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INTERNATIONAL FLOW OF GOLD AND DOLLARS. 1952

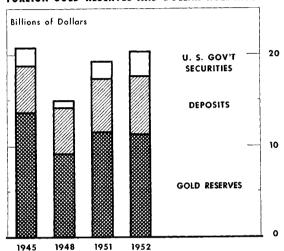
The downward movement in the total gold and dollar holdings of foreign countries that began in mid-1951 was reversed during the early part of 1952. At the end of the year these holdings were 1.2 billion dollars larger than a year earlier. The improvement resulted primarily from a substantial reduction in the United States export surplus, as exports declined and imports of goods and services increased. Loans and grants from the United States Government to foreign countries declined somewhat and the flow of private capital abroad remained near its 1951 level.

Renewed progress toward monetary stability in most countries helped to bring about the upward movement in foreign reserves. This movement also reflected improved supply conditions abroad and, in some countries, tightening of import restrictions on goods from the dollar area.

Total gold and dollar holdings of foreign countries, after falling 900 million dollars during the second half of 1951, declined a further 250 million in the first quarter of 1952. During the rest of the year holdings rose nearly 1.5 billion dollars, and the increase has continued in 1953.

The recovery in foreign reserves in 1952 took the form of increases in dollar holdings, the bulk of which was invested in United States Government securities. Foreign holdings of such securities and of dollar deposits

FOREIGN GOLD RESERVES AND DOLLAR HOLDINGS



Note.—Year-end data. Deposits include a small amount of other short-term liabilities to foreigners.

attained their highest postwar levels during the year. Foreign gold reserves declined somewhat for 1952 as a whole, mainly as the result of substantial sales during the first quarter. Toward the end of the year foreign countries were purchasing gold from the United States, and this movement has accelerated in 1953.

Although foreign countries as a whole improved their gold and dollar reserve position in 1952, changes in reserves varied widely among countries. The countries of Continental Western Europe as a group added about 1.2 billion dollars to their gold and dollar holdings, the increase representing an acceleration of the rise in process since

March 1953

1948. On the other hand, the reserves of the United Kingdom and of the Sterling Area as a whole declined about one-half billion dollars, despite improvement during the latter half of the year. The rest of the world experienced a net increase of one-half billion dollars in gold and dollar holdings during the year, accounted for primarily by increases in Canada and Japan.

Improvement in balance of payments positions in 1952, as reflected in growing foreign reserves, has given rise abroad to reconsideration of trade and payments policies, with a view to relaxing trade restrictions and promoting convertibility of currencies.

GOLD AND DOLLAR MOVEMENTS

Changes in total gold and dollar holdings of foreign countries result from their transactions with the United States and with international institutions (principally the International Bank and the Monetary Fund) as well as net movements of new foreign gold production into monetary reserves. Total holdings of foreign countries as discussed in this article consist of the gold and dollar reserves of foreign central banks and governments plus dollar holdings on private foreign account as reported by banks in the United States.

The distribution of official reserves between gold, dollar deposits in Federal Reserve and commercial banks, and short- and mediumterm United States Government securities depends upon the preferences of foreign monetary authorities as to the form in which they wish to hold their reserves. Private dollar holdings, which at the end of 1952 constituted nearly one-half of reported foreign dollar holdings, take the form largely of dollar deposits. In general, changes in total foreign gold and dollar holdings reflect changes in monetary reserves, since private

dollar holdings usually show only limited fluctuations.

United States gold transactions. During 1952 total gold reserves of foreign countries declined 229 million dollars as compared with an increase of 35 million in 1951 and a growth of about 2 billion dollars in 1950. Net sales of gold by foreign countries to the United States amounted to 394 million dollars during the past year, as compared with 75 million in 1951. These annual totals, however, conceal large quarterly fluctuations.

The large inflow of gold to the United States that began in mid-1951 continued through the first quarter of 1952, when sales to this country amounted to 557 million dollars. As may be seen from the table, the United Kingdom accounted for most of these sales. In the second quarter the balance of payments of the Sterling Area improved and gold sales by the United Kingdom to the United States ceased; as a result net foreign sales of gold to this country declined substantially. The United States sold 268 million dollars of gold in the fourth quarter when the Netherlands and the United Kingdom converted a portion of their rising dollar reserves into gold.

Largely as a net result of these movements, the monetary gold stock of the United States rose during 1952 from 22.9 to 23.3 billion dollars. Gold sales in early 1953 brought the total back to 22.8 billion at the end of February. The United States share amounted to 64 per cent of world gold reserves (excluding those of the U.S.S.R.) at the end of 1952, compared with 60 per cent at the end of 1945.

Other gold transactions. The newly instituted service whereby the International Monetary Fund acts as an intermediary for member countries who wish to buy or sell gold has facilitated transfers among foreign countries. These transactions, as

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NET FOREIGN PURCHASES OF GOLD FROM THE UNITED STATES, 1952 1

In millions of dollars

Area and country	Jan Mar.	Apr June	July- Sept.	Oct Dec.	Year
Western Europe (other than United Kingdom): Belgium and Belgian Congo. Germany (Federal Republic of). Greece. Netherlands. Switzerland. Other Western Europe. Bank for International Settlements. Total.	12 -23			26 10 100 100 2 148	6 10 12 100 -23 10
Other Continental Europe					
United Kingdom	-4	-7 -7			-440 -12 -7
Latin America: Argentina Colombia Mexico Uruguay Other Latin America Total Asia	18 -11 -10	-101 -2 -94 2	2 2 (2)	20 25 5 2 2 38	20 23 -88 -15 2 -57
Grand total	-557	-106	1	268	-394
			<u> </u>		

¹ Minus sign indicates net sale to the United States. ² Sale less than \$500,000.

well as European Payments Union settlements in gold, resulted in a considerably greater volume of gold transfers among foreign countries in 1952 than in previous years, when a relatively larger proportion of gold transactions had involved the United States as buyer or seller.

Net foreign gold sales to the United States plus net transfers of gold to international institutions by foreign countries amounted to 556 million dollars during the year, but the net decline in foreign gold reserves was only 229 million. Thus foreign monetary authorities acquired about 325 million from new foreign production. Since total foreign production (exclusive of the U.S.S.R.) amounted to an estimated 790 million dollars for the year, however, it would appear that some 465 million of gold went into industrial uses, private holdings, or was other-

wise not accounted for. This residual was 25 per cent smaller than in 1951, though substantially larger than in previous years. The decline in the residual coincided with a further softening in the so-called free market price of gold.

Changes in foreign dollar holdings. Dollar holdings of foreign countries increased more than 1.4 billion dollars during 1952, renewing the upward trend which, with interruptions in 1949 and 1951, has been in evidence since the end of 1947. The increase in 1952 was shared by most foreign countries and was concentrated in official holdings, which rose 1.3 billion dollars. Official deposits at Federal Reserve Banks changed little during the year, while such deposits at commercial banks increased about 400 million dollars.

In adding to their official dollar holdings in 1952, foreign countries invested more than 800 million dollars in United States Government securities, mostly held for their account at Federal Reserve Banks. The net increase in foreign security holdings continued an upward trend evident since the end of 1947. From that date, when United States Government securities represented about 12 per cent of foreign official dollar holdings, monetary authorities have held an increasing proportion of their rising dollar reserves in the form of securities; by the end of 1952, 50 per cent of official dollar holdings were in this form.

Foreign Reserve Position

The increase of 1.2 billion dollars in 1952 brought aggregate gold and dollar holdings of foreign countries to 20.4 billion at the end of the year. The latter figure compares with the postwar low of 14.7 billion in September 1948 and is close to the postwar high at the end of 1945. In 1945, however, the value

Note,-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

INTERNATIONAL FLOW OF GOLD AND DOLLARS, 1952

ESTIMATED CHANGES IN FOREIGN AND INTERNATIONAL GOLD RESERVES AND DOLLAR HOLDINGS DURING 19521 [In millions of dollars]

	Holdi	ngs at		-		Incre	ase or de	crease (-	-), 1952				Holdi	ngs at
Area and country	end of	1951	JanMar.		AprJune		July-Sept.		OctDec.p		Year p		end of	
	Gold re- serves	Dollar hold- ings	Gold re- serves	Dollar hold- ings	Gold re- serves	Dollar hold- ings	Gold re- serves	Dollar hold- ings	Gold re- serves	Dollar hold- ings	Gold re- serves	Dollar hold- ings	Gold re- serves	Dollar hold- ings
Western Europe (other than United Kingdom): Belgium-Luxembourg (and Bel- gian Congo) France (and dependencies) Germany (Federal Republic of). Italy Netherlands (and Netherlands	697 2 568 28 333	201 335 406 300	4	-1 -38 -44 -8	46	22 48 91 -25	50 10 26	17 105 33 25	-9 15 22	12 -69 65 16	91 25 112 13	50 46 145 8	788 2593 140 346	251 381 551 308
West Indies and Surinam) Portugal (and dependencies) Sweden Switzerland Other Western European countries and accounts *	340 283 152 1,452	184 48 72 521	24 9 62 -20 84	-6 1 -9 24 38	-1 -24 95	57 -1 6 56	-18 3 -11 -4 -35	148 10 9 14	218 9 -18 7 -19	-136 9 13 27	228 21 32 -41	63 19 19 121	568 304 184 1,411	247 67 91 642 581
Total	4,644	2,470	176	-48	184	219	21	536	225	-63	606	649	5,250	3,119
Other Continental Europe 4	319	35		-2		-11		1		8		-4	319	31
Sterling Area: United Kingdom. U. K. dependencies. Union of South Africa. Other sterling area 6.	5 2,200 190 436	643 100 7 160	-700 -21 11	141 5 2 -15	-75 -21	10 -2 2 24	-50 10	72 5 1 1	125 12	-54 4 12 7	-700 -20 11	169 12 17 17	51,500 170 447	812 112 24 177
Total	2,826	910	-710	133	-96	34	-40	79	137	-31	-709	215	2,117	1,125
Canada	850	1,307	24	33	19	163	-1	42	4	21	46	259	896	1,566
Latin America: Argentina Brasil Cuba Mexico Uruguay Venezuela Other Latin America	268 317 311 208 221 373 257	250 100 264 158 85 72 476	10 -23 -10	-60 -1 24 14 -1 -5 48	-3 -115	-43 -18 28 24 14 63 -18	-38 17	-17 8 5 37 -6 25 6	20 66 57 4	9 -16 -20 -2 -2 1 -9 50	20 97 64 14	-111 -27 37 73 8 74 81	288 317 214 144 207 373 273	139 73 301 231 93 146 557
Total	1,955	1,405	-9	14	-115	50	-21	58	6	13	-139	135	1,816	1,540
Asia: Indonesia. Japan Philippine Republic. Other Asia.	279 133 7 363	141 596 330 317	15	86 2 4	-15 1 3	35 49 1 -1	1	-89 42 -13 73	-45 3	-26 35 -5 27	-44 -12 2 21	-80 212 -15 103	235 121 9 384	61 808 315 420
Total	782	1,384	15	92	-10	84	1	13	-39	31	-33	220	749	1,604
All other countries	178	150		22		-21		-18		-26		-43	178	107
Total foreign countries.	11,554	7,661	-504	249	-18	518	-40	711	333	-47	-229	1,431	11,325	9,092
International 7	1,530	1,641	2	-79	5	51	146	-31	9	13	162	-46	1,692	1,595
Grand total	13,084	9,302	-502	170	-13	569	106	680	342	-34	-67	1,385	13,017	10,687

Note.—The total referred to most frequently in the text is total foreign countries, shown in bold-face type. International institutions are shown separately for the purpose of providing more complete coverage of the movement of gold and dollar holdings.

Preliminary.

 Dollar holdings represent both official and private holdings reported by banks in the United States and include deposits, U. S. Government securities maturing within 20 months after date of purchase, and certain other short-term liabilities to foreigners.
 Represents gold reserves of Bank of France and French dependencies only.
 Includes holdings of Bank for International Settlements (both for its own and European Payments Union account), gold to be distributed by the Tripartite Commission for Restitution of Monetary Gold, and unpublished gold reserves of Western European countries.
 Excludes gold reserves of, but includes dollar balances held by the U.S.S.R.
 Estimated gold holdings of British Exchange Equalization Account, based on holdings of gold, U. S. and Canadian dollars as reported by British Government.
 Excludes Eire and Iceland, which are included under "Other Western European countries and accounts."
 Includes holdings of International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Monetary Fund, and United Nations and other international organizations. Excludes holdings of Bank for International Settlements, which are included under "Western Europe."

 Note.—The total referred to most frequently in the text is tatal forming.

of world trade was considerably lower than in 1952. International institutions added more than 100 million to their gold and dollar holdings during 1952, as is shown by the next-to-last line of the table on the preceding page.

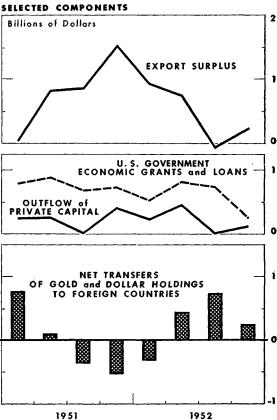
There was considerable variation from quarter to quarter in the movement of foreign gold and dollar holdings. Most of the year's increase occurred in the second and third quarters. In these periods there were large increases in dollar holdings and only small reductions in foreign gold reserves. In the first quarter, when gold reserves fell sharply and dollar holdings rose only moderately, there had been a net decrease in total foreign reserves. The subsequent increase in total gold and dollar holdings, which reached its peak rate for the year in the third quarter, continued in the fourth quarter. In that quarter foreign countries also began to convert their dollar accretions into gold.

The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the International Monetary Fund made small net gold and dollar disbursements to foreign countries in 1952. A net inflow of gold and dollars to the Fund was more than offset by net dollar disbursements by the International Bank to foreign countries. Most of the Bank's dollar receipts were obtained in the United States. It floated over 100 million in dollar bonds primarily in this market and also sold moderate amounts of dollar loans from its portfolio to United States investors.

United States balance of payments. Net transfers of gold and dollars to foreign countries as a result of transactions with the United States are shown in the bottom section of the chart. The United States export surplus on current account—which includes goods, services, and remittances—declined to

1.8 billion dollars during 1952, compared with 3.2 billion during 1951. This reduction resulted from a fall in exports (net of military aid) and a rise of similar magnitude in total imports of goods and services and United States remittances abroad. In the third quarter, when the effects of the domestic steel strike and of increased foreign restrictions on dollar imports were felt concurrently with the seasonal low in agricultural exports, the United States had a small import surplus, as is shown in the top section of the chart.

UNITED STATES BALANCE OF PAYMENTS



Note.—Quarterly data. Net transfers of gold and dollar holdings, compiled by Federal Reserve, include net foreign purchases of gold from United States plus net increase in foreign dollar holdings. Other data are derived from U. S. Department of Commerce statistics. Export surplus is the excess of exports of goods and services (minus military aid) over imports of goods and services (plus remittances). U. S. Government loans and outflow of United States private capital are on a net basis and exclude short-term funds.

The ability of foreign countries to increase their gold and dollar holdings during 1952 despite their continuing, though reduced, dollar deficit on current account is explained by the utilization of United States Government loans and grants and the continuing flow of private capital from this country. Loans and grants (excluding military aid) declined from 3.1 billion dollars in 1951 to 2.3 billion in 1952, and private long-term investment amounted to more than 800 million dollars in 1952.

CHANGES IN HOLDINGS OF INDIVIDUAL AREAS

The over-all increase in foreign gold and dollar holdings was distributed unevenly throughout the world. Continental Western European countries (including the Bank for International Settlements and the European Payments Union) added over 1.2 billion dollars to their holdings whereas those of the United Kingdom and other Sterling Area countries declined about 500 million dollars. In the Western Hemisphere, Canadian holdings increased about 300 million dollars, while those of the Latin American countries as a group showed little net change. The countries of Asia added about 190 million to their holdings.

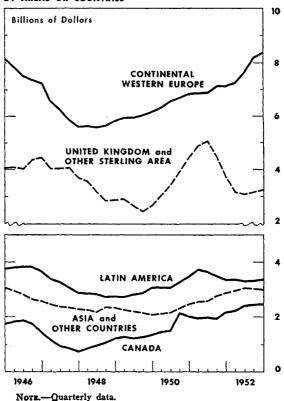
The gold and dollar holdings of the Sterling Area fluctuated more widely than those of other areas, as the chart shows. The large outflow in the second half of 1951, amounting to 1.3 billion dollars, continued in the first quarter of 1952, but was almost halted in the second quarter. In the last half of 1952, however, reserves increased somewhat as more stringent monetary policies and tightened import restrictions made themselves felt.

The distribution of reserves among European and Sterling Area countries was affected by European Payments Union settle-

ments as well as by transactions with the United States. The United Kingdom, which settles the accounts of the whole Sterling Area, had the largest deficit with the EPU. It paid 490 million dollars to that institution during the first nine months of the year; a substantial improvement in the United Kingdom's intra-European payments position in the last quarter enabled it to regain 215 million dollars from the EPU during that period. France was another large debtor on EPU account; its payments in gold and dollars amounted to over 225 million during the year. Belgium, Germany, and the Netherlands were important net creditors, receiving 220 million, 150 million, and 110 million dollars, respectively.

In addition to its EPU surplus in 1952, Ger-

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many received dollars from large United States military expenditures, which enabled it to offset its trade deficit with the United States and to build up its gold and dollar reserves. In the third quarter Germany paid its gold subscription of 33 million dollars to the International Monetary Fund and its dollar subscription of nearly 7 million to the International Bank.

Thus far European countries have earned only small amounts from the recently instituted program under which the United States Government procures military equipment abroad for the use of foreign countries. As orders are filled, however, such earnings are expected to rise significantly. The only large dollar outpayment on this account in 1952 was an advance of over 150 million dollars to France by the Export-Import Bank in the third quarter, to be repaid from dollars earned through the offshore procurement program. About 50 million of this advance was repaid before the end of the year. France obtained enough dollars last year from these advances and from United States economic aid to increase somewhat its gold and dollar holdings, notwithstanding its deficits with EPU and the dollar area.

The continuing upward trend in the gold and dollar holdings of Continental European countries since the beginning of full-scale aid in 1948, and the difficulties of the Sterling Area in maintaining a satisfactory reserve position, are reflected in these areas' relative shares of total world reserves. In 1945 the Sterling Area held 20 per cent of world gold and dollar holdings, as compared with 39 per cent for Continental Western Europe; by the end of 1952 the proportions were 16 per cent and 41 per cent, respectively.

The net increase in the gold reserves and dollar holdings of Asiatic countries outside

the Sterling Area was concentrated in Japan, which continued to earn large amounts of dollars from United States troop expenditures and procurement orders to support and supply forces in Korea. During the third quarter of 1952, Japan made subscription payments of 62.5 million dollars to the Monetary Fund and 5 million dollars to the International Bank.

Among the Latin American countries, Argentina, Brazil, and Cuba experienced sizable reductions in gold and dollar holdings. The decline of 27 million dollars in Brazil's holdings was accompanied by an increase in Americans' short-term claims on Brazilians, as reported by banks in the United States, of about 170 million dollars, bringing such claims to about 355 million at the end of the year.

MONETARY RESERVES AND PAYMENTS POLICIES

As 1952 ended, most countries of the free world were experiencing high levels of economic activity without marked inflationary pressures. Despite larger defense expenditures, balance of payments difficulties were again declining in importance, as during the pre-Korean period. Furthermore, the improvement during the year in the balance of payments of the Sterling Area did not retard progress by many other countries toward balance in their external accounts. Reflecting these conditions, total foreign gold and dollar reserves were again rising and most countries of the free world were sharing in the increase. These favorable developments may be regarded as an indication that the countries of the free world have for the most part succeeded in adjusting to the changes in economic conditions brought about by the Korean conflict.

During the first year after the Korean outbreak, the upward movement in foreign

monetary reserves, that had begun after the exchange rate adjustments of September 1949, accelerated markedly in response to expansion in both volume and prices of United States imports. Subsequently, from mid-1951 through the first quarter of 1952, foreign reserves were reduced significantly. decline resulted primarily from a sharp deterioration in the balance of payments of the United Kingdom, Australia, India, and certain other members of the Sterling Area as well as Brazil and a few other countries. It reflected inflationary pressures and the rebuilding of low inventories in the United Kingdom; higher spending in other countries much of which was in response to the earlier increase in export earnings; and declines in prices of raw materials. The United States and a number of the countries of Continental Europe by mid-1951 had already succeeded, largely by the use of monetary and fiscal measures, in overcoming the inflationary tendencies which followed the Korean outbreak.

During 1952 the United Kingdom and the other principal Sterling Area countries were more successful in combating inflationary pressures. The downward movement in their gold and dollar reserves was reversed by means of more restrictive internal financial policies and tighter direct controls on imports. This improvement has continued in 1953.

In these circumstances, attention is being focused on the desirability of a fresh approach to world trade and payments problems. A

progressive replacement of aid by trade that is based on currency convertibility and free international commerce is now widely recognized as an objective that will provide an appropriate framework for sustained expansion of world output at stable prices. Both the recent British Commonwealth Economic Conference and the Fourth Annual Report of the Organization for European Economic Cooperation have emphasized the need for early action toward the achievement of this objective. The United States has for many years supported these views.

Progress toward greater freedom in trade and payments depends upon further easing of those balance of payments strains that have given rise to existing restrictions on trade and on the transferability of currencies. Policies that foster internal financial stability, and therefore contribute to the achievement of over-all balance in the external accounts of deficit countries, are generally recognized as prerequisites for relaxation of trade and payments restrictions. A further prerequisite is that creditor countries maintain high levels of economic activity and pursue commercial policies that encourage foreign trade. Finally, if the conditions for sustainable balance in international accounts were fulfilled, a more satisfactory level of monetary reserves would help foreign countries to progress toward greater freedom of trade and payments with confidence that unpredictable reactions would not necessitate new restrictions.

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SELECTED PRELIMINARY FINDINGS OF THE 1953 SURVEY OF CONSUMER FINANCES

Following are the preliminary findings from the Eighth Annual Survey of Consumer Finances, conducted by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in cooperation with the Survey Research Center of the University of Michigan. These Surveys, taken in January and February of each year, provide information on consumer financial positions and consumer attitudes and plans for purchases of durable goods and houses. While the Surveys do not provide a forecast of consumer expenditures in these fields, they have proved useful in past years in providing general clues to the strength and nature of consumer demands. Release of preliminary findings at this early date is made possible by simplified procedures which permit speedy tabulation of the most timely data.1

The general conclusion to be drawn from the 1953 Survey is that consumers have a confident attitude concerning their financial positions and expect to purchase automobiles and major household durable goods in large volume this year. They also plan to purchase new and existing houses in substantial volume.

More consumers report plans to buy new

cars this year than so reported in early 1952 or 1951. Plans to purchase major household goods, especially television sets and furniture, are substantially more numerous than they were a year ago. Intentions to buy refrigerators appear little changed from last year. Plans to purchase new and used houses in 1953 appear to be slightly more numerous than they were a year ago.

Increases in income in 1952 were widely distributed and, with consumer prices relatively stable, the proportion of consumers who feel their financial situations have improved is somewhat larger than it was in any previous postwar survey. Liquid asset holdings as reported in early 1953 are widely distributed among income classes, as was the case in all of the previous surveys. The proportion of consumers who feel times are good for making major purchases has increased considerably since early 1952.

Nonfarm consumers as a group anticipate larger real incomes in 1953. Looking forward, most consumers (8 in 10 spending units) think prices will remain stable or go down. This is a substantial reversal from early 1951 and 1952, when half to two-thirds expected prices to rise. Along with stable or declining prices, most nonfarm consumers expect their money incomes to be maintained or to increase this year. Almost half of those expressing opinions expect income increases. Similar information is not available for farm operators.

A factor evidently at work in shaping consumer attitudes throughout 1952 and early

These preliminary findings are based on simplified tabulations of approximately 2,400 interviews taken in January and February 1953 in 66 sampling areas throughout the country, including the 12 largest metropolitan areas. An additional 700 interviews will be included in the final figures to be available in a series of articles in the Federal Reserve Bulletin starting in June or July. It is believed that results derived from final figures will not differ substantially from present indications. In addition to the subjects covered in this release, the Bulletin articles will contain information about past purchases and financing of durable goods and houses, and distribution of liquid and nonliquid assets and debt.

1953 was the stability of consumer prices. The BLS index of consumer prices rose less than one per cent during 1952 in contrast to a 4 per cent rise during the previous year and a rise of about 8 per cent in 1950. An additional factor in buying intentions this year is the more lenient credit terms available compared with a year and two years ago. Also, more consumer intentions to buy durable goods early in 1953 than early in 1951 or 1952 are a reflection of higher current levels of income and employment.

SELECTED PRELIMINARY RESULTS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SURVEY OF CONSUMER FINANCES IN EARLY 1953, WITH FINAL RESULTS FOR 1950-52 1

[Percentage distribution of spending units]

Money income of consumers	1953	1952	1951	1950	Attitudes of consumers	1953	1952	1951	1950
Money income in prior year, before taxes					Expected price movements				
Under \$3,000	43 32 25	46 32 22 100	49 32 19	55 29 16	Increase during year	16 44 31 9	53 30 7 10	77 16 3 4	14 36 42 8
	Past	Past change in income rate?				Evaluation of own fina situation			ancial
Making more than a year ago No change	48 32 16 4	46 33 17 4	47 33 18 2	30 41 27 2	Better off than a year ago No change Worse off than a year ago Don't know, not ascertained	38 32 27 3	33 29 35 3	32 29 37	32 32 34 2
All cases	100	100	100	100	All cases	100	100	100	100
	I		change i	in .		Evalu	ation of mar		goods
Making more a year from now No change	36 32 9 23	37 30 8 25	(4) (4) (4)	28 32 10 30	Good time to buy Pro or con, depends, don't know. Bad time to buy	33 28 39	22 26 52	33 18 49	(1)
All cases	100	100		100	All cases	100	100	100	

Preliminary data for early 1953 are based on the first 2.400 of some 3,100 spending units interviewed and have not been adjusted for nonresponse. Sampling variability for these data is greater than that indicated for complete Surveys in the Federal Reserve BULLETIN for July 1952. Data shown for 1952, 1951, and 1950 are based on complete Surveys.
 Includes only nonfarm units in 1953, 1952, and 1950.
 Includes only nonfarm units.
 Information not obtained.

INFLUENCE OF CREDIT AND MONETARY MEASURES ON ECONOMIC STABILITY 1

Credit and monetary measures influence economic activity and prices initially through effects on the availability, cost, and volume of credit. Their force, however, extends beyond lenders and borrowers. It is reflected in the quantity of money, in the market value and liquidity of assets, and in the over-all liquidity of the economy. Ultimately, it is reflected in the spending and saving decisions of income receivers and of holders of cash balances and other assets.

The first article in this series provided a brief description of the nature of money, of the processes by which changes occur in the quantity of money, and of the reserve banking measures that influence expansion of the money supply. In the present article, the discussion is pursued further to consider the ways by which reserve banking action affects the lending and investment decisions of commercial banks and other lenders, alters the decisions of borrowers, and influences the lending, spending, and saving of all sectors of the economy. The discussion deals only with the mechanism by which credit and monetary measures affect the tempo of economic activity and thus contribute to stable economic progress.

SOME GENERAL OBSERVATIONS

Credit and monetary measures have widespread effects in encouraging or discouraging expenditures. A general tightening of credit has its most direct effect in restricting the amount of spending with borrowed funds. Credit restraint also curbs the expansion of money, and so limits increases in the amount of cash balances held by individuals, businesses, and other spending groups.

Credit restraint, moreover, has important deterrent effects on spending out of existing cash balances and from funds obtained by the sale of assets, where no credit granting and no money creation are involved. These are indirect effects which come about in a number of ways. There may be a dampening of too optimistic expectations of businesses and consumers. A rise in interest rates produced by credit tightening will tend to reduce the value of capital assets, a development that will discourage some new investment in construction and in producers' equipment. Consumers and businesses may decide to save more, either because they are less sure that credit will be available for possible emergencies or to ensure fulfillment of future plans, or because the interest return on savings has become more attractive.

Easing of credit, on the other hand, tends to have opposite effects. It encourages spending with borrowed money. It also stimulates greater spending out of current income and past savings. Credit easing does this by promoting the belief that prices of goods will rise, by reducing interest rates and thereby both lowering the cost of borrowing and stimulating a rise in capital values, and by

¹ This is the second of a series of articles considering the operation of credit and monetary policy in the United States. These articles are based on selected replies submitted early in 1952 by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System to a questionnaire from the Subcommittee on General Credit Control and Debt Management of the Congressional Joint Committee on the Economic Report. The material selected has been modified and expanded in order to bring it up to date and to fill gaps in content resulting from the fact that the original material was organized in reply to definite questions.

Preparation of the articles is under the direction of Ralph A. Young, Director of the Division of Research and Statistics.

making it less necessary and less profitable for businesses and consumers to save.

Whether a tightening or an easing of credit will find a response in the demand for credit depends on the existence of a fringe of borrowing or potential borrowing. That is, greater difficulty in obtaining credit or increased cost of credit influences decisions of borrowers by deterring them from using credit for investments with marginal profitability or for consumption of marginal usefulness. It may also deter borrowers from using as much credit for other purposes as might have seemed profitable or useful had credit conditions remained unchanged. In a boom period, when credit is in great demand, there is always fringe borrowing which can be cut out either by greater selectivity in lending or by higher interest costs. If an easing of credit is to stimulate borrowing in a period of business recession, there must be a similar fringe of potential borrowing which will become effective when credit is more readily available and cheaper. Under most conditions such a fringe exists, and an easing of credit will stimulate borrowing in amounts or for purposes that were previously not regarded as profitable or useful, and for purposes for which credit could not previously be obtained.

This fringe of potential borrowing, however, may be very limited under special circumstances. In a period of inflationary boom, investment in plant and equipment (productive capacity) and in housing and purchases of durable goods may proceed so rapidly, unless checked somewhat, that future needs will be too far anticipated. Then, in case of a serious business downturn, many activities involving credit that would ordinarily have been greatly stimulated by an easing of credit may not respond, because for the time being the demand for them has already been filled in the previous boom. Other potential borrowers may feel so dis-

couraged about profit possibilities as a result of the downturn that they too will not borrow, however cheaply and readily credit may be available. Once such conditions and attitudes have developed, the immediate effect of an easing of credit will be limited, although such an easing is still an essential measure in setting the stage for ultimate recovery. The ability to combat a recession with credit and monetary action, therefore, depends in large part on the extent to which restrictive credit action has been taken in the preceding boom, as well as on how early and aggressively easing action occurs after a downturn.

A general tightening of credit results from a reduction in the availability of credit relative to the demand for it. Such tightening may develop because the supply of credit has contracted without a corresponding reduction in demand, because the demand for credit has increased without a corresponding increase in supply, or from some combination of these. In a boom period, demand for credit typically increases and credit conditions tend to tighten even though there is an actual increase in the volume of credit granted. In order to keep credit from tightening under such conditions, reserve banking policy would need to permit the total credit and monetary base to expand at the pace set by the progress of the boom, regardless of the inflationary or other unsound developments that might be occurring.

A general easing of credit results from an increase in the supply of credit relative to the demand for it. Easier credit conditions may generally be expected to develop in a period of economic recession, except when there are banking difficulties or extreme pressures for liquidity on the part of consumers and businesses. Credit and monetary policy in such a period should encourage the development of easier credit conditions.

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Effect on Lenders

A general tightening or easing of credit affects lenders in all sectors of the credit market, from short- to long-term. In the short- and intermediate-term sectors of the market, the major suppliers of funds are the commercial banks. Expansion or contraction of their loans and investments tends to expand or contract the volume of money. There are, however, many other lenders that supply a substantial volume of short- and intermediate-term credit through the investment in prime-grade marketable paper of cash balances not needed for current expenditures and of secondary reserve funds. The volume of such investment varies with the attractiveness of the interest return. The supply of bank credit is dependent on bank reserve positions, which in turn may be tightened or eased by reserve banking actions, as was explained in the first article of this series. The total supply of short-term credit is thus highly flexible.

In the market for long-term credit, the supply of funds is related to the volume of saving. Major lenders in this market, in addition to individuals, are insurance companies, savings banks, savings and loan associations, public and private pension funds, and nonprofit institutions. Commercial banks, although primarily short-term and intermediate-term lenders, also invest their time deposits in real estate loans and in long-term corporate, Federal, and State and local government securities. The supply of investment funds is relatively fixed at any time and does not adjust quickly to changes in demand. In a period of boom, however, increased demand for long-term credit tends to spill over into the short-term credit market, and in a period of recession lack of long-term credit demand may induce investment funds to seek short-term outlets. Conditions of availability and cost of short-term and long-term credit thus are constantly interacting. Moreover, the lending and investing activities of commercial banks bridge the markets and help to link them together.

Commercial banks. Individual commercial banks obtain funds primarily from the deposits of working balances and savings of individuals and businesses. For the banking system as a whole, however, most of the deposits result from credits extended by banks. Commercial banks as a group can expand their credits only to the extent that they have or can obtain the reserves needed to support the resulting growth in deposits.

The availability of reserves is directly subject to Federal Reserve influence. Aside from a gold inflow or a return of currency from circulation, which can usually be counteracted by reserve banking action, and except for certain temporary technical factors, the volume of bank reserves can be increased only by bank borrowing at the Reserve Banks or through open market purchases of securities by the Federal Reserve.

Commercial banks consider borrowing a temporary expedient. They do not like to be long in debt. Individual banks can get additional funds to lend by selling Government or other securities or by permitting maturing issues to run off. As a group, however, banks cannot expand their total supply of loanable funds in this way except when such paper is being bought by the Federal Reserve System. Unless the Federal Reserve is buying securities and thereby supplying reserves, reduction in security holdings by one or more banks will normally draw reserves from other banks and no net addition to reserves will occur. An attempt by banks as a group to obtain additional reserves by selling securities, or by allowing maturing issues to run off, will increase the supply of short-term paper for sale in the market, thus lowering prices and raising yields on such paper. Sim-

ilar market pressure may result if banks draw upon balances with correspondents or call loans made in central credit markets in order to build up reserves.

At the lower prices and higher yields, Government and other short-term securities will be more attractive. Nonbank investors may be induced to buy more of them, using temporarily idle deposit balances. Sales of short-term paper by banks to nonbank investors and the use by banks of the proceeds to make loans will shift the ownership of deposits and may increase the activity of existing deposits, but such sales will not increase total bank reserves so as to permit an increase in total bank credit and deposits.

With prices lower and yields higher on short-term paper, banks are less likely to reduce their holdings of secondary reserve assets, notably short-term Government issues. Some banks may continue to do so, but others will stop selling or may buy. In the aggregate, the secondary reserve position of banks will tend to stabilize. This development is brought about in several ways. Many banks and other potential lenders are reluctant to sell securities at a loss. As the potential loss becomes greater, this reluctance deepens. Rising yields on short-term paper, moreover, make the credit outlook uncertain, and this uncertainty, together with the fact of potential losses on the sale of paper held, makes the secondary reserve positions of banks less satisfactory to bank managements. Hence, holdings of liquid assets that were previously viewed as adequate or even more than adequate come to be viewed with concern. The result is a greater unwillingness on the part of bank managers to reduce holdings of liquid securities in order to make more loans.

The key fact is that with a tightening in the credit situation banks cannot count with as much certainty on the ready availability of additional reserve funds and will therefore

tend to be more restrictive in their lending practices and standards. This restraint both reflects and is a part of the process of credit tightening. As the credit and monetary climate thus changes, bankers will modify their expectations about the general outlook for business and commodity prices. Applications for loans, particularly inventory loans, will be more carefully screened. Businesses which obtain credit to accumulate inventories will be under pressure from their bankers to keep inventories more closely in line with actual requirements. Bankers will also bring pressure for repayment on many borrowers with outstanding obligations. In general, they will be alert to find reasons for refusing credit requests or not meeting them fully and for accelerating repayment of outstanding loans, rather than eager to extend credit.

When credit conditions ease, more and more banks will free themselves from borrowing and, as reserves accumulate in excess of working requirements, they will become more aggressive in competing for loans and marketable paper. Other lenders and investors will also be under pressure to keep their funds employed. This change in the credit situation will find prompt response in declining yields in all sectors of the market. Uses of credit that under conditions of credit tightness were postponed or not cultivated by lenders will be promoted by them under conditions of credit ease.

Lenders and investors in long-term market. A tightening in credit and the accompanying increase in interest rates will significantly affect lenders and investors who operate primarily in the long-term credit market, including life insurance companies, mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, and pension funds. They will become less willing to make any but the best grade loans and investments. They will generally exercise greater caution in accept-

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ing marginal applications for credit.

In part this change in attitude reflects the declining value of assets associated with rising interest rates. All income-producing assets yielding a fixed rate of return tend to decline in price when market rates of interest rise. This is true because they are valued in the market on the basis of expected returns, capitalized at the appropriate current rate of interest including allowance for risk. It is easy to see this relationship in the case of prime-risk securities, since their market value changes only with changes in interest rates; when interest rates rise, the value of such securities correspondingly declines. Actually the decline can be even more marked in the case of securities or other income-vielding assets of lesser grade. As interest rates increase, investors become less optimistic about the business outlook and therefore change their appraisals of risk positions. changes in appraisals of risk, combined with the general increase in interest rates, will result in an even greater decline in value for lesser grade securities than for prime assets.

Thus in a period of tightening credit, longterm lenders and investors, while at first attracted by the higher yields available on assets of less than top grade, gradually become more restrictive and selective. They become less willing to sell prime securities to acquire higher-yielding but more risky assets, partly because they can sell the prime securities only at a loss, which they hesitate to accept. They also become more interested in retaining in or adding to their portfolios the more liquid types of assets, because of concern about the decline in the market value of their entire investment portfolio and the general uncertainty about future developments. In addition, the higher interest rates on these more liquid assets in a period of tightening credit come closer to providing the average interest rate which institutional lenders must obtain

on their earning assets in order to meet contracts with their own creditors.

In recent decades the flow of savings to nonbank institutional lenders, particularly insurance companies, has been increasing rapidly and the size of the investment problem of these lenders has grown accordingly. In order to ensure the ready placement of funds regularly becoming available for investment from new savings and from repayment of old loans, the major savings institutions have developed techniques for committing their funds in advance to corporate, mortgage, and other borrowers. Such commitments make it possible for potential borrowers to proceed with projects which they might not undertake without assurance of financing on satisfactory terms. But nonbank lenders will hesitate to commit themselves beyond the funds they expect to have coming in if they fear that interest rates may rise in the near future and that they may therefore have to sell securities at a loss to meet future commitments. As a result, when credit is tightening, some proposed projects requiring long-term credit may be deferred because a financing commitment cannot be arranged.

When interest rates decline, investors in the long-term market will find their positions more liquid. The yields available on high-grade securities will fall and the prices of such securities will rise. This development in itself will encourage long-term lenders to extend investment into areas with more attractive rates of return. Moreover, if institutional lenders are quite certain that interest rates will fall and that prices of high-grade securities will rise, they will be willing to commit themselves to future lending that will require the sale of high-grade securities in order to make loans with a more attractive interest return.

Underwriters and security dealers are important in the money and capital market, and

their responses to credit tightness in turn affect the availability of credit. They are particularly sensitive to changes in interest rates because they customarily carry a large inventory of securities in the process of distribution. They risk large losses if they are holding large amounts of securities in a period of rising interest rates, since they may not be able to sell them except below cost or may have to carry the securities for some time on borrowed money. Thus underwriters and dealers may be expected to carry securities less readily and hence to discourage security flotations while interest rates are adjusting to higher levels. When yields are stable or are expected to fall, they will be more likely to encourage such flotations.

Effect on Borrowers

Restraint on borrowing exerted by tightening credit results in part, as already explained, from the increased difficulty of finding lenders and obtaining loans. It also results in part from the influence on the borrower of higher interest costs and from his greater uncertainty about future credit and business developments.

Borrowers for business investment. Much business is done on the basis of being able to borrow capital at rates of interest lower than the return that is expected to be obtained on the use of that capital. These margins will be affected by changes in interest rates and by changes in the profitability of the businesses concerned. Each change, though small, may influence borrowing for which the profit margin is narrow, while not affecting the bulk of economic enterprise. Such small effects, however, help to maintain economic balance.

The sensitivity of business borrowers to changes in interest rates varies widely, however. In certain fields of long-term investment, such as industrial and commercial construction, public utilities, and railroads (which are large and important fields), interest costs are particularly significant. In such fields comparatively small increases in interest rates can have a substantial effect in postponing the demand for capital. Even in other fields where interest costs are less important, fringe borrowers may be deterred from borrowing when interest rates rise, while other borrowers may decide to get along with less credit. The higher that longterm rates become, and the more likely that this condition is temporary, the greater will be the tendency for long-term borrowers to postpone investment expenditures because they expect to be able to borrow later at considerably lower interest costs.

An increase in interest rates does more than just affect the cost of credit to borrowers. It also reduces the market value of existing assets unless the actual or expected earnings on these assets rise, since earnings are capitalized at a higher rate of interest.² The liquidity position of all asset holders is adversely affected by this development, and their willingness to undertake new long-term commitments may be influenced.

A rise in interest rates also influences the utilization of productive resources, di-

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³ In a highly developed economy such as the United States, the volume of accumulated capital assets is very great in relation to current income. Small percentage changes in the value of such assets involve large dollar amounts. In a recent study by Raymond W. Goldsmith, which is in process of publication, it is estimated that for the 145-year period 1805-1950 the average yearly rate of growth of reproducible tangible wealth in the United States was about 41/4 per cent, or about 2 per cent on a per capita basis. At the end of 1948 reproducible tangible wealth owned by individuals, businesses, and farmers was valued at approximately 600 billion dollars. Although not all of this represents assets whose value is directly affected by changes in interest rates, the figure serves to give some idea of the magnitude of reproducible assets involved. In addition, values of income-producing lands are affected, as are values of negotiable claims not represented by real assets. The study referred to is part of a comprehensive inquiry into savings and investment in the American economy, financed by a grant of funds from the Insurance Companies Investment Research Committee, with the joint participation of the two associations of life insurance companies.

recting some activity away from production of long-lived, slowly depreciating capital goods and thereby freeing resources for an immediate increase in output of consumption goods and of producers' equipment to make consumption goods. An interest rate increase has this effect both by increasing the cost of long-term borrowing and by changing the relationship between prices of existing capital assets and the cost of producing new assets. In the fixed capital area these changes, together with changes in the outlook for profits and risks due to the altered credit and monetary situation, shift the balance of business decisions toward holding or buying old assets, and adapting old assets to new uses, rather than buying new ones.

How the changed relationship between prices of existing capital assets and costs of producing new ones occurs is illustrated below. The illustration pertains to hypothetical office buildings with a net income from rent of \$100,000 a year.

Estimated cost of constructing
new building \$1,500,000

Capitalized market value of
existing building with earnings from rent (net of all
current costs and depreciation) of \$100,000:

If the current interest rate,
with allowance for risk,
is 6 per cent 1,666,667

If the current interest rate,
with allowance for risk,
is 7 per cent 1,428,571

If the current interest rate for such investment, with allowance for risk, were 6 per cent, the capitalized value of the existing property would be more than the cost of constructing a new building with the same earning prospects. An investor in this type of real estate, instead of buying an existing building, would build a new structure, other things being equal. If, on the other hand, the relevant interest rate were 7 per cent, the decision would go the other way.

Business borrowers in the short-term market may also be greatly influenced by changes in credit conditions. Inventory accumulation is normally financed in substantial part by short-term credit. When businesses have been building up inventory positions, a tightening in the credit and monetary situation removes some of the incentives for inventory accumulation. Uncertainty with respect to the possibility of renewing the credit, moreover, increases the possibility that inventory holdings may have to be sold under unfavorable market circumstances. This deters particularly inventory accumulations of a purely speculative variety.

Lower interest rates, through their effects on costs, capital values, and business anticipations, will encourage borrowers to make additions to physical property and also to accumulate inventory.

Consumer borrowers. Use of credit by consumers is not subject to direct restriction by higher interest rates in the credit market. Consumer credits are generally extended on fairly standardized terms and at relatively high and inflexible credit charges. The rates paid for money at wholesale by the institutions that lend to consumers is only one of a number of important costs elements in the credit charge to consumers at retail. Thus changes in interest rates in the credit market have a less than corresponding effect on the charge for credit to consumers. Nevertheless,

⁸ Accelerated tax amortization for a capital good shortens the book life of the capital asset and reduces the period of borrowing that may be involved in its purchase. Long-lived capital goods may thus be made, in effect, more equivalent to shorter-lived producers' equipment, both from the standpoint of the effects of credit tightness on their purchase and from the standpoint of the obsolescence risk involved.

the interest cost is one important element in lenders' cost, and general credit tightness or ease tends to be transmitted to consumer credit through its influence on the strictness or leniency of credit standards applied by consumer-credit-granting institutions. Alteration of credit standards is a method by which lenders in this area control other important elements of their costs, namely, collection costs and losses by default. Because of the nature of the consumer credit market, selective credit regulation has been used in this field during emergency periods.

