 2,275 | 3,087 | 3,884 |
| 1955-May. | r86,519 | ${ }^{\text {r } 12,261 ~}$ | 9,058 | 1,956 | r1,247 | r37,534 | r34,746 | $r_{2,788}$ | 27,217 |  | 3,190 | r3,911 |
| June. | 86,967 | 12,239 | 9,046 | 1,957 | 1,236 | 37,677 | 34,848 | 2,829 | 27,483 | 2,420 | 3,207 | 3,941 |
| July | 87,636 | 12,392 | 9,096 | 1,979 | 1,217 | 37,927 | 35,058 | 2,869 | 27,748 | 2,453 | 3,230 | 3,986 |
| Aug. | 88,087 88.529 | 12,368 | 9,179 | 1,979 | 1,210 | 37,921 38,123 | 35,046 | 2,875 | 28,001 | 2,471 $\mathbf{2 , 4 9 2}$ | 3,245 3,260 | 4,081 4,079 |
| Oct. | 89,016 | 12,236 | 9,027 | 1,990 | 1,219 | 38,385 | 35,506 | 2,879 | 28,563 | 2,506 | 3,271 | 4,055 |
| Nov | 89,491 | 12,096 | 8,891 | 1,987 | 1,218 | 38,546 | 35,647 | 2,899 | 28,868 | 2,523 | 3,283 | 4,175 |
| Dec | 90,219 | 11,758 | 8,546 | 1,998 | 1,214 | 38,855 | 35,932 | 2,923 | 29,433 | 2,557 | 3,293 | 4,323 |
| 1956-Jan. | 90,842 | 11,751 | 8,393 | 2,125 | 1,233 | 39,146 | 36,216 | 2,930 | 29,800 | 2,568 | 3,307 | 4,270 |
| Feb | 91,240 | 11,608 | 8,236 | 2,144 | 1,228 | 39,376 | 36,428 | 2,948 | 30,102 | 2,589 | 3,324 | 4,241 |
| Mar | 91,543 | 11,415 | 8 8,045 | 2,153 |  | 39,570 39 | 36,593 |  | 30,383 |  | 3,345 | 4, 221 |
| Apr. | 92,025 92,478 | 11,439 11,332 | 8,085 | 2,153 2,140 | 1,201 | 39,705 39,854 | 36,725 36,880 | 2,980 2,974 | 30,651 30,991 | 2,624 2,646 | 3,365 3,385 | 4,241 4,270 |

${ }^{5}$ Revised.
${ }_{2}$ Rigures are for all life insurance comoanies in the United States. ${ }^{2}$ Represents issues of foreign governments and their subdivisions and bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.
${ }^{3}$ These represent annual statement asset values, with bonds carried on
an amortized basis and stocks at end-of-year market value.
4 These represent book value of ledger assets. Adjustments for interest due and accrued and for differences between market and book values are not made on each item separately, but are included, in total, in "Other assets."

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS 1
[Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation data. In millions of dollars]

| End of year | Assets |  |  |  |  | Savings capital | End of quarter | Assets |  |  |  |  | Savings capital |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Mortgages ${ }^{3}$ | U. S. Govt. obligations | Cash | Other ${ }^{4}$ |  |  | Total2 | Mortgages ${ }^{3}$ | U. S. Govt. obligations | Cash | Other ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| 1941 | 6,049 | 4,578 | 107 | 344 | 775 | 4,682 | 1954-1. | 27,658 | 22,712 | 1,927 | 1,618 | 1,327 | 23,909 |
| 1945. | 8,747 | 5,376 | 2,420 | 450 | 356 | 7,365 | 2. | 29,094 | 23,836 | 1,959 | 1,794 | 1,432 | 25,170 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3. | 30,165 | 25,065 | 1,969 | 1,681 | 1,379 | 25,903 |
| 1948. | 13,028 | 10,305 | 1,455 | 663 | 501 | 10,964 | 4 | 31,736 | 26,193 | 2,021 | 1,980 | 1,472 | 27,334 |
| 1949. | 14,622 | 11,616 | 1,462 | 880 | 566 | 12,471 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950 | 16,893 | 13,657 | 1,487 | 924 | 733 | 13,992 | 1955-1 ${ }^{\text {p }}$. | 33,075 | 27,373 | 2,203 | 1,928 | 1,502 | 28,482 |
| 1951 | 19,222 | 15,564 | 1,603 | 1,066 | 899 | 16,107 | $2{ }^{2}$ | 35,080 | 29,107 | 2,287 | 1,973 | 1,645 | 29,963 |
| 1952. | 22,660 | 18,396 | 1,787 | 1,289 | 1,108 | 19,195 | $3{ }^{2}$ | 36,343 | 30,687 | 2,340 | 1,612 | 1,639 | 30,636 |
| 1953. | 26,733 | 21,962 | 1,920 | 1,479 | 1,297 | 22,846 | $4{ }^{2}$ | 37,880 | 31,584 | 2,381 | 2,087 | 1,763 | 32,305 |
| 1954. | 31,736 | 26,193 | 2,021 | 1,980 | 1,472 | 27,334 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1955 ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 37,880 | 31,584 | 2,381 | 2.087 | 1,763 | 32,305 | 1956-1p | 39,049 | 32,529 | 2,615 | 1,999 | 1,842 | 33,446 |

Preliminary.
1 Figures are for all savings and loan associations in the United States. Data beginning 1950 are based on monthly reports of insured associations and annual reports of noninsured associations. Data prior to 1950 are based entirely on annual reports.

[^23]
## SELECTED ASSETS AND LIABLLITIES OF GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES

[Based on compilation by Treasury Department. In millions of dollars]

| Asset or liability, and corporation or agency ${ }^{1}$ | End of year |  |  |  |  |  |  | End of quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Loans, by purpose and agency: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| To aid agriculture, total..... Banks for cooperatives.. | 3,632 | 4,362 | 3,884 | 4,161 | 5,070 | 6,811 | 6,929 | 7,466 340 | 6,362 | 5,853 359 | 6,715 |
| Federal intermediate cre | 426 | 437 | 510 | 633 | 673 | 590 | 638 | 725 | 847 | 833 | 689 |
| Federal Farm Mortgage Corpora | 80 | 60 | 45 | 34 | 25 | 18 | 13 | 12 |  |  |  |
| Farmers Home Administration. | 2525 | 523 | 535 | 539 | 596 | 648 | 701 | 774 | 770 | 755 | 681 |
| Rural Electrification Administrat | 999 | 1,301 | 1,543 | 1,742 | 1,920 | 2,096 | 2,226 | 2,253 | 2,286 | 2,316 | 2,348 |
| Commodity Credit Corporation. Other agencies . . . . . | 1,293 5 | $\begin{array}{r}1,729 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 1898 7 | 1,782 6 | 1,426 | 3,076 | 2,981 4 | 3, 357 4 | 2,137 1 | 1,590 1 | 2,621 |
| To aid home owners, total. | 768 | 1,251 | 1,528 | 2,142 | 2,603 | 2,930 | 2,907 | 3,013 | 3,095 | 3,122 | 3,205 |
| Federal National Mortgage As | 199 | - 828 | 1,347 | 1,850 | 2,242 | 2,462 | 2,461 | 2,538 | 2,593 | 2,590 | 2,641 |
| Home Owners' Loan Corporatio | 369 177 | 231 168 | $\xrightarrow{137}$ |  | 115 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reconstruction Finance Corp | 177 22 | 168 24 | 137 35 | 123 | 115 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}108 \\ 300\end{array}\right.$ | 383 | 408 | 430 | 456 | 480 |
| Other agencies .... | 22 | 24 | 35 | 169 | 246 |  | 63 | 67 | 72 | 76 | 84 |
| To railroads, total. | 140 | 114 | 110 | 101 | 82 | 79 | 12 | 11 | 13 | 11 | 11 |
| Reconstruction Finance Corporatio Other agencies. | 138 3 | 112 | 108 2 | 99 2 | 80 2 | 77 | 12 | 11 | 13 | 11 | ii |
| To other industry, total.. | 310 | 462 | 458 | 488 | 516 | 509 | 420 | 426 | 426 | 706 | 667 |
| Reconstruction Finance Corpor | 272 | 423 | 400 | 415 | 457 | 294 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department of the Treasury Other agencies. | 38 | 38 | 58 | 74 | 58 | 174 40 | $\begin{aligned} & 353 \\ & 67 \end{aligned}$ | $353$ | 348 | $\begin{aligned} & 328 \\ & 378 \end{aligned}$ | 306 362 |
| To financing institutions, total | 525 | 445 | 824 | 814 | 864 | 952 | 870 | 704 | 1,019 | 1,277 | 1,419 |
| Federal home loan banks | 515 | 433 | 816 | 806 | 864 | 952 | 868 | 702 | 1,017 | 1,275 | 1,417 |
| Other agencies. . | 10 | 12 | 8 | 8 | (5) | (5) | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 |
| Foreign, total. | 6,102 | 6,090 | 6,078 | 6,110 | 7,736 | 8,043 | 8,001 | 7,968 | 8,032 | 8,025 | 7,988 |
| Export-Import Bank......... | 2,145 | 2,187 | 2,226 | 2,296 | 2,496 | 2,833 | 2,806 | 2,768 | 2,774 | 2,735 | 2,702 |
| Reconstruction Finance Corporat | 3,750 | 3,750 | 101 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,667 | 3,620 | 3,570 | 3,570 | 3,567 | 3,567 | 3,519 |
| International Cooperation Administration | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 71,515 | 1,537 | 1,624 | 1,630 | 1,692 | 1,722 | 1,767 |
| All other purposes, total. | 584 | 484 | 531 | 779 | 1,095 | 763 | 438 | 451 | 474 | 477 | 501 |
| Reconstruction Finance Corporation | 190 |  | 59 | 61 | 50 | 57 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public Housing Administration. | 294 | 297 | 366 | 609 | 919 | 535 | 113 | 119 | 100 | 96 | 93 |
| Other agencies. . . . . | 100 | 99 | 105 | 109 | 126 | 171 | 325 | 332 | 374 | 381 | 408 |
| Less: Reserve for losse Total loans receivabl | 368 692 | 12.733 | 185 | 173 | 140 826 | [ $\begin{array}{r}203 \\ 19,883\end{array}$ | [ $\begin{array}{r}228 \\ 19,348\end{array}$ | 19,782 | 18,927 | 19,061 | $\begin{array}{r} 268 \\ 20.238 \end{array}$ |
| Investments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government securities, total | 1,854 | 2,047 |  |  | 2,421 | 2,602 | 2,967 | 3,187 | 3,108 | 2,909 | 3,236 |
| Banks for cooperatives. | 43 | 43 | 2, 43 | 2, 43 | 2, 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 |
| Federal intermediate credit ban | 44 | 74 | 46 | 51 | 60 | 63 | 61 | 60 | 60 | 72 | 63 |
| Production credit corporations | 66 | -39 | 42 | 43 | 43 | 45 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| Federal home loan banks...... | 274 | 275 | 199 | 249 | 311 | 387 | 641 | 771 | 661 | 443 | 745 |
| Federal Savings and Loan Insuran | 194 | 188 | 193 | 200 | 308 | 317 | 328 | 344 | 345 | 370 | 381 |
| Federal Deposit Insurance Corp | 1,064 | 1,205 | 1,307 | 1,353 | 1,437 | 1,526 | 1,624 | 1,692 | 1,706 | 1,705 | 1,720 |
| Other agencies. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1, 21 | 1,20 | 1,307 | 1,353 |  |  |  | 1,6 |  |  |  |
| Investment in international institutions | 3,385 | 3,385 | 3,385 | 3,385 | 3,385 | 3,385 | 3,385 | 3,385 | 3,385 | 3,385 | 3,385 |
| Other securities, total. | 133 | 107 | 88 | 78 | 44 | 40 | 47 | 44 | 45 | 29 | 29 |
| Reconstruction Finance Corporation ${ }^{4}$ | 98 | 83 | 71 | 66 | 36 | 35 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production credit corporations. | 29 | 22 | 16 | 11 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 38 | 43 | 33 |  |
| Department of the Treasury. Other agencies. | 6 | 2 | 1 | 1 | (5) | $\cdots{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 42 | 38 3 | 40 2 | 23 3 | 23 4 |
| Commodities, supplies, and materials, | 627 | 1,549 | 1,774 | 1,461 | 1,280 | 2,514 | 3,852 | 3,612 | 3,476 | 4,129 | 4,356 |
| Commodity Credit Corporation. | 437 | 1,376 | 1,638 | 1,174 | - 978 | 2,086 | 3,302 | 2,983 | 2,910 | 3,518 | 3,747 |
| Reconstruction Finance Corporation ${ }^{4}$ | 157 | 142 | 108 | 129 | 172 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department of the Treasury Other agencies | 32 | 30 | 28 | 159 | 131 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\cdots 72 \\ \hline 1\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 80 \\ 470 \end{array}$ | 565 | $\begin{array}{r} 19 \\ 547 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}17 \\ 594 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ 589 \end{array}$ |
| Land, structures, and equipment, to | 3,060 | 2,962 | 2,945 | 3,358 | 3,213 | 8,062 | 8,046 | 7,982 | 7,821 | 7,799 | 7,822 |
| Public Housing Administration.. | 1,448 | 1,352 | 1,248 | 1,251 | 1,173 | 1,018 | 896 | 80 | 64 | 64 | 64 |
| Reconstruction Finance Corporation 4 | 630 | 611 | 605 | , 594 | 1199 | - 175 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee Valley Authority . | 793 | 830 | 886 | 1,048 | 1,251 | 1,475 | 1,739 | 1,781 | 1,812 | 4,823 | 1,829 |
| Federal Maritime Board and Other agencies | 189 | 168 | 206 | 465 | 590 | 4,834 | 4,798 | 4,749 | 4,807 | 4, 812 1,100 | 4,822 |
| Bonds, notes, and debentures payable (not guaranteed), total. |  | 772 |  | 1,369 | 1,330 |  |  | 1,561 | 1,840 | 2,086 | 2,379 |
| Banks for cooperatives. | 70 | 78 | 1,110 | 1,170 | -181 | 1,150 | 1,156 | 1,561 | 1,83 | 160 | , 185 |
| Federal intermediate credit banks | 480 | 490 | 520 | 674 | 704 | 619 | 640 | 713 | 811 | 821 | 665 |
| Federal home loan banks....... | 415 | 204 | 560 | 525 | 445 | 414 | 272 | 139 570 | 336 570 | 534 570 | 958 570 |
| Federal National Mortgage Assn.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 570 | 570 | 570 | 570 |

For footnotes see following page.
[Based on compilation by Treasury Department. In millions of dollars]

| Date, and corporation or agency | Assets, other than interagency items ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Liabilities, other than interagency items |  |  | U. S. Govt. interest | Privately owned interest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Cash | Loans re-ceivable | Com-modities, supplies, and materials | Investments |  | Land, structures, and equipment | Other assets | Bonds, notes, and debentures payable |  | Other liabilities |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | U.S. Govt. securities | Other securities |  |  | Guaranteed by U.S. | Other |  |  |  |
| All agencies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948--Dec. 31 | 21,718 | 630 | 11,692 | 627 | 1,854 | 3,518 | 3,060 | 337 | 38 | 965 | 1,663 | 18,886 | 166 |
| 1949-Dec. 31. | 23,733 | 441 | 12,733 | 1,549 | 2,047 | 3,492 | 2,962 | 509 | 28 | 772 | 1,720 | 21,030 | 183 |
| $1950-$ Dec. 31. | 24,635 | 642 | 13,228 | 1,774 | 2,075 | 3,473 | 2,945 | 499 | 23 | 1,190 | 1,193 | 21,995 | 234 |
| 1951-Dec. 313 | 26,744 | 931 | 14,422 | 1,461 | 2,226 | 3,463 | 3,358 | 882 | 43 | 1,369 | 1,161 | 23,842 | 329 |
| 1952-Dec. 313 | 29,945 | 944 | 17,826 | 1,280 | 2,421 | 3,429 | 3,213 | 832 | 53 | 1,330 | 1,728 | 26,456 | 378 |
| 1953-Dec. 313 | 38,937 | 1,190 | 19,883 | 2,514 | 2,602 | 3,425 | 8,062 | 1,261 | 75 | 1,182 | 3,818 | 33,429 | 434 |
| $1954-$ Dec. 31. | 41,403 | 1,371 | 19,348 | 3,852. | 2,967 | 3,432 | 8,046 | 2,387 | 33 | 1,068 | 4,183 | 35,610 | 508 |
| 1955-Mar. 31. | 41,996 | 1,375 | 19,782 | 3,612 | 3,187 | 3,429 | 7,982 | 2,629 | 31 | 1,561 | 4,013 | 35,848 | 543 |
| June 30 | 40,639 | 1,244 | 18,927 | 3,476 | 3,108 | 3,430 | 7,821 | 2,634 | 41 | 1,840 | 3,019 | 35, 171 | 568 |
| Sept. 30. | 41,183 | 1,456 | 19,061 | 4,129 | 2,909 | 3,414 | 7,799 | 2,415 | 43 | 2,086 | 2,013 | 36,460 | 583 |
| Dec, 31. | 45,304 | 1,338 | 20,238 | 4,356. | 3,236 | 3,414 | 7,822 | 4,900 | 44 | 2,379 | 2,703 | 39,583 | 596 |
| Classification by agency Dec. 31, 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm Credit Administration: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal intermediate credit banks | 783 | 21 | 689 |  | 63 |  |  | 9 |  | 665 | 8 | 110 |  |
| Production credit corporations. . | 45 | (5) |  |  | 42 | 2 |  | (5) |  |  | (5) | 45 |  |
| Federal Farm Mortgage Corp.. | 13 | ( | 12 |  |  |  |  |  | (5) |  | (5) | 12 |  |
| Department or Agriculture: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commodity Credit Corporation... | 7,329 | 24 | 2,544 | 3,747 |  |  | 149 | 865 |  |  | 1,280 | 6,049 |  |
| Farmers Home Administration. | 668 | 54 | 2,587 | (5) | 1 |  | (5) | 26 |  |  | 1,281 | , 667 |  |
| Federal Crop Insurance Corp.. | 17 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 5 | 13 |  |
| Federal Home Loan Bank Board: <br> Federal home loan banks...... | 2,231 | 62 | 1,417 |  | 745 | 2 | (5) | 5 |  | 958 | 712 | -1 | 562 |
| Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Cor | 250 | , |  | (5) | 241 |  |  | 8 |  |  | 11 | 239 | . . . . |
| Housing and Home Finance Agency: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public Housing Administration. . . | 313 | 26 | 92 |  |  |  | 64 | 131 |  |  | 27 | 285 | . . . . |
| Federal Housing Administration. | 629 | 31 | 65 |  | 381 | 1 |  | 150 | 44 |  | 185 | 400 |  |
| Federal National Mortgage Association. | 2,741 | 81 | 2,638 |  |  |  | (5) | 22 |  | 570 | 33 | 2,135 | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Small Business Administration. | 57 | 4 | 51 |  |  |  | (5) | 2 |  |  | (5) | 56 |  |
| Export-Import Bank. . | 2,761 | 9 | 2,725 | (5) |  | 1 | (5) | 26 |  |  | 71 | 2,691 |  |
| Federal Deposit Insurance Corp | 1,734 | 4 | (5) | (5) | 1,720 |  | (5) | 10 |  |  | 94 | 1,640 |  |
| Tennessee Valley Authority.... | 2,006 | 140 |  | 26 |  |  | 1,829 | 12 |  |  | 41 | 1,965 |  |
| Federal Maritime Board and Maritime Adm | 5,507 | 356 | 261 | 44 | (5) | . . . . . | 4,822 | 24 | ..... |  | 147 | 5,360 | . |
| Panama Canal Company | 464 | 25 |  | 12 |  |  | 421 | 6 |  |  | 13 | 451 |  |
| Veterans Administration.. | 673 | 154 | 481 | 3 |  |  | 2 | 32 |  |  | 9 | 664 |  |
| Department of the Treasury. . . . . . . . | 10,685 | 100 | 3,825 | 20 |  | 3,408 | 20 | 3,312 |  |  | 8 | 10,676 |  |
| International Cooperation Administration | 1,774 | 115 | 1,767 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  | 1,774 |  |
| All other. . . . . . . . . | 950 | 115 | 106 | 504 |  |  | 127 | 98 |  |  | 46 | 904 |  |

1 Loans by purpose and agency are shown on a gross basis; total loans and all other assets are shown on a net basis, i.e., after reserve for losses. 2 Includes figures for the Regional Agricultural Credit Corporation, the assets and liabilities of which have be
since dissolution of the RACC in 1949 .
3 Changes in coverage over the period for which data are shown are as follows: exclusion of the Home Owners' Loan Corporation after June 1951, when U.S. Govt. interest was repaid; and inclusion of the Mutual 1951, when U.S. Govt. interest was repaid; and inclusion of the Mutual Security Agency (superseded by the Foreign Operations Administration
and later by the International Cooperation Administration) beginning June 1952 and of the Federal Maritime Board and Maritime Administration beginning June 1953.
4 The RFC Liquidation Act approved July 30, 1953 (67 Stat. 230) terminated the RFC's lending authority, effective Sept. 28, 1953. Its lending activities under the Federal Civil Defense Act of 1950 and the Defense Production Act of 1950 were transferred to the Treasury on that date. When the Corporation went out of existence on June 30, 1954 certain loans, securities, and other assets were transferred to the Federa National Mortgage Association, the Small Business Administration, and
the Export-Import Bank, and the Treasury assumed responsibility for completing liquidation of other activities.

5 Less than $\$ 500,000$
6 Figures represent largely the Treasury loan to United Kingdom and through 1952 are based in part on information not shown in Treasury 7 Figure $n$
Figure not published in Treasury compilation, but derived by Federal 8 Effectivee also footnote 3.
8 Effective July 1, 1954, the public war housing program of the PHA
(represented largely by land, structures, and equipment) and several small housing programs managed by the Office of the Administrator, Housing and Home Finance Agency, were designated to be liquidated by the Office of the Administrator, shown under other agencies.
${ }^{9}$ Beginning 1951, includes figures for Panama Canal Company, a new corporation combining the Panama Railroad Company (included in earlier Treasury complations) and the business activities of the Panama Canal (not reported prior to that time). See also footnote 8.

Note.-Statement includes certain business-type activities of the U. S. Government. Figures for some agencies-usually small ones-may be for dates other than those indicated.

SUMMARY OF FEDERAL FISCAL OPERATIONS
[On basis of U.S. Treasury statements and Treasury Bulletin. In millions of dollars]

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\quad{ }^{r}$ Revised. n.a. Not available.
1 Consist primarily of interest payments by Treasury to trust accounts and to Treasury by Govt. agencies, transfers to trust accounts representing
Budget expenditures, and payroll deductions for Federal employees reBudget expenditures, and payroll deductions for Federal employees retirement funds.
${ }_{3}$ Small adjustments to arrive at this total are not shown separately.
3 Consist primarily of (1) intra-Governmental transactions as described in footnote 1 , (2) net accruals over payments of interest on savings bonds
and Treasury bills, (3) Budget expenditures involving issuance of Federal securities, (4) cash transactions between Intl. Monetary Fund and Ex-
change Stabilization Fund, (5) reconciliation items to Treasury cash, and (6) net operating transactions of Govt. sponsored enterprises.
${ }^{4}$ Primarily adjustments 2,3 , and 4 described in footnote 3.
5 Excludes net transactions of Govt. sponsored enterprises, which are included in the corresponding columns above.

DETAILS OF FEDERAL FISCAL OPERATIONS
[On basis of Treasury statements and Treasury Bulletin unless otherwise noted. In millions of dollars]

n.a. Not available.
${ }^{1}$ Corporation and estate and gift taxes are from Internal Revenue Service reports prior to July 1953. Excise taxes and nonwithheld individuai taxes for that period are obtained by subtracting Internal Revenue

2 Represents the appropriate monthly Treasury statement totals. ment, and unemployment insurance.
${ }^{3}$ For a description of components, see the 1957 Budget of the United ${ }^{3}$ For a description of components,
States, pp. 1093-102 and 1 Includes stockpiling and defense production expansion not shown eparately.
5 Monthly figures not available prior to July 1955.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEBT, BY TYPE OF SECURITY
[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In billions of dollars]

| End of month | Total gross debt | Total gross directdebt $^{2}$ | Public issues ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Special issues |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Marketable |  |  |  |  |  | Con-vertible bonds | Nonmarketable |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Bills | Certificates of indebtedness | Notes | Bonds |  |  | Total ${ }^{5}$ | Savings bonds | Tax and savings notes |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Bank eligible 4 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bank } \\ \text { re- } \\ \text { stricted } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. | 64.3 | 57.9 | 50.5 | 41.6 | 2.0 |  | 6.0 | 33.6 |  |  | 8.9 | 6.1 | 2.5 | 7.0 |
| 1945-Dec. | 278.7 | 278.1 | 255.7 | 198.8 | 17.0 | 38.2 | 23.0 | 68.4 | 52.2 |  | 56.9 | 48.2 | 8.2 | 20.0 |
| 1947-Dec. | 257.0 | 256.9 | 225.3 | 165.8 152.5 | 15.1 13 | 21.2 | 11.4 39 | 68.4 44.6 | 49.6 |  | 59.5 | 52.1 58.0 | 5.4 | 29.0 3.7 |
| $1951-\mathrm{Dec}$. | 259.5 | 259.4 | 222.2 | 142.7 | 18.1 | 29.4 | 18.3 18.4 | 44.6 41.0 | 39.6 | 12.1 | 68.4 66.4 | 58.0 57.6 | 8.6 | 33.7 35.9 |
| 1952-Dec. | 267.4 | 267.4 | 226.1 | 148.6 | 21.7 | 16.7 | 30.3 | 58.9 | 21.0 | 12.5 | 65.0 | 57.9 | 5.8 | 39.2 |
| 1953-Dec.. | 275.2 | 275.2 | 231.7 | 154.6 | 19.5 | 26.4 | 31.4 | 63.9 | 13.4 | 12.0 | 65.1 | 57.7 | 6.0 | 41.2 |
| 1954-June. | 271.3 | 271.3 | 226.7 | 150.4 | 19.5 | 18.4 | 32.0 | 71.8 | 8.7 | 11.9 | 64.5 | 58.1 | 5.1 | 42.2 |
| Dec. | 278.8 | 278.8 | 233.2 | 157.8 | 19.5 | 28.5 | 28.0 | 76.1 | 5.7 | 11.8 | 63.6 | 57.7 | 4.5 | 42.6 |
| 1955-July. | 277.6 | 277.6 | 231.6 | 158.6 | 19.9 | 16.0 | 40.7 | 81.9 |  | 11.7 | 61.4 | 58.4 | 1.7 | 43.3 |
| Aug. | 278.4 | 278.3 | 231.5 | 158.9 | 20.3 | 9.0 | 47.6 | 81.9 |  | 11.6 | 61.0 | 58.5 | 1.2 | 44.2 |
| Sept. | 277.5 | 277.5 | 231.0 | 159.5 | 20.8 | 9.0 | 47.7 | 81.9 |  | 11.5 | 60.0 | 58.3 | . 4 | 43.9 |
| Oct. | 279.9 | 279.8 | 233.6 | 162.5 | 20.8 | 12.0 | 47.8 | 81.9 |  | 11.4 | 59.6 | 58.3 | . 1 | 43.7 |
| Nov. | 280.2 | 280.1 | 233.6 | 162.6 | 20.8 | 12.0 | 47.8 | 81.9 |  | 11.4 | 59.6 | 58.3 | 1 | 44.0 |
| Dec.. | 280.8 | 280.8 | 233.9 | 163.3 | 22.3 | 15.7 | 43.3 | 81.9 |  | 11.4 | 59.2 | 57.9 | (6) | 43.9 |
| 1956-Jan. | 280.1 | 280.0 | 233.6 | 163.3 | 22.3 | 15.7 | 43.4 | 81.9 |  | 11.3 | 58.9 | 57.6 | ${ }^{6}$ | 43.6 |
| Feb. | 280.2 | 280.1 | 233.6 | 163.4 | 22.3 | 15.7 | 43.4 | 81.9 |  | 11.3 | 59.0 | 57.7 | (6) | 43.7 |
| Mar | 276.4 | 276.3 | 229.7 | 159.5 | 20.8 | 20.8 | 36.0 | 81.9 |  | 11.2 | 59.0 | 57.7 | (6) | 43.7 |
| Apr. | 275.8 | 275.8 | 229.7 | 159.6 | 20.8 | 20.8 | 36.1 | 81.9 |  | 11.2 | 59.0 | 57.7 |  | 43.4 |
| May. | 276.8 272.8 | 276.7 <br> 272.8 | 229.6 224 | 159.6 155.0 | 20.8 20.8 | 20.8 16.3 | 36.1 36.0 | 81.9 81.9 |  | ${ }_{11}^{11.1}$ | 58.9 58.7 | 57.7 57.5 |  | 44.3 45.1 |
| July | 272.7 | 272.6 | 224.6 | 155.0 | 20.8 | 16.3 | 36.0 | 81.9 |  | 11.1 | 58.6 | 57.5 57.4 |  | 45.4 |

1 Includes some debt not subject to statutory debt limitation (amounting to $\$ 462$ million on July 31,1956 ) and fully guaranteed securities, not shown separately

2 Includes noninterest-bearing debt, not shown separately.
${ }^{3}$ Includes amounts held by Govt. agencies and trust funds, which aggregated $\$ 8,382$ million on June 30, 1956.
${ }^{4}$ Includes Treasury bonds and minor amounts of Panama Canal and Postal Savings bonds.
${ }_{3}$ Includes Series A investment bonds, depositary bonds, armed forces leave bonds, and adjusted service bonds, not shown separately. 6 Less than $\$ 50$ million.

OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, DIRECT AND FULLY GUARANTEED
[Par value in billions of dollars]

| End of month | Total gross debt (including guar-securities) | Held by U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds ${ }^{1}$ |  | Held by the public |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Federal Reserve Banks | Commercial banks ${ }^{2}$ | Mutual savings banks | Insurance panies | Other corporations | State and localgovts. govt | Individuals |  | Misc inves-tors3 |
|  |  | Special issues | Public issues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Savings bonds | Other securities |  |
| 1941-Dec. | 64.3 | 7.0 | 2.6 | 54.7 | 2.3 | 21.4 | 3.7 | 8.2 | 4.0 | . 7 | 5.4 | 8.2 | 0.9 |
| 1945--Dec. | 278.7 | 20.0 | 7.0 | 251.6 | 24.3 | 90.8 | 10.7 | 24.0 | 22.2 | 6.5 | 42.9 | 21.2 | 9.1 |
| 1947-Dec. | 257.0 | 29.0 | 5.4 | 222.6 | 22.6 | 68.7 | 12.0 | 23.9 | 14.1 | 7.3 | 46.2 | 19.4 | 8.4 |
| 1950-Dec. | 256.7 | 33.7 | 5.5 | 217.5 | 20.8 | 61.8 | 10.9 | 18.7 | 19.7 | 8.8 | 49.6 | 16.7 | 10.5 |
| 1951-Dec. | 259.5 | 35.9 | 6.4 | 217.2 | 23.8 | 61.6 | 9.8 | 16.5 | 20.7 | 9.6 | 49.1 | 15.5 | 10.6 |
| 1952-Dec. | 267.4 | 39.2 | 6.7 | 221.6 | 24.7 | 63.4 | 9.5 | 16.1 | 19.9 | 11.1 | 49.2 | 16.0 | 11.7 |
| 1953-Dec. | 275.2 | 41.2 | 7.1 | 226.9 | 25.9 | 63.7 | 9.2 | 15.8 | 21.0 | 12.7 | 49.4 | 16.0 | 13.2 |
| 1954-June. | 271.3 | 42.2 | 7.1 | 222.0 | 25.0 | 63.6 | 9.1 | 15.3 | 16.4 | 13.9 | 49.5 | 15.5 | 13.7 |
| Dec. | 278.8 | 42.6 | 7.0 | 229.2 | 24.9 | 69.2 | 8.8 | 15.0 | 19.3 | 14.4 | 50.0 | 13.6 | 13.9 |
| 1955-May. | 277.5 | 42.2 | 7.2 | 228.1 | 23.7 | 64.8 | 8.8 | 14.9 | 21.2 | 14.7 | 50.2 | 15.4 | 14.4 |
| June. | 274.4 | 43.3 | 7.3 | 223.9 | 23.6 |  | 8.7 |  | 18.8 | 14.7 | 50.2 | 15.1 | 14.4 |
| July. | 277.6 | 43.3 | 7.3 | 227.0 | 24.1 | 63.8 | 8.8 | 14.9 | 19.8 | 14.9 | 50.2 | 15.5 | 15.0 |
| Aug. | 278.4 | 44.2 | 7.3 | 226.8 | 23.8 | 62.7 | 8.8 | 15.0 | 20.8 | 14.9 | 50.3 | 15.6 | 15.0 |
| Sept. | 277.5 | 43.9 | 7.3 | 226.3 | 23.8 | 62.1 | 8.7 | 15.0 | 20.6 | 14.9 | 50.2 | 15.9 | 15.1 |
| Oct. | 279.9 | 43.7 | 7.4 | 228.8 | 24.0 | 62.7 | 8.6 | 14.9 | 22.3 | 15.0 | 50.2 | 15.8 | 15.3 |
| Nov. | 280.2 | 44.0 | 7.6 | 228.6 | 24.3 | 61.6 | 8.5 | 14.8 | 23.2 | 15.0 | 50.2 | 15.5 | 15.4 |
| Dec. | 280.8 | 43.9 | 7.8 | 229.1 | 24.8 | 62.0 | 8.5 | 14.3 | 23.4 | 15.1 | 50.2 | 15.3 | 15.6 |
| 1956-Jan. | 280.1 | 43.6 | 8.1 | 228.4 | 23.5 | 60.5 | 8.5 | 14.2 | r23.7 | r15.5 | 50.3 | r16.1 | ${ }^{16.0}$ |
| Fob. | 280.2 | 43.7 | 8.1 | 228.4 | 23.5 | 59.5 | 8.5 | 13.9 | r23.8 | r15.7 | 50.4 | ${ }^{16.6}$ | r16.4 |
| Mar | 276.4 | 43.7 | 8.2 | 224.5 | 23.6 | 58.3 | 8.5 | 13.6 | ${ }^{2} 20.5$ | $r 15.9$ | 50.4 | ${ }^{17} 17.1$ | r16.5 |
| Apr. | 275.8 | 43.4 | 8.2 | 224.3 | 23.3 | 58.4 | 8.5 | 13.6 | ${ }^{2} 20.7$ | r15.9 | 50.4 | ${ }^{1} 17.0$ | '16.5 |
| May. | 276.8 | 44.3 | 8.2 | 224.3 | 23.5 | 57.7 | 8.4 | 13.5 | 21.1 | 16.0 | 50.4 | 17.0 | 16.6 |

[^24][^25]UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE AND CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES OUTSTANDING, JULY 31, $1956{ }^{1}$
[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

| Issue and coupon rate | Amount | Issue and coupon rate | Amount | Issue and coupon rate | Amount | Issue and coupon rate | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Treasury bills ${ }^{2}$ |  | 195 |  | Treasury bonds |  | 起 |  |
| Aug. 2, 1956. | 1,600 | Aug. 15, 1956.......ii ${ }^{2}$ | 864 | Mar. 15, 1956-58...21/2 | 1,449 | June 15, 1964-69...21/2 | 3,752 |
| Aug. 9, 1956. | 1,601 | Oct. 1, 1956.....11/2 | 2, 22 | Sept. 15, 1956-59 3 . $23 / 4$ | , 982 | Dec. 15, 1964-69..21/2 | 3,827 |
| Aug. 16, 23,19 | 1,601 1,600 | Mar. 15, $1957 \ldots . . .218$ Apr. $1,1957 . . .11 / 2$ | 2,997 | Sept. $15,1956-59 \ldots 21 / 4$ Mar. $15,1957-59 . .23 / 8$ | 3,820 | Mar. 15, 1965-70...21/2 | 4,713 2,958 |
| Aug. 30, 1956 | 1,600 | May 15, 1957...... 15 158 | 4,155 | June 15, 1958, .....23/8 | 4,245 | June 1s, 1967-72...21/2 | 1,873 |
| Sept. 6, 19.9 | 1,602 | Aug. 1, 1957..... $23 / 4$ | 12,052 | June 15, 1958-634.. ${ }^{33 / 4}$ | + 919 | Sept. 15, 1967-72...21/2 | 2,716 |
| Sept. 13, 1956 | 1,602 1,600 | Aug. 15, 1957.......ii ${ }^{2}$ | 3,792 | Dec. 15, 1958..... ${ }^{\text {d }}$ / $/ 2$ | 2,368 | Dec. 15, 1967-72...21/2 | 3,794 1,606 |
| Sept. 27, 1956 | 1,601 | Apr. 1, 1958......11/2 | 383 | Dec. 15, 1959-62...21/4 | 3,462 | Feb. 15, 1995........ 3 | 2,745 |
| Oct. 4, 1956 | 1,600 | Jane 15, 1958..... ${ }^{\text {27/8 }}$ | 4,392 | Nov. 15, 1960......21/8 | 3,806 |  |  |
| Oct. 11, <br> Oct. 18, <br> 1956 | 1,601 1,600 |  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5,121 } \\ \hline, 102\end{array}$ | Dec. 15, 19, 196-654.. ${ }^{23 / 4}$ | 1,485 | Panama Canal Loan.... 3 | 50 |
| Oct. 25, 1956 | 1,600 | Apr. 1, 1959.......11/2 | 119 | Nov. 15, 1961...... $21 / 2$ | 11,177 | Convertible bonds |  |
|  |  | Oct. 1, 1959......11/2 | 99 | Aug. 15, 1963...... $21 / 2$ | 6,755 | Investment Series B |  |
| Certificates Dec. $1,1956 \ldots . .25 / 8$ |  |  | 198 278 | June 15, 1962-67...21/2 | 2,115 | Apr. 1, 1975-80....23/4 | 11,070 |
| Dec. $1,1956 \ldots . .25 / 8$ Feb. 15, $1957 \ldots . .2588$ | 9,083 $\mathbf{7 , 2 1 9}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Oct. } \\ \text { Apr. } & 1,1960 \ldots \ldots .11 / 2 \\ 1, \ldots . .11 / 2\end{array}$ | 278 34 | Dec. 15, 1963-68... ${ }^{1 / 2}$ | 2,824 |  |  |

1 Direct public issues.
2 Sold on discount basis. See table on Money Market Rates, p. 863.
Called for redemption; partially tax-exempt.

OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE AND CONVERTIBLE SECURTTIES ${ }^{1}$
[On basis of Treasury Survey data. Par value in millions of dollars]

| Type of holder and date | Marketable and convertible securities, by type |  |  |  |  |  | Marketable securities, by maturity class |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Bills | Certificates | Notes | Marketable bonds ${ }^{2}$ | Convertible bonds | Total | Within | $\underset{\text { years }}{1-5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5-10 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } 10 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ |
| All holders: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1953-June 30. | 159,675 | 19,707 | 15,854 | 30,425 | 81,349 | 12,340 | 147,335 | 64,589 | 32,330 | 18,677 | 31,739 |
| 1954-June 30 | 162,216 166,882 | 19,515 19 | 18,405 | 31,960 40,729 | 81,474 81,128 | 11,861 | 150,354 | 60,123 | 27,965 38,188 | 38,542 33,687 | 31,725 |
| Dec. 31 | 174,639 | 22,313 | 15,741 | 43,285 | 81,912 | 11,387 | 163,251 | 60,631 | 38,307 | 31,365 | 32,949 |
| 1956-Apr. 30 | 170,723 | 20,811 | 20,759 | 36,093 | 81,896 | 11,164 | 159,559 | 58,195 | 37,066 | 31,363 | 32,935 |
| May 31 | 170,690 | 20,805 | 20,759 | 36,107 | 81,893 | 11,126 | 159,564 | 63,326 | 31,943 | 31,362 | 32,932 |
| U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6,899 | 106 | 30 | 23 | 3,300 | 3,439 | 3,460 | 163 | 152 | 422 | 2,723 |
| 1954-June 30 | 6,985 | 46 | 41 | 64 | 3,395 | 3,439 | 3,546 | 107 | 205 | 494 | 2,740 |
| 1955-June 30. | 7,162 | 40 | 8 | 119 | 3,556 | 3,439 | 3.723 | 74 | 199 | 506 | 2,944 |
| Dec. 31 | 7,676 | 338 | 47 | 304 | 3,548 | 3,439 | 4,237 | 422 | 373 | 426 | 3,016 |
| 1956-Apr. 30. | 8,034 | 304 | 229 | 561 | 3,547 | 3,393 | 4,641 | 700 | 500 | 410 | 3,031 |
| May 31 | 8,060 | 302 | 236 | 595 | 3,558 | 3,369 | 4,691 | 822 | 417 | 421 | 3,031 |
| Federal Reserve Banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1953-June 30. | 24,746 | 1,455 | 4,996 | 13,774 | 4,522 |  | 24,746 | 15,505 | 6,452 | 1,374 | 1,415 |
| 1954-June 30 | 25,037 | 2,316 | 6,600 | 13,029 | 3,093 |  | 25,037 | 16,280 | 6.307 | 1,035 | 1,415 |
| 1955-June 30 | 23,607 | 886 | 8,274 | 11,646 | 2,802 |  | 23,607 | 17,403 | 3,773 | 1,014 | 1,415 |
| Dec. 31 | 24,785 | 1,722 | 6,002 | 14,259 | 2,802 |  | 24,785 | 20,742 | 1,614 | 1,014 | 1,415 |
| 1956-Apr. 30 | 23,345 | 403 | 10,955 | 9,185 | 2,802 |  | 23,345 | 19,829 | 1,087 | 1,014 | 1,415 |
| May 31 | 23,474 | 538 | 10,946 | 9,188 | 2,802 |  | 23,474 | 19,948 | 1,097 | 1,014 | 1,415 |
| Commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1953-June 30. | 51,365 | 4,411 | 4,351 | 10,355 | 32,066 | 182 | 51,183 | 19,580 | 18,344 | 8,772 | 4,488 |
| 1954-June 30. | 56,199 | 4,187 |  |  | 35,481 | 165 | 56,034 |  | 14,624 | 18,741 |  |
| 1955-June ${ }^{\text {Dec. }} 31$. | 55,667 53,956 | 2,721 | 1,455 | 15,385 | 35,942 | 164 157 | 55,503 53,798 | 77.187 | 21,712 | 21, 1148 | 5,494 4,579 |
| 1956-Apr. 30 | 50,943 | 2,280 | 1,584 | 11,996 | 34,926 | 158 | 50,785 | 6,044 | 20,950 | 19,218 | 4,573 |
| May 31 | 50,282 | 2,228 | 1,446 | 11,694 | 34,759 | 155 | 50,127 | 8,023 | 18,268 | 19,144 | 4,692 |
| Mutual savinge banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,816 | 120 |  | 62 | 7,232 |  | 7,502 | 476 | 464 | 1,395 | 5,167 |
| 1954 June 30 | 8,353 | 88 | $\begin{array}{r}101 \\ 53 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 221 | 6. 669 | 1,265 | 7,089 | 294 | 476 | 1,389 | 4,930 |
| 1955-June 30 | 8,069 | 84 | 53 | 289 | 6,422 | 1,222 | 6,848 | 164 | 533 | 1,405 | 4,746 |
| Dec. 31 | 7,856 | 128 | 47 | 322 | 6,170 | 1,189 | 6,667 | 208 | 570 | 1,335 | 4,554 |
| 1956-Apr. 30 | 7,851 | 131 | 38 | 372 | 6,148 | 1,161 | 6,690 | 255 | 572 | 1,333 | 4,530 |
| May | 7,813 | 127 | 44 | 361 | 6,119 | 1,161 | 6,652 | 271 | 553 | 1,322 | 4,506 |
| Insurance companies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1953-June 30 | 14,155 | 460 | 337 | 534 | 9,339 | 3,486 | 10,669 | 1,472 | 1,023 | 1,849 | 6,325 |
| 1954-June 30 | 13,520 | 622 | 209 | 691 | 8,805 | 3,193 | 10,327 | 1,190 | 1,045 | 2,171 | 5,921 |
| 1955-June 30 | 13,117 | 630 | 74 | 789 | 8,479 | 3,145 | 9.972 | 810 | 1,339 | 2,027 | 5,796 |
| Dec. 31 | 12,667 | 515 | 83 | 842 | 8.286 | 2,941 | 9,726 | 694 | 1,502 | 1,840 | 5,689 |
| 1956-Apr. 30 | 12,001 | 347 | 76 | 798 | 7,984 | 2,796 | 9,204 | 579 | 1,361 | 1,839 | 5,425 |
| May 31. | 11,885 | 357 | 83 | 794 | 7,856 | 2,795 | 9,090 | 712 | 1,232 | 1,809 | 5,338 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1954-June 30 | 52,121 | 12.248 | 6,511 | 6.531 | 23,032 | 3,800 | 48,322 | 24,568 | 5,308 | 6,711 | 11,734 |
| 1955-June 30 | 59,260 | 15,153 | 3,973 | 12,502 | 23,927 | 3,706 | 55,554 | 24,062 | 10,633 | 7,626 | 13,233 |
| Dec. 31 | 67,700 | 16,047 | 7.612 | 14,705 | 25,675 | 3,661 | 64,039 | 30,831 | 12,245 | 7,267 | 13,696 |
| 1956-Apr. 30 | 68,550 | 17,346 | 7,877 | 13,181 | 26,490 | 3,656 | 64,894 | 30,788 | 12,595 | 7,549 | 13,962 |
| May 31. | 69,176 | 17,253 | 8,005 | 13,474 | 26,798 | 3,646 | 65,530 | 33,550 | 10,376 | 7,653 | 13,951 |
| 1 Direct public issues. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Includes minor amounts of Panama Canal and Postal Savings bonds. <br> Note.-Commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and insurance com- <br> panies included in the survey account for over 90 per cent of total holdings by these institutions. Data are complete for U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds and Federal Reserve Banks. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NEW SECURITY ISSUES :
[Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In millions of dollars]

$r$ Revised.
${ }^{1}$ Estimates of new issues sold for cash in the United States.
${ }^{2}$ Gross proceeds are derived by multiplying principal amounts or number of units by offering price.
${ }^{3}$ Includes guaranteed issues.
${ }_{5}^{4}$ Issues not guaranteed.
Rovernment, International Bank, and domestic eleemosynary and other nonprofit.
6 Estimated net proceeds are equal to estimated gross proceeds less cost
of flotation, i.e., compensation to underwriters, agents, etc., and expenses. 7 Represents proceeds for plant and equipment and working capital.
${ }_{8}$ Represents proceeds for the retirement of mortgages and bank debt with original maturities of more than one year. Proceeds for retirement of short-term bank debts are included under the uses for which the bank debt was incurred.
${ }_{10}$ Represents all issues other than those for retirement of securities.