Residential mortgage credit. Mortgage borrowing for house purchases is considerably affected by increases in interest rates. Borrowing to buy houses is typically longterm and on an instalment-repayment basis. An increase in the interest rate, which adds to the monthly mortgage payment, raises the attractiveness of rental housing compared with ownership. Total spending for houses may thus be reduced, as some buyers are discouraged altogether and others are induced to buy cheaper houses. The effect of this on economic activity is felt most directly through the market for new houses. The size of the monthly payment on a mortgage, however, reflects the length of the borrowing term as well as the interest rate. By lengthening the period of mortgage repayment the restrictive effect in the housing sector of an increase in interest rates may be largely offset. It is, consequently, highly important to avoid encouragement of longer mortgage maturities during a period of boom when credit tightness is being relied on to maintain economic stability and hold down inflationary pressures. The tendencies described, of course, work in reverse to stimulate house purchases during a period of recession.

Investors and traders in corporate stock. The direct effect of changes in interest rates on demand for credit to finance purchases of

corporate stocks depends largely on what is happening in the stock market. When stock prices are stable, credit tends to be used by regular investors and professional traders who deal in lots of substantial size and expect only small unit profits. Credit demand for such transactions may be sensitive to interest rates, since the increased cost of higher rates may wipe out profits, while lower rates will tend to add to profits. On the other hand, when stock prices are rising or declining under the impact of speculative pressures, the expectation of quick capital gains may be so strong as to make borrowing costs a matter of distinctly secondary importance. In such circumstances, selective credit regulation of margin requirements on loans to purchase or carry stocks can aid in restraining credit expansion in this area.

Tighter or easier credit conditions may indirectly affect borrowing on stocks through their influence on the pace of economic activity. The willingness of individuals to buy and hold stocks, both outright and on credit, is necessarily related to their judgments of business developments and prospects.

EFFECT ON SAVING

Changes in credit conditions and concomitant changes in interest rates will affect the volume of savings. If some groups in the economy increase their savings, an increase can take place in investment expenditures, or in consumption expenditures financed by borrowing or by drawing down asset holdings, without resulting in an increase in the total demand in the economy.

To trace the effects on saving of a tightening or easing of credit and the accompanying changes in interest rates requires a manysided approach. To begin with, one needs to have in mind some facts about the term "saving" as it is generally used. First of all, saving may be done not only by individuals

(including unincorporated businesses) but also by corporations and certain other institutional forms in the economy. Second, and more important, the aggregate volume of individual or other saving in any period is a total of the experiences of all who saved in the period, minus the total of all who consumed, or distributed as dividends, more than their incomes—that is, dissaved—by borrowing or by drawing on accumulated assets. Third, there are many forms of saving, or rather many uses of saving, and they vary in their response to credit tightening or ease and in their economic effects. In a discussion of how saving is affected by changes in credit conditions, each of these points must be considered.

For saving by individuals, credit tightness and a rise in interest rates, for example, may set up several cross currents of response. Some individuals save for the purpose of building up assets that will provide a retirement income of a certain size. As long-term interest rates rise, the amount of saving required for such an income declines. Such savers can reduce their saving and still meet their needs, if they choose to do so. On the other hand, some individuals are concerned about the current return and will save more when a more attractive return is available. It is not easy to establish where the balance of these motivations may be.

It is not necessary, however, that those who save increase their total saving in order to have an increase in the aggregate of personal saving. An increase in the aggregate of saving may be achieved by a reduction in the volume of dissaving—that is, a reduction in the extent to which consumption is financed by using past savings or by borrowing.

Here the effect of a tightening credit policy is clearer. First, since credit is less readily available, the amount of dissaving with borrowed funds will be reduced from what it

would otherwise have been. Second, dissaving through the use of previous savings will also be discouraged, depending on the form in which such savings are held. For savings held in marketable bonds and many other noncash assets, a decline in market values will accompany the general rise in interest rates. The sacrifice of principal involved in liquidation of these savings will deter dissaving of this kind. Dissaving through the use of past savings held in savings accounts or in other liquid forms will be less penalized. some types, however, the current interest return will rise with the general advance in interest rates and thus the accumulated savings will be more attractive to keep.

Another important consideration when credit conditions are tightening is that dissaving of any kind will be discouraged, and saving encouraged, by the fact that action to restrict the availability of credit is being taken for the purpose of restraining speculative and inflationary trends. There will be less incentive to hedge against advancing prices by buying in anticipation of such advances. The fact that measures are being taken to tighten credit and to curb monetary expansion will in itself reduce the likelihood of rising prices and lessen the incentive of individuals to buy goods ahead of needs. Also, overly optimistic expectations as to future income, other than from interest, will be tempered, and saving will be encouraged as a matter of prudent management of personal finances.

A business corporation saves when it pays out less in dividends in any period than it makes in profits. Dissaving occurs when losses are sustained or when more is distributed in dividends than is made in profits. Total corporate saving over any period is equal to the sum of all such saving minus all such dissaving. Again taking the situation of credit tightening, corporations that plan to expand plant and equipment are

likely to be more cautious in their dividend policies (save more) in order to ensure that funds will be available for such outlays. Because availability of credit is uncertain, other corporations will be inclined to hold larger cash balances rather than to increase dividends—on the chance that an emergency or a profit possibility requiring cash might develop.

Savings may be held or used in many different ways. Personal savings, for example, may be invested in capital assets, either directly, such as in houses or individual business enterprises, or indirectly, such as in corporate stocks or bonds. Savings may be held as accumulated cash balances in demand deposit accounts or as currency holdings. They may be channeled into savings institutions through increased ownership of savings deposits or shares, or through the building up of claims in pension funds, annuities, or life insurance. Savings may also be kept in savings bonds or other Government securities.

The form in which savers wish to hold savings, current or past, is of great importance for economic stability. A policy of credit and monetary restraint, for instance, can influence the decisions of many savers, both individuals and corporations, to invest new savings in such dollar claims as savings deposits or Government securities and to keep old savings in that form. Yields on these investments tend to become more attractive. At the same time the desire to invest in goods in order to beat price increases is reduced because the expectation of price increases, particularly of capital goods, is lessened. Holders of certain liquid savings, such as bonds, are discouraged from liquidating them to invest elsewhere by the fact that the selling prices of the bonds decline with increasing interest

In a period of recession, increased credit availability and declining interest rates, to-

gether with the expectation of continuing monetary ease, will tend to make employed individuals more willing to spend and go in debt for consumption and business purposes and corporations more willing to maintain dividend payments even though borrowing is required to provide for plant and equipment outlays. Both individuals and corporations will be encouraged by the greater certainty of credit availability and capital gains on assets held to rely on sales of such assets if necessary to meet future needs. Added to all this will be a growing confidence that declines in incomes and prices will be checked. Relatively low levels of interest rates on prime assets under such circumstances may encourage savers to invest in lower grade, higher yielding securities.

Effects Traced by Categories of Economic Activity

Gross national product of an economy may be divided for analytical purposes into categories of investment and consumption. Credit and monetary policy actions influence activity in these areas in varying degrees. For illustrative purposes it may be helpful to outline the effects of credit tightening on spending for broad categories of goods and services. The effects of credit easing would be generally the opposite of those for credit tightening. The discussion will be limited primarily to the initial and direct effects of credit and monetary action. No attempt will be made to relate to special economic sectors the pervasive indirect effects of such action.

Gross private domestic investment. New construction is ordinarily financed to a considerable extent through long-term credit. The volume of expenditures for this purpose is thus subject to substantial direct influence through credit measures. This is true of outlays for housing and for business construction, but perhaps most particularly for hous-

ing. In addition to the direct restraint through reduced credit availability, the effect of rising interest rates on capital values and on profit expectations is a restrictive factor in the construction area.

Since producers' durable equipment is frequently bought on credit, reduced availability of credit curtails such purchases. For some producers' goods the credit period is typically long and the interest rate is an important cost consideration. Interest cost is particularly relevant in connection with investment in heavy, long-lived equipment. The effect of rising interest rates on capital values and in changing the relationship between prices of existing capital assets and the cost of producing new assets is also of considerable significance here. In the purchase of some other types of equipment, credit is usually shorter term, and here the factor of interest cost may be less important, although less ready availability of credit is a deterrent to borrowing.

Changes in business inventories are influenced to an important extent by reduced availability of credit, for inventory investment is heavily dependent on short-term credit. There is usually a close business relationship between bankers and inventory borrowers, and changes in the credit climate will be quickly reflected in bankers' advice to borrowers to proceed cautiously. In addition, the mere existence of a policy of credit restraint will help to reduce the expectation of rapid price advances that encourage inventory speculation.

Personal consumption expenditures. Automobiles, household appliances, furniture, and other durable goods are frequently bought on credit, and limitation on the availability of credit will reduce such outlays. Interest rates in the credit market, however, have relatively little bearing on credit charges to consumers where credit is available. Be-

cause of general credit tightness, nevertheless, credit grantors will need to place greater emphasis on the creditworthiness of borrowers and on the terms on which the credit is extended. This change in lenders' attitudes will exclude some borrowers from the market, and the existence of some credit tightness will encourage others to postpone durable goods purchases if they expect lower prices later.

Credit is not a key factor in purchases of nondurable goods, although credit restraint may indirectly curb such expenditures by making it necessary for consumers to use more of their available cash and less credit for housing and for durable goods purchases, thus curtailing the money available for spending for other purposes. Also, merchants, because of reduced access to credit and higher interest costs on carrying charge account receivables, may screen applicants for such accommodation more carefully and pay more attention to prompt collection of outstanding accounts. Credit tightening will further have some influence on nondurable goods purchases through its encouragement of saving, which will presumably reduce buying of these as well as other goods, and through its effect in reducing the expectation of price increases, which will lessen advance buying of goods.

Since services are usually not bought on credit, credit tightness will have relatively little direct effect on such spending. Expenditures in this area will be affected indirectly in ways similar to the effect on spending for nondurable goods.

Net foreign purchases. A restrictive credit policy will tend to reduce the dollar volume of United States imports. Effects upon exports will be mixed. To the extent that restraint of domestic demands reduces prices, some United States materials and products may become more attractive to foreign buyers, and exports may be stimulated. On the

other hand, foreign purchases in this country may be reduced if short- or long-term credit in this country is restricted and if no alternative means of financing such payments are available. On balance, the over-all short-run effect on United States export-import trade is difficult to predict.

International movements of liquid funds to this country in response to interest rate increases or to changes in the outlook for stability in the United States economy might be substantial. If so, they would tend to be reflected in a flow of gold to this country, which would ease the credit situation somewhat unless offset by reserve banking action or other factors. Such movements of funds would tend, however, to tighten reserve positions abroad and might lead to restrictive credit developments there, assuming that inflationary pressures were world-wide. This would curb foreign demand for goods and reduce foreign purchases of goods in this country.

Government purchases of goods and services. The general availability and cost of credit, particularly in the long-term capital market, has an influence on the timing of State and local government outlays which require credit. The outlays of the Federal Government are influenced considerably less by the availability and cost of credit.

SECONDARY EFFECTS

The effects of changes in credit conditions on lending, spending, and saving discussed in this article are their initial and more direct results in combating excess or deficient demand and resultant inflationary or deflationary pressures. These initial effects are succeeded by secondary effects which may be of great importance. If credit becomes tighter, for example, initially less money is paid out to consumers at a time when additional money income would merely increase

prices without expanding the supply of goods available. As a result, there will be less to spend for goods and services in later periods, and accordingly an abatement in further pressure of demand against the supply of goods. Curtailed spending for consumer goods and other finished products in turn will have a dampening effect on the demand for machines and other producers' equipment to make them. Consumers and investors may anticipate these secondary effects and, through their attitudes and actions, may bring them about more promptly and in greater amount.

Magnitude of Interest Rate Changes

Interest rates, as the prices paid for credit, perform the important function of influencing the flow of funds into various channels. They also serve as a basis for establishing the present value of any assets which are expected to provide income over a succession of years. Changes in interest rates constitute signals and incentives by means of which demand for funds is kept in balance with supply.

Thus far the discussion has been carried on without specific reference to the magnitude of interest rate changes. As has been explained, a tightening of credit involves an increase in interest rates; an easing of credit, a decline in interest rates. Higher interest rates tend to eliminate some marginal demand for loans. At the same time the increased interest rates, combined with capital losses on assets and a change in business expectations, make lenders more selective in their lending activities and spenders in general less willing to spend. Conversely, lower interest rates tend to increase marginal borrowing, to encourage lenders to expand into lower grade securities, and to make spenders generally more willing to spend.

The magnitude of interest rate changes

necessary to bring supply and demand for funds into equilibrium and to retard the development of inflation or deflation depends on many factors. This section will give some examples of these factors, with specific reference to their operation in periods of tightening credit conditions.

Kinds of interest rates. There are many interest rates because there are many kinds and grades of loans and investments. They are all related to one another in some degree and reflect in varying measure the relationship in the market between the demand for credit and the supply of funds available for lending and investing.

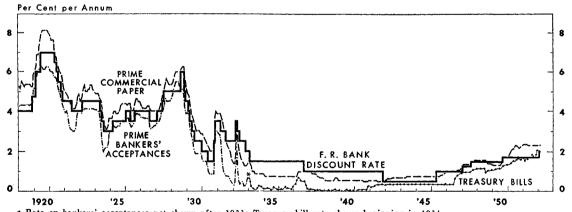
In a free enterprise system, interest rates are established by the interplay of market forces. Traditionally, reserve banking influence is directed to expanding or contracting the supply, availability, and cost of Reserve Bank credit as needed to maintain general economic and financial stability. This activity necessarily affects the supply, availability, and cost of other credit. The Reserve Bank discount rate has a relationship to the cost of credit generally. Since Reserve Bank advances are extended on short-term paper of prime quality, the relationship between the

discount rate and other market rates is closest in the short-term prime credit area.

Under present conditions in the United States, Government securities play a key role in the credit market. The market rate on Treasury bills is the most sensitive index of changes in credit market forces, including particularly changes in commercial bank reserve positions. Other short-term interest rates usually have generally similar movements. When credit and monetary demands expand and member bank borrowing at the Reserve Banks increases, rates on short-term Government securities tend to rise, and this tendency toward higher rates is in turn transmitted to other credit markets. The discount rate is adjusted or not in accordance with the judgment of the Federal Reserve as to the general economic situation and the strength and soundness of credit developments. The relation of the discount rate to other short-term interest rates since the First World War is shown in the chart.

Long-term rates generally rise when shortterm rates rise and decline when short-term rates decline. The tighter or easier credit conditions which accompany changes in business activity are generally felt directly in both

SHORT-TERM INTEREST RATES



* Rate on bankers' acceptances not shown after 1933; Treasury bill rate shown beginning in 1934.

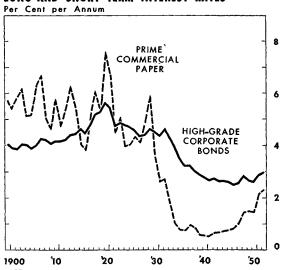
Note.—Federal Reserve discount rate is rate at Federal Reserve Bank of New York; from October 30, 1942, to April 24, 1946, preferential rate on advances secured by short-term Government securities is shown. Monthly averages of prevailing weekly rates are shown for prime 4 to 6-month commercial paper and prime 90-day bankers' acceptances. Treasury bill rate is average rate on new issues during month. Latest figures are for February 1953.

long- and short-term fields. Moreover, for some lenders the long-term markets for credit are competitive with the short-term markets.

While short- and long-term rates generally move together, the change in long-term rates is ordinarily smaller in magnitude than that in short-term rates. Lenders generally expect extreme levels of short-term rates to prevail for only a short period of time. Since the current yield on long-term securities will be received until the maturity of the security, a relatively small change in long-term rates will restore the competitive relationship. Moreover, as already noted, when yields rise the capital loss incurred on long-term securities may serve to check sales and thus moderate the rise in long-term yields. Short-term paper, on the other hand, is generally held by both banks and nonbank investors for the express purpose of adjusting to changed requirements for funds and hence tends to be sold or bought as cash assets temporarily fall below or rise above desired levels.

In recent years, long-term rates have been constantly above short-term rates, but this has

LONG-AND SHORT-TERM INTEREST RATES



Note.—Annual averages of monthly figures. High grade corporate bond yield series comprises Standard and Poor's Corporation series on high-grade railroad bonds through 1919, Moody Investors' Service series on Aaa railroad bonds for period 1920-29, and Moody series on Aaa public utility bonds beginning in 1930.

not always been the case. The chart shows the relationship since 1900 between the commercial paper rate and the yield on long-term corporate bonds.

Influence of general economic and financial factors. The extent of interest rate increases under conditions of credit tightness will depend on the entire economic background at the time. To understand that background calls for careful consideration of many questions. For example, how strong are the credit demand pressures? By what forces are they being generated? How extended or overextended is the underlying economy itself? How optimistic is the climate of business expectations? And always, in appraising the possible response of interest rates to a general tightening of credit, it is necessary to take into account the established organization of the credit market and the investment and operating experience of the institutions which make up this market.

Under some circumstances, reserve banking measures involving only minor increases in interest rates would be adequate to restrain undue credit and monetary expansion; with another background, effective credit and monetary policy would require pronounced increases in rates.

The response of the economy to reserve banking action will depend in part on the habits and patterns of financial management built up over the preceding months and years. Restrictive action, for example, may be effective with relatively small increases in interest rates if existing interest levels have prevailed for some time. Under these circumstances, institutional investors will be doing business on the assumption that interest rates will remain substantially stable and that consequently securities may be sold without significant loss. To these investors and to a great many others, a tightening of credit will introduce new problems of liquidity and

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bring about a retrenchment in their activities, including their commitments to grant credit at some future time. In the light of extensive past experience, uncertainty regarding future interest-rate increases will promote caution among lenders as long as demand for credit continues strong.

The absolute level of interest rates prevailing at a given time and the range of variation in interest rates for various kinds and grades of credit are other factors influencing the extent to which a given credit action may cause interest rates to change. A given absolute increase in rates, for example, has a more depressing effect on the capital values of prime long-term investments if they are capitalized on the basis of a $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent rate rather than at 4 per cent. More significantly, if the spread between the rate on prime paper and the rates on secondary grade credits has been small, the impact on capital values of a given increase in prime rates will tend to be carried more quickly throughout the entire credit market than if a wider spread in rates has prevailed.

The effect of a change in interest rates depends also on the total volume of those types of assets having market prices that will respond quickly to such a change. The larger this volume is, the greater and more immediate will be the impact on the entire economy of a given interest rate movement. On balance, developments in the American credit market in the past 25 years, including particularly the large expansion in marketable public debt, have increased the importance of assets having prices that move promptly with interest rate changes.

Influence of special credit conditions. Institutional and other factors that exist in the credit market at a particular time can have a big influence on the responsiveness of the economy to credit tightness and on the size of interest rate increases that credit

tightness will bring about. In 1928 and 1929, for example, speculation in the stock market had raised stock prices so high that equity capital was available to corporations on more attractive terms than debt capital. The cost of debt financing (the long-term interest rate) was increasing, but a corporation could sell stock on such favorable terms that this became the favored method of financing. In this period corporations relied heavily on the equity market for capital. Investors on their part were attracted into equities by prospects for future gains, even though yields on highgrade bonds were higher than those currently obtainable on stocks. The stock market boom in those years was based largely on margin trading financed heavily in the brokers' loan market, mostly by nonbank credit (loans to brokers and dealers for the account of others). Interest rates of 9 per cent or more in this market did not prevent a large volume of borrowing for speculation in stocks.

Under such circumstances, credit actions taken to restrict the general availability of credit could not easily be made effective in curbing an unsustainable speculative boom in the stock market except by affecting economic activity in general and in that way making investment in equities unprofitable. Despite the decline in long-term interest rates in the downturn that followed the eventual stock-market crash, long-term borrowing was still considerably less attractive than the equity financing that had been available to many prime borrowers in 1929. Legislation designed to prevent a repetition of this situation authorized the Federal Reserve through margin requirements to regulate the use of credit in the stock market.

Under other and quite different circumstances, restraint on credit may have a sharply restrictive influence before the interest rate rise has been large. For example, when a large amount of business financing is being

done in the bond market, investment underwriters and security dealers need to carry a substantial inventory of bonds. For these institutions the ratio of capital to this inventory is typically small, and their operations are heavily dependent on the use of shortterm bank credit. Moderate increases in interest rates cause the value of their inventory of bonds to decline, put their capital positions in jeopardy, threaten their creditworthiness, and cause them to reduce the volume of new flotations of securities that they are willing to undertake.

To give another example, in the spring of 1951 the mortgage market was particularly sensitive to a moderate increase in long-term rates. This was because major lenders were overextended in their lending commitments. In response to the change in the credit situation at that time, and the uncertainty as to future interest rate and security price levels, these lenders reduced sharply their commitment activities in mortgage financing and to some extent in other financing also. This brought about some limitation on the volume of their lending, which up to that time had been running substantially in excess of the funds they had from repayments of old loans and new savings, with the difference made up by sales of Government securities which in turn had been purchased by the Federal Reserve at supported prices.

CONCLUDING COMMENT

This article has described the way in which a general tightening or easing of credit, with accompanying changes in interest rates, may function to help maintain economic stability. It has not dealt with the many forces, other than credit and monetary forces, that cause instability. It has taken for granted that credit and monetary measures are not the only reliance of public policy in sustaining economic balance.

The discussion has largely focused on the broader effects of credit tightness and rising interest rates on lending, spending, and saving. The mechanism of credit ease is in general the opposite of credit tightness. The response to credit easing, however, is greatly influenced by cyclical or other prevailing circumstances, and the effectiveness of credit easing in checking monetary contraction and in bringing about resumed growth in economic activity depends greatly on earlier effective reliance on credit tightness to limit excessive credit and monetary expansion.

In considering the mechanism of credit tightness and related interest rate increases in counteracting unsound business booms, it is important to bear in mind the alternative to such developments. To avoid credit tightness it would be necessary to supply additional funds to meet all demands, even though they might be excessive from the standpoint of the maintenance of stable economic progress. In a free enterprise economy, decisions regarding the use of purchasing power are made by the individuals who receive incomes and have savings, rather than dictated by government. The extent to which it is possible to devote resources to expansion of productive capacity and the stock of housing and commercial construction without generating excessive, inflationary bank credit and monetary expansion depends largely on the combination of individual decisions to save and to dissave—on the aggregate volume of saving. When savings are very large, as they ordinarily are in this country, sustained expansion is possible in substantial volume without an excessive and unstabilizing growth of credit and money.

Reprints of this article are available upon request from the Division of Administrative Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington 25, D. C.

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LAW DEPARTMENT

Administrative interpretations of banking laws, new regulations issued by the Board of Governors, and other similar material

Margin Requirements for Purchasing Securities

Supplements to Regulations T and U

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, effective February 20, 1953, amended the Supplement to Regulation T entitled "Extension and Maintenance of Credit by Brokers, Dealers, and Members of National Securities Exchanges," and amended the Supplement to Regulation U entitled "Loans by Banks for the Purpose of Purchasing or Carrying Stocks Registered on a National Securities Exchange" so as to decrease the margin requirements from 75 per cent to 50 per cent for credit extended by brokers and banks to finance purchases of stock exchange securities. The decreased margins also apply to short sales. The texts of the Supplements as thus amended are as follows:

SUPPLEMENT TO REGULATION T

Issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System Effective February 20, 1953 Maximum loan value for general accounts.—The maximum loan value of a registered security (other than an exempted security) in a general account, subject to section 3 of Regulation T, shall be 50 per cent of its current market value.

Margin required for short sales in general accounts.—The amount to be included in the adjusted debit balance of a general account, pursuant to section 3(d)(3) of Regulation T, as margin required for short sales of securities (other than exempted securities) shall be 50 per cent of the current market value of each such security.

SUPPLEMENT TO REGULATION U

Issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System Effective February 20, 1953

For the purpose of section 1 of Regulation U, the maximum loan value of any stock, whether or not registered on a national securities exchange, shall be 50 per cent of its current market value, as determined by any reasonable method.

CURRENT EVENTS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

Federal Reserve Meetings

The Federal Advisory Council met in Washington on February 15-17, 1953. The annual organization meeting of the Council was held on February 15, at which Edward E. Brown, Chairman of the First National Bank of Chicago, was re-elected President; Robert V. Fleming, President and Chairman of The Riggs National Bank, was re-elected Vice President; and Herbert V. Prochnow was reappointed Secretary. The Council met with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on February 17.

A meeting of the Presidents of the Federal Reserve Banks was held in Washington on March 2 and 3, and on March 5 the Presidents met with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

On March 4 and 5 a meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee was held. At the meeting on March 4, William McC. Martin, Jr., was

re-elected Chairman of the Committee and Allan Sproul, Vice Chairman. The representative members of the Committee elected by the Federal Reserve Banks for the period of one year beginning March 1, 1953, are Allan Sproul, J. A. Erickson, Ray M. Gidney, Delos C. Johns, and O. S. Powell, Presidents of the Federal Reserve Banks of New York, Boston, Cleveland, St. Louis, and Minneapolis, respectively.

Appointment of Class C Director and Deputy Chairman

On February 25, 1953, the Board of Governors announced the appointment of Mr. Bert R. Prall, President, Butler Brothers, Chicago, Illinois, as a Class C director of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago for the term ending December 31, 1954, and Deputy Chairman for the remaining portion of the year 1953. Mr. Prall succeeded Mr. Franklin J. Lunding, Director and Chief Executive Officer,

Jewel Tea Company, Inc., Chicago, Illinois, who resigned.

Resignation of Branch Director

On February 13, 1953, the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta accepted the resignation of Mr. A. J. Goodwin, Jr., Vice President, The Anniston National Bank, Anniston, Alabama, as a director of the Birmingham Branch. Mr. Goodwin had served as a director of the Birmingham Branch since January 1, 1952.

Election of Class B Director

The Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta on March 10, 1953, announced the election of Mr. Pollard Turman, President, J. M. Tull Metal and Supply Company, Inc., Atlanta, Georgia, as a Class B director of the Bank for the term ending December 31, 1954. He succeeded Mr. J. A. McCrary, Vice President and Treasurer, J. B. McCrary Company, Inc., Atlanta, Georgia. Mr. Turman served as Counsel for the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta from May 1, 1939, until June 1, 1944, when he was appointed General Counsel. He served in that capacity until June 1, 1947, when he resigned to become associated with the J. M. Tull Metal and Supply Company, Inc.

Appointments of Branch Directors

On March 13, 1953, the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta appointed Mr. Malcolm A. Smith, First Vice President, Birmingham Trust National Bank, Birmingham, Alabama, as a director of the Birmingham Branch for the term expiring December 31, 1954. Mr. Smith succeeded Mr. A. J. Goodwin, Jr., who resigned.

On March 17, 1953, the Board of Governors announced the appointment of Mr. Thomas H. Wilson, President, Treasurer, and Advertising Manager, Henredon Furniture Industries, Inc., Morganton, N. C., as a director of the Charlotte Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond for the term ending December 31, 1955. Mr. Wilson succeeded Mr. W. A. L. Sibley, Vice President and Treasurer, Monarch Mills, Union, S. C., whose term expired.

New BULLETIN Tables

New tables on real estate credit, on pages 273-275 of this BULLETIN, bring together pertinent data from various sources. Federal Reserve estimates are included for several series, chiefly to provide current data at more frequent intervals.

The tables relate principally to outstanding credit and include data on debt by major types of property mortgaged, mortgages held by major types of investors, and Federally-underwritten and conventional debt. Data are shown for total mortgage debt and for debt secured by small nonfarm, other nonfarm, and farm properties. Mortgage holdings, in some detail, are shown for the major types of private financial institutions—commercial banks, mutual savings banks, life insurance companies, and savings and loan associations—and for selected Federal agencies and others.

The tables also include data on the volume of mortgage lending as shown in mortgage recordings of \$20,000 or less, in activities of savings and loan associations and life insurance companies, and in operations of Federal agencies that influence mortgage lending volume and practices, including the Federal Housing Administration, Veterans Administration, Federal National Mortgage Association, and Federal Home Loan Banks.

The set of tables on consumer credit, which previously followed the gross national product and related series, now is included on pages 276-278 of this BULLETIN, after the new set on real estate credit statistics.

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Banking offices: Analysis of changes in number of On, and not on, Federal Reserve Par	Feb. 1953	181
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Annually		
Bank suspensions	Feb. 1952	135
Earnings and expenses: Federal Reserve Banks	Feb. 1953	182-183
Member banks: Calendar year First half of year	May 1952 Oct. 1952	556-566 1159
Banks and branches, number of, by class and State Operating ratios, member banks	May 1952 Aug. 1952	567-568 937-939

Admissions of State Banks to Membership in the Federal Reserve System

The following State banks were admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System during the period January 16, 1953 to February 15, 1953:

California

Compton—Compton Commercial and Savings Bank.

San Francisco—The Bank of Tokyo of California.
San Francisco—The Sumitomo Bank (California).

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NATIONAL SUMMARY OF BUSINESS CONDITIONS

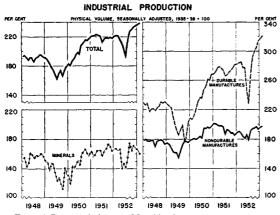
[Compiled February 25 and released for publication February 27]

Industrial production continued to rise in January and February and construction activity was maintained at advanced levels. Retail sales were down somewhat more than seasonally from the record year-end level. Wholesale prices continued to show little change, while consumer prices declined slightly further.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

The Board's index of industrial production rose two points in January to 237 per cent of the 1935-39 average. A small further rise is indicated in February, reflecting mainly continued gains in output of consumer durable goods.

Production of passenger autos has increased sharply since December and in February reached an estimated annual rate of 6.2 million units. Seasonally adjusted output of major household goods, notably television sets, also expanded further in January and apparently continued at advanced levels in February. Activity in producers' and military equipment industries has been generally maintained. Among materials, lumber showed a large further gain in January after sea-Output of aluminum, up sonal adjustment. markedly in January, exceeded the year-ago level by almost one-sixth owing mainly to additions to Other nonferrous metals generally changed little in January. Steel ingot production in February held close to the record January rate.



Federal Reserve indexes. Monthly figures, latest shown are for February.

In January output of nondurable goods largely recovered from the temporary December decline. Activity at cotton and rayon textile and paperboard mills continued somewhat below October-November rates but there were increases at plants making leather and rubber products. Output of chemicals and refined petroleum products continued at advanced levels.

A slight further decline in minerals output in January resulted from curtailment of coal and crude petroleum production. Bituminous coal mining decreased somewhat further in the first half of February.

Construction

Value of construction contract awards declined by more than one-fourth in January, reflecting largely a substantial drop in awards for nonresidential building. The total, however, remained almost one-fifth above a year ago. The number of housing units started totaled 71,000 as compared with 76,000 in December and 65,000 in January, 1952. Value of new work put in place in January, after allowance for seasonal influences, continued at the very high level of other recent months.

EMPLOYMENT

Seasonally adjusted employment in nonfarm establishments continued in January at the peak of 47.8 million, 1.3 million above a year ago. The



F. W. Dodge Corporation data for 37 Eastern States. Monthly figures, latest shown are for January.

March 1953

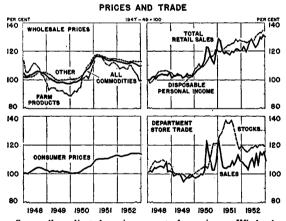
work week in factories declined seasonally but, at 41.1 hours, was at a postwar high for the month; average hourly earnings remained at \$1.73 and average weekly earnings declined about 2 per cent to \$71.27. Unemployment increased to 1.9 million in January, owing mainly to the usual seasonal reduction in outdoor construction activity, but remained below the level of a year ago.

DISTRIBUTION

Department store sales in January and the first two weeks of February were close to year-ago levels, reflecting a more than seasonal decline from the high levels of late 1952. Seasonally adjusted sales at most other nondurable goods stores also declined in January, while sales of most durable goods outlets—particularly automobile dealers—expanded somewhat. Department store stocks at the end of January, after seasonal adjustment, are estimated to have been at the year-ago level or little changed from other recent months.

COMMODITY PRICES

The average level of wholesale prices continued to change little from mid-January through February. Beef prices declined substantially further as marketings continued in large volume, but pork advanced in large part seasonally. Grains decreased markedly early in February but subsequently recovered.



Seasonally adjusted series except for prices. Wholesale prices and consumer prices, Bureau of Labor Statistics indexes. Total retail sales and disposable personal income, Federal Reserve indexes based on Department of Commerce data. Department store trade, Federal Reserve indexes. Monthly figures, latest shown are for January.

Prices of some industrial materials such as zinc, rubber, and fats and oils declined, while certain other materials, some of which were decontrolled in February, advanced.

Consumer prices declined slightly further in January and February, reflecting chiefly decreases in prices of meats and some other foods.

BANK CREDIT

Loans and investments at banks in leading cities continued to decline between mid-January and mid-February. Reduction in bank holdings of Government securities, largely Treasury bills, accounted for most of the contraction. Loans to food processors, commodity dealers, and sales finance companies declined seasonally while loans to metal manufacturers increased further. Consumer and real estate loans continued to rise.

Member bank reserve positions remained under pressure during late January and February despite a substantial decline in required reserves. Losses of reserves resulted largely from a gold outflow and from further reductions in System holdings of Government securities. Member bank discounts with the Federal Reserve averaged over 1½ billion dollars.

SECURITY MARKETS

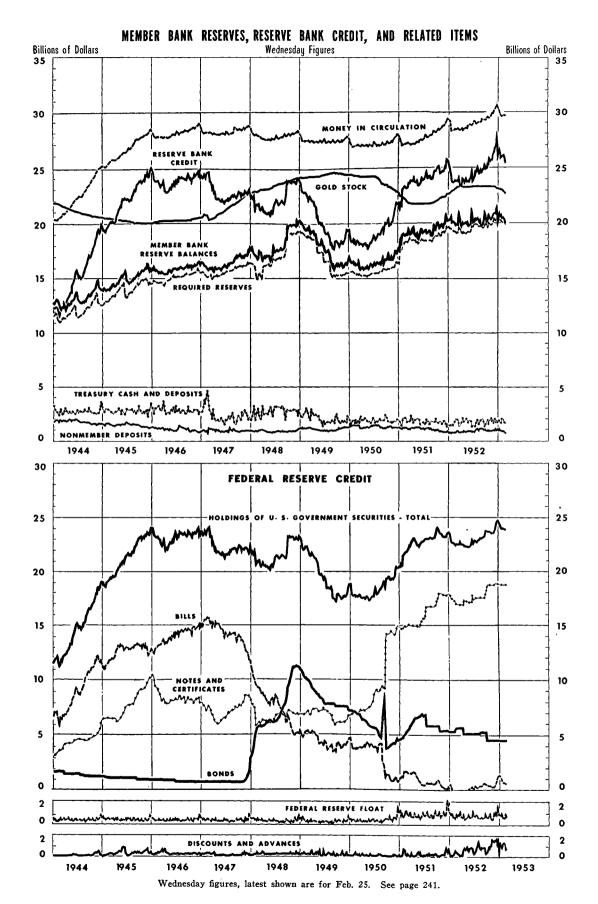
Yields on United States Government securities fluctuated within a narrow range during the first half of February, but moved higher in the following week. On January 30 the Secretary of the Treasury announced the terms of two new issues offered in exchange for 8.9 billion dollars of 1% per cent certificates of indebtedness maturing on February 15—a 2% per cent one-year certificate and a 2% per cent five-year ten-month bond. The offering was exceptionally well received, with cash redemptions only 1.5 per cent of the maturing issue.

Yields on high-grade corporate bonds continued to rise, reaching a postwar high in the third week of February. Common stock prices declined in the first week of February but showed little change in the following two weeks. Margin requirements on credit for purchasing or carrying securities were reduced from 75 to 50 per cent, effective February 20.

FINANCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS UNITED STATES

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Tables on the following pages include the principal statistics of current significance relating to financial and business developments in the United States. The data relating to Federal Reserve Banks, member banks of the Federal Reserve System, and department store trade, and the consumer credit estimates are derived from regular reports made to the Board; index numbers of production are compiled by the Board on the basis of material collected by other agencies; figures for gold stock, money in circulation, Treasury finance, and operations of Government credit agencies are obtained from statements of the Treasury; the remaining financial data and other series on business activity are obtained largely from other sources. Back figures through 1941 for banking and monetary tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, Banking and Monetary Statistics; back figures for many other tables may be obtained from earlier BULLETINS.



MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT, AND RELATED ITEMS

[In millions of dollars]

	R	leserve l	Bank cre	edit outs	tandin	g					T				ember ba					
Date or period	Dis- counts			Government securities		rities		urities			Gold stock	Treas- ury cur- rency	Money in cir-	Treas- ury cash	Treas- ury de- posits with Federal	Non- mem- ber de-	Other Fed- eral Re-			
	and ad- vances	Total	Bonds	Bills, certifi- cates, and notes	All other ¹	Total	0000	out- stand- ing		cula- tion hold- ings		posits	serve ac- counts	Total	Re- quired?	Ex- cess²				
Wednesday figures:																				
1952—Jan. 2 Jan. 9 Jan. 16 Jan. 23 Jan. 30	198 135 112	23,658 23,452 23,119 22,993 22,785	5,344 5,344 5,344	17,775 17,649	1,118	24,825 24,554 24,372 24,116 23,707	22,822 22,872	4,706 4,707 4,710 4,711 4,716	28,800 28,526 28,342	1,275 1,280 1,291 1,280 1,302	8 69 138 11 221	771	743 744 743	20,369 20,488 20,660	19,685 19,551 19,590 19,573 19,455	679 818 898 1,087 558				
Feb. 6 Feb. 13 Feb. 20 Feb. 27	619 454	22,614 22,499 22,400 22,555	5,344 5,471	17,270 17,155 16,929 16,919	634	23,656 23,753 23,887 23,750	23,011	4,717 4,717 4,721 4,722	28.425	1,317 1,276 1,308 1,308	52 261 491 712	728 685 749 730	741 738	20,148 20,094 20,007 19,710	19,415 19,304 19,293 19,224	733 790 714 486				
Mar. 5 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 26	357 126	22,514 22,530 22,825 22,528	5,636 5,636	16,894 17,189	891	23,883 23,778 24,216 23,413	23.291	4,726 4,726 4,729 4,731	28,452 28,361	1,296 1,296 1,285 1,282	670 639 6 7	895 841 742 736	785 803	19,787 19,781 21,038 20,276	19,182 19,627	621 599 1,411 776				
Apr. 2 Apr. 9 Apr. 16 Apr. 23 Apr. 30	167 622 830	22,514 22,494 22,467 22,372 22,363	5,636 5,136 5,136	17,236	11.020	23,409 23,393 24,109 23,973 23,632	23,293 23,295	4,736 4,736 4,737 4,738 4,739	28,526 28,436	1,281 1,273 1,288 1,287 1,284	295 381 520 877 450	776 763 853 809 784	827 825 824	19,812 19,652 20,218 19,875 19,940	19.076	646 576 993 788 797				
May 7 May 14 May 21 May 28	671 499	22,329 22,315 22,283 22,273	5,136 5,136		770	24,067 23,764 23,794 23,742	23.297	4,739 4,739 4,739 4,741	28,523 28,497 28,483 28,710	1,286 1,293 1,279 1,286	749 516 384 558	762 796 813 813	745 745	20,034 19,953 20,127 19,667	19,071 19,092 19,181 19,217	963 861 946 450				
June 4 June 11 June 18 June 25	834 541	22,378 22,492 22,997 22,564	5,136 5,136	17,242 17,356 17,861 17,428	775 803 1,289 882	24,079 24,128 24,828 23,753	23.297	4,747 4,750 4,751 4,752	28,842 28,830 28,787 28,814	1,282 1,284 1,286 1,290	527 507 9 134	824 834 768 813	742 794	19,906 19,978 21,232 20,006	19,226 19,736	699 752 1,496 385				
July 2 July 9 July 16 July 23 July 30	480 683 974 1,073 1,403	22,869 22,860 22,723 22,726 22,844	5,136 5,136 5,136 5,136 5,136	17,733 17,724 17,587 17,590 17,708	806 923 974 875 660	24,155 24,465 24,671 24,674 24,907	23,346 23,347 23,348 23,350 23,350	4,755 4,754 4,756 4,756 4,761	29,148	1,277 1,264 1,271 1,275 1,286	90 38 307 482 605	760 906 988 1,016 1,042	799 797 797	20,153 20,413 20,422 20,326 20,409	20,008	49 405 449 451 580				
Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 20 Aug. 27	770 979	22,977 23,051 23,032 23,092	5,236 5,236	17,814 17,815 17,796 17,856	732 799	24,440 24,553 24,810 24,603	23,344 23,344	4,763 4,764 4,766 4,768	29,041 29,051 29,068 29,129	1,279 1,277 1,281 1,276	270 422 526 707	982 1,057 1,057 1,084	722 718 721 721	20,260 20,136 20,267 19,797	19,675 19,692 19,652 19,643	585 444 615 154				
Sept. 3 Sept. 10 Sept. 17 Sept. 24	968 880 313 400	23,182 23,229 23,740 23,715	5,236 5,236 5,236 5,236	17,946 17,993 18,504 18,479	666 764 1,195 742	24,816 24,872 25,249 24,857	23,344 23,344 23,344 23,343	4,774 4,776 4,780 4,781	29,391 29,364 29,292 29,247	1,285 1,279 1,281 1,274	715 347 6 264	1,066 948 998 889	715 729	19,760 20,340 21,067 20,581	19,549 19,957	249 791 1,110 680				
Oct. 1 Oct. 8 Oct. 15 Oct. 22 Oct. 29	1,019 772 1,130	23,694 23,663 23,663 23,663 23,624	4,522 4,522 4,522	19,172 19,141 19,141 19,141 19,102	702 891 1,074	24,963 25,384 25,325 25,867 25,505	23,341 23,341 23,340	4,787 4,787 4,787 4,790 4,790	29,417 29,545 29,617 29,511 29,540	1,287 1,280 1,276 1,281 1,289	523 596 212 618 588	884 972 854 929 891	880 881 878	20,098 20,239 20,613 20,779 20,449	20,128	336 672 524 651 474				
Nov. 5 Nov. 12 Nov. 19 Nov. 26	1.583	23,520 23,567 23,563 23,761	4,522 4,522 4,526 4,528	18,998 19,045 19,037 19,233	1,143	25,714 25,696 26,193 26,301	23,337	4,794 4,794 4,797 4,797	29,748 29,905 29,842 30,152	1,278 1,282 1,292 1,267	789 505 703 317	893 883 949 981	805	20,334 20,447 20,738 20,917	19,884 19,906 20,073 20,409	450 541 665 508				
Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	1,752	23,968 24,239 24,469 24,613 24,697	4,537	19,702 19,936	870 1,547 1,519	26,860 27,039	23,337 23,277 23,186	4,803 4,804 4,806 4,809 4,812	30,274 30,370 30,487 30,732 30,433	1,278 1,280 1,269 1,266 1,270	719 645 371 665 389	881 1,036 937 930 1,005	802 860	20,939 20,868 21,198 21,400 19,950	20,371 20,288 20,582 20,531 20,520	568 580 616 869 570				
1953—Jan. 7 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28	1,076 862	24,391 24,205 24,034 23,970	4,522	19,869 19,683 19,512 19,448	885 1,009	26,695 26,166 25,904 26,009	23,137 23,088	4,814 4,814 4,814 4,815	30,153 29,884 29,687 29,592	1,280 1,280 1,291 1,298	622 455 343 745	913 1,063 970 949	776 774	20,902 20,660 20,741 20,502	20,309 20,274 20,255 20,095	593 386 486 407				
Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25	1,329 732	23,989 23,929 23,890 23,853	4,522 4,522 4,522 4,522	19,467 19,407 19,368 19,331	653 1,027	26,148 25,912 25,648 25,406	22,832 22,722	4,820 4,820 4,821 4,821	29,657 29,776 29,654 29,735	1,331 1,312 1,288 1,291	672 431 395 389	888 898 702 665	770 770 835 834	20,584 20,376 20,318 19,975	19,956 19,894 \$19,981 \$19,809	628 482 9337 9166				

 ^{*}Preliminary.
 Includes industrial loans and acceptances purchased, which are shown separately in subsequent tables.
 These figures are estimated.
 Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 101-103, pp. 369-394; for description, see pp. 360-366 in the same publication.