## SALES, PROFITS, AND DIVIDENDS OF LARGE CORPORATIONS

[In millions of dollars]

| Industry | Annual totals |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1954 |  | 1955 |  |  |  | $\frac{1956}{1}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |
| Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (200 corps.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales...... | 45,787 | 52,940 | 54,517 | 63,343 | 58,110 | 69,443 | 13,552 | 15,222 | 16,599 | 17,929 | 16,887 | 18,028 | 18,100 |
| Profits before taxes | 8,176 | 8,869 | 7,308 | 8,375 | 7,244 | 10,226 | 1,578 | 1,919 | 2,452 | 2.767 | 2,388 | 2,619 | 2,598 |
| Profits after taxes | 4,222 | 3,548 | 3,192 | 3,649 | 3,825 | 5,221 | 810 | 1,106 | 1,215 | 1,392 | 1,206 | 1,408 | 1,282 |
| Dividends..... | 2,339 | 2,075 | 2,073 | 2,154 | 2,384 | 2,827 | 533 | 788 | 575 | 577 | 659 | 1,015 | 704 |
| Nondurable goods indus Sales. . . . . . . . | 16,252 | 18,916 | 19,266 | 20,694 | 20,620 | 23,065 | 5,059 | 5,426 | 5,509 | 5,742 | 5,776 | 6,037 | 6,094 |
| Profits before taxes | 2,947 | 3,447 | 2,853 | 3,028 | 2,753 | 3,408 | 667 | 682 | 801 | 849 | 869 | 889 | 900 |
| Profits after taxes. | 1,661 | 1,533 | 1,392 | 1,526 | 1,581 | 1,916 | 380 | 422 | 442 | 471 | 483 | 520 | 495 |
| Dividends . . . . . . . . . $10 . \ldots \ldots .$. | 977 | 925 | 946 | 972 | 1,064 | 1,202 | 243 | 348 | 256 | 260 | 283 | 402 | 290 |
| Durable goods industries (106 corps.) ${ }^{2}$ Sales. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 29,535 | 34,024 | 35,251 | 42,649 | 37,490 | 46,378 | 8,493 | 9,796 | 11,090 | 12,187 | 11,111 | 11,990 | 12,006 |
| Profits before taxe | 5,229 | 5,422 | 4,455 | 5,346 | 4,491 | 6,818 | 911 | 1,237 | 1,651 | 1,919 | 1,518 | 1,730 | 1,699 |
| Profits after taxes | 2,560 | 2,015 | 1,800 | 2,123 | 2,244 | 3,305 | 430 | 684 | 773 | 920 | 723. | 888 | 787 |
| Dividends... | 1,362 | 1,149 | 1,127 | 1,182 | 1,320 | 1,625 | 290 | 440 | 319 | 317 | 376 | 613 | 414 |
| Selected industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foods and kindred products (28 corps.): | 4,402 | 4,909 | 5,042 | 5.411 | 5,476 | 5,813 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profits before taxes | - 532 | 4,473 | , 453 | , 465 | -462 | - 499 | 1, 122 | 1, 110 | $\begin{array}{r}1,358 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,461 | 1,491 139 | 1, 129 | 1,531 123 |
| Profits after taxes. | 289 | 2.27 | 203 | 212 | 224 | 245 | 59 | 57 | 46 | 63 | 68 | 68 | 55 |
| Dividends. ...... | 161 | 159 | 154 | 154 | 156 | 160 | 39 | 46 | 36 | 36 | 39 | 50 | 37 |
| Chemicals and allied products ( 26 corps.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales. | 4,817 | 5,882 | 5,965 | 6,373 | 6,182 | 7,222 | 1,517 | 1,623 | 1,721 | 1,811 | 1,799 | 1,891 | 1,879 |
| Profits before taxe | 1,178 | 1,490 | 1,259 | 1,308 | 1,153 | 1,535 | 277 | 313 | 366 | 381 | 390 | 399 | 385 |
| Profits after taxes | 597 | 521 | 486 | 520 | 593 | 782 | 137 | 174 | 182 | 193 | 198 | 209 | 195 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales................ | 4,359 | 5,078 911 | 5,411 728 | 5,883 | 6,015 | 6,556 | 1,473 181 | 1,562 | 1,566 | 1,613 200 | 1,632 218 | 1,745 226 | 1,764 248 |
| Profits after taxes | 492 | 560 | 524 | 603 | 567 | 624 | 140 | 132 | 150 | 147 | 156 | 172 | 174 |
| Dividends.... . . | 236 | 262 | 283 | 290 | 294 | 317 | 73 | 77 | 77 | 77 | 80 | 83 | 82 |
| Primary metals and products (39 corps.) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales. . . . . . . . | 10,448 | 12,507 | 11,564 | 13,750 | 11,522 | 14,927 | 2,715 | 2,874 | 3,300 | 3,858 | 3,746 | 4,024 | 4,162 |
| Profits before taxes | 1,706 | 2,098 | 1, 147 | 1,817 | 1,357 | 2,375 | 300 | 400 | 487 | 633 | 582 | 674 | 692 |
| Profitends..... | 378 | 382 | 369 | 377 | 407 | 1, 522 | 149 | 125 | 114 | 108 1 | 118 | 182 | 343 141 |
| Machinery ( 27 corps.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales. . . . . . . . . . . | 5,049 | 6,168 | 7,077 | 8,005 | 7,745 | 8,110 | 1,866 | 2,024 | 1,953 | 2,045 | 1,977 | 2,135 | 2,168 |
| Profits before taxes | 847 | 1,000 | 971 | 1,011 | 914 | 894 | 201 | 222 | 229 | 251 | 208 | 206 | 200 |
| Profits after taxes. | 424 | 365 | 375 | 402 | 465 | 458 | 102 | 138 | 110 | 120 | 103 | 124 | 75 |
| Dividends....... . | 208 | 192 | 199 | 237 | 263 | 281 | 64 | 76 | 67 | 66 | 67 | 81 | 78 |
| Automobiles and equipment (15 corps.): Sales. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 13,038 |  |  |  |  | 3,850 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profits before taxes | 2,332 | 1,950 | 1,982 | 2,078 | 1,789 | 3,023 | 2, 299 | , 510 | -825 | - 894 | +,246 | -715 | 4,690 |
| Profits after taxes. | 1,101 | 717 | '709 | -758 | , 863 | 1,394 | 126 | 261 | 369 | 418 | 261 | 346 | 312 |
| Dividends. | 679 | 486 | 469 | 469 | 536 | 693 | 108 | 198 | 109 | 114 | 161 | 309 | 162 |
| Public Utility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Railroad: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenue. | 9,473 | 10,391 | 10,581 | 10,664 | 9,371 | 10,106 | 2,366 | 2,395 | 2,305 | 2,524 | 2,634 | 2,643 | 2,535 |
| Profits before taxes | 1,385 | 1,260 | 1,451 | 1,404 | 900 | 1,342 | 226 | 319 | 259 | 358 | 370 | 355 | 252 |
| Profits after tax | 784 | 693 | 832 | 871 | 674 | 925 | 172 | 277 | 175 | 242 | 243 | 265 | 164 |
| Dividends. | 312 | 328 | 338 | 412 | 379 | 421 | 74 | 136 | 101 | 90 | 74 | 156 | 111 |
| Electric power: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profits before taxes | 1,313 | 1,482 | 1,749 | 7,136 | 7,610 | 8,395 2,304 | $\begin{array}{r}1,831 \\ \hline 478\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,976 \\ 513 \\ \hline 288\end{array}$ | 2,169 | 1,999 523 | 2,034 | 2,193 | 2,422 710 |
| Profits after taxes. | , 822 | - 814 | 1,947 | 1,030 | 1,140 | 1,247 | 264 | 288 | 341 | 296 | 284 | 326 | 374 |
| Dividends....... | 619 | 651 | 725 | 780 | 857 | 930 | 211 | 224 | 225 | 229 | 229 | 247 | 247 |
| Telephone: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Profits before taxes. | , 580 | -691 | , 787 | , 925 | 1,050 | 1,282 | , 262 | , 284 | , 306 | 1,315 | 1,325 | 1,436 | 1.439 |
| Profits after taxes. | 331 | 341 | 384 | 452 | 525 | 638 | 141 | 143 | 152 | 156 | 161 | 169 | 169 |
| Dividends..... | 276 | 318 | 355 | 412 | 448 | 496 | 112 | 116 | 118 | 122 | 126 | 130 | 132 |

1 Includes 26 companies in groups not shown separately, as follows: textile mill products (10); paper and allied products (15); miscellaneous (1). 2 Includes 25 companies in groups not shown separately, as follows: building materials (12); transportation equipment other than automobile (6); and miscellaneous (7).

Note.-Manufacturing corporations. Sales data are obtained from the Securities and Exchange Commission; other data from published company reports.

Railroads. Figures are for Class I line-haul railroads (which account for 95 per cent of all railroad operations) and are obtained from reports of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Electric power. Figures are for Class $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ electric utilities (which account for about 95 per cent of all electric power operations) and are
quarterly figures on operating revenue and profits before taxes are partly estimated by the Federal Reserve to include affiliated nonelectric operations.
Telephone. Revenues and profits are for telephone operations of the Bell System Consolidated (including the 20 operating subsidiaries and the Long Lines and General departments of American Telephone and Telegraph Company) and for two affiliated telephone companies, which together represent about 85 per cent of all telephone operations. Dividends are for the 20 operating subsidiaries and the two affiliates. Data are obtained from the Federal Communications Commission.
All series. Profits before taxes refer to income after all charges and before Federal income taxes and dividends. For detailed description of series, see pp. 662-666 of the BULLETIN for June 1949 (manufacturing); o: the Bulletin for September 1944 (electric power).

CORPORATE PROFTTS, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS
[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions

| Year or quarter | Profits before taxes | Income taxes | Profits after taxes | Cash dividends | Undistributed profits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 | 32.8 | 12.5 | 20.3 | 7.2 | 13.0 |
| 1949 | 26.2 | 10.4 | 15.8 | 7.5 | 8.3 |
| 1950 | 40.0 | 17.8 | 22.1 | 9.2 | 12.9 |
| 1951 | 41.2 | 22.5 | 18.7 | 9.1 | 9.6 |
| 1952 | 35.9 | 19.8 | 16.1 | 9.0 | 7.1 |
| 1953 | 37.0 | 20.3 | 16.7 | 9.3 | 7.4 |
| 1954 | 33.2 | 16.8 | 16.4 | 10.0 | 6.4 |
| 1955 | 42.7 | 21.5 | 21.1 | 11.2 | 10.0 |
| 1955-1. | 39.7 | 20.0 | 19.7 | 10.4 | 9.3 |
|  | 41.1 | 20.7 | 20.3 | 10.7 | 9.6 |
|  | 43.5 | 22.0 | 21.5 | 11.0 | 10.5 |
|  | 46.4 | 23.4 | 23.0 | 12.1 | 10.9 |
| 1956-1. | 43.7 | 22.1 | 21.6 | 11.8 | 9.8 |
|  | 43.5 | 22.0 | 21.5 | 12.2 | 9.3 |

1 Preliminary estimates by Council of Economic Advisers.

NOTE.-Quarterly data are at seasonally adjusted ennual rates.

NET CHANGE IN OUTSTANDING CORPORATE SECURITIES ${ }^{1}$
[Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In millions of dollars]

| Year or quarter | All types |  |  | Bonds and notes |  |  | Stocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New issues | Retire ments | Net change | New issues | Retire ments | Net change | New issues | Retirements | Net change |
| 1948 | 7,570 | 1,683 | 5,887 | 5,938 | 1,283 | 4,655 | 1,632 | 400 | 1,232 |
| 1949 | 6,731 | 1,875 | 4,856 | 4,867 | 1,583 | 3,284 | 1,864 | 292 | 1,572 |
| 1950 | 7,224 | 3,501 | 3,724 | 4,806 | 2,802 | 2,004 | 2,418 | 698 | 1,720 |
| 1951 | 9,048 | 2,772 | 6,277 | 5,682 | 2,105 | 3,577 | 3,366 | 666 | 2,700 |
| 1952 | 10,679 | 2,751 | 7,927 | 7,344 | 2,403 | 4,940 | 3,335 | 348 | 2,987 |
| 1953 | 9,550 | 2,428 | 7,121 | 6,651 | 1,896 | 4,755 | 2,898 | 533 | 2,366 |
| 1954 | 11,694 | 5,629 | 6,065 | 7,832 | 4,033 | 3,799 | 3,862 | 1,596 | 2,265 |
| 1955 | 12,595 | 5,372 | 7,223 | 7,712 | 3,199 | 4,513 | 4,883 | 2,173 | 2,710 |
| 1955-1. | 3,014 | 1,295 | 1,719 | 1,681 | 702 | 979 | 1,333 | 593 | 740 |
| 2 | 2,891 | 1,484 | 1,407 | 1,802 | 767 | 1,034 | 1,089 | 717 | 373 |
|  | 2,895 | 1,427 | 1,468 | 1,838 | 923 | ,915 | 1,057 | 504 | 553 |
|  | 3,795 | 1,165 | 2,630 | 2,391 | 806 | 1,585 | 1,404 | 359 | 1,046 |
| 1956-1 | 2,827 | 1,043 | 1,784 | 1,678 | 707 | 970 | 1,149 | 336 | 813 |

1 Reflects cash transactions only. As contrasted with data shown on p. 874, new issues exclude foreign and include offerings of open-end investment companies, sales of securities held by affiliated companies or RFC, special offerings to employees, and also new stock include the same types of issues, and also securities retired with internal funds or with proceeds of issues for that purpose shown on p. 874 .

CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CORPORATIONS 1
[Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In billions of dollars]

| End of year or quarter | Net working capital | Current assets |  |  |  |  |  |  | Current liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Cash | U. S. Govt. securities | Notes and accts. receivable |  | Inventories | Other | Total | Notes and accts. payable |  | Federal income tax liabilities | Other |
|  |  |  |  |  | U. S. Govt. ${ }^{2}$ | Other |  |  |  | U.S. Govt. ${ }^{2}$ | Other |  |  |
| 1948 | 68.6 | 133.0 | 25.3 | 14.8 |  | 4 | 48.9 | 1.6 | 64.4 |  | 3 | 11.5 | 13.5 |
| 1949 | 72.4 | 133.1 | 26.5 | 16.8 |  | 0 | 45.3 | 1.4 | 60.7 |  | 5 | 9.3 | 14.0 |
| 1950 | 81.6 | 161.5 | 28.1 | 19.7 | 1.1 | 55.7 | 55.1 | 1.7 | 79.8 | . 4 | 47.9 | 16.7 | 14.9 |
| 1951 | 86.5 | 179.1 | 30.0 | 20.7 | 2.7 | 58.8 | 64.9 | 2.1 | 92.6 | 1.3 | 53.6 | 21.3 | 16.5 |
| 1952. | 90.1 | 186.2 | 30.8 | 19.9 | 2.8 | 64.6 | 65.8 | 2.4 | 96.1 | 2.3 | 57.0 | 18.1 | 18.7 |
| 1953. | 92.6 | 189.6 | 30.9 | 21.0 | 2.6 | 64.8 | 67.9 | 2.4 | 97.0 | 2.2 | 56.3 | 19.2 | 19.3 |
| 1954. | 95.8 | 187.3 | 31.7 | 19.3 | 2.4 | 66.2 | 65.1 | 2.6 | 91.5 | 2.4 | 54.0 | 15.7 | 19.4 |
| 1955-1. | 98.1 | 187.9 | 30.3 | 19.0 | 2.2 | 67.8 | 65.8 | 2.8 | 89.8 | 2.5 | 54.2 | 13.4 | 19.7 |
| 2. | 100.6 | 190.1 | 30.8 | 18.8 | 2.1 | 70.1 | 65.5 | 2.8 | 89.6 | 2.3 | 54.9 | 12.1 | 20.1 |
| 3. | 102.3 | 198.9 | 31.3 | 20.6 | 2.2 | 74.5 | 67.3 | 3.0 | 96.6 | 2.2 | 58.0 | 15.3 | 21.0 |
| 4. | 103.6 | 206.6 | 32.2 | 23.4 | 2.3 | 76.0 | 69.8 | 2.9 | 103.0 | 2.3 | 61.6 | 18.5 | 20.7 |
| 1956-1. | 105.6 | 205.4 | 29.6 | 20.5 | 2.3 | 77.0 | 72.8 | 3.2 | 99.8 | 2.3 | 61.0 | 15.3 | 21.2 |

1 Excludes banks and insurance companies. ${ }^{2}$ Receivables from, and payables to, the U. S. Gover

BUSINESS EXPENDITURES ON NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT ${ }^{1}$
[Department of Commerce and Securities and Exchange Commission estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Year |
| :--- |
| Total |

MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING, BY TYPE OF PROPERTY MORTGAGED AND TYPE OF MORTGAGE HOLDER
[In billions of dollars]

| End of year or quarter | All properties |  |  |  | Nonfarm |  |  |  |  |  |  | Farm |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { hold- } \\ \text { ers } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Finan- } \\ \text { cial } \\ \text { insti- } \\ \text { tutions } \end{array}$ | Other holders |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { hold } \\ \text { ers }}}{\text { All }}$ | 1- to 4-family houses |  |  | Multi-family and commercial properties ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | All holders | Financial institutions | Other holders ${ }^{2}$ |
|  |  |  | Selected Federal agencies | Individuals and others |  | Total | Financial institutions | Other holders | Total | Financial institutions | Other holders |  |  |  |
| 1941. | 37.6 | 20.7 | 2.0 | 14.9 | 31.2 | 18.4 | 11.2 | 7.2 | 12.9 | 8.1 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 1.5 | 4.9 |
| 1945. | 35.5 | 21.0 | . 9 | 13.7 | 30.8 | 18.6 | 12.2 | 6.4 | 12.2 | 7.4 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 1.3 | 3.4 |
| 1948. | 56.2 62.7 | 37.8 42.9 | 1.6 | 17.8 18.7 | 50.9 57.1 | 33.3 37.6 | 25.0 28.5 | 8.3 9.1 | 17.6 | 10.9 12.3 | 6.7 | 5.3 5.6 | 1.9 2.1 | 3.4 3.5 |
| 1950 | 72.8 | 51.7 | 1.4 | 19.8 | 66.8 | 45.2 | 35.4 | 9.8 | 21.6 | 14.0 | 7.6 | 6.1 | 2.3 | 3.7 |
| 1951. | 82.2 | 59.5 | 2.0 | 20.7 | 75.6 | 51.7 | 41.1 | 10.7 | 23.9 | 15.9 | 8.0 | 6.6 | 2.6 | 4.0 |
| 1952. | 91.2 | 66.9 | 2.4 | 21.9 | 84.1 | 58.5 | 46.8 | 11.7 | 25.6 | 17.2 | 8.3 | 7.2 | 2.8 | 4.3 |
| 1953. | 101.1 | 75.1 | 2.8 | 23.3 | 93.5 | 66.1 | 53.6 | 12.5 | 27.4 | 18.5 | 8.9 | 7.7 | 3.0 | 4.6 |
| 1954. | 113.6 $r 129$ | 85.7 99 | 2.8 | 25.0 | 105.4 | 75.7 | 62.5 | 13.2 | 29.7 32.5 | 20.0 | 9.7 | 8.2 | 3.3 3.6 | 4.9 |
| 1955 ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | ${ }^{1} 129.8$ | 99.5 | 3.1 | r27.3 | 120.9 | 88.4 | 74.1 | 14.4 | 32.5 | 21.8 | 10.7 | r9.0 | 3.6 | r5.3 |
| 1954-Dec., | 113.6 | 85.7 | 2.8 | 25.0 | 105.4 | 75.7 | 62.5 | 13.2 | 29.7 | 20.0 | 9.7 | 8.2 | 3.3 | 4.9 |
| 1955-Marp. | ${ }^{1} 117.2$ | 88.8 | 2.9 | 25.5 | 108.8 | 78.5 | 65.0 | 13.5 | 30.3 | 20.4 | 9.9 | '8.4 | 3.4 | 5.1 |
| June ${ }^{p}$. | ${ }^{1} 121.9$ | 92.7 | 3.0 | r26.2 | 113.2 | 82.2 | 68.4 | 13.8 | 31.0 | 20.8 | 10.2 | r8.7 | 3.5 | r5.2 |
| Sept.p | ${ }^{1} 126.1$ | 96.3 | 3.0 | r26.7 | 117.3 | 85.6 | 71.4 | 14.1 | 31.7 | 21.3 | 10.4 | ${ }^{8} 8.8$ | 3.6 | '5.2 |
| Dec.p. | ${ }^{1} 129.8$ | 99.5 | 3.1 | r27.3 | 120.9 | 88.4 | 74.1 | 14.4 | 32.5 | 21.8 | 10.7 | ${ }^{1} 9.0$ | 3.6 | r5.3 |
| 1956-Mar. ${ }^{\text {p }}$. | r133.5 | 102.5 | 3.2 | 27.9 | 124.3 | 91.1 | 76.5 | 14.6 | 33.2 | 22.3 | 10.9 | r9.2 | 3.7 | r5.5 |
| June ${ }^{p}$. | 137.6 | 105.9 | 3.2 | 28.5 | 128.2 | 94.2 | 79.3 | 14.9 | 34.0 | 22.8 | 11.2 | 9.4 | 3.8 | 5.7 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\quad{ }^{r}$ Revised.
1 Derived figures, which include negligible amount of farm loans held by savings and loan associations.
${ }_{2}$ Derived figures, which include debt held by Federal land banks and Farmers Home Administration.
Nore.-Figures for first three quarters of each year are Federal Reserve estimates. Financial institutions include commercial banks (including nondeposit trust companies but not trust departments), mutual savings banks, life insurance companies, and savings and loan associations.

Federal agencies include HOLC, FNMA, and VA (the bulk of the amounts through 1948 held by HOLC, since then by FNMA). Other Federal agencies (amounts small and separate data not readily available currently) are included with individuals and others.
Sources.-Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Institute of Life Insurance, Departments of Agriculture
and Commerce, Federal National Mortgage Association, Veterans Administration, Comptroller of the Currency, and Federal Reserve.

MORTGAGE LOANS HELD BY BANKS
[In millions of dollars]

| End of year or quarter | Commercial bank holdings ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mutual savings bank holdings ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Residential |  |  |  | Other nonfarm | Farm | Total | Residential |  |  |  | Other nonfarm | Farm |
|  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FHA- } \\ & \text { in- } \\ & \text { sured } \end{aligned}$ | VA. guaranteed | Con-ventional |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FHA- } \\ & \text { in- } \\ & \text { sured } \end{aligned}$ | VA. guaranteed | Con-ventional |  |  |
| 1941. | 4,906 | 3,292 |  |  |  | 1,048 | 566 | 4,812 | 3,884 |  |  |  | 900 | 28 |
| 1945 | 4,772 | 3,395 |  |  |  | 856 | 521 | 4,208 | 3,387 |  |  |  | 797 | 24 |
| 1948. | 10,897 | 8,066 |  |  |  | 1,957 | 874 | 5,806 | 4,758 |  |  |  | 1,015 | 34 |
| 1949. | 11,644 | 8,676 |  |  | . | 2,060 | 909 | 6,705 | 5,569 |  |  |  | 1,099 | 37 |
| 1950. | 13,664 | 10,431 |  |  |  | 2,264 | -968 | 8,261 | 7,054 |  |  |  | 1,164 | 44 |
| 1951. | 14,732 | 11,270 | 3,421 | 2,921 | 4,929 | 2,458 | 1,004 | 9,916 | 8,595 | 2,567 | 1,726 | 4,303 | 1,274 | 47 |
| 1952. | 15,867 | 12,188 | 3,675 | 3,012 | 5,501 | 2,621 | 1,058 | 11,379 | 9,883 | 3,168 | 2,237 | 4,477 | 1,444 | 53 |
| 1953. | 16,850 | 12,925 | 3,912 | 3,061 | 5,951 | 2,843 | 1,082 | 12,943 | 11,334 | 3,489 | 3,053 | 4,792 | 1,556 | 53 |
| 1954. | 18,573 | 14,152 | 4,106 | 3,350 | 6,695 | 3,263 | 1,159 | 15,007 | 13,211 | 3,800 | 4,262 | 5,149 | 1,740 | 56 |
| 1955. | 21,004 | 15,888 | 4,560 | 3,711 | 7,617 | 3,819 | 1,297 | 17,457 | 15,568 | 4,150 | 5,773 | 5,645 | 1,831 | 58 |
| 1954-Dec. | 18,573 | 14,152 | 4,106 | 3,350 | 6,695 | 3,263 | 1,159 | 15,007 | 13,211 | 3,800 | 4,262 | 5,149 | 1,740 | 56 |
| 1955-Mar. | 19,125 | 14,535 | 4,205 | 3,450 | 6,880 | 3,385 | 1,205 | 15,560 | 13.745 | 3,895 | 4,600 | 5,250 | 1,758 | 57 |
| June. | 19,940 | 15,128 | 4,361 | 3,601 | 7,166 | 3,549 | 1,263 | 16,173 | 14,339 | 4,000 | 4,976 | 5,362 | 1,775 | 59 |
| Sept. | 20,540 | 15,560 | 4,475 | 3,675 | 7,410 | 3,700 | 1,280 | 16,845 | 14,985 | 4,090 | 5,360 | 5,535 | 1,801 | 59 |
| Dec. | 21,004 | 15,888 | 4,560 | 3,711 | 7,617 | 3,819 | 1,297 | 17,457 | 15,568 | 4,150 | 5,773 | 5,645 | 1,831 | 58 |
| 1956-Mar. ${ }^{p}$ | 21,500 | 16,240 | 4,648 | 3,760 | 7,832 | 3,950 | 1,310 | 18,045 | 16,132 | 4,210 | 6,155 | 5,767 | 1,855 | 58 |
| June ${ }^{p}$. | 22,135 | 16,700 | 4,767 | 3,833 | 8,100 | 4,110 | 1,325 | 18,620 | 16,690 | 4,255 | 6,550 | 5,885 | 1,872 | 58 |

[^26]banking statistics. March and September figures are Federal Reserve estimates based in part on data from National Association of Mutual Savings Banks.
Sources.-All-bank series prepared by Federal Deposit Insurance agencies, Comptroller of the Currency, and Federal Reserve.

MORTGAGE ACTIVITY OF LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Loans acquired |  |  |  |  |  | Loans outstanding (end of period) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Nonfarm |  |  |  | Farm | Total | Nonfarm |  |  |  | Farm |
|  |  | Total | FHAinsured | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VA- } \\ & \text { guar- } \\ & \text { antee } \end{aligned}$ | Other |  |  | Total | FHAinsured | $\begin{gathered} \text { VA- } \\ \text { guar- } \\ \text { anteed } \end{gathered}$ | Other |  |
| 1941. | 976 |  |  |  |  |  | 6,442 6,636 | 5,529 5,860 | 815 1,394 |  | 4,714 4,466 | 913 776 |
| 1948. | 3,407 | 3,114 | 1,202 | 366 | 1,546 | 293 | 10,833 | 9,843 | 2,381 | 1,104 | 6,358 | 990 |
| 1949. | 3,430 | 3,123 | 1,350 | 131 | 1,642 | 307 | 12,906 | 11,768 | 3,454 | 1,223 | 7,091 | 1,138 |
| 1950. | 4,894 | 4,532 | 1,486 | 938 | 2,108 | 362 | 16,102 | 14,775 | 4,573 | 2,025 | 8,177 | 1,327 |
| 1951. | 5,134 | 4,723 | 1,058 | 1,294 | 2,371 | 411 | 19,314 | 17,787 | 5,257 | 3,130 | 9,400 | 1,527 |
| 1952. | 3,978 | 3,606 | 864 | 429 | 2,313 | 372 | 21,251 | 19,546 | 5,681 | 3,346 | 10,519 | 1,705 |
| 1953. | 4,345 | 3,925 | 817 | 455 | 2,653 | 420 | 23,322 | 21,436 | 6,012 | 3,560 | 11, 864 | 1,886 |
| 1954. | 5,344 | 4,931 | 672 | 1,378 | 2,881 | 413 | 25,976 | 23,928 | 6,116 | 4,643 | 13,169 | 2,048 |
| 1955. | 6,620 | 6,107 | 971 | 1,843 | 3,293 | 513 | 29,433 | 27,166 | 6,410 | 6,075 | 14,681 | 2,267 |
| 1955-Sune. | 519 | 478 | 71 | 151 | 256 | 41 | 27.483 | 25,310 | 6,202 | 5,297 | 13,811 | 2,173 |
| July . | 488 | 454 | 72 | 118 | 264 | 34 | 27,748 | 25,551 | 6,225 | 5,373 | 13,953 | 2,197 |
| Aug. | 536 | 503 | 77 | 140 | 286 | 33 | 28,001 | 25,787 | 6,244 | 5,468 | 14,075 | 2,214 |
|  | 513 | 485 | 80 | 127 | 278 |  | 28,250 | 26,025 | 6,260 |  | 14,192 | 2,225 |
| Oct. | 578 | 535 | 76 | 160 | 299 | 43 | 28,563 | 26,320 | 6,289 | 5,692 | 14,339 | 2,243 |
|  | 545 | 514 | 86 | 155 | 273 | 31 |  | 26,613 | 6,328 | 5,808 | 14,477 | 2,255 |
| Dec. | 857 | 811 | 150 | 296 | 365 | 46 | 29,433 | 27,166 | 6,410 | 6,075 | 14,681 | 2,26: |
| 1956-Jan. | 646 | 595 | 105 | 208 | 282 | 51 | 29,800 | 27,526 | 6,463 | 6,251 | 14,812 | 2,274 |
| Feb. | 564 | 503 | 75 | 138 | 290 | 61 | 30, 102 | 27,799 | 6,493 | 6,360 | 14,946 | 2,303 |
| Mar | 556 | 492 | 76 | 131 | 285 | 64 | 30.383 | 28,055 | 6,515 | 6,466 | 15,074 | 2,328 |
| Apr. | 516 | 470 | 68 | 134 | 268 | 46 | 30,651 | 28,301 | 6,535 | 6,571 | 15,195 | 2,350 |
| May | 618 | 568 | 92 | 140 | 336 | 50 | 30,991 | 28,612 | 6,574 | 6,665 | 15,373 | 2,379 |
| June. | 546 | 507 | 58 | 136 | 313 | 39 | 31,284 | 28,884 | 6,584 | 6,764 | 15,536 | 2,400 |

Note.-For loans acquired, the monthly figures may not add to annual totals, and for loans outstanding, the end-of-December figures may differ from end-of-year figures, because monthly figures represent book value of ledger assets whereas year-end figures represent annual statement asset
values, and because data for year-end adjustments are more complete. Source.-Institute of Life Insurance; end-of-year figures are from Life insurance Fact Book, and end-of-month figures from the Tally of Life Insurance Statistics and Life Insurance News Data.

MORTGAGE ACTIVITY OF SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCLATIONS

| Year or month | [In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Loans made |  |  | Loans outstanding (end of period) |  |  |  |
|  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | New con-struc- tion | Home purchase | Total ${ }^{2}$ | FHA-- in- sured | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VA- } \\ & \text { guar- } \\ & \text { antee } \end{aligned}$ | Con-ventional |
| 1941. | 1,379 | 437 | 581 | 4,578 |  |  |  |
| 1945 | 1,913 | 181 | 1,358 | 5,376 |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 3,607 | 1,046 | 1,710 | 10,305 | 563 | 2,397 | 7,345 |
| 1949 | 3,636 | 1,083 | 1,559 | 11,616 | 717 | 2,586 | 8,313 |
| 1950. | 5,237 | 1,767 | 2,246 | 13,657 | 848 | 2,973 | 9,836 |
| 1951. | 5,250 | 1,657 | 2,357 | 15,564 | 866 | 3,133 | 11,565 |
| 1952. | 6,617 | 2,105 | 2,955 | 18,396 | 904 | 3,394 | 14,098 |
| 1953. | 7,767 | 2,475 | 3,488 | 21,962 | 1,048 | 3,979 | 16,935 |
| 1954.. | 81,969 | 4,076 | 5,846 | 26,193 | 1,172 | 5,912 | 24,360 |
| 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June. | 1,157 | 418 | 536 | 29,107 | 1,287 | 5,336 | 22,484 |
| July. | 1,054 | 371 | 494 |  |  |  |  |
| Aug.. | 1,171 | 416 | 553 |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. | 1,012 | 342 | 503 | 30,687 | 1,356 | 5,653 | 23,678 |
| Oct... | 880 782 | 303 261 2 | 326 |  |  |  |  |
| Dec......... | 746 | 253 | 351 | 31,584 | 1,409 | 5,912 | 24,263 |
| 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan.. | 712 | 251 | 316 |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. | 778 | 284 | 333 |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. | 908 | 331 | 386 | 32.529 | 1,456 | 6,136 | 24,937 |
| Adr. . | 932 | 359 | 388 |  |  |  |  |
| May | 986 976 | 356 349 | 444 |  |  |  |  |
| June. | 976 | 349 | 449 | 33,866 | 1,465 | 6,351 | 26,050 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes loans for other purposes (for repair, additions and alterations, refinancing, etc.) not shown separately.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes shares pledged against mortgage loans.
Source.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

NONFARM MORTGAGE RECORDINGS OF $\$ 20,000$ OR LESS
[Number in thousands; amounis in millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Number | Amount, by type of lender |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Savings \& loan assns. |  | Com-mercial banks | Mutual <br> sav- <br> ings <br> banks |
| 1941. | 1,628 | 4,732 | 1,490 | 404 | 1,166 | 218 |
| 1945. | 1,639 | 5,650 | 2,017 | 250 | 1,097 | 217 |
| 1948. | 2,535 | 11,882 | 3,629 | 1,016 | 2,664 | 745 |
| 1949. | 2,488 | 11,828 | 3,646 | 1,046 | 2,446 | 750 |
| 1950. | 3,032 | 16,179 | 5,060 | 1,618 | 3,365 | 1,064 |
| 1951. | 2,878 | 16,405 | 5,295 | 1,615 | 3,370 | 1,013 |
| 1952. | 3,028 | 18,018 | 6,452 | 1,420 | 3,600 | 1,137 |
| 1953. | 3,164 | 19,747 | 7,365 | 1,480 | 3,680 | 1,327 |
| 1954. | 3,458 | 22,974 | 8,312 | 1,768 | 4,239 | 1,501 |
| 1955. | 3,913 | 28,484 | 10,452 | 1,932 | 5,617 | 1,858 |
| 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June. | 360 | 2,636 | 1,024 | 174 | - 516 | 171 |
| July...... | 335 | 2,463 | 1,953 | 161 | 472 | 168 |
| Aug....... | 366 | 2,697 | 1,060 | 163 | 521 | 179 |
| Sept. | 342 | 2,522 | 946 | 155 | 505 | 168 |
| Oct. | 326 | 2,387 | 835 | 153 | 505 | 167 |
| Nov. | 314 | 2,316 | 765 | 152 | 499 | 171 |
| Dec.. | 293 | 2,188 | 700 | 156 | 457 | 166 |
| 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan.. | 275 | 2,059 | 665 | 148 | 435 | 131 |
| Feb. | 278 | 2,050 | 700 | 136 | 421 | 127 |
| Mar. | 309 | 2,271 | 816 | 152 | 468 | 128 |
| Арг. | 303 | 2,269 | 827 | 148 | 470 | 128 |
| May. | 324 | 2,434 | 872 | 159 | 508 | 152 |
| June. | 319 | 2,417 | 877 | 165 | 494 | 162 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes amounts for other lenders, not shown separately. Source.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

GOVERNMENT-UNDERWRITTEN RESIDENTIAL LOANS MADE
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | FHA-insured loans |  |  |  |  | VA-guaranteed loans |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Homemortgages |  | Proj-ecttype mortgages ${ }^{1}$ | Property provement loans ${ }^{2}$ | Total ${ }^{3}$ | Home mortgages |  |
|  |  | New properties | Existing propertics |  |  |  | New propertics | Existing prop- erties |
| 1945. | 665 | 257 | 217 | 20 | 171 | 192 |  |  |
| 1948. | 3,341 | 1,434 | 684 | 609 | 614 | 1,881 |  |  |
| 1949 | 3,826 | 1,319 | 892 | 1,021 | 594 | 1,426 | 793 | 629 |
| 1951. | 3,220 | 1,216 | 713 | 1,582 | 708 | 3,614 | 2,667 | 1,202 |
| $\underline{952}$ | 3,113 | , 969 | 974 | 322 | 848 | 2,719 | 1,823 | 890 |
| 1953. | 3,882 | 1,259 | 1,030 | 259 | 1,334 | 3,064 | 2,045 | 1,014 |
| 1954. | 3,066 | 1,035 | 907 | 232 | 891 | 4,257 | 2,686 | 1,566 |
| 1955. | 3,807 | 1,269 | 1,816 | 76 | 646 | 7,156 | 4,582 | 2,564 |
| 1955-June. | 333 | 107 | 163 | 5 | 58 | 553 | 348 | 204 |
| July. | 283 | 92 | 138 | 3 | 50 | 520 | 332 | 187 |
|  | 350 | 113 | 166 | 4 | 67 | 617 | 386 | 230 |
| Sept. | 347 | 113 | 162 | 9 | 64 | 590 | 378 | 211 |
| Oct. | 338 | 113 | 160 | 2 | 63 | 717 | 461 | 255 |
| Nov. | 345 | 122 | 154 | 11 | 59 | 755 | 511 | 243 |
| Dec.. | 326 | 118 | 144 | 10 | 55 | 620 | 413 | 206 |
| 1956-Jan. | 335 | 133 | 148 | 1 | 53 | 570 | 403 | 166 |
| Feb. | 287 | 114 | 127 | 5 | 41 | 535 | 372 | 162 |
| Mar. | 298 | 105 | 127 | 18 | 48 | 468 | 331 | 136 |
| Apr. | 253 | 87 | 116 | 4 | 46 | 493 | 333 | 159 |
| Mane. | 270 280 | 87 86 | 123 | 10 | 59 62 | 469 | 307 265 | 162 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1 Monthly figures do not refect mortgage amendments included in annual totals.
2 These loans are not ordinarily secured by mortgages.
3 Includes a small amount of alteration and repair loans, not shown separately; only such loans in amounts of more than $\$ 1,000$ need be secured.

Note.-FHA-insured loans represent gross amount of insurance written; VA-guaranteed loans, gross amount of loans closed. Figures do not take account of principal repayments are derived from data on number and average amount of loans closed.

Sources.-Federal Housing Administration and Veterans Administration.

MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING ON NONFARM 1- TO 4-FAMILY PROPERTIES
[In billions of dollars]

| End of year or quarter | Total | Governmentunderwritten |  |  | Con-yentional |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | FHA <br> in- <br> sured | VA. guaranteed |  |
| 1945. | 18.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | . 2 | 14.3 |
| 1948 | 33.3 | 12.5 | 5.3 | 7.2 | 20.8 |
| 1949 | 37.6 | 15.0 | 6.9 | 8.1 | 22.6 |
| 1950 | 45.2 | 18.9 | 8.6 | 10.3 | 26.3 |
| 1951. | 51.7 58.5 | 22.9 25.4 | 9.7 10.8 | 113.2 | 28.8 33.1 |
| 1953. | 66.1 | 28.1 | 12.0 | 16.1 | 38.0 |
| 1954 | 75.7 | 32.1 | 12.8 | 19.3 | 43.6 |
| 1955p. | 88.4 | 38.9 | 14.3 | 24.6 | 49.5 |
| 1954-Dec. | 75.7 | 32.1 | 12.8 | 19.3 | 43.6 |
| 1955-Mar. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 78.5 | 33.5 | 13.2 | 20.3 | 45.0 |
| June ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 82.2 | 35.3 | 13.5 | 21.8 |  |
| Sept.p | 85.6 88 | 37.0 38.9 | 13.9 | $\stackrel{23.1}{24.6}$ | 48.6 49.5 |
| 1956-Mar. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 91.1 | 40.2 | 14.7 | 25.5 | 50.9 |
| June ${ }^{p}$ | 94.2 | 41.0 | 15.0 | 26.0 | 53.2 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
Note.-For total debt outstanding, figures for first three quarters of year are Federal Reserve estimates. or conventional, figures are derived.
Sources.-Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Federal Housing Administration, Veterans Administration,
and Federal Reserve. and Federal Reserve.