MEMBER BANK RESERVES, RESERVE BANK CREDIT. AND RELATED ITEMS—Continued

In millions of dollars

						(In	millions o	or dollar	si							
	R	eserve 1	erve Bank credit outstanding												mber bar	
Date or period	Dis-		Govern				Gold	old cur-	Money in cir-	Treas- ury cash	Treas- ury de- posits with	Non- mem-	Other Fed- eral Re-			
Date of period	counts and ad- vances To	Total	Bonds	Bills, certifi- cates, and notes	All other ¹	Total	stock	out- stand- ing	cula- tion	hold- ings	Federal Re- serve Banks	ber de- posits	serve ac- counts	Total	Re- quired³	Ex- cess ²
End of period:											-					
1929—June 29 1933—June 30 1939—Dec. 30 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—June 30 Dec. 30 1951—June 30 Dec. 31	163 85 223 78 43 67 53	2,484	441 1,351 1,467 947 753 2,853 10,977 7,218 5,618 4,620 6,822	145 1,557 1,133 787 23,315 22,597 19,706 12,356 11,667 12,713 16,158 16,160 18,457	580 581 536 542 536 329 1,371 1,007	2,220	4,031 17,644 22,737 20,065 20,529 22,754 24,244 24,427 24,231 22,706 21,756	2,019 2,286 2,963 3,247 4,339 4,562 4,562 4,589 4,607 4,636 4,655 4,709	27,600 27,156	204 264 2,409 2,215 2,287 2,272 1,336 1,312 1,298 1,293 1,281 1,270	36 35 634 867 977 393 870 1,123 821 950 668 317 247	1,517 1,431	346 251 291 495 607 563 590 706 771 714 765	2,356 2,292 11,653 12,450 15,915 16,139 17,899 20,479 20,479 16,568 15,934 17,681 19,020 20,056	1,817 6,444 9,365 14,457 15,577 16,400 19,277 15,550 15,498 16,509 18,604	475 5,209 3,085 1,458 562 1,499 1,202 1,018 436
1952—Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1953—Jan. Feb.	133 676 952 59 1,270 1,318 477 1,591 1,895 156 1,735	22,528 22,514 22,363 22,273 22,906 22,853 23,146 23,694 23,575 23,821 24,697 23,944 23,875	5,636 5,136 5,136 5,136 5,236 5,236 4,522 4,527 4,522	16,892 16,878 17,227 17,137 17,770 17,717 17,910 18,458 19,053 19,294 20,175 19,422 19,353	623 593 927 586 699 751 577 689 1,024 971	23,904 23,270 23,632 24,152 24,821 25,216 24,747 25,855 26,740 25,825 26,478 26,194	23,298 23,296 23,346 23,350 23,344 23,342 23,339 23,338 23,187	4,754 4,762 4,776 4,786 4,795 4,802 4,812 4,820	28,464 28,767 29,026 28,978 29,293 29,419 29,644 30,236 30,433 29,691	1,281 1,269 1,278 1,268 1,261 1,270 1,308	809	1,094 846 991 1,157 881 887	801 749 743 783 723 718 723 805 801 777 770		19,143 19,187 19,573 19,576 19,576 19,747 19,996 20,354	495 835 319 620 795 -570 614
Averages of daily figures:		:														
1952—Feb. Mar. Apr. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1953—Jan. Feb.	314 365 573 585 1,092 1,059 723 1,093 1,577 1,633 1,372	22,552 22,634 22,448 22,617 22,798 23,027 23,471 23,657 23,638 24,400 24,202 23,918	5,636 5,354 5,136 5,136 5,216 5,236 4,522 4,524 4,522 4,522	17,120 16,998 17,094 17,172 17,481 17,662 17,811 18,235 19,135 19,114 19,878 19,680 19,396	942 913 823 941 895 738 861 931 958 1,266	23,826 23,890 23,726 23,704 24,144 24,786 24,824 25,055 25,681 26,172 27,299 26,586 26,080	23,278 23,293 23,297 23,308 23,348 23,340 23,343 23,340 23,338 23,276 23,101	4,778 4,788 4,796 4,806 4,814	28,843 29,028 29,088 29,343 29,555 29,904 30,494 29,920	1,283 1,278 1,281 1,282 1,270 1,276 1,275 1,277 1,271 1,271 1,280	326 550 591 569 552	986 1,035 1,016	790 818 745 767 791 720 721 876 803 832 775	19,995 20,207 19,777 19,767 20,140 20,535 20,306 20,514 20,611 20,744 21,180 20,958 20,958 20,520	19,322 19,127 19,139 19,431 19,926 19,657 19,736 19,963 20,087 20,457	885 650 628 709 609 649 778 648 657

Preliminary.
 Includes industrial loans and acceptances purchased, which are shown separately in subsequent tables.
 These figures are estimated.

Back figures. -- See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 101-103, pp. 369-394; for description, see pp. 360-366 in the same publication.

MAXIMUM RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS

[Per cent per annum]

[·	
	Nov. 1, 1933- Jan. 31, 1935	Feb. 1, 1935- Dec. 31, 1935	Effective Jan. 1, 1936
Savings deposits Postal Savings deposits Other deposits payable:		2½ 2½	2½ 2½
In 6 months or more In 90 days to 6 months In less than 90 days	3	21/2 21/2 21/2	2½ 2 1

Note.—Maximum rates that may be paid by member banks as established by the Board of Governors under provisions of Regulation Q. Under this Regulation the rate payable by a member bank may not in any event exceed the maximum rate payable by State banks or trust companies on like deposits under the laws of the State in which the member bank is located. Maximum rates that may be paid by insured nonmember banks as established by the F.D.I.C., effective Feb. 1, 1936, are the same as those in effect for member banks.

MARGIN REQUIREMENTS 1

[Per cent of market value]

Prescribed in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934	Mar. 30, 1949- Jan. 16, 1951	Jan. 17, 1951– Feb. 19, 1953	Effective Feb. 20, 1953
Regulation T: For extensions of credit by brokers and dealers on listed securities For short sales. Regulation U: For loans by banks on stocks	50	75	50
	50	75	50
	50	75	50

¹ Regulations T and U limit the amount of credit that may be extended on a security by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of its market value at the time of the extension; the "margin requirements" shown in this table are the difference between the market value (100%) and the maximum loan value.

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 145. p. 504, and BULLETIN for March 1946, p. 295, February 1947, p. 162, and February 1953, p. 130.

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FEDERAL RESERVE BANK DISCOUNT RATES

[Per cent per annum]

		Discounts fo	Adv	Advances to individuals,						
Federal Reserve Bank	obligation advances	s secured by Goons and discount secured by eligibles. Secs. 13 and 13a	s of and ble paper	Otl	ner secured advar [Sec. 10(b)]	nces	partnerships, or corpora- tions other than member banks secured by direct obligations of the U. S. (last par. Sec. 13)			
	Rate on Feb. 28	In effect beginning—	Previous rate	Rate on Feb. 28	In effect beginning—	Previous rate	Rate on Feb. 28	In effect beginning—	Previous rate	
Boston New York. Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis. Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Jan. 20, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 23, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 20, 1953	1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 8 1 1 8 4 1 1 8 4 1 8 1 8	21/4 21/4 21/4 21/4 21/4 21/4 21/4 21/4	Jan. 20, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 23, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 20, 1953	2 /4 2 /4 2 /4 2 /4 2 /4 2 /4 2 /4 2 /4	3 3 2 2 2 3 3 3 2 2 4 3 3 2 2 4 3 3 3 2 3 4 3 3 3 2 3 4 3 3 3 3	Jan. 20, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 21, 1950 Jan. 23, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Aug. 13, 1948 Jan. 12, 1948 Jan. 26, 1953 Jan. 26, 1953 Jan. 20, 1953 Jan. 20, 1953	21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2 21/2	

¹ Rates shown also apply to advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months.

Note.—Maximum maturities. Discounts for and advances to member banks: 90 days for discounts and advances under Sections 13 and 13a of the Federal Reserve Act except that discounts of certain bankers' acceptances and of agricultural paper may have maturities not exceeding 6 months and 9 months, respectively, and advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months are limited to maximum maturities of 15 days; 4 months for advances under Section 10(b). Advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations under the last paragraph of Section 13: 90 days. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistices, Tables 115-116, pp. 439-443.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK BUYING RATES ON ACCEPTANCES

[Per cent per annum]

Maturity	Rate on	In effect be-	Previous
	Feb. 28	ginning—	rate
1- 90 days	21/4	Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953 Jan. 16, 1953	1 7/8 2 2 1/8

NOTE.—Effective minimum buying rates on prime bankers' acceptances payable in dollars. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 117, pp. 443-445.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK RATES ON INDUSTRIAL LOANS AND COMMITMENTS UNDER SECTION 13B OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE ACT

Maturities not exceeding five years

[In effect February 28. Per cent per annum]

	comm	strial or tercial tesses	To financing institutions				
Federal Reserve Bank				ounts or hases			
	On loans 1	On commit- ments	Portion for which institu- tion is obligated	Re- maining portion	On commit- ments		
Boston. New York. Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond. Atlanta Chicago. St. Louis. Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas. San Francisco.	3-51/2 3-51/2 21/2-55 21/2-55 21/2-5-5 21/2-5 3-51/2 3-51/2 3-51/2	1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4 1/2-1-1/4	(2) (2) (4) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (2) (4) (2) (2) (5) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)	12-13-8 12-13-14 12-114 12-114 12-114 12-114 12-114 14-114 12-114 12-13-8 6 12-13-8		

- Including loans made in participation with financing institutions.
 Rate charged borrower less commitment rate.
 Rate charged borrower.
 Rate charged borrower but not to exceed 1 per cent above the discount rate.
 Charge of 1/2 per cent per annum is made on undisbursed portion of local
- of loan.

 Charge of 1/4 per cent per annum is made on undisbursed portion
- Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 118, pp. 446-447.

MEMBER BANK RESERVE REQUIREMENTS

[Per cent of deposits]

	Net demand deposits 1			Time
Effective date of change	Central reserve city banks	Reserve city banks	Country banks	deposits (all member banks)
1917—June 21	13	10	7	3
1936—Aug. 16	19½ 22¾ 26	15 17½ 20	10½ 12¼ 14	414 514 6
1938—Apr. 16	223/4	171/2	12	5
1941—Nov. 1	26 24 22 20	20	14	6
1948—Feb. 27	22 24 26	22	16	2 714 2 714
1949—May 1. May 5. June 30. July 1. Aug. 1. Aug. 11. Aug. 16. Aug. 18. Aug. 25. Sept. 1. 1951—Jan. 11.	23½ 23½ 23 22½ 22 23	21 20 	15 14 13 12	27 26 26 25 25
Jan. 16 Jan. 25	23	20	13	26
Feb. 1			14	
In effect Mar. 1, 1953 4	24	20	14	6

¹ Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, which beginning Aug. 23, 1935, have been total demand deposits minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks (also minus war loan and series E bond accounts during the period Apr. 13, 1943-June 30, 1947).

² Requirement became effective at country banks.

³ Requirement became effective at central reserve and reserve city banks.

banks.

4 Present legal minimum and maximum requirements on net demand deposits—central reserve cities, 13 and 26 per cent; reserve cities, 10 and 20 per cent; country, 7 and 14 per cent, respectively; on time deposits at all member banks, 3 and 6 per cent, respectively.

MEMBER BANK RESERVES AND BORROWINGS

[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

Month, or	All mem-	Central city l	reserve oanks	Re- serve	Coun-	Month, or	All mem-	Central reserve		Re- serve	Coun-
week ending Wednesday	ber banks ¹	New York	Chi- cago	city banks	try banks 1	week ending Wednesday	ber banks ¹	New York	Chi- cago	city banks	try banks 1
Total reserves held:						Excess reserves:					ļ
1951—November December 1952—January November December 1953—January.	20,469 20,744 21,180	5,061 5,275 5,335 5,201 5,357 5,184	1,314 1,356 1,347 1,367 1,406 1,379	7,730 7,922 7,967 8,172 8,323 8,277	5,688 5,756 5,819 6,004 6,094 6,118	1951—November December 1952—January November December 1953—January.	729 826 933 657 723 707	6 44 90 8 30 5	-5 3 -1 4 -6	144 184 200 102 120 119	584 596 643 547 576 589
Jan. 21	21,049 20,727 20,547 20,556 20,592 20,409	5,159 5,123 5,126 5,045 5,034 5,020	1,375 1,359 1,364 1,357 1,354 1,345	8,332 8,207 8,083 8,088 8,112 8,044	6,183 6,037 5,974 6,065 6,091 6,000	Jan. 21 Jan. 28 Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25	786 595 560 651 2690 2581	9 -5 20 1 10 7	-4 -3 -4 -1 -5 -9	136 89 68 92 102 82	644 515 476 559 2583 2501
Required reserves:						Borrowings at Federal Reserve Banks:					
1951—November	19,536 20,087 20,457	5,056 5,231 5,245 5,193 5,328 5,180	1,319 1,353 1,348 1,367 1,409 1,385	7,586 7,738 7,767 8,070 8,203 8,157	5,104 5,161 5,176 5,458 5,518 5,529	1951—November December 1952—January November December 1953—January	340 657 210 1,532 1,593 1,347	28 151 2 198 486 320	12 64 34 266 232 335	246 354 130 862 639 529	54 89 45 206 236 163
	20,262 20,132 19,988 19,905 P19,901 P19,827	5,150 5,128 5,106 5,045 5,024 5,012	1,379 1,363 1,369 1,358 1,359 1,354	8,196 8,118 8,015 7,996 8,010 7,962	5,537 5,523 5,498 5,506 \$5,508 \$5,499	Jan. 21	1,150 1,183 1,558 1,469 1,263 1,084	245 166 350 330 248 152	254 295 347 309 291 209	487 560 687 667 579 577	164 162 174 163 145 146

Preliminary.

1 Weekly figures of excess reserves of all member banks and of country banks are estimates. Weekly figures of borrowings of all member banks and of country banks may include small amounts of Federal Reserve Bank discounts and advances for nonmember banks, etc.

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 396-399.

DEPOSITS, RESERVES, AND BORROWINGS OF MEMBER BANKS

[Averages of daily figures.1 In millions of dollars]

*****	All mem-	Central reserve city banks		Re- serve	Coun-	All mem-	Central reserve city banks		Re- serve	Coun-
Item	ber banks	New York	Chi- cago	city banks	try banks	ber banks	New York	Chi- cago	city banks	try banks
		Ja	nuary 19	53			Ja	nuary 19	52	
Gross demand deposits: Total Interbank. Other Net demand deposits 2. Time deposits 3. Demand balances due from domestic banks Reserves with Federal Reserve Banks: Total Required. Excess.	13,153 96,753 95,627 33,452 6,551	23,174 4,097 19,078 21,021 2,243 46 5,184 5,180	6,108 1,263 4,844 5,475 1,187 118 1,379 1,385 -6	42,662 6,537 36,126 36,773 13,380 1,987 8,277 8,157 119	37,962 1,256 36,706 32,357 16,642 4,401 6,118 5,529 589	105,839 13,156 92,684 92,107 31,067 6,634 20,469 19,536 933	23,349 4,169 19,180 21,371 1,938 44 5,335 5,245 90	5,927 1,241 4,686 5,331 1,140 123 1,347 1,348 -1	40,718 6,491 34,228 35,119 12,388 2,030 7,967 7,767 200	35,845 1,255 34,590 30,286 15,601 4,437 5,819 5,176 643
Borrowings at Federal Reserve Banks	1,347	320	335	529	163	210	2	34	130	45

¹ Averages of daily closing figures for reserves and borrowings and of daily opening figures for other items, inasmuch as reserves required are based on deposits at opening of business.

² Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, i. e., gross demand deposits minus cash items reported as in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks.

³ Includes some interbank and U. S. Government time deposits; the amounts on call report dates are shown in the Member Bank Call Report.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[In thousands of dollars]

		in thousan	is or donars,			1		
		We	ednesday fig	ures		1	End of mont	:h
Item			1953			19	953	1952
	Feb. 25	Feb. 18	Feb. 11	Feb. 4	Jan. 28	Feb.	Jan.	Feb.
Assets Gold certificates	20.724.103	20.785.102	20,880,101	20.980.100	21.080.103	20.724.100	21.030.103	21.286.251
Redemption fund for F. R. notes	756,072	755,230	758,278	758,330	760,267	755,972	760,266	706,081
Total gold certificate reserves	1		į.				1	1
Other cash			1		437,246 1,286,039	1		
For nonmember banks, etc	22,000	21,000	31,500	1,353,165 31,500 3,774	21,000 3,574	22,000 4,026	21,000	
Bills	560,954			1	678,254			
Special Other Notes Bonds	4,995,716	4,995,716 13,773,671	4,995,716 13,773,671	4,995,716 13,773,671	4,995,716 13,773,671	4,995,716 13,773,671	4,995,716 13,773,671	11,824,306 5,068,073
	ļ							
Total U. S. Government securities Total loans and securities								
Total loans and securities Due from foreign banks	24,661,948	24,625,215	25,261,859	25,377,155	25,280,229	23,188,293	25,682,212	
F. R. notes of other Banks. Uncollected cash items. Bank premises. Other assets.	191,748 3,916,744	198,339 4,468,550 48,875	192,398 3,618,643	213,372	229,330 3,825,301 48,689 197,571	184,032 3,996,508 49,163 170,231	227,140 3,570,447	182,127
Total assets	50,882,858	51,463,770	51,376,692	51,658,937	51,858,759	51,493,329	51,948,302	49,323,121
Liabilities Federal Reserve notes	25,631,035	25.563.239	25.668.625	25 . 593 . 076	25 . 545 . 932	25.680.584	25 .638 .167	24.422.570
Deposits: Member bank—reserve accounts. U. S. Treasurer—general account. Foreign. Other.	19,975,279 388,543	20,317,651 394,631 457,688	20,375,971 431,342 558,111	20,584,194 672,430 561,948	20,501,601 744,949 612,200	20,510,720 336,300 510,967	20,611,372 808,919 586,508	1
		244,152	340,296		336,357	411,591	507,832	218,159
Total deposits			i		3,096,947			
Deferred availability cash itemsOther liabilities and accrued dividends	17,445		16,212	15,751	18,821	17,001	15,748	14,412
Total liabilities	49,850,477	50,439,176	50,359,582	50,649,742	50,856,807	50,457,974	50,942,969	48,355,426
Capital Accounts	256,399	255 005	255 660	254.060	254 506	256 542	254 770	241 421
Capital paid in Surplus (Section 7) Surplus (Section 13b)	584 676	255,885 584,676 27,543	255,668 584,676 27,543	254,969 584,676 27,543	254,586 584,676 27,543	256,543 584,676 27,543	254,770 584,676 27,543	241,431 538,342 27,543
Other capital accounts	163,763	156,490	149,223	142,007	135,147	166,593	138,344	160,379
Total liabilities and capital accounts	50,882,858	51,463,770	51,376,692	51,658,937	51,858,759 ======	51,493,329	51,948,302	49,323,121
Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined (per cent) Contingent liability on acceptances purchased	46.0	45.9	45.7	45.5	45.7	45.3	45.3	48.1
for foreign correspondents	27,403 3,079	25,942 3,192	24,653 3,133	22,263 3,291	21,668 3,386	27,518 2,817	22,153 3,177	9,852 6,844
Maturity D	istribution	of Loans a	nd U. S. Go	vernment	Securities 1		<u> </u>	
Discounts and advances—total	805,843	731,887	1,329,476	1,384,665	1,307,039	1,308,951	1,734,729	598,175
Within 15 days	570,184 235,651	505,783 226,096	1,086,196 243,280	1,139,140 245,525	1,047,019 260,020	1,076,142 232,801	1,428,513 306,216	562,843 35,332
Industrial loans—total	3,789 759	3,712 1,160	3,767 268	3,774 252	3,574 132	4,026 628	3,867 214	4,883 868
16 days to 90 days	702 1,972	964 1,227	1,948 1,196	1,918 1,288	1,895 1,211	718 2,315	1,929 1,363	778 2,073
Over 1 year to 5 years	356 23,852,316	361 23,889,616	355 23,928,616	316 23,988,716	336 23,969,616	365. 316, 23, 87	361 23,943,616	1,164 $22,528,202$
Within 15 days	8,500 552,454	552,454	3,869,350 455,454	370,204	175,750 4,190,054	23,000 560,954	405,504	4,156,646
91 days to 1 year	14,207,691 6,655,200 1,070,224 1,358,247	14,207,691 6,655,200 1,070,224 1,358,247	6,655,200 1,070,224	6,655,200 1,070,224	10,520,141 6,655,200 1,070,224 1,358,247	14,207,691 6,655,200 1,070,224 1,358,247	10,520,141 6,655,200 1,070,224 1,358,247	9,626,981 5,102,256 1,013,614 2,628,705
	L	!				<u>'</u>		

¹ Callable U. S. Government securities classified according to nearest call date.

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STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ON FEBRUARY 28, 1953

[In thousands of dollars]

Item	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Assets													
Gold certificates.	20,724,100	696,345	6,656,076	1,202,311	1,475,401	821,484	662,495	4,274,556	559,246	328,923	905,163	637,209	2,504,891
Redemption fund for F. R. notes.	755,972	64,121	77,608	55,799	84,505	80,410	58,632	128,444	51,583	25,401	41,006	30,132	58,331
Total gold certificate reserves Other cash Discounts and advances: Secured by U. S. Govt.	21,480,072 425,007	760,466 30,005	6,733,684 85,321	1,258,110 31,009			721,127 35,345	4,403,000 71,878		354,324 6,818	946,169 14,924		2,563,222 43,362
securities	1,286,329 22,622	18,360 1,342	239,300 6,490	48,075 1,650	97,905 2,024	48,350 1,100	38,460 1,046		88,500 836	48,850 550	138,814 1,358	27,030 990	
Industrial loans U. S. Govt.	4,026			3,483		61	351			131		.	
	23,875,316	1,685,954	5,200,260	1,494,086	2,316,847	1,705,106	1,557,174	3,466,490	1,273,628	744,956	947,176	1,151,613	2,332,026
Total loans and securities Due from foreign banks	25,188,293 23	1,705,656 1	5,446,050	1,547,294	2,416,776 2	1,754,617	1,597,031	3,742,939	1,362,964 1	794,487	1,087,348	1,179,633	2,553,498 2
F. R. notes of other Banks	184,032	3,841	20,789	11,963	9,876	43,270	32,763	13,254	8,215	6,241	5,970	9,278	
Uncollected cash	3,996,508	279,507	758,370	244,305	320,999	339,438	309,311	647,176		96,210	214,175	205,418	· ·
Bank premises Other assets	49,163 170,231	4,457 12,231	7,217 35,814	3,679 10,487	4,632 16,721	4,921 12,389	3,722 11,726	6,789	2,983 8,850	1,047 5,187	2,259 7,006	623 8,693	6,834 16,591
Total assets	51,493,329	2,796,164	13,087,252	3,106,849	4,366,932	3,085,632	2,711,026	8,909,575	2,220,425	1,264,315	2,277,852	2,086,645	5,580,662
Liabilities													
	25 680,584	1.571.057	5,651 324	1.828.335	2.359.231	1.811.030	1.393.561	4.901.504	1.199.789	643.824	1,012,078	735.806	2,573,045
Deposits: Member bk.— reserve accts.			6,199,703		1,576,020			3,306,722				}	2,490,583
U. S. Treas.— gen. acct	336,300	25,276	38,504	23,080		19,266	27,687	37,454	35,937	18,346	27,255	21,292	33,711
Foreign Other	510,967 411,591	29,780 3,023	² 166,769 175,736	36,615 935	44,914 3,724	24,410 17,283	20,993 53,492	66,883 1,670	18,552 36,919	12,205 4,916	18,552 14,381	21,969 57,036	49,325 42,476
Total deposits Deferred avail- ability cash	21,769,578	911,896	6,580,712	1,015,922	1,653,150	950,603		3,412,729	846,586				2,616,095
Other liabilities	2,990,811	247,401	559,213	184,560	257,309	267,920	219,984	450,092	131,114	80,395	163,281	142,348	287,194
and accrued dividends	17,001	888	4,424	983	1,939	833	799	2,799	681	1,042	627	630	1,356
Total liabilities	50,457,974	2,731,242	12,795,673	3,029,800	4,271,629	3,030,386	2,663,475	8,767,124	2,178,170	1,236,253	2,237,367	2,039,165	5,477,690
Capital Accounts													
Capital paid in Surplus (Sec. 7) Surplus (Sec. 13b) Other capital	256,543 584,676 27,543	36,462	81,198 167,503 7,319	17,401 43,578 4,489	24,536 54,064 1,006	11,136 29,248 3,349	10,858 25,803 762		8,902 23,628 521	5,779 15,131 1,073	9,690 21,925 1,137	12,601 25,381 1,307	27,871 57,325 2,140
accounts	166,593	11,722	35,559	11,581	15,697	11,513	10,128	23,550	9,204	6,079	7,733	8,191	15,636
Total liabilities and capital accounts	51,493,329	2,796,164	13,087,252	3,106,849	4,366,932	3,085,632	2,711,026	8,909,575	2,220,425	1,264,315	2,277,852	2,086,645	5,580,662
Reserve ratio	45.3%	30.6%	55.0%	44.2%	38.9%	32.7%	29.5%	53.0%	29.8%	30.7%	45.6%	35.2%	49.4%
Contingent liability on acceptances purchased for foreign correspondents	27,518	1,672	² 8,198	2,055	2,521	1,370	1,179	3,754	1,041	686	1,041	1,233	2,768
Industrial loan commitments	2,817			786	751	66		112			756		346

After deducting \$16,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.
 After deducting \$344,181,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.
 After deducting \$19,320,000 participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES—FEDERAL RESERVE AGENTS' ACCOUNTS FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS COMBINED

[In thousands of dollars]

		We	dnesday figures	End of month			
Item			1953	10	1952		
	Feb. 25	Feb. 18	Feb. 11 Feb. 4	Jan. 28	Feb.	Jan.	Feb.
Eligible paper	12,744,000 377,093	12,764,000 287,702	26,763,787 26,852,257 12,879,000 12,979,000 614,670 688,947 14,640,000 14,640,000	12,979,000 635,073	12,744,000 844,621	12,979,000 1,002,233	12,624,000 379,235
Total collateral	27,781,093	27,691,702	28,133,670 28,307,947	28,254,073	28,248,621	28,621,233	26,578,235

EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK ON FEBRUARY 28, 1953 [In thousands of dollars]

Item	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
F. R. notes out- standing (issued to Bank) Collateral held:	26,678,507	1	5,852,610	1,898,581	2,449,778	1,908,843	1,462,709	4,999,142	1,252,429	656,264	1,042,031	773,490	2,7 48,444
Gold certificates Eligible paper U. S. Govt. securities	12,744,000 844,621 14,660,000	18,360	235,600	48,075		48,150			88,500	48,850	138,836		1,700,000 218,250 1,100,000
Total collateral	28,248,621	1,718,360	6,255,600	1,973,075	2,520,000	1,998,150	1,535,000	5,100,000	1,393,500	723,850	1,218,836	794,000	3,018,250

INDUSTRIAL LOANS BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Date (last Wednesday or last day	app	ications proved date	Ap- proved but not com-	Loans out- standing ²	out-	Participations of financing institutions
of period)	Num- ber	Amount	pleted 1 (amount)	(amount)	standing (amount)	out- standing ³ (amount)
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	3,511 3,542 3,574 3,607 3,649 3,698 3,736	544,961 565,913 586,726 615,653 629,326 651,389 710,931	320 4,577 945 335 539 4 819 3,513	1,995 554 1,387 995 2,178 2.632 4,687	1,644 8,309 7,434 1,643 2,288 3,754 6,036	1,086 2,670 4,869 1,990 2,947 3,745 11,985
1952 Jan. 31	3.738	716,210	832	4.621	7.125	12,018
Mar. 31 Apr. 30 June 30 June 30 June 30 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	3,741 3,743 3,743 3,745 3,745 3,750 3,750 3,751 3,752 3,753	721, 144 725, 787 730, 482 734, 049 738, 721 743, 629 748, 451 752, 042 757, 277 762, 620 766, 492	772 108 571 235 1,083 1,589 2,142 1,370 1,601 1,351 1,638	4,957 5,296 5,207 5,211 5,101 4,624 4,690 4,496 4,311 3,868 3,921	6.845 6.467 6.536 6.083 5.947 6.184 6.152 6.327 3.720 4.044 3.210	10,307 10,474 10,339 10,262 10,105 9,814 10,128 9,978 7,174 7,010 3,289
Jan. 31	3,754	770,541	2,513	3,895	3,176	3,236

Note.—The difference between amount of applications approved and the sum of the following four columns represents repayments of advances, and applications for loans and commitments withdrawn or expired.

LOANS GUARANTEED THROUGH FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS UNDER REGULATION V, PURSUANT TO DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT OF 1950 AND **EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10161**

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Date	aut	nteed loans horized o date	loa	anteed ans anding	Additional amount available to borrowers
Date	Num- ber	Amount	Total amount	Portion guaran- teed	under guar- antee agree- ments outstanding
1950					
Dec. 31	62	31,326	8,017	6.265	8,299
1951					
Mar. 31	254	300,955	68,833	56,973	47,822
June 30	484	654,893	252,100	209,465	276,702
Sept. 30 Dec. 31	729 854	1,154,942	492,167 675.459	400,652	450,013
Dec. 31	034	1,393,444	013,439	546,597	472,827
1952					
Jan. 31	901	1,463,443	715,928	580,381	525,129
Feb. 29	934	1,530,388	763,838	617,674	511,786
Mar. 31	971	1.677,786	836,739	672.974	467,392
Apr. 30 May 31	998	1,727,729	838,073 870,174	672,678 695,814	595,098 601,752
June 30		1.867.643	883,262	703.774	615,139
July 31	1,066	1.922.388	909.688	726.452	648.065
	1,092	2,023,403	907,899	725.943	692,067
Sept. 30		2.052.327	922,129	736.833	656,995
Oct. 31		2,069,697	993,856	811.132	591,762
Nov. 30		2,081,888	989,678	811.117	600,304
Dec. 31	1,159	2,124,123	979,428	803,132	586,303
1953					
Jan. 31	1,173	2,147,953	984,295	808,986	578,061
					·

NOTE.—The difference between guaranteed loans authorized and sum of loans outstanding and additional amounts available to borrowers under guarantee agreements outstanding represents amounts repaid, guarantees authorized but not completed, and authorizations expired or withdrawn.

Includes applications approved conditionally by the Federal Reserve Banks and under consideration by applicant.
 Includes industrial loans past due 3 months or more, which are not included in industrial loans outstanding in weekly statement of condition of Federal Reserve Banks.
 Not covered by Federal Reserve Bank commitment to purchase or discourt.

discount.

FBES AND RATES ESTABLISHED UNDER REGULATION \boldsymbol{V} ON LOANS GUARANTEED PURSUANT TO DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT OF 1950 AND EXECUTIVE **ORDER NO. 10161**

[In effect February 28]

Fees Payable to Guaranteeing Agency by Financing Institution on Guaranteed Portion of Loan

Percentage of loan guaranteed	Guarantee fee (percentage of interest payable by borrower)	Percentage of any commitment fee charged borrower
70 or less	10	10
75 80	15	15
85	20 25	20 25
90	30	30
95	35	35
95 Over 95	40-50	40-50

Maximum Rates Financing Institutions May Charge Borrowers [Per cent per annum]

Interest rate	5
Commitment rate	1/2

POSTAL SAVINGS SYSTEM

[In millions of dollars]

			Ass	sets	
End of month	Depositors' balances 1	Total	Cash in deposi- tory banks	U. S. Govern- ment securi- ties	Cash reserve funds, etc. ²
1945—December. 1946—December. 1947—December. 1948—December. 1949—December. 1950—December. 1951—December. 1951—January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	2,933 3,284 3,417 3,330 3,188 2,924 2,705 2,669 2,651 2,663 2,617 2,601 2,572 2,572 2,572 2,552 2,2552 2,2552	3,022 3,387 3,525 3,449 3,312 2,835 2,825 2,813 2,794 2,778 2,761 2,751 2,758 2,766 2,760	6 6 6 7 7 7 11 28 30 31 32 32 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 34 34 33 33 33 33	2,837 3,182 3,308 3,118 2,868 2,609 2,599 2,598 2,574 2,554 2,554 2,553	179 200 212 198 187 166 162 158 173 163 147 153 164 170 179 174
1953—January	p2,535				

P Preliminary.
 Outstanding principal, represented by certificates of deposit.
 Includes reserve and miscellaneous working funds with Treasurer of United States, working cash with postmasters, accrued interest on bond investments, and miscellaneous receivables.
 Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, p. 519; for description, see p. 508 in the same publication.

BANK DEBITS AND DEPOSIT TURNOVER

[Debits in millions of dollars]

Year or month	Debits to	total depos interbank		except	Annual rate of turnover of total deposits, except interbank		Debits to demand deposit accounts, except interbank and Government		Annual rate of turnover of demand deposits, except inter- bank and Government	
	Total, all reporting centers	New York City ¹	140 other centers 1	Other reporting centers	New York City	Other reporting centers	New York City ²	Other leading cities ²	New York City ²	Other leading cities ²
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1952—January February March April May June July August	1,249,630 1,231,053 1,403,752 1,577,857 1,692,136 138,520 128,022 139,977 139,141 135,965 144,769 146,984	449,002 452,897 513,970 551,889	599,639 667,934 648,976 742,458 854,050 895,906 74,953 68,738 75,089 72,607 71,898 74,948 74,948 74,948 74,948	119.506 132,695 129.179 147.324 171.917 180.560 15.462 13.908 14.708 14.476 14.532 14.899 15.024 14.063	21.0 23.6 24.1 26.6 26.9 28.7 26.4 27.9 28.8 27.9 28.8 30.9 30.3 23.6	11.9 12.9 12.4 13.4 14.5 14.4 14.5 14.6 14.1 13.9 14.8 14.2 12.8	400,468 445,221 447,150 508,166 540,990 598,855 45,425 44,419 50,213 49,745 49,830 55,385 50,472 44,101	598,445 660,155 639,772 731,511 837,491 871,030 71,986 67,466 74,545 70,189 71,485 73,019 69,980 68,271	24.1 27.2 28.2 31.4 32.2 34.8 30.1 32.5 34.0 34.4 38.6 35.1 31.4	18.0 19.2 18.7 20.3 21.7 21.5 20.6 21.4 22.0 21.1 21.3 22.2 20.7 20.2
September October	139,078 154,239 130,152 170,648	49,278 55,560 44,746 65,692 52,803	74,608 82,171 70,751 87,824 79,983	15,192 16,508 14,655 17,132	28.8 30.0 27.7 34.8 28.7	14.6 14.7 14.7 15.7	47,798 51,703 46,673 63,091 53,112	71,343 77,203 71,985 83,558	34.6 34.4 36.3 41.9	21.5 21.3 22.8 23.1 22.0

National series for which bank debit figures are available beginning with 1919.
 Weekly reporting member bank series.

Note.—Debits to total deposit accounts, except interbank accounts, have been reported for 334 centers from 1942 through November 1947, 333 centers from December 1947 through December 1950, and for 342 centers beginning January 1951; the deposits from which rates of turnover have been computed have likewise been reported by most banks and have been estimated for others. Debits to demand deposit accounts, except interbank and U. S. Government, and the deposits from which rates of turnover have been computed have been reported by member banks in leading cities since 1935.

UNITED STATES MONEY IN CIRCULATION, BY DENOMINATIONS

[Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. In millions of dollars]

End of year or	Total in cir-	C	Coin and	l small o	lenomi	nation c	urrency	2		Lar	ge deno	minatio	n curre	ncy 2		Unas-
month	cula- tion 1	Total	Coin	3 \$1	\$2	\$ 5	\$10	\$20	Total	\$50	\$100	\$500	\$1,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	sorted
1930 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	8,732 11,160 15,410 20,449 25,307 28,515 28,952 28,868 28,224 27,600 27,741	17,580 20,683 20,437 20,020 19,529 19,025 19,305	1,484 1,554	559 610 695 801 909 987 1,039 1,029 1,048 1,049 1,066 1,113 1,182	36 39 44 55 70 81 73 67 65 64 62 62	1,129 1,355 1,693 1,973 2,150 2,313 2,173 2,110 2,047 2,004	2,731 4,051 5,194 5,983 6,782 6,497 6,275 6,060 5,897 5,998	4,096 5,705 7,224 9,201 9,310 9,119 8,846 8,512 8,529	5,580 7,730 7,834 8,518 8,850 8,698	724 1,019 1,481 1,996 2,327 2,492 2,548 2,494 2,435 2,422	919 1,112 1,433 1,910 2,912 4,153 4,220 4,771 5,070 5,074 5,056 5,043 5,207	191 227 261 287 407 555 454 438 428 400 382 368 355	425 523 556 586 749 990 801 783 782 707 689 588	20 30 24 9 10 7 8 5 5 4	32 60 46 25 22 24 24 26 17 17 11	24432323333322
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	28,386 28,465 28,473 28,464 28,767 29,026 28,978 29,293 29,419 29,644 30,236	19,807 19,904 19,937 19,936 20,231 20,449 20,398 20,659 20,739 20,739 20,897 21,392	1,631 1,630 1,637 1,651 1,665 1,678 1,686 1,686 1,705 1,705 1,722 1,739	1,115 1,110 1,113 1,114 1,132 1,140 1,129 1,140 1,164 1,175 1,199 1,228	67 68	2,013 2,016 2,004 2,040 2,054 2,034 2,062 2,070 2,074 2,123	6,088 6,152 6,165 6,141 6,261 6,323 6,291 6,376 6,368 6,405 6,600	8,898 8,934 8,940 8,960 9,066 9,187 9,190 9,319 9,365 9,453	8,582 8,563 8,563 8,537 8,537 8,537 8,578 8,582 8,682 8,682 8,749 8,846	2,508 2,503 2,496 2,498 2,508 2,531 2,531 2,551 2,559 2,577 2,612	5,161 15,152 5,140 5,137 5,142 5,166 5,172 5,211 5,252 5,304 5,367 5,447	352 351 349 347 346 344 342 342 342 342 342 343	550 545 540 535 530 525 522 519 517 514 513 512	444444444444444444444444444444444444444	88898888888888888888888888888888888888	2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1953—January	29,691	20,799	1,721	1,157	69	2,051	6,359	9,442	8,894	2,634	5,399	341	508	4	8	2

¹ Total of amounts of coin and paper currency shown by denominations less unassorted currency in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks.
² Includes unassorted currency held in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks and currency of unknown denominations reported by the Treasury as destroyed.

3 Paper currency only; \$1 silver coins reported under coin.

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 112, pp. 415-416.

UNITED STATES MONEY, OUTSTANDING AND IN CIRCULATION, BY KINDS

[On basis of circulation statement of United States money. In millions of dollars]

		Money	held in the	Freasury	Money	Mone	y in circula	tion 1
	Total out- standing, Jan. 31, 1953	As security against gold and silver certificates	Treasury cash	For Federal Reserve Banks and agents	held by Federal Reserve Banks and agents	Jan. 31, 1953	Dec. 31, 1952	Jan. 31, 1952
Gold	21,827 26,882	21,827	21,158 74 76	18,975	2,816 1,471 427	37 25,337 4,317	37 25,941 4,455	38 24,135 4,213
Standard silver dollars. Silver bullion. Silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 Subsidiary silver coin. Minor coin. United States notes. Federal Reserve Bank notes. National Bank notes.	2,113 *2,340 1,167 413 347	227 2,113	62 9 1 3 1 (5)		333 42 6 39 3	198 2,007 1,116 406 305 208 75	199 	1,967 1,055 388 308 229 79
Total—Jan. 31, 1953. Dec. 31, 1952. Jan. 31, 1952.	(4) (4) (4)	24,168 24,395 24,086	1,308 1,270 1,319	18,975 19,170 18,916	4,713 4,547 4,678	29,691	30,433	28,386

¹Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. Includes any paper currency held outside the continental limits of the United States. Totals for other end-of-month dates are shown in table above and totals by weeks in the table on p. 241.

² Includes \$156,039,431 held as reserve against United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890.

³ To avoid duplication, amount of silver dollars and bullion held as security against silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding is not included in total Treasury currency outstanding.

⁴ Because some of the types of money shown are held as collateral or reserves against other types, a grand total of all types has no special significance and is not shown. See note for explanation of these duplications.

⁵ Less than \$500,000.

significance and is not shown. See note for explanation of these duplications.

Note.—There are maintained in the Treasury—(i) as a reserve for United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890—\$156,039,431 in gold bullion; (iii) as security for Treasury notes of 1890—an equal dollar amount in standard silver dollars (these notes are being canceled and retired on receipt); (iii) as security for outstanding silver certificates—silver in bullion and standard silver dollars of a monetary value equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (iv) as security for gold certificates—gold bullion of a value at the legal standard equal to the face amount of such silver certificates. Federal Reserve notes are obligations of the United States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal Reserve Bank. Federal Reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal Reserve agents of a like amount of gold certificates or of gold certificates and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of the Federal Reserve Act, or of direct obligations of the United States. Federal Reserve Banks must maintain a reserve in gold certificates of at least 25 per cent, including the redemption fund with the Treasurer of the United States, against Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation; gold certificates pledged as collateral may be counted as reserves. "Gold certificates" as herein used includes credits with the Treasurer of the United States payable in gold certificates. Federal Reserve Bank notes and national bank notes are in process of retirement.

CONSOLIDATED CONDITION STATEMENT FOR BANKS AND THE MONETARY SYSTEM

ALL COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANKS, FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS, POSTAL SAVINGS SYSTEM, AND TREASURY CURRENCY FUNDS 1

[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. In millions of dollars]

				Assets					1		
				710000						and C	lities apital
				I	Bank credi	t			Total assets,	<u> </u>	
	Treas-			U.S.	Governm	ent obliga	tions		Total liabil-	Total	Capital and
Gold	ury cur- rency	Total	Loans, net	Total	Com- mercial and savings banks	Federal Reserve Banks	Other	Other secu- rities	and capital, net	and currency	misc. ac- counts, net
4,031 17,644 22,737 20,065 22,754 24,244 24,427 24,231 22,706 21,756 22,695	4,598 4,607 4,636 4,655	162,681 164,348 171,667 173,447	41,082 21,957 22,157 26,605 30,387 43,023 48,341 49,604 51,999 60,366 63,821 67,597	5,741 10,328 23,105 29,049 128,417 107,086 100,694 100,456 98,709 96,560 94,450 97,808	5,499 8,199 19,417 25,511 101,288 81,199 74,097 78,433 77,320 72,894 68,726 71,343	216 1,998 2,484 2,254 24,262 22,559 23,333 18,885 18,331 20,778 22,982 23,801	26 131 1,204 1,284 2,867 3,328 3,264 3,138 3,058 2,888 2,742 2,664	11,819 9,863 9,302 8,999 8,577 10,723 11,422 12,621 13,640 14,741 15,176 15,918	64,698 48,465 75,171 90,637 191,785 188,148 189,290 191,706 193,186 199,009 199,858 208,724	55,776 42,029 68,359 82,811 180,806 175,348 176,121 177,313 178,568 184,385 185,038 193,404	8,922 6,436 6,812 7,826 10,979 12,800 13,168 14,392 14,618 14,624 14,820 15,320
23,300 23,300 23,346 23,400 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300	4,700 4,700 4,700 4,754 4,800 4,800 4,800 4,800 4,800 4,800	180,100 179,900 180,600 182,980 185,300 185,300 186,500 188,900 191,500 192,800	66,700 67,000 67,700 68,100 68,500 69,712 70,000 70,500 71,600 72,900 74,300 75,600	97,300 96,200 96,100 95,200 95,300 96,266 98,100 97,300 97,600 98,600 99,800 99,900	71,800 71,100 70,900 70,200 70,500 70,783 72,700 71,700 71,300 72,400 73,500 72,600	22,800 22,600 22,500 22,400 22,300 22,906 22,800 23,100 23,700 23,600 23,800 24,700	2,700 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,577 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600	17,300	208,200 207,900 208,700 211,080 213,400 214,600 217,000 219,600 220,800	192,300 192,200 192,900 194,960 197,200 197,000 197,900 199,900 202,700 203,800	15,900 15,700 15,900 15,700 16,120 16,100 16,400 16,700 17,100
23,000	4,800	191,100	75,000	98,700	72,100	24,000	2,600	17,400	219,000	202,000	17,000
		ī		De	posits an	d Curren	су			 -	
		U. S. Go	vernment	balances	<u></u>	I	Deposits a	ljusted ar	nd currenc	у	
Total	bank	Treas-	At com- mercial	At		Daman 4		Time d	1		Cur-
	net	ury cash	and savings banks	Reserve Banks	Total	deposits ²	Total	Com- mercial banks	Mutual savings banks4	Postal Savings System	rency outside banks
. 42,029 . 68,359 . 82,811 . 180,806 . 175,348 . 176,121 . 177,313 . 178,568 . 184,385 . 185,038 . 193,404	365 50 1,217 1,498 2,141 1,682 2,150 2,150 2,555 2,518 2,424 2,279	204 264 2,409 2,215 2,287 1,336 1,325 1,312 1,298 1,293 1,281 1,279	381 852 846 1,895 24,608 1,452 2,451 3,249 3,801 2,989 6,332 3,615	36 35 634 867 977 870 1,123 821 950 668 317 247	54,790 40,828 63,253 76,336 150,793 170,008 169,119 169,781 169,964 176,917 174,684 185,984	22,540 14,411 29,793 38,992 75,851 87,121 85,520 85,750 85,040 92,272 88,960 98,234	28,611 21,656 27,059 27,729 48,452 56,411 57,520 58,616 59,739 59,247 59,948 61,447	19,557 10,849 15,258 15,884 30,135 35,249 35,804 36,146 36,719 36,314 36,781 37,859	8,905 9,621 10,523 10,532 15,385 17,746 18,387 19,273 19,273 20,009 20,382 20,887	149 1,186 1,278 1,313 2,932 3,416 3,329 3,197 3,097 2,923 2,785 2,701	3,639 4,761 6,401 9,615 26,490 26,476 26,079 25,415 25,185 25,398 25,776 26,303
. 191,600 . 191,500 . 192,300 . 192,200 . 192,900 . 194,960 . 197,200 . 197,000 . 197,900 . 199,900 . 202,700	2,100 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,300 2,319 2,600 2,500 2,500	1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,283 1,300 1,300 1,300 1,300	2,800 3,900 5,800 4,500 4,400 6,121 7,000 6,200 6,500 5,300	200 700 (5) 500 600 333 600 700 300 600	185,200 183,400 182,900 183,800 184,400 184,904 185,800 186,200 187,400 190,200	97,900 95,700 94,800 95,300 94,754 95,700 95,800 96,400 98,600	61,700 62,000 62,40 62,40 63,100 63,176 63,100 64,100 64,500 64,900	38,000 38,200 38,500 38,600 39,302 39,400 39,600 39,800 40,100	21,000 21,100 21,300 21,400 21,600 21,755 21,900 22,000 22,200 22,200 22,300	2,700 2,700 2,700 2,700 2,600 2,619 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600 2,600	25,600 25,600 25,700 25,900 26,900 26,474 26,200 26,300 26,600 26,700
	4,037 4,031 17,644 22,737 20,065 22,754 24,241 24,2706 21,756 21,756 22,695 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300 23,300	Gold ury currency 4,037 2,019 4,031 2,286 17,644 2,963 22,737 3,247 20,065 4,339 22,754 4,562 24,244 4,589 24,427 4,598 24,4231 4,607 22,706 4,636 21,756 4,635 21,756 4,635 22,695 4,706 22,900 4,700 23,300 4,700 23,300 4,700 23,300 4,700 23,300 4,700 23,300 4,700 23,300 4,700 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,300 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800 23,100 4,800	Gold ury currency Total 4,037	Gold ury currency Total Loans, net	Treasury Total Loans, net Total Total	Treasury Total Loans, net Total Total Commercial and savings banks Total Total Section Total Total Commercial and savings banks Total Total Section Total Total Commercial and savings banks Total Total Section Total Section Total Total	Treasury currency	Treasury Total Loans, net Total Loans, net Total Total Commercial asvings banks Commercial asvings banks Commercial Reserve Banks Commercial asvings banks Commercial Reserve Commercial	Cold Currency Total Loans, net Total Total Total Commercial and savings banks Danks Danks	Cold Currency Total Loans, net Total Total Securation Total Loans, net Total Commercial Federal savings Banks Banks Cother Securation Capital, net Commercial Federal savings Banks Cother Securation Capital, net Cother Capital, net Cother Capital, net Capital, net	Company Comp

1953—Jan. 28^p.....