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION ACTIVITY ${ }^{1}$
[In millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Mortgage holdings |  |  | Mortgage transactions (during period) |  | Com-mitments un-disbursed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | in- | guaranteed | Purchases | Sales |  |
| 1948. | 199 | 188 | 11 | 198 |  | 227 |
| 1949. |  | 403 | 425 | ${ }^{672}$ | 20 | 824 |
| 1950. | 1,347 | 169 | 1,178 | 1,044 | 469 | 485 |
| 1951 | 1,850 | 204 | 1,646 | 677 | 111 | 239 |
| 1952. | 2,242 | 320 | 1,922 | 538 | 56 | 323 |
| 1953. | 2,462 | 621 | 1,841 | 542 | 221 | 638 |
| 1954 | 2,434 | 802 | 1,632 | 614 | 525 | 476 |
| 1955. | 2,615 | 901 | 1,714 | 411 | 62 | 76 |
| 1955-July. | 2,567 | 868 | 1,699 | 15 | 1 | 116 |
| Aug... | 2,573 | 876 | 1,696 | 19 | 1 | 104 |
| Sept..... | 2,564 | 871 | 1,693 | 11 | 1 | 105 |
| Oct. | 2,587 <br> 2,596 | 891 | 1,695 | 42 | 1 | 83 |
| Dec..... | 2.615 | 901 | 1,714 | 30 | $\bigcirc$ | 76 |
| 1956-Jan. | 2.623 | 901 | 1,722 | 22 | 1 | 75 |
| Feb. | 2,642 | 907 | 1,736 | 35 | 0 | 66 |
| Mar. | 2,657 | 909 | 1,748 | 28 | 0 | 62 |
| Abr. | 2,665 | 907 | 1,758 | 23 | 1 | 68 |
| May | 2,677 | 907 | 1,769 | 25 | 1 | 81 |
| June | 2,704 | 915 | 1,789 | 40 | 0 | 92 |
| July | 2,729 | 915 | 1,814 | 43 | 0 | 91 |

[^27]FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK LENDING
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Advances | Repayments | Advances outstanding (end of period) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Shortterm ${ }^{1}$ | Longterm ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1945. | 278 | 213 | 195 | 176 | 19 |
| 1948. | 360 | 280 | 515 | 257 | 258 |
| 1949 | 256 | 337 | 433 | 231 | 202 |
| 1950. | 675 | 292 | 816 | 547 | 269 |
| 1951 | 423 | 433 | 806 | 508 | 298 |
| 1952. | 586 | 528 | 864 | 565 | 299 |
| 1953. | 728 | 640 | 952 | 634 | 317 |
| 1955. | 728 1,251 | 818 702 | 1,417 | 691 | 255 |
| 1955-July. | 152 | 107 | 1,061 | 748 | 313 |
| Aug.. | 156 | 30 | 1,187 | 822 | 365 |
|  | 115 | 27 | 1,275 | 885 | 390 |
| Oct. | 90 | 21 | 1,344 | 932 | 412 |
| Nov. | 60 | 40 | 1,364 | 875 | 489 |
| Dec. | 109 | 56 | 1,417 | 991 | 426 |
| 1956-Jan. | 42 | 213 | 1,246 | 833 | 413 |
| Feb. | 13 | 78 | 1,181 | 770 | 411 |
| Mar. | 24 | 67 | 1,138 | 730 | 408 |
| Apr. | 42 | 53 | 1,127 | 709 | 418 |
| May | 44 | 48 | 1,123 | 697 | 427 |
| June | 99 93 | 49 159 | 1,173 | 730 | 443 |
| July. | 93 | 159 | 1,108 | 700 | 408 |

[^28]CONSUMER CREDIT, BY MAJOR PARTS
[Estimated amounts of short- and intermediate-term credit outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total | Instalment credit |  |  |  |  | Noninstalment credit |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Automobile paper ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Other } \\ \text { consumer } \\ \text { goods } \\ \text { paper }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ | Repair and modernization loans ${ }^{2}$ | Personal | Total | Singlepayment loans | Charge accounts | Service credit |
| 1939 | 7,222 | 4,503 | 1,497 | 1,620 | 298 | 1,088 | 2,719 | 787 | 1,414 | 518 |
| 1941 | 9,172 | 6,085 | 2,458 | 1,929 | 376 | 1,322 | 3,087 | 845 | 1,645 | 597 |
| 1945 | 5,665 | 2,462 | 455 | 816 | 182 | 1,009 | 3,203 | 746 | 1,612 | 845 |
| 1948. | 14,411 | 8,968 | 3,054 | 2,842 | 843 | 2,229 | 5,443 | 1,445 | 2,713 | 1,285 |
| 1949 | 17,104 | 11,516 | 4,699 | 3,486 | 887 | 2,444 | 5,588 | 1,532 | 2,680 | 1,376 |
| 1950 | 20,813 | 14,490 | 6,342 | 4,337 | 1,006 | 2,805 | 6,323 | 1,821 | 3,006 | 1,496 |
| 1951 | 21,468 | 14,837 18,684 | 6,242 | 4,270 | 1,090 1,406 | 3,235 3,851 | 6,631 | 1,934 | 3,096 3,342 | 1,601 1,707 |
| 1953. | 25,827 29,537 | 18,684 22, 187 | 8,099 10,341 | 5,331 | 1,406 | 3,851 | 7,143 | 2,094 | 3,342 3,411 | 1,707 1,720 |
| 1954 | 30,125 | 22,467 | 10,396 | 5,668 | 1,616 | 4,787 | 7,658 | 2,420 | 3,518 | 1,720 |
| 1955 | 36,225 | 27,895 | 14,312 | 6,435 | 1,641 | 5,507 | 8,330 | 2,776 | 3,797 | 1,757 |
| 1955-June. | 32,471 | 24,914 | 12,561 | 5,639 | 1,562 | 5,152 | 7,557 | 2,686 | 3,040 | 1,831 |
| July. | 32,896 | 25,476 | 13,038 | 5,676 | 1,570 | 5,192 | 7,420 | 2,595 |  |  |
| Aug. | 33,636 34,293 | 26,155 26,699 | 13,547 13,929 | 5,762 5,848 | 1,589 | 5,257 | 7,481 7 7 | 2,629 | 3,019 | 1,833 |
| Sept. | 34,293 34,640 | 26,699 $\mathbf{2 6 , 9 6 3}$ | 13,929 14,095 | 5,848 | 1,611 | 5,311 | 7,594 7 7 | 2,657 | 3,108 | 1,829 1,793 |
| Oct. | 34,640 | 26,963 27 | 14,095 14,172 | 5,917 | 1,627 | 5,324 | 7,677 | 2,666 | 3,218 3,285 | 1,793 1,770 |
|  | 36,225 | 27,895 | 14,312 | 6,435 | 1,641 | 5,507 | 8,330 | 2,776 | 3,797 | 1,757 |
| 1956-Jan.. | 35,599 | 27,769 | 14,314 | 6.318 | 1,610 | 5,527 | 7,830 | 2,715 | 3,355 | 1,760 |
| Feb. | 35,272 | 27,784 | 14,397 | 6,209 | 1,599 | 5,579 | 7,488 | 2,729 | 2,974 | 1,785 |
| Mar. | 35,536 | 27,964 | 14,565 | 6,137 | 1,599 | 5,663 | 7,572 | 2,839 | 2,933 | 1,800 |
| Apr. | 35,962 | 28, 260 | 14,706 | 6,183 | 1,611 | 5,760 | 7,702 | 2,876 | 2,996 | 1,830 |
| May | 36,574 | 28,591 28,890 | 14,876 | 6,244 6,247 | 1,642 | 5,829 | 7,983 | 2,981 | 3,135 | 1,867 |
| June | 37,093 | 28,890 | 15,077 | 6,247 | 1,663 | 5,903 | 8,203 | 3,099 | 3,231 | 1,873 |

1 Represents all consumer instalment credit extended for the purpose of purchasing automobiles and other consumer goods and secured by the items purchased, whether held by retail outlets or financial institutions. Includes credit on purchases by individuals of automobiles or other consumer goods that may be used in part for business.
2 Represents repair and modernization loans held by financial institutions; holdings of retail outlets are included in other consumer goods paper.

Nore.-Monthly figures for the period December 1939 through 1951 and a general description of the series are shown on pp. 336-354 of the Bulletin for April 1953. Revised monthly figures are shown in later BuLLETINS: 1952, November 1953, p. 1214; 1953, November 1954, p. 1212. A detailed description of the methods used to derive the estimates may be obtained from Division of Research and Statistics.

INSTALMENT CREDIT, BY HOLDER
[Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total instalment credit | Financial institutions |  |  |  |  | Retail outlets |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Commercial banks | Sales finance companies | Credit unions | Other | Total | Department stores ${ }^{1}$ | Furnistare stores | Household ance stores | Automobile dealers ${ }^{2}$ | Other |
|  | 4,503 | 3,065 | 1,079 | 1,197 | 132 | 657 | 1,438 | 354 | 439 | 183 | 123 | 339 |
| 1941 | 6,085 | 4,480 | 1,726 | 1,797 | 198 | 759 | 1,605 | 320 | 496 | 206 | 188 | 395 |
| 1945 | 2,462 | 1,776 | 745 | 300 | 102 | 629 | 686 | 131 | 240 | 17 | 28 | 270 |
| 1948. | 8,968 | 7,092 | 3,529 | 1,990 | 334 | 1,239 | 1,876 | 470 | 604 | 127 | 159 | 516 |
| 1949. | 11,516 | 9,247 | 4,439 | 2,950 | 438 | 1,420 | 2,269 | 595 | 724 | 168 | 239 | 543 |
| 1950 | 14,490 | 11,820 | 5,798 | 3,785 | 590 | 1,647 | 2,670 | 743 | 791 | 239 | 284 | 613 |
| 1951 | 14,837 | 12,077 | 5,771 | 3,769 | 635 | 1,902 | 2,760 | 920 | 760 | 207 | 255 | 618 |
| 1952 | 18,684 | 15,410 | 7,524 | 4,833 | 837 | 2,216 | 3,274 | 1,117 | 866 | 244 | 308 | 739 |
| 1953. | 22,187 | 18,758 | 8,998 | 6,147 | 1,124 | 2,489 | 3,429 | 1,040 | 903 | 291 | 380 | 815 |
| 1954 | 22,467 | 18,935 | 8,633 | 6,421 | 1,293 | 2,588 | 3,532 | 1,201 | 890 | 293 | 394 | 754 |
| 1955. | 27,895 | 23,863 | 10,347 | 8,938 | 1,580 | 2,998 | 4,032 | 1,423 | 956 | 297 | 556 | 800 |
| 1955-June. | 24,914 | 21,432 | 9,495 | 7,747 | 1,434 | 2,756 | 3,482 | 1,160 | 851 | 279 | 481 | 711 |
| July. | 25,476 | 21,980 | 9,656 | 8,087 | 1,448 | 2,779 | 3,496 | 1,155 | 856 | 281 | 501 | 703 |
|  | 26,155 | 22,605 | 9,871 | 8,422 | 1,495 | 2,817 | 3,550 | 1,167 | 871 | 284 | 523 | 705 |
| Sept. | 26,699 | 23,101 | 10,060 | 8,667 | 1,528 | 2,846 | 3,598 | 1,191 | 878 | 283 | 538 | 708 |
| Oct. | 26,963 | 23,324 | 10,145 | 8,771 | 1,547 | 2,861 | 3,639 | 1,203 | 889 | 281 | 546 | 720 |
| Nov. | 27,247 | 23,524 | 10,227 | 8,825 | 1,556 | 2,916 | 3,723 | 1,251 | 909 | 284 | 550 | 729 |
| Dec.. | 27,895 | 23,863 | 10,347 | 8,938 | 1,580 | 2,998 | 4,032 | 1,423 | 956 | 297 | 556 | 800 |
| 1956-Jan.. | 27,769 | 23,862 | 10,360 | 8,936 | 1,565 | 3,001 | 3.907 | 1,374 | 925 | 288 | 556 | 764 |
| Feb. | 27,784 | 23,979 | 10,398 | 8,964 | 1,589 | 3,028 | 3.805 | 1,341 | 909 | 281 | 559 | 715 |
| Mar. | 27,964 | 24,244. | 10,521 | 9,037 | 1,618 | 3,068 | 3,720 | 1,284 | 894 | 276 | 564 | 702 |
| Apr. | 28,260 |  |  | 9,093 | 1,647 | 3,100 | 3,703 | 1,286 | 885 | 271 | 569 | 692 |
| Maye | 28,591 28,890 | 24,866 25,284 | 10,874 11,096 | 9,170 | 1,680 1,715 | 3,142 3,175 | 3,725 3,606 | 1,297 1,153 | 882 884 | 273 275 | 575 583 | 698 711 |
| June | 28,890 | 25,284 | 11,096 | 9,298 | 1,715 | 3,175 | 3,606 | 1,153 | 884 | 275 | 583 | 711 |

[^29]${ }^{2}$ Represents automobile paper only; other instalment credit held by automobile dealers is included with other retail outlets.

INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY COMMERCIAL BANKS,
BY TYPE OF CREDIT


INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD BY FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS OTHER THAN COMMERCIAL BANKS AND SALES FINANCE COMPANIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

| End of year or month | Total instalment credit | Automobile paper | Other consumer goods paper | Repair and modern ization loans | Personal loans |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939. | 789 | 81 | 24 | 15 | 669 |
| 1941. | 957 | 122 | 36 | 14 | 785 |
| 1945 | 731 | 54 | 20 | 14 | 643 |
| 1948. | 1,573 | 189 | 99 | 59 | 1,226 |
| 1949 | 1,858 | 240 | 137 | 89 | 1,392 |
| 1950 | 2,237 | 330 | 182 | 115 | 1,610 |
| 1951 | 2,537 | 358 | 209 | 132 | 1,838 |
| 1952. | 3,053 | 457 | 279 | 187 | 2,130 |
| 1953. | 3,613 | 573 | 337 | 249 | 2,454 |
| 1954 | 3,881 | 596 | 340 | 260 | 2,685 |
| 1955. | 4,578 | 742 | 444 | 277 | 3,115 |
| 1955-June. | 4,190 | 692 | 380 | 261 | 2,857 |
| July. | 4,237 | 706 | 388 | 261 | 2,882 |
| Aug. | 4,312 | 722 | 401 | 266 | 2,923 |
| Sept. | 4,374 | 732 | 410 | 271 | 2,961 |
| Oct.. | 4,408 | 736 | 417 | 272 | 2,983 |
| Nov | 4,472 | 740 | 429 | 276 | 3,027 |
| Dec. | 4,578 | 742 | 444 | 277 | 3,115 |
| 1956-Jan. | 4,566 | 735 | 446 | 270 | 3,115 |
| Feb. | 4,617 | 740 | 452 | 271 | 3,154 |
| Mar. | 4,686 | 749 | 459 | 274 | 3,204 |
| Apr. | 4,747 | 759 | 462 | 277 | 3,249 |
| May | 4,822 | 770 | 470 | 288 | 3,294 |
| June | 4,890 | 782 | 479 | 289 | 3,340 |

NoTE.-Institutions included are consumer finance companies (oper ating primarily under State small-loan laws), credit unions, industrial and other lending institutions holding consumer instalment loans.

INSTALMENT CREDIT HELD bY SALES FINANCE COMPANIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

| End of year or month | Total instal- ment credit | Automobile paper | Other consumer goods paper | Repair and modernization loans | Personal loans |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939. | 1,197 | 878 | 115 | 148 | 56 |
| 1941 | 1,797 | 1,363 | 167 | 201 | 66 |
| 1945 | 300 | 164 | 24 | 58 | 54 |
| 1948. | 1,990 | 1,378 | 232 | 216 | 164 |
| 1949 | 2,950 | 2,425 | 303 | 83 | 139 |
| 1950 | 3,785 | 3,257 | 313 | 57 | 158 |
| 1951 | 3,769 | 3,183 | 241 | 70 | 275 |
| 1952. | 4,833 | 4,072 | 332 | 82 | 347 |
| 1953 | 6,147 | 5,306 | 367 | 83 | 391 |
| 1954 | 6,421 | 5,563 | 351 | 81 | 426 |
| 1955 | 8,938 | 7,939 | 416 | 85 | 498 |
| 1955-June. | 7,747 | 6,857 | 361 | 78 | 451 |
| July. | 8,087 | 7,180 | 372 | 78 | 457 |
| Aug. | 8,422 | 7,496 | 384 | 80 | 462 |
| Sept. | 8,667 | 7,729 | 392 | 81 | 465 |
| Oct. | 8,771 | 7,822 | 398 | 82 | 469 |
| Noy. | 8,825 | 7,860 | 403 | 83 | 479 |
| Dec. | 8,938 | 7,939 | 416 | 85 | 498 |
| 1956-Jan.. |  | 7,939 | 412 | 84 | 501 |
|  | 8,964 | 7,963 | 412 | 83 | 506 |
| Mar. | 9,037 | 8,026 | 412 | 82 | 517 |
| Apr. | 9,093 | 8,074 8,146 | 412 | 82 | 525 |
| June | 9,298 | 8,260 | 418 | 81 | 539 |

NONINSTALMENT CREDIT, BY HOLDER
[Estimated amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| End of year or month | Total non-instalment credit | Financial institutions (single-payment loans) |  | Retail outlets (charge accounts) |  | Service credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Com-mercial banks | Other | De-partment stores ${ }^{1}$ | Other |  |
| 1939. | 2,719 | 625 | 162 | 236 | 1,178 | 518 |
| 1941. | 3,087 | 693 | 152 | 275 | 1,370 | 597 |
| 1945. | 3,203 | 674 | 72 | 290 | 1,322 | 845 |
| 1948. | 5,443 | 1,261 | 184 | 575 | 2,138 | 1,285 |
| 1949. | 5,588 | 1,334 | 198 | 584 | 2,096 | 1,376 |
| 1950. | 6,323 | 1,576 | 245 | 641 | 2,365 | 1,496 |
| 1951. | 6,631 | 1,684 | 250 | 685 | 2,411 | 1,601 |
| 1952. | 7,143 | 1,844 | 250 | 730 | 2,612 | 1,707 |
| 1953. | 7,350 | 1,899 | 320 | 748 | 2,663 | 1,720 |
| 1954. | 7,658 | 2,085 | 335 | 764 | 2,754 | 1,720 |
| 1955. | 8,330 | 2,393 | 383 | 825 | 2,972 | 1,757 |
| 1955-June. | 7,557 | 2,303 | 383 | 518 | 2,522 | 1,831 |
| July. | 7,420 | 2,268 | 327 | 474 | 2,517 | 1,834 |
| Aug. | 7,481 | 2,277 | 352 | 475 | 2,544 | 1,833 |
| Sept. | 7,594 | 2,273 | 384 | 519 | 2,589 | 1,829 |
| Oct. | 7,677 | 2,311 | 355 | 562 | 2,656 | 1,793 |
| Nov. | 7,812 | 2,348 | 409 | 618 | 2,667 | 1,770 |
| Dec. | 8,330 | 2,393 | 383 | 825 | 2,972 | 1,757 |
| 1956-Jan. | 7,830 | 2,392 | 323 | 676 | 2,679 | 1,760 |
| Feb. | 7,488 | 2,387 | 342 | 571 | 2,403 | 1,785 |
| Mar. | 7,572 | 2,437 | 402 | 555 | 2,378 | 1,800 |
| Apr. | 7,702 | 2,471 | 405 | 548 | 2,448 | 1,830 |
| May. | 7,983 | 2,516 | 465 | 560 | 2,575 | 1,867 |
| June. | 8,203 | 2,619 | 480 | 550 | 2,681 | 1,873 |

1 Includes mail-order houses.

INSTALMENT CREDIT EXTENDED AND REPAID

| Year or month | Total |  | Automobile paper |  | Other consumer goods paper |  | Repair and modernization loans |  | Personal loans |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Extended | Repaid | Extended | Repaid | Extended | Repaid | Extended | Repaid | Extended | Repaid |
| 1941. | 9,425 5,379 | 8,854 | 3,823 | 3,436 | 2,929 | 2,827 | 312 | 307 | 2,361 | 2,284 |
| 1948. | 15,540 | 13,267 | 5,280 | 4,150 | 5,280 | 4,581 | 702 | 577 | 4,278 |  |
| 1949. | 18,002 | 15,454 | 7,182 | 5,537 | 5,533 | 4,889 | 721 | 677 | 4,566 | 4,351 |
| 1950. | 21,256 | 18,282 | 8,928 | 7,285 | 6,458 | 5,607 | 826 | 707 | 5,044 | 4,683 |
| 1951. | 22,791 | 22,444 | 9,362 | 9,462 | 6,518 | 6,585 | 853 | 769 | 6,058 | 5,628 |
| 1952. | 28,397 | 24,550 | 12,306 | 10,449 | 7,959 | 6,901 | 1,243 | 927 | 6,889 | 6,273 |
| 1953. | 30,321 | 26,818 | 13,621 | 11,379 | 8,014 | 7,511 | 1,387 | 1,144 | 7,299 | 6,784 |
| 1954. | 29,304 | 29,024 | 12,532 | 12,477 | 7,700 | 7,863 | 1,245 | 1,278 | 7,827 | 7,406 |
| 1955. | 37,172 | 31,744 | 17,748 | 13,832 | 9,075 | 8,308 | 1,320 | 1,295 | 9,029 | 8,309 |
| WIthout seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1955-June. | 3,443 | 2,678 | 1,766 | 1,190 | 766 | 682 | 125 | 109 | 786 | 697 |
| July. | 3,131 | 2,569 | 1,594 | 1,117 | 711 | 674 | 111 | 103 | 715 | 675 |
| Aug. | 3,436 | 2,757 | 1,745 | 1,236 | 793 | 707 | 130 | 111 | 768 | 703 |
| Sept. | 3,241 | 2,697 | 1,592 | 1,210 | 783 | 697 | 128 | 106 | 738 | 684 |
| Oct. | 3,051 | 2,787 | 1,417 | 1,251 | 785 | 716 | 126 | 110 | 723 | 710 |
| Nov. | 3,103 | 2,819 | 1,341 | 1,264 | 850 | 710 | 124 | 117 | 788 | 728 |
| Dec.. | 3,508 | 2,860 | 1,369 | 1,229 | 1,090 | 712 | 111 | 104 | 938 | 815 |
| 1956-Jan.. | 2,724 | 2,850 | 1,248 | 1,246 | 643 | 760 | 86 | 117 | 747 | 727 |
| Feb. | 2,769 | 2,754 | 1,296 | 1,213 | 627 | 736 | 95 | 106 | 751 | 699 |
| Mar. | 3,114 | 2,934 | 1,450 | 1,282 | 687 | 759 | 106 | 106 | 871 | 787 |
| Apr. | 3,163 | 2,867 | 1,406 | 1,265 | 780 | 734 | 123 | 111 | 854 | 757 |
| May. | 3,281 | 2,950 | 1,475 | 1,305 | 812 | 751 | 141 | 110 | 853 | 784 |
| June. | 3,204 | 2,905 | 1,467 | 1,266 | 745 | 742 | 123 | 102 | 869 | 795 |
| seasonally adjusted* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1955-June. | 3,179 | 2,612 | 1,589 | 1,166 | 757 | 678 | 110 | 108 | 723 | 660 |
| July. | 3,136 | 2,611 | 1,519 | 1,133 | 794 | 706 | 108 | 101 | 715 | 671 |
| Aug. | 3,211 | 2,713 | 1,566 | 1,197 | 773 | 718 | 114 | 104 | 758 | 694 |
| Sept. | 3,290 | 2,691 | 1,620 | 1,175 | 759 | 694 | 120 | 108 | 791 | 714 |
| Oct. | 3,075 | 2,774 | 1,474 | 1,233 | 724 | 718 | 112 | 106 | 765 | 717 |
| Nov. | 3,185 | 2,830 2,747 | 1,435 1,503 | 1,281 | 805 | 698 690 | 118 118 | 117 | 827 | 734 |
| Dec.. | 3,185 | 2,747 | 1,503 | 1,228 | 792 | 690 | 118 | 102 | 772 | 727 |
| 1956-Jan. | 3,211 | 2,939 | 1,451 | 1,275 | 823 | 770 | 111 | 111 | 826 | 783 |
| Feb. | 3,192 | 2,845 | 1,473 | 1,266 | 751 | 735 | 123 | 103 | 845 | 741 |
| Mar. |  |  |  | 1,215 | 719 | 726 | 116 | 103 | 793 | 746 |
| Apr. | 3,227 | 2,987 | 1,358 | 1,328 | 849 | 744 | 133 | 124 | 887 | 791 |
| May ${ }^{\text {June. }}$ | 3,051 2,951 |  |  | 1,284 | 776 733 | 732 | 129 107 | 117 | 815 799 | 771 752 |
| June. | 2,951 | 2,831 | 1,312 | 1,240 | 733 | 737 | 107 | 102 | 799 | 752 |

*Includes adjustment for differences in trading days.
Note.-Back figures by months for the period 1940-52, together with a discussion of the composition and characteristics of the data and a description of the methods used to derive the estimates, are shown in the shown in the Bulletin for November 1954, p. 1212. Estimates of in-
stalment credit extended and repaid are based on information from accounting records of retail outlets and financial institutions and include all charges incurred under the instalment contract. Renewals and refinancing of loans, repurchases and resales of instalment paper, and cerand other transactions may increase the amount of both credit extended and credit repaid without adding to the amount of credit outstanding.

| Item | Percentage change from preceding month |  |  | Percentage change from corresponding month of preceding year |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1956 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1956 \end{aligned}$ |
| Net sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total..... | 0 +1 | +12 +14 | +1 | +5 +2 | +3 +1 | +1 |
| Credit sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instalment. | 0 | +12 | +2 | +6 | +3 | 0 |
| Charge account | 0 | +12 | 0 | $+10$ | $+10$ | +4 |
| Accounts receivable, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total................... | 0 0 | 0 | -1 -1 | +5 +4 | +6 +5 | +8 +6 |
| Charge accounts......... | +1 | +1 | +1 | +7 | +10 | +12 |
| Inventories, end of month, at retail value. | -4 | -2 | +2 | +4 | +5 | +3 |

RATIO OF COLLECTIONS TO ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE 1

| Month |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

1 Collections during month as percentage of accounts outstanding at beginning of month.

SELECTED BUSINESS INDEXES
[Indexes, $1947-49=100$. The terms "adjusted" and "unadjusted" refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation]

| Year or month | Industrial production (physical volume)* |  |  |  |  |  | Construction contracts awarded (value) ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Employment and payrolls ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | Freight car-loadings* | Department store sales* (retail value) | Consumer prices ${ }^{2}$ | Wholesale commodity prices ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Manufactures |  |  | Minerals | Total | Resi-dential | All other | Non-agri-cultural em-ployment | Manufacturing production workers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Durable | Non-durable |  |  |  |  |  | Employment |  | Payrolls |  |  |  |  |
|  | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Adjusted | Adjusted | Adjusted | Adjusted | Adjusted | Adjusted | Ad- | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Unadjusted |
| 1919............. | 39 |  | 38 | 38 | 37 | 45 | 34 | 26 | 39 | 61.4 | . . . . . | 68.7 | 31.1 |  |  | 74.0 |  |
| 1920...... |  |  | 3930 | 4224 | 3634 | 53 | 34 18 |  | 45 | 62.0 | ..... | 69.052.8 | 37.1 | 90 27 <br> 98 32 |  | 85.7 | $\ldots$ |
| 1921 |  | 31 |  |  |  | 42 | 30 | 27 | 32 | 55.2 |  |  | 24.0 | 83 | 30 | 76.4 | . $\quad .$. |
| 1922. |  | 39 | 45 | 37 | 40 | 45 | 43 | 41 | 43 | 58.5 | $\ldots .$. | 58.4 | 25.7 | 92 | 30 |  |  |
| 1923 |  | 47 |  | 47 | 44 | 62 | 45 | 49 | 42 | 64.4 | ...... | 66.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 32.6 \\ & 30.4 \end{aligned}$ | 107 | 3434 | $\begin{aligned} & 71.6 \\ & 72.9 \end{aligned}$ | ....... |
| 1924 |  | 44 | 43 | 43 | 42 | 57 | 51 | 57 | 46 | $\begin{aligned} & 63.5 \\ & 65.2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 105 34 |  | 73.1 |  |
| 1925. |  | 49 |  |  | 46 | 59 | 66 | 75 | 59 |  |  | 64.2 | 32.1 | 105 | 36 | 75.0 |  |
| 1926. |  | 51 | 50 | 52 | 4850 | 63 | 69 | 73 | 67 | 67.6 | . . . . . | 65.5 | 33.0 | 115 | $\begin{aligned} & 37 \\ & 37 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75.6 \\ & 74.2 \end{aligned}$ | 65.062.0 |
| 1927. |  | 51 | 5052 | 4953 |  | 64 | 73 | 71 | 68 | 67.968.0 | ....... | 64.1 | 32.4 | 111 |  |  |  |
| 1928 |  | 53 |  |  | 51 |  |  | 76 | 70 |  |  |  | 32.8 | 112 | 37 | 73.3 | 62.961.9 |
| 1929. |  | 59 | 5848 | 6045 | 5651 | 68 | 63 | 52 | 70 | 71.0 | ....... | 68.3 | 35.0 | 115 | 38 | 73.3 |  |
| 1930. |  | 49 |  |  |  | 59 | 49 | 30 | 62 | 66.7 |  | 59.5 | 28.3 | 99 | 35 | 71.4 | 61.9 56.1 |
| 1931 |  | 40 | 39 | 31 | 48 | 51 | 34 | 22 | 41 | 60.4 | . $\cdot$ | 50.2 | 21.5 | 79 | 32 | 65.0 | 47.4 |
| 1932. |  | 31 | 3036 | 19 <br> 24 | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ | 42 | 15 | 8 | 20 | 53.5 |  | 42.6 | 14.8 | 59 | 24 | 58.4 | 42.1 |
| 1933. |  | 37 |  |  |  | 48 | 14 | 7 | 18 | 53.7 |  | 47.2 | 15.9 | 62 | 24 | 55.3 | 42.8 |
| 1934 |  | 40 | 39 | 30 | 49 | 51 | 17 | 7 | 24 | 58.8 |  | 55.1 | 20.4 | 67 | 27 | 57.2 | 48.7 |
| 1935 |  | 47 | 46 | 38 | 55 | 55 | 20 | 13 | 25 | 61.3 |  | 58.8 | 23.5 | 69 | 29 | 58.7 | 52.0 |
| 1936 |  | 56 | 55 | 49 | 61 | 63 | 30 | 22 | 35 | 65.9 |  | 63.9 | 27.2 | 81 | 33 | 59.3 | 52.5 |
| 1937. |  | 61 | 60 | 55 | 64 | 71 | 32 | 25 | 36 | 70.3 |  | 70.1 | 32.6 | 84 | 35 | 61.4 | 56.1 |
| 1938 |  | 48 | 46 | 35 | 57 | 62 | 35 | 27 | 40 | 66.1 |  | 59.6 | 25.3 | 67 | 32 | 60.3 | 51.1 |
| 1939 |  | 58 | 57 | 49 | 66 | 68 | 39 | 37 | 40 | 69.3 |  | 66.2 | 29.9 | 76 | 35 | 59.4 | 50.1 |
| 1940 |  | 67 | 66 | 63 | 69 | 76 | 44 | 43 | 44 | 73.3 |  | 71.2 | 34.0 | 83 | 37 | 59.9 | 51.1 |
| 1941 |  | 87 | 88 | 91 | 84 | 81 | 66 | 54 | 74 | 82.8 |  | 87.9 | 49.3 | 98. | 44 | 62.9 | 56.8 |
| 1942. |  | 106 | 110 | 126 | 93 | 84 | 89 | 49 | 116 | 90.9 |  | 103.9 | 72.2 | 104 | 50 | 69.7 | 64.2 |
| 1943. |  | 127 | 133 | 162 | 103 | 87 | 37 | 24 | 45 | 96.3 |  | 121.4 | 99.0 | 104 | 56 | 74.0 | 67.0 |
| 1944 |  | 125 | 130 | 159 | 99 | 93 | 22 | 10 | 30 | 95.0 |  | 118.1 | 102.8 | 106 | 62 | 75.2 | 67.6 |
| 1945. |  | 107 | 110 | 123 | 96 | 92 | 36 | 16 | 50 | 91.5 |  | 104.0 | 87.8 | 102 | 70 | 76.9 | 68.8 |
| 1946. |  | 90 | 90 | 86 | 95 | 91 | 82 | 87 | 79 | 94.4 |  | 97.9 | 81.2 | 100 | 90 | 83.4 | 78.7 |
| 1947. |  | 100 | 100 | 101 | 99 | 100 | 84 | 86 | 83 | 99.4 |  | 103.4 | 97.7 | 108 | 98 | 95.5 | 96.4 |
| 1948 |  | 104 | 103 | 104 | 102 | 106 | 102 | 98 | 105 | 101.6 |  | 102.8 | 105.1 | 104 | 104 | 102.8 | 104.4 |
| 1949 |  | 97 | 97 | 95 | 99 | 94 | 113 | 116 | 111 | 99.0 |  | 93.8 | 97.2 | 88 | 98 | 101.8 | 99.2 |
| 1950 |  | 112 | 113 | 116 | 111 | 105 | 159 | 185 | 142 | 102.3 |  | 99.6 | 111.7 | 97 | 105 | 102.8 | 103.1 |
| 1951 |  | 120 | 121 | 128 | 114 | 115 | 171 | 170 | 172 | 108.2 |  | 106.4 | 129.8 | 101 | 109 | 111.0 | 114.8 |
| 1952 |  | 124 | 125 | 136 | 114 | 114 | 183 | 183 | 183 | 110.4 |  | 106.3 | 136.6 | 95 | 110 | 113.5 | 111.6 |
| 1953 |  | 134 | 136 | 153 | 118 | 116 | 192 | 178 | 201 | 113.6 |  | 111.8 | 151.4 | 96 | 112 | 114.4 | 110.1 |
| 1954. |  | 125 | 127 | 137 | 116 | 111 | 215 | 232 | 204 | 110.7 |  | 101.8 | 137.7 | 86 | 111 | 114.8 | 110.3 |
| 1955. |  | 139 | 140 | 155 | 126 | 122 | 261 | 280 | 248 | 114.2 |  | 105.5 | 152.5 | 295 | 119 | 114.5 | 110.7 |
| 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May. | 138 | 138 | 140 | 153 | 127 | 121 | 245 | 280 | 221 | 113.7 | 105.6 | 104.1 | 150.0 | 96 | 117 | 114.2 | 109.9 |
| June. | 139 | 139 | 141 | 155 | 128 | 122 | 253 | 290 | 228 | 114.5 | 106.3 | 105.7 | 152.0 | 94 | r115 | 114.4 | 110.3 |
| July | 139 | 130 | 141 | 155 | 126 | 120 | 257 | 296 | 231 | 114.7 | 106.1 | 104.6 | 150.9 | 95 | 124 | 114.7 | 110.5 |
| Aug. | 140 | 139 | 142 | 158 | 125 | 121 | 259 | 278 | 246 | 115.0 | 106.2 | 107.2 | 154.6 | 96 | 118 | 114.5 | 110.9 |
| Sept. | 142 | 142 | 144 | 160 | 128 | 123 | 250 | 256 | 246 | 115.3 | 106.2 | 108.1 | 158.6 | 96 | 121 | 114.9 | 111.7 |
| Oct. | 143 | 147 | 145 | 161 | 129 | 123 | 260 | 252 | 266 | 115.7 | 107.1 | 108.7 | 161.1 | 98 | 122 | 114.9 | 111.6 |
| Nov. | 143 | 145 | 145 | 161 | 130 | 125 | 270 | 252 | 282 | 116.0 | 108.2 | 109.0 | 163.8 | 99 | 122 | 115.0 | 111.2 |
| Dec. | 144 | 142 | 146 | 161 | 130 | 129 | 301 | 273 | 319 | 116.5 | 108.3 | 108.7 | 163.7 | 101 | 123 | 114.7 | 111.3 |
| 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jan. | 143 | 143 | 145 | 160 | 129 | 131 | 300 | 290 | 306 | 116.8 | 108.0 | 107.2 | 159.1 | 103 | 124 | 114.6 | 111.9 |
| Feb. | 143 | 144 | 144 | 158 | 130 | 131 | 306 | 318 | 298 | 116.9 | 107.2 | 106.8 | 157.7 | 100 | 118 | 114.6 | 112.4 |
| Mar. | 141 | 143 | 142 | 156 | 127 | 130 | 287 | 317 | 267 | 116.7 | 106.4 | 106.1 | 157.9 | 100 | 122 | 114.7 | 112.8 |
| Apr. | 143 | 144 | 144 | 159 | 129 | 130 | 277 | 315 | 252 | 117.3 | 107.1 | 106.0 | 158.2 | 99 | 122 | 114.9 | 113.6 |
| May | ${ }^{r} 141$ | 141 | 143 | 157 | ${ }^{r} 128$ | ${ }^{r} 129$ | 257 | 286 | 237 | $r_{117.6}$ | r106.9 | ${ }^{r} 105.4$ | 157.3 157.8 | 98 | 122 | 115.4 | 114.4 |
| June | 141 | 141 | 142 | 157 | 128 | 129 | 256 | 269 | 248 | 118.0 | 106.3 | 105.7 | 157.8 | 95 | $p 124$ | 116.2 | 114.2 |
| July . | $\stackrel{136}{ }$ | ${ }^{2} 129$ | p138 | ${ }^{2} 149$ | $p_{127}$ | P122 |  |  |  | p116.9 | p103.1 | p101.7 | ${ }^{\text {e }} 150.9$ | ${ }^{8} 81$ |  | - | 114.0 |
| - Estimated. <br> * Average p <br> 1 Three-mon | pr Pr | Prelimin ay. | ary. |  | Revise |  |  |  | nd cons | sumer p | prices a | ment comp | piled by | the Bu ployees | ureau of only and | Labor excludes | Statistics person- |
| ${ }^{1}$ Three-mon | oving | average | , based | on F . | W. Do | dge Co | rporatio |  | $l$ in th | he armed | forces | The | onsume | price | dex is the | the revi | ed series, |
| data. A desc Research and ${ }_{2}$ The index | istics. employ | e index <br> ment an |  |  |  | the D <br> mmod | ivision <br> ity price |  | efiecting evised w <br> djusted' | , begin veights; and | ning Ja prior old" in | nuary 1 Janua dexes co | $\begin{aligned} & 953 \text {, the } \\ & \text { ry } 1953, \end{aligned}$ <br> onverted | inclusio indexes to the b | are base base 1947 | d on the $7-49=100$ | eries and "interim 0. |

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION
[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ]

| Inâustry |  | Annual average |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1954 | 1955 | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June |
| SEASONALLY Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRLAL PRODUCTION-TOTAL. | 100.00 | 125 | 139 | 139 | 139 | 140 | 142 | 143 | 143 | 144 | 143 | 143 | 141 | 143 | r141 | 141 |
| MANUFACTURES-TOTAL | 90.02 | 127 | 141 | 141 | 141 | 142 | 144 | 145 | 145 | 146 | 145 | 144 | 142 | 144 | 143 | 142 |
| Durable Manufactures-To | 45.17 | 137 | 155 | 155 | 155 | 158 | 160 | 161 | 161 | 161 | 160 | 158 | 156 | 159 | 157 | 157 |
| Primary metals. | 6.70 | 108 | 140 | 143 | 134 | 139 | 146 | 148 | 149 | 150 | 148 | 148 | 145 | 145 | r141 | 135 |
| Metal fabricating. | 28.52 | 150 | 165 | 164 | 166 | 168 | 170 | 173 | 172 | 172 | 170 | 168 | 166 | 171 | 167 | 168 |
| Fabricated metal produc | 5.73 | 1123 | 134 | 135 | 135 | 137 | 141 | 142 | 139 | 138 | 136 | 134 | 132 | 135 | 130 | 132 |
| Machinery............ | 13.68 9.04 | 142 | 155 | 135 | ${ }_{158}^{158}$ | 159 | 141 | 164 | 162 | 163 | 164 | 162 | 147 | 171 | 168 149 | 168 149 |
| Electrical machinery. . | 4.64 | 177 | 194 | 192 | 197 | 196 | 199 | 205 | 198 | 199 | 197 | 142 | 191 | 151 | 149 | 149 |
| Transportation equipment | 7.54 | 175 | 203 | 198 | 202 | 203 | 205 | 208 | 212 | 212 | 205 | 202 | 197 | 194 | - 187 | 191 |
| Instruments and related products | 1.29 | 140 | 149 | 149 | 151 | 153 | 155 | 156 | 158 | 159 | 160 | 161 | 160 | 163 | 164 | 164 |
| Clay, glass, and lumber products | 5.91 | 123 | 138 | ${ }^{1} 142$ | 138 | 140 | 141 | 141 | 139 | 139 | 140 | 139 | 137 | 139 | ${ }^{1} 141$ | 141 |
| Stone, clay, and glass product | 2.82 3.09 | 131 | 149 | ${ }_{r}^{153}$ | $\xrightarrow{152}$ | 155 | 155 | 153 130 | 156 | 154 | 154 | 155 | 156 | 158 | ${ }_{1} 162$ | 160 |
| Lumber and products. | 3.09 | 115 | 127 | ${ }^{1} 131$ | r126 | 127 | 127 | 130 | 124 | 126 | 128 | 124 | 121 | 122 | 121 | 123 |
| Furniture and misc. manufa | 4.04 | 121 | 132 | 136 | 134 | 137 | 137 | 136 | 136 | 137 | 135 | 134 | 132 | 134 | 135 | 136 |
| Furniture and fixtures. | 1.64 | 106 | 119 | 121 | 122 | 124 | 125 | 124 | 123 | 123 | 122 | 120 | 120 | 121 | 121 | 123 |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 2.40 | 131 | 141 | 145 | 143 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 146 | 144 | 143 | 141 | 142 | 145 | 146 |
| Nondurable Marnfactures-Total | 44.85 | 116 | 126 | 128 | 126 | 125 | 128 | 129 | 130 | 130 | 129 | 130 | 127 | 129 | '128 | 128 |
| Textiles and apparel. | 11.87 | 100 | 109 | 110 | 109 | 109 | 111 | 112 | 113 | 112 | 111 | 112 | 107 | 108 | 107 | 106 |
| Textile mill products...................... | 6.32 | 95 | 107 | 107 | 106 | 107 | 107 | 109 | 110 | 109 | 108 | 109 | 106 | 106 | 103 | 101 |
| Apparel and allied products | 5.55 | 105 | 113 | 114 | 112 | 112 | 116 | 116 | 117 | 116 | 113 | 114 | 108 | 109 | 111 | 112 |
| Rubber and leather product | 3.20 | 104 | 122 | 127 | 120 | 119 | 121 | 124 | 122 | 125 | 126 | 125 | 119 | +120 | r116 | 110 |
| Rubber products. | 1.47 | 115 | 143 | 149 | 137 | 138 | 142 | 147 | 147 | 144 | 147 | 140 | 135 | r137 | 131 | 118 |
| Leather and products | 1.73 | 95 | 105 | 107 | 106 | 102 | 104 | 105 | 101 | 108 | 108 | 112 | 105 | 106 | 104 | 103 |
| Paper and printing.... | 8.93 | 125 | 137 | 139 | 139 | 138 | 140 | 141 | 141 | 140 | 141 | 140 | 140 | 143 | 142 | 143 |
| Paper and allied produc | 3.46 | 134 | 152 | 156 | 155 | 153 | 157 | 156 | 157 | 159 | 159 | 157 | 157 | 160 | 160 | 161 |
| Printing and publishing | 5.47 | 120 | 127 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 130 | 131 | 130 | 128 | 130 | 130 | 129 | 131 | ${ }_{1} 132$ | 131 |
| Chemical and petroleum products | 9.34 | 142 | 159 | 161 | 160 | 160 | 163 | 162 | 164 | 166 | 165 | 166 | 166 | 167 | 169 | 168 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 6.84 | 148 | 167 | 170 | 170 | 168 | 173 | 171 | 173 | 175 | 173 | 174 | 174 | 178 | r179 | 178 |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 2.50 | 125 | 135 | 136 | 134 | 135 | 135 | 137 | 139 | 141 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 139 | 140 | 141 |
| Foods, beverages, and tobacco. . . | 11.51 | 106 | 109 | 109 | 108 | 107 | 107 | 111 | 111 | 113 | 111 | 112 | 110 | 112 | r110 | 109 |
| Food and beverage manufactur | 10.73 | 106 | 109 | 109 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 111 | 112 | 113 | 111 | 112 | 111 | 113 | r110 | 109 |
| Tobacco manufactures.. | . 78 | 103 | 105 | 109 | 101 | 100 | 100 | 105 | 104 | 107 | 109 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 110 |  |
| MINERALS-TOTAL | 9.98 | 111 | 122 | 122 | 120 | 121 | 123 | 123 | 125 | 129 | 131 | 131 | 130 | 130 | ${ }^{1} 29$ | 129 |
| Mineral fuels. | 8.35 | 113 | 123 | 122 | 123 | 122 | 122 | 123 | 125 | 130 | 132 | 131 | 131 | 130 | ${ }_{1} 130$ | 129 |
| Coal..... | 2.68 |  |  |  | 87 53 |  |  |  |  | 87 |  | 88 | 86 |  | 89 | 90 |
| Anthracite. |  | 52 | 48 | 43 | 53 | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | 80 | 42 | 47 | 58 | 62 | 55 94 | 50 | 55 | 41 | 55 |
| (ituminous coal...... | 2.32 5.67 | 70 134 | 143 | 92 139 | 92 139 | 89 141 | 84 141 | 86 143 | 85 147 | 92 151 | 91 153 | $\underline{94}$ | 92 151 | 91 | 96 | 95 |
| Metal, stone, ana earth minerals | 1.63 | 106 | 120 | 123 | 109 | 117 | 126 | 126 | 124 | 123 | 129 | 130 | 130 |  |  | 128 |
| Metal mining. | . 82 | 90 | 110 | 117 | 88 | 105 | 119 | 120 | 114 | 112 | 121 | 121 | 120 | ${ }_{7} 118$ | ${ }_{r 117}$ | 114 |
| Stone and earth minerals. | . 81 | 123 | 130 | 129 | 130 | 130 | 133 | 131 | 134 | 135 | 137 | 138 | 139 | 139 | r138 | 142 |
| WIthout seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-TOTAL | 100.00 | 125 | 139 | 139 | 130 | 139 | 142 | 147 | 145 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 143 | 144 | 141 | 141 |
| MANUFACTURES-TOTAL | 90.02 | 127 | 141 | 141 | 132 | 140 | 144 | 150 | 148 | 143 | 144 | 146 | 145 | 146 | 142 | 142 |
| Durable Manufactures-Total. | 45.17 | 137 | 155 | 155 | 146 | 153 | 157 | 164 | 163 | 161 | 160 | 161 | 161 | 162 | 157 | 156 |
| Primary metals. | 6.70 | 108 | 140 | 144 | 122 | 132 | 143 | 149 | 149 | 147 | 151 | 152 | 152 | 151 | +144 | 137 |
| Ferrous metals. | 5.03 | 105 | 138 | 141 | 125 | 132 | 142 | 148 | 147 | 145 | 149 | 149 | 149 | 149 | 143 | 135 |
| Pig iron and | 3.51 | 108 | 144 | 146 | 132 | 140 | 149 | 153 | 154 | 153 | 158 | 158 | 159 | 158 | 152 |  |
| Pig iron. | . 37 | 101 | 134 | 137 | 129 | 134 | 140 | 141 | 140 | 141 | 143 | 143 | 145 | 145 | 140 |  |
| Steel. | 3.05 | 109 | 146 | 147 | 133 | 141 | 150 | 154 | 156 | 154 | 159 | 159 | 160 | 159 | 154 |  |
| Caroon stee | 2.62 | 108 | 141 | 144 | 130 | 136 | 144 | 149 | 150 | 149 | 153 | 153 | 155 | 155 | 149 |  |
| Flloy steel........... | . 43 | 115 | 171 | 169 | 147 | 168 | 186 | 188 | 189 | 182 | 197 | 199 | 192 | 181 | 182 |  |
| Ferrous castings and forgings............ Iron and steel castings........... | 1.52 | 97 | 124 | 129 | 108 | 114 | 125 | 137 | 131 | 128 | 128 | 130 | 128 | 129 | 121 | 118 |
| Iron and steel castings................... | 1.29 | -95 | 123 | 127 | 108 | 114 | 123 133 | 135 | 121 | 126 | 125 | 128 | 126 | 127 | 120 |  |
| Steel forgings. . | . 23 | 106 | 133 | 139 | 108 | 115 | 133 | 148 | 141 | 141 | 143 | 142 | 142 | 141 | 129 | 134 |

- Revised.

For other footnotes see end of table.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-Continued
[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ]

| Industry | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 1947-49 \\ \text { pro- } \\ \text { por- } \\ \text { tion } \end{array}\right\|$ | Annual average |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1954 | 1955 | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT -Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary metals-Continued | 1.67 | 120 | 146 | 154 | 112 | 132 | 147 | 153 | 154 | 153 | 159 | 161 | 161 | ${ }^{158}$ | ${ }^{1} 148$ | 144 |
| Primary nonferrous met | . 38 | 147 | 164 | 167 | 127 | 150 | 173 | 171 | 173 | 175 | 172 | 176 | 181 | 183 | 180 | 177 |
| Copper smelting. . | . 09 | 101 | 122 | 130 | 49 | 95 | 139 | 136 | 130 | 128 | 132 | 133 | 139 | 139 | ${ }^{1} 143$ | 137 |
| Copper refining. | . 06 | 109 | 123 | 133 | 50 | 97 | 142 | 126 | 136 | 143 | 122 | 134 | 141 | 142 | 140 | 136 |
| Lead.. | . 04 | 105 | 1103 | 110 | 53 | -82 | 117 | 119 | 123 | 112 | 114 | 117 | 125 | 121 | 106 | 109 |
| Zinc. ${ }^{\text {aluminum }}$ | . 09 | 244 | 261 | 259 | 1261 | 263 | 265 | 265 | 272 | 127 | 276 | 1279 | 287 | 294 | 111 | 110 |
| Secondary nonferrous metal | . 13 | 105 | 123 | 121 | 100 | 118 | 130 | 135 | 130 | 125 | 131 | 134 | 124 | 135 |  |  |
| Nonferrous shapes and casting | 1.16 | 113 | 142 | 154 | 108 | 127 | 141 | 149 | 150 | 148 | 158 | 159 | 158 | 152 | $\because 140$ | 135' |
| Copper mill shapes. | . 63 | 100 | 114 | 128 | 75 | 91 | 110 | 114 | 118 | 120 | 134 | 132 | 129 | 120 | ${ }^{1} 113$ | 110 |
| Aluminum mill shap | . 23 | 154 | 208 | 228 | 188 | 215 | 218 | 222 | 219 | 210 | 226 | 225 | 241 | 242 | 228 | 213 |
| Nonferrous castings. | . 33 | 114 | 156 | 158 | 124 | 144 | 154 | 173 | 169 | 164 | 163 | 170 | 166 | 160 |  |  |
| Metal Fabricatin | 28.52 | 150 | 165 | 163 | 157 | 162 | 165 | 173 | 174 | 173 | 172 | 172 | 172 | 174 | 167 | 167 |
| Fabricated metal products | 5.73 | 123 | 134 | 135 | 130 | 139 | 142 | 145 | 139 | 137 | 135 | 134 | 134 | 136 | 130 | 132 |
| Structural metal parts. | 2.68 | 126 | 136 | 138 | 132 | 137 | 141 | 144 | 145 | 144 | 140 | 138 | 138 | 140 | ${ }^{1} 138$ | 138 |
| Stampings and misc. metal | 2.12 | 117 | 130 | 128 | 125 | 126 | 129 | 134 | 138 | 137 | 131 | 129 | 126 | 125 | ${ }_{\sim} 121$ | 119 |
| Tin cans. . . | . 30 | 131 | 142 | 149 | 168 | 203 | 192 | 197 | 95 | 102 | 109 | 116 | 127 | 189 | ${ }^{5} 121$ | 158 |
| Furnaces, gas ranges, and heaters | . 63 | 90 | 111 | 117 | 89 | 128 | 142 | 134 | 117 | 92 | 109 | 110 | 115 | 106 | 105 | 112 |
| Machinery. | 13.68 | 142 | 155 | 153 | 142 | 153 | 161 | 169 | 164 | 164 | 167 | 168 | 168 | 172 | 167 | 165 |
| Nonelectrical machinery | 9.04 | 125 | 135 | 137 | 131 | 131 | 137 | 141 | 141 | 147 | 149 | 152 | 154 | 154 | 151 | 150 |
| Farm and industrial machinery | 8.13 | 121 | 130 | 131 | 128 | 129 | 131 | 136 | 138 | 143 | 144 | 145 | 146 | 148 | 147 | 147 |
| Farm machinery. | 1.02 | 79 | 91 | 95 | 92 | 87 | 69 | 92 | 94 | 97 | 98 | 95 | 94 | 92 | r88 | 89 |
| Industrial and commercial mach | 7.11 | 127 | 135 | 136 | 133 | 135 | 140 | 142 | 144 | 150 | 150 | 153 | 154 | 156 | 155 | 155 |
| Machine tools and presses | . 68 | 160 | 163 | 161 | 160 | 165 | 168 | 170 | 178 | 190 | 190 | 195 | 196 | 197 | 197 | 193 |
| Laundry and refrigeration appliances. | . 69 | 114 | 144 | 157 | 116 | 113 | 147 | 141 | 130 | 141 | 164 | 173 | 183 | 175 | 146 | 143 |
| Electrical machinery. | 4.64 | 177 | 194 | 184 | 165 | 194 | 207 | 223 | 208 | 197 | 201 | 200 | 196 | 206 | 198 | 194 |
| Electrical apparatus and p | 3.23 | 160 | 174 | 176 | 169 | 170 | 175 | 188 | 180 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 202 | 200 | 198 |
| Radio and television sets. | . 74 | 214 | 242 | 192 | 143 | 254 | 289 | 315 | 280 | 225 | 240 | 233 | 218 | 209 | 185 | 174 |
| Transportation equipme | 7.54 | 175 | 203 | 200 | 198 | 192 | 185 | 200 | 216 | 214 | 206 | 205 | 203 | 201 | r190 | 191 |
| Autos, trucks, and p | 4.80 | 109 | 153 | 151 | 147 | 137 | 122 | 144 | 167 | 159 | 147 | 143 | -139 | 136 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 116$ | 114 |
| Autos. | 1.50 | 131 | 190 | 184 | 195 | 166 | 130 | 153 | 212 | 193 | 173 | 164 | 163 | 162 | 127 | 127 |
| Trucks. | . 66 | 92 | 115 | 134 | 126 | 106 | 102 | 106 | 122 | 122 | 113 | 125 | . 130 | 131 | ${ }^{1} 117$ | 123 |
| Light trucks. | . 22 | 95 | 114 | 124 | 119 | 93 | 106 | 121 | 128 | 106 | 101 | 109 | 104 | 102 | 89 | 89 |
| Medium truck | . 19 | 59 | 69 | 81 | 81 | 65 | 53 | 50 | 73 | 67 | 67 | 71 | 68 | 69 | 58 | 68 |
| Heavy trucks | . 14 | 133 | 172 | 220 | 203 | 167 | 138 | 138 | 172 | 216 | 194 | 227 | 258 | 265 | 237 | 246 |
| Truck trailers. Auto and truck | . 07 | 130 | 183 | 205 | 174 | 192 | 199 | 202 | 199 | 192 | 173 | 187 | 191 | 195 | ¢191 | 203 |
| Auto and truck | 2.58 | 101 | 141 | 137 | 125 | 129 | 122 | 149 | 153 | 150 | 141 | 135 | 128 | 122 | 109 |  |
| Aircraft and parts., | 1.30 | 474 | 481 | 466 | 469 | 469 | 484 | 490 | 500 | 516 | 517 | 521 | 513 | 516 | r 522 | 537 |
| Shipbuilding and re | . 81 | 112 39 | 115 | 118 | 114 | 117 | 117 | 115 | 109 | 111 | 111 | 118 | 122 | 122 | ${ }^{1} 25$ | 125 |
| Railroad equipment Railroad cars.... | . 53 | 39 | 42 | 41 | 37 | 45 | 45 | 50 | 48 | 51 | 54 | 60 | 66 | 68 | 69 | 66 |
| Railroad cars. | . 35 | 29 | 30 | 29 | 22 | 32 | 30 | 38 | 33 | 36 | 40 | 49 | 57 | 60 | 61 | 56 |
| Instruments and related products | 1.29 | 140 | 149 | 149 | 147 | 150 | 155 | 158 | 159 | 161 | 160 | 161 | 161 | 164 | 164 | 164 |
| Clay, Glass, and Lumber Produ | 5.91 | 123 | 138 | 146 | 133 | 145 | 147 | 149 | 140 | 132 | 132 | 135 | 135 | 142 | ${ }^{1} 143$ | 145 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 2.82 | 131 | 149 | 155 | 149 | 158 | 158 | 161 | 157 | 153 | 150 | 150 | 153 | 158 | ${ }^{162}$ | 162 |
| Glass and pottery produ | 1.09 | 118 | 134 | 136 | 124 | 138 | 137 | 144 | 143 | 141 | 141 | 141 | 140 | 143 | ${ }^{1} 142$ | 139 |
| Flat glass and vitreous products | . 60 | 131 | 155 | 154 | 139 | 152 | 161 | 164 | 169 | 172 | 168 | 163 | 163 | 166 | 164 | 158 |
| Flat and other glass | . 47 | 133 | 156 | 154 | 136 | 153 | 163 | 167 | 172 | 174 | 171 | 167 | 163 | 165 | 163 | 156 |
| Glass containers. | . 26 | 117 | 126 | 138 | 130 | 143 | 127 | 133 | 119 | 111 | 121 | 130 | 130 | 135 | 136 | 142 |
| Home glassware and Cement............. | . 23 | 85 | 91 | 88 | 76 | 95 | 86 | 102 | 101 | 96 | 91 | 96 | 93 | 92 | r93 | 86 |
| Cement. ${ }^{\text {Structural clay products }}$ | . 32 | 135 | 148 | 163 | 161 | 164 | 164 | 164 | 151 | 136 | 126 | 123 | 137 | 159 | 174 |  |
| Structural clay products | . 35 | 111 | 127 | 134 | 128 | 138 | 140 | 138 | 137 | 130 | 129 | 132 | 137 | 138 | 140 | 145 |
| Brick................ | . 12 | 113 | 131 | 146 | 134 | 146 | 151 | 142 | 141 | 122 | 122 | 124 | 132 | 140 | 145 | 144 |
| Clay firebrick, pipe, and tile Concrete and plaster products | . 20 | 111 | 127 | 128 | 126 | 134 | 134 | 137 | 136 | 137 | 136 | 139 | 142 | 138 | r139 | 147 |
| Concrete and plaster products..... Misc. stone and earth manufactures | . 48 | 161 | 180 | 190 | 191 | 195 | 196 | 192 | 186 | 181 | 175 | 177 | 181 | 192 | r202 | 208 |
| Misc. stone and earth manufactures | . 58 | 140 | 166 | 170 | 167 | 174 | 175 | 177 | 176 | 176 | 171 | 171 | 171 | 172 | r172 | 170 |
| Lumber and products. | 3.09 | 115 | 127 | 137 | 118 | 133 | 136 | 138 | 124 | 113 | 116 | 121 | 119 | 126 | ${ }^{1} 125$ | 129 |
| Lumber | 2.05 | 106 | 112 | 122 | 108 | 119 | 121 | 122 | 106 | 198 | 100 | 104 | 105 | 112 | 111 | 118 |
| Millwork and plyw | . 60 | 161 | 197 | 207 | 160 | 198 | 209 | 213 | 201 | 173 | 189 | 201 | 193 | 199 | 187 | 181 |
| Millwork. | . 39 | 123 | 144 | 151 | 121 | 148 | 155 | 160 | 143 | 110 | 114 | 128 | 118 | 123 | 124 | 133 |
| Softwood plywood | . 12 | 222 | 284 | 299 | 224 | 279 | 295 | 299 | 295 | 278 | 313 | 321 | 316 | 324 | 290 | 260 |
| Wood containers. | . 29 | 88 | 90 | 94 | 85 | 86 | 90 | 93 | 92 | 94 | 90 | 91 | 91 | 92 | r93 | 93 |
| Furniture and Misc. Manufacturin | 1.04 | 121 | 132 | 131 | 125 | 134 | 140 | 144 | 142 | 140 | 133 | 136 | 134 | 132 | ${ }^{1} 131$ | 132 |
| Farniture and fixtures. | 1.64 | 106 | 119 | 116 | 113 | 123 | 127 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 122 | 123 | 122 | 119 | 116 | 118 |
| Household furnitu | 1.10 | 106 | 120 | 118 | 114 | 124 | 129 | 131 | 131 | 130 | 124 | 125 | 123 | 118 | 115 | 116 |
| Fixtures and office furniture | . 54 | 107 | 115 | 114 | 111 | 121 | 123 | 123 | 121 | 122 | 119 | 119 | 120 | 120 | 119 | 122 |
| Miscellaneous manufactu | 2.40 | 131 | 141 | 141 | 133 | 142 | 149 | 154 | 152 | 149 | 141 | 145 | 142 | 141 | 140 | 141 |

- Revised.

For other footnotes see end of table.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-Continued
[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ]

| Industry | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { 1947-49 } \\ \text { opro- } \\ \text { pror- } \\ \text { tion } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Annual average |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1954 | 1955 | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov | Dec. | Jan. | b. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June |
| without seasonal adjustment -Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable Manufactures-Total. | 44.85 | 116 | 126 | 127 | 117 | 128 | 130 | 135 | 132 | 125 | 128 | 131 | 130 | 129 | 127 | 127 |
| Textiles and Appar | . 87 | 100 | 109 | 108 | 93 | 112 | 109 | 114 | 114 | 106 | 113 | 119 | 114 | 111 | 107 | 104 |
| Textile mill produc | ${ }_{6}^{6.32}$ | 95 | 107 | 106 | 91 | 108 | 106 | 112 | 111 | 105 | 111 | 115 | 110 | 108 | ${ }^{106}$ | 100 |
| Cotton and synthet | 3.72 2.30 | ${ }_{97}^{100}$ | 113 | 110 | ${ }_{84}^{96}$ | 115 | 111 | 117 | 118 | 110 | 119 | ${ }_{112}^{123}$ | 115 | 1112 | 109 | 99 |
| Cotton consump Synthetic fabrics |  | 108 | 137 | 135 | 84 133 | $\xrightarrow{106} 1$ | 132 | 109 | ${ }_{115}^{109}$ | 131 | ${ }_{135}^{110}$ | 1112 | 138 | 1107 | 105 | ${ }_{103}^{96}$ |
| Fabric finishing. | . 97 | 96 | 179 |  | 737 | ${ }_{7} 106$ | 87 80 |  |  | 8 | 111 | 118 | 88 | 103 | 108 | 90 90 |
| Wool textiles. | . 16 | 76 | 79 85 88 | 88 |  | 79 | 88 | 85 90 | 83 86 | 78 |  |  | 88 |  | 90 | 90 85 |
| Wool fabrics. | .75 | 64 | 78 | ${ }^{84}$ | 72 | 77 | 80 | 84 | 83 | 82 | 80 | 81 | 84 | 87 | 89 | 92 |
| Knit goods | 1.15 | 106 | 110 | 113 | 88 | 113 104 1 | 114 | 119 | 116 | ${ }_{99}^{107}$ | 107 | 114 | 110 | 110 105 | 108 99 | 110 |
|  | . 45 | 113 | 110 | 111 | 88 | 107 | 106 | 1114 | 109 | 100 |  | 114 |  | 1105 |  | 102 |
| Seamless hosiery | . 20 | 197 <br> 103 | 99 | 102 | 82 | 99 | 101 | 110 | 106 | 96 | 102 | 108 | 93 |  | 91 | 97 |
| Knit garments. | . 50 | 103 | 115 | 119 | 116 | 123 | 125 | 126 | 125 | 118 | 110 | 115 | 116 | 116 | 119 | 121 |
| Floor coverings 1 Woven carpets. | . 31 | 71 | 79 | 81 | 44 | 72 | 85 | 89 | 77 | 84 | 83 | 93 | 91 | 89 | r80 | 77 |
| Apparel and allied prod | 5.55 | 105 | 113 | 110 | 95 | 116 | 111 | 117 | 117 | 107 | 117 | 124 | 120 | 114 | 109 | 108 |
| Men's outerwear ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 117 |  | 102 | 119 | 124 | 118 |  | 121 | 104 |
| Men's suits and coats Men's suits ..... | . 50 | 82 | 92 | 92 86 | 595 | 110 | ${ }_{84}^{91}$ | 95 93 | 94 | 84 | 103 | 103 | 101 |  | 107 |  |
| Men's outercoa | . 13 | 67 | 77 | 92 | 60 | 115 | 99 | 82 |  | 55 | 5 | 59 |  | 92 | 110 | 93 |
| Shirts and work clo | 1.85 | 116 109 | 112 | 117 | 98 | 117 | 119 | 130 | 131 | 113 | 132 | 141 | 130 | 129 | 129 | 111 |
| Women's outerwear. | 1.86 | 129 | 116 | 124 | 129 | 114 | 129 | 139 | ${ }_{143}^{143}$ | 119 |  | 132 |  | ${ }_{95}^{115}$ | 104 | 111 |
| Misc. apparel and allied mfrs.. | 1.92 | 103 | 111 | 108 | 103 | 112 | 117 | 122 | 122 | 119 | 113 | 117 | 114 | 108 | 104 | 108 |
| Rubber and Leather Products | . 20 | 104 | 122 | 26 | 105 | 119 | 124 | 130 | 122 | 119 | 127 | 32 | 125 | ${ }^{12}$ | ${ }^{1} 113$ | 109 |
| Rubber products | 1.47 | 115 | 143 | 151 | 121 | 133 | 144 | 155 | 150 <br> 138 <br> 18 | 139 | 149 | 146 | 140 | r 140 133 | 129 | 119 |
| Tires and tit | . 40 | 110 | 140 | 146 | 138 | $\stackrel{116}{125}$ | 128 | 143 | 1140 | 121 | 131 | 134 135 |  |  |  |  |
| Truck and bus | . 30 | 99 | 120 | 126 | 111 | 104 | 119 | 136 | 134 | 118 | 126 | 132 | 130 | 130 | 125 | 30 |
| Miscellaneous rubber products | . 77 | 124 | 154 | 155 | 115 | 148 | 158 | 170 | 161 | 156 | 167 | 157 | 149 | ${ }^{1} 146$ | 133 | 116 |
| Leather and products. | $\begin{array}{r}1.73 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95 \\ & 87 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 105 \\ 92 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 105 \\ 95 \end{array}$ | 72 | 108 90 | $\begin{gathered} 107 \\ 90 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 109 \\ 97 \end{array}$ | 99 | $\begin{gathered} 102 \\ 95 \end{gathered}$ | 109 | ${ }_{103}^{120}$ | 112 | ${ }_{79} 106$ | 799 | 101 |
| Catlehide leathers | . 29 |  |  | 101 |  |  |  |  |  | 103 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Skin leathers... | . 15 | 75 | 79 | 83 | 63 | 77 | 74 | 82 | 81 | 80 | ${ }_{80}$ | 19 90 | ${ }_{80}$ | ${ }_{82}$ | 80 |  |
| Shoes and sippers ${ }^{2}$. | . 39 | 90 | 9 | 96 | 97 | 104 | 104 | 106 | ios | 104 | 98 | 103 | 98 | 91 | 89 | 96 |
| Paper and Printing. | 8.93 | 125 | 137 | 38 | 128 | 135 | 141 | 147 | 14 | 137 | 138 | 141 | 14 | 146 | 143 | 143 |
| Paper and allied product | 3.46 1.76 1 | 134 132 1 | 152 | 156 | 139 | 155 | 157 | 167 158 | 159 | 146 | 157 | 162 | 163 | 165 | 160 | 163 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Pulp and }}$ Wood pul | 1.76 | ${ }_{148}^{132}$ | 149 | 175 | $\stackrel{135}{156}$ | 173 | 150 | 158 179 | 178 | 144 <br> 164 <br> 1 | 158 | 185 |  | 184 | 187 | 181 |
| Paper and boar | 1.25 | 125 | 140 | 145 | 126 | 141 | 143 | 150 | 147 | 136 | 149 | 154 | 153 | 154 | 152 | 152 |
| Printing pa | . 14 | 120 | 137 | 138 |  | 127 | 134 |  |  | 127 | 137 | 144 |  |  | 142 | 148 |
| Coarse pap | . 20 | 119 | 129 | 130 | 117 | 126 | 128 | 137 | 132 | 125 | 137 | 145 | 140 | 142 | 139 | 140 |
| Miscellaneo | . 18 | 137 | 158 | 159 | 148 | 156 | 156 | 176 | 167 | 154 | 172 | 169 | 170 | 177 | 168 | 169 |
| Paperboard | 41 | 130 | 149 | 158 | 133 | 155 | 153 | 160 | 161 | 144 | 159 | 163 | 159 | 161 | .162 | 159 |
| ( Building paper and | 1.70 | 124 | 156 | 158 | $\stackrel{134}{143}$ | 151 | 145 | 177 | ${ }_{161}^{137}$ | 124 |  | 136 |  |  | 157 |  |
| Shipping contain | 51 | 133 | 155 | 159 | 141 | 160 | 167 | 175 | 160 | 149 | 147 | 157 | 165 | 162 | 154 | 165 |
| Sanitary paper produc | . 11 | 145 | 158 | 154 | 153 | 152 | 156 | 180 | 163 | 148 | 179 | 173 | 163 | 184 | 163 | 163 |
| Printing and publishi | 5.47 | 120 | 127 | 127 | 121 | 123 | 131 |  |  | 130 |  |  |  |  |  | 130 |
| Newsprint consumpt | 1.85 | 119 | 128 |  | 112 | 116 | 132 | 142 | 143 | 112 |  | 127 | 134 | 141 | 140 | 131 |
| Job printing and periodica | 3.62 | 121 | 127 | 125 | 125 | 127 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 133 | 129 | 129 | 131 | 130 | 129 | 130 |
| Chemical and Petroleum Produ | 9.34 | 142 | 159 | 157 | 152 | 157 | 162 | 166 | 168 | 167 | 168 | 170 | 169 | 268 | 166 | 165 |
| Chemicals and allied pr | 6.84 | 148 | 167 |  | 158 | 163 | 171 | 176 | 178 | 177 | 177 | 179 | 179 |  | 176 |  |
| Industrial chemicals | 2.54 | 153 | 184 | 185 | 176 | 182 | 190 | 192 | 197 | 197 | 199 | 201 | 201 | 200 | 197 | 193 |
| Basic inorganic chemic | 1.97 | 152 | 186 | 186 | 181 | 187 | 194 | 192 | 198 | 198 |  | 201 |  |  | 197 | 196 |
| Plastics materials | . 24 | 184 | 242 | 246 |  | 234 | 264 |  | 268 | 253 | 261 | 264 |  | 266 | 262 |  |
| Synthetic rub | 11 | 136 | 213 | 208 | 211 | 217 | 222 | 230 | 243 | 233 | 241 | 249 | 243 | 244 | $r_{242}$ | 227 |
| Synthetic fibers | . 59 | 152 | 186 | 184 | 177 | 184 | 191 | 188 | 197 | 196 | 193 | 194 | 197 | ${ }^{183}$ | ${ }^{1} 176$ | 169 |
| Vegetable and anim | 1.64 | 118 | 124 |  | 174 | 103 | 176 | 156 | 178 | 148 | 183 152 | 185 | 187 | 189 | ${ }_{123}^{190}$ | 192 |
| Vegetable oils. | . 48 | 113 | 117 | 93 | 87 | 90 | 115 | 157 | 162 | 144 | 147 | 150 | 134 | 123 | 110 | 91 |
| Grease and tallow | . 16 | 133 | 145 | 143 | 133 | 145 | 144 | 154 | 174 | 159 | 168 | 175 | 162 | 163 | 163 | 155 |
| Soap and allied | . 71 | 108 | 110 | 103 | 79 | 104 | 126 | 130 | 118 | 115 | 104 | 109 |  |  | 106 | 109 |
| Fertilizer | 23 | 122 | 125 | 109 | 91 | 90 | 115 | 118 | 114 | 118 | 122 | 131 | 168 | 188 | ${ }_{1} 123$ | 115 |

r Revised.
For other footnotes see opposite page.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-Continued
[Federal Reserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ]

| Industry | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { 1947-49 } \\ \text { pro- } \\ \text { por- } \\ \text { tion } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Annual average |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1954 | 1955 | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June |
| wIthout seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum and coal products | 2.50 | 125 | 135 | 136 | 134 | 138 | 136 | 138 | 140 | 141 | 143 | 143 | 142 | 135 | 137 | ${ }^{2} 141$ |
| Petroleum refining. | 1.97 | 133 | 142 | 140 | 141 | 143 | 141 | 143 | 148 | 152 | 154 | 151 | 148 | 142 | 144 | ${ }^{n} 148$ |
| Gasoline. | 1.04 | 141 | 152 | 152 | 156 | 157 | 155 | 157 | 158 | 161 | 158 | 155 | 155 | 150 | 155 | ${ }^{p} 163$ |
| Automotive gasol | . 98 | 136 | 147 | 146 | 151 | 151 | 149 | 151 | 153 | 156 | 153 | 151 | 150 | 144 | 149 |  |
| Aviation gasoline | . 06 | 221 | 233 | 246 | 247 | 252 | 247 | 252 | 236 | 247 | 242 | 231 | 242 | 254 | 258 |  |
| Fuel oil. | . 56 | 128 | 138 | 133 | 131 | 133 | 132 | 134 | 141 | 149 | 160 | 158 | 149 | 140 | 138 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 139$ |
| Distilate | . 26 | 158 | 175 | 173 | 167 | 172 | 172 | 171 | 178 | 187 | 204 | 203 | 192 | 182 | 177 |  |
| Kerosene.... | . 10 | 110 | 107 | 88 | 94 | 95 | 91 | 101 | 112 | 129 | 126 | 126 | 112 | 98 | 94 |  |
| Lubricating | . 17 | 108 | 114 | 118 | 108 | 116 | 111 | 111 | 126 | 112 | 119 | 115 | 119 | 126 | 123 |  |
| Coke | . 26 | 84 | 104 | 103 | 101 | 104 | 107 | 108 | 110 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 111 | 110 | 108 | 105 |
| Asphalt roofing and siding | . 15 | 103 | 110 | 144 | 114 | 142 | 131 | 131 | 97 | 57 | 66 | 100 | 127 | 86 | 109 | 124 |
| Foods, Beverages, and Tobacco | 11.51 | 106 | 109 | 112 | 110 | 117 | 121 | 123 | 114 | 104 | 102 | 102 | 103 | 105 | ${ }^{1} 107$ | 113 |
| Food and beverage manufactures. | 10.73 | 106 | 109 | 112 | 111 | 117 | 122 | 124 | 114 | 105 | 102 | 102 | 103 | 105 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 107$ | 112 |
| Food manufactures. | 8.49 |  | 109 | 108 | 109 | 118 | 125 | 125 | 118 | 109 | 106 | 104 | 102 | 103 | 105 | 109 |
| Meat products. | 1.48 | 117 | 128 | 114 | 104 | 118 | 129 | 143 | 150 | 152 | 153 | 140 | 136 | 131 | 121 | 122 |
| Beef. | . 46 | 135 | 142 | 147 | 137 | 151 | 155 | 154 | 146 | 140 | 158 | 145 | 142 | 150 | 147 | 154 |
| Pork | . 83 | 103 | 116 | 93 | 83 | 96 | 111 | 133 | 148 | 154 | 146 | 133 | 129 | 117 | 103 | 100 |
| Dairy produc | . 69 | 106 | 107 | 145 | 132 | 120 | 101 | 88 | 83 | 84 | 91 | 99 | 109 | 121 | 136 | 150 |
| Butter. | . 14 | 110 | 105 | 139 | 116 | 90 | 84 | 88 | 83 | 94 | 104 | 107 | 114 | 128 | 131 | 138 |
| Natural cheese. | . 07 | 116 | 116 | 165 | 130 | 113 | 102 | 90 | 87 | 92 | 96 | 103 | 116 | 132 | 153 | 163 |
| Concentrated $m$ | . 19 | 94 | 97 | 138 | 107 | 94 | 82 | 75 | 71 | 79 | 85 | 94 | 106 | 123 | 140 | 146 |
| Ice cream. | . 28 | 104 | 109 | 139 | 153 | 151 | 118 | 93 | 86 | 76 | 84 | 93 | 102 | 109 | 125 | 149 |
| Canned and frozen food | 1.13 | 112 | 118 | 110 | 142 | 198 | 201 | 161 | 114 | 95 | 85 | 83 | 82 | 85 | r96 | 111 |
| Grain-mill products. | 1.16 | 107 | 105 | 110 | 110 | 106 | 108 | 111 | 102 | 100 | 100 | 98 | 99 | 97 | r99 | 101 |
| Wheat flour. | . 46 | 81 | 83 | 80 | 80 | 77 | 83 | 96 | 86 | 84 | 85 | 81 | 84 | 79 | 77 | 80 |
| Cereals and feeds | . 76 | 124 | 119 | 129 | 130 | 125 | 124 | 122 | 112 | 110 | 111 | 109 95 | 109 | 109 | 112 | 115 |
| Bakery products. | 1.64 | 97 | 97 | 100 | 100 | 98 | 99 | 100 | 99 | 99 | 95 | 95 | 94 | 95 | 97 | 99 |
| Sugar... | .27 | 117 | 115 | 71 | 73 | 81 | 111 | 247 | 261 | 182 | 87 | 57 | 59 | 68 | 70 |  |
| Cane sugar. | $\cdot 11$ | 106 | 113 | 108 | 121 | 128 | 129 | 130 | 103 | 112 | 109 | 102 | 109 | 123 | 114 |  |
| Confectionery | .71 | 121 | 111 | 38 | 26 | 36 79 | 140 | 134 | 393 129 | 236 91 | 112 | 115 | 11 | 98 | 27 90 | 84 |
| Confectionery Miscellaneous food prep | 1.41 | 105 | 106 | 110 | 113 | 111 | 109 | 108 | 104 | 101 | ${ }_{9} 9$ | 102 | 103 | 102 | r107 | 113 |
| Beverages. | 2.24 | 103 | 107 | 127 | 121 | 114 | 111 | 118 | 102 | 91 | 87 | 96 | 105 | 112 | ${ }^{1} 15$ |  |
| Bottled soft dri | 1.70 | 98 | 102 | 117 | 106 | 104 | 102 | 117 | 105 | 88 | 84 | 94 | 105 | 111 | 108 |  |
| Beer and ale. | 1.02 | 99 | 101 | 126 | 122 | 118 | 97 | 88 | 77 | 81 | 86 | 92 | 103 | 111 | 112 |  |
| Liquor distilling | . 17 |  | 77 |  | 40 |  | 83 | 157 | 129 | 95 | 75 | 75 | 82 | 80 | 76 |  |
| Liquor bottling. | . 37 | 102 | 109 | 120 | 99 | 94 | 118 | 154 | 146 | 96 | 79 | 102 | 113 | 122 | 108 |  |
| Tobacco manufactu | . 78 | 103 | 105 | 116 | 92 | 112 | 107 | 114 | 107 | 88 | 107 | 105 | 105 | 103 | 110 |  |
| Cigarette | .46 | 106 | 109 | 121 | 99 | 117 | 109 | 117 | 108 | 91 | 112 | 107 | 109 | 106 | 116 |  |
| Cigars. | . 17 | 105 | 104 | 111 | 82 | 110 | 111 | 118 | 113 | 87 | 103 | 109 | 104 | 105 | 103 |  |
| MINERALS-TOTAL | 9.98 | 111 | 122 | 121 | 119 | 124 | 126 | 127 | 126 | 127 | 129 | 127 | 127 | 130 | ${ }^{130}$ | 130 |
| Mineral Fuels | 8.35 | 113 | 123 | 118 | 119 | 122 | 123 | 125 | 128 | 131 | 133 | 131 | 130 | 130 | r128 | 128 |
| Coal. | 2.68 | 67 | 80 | 74 | 77 | 82 | 83 | 88 | 87 | 91 | 91 | 88 | 86 | 86 | 85 | 84 |
| Anthracite |  | 52 | 48 | 46 | 42 | 39 | 53 | 51 | 51 | 54 | 61 | 55 | 46 | 53 | 42 | 58 |
| Bituminous coa | 2.32 | 70 | 85 | 78 | 82 | 89 | 88 | 93 | 93 | 97 | 95 | 94 | 92 | 91 | 91 | 89 |
| Crude oil and natural gas. | 5.67 | 134 | 143 | 139 | 139 | 141 | 142 | 143 | 147 | 151 | 153 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 149 | $p_{148}$ |
| Oil and gas extraction. | 4.82 | 128 | 137 | 132 | 132 | 133 | 135 | 137 | 142 | 146 | 147 | 147 | 148 | , 144 | 142 | $p_{142}$ |
| Crude oil. | 4.12 | 122 | 131 | 127 | 127 | 128 | 129 | 131 | 134 | 137 | 138 | 138 | 139 | 137 | 135 | ${ }^{r} 136$ |
| Natural gas. | . 34 | 172 | 185 | 173 | 165 | 167 | 176 | 181 | 196 | 209 | 219 | 214 | 210 |  |  |  |
| Natural gas liquids | . 36 | 160 | 169 | 157 | 159 | 163 | 170 | 174 | 183 | 186 | 186 | 187 | 186 | 178 | 176 |  |
| Oil and gas well drilling......... | . 85 | 167 | 175 | 177 | 178 | 187 | 180 | 175 | 173 | 177 | 185 | 173 | 171 | 188 | 187 |  |
| Metal, Stone, and Earth Minerals | 1.63 | 106 | 120 | 138 | 120 | 132 | 141 | 137 | 120 | 106 | 106 | 108 | 109 | ${ }^{1} 129$ | r140 | 143 |
| Metal mining | . 82 | 90 | 110 | 141 | 104 | 126 | 141 | 136 | 105 | 83 | 87 | 91 | 91 | 119 | ${ }^{\text {r } 138}$ | 138 |
| Iron ore.. | . 33 | 84 | 113 | 179 | 168 | 179 | 181 | 165 | 92 | 44 | 42 | 49 | 46 | 108 | r164 |  |
| Nonferrous metal mining | . 49 | 94 | 108 | 116 | 62 | 90 | 114 | 116 | 114 | 108 | 118 | 119 | 122 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 127$ | 120 |  |
| Copper minin | . 24 | 103 | 123 | 133 | 50 | 96 | 134 | 137 | 135 | 127 | 140 | 138 | 140 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 148$ | 140 |  |
| Lead mining. | . 09 | 80 | 84 | 87 | 79 | 78 | 82 | 84 | 79 | 82 | 81 | 88 | 91 | r94 | 85 |  |
| Zinc mining. . . . . . . . | . 06 | 75 | 81 | 84 | 81 | 79 | 81 | 80 | 77 | 74 | 80 | 86 | 90 | 91 | 86 |  |
| Stene and earth minerals | 81 | 123 | 130 | 134 | 135 | 139 | 141 | 139 | 135 | 129 | 124 | 126 | 128 | 138 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 142$ | 148 |

[^30]group in addition to the groups shown. Certain types of combat materiel are included in major group totals but not in individual indexes for autos, farm machinery, and some other products, as discussed in the Bulletin
for December 1953, pp. 1269-1271.
For description and back figures, see Bumerin for December 1953, pp. 1247-1293 and pp. 1298-1328, respectively.

OUTPUT OF CONSUMER DURABLE GOODS
[Federal Rzserve indexes, 1947-49 average $=100$ ]

| Product | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 1947-49 \\ \text { pro- } \\ \text { pration } \end{array}\right\|$ | Annual average |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1954 | 1955 | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June |
| SEASONALly adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CONSUMER DURABLES-TOTAL. | 100.00 | 116 | 147 | 144 | 150 | 151 | 154 | 152 | 151 | 149 | 143 | 137 | r133 | 132 | r124 | 124 |
| Major Durables. | 69.72 | 125 | 164 | 160 | 169 | 169 | 172 | 168 | 167 | 163 | 156 | 148 | 143 | 142 | ${ }^{1} 130$ | 130 |
| Autos. . . . . ${ }^{\text {Major }}$ household | 32.10 36.13 | 131 | 190 | 173 | 185 | 189 | 155 | 194 | 196 | 187 | 171 | 158 | 148 | 142 | 119 | 120 |
| Major househond goods........ Furniture and floor coverings | 15.32 | 101 | 116 | 117 | 117 | 121 | ${ }_{123}^{156}$ | 121 | 121 | 121 | 120 | 119 | 147 | 116 | +142 | 140 |
| Household furniture....... | 11.31 | 106 | 120 | 122 | 121 | 125 | 127 | 126 | 126 | 125 | 124 | 123 | 121 | 121 | 120 | 121 |
| Floor coverings ${ }^{1}$. | 4.01 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Appliances and heaters Major appliances... | 15.60 | 1115 | 148 | 145 | 146 | 143 | 147 | 137 | 134 | 143 | 150 | 146 | $\xrightarrow{r} \begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & r 153\end{aligned}$ | $r$ $r 149$ $r$ | $\xrightarrow{141}$ | 138 |
| Ranges.. | 2.60 | 79 | 100 | 122 | 119 | 98 | 98 | 95 | 90 | 104 | 113 | 110 | 111 | 110 | 107 | 117 |
| Refrigeration applianc | 4.98 | 124 | 151 | 163 | 161 | 160 | 166 | 162 | 146 | 151 | 140 | 145 | 153 | 160 | 153 | 148 |
| Laundry appliances. | 2.51 | 148 | 193 | 163 | 193 | 206 | 205 | 187 | 200 | 227 | 242 | 221 | 215 | '211 | r185 | 171 |
| Heating apparatus. | 3.72 | 97 | 120 | 132 | 121 | 119 | 126 | 108 | 111 | 115 | 134 | 133 | 139 | 122 | 125 | 124 |
| Radio and television | 5.21 | 214 | 242 | 269 | 290 | 294 | 279 | 259 | 235 | 216 | 207 | 194 | 186 | 207 | 218 | 220 |
| Radio sets.. | 3.42 | 52 | 77 | 66 | 76 | 70 | 72 | 95 | 103 | 101 | 72 | 66 | 62 | 55 | 61 | 55 |
| Television sets | 1.79 | 522 | 558 | 658 | 698 | 720 | 676 | 572 | 486 | 436 | 465 | 439 | 423 | 496 | 517 | 536 |
| Other Consumer Durables. | 30.28 | 95 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 107 | 111 | 114 | 114 | 114 | 113 | 111 | 109 | 110 | 110 | 110 |
| Auto parts and tires...... | 14.00 | 91 | 102 | 102 | 101 | 101 | 107 | 108 | 108 | 112 | 113 | 106 | 104 | 105 | 104 | 100 |
| Misc. home and personal goods | 16.28 | 99 | 109 | 109 | 111 | 112 | 115 | 118 | 119 | 117 | 114 | 115 | 112 | 114 | 115 | 118 |
| WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CONSUMER DURABLES-TOTAL | 100.00 | 116 | 147 | 144 | 137 | 139 | 136 | 146 | 159 | 148 | 144 | 143 | 143 | 141 | 124 | 124 |
| Major Durables | 69.72 | 125 | 164 | 160 | 152 | 152 | 145 | 157 | 177 | 165 | 159 | 157 | 157 | 154 | 131 | 130 |
| Autos. | 32.10 | 131 | 190 | 184 | 195 | 166 | 130 | 153 | 212 | 193 | 173 | 164 | 163 | 162 | 127 | 127 |
| Major household good | 36.13 | 122 | 144 | 141 | 115 | 141 | 159 | 162 | 150 | 142 | 150 | 153 | 155 | 150 | 136 | 134 |
| Furniture and floor cov | 15.32 | 101 | 116 | 113 | 105 | 117 | 124 | 127 | 124 | 125 | 120 | 123 | 121 | 117 | 113 | 112 |
| Household furniture | 11.31 | 106 | 120 | 118 | 114 | 124 | 129 | 131 | 131 | 130 | 124 | 125 | 123 | 118 | 115 | 116 |
| Floor coverings ${ }^{1}$. Appliances and heat | 4.01 15.60 | 111 | 138 | 152 | 116 | 127 | 151 | 145 | 131 | 130 | 148 | 156 | 68 | 162 | 143 | 143 |
| Major appliances. | 11.88 | 115 | 142 | 160 | 120 | 122 | 149 | 144 | 133 | 140 | 161 | 169 | 183 | 178 | 152 | 150 |
| Ranges. | 2.60 | 79 | 100 | 117 | 76 | 91 | 107 | 105 | 97 | 99 | 115 | 118 | 125 | 115 | 102 | 112 |
| Refrigeration applian | 4.98 | 124 | 151 | 191 | 144 | 116 | 143 | 131 | 113 | 130 | 157 | 165 | 194 | 197 | 173 | 174 |
| Laundry appliances. | 2.51 | 148 | 193 | 168 | 131 | 181 | 219 | 218 | 220 | 222 | 235 | 252 | 237 | 222 | 176 | 162 |
| Heating apparatus. | 3.72 | 97 | 120 | 128 | 103 | 142 | 159 | 148 | 125 | 97 | 109 | 113 | 121 | 113 | 113 | 121 |
| Radio and television se | 5.21 | 214 | 242 | 192 | 143 | 254 | 289 | 315 | 279 | 224 | 239 | 233 | 218 | 209 | 184 | 174 |
| Radio sets.... | 3.42 | 52 | 77 | 65 | 49 | 62 | 68 | 99 | 105 | 96 | 72 | 72 | 70 | 63 | 67 | 54 |
| Television sets | 1.79 | 522 | 558 | 434 | 321 | 619 | 710 | 726 | 612 | 470 | 559 | 540 | 499 | 486 | 409 | 402 |
| Other Consumer Durables. | 30.28 | 95 | 106 | 106 | 103 | 110 | 115 | 120 | 117 | 111 | 109 | 110 | 108 | 109 | 109 | 109 |
| Auto parts and tires. | 14.00 | 91 | 102 | 105 | 102 | 107 | 113 | 115 | 108 | 104 | 107 | 101 | 101 | 103 | 104 | 103 |
| Misc. home and personal goods | 16.28 | 99 | 109 | 106 | 103 | 112 | 116 | 124 | 124 | 118 | 111 | 116 | 115 | 114 | 113 | 114 |

- Revised.
${ }^{1}$ Publication suspended pending revision for the period 1952 to date.
carpets, appliances, heating apparatus, radio sets, and television sets may
be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics. For a descrip-Note.-Individual indexes without seasonal adjustment for woven tion of this index, see Bulletin for May 1954, pp. 438-447.