202,000

2,400

1,300

193,300 100,500

700

4,200

26,800

66,000

Preliminary.

Treasury funds included are the gold account, Treasury currency account, and Exchange Stabilization Fund.

Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.

Excludes interbank time deposits; United States Treasurer's time deposits, open account; and deposits of Postal Savings System in banks.

Prior to June 30, 1947, includes a relatively small amount of demand deposits.

Note.—For description of statement and back figures, see Bulletin for January 1948, pp. 24–32. The composition of a few items differs slightly from the description in the Bulletin article; stock of Federal Reserve Banks held by member banks is included in "Other securities" and in "Capital and miscellaneous accounts, net" and balances of the Postal Savings System and the Exchange Stabilization Fund with the U. S. Treasury are netted against the same item instead of against U. S. Government deposits and Treasury cash. Total deposits and currency shown in the monthly Chart Book excludes "Foreign bank deposits, net" and "Treasury cash." Except on call dates, figures are rounded to nearest 100 million dollars and may not add to the totals. See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 9, pp. 34–35, for back figures for deposits and currency.

ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES*

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, AND NUMBER OF BANKS

[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. Amounts in millions of dollars]

	-	Loans	and inves	tments				Dep	osits			
Clear of hout			I	nvestment	s	Cont			Ot	her	Total	Number
Class of bank and date	Total	Loans	Total	U. S. Govern- ment obliga- tions	Other secu- rities	Cash assets 1	Total 1	Inter- bank 1	De- mand	Time	capital accounts	of banks
All banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—Jan. 30. June 30. Aug. 27* Sept. 24* Oct. 29* Nov. 26* Dec. 31* 1953—Jan. 28*	50,884 61,126 140,227 134,924 133,693 140,598 148,021 157,528 160,100 160,750 163,200 165,490 165,590 164,990	26,615 30,362 43,002 48,174 49,544 60,386 67,460 69,742 70,970 72,090 73,470 74,670 75,640	28,719 34,511 109,865 91,923 85,519 91,054 87,635 87,261 87,786 89,130 88,660 89,730 90,820 89,950 89,560	19,417 25,511 101,288 81,199 74,097 78,433 72,894 71,343 71,820 70,783 71,670 71,280 72,400 73,490 72,640 72,140	9,302 8,999 8,577 10,723 11,422 12,621 14,741 15,918 15,920 17,002 17,460 17,330 17,330 17,330 17,310 17,420	23,292 27,344 35,415 38,388 39,474 36,522 41,086 45,531 39,900 41,667 39,160 40,980 41,220 42,620 42,620 44,970 40,940	68,242 81,816 165,612 161,865 161,248 164,467 175,296 185,756 184,130 182,770 182,770 187,260 190,620 190,620 194,990 188,700	9,874 10,982 14,065 13,033 12,269 12,710 14,039 15,087 13,513 12,890 13,810 13,880 13,880 13,620	32,516 44,355 105,935 95,727 94,671 96,156 104,744 111,644 106,860 109,247 108,020 109,350 110,800 114,190 116,100 111,270	25,852 26,479 45,613 53,105 54,308 56,513 59,025 59,280 61,369 61,860 62,220 62,650 62,550 63,510 63,810	8,194 8,414 10,542 11,948 12,479 13,088 13,837 14,623 15,070 15,070 15,260 15,280 15,340	15,035 14,826 14,553 14,714 14,703 14,687 14,650 14,615 14,599 14,603 14,599 14,591 14,586 14,575 14,575
All commercial banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—Jan. 30. June 30. Aug. 27p. Sept. 24p. Oct. 29p. Nov. 26p. Dec. 31p. 1953—Jan. 28p.	40,668 50,746 124,019 116,284 114,298 120,197 126,675 132,610 132,770 134,437 136,550 137,090 137,090 141,660 141,660	21,714 26,083 38,057 42,488 42,965 52,249 57,746 57,510 59,233 60,210 61,200 62,410 63,470 64,290	23,430 29,032 97,936 78,226 71,811 77,232 74,426 75,204 76,340 75,204 76,340 77,310 77,310 76,790	16,316 21,808 90,606 69,221 62,622 67,005 62,027 61,524 61,990 61,610 62,860 64,020 63,230 62,650	7,114 7,225 7,331 9,006 9,189 10,227 12,399 13,270 14,026 14,180 14,170 14,170 14,170 14,140	22,474 26,551 34,806 37,502 38,596 40,289 44,645 39,070 40,702 38,380 40,400 41,820 41,820 44,060 40,060	57,718 71,283 150,227 144,103 142,843 145,174 155,265 164,840 162,348 160,770 163,260 164,990 168,340 172,380 165,890	9,874 10,982 14,065 13,032 12,269 12,709 14,039 15,086 13,320 13,512 12,890 13,870 13,880 13,880 13,620	32,513 44,349 105,921 95,711 94,654 96,136 104,723 111,618 106,830 109,222 107,990 110,770 114,160 111,240	15,331 15,952 30,241 35,360 35,921 36,328 36,503 38,137 38,260 39,614 39,890 40,070 40,410 40,300 40,930 41,030	6,885 7,173 8,950 10,059 10,480 10,967 11,590 12,216 12,630 12,630 12,720 12,820 12,820 12,870	14,484 14,278 14,011 14,181 14,171 14,156 14,121 14,086 14,070 14,074 14,074 14,057 14,046 14,046 14,046
All member banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. June 30. Aug. 27p. Sept. 24p. Oct. 29p. Nov. 26p. Dec. 31p. 1953—Jan. 28p.	33,941 43,521 107,183 97,846 95,616 101,528 107,424 112,247 112,248 113,502 115,533 117,604 119,564 119,536 118,625	18,021 22,775 32,628 36,060 36,230 44,705 49,561 49,327 50,526 51,331 52,192 53,317 54,283	19,979 25,500 84,408 65,218 59,556 65,297 62,719 62,976 63,389 63,341 64,287 65,281 64,495 63,927	14,328 19,539 78,338 57,914 52,154 56,883 52,365 51,621 51,965 51,261 51,839 51,406 52,484 53,486 52,777 52,137	5,651 5,961 6,070 7,304 7,402 8,414 10,355 11,065 11,715 12,050 11,935 11,795 11,718 11,790	19,782 23,123 29,845 34,203 31,317 35,524 39,252 34,266 36,046 33,730 35,535 36,896 38,793 35,101	49,340 61,717 129,670 122,528 121,362 123,885 133,089 141,015 135,103 138,769 136,872 139,052 140,431 143,478 147,092 140,961	9,410 10,525 13,640 12,403 11,641 12,097 13,447 14,425 12,726 12,812 12,215 13,161 13,074 13,120 14,582 12,880	28,231 38,846 91,820 81,785 80,881 82,628 90,306 95,968 91,687 94,169 92,687 93,773 94,959 98,006 99,640 95,154	11,699 12,347 24,210 28,340 29,160 29,336 30,623 30,690 31,788 31,970 32,118 32,398 32,352 32,870 32,927	5,522 5,886 7,589 8,464 8,801 9,174 9,695 10,218 10,526 10,549 10,680 10,700 10,735 10,753	6,362 6,619 6,884 6,923 6,918 6,873 6,840 6,838 6,815 6,810 6,804 6,804 6,791
All mutual savings banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—Jan. 30. June 30. Aug. 27p. Sept. 24p. Oct. 29p. Nov. 26p. Dec. 31p. 1953—Jan. 28p.	10, 216 10, 379 16, 208 18, 641 19, 395 20, 400 21, 346 22, 259 22, 430 23, 091 23, 560 23, 760 23, 760 23, 3830 23, 990 24, 230	4,927 4,901 4,279 4,944 5,686 6,578 8,137 9,862 9,950 10,509 10,760 11,060 11,200 11,350	5,289 5,478 11,928 13,709 13,829 13,229 12,398 12,480 12,582 12,770 12,770 12,770 12,630 12,640 12,770	3,101 3,704 10,682 11,978 11,476 11,428 10,868 9,819 9,830 9,606 9,710 9,540 9,470 9,440 9,490	2,188 1,774 1,246 1,718 2,233 2,394 2,342 2,579 2,650 2,976 3,080 3,160 3,160 3,230 3,230 3,280	818 793 609 886 878 873 797 886 830 966 780 820 910 880	10,524 10,533 15,385 17,763 18,405 19,293 20,031 20,915 21,050 21,782 22,200 22,180 22,270 22,280 22,610 22,810	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3 6 14 17 17 20 22 26 30 26 30 30 30 30 30 30	10,521 10,527 15,371 17,745 18,387 19,273 20,009 20,888 21,020 21,750 22,150 22,250 22,250 22,780	1,309 1,241 1,589 1,999 2,122 2,240 2,407 2,450 2,460 2,460 2,470 2,470	551 548 542 533 532 531 529 529 529 529 529 529 529 529 529 529

Preliminary.
* "All banks" comprise "all commercial banks" and "all mutual savings banks." "All commercial banks" comprise "all nonmember commercial banks" and "all member banks" with exception of three mutual savings banks that became members in 1941. Stock savings banks and nondeposit trust companies are included with "commercial" banks. Number of banks includes a few noninsured banks for which asset and liability data are not available. Comparability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in Federal Reserve membership, insurance status, and the reserve classifications of cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc.

1 Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal balances, which on Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated 513 million dollars at all member banks and 525 million at all insured commercial banks.
For other footnotes see following two pages.

ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES *-Continued

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, AND NUMBER OF BANKS-Continued

[Figures partly estimated except on call dates. Amounts in millions of dollars]

		Loans	and inves	tments				Dep	osits			
Class of book			I	nvestment	s	Cash			Ot	her	Total	Number
Class of bank and date	Total	Loans	Total	U. S. Govern- ment obliga- tions	Other secu- rities	Cash assets 1	Total 1	Inter- bank 1	De- mand	Time	capital accounts	of banks
Central reserve city member banks: New York City: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—Jan. 30. June 30. Aug. 27p. Sept. 24p. Oct. 29p. Nov. 26p. Dec. 31p.	9,339 12,896 26,143 20,393 18,759 19,582 20,612 21,379 21,206 21,210 21,225 21,246 21,283 21,696 22,130 21,233	3,296 4,072 7,334 7,179 8,048 7,550 9,729 11,146 11,210 11,268 11,142 11,363 11,680 11,973 12,375 12,127	6,043 8,823 18,803 18,214 10,712 12,033 10,233 9,03 10,442 10,183 9,603 9,735 9,755 9,106	4,772 7,265 17,574 11,972 9,646 8,993 8,129 7,927 8,212 7,518 7,612 7,695 7,679 7,012	1,272 1,559 1,235 1,242 1,063 1,287 1,890 2,104 2,065 2,231 2,344 2,271 2,085 2,076 2,094	6,703 6,637 6,439 7,261 7,758 6,985 7,922 8,564 7,320 8,135 6,769 7,297 7,267 7,267 7,813 8,423 6,994	14,509 17,932 30,121 25,216 24,024 23,983 25,646 26,859 25,179 26,745 24,746 25,288 25,111 26,108 27,309 24,817	4,238 4,207 4,657 4,464 4,213 4,192 4,638 4,832 4,368 4,639 4,102 4,596 4,388 4,498 4,498 4,438	9,533 12,917 24,227 19,307 18,131 18,139 19,287 20,348 19,195 20,311 18,957 18,971 19,011 19,884 20,512 18,601	736 807 1,236 1,445 1,680 1,651 1,722 1,679 1,616 1,795 1,687 1,721 1,712 1,784 1,839 1,778	1,592 1,648 2,120 2,359 2,306 2,312 2,425 2,427 2,473 2,477 2,476 2,509 2,508	36 36 37 37 35 23 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
Chicago: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—Jan. 30. June 30. Aug. 27p. Sept. 24p. Oct. 29p. Nov. 26p. Dec. 31p. 1953—Jan. 28p.	2,105 2,760 5,931 5,088 4,799 5,424 5,569 5,731 5,680 5,664 5,735 5,679 5,839 6,112 6,239 6,037	569 954 1,333 1,801 1,783 1,618 2,083 2,468 2,375 2,380 2,401 2,399 2,444 2,592 2,746 2,594	1,536 1,806 4,598 3,287 3,016 3,806 3,487 3,264 3,305 3,284 3,334 3,280 3,395 3,520 3,493 3,443	1,203 1,430 4,213 2,890 2,633 3,324 2,911 2,711 2,763 2,763 2,769 2,827 2,933 2,912 2,862	333 376 385 397 383 482 576 5528 563 571 571 568 587 581	1,446 1,566 1,489 1,739 1,932 1,850 2,034 2,196 1,923 1,899 2,022 2,084 2,119 2,120 2,011 2,083	3,330 4,057 7,046 6,402 6,293 6,810 7,109 7,402 6,952 7,027 7,129 7,129 7,126 7,368 7,688 7,186	888 1,035 1,312 1,217 1,064 1,191 1,228 1,307 1,155 1,182 1,199 1,239 1,240 1,221 1,350 1,170	1,947 2,546 5,015 4,273 4,227 4,535 4,778 4,952 4,655 4,681 4,784 4,888 4,812 4,981 4,981 4,843	495 476 719 913 1,001 1,083 1,103 1,143 1,144 1,164 1,146 1,163 1,163 1,206 1,206	250 288 377 426 444 470 490 513 510 530 529 531 534 537 541 537	14 13 12 14 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13
Reserve city member banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—Jan. 30. June 30. Aug. 27* Sept. 24* Oct. 29* Nov. 26* Dec. 31* 1953—Jan. 28*	12,272 15,347 40,108 36,040 35,332 38,301 40,685 42,738 42,738 44,086 44,163 45,381 46,104 45,592 45,533	5,329 7,105 8,514 13,449 14,285 14,370 17,906 19,651 19,465 19,745 20,290 20,730 21,276 21,627 21,703 21,680	6,944 8,243 31,594 22,591 21,047 23,931 22,779 23,043 23,273 23,346 23,433 24,105 24,477 23,889 23,853	5,194 6,467 29,552 20,196 18,594 20,981 19,406 19,123 19,404 19,113 19,761 20,127 19,628 19,543	1,749 1,776 2,042 2,396 2,453 2,980 3,867 3,867 4,223 4,392 4,344 4,350 4,350 4,310	6,785 8,518 11,286 13,066 13,317 12,168 13,998 15,199 13,347 13,925 13,308 14,004 14,585 14,004 14,585 15,544 13,898	17,741 22,313 49,085 46,467 45,943 47,559 51,437 54,466 52,159 53,425 53,090 54,013 54,766 55,923 57,345 54,893	3,686 4,460 6,448 5,649 5,713 6,448 6,976 6,044 5,908 5,876 6,289 6,278 7,007 6,109	9,439 13,047 32,877 29,395 29,153 30,182 33,342 35,218 33,804 34,764 34,362 34,861 35,422 36,604 37,083 35,499	4,616 4,806 9,760 11,423 11,391 11,664 11,647 12,272 12,311 12,754 12,852 12,926 13,041 13,255 13,041 13,255 13,285	1,828 1,967 2,566 2,844 2,928 3,087 3,521 3,663 3,665 3,675 3,711 3,720 3,731 3,742	346 351 359 353 341 321 321 319 319 319 319 319 319 319
Country member banks: 1939—Dec. 30. 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 30. June 30. Aug. 27* Sept. 24* Oct. 29* Nov. 26* Dec. 31* 1953—Jan. 28*	10,224 12,518 35,002 36,324 36,326 38,219 40,558 42,444 42,677 43,037 44,074 44,45 45,101 45,552 45,575 45,822	4,768 5,890 5,596 10,199 11,945 12,692 14,988 16,296 16,277 17,138 17,498 17,700 17,917 18,091 18,217 18,297	5,456 6,628 29,407 26,125 24,785 25,527 25,570 26,148 26,576 26,745 27,184 27,561 27,358 27,525	3,159 4,377 26,999 22,857 21,278 21,862 21,377 21,855 21,206 21,833 21,972 22,378 22,731 22,558 22,720	2,297 2,250 2,408 3,268 3,665 4,193 4,545 4,643 4,773 4,800 4,800 4,805	4,848 6,402 10,632 10,778 11,196 10,314 11,571 13,292 11,676 12.087 11,631 11,896 12,145 12,145 12,2373 12,815 12,126	13,762 17,415 43,418 44,443 45,534 48,897 52,288 50,813 51,571 51,907 52,555 53,339 54,079 54,750 54,065	598 822 1,223 1,073 964 1,001 1,133 1,309 1,159 1,038 1,038 1,100 1,157 1,181 1,267 1,163	7,312 10,335 29,700 28,810 29,370 29,771 32,899 34,033 34,413 34,584 35,133 35,714 36,537 36,916 36,211	5,852 6,258 12,494 14,760 14,768 14,762 15,530 15,621 16,075 16,285 16,322 16,468 16,361 16,567 16,691	1,851 1,982 2,525 2,934 3,123 3,305 3,760 3,766 3,873 3,938 3,958 3,958 3,954 3,966	5,966 6,219 6,476 6,535 6,533 6,501 6,484 6,482 6,461 6,456 6,453 6,450 6,453 6,454 6,454 6,436

² Beginning with December 31, 1947, the all bank series was revised as announced in November 1947 by the Federal bank supervisory agencies. At that time a net of 115 noninsured nonmember commercial banks with total loans and investments of approximately 110 million dollars was added, and 8 banks with total loans and investments of 34 million were transferred from noninsured mutual savings to nonmember commercial banks.

For other footnotes see preceding and opposite pages.

ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES *-Continued

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, AND NUMBER OF BANKS-Continued

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

		Loans	and inves	tments				Dep	osits			
			1	nvestment	s				Ot	her	Total	Number
Class of bank and date	Total	Loans	Total	U. S. Govern- ment obliga- tions	Other secu- rities	Cash assets 1	Total 1	Inter- bank 1	De- mand	Time	capital accounts	of
All insured commercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31	112,286 118,278 124,822	21,259 25,765 41,968 42,485 51,723 57,256 58,730	28,031 96,043 70,318 75,793 73,099 73,564 73,827	21,046 88,912 61,388 65,820 60,986 60,533 60,117	6,984 7,131 8,929 9,974 12,113 13,031 13,710	25,788 34,292 38,087 35,207 39,821 44,176 40,258	69,411 147,775 140,642 143,138 153,288 162,908 160,355	10,654 13,883 11,900 12,368 13,744 14,777 13,100	43,059 104,015 93,300 94,914 103,499 110,382 108,036	15,699 29,876 35,441 35,856 36,045 37,749 39,219	6,844 8,671 10,158 10,645 11,263 11,902 12,282	13,426 13,297 13,413 13,429 13,432 13,439 13,434
National member banks: 1941—Dec. 31	27,571 69,312 63,845 67,943 72,090 75,255 76,036	11,725 13,925 23,752 23,853 29,184 32,317 33,054	15,845 55,387 40,093 44,090 42,906 42,938 42,982	12,039 51,250 34,852 38,161 35,587 35,063 34,604	3,806 4,137 5,241 5,930 7,320 7,875 8,378	14,977 20,114 22,974 20,995 23,763 25,951 23,928	39,458 84,939 81,407 83,113 89,281 94,173 92,720	6,786 9,229 7,842 8,278 9,133 9,788 8,584	24,350 59,486 54,020 55,034 60,251 63,477 62,255	8,322 16,224 19,545 19,801 19,897 20,908 21,880	3,640 4,644 5,657 5,920 6,313 6,653 6,879	5,117 5,017 4,991 4,975 4,958 4,939 4,925
State member banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—June 30.	15,950 37,871 31,771 33,585 35,334 36,992 37,466	6,295 8,850 12,308 12,378 15,521 17,243 17,472	9,654 29,021 19,463 21,207 19,813 19,748 19,994	7,500 27,089 17,301 18,722 16,778 16,558 16,657	2,155 1,933 2,161 2,484 3,035 3,191 3,337	8,145 9,731 11,228 10,322 11,762 13,301 12,119	22,259 44,730 39,955 40,772 43,808 46,843 46,049	3,739 4,411 3,799 3,819 4,315 4,637 4,227	14,495 32,334 26,862 27,594 30,055 32,491 31,914	4,025 7,986 9,295 9,359 9,438 9,715 9,908	2,246 2,945 3,144 3,254 3,381 3,565 3,647	1,502 1,867 1,927 1,917 1,915 1,901 1,890
Insured nonmember commercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31	5,776 14,639 16,685 16,766 17,414 18,591 19,073	3,241 2,992 5,911 6,258 7,023 7,701 8,210	2,535 11,647 10,774 10,508 10,391 10,890 10,863	1,509 10,584 9,246 8,947 8,632 8,923 8,867	1,025 1,063 1,528 1,561 1,759 1,967	2,668 4,448 3,887 3,892 4,299 4,926 4,215	7,702 18,119 19,296 19,269 20,216 21,912 21,606	129 244 259 272 297 353 289	4,213 12,196 12,419 12,285 13,194 14,415 13,867	3,360 5,680 6,618 6,712 6,726 7,144 7,450	959 1,083 1,358 1,473 1,570 1,686 1,757	6,810 6,416 6,498 6,540 6,562 6,602 6,622
Noninsured nonmember commercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30	1,457 2,211 2,013 1,919 1,853 1,789 1,880	455 318 520 481 527 490 503	1,002 1,893 1,493 1,438 1,327 1,299 1,377	761 1,693 1,234 1,185 1,040 991 1,061	241 200 259 253 286 308 317	763 514 509 442 468 469 443	1,872 2,452 2,201 2,036 1,976 1,932 1,993	329 181 368 341 294 308 412	1,291 1,905 1,353 1,223 1,224 1,235 1,186	253 365 479 472 458 388 396	329 279 322 321 327 314 320	852 714 758 727 689 650 636
All nonmember com- mercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31.	20,380	3,696 3,310 6,431 6,739 7,550 8,192 8,714	3,536 13,539 12,267 11,947 11,718 12,189 12,240	2,270 12,277 10,479 10,132 9,672 9,914 9,928	1,266 1,262 1,788 1,814 2,046 2,275 2,312	3,431 4,962 4,396 4,334 4,767 5,395 4,658	9,574 20,571 21,497 21,305 22,193 23,843 23,598	457 425 628 613 591 661 700	5,504 14,101 13,772 13,508 14,417 15,650 15,052	3,613 6,045 7,097 7,184 7,184 7,533 7,846	1,288 1,362 1,680 1,794 1,897 1,999 2,077	7,662 7,130 7,256 7,267 7,251 7,252 7,258
Insured mutual savings banks: 1941—Dec. 31	1,693 10,846 13,312 14,209 15,101 16,190 16,857	642 3,081 4,109 4,814 6,086 7,523 8,043	1,050 7,765 9,202 9,394 9,015 8,668 8,814	629 7,160 7,795 7,832 7,487 6,921 6,730	421 606 1,407 1,562 1,528 1,746 2,084	151 429 684 682 617 695 756	1,789 10,363 12,772 13,592 14,320 15,368 16,081	i	12 14 16 19 23 23	1,789 10,351 12,757 13,575 14,301 15,343 16,056	164 1,034 1,334 1,420 1,513 1,678 1,700	52 192 193 193 194 202 205
Noninsured mutual savings banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30	8,687 5,361 6,083 6,192 6,245 6,069 6,234	4,259 1,198 1,577 1,764 2,050 2,339 2,466	4,428 4,163 4,506 4,428 4,194 3,730 3,768	3,075 3,522 3,680 3,596 3,380 2,897 2,876	1,353 641 826 832 814 833 892	642 180 194 191 180 191 209	8,744 5,022 5,633 5,702 5,711 5,547 5,702		62333333	8,738 5,020 5,631 5,699 5,708 5,544 5,699	1,077 558 665 702 734 729 738	496 350 339 339 335 327 324

For footnotes see preceding two pages.

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Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 1-7, pp. 16-23; for description, see pp. 5-15 in the same publication. For revisions in series prior to June 30, 1947, see Bulletin for July 1947, pp. 870-871.

ALL INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES. BY CLASSES *

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[In millions of dollars]

					Loan	g 1							Inv	estmen	ts			
Class of bank	Total loans and		Com- mer- cial, in-	Agri-	Loan purch or car secur	asing rying	Real	Other loans			U	. s. c	overnm Di	ent ob	ligation	s	Obliga- tions of	
call date	invest- ments	Total ¹	clud- ing open- mar- ket pa- per	cul- tur- al	To brok- ers and deal- ers	To oth- ers	es- tate loans	to in- di- vid- uals ²	Other loans ²	Total	Total	Bills	Certificates of indebted edness	Notes	Bonds	Guar- an- teed	states and polit- ical sub- divi- sions	
All insured commercial																		
banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—June 30.	49,290 121,809 118,278 124,822 130,820 132,557	21,259 25,765 42,485 51,723 57,256 58,730	9,214 9,461 16,935 21,776 25,744 25,176	1,450 1,314 2,963 2,823 3,321 3,562	614 3,164 1,749 1,789 1,571 2,106	662 3,606 855 1,036 960 942	4,773 4,677 11,405 13,389 14,450 14,884	4,5 2,361 8,005 10,049 10,378 11,340	45 1,181 1,121 1,534 1,645 1,570	28,031 96,043 75,793 73,099 73,564 73,827	21,046 88,912 65,820 60,986 60,533 60,117	988 2,455 3,692 4,118 7,219 6,090	19,071 12,479 1,932 7,526 7,653	3,159 16,045 5,810 16,756 11,256 11,099	12,797 51,321 43,833 38,168 34,511 35,251	4,102 22 6 11 21 25	16.400	3,574 4,179 4,042
Member banks,							2 404	,	100	25 500	10 520	071		2 007	11 720	2 022	2 000	2 071
1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—June 30. Sept. 5.	101,528 107,424 112,247 113,502	36,230 44,705 49,561 50,526	15,857 20,521 24,347 23,732	1,945 1,808 2,140 2,264	3,133 1,737 1,770 1,551 2,084	3,378 758 927 851 829	10,522 11,334 11,628	1,900 6,551 8,314 8,524 9,268	1,104 1,034 1,438 1,535 1,473	84,408 65,297 62,719 62,687 62,976	19,539 78,338 56,883 52,365 51,621 51,261 51,382	2,275 3,389 3,665 6,399 5,423	16,985 10,409 1,468 6,010 6,134	14,271 5,085 14,054 9,596 9,468	11,729 44,792 37,996 33,170 29,601 30,215 32,160	16 4 8 15 21	3,254 5,274 6,640	2,815 3,140 3,714 3,538 3,590
New York City: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. Sept. 5.	12,896 26,143 19,583 20,612 21,379 21,710	4,072 7,334 7,550 9,729 11,146 11,268 10,944	6,328 7,852 7,659		412 2,453 1,410 1,421 1,219 1,619 1,087	1,172 219 285 262	80 256 442 514 426	287 689 930 920	309 460 551 524	18,809 12,033	8,212	477 720 824 1,122 1,062	3,433 1,785 250 616 692	1,711 1,428	6,206 4,960 5,058	2	1,123 1,385 1,436	629 535 767 719 794
Chicago: ¹ 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—June 30. Sept. 5.	2,760 5,931 5,424 5,569 5,731 5,664 5,738	1,618 2,083 2,468 2,380	760 1,211 1,567 1,977 1,856	7 9 16	211 109 110 94 166	233 56 69 63	67	51 172 207 180 183	34 87 109 83	3,806 3,487 3,264 3,284	4,213 3,324 2,911 2,711 2,721	133 331 232 334 366	1,467 690 131 332 371	358 700 520 494	1,864 1,945 1,847 1,526		181 290 335 351 363	204 192 242 201 201
Reserve city banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—June 30. Sept. 5.	40,685 42,694 43,091	19,651 19,745	3,456 3,661 6,704 8,646 10,140 9,756 10,000	205 457 392 513 519	427 183 207 203 258	309 386 347 354	1,459 3,742 4,423 4,651 4,799	1,3 855 2,745 3,498 3,518 3,805 3,957			6,467 29,552 20,951 19,084 19,194 19,123 19,169			2,124 5,536 3,640 3,656	4,248 15,878 13,457 11,830 10,528 10,851 11,805	1 16	1,126 1,727 2,184 2,458 2,832	916 1,254
Country banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—June 30. Sept. 5.	38,219 40,558 42,444 43,037	12,692 14,988 16,296 17,133	4.377	1,480 1,407 1,610 1,733	42 36 33 35 41	471 173 187 178 179	1,881 4,784 5,591 6,099 6,337		530 363 259 288 303 308	6,628 29,407 25,527 25,570 26,148 25,904	4,377 26,999 21,862 21,377 21,587 21,206 21,801	110 630 1,148 1,390 2,418 1,914	5,102 3,753 588 2,568 2,551	4,544 1,768 6,107 4,008 3,918	2,926 16,713 815,189 713,287 812,587 812,587 813,559	3 9 7 5 7 5	1,342 2,505 2,998 3,334 3,494	1,028 1,067 1,160 1,194 1,227 1,204 1,218
Insured non- member com- mercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 30. 1951—Dec. 31. 1952—June 30.	5,776 14,639 16,766 17,414	7,023 7,701	543 512 1,078 1,255 1,397 1,445	459 1,018 1,015	31 12 18 20	228 97 109	1,224 2,575 2,872 3,121	8 461 1,453 1,735 1,854 2,072	554 77 87 96 111 97	2,535 11,647 10,508 10,391 10,890 10,863	1,509 10,584 8,947 8,632 8,923 8,867	17 180 303 453 820 668	2,071 465 1,516	725 2,702 1,660	6,538 5,846 5,008 4,92	3 6 3 3	563 619 21,127 31,294 61,462 1,503	443 434 465 505

^{*} These figures do not include data for banks in possessions of the United States. During 1941 three mutual savings banks became members of the Federal Reserve System; these banks are included in "member banks" but are not included in "all insured commercial banks." Comparability of figures for classes of banks is affected somewhat by changes in Federal Reserve membership, insurance status, and the reserve classifications of cities and individual banks, and by mergers, etc.

1 Beginning June 30, 1948, figures for various loan items are shown gross (i. e., before deduction of valuation reserves); they do not add to the total and are not entirely comparable with prior figures.

Total loans continue to be shown net

2 "Other loans to individuals" include, and "Other loans" exclude, single-payment loans of \$3,000 and over, which were included with "Other loans" in BULLETINS for May 1951 through January 1953.

For other footnotes see opposite page.

ALL INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES *-Continued RESERVES AND LIABILITIES

[In millions of dollars]

	_						Deman	d deposit	s			Time	deposits			
Class of bank and call date	Re- serves with Federal Re-	Cash in vault	Bal- ances with do-	De- mand de- posits	Inter depo	bank osits	U. S. Gov-	States and	Certi- fied and	Indi- viduals, partner-	Inter-	U. S. Gov- ern-	States and polit-	Indi- viduals, partner-	row-	Capi- tal ac-
can date	serve Banks	vadic	mestic banks ⁴	ad- justed ⁵	Do- mestic ⁴	For- eign	ern- ment	political subdi- visions	cers'	ships, and cor- pora- tions	bank	ment and Postal Sav- ings	ical	ships, and cor- pora- tions	ings	counts
All insured com- mercial banks:	40.000	4 250		25 245	0.000		4 77.1	2		26 544	450		400	45 446	40	
1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30	15 810	1,829 1,984 2,145 2,665	8,570 11,075 9,466 10,463 11,561 9,935	84,576 91,099	9,823 12,566 10,885 11,955 12,969 11,286	1,248 1,315 1,442 1,381 1,339	1 2 788	3,677 5,098 7,419 7,892 8,288 8,682	2,585 2,338 2,898 3,147	72.593	347 427	103 182 189 278	496 1,232 1,331 1,485	29,277 34,442 34,525 35,986	215	6,844 8,671 10,645 11,263 11,902 12,282
Member banks, total:	12 206	1,087	6,246	•	:	671	1 700	2 066	1,009	33,061	140	50	418	11,878	4	5,886
1945—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30 Sept. 5	15,811 16,429 17,459 19,912 19,333 20,300	1,438 1,521 1,643 2,062 1,821	7,117 6,194 6,868 7,463 6,470 6,110	64,184 72,658 78,370	110 623	1,243	22,179 2,838 2,523 3,101 5,439	4,240 6,017 6,400 6,666 6,989 6,591	2,450 2,185 2,724 2,961 2,555	62,950 71,589 78,659 83,240 79,186 79,731	64 164 341 422	99 175 183 257 288	399 1,051 1,121 1,238 1,303	23,712 27,934 28,032 29,128 30,196	208 11 79 26 69	7,589 9,174 9,695 10,218 10,526
New York City:3 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31	5,105 4,015	93 111	141 78	10,761 15,065	3,595	607 1,105	866 6,940	319 237	450 1,338	11,282 15,712	6 17	····io	29 20	778 1,206	195	1,648 2,120
1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30 Sept. 5	4,462 4,693 5,246 5,266 5,050	112 118 159 168 134	68 78 79 92 34	15,182 15,898 16,439 16,070 15,604	2,996 3,207 3,385 3,193	1,084 1,162 1,128 1,096 1,103	640 451 858 1,651 1,071	196 258 321 305 262	895 1,087 1,289	16,408 17,490 17,880 17,275	113 268 318 350 382	38. 37. 43. 53. 55.		1,590 1,647 1,614 1,721 1,624	70 5 20 483	2,312 2,351 2,425 2,460
Chicago: ³ 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30	1,021 942 1,183	43 36 27	298 200 159	3 153	1,027 1,292 1,151	8 20 40	127 1,552 258	233 237 286	34 66 60	2,152 3,160 3,932		4	10	476 719 1,069		288 377 470
Sept. 3	1,332	30 32 30 26	133 165 135 118	3,903	1,151 1,177 1,269 1,136 1,188	48 38 39 42	174 242 306 260	284 240 287 285	70 66 52 53	4,250 4,404 4,037 4,039	3 1 6 4	3 5 4 4	10 11 11 11	1,089 1,128 1,150 1,134	101	490 513 530 532
Reserve city banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31	4,060 6,326 6,413	425 494 482	2,590 2,174 1,965	11,117 22,372 25,744 27,938	4,302 6,307 5,498	54 110 176	491 8,221 1,142	1,144 1,763 2 478	286 611 650	11,127 22,281 25,912 28,938	104 30 38	20 38 60	243 160 617	4,542 9,563 10,987	2	1,967 2,566 3,087
1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30 Sept. 5	6,413 6,806 7,582 7,312 8,046	519 639 551 507	2,206 2,356 2,083 1,737	27,938 29,489 28,703 29,239	1 6.6951	217 192 182 211	976 1.124	2,478 2,575 2,550 2,689 2,441	852	28,938 30,722 29,258 29,689	57 90 101 101	60 85 90 98	631 714 751 749	10,956 11,473 11,913	4	3,322 3,521 3,663
Country banks: 1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30	2,210 4,527 4,371	526 796 901	3,216 4,665 4,002	9,661 23,595 27,935	790 1,199 979	2 8 9	225 5,465 797	1,370 2,004 3,058 3,282	239 435 579	8,500 21,797 25,337	30 17 13	31 52 73	146 219 400	6,082 12,224 14,289	4 11 11	1,982 2,525 3,305
1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30 Sept. 5	4,745 5,676 5,495 5,873	976 1,231 1,072 984	4,450 4,862 4,159 4,221	30,581 33,051 31,671 32,781	1,111	10 11 12 13	922 876 1,384	3,282 3,554 3,708 3,603	715 783 705 629	27,980 30,234 28,616 29,639	12 13 12 12	82 125 141 142	443 491 521 526	14,339 14,914 15,413	16 24 262	3,532
Insured non- member com- mercial banks: 1941—Dec. 31		271	2,325	4.092	108	2	53	611	68	3 402	18	8	74	3,276	ء	959
1941—Dec. 31 1945—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31 1952—June 30		391 463 503 603	3,959 3,273 3,596 4,099	10,537 11,918 12,729 13,948 13,305	233 261 286 335	2 5 6 5	1,560 213 265 243	858 1,402 1,492 1,622	135 153 174 186	3,483 9,643 10,517 11,262 12,364	5 6 5 6	4 6 6 22	97 182 210 247	5,276 5,579 6,524 6,510 6,876	6 7 3 3 4	1,083 1,473 1,570 1,686
1952—June 30		544	3,466	13,305	273	iõ	357	1,694	166	12,364 11,649	6	24	270	7,156	17	1,757

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 18-45, pp 72-103 and 108-113.

Central reserve city banks.

Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal bank balances, which on Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated 513 million dollars at all member banks and 525 million at all insured commercial banks.

Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection. For other footnotes see preceding page.

The Company Statistics Tables 18-45, pp. 72-103 and 108-113.

WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-NEW YORK CITY AND OUTSIDE

LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]

					Lo	ans 1							Inves	tments			
	Total		Com-		or purc							U. S	S. Gove	rnment	obligati	ions	
Date or month	loans and invest- ments	Total 1	mer- cial, indus- trial, and agri- cul- tural	U. S. Govt. ob-ligations		U.S. Govt. ob- liga- tions	Other se- curi- ties	Real estate loans	Loans to banks	Other loans	Total	Total	Bills	Cer- tifi- cates of in- debt- ed- ness	Notes	Bonds ²	Other secu- rities
Total— Leading Cities																	
1952—January	73,952	34,889	21,315	163	946	110	564	5,666	654		1	32,233	4,167	3,622	5,961	18,483	6,830
November. December	77,398 78,586	37.772 38,536	22,737 23,167	413 518	1,177 1,220	109 120	625 635	5,975 5,997	457 429	6,845 7,022	39,626 40,050	32,301 32,763	3,679 4,340	2,427 2,426	6,178 6,019	20,017 19,978	7,325 7,287
1953—January	1 1	1	22,933	l	1,208	131	656	6,017	520	l	1 :	32,077	3,893	2,419	5,949	19,816	7,332
1952—Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	78,353 78,990 78,817	38,282 38,759 38,895	23,308	551	1,175 1,190 1,220 1,227 1,286	107 110 114 123 149	618 621 638 648 648	5,992 5,996 5,984 6,007 6,005	431 421 630 515 149	7,029 7,078	40,231 39,922	32,947 32,819 32,925 32,621 32,502	4,460 4,413 4,487 4,255 4,087	2,425 2,428 2,407	6,028 5,998 6,012	19,974 19,953 20,012 19,947 20,004	7,252 7,306 7,301
1953—Jan. 7 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28	177.739	38,381	23,007	282 256	1,265 1,173 1,188 1,205	133 128 133 130	651 655 659 660	6,005 6,017 6,015 6,031	448 535 618 478	7,134 7,155 7,197 7,208	39,620 39,602 39,358 39,054	32,370 32,263 31,987 31,687	4,076 3,999 3,854 3,644	2,435 2,427	5,959 5,945	19,922 19,870 19,761 19,709	7,339 7,371
Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25	76,902 77,050	38,278 38,494	22,709	425 350	1,171 1,173 1,198 1,165	129 133 132 132	672 662 659 656	6,032 6,032 6,045 6,057	364 386 730 707	7,249 7,267	38,624 38,556	31,432 31,278 31,089 31,024	3,403 3,224 3,172 3,097	2,519 2,253	5,868 5,863	19,679 19,667 19,801 19,829	7,346
New York City						27	217				0.750	7 700	224	5 06	4 250		
1952—January November.	1	1	7,833 8,425	140 273	j	27 21	217 219	511 397	274	1,333	I .	1	934 759	232	1,378		2,052
December	21,768	12,211	8,666 8,565	367 222	976 937	36 43	219 232	386 377	242 313	1,500	9,557	6,973	1,107 726	229	1,115	5,069	2,037
1952—Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	21,499 21,589 21,881	11,950 12,079 12,303	8,569 8,676 8,689	331 288 336 385	944 962 971	21 27 32 45 56	208 208 225 229 223	397 395 378 383 379	217 226 342 322 102	1,446 1,480 1,513 1,524	9,549 9,510 9,578 9,547	7,555 7,516	1,165 1,137 1,087 1,072	249 235	1,113 1,105 1,120 1,113	5,028 5,039 5,085 5,082	1,994 1,994
1953—Jan. 7 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28	21,277 21,090 21,035 21,018	11,994	8,560 8,593 8,564 8,541	304 193 161 229	912 917	47 45 42 40	230 233 234 233	381 378 372 376	242 272 423 316		8,949	7,129 7,030 6,866 6,868	793 750 669 690	225	1,085	4,966 4,904	2,056 2,066 2,083 2,088
Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25	20,712 20,893	11,872 12,071	8,504 8,520 8,482 8,490	214 217 173 174	888 905	39 41 40 40		375 374 380 381	217 207 472 442	1,586 1,575 1,573 1,575	8,822	6,778	547 511 554 552	265 331 184 182	1,048 1,047	4,888 4,915	2,074 2,062 2,122 2,089
Outside New York City																	
1952—January	1	23,730	Į.	23	ł	83						24,533	l	!	l .	1	1
November. December	56,358 56,818	25,968 26,325	14,312 14,501	140 151		88 84	406 416		183 187	5,417 5,522	30,390 30,493	25,071 25,243	2,920 3,233	2,195 2,197	4,969 4,904	14,987 14,909	5,319 5,250
1953—January	1 !	()	1		271	88	424		207	1	1	25,104	1			14,873	1
1952—Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	56,764 57,109 56.860	26,203 26,456 26,485	14,460 14,547 14,587	132 143 166	228 249 250	86 83 82 78 93	410 413 413 419 425	5,601 5,606 5,624	214 195 288 193 47	5,472 5,477 5,516 5,554 5,590	30,666 30,561 30,653 30,375 30,213	25,392 25,303 25,404 25,143 24,972	3,295 3,276 3,400 3,183 3,011	2,190 2,199 2,196	4,923 4,878 4,899	14,946 14,914 14,927 14,865 14,894	5,258 5,249 5,232
1953—Jan. 7 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28	56,323	26,225	14,414 14,344 14,296	89 95 102	261 271	86 83 91 90	421 422 425 427		206 263 195 162	5,642 5,642	30,409	25,241 25,233 25,121 24,819	3,185 2,954	2,206 2,202	4,874 4,877	14,908 14,904 14,857 14,819	5,273 5,288
Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25	56,218 56,190 56,157 55,912	26,287 26,406 26,423 26,327	14,276 14,294 14,227 14,207	193 208 177 113	285 293	90 92 92 92	433 429 430 432	5,657 5,658 5,665 5,676	258	5,655 5,674 5,694 5,701	29,931 29,784 29,734 29,585	24,648 24,500 24,389 24,329	2,856 2,713 2,618 2,545	2,069	$ \begin{array}{c} 4.820 \\ 4.816 \end{array}$	14,777 14,779 14,886 14,923	$\begin{bmatrix} 5,284 \\ 5,345 \end{bmatrix}$

¹ Figures for various loan items are shown gross (i. e., before deduction of valuation reserves); they do not add to the total, which is shown net. ² Includes guaranteed obligations. For other footnotes see opposite page.

WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS-NEW YORK CITY AND OUTSIDE-Continued

RESERVES AND LIABILITIES

[Monthly data are averages of Wednesday figures. In millions of dollars]

							deposits nterbank			ne depo pt inter			iterbai leposit				
Date or month	Re- serves with Fed- eral Re-	Cash in vault	Bal- ances with do- mestic	De- mand de- posits ad-	Indi- vid- uals, part- ner-	States and polit- ical	Certi- fied and Offi-	U. S. Gov-	Individ- uals, part- ner-	States and polit-	U. S. Gov- ern- ment	Dem	and	T:	Bor- row- ings	Cap- ital ac- counts	Bank deb- its ⁴
	serve Banks		banks	justed?	ships, and cor- pora- tions	sub- divi- sions	cers' checks, etc.	ern- ment	ships, and cor- pora- tions	ical sub- divi- sions	and Postal Sav- ings	Do- mes- tic	For- eign	Time			
Total— Leading Cities																	
1952—January	14,975	931	2,665	54,107	55,252	3,552	1,539	1,617	15,173	720	162	11,082	1,275	410	621	6,856	117,411
November December		960 1,005	2,446 2,562	53,383 54,938	55,483 56,802	3,566 3,552		3,506 3,370	16,047 16,138	745 756	194 196	10,749 10,996	1,322 1,347	560 576	1,637 1,316	7,141 7,158	118,658 146,649
1953—January	15,044	970	2,441	54,773	55,928	3,698	1,562	2,356	16,253	760	200	10,885	1,314		1,367		132,811
1952—Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	15 336	1 061	2 354	54,392 55,127 55,816 54,705 54,648	56,495 57,827 56,708	3,559 3,458 3,464 3,532 3,746	1,719 1,682 1,767 1,655 2,099	2,970 3,073 3,508	16,027 16,062 16,121 16,177 16,303	751 751 759 759 758	195 196	10,595 10,607 11,148 10,989 11,641	1,342 1,352	576 572	1,609 1,740 1,270 1,814 145	7,144 7,146 7,157	27,490 34,825 35,937
1953—Jan. 7 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28	14,964 15,067	996 994 932 956	2,561 2,500	54,467 54,847 54,980 54,799	r56,715 r56,356	73,687	1,558 1,728 1,548 1,414	2,183 2,197	16,267 16,231 16,251 16,261	751 761 762 765	202 197	11,145 11,305 10,976 10,114	$1,310 \\ 1,310$	577 576	1,515 1,301 1,228 1,423	7,154 7,154	28,465 31,564
Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25	14,772 14,717	935 935 908 971	2,275 2,446	53,848 53,609 53,043 53,087	54,730 54,582	3,889 3,889 3,715 3,740	1,438 1,571 1,533 1,467	2,813 3,475	16,289 16,311 16,334 16,374	770 774 772 778	199 200	10,210 10,119 10,383 9,969	1,248 1,253	566 565	1,499 1,410 1,212 1,251	7,205 7,208	26,948 30,327
New York City		<u> </u>															
1952—January	5,288			16,540 15,668		291 383	722 821	549 1,169	1,483	30	45	3,177		313	193		
November December	5,210 5,261	161 170		16,322		303	890	1,087	1,657	31	55 57	2,982 3,051		434 452	440 479		
1953—January	5,042	147		16,044		285	695	671		29	58	3,026	'		339		l
1952—Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	5,418 5,252 5,385 5,232 5,019	160 188 191 165 147	34 40 42	16,132 16,364 16,807 16,141 16,168	17,306 17,847 17,190	304 277 305 311 318	836 862 852 800 1,101	1,305 992 859 1,148 1,132	1,633 1,668 1,673	31 31 31 31 31	56 56 56 56 59	2,948 2,916 3,040 3,019 3,333	1,082 1,100 1,102	453 452 449	503 557 457 750 130	2,428 2,426 2,442	11,718 14,693 16,010
Jan. 7 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28	5,084 5,003 5,049 5,031	152 154 137 144	44 41	15,969 16,009 16,041 16,158	16,958 16,986	266 272 278 324	676 812 672 619	832 628 599 624	1,620 1,626	29 29 27 29	60 59 57 57	3,066 3,086 3,050 2,901	1,055	453 452	404 318 331 302	2,459 2,459	11,122 12,363
Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25	5,059 4,888 4,970 4,825	133	31 38	15,734 15,626 15,645 15,505	16,545 16,683	295 299 301 288	646 784 687 700	700 736 877 822	1,633	30 31 31 31	58 58 58 58	2,890 2,848 2,909 2,874	1,014 1,006	441 440 438 440	435 352 368 360	2,470 2,472	10,767 11,608
Outside New York City																	
1952—January	9,687	789	2,623	37,567	37,789	3,261	817	1,068	13,690	697	117	7,905	224	97	428	4,472	71,986
November December				37,715 38,616			851 894	2.337 2,283	14,437 14,481	715 725	139 139	7,767 7,945	257 251				71,985 83,558
1953—January	10,002	823	2,403	38,729	39,014	3,413	867	1,685	14,623	731	142	7,859	257	123	1,028		
1952—Dec. 3 Dec. 10 Dec. 17 Dec. 24 Dec. 31	10,084 10,119 10,406	869 781	2,320	38,260 38,763 39,009 38,564 38,480	39,189 39,980	3,255 3,181 3,159 3,221 3,428	883 820 915 855 998	2,214	14,407 14,429 14,453 14,504 14,613	720 720 728 728 727	140 139 139 140 142	7,691 8,108	251 246 242 250 265	124 124 124 123 124	1,106 1,183 813 1,064	4,720 4,716 4,720 4,715 4,721	16,493 15,772 20,132 19,927 17,831
1953—Jan. 7 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28	$ 9,961 \\ 10,018$	840 795	2,459	38,498 38,838 38,939 38,641	739,370	73,409	882 916 876 795	1,555 1,598	14,630 14,611 14,625 14,624	732 735	142 143 140 143	8,079 8,219 7,926		124	1,111 983 897 1,121	4,723 4,695 4,695	16,504 17,343 19,201
Feb. 4 Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25	9,921 9,884 9,747 9,727	775	2,244 2,408	38,114 37,983 37,398 37,582	38,185 37,899	3,590 3,414	846	2,077 2,598	14,652 14,678 14,689 14,707	740 743 741 747	142 141 142 140	7,320 7,271 7,474 7,095	246 234 247 246	126 127	1,064 1,058 844 891	4,735 4,736	16,181 18,719

r Revised.
3 Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.
4 Monthly and weekly totals of debits to demand deposit accounts except interbank and U. S. Government accounts.

Back figures.—For description of revision beginning July 3, 1946, see BULLETIN for June 1947, p. 692, and for back figures on the revised basis, see BULLETIN for July 1947, pp. 878-883; for old series, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 127-227.

CHANGES IN COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL LOANS OF A SAMPLE OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS BY INDUSTRY 1

[Net declines, (-). In millions of dollars]

					1	Business o	f borrowe			·			
		Manufac	turing and	mining									Comm'l
Period 2	Food, liquor, and tobacco	Textiles, apparel, and leather	Metals and metal products (incl. machin- ery and trans. equip.)	Petro- leum, coal, chemical, and rubber	Other	Trade (whole- sale and retail)	Com- modity dealers	Sales finance com- panies	Public utilities (incl. trans- porta- tion)	Con- struc- tion	All other types of business	Net changes classi- fied	ind'l, and agr'l change— total ³
1951—April-June July-Dec	-243 932	116 -361	275 873	48 125	60 141	62 16	-421 722	63 30	175 351	44 -98	8 37	186 2,769	18 2,372
1952—JanJune July-Dec	-868 754	-73 -40	1,111	176 250	76 36	-105 141	-634 662	-217 544	-2 -57	18 13	-28 191	-546 2,494	-808 2,422
Monthly: 1952—Oct Nov Dec	210 156 68	-54 -17 -33	111 67 31	42 47 46	36 3 -34	122 91 86	262 112 2	65 406	-60 69 12	4 -3 -10	-8 21 63	665 610 465	668 602 330
1953—Jan Feb	-32 -142	6 69	90 32	-2 -1	-10 -7	-51 25	-89 -82	-106 -15	25 -57	4 	-46 26	-219 -153	-369 -140
Week ending:	49 26 33 32 -71	-3 -5 -1 -11 -13	-14 25 47 43 -70	6 105 -85 6 15	-9 3 -1 -10 -18	38 3 8 -48 -87	18 -5 -27 24 -7	33 24 80 68 202	-14 15 39 8 -38	5 -6 -4 -3 -2	1 5 8 19 30	109 191 97 127 —59	73 187 100 72 -102
1953—Jan. 7 Jan. 14 Jan. 21 Jan. 28	-25 20 1 -28	12 -2 -4	1 47 14 29	-9 -5 -8 20	-13 3 1 -1	-22 -4 -11 -15	-34 -22 -30 -4	-32 -21 -17 -36	-4 11 21 -4	-5 4 -3 -1	-28 6 -13 -10	-171 50 -46 -52	-226 27 -99 -71
Feb. 11 Feb. 18 Feb. 25	-32 -39 -35 -36	13 30 17 9	15 22 9 4	-3 -10 10 1	-6 -1	8 9 -1 8	-16 -28 -29 -10	$ \begin{array}{c c} -20 \\ -11 \\ 11 \\ 5 \end{array} $	-10 -12 -45 10	5 -6	-1 20 8 -1	-52 -12 -81 -8	-57 34 -105 -12

¹ Sample includes about 210 weekly reporting member banks reporting changes in their larger loans; these banks hold nearly 90 per cent of total commercial and industrial loans of all weekly reporting member banks and about 70 per cent of those of all commercial banks.

² Figures for other than weekly periods are based on weekly changes during period.

³ Net change at all banks in weekly reporting series.

COMMERCIAL PAPER AND BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING

[In millions of dollars]

					Doll	ar acceptar	ices outstai	nding			
	Commer-			Hele	d by				Based on		
End of year or month	cial paper out-	Total	Ac	cepting bar	nks		Imports	Exports	D. 11	shipped	ored in or between
	standing ¹	standing		Own	Bills	Others	into United	from United	Dollar ex- change	poin	its in
			Total	bills	bought		States	States		United States	Foreign countries
1947—December	287 269 257 333 434	261 259 272 394 490	197 146 128 192 197	88 71 58 114 119	109 76 70 78 79	64 112 144 202 293	159 164 184 245 235	63 57 49 87 133	3 1 2 23	25 25 30 28 55	11 12 9 32 44
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	480 517 534 544 510 495 539 550 565 591 575 539	492 493 458 422 430 416 450 454 454 479 478	193 188 177 150 155 148 171 169 166 155 172	127 121 120 110 121 108 122 113 106 103 114 126	66 67 57 40 34 40 49 56 61 52 58 57	300 305 282 272 275 268 279 285 288 294 306 309	235 234 228 211 197 195 200 212 232 237 233 232	135 135 138 135 136 126 126 119 108 114 123 125	23 27 6 6 37 45 73 74 60 30 29 39	52 46 36 22 17 15 17 20 24 40 62 64	48 51 51 48 43 36 34 30 31 28 31 32
1953—January	504	487	159	111	48	328	225	120	43	65	34

¹ As reported by dealers; includes some finance company paper sold in open market. Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 127, pp. 465-467; for description, see p. 427.

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PRINCIPAL ASSETS OF SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS*

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES

[In millions of dollars]

		T				1			1	T	 	
		G	overnmen	nt securitie	es	Bus	iness secur	ities			.	
Date	Total assets	Total	United States	State and local 1	Foreign ²	Total	Bonds 3	Stocks	Mort- gages	Real estate	Policy loans	Other assets
End of year: 4 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	29,243 30,802 32,731 34,931 37,766 41,054 44,797 48,191 51,743 55,512 59,630 64,020 68,292	7,697 8,359 9,478 11,851 14,994 18,752 22,545 23,575 22,003 19,085 17,813 16,066 13,670	5,373 5,857 6,796 9,295 12,537 16,531 20,583 21,629 20,021 16,746 15,290 13,459 11,011	2,253 2,387 2,286 2,045 1,773 1,429 1,047 936 945 1,199 1,393 1,547 1,737	71 115 396 511 684 792 915 1,010 1,037 1,140 1,130 1,060 922	8,465 9,178 10,174 10,315 10,494 10,715 11,059 13,024 16,144 20,322 23,179 25,403 28,214	7,929 8,624 9,573 9,707 9,842 9,959 10,060 11,775 14,754 18,894 21,461 23,300 25,988	536 554 601 608 652 756 999 1,249 1,390 1,428 1,718 2,103 2,226	5,669 5,958 6,442 6,726 6,714 6,686 6,636 7,155 8,675 10,833 12,906 16,102 19,314	2,134 2,060 1,878 1,663 1,352 1,063 857 735 860 1,055 1,247 1,445 1,633	3,248 3,091 2,919 2,683 2,373 2,134 1,962 1,894 1,937 2,057 2,240 2,413 2,587	2,030 2,156 1,840 1,693 1,839 1,704 1,738 1,808 2,124 2,160 2,245 2,591 2,874
End of month: 5 1950—December	63,687 67,476 67,983	15,933 13,761 13,579	13,361 11,122 10,958	1,520 1,716 1,702	1,052 923 919	25,209 27,638 28,042	23,231 25,549 25,975	1,978 2,089 2,067	16,101 19,099 19,291	1,428 1,590 1,617	2,397 2,565 2,575	2,619 2,823 2,879
1952—January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	68,554 68,907 69,250 69,604 69,959 70,334 70,774 71,123 71,578 72,034 72,415 73,034	13,530 13,469 13,352 13,306 13,020 12,853 12,894 12,929 12,731 12,780 12,683	10.893 10,841 10,765 10,737 10,463 10,309 10,324 10,347 10,399 10,244 10,297 10,195	1,720 1,716 1,695 1,694 1,697 1,706 1,748 1,752 1,736 1,728 1,728 1,733	917 912 892 875 860 838 822 799 754 755 755	28,319 28,553 28,903 29,186 29,594 29,895 30,191 30,314 30,475 30,973 31,143 31,404	26,228 26,456 26,785 27,059 27,456 27,745 28,039 28,165 28,315 28,819 28,986 29,226	2,091 2,097 2,118 2,127 2,138 2,150 2,152 2,149 2,160 2,154 2,157 2,178	19,536 19,712 19,870 20,008 20,175 20,335 20,505 20,643 20,801 20,961 21,087 21,245	1,624 1,639 1,656 1,662 1,674 1,693 1,706 1,722 1,736 1,751 1,766 1,868	2,587 2,598 2,612 2,621 2,633 2,646 2,656 2,667 2,683 2,692 2,698 2,699	2,958 2,936 2,857 2,821 2,863 2,912 2,822 2,879 2,954 2,926 2,941 3,135

n. a. Not available.

1 Includes United States and foreign.

2 Central government only.

3 Includes International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

4 These represent annual statement asset values, with bonds carried on an amortized basis and stocks at end-of-year market value.

5 These represent book value of ledger assets. Adjustments for interest due and accrued and differences between market and book values are not made on each item separately, but are included in total in "Other assets."

Source.—Institute of Life Insurance—end-of-year figures, Life Insurance Fact Book, 1952; end-of-month figures, The Tally of Life Insurance Statistics and Life Insurance News Data.

ALL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES [In millions of dollars]

			Assets							Assets			
End of year	Total	Cash	Mort- gages 1	U. S. Govern- ment se- curities	Govern- ment se- curities Other		End of quarter	Total	Cash	Mort- gages ¹	U. S. Govern- ment se- curities	Other	Share deposits
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 _p	5,597 5,733 6,049 6,150 6,604 7,458 8,747 10,202 11,687 13,028 14,622 16,846 19,150	274 307 344 410 465 413 450 536 560 663 880 951	4,126 4,415 4,823 4,810 4,793 5,521 7,276 8,971 10,409 11,714 13,714 15,596	73 71 107 318 853 1,671 2,420 2,009 1,740 1,455 1,462 1,489 1,607	1,124 940 775 612 493 391 356 381 416 501 566 692 882	4,118 4,322 4,682 4,941 5,494 6,305 7,365 8,548 9,753 10,964 12,471 13,978 16,079	1950—1 2 3 4 1951—1 2 3 4 1952—1 2 3	15,802 16,072 16,846 17,132 17,940 18,403 19,150 19,730 20,701	900 930 698 951 842 945 832 1,065 1,069 1,169	12,080 12,708 13,247 13,714 14,027 14,603 15,145 15,596 16,054 16,845 17,649	1,534 1,524 1,484 1,489 1,556 1,565 1,584 1,607 1,704 1,683 1,753	567 640 643 692 707 827 842 882 903 1,004 1,012	12,944 13,368 13,219 13,978 14,252 14,930 15,339 16,079 16,789 17,587 18,035

Preliminary.
 Includes mortgage pledged shares.

Source.—Home Loan Bank Board. Figures for first three quarters of each year are estimates of the Federal Reserve based on data for insured associations compiled by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation.

* Figures for mutual savings banks are shown on pp. 251 and 253. Figures for savings and loan associations include share deposits.

GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES

[Based on compilation by United States Treasury Department. In millions of dollars] SELECTED ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, BY CORPORATION OR AGENCY ¹

			Er	nd of ye	ar				End	l of qua	rter	
Asset or liability, and agency	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	19	51		1952	
	1944	1945	1940	1947	1948	1949	1930	3	4	1	2	3
Loans, by purpose and agency: To aid agriculture, total. Banks for cooperatives. Federal intermediate credit banks. Federal land banks. Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation. Farmers Home Administration. Commodity Credit Corporation. Other agencies.	189 257 1,220 351 643 361 353	2,878 197 231 1,088 242 604 407 99	2,884 232 273 986 149 590 528 120	2,299 276 336 109 558 734 280	3,632 305 426 80 525 999 1,293	4,362 302 437 60 523 1,301 1,729	3,884 345 510 45 535 1,543 898	3,896 356 742 37 559 1,693 503	425 633 34 539 1,742	4,239 373 739 32 595 1,784 710	4,058 343 866 29 594 1,831 390	370 822 27 606 1,873
To aid home owners, total. Federal National Mortgage Assn. RFC Mortgage Corporation 4. Home Owners' Loan Corporation 2. Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Other agencies.	1,237 52 81 1,091 12	896 7 24 852 12	659 6 6 636 10	556 4 486 61 65	768 199 369 177 22	1,251 828 231 168 24	1,528 1,347 10 137 35	1,981 1,715	,	2,363 2,053 121 189	2,387 2,068 119 201	2,437
To railroads, total Reconstruction Finance Corporation Other agencies	321	223 205 18	171 153 18	147 145 3	140 138 3	114 112 3	110 108 2	104 102 2	101 99 2	98 96 2	85 83 2	84 82 2
To other industry, total	191 118 73	232 149 83	<i>192</i> 151 41	27 <i>2</i> 241 31	310 272 38	462 423 38	458 400 58	494 422 72	488 415 74	473 400 73	464 393 72	480 412 67
To financing institutions, total. Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Federal home loan banks. Other agencies.	66	267 60 195 12	314 14 293 7	447 7 436 4	525 6 515 4	445 8 433 4	824 8 816	755 8 747	814 8 806	597 8 589	653 (7) 653	716 (7) 715
Foreign, total Export-Import Bank Reconstruction Finance Corporation 6 Other agencies 9	(8)	526 252 274	2,284 1,249 235 800	5,673 1,978 246 3,450	2,145 206	2,187 154	2,226 101	64	2,296 64	6,096 2,329 61 93,706	2,389 58	58
All other purposes, total. Reconstruction Finance Corporation ⁶ . Public Housing Administration ¹⁰ . Other agencies.	1,237 8 827 305 8 106	707 309 286 112	278	714 5340 278 96	294		531 59 366 105	559	609		801 61 624 116	
Less: Reserve for losses	l	438	,	395		ļ	185	(Į.		153	150
Total loans receivable (net)	6,387	5,290	6,649	9,714	11,692	12,733	13,228	13,906	14,422	14,422	15,913	16,890
Investments: U. S. Government securities, total. Banks for cooperatives. Federal intermediate credit banks. Production credit corporations. Federal land banks 2. Federal home loan banks Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corp. Home Owners' Loan Corporation 2. Federal Housing Administration Public Housing Administration 10. Reconstruction Finance Corporation 4. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Other agencies.	43 39 60 220 144 151 15 87 7 75 760	145 118 161 15 106 8 49 897	43 47 70 136 145 172 17 122 8 48 1,045	139 184 12 132 8	43 44 66 274 199 12 144 8	43 74 39 275 214 8 188	43 46 42 199 193 244	43 67 41 271 195	249 200 285	384 204	43 49 43 311 209	43 61 43 298 203
Investment in international institutions	ļ	<u> </u>	318	3,385	3,385	3,385	3,385	3,385	3,385	3,385	3,385	3,385
Other securities, total. Reconstruction Finance Corporation Production credit corporations. Other agencies.	289 63	244	159 46	108 35	98 29	83 22	88 71 16 1	74			43	42
Commodities, supplies, and materials, total Commodity Credit Corporation Reconstruction Finance Corporation 6. Other agencies	1,450	1,034 1,131	463 667	822 448 235 138	437 157	1,376 142	1,638 108	1,238 140	1,174 129	1,012 147	1,023 186	1,034 194
Land, structures, and equipment, total. Public Housing Administration ¹⁰ . Reconstruction Finance Corporation ⁶ . Tennessee Valley Authority. U. S. Maritime Commission ² . War Shipping Administration ² . Other agencies ¹¹ .	200 6,526 710 3,113 5,427	6,919 721 3,395 7,813	227 2,861 727 3,301 7,764	204 35 754 3,305 6,507	1,448 630 793	1,352 611 830	1,248 605 886	1,254 584 998	1,251 594 1,048	1,242 592 1,105	1,232 202 1,170	1,216 202 1,209
Bonds, notes, and debentures payable (not guaranteed), total. Banks for cooperatives. Federal intermediate credit banks. Federal land banks 2. Commodity Credit Corporation. Federal home loan banks.	274 818 212	245 792	33 293 756	358	480	78 490	110 520	117 787	170 674	140 745	112 857	120 864

For footnotes see following page.

GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES—Continued

Based on compilation by United States Treasury Department. In millions of dollars

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

		A	ssets, o	ther tha	n intera	agency i	items 1			ies, oth agency			
Date, and corporation or agency			Loans	Com- modi- ties,		rest- ents	Land,	Other	and d	, notes, leben- payable	Other	U. S. Gov- ern- ment	Pri- vately owned
	Total	Cash	re- ceiv- able	sup- plies, and mate- rials	U. S. Govt. secu- rities	Other secu- rities	tures, and equip- ment	as- sets	Fully guar- anteed by U. S.	Other	liabil- ities	inter- est	inter- est
All agencies: 1944—Dec. 31. 1945—Dec. 31. 1946—Dec. 31. 1947—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31.	33,844 30,409 30,966 21,718 23,733	1,481 630 441		2,288 1,265 822 627 1,549	1,632 1,683 1,873 1,685 1,854 2,047 2,075	325 547 3,539 3,518 3,492		3,111 2,317 1,753 1,125 337 509 499	1,537 555 261 82 38 28 23	1,113 1,252 689 965 772	4,212 3,588 2,037 1,663 1,720	23,857 27,492 24,810 28,015 18,886 21,030 21,995	504 472 498 143 166 183 234
1951—Sept. 30 ² . Dec. 31. 1952—Mar. 31. June 30 ² . Sept. 30.	26,744 26,858 27,933	931 844 808	13,906 14,422 14,422 15,913 16,890		2,422 2,364	3,463 3,451 3,438	3,406 3,186	854 882 991 874 704		1,369	1,161 1,247 1,200	22,962 23,842 24,010 25,104 25,780	322 329 349 357 367
Classification by agency, Sept. 30, 1952 Department of Agriculture: Farm Credit Administration: Banks for cooperatives. Federal intermediate credit banks. Production credit corporations. Agricultural Marketing Act. Federal Farm Mortgage Corp. Rural Electrification Administration. Commodity Credit Corporation. Farmers Home Administration ² Federal Crop Insurance Corp.	437 936 52 1 30 1,987 2,223 615 41	22 41 (7) (7) 2 46 11 75 32	822 1 27 1,871 856	1,034	61 43			(7) (7) (7) 69 220 29		864	12 (7) (7) (7) (7) 1 490 7	1,986 1,733 608	
Housing and Home Finance Agency: Home Loan Bank Board: Federal home loan banks. Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corp Public Housing Administration. Federal Housing Administration. Office of the Administrator: Federal National Mortgage Association. Other.	1,042 208 2,092 478 2,108 110	25 1 105 55 (7) 31	751		298 203 		(7) 1,216 1 (7) 29	4 4 21 90 10 4			383 5 16 225 4 3	2,076 215 2,104	342
Reconstruction Finance Corporation: Assets held for U. S. Treasury 12. Other 13. Export-Import Bank Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. Tennessee Valley Authority. All other	1,438 1,540	6 14 (7) 1 304 162	1 695 2,546 5,551	(7) (7) 19	1,423	2 40 3,385	201	37 29 17 14 8			50 38 94 43 61	2,526 1,344 1,497	

¹ Loans by purpose and agency are shown on a gross basis; total loans and all other assets are shown on a net basis, i. e., after reserves for

1 Loans by purpose and agency are shown on a gross basis; total loans and all other assets are shown on a net basis, i. e., atter reserves follosses.

2 Several changes in coverage have been made over the period for which data are shown. The more important are: exclusion of the following agencies following repayment of the U. S. Government interest—Federal land banks after 1946 and the Home Owners' Loan Corporation after June 1951; exclusion of the United States Maritime Commission (including War Shipping activities) after 1947, when this agency ceased to report to the U. S. Treasury; and inclusion of the Mutual Security Agency beginning June 1952.

3 This agency, successor to the Farm Security Administration, took over the continuing functions of the latter agency in 1946. Earlier figures have been adjusted to include the FSA. Figures for 1944 and 1945 also include Emergency Crop and Feed Loans of the Farm Credit Administration, transferred to the FSA in 1946. Figures through 1948 include the Regional Agricultural Credit Corporation, the assets and liabilities of which have been administered by the Farmers Home Administration since dissolution of the RACC in 1949. These activities are reported currently on the Treasury Statement as "Disaster Loans, etc., Revolving Fund."

4 Assets and liabilities transferred to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation on June 30, 1947.

5 Reconstruction Finance Corporation loans to aid home owners, which increased steadily through the first three quarters of 1947 and during 1948, appear to have been included with "other" loans in the statement for Dec. 31, 1947.

6 Figures have been adjusted to include certain affiliates of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Several of these—including the Defense Plant Corporation, Defense Supplies Corporation, Metals Reserve Company, and Rubber Reserve Company—were merged with the parent effective July 1, 1945. Most of their activities were reflected under "Commodities, supplies, and materials" and "Land, structures, and equipment."

⁷ Less than \$500,000.

⁸ Foreign loans, except for the Export-Import Bank, are included with "other agencies" until 1945.

⁹ Treasury loan to the United Kingdom (total authorized amount of which was 3,750 million dollars) and, beginning with the balance sheet for June 30, 1952, outstanding loans of the Mutual Security Agency (totaling about 1,500 million on that date). Repayment of 44 million on the Treasury loan to the U. K., received late in 1951, was covered into the Treasury early in 1952.

¹⁰ Reflects activities of the Federal Public Housing Authority under the U. S. Housing Act, as amended, until July 27, 1947, when these activities were transferred to the newly established Public Housing Administration. War housing and other operations of the Authority—shown on the Treasury Statement with "other agencies" through 1947—were not transferred to the PHA until 1948.

¹¹ Beginning 1951, includes figures for Panama Canal Company, a new corporation combining the Panama Railroad Company (included in earlier Treasury Statements) and the business activities of the Panama Canal (not reported prior to that time). See also footnote 10.

¹² Assets representing unrecovered costs to the Corporation in its national defense, war, and reconversion activities, which are held for the Treasury for liquidation purposes in accordance with provisions of Public Law 860, 80th Congress.

¹⁸ Includes figures for Smaller War Plants Corporation, which is being liquidated by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Note:—Statement includes certain business-type activities of the United States Government. Figures for some agencies—usually small

Note.—Statement includes certain business-type activities of the United States Government. Figures for some agencies—usually small ones—may be for dates other than those indicated. Comparability of the figures with those for years prior to 1944 has been affected by (1) the adoption of a new reporting form beginning Sept. 30, 1944, and (2) changes in activities and agencies included (see footnote 2). For back figures see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 152, p. 517.

	В	ond pric	es						St	ock pric	es						
										Com	mon						Vol- ume
Year, month, or week	U. S. Gov-	Mu-	Cor-	Pre-		ard and idex, 19				Securit			nge Com 1939==1		ı series		of trad- ing ⁵ (in
	ern- ment ²	nicipal (high- grade) ³	rate (high- grade) ⁸	ferred4		In-		Pub-		Ma	nufactu	ring	Trans	Pub-	Trade fin-		thou- sands of
			Total	dus- trial	Rail- road	lic utility	Total	Total	Dura- ble	Non- dura- ble	porta- tion	lic util- ity	ance, and serv- ice	Min- ing	shares)		
Number of issues	1-8	15	17	15	480	420	20	40	265	170	98	72	21	28	32	14	
1950 average 1951 average 1952 average	102.53 98.85 97.27			181.8 170.4 169.7	146 177 188	156 192 204	117 149 169	107 112 118	154 185 195	166 207 220	150 178 189	180 233 249	160 199 221	107 113 118	184 208 20	144 205 275	2,012 1,684 1,313
1952—Feb. Mar. Apr. Apr. June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	96.77 96.87 97.95 98.91 98.32 98.40 97.09 96.86 96.44 96.96	131.9 130.9 130.4 128.6 126.6 125.0 125.4	116.5 115.9 116.3 116.2 116.0 115.8 115.7 114.7 115.2	168.3 172.2 173.4 173.3 171.1	183 185 184 184 188 192 191 188 183 190	199 201 199 199 204 210 208 204 198 206 214	155 161 165 167 174 175 175 171 167 172 185	118 118 117 117 116 117 119 119 117 121 123	193 193 191 190 196 199 199 194 191 197 204	218 216 215 214 222 225 225 219 215 223 231	183 182 181 182 187 192 194 191 188 196 205	251 248 245 243 253 256 254 246 239 247 255	209 214 217 216 225 226 228 221 218 225 238	117 117 116 117 117 117 120 118 118 121 123	6 206 203 203 201 204 208 210 206 202 205 212	258 295 298 283 291 289 278 275 265 260 267	1,320 1,283 1,282 1,044 1,215 1,096 995 1,149 1,181 1,779 1,842
1953—Jan Feb	695.68 95.28		114.5 114.0		198 196	214 212	185 181	124 124	205 202	232 229	208 204	255 252	239 235	124 124	212 210	261 256	1,623 1,678
Week ending: Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28	°95.61 95.57 95.52 95.35 94.58	123.3 123.3 122.6	114.4 114.0 113.9	167.3 166.1 165.6	197 199 194 194 197	214 216 210 209 213	186 185 179 178 183	124 125 124 124 124	206 202 202 201 230	234 229 228 227 230	209 204 203 202 205	257 251 252 251 254	242 233 234 235 238	125 125 124 124 124	213 210 210 210 210 211	259 252 253 254 264	1,642 1,779 1,430 1,326 2,242

Corrected

1 Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal and corporate bonds, preferred stocks, and common stocks (Standard and Poor's series), which are based on figures for Wednesday.

2 Beginning Apr. 1, 1952, series includes all fully taxable, marketable bonds due or first callable after 12 years. Prior to that date, only bonds due or first callable after 15 years were included.

3 Prices derived from average yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation, on basis of a 4 per cent 20-year bond.

4 Standard and Poor's Corporation. Prices derived from averages of median yields on noncallable high-grade stocks on basis of a \$7 annual dividend.

5 Average daily volume of trading in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange.

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 130, 133, 134, and 136, pp. 475, 479, 482, and 486, respectively, and BULLETIN for May 1945, pp. 483-490, and October 1947, pp. 1251-1253.

CUSTOMERS' DEBIT BALANCES, MONEY BORROWED, AND PRINCIPAL RELATED ITEMS OF STOCK EXCHANGE FIRMS CARRYING MARGIN ACCOUNTS

[Member firms of New York Stock Exchange. Ledger balances in millions of dollars]

	_	Debit b	oalances				Cred	lit balances		
End of month	Customers'	Debit balances in	Debit balances in	Cash on			omers' oalances 1	Othe	er credit balar	ices
1950—June	debit balances (net) ¹	partners' investment and trading accounts	firm investment and trading accounts	hand and in banks	Money borrowed ²	Free	Other (net)	In partners' investment and trading accounts	In firm investment and trading accounts	In capital accounts (net)
1950—June December	ber 1,356 9 399 397 1,275 10 375 364	314 397 364 378	827 745 680 695	673 890 834 816	166 230 225 259	25 36 26 42	11 12 13 11	312 317 319 314		
1952—February March April May July August September October November December	\$1,293 \$1,315 \$1,312 1,327 \$1,387 \$1,338 \$1,333 \$1,316		427	365	\$ 652 \$ 734 \$ 818 \$ 847 912 \$ 1,126 \$ 926 \$ 891 \$ 860 \$ 878 920	3 790 3 756 2 756 3 725 708 3 692 3 675 3 692 3 692 2 706 724	219	23	16	324
1953—January	³1,345				₹908	³ 732				

¹ Excludes balances with reporting firms (1) of member firms of New York Stock Exchange and other national securities exchanges and (2)

of firms own partners.

2 Includes money borrowed from banks and also from other lenders (not including member firms of national securities exchanges).

3 As reported to the New York Stock Exchange. According to these reports, the part of total customers' debit balances represented by balances secured by U. S. Government securities was (in millions of dollars): October 31; November, 32; January, 31.

Note.—For explanation of these figures see "Statistics on Margin Accounts" in Bulletin for September 1936. The article describes the method by which the figures are derived and reported, distinguishes the table from a "statement of financial condition," and explains that the last column is not to be taken as representing the actual net capital of the reporting firms.

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 143 and 144, pp. 501-503.

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OPEN-MARKET MONEY RATES IN NEW YORK CITY [Per cent per annum]

	Prime	Prime			vernmen (taxable	
Year, month, or week	com- mercial paper,	bank- ers' accept-	3-mon	th bills	0 4- 40	2 4 5
week	4- to 6- months1	ances, 90 days 1	Market yield	Rate on new issues	9- to 12- month issues 2	3- to 5- year issues 3
1950 average 1951 average 1952 average	1.45 2.17 2.33	1.15 1.60 1.75	1.20 1.52 1.72	1.218 1.552 1.766	1.26 1.73 1.81	1.50 1.93 2,13
1952—February. March April May June July August September. October November	2.38 2.38 2.35 2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31	1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75 1.75	1.54 1.59 1.57 1.67 1.70 1.81 1.83 1.71 1.74 1.85 2.09	1.574 1.658 1.623 1.710 1.700 1.824 1.876 1.786 1.783 1.862 2.126	1.70 1.69 1.60 1.66 1.74 1.89 1.94 1.95 1.84 1.89 2.03	2.07 2.02 1.93 1.95 2.04 2.14 2.29 2.28 2.26 2.25 2.30
1953—January February	2.31 2.31	1.82 1.88	1.96 1.97	2.042 2.018	1.97 1.97	2.39 3.11
Week ending: Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28	2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31 2.31	1.88 1.88 1.88 1.88	1.92 1.95 1.93 1.96 2.07	1.961 2.031 1.993 1.976 2.070	1.97 1.99 1.94 1.95 2.02	2.40 2.41 2.39 2.42 2.46

Monthly figures are averages of weekly prevailing rates.
 Series includes certificates of indebtedness and selected note and

Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 120-121, pp. 448-459, and BULLETIN for May 1945, pp. 483-490, and October 1947, pp. 1251-1253.

BANK RATES ON BUSINESS LOANS

AVERAGE OF RATES CHARGED ON SHORT-TERM LOANS TO BUSINESS BY BANKS IN SELECTED CITIES

	[Per ce	nt per ani	num]		
			Size o	of loan	
Area and period	All loans	\$1,000- \$10,000		\$100,000- \$200,000	
Annual averages: 19 cities: 1944. 1945. 1946. 1947. 1948. 1949. 1950. 1951.	2.4 2.2 2.1 2.5 2.7 2.7 3.1	4.3 4.3 4.2 4.2 4.4 4.6 4.5 4.7 4.9	3.3 3.2 3.1 3.1 3.5 3.7 3.6 4.0 4.2	2.6 2.3 2.2 2.5 2.8 3.0 3.4 3.7	2.2 2.0 1.7 1.8 2.2 2.4 2.4 2.9 3.3
Quarterly: 19 cities: 1952—Mar June Sept Dec	3.45	4.85	4.16	3.66	3.24
	3.51	4.90	4.21	3.72	3.29
	3.49	4.91	4.22	3.74	3.27
	3.51	4.88	4.21	3.77	3.29
New York City: 1952—Mar June Sept Dec	3.23	4.43	3.97	3.48	3.11
	3.27	4.53	4.03	3.55	3.14
	3.29	4.66	4.06	3.60	3.15
	3.33	4.51	4.06	3.63	3.19
7 Northern and Eastern cities: 1952—Mar June Sept Dec	3.47	4 91	4.16	3.67	3.29
	3.46	4.90	4.17	3.71	3.27
	3.44	4.85	4.20	3.72	3.24
	3.49	4.85	4.21	3.74	3.29
11 Southern and Western cities: 1952—Mar June Sept Dec	3.79	5.01	4.28	3.79	3.46
	3.90	5.05	4.33	3.86	3.63
	3.84	5.04	4.31	3.82	3.56
	3.84	5.06	4.30	3.91	3.51

Note.—For description of series see Bulletin for March 1949,

BOND AND STOCK YIELDS 1 [Per cent per annum]

						Bonds						Indi	strial st	ocks
	U.S.	Munic-	Corpo-			Co	orporate	(Moody'	s)5			Divid		Earn- ings/
Year, month, or week	Govern- ment	ipal	rate			By ra	atings		1	By group	s	price	ratio	price ratio
	(long- term) ²	(high- grade) ⁸	(high- grade)4	Total	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility	Pre- ferred	Com- mon 7	Com- mon 7
Number of issues	1-8	15	9	120	30	30	30	30	40	40	40	15	125	125
1950 average 1951 average 1952 average	2.32 2.57 2.68	1.98 2.00 2.19	2.60 2.86 2.96	2.86 3.08 3.19	2.62 2.86 2.96	2.69 2.91 3.04	2.89 3.13 3.23	3.24 3.41 3.52	2.67 2.89 3.00	3.10 3.26 3.36	2.82 3.09 3.20	3.85 4.11 4.13	6.51 6.29 5.55	14.61 10.42
1952—February. March April. May June July August. September October November December	2.71 2.70 2.64 2.57 2.61 2.61 2.70 2.71 2.74 2.71 2.75	2.04 2.07 2.01 2.05 2.10 2.12 2.22 2.33 2.42 2.40 2.40	2.89 2.96 2.92 2.93 2.95 2.96 2.97 2.98 3.04 2.98 2.99	3.18 3.19 3.16 3.16 3.17 3.17 3.18 3.19 3.22 3.20 3.19	2.93 2.96 2.93 2.93 2.94 2.95 2.95 3.01 2.98 2.97	3.01 3.03 3.01 3.00 3.03 3.04 3.06 3.07 3.08 3.06 3.05	3.25 3.24 3.20 3.20 3.20 3.19 3.21 3.22 3.24 3.24 3.22	3.53 3.51 3.50 3.50 3.50 3.51 3.52 3.54 3.53 3.51	2.97 2.97 2.97 2.98 2.99 3.00 3.02 3.05 3.05 3.04	3.38 3.36 3.32 3.31 3.32 3.33 3.34 3.36 3.39 3.37 3.34	3.19 3.21 3.19 3.20 3.20 3.20 3.20 3.20 3.21 3.22 3.19 3.19	4.22 4.16 4.07 4.04 4.09 4.12 4.12 4.16 4.12 4.11	5.81 5.54 5.87 5.73 5.48 5.41 5.51 5.63 5.62 5.33 5.14	8.83
1953—January February	2.80 2.83	2.47 2.54	3.06 3.11	3.22 3.26	3.02 3.07	3.09 3.14	3.25 3.30	3.51 3.53	3.07 3.11	3.36 3.39	3.23 3.29	4.16 4.21	5.18 5.26	
Week ending: Jan. 31 Feb. 7 Feb. 14 Feb. 21 Feb. 28	2.80 2.81 2.81 2.82 2.88	2.50 2.51 2.51 2.55 2.60	3.07 3.09 3.11 3.12 3.13	3.24 3.24 3.26 3.27 3.28	3.05 3.05 3.06 3.08 3.09	3.12 3.13 3.14 3.15 3.15	3.27 3.28 3.30 3.31 3.33	3.52 3.51 3.53 3.54 3.54	3.10 3.10 3.11 3.12 3.12	3.38 3.37 3.38 3.39 3.41	3.25 3.26 3.28 3.30 3.30	4.17 4.18 4.22 4.23 4.21	5.18 5.26 5.29 5.32 5.32	

¹ Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal bonds and for preferred stocks, which are based on figures for Wednesday. Figures for common stocks, except for annual averages, are as of the end of the period (quarterly in the case of earnings/price ratio).

2 Beginning Apr. 1, 1952, series includes all fully taxable, marketable bonds due or first callable after 12 years. Prior to that date, only bonds due or first callable after 15 years were included.

3 Standard and Poor's Corporation.

4 U. S. Treasury Department.

5 Moody's Investors Service, week ending Friday. Because of a limited number of suitable issues, the industrial Aaa and Aa groups have been reduced from 10 to 6 issues, and the railroad Aaa and Aa groups from 10 to 5 and 4 issues, respectively.

6 Standard and Poor's Corporation. Ratio is based on 9 median yields in a sample of noncallable issues, including 12 industrial and 3 public utility.

7 Moody's Investors Service.

8 Back figures.—See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 128-129, pp. 468-474, and Bulletin for May 1945, pp. 483-490, and October 1947, pp. 1251-1253.

⁸ Series includes selected note and bond issues.