VALUE OF NEW CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY
[Joint estimates of the Departments of Commerce and Labor. Seasonally adjusted. In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Total | Private |  |  |  |  |  |  | Public |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Residential | Business |  |  |  | Other non-resi-dential | Total | Military | High- | Con-servation | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { other } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Industrial | Commercia | Public utility |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 21,678 | 16,853 | 8,580 | 5,693 | 1,397 | 1,253 | 3,043 | 2,580 | 4,825 | 158 | 1,774 | 629 | 2,264 |
| 1949. | 22,789 | 16,384 | 8,267 | 5,322 | 1,972 | 1,027 | 3,323 | 2,795 | 6,405 | 137 | 2,131 | 793 | 3,344 |
| 1950 | 28,454 | 21,454 | 12,600 | 5,680 | 1,062 | 1,288 | 3,330 | 3,174 | 7,000 | 177 | 2,272 | 881 | 3,670 |
| 1951 | 31,182 |  | 10,973 | 7,217 | 2,117 | 1,371 | 3,729 | 3,574 | 9,418 | 887 | 2,518 | 853 | 5,160 |
| 1952 | 33,008 | 22,107 | 11,100 11,930 | 7,460 | 2,320 | 1,137 | 4,003 | 3,547 | 10,901 | 1,388 | 2,820 | 854 | 5,839 |
| 1953 | 35,271 37 | 25,877 | 11,930 | 8,436 | $\xrightarrow{2,029}$ | 1,791 | 4,416 | 3,511 | 11,394 | 1,307 | 3,160 | 830 | 6,097 |
| 1955. | 42,991 | 30,572 | 16,595 | 10,046 | 2,399 | 3,043 | 4,604 | 3,931 | 12,419 | 1,297 | 4,520 | 593 | 6,009 |
| 1955-July. | 3,598 | 2,607 | 1,435 | 843 | 205 | 253 | 385 | 329 | 991 | 114 | 343 | 50 | 484 |
|  | 3,638 | 2,620 | 1,433 | 864 | 207 | 272 | 385 | 323 | 1,018 | 112 | 376 | 46 | 484 |
| Sept. | 3,623 | 2,629 | 1,422 | 883 | 209 | 290 | 384 | 324 | 994 | 114 | 345 | 43 | 492 |
| Oct. | 3,598 | 2,594 | 1,375 | 896 | 213 | 292 | 391 | 323 | 1,004 | 118 | 363 | 43 | 480 |
| Nov. | 3,601 | 2,551 | 1,342 | 879 | 217 | 273 | 389 | 330 | 1,050 | 111 | 403 | 43 | 493 |
| Dec. | 3,580 | 2,519 | 1,322 | 870 | 219 | 262 | 389 | 327 | 1,061 | 108 | 432 | 46 | 475 |
| 1956-Jan.. | 3,618 | 2,506 | 1,286 | 899 | 217 | 266 | 416 | 321 | 1,112 | 100 | 467 | 48 | 497 |
| Feb. | 3,625 | 2,522 | 1,279 | 920 | 220 | 282 | 418 | 323 | 1,103 | 103 | 443 | 48 | 509 |
| Mar | 3,585 | 2,531 | 1,268 | 938 | 228 | 291 | 419 | 325 | 1,054 | 96 | 411 | 51 | 496 |
| Apr | 3,658 | 2,563 | 1,276 | 954 | 242 | 293 | 419 | 333 | 1,095 | 104 | 438 | 53 | 500 |
| May ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 3,686 | 2,559 | 1,257 | 964 | 261 | 280 | 423 | 338 | 1,127 | 118 | 443 | 60 | 506 |
|  | 3,678 3,699 | 2,555 $\mathbf{2 , 5 7 5}$ | 1,250 1,258 | 969 975 | 272 | 274 275 | 423 | 336 342 | 1,123 | 123 | 425 | 58 | 517 |
|  |  | 2,575 | 1,258 | 975 | 276 | 275 | 424 | 342 | 1,124 | 126 | 426 | 57 | 515 |

- Preliminary.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPE OF OWNERSHIP AND BY TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION
[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts, in millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Total | By type of ownership |  | By type of construction |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Public | Private | Residential building | Nonresidential building |  |  |  | Public works and public utilities |
|  |  |  |  |  | Factories | Commercial | Educational | Other |  |
| 1948. | 9,430 | 3,107 | 6,323 | 3,608 | 840 | 975 | 725 | 1,127 | 2,155 |
| 1949. | 10,359 | 3,718 | 6,641 | 4,239 | + 559 | , 885 | 1824 | 1,376 | 2,476 |
| 1951. | 15,751 | 6,122 | 9,629 | 6,205 | 2,883 | 1,208 | 1,1835 | 1,689 | 2, ${ }^{2,783}$ |
| 1952. | 16,775 | 6,711 | 10,064 | 6,668 | 2,558 | 979 | 1,472 | 1,686 | 3,412 |
| 1953. | 17,443 | 6,334 | 11,109 | 6,479 | 2,051 | 1,489 | 1,720 | 1,695 | 4,008 |
| 1954. | 19,770 | 6,558 | 13,212 | 8,518 | 1,274 | 1,815 | 2,063 | 1,958 | 4,142 |
| 1955. | 23,745 | 7,475 | 16,270 | 10,185 | 1,878 | 2,359 | 2,134 | 2,126 | 5,063 |
| 1955-July. | 2,272 | 761 | 1,511 | 959 | 146 | 288 | 231 | 227 | 420 |
| Aug. | 1,895 | 549 | 1,346 | 835 | 170 | 215 | 153 | 144 | 378 |
| Sept. | 2,035 | 621 | 1,414 | 733 | 201 | 197 | 163 | 148 | 593 |
| Oct. | 1,863 | 551 | 1,312 | 783 | 186 | 185 | 163 | 158 | 388 |
| Nov. | 1,797 | 527 | 1,269 | 726 | 178 | 200 | 143 | 142 | 408 |
| Dec.. | 1,921 | 730 | 1,190 | 711 | 148 | 197 | 237 | 144 | 483 |
| 1956-Jan. | 1,858 | 675 | 1,183 | 694 | 158 | 161 | 190 | 153 | 503 |
| Feb. | 1,860 | 598 | 1,262 | 799 | 171 | 183 | 145 | 131 | 430 |
| Mar. | 2,382 | 638 | 1,744 | 1,105 | 267 | 206 | 226 | 183 | 395 |
| Apr. | 2,421 | 745 | 1,677 | 1,144 | 196 | 210 | 203 | 213 | 456 |
| May. | 2,480 | 714 | 1,766 | 1,129 | 159 | 217 | 202 | 242 | 531 |
| June. | 2,198 | 732 | 1,466 | 826 | 144 | 224 | 192 | 234 | 577 |
| July. | 2,149 |  |  | 758 | 152 | 242 | 196 | 258 | 543 |

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS
[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts, in millions of dollars]

| Month | Total <br> (11 districts) | Federal Reserve district |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Boston | New York | Philadelphia | Cleveland | Richmond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. | Minneapolis | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kansas } \\ & \text { City } \end{aligned}$ | Dallas |
| 1955-Apr...... | 2,322 | 126 | 306 | 119 | 212 | 266 | 272 | 492 | 119 | 73 | 181 | 157 |
| May... | 2,185 | 131 | 331 | 107 | 259 | 182 | 211 | 477 | 101 | 97 | 120 | 168 |
| June... | 2,255 | 116 | 337 | 140 | 249 | 221 | 253 | 467 | 121 | 88 | 129 | 133 |
| 1956-Apr.. | 2,421 | 145 | 442 | 145 | 295 | 194 | 263 | 436 | 135 | 89 | 92 | 184 |
| May. | 2,480 | 148 | 369 | 119 | 276 | 202 | 317 | 487 | 131 | 115 | 99 | 216 |
| June. | 2,198 | 173 | 391 | 119 | 247 | 221 | 213 | 349 | 166 | 87 | 99 | 133 |

PERMANENT NONFARM DWELLING UNITS STARTED
[Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates. In thousands of units]

| Year or month | Total | Metropolitan areas | Non-metro-politan areas | Private |  |  |  | Public | Government-underwritten ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} 1- \\ \text { family } \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{\text {family }}^{2-}$ | Multifamily |  | Total | FHA | VA |
| 1948. | 932 | n.a. | n.a. | 914 | 763 | 46 | 104 | 18 | 393 | 291 | 102 |
| 1949. | 1,025 | n.a. | n.a. | 989 | 792 | 35 | 162 | 36 | 466 | 361 | 105 |
| 1950. | 1,396 | n.a. | n.a. | 1,352 | 1,151 | 42 | 159 | 44 | 686 | 486 | 200 |
| 1951. | 1,091 | n.a. | n.a. | 1,020 | - 892 | 40 | 88 | 71 | 413 | 264 | 149 |
| 1952. | 1,127 | n.a. | n.a. | 1,069 | 939 | 46 | 84 | 58 | 420 | 279 | 141 |
| 1953. | 1,104 | n.a. | n.a. | 1,068 | 933 | 42 | 94 | 36 | 407 | 252 | 155 |
| 1954. | 1,221 | 897 | 324 | 1,202 | 1,077 | 34 | 90 | 19 | 585 | 277 | 308 |
| 1955. | 1,329 | 976 | 353 | 1,310 | 1,190 | 33 | 87 | 20 | 670 | 277 | 393 |
| 1955-July. | 123 | 88 | 34 | 122 | 113 | 3 | 6 |  | 63 | 26 | 37 |
| Aug. | 125 | 92 | 33 | 122 | 112 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 68 | 27 | 41 |
| Sept. | 115 | 84 | 31 | 114 | 104 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 59 | 25 | 34 |
| Oct. | 106 | 77 | 29 | 105 | 95 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 54 | 19 | 35 |
| Nov. | 89 | 65 | 25 | 88 | 80 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 45 | 17 | 28 |
| Dec. | 76 | 55 | 21 | 74 | 66 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 38 | 16 | 22 |
| 1956-Jan. | 75 | 54 |  | 74 | 66 |  | S |  | 36 |  | 23 |
| Feb. | 78 | 56 | 22 | 77 | 69 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 30 | 13 | 17 |
| Mar. | 99 | 72 | 27 | 94 | 84 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 38 | 17 | 21 |
| Apr. | 111 | 76 | 35 | 110 | 100 | 3 | 8 | 1 | 46 | 20 | 26 |
| May. | ${ }^{p} 108$ | 77 | 31 | ${ }^{p} 107$ | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | ${ }^{2} 1$ | 47 | 20 | 27 |
| June. | $p_{104}$ | 75 | 29 | ${ }^{p} 102$ | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | $p_{2}$ | 45 | 19 | 26 |
| July. | ${ }^{p} 101$ | 71 | 30 | $p 99$ | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | $p_{2}$ | 43 | 18 | 25 |

[^31]figures are based on field office reports of first compliance inspections earlier VA figures are estimates based on loans-closed information.

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT


1 Includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic service workers.
Note.-Information on the labor force status of the population
views of households on a sample basis. Monthly data through June 1955 relate to the calendar week that contains the eighth day of the month; beginning July 1955, to the calendar week that contains the fifteenth day; annual data are averages of monthly figures.

EMPLOYMENT IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS, BY INDUSTRY DIVISION
[Bureau of Labor Statistics. In thousands of persons]

r Revised.
Note.-Data include all full- and part-tims employees who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the
month. Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, unpaid family workers, and members of the armed forces are excluded. Figures for July 1956 are preliminary.

PRODUCTION WORKER EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
[Bureau of Labor Statistics. In thousands of persons]

| Industry group | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  | Without seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1956 |  |  | 1955 | 1956 |  |  |
|  | July | May | June | July | July | May | June | July |
| Total. | 13,122 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 13,224$ | 13,150 | 12,749 | 12,942 | ${ }^{r} 13,036$ | 13,077 | 12,574 |
| Durable goods. . | 7,607 | +7,633 | 7,595 | 7,231 | 7,491 | r7,613 | 7,601 | 7,117 |
| Ordnance and accessories. | 94 | ${ }^{r} 83$ | 84 | 84 | 94 | ${ }^{+83}$ | 84 | 84 |
| Lumber and wood products. | 696 | '664 | 667 | 662 | 710 | ${ }^{6} 667$ | 690 | 675 |
| Furniture and fixtures... | 314 | 319 | 322 | 325 | 301 | 311 | 312 | 312 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | 468 | r 480 | 481 | 474 | 463 | $r 480$ | 483 | 469 |
| Primary metal products... | 1,095 | ${ }^{1} 1,123$ | 1,122 | 728 | 1,084 | ${ }^{1} 1,117$ | 1,122 | 721 |
| Fabricated metal products | 906 | r885 | 876 | 886 | 879 | r881 | , 872 | 859 |
| Machinery except electrical | 1,189 | ${ }^{r} 1,268$ | 1,265 | 1,282 | 1,171 | ${ }^{1} 1,281$ | 1,278 | 1,263 |
| Electrical machinery. . . | . 827 | '881 | 876 | 896 | . 798 | r872 | 867 | 865 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,388 | $\cdots 1,295$ | 1,268 | 1,251 | 1,388 | r1,295 | 1,268 | 1,251 |
| Instruments and related products | - 228 | - 232 | - 232 | 1,238 | - 223 | , 231 | 231 396 | 233 |
| Misc. manufacturing industries. . | 402 | 403 | 402 | 405 | 382 | 395 | 396 | 385 |
| Nondurable goods. | 5,515 | '5,591 | 5,555 | 5,518 | 5,451 | 5,423 | 5,476 | 5,457 |
| Food and kindred products | 1,103 | 1,123 | 1,116 | 1,116 | 1,158 | 1,051 | 1,098 | 1,171 |
| Tobacco manufactures. | -92 | - 92 | 191 | 91 | 80 | - 80 | 80 | - 79 |
| Textile-mill products. | 984 | 968 | 959 | 957 | 954 | 963 | 959 | 928 |
| Apparel and other finished textiles | 1,061 | ${ }^{1} 1,104$ | 1,094 | 1,062 | 1,013 | r1,049 | 1,050 | 1,014 |
| Paper and allied products........ | , 455 | , 467 | , 467 | , 462 | 1, 450 | + 462 | 467 | 457 |
| Printing, publishing and allied products | 529 | - 550 | 549 | 551 | 524 | $r 547$ | 549 | 545 |
| Chemical and allied products.. | 552 | r562 | 562 | 558 | 541 | $r 559$ | 554 | 547 |
| Products of petroleum and coal. | 175 | 171 | 171 | 173 | 178 | 172 | 174 | 176 |
| Rubber products. . . . . . . . . | 221 | 217 | 209 | 213 | 214 | 216 | 209 | 207 |
| Leather and leather products. | 343 | 337 | 337 | 335 | 340 | 325 | 335 | 332 |

$\stackrel{r}{\text { Revised. }}$
Note.-Data cover production and related workers only (full- and part-
time) who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Figures for July 1956 are preliminary.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
[Bureau of Labor Statistics. In unit indicated]

| Industry group | Average weekly earnings (dollars per week) |  |  |  | Average hours worked (per week) |  |  |  | Average hourly earnings (dollars per hour) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1955 | 1956 |  |  | 1955 | 1956 |  |  | 1955 | 1956 |  |  |
|  | July | May | June | July | July | May | June | July | July | May | June | July |
| Total. | 76.36 | ${ }^{r} 79.00$ | 79.00 | 78.60 | 40.4 | ${ }^{4} 40.1$ | 40.1 | 40.1 | 1.89 | ${ }^{r} 1.97$ | 1.97 | 1.96 |
| Durable goods. | 82.21 | ${ }^{r} 84.86$ | 85.27 | 84.46 | 40.9 | ${ }^{*} 40.8$ | 40.8 | 40.8 | 2.01 | 2.08 | 2.09 | 2.07 |
| Ordnance and accessories. | 82.62 | 90.71 | 90.86 | 90.61 | 40.3 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 2.05 | 2.17 | 2.20 | 2.21 |
| Lumber and wood products | 69.66 | r71.38 | 73.71 | 73.67 | 40.5 | r 40.1 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 1.72 | ${ }^{r} 1.78$ | 1.82 | 1.81 |
| Furniture and fixtures..... | 64.96 | ${ }^{r} 66.63$ | 67.54 | 66.86 | 40.6 | r 39.9 | 40.2 | 39.8 | 1.60 | 1.67 | 1.68 | 1.68 |
| Stone, clay, and glass produc | 77.23 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 80.51$ | 80.54 | 79.97 | 41.3 | * 41.5 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 1.87 | ${ }^{1} 1.94$ | 1.95 | 1.96 |
| Primary metal industries | 92.75 | 95.53 | 95.47 | n.a. | 40.5 | 41.0 | 40.8 | n.a. | 2.29 | 2.33 | 2.34 | n.a. |
| Fabricated metal products. | 82.19 | $r 83.23$ | 84.46 | 84.05 | 41.3 | ${ }^{r} 40.8$ | 41.0 | 41.0 | 1.99 | 2.04 | 2.05 | 2.05 |
| Machinery except electrical | 86.32 | r92.00 | 91.98 | 91.96 | 41.5 | $r 42.2$ | 42.0 | 41.8 | 2.08 | 2.18 | 2.19 | 2.20 |
| Electrical machinery.. | 74.82 | $r 80.18$ | 79.98 | 79.99 | 39.8 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 1.88 | ${ }^{r} 1.97$ | 1.97 | 1.98 |
| Transportation equipment. | 92.99 | $r 89.89$ | 91.20 | 93.20 | 41.7 | $r 39.6$ | 40.0 | 40.7 | 2.23 | $r_{2} .27$ | 2.28 | 2.29 |
| Instruments and related products. | 76.38 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 81.19$ | 80.79 | 80.20 | 40.2 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 40.8$ | 40.6 | 40.3 | 1.90 | ${ }^{r} 1.99$ | 1.99 | 1.99 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 65.51 | r69.95 | 69.77 | 69.25 | 39.7 | ${ }^{4} 40.2$ | 40.1 | 39.8 | 1.65 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.74 |
| Nondurable goods. . . . . . . . . | 68.06 | 70.38 | 70.95 | 71.13 | 39.8 | 39.1 | 39.2 | 39.3 | 1.71 | 1.80 | 1.81 | 1.81 |
| Food and kindred products | 72.07 | 75.11 $r 58$ | 75.85 59 | 75.48 | 41.9 | 40.6 $r 38.8$ | 41.0 | 40.8 | 1.72 | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.85 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 53.62 | r 58.20 | 59.19 | 59.74 | 38.3 | r 38.8 | 39.2 | 39.3 | 1.40 | 1.50 | 1.51 | 1.52 |
| Textile-mill products..... | 54.25 | 56.02 | 55.48 | 54.91 | 39.6 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 38.4 | 1.37 | 1.44 | 1.43 | 1.43 |
| Apparel and other finished | 48.24 | 50.69 | 50.62 | 51.41 | 36.0 | 35.7 | 35.4 | 35.7 | 1.34 | 1.42 | 1.43 | 1.44 |
| Paper and allied products. | 79.74 | 80.98 | 82.41 | 83.85 | 43.1 | 42.4 | 42.7 | 43.0 | 1.85 | 1.91 | 1.93 | 1.95 |
| Printing, publishing and allied products | 90.95 | r93.65 | 93.41 | 93.65 | 38.7 | r38.7 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 2.35 | 2.42 | 2.42 | 2.42 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 83.22 | $r 86.32$ | 86.93 | 87.13 | 41.2 | +41.3 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 2.02 | 2.09 | 2.11 | 2.12 |
| Products of petroleum and coal | 99.53 | ${ }^{1} 102.97$ | 104.81 | 105.75 | 41.3 | r 40.7 | 41.1 | 41.8 | 2.41 | 2.53 | 2.55 | 2.53 |
| Rubber products. | 86.32 | r86.18 | 84.93 | 84.50 | 41.3 | +39.9 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 2.09 | 2.16 | 2.15 | 2.15 |
| Leather and leather products. | 52.40 | r54.75 | 55.80 | 57.51 | 37.7 | r36.5 | 37.2 | 38.6 | 1.39 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.49 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. n.a. Not available.
NoTE:-Data are for production and related workers. Figures for
July 1956 are preliminary

DEPARTMENT STORE SALES AND STOCKS, BY DISTRICTS


[^32]DEPARTMENT STORE MERCHANDISING DATA
[Based on retail value figures]


MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS
[Bureau of the Census. In millions of dollars]

| Period | Merchandise exports ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Merchandise exports excluding military-aid shipments ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Merchandise imports ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 |
| Jan. | 1,093 | 1,168 | 1,280 | 923 | 1,083 | 1,198 | 833 | 871 | ${ }^{5} 1,074$ |
| Feb. | 1,183 | 1,238 | 1,358 | 999 | 1,143 | r1,268 | 809 | 850 | r1,044 |
| Mar. | 1,126 | 1,344 | 1,578 | 923 | r1. 252 | ${ }^{1} 1,474$ | 865 | 1,019 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 102 |
| Apr.. | 1,426 | 1,264 | +1,510 | 1,259 | 1,170 | ${ }^{1} 1,398$ | 957 | 871 | + 990 |
| May. | 1,402 | 1,325 | 1,700 | 1,137 | 1,194 | p1,516 | 829 | 9959 | 1,090 |
| June. | 1,475 | 1,319 | p1,687 | 1,115 | 1,191 | p1,488 | 947 | 937 | ${ }^{\text {n }} 1,032$ |
| July. | 1,290 | 1,270 | , | 1,023 | ${ }_{r} \mathrm{r}, 142$ |  | 822 | 885 | , |
| Aug. | 1,156 | ${ }^{1} 1,236$ |  | 956 | ${ }^{r} 1.108$ |  | 825 | 960 | . . . . . . . |
| Sept. | 1,115 | ${ }^{1}$ 1,256 |  | -962 | ${ }^{r} 1,157$ |  | 780 | ${ }^{\text {r946 }}$ | . . . . . . . |
| Oct. | 1,270 | 1,396 |  | 1,166 | 1,277 |  | 767 840 | $\tau 1,011$ |  |
| Nov. | 1,252 | ${ }_{r}^{1,322}$ |  | 1,167 | r1, r 1,39 | . . . . . . | 840 | 1,065 | ......... |
| Dec.. | 1,320 | ${ }^{1} 1,405$ |  | 1,222 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,321$ |  | 943 | ${ }^{r} 1,008$ | . . . . . . . . |
| Jan.-June. | 7,705 | 7,658 | ²9,113 | 6,356 | 7,033 | ${ }^{p} 8,342$ | 5,240 | r5,507 | ${ }^{p} 6,332$ |

[^33][^34]CONSUMER PRICES
[Bureau of Labor Statistics index for city wage-earner and clerical-worker families. $\quad 1947-49=100$ ]

| Year or month | All | Foods | Housing |  |  |  |  |  | Ap-parel | Trans-portation | Medical care | Personal care | Reading and recrea-tion | Other goods and services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Rent | Gas and tricity | Solid fuels fuel oil | House- $\substack{\text { fur- } \\ \text { nish- } \\ \text { ings }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { House- } \\ & \text { hold } \\ & \text { opera- } \\ & \text { tion } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1929. | 73.3 | 65.6 |  | 117.4 |  |  |  |  | 60.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933 | 55.3 | 41.6 |  | 83.6 |  |  |  |  | 45.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 | 62.9 | 52.2 |  | 88.4 |  |  |  |  | 55.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 | 76.9 | 68.9 |  | 90.9 |  |  |  |  | 76.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 102.8 | 104.1 | 101.7 | 100.7 | 100.0 | 104.4 | 103.2 | 102.6 | 103.5 | 100.9 | 100.9 | 101.3 | 100.4 | 100.5 |
| 1949 | 101.8 | 100.0 | 103.3 | 105.0 | 102.5 | 106.8 | 99.6 | 100.1 | 99.4 | 108.5 | 104.1 | 101.1 | 104.1 | 103.4 |
| 1950 | 102.8 111.0 | 101.2 112.6 | 106.1 112.4 | 108.8 113.1 | 102.7 103.1 | 110.5 116.4 | 100.3 | 101.2 109.0 | 98.1 106.9 | 111.3 | 106.0 | 101.1 | 103.4 106.5 | 105.2 |
| 1952 | 113.5 | 114.6 | 114.6 | 117.9 | 104.5 | 118.7 | 108.5 | 111.8 | 105.8 | 126.2 | 117.3 | 111.8 | 107.0 | 115.4 |
| 1953. | 114.4 | 112.8 | 117.7 | 124.1 | 106.6 | 123.9 | 107.9 | 115.3 | 104.8 | 129.7 | 121.3 | 112.8 | 108.0 | 118.2 |
| 1954. | 114.8 | 112.6 | 119.1 | 128.5 | 107.9 | 123.5 | 106.1 | 117.4 | 104.3 | 128.0 | 125.2 | 113.4 | 107.1 | 120.2 |
| 1955. | 114.5 | 110.9 | 120.0 | 130.3 | 110.7 | 125.2 | 104.1 | 119.1 | 103.7 | 126.4 | 128.0 | 115.3 | 106.6 | 120.2 |
| 1955-June. | 114.4 | 111.3 | 119.7 | 130.4 | 110.7 | 122.7 | 103.8 | 119.2 | 103.2 | 125.8 | 127.6 | 114.7 | 106.2 | 119.9 |
| July. | 114.7 | 112.1 | 119.9 | 130.4 | 110.8 | 123.2 | 103.6 | 119.4 | 103.2 | 125.4 | 127.9 | 115.5 | 106.3 | 120.3 |
| Aug. | 114.5 | 111.2 | 120.0 | 130.5 | 110.8 | 123.8 | 103.2 | 119.5 | 103.4 | 125.4 | 128.0 | 115.8 | 106.3 | 120.4 |
| Sept | 114.9 | 111.6 | 120.4 | 133.5 | 111.2 | 125.2 | 103.6 | 119.8 | 104.6 | 125.3 | 128.2 | 116.6 | 106.7 | 120.6 |
| Oct. | 114.9 | 110.8 | 120.8 | 130.8 | 111.2 | 126.3 | 104.4 | 120.1 | 104.6 | 126.6 | 128.7 | 117.0 | 106.7 | 120.6 |
| Nov | 115.0 | 109.8 |  | 130.9 | 111.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 129.8 | 117.5 | 106.8 | 120.6 |
| Dec | 114.7 | 109.5 | 120.8 | 131.1 | 111.5 | 128.0 | 103.4 | 120.7 | 104.7 | 127.3 | 130.2 | 117.9 | 106.8 | 120.6 |
| 1956-Jan. | 114.6 | 109.2 | 120.6 | 131.4 | 1117 | 129.5 | 102.0 | 121.2 | 104.1 | 126.8 | 130.7 | 118.5 | 107.3 | 120.8 |
| Feb | 114.6 | 108.8 | 120.7 | 131.5 | 111.7 | 130.0 | 102.5 | 121.4 | 104.6 | 126.9 | 130.9 |  |  | 120.9 |
| Ma | 114.7 | 109.0 | 120.7 | 131.6 | 111.7 | 130.6 | 103.1 | 121.6 | 104.8 | 126.7 | 131.4 | 119.2 | 107.7 | 121.2 |
| Ap | 114.9 | 109.6 | 120.8 | 131.7 | 111.8 | 129.7 | 102.7 | 122.1 | 104.8 | 126.4 | 131.6 | 119.5 | 108.2 | 121.4 |
| May | 115.4 | 111.0 | 120.9 | 132.2 | 111.8 | 127.9 | 102.6 | 122.4 | 104.8 | -127.1 | 131.9 | 119.6 | 108.2 | 121.5 |
| June | 116.2 | 113.2 | 121.4 | 132.5 | 111.7 | 128.4 | 102.8 | 122.6 | 104.8 | 126.8 | 132.0 | 119.9 | 107.6 | 121.8 |

$r$ Revised.
Note.-Revised indexes, reflecting, beginning January 1953, the inclusion of new series (i.e. home purchases and used automobiles) and re-
vised weights. "Prior to January 1953, indexes are based on the "interim adjusted" and "old" indexes, converted to the base $1947-49=100$.

WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES
[Bureau of Labor Statistics index. $1947-49=100]$

| Year or month | All com-modities | Farm products | Processed foods | Other commodities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Textile prodand apparel | Hides, skins, leather products | Fuel, power, and lighting terials | Chemicals and allied products | Rubber and prod- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lum- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { wood } \\ & \text { prod- } \\ & \text { ucts } \end{aligned}$ | Pulp, paper, and allied products | Metals and metal products | Ma-chinery and tive products | Furni- ture and other house- hold dura- bles | Non-metallic min-erals-structural | Tobacco and bottled beverages | Mis-cellaneous |
| 1948 | 104.4 | 107.3 | 106.1 | 103.4 | 104.4 | 102.1 | 107.1 | 103.8 | 102.1 | 107.2 | 102.9 | 103.9 | 100.9 | 101.4 | 101.7 | 100.4 | 103.1 |
| 1949 | 99.2 | 92.8 | 95.7 | 101.3 | 95.5 | 96.9 | 101.9 | 94.8 | 98.9 | 99.2 | 98.5 | 104.8 | 106.6 | 103.1 | 104.4 | 101.6 | 96.1 |
| 1950 | 103.1 | 97.5 | 99.8 | 105.0 | 99.2 | 104.6 | 103.0 | 96.3 | 120.5 | 113.9 | 100.9 | 110.3 | 108.6 | 105.3 | 106.9 | 102.4 | 96.6 |
| 1951 | 114.8 | 113.4 | 111.4 | 115.9 | 110.6 | 120.3 | 106.7 | 110.0 | 148.0 | 123.9 | 119.6 | 122.8 | 119.0 | 114.1 | 113.6 | 108.1 | 104.9 |
| 1952 | 111.6 | 107.0 | 108.8 | 113.2 | 99.8 | 97.2 | 106.6 | 104.5 | 134.0 | 120.3 | 116.5 | 123.0 | 121.5 | 112.0 | 113.6 | 110.6 | 108.3 |
| 1953 | 110.1 | 97.0 | 104.6 | 114.0 | 97.3 | 98.5 | 109.5 | 105.7 | 125.0 | 120.2 | 116.1 | 126.9 | 123.0 | 114.2 | 118.2 | 115.7 | 97.8 |
| 1954 | 110.3 | 95.6 | 105.3 | 114.5 | 95.2 | 94.2 | 108.1 | 107.0 | 126.9 | 118.0 | 116.3 | 128.0 | 124.6 | 115.4 | 120.9 | 120.6 | 102.5 |
| 1955. | 110.7 | 89.6 | 101.7 | 117.0 | 95.3 | 93.8 | 107.9 | 106.6 | 143.8 | 123.6 | 119.3 | 136.6 | 128.4 | 115.9 | 124.2 | 121.6 | 92.0 |
| 1955 |  |  |  |  | 95 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July | 110.5 | 89.5 | 103.1 | 116.5 | 95.3 | 93.7 | 106.4 | 106.0 | 143.4 | 124.1 | 119.0 | 136.7 | 127.5 | 115.5 | 125.3 | 121.6 | 89.1 90.8 |
| Aug. | 110.9 | 88.1 | 101.9 | 117.5 | 95.3 | 93.8 | 107.2 | 105.9 | 148.7 | 125.1 | 119.7 | 139.5 | 128.5 | 116.0 | 126.1 | 121.7 | 89.8 |
| Sept. | 111.7 | 89.3 | 101.5 | 118.5 | 95.4 | 94.0 | 108.0 | 106.0 | 151.7 | 125.7 | 120.5 | 141.9 | 130.0 | 116.4 | 126.4 | 121.7 | 90.3 |
| Oct | 111.6 | 86.8 | 100.2 | 119.0 | 95.4 | 95.3 | 108.0 | 106.5 | 147.8 | 125.4 | 122.8 | 142.4 | 131.4 | 116.9 | 126.8 | 121.7 | 91.5 |
| Nov | 111.2 | 84.1 | 98.8 | 119.4 | 95.6 | 96.4 | 108.6 | 106.6 | 150.6 | 125.0 | 123.2 | 142.9 | 132.5 | 117.2 | 125.2 | 121.7 | 88.0 |
| Dec. | 111.3 | 82.9 | 98.2 | 119.8 | 95.6 | 96.7 | 109.3 | 106.6 | 151.0 | 125.1 | 123.6 | 143.9 | 133.0 | 117.3 | 125.4 | 121.7 | 88.8 |
| Jan........... | 111.9 | 84.1 | 98.3 | 120.4 | 95.7 | 96.7 | 111.0 | 106.3 | 148.4 | 126.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb | 112.4 | 86.0 | 99.0 | 120.6 | 96.0 | 97.1 | 111.2 | 106.4 | 147.1 | 126.7 | 125.4 | 145.1 | 133.9 | 118.2 | 127. | 21 | 89.4 |
| Mar | 112.8 | 86.6 | 99.2 | 121.0 | 95.9 | 97.7 | 110.9 | 106.5 | 146.2 | 128.0 | 126.8 | 146.5 | 134.7 | 118.1 | 127.9 | 121.7 | 88.2 |
| Apr | 113.6 | 88.0 | 100.4 | 121.6 | 95.1 | 100.6 | 110.6 | 106.9 | 145.0 | 128.5 | 127.4 | 147.7 | 135.7 | 118.0 | 128.6 | 121.7 | 92.1 |
| May | r114.4 | 90.9 | 102.4 | 121.7 | 94.9 | ${ }^{100.0}$ | ${ }^{110.8}$ | 106.9 | 143.5 | ${ }^{1} 128.0$ | 127.3 | '146.8 | -136.5 | r118.0 | 128.6 | 121.6 | 96.1 |
|  | 114.2 | 91.2 | 102.3 | 121.5 | 94.9 | 100.2 | 110.5 | 107.1 | 142.8 | 127.3 | 127.4 | 145.8 | 136.8 | 118.1 | 128.9 | 121.6 | 92.9 |

$r$ Revised.

WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES-Continued
[Bureau of Labor Statistics index, 1947-49=100]

| Subgroup | 1955 | 1956 |  |  | Subgroup | 1955 | 1956 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | Apr. | May | June |  | June | Apr. | May | June |
| Farm Products: |  |  |  |  | Pulp, Paper, and Allied ProductsContinued: |  |  |  |  |
| Fresh and dried produce | 104.7 | 101.8 | 111.8 | 120.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grains. . . . | 90.3 | 89.5 | 90.5 | 86.9 | Paperboard..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 126.0 | 134.5 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 136.4$ | 136.5 |
| Livestock and poultry | 83.1 | 70.8 | 74.4 | 74.8 | Converted paper and paperboard. . . | 112.3 | 123.3 | 123.2 | 123.2 |
| Plant and animal fibers | 103.4 | 105.8 | 105.9 | 106.1 | Building paper and board....... | 129.7 | 138.1 | 138.1 | 138.1 |
| Fluid milk | 87.0 | 89.9 | r92.7 | 92.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eggs. | 74.4 | 79.9 | 80.2 | 78.7 | Metals and Metal Products: |  |  |  |  |
| Hay and seeds | 88.1 | 86.7 | 90.1 | 87.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other farm products | 143.2 | 143.4 | 144.4 | 147.1 | Iron and steel | 135.8 | 151.0 | 150.8 | 149.5 |
| Processed Foods: |  |  |  |  | Nonferrous metals | 137.8 | 163.2 | ${ }^{1} 160.0$ | 158.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Metal containers. | 131.4 | 137.9 | 141.2 | 141.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Hardware... | 144.5 | 153.9 | 154.0 | 154.5 |
| Cereal and bakery products | 117.6 | 115.6 | 115.5 | 115.3 | Plumbing equipmen | 123.2 | 133.9 | 135.0 $r 117.3$ | 134.1 |
| Meats, poultry, and fish... | 91.4 | 79.3 | 82.1 | 83.1 | Heating equipment. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 113.5 | 117.3 | ${ }^{r} 117.3$ | 117.4 |
| Dairy products and ice cream. | 104.6 | 105.9 | ${ }^{1} 107.9$ | 108.0 | Fabricated structural metal products. | 118.7 | 131.6 | 129.4 | 129.4 |
| Canned, frozen fruits, and vegetables. | 104.5 | 109.0 | r109.3 | 109.7 | Fabricated nonstructural metal |  |  |  |  |
| Sugar and confectionery............ | 110.4 171.9 | 105.3 187.4 | 109.6 187.4 | 109.5 191.0 | products. | 126.0 | 132.6 | 132.6 | 132.5 |
| Other processed foods. | 101.4 | 187.4 97.8 | 187.4 $r 97.5$ | 97.4 | Machinery and Motive Products: |  |  |  |  |
| Textile Products and Apparel: |  |  |  |  | Agricultural machinery and equipment. | 121.5 | 126.1 | 126.5 | 126.6 |
| Cotton products | 90.6 | 93.7 | 93.1 | 92.7 | Construction machinery and equip- |  |  |  |  |
| Wool products. | 105.5 | 102.5 | 102.9 | 102.9 | ment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 134.7 | 144.8 | ${ }_{r}{ }^{1} 146.6$ | 146.7 |
| Synthetic textiles | 86.6 | 80.6 | 80.3 | 80.2 | Metal working machinery. .......... | 142.7 | 153.8 | ${ }^{1} 154.5$ | 155.1 |
| Silk products. | 124.0 | 121.0 | 125.0 | 124.7 | General purpose machinery and |  |  |  |  |
| Apparel. | 98.6 | 99.5 | 99.4 | 99.7 | equipment . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 131.8 | 144.0 | ${ }^{r} 146.0$ | 145.6 |
| Other textile products | 74.4 | 71.1 | 70.3 | 70.0 | Miscellaneous machinery.............. Electrical machinery and equip- | 127.0 | 134.3 | $r_{135} .2$ | 135.5 |
| Hides, Skins, and Leather Products: |  |  |  |  | ment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 126.5 | 135.6 | ${ }^{1} 137.0$ | 137.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Motor vehicles. | 122.0 | 129.1 | 129.1 | 129.1 |
| Hides and sk | 55.7 83.8 | 61.9 94.6 | r99.0 92.9 | 61.2 91.7 | Furniture and Other Household Dura- |  |  |  |  |
| Footwear | 111.4 | 119.9 | 120.0 | 120.5 | bles: |  |  |  |  |
| Other leather products | 95.0 | 98.9 | r99.2 | 98.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fuel, Power, and Lighting Materials: |  |  |  |  | Household furniture. Commercial furniture | 112.9 129.8 | 117.8 138.5 | $r 118.0$ 138.5 | 118.0 138.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Floor covering . . . . . | 126.2 | 130.5 | 130.5 | 130.5 |
| Coal | 100.6 | 111.7 | 111.9 | 112.2 | Household appliances | 106.4 | 105.2 | 105.0 | 105.1 |
| Coke | 133.4 | 145.4 | 145.4 | 145.4 | Radio.... . | 94.7 | 89.7 | 89.6 | 89.7 |
| Gas. | 110.4 | 117.5 | '115.4 | 115.4 | Television.. | 68.8 | 69.5 | 69.3 | 69.3 |
| Electricity. | 97.2 | 93.2 | 93.2 | 93.2 | Other household durable goods..... | 132.4 | 139.1 | 139.2 | 139.3 |
| Petroleum and products | 111.5 | 117.5 | 118.3 | 118.3 | Nonmetallic Minerals-Structural: |  |  |  |  |
| Chemicals and Allied Products: |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 131.1 | 31.1 | 131.8 |
| Industrial chemicals | 117.8 | 120.9 | 120.8 | 121.1 | Concrete ingredients | 124.9 | 130.0 | 130.1 | 130.4 |
| Prepared paint. | 114.8 | 119.1 | 119.1 | 119.1 | Concrete products. | 118.3 | 121.7 | 121.7 | 121.9 |
| Paint materials. | 96.9 | 101.6 | 101.2 | 99.4 | Structural clay products . . . . . . . . . . . | 137.3 | 146.0 | 146.1 | 146.5 |
| Drugs, pharmaceuticals, | 93.0 | 91.9 | +92.1 | 92.1 | Gypsum products............ . . . . . | 122.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 |
| Fats and oils, inedible. Mixed fertilizers | 53.8 | 58.1 | 60.3 | 55.2 | Prepared asphalt roofing. . . . . . . . . . | 106.7 122.4 | 111.9 123.4 | 111.9 122.8 | 111.9 123.1 |
| Mixed fertilizers... | 108.8 | 108.1 | 107.9 | 107.9 | Other nonmetallic minerals. . . . . . . . . | 122.4 | 123.4 | 122.8 | 123.1 |
| Fertilizer materials. . . . . . . . . | 111.0 | 112.4 | 109.1 | 108.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other chemicals and products | 107.6 | 102.4 | 102.4 | 103.8 | Tobacco Manufactures and Bottled Beverages: |  |  |  |  |
| Rubber and products: |  |  |  |  |  | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 |
| Crude rubber. | 149.6 | 144.2 | 139.5 | 137.5 |  | 103.7 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 104.2 |
| Tires and tubes. | 142.3 | 151.8 | 151.8 | 151.8 | Other tobacco products. . . . . . . . . . | 121.4 | 122.5 | 122.5 | 122.5 |
| Other rubber products | 132.3 | 137.9 | 136.7 | 136.0 | Alcoholic beverages. <br> Nonalcoholic beverages. | 114.7 148.1 | 114.7 148.1 | +114.6 148.1 | 114.6 148.1 |
| Lumber and Wood Products: |  |  |  |  | Miscellaneous: |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber. | 124.7 | 130.6 | $r 130.4$ | 129.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Millwork | 128.3 | 128.9 | ${ }_{r} 129.2$ | 129.5 | Toys, sporting goods, small arms . . . . | 113.2 | 115.8 | 115.8 | 115.8 75 |
| Plywood. | 105.6 | 106.9 | r102.7 | 101.0 | Manufactured animal feeds . . . . . . . . . . Notions and accessories . . . . | 70.8 92.9 | 74.4 95.4 | 81.8 $r 95.7$ | 75.9 |
| Pulp, Paper, and Allied Products: |  |  |  |  | Jeweiry, watches, photo equipment. . Other miscellaneous. . . . . . . . . . . . | 103.0 121.1 | 105.0 123.1 | 105.0 123.1 | 104.8 123.4 |
| Woodpulp. | 113.8 | 118.0 | 118.0 | 118.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wastepaper | 104.7 | 127.4 | 116.4 | 114.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper. | 129.2 | 136.2 | 136.2 | 136.6 |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{r}$ Revised
relation of gross national product, national income, personal income, and saving
[Departmunt of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Item | Annual totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted annual rates by quarters |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1929 | 1933 | 1941 | 1950 | $1951$ | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1955 |  |  | 1956 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| Gross national product. . | 104.4 | 56.0 | 125.8 | 285.1 | 328.2 | 345.4 | 363.2 | 360.7 | 390.9 | 387.4 | 396.8 | 401.9 | 403.4 | 408.3 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances..... Indirect business tax and related lia- | 8.6 | 7.2 | 9.0 | . 5 | 23.5 | 23. | 26.5 | 28.8 | 31.3 | 31.1 | 31.7 | 32.2 | 32.9 | 33.6 |
| bilities ............................ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.0 \\ .6 \end{array}$ | 7.1 | 11.3 | 23.8 | 25.6 | 28.1 | 30.2 | 30.2 | 32.51 | 32.4 | 32.8 | 33.4 | 33.7 | 34.11.4 |
| Business transfer payments |  | . 7 | 11.5 |  | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |  |
| Statistical discrepancy................ | -. 1 | . 9 | . 4 | . 2 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 6 | 1.1 | n.a. |
| Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises. |  | .040.2 | $\begin{array}{r} .1 \\ 104.7 \end{array}$ |  |  | $-.1$ | $-.4$ | -. 2 |  | 7 | . 1 | 2 | 7 | . 7 |
| Equals: National income | 87.8 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} .2 \\ 240.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .2 \\ 277.0 \end{array}$ | 290.2 | 302.1 | 298.3 | 324.0 | 321.9 | 328.3 | 334.4 | 334.9 | n.a. |
| Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | 10.1.2 | -2.0 | 14.5 | 35.1 | 39.9 | 36.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 36.0 \\ 8.7 \end{array}$ | 32.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 40.9 \\ & 11.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 40.912.1 | n.a. |
| Contributions for social insurance...... |  | . 3 | 2.8 | 6.9 | 8.2 | 8.6 |  | 9.7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 40.2 \\ & 10.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.6 \\ & 11.3 \end{aligned}$ | 43.4 11.4 |  | 12.3 |
| Excess of wage accruals over disbursements. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 0 | 1.05 | . 2.6 | 14.3 | 11.6 | 12.0 | - 1 |  | . 60 |  | -. 6 | 1.0 | . 0 |  |
| Plus: Government transfer payments......... | . 9 |  |  |  |  |  | 12.9 | 15.0 |  | 16.2 | 16.0 | 16.3 | 16.9 | 17.3 |
| Net interest paid by governmen | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 |  |
| Dividends...... | 5.8 | 2.1 | 4.5 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 11.2 | 10.7 | 11.0 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 12.2 1.4 |
| Business transfer payments |  | . 7 | 5 | 8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | . 4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Equals: Personal income. |  | 47.2 | 96.3 | 227.1 | 255.3 | 271.8 | 286.0 | 287.3 | 306.1 | 303.8 | 309.6 | 314.6 | 317.5 | 322.9 |
| Less: Personal tax and related paym | $\begin{aligned} & 2.6 \\ & 1.3 \\ & 1.4 \end{aligned}$ | 1.5 | 3.3 | 20.9 | 29.3 | 34.4 | 35.8 | 32.9 | 35.5 | 35.3 | 35.9 | 36.3 | 37.3 | 38.1 |
| Federal |  | 1.5 | 2.01.3 | 18.22.7 | 26.33.0 |  | 32.4 | 29.1 | 31.3 | 31.2 | $31.7$ | 32.34 |  | 33.64.4 |
| State and local. |  |  |  |  |  | 31.2 | 3.4 3.4 | 3.8 | 4 | 4.1 | $4.2$ |  | 4.4 4.4 |  |
| Equals: Disposable personal income......... | $\begin{array}{r} 83.1 \\ 79.0 \\ 4.2 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 206.1 \\ & 194.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 226.1 \\ & 208.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 237.4 \\ & 218.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 250.2 \\ & 230.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 254.4 \\ & 236.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 270.6 \\ & 254.0 \end{aligned}$ | 268.5 | 257.8 | 278.4 | 260.2 <br> 261.7 <br> 18.6 |  |
| Less: Personal consumption expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 263.721.2 |
| Equals: Personal saving. |  |  |  | 12.1 | 17.7 | 19.0 | 19.7 | 17.9 | 16.6 | 16.7 | 15.9 | 18.8 |  |  |

n.a. Not available.

NATIONAL INCOME, BY DISTRIBUTIVE SHARES

| Item | [Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted annual rates by quarters |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1929 | 1933 | 1941 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1955 |  |  | 1956 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| National income. | 87.8 | 40.2 | 104.7 | 240.0 | 277.0 | 290.2 | 302.1 | 298.3 | 324.0 | 321.9 | 328.3 | 334.4 | 334.9 | a. |
| Compensation of employees | 51.1 | 29.5 | 64.8 | 154.3 | 180.4 | 195.1 | 208.1 | 206.9 | 223.2 | 221.6 | 226.8 | 230.3 | 233.0 | 237.2 |
| Wages and salaries ${ }^{1}$. | 50.4 | 29.0 | 62.1 | 146.5 | 170.9 | 184.9 | 197.3 | 195.5 | 210.4 | 209.0 | 213.6 | 217.0 | 219.4 | 223.5 |
| Private... | 45.5 | 23.9 | 51.9 | 124.3 | 142.1 | 152.0 | 163.5 | 161.2 | 174.5 | 172.9 | 177.5 | 180.5 | 182.5 | 186.2 |
| Military............. | 4.3 | 4.3 | 1.9 8.3 | 17.2 | 8.7 20.1 | 10.5 22.5 | 10.3 23.5 | 10.0 24.4 | 26.8 | 10.0 | 9.8 26.4 | $\begin{array}{r}9.7 \\ 26.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 97.6 27 | 9.5 27.8 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries. | . 7 | . 5 | 2.7 | 7.8 | 9.5 | 10.2 | 10.8 | 11.4 | 12.8 | 12.6 | 13.2 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 13.8 |
| Proprietors' and rental income ${ }^{2}$. | 20.2 | 7.6 | 20.9 | 44.6 | 49.9 | 50.8 | 49.3 | 48.9 | 49.1 | 49.5 | 49.0 | 49.3 | 49.5 | 49.9 |
| Business and professional. | 8.8 | 3.2 | 10.9 | 22.9 | 24.8 | 25.7 | 25.9 | 25.9 | 27.3 | 27.1 | 27.7 | 28.0 | 28.2 | 28.9 |
| Farm. | 6.0 | 2.4 | 6.5 | 13.3 | 16.0 | 15.1 | 13.3 | 12.5 | 11.7 | 12.2 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 11.3 |
| Rental income of persons. | 5.4 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 9.9 | 10.2 | 10.5 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.7 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | 10.1 | -2.0 | 14.5 | 35.1 | 39.9 | 36.9 | 36.0 | 32.9 | 40.9 | 40.2 | 41.6 | 43.4 | 40.9 | n.a. |
| Corporate profits before tax....... | 9.6 | . 2 | 17.0 | 40.0 | 41.2 | 35.9 | 37.0 | 33.2 | 42.7 | 41.1 | 43.5 | 46.4 | 43.7 | $n . a$. |
| Corporate profits tax liability Corporate profits after tax... | 1.4 8.3 | . .4 | 7.6 | 17.8 22.1 | 22.5 18.7 | 19.8 16.1 | 20.3 16.7 | 16.8 16.4 | 21.5 21.1 | 20.7 20.3 | 22.0 | 23.4 23.0 | 22.1 21.6 | n.a. |
| Inventory valuation adjustment............. | . 5 | $-2.1$ | -2.5 | -4.9 | $-1.3$ | 1.0 | -1.0 | 16.4 | -1.7 | -. 9 | $-1.9$ | -3.0 | $-2.8$ | -3.1 |
| Net interest. . | 6.4 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 5.9 | 6.8 | 7.4 | 8.7 | 9.7 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 11.0 | 11.3 | 11.5 | 11.7 |

n.a. Not available.
${ }^{\text {n. In }}$ Includes employee contributions to social insurance funds.

2 Includes noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.

GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT OR EXPENDITURE
[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Item | Annual totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted annual rates by quarters |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1929 | 1933 | 1941 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1955 |  |  | 1956 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| Gross national product. . | 104.4 | 56.0 | 125.8 | 285.1 | 328.2 | 345.4 | 363.2 | 360.7 | 390.9 | 387.4 | 396.8 | 401.9 | 403.4 | 408.3 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 79.0 | 46.4 | 81.9 | 194.0 | 208.3 | 218.3 | 230.5 | 236.5 | 254.0 | 251.8 | 257.8 | 259.5 | 261.7 | 263.7 |
| Durable goods. <br> Nondurable goods | 37.2 | 3.5 22.3 | 9.7 43.2 | 128.6 | 27.1 | 26.6 | 119.8 | 129.4 | 35.7 126.2 | 35.3 125.3 | 127.2 | 35.4 129.2 | $\begin{array}{r}34.8 \\ 130.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 33.4 132.3 |
| Services....... | 32.1 | 20.7 | 29.0 | 65.0 | 70.1 | 75.6 | 81.7 | 86.3 | 92.1 | 91.2 | 92.9 | 94.9 | 96.4 | 98.0 |
| Gross private domestic investment. | 16.2 | 1.4 | 18.1 | 51.2 | 56.9 | 49.8 | 50.3 | 48.0 | 60.6 | 60.2 | 62.3 | 65.1 | 63.1 | 64.2 |
| New construction $1 . . . . . . . . .$. | 8.7 | 1.4 | 6.6 | 22.7 | 23.3 | 23.7 | 25.8 | 27.9 | 32.7 | 32.9 | 33.5 | 33.0 | 32.6 | 33.1 |
| Residential, nonfarm Other. | 3.6 5.1 | 1.5 | 3.5 3.1 | 12.6 | 11.0 12.4 | 11.1 12.6 | 11.9 13 | 14.5 | 16.6 16.1 | 16.9 16.0 | 17.2 | 16.2 16.8 | 17.3 | 15.1 18.0 |
| Producers' durable equipment. | 5.9 | 1.6 | 6.9 | 21.1 | 23.2 | 23.1 | 24.3 | 22.4 | 23.7 | 22.4 | 25.0 | 25.9 | 26.4 | 27.5 |
| Change in business inventories | 1.7 | -1.6 | 4.5 | 7.4 | 10.4 | 3.0 | .3 | $-2.3$ | 4.2 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 6.1 | 4.1 | 3.5 |
| Nonfarm only...... | 1.8 | -1.4 | 4.0 | 6.4 | 9.0 | 2.1 | . 9 | -2.7 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 5.9 | 4.2 | 3.9 |
| Net foreign investment. | . 8 | . 2 | 1.1 | -2.2 | . 2 | -. 2 | -2.0 | . 4 | -. 5 | -. 9 | . 2 | -. 8 | . 1 | 1.7 |
|  | 8.5 | 8.0 | 24.8 | 42.0 | 62.8 | 77.5 | 84.4 | 76.5 | 76.8 | 76.2 | 76.5 | 78.1 | 78.5 | 78.7 |
| Federal.............. | 1.3 | 2.0 |  |  |  |  | 59.5 <br> 51 |  |  | 46.3 41 | 46.6 41 |  |  | 46.1 |
| National security | \} 1.3 | 2.0 | $\begin{array}{r}13.8 \\ 3.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18.5 3.9 | 37.3 4.2 | $\begin{array}{r}48.8 \\ 5.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}51.5 \\ 8.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}43.0 \\ 6.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 41.2 5 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 40.6 7.1 | 40.3 6.3 | 40.7 5.8 |
| Less: Government sales ${ }^{2}$ and local............ | 7.0 | 6.0 | 7.8 | 19.9 | 21.8 | 23.4 | 24.9 | 27.6 | 30.4 | 29.9 | 29.9 | 30.9 | 32.4 | 32.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes expenditures for crude petroleum and natural gas drilling.
2 Consists of sales abroad and domestic sales of surplus consumption goods and materials.

PERSONAL INCOME
[Department of Commerce estimates. In billions of dollars]

| Year or month ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | Personal income | Wage and salary disbursements |  |  |  |  | Other labor income ${ }^{2}$ | Proprietors' and rental income ${ }^{3}$ | Dividends and personal interest income | Transfer payments ${ }^{4}$ | Less personal contributions for social insurance ${ }^{5}$ | Non-agricultural income ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Commodity producing industries | Distributive industries | Service industries | Gov-ernment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1929. | 85.8 | 50.4 | 21.5 | 15.6 | 8.4 | 4.9 | . 6 | 20.2 | 13.2 | 1.5 | . 1 | 77.7 |
| 1933. | 47.2 | 29.0 | 9.8 | 8.8 | 5.2 | 5.1 | . 4 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 2.1 | . 2 | 43.6 |
| 1941. | 96.3 | 62.1 | 27.5 | 16.3 | 8.1 | 10.2 | . 7 | 20.9 | 10.3 | 3.1 | . 8 | 88.0 |
| 1950. | 227.1 | 146.5 | 63.5 | 41.3 | 19.5 | 22.2 | 3.8 | 44.6 | 19.8 | 15.1 | 2.9 | 210.5 |
| 1951. | 255.3 | 170.8 | 74.9 | 45.8 | 21.3 | 28.8 | 4.8 | 49.9 | 20.7 | 12.6 | 3.4 | 235.7 |
| 1952. | 271.8 | 184.9 | 80.4 | 48.7 | 23.0 | 32.9 | 5.3 | 50.8 | 21.3 | 13.2 | 3.8 | 253.1 |
| 1953. | 286.0 | 197.4 | 87.7 | 51.3 | 24.5 | 33.9 | 6.0 | 49.3 | 23.0 | 14.3 | 3.9 | 269.2 |
| 1954. | 287.3 | 195.5 | 83.6 | 51.8 | 25.8 | 34.3 | 6.3 | 48.9 | 24.9 | 16.4 | 4.6 | 271.4 |
| 1955. | 306.1 | 210.4 | 90.9 | 55.4 | 28.2 | 35.9 | 7.0 | 49.1 | 27.3 | 17.6 | 5.2 | 290.9 |
| 1955-June. | 306.0 | 210.5 | 91.4 | 55.3 | 28.1 | 35.7 | 7.0 | 49.4 | 26.7 | 17.6 | 5.2 | 290.4 |
| July. | 309.2 | 214.5 | 92.1 | 56.1 | 28.6 | 37.7 | 7.1 | 48.5 | 26.9 | 17.5 | 5.3 | 294.7 |
| Aug. | 308.7 | 213.4 | 92.1 | 56.5 | 28.7 | 36.1 | 7.1 | 49.0 | 27.1 | 17.4 | 5.3 | 293.8 |
| Sept. | 311.0 | 214.7 | 92.8 | 56.9 | 28.7 | 36.3 | 7.2 | 49.4 | 27.6 | 17.4 | 5.3 | 295.9 |
| Oct. | 311.6 | 215.3 | 93.3 | 56.7 | 28.9 | 36.4 | 7.2 | 49.1 | 27.9 | 17.4 | 5.3 | 296.9 |
| Nov. | 314.5 | 217.2 | 94.2 | 57.3 | 29.3 | 36.4 | 7.2 | 49.6 | 28.1 | 17.7 | 5.3 | 299.4 |
| Dec. | 317.5 | 218.2 | 94.5 | 57.6 | 29.4 | 36.7 | 7.3 | 49.2 | 30.2 | 18.0 | 5.4 | 302.8 |
| 1956-Jan. | 316.7 | 219.0 | 94.8 | 57.9 | 29.5 | 36.8 | 7.3 | 49.4 | 28.5 | 18.2 | 5.7 | 301.6 |
| Feb. | 317.1 | 218.9 | 94.7 | 57.9 | 29.5 | 36.8 | 7.2 | 49.7 | 28.7 | 18.3 | 5.7 | 301.5 |
| Mar | 318.6 | 220.3 | 95.1 | 58.4 | 29.6 | 37.2 | 7.2 | 49.5 | 28.8 | 18.5 | 5.7 | 304.0 |
| Apr. | 321.7 | 222.9 | 96.8 | 59.1 | 29.8 | 37.2 | 7.2 | 49.7 | 29.1 | 18.6 | 5.8 | 306.8 |
| May. | 322.8 | 223.2 | 96.8 | 59.1 | 30.0 | 37.3 | 7.2 | 50.1 | 29.4 | 18.7 | 5.8 | 307.6 |
| June ${ }^{p}$. | 324.2 | 224.4 | 97.4 | 59.4 | 30.2 | 37.4 | 7.3 | 49.9 | 29.7 | 18.7 | 5.8 | 309.4 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
1 Monthly data are seasonally adjusted totals at annual rates.
2 Represents compensation for injuries, employer contributions to private pension and welfare funds, and other payments.
${ }^{3}$ Represents business and professional income, farm income, and rental income of unincorporated enterprise; also a noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.
${ }^{4}$ Represents government social insurance benefits, direct relief, mus-tering-out pay, veterans' readjustment allowances and other payments, as

[^35]CHANGES IN NUMBER OF BANKING OFFICES IN THE UNITED STATES 1

| Type of office and type of change | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { banks } \end{aligned}$ | Commercial and stock savings banks and nondeposit trust companies |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mutual savingsbanks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Member banks |  |  | Nonmember banks |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | $\underset{\text { tional }{ }^{\mathrm{Na}} \text { - }}{\text { then }}$ | State member | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { In- } \\ & \text { sured } \end{aligned}$ | Non- <br> insured | $\underset{\text { sured } 2}{\text { sur }}$ | Noninsured |
| Banks (head offices) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31, 1934. | 16,063 | 15,484 | 6,442 | 5,462 | 980 | 9,042 | 7,699 | 1,343 | 68 | 511 |
| Dec. 31, 1941. | 14, 825 | 14,277 | 6,619 | 5,117 | 1,502 | 7,661 | 6,810 | 1,851 | 52 | 496 |
| Dec. 31, 19473 | 14,714 | 14,181 | 6,923 | 5,005 | 1,918 | 7,261 | 6,478 | 783 | 194 | 339 |
| Dec. 31, 1951. | 14,618 | 14,089 | 6,840 | 4,939 | 1,901 | 7,252 | 6,602 | 650 | 202 | 327 |
| Dec. 31, 1953. | 14,509 | 13,981 | 6,743 | 4,856 | 1,887 | 7,241 | 6,672 | 569 | 219 | 309 |
| Dec. 31, 1954. | 14,367 | 13,840 | 6,660 | 4,789 | 1,871 | 7,183 | 6,647 | 536 | 218 | 309 |
| Dec. 31, 1955. | 14,243 | 13,716 | 6,543 | 4,692 | 1,851 | 7,176 | 6,677 | 499 | 220 | 307 |
| June 30, 1956. | 14,206 | 13,679 | 6,499 | 4,667 | 1,832 | 7,183 | 6,713 | 470 | 220 | 307 |
| Branches and additional offices |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31, 1934. | 3,133 | 3,007 | 2,224 | 1,243 | 981 | 783 |  | 83 |  | 26 |
| Dec. 31, 1941. | 3,699 | 3,564 | 2,580 | 1,565 | 1,015 | 984 | 932 | 52 | 32 | 103 |
| Dec. 31, 19473 | 4,332 | 4,161 | 3,051 | 1,870 | 1,181 | 1,110 | 1,043 | 67 | 124 | 47 |
| Dec. 31, 1951. | 5,383 | 5,153 | 3,837 | 2,370 | 1,467 | 1,316 | 1,275 | 41 | 165 | 65 |
| Dec. 31, 1953. | 6,096 | 5,826 | 4,398 | 2,746 | 1,652 | 1,428 | 1,387 | 41 | 192 | 78 |
| Dec. 31, 1954. | 6,614 | 6,306 | 4,787 | 3,056 | 1,731 | 1,519 | 1,483 | 36 | 221 | 87 |
| Dec. 31, 1955. | 7,253 | 6,923 | 5,304 | 3,365 | 1,939 | 1,619 | 1,584 | 35 | 234 | 96 |
| June 30, 1956. | 7,568 | 7,226 | 5,560 | 3,559 | 2,001 | 1,666 | 1,630 | 36 | 240 | 102 |
| Changes, Jan. 1-June 30, 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Suspensions................................. |  | -1 |  |  |  | -1 |  | -1 |  |  |
| solidations and absorptions: <br> Banks converted into branches . | -84 | -84 | -50 | -37 | -13 | -34 | -32 | -2 |  |  |
| Other. | -15 | -15 | -7 | -6 | -1 | -8 | -7 | -1 |  |  |
| Voluntary liquidations ${ }^{6}$ | -3 | -3 | -1 |  | -1 | -2 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Conversions: <br> National into State $\qquad$ |  |  | -2 | -2 |  | +2 | +2 |  |  |  |
| State into national $\square$ |  |  | +3 | +5 | $\cdots 2$ | $\pm 3$ | -3 |  |  |  |
| Federal Reserve Membership: ${ }^{7}$ <br> Admissions of State banks. |  |  | +4 |  | +4 | -4 | -4 |  |  |  |
| Withdrawals of State banks. |  |  | $\pm$ |  | $\pm 9$ | +9 | +9 |  |  |  |
| Federal Deposit insurance: : Admissions of State banks. |  |  |  |  |  |  | +29 | -29 |  |  |
| Net increase or decrease. | -37 | -37 | -44 | -25 | -19 | +7 | +36 | -29 |  |  |
| Number of banks, June 30, 1956 | 14,206 | 13,679 | 6,499 | 4,667 | 1,832 | 7,183 | 6,713 | 470 | 220 | 307 |
| Branches and additional offices except Banking facilities: ${ }^{9}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| De novo branches ............ | +240 | +226 | +179 | +129 | +50 | +47 | +46 | +1 | +7 | $+7$ |
| Banks converted into branches | +84 | +84 | +67 | +43 | +24 | $+17$ | +17 |  |  |  |
| Discontinued.. . . . . . . . . | -20 | -18 | -14 | -4 | -10 | -4 | -4 |  | -1 | -1 |
| Interclass branch changes: State member to national.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $-1$ | +11 | -11 | $\dddot{7}$ | $\dddot{+1}$ |  |  |  |
| Nonmember to national.... |  |  | +6 | $7{ }_{+}$ |  | $\pm 6$ | +6 |  |  |  |
| Nonmember to State member |  |  | +9 |  | +9 | -9 | -9 |  |  |  |
| Net increase or decrease.. | +304 | +292 | $+246$ | +185 | +61 | +46 | +45 | +1 | +6 | +6 |
| Number of branches and additional offices, June 30, 1956. | 7,344 | 7,002 | 5,358 | 3,381 | 1,977 | 1,644 | 1,608 | 36 | 240 | 102 |
| Bank facilities:9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Established. | +12 | +12 | +10 | +9 | $+1$ | +2 | +2 |  |  |  |
| Discontinued. . . | -1 | -1 | -1 | -1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interclass change |  |  | +1 | +1 |  | -1 | -1 |  |  |  |
| Net increase......... | +11 | $+11$ | +10 | +9 | $+1$ | $+1$ | +1 |  |  |  |
| Number of facilities, June 30, 1956. | 224 | 224 | 202 | 178 | 24 | 22 | 22 |  |  |  |

[^36]5 Exclusive of new banks organized to succeed operating banks. 6 Exclusive of liquidations incident to succession, conversion, and absorption of banks.
${ }^{7}$ Exclusive of conversions of national banks into State bank members, or vice versa. Shown separately under conversions.
8 Exclusive of insured nonmember banks converted into national banks or admitted to Federal Reserve membership, and vice versa.
${ }^{9}$ Banking facilities (other than branches) that are provided at militar y and other Government establishments through arrangements made by the Treasury Department.

NUMBER OF BANKING OFFICES ON FEDERAL RESERVE PAR LIST AND NOT ON PAR LIST ${ }^{1}$

| Federal Reserve district,State, or other area | Total banks on which checks are drawn, and their branches and offices ${ }^{1}$ |  | On par list |  |  |  |  |  | Not on part list (nonmember) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total |  | Member |  | Nonmember |  |  |  |
|  | Banks | Branches and offices | Banks | Branches and offices | Banks | Branches and offices | Banks | Branches and offices | Banks | Branches and offices |
| Total, including Alaska and Hawaii: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31, 1955.......... | 13,647 13,610 | $\mathbf{6 , 9 7 5}$ $\mathbf{7 , 2 7 9}$ | 11,862 11,847 | 6,645 6,957 | 6,537 | 5,304 5,560 | 5,325 5,354 | 1,341 | 1,785 1,763 | 330 322 |
| Districts, June 30, 1956: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston. . . . . . . . | 443 | 523 | 443 | 523 | 302 | 419 | 141 | 104 |  |  |
| New York. | 706 | 1,326 | 706 | 1,326 | 606 554 | 1,227 | 100 | 89 |  |  |
| Philadelphia. | 729 998 | 412 613 | 729 | 412 613 | 554 612 | 328 540 | 175 386 3 | 84 73 |  |  |
| Richmond. | 991 | 843 | 823 | 694 | 473 | 446 | 350 | 248 | 168 | 149 |
| Atlanta. . | 1,285 | 356 | 705 | 311 | 384 | 265 | 321 | 46 | 580 | 45 |
| Chicago. | 2,485 | 824 | 2,485 | 824 | 1,021 | 452 | 1,464 | 372 |  |  |
| St. Louis. | 1,463 | 222 | 1,160 | 154 | 493 | 93 | 667 | 61 | 303 | 68 |
| Minneapolis | 1,284 | 120 | , 683 | 77 | 471 | 31 | 212 | 46 | 601 | 43 |
| Kansas City | 1,759 | 35 | 1,753 | 35 89 | 749 632 | 23 66 | 1,004 346 | 12 | 96 |  |
| Dallas....... | 1,068 | 102 1.903 | 978 384 | 89 1,899 | 632 196 | 66 1,670 | 346 188 | 23 229 | 190 | 13 |
| San Francisco ${ }^{2}$ | 399 | 1,903 | 384 | 1,899 | 196 | 1,670 | 188 | 229 | 15 | 4 |
| State or area, June 30, 1956: Alabama | 237 | 50 | 143 | 49 | 94 | 49 | 49 |  | 94 | 1 |
| Arizona... | 9 | 100 | 9 | 100 | 4 | 78 | 5 | 22 |  |  |
| Arkansas. | 235 | 26 | 122 | ${ }^{7}$ | 72 | 4 | 50 | 3 | 113 | 19 |
| Coliforado. | 134 156 | 1,250 | 134 156 | 1,250 | 85 94 | 1,136 4 | 49 62 | 114 |  |  |
| Connecticut. | 90 | 110 | 90 | 110 | 52 | 91 | 38 | 19 |  |  |
| Delaware. | 29 | 40 | 29 | 40 | 10 | 17 | 19 | 23 |  |  |
| District of Columbia | 17 | 54 | 17 | 54 | 13 | 44 | 4 | 10 |  |  |
| Florida.. | 243 | 12 | 196 | 11 | 100 | 10 | 96 | 1 | 47 | 1 |
| Georgia. | 409 | 64 | 128 | 62 | 64 | 55 | 64 | 7 | 281 | 2 |
| Idaho. | 35 | 70 | 35 | 70 | 19 | 65 | 16 | 5 |  |  |
| Illinois. | 920 | 4 | 918 | 4 | 519 | 4 | 399 |  | 2 |  |
| Indiana. | 473 | 178 | 473 | 178 | 235 | 111 | 238 | 67 157 |  |  |
| Iowa.... | 667 598 | 161 | 667 596 | 161 | 165 213 | 4 <br> 3 | 502 383 | 157 | 2 |  |
| Kentucky... | 366 | 89 | 366 | 89 | 109 | 61 | 257 | 28 |  |  |
| Louisiana. | 179 | 125 | 73 | 100 | 52 | 84 | 21 | 16 | 106 | 25 |
| Maine. . | 58 | 95 | 58 | 95 | 37 | 59 | 21 | 36 |  |  |
| Maryland. | 153 | 173 | 153 | 173 | 70 | 100 | 83 | 73 |  |  |
| Massachusetts. | 173 | 268 | 173 | 268 | 134 | 231 | 39 | 37 |  |  |
| Michigan. . | 414 | 390 | 414 | 390 | 231 | 320 | 183 | 70 |  |  |
| Minnesota. | 678 197 | 101 | 273 49 | 6 38 | 205 34 | 6 19 |  |  | 405 | $\cdots{ }_{63}{ }^{\prime}$ |
| Mississippi Missouri. | 197 600 | 101 | 49 542 | 38 3 | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 175 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19 | 15 367 | 19 | 148 58 | 63 |
| Montana. | 113 |  | 113 |  | 84 |  | 29 |  |  |  |
| Nebraska. | 415 | 2 | 415 | 2 | 139 | 2 | 276 |  |  |  |
| Nevada........ | 6 | 29 | 75 | 29 | 5 | 25 | 1 | 4 |  |  |
| New Hampshire. | 75 | 22 | 75 | 281 | 52 | ${ }_{1}^{17}$ | 23 | 1 | ........ |  |
| New Jersey.. | 285 | 281 | 285 | 281 32 | 245 | 247 | 40 | 34 |  |  |
| New Mexico. | 51 | 32 | 51 | 32 | 33 | 15 | 18 | 17 |  |  |
| New York. | 491 | 1,066 | 491 | 1,066 | 428 | 1,005 | 63 | 61 |  |  |
| North Carolina. | 203 | 340 | 112 | 198 | 54 | 107 | 58 | 91 | 91 | 142 |
| North Dakota. | 154 | 24 | 57 | ${ }^{6}$ | 40 |  | 17 | 6 | 97 | 18 |
| Ohio...... | 623 | 404 | 623 | 404 | 399 222 | 359 | 224 | 45 |  |  |
| Oklahoma. | 385 | 5 | 379 | 5 | 222 | 3 | 157 | 2 | 6 |  |
| Oregon... | 49 | 149 | 49 | 149 | 19 | 138 | 30 | 11 |  |  |
| Pennsylvania. | 800 | 501 | 800 | 501 | 608 | 432 | 192 | 69 |  |  |
| Rhode Island. . | 10 | 70 | 10 | 70 | 6 | 54 | 4 | 16 |  |  |
| South Carolina. | 147 171 | 91 54 | 72 | 84 29 | 33 60 | 68 24 | 39 12 | 16 | 75 99 | 25 |
| Tennessee. . | 295 | 145 | 214 | 130 | 83 | 93 | 131 | 37 | 81 | 15 |
| Texas...................... | 941 | 22 | 900 | 22 | 578 | 22 | 322 | .. | 41 |  |
| Utah..... | 50 | 48 | 50 | 48 | 25 | 42 | 25 | 6 |  |  |
| Vermont. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 61 | 15 | 61 | 15 | 35 | 6 | 26 | 98 |  |  |
| Virginia................... | 314 | 185 | 313 | 185 | 203 | 127 | 110 | 58 | 1 |  |
| Washington.. | 94 | 221 | 94 | 221 | 39 | 208 | 55 | 13 |  |  |
| West Virginia. | 181 |  | 180 |  | 112 |  | 68 |  | 1 |  |
| Wisconsin.... | 550 53 | 151 1 | 550 53 | 151 | 164 40 | 23 1 | 386 13 | 128 |  |  |
| Alaska ${ }^{2}$. | 18 | 13 | 3 | 9 | 1 | ......... | 2 | 9 | 15 | 4 |
| Hawaii ${ }^{2}$. | 5 | 51 | 5 | 51 |  |  | 5 | 51 |  |  |

1 Comprises all commercial banking offices on which checks are drawn, including 224 banking facilities. Number of banks and branches differs from the preceding table because of banks and trust companies on which
no checks are drawn, 3 mutual savings member banks, and banks in Alaska and Hawaii.
2 Alaska and Hawaii assigned to the San Francisco District for pur-
poses of Regulation J, "Check Clearing and Collection."

## Financial Statistics

## $\star$ International $\star$

International capital transactions of the United States ..... 900
Gold production. ..... 904
Net gold purchases and gold stock of the United States ..... 905
Reported gold reserves of central banks and governments ..... 906
Estimated foreign gold reserves and dollar holdings ..... 907
International Bank and Monetary Fund ..... 908
Central banks ..... 908
Money rates in foreign countries ..... 913
Foreign exchange rates ..... 914
Index to statistical tables ..... 925

Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to international capital transactions of the United States, foreign gold reserves and dollar holdings, and foreign central banks. Figures on international capital transactions of the United States are collected by the Federal Reserve Banks from banks, bankers, brokers, and
dealers in the United States in accordance with the Treasury Regulation of November 12, 1934. Other data are compiled largely from regularly published sources such as central bank statements and official statistical bulletins. Back figures for 1941 and prior years, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, Banking and Monetary Statistics.

TABLE 1. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES 1
[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| Date | $\begin{gathered} \text { In- } \\ \text { terna- } \\ \text { tional } \\ \text { insti- } \\ \text { tutions } 2 \end{gathered}$ | Total <br> coun <br> Official <br> and <br> private | oreign tries <br> Official ${ }^{3}$ | France | Germany, Fed. Rep. of | Italy | Switz-erland | United Kingdom | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | Latin America | Asia | All other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1952-Dec. 31. | 1,585 | 8,961 | 4,654 | 343 | 551 | 309 | 642 | 818 | 1,093 | 3,755 | 1,421 | 1,613 | 1,837 | 336 |
| $1953-$ Dec. 31. | 1,629 | 10,019 | 5,667 | 429 | 899 | 466 | 674 | 709 | 1,558 | 4,734 | 1,296 | 1,768 | 1,896 | 326 |
| 1954-Dec. 31... | 1,770 | 11,153 | 6,774 | 715 | 1,373 | 579 | 672 | 640 | 1,642 | 5,621 | 1,536 | 1,906 | 1,825 | 265 |
| 1955-June 30.. | 1,854 | 11,263 | 6,776 | 785 | 1,397 | 646 | 685 | 689 | 1,588 | 5,790 | 1,269 | 1,920 | 1,983 | 301 |
| July 31.. | 1,861 | 11, 281 | 6,658 | 835 | 1,418 | 676 | 703 | 623 | 1,560 | 5,815 | 1,302 | 1,897 | 1,968 | 299 |
| Aug. 31. | 1,859 | 11,189 | 6,552 | 915 | 1,420 | 702 | 679 | 561 | 1,567 | 5,844 | 1,180 | 1,854 | 1,994 | 316 |
| Sept. 30. | 1,844 | 11,496 | 6,806 | 980 | 1,425 | 759 | 684 | 575 | 1,562 | 5,986 | 1,179 | 1,916 | 2,085 | 329 |
| Oct. 31. | 1,825 | 11,748 | 6,890 | 1,017 | 1,424 | 813 | 709 | 645 | 1,557 | 6,166 | 1,138 | 1,948 | 2,157 | 340 |
| Nov. 30. | 1,823 | 11,823 | 6,964 | 1,069 | 1,431 | 810 | 747 | 645 | 1,489 | 6,190 | 1,125 | 1,946 | 2,217 | 344 |
| Dec. 31. | 1,881 | 11,719 | 6,953 | 1,081 | 1,454 | 785 | 757 | 548 | 1,516 | 6,141 | 1,032 | 2,000 | 2,186 | 360 |
| 1956-Jan. 31.. | 1,867 | 11,874 | 6,986 | 1,066 | 1,458 | 785 | 741 | 657 | 1,561 | 6,268 | 1,088 | 1,952 | 2,213 | 353 |
| Feb. 29.. | 1,876 | 11,993 | 7,048 | 1,035 | 1,467 | 798 | 739 | 679 | 1,596 | 6,314 | 1,089 | 2,001 | 2,238 | 353 |
| Mar. 31. | 1,894 | 12,452 | 7,389 | 1, 123 | 1,487 | 806 | 733 | 766 | 1,624 | 6,539 | 1,178 | 2,103 | 2,277 | 355 |
| Apr. $30{ }^{\circ} \ldots$ | 1,978 | 12,505 | 7,328 | 1,867 | 1,524 | 812 | 742 | 777 | 1,821 | 6,544 | 1,207 | 2,170 | 2,268 | 316 |
| May 31 ${ }^{\text {a }}$... | 1,999 | 12,517 | 7,436 | 907 | 1,580 | 830 | 709 | 751 | 1,676 | 6,453 | 1,269 | 2,177 | 2,294 | 324 |
| June $30^{p} \ldots$ | 2,007 | 12,632 | 7,437 | 878 | 1,636 | 860 | 736 | 746 | 1,617 | 6,473 | 1,285 | 2,179 | 2,348 | 347 |

Table 1a. Other Europe

| Date | Other Europe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus- } \\ & \text { tria } \end{aligned}$ | Belgium | Denmark | Finland | Greece | Neth-erlands | Norway | Portugal | Rumania | Spain | Swe- den | Tur- | Yugoslavia | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1952-Dec. 31 | 1,093 | 91 | 124 | 70 | 29 | 47 | 203 | 110 | 57 | 6 | 19 | 91 | 8 | 12 | 224 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 1,558 | 191 | 130 | 96 | 38 | 101 | 243 | 119 | 72 | 6 | 36 | 117 | 14 | 7 | 388 |
| 1954-Dec. 31. | 1,642 | 273 | 100 | 71 | 41 | 113 | 249 | 103 | 91 | 8 | 71 | 141 | 8 | 9 | 363 |
| 1955-June 30. | 1,588 | 269 | 107 | 54 | 38 | 127 | 202 | 71 | 94 | 8 | 109 | 119 | 12 | 11 | 367 |
| July 31. | 1,560 | 273 | 99 | 56 | 40 | 125 | 202 | 68 | 101 | 8 | 113 | 129 | 9 | 8 | 328 |
| Aug. 31. | 1,567 | 283 | 104 | 60 | 42 | 126 | 190 | 66 | 106 | 8 | 119 | 141 | 10 | 10 | 303 |
| Sept. 30. | 1,562 | 280 | 104 | 64 | 41 | 134 | 199 | 68 | 112 | 8 | 120 | 147 | 9 | 9 | 267 |
| Oct. 31. | 1,557 | 279 | 105 | 54 | 46 | 141 | 183 | 72 | 120 | 8 | 117 | 149 | 9 | 11 | 263 |
| Nov. 30. | 1,489 | 270 | 98 | 64 | 44 | 159 | 173 | 68 | 125 | 8 | 112 | 149 | 9 | 9 | 200 |
| Dec. 31 | 1,516 | 261 | 108 | 60 | 49 | 176 | 164 | 79 | 132 | 8 | 104 | 153 | 9 | 13 | 201 |
| 1956-Jan. 31. | 1,561 | 254 | 113 | 64 | 45 | 200 | 183 | 63 | 127 | 8 | 102 | 154 | 12 | 11 | 226 |
| Feb. 29. | 1,596 | 253 | 115 | 69 | 46 | 188 | 183 | 49 | 128 | 8 | 103 | 160 | 13 | 9 | 273 |
| Mar. 31. | 1,624 | 252 | 126 | 71 | 45 | 183 | 193 | 51 | 133 | 8 | 99 | 171 | 10 | 13 | 270 |
| Apr. $30{ }^{\circ}$ | 1,821 | 246 | 123 | 71 | 49 | 184 | 223 | 51 | 134 | 7 | 102 | 167 | 10 | 5 | 447 |
| May ${ }^{\text {Jun }} 30^{p}$. | 1,676 | 242 247 | 107 105 | 67 70 | 49 | 182 165 | 227 206 | 51 52 | 135 124 | 7 | 96 90 | 162 169 | 8 | 8 | 334 319 |

Table 1b. Latin America

| Date | Latin <br> Amer- <br> ica | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Argen- } \\ \text { tina } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Bolivia | Brazil | Chile | $\begin{gathered} \text { Co- } \\ \text { lom- } \\ \text { bia } \end{gathered}$ | Cuba | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do- } \\ & \text { min- } \\ & \text { ican } \\ & \text { Re- } \\ & \text { pub- } \\ & \text { lic } \end{aligned}$ | Guatemala | $\underset{\text { Mex- }}{\text { Mex }}$ |  | Panama, Relic of | Peru | $\underset{\substack{\text { El } \\ \text { vador }}}{\text { Ead }}$ | Uruguay | Venezuela | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Latin } \\ & \text { Amer- } \\ & \text { ica } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1952-Dec. 31. | 1,613 | 139 | 24 | 73 | 79 | 118 | 301 | 44 | 34 | 231 | 44 | 81 | 61 | 26 | 94 | 146 | 117 |
| 1953-Dec. 31 | 1,768 | 130 | 19 | 102 | 79 | 150 | 341 | 39 | 38 | 183 | 52 | 90 | 68 | 27 | 110 | 222 | 119 |
| 1954-Dec. 31. | 1,906 | 160 | 29 | 120 | 70 | 222 | 237 | 60 | 35 | 329 | 49 | 74 | 83 | 30 | 90 | 194 | 124 |
| 1955-June 30. | 1,920 | 157 | 28 | 120 | 94 | 102 | 245 | 71 | 51 | 341 | 42 | 84 | 83 | 50 | 64 | 261 | 129 |
| July 31. | 1,897 | 165 | 26 | 118 | 89 | 103 | 241 | 71 | 51 | 327 | 44 | 80 | 89 | 45 | 61 | 253 | 134 |
| Aug. 31. | 1,854 | 174 | 25 | 126 | 75 | 106 | 231 | 71 | 47 | 321 | 43 | 85 | 86 | 39 | 60 | 234 | 132 |
| Sept. 30 | 1,916 | 165 | 26 | 147 | 87 | 98 | 237 | 70 | 43 | 340 | 46 | 85 | 89 | 33 | 61 | 259 | 132 |
| Oct. 31 | 1,948 | 153 | 25 | 162 | 77 | 106 | 249 | 69 | 38 | 362 | 42 | 82 | 95 | 27 | 60 | 270 | 131 |
| Nov. 30 | 1,946 | 153 | 24 | 149 | 75 | 120 | 255 | 66 | 41 | 379 | 42 | 87 | 92 | 22 | 63 | 261 | 117 |
| Dec. 31. | 2,000 | 138 | 26 | 143 | 95 | 131 | 253 | 65 | 45 | 414 | 47 | 86 | 92 | 24 | 65 | 265 | 112 |
| 1956-Jan. 31. | 1,952 | 138 | 28 | 156 | 79 | 133 | 227 | 65 | 51 | 399 | 49 | 81 | 90 | 34 | 69 | 239 | 113 |
| Feb. 29. | 2,001 | 143 | 28 | 192 | 80 | 133 | 223 | 65 | 58 | 407 | 49 | 78 | 93 | 43 | 74 | 213 | 124 |
| Mar. 31. | 2,103 | 140 | 27 | 215 | 98 | 136 | 236 | 66 | 64 | 419 | 51 | 82 | 92 | 46 | 73 | 224 | 134 |
| Apr. $30^{\circ}$. | 2,170 | 128 | 27 | 193 | 87 | 147 | 255 | 64 | 70 | 416 | 53 | 89 | 87 | 46 | 74 | 301 | 133 |
| May ${ }^{\text {Mane }} 30^{p}$. | 2,177 | 120 | 25 | 198 | ,91 | 139 | 261 | 65 | 68 | 384 <br> 358 | 56 | 93 93 | 83 74 | 44 | 66 | 349 331 | 136 |
| June 30 ${ }^{\text {p }}$. | 2,179 | 125 | 25 | 217 | 101 | 138 | 263 | 67 | 66 | 358 | 68 | 93 | 74 | 45 | 67 | 331 | 141 |

preliminary.

TABLE 1. SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES ${ }^{1}$-Con $\operatorname{tinued}$
[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]
Table 1c. Asia and All Other


Table 1d. Supplementary Areas and Countries ${ }^{5}$

| Area or country | End of year |  |  |  | Area or country | End of year |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 |  | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 |
| Other Europe: |  |  |  |  | Other Asia: |  |  |  |  |
| Albania. | .$_{3}$ | . 2 | . 2 | n.a. | Afghanistan.......... | 4.0 | 19.7 | 5.1 | n.a. |
|  | . .4 | .4 | - .6 | $\xrightarrow{\text { n.a. }}$ | British dependencies. | 16.9 | 19.8 | 29.7 |  |
| Bulgaria... | .6 | .6 | . 6 | . 7 | Cambodia | n.a. |  | 29.2 | 13.1 |
| Czechoslovakia ${ }^{\text {6 }}$ | . 6 | . 6 | . 7 | . 7 | Ceylon. | 13.9 | 17.1 | 18.8 |  |
| Eastern Germany | n.a. | n.a. | 1.2 | 1.3 | Iraq. | 14.1 | 13.8 | 10.0 | 14.7 |
| Estonia. | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | n.a. | Jordan. | . 6 | . 9 | . 8 | 1.2 |
| Hungary | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | Laos.... | n.a. | n.a. | . 1 | n.a. |
| Iceland.......... | 3.7 | 7.5 | 8.9 | 4.8 | Lebanon | 19.3 | 23.9 | 16.5 | 18.0 |
| Ireland, Republic of | 12.6 | 14.1 | 14.3 | n.a. | Pakistan. | 14.4 | 9.7 | 3.8 | 5.7 |
| Latvia... | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | Palestine. . . . . . . . . . . |  | 5.1 | . 18 |  |
| Lithuania... | 1.6 5.0 | 1.4 4.0 | 4.5 | 3.3 | Portuguese dependencies Saudi Arabia.......... | 2.8 15.9 | 5.3 18.5 | 1.8 61.5 | 2.0 79.5 |
| Monaco.... | 2.6 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 5.6 |  | 15 | 20.5 | 21.5 | 13.1 |
| Poland 6. | 3.4 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.5 | Viet-Nam. | n.a. | n.a. | 8.1 | 62.3 |
| Trieste. | 4.1 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. S. R. ${ }^{6}$ | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.8 | . 7 | All other: |  |  |  |  |
| Other Latin America: |  |  |  |  | British dependencies. Ethiopia and Eritrea | 1.6 3.5 | 1.6 | 18.4 | 23.4 |
| British dependencies . | 14.6 | 18.0 | 19.0 | 16.6 | French dependencies. | 27.0 | 22.3 | 16.8 | 23.5 |
| Costa Rica. | 12.1 | 13.4 | 15.3 | 17.6 | Italian Somaliland. | 1.1 | 22.3 | . 3 | n.a. |
| Ecuador................... | 23.7 | 17.7 | 21.2 | 14.9 | Liberia.. | 10.3 | 11.8 | 5.6 | 13.1 |
| French West Indies and Frenc | 2.2 | ..$^{6}$ |  | 12.6 | Libya...... | 2.3 | 3.0 | 1.7 | n.a. |
| Haiti..... | 11.6 | 18.3 | 12.7 17 | 12.1 | New Zealand.... | 3.5 | ${ }_{5}^{2} .1$ | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Hicaragua | 15.4 13.4 | 16.0 | 10.3 | 12.8 | Portuguese dependenci | $\begin{array}{r}6.3 \\ \hline .2\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}5.0 \\ \hline .2\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8.3 \\ \hline .5\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1.3 \\ \hline .7\end{array}$ |
| Paraguay. | 5.0 | 6.0 | 17.6 | 9. 3.6 | Tangier............ | 26.7 | 36.1 | 35.7 | 33.5 |

## ${ }^{7}$ Preliminary.

n.a. Not available.

1 Short-term liabilities reported in these statistics represent principally deposits and U. S. Govt. obligations maturing in not more than one year from their date of issue, held by banking institutions in the United States; small amounts of bankers' acceptances and commercial paper and of liabilities payable in foreign currencies are also included.
2 Includes International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Monetary Fund, and United Nations and other international organizations. Excludes Bank for International Settlements, reported under Other Europe.
${ }_{3}$ Represents funds held with banks and bankers in the United States (and in accounts with the U. S. Treasury) by foreign central banks and by foreign central governments and their agencies (including official purchasing missions, trade and shipping missions, diplomatic and consular establishments, etc.).