TREASURY RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, AND RELATED ITEMS

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury unless otherwise noted. In millions of dollars]

						Sur	nmary		-				
		get receipt expenditur			ccess of receip expenditures (Increa decrea during	se (~)	Ge		nd of the of period)		У
Period		}			C-1 d				D-1	1	Deposits i	n	
	Net	Ex-	Surplus	Trust and	Sales and redemptions	Clear-	Gross direct	General	Bal- ance	F. R.	Banks		Other
	receipts	pendi- tures	or deficit (-)	other ac- counts	in market of Govt. agency obligations	ing ac- count	public debt	fund balance	in gen- eral fund	Avail- able funds	In proc- ess of collec- tion	Special depos- itaries	net as- sets
Calendar year:					,	·					}		
1949 1950 1951 1952	38,122 37,834 53,488 65,523	41,714 138,255 56,846 71,366	$ \begin{array}{r} -3,592 \\ 1 -422 \\ -3,358 \\ -5,842 \end{array} $	-362 1 -38 759 49	-140 349 56 -90	234 87 -106 -319	4,331 -423 2,711 7,973	471 -447 62 1,770	4,679 4,232 4,295 6,064	841 690 321 389	94 129 146 176	2,557 2,344 2,693 4,368	1,187 1,069 1,134 1,132
Fiscal year: 1949 1950 1951 1952	38,246 37,045 48,143 62,129	40,057 40,167 144,633 66,145	-1,811 -3,122 13,510 -4,017	-420 121 1295 219	-74 -22 384 -72	366 483 -214 -401	478 4,587 -2,135 3,883	-1,462 2,047 1,839 -388	3,470 5,517 7,357 6,969	438 950 338 333	103 143 250 355	1,771 3,268 5,680 5,106	1,159 1,156 1,089 1,175
Semiannual totals: 1949—July-Dec 1950—JanJune. July-Dec 1951—JanJune. July-Dec 1952—JanJune. July-Dec	17,675 19,370 18,464 29,679 23,809 38,320 27,204	20,974 19,192 19,063 25,570 31,276 34,869 36,497	-3,300 178 1 -599 4,109 -7,467 3,451 -9,293	-14 135 1 -173 468 291 -72 121	21 -43 392 -8 64 -136 46	142 341 -254 40 -146 -255 -64	4,360 227 -650 -1,486 4,197 -313 8,286	1,209 838 -1,285 3,124 -3,062 2,674 -904	4,679 5,517 4,232 7,357 4,295 6,969 6,064	841 950 690 338 321 333 389	94 143 129 250 146 355 176	2,557 3,268 2,344 5,680 2,693 5,106 4,368	1,187 1,156 1,069 1,089 1,134 1,175 1,132
Monthly: 1952—Feb	5,553 9,886 4,323 3,809 9,796 3,316 4,050 6,585 3,099 4,151 6,003 5,061 5,479	5,105 5,704 6,016 5,659 6,930 6,742 5,018 6,070 6,383 5,161 7,124 5,737 5,595	448 4,182 -1,693 -1,850 2,865 -3,426 -968 515 -3,283 -1,009 -1,121 -676 -116	310 166 -229 343 -293 -43 6 456 -207 127 -218 -140 404	-124 -60 -63 14 101 26 71 -34 -45 74 -46 29 -133	-25 -245 329 -91 -326 432 -195 -229 316 -243 -145 401 -2	587 -2,278 209 1,613 -800 3,968 113 -504 2,238 2,513 -41 11 182	1,196 1,765 -1,447 28 1,548 957 -973 204 -981 1,461 -1,572 -376 335	5,075 6,840 5,393 5,421 6,969 7,925 6,952 7,156 6,175 7,636 6,064 5,689 6,024	558 169 450 569 333 638 496 508 770 396 389 811 351	193 333 195 125 355 184 106 161 174 103 176 350	3,216 5,228 3,779 3,690 5,106 6,027 5,190 5,217 4,145 5,984 4,368 3,318 4,376	1,108 1,110 969 1,037 1,175 1,076 1,161 1,270 1,087 1,152 1,132 1,209 1,123

!							Budget	expend	itures						
Period	Total	Maj	Na- tional de- fense	Mili- tary assist- ance	Inter- na- tional eco- nomic	Atomic Energy Com- mis-	Inter- est on debt	Vet- erans Admin- istra- tion 4	Agri- cul- ture De- part- ment 5	Social se- curity pro- grams ⁴	Hous- ing and home fi- nance	Public works	Post office def- icit	Trans- fers to trust ac- counts	Other
Calendar year: 1949 1950	41,714 38,255 56,846	19,453 718,509 737,154	12,849 13,476	abroad 	6,005 74,012	611	5,482 5,580 5,983	6,364 r5,714 r5,088	r3,104 1,499 1,010	1,351	-123 -17 694	r1,576 r1,551 r1,438	536 643 684	1,425 961 1,016	r2,673 r2,464 r2,315
1952	71,366 40,057 40,167 44,633 66,145	19,083 17,949 125,891	12,158 12,346 19,955 739,033	2,975 44 884 2,228	72,652 6,278 4,941 73,863 72,904	1,813 647 524 908	6,065 5,339 5,750 5,613 5,859	6,789 6,043 r5,288 r4,748	1,564 r2,656 2,986 635 1,219	1,508 1,110 1,375	-56 -270 460 614	1,519 1,575 1,575 1,458 1,515	775 524 593 624 740	916 1,383 972 1,305	2,487 r2,178 2,782 r2,277 2,402
1949—July-Dec 1950—JanJune July-Dec 1951—JanJune July-Dec 1952—JanJune. July-Dec	19,192 19,063 25,570 31,276 34,869	21,113	712,450 717,825 721,208		2,621 2,320 r1,692 r2,170 r1,389 r1,514 1,137	270 341 567 711 937	2,560 3,190 2,390 3,223 2,761 3,099 2,966	3,006 3,036 r2,678 r2,610 r2,479 r2,269 2,164	1,652 1,335 164 470 540 679 885	695 681 670 745 718 706 802	-95 -175 158 302 392 222 424	903 673 7878 7580 7858 7657 916	209 384 260 364 320 420 355	1,226 157 804 168 848 457 737	1,528 1,253 r1,210 r1,066 1,249 r1,153 1,333
Monthly: 1952—Feb. Mar. Apr. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1953—Jan. Feb.	5,105 5,704 6,016 5,659 6,930 6,742 5,018 6,070 6,383 5,161 7,124 5,737 5,595	3,765 4,104 4,499 4,541 4,357 4,695 3,814 4,373 3,876 4,640 4,216	4,008 3,723 3,302 4,081 3,632	195 226 239 228 231 293 352 184 298 266 275 277 316	*223 *212 *281 *319 *352 *351 *266 *133 *142 *128 *117 *138 **167	151 141 162 154 192 140 144 155 160 127 158 151	142 689 350 172 1,518 320 183 559 572 185 1,146 235 311	r381 r388 r375 r355 r343 391 354 343 343 343 343 345 348 p339	78 83 52 85 187 117 126 49 192 289 357 284	108 66 149 76 148 158 109 116 191 124 104 180	43 -1 100 37 -42 41 21 71 79 101 112 -80	r101 r98 r90 r94 r162 157 148 158 174 140 138 89 r71	180 180 175 180	71 78 50 99 80 397 94 64 23 93 67 20 ***P101	175 200 170 200 178 292 169 191 245 184 252 213

^{**}Preliminary. **Revised.

**Preliminary. **Revised.

**Beginning November 1950, investments of wholly owned Government corporations in public debt securities are excluded from budget expenditures, and included with other such investments under "Trust and other accounts." Adjustments for July-October 1950 investments were made by the Treasury in the November 1950 and January 1951 figures.

**Includes the following not shown separately: Maritime activities, special defense production expansion programs, Economic Stabilization Agency, and Federal Civil Defense Administration,

**Consists of foreign economic and technical assistance under the Mutual Security Act, net transactions of the Export-Import Bank, and other nonmilitary foreign aid programs, as well as State Department expenditures.

**Excludes transfers to trust accounts, which are shown separately.

**Excludes expenditures for forest development of roads and trails, which are included with public works,

TREASURY RECEIPTS. EXPENDITURES. AND RELATED ITEMS-Continued

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury, unless otherwise noted. In millions of dollars.]

						Tr	easury 1	receipts						
			Budg	et receipts	, by pri	ncipal sou	ırces					revenue c		
Period	Inco and of insurance	ld-age	Mis- cella-	Taxes on				luct		come a	dual in-	Corpo-		Excise
:	With-	<u> </u>	neous in-	carriers and on em-	Other re-	Total budget re-	Appro- pria- tions	Re- funds	Net budget re-		surance xes	ration in- come	Es- tate and	and miscel-
	held by em- ployers	Other	ternal rev- enue	ployers of 8 or more	ceipts	ceipts	to old- age trust fund	of re- ceipts	ceipts	With- held	Other	and profits taxes	gift taxes	lane- ous taxes
Calendar year: 1949	19,392	19,894 17,361 26,876 34,174	8,326 8,771 9,392 10,416	794 770 944 902	1,980 2,337	42,565 42,657 58,941 71,788	1,666 2,667 3,355 3,814		38,122 37,834 53,488 65,523	11,591 12,963 18,840 23,090	7,828 7,384 10,362 11,980	12,006 9,937 16,565 22,140	754 658 801 849	7,529 8,150 8,682 9,558
1949	12,180 16,654	19,641 18,189 24,218 33,026	8,348 8,303 9,423 9,726	787 776 811 994	1,862 2,263	42,774 41,311 53,369 67,999	1,690 2,106 3,120 3,569	2,160	38,246 37,045 48,143 62,129	11,743 11,762 15,901 21,313	7,996 7,264 9,908 11,545	11,554 10,854 14,388 21,467	797 706 730 833	7,585 7,599 8,704 8,971
1949—July-Dec 1950—JanJune July-Dec 1951—JanJune July-Dec 1952—JanJune July-Dec Monthly:	5,613 6,566 7,209 9,445 9,947 11,942 11,716	7,670 10,520 6,841 17,376 9,499 23,526 10,647	4,311 3,992 4,779 4,644 4,748 4,978 5,438	323 453 317 494 449 545 357	1,039 1,223 1,114 1,251	18,838 22,472 20,185 33,184 25,757 42,242 29,546	850 1,256 1,411 1,709 1,646 1,922 1,891	1,846 311 1,796	17,675 19,370 18,464 29,679 23,809 38,320 27,204	5,657 6,105 6,858 9,043 9,798 11,515 11,574	1,761 5,503 1,881 8,027 2,335 9,210 2,770	5,889 4,965 4,971 9,416 7,149 14,318 7,821	351 356 303 427 374 459 390	3,911 3,688 4,462 4,241 4,440 4,531 5,027
Monthly: 1952—Feb. Mar Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1953—Jan Feb.	3,057 2,019 978 3,009 1,983 1,007 2,995 1,751 997 3,085 1,882 989 23,560	1,943 7,717 3,191 549 7,106 1,435 445 4,029 1,214 436 3,088 3,111 1,479	805 825 849 828 845 949 862 877 923 888 939 842 856	258 79 17 105 59 22 106 54 17 104 54 30 **255	131 160 152 197 228 236 177 164 204 219 387 260 150	6,194 10,800 5,187 4,688 10,220 3,649 4,585 6,875 3,355 4,731 6,350 5,232 6,300	446 460 252 476 142 182 434 235 204 533 303 117 486	195 455 612 403 283 151 102 55 51 47 45 54 336	5,553 9,886 4,323 3,809 9,796 3,316 4,050 6,585 3,099 4,151 6,003 5,061 5,479	4,172 537 1,330 3,955 707 1,539 4,012 232 1,634 3,968 190 1,144	1,464 2,133 1,583 221 1,478 393 93 1,653 164 109 358 2,855	311 5,913 1,278 351 5,659 958 357 2,442 927 352 2,785 501	66 113 88 80 48 84 70 59 57 51 70 77	754 718 742 750 804 863 780 808 911 795 870 760

		Treasu	y receipts	—Continued			Tr	ust and o	ther accou	ınts	
				lections—cont. tors' reports)			l r	Social secur etirement,	and	Other ac	ecounts 2
Period		Excise	and miscell	aneous taxes		Total	ins	urance acc	ounts		
	Total	Liquor	Tobacco	Manufacturers' and retailers' excise	Other		Re- ceipts	Invest- ments	Expendi- tures	Invest- ments 3	Other 1
Calendar year: 1949	7,529 8,150 8,682 9,558 7,585 7,589 8,704 8,971 3,688 4,424 4,241 4,440 4,531 5,027 754 718 750 804 863 780 808 911 795 870	2,204 2,419 2,460 2,727 2,211 2,219 2,547 2,549 1,191 1,028 1,391 1,156 1,304 1,245 1,482 210 204 204 220 246 205 285 285 269 220	1,320 1,348 1,446 1,662 1,322 1,328 1,380 1,565 683 665 683 697 748 845 123 124 135 134 149 147 157 127 127	2,221 2,519 2,790 3,054 2,221 2,245 2,841 2,824 1,121 1,125 1,394 1,446 1,343 1,481 1,573 262 228 239 243 273 268 253 223 228 223 224 268 268 313	1,784 1,864 1,986 2,115 1,806 1,936 2,032 936 870 9942 1,045 988 1,127 159 162 157 169 163 210 173 180 211 173 180 180 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 19	-362 -38 759 49 -420 121 295 219 -14 135 -173 468 291 -72 121 310 166 -229 343 -293 -43 6 456 -207 127 -218	5,512 6,543 7,906 8,315 5,185 6,266 7,251 8,210 3,035 3,231 3,312 3,312 4,242 4,073 804 655 433 999 997 707 939 361 958 718	1,965 56 3,155 3,504 2,311 -402 3,360 3,361 1,099 -1,501 1,557 1,803 1,352 2,009 1,495 191 153 256 486 702 307 361 53 22 388 363	3,584 6,214 4,507 4,942 2,884 6,484 3,752 4,885 1,914 4,570 1,644 2,198 2,486 2,456 403 414 407 420 412 410 403 399 399 399 399 383 462	-22 271 329 196 275 -22 219 52 223 106 30 18 14 24 -52 13 6 -9 -1 93 -14	-325 -333 -786 508 -410 -62 353 530 -36 -26 -307 660 126 404 105 130 95 15 273 -228 -32 -124 -32 -125
1953— Jan Feb	760	188	136	283	154	-140 404	248 869	-103 223	447 449	233 -54	188 154

Preliminary.

1 Excess of receipts, or expenditures (-).

2 Consists of miscellaneous trust funds and accounts and deposit fund accounts. The latter reflects principally net transactions of partially owned Government corporations. European Payments Union deposit fund, and suspense accounts of Defense and other Government departments. Investments of wholly owned Government corporations are included as specified in footnote 3, but their operating transactions are included in budget expenditures.

3 Consists of net investments in public debt securities of partially owned Government corporations and agencies and other trust funds beginning with July 1950, which prior to that date are not separable from the next column; and, in addition, of net investments of wholly owned Government corporations and agencies beginning with November 1950, which prior to that date are included with Budget expenditures (for exceptions see footnote 1 on previous page).

TREASURY CASH INCOME, OUTGO, AND BORROWING DERIVATION OF CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury and Treasury Bulletin. In millions of dollars]

	Cash of	perating	income,	other th	an debt		Ca	sh opera	ting out	go, othe	r than de	ebt		Net
	Net Bu recei			Trust	Equals:	Budge	t expend		Plus: T			us:	Equals:	cash operat- ing in-
Period	Total net	Less: Non-	Total	Less: Non-	Cash operat- ing income	Total	Accru-	Intra- Govt.	Total	Less: Non-	Exch. Stabi- liza- tion	Clear- ing ac- count	Cash operat- ing outgo	or outgo
	receipts	cash 1		cash *			public ²	trans.4		cash 5	Fund 6			(-)
Cal. yr.—1949 1950 1951 1952	38,122 37,834 53,488 65,523	99 171 222 184	5,956 7,001 8,582 8,707	2,603 2,211 2,508 2,649	41,374 42,451 59,338 71,396	41,714 38,255 56,846 71,366	403 503 567 734	2,588 2,307 2,625 2,807	4,210 6,923 4,397 4,825	164 65 90 28	102 -262 -26 38	-234 -87 106 319	42,642 41,969 58,034 72,980	-1,267 482 1,304 -1,583
Fiscal yr.—1949 1950 1951 1952	38,246 37,045 48,143 62,129	100 120 256 138	5,714 6,669 7,796 8,807	2,232 2,623 2,244 2,705	41,628 40,970 53,439 68,093	40,057 40,167 44,633 66,145	389 436 477 710	2,152 2,754 2,360 2,837	3,511 6,881 3,945 4,952	183 13 138 4	98 -207 -13 9	-366 -483 214 401	40,576 43,155 45,804 67,956	1,051 -2,185 7,635 137
Semiannual totals: 1949—July-Dec 1950—JanJune July-Dec 1951—JanJune July-Dec 1952—JanJune July-Dec Monthly:	17,675 19,370 18,464 29,679 23,809 38,320 27,204	40 80 91 164 58 77 107	3,231 3,438 3,562 4,234 4,349 4,458 4,248	1,446 1,178 1,033 1,210 1,298 1,406 1,243	19,420 21,551 20,900 32,537 26,799 41,293 30,104	20,974 19,192 19,063 25,570 31,276 34,869 36,497	215 222 281 196 371 338 396	1,541 1,213 1,075 1,279 1,346 1,488 1,319	2,159 4,722 2,201 1,744 2,653 2,298 2,527	2 10 55 82 8 -4 32	55 -262 -13 -13 22 16	-142 -341 254 -40 146 255 64	21,290 21,865 20,105 25,700 32,334 35,622 37,357	-1,871 -315 796 6,839 -5,534 5,671 -7,254
Montnly: 1952—Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1953—Jan. Feb.	3,099 4,151 6,003 5,061	3 4 2 2 32 24 2 3 4 3 71 43	831 684 476 1,050 1,026 738 959 427 401 975 747 286 920	106 129 108 134 801 438 128 111 79 127 360 65	6,275 10,436 4,689 4,722 9,988 3,593 4,878 6,898 3,418 4,997 6,320 5,239	5,105 5,704 6,016 5,659 6,930 6,742 5,018 6,070 6,383 5,161 7,124 5,737 5,595	32 43 39 59 93 74 42 46 56 83 95 82	106 132 111 134 844 457 127 112 86 128 409 100	300 347 434 197 669 473 556 -73 587 367 617 296 346	2 1 -2 2 -11 5 2 1 -2 3 23 8	38 21 14 -25	25 245 -329 91 326 -432 195 229 -316 243 145 -401 2	5,328 6,120 5,972 5,751 6,978 6,233 5,622 6,066 6,514 5,558 7,364 5,442	947 4,316 -1,283 -1,029 3,010 -2,640 -744 832 -3,097 -561 -1,044 -203

¹ Represents principally interest paid to Treasury by Govt. agencies and repayment of capital stock and paid-in surplus by partially owned

1 Represents principally interest paid to Treasury by Govt. agencies and repayment of capital stock and paid-in surplus 3, paid-in 3. Percesents principally interest on investments in U. S. Govt securities, payroll deductions for Govt. employees' retirement accounts, and transfers shown as Budget expenditures.

1 Represents principally excess of interest accruals over payments on savings bonds and Budgetary expenditures involving issuance of Federal securities; the latter include mostly armed forces leave bonds and notes issued to the International Bank and Monetary Fund, which are treated as noncash expenditures at the time of issuance and cash expenditures at the time of redemption.

1 Represents principally noncash items shown under trust account receipts (described in footnote 2); also includes small adjustments for noncash interest reflected in noncash Budget receipts (see footnote 1) and in noncash trust account expenditures (see footnote 5).

2 Represents principally repayments of capital stock and paid-in surplus by partially owned Govt. corporations, as well as interest receipts by such corporations on their investments in the public debt (negative entry).

3 Cash transactions between International Monetary Fund and Exchange Stabilization Fund. (See footnote 3.)

DERIVATION OF CASH BORROWING FROM OR REPAYMENT OF BORROWING TO THE PUBLIC

	In- crease,	issuai		Less: Non	cash debt ti	ansactions	Equals: Net cash	Deta repayme	ils of net o	cash borro f borrowir	owing from	or oublic 2
Period	or de- crease (-), in	securi Federal		Net inv. in Fed.		o public 1	borrow- ing, or repayt.	Direct	Savings		Postal	
	gross dir. pub. debt	Guar- anteed	Non- guar- anteed	sec. by Govt. agen. & tr. funds	Int. on sav. bonds and Treas. bills	Payts, in form of Fed. sec.	(-) of borrow- ing	mktable. & conv. issues 3	bonds (issue price)	Savings notes	Sav. Sys. special issues	Other4
Cal. yr.—1949 1950 1951 1952	4,331 -423 2,711 7,973	-25 -6 18 12	-115 355 37 -102	2,156 94 3,418 3,833	585 602 718 770	-285 163 -125 -74	1,739 -929 -1,242 3,353	-2,275 -2,649 1,999 5,778	1,125 751 -1,191 -406	3,020 1,021 -1,099 -1,784	15 -250 -997 -113	-146 198 46 -122
Fiscal yr.—1949 1950 1951 1952 Semiannual totals:	478 4,587 -2,135 3,883	-46 -8 10 16	-28 -14 374 -88	2,630 -308 3,557 3,636	580 574 638 779	-293 68 -149 -79	-2,513 4,231 -5,795 -525	$ \begin{array}{r} -5,351 \\ 211 \\ -3,943 \\ 1,639 \end{array} $	2,420 728 -467 -717	3,601 -657 -1,209	-150 -1,093 -155	-85 -158 365 -82
1949—July-Dec 1950—JanJune July-Dec 1951—JanJune July-Dec 1952—JanJune July-Dec	4,360 227 -650 -1,486 4,197 -313 8,286	-10 4 5 13 3 8	19 -33 388 -13 51 -139 37	1,141 -1,450 1,544 2,014 1,404 2,232 1,601	307 265 337 301 417 361 409	-147 219 -56 -92 -33 -45 -29	3,079 1,152 -2,081 -3,714 2,472 -2,998 6,351	99 112 -2,761 -1,184 3,183 -1,544 7,322	268 462 292 -758 -432 -285 -121	2,767 834 187 -845 -255 -955 -829	-70 -80 -170 -923 -74 -81 -32	15 -176 371 -5 51 -134 11
Monthly: 1952—Feb. Mar. Apr. May. June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1953—Jan. Feb.	587 -2,278 209 1,613 -800 3,968 113 -504 2,238 2,513 -41 11 182	-14 4 1 1 -11 5 1 5 6 3 -6 2	-123 -63 -66 13 101 37 66 -34 -50 35 -134	221 171 270 510 650 308 397 44 21 481 349 130	37 46 41 63 96 77 44 49 58 84 97 84	-43 -3 -2 -4 18 11 -27 -3 -2 -1 -7 -2	248 -2,551 -163 1,057 -1,463 3,597 -229 -628 2,116 2,022 -527 -173	-75 -1,289 -162 -754 -663 3,830 -192 -259 2,200 1,915 -172 -199 -82	-25 -54 -81 -91 -28 -54 	498 -1,138 142 412 -859 -173 -111 -292 -13 62 -302 -99 -38	-30 -10 -24 -17 -30 	-120 -60 -62 6 104 24 74 -31 -64 53 -46 21

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Differs from "accruals to the public" shown in preceding table, principally because adjustments to Exchange Stabilization Fund are included.
 Includes redemptions of tax anticipation bills and savings notes used in payment of taxes.
 Most changes in convertible Series B investment bonds, 1975-80, reflect exchanges of, or conversions into, marketable issues and thus cancel out in this column. An exception was the sale for cash of about 300 million dollars in June 1952.
 Includes cash issuance in the market of obligations of Government corporations and agencies and some miscellaneous debt items.

TREASURY CASH INCOME, OUTGO, AND BORROWING-Continued DETAILS OF TREASURY CASH RECEIPTS FROM AND PAYMENTS TO THE PUBLIC

[Classifications derived by Federal Reserve from Treasury data. In millions of dollars]

			Cash op	erating i	ncome				Cash	operati	ng outgo		
Period	Total	Direct taxes on individ- uals ¹	Direct taxes on corpor- ations	Excise and misc. taxes	Social ins. re- ceipts ²	Other cash in- come 3	Deduct: Refunds of re- ceipts	Total	Major natl. sec. pro- grams 4	Inter- est on debt 5	Vet- erans pro- grams 6	Social security pro- grams 7	Other
Cal. yr.—1949 1950 1951 1952	41,374 42,451 59,338 71,396	18,403 19,191 27,149 32,728	12,006 9,937 16,565 22,140	7,572 8,113 8,591 9,567	3,864 5,121 6,362 6,589	2,306 2,245 2,769 2,823	2,777 2,156 2,098 2,451	42,642 41,969 58,034 72,980	19,738 /18,346 /37,279 /51,195	4,186 4,072 4,137 4,230	6,819 78,864 76,121 75,209	4,333 4,400 4,915 5,613	7,566 76,287 75,582 76,733
Fiscal yr.—1949 1950 1951 1952 Semiannual totals:	41,628 40,970 53,439 68,093	18,725 18,115 24,095 30,713	11,554 10,854 14,388 21,467	7,551 7,597 8,693 8,893	3,899 4,438 5,839 6,521	2,737 2,126 2,531 2,801	2,838 2,160 2,107 2,302	40,576 43,155 45,804 67,956	19,370 17,879 726,038 46,396	3,889 4,264 4,052 4,059	7,201 9,146 r5,980 r5,826	3,561 4,740 4,458 5,206	6,555 7,126 r5,276 r6,469
1949—July-Dec 1950—JanJune July-Dec 1951—JanJune July-Dec 1952—JanJune July-Dec	19,420 21,551 20,900 32,537 26,799 41,293 30,104	6,894 11,220 7,971 16,124 11,025 19,687 13,041	5,889 4,965 4,971 9,416 7,149 14,318 7,821	3,960 3,637 4,476 4,217 4,374 4,519 5,048	1,927 2,510 2,611 3,228 3,135 3,386 3,202	1,064 1,065 1,182 1,348 1,418 1,383 1,443	314 1,846 311 1,796 302 2,000 451	21,290 21,865 20,105 25,700 32,334 35,622 37,357	9,438 8,441 79,905 716,133 21,146 25,250 25,944	2,194 2,075 1,997 2,058 2,079 1,984 2,246	3,259 5,887 r2,977 r3,003 r3,117 r2,709 2,500	2,348 2,392 2,007 2,450 2,465 2,741 2,872	4,051 3,070 r3,219 r2,056 r3,527 r2,938 3,795
Monthly: 1952—Feb	6,275 10,436 4,689 4,722 9,988 3,593 4,878 6,898 3,418 4,997 6,320 5,239	4,310 3,477 2,727 2,811 3,335 1,386 2,719 3,162 1,135 2,686 1,952 3,558	311 5,913 1,278 351 5,659 958 357 2,442 927 352 2,785 501	739 712 762 748 797 865 792 818 866 838 868 765	956 608 342 970 257 302 908 344 298 934 415 214	154 181 192 245 223 233 204 187 243 234 345 255	195 455 403 283 151 102 55 51 47 45 336	5,328 6,120 5,972 5,751 6,978 6,233 5,622 6,066 6,514 5,558 7,364 5,442	73,808 4,107 4,500 4,544 4,339 4,684 3,841 4,520 4,375 3,877 4,646 4,218 24,146	104 625 284 106 724 243 139 497 485 100 781	r442 r457 r437 r442 r424 464 408 398 409 391 431 397 p390	449 409 492 407 477 492 459 459 478 576 \$7507	7525 7522 7259 7252 71,014 350 778 192 713 731 61,028

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS AND NOTES—SALES, REDEMPTIONS, AND AMOUNT OUTSTANDING [In millions of dollars]

Series A-E and H	Series F, G, J and K	Tax and savings	notes										
Redemptions and ing (end of maturities period)	Sales Redemptions and ing (end of period)	Sales Redemp- tions and maturities	Outstand- ing (end of period)										
307 10,526 1,452 19,573 3,063 29,153 3 5,135 34,204 4,207 33,739 4 4,029 34,438 3 3,948 35,206 4,455 34,930 4 4,022 34,728 p3,623 35,324	1,393 2 1,390 3,168 36 4,523 3,385 124 7,790 3,664 258 11,208 3,115 368 13,979 2,962 611 16,366 2,609 708 18,314 3,071 829 20,613 1,626 803 21,501 2,406 888 23,089 770 1,071 22,859 586 p908 22,616	2,479 6,479 2,565 8,055 8,555 5,853 8,533 7,276 7,111 2,789 5,300 2,925 3,266 3,032 3,843 5,971 2,934 3,613 5,823 5,823 6,929 3,726 5,491	2,471 6,384 8,586 9,843 8,235 5,725 5,384 4,572 7,610 8,640 7,534 5,770										
363 34,794 290 34,826 304 34,849 313 34,839 303 34,843 313 34,905 334 34,950 279 35,019 299 35,055 284 35,116 239 35,206 230 35,324	78 79 22,870 52 69 22,856 47 77 22,831 47 78 22,804 42 76 22,772 71 76 22,780 52 85 22,759 47 75 22,734 39 75 22,704 38 P68 22,678 32 P70 22,645 42 P80 22,616	584 578 630 126 185 1,317 409 262 636 223 198 1,056 279 451 176 286 114 405 176 189 173 110 168 488	7,539 8,044 6,911 7,057 7,470 6,612 6,440 6,330 6,039 6,026 6,089 5,770 5,676										
	279 35,019 299 35,055 284 35,116 239 35,206	279 35,019 47 75 22,734 299 35,055 39 75 22,704 299 35,055 39 75 22,704 292 35,116 38 P68 22,678 P239 35,206 32 P70 22,645 P300 35,324 42 P80 22,616	279 35,019 47 75 22,734 176 286 299 35,055 39 75 22,704 114 405 p284 35,116 38 p68 22,678 176 189 p239 35,206 32 p70 22,645 173 110 p300 35,324 42 p80 22,616 168 488										

p Preliminary.

Note.—Sales and redemptions of bonds are shown at issue price; amount outstanding at current redemption value. Maturities of notes and Series A-D bonds are included as of maturity date, and only interest-bearing debt is included in amount outstanding.

Preliminary.
Revised.
Corrected.
Includes current and back income taxes, estate and gift taxes, and adjustment to Treasury daily statement.
Includes taxes for old-age and unemployment insurance, carriers taxes, and veterans life insurance premiums.
Represents mostly nontar receipts.
Represents Budget expenditures leave bonds and special International Bank and Monetary Fund notes.
Represents Budget expenditures less the excess of interest accruals over payments on savings bonds and Treasury bills and less interest paid by the Treasury to (1) trust funds and accounts and (2) Government corporations not wholly owned.
Represents Budget outlays plus payments to the public from veterans life insurance funds and redemptions of adjusted service bonds.
Represents Budget outlays plus benefit payments and administrative expenses of trust funds for old-age and unemployment insurance, and Government employees and Railroad retirement funds.

n.a. Not available.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DEBT-VOLUME AND KIND OF SECURITIES

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

							Publ	ic issues	:					
		7 -4-1				Marke	table				No	nmarketa	ble	
End of month	Total gross debt ¹	Total gross direct debt 2	Total	Total	Bills	Certifi- cates of indebt-	Notes	Bank	Bank	Con- vert- ible bonds	Total 5	Sav- ings	Tax and sav-	Special issues
						edness		eligi- ble 4	re- stricted			bonds	ings notes	
1940—Dec. 1941—Dec. 1942—Dec. 1943—Dec. 1944—Dec. 1945—Dec. 1945—Dec. 1947—June Dec. 1948—June Dec. 1949—June Dec. 1950—June Dec. 1950—June Dec.	50,942 64,262 112,471 170,108 232,144 278,682 269,898 259,487 258,376 252,366 252,854 252,798 257,160 257,377 256,731 255,251	256,900 252,292 252,800 252,770	225,250 219,852 218,865 217,986 221,123 222,853 220,575 218,198	41,562,76,488,115,230,161,648,189,606,176,613,168,702,165,758,160,346,157,482,155,147,155,123,155,310,152,450,137,917	1,310 2,002 6,627 13,072 16,737 17,039 17,039 17,035 15,775 15,136 13,757 12,224 11,536 12,319 13,533 13,627 13,614	10,534 22,843 30,401 38,155 34,804 29,987 25,296 21,220 22,588 26,525 29,427 29,636 18,418	6,178 5,997 9,863 11,175 23,090 18,261 10,090 8,142 11,375 11,375 11,375 11,375 3,596 8,249 404 39,258 35,806		4,945 12,550 24,850 52,216 53,459 49,636 49,636 49,636 49,636 49,636 49,636 49,636 49,636 49,636	13,573		3,195 6,140 15,050 27,363 40,361 48,161 49,035 49,035 51,367 52,053 53,274 56,260 56,707 58,019 57,572 57,587	2,471 6,384 8,586 9,843 8,235 6,711 5,725 5,560 5,384 4,394 4,394 4,394 4,394 7,610 8,472 8,640 7,818	28,955 30,211 31,714 32,776 33,896 32,356 33,707 34,653
1952—Feb. Mar. April May. June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1953—Jan. Feb.	260,399 258,124 258,337 259,951 263,107 263,225 262,722 264,964 267,483 267,445 267,450 267,634	260,362 258,084 258,292 259,905 259,105 263,073 263,186 262,682 264,919 267,432 267,391 267,402	221,776 219,301 219,356 220,540 219,124 222,963 222,753 222,216 224,430 226,557 226,143 226,226	142,701 141,376 141,820 142,625 140,407 144,340 144,148 143,895 146,775 148,772 148,581 148,581	18,104 16,863 17,462 18,267 17,219 17,213 17,206 17,207 19,712 21,715 21,713 21,709	29,079 29,079 28,423 28,423 28,170 28,019 27,763 16,902 16,712 16,712	18,434 18,450 18,952 18,956 18,963 18,971 18,974 18,982 30,246 30,253 30,266 30,275	41,040 40,942 40,943 43,061 48,343 52,579 52,579 52,579 52,578 52,578 58,874 58,864	36,044 36,042 36,040 33,918 27,460 27,369 27,365 27,338 27,324 21,016	12,034 12,018 11,516 11,512 13,095 13,145 13,186 13,182 12,491 12,499 12,500 12,491	67,041 65,907 66,019 66,403 65,622 65,478 65,139 65,164 65,285 65,062 65,161	57,682 57,684 57,614 57,614 57,685 57,709 57,753 57,758 57,794 57,850 57,940 58,134	8,044 6,911 7,057 7,470 6,612 6,440 6,330 6,039 6,026 6,089 5,770 5,676	36,360 36,493 36,746 37,198 37,739 37,945 38,307 38,360 38,390 38,788 39,150 39,097

¹ Includes fully guaranteed securities, not shown separately.

² Includes noninterest-bearing debt, not shown separately.

³ Includes amounts held by Government agencies and trust funds, which aggregated 6,895 million dollars on Jan. 31, 1953,

⁴ Includes Treasury bonds and minor amounts of Panama Canal and Postal Savings bonds.

⁵ Includes Series A investment bonds, depositary bonds, armed forces leave bonds, and adjusted service bonds, not shown separately.

OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, DIRECT AND FULLY GUARANTEED [Par value in millions of dollars]

	Total gross debt		l by vernment					Held by t	he public				
End of month	(includ- ing guar-	agenci trust f			Federal	Com-	Mutual	Insur- ance	Other	State and	Indiv	riduals	Miscel- laneous
	anteed securi- ties)	Special issues	Public issues	Total	Reserve Banks	mercial banks ²	savings banks	com- panies	corpo- rations	local govern- ments	Savings bonds	Other securities	inves-
1940—Dec. 1941—Dec. 1942—Dec. 1943—Dec. 1943—Dec. 1945—Dec. 1945—Dec. 1946—June. Dec. 1947—June. Dec. 1949—June. Dec. 1950—June. Dec. 1951—June. Dec. 1952—Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June. July Aug. Sept. Oct.	50,942 64,262 112,471 170,108 232,144 278,682 259,988 259,487 258,376 256,981 252,366 257,160 257,377 256,731 259,461 259,813 260,399 258,124 259,151 259,151 263,225 259,151 263,225 263,225 263,225 263,225 264,264	9,032 12,703 16,326 20,000 22,332 24,585 27,366 28,955 30,211 31,714 32,776 34,653 35,902 36,233 36,236 36,233 36,236 37,198 37,198 37,198 37,198 38,307	2,260 2,558 3,218 4,242 5,348 7,048 6,798 6,338 5,445 5,404 5,512 5,404 5,512 5,404 6,503 6,379 6,503 6,503 6,500 6,503 6,500 6,503 6,503 6,504 6,503 6,504 6,503 6,504 6,503 6,504 6,504 6,505 6,681 6,692 6,681	43,312 54,722 100,221 153,163 210,470 251,634 240,768 228,565 222,622 216,606 217,526 214,510 217,800 217,800 217,180 217,180 217,180 217,180 217,180 217,180 217,180 217,180 217,180 217,180	2,254 6,189 11,543 18,846 24,262 23,783 23,350 21,872 22,559 21,366 23,333 19,343 18,885 18,331 20,778 22,982 23,801 22,729 22,514 22,273 22,273 22,273 22,273 22,383 22,273 22,385 23,46	17,300 21,400 41,100 59,900 90,800 84,400 74,500 70,000 63,700 64,600 62,500 66,800 65,600 61,600 61,000 60,000 61,100 62,700 62,700 62,700 61,000 61,000 61,000 61,000 61,000 61,000 61,000 61,000 61,000 61,000 61,000 61,000 63,000	3,200 3,700 4,500 6,100 10,700 11,500 12,000 12,000 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800 9,800	6,900 8,200 11,300 15,100 24,900 24,900 24,900 22,800 21,200 20,500 20,500 21,200 16,400 16,400 16,200 16,200 15,700 15,700 15,700 16,000 16,000 16,000	2,000 4,000 10,100 16,400 22,000 17,700 15,300 13,900 14,100 13,600 14,100 20,800 21,100 21,600 21,600 21,200 22,600 20,000 20,800 21,300 20,800 21,300 20,800 21,300 20,800 21,300 20,800 21,300 20,800 21,300 20,800 21,300 20,800 21,300 20,800 21,300 20,800 21,200 21,300 20,800 21,300 20,800 21,200 21,300 20,800 21,300 21,300 21,300 20,800 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 20,800 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 21,300 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17,600 17,600 17,600 17,600 15,600 15,400 14,500 14,500 14,400 14,700 14,700 14,700	700 900 2,300 4,400 7,000 9,100 8,600 8,100 9,600 8,400 8,700 10,500 10,800 10,800 10,800 11,500 11,500 11,500 11,600 11,700 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 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11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,600 11,
Nov Dec	267,483 267,634	38,788	6,757 6,743	221,938 221,741	23,821	64,100 n.a.	9,500 n.a.	16,100 n.a.	21,100 n.a.	10,900 n.a.	49,200 n.a.	14,700 n.a.	12,700 n.a.

Includes the Postal Savings System.
 Includes holdings by banks in territories and insular possessions, which amounted to 250 million dollars on June 30, 1952.
 Includes savings and loan associations, dealers and brokers, foreign accounts, corporate pension funds, and nonprofit institutions.
 NOTE.—Holdings of Federal Reserve Banks and U. S. Government agencies and trust funds are reported figures; holdings of other investor groups are estimated by the Treasury Department.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE AND CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES Direct Public Issues Outstanding February 28, 1953

[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

Issue and coupon rate	Amount	Issue and coupon rate	Amount	Issue and coupon rate	Amount	Issue and coupon rate	Amount
Treasury bills ¹ Mar. 5, 1953	1,301 1,200 2,502 1,200	Certificates June 1, 19531 % Aug. 15, 19532 Feb. 15, 19542 ½	4,963	Treasury bonds June 15, 1953 3	725 7,986 510 5,825	Treasury bonds—Cont. Dec. 15, 1963–68 2½ June 15, 1964–69 • 2½ Dec. 15, 1964–69 • 2½ Mar. 15, 1965–70 • 2½ Mar. 15, 1966–71 • 2½ June 15, 1967–72 • 2½	3,757 3,833 4,724 2,966
Apr. 2, 1953	1,399 1,400 1,400 1,500	Treasury notes Dec. 1, 1953 2 ½ Mar. 15, 1954 1 ½ Mar. 15, 1955 1 ½ Dec. 15, 1955 1 ½	4,675 5,365	June 15, 1954-56 3, 2 14 Mar. 15, 1955-60 3, 2 38 Mar. 15, 1956-58, 2 14 Sept. 15, 1956-59 3, 2 34 Sept. 15, 1956-59, 2 14 Mar. 15, 1957-59, 2 34 June 15, 1958, 2 34	681 2,611 1,449 982 3,822 927 4,245	Sept. 15, 1967-72 2½ Dec. 15, 1967-72 6 2½ Destal Savings bonds 2½ Panama Canal Loan 3	2,716 3,835
May 14, 1953	1,301 1,301	Apr. 1, 1956 1 ½ Oct. 1, 1956 1 ½ Apr. 1, 1957 1 ½ Oct. 1, 1957 1 ½	1,007 550 531	June 15, 1958-63 3 . 2 3/4 Dec. 15, 1958 2 3/2 June 15, 1959-62 2 1/4 Dec. 15, 1959-62 2 1/4 Dec. 15, 1960-65 3 2 3/4 June 15, 1962-67 2 1/2	919 620 5,280 3,468 1,485 2,117	Convertible bonds Investment Series B Apr. 1, 1975-802%	12,484

SUMMARY DATA FROM TREASURY SURVEY OF OWNERSHIP OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES * Marketable and Convertible Direct Public Securities

[Par values in millions of dollars]

End of month	Total out- stand-	U. S. Govt. agen- cies	Fed- eral Re-	Com- mer- cial	Mu- tual sav-		rance panies	Other	End of month	Total out- stand-	U. S. Govt. agen- cies	Fed- eral Re-	Com- mer- cial	Mu- tual sav-		rance panies	Other
	ing	and trust funds	serve Banks	banks1	ings banks	Life	Other			ing ing	and trust funds	serve Banks	banks ¹	ings banks	Life	Other	
Type of security: Total marketable and convertible: 1950—June Dec 1951—June 1952—June	151,490 154,745 153,502	6,177 6,251 6,447	22,982 23,801 22,906	51,671 54,302 54,038	9,504 9,123 8,843	11,138 10,289 9,613	4,161 4,301 4,246	44,428 45,855 46,679 47,411	1950—June Dec 1951—June Dec 1952—June	13,573 12,060 13,095	2,905 2,905	2,714 1,214 714	172	1,246	2,923	312 318 362	3,304 3,281 3,864
Treasury bills: 1950—June Dec 1951—June	161,081 13,533 13,627 13,614	6,613 3 35 26	3,856 1,296 527		35 33 122	9,514 26 391 756	4,711 64 83 72	50,979 5,846 7,901 8,360	Nov Dec Marketable secu- rities, due or callable:	12,499 12,500	3,438 3,438		189 185	1,351 1,352	3,179 3,179	360 360	3,982 3,987
Dec 1952—June Nov Dec Certificates:	18,102 17,219 21,715 21,713	90 86	381 502 1,341	7,600 7,047	103 97 137	428 504 476 464	119	10,268 12,833 12,518	Within 1 year: 1950—June Dec 1951—June Dec 1952—June	42,448 58,013 60,860 72,790 70,944	117 81 129 155 146	9,718 16,003 13,962 15,057 13,822	21,596 30,348	532	655 1,206 778	614 799 954 1,203 1,106	15,463 20,117 22,389 24,718 25,143
1950—June Dec 1951—June Dec, 1952—June	18,418 5,373 9,509 29,078 28,423	(2) 17 49 60	12,793	2.753	41 120	107 1 113 217 76		8,761 9,092	Dec 1-5 years: 1950—June Dec	63,911 74,261 51,802 33,378	155 163 327 189	15,613 5,116 1,285	33,127 24,534	1,058 568	577 619 398	1,112 744	25,872 27,361 10,442 5,661
Nov Dec Treasury notes: 1950—June Dec	16,902 16,712 20,404 39,258	29 10	12,527	4,791 11,204 15,833	32 37 154 136	67 56 66 165	337 542	6,424 5,114 10,044	1951—June Dec 1952—June Nov	31,022 28,678 29,434 40,725	139 155 130 147	5,102 5,941 14,147		227 142 138 144	125	643 566 567 710	5,168 3,993 4,183 6,419
1951—June Dec 1952—June Nov Dec	35,806 18,409 18,963 30,253 30,266	3 2 16	5,068 5,568 13,774	13,704 10,465 10,431 11,115 10,955	42 53	208 1 5 8	478 315 327 461 486		Dec 5-10 years: 1950—June Dec 1951—June Dec	30,196 15,926 17,411 16,012 11,206	123 423 412 376 309	1,148 982 1,032 1,014	$7,329 \\ 6,275$	133 2,439 2,125 2,010 1,925	1,129 906	927 1,042 1,017 945	4,690 4,186 4,615 4,460 3,859
Marketable bonds: ³ 1950—June Dec 1951—June Dec	102,955 94,193 78,989 77,097	5,310 5,319 3,215 3,243	5,618 4,620 4,108 4,130	38,705 33,620 31,298 30,119	10,624 9,967 7,974 7,697	13,881 12,180 7,139 6,720	3,370 3,438 3,125 3,120	25,447 25,049 22,129 22,068	1952—June Nov Dec After 10 years:	13,321 17,564 17,564	524 634 629	1,070 1,070 1,070	3,274 6,279 6,426	2,092 2,137 2,052	1,090 1,140 1,127	1,089 1,363 1,342	4,183 4,942 4,918
1952—June Nov Dec	75,802 79,902 79,890	3,055	4,527	30,710 32,887 32,849	7,231	5,855 5,874 5,807	3,432 3,429	21,600 22,896 23,072	1950—June Dec 1951—June Dec 1952—June	45,134 43,648 30,023 30,012 26,707	4,482 4,682 2,629 2,726 2,211	2,349 2,508 1,397 1,415 1,358	2,934 2,781 2,740	7,180 5.389	12,114 10,778 6,056 5,758 4,589		13,571 14,035 10,534 10,828 10,038
									Nov Dec	26,572 26,560	2,254 2,259	1,358 1,358		4,725 4,713		1,133 1,152	9,965 10,024

^{*}Commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and insurance companies included in the survey account for over 90 per cent of total holdings by these institutions. Data are complete for Federal agencies and trust funds and Federal Reserve Banks. Figures in column headed "other" are residuals. Includes stock savings banks.

2 Less than \$500,000.

3 Includes Treasury bonds and minor amounts of Panama Canal and Postal Savings bonds.

² Tax anticipation series. ⁶ Restricted.

Sold on discount basis.
 Partially tax exempt.
 Maturity June 15, 1954.
 Maturity June 15, 1954.
 Maturity June 15, 1955.