[^37]TABLE 2. SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES 1
[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

| Date | Total | France |  | Italy | Switzer. land | United Kingdom | Other Europe | Total Europe | $\begin{gathered} \text { Can- } \\ \text { ada } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Latin } \\ & \text { Amer- } \\ & \text { ica } \end{aligned}$ | Asia | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { other } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1952-Dec. 31. | 1,049 | 32 | 27 | 18 | 7 | 30 | 98 | 212 | 62 | 662 | 90 | 22 |
| 1953-Dec. 31. | 905 | 11 | 31 | 19 | 18 | 71 | 88 | 236 | 56 | 473 | 115 | 25 |
| 1954-Dec. 31. | 1,387 | 14 | 70 | 20 | 16 | 173 | 109 | 402 | 76 | 728 | 143 | 37 |
| 1955-May 31. | 1,415 | 10 | 77 | 26 | 19 | 98 | 135 | 367 | 108 | 686 | 213 | 41 |
| June 30. | 1,450 | 10 | 84 | 28 | 19 | 91 | 143 | 374 | 122 | 672 | 239 | 43 |
| July 31. | 1,416 | 12 | 80 | 26 | 19 | 70 | 154 | 361 | 118 | 655 | 240 | 42 |
| Aug. 31. | 1,429 | 10 | 74 | 30 | 20 | 74 | 151 | 359 | 112 | 683 | 236 | 39 |
| Sept. 30. | 1,406 | 11 | 69 | 27 | 21 | 76 | 152 | 356 | 115 | 642 | 252 | 42 |
| Oct. 31. | 1,428 | 11 | 71 | 30 | 25 |  | 159 | 360 360 | 123 | 656 | 243 | 45 |
| Nov. 30. | 1,473 | 12 | 81 | 30 | 24 | 74 | 163 | 383 | 131 | 670 706 | 239 | 49 |
| Dec. 31. | 1,549 | 12 | 88 | 30 | 26 | 109 | 158 | 423 | 144 | 706 | 233 | 43 |
| 1956-Jan. 31. | 1,503 | 11 | 93 | 31 |  | 70 | 158 | 389 | 130 | 696 | 246 | 41 |
| Feb. 29. | 1,515 | 14 | 93 | 28 | 27 | 67 | 157 | 387 | 135 | 718 | 236 | 39 |
| Mar. 31. | 1,510 | 14 | 92 | 36 | 28 | 69 | 162 | 400 | 132 | 701 | 232 | 44 |
| Apr. $30{ }^{\text {p }}$ | 1,529 | 15 | 100 | 32 | 28 | 69 | 164 | 408 | 124 | 718 | 232 | 46 |
| May 31 . | 1,612 | 16 | 118 | 33 | 28 | 83 | 172 | 449 | 117 | 736 | 264 | 45 |

Table 2a. Other Europe

| Date | Other Europe | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aus- } \\ \text { tria } \end{gathered}$ | Belgium | Denmark | Finland | Greece | Neth-erlands | Norway | Portugal | Spain | Sweden | $\underset{\text { Kur- }}{ }$ | Yugoslavia | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1952-Dec. } 31 . \\ & \text { 1953-Dec. 31. } \\ & \text { 1954-Dec. 31.. } \end{aligned}$ | 98 88 109 | 1 1 $(2)$ | 16 13 20 | 2 6 10 | 6 2 3 | $\begin{array}{r} (\mathbf{2}) \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | 4 9 16 | 2 1 2 | 1 1 $(2)$ | 11 24 4 | 3 3 4 | 39 16 41 | 9 5 1 | 5 7 5 |
| 1955-May 31. | 135 | 1 | 18 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 15 | 2 | 1 |  | 4 | 67 | 4 | 4 |
| June 30. | 143 | (2) | 15 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 13 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 80 | 3 | 5 |
| July 31... | 154 | (2) | 14 | 7 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 5 | 89 | 2 | 8 |
| Aug. 31.. | 151 | (2) | 12 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 88 | ${ }^{2}$ | 7 |
| Sept. 30. | 152 | 1 | 11 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 13 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 92 | (2) | 5 |
| Oct. 31.. | 159 | 1 | 13 | 9 | 2 | 3 | 13 | 4 | 1 | 7 | 5 | 93 | ${ }^{2}$ | 6 |
| Nov. 30. | 163 158 | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | 15 16 | 9 13 | 4 | 4 | 11 | ${ }_{9}^{5}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 7 | 7 | 92 78 | 1 | 6 |
| 1956-Jan. 31. | 158 |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | 9 | 1 |  |  | 74 | 4 |  |
| Feb. 29. | 157 | 2 | 18 | 11 | 2 | 4 | 13 | 9 | 1 |  | 7 | 69 | 6 |  |
| Mar. 31. | 162 | 3 | 20 | 10 | 2 | 4 | 15 | 9 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 70 | 6 | 8 |
| Apr. $30{ }^{p}$. | 164 | 4 | 24 | 7 | 4 | 4 | 17 | 10 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 68 | 5 | 7 |
| May 31 ${ }^{\text {c }}$.. | 172 | 6 | 22 | 10 | 5 | 4 | 15 | 11 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 71 | 6 | 6 |

Table 2b. Latin America

| Date | $\begin{gathered} \text { Latin } \\ \substack{\text { Amer } \\ \text { ica }} \end{gathered}$ | Argen- | Bolivia | Brazil | Chile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Co- } \\ & \text { Com- } \\ & \text { loma } \end{aligned}$ | Cuba | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do- } \\ & \text { min- } \\ & \text { ican } \\ & \text { Ro- } \\ & \text { pub- } \\ & \text { lic } \end{aligned}$ | Guatemala | $\underset{\text { Mex- }}{\text { Mico }}$ |  | Panama. Re-public of | Peru | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{El} \\ \text { Sal. } \\ \text { vador } \end{gathered}$ | Uruguay | Venc zuela | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Latin } \\ & \text { Amer- } \\ & \text { ica } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1952-Dec. 31. | 662 | 8 | 6 | 356 | 26 | 42 | 32 | 2 | 4 | 89 | 1 | 7 | 15 | 9 | 14 | 37 | 14 |
| 1953-Dec. 31. | 473 | 7 | 11 | 125 | 23 | 57 | 51 | 2 | 4 | 93 | 3 | 5 | 20 | 8 | 4 | 42 | 19 |
| 1954-Dec. 31. | 728 | 6 | 3 | 273 | 14 | 107 | 71 | 3 | 4 | 116 | 1 | 9 | 16 | 10 | 7 | 63 | 27 |
| 1955-May 31. | 686 | 6 | 3 | 189 | 11 | 116 | 71 | 4 | 5 | 122 | 2 | 20 | 16 | 5 | 7 | 84 | 27 |
| June 30. | 672 | 8 | 3 | 153 | 15 | 132 | 65 | 4 | 4 | 125 |  |  | 16 | 5 | 6 | 85 | 32 |
| July 31. | 655 | 6 | 3 | 137 | 17 | 125 | 60 | 4 | 4 | 133 | 4 | 15 | 18 | 6 | 5 | 86 | 32 |
| Aug. 31.. | 683 | 6 | 3 | 133 | 15 | 132 | 71 | 4 | 4 | 141 | 1 | 15 | 21 | 6 | 10 | 91 | 32 |
| Sept. 30 | 642 | 6 | 3 | 107 | 7 | 127 | 71 | 4 | 4 | 146 | 1 | 13 | 20 | 6 | 5 | 90 | 32 |
| Oct. 31. | 656 | 6 | 3 | 91 | 8 | 122 | 87 | 4 | 4 | 151 | 2 | 14 | 22 | 6 | 12 | 91 | 34 |
| Nov. $30 .$. | 670 706 | 8 7 | 4 | 64 69 | 14 | 128 | 90 92 | 4 5 | 5 | 160 154 | 2 3 | 17 | 27 29 | 8 | 18 | 91 105 | 34 34 |
| 1956-Jan. 31. | 696 | 7 | 4 | 63 | 11 | 150 | 82 | 5 |  | 157 | 1 | 16 | 32 |  | 20 | 101 |  |
| Feb. 29. | 718 | 10 | 3 | 66 | 19 | 151 | 81 | 5 | 5 | 163 | 2 | 20 | 31 | 7 | 20 | 102 | 34 |
| Mar, 31. | 701 | 12 | 4 | 60 | 6 | 160 | 81 | 4 | 6 | 152 | 3 | 20 | 30 | 7 | 13 | 108 | 35 |
| Apr. $30^{p}$. | 718 | 11 | 3 | 62 | 7 | 167 | 85 | 4 | 7 | 154 | 2 | 18 | 30 | 6 | 12 | 112 | 36 |
| May $31{ }^{p}$. | 736 | 11 | 3 | 63 | 7 | 168 | 85 | 4 | 6 | 157 | 3 | 19 | 29 | 6 | 7 | 133 | 35 |

## $p$ Preliminary.

${ }_{1}$ Short-term claims reported in these statistics represent principally the following items payable on demand or with a contractual maturity of not more than one year: loans made to and acceptances made for foreigners; drafts drawn against foreigners that are being collected by bankforeign currency balances held abroad by banking institutions and their customers in the United States. Claims on foreigners with a contractual
maturity of more than one year reported by U. S. banking institutions (excluded from these statistics) amounted to $\$ 685$ million on May 31 , 1956. The term foreigner is used to designate foreign governments central banks, and other official institutions as well as banks, organizations, and individuals domiciled outside the United States, including
U. S. citizens domiciled abroad and the foreign subsidiaries and offices of U. S. banks and commercial firms.

2 Less than $\$ 500,000$.
3 Includes transactions of international institutions.

TABLE 2. SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES 1 -Continued [Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]


TABLE 3. PURCHASES AND SALES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM SECURITIES, BY TYPES ${ }^{3}$ [In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | [In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Foreign stocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U.S. Govt. bonds \& notes |  |  | U.S. corporate securities |  |  | Foreign bonds |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Purchases | Sales | Net purchases, or sales (-) sales ( | Purchases | Sales | Net purchases, or sales ( - ) sales (-) | Purchases | Sales | Net purchases, or sales (-) | Purchases | Sales | Net purchases, or sales (-) |
| 1952. | 534 | 231 |  | 850 | 838 |  | 495 |  |  | 294 | 330 |  |
| 1953. | 646 | 728 | -82 | +802 |  | 70 | 543 | 822 | -79 -49 | 310 393 | 333 | - 7 |
| 1954. | 1,301 | 793 812 | 88 529 | 1,405 | 1,264 1,730 | 141 | 792 | 841 509 | $\begin{array}{r}-49 \\ \hline 184\end{array}$ | 393 664 | 645 878 | -252 -214 |
| 1955-May. | 249 | 142 | 107 | 148 | 133 | 15 | 45 | 27 | 18 | 55 | 77 | -22 |
| June. | 14 | 17 | -3 | 176 | 158 | 19 | 70 | 34 | 36 | 69 | 101 | -33 |
| July. | 48 | 24 | 24 | 167 | 139 | 28 | 60 | 36 | 23 | 55 | 75 | -20 |
| Aug. | 184 | 24 | 159 | 135 | 116 | 19 | 40 | 26 | 14 | 54 | 73 | -19 |
| Sept. | 45 | 36 | 9 | 180 | 154 | 26 | 37 | 41 | -4 | 71 | 82 | -11 |
| Oct. | 21 | 30 | -8 | 154 | 141 | -13 | 46 38 | 34 | 12 | 58 | ${ }_{5}^{61}$ |  |
| Nev.. | 35 132 | 38 86 | -4 4 | 121 | 141 | -20 -3 | 38 42 | 37 57 | 1 -15 | 57 58 | 55 63 | - ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1956-Jan. . | 34 | 34 | -1 | 185 | 135 | 50 | 60 | 139 | -79 | 61 | 53 | 8 |
| Feb. | 30 | 44 | -14 | 136 | 123 | 13 | 35 | 42 | -8 | 56 | 64 | -7 |
| Mar. | 208 | 444 | -236 | 176 | 205 | -29 | 34 | 38 | -4 | 74 | 99 | -25 |
| Apr. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 47 | 10 | 37 | 184 | 164 | 19 | 38 | 26 | 12 | 69 | 87 | -17 |
| May ${ }^{p}$. | 32 | 18 | 13 | 198 | 139 | 59 | 52 | 152 | $-100$ | 90 | 114 | -24 |

TABLE 4. NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM UNITED STATES SECURITIES, BY COUNTRIES

| Year or month | International institutions | Total foreign coun- tries tries | France | Germany, Federal Republic of | Italy | Switzer- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { United } \\ & \text { King- } \\ & \text { dom } \end{aligned}$ | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Latin } \\ & \text { Amer- } \\ & \text { ica } \end{aligned}$ | Asia | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { other } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1952. | 15 | 300 | 5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 51 | 70 | -16 | 111 | 192 | 5 | -9 | 2 |
| 1953. | 23 | -34 | -42 | (2) | (2) | 57 | 71 | -24 | 62 | -121 | 25 | (2) | -1 |
| 1954. | 78 | 72 | 17 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | - 1 | 73 | 70 | -20 | 139 | -187 | 113 |  | 3 |
| 1955. | -21 | 706 | -2 | 9 | -7 | 147 | 96 | 85 | 329 | 265 | 76 | 29 | 7 |
| 1955-May.. | -44 | 166 | -1 | 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | -1 | 41 | 39 | 80 | 78 | 6 | ${ }^{2}$ | 1 |
| June...... | 1 | 15 | 1 | 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 9 | 15 | -1 | 24 | -9 | -2 | 1 |  |
| Juiy.. | 3 | +49 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | 26 | 13 |  | 48 36 | -28 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Aug. | 1 | 176 3 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 28 | -1 | 7 | 36 | 132 -10 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1 |
| Sept. | 1 | 33 4 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{1}$ | 19 | -9 | -10 | 23 8 | 10 -5 | 13 | 1 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| Nov. | (2) | -. 24 | (2) | (2) | (2) | -7 | -4 | -7 | -7 | -20 | ${ }_{2}$ | (2) | (2) |
| Dec. | 2 | 47 | -14 | 1 | (2) | 8 | -3 | 4 | -5 | 41 | 7 | 3 | 1 |
| 1956-Jan. | 1 | 49 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | 18 | 6 | 12 | 35 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| Feb., | 1 | -1 | (2) | 1 | -1 | -5 | -9 | 13 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 6 | -7 | (2) | -1 |
| Mar. | -1 | -264 | -139 | 1 | 1 | 25 | 27 | -30 | -168 | -86 | 3 | -13 | -1 |
| Apr.p May | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 56 72 | 3 3 | (2) | ${ }^{1}$ | 44 47 | 7 14 | $(2)$ 5 | 55 69 | -4 -2 | 3 2 | 2 | 1 |

p Preliminary.
For other footnotes see opposite page.

TABLE 5. NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM FOREIGN SECURITIES OWNED IN THE UNITED STATES, BY AREAS
[Net sales, ( - ). In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | International institutions | Total foreign coun- tries | Europe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Can- } \\ & \text { ada } \end{aligned}$ | Latin $\underset{\text { ica }}{\text { Amer }}$ | Asia | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1952. | -118 | -100 | 20 | -141 | 25 | -10 | 6 |
| 1953. | -61 | $-11$ | 96 | -138 | 35 | -30 | 26 |
| 1954. | -164 | -137 | -9 | -133 | 33 | -34 | 7 |
| 1955. | -27 | -4 | -46 | 74 | 24 | -49 | -7 |
| 1955-May. | -4 | (1) | 1 | -4 | 1 | -2 | 5 |
| June. | (1) | 4 | -21 | 21 | 5 | -2 | 2 |
| July.. | -10 | 13 | -8 | 26 | 2 | - 3 | -5 |
| Aug.... | 1 | -6 | -1 | -6 | 3 | -4 | 3 |
| Sept.... | $-12$ | -3 | -7 | 3 | 2 | -3 | ${ }^{2}$ |
| Oct. . | -3 | 11 | 8 | 3 | 2 | -3 | (1) |
| Nov.. | -2 | - 5 | 17 | -7 | $\frac{1}{4}$ | -11 -8 | (1) |
| Dec. | -2 | -18 | 17 | -7 | 4 | -8 | -23 |
| 1956-Jan. . | -5 | -66 | 12 | -75 | 1 | -5 | ${ }^{1}$ |
| Feb... | -3 | -12 | $-5$ | -7 -10 | 3 | -2 | 1 |
| $\underset{\text { Mar.... }}{ }$ | -12 | $\begin{array}{r}-18 \\ \hline 2\end{array}$ | -7 | $\begin{array}{r}-10 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 2 | -3 -3 | 1 |
| May ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | -3 | $-120$ | -4 | -112 | 1 | -7 | 1 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
${ }^{1}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.

TABLE 6. DEPOSITS AND OTHER DOLLAR ASSETS HELD AT FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS FOR FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS 1

[^38]GOLD PRODUCTION
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | $\begin{gathered} \text { Estimated } \\ \text { world } \\ \text { production } \\ \text { (excl. } \\ \text { U.S.S.R.) } \end{gathered}$ | Production reported monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Africa |  |  |  | North and South America |  |  |  |  |  | Other |  |
|  |  |  | South Africa | Rhodesia | British West Africa | Belgian Congo | United States | Canada | Mexico | Colombia | Chile | Nicaragua ${ }^{1}$ | Australia | India |
|  | \$1=155\% grains of gold \%\%o fine: i. e., an ounce of fine gold $=\$ 35$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 805.0 | 728.1 | 405.5 | 18.0 | 23.4 | 11.1 | 70.9 | 123.5 | 12.9 | 11.7 | 5.7 | 7.8 | 31.2 | 6.5 |
| 1949. | 840.0 | 753.2 | 409.7 | 18.5 | 23.1 | 12.9 | 67.3 | 144.2 | 14.2 | 12.6 | 6.3 | 7.7 | 31.3 | 5.7 |
| 1950. | 864.5 | 777.1 | 408.2 | 17.9 | 24.1 | 12.0 | 80.1 | 155.4 | 14.3 | 13.3 | 6.7 | 8.0 | 30.4 | 6.7 |
| 1951. | 840.0 | 758.3 | 403.1 | 17.0 | 22.9 | 12.3 | 66.3 | 153.7 | 13.8 | 15.1 | 6.1 | 8.8 | 31.3 | 7.9 |
| 1952. | 868.0 | 780.9 | 413.7 | 17.4 | 23.8 | 12.9 | 67.4 | 156.5 | 16.1 | 14.8 | 6.2 | 8.9 | 34.3 | 8.9 |
| 1953. | 864.5 | 776.5 | 417.9 | 17.5 | 25.4 | 13.0 | 69.0 | 142.4 | 16.9 | 15.3 | 4.6 | 9.1 | 37.7 | 7.8 |
| 1954. | 913.5 | 826.2 | 462.4 | 18.8 | 27.5 | 12.8 | 65.1 | 152.8 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 4.4 | 8.2 | 39.1 | 8.4 |
| 1955. |  |  | 510.7 | 18.4 | 23.8 | 13.1 | 66.2 | 159.1 |  | 13.3 | 4.3 | 7.3 | 36.7 | 6.8 |
| 1955-May. |  | 73.1 | 42.8 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 5.3 | 13.4 | . 9 | . 9 | . 5 | . 8 | r3.1 | . 6 |
| June. |  | 73.1 | 42.7 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 5.6 | 13.0 | . 8 | 1.2 | . 2 | . 8 | 3.5 | . 6 |
| July. |  | ${ }^{7} 72.8$ | 43.7 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 13.5 | 1.0 | . 8 | . 3 | . 8 | 3.1 | . 6 |
| Aug. |  | 74.7 | 44.4 | 1.6 | 2.2 | . 9 | 5.9 | 13.5 | . 6 | 1.1 | . 4 | .7 | 2.8 | . 6 |
| Sept. |  | 76.2 | 43.6 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 7.0 | 13.8 | 1.0 | 1.3 | .3 | . 7 | 3.1 | . 5 |
| Oct. |  | 75.7 | 43.8 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 6.8 | 13.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | . 3 | . 7 | 3.1 | . 6 |
| Nov. |  | 74.9 | 43.3 | 1.5 | 1.9 | . 8 | 6.3 | 13.6 | 1.3 | 1.1 | . 4 | . 6 | 3.3 | . 6 |
| Dec. |  |  | 42.9 | 1.5 | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ | 1.1 | 5.0 | 13.3 |  | . 8 | . 2 | . 6 | 3.4 | . 6 |
| 1956-Jan. |  |  | 43.4 | 1.6 | . 1 | 1.2 | 4.8 | 13.0 |  | 1.9 |  | . 7 | 2.9 | . 5 |
| Feb. |  |  | 42.9 | 1.5 | . 1 | 1.1 | 4.6 | 12.4 |  | 1.2 |  | . 7 | 2.7 | . 5 |
| Mar. |  |  | 45.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 5.0 | 13.5 |  | 1.2 |  | . 7 | 2.8 | . 6 |
| Apr. |  |  | 45.2 |  | 2.1 | 1.0 | 4.7 | 12.9 |  | 1.3 |  | .6 | . | . 6 |
| May. |  |  | 47.3 |  | 2.2 | 1.0 | 5.4 | 13.1 |  |  |  | . 6 |  | . 6 |

[^39][^40]NET GOLD PURCHASES BY THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES
[In millions of dollars at $\$ 35$ per fine troy ounce. Negative figures indicate net sales by the United States]

| Area and country | Annual totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly totals |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  | 1956 |
|  | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | Jan.- <br> Mar. | Apr.- <br> June | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Juiy- } \\ & \text { Sept. } \end{aligned}$ | Oct.- <br> Dec. | Jan.- <br> Mar. |
| Continental Western Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| France. . | 15.8 | -43.0 | -84.8 | $-20.0$ |  | $1-94.6$ |  | -67.5 | -22.5 | -49.0.0 |  |  | -33.8 |
| Germany (Fed. Rep. of)..... Netherlands.......... |  |  |  |  | 10.0 -100.0 | -130.0 | -225.6 | -10.0 | -10.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Netherlands................... | 40.7 63.0 | -23.5 14.0 | -79.8 <br> -15.0 | -34.9 | 100.0 -5.0 | -65.01 | - 54.9 | -5.0 | -5.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Sweden....................... | 3.0 |  | -22.9 | -32.0 |  | -20.0 | -15.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Switzerland. . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | $-40.0$ | -38.0 | -15.0 | 22.5 | -65.0 | -15.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank for Intl. Settlements.... | -5.6 4.8 | - 34.3 -123.4 | -65.3 | -30.4 | (2) ${ }_{\text {-17 }}$ | -94.3 | -20.0 -2.6 | 5.0 | (2) | 3.5 |  | 5 | 0 |
| Total. | 191.5 | -250.2 | $-380.2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Union of South Africa. ...... | 498.6 | 195.7 | 13.1 | 52.1 | 11.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.6 | $-.3$ | . 5 | $\cdots .5$ | $\cdots .1$ | . 1 | (2) ${ }^{\prime}$ |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,232.9 | 645.2 | -1,003.4 | 525.6 | 451.2 | -480.5 | -50.5 | -. 1 | -. 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ...... |  |  |
| Canada.... | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 3.4 | -100.0 | -10.0 | 7.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Latin America: 114.1 -49.9 -49.9 -20.0 -84.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Argentina.................... | 114.1 15.5 | $\begin{array}{r} -49.9 \\ 7.0 \end{array}$ | - -10.0 | $\begin{array}{r} -49.9 \\ 17.5 \end{array}$ | -20.0 | -84.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cuba.......................... | -10.0 | -10.0 |  | -20.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mexico. | 61.6 | -16.1 | -118.2 | $-60.2$ | 87.7 | $-28.1$ | 80.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uruguay..................... |  | - 14.4 | -64.8 | 22.2 | 14.9 | -15.0 | -55.0 | 11.0 |  |  | ii.0 |  |  |
| Venezuela. <br> Other | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} -108.0 \\ -2.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | -50.0 | -7.2 | - 34.9 | -2.4 | -. 3 | -30.0 17.2 | 3.0 | 3.4 | -. 1 | . 1 | - . 1 | $-.2$ |
| Total. | 81.8 | $-143.9$ | -172.0 | -126.0 | 57.5 | -131.8 | 62.5 | 14.0 | 3.4 | -. 1 | 10.9 | -. 1 | . 2 |
| Asia. | -4.1 | 4-55.4 | 3-38.9 | 3-53.7 | -6.7 | -5.7 | -9.9 | -2.2 |  |  | -2.2 |  |  |
| Eastern Europe. | 1.0 | -6.2 | 13.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13.1 |
| All other. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6.9 | . 4 | $6-44.2$ | 6-76.0 |  | (2) | . 4 | -2.7 | -2.7 | (2) |  |  | 725.0 |
| Grand total. | 1,510.0 | 193.3 | -1,725.2 | 75.2 | 393.6 | -1,164.3 | -326.6 | -68.5 | -36.9 | -41.7 | 8.7 | 1.4 | 5.2 |

1 Includes sales of gold to Belgian Congo as follows (in millions): 1949, $\$ 2.0 ; 1950, \$ 3.0 ; 1951, \$ 8.0 ; 1952, \$ 2.0$; and $1953, \$ 9.9$.

2 Less than $\$ 50,000$.
3 Includes sale of $\$ 114.3$ million of gold to Italy.
4 Includes sale of $\$ 43.1$ million of gold to Thailand.

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN GOLD STOCK OF THE UNITED STATES
[In millions of dollars]

| - car | ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN GOLD STOCK OF THE UNITED STATES[In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold stock (end of year) |  | Increase in total gold stock | Net gold import, or export ( - ) | Earmarked gold: decrease, or increase ( - ) | Domestic gold production | Month | Gold stock (end of month) |  | Increase in total gold stock | Net gold import, or export (-) | Earmarked gold: decrease, or increase (一) | Domestic gold production |
|  | Treas- ury | Total ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Treasury | Total ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1943. | 21,938 | 21,981 | -757.9 | 68.9 | -803.6 | 48.3 | 1955-July. | 21,682 | 21,734 | 4.4 | 1.6 | -. 1 | 4.1 |
| 1944. | 20,619 | 20,631 | $-1,349.8$ | -845.4 | -459.8 | 35.8 | Aug. | 21,682 | 21,732 | $-2.2$ | 3.6 | -2.9 | 5.9 |
| 1945. | 20,065 | 20,083 | $-547.8$ | $-106.3$ | -356.7 | 32.0 | Sept.. | 21,684 | 21,745 | 12.7 | 4.4 | 10.6 | 7.0 |
| 1946. | 20,529 | 20,706 | 623.1 | 311.5 | 465.4 | 51.2 | Oct. | 21,686 | 21,747 | 2.0 | 10.4 | $-7.1$ | 6.8 |
| 1947. | 22,754 | 22,868 | 22,162.1 | 1,866.3 | 210.0 | 75.8 | Nov. | 21,688 | 21,751 | 3.9 | 31.9 | $-27.0$ | 6.3 |
| 1948. | 24,244 | 24,399 | 1,530.4 | 1,680.4 | -159.2 | 70.9 | Dec. | 21,690 | 21,753 | 1.9 | 26.7 | -23.8 | 5.0 |
| 1949. | 24,427 | 24,563 | 164.6 | 686.5 | -495.7 | 67.3 | 1956-Jan.. | 21,693 | 21,755 | 2.5 | 11.4 | -8.2 | 4.8 |
| 1950. | 22,706 | 22,820 | $-1,743.3$ | $-371.3$ | -1,352.4 | 80.1 | Feb. | 21,695 | 21,757 | 2.1 | 18.6 | -15.7 | 4.6 |
| 1951. | 22,695 | 22,873 | - 52.7 | -549.0 | 617.6 | 66.3 | Mar. | 21,716 | 21,765 | 7.7 | 11.5 | $-2.9$ | 5.0 |
| 1952. | 23,187 | 23,252 | 379.8 | 684.3 | -304.8 | 67.4 | Apr. | 21,743 | 21,792 | 27.4 | 9.9 | 16.9 | 4.7 |
| 1953. | 22,030 | 22,091 | -1,161.9 | 2.2 | $-1,170.8$ | 69.0 | May. | 21,772 | 21,821 | 28.3 | 25.3 | 1.8 | 5.4 |
| 1954. | 21,713 | 21,793 | -297.2 | 16.6 | -325.2 | 65.1 | June. | 21,799 | 21,868 | 47.6 | 18.4 | 29.9 | 5.1 |
| 1955. | 21,690 | 21,753 | -40.9 | 97.6 | -132.4 | 66.2 | July.. | 211,829 | p21,917 | p49.2 | (3) | 443.9 | (3) |

## $p$ Preliminary.

See footnote 2 on following page.
2 Net after payment of $\$ 687.5$ million in gold as United States gold subscription to the International Monetary Fund.

5 Includes sales of gold to Indonesia as follows: 1950, $\$ 29.9$ million; and 1951, $\$ 45.0$ million. 6 Includes sales of gold to Egypt as follows: 1950, $\$ 44.8$ million; and
1951, $\$ 76.0$ million $1951, \$ 76.0$ million.
7 Represents purchase of gold from International Monetary Fund.
${ }^{3}$ Not yet available.
4 Gold held under earmark at the Federal Reserve Banks for foreign 4 Gold held under earmark at the Federal Reserve Banks for foreign Gold under earmark is not included in the gold stock of the United States

REPORTED GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANES AND GOVERNMENTS
[In millions of dollars]

| End of month | Estimated total world (excl. <br> U.S.S.R.) ${ }^{1}$ | United States |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Argen- } \\ & \text { tina } \end{aligned}$ | Belgium | Bolivia | Brazil | Canada | Chile | Colombia | Cuba | Denmark | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ecua- } \\ \text { dor } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Treasury | Total 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1949--Dec. | 35,380 | 24,427 | 24,563 | 216 | 698 | 23 | 317 | 496 | 40 | 52 | 299 | 32 | 21 |
| 1950-Dec. | 35,810 | 22,706 | 22,820 | 216 | 587 | 23 | 317 | 590 | 40 | 74 | 271 | 31 | 19 |
| 1951--Dec. | 35,960 | 22,695 | 22,873 | 268 | 621 | 23 | 317 <br> 317 | 850 | 45 |  | 311 | 31 | 22 |
| $1952-\mathrm{Dec}$. | 36,260 | 23,187 | 23,252 |  | 706 | 21 | 317 | 896 | 42 |  | 214 | 31 | 23 |
| $1953-\mathrm{Dec}$. | 36,680 | 22,030 | 22,091 | 371 | 776 | 21 | 321 | 996 | 42 | 86 | 186 | 31 | 23 |
| 1954-Dec. | 37,340 | 21,713 | 21,793 | 371 | 778 | 3 | 322 | 1,080 | 42 |  | 186 | 31 | 23 |
| 1955-June | 37,720 | 21,678 | 21,730 | 371 | 839 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 322 | 1,112 | 42 |  | 186 | 31 | 23 |
| July. |  | 21,682 | 21,734 | 371 | 845 | (3) | 322 | 1,122 | 42 | ....... | 186 | 31 | 23 |
| Aug. |  | 21,682 | 21,732 | 371 | 850 | (3) | 322 | 1,134 | 42 |  | 186 | 31 31 |  |
| Sept. | 37,870 | - 21,684 | 21,745 | 371 371 | 877 920 | (3) | 322 322 3 | 1,141 1,150 | 42 | ........ | 186 | 31 31 | 23 23 |
| Nov. |  | 21, 688 | 21,751 | 371 | 922 | (3) | 323 | 1,147 | 42 |  | 141 | 31 | 23 |
| Dec. | ${ }^{7} 37,990$ | 21, 690 | 21, 753 | 371 | 929 | (3) | 323 | 1,141 | 44 |  | 136 | 31 | 23 |
| 1956-Jan. |  | 21,693 | 21,755 | 371 | 942 |  | 323 | 1,136 | 44 |  | 136 | 31 | 23 |
| Feb. |  | 21,695 | 21,757 | $\begin{array}{r}371 \\ 371 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 955 |  | 323 323 323 | 1,129 | 42 |  | 136 | 31 | 23 |
| Mrar. | p38,180 | 21,743 | 21, 7 , 792 | 371 371 | 970 |  | 323 <br> 323 | 1,127 | 43 |  | 136 136 | 31 31 | 23 |
| May |  | 21,772 | 21, 821 | 371 | 958 |  | 323 | 1,107 | 46 |  | 136 | 31 | 23 |
| June. |  | 21,799 | 21,868 |  | 952 |  | 323 | 1,109 | 46 |  |  | 31 | 23 |
| End of month | Egypt | France ${ }^{4}$ |  | Guatemala | India | Indonesia | Iran | Italy | Mexico | Netherlands | Nor- | Pakistan | Peru |
| 1949-Dec. | 53 | 523 |  | 27 | 247 | 178 | 140 | 256 | 52 | 195 | 51 | 27 | 28 |
| 1950-Dec. | 97 | 523 |  | 27 | 247 | 209 | 140 | 256 | 208 | 311 | 50 | 27 | 31 |
| 1951-Dec. | 174 | 548 | 28 | 27 | 247 | 280 | 138 | 333 346 | 208 | 316 544 | 50 | 27 | 46 |
| 1952-Dec. | 174 | 573 | 140 | 27 | 247 | 235 | 138 | 346 | 144 | 544 | 50 | 38 | 46 |
| 1953--Dec. | 174 174 | 576 576 | 326 626 | 27 | 247 | 145 81 | 137 138 | 346 346 | 158 62 | 737 796 | 45 | 38 38 | 36 35 |
| 55--June | 174 | 576 | 758 | 27 | 247 | 81 | 138 | 346 | 78 | 804 | 45 | 38 |  |
| July. | 174 | 576 | 776 | 27 | 247 | 81 | 138 | 346 | 78 | 804 | 45 | 48 | 35 |
| Aug. | 174 | 576 | 802 | 27 | 247 | 81 | 138 | 346 | 130 | 804 | 45 | 48 | 35 |
| Sept. | 174 | 576 | 825 | 27 | 247 | 81 | 138 | 346 | 141 | 804 | 45 | 48 | 35 |
| Ozt. | 174 | 576 | 849 | 27 | 247 | 81 | 138 | 352 | 142 | 836 | 45 | 48 | 35 |
| Nov. | 174 | 576 | 868 | 27 | 247 | 81 | 138 | 356 | 142 | 856 | 45 | 48 | 35 |
| Dec. | 174 | 861 | 920 | 27 | 247 | 81 | 138 | 352 | 142 | 865 | 45 | 48 | 35 |
| 1956-Jan. | 174 | 861 | 950 | 27 | 247 | 81 | 138 | 352 | 163 | 865 | 45 | 48 |  |
| Feb. | 174 | 861 | 989 | 27 | 247 | 81 | 138 | 352 352 | 163 | 872 | 45 | 48 |  |
| Apr. | 174 174 | 861 | 1,003 | 27 | 247 | 881 | 138 138 | 352 | 164 | 875 877 | 45 | 48 |  |
| Mane | 174 | 861 | 1,053 |  | 247 | 81 | 138 |  |  | 864 | 45 | 48 |  |
| June | 174 | 861 | 1,101 |  |  |  | 138 |  |  | 853 | 45 | 49 |  |
| End of month | $\begin{gathered} \text { Portu- } \\ \text { gal } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { El Sal- } \\ & \text { vador } \end{aligned}$ | South Africa | Spain | Sweden | Switzerland | Thailand | Turkey | United Kingdom 5 | Uruguay | Venezuela | Intl. Monetary Fund Fund |  |
| 1949--Dec. | 178 | 17 | 128 | 85 | 70 | 1,504 | 118 | 154 | 1,688 | 178 | 373 | 1,451 | 68 |
| 1950-Dec. | 192 | 23 | 197 | 61 | 90 | 1,470 | 118 | 150 | 3,300 | 236 | 373 | 1,494 | 167 |
| $1951-\mathrm{Dec}$. | 265 | 26 | 190 | 51 | 152 | 1,452 | 113 | 151 | 2,335 | 221 | 373 | 1,530 | 115 |
| 1952-Dec. | 286 | 29 | 170 | 51 | 184 | 1,411 | 113 | 143 | 1,846 | 207 | 373 | 1,692 | 196 |
| 1953-Dec. | 361 | 29 | 176 | 54 | 218 | 1,459 | 113 | 143 | 2,518 | 227 | 373 | 1,702 | 193 |
| 1954--Dec. | 429 | 29 | 199 | 56 | 265 | 1,513 | 113 | 144 | 2,762 | 227 | 403 | 1,740 | 196 |
| 1955-June. | 436 | 29 | 212 | 56 | 264 | 1,485 | 113 | 144 | 2,680 | 227 | 403 | 1,745 | 230 |
| July. | 422 | 29 | 215 | 56 | 264 | 1,495 | 112 | 144 | 2,544 | 227 | 403 | 1,747 | 227 |
| Aug. | 425 | 29 | 212 | 56 | 264 | 1,501 | 112 | 144 | 2,457 | 227 | 403 | 1,751 | 226 |
| Sept. | 427 | 28 | 214 | 56 | 264 | 1,513 | 112 | 144 | 2,345 | 216 | 403 | 1,751 | 215 |
| Oct.. | 428 | 28 | 211 | 56 | 270 | 1,535 | 112 | 144 | 2,297 | 216 | 403 | 1,751 | 208 |
| Nov. | 428 428 | 28 28 | 213 | 56 56 | 278 276 | 1,560 1,597 | 1112 | 144 | 2,283 2,120 | 216 | 403 403 | 1,756 1,808 | 234 |
| Dec.. | 428 | 28 | 212 | 56 | 276 | 1,597 | 112 | 144 | 2,120 | 216 | 403 | 1,808 | 217 |
| 1956-Jan.. | 431 | 28 | 211 | 56 | 278 | 1,593 | 112 | 144 | 2,149 | 216 | 403 | 1,811 | 193 |
| Feb. | 431 | 28 | 216 | 56 | 272 | 1,592 | 112 | 144 | 2,210 | 216 | 403 | 1,811 | 183 |
| Mar. | 431 | 28 | 212 | 56 | 273 | 1,608 | 112 | 144 | 2,277 | 216 | 403 | 1,786 | 197 |
| Apr. | 436 435 | 28 28 28 | 210 217 | 56 56 56 | 269 266 | 1,606 | 112 112 | 144 144 | 2,328 | 216 216 | 403 403 | 1,761 1,741 | 190 216 |
| June. | ...... | 28 | 215 | 56 | 257 | 1,571 |  | 144 | 2,385 |  | 403 |  | 199 |

[^41]Reserve Bank Credit, and Related Items" or in the Treasury statement "United States Money, Outstanding and in Circulation, by Kinds." 3 Less than $\$ 500,000$
4 Represents holdings of Bank of France (holdings of French Exchange Stabilization Fund are not included).
Exchange Equalization Account holdings of gold and of United reserves of Bank of England have remained unchanged at $\$ 1$ million since 1939, when Bank's holdings were transferred to Exchange Equalization Account.)

ESTIMATED GOLD RESERVES AND DOLLAR HOLDINGS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS
[In millions of dollars]

| Area and country | Dec. 31, 1954 |  | Mar. 31, 1955 |  | June 30, 1955 |  | Sept. 30, 1955 |  | Dec. 31, 1955 |  | Mar. 31, 1956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold \& shortterm dollars | U. S. Govt. bonds \& notes | Gold \& shortdollars | U.S. Govt. bonds \& notes | Gold \& shortterm dollars | U. S. Govt. bonds \& notes | Gold \& shortdollars | U.S. Govt. \& notes | Gold \& shortterm dollars | U. S. Govt. bonds $\&$ notes | Gold \& shortterm dollars |  |
| Continental Western Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Austria. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 329 | 12 | 331 | 12 | 325 | 12 | 341 | 12 | 322 | 10 | 313 | 10 |
| Belgium-Luxembourg (and Belgian Congo). . | 1,044 | 10 | 1,090 | 9 | 1,111 | 10 | 1,149 | 10 | 1,201 | 10 | 1,244 | 12 |
| Denmark.. | 102 | 7 | 100 | 7 | 85 | 5 | 95 | 7 | 91 | 7 | 102 | 5 |
| Finland.... | $\begin{array}{r}72 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{3}$ | + 69 | 161 | - 69 | 160 | $\begin{array}{r}73 \\ \hline 159\end{array}$ | 161 | - 84 | 151 | -80 | 5 |
| France (and dependencies) ${ }_{\text {Germany ( }}$ (Federal Republic of) | 1,328 1,999 | 161 | 1,362 | 161 | 2,397 | 160 3 | 1,593 $\mathbf{2 , 2 5 0}$ | 161 | 21,986 2,374 | 151 | 2,028 | ${ }_{10}^{6}$ |
| Greece...................... | -124 | (3) | 2,141 | (3) | 2,138 | (3) | 2, 145 | (3) | 2,187 | (3) | 2, 194 | (3) |
| Italy. | 925 | 10 | 957 | 5 | 992 | 2 | 1,105 | 2 | 1,137 | 2 | 1,158 | 2 |
| Netherlands (and Netherlands West Indies and Surinam) | 1,118 | 5 | 1,089 | 26 | 1,072 | 41 | 1,074 | 41 | 1,100 | 44 | 1,143 | 22 |
| Norway. | 148 | 6 | 109 | 14 | 116 | 36 | 113 | 53 | 124 | 53 | 96 | 69 |
| Portugal (and dependencies) | 560 | (3) | 570 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 571 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 581 | ${ }^{3}$ | 601 | ${ }^{3}$ | 606 | ${ }^{3}$ |
| Spain (and dependencies)... | 188 | 3 | 209 386 | 3 1 | 225 383 | (3) | 237 411 |  | 221 |  | 216 | ${ }^{3}$ |
| Switzerland | 2,185 | 38 | 2,149 | 42 | 2,170 | 42 | 2,197 | 44 | 2,354 | 44 | 2,341 | 70 |
| Turkey. | 152 |  | 154 |  | 156 |  | 153 | (3) | 153 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 154 | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ |
| Other ${ }^{\text {². }}$ | 947 | 4 | 1,016 | 2 | 1,242 | 4 | 1,273 | 2 | r876 | 6 | 1,015 | 7 |
| Total. | 11,627 | 260 | 11,857 | 285 | 12,207 | 324 | 12,790 | 345 | '13,240 | 343 | 13,621 | 222 |
| Sterling Area: United Kingdom. | 3,190 | 216 | 3,137 | 249 | 3,139 | 280 | 2,800 | 286 | 2,598 | 282 | 2,816 | 241 |
| United Kingdom dependencies | ${ }^{103}$ | 4 | 103 | 4 | -102 | 4 | , 100 | 11 | 2, 88 | 11 | 2,918 | 11 |
| Australia... | 186 | (3) | 194 | (3) | 204 | (3) | 210 | (3) | 219 | (3) | 230 | (3) |
| India.. | 334 | 1 | 334 | 1 | 344 | 1 | 339 | 1 | 320 | 1 | 330 | 1 |
| Union of South Africa | 232 | 1 | 236 184 | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 242 184 | 1 3 | 251 194 | ${ }_{3}^{1}$ | 265 202 | ${ }^{1}$ | 255 198 | ${ }^{1}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 4,223 | 225 | 4,188 | 258 | 4,215 | 289 | 3,894 | 302 | 3,692 | 295 | 3,920 | 254 |
| Canada. | 2,616 | 93 | 2,418 | 182 | 2,381 | 262 | 2,320 | 397 | 2,173 | 437 | 2,305 | 369 |
| Latin America: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Argentina. | 531 | (3) | 523 | (3) | 528 | (3) | 536 | (3) | 509 | (3) | 511 | (3) |
| Bolivia. Brazil. | $\begin{array}{r}32 \\ 442 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 26 417 | ${ }_{2}$ | - 442 | ${ }_{2}$ |  | ${ }_{2}$ | - 466 | 2 | 538 | $(2$ |
| Chile. | 112 | 1 | 118 | 1 | 136 | 1 | 129 | (3) | 139 | (3) | 141 | 1 |
| Colombia. | 308 | (3) | 183 | (3) | 188 | (3) | 184 | (3) | 217 | (3) | 222 | (3) |
| Cuba. | 423 | 124 | 420 | 149 | 431 | 149 | 423 | 169 | 389 | 169 | 372 | 167 |
| Dominican Republic | 72 | ${ }^{3}$ | 75 | (3) | 83 | (3) | 82 | (3) | 77 | (3) | 79 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| Guatemala. . . . . . . | 62 | (3) | 72 | (3) | 78 48 | (3) | 70 | (3) | 52 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 91 | (3) |
| Mexico......... | 391 | 4 | 427 | 4 | 419 | 4 | $\begin{array}{r}481 \\ 85 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4 | 556 | 4 | 583 | ${ }^{4}$ |
| Panama, Republic | 74 | 1 | 79 | (3) | 84 18 | ${ }^{2}$ | 185 | (3) | 86 127 | ${ }^{1}$ | 82 127 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| Peru..... | 118 | (3) | 114 | (3) | 18 79 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 124 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 127 | (3) | 127 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| Uruguay. | 317 | 1 | 308 | 1 | 291 | 1 | 277 | 1 | 281 | 1 | 289 | 1 |
| Venezuela | 597 | 3 | 591 | 3 | 664 | 3 | 662 | 3 | 668 | 3 | 627 | 3 |
| Other. | 135 | 10 | 140 | 11 | 138 | 12 | 140 | 14 | 124 | 15 | 147 | 14 |
| Total. | 3,673 | 146 | 3,565 | 172 | 3,707 | 174 | 3,749 | 194 | 3,789 | 195 | 3,910 | 192 |
| Asia: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indonesia. | 181 | (3) | 179 | 15 | 196 | 15 | 201 | 15 | 255 | 15 | 236 | ${ }^{3}$ |
| Iran. | 169 | (3) | 178 | (3) | 190 |  | 174 |  | - 175 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 1, 169 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| Japan..... | 851 | 3 | 841 | 3 6 | 884 | 3 | 992 | 3 | 1,029 | 4 | 1,092 | 4 |
| Philippines Thailand. | 266 236 | (3) ${ }^{6}$ | 264 245 | 6 1 | 263 243 | 6 1 | 236 | 6 | 268 <br> 250 | 6 | 285 263 | 6 |
| Other. . | 521 | 7 | 552 | 1 | 602 | 1 | 621 | 1 | 644 | 4 | 658 | 5 |
| Total. | 2,224 | 16 | 2,259 | 30 | 2,378 | 28 | 2,489 | 28 | 2,621 | 30 | 2,700 | 16 |
| Eastern Europe ${ }^{5}$. | 309 | 6 | 309 | 6 | 311 | 7 | 307 | 7 | 308 | 7 | 294 | 6 |
| All other: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Egypt.. | 221 68 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 228 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 224 84 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 234 87 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 246 79 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 242 91 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| Total. | 289 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 300 | (3) | 308 | 1 | 321 | 1 | 325 | 1 | 333 | (3) |
| Total foreign countries. . | 24,961 | 746 | 24,896 | 933 | 25,507 | 1,085 | 25,870 | 1,274 | r26,148 | 1,308 | 27,083 | 1,059 |
| International ${ }^{\text {6... }}$ | 3,510 | 354 | 3,557 | 362 | 3,599 | 317 | 3,595 | 320 | 3,689 | 321 | 3,681 | 319 |
| Grand total. | 28,471 | 1,100 | 28,453 | 1,295 | 29,106 | 1,402 | 29,465 | 1,594 | r29,837 | 1,629 | 30,764 | 1,378 |

${ }^{7}$ Revised.
${ }^{1}$ Excludes gold holdings of French Exchange Stabilization Fund.
2 Reflects publication by France of certain previously unpublished French gold reserves, which are included for earlier dates in Continental Western Europe-Other.
${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.
4 Includes Yugoslavia, Bank for International Settlements (both for its own and European Payments Union account), gold to be distributed by"the Tripartite Commission for Restitution of Monetary Gold, and unpublished gold reserves of certain Western European countries.
5 Excludes gold reserves of the U.S.S. R

6 Represents International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Monetary Fund, and United Nations and other international organizations.
Note.-Gold and short-term dollars include reported and estimated official gold reserves, and total dollar holdings as shown in Short-term Liabilities to Foreigners Reported by Banks in the United States, by Countries (Tables 1 and $1 a-1 d$ of the preceding section). U. S. Govt. bonds and notes represent estimated holdings of such securities with original maturities of more than one year; these estimates are based on a survey of selected U.S. banks and on monthly reports of security transactions. For back figures see Bulletin for March 1956, pp. 304-305.

INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND
[End-of-month figures. In millions of dollars]

| Item | 1956 |  | 1955 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | Mar. | Dec. | Sept. | June |
| Dollar deposits and U. S. securities Other currencies and securities ${ }^{1}$ Effective loans ${ }^{2}$. Other assets ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  | 440977 | 464996 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $1,936$ | 1,837 | 1,796 |  |
| IRRD bonds outstanding. . . . . . . . 850 850 849 849 |  |  |  |  | 52 |
| Undisbursed loans. | 11 |  | $\begin{array}{r}494 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}849 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 456 |
| Other liabilities. |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| Reserves. | 28810  <br> 1,810  |  | 1,810 | 1,810 | 1,806 |
| Capital ${ }^{3}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Area and member country ${ }^{4}$ | Loans by country, June 30, 1956 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Prin- } \\ & \text { cipal } \end{aligned}$ | Disbursed | Repaid | Outstanding |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sold } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { others }{ }^{5} \end{gathered}$ |
| Continental W. Europe, total. . | 1,021 | 885 | 169 | 715 |  |
| Belgium and Luxembourg... | 118268 | 110 | 129 | 104 |  |
| France. |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| Italy..... | 90 | 41 | ${ }^{-13}$ | 41 84 | 619 |
| Netherlands., | 324 | 250 | 13715 | 235 |  |
| Other. . . |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sterling area, total. . . . . . . .Australia. . . | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{8 6 8} \\ & 259 \end{aligned}$ | 566247 | 443 | 524 | 6828 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| India... | 200135 | 77 113 | 1911 | 588 | 1015 |
| Union of S. Africa. |  | 1656363 |  | 102 |  |
| United Kingdom. . . . . . . . . | 146128 |  | $\cdots{ }^{\text {] }}$ i | $\begin{array}{r}65 \\ 52 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 165 |
| Other....... |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 653 \\ & 194 \\ & 111 \\ & 141 \\ & 207 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 441 \\ 156 \\ 60 \\ 113 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 35 \\ 7 \\ 11 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | 406149 | 29 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
|  |  |  |  | 50 | , |
|  |  |  |  | 107 | 10 |
|  |  | 111 | 11 | 100 | 12 |
| Asia (excl. Sterling area)...... | 117 | 65 | 2 | 63 | 10 |
| Africa (excl. Sterling area).... | 9 | 8 | ...... | 7 |  |
| Total. | 62,667 | 1,963 | 250 | 1,714 | ${ }^{7} 182$ |

INTERNATONAL MONETARY FUND
[End-of-month figures. In millions of dollars]

| Item |  | 1956 |  | 1955 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Apr. | Jan. O | Oct. | July | Apr. |
| Gold. . . . . . |  | 1,761 | 1,811 1 | 1,751 | 1,747 | 1,744 |
| Investments $^{8}$ Currencies: $1 \times \ldots . .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 1,777 | 1,708  <br> 4,403 1 <br> 4  | 1,633 | 1,643 4,656 | 1,609 4,691 |
| Unpaid member subscriptions. . . . . Other assets.. |  | 815 | , 815 | 815 | +805 | 4,691 |
|  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Member subscriptions. |  | 8,751-14 | 8,750-14 | 8,751 | 98,863 | $\begin{array}{r} 98,853 \\ -10 \end{array}$ |
| Accumulated net incon |  |  |  | -12 | -11 |  |
| Country ${ }^{10}$ | Quota |  | Cumulative net drawings on the Fund |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Paid in gold | 1956 |  |  | 1955 |
|  |  |  | May | Ap | r. | May |
| Brazil.................... | 150 | 38 | 66 | 66 |  | 66 |
| Burma. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 15 | 1 | 15 |  | 15 |  |
| Chile................. | 50 | 9 | 13 |  | 13 | 13 |
| Colombia................. | 50 | 13 | 25 |  | 25 | 25 |
| Indonesia... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 110 | 16 | 15 |  | 15 | 15 |
| Philippines. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 15 | 4 | 15 | - $15{ }^{1}$ |  | $11-484$ |
| Turkey .f............. | 432,750 | 11688 | 11-344 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 11- | 34011 |  |

Footnotes to tables on international institutions.
1 Currencies include demand obligations held in lieu of deposits.
2 Represents principal of authorized loans, less loans not yet effective,
repayments, the net amount outstanding on loans sold or agreed to be
sold to others, and exchange adjustment.
Excludes uncalled portions of capital subscriptions.
4 Loans to dependencies are included with member.
5 Includes also effective loans agreed to be sold but not yet disbursed.
6 Includes $\$ 227$ million in loans not yet effective.
7 Includes $\$ 156$ million not guaranteed by the Bank.
8 U. S. Treasury bills purchased with proceeds of sales of gold.
9 Includes $\$ 125$ million subscription of withdrawing member (Czechoslovakia).
${ }^{10}$ Countries shown are those with cumulative net drawings of $\$ 10 \mathrm{mil}$ -
ion or more on the latest date.
11 Represents sales of U. S. dollars by Fund to member countries for
local currencies, less repurchases of such currencies with dollars.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CENTRAL BANKS

| Date | Bank of England (millions of pounds sterling) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Assets of issue department |  | Assets of banking department |  |  |  | Note circulation ${ }^{1}$ | Liabilities of banking department |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gold | Other assets (fiduciary issue) | Coin | Notes | Discounts and advances | Securities |  | Deposits |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Capital } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { surplus } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Bankers' | Public | ECA | Other |  |
| 1948-Dec. 29. | . 2 | 1,325.0 | 3.9 | 32.2 | 16.7 | 401.1 | 1,293.1 | 314.5 | 11.7 | 17.4 | 92.1 | 18.1 |
| 1949-Dec. 28. | . 4 | 1,350.0 | 5.3 | 28.4 | 14.8 | 489.6 | 1,321.9 | 299.2 | 11.6 | 97.9 | 111.2 | 18.1 |
| 1950-Dec. 27. | . 4 | 1,375.0 | 1.5 | 17.7 | 29.2 | 384.0 | 1,357.7 | 313.5 | 15.4 | . 4 | 85.0 | 18.1 |
| 1951-Dec. 26. | . 4 | 1,450.0 | 1.7 | 12.5 | 18.2 | 389.2 | 1,437.9 | 299.8 | 13.4 | . 6 | 89.8 | 18.1 |
| 1952-Dec. 31. | . 4 | 1,575.0 | 1.4 | 49.9 | 11.2 | 371.2 | 1,525.5 | 302.8 | 10.0 | 24.3 | 78.5 | 18.1 |
| 1953-Dec. 30. | . 4 | 1,675.0 | 2.4 | 55.4 | 4.9 | 338.1 | 1,619.9 | 290.2 | 14.9 | 7.2 | 70.4 | 18.2 |
| $1954-$ Dec. 29. | .4 | 1,775.0 | 2.4 | 23.7 | 8.9 | 350.7 | 1,751.7 | 276.1 | 15.4 | 9.6 | 66.3 | 18.1 |
| 1955-July 27. | . 4 | 1,875.0 | 2.4 | 14.5 | 21.0 | 305.9 | 1,860.9 | 240.8 | 13.6 | 2.2 | 68.8 | 18.3 |
| Aug. 31. | . 4 | 1,825.0 | 2.4 | 43.1 | 20.0 | 280.2 | 1,782.3 | 243.6 | 10.9 | 2.7 | 70.0 | 18.5 |
| Sept. 28. | . 4 | 1,800.0 | 2.4 | 33.9 | 11.1 | 295.8 | 1,766.4 | 239.3 | 14.5 | 2.6 | 68.2 | 18.6 |
| Oct. 26. | . 4 | 1,800.0 | 2.4 | 34.9 | 20.2 | 301.2 | 1,765.5 | 250.6 | 21.9 | 2.6 | 65.7 | 17.8 |
| Nov. 30. | . 4 | 1,850.0 | 2.4 | 54.7 | 20.8 | 287.4 | 1,795.7 | 263.1 | 10.1 | 3.0 | 71.2 | 18.0 |
| Dec. 28. | .4 | 1,900.0 | 2.3 | 10.7 | 37.7 | 299.6 | 1,889.6 | 245.2 | 12.0 | 3.2 | 71.7 | 18.1 |
| 1956-Jan. 25. | . 4 | 1,825.0 | 2.3 | 53.7 | 32.8 | 251.9 | 1,771.7 | 236.9 | 11.9 | 3.3 | 70.2 | 18.3 |
| Feb. 29. | . 4 | 1,825.0 | 2.3 | 37.5 | 20.6 | 300.8 | 1,787.9 | 258.1 | 10.6 | 3.1 | 70.9 | 18.5 |
| Mar. 28. | . 4 | 1.875.0 | 2.2 | 34.1 | 22.1 | 294.2 | 1,841.3 | 243.3 | 11.1 | 3.2 | 76.5 | 18.5 |
| Apr. 25. | . 4 | 1,875.0 | 2.0 | 33.4 | 30.3 | 270.4 | 1,842.0 | 225.9 | 12.8 | 3.1 | 76.4 | 17.8 |
| May 30. | . 4 | 1,900.0 | 2.0 | 29.1 | 15.3 | 294.6 | 1,871.3 | 231.6 | 11.4 | 3.1 | 77.0 | 18.0 |
| June 27. | . 4 | 1,950.0 | 2.0 | 57.0 | 15.6 | 271.0 | 1,893.4 | 238.2 | 10.5 | . 2 | 78.5 | 18.1 |

For footnotes see opposite page.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CENTRAL BANKS-Continued


[^42][^43]PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CENTRAL BANKS-Continued

$r$ Revised. *Latest month available.
1 This figure represents the amount of the country's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund.

2 For last available reports for Czechoslovakia and Hungary (March and February 1950, respectively) see BULLETIN for September 1950, pp.
1262-1263.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CENTRAL BANKS-Continued


[^44]${ }^{7}$ Includes gold, silver, and foreign exchange forming required reserve ( 25 per cent) against notes and other demand liabilities.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF CENTRAL BANKS-Continued


[^45]CENTRAL BANE RATES FOR DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES TO COMMERCLAL BANES ${ }^{1}$


Other selected central banks-Rates in effect on July 31, 1956

| Area and country | Rate | Month effective | Area and country | Rate | Month effective | Area and country | Rate | Month effective | Area and country | Rate | Month effective |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Europe: Italy. Portugal. . . Switzerland. | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 2.5 \\ & 1.5 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1950Jan. 1944Nov. 1936 | Asia:$\qquad$ India ${ }^{2}$. Indonesia ${ }^{2}$ Pakistan. |  |  |  |  |  | Latin Am.-Cont. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Thailand..... | 7.0 | Feb. 1945 | El Satvador ${ }^{2}$. | 3.0 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 3.25 3.0 | Mar. 1956 | Latin America: Colombia ${ }^{2}$ | 4.0 |  | Mexico...... | 4.5 6.0 | June 1942 Nov, 1947 |
|  |  |  |  | 3.0 | July 1948 | Costa Rica ${ }^{\text {2 }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3.0 | Apr. 1939 | Venezu | 2.0 | Nov. 1947 |

${ }^{1}$ Rates shown represent mainly those at which the Central bank either discounts or makes advances against eligible commercial paper and/or giscounts or makes ad yances against eligibe comment securities for commercial banks or brokers. For countries government securities for commercial banks or brokers. For countries
with more than one rate applicable to such discounts or advances, the with more than one rate applicable to such discounts or advances, the
rate shown is the one at which the largest proportion of central bank credit operations is understood to be transacted. In certain cases other credit operations is understood to be transacted. In certai
${ }_{2}$ Discounts or advances at other rates include: Japan-various rates dependent on type of paper or transaction and extent of borrowing from central bank, including 7.3 per cent for discount of paper related to do-
mestic commercial transactions (rate shown is for advances on commercial mestic commercial transactions (rate shown is for advances on commercial
paper and miscellaneous collateral); India-3.5 per cent for discounts and paper and miscellaneous collateral); India-3.5 per cent for discounts and mercial paper); Indonesia-various rates dependent on type of paper, colmercial paper); Indonesia-various rates dependent on type of paper, collateral, commodity involved, etc.; Colombia- 3 per cent for agricultural
paper and for loans on products in bonded warehouses; Costa Rica- 5 per paper and for loans on products in bonded warehouses; Costa Rica-5 per agricultural and industrial paper); El Salvador- 2 per cent for agricultural paper; and Peru-4 per cent for agricultural, industrial, and mining paper.

OPEN MARKET RATES
[Per cent per annum]

| Month | Canada |  | United Kingdom |  |  |  | France | Netherlands |  | Sweden | Switzerland |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Treasury } \\ \text { bills } \\ 3 \text { montths } 1 \end{array}\right\|$ | Day-today money ${ }^{2}$ | Bankers' accept3 months | Treasury bills 3 months | $\begin{gathered} \text { Day-to- } \\ \text { day } \\ \text { money } \end{gathered}$ | Bankers' allowance on posits deposits | $\begin{gathered} \text { Day-to- } \\ \text { day } \\ \text { money } \end{gathered}$ | Treasury <br> 3 months | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dayं-to- } \\ \text { day } \\ \text { money } \end{gathered}$ | Loans up to 3 months | Private discount rate |
| 1953-Dec. | 1.88 |  | 2.19 | 2.11 | 1.94 | 1.75 | 3.75 | . 03 | . 50 | 3-5 | 1.50 |
| 1954-Dec. | 1.08 | . 78 | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1.45 | 1.25 | 3.29 | . 77 | . 57 | 31/4-51/2 | 1.50 |
| 1955-June. | 1.36 | 1.08 | 3.99 | 3.97 | 3.21 | 2.50 | 3.19 | . 91 | . 62 | 41/4-61/2 | 1.50 |
| July. | 1.43 | 1.11 | 4.00 | 3.97 | 3.14 | 2.50 | 3.30 | . 75 | . 50 | 414-61/2 | 1.50 |
| Aug. | 1.62 | 1.34 | 4.06 | 4.00 | 3.24 | 2.50 | 3.06 | . 80 | . 56 |  | 1.50 |
| Sept. | 1.79 | 1.61 | 4.15 | 4.07 | 3.15 | 2.50 2.50 | 3.00 | 1.04 | . 75 | $41 / 4-61 / 2$ | 1.50 |
| Oct. | 2.07 | 1.95 | 4.16 | 4.07 | 3.32 3.28 | 2.50 2.50 | 3.02 | . 74 |  |  |  |
| Nov. | 2.38 2.59 | 2.19 2.42 | 4.21 4.22 | 4.10 4.08 | 3.28 3.10 | 2.50 2.50 | 3.06 2.99 | .75 1.06 | . 50 | $41 / 4-61 / 2$ $41 / 4-61 / 2$ | 1.50 1.50 |
| 1956-Jan.. | 2.58 | 2.49 | 4.22 | 4.07 | 3.03 | 2.50 | 2.95 | 1.38 | 1.15 |  | 1.50 |
| Feb. | 2.51 | 2.34 | 4.77 | 4.69 | 3.68 | 2.98 | 3.05 | 1.53 | 1.00 | 4114-61/2 | 1.50 |
| Mar. | 2.62 | 2.57 | 5.34 | 5.18 | 4.17 | 3.50 | 3.06 | 1.32 | 1.00 | 41/4-61/2 | 1.50 |
| Apr. | 2.83 | 2.65 | 5.27 | 5.11 | 4.05 | 3.50 | 3.21 | 1.59 | 1.23 | 41/4-61/2 | 1.50 |
| May. | 2.84 | 2.66 | 5.14 | 4.95 | 4.13 | 3.50 | 3.23 | 1.76 | 1.25 | 41/4-61/2 | 1.50 |
| June | 2.63 | 2.68 | 5.20 | 5.09 | 4.16 | 3.50 |  | 2.38 | 1.43 | 41/4-61/2 | 1.50 |

[^46]${ }^{2}$ Based on weekly averages of daily closing rates.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES
[Average of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers. In cents per unit of foreign currency]

| Year or month | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Argentina } \\ & \text { (peso) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aus- } \\ \text { tralia } \\ \text { (pound) } \end{gathered}$ | Austria(schilling) | Belgium (franc) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { British } \\ & \text { Malay- } \\ & \text { sia } \\ & \text { (dollar) } \end{aligned}$ | Canada <br> (dollar) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Basic | Preferential | Free |  |  |  |  | Official | Free |
| 1950. | 26.571 | 13.333 | 8.289 | 223.15 |  | 1.9908 | 32.788 | 90.909 | 91.474 |
| 1951. | 20.000 | 13.333 | 7.067 | 223.07 |  | 1.9859 | 32.849 |  | 94.939 |
| 1952. | 20.000 | 13.333 | 7.163 | 222.63 |  | 1.9878 | 32.601 |  | 102.149 |
| 1953. | 20.000 | 13.333 13.333 | 7.198 | 224.12 | 3.8580 | 2.0009 | 32.595 |  | 101.650 |
| 1954. | 20.000 | 13.333 | 7.198 | 223.80 | 3.8580 | 1.9975 | 32.641 |  | 102.724 |
| 1955 | 120.000 | 113.333 | 17.183 | 222.41 | 3.8580 | 1.9905 | 32.624 |  | 101.401 |
| 1955-July. | 20.000 | 13.333 | 7.175 | 221.91 | 3.8580 | 1.9864 | 32.544 |  | 101.555 |
| Aug. | 20.000 | 13.333 | 7.173 | 222.04 | 3.8580 | 1.9874 | 32.577 |  | 101.502 |
| Sept. | 20.000 | 13.333 | 7.175 | 221.98 | 3.8580 | 1.9874 | 32.568 |  | 101.228 |
| Oct. | $\begin{array}{r} 25.556 \\ 5.556 \end{array}$ |  | ${ }^{33.226}$ | 222.47 | 3.8580 | 1.9911 | 32.639 |  | 100.474 |
| Nov. |  |  | 3.095 | 223.22 | 38580 | 1.9955 | 32.753 |  | 100047 |
| Dec. | 5.556 |  | 2.806 | 223.32 | 3.8580 | 1.9986 | 32.764 |  | 100.048 |
| 1956-Jan. | 5.5565.556 |  | 2.587 | 223.63 | 3.8580 | 2.0001 | 32.819 |  | 100.122 |
| Fab. |  |  | 2.386 | 223.62 | 3.8580 | 2.0000 | 32.816 |  | 100.080 |
| Mar. | 5.5565.556 |  | 2.454 | 223.50 | 3.8580 | 2.0023 | 32.798 |  | 100.122 |
| Apr. |  |  | 2.536 | 223.72 | 3.8580 | 2.0035 | 32.761 |  | 100.302 |
| May | 5.556 |  | 2.657 | 223.71 | 3.8580 | 2.0029 | 32.700 |  | 100.803 |
| June. | $\begin{aligned} & 5.556 \\ & 5.556 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2.872 3.090 | 223.28 | 3.8580 3.8580 | 2.0032 | 32.608 |  | 101.476 |
| July |  |  | 3.090 | 222.58 | 3.8580 | 2.0074 | 32.510 |  | 101.835 |
| Year or month |  | Ceylon (rupee) | Den- mark $\underset{\text { (krone) }}{\text { mark }}$ | Finland (markka) | France (franc) | Germany (deutsche mark) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { India } \\ & \text { (rupee) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ireland } \\ & \text { (pound) } \end{aligned}$ | Mexico (peso) |
| 1950. |  | 20.850 | 14.494 |  | . 2858 | 23.838 | 20.870 |  | 11.570 |
| 1951 |  | 20.849 | 14.491 | . 4354 | . 2856 | 23.838 | 20.869 | 280.38 | 11.564 |
| 1952 |  | 20.903 | 14.492 | . 4354 | . 2856 | 23.838 | 20.922 | 279.68 | 11.588 |
| 1953 |  | 21.046 21.017 |  | . 4354 | . 28556 |  | 21.049 21.020 | 281.27 | 11.607 |
| 1955 |  | 20.894 |  | . 4354 | . 2856 | 23.765 | 20.894 | 279.13 | 9.052 8.006 |
| 1955- July. |  | 20.847 |  | . 4354 | . 2856 | 23.732 | 20.847 | 27850 | 8.006 |
| Aug. |  | 20.861 |  | . 4354 | . 2856 | 23.729 | 20.861 | 278.67 | 8.006 |
| Sept. |  | 20.852 |  | . 4354 | . 2856 | 23.726 | 20.852 | 278.58 | 8.006 |
| Oct. |  | 20.907 |  | . 4354 | . 2855 | 23.724 | 20.907 | 279.21 | 8.006 |
| Nov. |  | 20.979 |  | . 4354 | . 2855 | 23.721 | 20.979 | 280.15 | 8.006 |
| Dec. |  | 20.988 |  | . 4354 | . 2854 | 23.719 | 20.988 | 280.26 | 8.006 |
| 1956-Jan. |  | 21.019 |  |  |  |  | 21.019 | 280.66 | 8.006 |
| Feb. |  | 21.017 |  | . 4354 | 2855 | 23.717 | 21.017 | 280.64 | 8.006 |
| Mar. |  | 21.004 | ..... | . 4354 | . 2855 | 23.716 | 21.004 | 280.49 | 8.006 |
|  |  | 21.024 21.022 | , | . 4354 | . 28555 | 23.716 $\mathbf{2 3 . 7 2 9}$ | 21.024 | 280.77 | 8.006 |
| June |  | 20.977 |  | . 4354 | . 2855 | 23.797 | 20.977 | 280.22 | 8.006 |
| July |  | 20.917 |  | . 4354 | . 2855 | 23.839 | 20.911 | 279.33 | 8.006 |
| Year or month | Netherlands (guilder) | $\begin{gathered} \text { New } \\ \text { Zealand } \\ \text { (pound) } \end{gathered}$ | Norway (krone) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Portu- } \\ \text { gal } \\ \text { (escudo) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { South } \\ \text { Africa } \\ \text { (pound) } \end{gathered}$ | Sweden (krona) | Switzerland (franc) | United Kingdom (pound) |
| 1950 | 26.252 | 277.28 | 14.015 | 49.621 | 3.4704 | 278.38 | 19.332 | 23.136 | 280.07 |
| 1951 | 26.264 | 277.19 | 14.015 | 49.639 | 3.4739 | 278.33 | 19.327 | 23.060 | 279.96 |
| 1952 | 26.315 26.340 | 276.49 | 14.015 |  |  | 278.20 | 19.326 | 23.148 | 279.26 |
| 1953 | 26.340 26.381 | 278.48 278.09 | 14.015 14.008 | 49.676 49.677 | 3.4887 3.4900 | 280.21 279.82 | 19.323 19.333 | 23.316 23.322 | 281.27 |
| 1954 | 26.381 26.230 | 278.09 276.36 | 14.008 14.008 | 49.677 49.677 | 3.4900 3.4900 | 279.82 278.09 | 19.333 19.333 | 23.322 23.331 | 280.87 279.13 |
| 1955-July. | 26.166 | 275.74 | 14.008 | 49.677 | 3.4900 | 277.45 | 19.333 | 23.332 |  |
| Aug. | 26.127 | 275.91 | 14.008 | 49.677 | 3.4900 | 277.62 | 19.333 | 23.331 | 278.66 |
| Sept. | 26.148 | 275.82 | 14.008 | 49.677 | 3.4900 | 277.54 | 19.333 | 23.334 | 278.58 |
| Oct. | 26.213 | 276.44 | 14.008 | 49.677 | 3.4900 | 278.16 | 19.333 | 23.332 | 279.20 |
| Nov. | 26.211 | 277.37 | 14.008 | 49.677 | 3.4900 | 279.10 | 19.333 | 23.335 | 280.14 |
| Dec. | 26.128 | 277.49 | 14.008 | 49.677 | 3.4900 | 279.21 | 19.333 | 23.335 | 280.26 |
| 1956-Jan. | 26.125 | 277.88 | 14.008 | 49.677 | 3.4900 | 279.61 | 19.333 | 23.335 | 280.66 |
| Feb. | 26.123 | 277.87 | 14.008 | 49.677 | 3.4900 | 279.60 | 19.333 | 23.335 | 280.64 |
| Mar. | 26.107 | 277.72 | 14.008 | 49.677 | 3.4900 | 279.45 | 19.333 | 23.355 | 280.49 |
| Apr. | 26.125 | 277.99 279 | 14.008 | 49.677 | 3.4900 | 279.72 | 19.333 | 23.335 | 280.77 |
| May. | 26.110 26.106 | 277.98 277.44 | 14.008 14.008 | 49.677 49.677 | 3.4900 3.4900 | 279.71 <br> 279 <br> 278 | 19.333 19.333 | 23.332 23.334 | 280.76 280 |
| June. | 26.106 26.106 | 277.44 276.57 | 14.008 14.008 | 49.677 49.677 | 3.4900 3.4900 | 279.17 278.29 | 19.333 19.333 | 23.334 23.335 | 280.22 279.33 |

[^47]
## Federal Reserve Board Publications

The material listed below may be obtained from the Division of Administrative Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington $25, D$. $C$. Where a charge is indicated, remittance should be made payable to the order of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The Federal Reserve System-Purposes and Functions. November 1955. 208 pages.

Annual Report of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Issued each year.

Federal Reserve Bulletin. Issued monthly. Subscription price in the United States and its possessions, Bolivia, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Haiti, Republic of Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, El Salvador, Uruguay, and Venezuela is $\$ 6.00$ per annum or 60 cents per copy; elsewhere $\$ 7.00$ per annum or 70 cents per copy. Group subscriptions in the United States for 10 or more copies to one address, 50 cents per copy per month, or $\$ 5.00$ for 12 months.

Federal Reserve Charts on Bank Credit, Money Rates, and Business. Issued monthly. Annual subscription includes one issue of Historical Supplement listed on this page. Subscription price in the United States and the countries listed above is $\$ 6.00$ per annum, 60 cents per copy, or 50 cents each in quantities of 10 or more of a particular issue for single shipment; elsewhere $\$ 7.00$ per annum or 70 cents per copy.

Historical Supplement to Federal Reserve Charts on Bank Credit, Money Rates, and Business. Issued annually in September. Annual subscription to monthly chart book includes one issue of Supplement. In the United

States and countries listed under Federal Reserve Bulletin on this page, single copies 60 cents each or in quantities of 10 or more for single shipment 50 cents each; elsewhere 70 cents per copy.

Flow of Funds in the United States, 1939-53. A new accounting record designed to picture the flow of funds through the major sectors of the national economy. December 1955. 390 pages. $\$ 2.75$ per copy.
The Development of Bank Debits and Clearings and Their Use in Economic Analysis. January 1952. 175 pages. 25 cents per copy; in quantities of 10 or more copies for single shipment, 15 cents each.

A Statistical Study of Regulation V Loans. September 1950. 74 pages. 25 cents per copy; in quantities of 10 or more copies for single shipment, 15 cents each.

Banking and Monetary Statistics. Statistics of banking, monetary, and other financial developments. November 1943. 979 pages. \$1.50 per copy. No charge for individual sections (unbound).
The Federal Reserve Act, as amended to November 1, 1946, with an Appendix containing provisions of certain other statutes affecting the Federal Reserve System. 372 pages. $\$ 1.00$ per copy.

Rules of Organization and Rules of Proce-dure-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (with Amendments). September 1946. 31 pages.

Regulations of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Individual regulations with amendments and supplements thereto.

Administrative Interpretations of Regulation F-Section 17-Common Trust Funds. 9 pages.

## REPRINTS

(From Federal Reserve Bulletin unless preceded by an asterisk)
The Monetary System of the United States. February 1953. 16 pages.
Influence of Credit and Monetary Measures on Economic Stability. March 1953. 16 pages.
Revision of Consumer Credit Statistics. April 1953. 19 pages.

Federal Financial Measures for Economic Stability. May 1953. 7 pages.

* Detailed Description of Sources and Methods Used in Revision of Short- and Inter-mediate-Term Consumer Credit Statistics (supplementary details for item listed above), April 1953. 25 pages.
Federal Reserve Bank Responsibilities. May 1953. 5 pages.

United States Postwar Investment in Latin America. May 1953. 6 pages.
Department Store Sales and Stocks, by Major Departments (Revised Indexes) November 1953. 65 pages.
Federal Reserve Monthly Index of Industrial Production, 1953 Revision. December 1953. 96 pages.

Extensions and Repayments of Consumer Instalment Credit. January 1954. 14 pages.
New Indexes of Output of Consumer Durable Goods. May 1954. 15 pages.
The Private Demand for Gold, 1931-53. September 1954. 10 pages.
Recent Financial Changes in Western Germany. October 1954. 10 pages.
World Trade and Production in 1953-54. October 1954. 10 pages.
Use of Monetary Instruments Since Mid1952. December 1954. 8 pages.

Directly Placed Finance Company Paper. December 1954. 8 pages.
Seasonal Adjustment Factors for Demand Deposits Adjusted and Currency Outside Banks. March 1955. 4 pages.
United States Banks and Foreign Trade Financing. April 1955. 11 pages.

Bankers' Acceptance Financing in the United States. May 1955. 13 pages.
Estimates of Consumer Instalment Credit Extended and Repaid, 1929-1939. June 1955. 8 pages.
A Flow-of-Funds System of National Accounts, Annual Estimates, 1939-54. October 1955. 40 pages.
Balance of International Payments in $1954-$ 55. October 1955. 8 pages.

Monetary Policy and the Real Estate MarKets. December 1955. 6 pages.
Banking and Monetary Statistics, 1955. (Selected series of banking and monetary statistics for 1955 only) February and May 1956. 12 pages. (Similar reprint of 1954 data, February and May 1955 Bulletins).

The 1957 Budget. February 1956. 11 pages.
International Gold and Dollar Flows. March 1956. 11 pages. (Also, similar reprint from March 1955 Bulletin)
1956 Survey of Consumer Finances. Preliminary Findings. March 1956. 3 pages. The Financial Position of Consumers. June 1956. 14 pages. Consumer Indebtedness. July 1956. 17 pages. Durable Goods and Housing. August 1956. 17 pages. Similar Surveys are available for earlier years from 1952, 1953, 1954, and 1955 Bulletins.
Survey of Bank Loans for Commercial and Industrial Purposes. Business Loans of Member Banks. April 1956. 14 pages. Credit Lines and Minimum Balance Requirements. June 1956. 7 pages. (Other articles on this Survey will appear in later issues of the BulLetin.) Reprints on a similar Survey are available from March, May, June, July, and August 1947 Bulletins.
Financing of Large Corporations, 1951-55. June 1956. 9 pages. (Also similar reprint from June 1955 Bulletin.)
Bank Credit and Money. July 1956. 7 pages.
Survey of Common Trust Funds. August 1956. 6 pages.
The Balance Sheet of Agriculture, 1956. August 1956. 10 pages.

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## District 12-FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO-Continued

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BOUNDARIES OF FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS AND THEIR BRANCH TERRITORIES


## Legend

——Boundaries of Federal Reserve Districts _Boundaries of Federal Reserve Branch Territories
(2) Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
© Federal Reserve Bank Cities

- Federal Reserve Branch Cities


[^0]:    Note.-This article was prepared by Robt. L. Hill of the Board's Division of Bank Operations with the collaboration of the Division of Examinations.
    ${ }^{1}$ As defined by Sec. 584(a), Internal Revenue Code of 1954, the term "common trust fund" means a fund maintained by a bank or trust company "(1) exclusively for the collective investment and reinvestment of moneys contributed thereto by the bank in its capacity as a trustee, executor, administrator, or guardian; and (2) in conformity with the rules and regulations, prevailing from time to time, of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System pertaining to the collective investment of trust funds by national banks."

[^1]:    1 See Table 1, note 1.
    2 See Table 1, note 2.
    3 Less than $\$ 50,000$.
    4 Results from reporting instructions providing that securities purchased but not paid for are included in investment holdings and as a deduction from principal cash.

[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ For this purpose, activity or turnover, of bonds for example, is measured by dividing the average of gross purchases and gross sales of bonds by the average of bond holdings at the beginning and end of the report period.
    ${ }^{3}$ Years of enabling legislation are shown in Table 7.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ See Table 1, note 1

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ This is the fourth of a series of articles presenting the results of the 1956 Survey of Consumer Finances conducted by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in cooperation with the Survey Research Center of the University of Michigan. Earlier articles appeared in the March, June, and July Bulletins. The present article was prepared by Mona E. Dingle of the Consumer Credit and Finances Section of the Board's Division of Research and Statistics. E. Scott Maynes directed the work on the 1956 Survey at the Survey Research Center.

[^5]:    ${ }^{2}$ For a more detailed discussion of the characteristics of spending units with debt on automobiles and other durable goods, the amount and terms of their debt, and an evaluation of Survey debt data, see the article on consumer indebtedness in the July BuLletin.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes purchasers of items listed individually and of other major household appliances.
    2 Age refers to head of spending unit. Includes only spending

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ As estimated by respondents early in year indicated, except that houses bought in preceding year were valued at purchase price.

    2 House value assigned if not determined in interview.

[^8]:    ${ }_{4}^{3}$ No cases reported or less than oue-half of 1 per cent.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ Scheduled monthly payment multiplied by 12.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ The Balance Sheet views agriculture as though it were one large enterprise. It is an aggregate of individual series of farm assets and the claims to those assets. In effect, it is comparable to a consolidated balance sheet of all farms, but it is not restricted to the assets and debts of farm operators. It includes, in addition, the farm assets owned, and the farmmortgage debt owed, by nonoperators.

    The Balance Sheet, formulated by the then Bureau of Agricultural Economics for each year from 1940 to 1944 , was first issued in processed form in September 1944, in a publication entitled The Impact of the War on the Financial Structure of Agriculture. In August 1945, a printed report of this study under the same title was issued as Miscellaneous Publication No. 567 of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. In that report, the nature and significance of the financial structure of agriculture were analyzed, and

[^11]:    ${ }^{3}$ The Balance Sheet this year incorporates extensive changes in several series. The data for farm real estate, machinery and motor vehicles, and deposits have been revised back to 1940 , and the series on livestock to 1949. Revisions of the series on farm real estate and livestock are made to bring the series in line with data obtained from the 1954 Census of Agriculture. The revision for deposits is made to harmonize the series with estimates of farmerowned demand deposits for 1954 and 1955 made by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. Estimates of the Board for these years, which involved a revised procedure, were at a considerably lower level than those made for earlier years. The revision for machinery and motor vehicles is based on revisions of data on farm capital expenditures and on farm depreciation and other capital consumption made by the Agricultural Marketing Service.

[^12]:    ${ }^{4}$ Substantial upward revisions for 1951-55 were made to conform with the level of values reported by the 1954 Census of Agriculture. The total value of farm real estate based on Census reports was $\$ 97,583$ million as of about October 1954. This was adjusted to March 1955 by applying the index of average value per acre which gave a total value of $\$ 98,780$ million.

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ The record keeping and reporting requirements contained herein have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.
    ${ }^{2}$ The Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 and this Regulation $Y$ are in addition to, and do not take the place of, provisions of other laws, such as section 5144 of the Revised Statutes, and the Board's Regulation $P$ thereunder, which relate to "holding company affiliates" as distinguished from "bank holding companies."

[^14]:    ${ }^{8}$ In some cases it may not be possible for the Board to act upon an application within such period of 60 days and this requirement should not be regarded as suggesting that the Board will act upon all applications within that period of time, although every effort will be made to expedite such action.

[^15]:    ${ }^{4}$ In some cases it may not be possible for the Board to act upon an application within such period of 60 days and this requirement should not be regarded as suggesting that the Board will act upon all applications within that period of time, although every effort will be made to expedite such action.

[^16]:    ${ }^{3}$ Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, i. e., gross demand deposits minus cash items reported as in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks.

    4 Free reserves are excess reserves less borrowings.

[^17]:    1 After dsducting $\$ 16,000$ varticipations of other Federal Reserve Banks. 2 After deducting $\$ 192,780,000$ partizipations of other Federal Reserve
    ${ }^{3}$ After deducting $\$ 32,987,000$ participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.

[^18]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary
    ${ }^{1}$ Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

[^19]:    2338 centers prior to April 1955
    3 These data are compiled by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Note.-For description see Bulletin for April 1953, pp. 355-357.

[^20]:    ${ }^{1}$ Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. Includes any paper currency held outside the continental limits of the United States. Totals for other end-of-month dates are shown in table above; totals for Wednes day dates in table on p. 845 .

    2 Includes $\$ 156,039,431$ held as reserve against United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890.
    ${ }^{3}$ To avoid duplication, amount of silver dollars and bullion held as security against silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding is not included in total Treasury currency outstanding.

    4 Less than $\$ 500,000$.
    5 Because some of the types of currency shown are held as collateral or roserves against other types, a grand total of all rypes has no specia significance and is not shown. See note for explanation of duplications.

    Note.-There are maintained in the Treasury-(1) as a reserve for
    United States notes and Treasury notes of $1890 \ldots \$ 156,039,431$ in gold bullion; (2) as security for Treasury notes of 1890-an equal dollar amoun in standard silver dollars (these notes are being canceled and retired on

[^21]:    1 Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Govt. less cash items reported as in process of collection

[^22]:    Note--For description of revision beginning Mar. 4, 1953, see BulleIN for April 1953, p. 357, and for figures on the revised basis beginning Jan. 2, 1952, see Bulletin for May 1953, pp. 550-555.

[^23]:    2 Includes gross mortgages with no deduction for mortgage pledged hares.
    4 Includes other loans, stock in the Federal home loan banks and other investments, real estate owned and sold on contract, and office building and fixtures.

[^24]:    $r$ Revised.
    ${ }^{1}$ Includes the Postal Savings System.
    2 Includes holdings by banks in territories and insular possessions, which amounted to $\$ 250$ million on Dec. $31,1955$.

[^25]:    3 Includes savings and loan associations, dealers and brokers, foreign accounts, corporate pension funds, and nonprofit institutions.
    Note.-Reported data for Federal Reserve Banks and U. S. Govt. agencies and trust funds; Treasury Department estimates for other groups.

[^26]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
    1 Represents all banks in the United States and possessions.
    2 Includes loans held by nondeposit trust companies but excludes holdings of trust departments of commercial banks. March and September figures are Federal Reserve estimates based on data from Member Bank Call Report and from weekly reporting member banks.
    ${ }^{3}$ Figures for 1941 and 1945, except for the grand total, are estimates based on Federal Reserve preliminary tabulation of a revised series of

[^27]:    ${ }^{1}$ Operations beginning Nov. 1, 1954, are on the basis of FNMA's new charter, under which it maintains three separate programs: secondary market, special assistance, and management and liquidation.
    Source.-Federal National Mortgage Association.

[^28]:    ${ }_{2}^{1}$ Secured or unsecured loans maturing in one year or less.
    ${ }^{2}$ Secured loans, amortized quarterly, having maturities of more than one year but not more than ten years.
    Source.--Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

[^29]:    1 Includes mail-order houses.

[^30]:    $p$ Preliminary. r Revised.
    1 Publication suspended pending revision for the period 1952 to date.
    2 Publication suspended pending adjustment to revised Census production figures for the period 1950 to date.

    Nore.-A number of groups and subgroups include individual series not published separately, and metal fabricating contains the ordnance

[^31]:    P Preliminary.
    n.a. Not available.

    1 Represents units started under commitments of FHA or VA to insure or guarantee the mortgage. VA figures after June 1950 and all FHA

[^32]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\quad{ }^{\quad}$ Revised.
    are as of the for sales are the average per trading day, while those for stocks
    are as of the end of the month or averages of monthly data.

[^33]:    Preliminary

    - Revised.

    1 Exports of domestic and foreign merchandise.

[^34]:    2 Department of Defense shipments of grant-aid military equipment and supplies under the Mutual Security Program. 3 General imports including imports for immediate consumption plus entries into bonded warehouses.

[^35]:    weil as consumer bad debts and other business transfers.
    5 Prior to 1952 includes employee contributions only; beginning January 1952, includes also contributions to the old-age and survivors' insurance program of the self-employed to whom coverage was extended under the Social Security Act Amendments of 1950 . Personal contributions are not included in personal income.
    6 Represents personal income exclusive of net income of unincorporated farm enterprise, farm wages, agricultural net interest, and net dividends paid by agricultural corporations.

[^36]:    1 Excludes banks in United States territories and possessions except one national bank in Alaska, with no branches, that became a member of the Federal Reserve System on Apr. 15, 1954.
    ${ }_{2}$ State member bank and insured mutual savings bank figures both include, since 1941, three member mutual savings banks not included in the total for commercial banks. State member bank figures also include, since 1954, one noninsured trust company without deposits.

    3 As of June 30, 1947, the series was revised. The revision resulted in a net addition of 115 banks and 9 branches.

    4 Separate figures not available.

[^37]:    4 Through 1952, reported by banks in the Second (New York) Federal Reserve District only.
    ${ }_{5}$ Except where noted, these data are based on reports by banks in the Second (New York) Federal Reserve District only and represent a partial breakdown of the amounts shown in the "other" categories in Tables 1a-1c. For each date the Second District reported at least 90 per cent of the total amount in the "other" categories.

    6 Based on reports by banks in all Federal Reserve districts.
    Note.-Statistics on international capital transactions of the United States are based on reports by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers.
    Beginning with the BULLETIN for June 1954 (as explained on p. 591 of Beginning with the BuLLETIN for June 1954 (as explained on p. 591 of that issue), tables reflect changes in reporting forms and instructions mado as of Mar. 31,1954 , as well as changes in content, selection, and arrange-
    ment of material published. For discontinued tables and data reported under previous instructions, see Bulletin for May 1954, pp. 540-545.

[^38]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excludes assets held for Intl. Bank and Monetary Fund and earmarked gold. See footnote 4 at bottom of following page for total gold under gold. See footnote 4 at bottom of following page for total gold under 2 U.S. Treasury bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes and or bonds. 3 Consists of bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, and foreign and international bonds.
    Note.-For explanation of table and for back figures see Bulletin for May 1953, p. 474.

[^39]:    Revised.
    1 Govised.
    2 Less than $\$ 50,000$.
    Sources.-World production: estimates of U. S. Bureau of Mines. Production reported monthly: reports from individual countries except

[^40]:    British West Africa, Belgian Congo, and India, data for which are from American Bureau of Metal Statistics. For the United States, annual figures through 1954 are from the U.S. Bureau of the Mint and figures for 1955 and 1956 are from American Bureau of Metal Statistics.

[^41]:    P Preliminary.
    1 Preliminary. r Revised and international institutions, unpublished central banks and governments and international institutions, unpublished holdings of various central tion Account based on figures shown below under United Kingdom and estimated official holdings of countries from which no reports ar received.
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes gold in Exchange Equalization Fund. Gold in active portion of this Fund is not included in regular statistics on gold stock (Treasury gold) used in the Federal Reserve statement "Member Bank Reserves,

[^42]:    Footnotes to central bank table on this and opposite page.
    1 Notes issued, less amounts held in banking department.
    2 Gold was transferred on May 1, 1940 , to Foreign Exchange Control Board in return for short-term Govt. securities (see BuLLETIN for July 1940, pp. 677-678).
    ${ }_{3}$ Beginning 1950 , includes ECA.
    4 Less than 50 million francs.

[^43]:    5 Includes advance of 178.3 billion francs to Stabilization Fund. Note.-All figures, including gold and foreign exchange, are compiled from official reports of individual banks and are as of the last report date of the month. For details relating to individual items, see BuLLEMIN for April 1955, $p .443$. For last available report from the Reichsbank (February 1945), see BuLletin for December 1946, p. 1424.

[^44]:    ${ }^{4}$ Includes figures for the nine Land Central Banks.
    Items for issue and banking departments consolidated
    6 Holdings in each month were 448 million yen.

[^45]:    $r$ Revised. $\quad$ * Latest month available.
    ${ }^{1}$ On July 31, 1955, gold revalued from 115.798 to 166.667 rupees per troy ounce of fine gold.
    ${ }^{2}$ On Mar. 1, 1956, gold revalued from 0.0423177 to 0.0148112 grams of fine gold per guarani.
    ${ }^{3}$ This figure represents the amount of the country's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund.

    4 Includes small amount of nongovernment bonds.
    Note.-All figures, including gold and foreign exchange, are compiled of the month.

[^46]:    ${ }_{2}^{1}$ Based on average yield of weekly tenders during the month.

[^47]:    1 Annual averages based on quotations through Oit. 27, 1955; monthly averages for October for these rates were the same as those for September.
    ${ }^{2}$ Official rate. The basic and preferential rates were discontinued and the new official rate of 18 pesos per U. S. dollar became effective Oct. 28, 1955.
    ${ }_{3}$ New free market rate, based on quotations beginning Oct. 28, 1955.

[^48]:    * President-elect, to take office October 1, 1956.