NEW SECURITY ISSUES¹

[Estimates. In millions of dollars]

*				•	Gross p	roceeds	, all iss	uers ²					osed use all corp			eeds,
			Noncorp	orate				Corp	orate				New ca	apital		
Year or month	Total			State				Bonds						Mis-	Re- tire-	Re- tire- ment
		U. S. Govern- ment ²	Fed- eral agency4	and mu- nici- pal	Other ⁵	Total	Total	Pub- licly offered	Pri- vately placed		Com- mon stock	Total	New money ⁷	cel- lane- ous pur- poses	ment of bank debt, etc.8	of secur- ities
1938 1939 1940	5,926 5,687 6,564	2,480 2,332 2,517	13	1,108 1,128 1,238	50	2,155 2,164 2,677	2,044 1,979 2,386	1,276	691 703 758	86 98 183	25 87 108	903 420 762		7 26 19	69	1,206 1,695 1,854
1941 1942 1943 1944	15,157 35,438 44,518 56,310 54,712	11,466 33,846 42,815 52,424 47,353	38 1 2 1 506	956 524 435 661 795	5 97 22	2,667 1,062 1,170 3,202 6,011	2,389 917 990 2,670 4,855	506 621 1,892	811 411 369 778 1,004	167 112 124 369 758	110 34 56 163 397	1,040 647 408 753 1,347	474 308 657	28 35 27 47 133	144 138 73 49 134	1,583 396 789 2,389 4,555
1946 1947 1948 1949	18,685 19,941 20,250 21,110 19,893	10,217 10,589 10,327 11,804 9,687		1,157 2,324 2,690 2,907 3,532	451 156 132	6,900 6,577 7,078 6,052 6,361	4,881 5,035 5,973 4,890 4,920	2,963 2,435	2,147 3,010 2,455	1,126 761 492 424 631	891 778 614 736 811	3,889 5,115 6,651 5,558 4,990	5,929 4,606	231 168 234 315 364	379 356 488 637 620	2,868 1,352 307 401 1,271
1951 1952	21,265 27,096	9,778 12,577	110 459	3,189 4,105	446 233	7,741 9,721	¢5,691 7,725	2,364 3,638	3,326 4,086	838 572	°1,212 1,425	7,120 8,964		226 178	363 459	486 604
1952—Jan	2,194 1,698 1,649 2,336 2,494 2,452 6,441 1,175 1,339 r2,046 r1,135 2,137	1,024 967 515 722 928 978 4,898 544 444 531 480 547	228	564 222 145 397 396 624 226 201 428 294 219 389	1 31 16 22 54 2 8 2 4 *66 25 4	605 478 972 967 1,116 848 1,309 428 463 71,156 7412 966	474 314 748 771 870 652 1,119 348 381 1979 1343 725	278 59 419 398 544 211 787 125 158 *401 *126	372 327 441 332 223 223 7578	83 10 63 61 83 84 33 29 37 78 *21	48 154 161 135 163 112 157 50 45 770 748 181	587 433 939 971 798 1,256 295 407 71,047 7369 924	875 844 925 747 1,234 280 386 *875 *332	13 7 19 24 9 5 8 10 7 711 727 38	15 13 45 70 38 46 14 5 14 *161 *11	8 36 15 13 126 38 34 125 48 94 737 31
1953—Jan	1,619	611	30	376	80	522	351	186	164	56	116	494	466	5	22	20

Year or month	Ma	nufactur	ing		nmercia scellane		Tra	nsporta	ation	Pu	blic utili	ity 9	Con	nmunic	ation		Real esta id finan	
monva	Total net pro- ceeds	New cap- ital 10	Retire- ments 11	Total net pro- ceeds	New cap- ital 10	Retire- ments 11	Total net pro- ceeds	New cap- ital 10	Retire- ments 11	Total net pro- ceeds	New cap- ital 10	Retire- ments 11	Total net pro- ceeds	New cap- ital 10	Retire- ments 11	Total net pro- ceeds	New cap- ital 10	Retire- ments 11
1948	2,180 1,391 1,175 3,066 4,042	2,126 1,347 1,026 2,846 3,818	54 44 149 221 224	403 338 538 518 553	382 310 474 462 535	21 28 63 56 17	748 795 806 490 966	691 784 609 437 749	56 11 196 53 217	2,276 2,608 2,412	2,005 2,043 1,927 2,326 2,617	144 233 682 85 93	891 567 395 605 817	890 517 314 600 812	2 49 81 5 5	587 593 739 515 481	557 558 639 449 433	30 35 100 66 48
1952—January February. March April May June July. August September October November	349 285 366 350 559 287 351 132 185 7650 7196	349 253 362 345 514 285 342 97 145 r626 r179 320	31 45 45 2 9 35 39 723 716 14	29 13 61 66 40 44 51 36 19 28 149	28 12 55 61 40 44 51 34 19 726 716	1 2 5 5 5 1 1 1 1	17 44 109 167 156 58 78 112 40 33 45	17 44 108 167 89 23 78 27 40 31 32 93	85 1 2 12 15	184 110 393 265 276 349 250 105 168 345 48 217	178 107 388 265 268 348 249 105 168 279 48 215	8 1 1 67	2 3 6 47 26 29 493 22 18 26 749 97	2 3 6 45 26 29 493 22 18 *26 *47 96	3	14 13 20 56 40 70 68 14 25 759 753	13 13 20 56 35 70 44 10 18 759 47 50	5 24 4 8
1953—January	132	126	6	16	16		51	38	14	246	246	·····	3	3		64	64	1

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<sup>Corrected.
Revised.
Estimates of new issues sold for cash in the United States.
Gross proceeds are derived by multiplying principal amounts or number of units by offering price.
Includes issues guaranteed.
Issues not guaranteed.
Includes foreign government; International Bank; and domestic eleemosynary and other nonprofit.
Estimated net proceeds are equal to estimated gross proceeds less cost of flotation, i. e., compensation to underwriters, agents, etc., and other nonprofit.</sup>

^{*} Estimated net proceeds are equal to estimated gross proceeds less cost of hotation, i. e., compensation to underwriters, agents, etc., and expenses.

7 Includes proceeds for plant and equipment and working capital.

8 Includes proceeds for the retirement of mortgages and bank debt with original maturities of more than one year. Proceeds for retirement of short-term bank debt are included under the uses for which the bank debt was incurred.

9 Figures for "Other transportation" are included in "Transportation," and excluded from "Public utility," beginning with this issue of the BULLETIN.

10 Includes all issues other than those for retirement of securities.

11 Retirement of securities only.

Source.—Securities and Exchange Commission.

SALES, PROFITS, AND DIVIDENDS OF LARGE CORPORATIONS

(In millions of dollars)

			Anı	nual					Ç	Quarterl	у		
Industry	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951		19.	51 1			1952	
	1940	1947	1948	1949	1930	1931	1	2	3	4	1	2	3
Manufacturing													
Total (200 corps.): Sales	21,372	30 860	37 008	36 738	44 118	51 067	12 711	13 047	12 297	13 013	12 760	12 606	12 227
Profits before taxes	1,205	4,104 2,524	5,317 3,312	5,038 3,101	7,893 4,055	8,557 3,411	2,238 878	2,219 839	1,964 762	2,137 932	1,940 815	1,618 624	1,507 683
Dividends					2,240		469		1		482	476	
Sales Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends	1,426 908 449	1,787 1,787 1,167 551	2,210	1,847 1,847 1,213 710	14,777 2,702 1,513 889	3,184	4,349 855 368 199	4,288 814 342 202	773 334	741	4,335 705 314 210	4,216 599 287 206	4,361 642 308 205
Durable goods industries (106 corps.): 3 Sales		19,502	23,566	23,885	29.341	33,696	8,362 1,382			8,572 1,396			
Profits before taxesProfits after taxesDividends	607 295 494	2,312 1,355 615	3,105 1,835 746	1,887	5,192 2,542 1,351	2,000	510 270	497	428	565	501	1,019 338 270	865 375 270
Selected industries: Foods and kindred products (28 corps.):	2 747	2 024	2 502	2 202	2 460	2 072	1,025	901	942	1.004	959	042	983
Sales. Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends.	2,715 435 254 105	3,231 421 259 128	3,503 411 258 136	3,323 379 235 135	3,492 469 257 143	3,873 407 199 140	1,025 124 61 31		93 46	104 52	86 40 32	942 93 42 33	983 105 49 32
Chemicals and allied products (26 corps.): Sales Profits before taxes	2,550 463	3,108 547	656	3,557 675	4,447 1,110	5,433 1,384	365	365	342	312	318	1,337 281	1,367 285
Profits after taxes	283 180	337 215	409 254	404 312	560 438	484 355	128 84	120 85	87	125 100	108 87	105 87	107 88
Sales. Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends.	2,080 269 214 92	2,906 456 350 127	3,945 721 548 172	3,865 525 406 172	4,234 650 442 205	4,999 861 516 231	1,204 217 123 57	1,204 203 118 55	1,246 218 127 55	1,345 222 148 64	1,318 204 129 64	1,275 147 111 60	1,325 165 114 60
Primary metals and products (39 corps.): Sales Profits before taxes Profits after taxes Dividends.	5,429 451 270 211	7,545 891 545 247	9,066 1,174 720 270	8,187 993 578 285	10,446 1,700 854 377		3,044 525 188 88	3,198 557 193 85	3,034 492 176 86	3,226 519 217 120	3,073 425 220 88	2,385 98 29 87	2,605 214 102 86
Machinery (27 corps.): Sales Profits before taxes	2,310 37	3,634 443	4,529	4,353 519			1,480 250	1,563 237				1,726 238	
Profits after taxes	-9 97	270 113	333 125	320 138	424 208	367 191	90 43	82 47	73 48	123 54	81 49	80 48	91 49
Sales Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends.	3,725 37 -8 136	6,692 809 445 195		9,577 1,473 861 451	11,805 2,305 1,087 671	12,438 1,915 704 479	3,268 513 194 122	3,331 508 183 119		2,939 488 185 119	3,035 503 170 116	3,427 596 191 114	2,681 350 144 114
Public Utility													
Railroad: Operating revenue Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends	7,628 271 287 235	8,685 777 479 236	9,672 1,148 699 289	8,580 700 438 252	9,473 1,384 783 312	10,391 1,260 693 328	2,440 229 104 101	2,596 275 146 63	2,583 250 124 53	2,772 505 320 111	2,587 295 141 80	2,532 261 149 74	2,633 368 208 66
Electric power: Operating revenue. Profits before taxes. Profits after taxes. Dividends.	3,815 964 638 458	4,291 954 643 494	4,830 983 657 493	5,055 1,129 757 553	5,431 1,303 824 619	5,867 1,480 818 661	1,504 413 229 157	1,419 344 195 161	1,423 320 168 162	1,521 403 226 181	1,603 498 257 172	1,491 400 214 173	1,513 382 207 177
Telephone: Operating revenue Profits before taxes Profits after taxes. Dividends	2,148 313 209 168	2,283 215 138 131	2,694 292 186 178	2,967 333 207 213	3,342 580 331 276	3,729 691 341 318	904 175 90 77	918 174 92 79	931 160 72 81	976 182 86 81	993 194 93 85	1,023 205 98 87	1,037 182 88 91

¹ For manufacturing, certain tax accruals for the first six months of 1951, required by subsequent increases in Federal income tax rates and charged by many companies against third quarter profits, have been redistributed to the first and second quarters. For public utility corporations, 1951 quarterly profits after taxes are as reported.

² Includes 26 companies in groups not shown separately, as follows: textile mill products (10); paper and allied products (15); miscellaneous (1).

³ Includes 25 companies in groups not shown separately, as follows: building materials (12); transportation equipment other than automobile (1); and miscellaneous (7).

^{(6);} and miscellaneous (7).

^{(6);} and miscellaneous (7).

Note.—Manufacturing corporations. Data are from published company reports, except sales which are from reports of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Railroads. Figures are for Class I line-haul railroads (which account for 95 per cent of all railroad operations) and are obtained from reports of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Electric power. Figures are for Class A and B electric utilities (which account for about 95 per cent of all electric power operations) and are obtained from reports of the Federal Power Commission, except that quarterly figures on operating revenue and profits before taxes are partly estimated by the Federal Reserve, to include affiliated nonelectric operations.

Telephone. Revenues and profits are for telephone operations of the Bell System Consolidated (including the 20 operating subsidiaries and the Long Lines and General departments of American Telephone and Telephone and for two affiliated telephone companies, which together represent about 85 per cent of all telephone operations. Dividends are for the 20 operating subsidiaries and the two affiliates. Data are obtained from the Federal Communications Commission.

All series. Profits before taxes refer to income after all charges and before Federal income taxes and dividends. For description of series and back figures, see pp. 662–666 of the BULLETIN for June 1949 (manufacturing); pp. 215-217 of the BULLETIN for March 1942 (public utilities); and p. 908 of the BULLETIN for September 1944 (electric power).

PROFITS, TAXES, AND DIVIDENDS OF UNITED STATES CORPORATIONS

[Quarterly estimates at seasonally adjusted annual

	rates.	in billio	ns of dol	lars	
Year or quarter	Profits before taxes	In- come taxes	Profits after taxes	Cash divi- dends	Undis- tributed profits
1939 1940	6.5 9.3	1.5	5.0 6.4	3.8 4.0	1.2
1941	17.2	7.8	9.4	4.5	4.9
	21.1	11.7	9.4	4.3	5.1
	25.1	14.4	10.6	4.5	6.2
	24.3	13.5	10.8	4.7	6.1
	19.7	11.2	8.5	4.7	3.8
1946 1947 1948 1949	23.5 30.5 33.8 27.1 39.6	9.6 11.9 13.0 10.8 18.4	13.9 18.5 20.7 16.3 21.2	5.8 6.6 7.3 7.5 9.0	8.1 12.0 13.5 8.8 12.3
1951	42.9	24.2	18.7	9.0	9.6
1952	39.7	22.6	17.1	9.1	8.0
1951—2	43.3	24.5	18.8	9.0	9.8
3	38.6	21.8	16.9	9.2	7.7
4	39.5	22.2	17.3	9.3	8.0
1952—1	42.7	24.3	18.4	8.9	9.5
2	38.2	21.8	16.4	9.6	6.8
3	37.2	21.2	16.0	9.3	6.7
4 ¹	40.3	23.0	17.3	9.0	8.3

¹ Figures except those for cash dividends, are estimates based on the past relationship of corporate profits to private nonfarm gross national product.

Source.—Department of Commerce.

NET CHANGE IN OUTSTANDING CORPORATE SECURITIES 1

[Estimates, in millions of dollars]

Year or		All type	s	Bot	nds and r	notes		Stocks	
quarter	New issues	Retire- ments	Net change	New issues	Retire- ments	Net change	New issues	Retire- ments	Net change
1939 1940	2,182 2,801			1,939 2,477			243 324	171 260	72 64
1941 1942 1943 1944	2,793 1,151 1,333 3,424 6,457	1,464 2,129 3,899	-313 -796 -475	929 996 2,693	3,391	-398 -804 -698	222 337	301 137 329 508 851	101 85 8 223 682
1946 1947 1948 1949	7,570	2,523 1,684 1,875	4,359 5,886 4,856	5,015 5,938 4,867	2,011 1,284 1,583	3,004 4,654 3,284	1,867 1,632 1,865	512 400 292	1,355 1,232 1,572
1951 1951—3 4	9,137 1,792 2,477	652	1,140			584	715		
1952—1 2 3 4	2,438 3,087	558 602 716	1,880 2,485 1,743	1,640 2,183	489 513 611	1,151 1,670 1,211	798	69 89 105	729 815 532

Corrected.

CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF UNITED STATES CORPORATIONS 1

[Estimates, in billions of dollars]

End of year	Net			Curren	t assets			•	Current	liabilities	
or quarter	working capital	Total	Cash	U. S. Gov- ernment securities	Notes and accounts receivable ²	Inven- tories	Other	Total	Notes and accounts payable 3	Federal income tax liabilities	Other
1939	24.5	54.5	10.8	2.2	22.1	18.0	1.4	30.0	21.9	1.2	6.9
	27.5	60.3	13.1	2.0	24.0	19.8	1.5	32.8	23.2	2.5	7.1
1941	32.3	72.9	13.9	4.0	28.0	25.6	1.4	40.7	26.4	7.1	7.2
1942	36.3	83.6	17.6	10.1	27.3	27.3	1.3	47.3	26.0	12.6	8.7
1943	42.1	93.8	21.6	16.4	26.9	27.6	1.3	51.6	26.3	16.6	8.7
1944	45.6	97.2	21.6	20.9	26.5	26.8	1.4	51.7	26.8	15.5	9.4
1944	51.6	97.4	21.7	21.1	25.9	26.3	2.4	45.8	25.7	10.4	9.7
1946 1947 1948 1949	56.2 62.1 68.6 72.4 78.4	108.1 123.6 133.0 130.9 153.0	22.8 25.0 25.3 26.4 27.3	15.3 14.1 14.8 17.0 20.8	30.7 38.3 42.4 41.9 51.8	37.6 44.6 48.9 44.2 51.4	1.7 1.6 1.6 1.4 1.7	51.9 61.5 64.4 58.5 74.6	31.6 37.6 39.4 35.7 44.6	8.5 10.7 11.5 9.7 15.4	11.8 13.2 13.5 13.1 14.6
1951—2	82.2	162.6	27.8	21.1	53.5	58.2	2.0	80.4	48.3	17.3	14.8
3	83.0	166.6	28.3	21.2	55.4	59.6	2.1	83.6	49.4	18.7	15.4
4	82.6	170.7	29.4	21.6	56.4	61.2	2.1	88.1	52.5	20.2	15.4
1952—1	84.1	171.4	28.4	21.2	57.0	62.5	2.2	87.3	52.7	18.5	16.1
	85.7	169.6	29.7	20.0	57.1	60.7	2.1	84.0	51.7	16.0	16.3
	86.9	175.8	30:0	20.8	62.0	60.7	2.3	88.9	54.9	16.6	17.5

Excludes banks and insurance companies.
 Includes amounts due to the U. S. Government.

BUSINESS EXPENDITURES ON NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 1 [Estimates, in millions of dollars]

Trans-Trans Manuporta-tion facturporta-Public utili-Public utili-Manu-Coming and tion incl. All other3 Min-Rail-Trade Other: Year Total muni-Quarter Total facturing roads other ties cations ties railrail roads ing 1,392 6,665 6,715 7,421 3,043 3,077 3,579 814 726 776 1,872 280 365 520 302 5,512 1.943 326 384 1939 . . 3,983 6,790 8,703 9,134 7,149 7,491 11,130 505 792 1,539 2,543 3,125 3,309 3,855 8,692 14,848 20,612 22,059 19,285 574 923 1,298 1,285 887 321 817 1,399 1,742 1,320 1,074 2,694 3,957 3,158 2,874 3,494 1,304 1,822 2,136 1,996 1,786 2,177 2,230 1,042 1,117 1,870 1,949 548 583 1945... 383 1946.... 1947.... 1948.... 427 691 882 792 707 911 889 6,228 6,913 6,420 7,298 2,950 3,484 3,135 3,733 723 759 600 710 847 957 970 1952 1,708 1,319 1,352 20,605 26,332 1,111 1,212 1,492 3,896 1951.. 1952... 26,860 12,452 850 1,398 1,394 3,961 6,804 1953-14. 6,519 3,275 642 996 1,607

Source.-Department of Commerce and Securities and Exchange Commission.

^{*}Corrected.
¹ Reflects cash transactions only. As compared with data shown on p. 270, new issues exclude foreign and include investment company offerings, sales of securities held by affiliated companies or RFC, special offerings to employees, and also new stock issues and cash proceeds connected with conversions of bonds into stocks. Retirements include the same types of issues, and also securities retired with internal funds or with proceeds of issues for that purpose shown on p. 270.
Source.—Securities and Exchange Commission.

² Includes amounts due from the U. S. Government. Source.—Securities and Exchange Commission.

¹ Corporate and noncorporate business, excluding agriculture.
² Includes communications, trade, and other.

Includes service, finance, and construction.
 Anticipated by business.

REAL ESTATE CREDIT STATISTICS

MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING, BY TYPE OF PROPERTY MORTGAGED AND TYPE OF MORTGAGE HOLDER

(In billions of dollars)

					(111)	milons of	donaisi							
		All pro	perties					Nonfa	rm				Farm	
End of year	All	Finan-	Otl hole		Ali	1- to	l-family l	iouse s		ti-family rcial prop		All	Finan-	
or quarter	hold- ers	cial insti- tutions	Selected Federal agen- cies	Indi- viduals and others	hold- ers	Total	Finan- cial insti- tutions	Other hold- ers	Total	Finan- cial insti- tutions	Other hold- ers	hold- ers	cial insti- tutions	Other holders ²
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1950 1951 1952 1951 March June September December	35.5 36.5 37.6 36.7 35.3 34.7 35.6 48.7 56.0 72.5 81.9 90.6 75.1 77.9 80.0	18.6 19.5 20.7 20.7 20.2 21.0 26.0 31.8 37.8 42.9 51.6 59.5 57.9 59.5	2.2 2.1 2.0 1.8 1.4 1.1 .6 .5 .6 1.1 2.0 2.4 2.0 1.8	14.7 14.8 14.9 14.2 13.6 13.3 13.6 15.0 16.4 17.6 18.6 19.5 20.4 21.2 20.2 20.3	28.9 30.0 31.2 30.8 29.9 29.7 30.8 36.9 43.9 50.9 66.7 75.6 83.8 69.1 71.7 73.7	16.3 17.3 18.4 18.2 17.9 18.5 23.1 28.2 33.3 45.1 51.9 48.7 50.4	9.3 10.2 11.2 11.5 11.5 11.7 12.2 16.0 20.5 25.0 435.3 41.2 46.9 36.8 38.5 40.0	7.0 7.1 7.2 6.3 6.2 6.4 7.0 7.6 8.3 9.8 10.7 11.3 10.3 10.5	12.5 12.6 12.9 12.1 11.8 12.2 13.8 15.7 17.6 21.6 23.7 25.6 22.2 23.0 23.3 23.3	7.8 8.0 7.8 7.2 7.2 7.2 7.5 8.4 9.6 10.9 12.4 14.0 15.7 17.2 14.5 15.1	4.8 4.8 4.6 4.6 4.6 5.4 6.1 7.6 8.0 8.3 7.7 7.9 8.0	6.65 6.4 6.05 5.4 4.9 4.8 4.9 5.1 5.8 6.3 6.3 6.3	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.7 1.9 2.1 2.3 2.6 2.8 2.6 2.6 2.6	5.1 5.0 4.9 4.1 3.6 3.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.5 3.7 3.7
1952—March ^p June ^p September ^p December ^p	83.7 85.9 88.1 90.6	61.0 63.0 64.9 67.0	2.2 2.2 2.2 2.4	20.5 20.8 21.0 21.2	77.3 79.3 81.5 83.8	53.2 54.8 56.5 58.3	42.3 43.8 45.4 46.9	10.9 11.0 11.1 11.3	24.1 24.5 25.0 25.6	16.0 16.4 16.8 17.2	8.1 8.1 8.2 8.3	6.4 6.6 6.7 6.8	2.6 2.7 2.8 2.8	3.8 3.9 3.9 4.0

MORTGAGE LOANS HELD BY BANKS 1

[In millions of dollars]

			Comm	ercial b	ank ho	ldings ²					Mutual	savings	bank h	oldings	4	_
				Noni	arm							Noni	arm	·		
End of year or quarter	Total			Reside	ntial 3			Farm	Total			Reside	ential 3	_		Farm
		Total	Total	FHA- in- sured	VA- guar- anteed	Con- ven- tional	Other			Total	Total	FHA- in- sured	VA- guar- anteed	Con- ven- tional	Other	
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	4,578 4,906 4,706 4,521 4,430 4,772 7,234 9,446 10,897 11,644 13,664 14,732	4,340 4,256 4,058 3,967 4,251 6,533 8,623 10,023 10,736 12,635 13,728	2,963 3,292 3,332 3,256 3,218 3,395 5,146 6,933 8,066 8,676 10,431 11,270	3,421		4,929	856 1,387 1,690 1,957 2,060 2,264 2,458	569 575 566 491 463 463 521 702 823 874 909 968 1,004	4,859 4,812 4,627 4,420 4,305 4,208 4,441 4,856 5,806 6,705 8,261 9,916	4,829 4,784 4,601 4,395 4,281 4,184 4,415 4,828 5,773 6,668 8,218	3,914 3,884 3,725 3,558 3,476 3,387 3,588 3,937 4,758 5,569 7,054 8,595	2,567	1,726	4,303	932 915 900 876 837 805 797 827 821 1,015 1,099 1,164 1,274 1,468	29 30 28 26 25 24 24 26 28 34 37 44 47 50
1951—March June September December	$14,286 \\ 14,540$	13,255 13,500	10,904 11,100				2,351 2,400	1,031 1,040	9,137 9,515	8,605 9,091 9,468 9,869	7,833 8,200				1,205 1,258 1,268 1,274	45 46 47 47
1952—March June September ^p December ^p	15,176 15,465	14,113	11,602 11,860	3,432 3,441 3,530 3,725	2,928 2,952 2,970 3,005	5,209 5,360	2,512 2,540	1,063	10,554 10,920	10,156 10,506 10,872 11,309	9,145	2,898 3,075	1,917 2,034			47 48 48 50

Preliminary.

Includes all banks in the United States and possessions.

Includes all banks in the United States and possessions.

Includes loans held by nondeposit trust companies but excludes holdings of trust departments of commercial banks. March and September figures, and also December 1952, are Federal Reserve estimates based on data from Member Bank Call Report and from weekly reporting member banks. For 1940, figures except for the grand total are Federal Reserve estimates based on data for insured commercial banks.

Data not available for all classifications prior to December 1951.

Inrough 1946, figures except for the grand total are estimates based on Federal Reserve preliminary tabulation of a revised series of banking statistics. March and September figures, and also December 1952, are Federal Reserve estimates based in part on data from National Association of Mutual Savings Banks.

Sources.—All-bank series prepared by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation from data supplied by Federal and State bank supervisory agencies; Comptroller of the Currency; and Federal Reserve.

P Preliminary.

1 Derived figures, which include negligible amount of farm loans held by savings and loan associations.

2 Derived figures, which include debt held by Federal land banks and Farmers Home Administration.

Note.—Figures for first three quarters of each year, and all figures for December 1952 except those on 1- to 4-family houses and total farm (preliminary estimates from HLBB and Dept. of Agriculture, respectively), are Federal Reserve estimates. Financial institutions include commercial banks (including nondeposit trust companies but not trust departments). mutual savings banks, life insurance companies, and savings and loan associations. Federal agencies include HOLC, FNMA, and VA (the bulk of the amounts through 1948/held by HOLC, since then by FNMA). Other Federal agencies (amounts small and separate data not readily available currently) are included with "Individuals and others."

Sources.—Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Home Loan Bank Board, Institute of Life Insurance, Departments of Agriculture and Commerce, Federal National Mortgage Association, Veterans Administration, Comptroller of the Currency, and Federal Reserve.

REAL ESTATE CREDIT STATISTICS-Continued

MORTGAGE ACTIVITY OF ALL UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES

[In millions of dollars]

			Loans a	cquired				Loans	outstandin	g (end of	period)	
Year or month			Non	ıfarm					No	onfarm		
	Total	Total	FHA- insured	VA- guar- anteed	Other	Farm	Total	Total	FHA- insured	VA- guar- anteed	Other	Farm
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	898 855 935 976 1,661 2,786 3,407 3,430 4,980	1,483 2,520 3,114 3,123 4,621 4,704 3,600 319 284 286 292 270 316 325 280 337 260 352					5,669 5,958 6,442 6,724 6,636 6,636 7,155 8,675 10,833 12,906 19,314 21,275 19,536 19,712 19,870 20,008 20,175 20,643 20,505 20,643 20,801 20,961 21,087	4,782 5,061 5,529 5,830 5,873 5,886 6,360 7,780 9,843 11,768 14,775 17,787 19,600 18,006 18,161 18,306 18,425 18,574 18,574 18,870 18,998 19,147 19,298 19,147 19,560	668 815 1.096 1,286 1,394 1,228 1.398 1.398 2.381 3,454 4,573 5,257 5,700 5,308 5,338 5,377 5,402 5,476 5,552 5,552 5,552 5,5626 5,648 5,649		4,876 5,538 6,356 7,090 8,176 9,399 10,550 9,651 9,855 9,955 10,122 10,122 10,229 10,339 10,423 10,423	887 897 913 896 841 800 776 795 895 990 1,138 1,327 1,575 1,551 1,564 1,583 1,601 1,619 1,635 1,663 1,663 1,663 1,663
1953January	347	309	78	28	203	38	21,396	19,701	5,725	3,358	10,618	1,695

Note.—For loans acquired, monthly figures may not add to annual totals, and for loans outstanding, end-of-December figures may differ from end-of-year figures, because monthly figures represent book value of ledger assets whereas year-end figures represent annual statement asset values, and because year-end adjustments are based on more nearly complete data. Prior to 1947, complete data are not available for all classifications shown.

Sources.—Institute of Life Insurance—end-of-year figures, Life Insurance Fact Book; end-of-month figures, the Tally of Life Insurance Statistics and Life Insurance News Data.

MORTGAGE ACTIVITY OF ALL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS

[In millions of dollars]

NONFARM MORTGAGE RECORDINGS OF \$20,000 OR LESS [Number in thousands; amounts (except averages) in millions of dollars]

	7	ns made			Loona	utstandir	on (and a	f namiad \	-			Amo	unt, by t	ype of le	ender		Aver- age
Year or month	Total	New con-	Home pur- chase	Other purposes 1	Total 3	FHA- in- sured	VA- guar- anteed	Con- ven- tional ³	Year or month	Num- ber	Total	Sav- ings & loan assns,	Insur- ance com- panies	Com- mer- cial banks	Mutual sav- ings banks	Other	amount re- corded (dol- lars)
1939	986 1,200 1,379 1,051 1,184 1,454 1,454 3,581 3,636 5,237 5,250 6,617 400 428 514 549 586 617 616 659 596 617	301 399 437 190 106 95 181 616 894 1,046 1,083 1,767 2,105 115 131 172 183 192 190 200 193 208 163 163	340 426 581 574 802 2,387 2,128 1,710 1,559 2,246 2,357 2,955 184 186 214 239 252 257 265 279 285 303 248	345 375 361 287 276 295 374 611 789 851 1,236 1,236 1,557 101 1128 127 138 141 138 141 138 141 138	3,806 4,1278 4,578 4,583 4,583 4,799 5,376 7,140 8,856 10,305 11,616 13,622 15,519 18,440 16,073 16,891 17,740	563 717 841 906 874 887 887			1939 1940 1941 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1950 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1953 1952 1952 1953 1952 1953 1953 1952 1953 1953 1954 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955	1,288 1,456 1,628 1,628 1,351 1,274 1,446 1,639 2,497 2,567 2,567 2,488 3,032 2,488 3,032 2,288 3,032 2,299 238 250 256 268 270 267 285 245 245 245 228	3,507 4,031 4,732 3,943 3,861 4,606 5,650 10,589 11,729 11,882 11,282 16,405 18,018 1,298 1,271 1,393 1,482 1,511 1,513 1,598 1,727 1,511 1,513 1,598 1,727 1,553 1,401	1,058 1,283 1,490 1,170 1,237 1,560 2,017 3,483 3,650 3,629 3,629 3,646 5,060 5,295 6,452 405 428 494 4540 557 564 592 593 627 526 540 477	287 334 404 404 362 280 257 250 503 847 1,016 1,615 1,420 124 115 118 114 114 118 118 113 119 118 116 116 116 117 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118	891 1,066 1,166 886 753 878 1,097 2,712 3,004 2,663 2,446 3,365 3,360 267 256 293 303 305 317 316 343 298 305	143 170 218 166 152 165 217 548 597 745 750 1,064 1,013 1,137 79 69 71 181 90 96 105 109 104 117 103 112	1,128 1,238 1,454 1,459 1,746 2,069 3,343 3,631 3,829 3,940 5,072 5,109 423 403 447 440 469 465 457 505 449 470	2,722 2,769 2,906 2,918 3,031 3,186 3,484 4,241 4,570 4,685 5,335 5,700 5,860 5,860 5,800 5,921 5,907 5,937 6,085 6,171 6,085 6,171 6,136
1953-Jan	497	147	222	128			· · • • · ·								<u> </u>	<u> </u>	'

Includes loans for repair, additions and alterations, refinancing, etc.
 Prior to 1948, data are not available for classifications shown.
 Excludes shares pledged against mortgage loans.
 Source.—Home Loan Bank Board.

Source.-Home Loan Bank Board.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

REAL ESTATE CREDIT STATISTICS-Continued

GOVERNMENT-UNDERWRITTEN RESIDENTIAL LOANS MADE

[In millions of dollars]

MORTGAGE DEBT OUTSTANDING ON NONFARM 1- TO 4-FAMILY PROPERTIES [In billions of dollars]

			FHA-	insured	loans		V.A	A-guarar	iteed lo	ans 2						
Year	Total			me gages	Pro-	Prop- erty			me gages	Alter-	End of year or	Total		vernme derwritt		Con- ven-
month		Total	New prop- erties	Ex- isting prop- erties	type mort- gages ¹	im- prove- ment loans ²	Total	New prop- erties	Ex- isting prop- erties	ation and repair ³	quarter		Total	FHA -in- sured	VA- guar- anteed	tional
1939	1,121 934 877 857 3,058 5,074 5,222 5,250 7,416 6,834 5,830 5,75 452 443 487 487 452 463 484 5,03 5,19	925 991 1,152 1,121 934 877 665 1,788 3,341 3,826 4,343 3,213 274 211 207 242 249 269 269 267 306 293	486 588 728 766 553 484 257 120 477 1,434 1,319 1,637 1,216 969 84 63 61 65 80 80 80 81 94 108	208 175 183 208 210 224 217 302 418 684 892 856 713 974 78 65 66 69 74 76 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	52 13 14 21 85 56 609 1,021 1,157 584 322 24 18 19 39 27 31 31 32 27 31 32 31 32 31 32 31 32 31 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	534 614 594 707 848 88 64 71 102 73 66 69 59	192 2,302 3,286 1,881 1,424 3,073 3,614 2,721 301 242 234 203 196 189 203 217 220 243 227	793 1 865 2 667 1 ,824 222 171 164 159 124 124 124 124 124 134 142 141 157	629 1,202 942 890 79 71 72 85 74 63 63 63 75 75 75	35 66 66 85 57 54 45 47 76 65	1939	18.4 18.2	1.8 2.3 3.0 3.7 4.1 4.2 4.6 6.3 9.6 12.5 15.0 18.9 22.9 25.4 20.0 21.0 21.9 22.9 22.9 22.9 23.5 24.7 25.4	1.8 2.3 3.0 3.7 4.1 4.2 4.1 3.7 3.8 5.3 8.6 9.7 10.8 8.9 9.2 9.5 9.7	2.6 5.8 7.2 8.1 10.3 13.2 14.6 11.1 11.8 12.5 13.6 13.9 14.3 14.6	14.5 15.4 14.5 13.7 13.7 13.7 13.8 18.6 20.8 22.5 26.2 29.0 32.8 26.9 27.7 28.4 29.0 32.8
1953—Jan	539	296	108	103	18	67	243	161	82	.6						

¹ Monthly figures do not reflect mortgage amendments included in annual totals. ² Prior to 1949, data are not available for classifications shown. ³ FHA-insured property improvement loans are not ordinarily secured by mortgages; VA-guaranteed alteration and repair loans of \$1,000 or less need not be secured, whereas those for more than that amount must be.

Note.—FHA-insured loans represent gross amount of insurance written; VA-guaranteed loans, gross amount of loans closed. Figures do not take account of principal repayments on previously insured or guaranteed loans. For VA-guaranteed loans, amounts by type are derived from data on number and average amount of loans closed. Sources.—Federal Housing Administration and Veterans Administration.

**Preliminary.

NOTE.—For total debt outstanding, figures for first three quarters are Federal Reserve estimates. For conventional, figures are derived.

Sources.—Home Loan Bank Board, Federal Housing Administration, Veterans Administration, and Federal Reserve.

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION ACTIVITY

[In millions of dollars]

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK LENDING

[In millions of dollars]

		-						İ	_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
End of year	Author- ized• funds	Com- mit- ments	Mort	gage hol	dings	Mort- gage pur-	Mort- gage		Ad-	Repay-		ices outst id of peri	
or month	un- com- mitted	un- dis- bursed	Total	FHA- in- sured	VA- guar- anteed	chases (during period)		Year or month	vances	ments	Total	Short- term 1	Long- term ²
								1941	158	140	219	105	115
1948	528	227	199	188	11	198		1942	99	190	129	54	76
1949	848	824	828	403	425	672	20	1943	157	176	110	69	41
1950	918	485	1,347	169	1,178	1,044	469	1944	239	219	131	106	25
]		1		l	1945	278	213	195	176	19
1951—March		82 54	1,525	155	1,370	248	52 44	1946	329	231	293	184	109
June September	1,117	47	1,579	161 181	1,418	111 158	44	1947	351 360	209	436 515	218	217
December	661	239	1,715 1,850	204	1,534	160	6	1949	256	280 337	433	257 231	258 202
December	001	239	1,030	204	1,040	100	, ,	1950	675	292	816	547	269
1952—February	536	236	1.977	220	1.757	73	5	1951	423	433	806	508	298
March	1 455	242	2.053	232	1.821	86	3	1952	586	528	864	565	299
April	1412	255	2,083	239	1.844	39	1 2	1702	300	320	001	1 505	237
May		264	2,075	236	1.839	4	4	1952-February	12	64	612	380	233
June		266	2,068	236	1,832	7	5	March	23	46	589	361	227
July		275	2.064	237	1.827	6	3	April	29	36	581	353	229
August	1,283	299	2,068	245	1.823	13	3	May	34	24	591	359	232
September	1.238	315	2,097	257	1,840	40	4	June	83	21	653	409	244
October	1,170	326	2,154	272	1,882	72	6	July	58	54	656	416	240
November	1,129	322	2,199	297	1,902	56	3	August	56	25	687	436	251
December	1,085	323	2,242	320	1,922	65	14	September	56	28	715	460	255
	-	1)			October	63	26	752	491	261
1953—January	1,043	321	2,286	338	1,948	61	10	November	59	20	791	520	271
February	1,008	313	2,329	358	1,971	53	3	December	106	33	864	565	300
		<u> </u>	1		1	1	<u> </u>	1953—January	16	197	683	439	245
1 During the period	from lat	e March	through	early Iul	v. the bu	lk of the	se funds	February	14	71	627	401	226
was available only for										1			

During the period from late March through early July, the bulk of these funds was available only for the purchase of mortgages on defense, disaster, and military

was available only for the purchase of mixtugates an additional 900 million housing.

² Public Law 531, enacted July 14, 1952, authorized an additional 900 million dollars for advance commitments to purchase mortgages on defense, disaster, and military housing. Funds remaining from those set aside earlier for this purpose then became available for over-the-counter purchases of other mortgages.

Source.—Federal National Mortgage Association.

Secured or unsecured loans maturing in one year or less.
 Secured loans, amortized quarterly, having maturities of more than one year but not more than ten years.
 Source.—Home Loan Bank Board.

CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS TOTAL CONSUMER CREDIT, BY MAJOR PARTS

[Estimated amounts outstanding. In millions of dollars]

			In	stalment cred	it			Noninstaln	nent credit	
End of year or month	Total consumer credit	Total instal-		Sale credit		Loans 1	Total noninstal-	Single-	Charge	Service
		ment credit	Total	Automobile	Other	Loans .	ment credit	payment loans 2	accounts	credit
1939	7,031 8,163 8,826 5,692	4,424 5,417 5,887 3,048	2,792 3,450 3,744 1,617	1,267 1,729 1,942 482	1,525 1,721 1,802 1,135	1,632 1,967 2,143 1,431	2,607 2,746 2,939 2,644	530 536 565 483	1,544 1,650 1,764 1,513	533 560 610 648
1945 1946 1947 1948 1948 1949 1950 1951 1951	16,809 20,097 20,644	2,364 4,000 6,434 8,600 10,890 13,459 13,510 16,513	942 1,648 3,086 4,528 6,240 7,904 7,546 9,405	227 544 1,151 1,961 3,144 4,126 4,039 5,205	715 1,104 1,935 2,567 3,096 3,778 3,507 4,200	1,422 2,352 3,348 4,072 4,650 5,555 5,964 7,108	3,263 4,677 5,428 5,766 5,919 6,638 7,134 7,460	510 749 896 949 1,018 1,332 1,436 1,549	1,981 3,054 3,612 3,854 3,909 4,239 4,587 4,759	772 874 920 963 992 1,067 1,111 1,152
1952—January. February. March April. May. June. July August. September. October. November. December?	19,717 19,565 19,788 20,293 20,961 21,213 21,433 21,657	13,314 13,185 13,156 13,319 13,806 14,409 14,745 14,939 15,193 15,573 15,573 15,885 16,513	7,322 7,158 7,047 7,099 7,421 7,820 8,039 8,149 8,339 8,053 8,917 9,405	3,962 3,927 3,891 3,946 4,171 4,446 4,597 4,634 4,708 4,882 5,038 5,205	3,360 3,231 3,156 3,153 3,250 3,374 3,442 3,515 3,631 3,771 3,879 4,200	5,992 6,027 6,109 6,220 6,385 6,589 6,706 6,790 6,854 6,920 6,968 7,108	6,812 6,532 6,409 6,469 6,487 6,552 6,468 6,494 6,716 6,913 7,460	1,445 1,448 1,443 1,437 1,431 1,435 1,443 1,456 1,469 1,488 1,515 1,549	4,253 3,967 3,855 3,913 3,921 3,980 3,891 3,902 3,848 4,075 4,242 4,759	1,114 1,117 1,111 1,119 1,135 1,137 1,134 1,136 1,147 1,153 1,156 1,152
1953—January*	23,734	16,555	9,383	5,314	4,069	7,172	7,179	1,578	4,439	1,162

Preliminary.

Includes repair and modernization loans insured by Federal Housing Administration.
 Noninstalment consumer loans (single-payment loans of commercial banks and pawnbrokers).

Note.—Back figures by months beginning January 1929 may be obtained from Division of Research and Statistics.

CONSUMER INSTALMENT LOANS

[Estimates. In millions of dollars]

			•		outstandin period)	g			Loans m		incipal le ring perio		itutions
Year or month	Total	Com- mercial banks ¹	Small loan com- panies	Indus- trial banks ²	Indus- trial loan com- panies 2	Credit unions	Miscel- laneous lenders	Insured repair and modernization loans 3	Com- mercial banks 1	Small loan com- panies	Indus- trial banks ²	Indus- trial loan com- panies ²	Credit unions
1939	1,632 1,967 2,143 1,431	523 692 784 426	448 498 531 417	131 132 134 89	99 104 107 72	135 174 200 130	96 99 102 91	200 268 285 206	680 1,017 1,198 792	827 • 912 975 784	261 255 255 255 182	194 198 203 146	237 297 344 236
1945	1,422 2,352 3,348 4,072 4,650 5,555 5,964 7,108	477 956 1,435 1,709 1,951 2,431 2,510 3,093	439 597 701 817 929 1,084 1,268 1,439	76 117 166 204 250 291 301 365	70 98 134 160 175 203 229 273	103 153 225 312 402 525 542 698	93 109 119 131 142 157 176 193	164 322 568 739 801 864 938 1,047	942 1,793 2,636 3,069 3,282 3,875 4,198 5,220	956 1,231 1,432 1,534 1,737 1,946 2,437 2,671	166 231 310 375 418 481 528 618	151 210 282 318 334 358 417 497	199 286 428 577 712 894 947 1,264
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	5,992 6,027 6,109 6,220 6,385 6,589 6,706 6,706 6,854 6,920 6,968 7,108	2,521 2,542 2,593 2,642 2,726 2,838 2,892 2,931 2,971 3,011 3,039 3,093	1,273 1,275 1,285 1,302 1,320 1,346 1,366 1,377 1,375 1,376 1,384 1,439	300 301 303 307 319 330 341 346 352 359 361 365	230 232 235 239 246 254 259 263 264 266 268 273	541 545 553 568 589 614 631 647 662 677 683 698	176 176 177 179 181 183 185 187 186 186 187	951 956 963 983 1,004 1,024 1,032 1,039 1,044 1,045 1,046	393 373 429 429 479 497 473 418 423 449 392 465	184 181 216 211 236 248 238 211 196 209 214 327	46 46 52 50 52 56 53 50 51 55 47 60	38 37 41 39 44 42 41 39 45 39 48	85 91 95 103 116 122 113 105 105 113 97 119
1953—January,	7,172	3,134	1,458	366	272	701	195	1,046	436	192	54	41	103

Preliminary.

1 Figures include only personal instalment cash loans and retail automobile direct loans shown on the following page, and a small amount of other retail direct loans not shown separately. Other retail direct loans outstanding at the end of January amounted to 136 million dollars, and other loans made during January were 16 million.

2 Figures include only personal instalment cash loans, retail automobile direct loans, and other retail direct loans. Direct retail instalment loans are obtained by deducting an estimate of paper purchased from total retail instalment paper.

3 Includes only loans insured by Federal Housing Administration adjusted by Federal Reserve to exclude nonconsumer loans.

CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS-Continued

CONSUMER INSTALMENT SALE CREDIT, EXCLUDING AUTOMOBILE CREDIT

[Estimated amounts outstanding. In millions of dollars]

End of year or month	Total, exclud- ing auto- mobile	Depart- ment stores and mail- order houses	Furni- ture stores	House- hold appli- ance stores	Jewelry stores	All other retail stores
1939 1940 1941 1942	1,525 1,721 1,802 1,135	377 439 466 252	536 599 619 440	273 302 313 188	93 110 120 76	246 271 284 179
1945	715 1,104 1,935 2,567 3,096 3,778 3,507 4,200	198 337 650 874 1,010 1,245 1,186 1,461	296 386 587 750 935 1,029 971 1,147	51 118 249 387 500 710 613 709	73	113 174 305 404 488 94 37
January February March April May June July August September. October November. December P	3,360 3,231 3,156 3,153 3,250 3,374 3,442 3,515 3,631 3,771 3,879 4,200	1,129 1,082 1,060 1,064 1,101 1,132 1,142 1,166 1,217 1,278 1,333 1,461	933 909 893 894 924 954 974 995 1,013 1,045 1,069	592 567 548 541 551 588 612 625 648 666 672 709	65 65 67 70	32 05
1953 January ^p	4,069	1,425	1,105	684	8.	55

CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF INDUSTRIAL BANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

[Estimates. In millions of dollars]

Retail instal-ment paper 2 Repair and Year or month Total modern Auto-mobile ization loans 1 2 Other 391.0 404.1 491.2 118.5 118.9 163.9 79.7 81.2 95.3 54.9 56.5 69.1 1952—January ... February ... March ... April ... May ... 402.6 403.9 405.8 410.7 426.2 441.1 455.1 462.8 472.8 483.0 485.7 491.2 116.5 116.3 116.6 119.2 128.2 138.4 145.7 148.9 153.1 158.9 160.2 163.9 81.4 81.2 81.2 81.1 82.5 84.7 87.2 89.1 91.0 93.4 94.1 95.3 56.1 56.3 55.4 55.8 57.2 58.2 60.9 63.6 66.3 67.8 69.0 69.1 June..... July..... August.... September... October... November... December p 1953—January^p. 492.6 167.8 94.0 68.9 Volume extended during month: 1952—January . . . February. . . 52.5 51.8 57.5 58.8 69.2 73.5 69.2 60.7 64.0 68.8 56.2 66.1 14.3 15.2 16.8 18.1 25.8 27.7 24.4 19.0 21.4 23.6 19.3 21.2 11.8 10.1 10.6 10.3 11.2 12.3 12.9 11.6 12.2 13.3 10.7 13.4 3.5 3.7 4.1 5.4 6.3 6.5 6.6 6.9 5.1 4.9 March.... March.... April.... May.... June.... July.... August . . . September October . . . November December 1953-January^p 59.4 21.1 10.5 4.0

CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF COMMERCIAL BANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

[Estimates. In millions of dollars]

[
V	Tabal		nobile ail	Other retail, pur-	Repair and mod-	Per- sonal instal-	
Year or month	Total	Pur- chased	Direct loans	and	erniza- tion loans ¹ 2	ment cash loans	
Outstanding at end of period:			1 222	1 267	005	1.107	
1950	5,645	1,143	1,223	1,267	905		
1951		1,061	1,192	1,031	937	1,213	
1952 p	7,042	1,484	1,462	1,422	1,179	1,495	
1952-January	5.418	1.042	1.184	1.034	928	1,230	
February	5,412	1,038	1,186	1.016	924	1,248	
March	5,446	1,035	1,197	1,008	922	1.284	
April	5,528	1.055	1,219	1,005		1,309	
More	5,744	1,130	1,270	1,036	969	1,339	
May							
June	6,027	1,217	1,331	1,086		1,388	
July	6,210	1,266	1,361	1,133	1,042	1,408	
August	6,355	1,294	1,373	1,183	1,075	1,430	
September	6,503	1,329	1,386	1,224	1,110	1,454	
October	6,702	1.382	1,413	1,291	1.151	1,465	
November	6,846	1.429	1,436	1,338	1,173	1.470	
December p	7,042	1,484	1,462	1,422	1,179	1,495	
1953—January,	7,144	1,516	1,488	1,457	1,173	1,510	
Volume extended dur-					1		
ing month:		ll i					
1952—January	714	131	170	146	57	210	
February	679	135	167	130	55	192	
March	758	144	185	138	62	229	
	807	162	191	153	79	222	
April							
May	945	228	235	162	92	228	
June	1,001	243	240	177	101	240	
July	956	215	216	185	101	239	
August	849	173	178	175	101	222	
September	884	193	186	180	104	221	
October	970	216	203	206	116	229	
November	849	193	181	187	92	196	
December*	981	214	200	233	86	248	
1953—January ^p	885	192	198	198	75	222	

CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF INDUSTRIAL LOAN COMPANIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT

	[Estimates. In millions of dollars]												
Personal instal- ment			Retail ment	Repair and	Personal instal-								
cash loans	Cash oans Outstanding at end of period: 1950 226.9 1950 255.3 1952.9 1951 255.3 1952.P. 303.5 1952.P. 30	Auto- mobile	Other	modern- ization loans 1 2	ment cash loans								
127 0	of period:					400 4							
147.5	1950		57.9 63.2	41.1 47.3	7.3 7.2	120.6 137.6							
162.9			.76.6	62.4	8.1	156.4							
148.6 149.9	1952—January February	257.7	62.5 62.4	47.0 47.4	7.2 7.1	139.5 140.8							
152.6 154.6			62.6	48.8	7.0	142.5 144.5							
158.3	May		64.0 67.7	50.0 52.2	7.0 7.0	144.5							
159.8			71.0	55.2	7.2	149.3							
161.3	July		72.6	57.5	7.4	150.6							
161.9			73.5	58.6	7.5	152.3							
			74.3	59.3	7.7	152.4							
162.4			75.7 76.5	60.2 60.6	7.9 8.0	152.1 152.8							
162.9			76.6	62.4	8.1	156.4							
161.9	1953—January ^p	303.0	75.6	62.7	7.8	156.9							
	Volume extended during month:												
22.9	1952—January	39.4	9.2	5.7	0.5	24.0							
22.8	February	38.3	8.9	5.7 5.7	0.5	23.2							
26.0	March	42.2	9.1	7.1	0.6	25.4							
25.0	April	41.6	10.1	6.8	0.7	24.0							
25.9	May	48.0	13.0	7.9	0.8	26.3							
27.0 25.3	June	47.7	12.2	8.8	0.7	26.0 24.3							
23.6	July August	45.0 42.0	11.3 10.2	8.6 7.5	0.8	24.3							
23.5	September.	40.8	9.7	6.9	0.9	23.3							
25.0	October	47.2	11.2	9.1	ŏ. 9	26.0							
21.1	November .	40.1	10.1	6.5	0.8	22.7							
26.6	December ^p	49.5	10.9	8.2	0.7	29.7							
23.8	1953—January ^p	42.2	9.4	6.9	0.5	25.4							

Preliminary.
 Includes not only loans in Includes both direct loans and paper purchased. ¹ Includes not only loans insured by Federal Housing Administration but also noninsured loans.

CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS-Continued

FURNITURE STORE STATISTICS

Item		ntage con preced month		Percentage change from corresponding month of preceding year					
	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.			
	1953 p	1952	1952	1953 <i>p</i>	1952	1952			
Net Sales: Total	-46	+39	-5	+6	+14	+1			
	-47	+57	-1	-4	+6	-6			
	-52	+37	-5	+14	+18	+8			
	-29	+30	-1	-4	+9	-8			
Accounts receivable, end of month: Total Instalment	-4	+9	+3	+22	+21	+20			
	-4	+10	+3	+19	+19	+18			
Collections during month: Total	+4	+4	-2	+6	+5	-1			
	+4	+3	-2	+5	+8	+3			
Inventories, end of month, at retail value.	0	-10	+1	-5	5	-4			

Preliminary.

RATIO OF COLLECTIONS TO ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE 1

	Insta	lment acc	ounts	Charge accounts
Year or month	Depart- ment stores	Furni- ture stores	House- hold ap- pliance stores	Depart- ment stores
1951 December	19	11	12	45
1952			}	1
January	19	10	13	47
February		10	13	45
March	20	11	13	48
April	18	10	13	46
May		11	13	48
June		10	12	46
July	17	10	12	46
August	17	11	11	46
September	18	11	12	47 50
October	18 17	11 10	11 11	48
November	17	10	11	48
				ļ
1953 January*	16	9	11	47

DEPARTMENT STORE SALES, ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, AND COLLECTIONS

	1	ndex numb	ers, withou	t seasonal	adjustment	, 1947-49 a	verage = 10	0	Percentage of total sales				
Vear or month		Sales duri	ng month			receivable of month		Collections during month		Instal-	Charge		
	Total	Cash	Instal- ment	Charge account	Instal- ment	Charge account	Instal- ment	Charge account	sales	ment sales	account sales		
Averages of monthly			1	,									
data:)	1		l				ŀ	!			
1941	46	44	55	48	76	53	58	47	48	9	43		
1942	53	57	45	48	60	48	60	51	56	6	38		
1943	60	72	39	49	35	42	47	50	61	Š	38 34		
1944	67	82	36	53	29	44	41	52	64	4	32 32 37		
1945	75	92	37	59	28	50	40	59	64	$\hat{\mathbf{a}}$	32		
1946	93	105	56	84	38	73	53	78	59	4	37		
1947	99	103	85	95	67	92	78	92	55	6	39		
1948	103	103	105	104	108	105	106	103	52	7	41		
1949	98	94	110	101	125	103	117	104	51	l ś	41		
		93	136	106	177	111	146	111	48	10	42		
1950	101										43		
1951	104	95	133	111	181	124	165	118	48	9	43		
1952	103	93	142	109	189	127	158	120	47	10	43		
1951—December	177	167	206	185	197	177	168	122	49	9	42		
1952—January	84	77	110	89	190	142	180	165	48	10	42		
February	79	72	106	83	182	124	162	129	48	10	42		
March	91	83	122	96	178	117	170	118	48	10	42		
April	99	90	118	107	175	121	153	108	48	Ťğ	43		
May	100	9ŏ	137	106	176	122	153	115	47	10	43		
June	93	84	126	99	178	120	148	114	47	10	43		
	78	71	113	80	177	107	144	111	48	ii	41		
July				90				100	48		41		
August	89	81	136		180	108	145			11	43		
September	101	89	149	108	190	118	151	103	46	11			
October	116	102	178	124	201	128	159	119	46	11	43		
November	120	108	174	127	211	138	160	123	47	11	42		
December	190	176	232	200	231	183	167	134	49	9	42		
1953—January ^p	83	76	119	87	226	147	178	171	48	10	42		

p Preliminary.
Note.—Data based on reports from a smaller group of stores than is included in the monthly index of sales shown on p. 289.

 $^{^{\}rm p}$ Preliminary. $^{\rm l}$ Collections during month as percentage of accounts outstanding at beginning of month.

BUSINESS INDEXES

[The terms' 'adjusted" and "unadjusted" refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation]

		(physi	rial proc cal volu 55-39 = 1	me)* 1		Construction contracts awarded (value) ² 1947-49 = 100			Employment and payrolls ³ 1947-49 = 100				Freight	Depart- ment store	Con-	Whole-
Year or month	То	Total		nu- ures	Min-		Resi-	All	Non- agri- cul- tural	production workers		carload- ings* 1935-39 =100	sales* (retail value)4 1947–49	sumers' prices 3 1947-49 = 100	com- modity prices 3 1947-49 =100	
		·tai	Du- rable	Non- du- rable	erals	Total	den- tial	other	em- ploy- ment		ploy- ent	Pay- rolls		≈100		
	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Unad- justed
1919		72 75 58 73 88 82 90	84 93 53 81 103 95 107	62 60 57 67 72 69 76	71 83 66 71 98 89 92	34 34 30 43 45 51 66	26 18 27 41 49 57 75	45 32 43 42	62.2 55.4 58.7 64.6 63.8		68.7 69.0 52.8 58.4 66.9 62.1 64.2	37.1 24.0 25.7 32.6 30.4	110 121 142	32 30 30 34	85.7 76.4 71.6 72.9 73.1	
1926 1927 1928 1929		96 95 99 110 91	114 107 117 132 98	79 83 85 93 84	100 100 99 107 93	69 69 73 63 49	73 71 76 52 30	67 68 70 70 62	68.2 68.3 71.3		65.5 64.1 64.2 68.3 59.5	32.4 32.8 35.0	152 147 148 152 131	37 37 37 38 38	75.6 74.2 73.3 73.3 71.4	65.0 62.0 62.9 61.9 56.1
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935		75 58 69 75 87	67 41 54 65 83	79 70 79 81 90	80 67 76 80 86	34 15 14 17 20	22 8 7 7 13	41 20 18 24 25	53.7 53.9 59.0		50.2 42.6 47.2 55.1 58.8	14.8 15.9 20.4	105 78 82 89 92	32 24 24 27 29	65.0 58.4 55.3 57.2 58.7	47.4 42.1 42.8 48.7 52.0
1936		103 113 89 109 125	108 122 78 109 139	100 106 95 109 115	99 112 97 106 117	30 32 35 39 44	22 25 27 37 43	35 36 40 40 44	66.2 70.6 66.4 69.6 73.6		63.9 70.1 59.6 66.2 71.2	32.6 25.3 29.9 34.0		33 35 32 35 37	59.3 61.4 60.3 59.4 59.9	52.5 56.1 51.1 50.1 51.1
1941 1942 1943 1944 1945		162 199 239 235 203	201 279 360 353 274	142 158 176 171 166	125 129 132 140 137	66 89 37 22 36	54 49 24 10 16	50	83.1 91.2 96.6 95.3 92.1		87.9 103.9 121.4 118.1 104.0	72.2 99.0 102.8 87.8	130 138 137 140 135	. 70	62.9 69.7 74.0 75.2 76.9	56.8 64.2 67.0 67.6 68.8
1946		170 187 192 176 200	192 220 225 202 237	165 172 177 168 187	134 149 155 135 148	82 84 102 113 159	87 86 98 116 185	79 83 105 111 142	98.8		97.9 103.4 102.8 93.8 99.2	97.7 105.1 97.2	132 143 138 116 128	90 98 104 98 105	83.4 95.5 102.8 101.8 102.8	78.7 96.4 104.4 99.2 103.1
1951 1952		220 219	273 280	1 94 189	164 160	171 183	170 183		106.6 ₽107.7		105.4 #104.2	129.2 p134.3	134 126	109 110	111.0 113.5	114.8
May June July August September October November December	222 221 212 217 218 218 219 218	223 223 214 220 223 222 220 217	276 274 265 267 271 274 277 282	198 197 187 193 192 188 188 185	165 165 156 165 167 174 170 163	193 200 162 156 147 140 156 166	166 174 179 176 168 160 146 145	143 133 127	107.0 106.8 106.6 106.8	106.8 106.8 106.0 104.8 103.9 103.4 103.3 103.5	105.0 105.6 104.2 105.7 105.8 105.1 104.3	129.8 126.4 128.4	133 131 125 133 133 135 137	104 105 105 109 106 109 113 109	110.9 110.8 110.9 110.9 111.6 112.1 112.8 113.1	115.9 115.1 114.2 113.7 113.4 113.7 113.6 113.5
January February March April May June July August September October November December	221 222 221 216 211 204 193 215 228 230 234 235	217 218 217 215 211 205 194 218 232 233 235 233	282 284 285 277 277 247 230 267 290 7300 7305 314	189 190 188 183 181 186 179 191 194 195 197	167 167 164 166 140 147 142 156 175 164 171 168	161 156 164 171 168 172 177 207 207 210 196 205	142 163 174 189 186 193 196 193 191 185 178 183	152 157 158 156 158 165 217 218 227 207	107.0 107.0 107.0 107.1	103.7 104.0 103.4 100.8 99.2 103.4 105.6 106.5 107.7	103.6 103.6 102.9 101.8 99.7 97.5 104.2 107.4 *108.1	131.0 131.9 128.1 128.1 126.4 121.1 133.3 142.1	141 136 133 126 122 108 102 125 134 128 134	7109 106 105 103 108 111 105 114 106 115 113	113.1 112.4 112.4 112.9 113.0 113.4 114.1 114.3 114.1 114.3	113.0 112.5 112.3 111.8 111.6 111.2 111.8 112.2 111.8 111.1 110.7
1953 January February	₽237 €239	₽233 •235	p317 •321	₽196 •197	₽165 ¢160	₽193 	₽178 	p203	p109.8	₽108.9 	₽108.5 	¢146.0	°134 130	P111 •111	113.9	109.9

^{*}Estimated; all estimates are those of the Federal Reserve. *Preliminary. *Revised. *Corrected.

*Average per working day.

¹ For indexes by groups or industries, see pp. 280-283.

² Three-month moving average, based on F. W. Dodge Corporation data. A description of the index may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics. For monthly data (dollar value) by groups, see p. 287.

¹ The unadjusted indexes of employment and payrolls, wholesale commodity prices, and consumers' prices are compiled by or based on data of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Nonagricultural employment covers employees only and excludes personnel in the armed forces. The consumers prices index is the revised series, reflecting beginning in January 1953 the inclusion of some new series and revised weights. Prior to January 1953 indexes are based on the "interim adjusted" and "old" indexes converted to the base 1947-49 = 100.

¹ For indexes by Federal Reserve districts and for other department store data, see pp. 289-293.

Revised* Revised*** Revised*** Revised*** Converted to the data, see pp. 289-293.

Revised* Revised*** Revised*** Revised*** Revised*** Revised*** Revised*** Revised** Revised** Revised*** Revised**
Back figures in BULLETIN.—For industrial production, August 1940, pp. 825-882, September 1941, pp. 933-937, and October 1943, pp. 958-984; for department store sales, December 1951, pp. 1490-1515.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES

(Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Federal Reserve index numbers, 1935-39 average = 100]

221										1953
	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan
ايور	216	211	204	193	215	228	230	234	235	₽237
231	225	224	214	202	225	237	242	245	247	P250
285	277	277	247	230	267	290	7300	r305	314	p317
263	245	246	140	139	244	270	7281	283	287	P288
239 309 225 911	205 278 196 855	208 278 195 867	42 66 39 256	38 83 36 418	221 283 202 860	242 319 222 1013	247 332 233 1040	244 334 231 1064	247 335 238 1022	249 333 235 1029
359	354	353	352	331	336	354	363	372	385	p39
327	329	338	339	287	300	353	*371	<i>+378</i>	398	P40.
222	227	231	229	162	175	247	r265	⁷ 275	293	p30:
218	218	216	210	201	213	225	236	240	245	P24
252	257	259	247	242	251	248	251	251	258	p265
204	203	199	195	184	197	216	231	236	240	p240
158	152	142	146	141	149	155	155	161	164	p17.
149 175	143 170	128 168	134 169	128 165	135 175	140 183	138 189	146 7191	149 195	16: p19
222	220	217	222	214	221	222	224	221	222	P22.
224 239 244 175	225 242 238 173	227 243 230 168	247 269 222 170	243 266 215 158	243 261 231 163	245 261 227 161	241 254 231 *163	233 242 233 r164	222 225 254 163	22: 23: 25: 25: 27:
188	183	181	186	179	191	194	195	197	193	p19
152	144	151	154	147	170	177	172	176	169	p17
139 141 288	131 130 280	137 135 287	138 133 312	129 111 343	152 143 369	158 145 377	154 142 361	158 149 356	152 141 337	140 349
112 123 110 108 103 114 113	108 117 110 103 96 112 109	117 113 123 112 108 116 123	112 75 125 113 106 124 124	103 71 120 103 97 112 113	123 120 139 120 112 131 123	137 148 149 130 121 144 136	134 140 142 126 117 140 138	137 153 137 127 120 138 141	139 164 130 125 115 139 146	
108	102	105	103	91	116	112	112	113	107	
86 98 68 69 72 122	84 95 72 64 69 114	90 105 67 67 72 115	92 106 69 67 79 111	81 91 60 71 66 98	97 110 79 67 89 129	97 107 90 65 88 123	103 115 87 77 93 118	103 r117 84 83 86 120	100 112 88 79 76 112	
166	163	160	166	162	164	168	165	161	162	₽16
103 142 71 169	108 146 73 181	103 148 73 183	113 147 69 180	109 145 70 176	109 148 69 178	108 148 71 178 166	109 146 73 176	113 147 73 191 152	108 152 85 209 155	15 8 20
	166 103 142 71	166 163 103 108 142 146 71 73 169 181 133 149	166 163 160 103 108 103 142 146 148 71 73 73 169 181 183 133 149 163	166 163 160 166 103 108 103 113 142 146 148 147 71 73 73 69 169 181 183 180 133 149 163 164	166 163 160 166 162 103 108 103 113 109 142 146 148 147 145 71 73 73 69 70 169 181 183 180 176 133 149 163 164 152	166 163 160 166 162 164 103 108 103 113 109 109 142 146 148 147 145 148 71 73 73 69 70 69 169 181 183 180 176 178 133 149 163 164 152 168	166 163 160 166 162 164 168 103 108 103 113 109 109 108 142 146 148 147 145 148 148 71 73 73 69 70 69 71 169 181 183 180 176 178 178 133 149 163 164 152 168 166	166 163 160 166 162 164 168 165 103 108 103 113 109 109 108 109 142 146 148 147 145 148 148 146 71 73 73 69 70 69 71 73 169 181 183 180 176 178 178 178 133 149 163 164 152 168 166 155	166 163 160 166 162 164 168 165 161 103 108 103 113 109 109 108 109 113 142 146 148 147 145 148 148 146 147 71 73 73 69 70 69 71 73 73 169 181 183 180 176 178 176 191 133 149 163 164 152 168 166 155 152	166 163 160 166 162 164 168 165 161 162 103 108 103 113 109 109 108 109 113 108 142 146 148 147 145 148 148 146 147 152 71 73 73 69 70 69 71 73 73 85 169 181 183 180 176 178 178 176 191 298 133 149 163 164 152 168 166 155 152 155

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 Methods used in compiling the iron and steel group index have been revised beginning October 1949. A description of the new methods may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.
 Series included in total and group indexes but not available for publication separately.
 Because of a reclassification of the basic data used to measure changes in production, the sulphate pulp and sulphite pulp series are no longer available separately. Individual indexes through June 1951 are shown in preceding BULLETINS.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES—Continued

(Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Federal Reserve index numbers, 1935-39 average = 100]

Todaya						195	52						1953
Industry	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Manufactured Food Products—Continued								ļ			ļ		ļ
Meat packing. Pork and lard. Beef. Veal. Lamb and mutton.	162 193 145 87 80	182 228 153 84 85	179 230 141 81 85	165 207 135 79 79	146 167 140 84 76	148 170 137 99 78	147 163 144 109 68	158 180 149 121 77	170 200 151 125 87	169 194 153 131 96	170 196 155 131 89	176 202 163 124 97	169 181 175 113 100
Other manufactured foods	169 128 145 184	171 133 143 185	172 150 135 184	169 146 128 183	169 147 130 181	175 161 121 188	171 138 117 189	171 123 134 190	175 143 136 190	172 r147 131 185	166 7121 134 7184	167 126 150 180	p172 p140 p183
Alcoholic Beverages	174	171	170	157	150	152	162	151	155	162	180	166	158
Malt liquor. Whiskey Other distilled spirits. Rectified liquors.	185 73 336 150	173 73 327 193	171 68 292 208	154 62 298 205	149 51 231 214	161 38 185 207	176 19 198 224	165 21 234 175	160 26 148 263	154 28 182 325	177 31 133 369	182 44 127 228	175 53 160 180
Tobacco Products	176	175	174	184	178	189	172	186	187	190	181	172	179
Cigars	108 244 67	105 244 68	109 243 59	110 259 62	114 245 64	116 264 65	113 240 54	111 261 68	123 257 65	134 258 66	124 249 57	98 243 59	110 249 64
Paper and Paper Products	187	193	192	185	182	181	160	188	192	203	205	195	p199
Paper and pulp Pulp. Groundwood pulp Soda pulp. Sulphate and sulphite pulp³ Paper Paperboard.	185 229 111 95 271 178 197	189 237 114 99 279 181 209	188 241 117 99 284 180 205	181 228 110 95 269 174 202	175 221 108 92 260 168 207	176 227 121 89 266 168 201	154 195 124 68 226 148 182	180 229 132 82 267 172 222	181 220 125 83 256 175 233	192 233 125 89 274 186 246	194 236 108 92 280 188 249	185 220 112 91 258 180 235	236
Fine paper 1 Printing paper. Tissue and absorbent paper. Wrapping paper Newsprint Paperboard containers (same as Paperboard)	192 195 177 123	191 184 176 129	189 190 178 131	186 186 181 161 122	175 162 149 130	182 168 153 134	150 174 124 126	168 180 148 130	165 187 146 126	178 206 150 123	182 193 161 121	179 195 150 116	119
Printing and Publishing	175	177	177	175	170	176	157	165	165	176	175	168	p172
Newsprint consumption Printing paper (same as shown under Paper)	159	163	164	164	166	169	164	162	166	173	169	157	162
Petroleum and Coal Products	281	281	278	261	209	251	259	280	282	279	-290	290	p292
Petroleum refining 2. Gasoline. Fuel oil. Lubricating oil. Kerosene. Other petroleum products 2.	211 238 188 243	212 242 177 208	210 227 183 223	205 218 177 211	157 167 124 133	216 228 185 199	225 231 174 226	231 235 181 230	234 232 179 208	225 226 182 207	233 239 171 225	229 239 164 241	p229 p243
By-product cokeBeehive coke	179 464	179 459	197 420	161 326	161 311	71 84	67 52	168 184	174 299	178 243	179 -268	182 312	183 349
Chemical Products	r301	297	294	292	292	298	299	302	302	r304	308	309	P310
Paints. Rayon Industrial chemicals. Other chemical products ².	159 322 562	157 299 562	155 269 563	152 267 559	151 270 558	151 307 563	157 325 565	154 354 568	155 370 567	158 r358 r578	158 350 7595	158 351 599	P160 P348 P595
Rubber Products	248	243	242	235	242	246	225	242	252	7260	r265	270	₽272
Minerals—Total	167	167	164	166	140	147	142	156	175	164	171	168	p165
Fuels.	175	174	170	171	140	161	155	161	180	167	177	176	105
Coal. Bituminous coal. Anthracite Crude petroleum.	136 147 91 194	123 135 77 199	111 122 68 199	110 119 74 201	100 107 73 159	96 102 74 193	84 91 57 190	93 102 61 194	133 144 88 203	93 93 95 203	125 135 87 202	125 71 207	116 60 p205
Metals	125	128	125	141	143	65	65	131	149	145	138	117	123
Metals other than gold and silver	177	182	176	r2 05	207	71	71	188	219	212	r200	166	175
(Copper; Lead; Zinc) ² Gold	47 72	47 76	48 78	47 77	51 75	52 71	54 63	50 63	48 63	47 69	48 67	46 66	

For other footnotes see preceding page.

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NOTE.—For description and back figures see BULLETIN for October 1943, pp. 940-984, September 1941, pp. 878-881 and 933-937, and August 1940, pp. 753-771 and 825-882.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES

(Without Seasonal Adjustment)

[Federal Reserve index numbers, 1935-39 average = 100]

• • •	Anı	nual						1952						195
Industry	1952	1951	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan
Industrial Production—Total	219	220	218	217	215	211	205	194	218	232	233	235	233	p233
Manufactures — Total	230	229	229	228	224	224	215	203	228	242	245	246	246	p240
Durable Manufactures	280	273	281	283	277	278	249	232	269	292	301	305	311	P314
Iron and Steel 1	243	259	261	263	245	246	140	139	244	270	r281	283	287	p28.
Pig iron Steel Open hearth Electric	269 189	230 297 214 884	235 304 221 892	239 309 225 911	205 278 196 855	208 278 195 867	42 66 39 256	38 83 36 418	221 283 202 860	242 319 222 1013	247 332 233 1040	244 334 231 1064	247 335 238 1022	24 ¹ 33. 23. 102 ¹
Machinery	356	336	360	359	354	353	352	331	336	354	363	372	385	p39
Transportation Equipment	338	307	322	327	329	338	339	287	300	353	r371	r378	398	P40
Automobiles (including parts)(Aircraft; Railroad equipment; Shipbuilding—Private and Government) ²	230	237	219	222	227	231	229	162	175	247	r265	r275	293	p30
Nonferrous Metals and Products	221	207	217	218	218	216	210	201	213	225	236	240	245	p24
Smelting and refining. (Copper smelting: Lead refining: Zinc smelting: Aluminum; Magnesium; Tin)2	251	225	249	252	257	260	246	241	251	248	251	251	259	P26.
Fabricating. (Copper products: Lead shipments; Zinc shipments; Aluminum products; Magnesium products; Tin consumption) ² .	210	199	204	204	203	199	195	184	197	216	231	236	240	P240
Lumber and Products	154	157	148	149	152	145	155	150	160	167	164	159	151	P15.
LumberFurniture		148 176	133 176	135 175	143 170	133 168	148 169	143 165	152 175	159 183	151 7189	143 /191	128 195	13: p19
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	220	231	208	212	216	224	225	216	231	232	r235	r227	215	p20
Glass products. Glass containers. Cement Clay products. Other stone and clay products ²	248 234 168	237 252 231 180	218 232 196 168	224 239 200 167	225 242 226 168	240 260 241 167	245 266 237 169	235 255 236 160	251 272 261 169	248 267 263 167	247 262 267 r173	235 245 252 7169	210 210 231 168	p21 p22 20 p15
Nondurable Manufactures	1	194	186	184	180	180	187	181	195	201	200	199	193	p19
Textiles and Products		174	160	152	144	151	15-4	147	170	177	172	176	169	P17
Textile fabrics Cotton consumption Rayon deliveries Nylon and silk consumption ² .	145 138 325	156 150 352	146 150 P295	139 141 288	131 130 280	137 135 287	138 133 312	129 111 343	152 143 369	158 145 377	154 142 361	158 149 356	152 141 337	14 34
Wool textiles Carpet wool consumption. Apparel wool consumption. Woolen and worsted yarn. Woolen yarn Worsted yarn. Woolen and worsted cloth.	122 121 126 116 110 125	129 106 136 125 112 143 142	122 133 116 117 114 120 126	112 123 110 108 103 114 113	108 117 110 103 96 112 109	117 113 123 112 108 116 123	112 75 125 113 106 124 124	103 71 120 103 97 112 113	123 120 139 120 112 131 123	137 148 149 130 121 144 136	134 140 142 126 117 140 138	137 153 137 127 120 138 141	139 164 130 251 115 139 146	
Leather and Products	106	101	109	108	102	105	102	90	116	111	112	114	107	
Leather tanning Cattle hide leathers Calf and kip leathers. Goat and kid leathers Sheep and lamb leathers	105 75 71	90 105 60 72 69 108	96 109 77 74 81 118	86 98 67 68 70 122	84 95 69 66 68 114	90 105 64 66 77 115	90 102 70 68 78 111	77 86 60 70 62 98	95 107 83 65 92 129	95 105 88 66 86 123	104 116 89 77 93 118	7107 121 85 80 91 120	99 112 87 80 72 112	
Manufactured Food Products	164	165	149	148	149	154	165	174	185	192	178	165	160	p15
Wheat flour Cane sugar meltings ² . Manufactured dairy products. Butter Cheese Canned and dried milk Ice cream ² .	151 71 179 152	111 151 72 172 148	97 58 134 108	101 116 64 152 131	104 152 75 188 168	99 197 94 245 227	109 217 95 256 227	108 215 86 217 176	108 214 76 199 173	69	115 133 63 158 126	114 106 55 143 110		

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 Methods used in compiling the iron and steel group index have been revised beginning October 1949. A description of the new methods may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.
 Series included in total and group indexes but not available for publication separately.
 Because of a reclassification of the basic data used to measure changes in production, the sulphate pulp and sulphite pulp series are no longer available separately.
 Individual indexes through June 1951 are shown in preceding BULLETINS.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES-Continued

(Without Seasonal Adjustment)

[Federal Reserve index numbers, 1935-39 average = 100]

	Anı	nual			·			1952						1953
Industry	1952	1951	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Manufactured Food Products—Continued														
Meat packing	148	158 195 133 95 67	175 223 140 74 86	165 214 128 76 83	152 188 127 78 77	147 167 140 88 78	147 170 134 99 73	137 144 146 109 65	138 139 150 118 75	154 158 163 138 93	169 183 167 149 100	190 230 161 141 89	208 266 163 116 95	199 237 178 105 106
Other manufactured foods Processed fruits and vegetables Confectionery Other food products	171 137 134 185	174 150 135 186	155 84 144 176	153 82 125 176	151 89 107 175	154 96 100 178	166 124 89 189	179 179 96 193	195 234 144 194	207 279 175 194	191 *190 171 *195	174 r112 158 r193	165 98 151 184	P158 P91
Alcoholic Beverages	160	186	152	155	155	158	176	186	159	159	173	163	142	134
Malt liquor. Whiskey. Other distilled spirits. Rectified liquors.	167 45 198 231	165 102 413 266	155 73 196 193	159 68 190 208	162 62 179 205	170 51 139 214	203 38 115 207	220 19 115 224	188 21 126 175	161 26 202 263	143 28 472 325	136 31 280 369	145 44 140 228	144 53 104 180
Tobacco Products	180	175	167	164	174	178	197	179	193	198	197	184	159	178
Cigars. Cigarettes. Other tobacco products.	114 251 63	109 242 65	105 229 66	107 226 59	110 241 62	114 245 64	116 278 66	113 252 54	111 274 66	123 275 69	134 268 71	124 254 59	98 224 51	110 249 63
Paper and Paper Products	189	201	194	192	186	182	182	159	188	191	203	205	195	p199
Paper and pulp. Pulp. Groundwood pulp. Soda pulp. Sulphate and sulphite pulp ³ . Paper. Paperboard. Fine paper ² .	182 226 117 89 266 175 216	193 231 122 94 270 187 230	190 238 119 99 279 182 209	188 242 125 99 284 180 205	181 230 121 95 269 174 202	175 222 117 92 260 168 207	177 227 122 89 266 169 201	153 193 110 68 226 147 182	180 227 116 82 267 172 222	181 217 112 83 256 175 233	192 232 116 89 274 186 246	194 237 114 92 280 188 249	184 220 113 91 258 179 235	236
Printing paper Printing paper Tissue and absorbent paper Wrapping paper Newsprint Paperboard containers (same as Paperboard)	178 185 156 126	186 202 173 124	191 191 176 129	189 190 178 131	186 188 161 124	175 162 149 131	182 171 153 135	150 167 124 124	168 180 148 129	165 187 146 126	178 208 150 123	182 193 161 123	179 189 150 114	119
Printing and Publishing	171	175	175	180	180	174	175	145	157	166	180	183	172	₽167
Newsprint consumptionPrinting paper (same as shown under Paper)	165	164	159	171	174	173	168	141	146	168	182	184	165	150
Petroleum and Coal Products	270	267	281	278	261	209	251	259	280	282	279	7290	290	p292
Petroleum refining ² . Gasoline. Fuel oil. Lubricating oil Kerosene. Other petroleum products ² . Coke.	216 227 174 213	207 220 192 219	212 242 175 218	210 227 181 227	205 218 184 215	157 167 129 134	216 228 185 187	225 231 172 210	231 235 179 221	234 232 179 206	225 226 182 207	233 239 171 231	229 239 163 248	p229 p243
By-product coke. Beehive coke.	159 285	185 177 456	188 179 459	204 197 420	166 161 326	165 161 311	72 71 84	67 67 52	169 168 184	177 174 299	179 178 243	182 179 -268	186 182 312	188 183 349
Chemical Products	301	299	300	298	295	291	296	295	299	305	309	313	314	p311
Paints. Rayon Industrial chemicals. Other chemical products ² .	155 320 570	162 369 542	155 299 562	155 269 563	153 267 559	155 270 558	156 307 563	155 325 565	152 354 568	153 370 567	158 7358 7578	156 350 7595	158 351 599	p158 p348 p595
Rubber Products	247	243	243	242	235	242	246	225	242	252	1260	r265	270	p272
Minerals—Total	160	164	162	158	165	143	149	144	161	180	166	170	163	p160
Fuels	167	169	174	170	171	140	161	155	161	180	167	177	176	p172
Coal	110 117 76 196	123 134 81 192	123 135 77 199	111 122 68 199	110 119 74 201	100 107 73 159	96 102 74 193	84 91 57 190	93 102 61 194	133 144 88 203	93 93 95 203	125 135 87 202	115 125 71 207	p105 116 60 p205
Metals	120	134	91	90	130	159	r74	81	164	178	164	r131	84	P86
Metals other than gold and silver	168 207	192 257	121 98	118 94	189 238	^r 238 348	r90 41	101 71	244 381	265 418	241 363	r185 248	108 83	p113
Gold Silver	49 70	51 70	43 77	43 80	42 77	44 74	48 68	52 61	54 61	55 64	56 69	54 68	48 65	

For other footnotes see preceding page. Note.—For description and back figures see Bulletin for October 1943, pp. 940–984, September 1941, pp. 878–881 and 933–937, and August 1940, pp. 753–771 and 825–882.

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OUTPUT OF MAJOR CONSUMER DURABLE GOODS

(Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)

[Federal Reserve index numbers, 1947-49 average =100]

Destant	Anı	nual						1952						1953
Product group	1952	1951	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Total	108	123	102	104	103	105	108	71	84	121	125	134	134	142
Passenger automobiles	103	128	96	103	109	110	114	47	63	122	125	131	129	138
Household goods, total Carpets Furniture Major appliances Radios and television	80 111 93	117 78 107 109 172	108 75 103 95 158	106 80 102 98 141	97 83 106 82 118	99 81 109 85 115	101 44 110 89 136	98 61 113 74 135	108 76 113 94 141	119 81 115 89 205	124 99 r118 91 214	137 98 120 114 237	139 94 124 115 236	146 122 114 276

r Revised.
Note.—Figures for January are preliminary. For description see Bulletin for October 1951, pp. 1235-1240. Tables of back data, including unadjusted indexes for these series, and indexes for certain component series may be obtained from the Division of Administrative Services, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington 25, D. C.

PRODUCTION WORKER EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

[Unadjusted, estimates of Bureau of Labor Statistics; adjusted, Federal Reserve. In thousands of persons]

To do atom and the doctor	Anr	ual	1951					1952					1953
Industry group or industry	1951	1952 1	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
ADJUSTED FOR SEASONAL VARIATION													
Total Durable goods	13,034 7,334	12,887 7,302	12,803 7,261	12,816 7,256	12,835 7,285	12,465 6,916	12,268 6,674	12,795 7,188	13,058 7,430	13,168 7,534	713,318 77,658	13,415 7,750	13,468 7,794
Primary metal industries	1,160 831 1,233 710 1,221 741 301 478	1,078 809 1,248 732 1,302 686 298 455	1,152 794 1,263 712 1,235 699 290 460	1,156 796 1,276 718 1,235 667 292 457	1,154 799 1,275 720 1,251 685 290 449	720 777 1,255 710 1,323 690 297 453	686 745 1,215 706 1,169 709 297 448	1,116 795 1,193 726 1,192 709 299 456	1,153 821 1,199 747 1,330 705 302 460	1,156 +843 +1,218 +758 +1,380 +691 +304 +465	1,166 7859 71,252 7771	1,171 869 1,280 784 1,465 678 310 461	1,179 880 1,294 798 1,476 659 312 458
ucts	223 401 37	238 396 60	230 374 52	231 374 54	232 375 55	233 398 60	238 401 60	240 403 59	242 408 63	245 7411 63	r250 r415 63	251 417 64	253 421 64
Nondurable goods	5,700 1,186	5,585 1,120	5,542 1,124	5,560 1,120	5,550 1,106	5,549 1,082	5,594 1,114	5,607 1,137	5,628 1,153	5,634 1,150	5,660 1,150	5,665 1,147	5,674 1,143
tiles. Leather and leather products. Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures. Paper and allied products. Printing, publishing and allied	1,039 342 1,171 81 419	1,030 346 1,147 83 407	1,020 325 1,133 83 406	1,029 330 1,144 82 403	1,021 335 1,159 81 402	1,018 347 1,169 82 405	1,045 345 1,163 83 403	1,034 350 1,140 84 410	1,037 348 1,138 84 413	r1,030 351 r1,140 83 r416	1,055 359 71,128 82 7418	1,058 363 1,122 85 421	1,048 363 1,138 82 419
industries. Chemicals and allied products Products of petroleum and coal. Rubber products	512 535 195 219	513 527 195 217	512 527 197 215	510 531 195 216	507 530 195 214	511 528 189 218	512 532 189 208	514 523 201 214	515 523 200 217	517 •524 203 220	519 r524 202 r223	518 524 202 225	523 529 199 230
WITHOUT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT												<u> </u>	
Total	13,034	12,887	12,911	12,766	12,820	12,329	12,061	12,886	, ,		13,452	13,527 7,816	13,418 7,805
Durable goods Primary Metal Industries Blast furnaces, steel works	7,334 1,160	7,302 1,078	7,322 1,164	7,264 1,162	7,306 1,160	6,888 716	6,559 676	7,146 1,110	7,444 1,153	7,583 1,162	7,713 1,172	1,183	1,185
and rolling mills Fabricated Metal Products	566 <i>831</i>	493 <i>809</i>	573 806	570 <i>804</i>	570 <i>80</i> 7	155 769	134 726	540 783	565 <i>821</i>	566 7847	568 7863	571 882	 889
Machinery except Electrical Metalworking machinery	1,233 229	1,248 247	1,269 245	1,276 247	1,281 249	1,261 248	1,203 242	1,181 244	1,193 247	71,212 7247		1,286 250	1,294
Electrical Machinery Electrical apparatus (gen-	710	732	726	725	727	706	685	708 259	743 269	†766 274	r783 278	800 282	806
Communication equipment.	267 256	270 285	271 272	273 271	275 273	266 268	254 265	281	297	₹309	*3 22	331 1,465	1 476
Transportation Equipment Motor vehicles and equipment	1,221 718	1,302 654	1,235 645	1,235 633	1,251 634	1,323 672	1,169 521	1,192 525	1,330 680	r1,380 r706	1	767	1,476
Aircraft and parts Lumber and Wood Products	337 741	449 686	407 696	415 654	424 668	447 697	454 709	466 727	448 719	*472 *701		493 675	646
Sawmills and planing mills. Furniture and Fixtures	437 301	414 298	412 296	391 296	396 296	424 288	427 285	442 205	438 304	r430 r310	r423	410 316	
Household furniture	212	211	208	208	207	202	202	210	216	222	226	227	
Stone, Clay, and Glass Products	478	455	465	452	447	453	441	458	462	*467		466	453 254
Instruments and Related Products. Misc. Manufacturing Industries	223	238	232	232	233	233	230	238 395	242 414	246 +429	-	254 425	254 421
Ordnance and Accessories	4 0 1 37	396 60	381 52	374 54	381 55	382 60	375 60	393 59	414 63			64	64

For footnotes see following page.

PRODUCTION WORKER EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES—Continued [Unadjusted, estimates of Bureau of Labor Statistics; adjusted, Federal Reserve. In thousands of persons]

Annual Industry group or industry 1952 1 Dec. Jan. Feb. June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. 5,700 5,585 5,589 5,502 5,514 5,441 5,502 5,740 5,841 -5,794 r5,739 5,711 5,613 Nondurable goods..... 1,141 548 211 1,131 540 209 1,082 506 1,120 519 221 1,120 520 1,081 1,150 71,162 7528 Textile-mill Products . . . 1,186 1,123 1,141 1,164 1,154 Broad-woven fabric mills.. Knitting mills...... 210 229 Apparel and Other Finished Tex-1.039 1.030 1,035 1,052 239 1.050 1.068 *1,066 *255 1.074 1.048 Men's and boys' furnishings Women's and misses' outer-wear.... Leather and Leather Products....
Footwear (except rubber)... 232 1,122 252 120 190 Food and Kindred Products . . . ,*171* 238 1,147 238 ,068 246 1,060 1,215 234 1,279 232 ,*314* 236 ,*233* 235 1,109 1,059 105 191 191 190 194 195 +222 +196 7195 Tobacco Manufactures..... Paper and Allied Products . . r418 +422 Pulp, paper and paperboard mills.... **-210** Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries...... Newspapers..... 152 169 154 168 155 171 154 165 155 170 165 167 170 Commercial printing..... Chemicals and Allied Products...
Industrial organic chemicals. 170 171 5.3.8 166 168 168 170 172 5.36 173 152 154 155 153 153 155 158 161 159 159 Products of Petroleum and Coal...
Petroleum refining...... 159 Rubber Products..... r227

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES [Compiled by Bureau of Labor Statistics]

	Av	erage we (dollars :	ekly earn per week		Ave	erage ho	ours wor week)	rked	Av	erage hou (dollars		
Industry group		1952		1953	-	1952		1953		1952		1953
	Jan.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Total	66.91	70.78	72.40	71.27	40.8	41.2	41.8	41.1	1.640	1.718	1.732	1.734
Durable goods	72.15	76.82	78.70	77.32	41.8	42.0	42.7	42.0	1.726	1.829	1.843	1.841
Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery except electrical Electrical machinery. Transportation equipment.	76.86 71.06 79.81 70.22 79.47	*82.92 *75.84 *81.32 72.40 *86.26	84.02 78.42 83.99 73.91 89.00	82.25 77.28 83.29 73.25 87.40	41.5. 41.8 43.9 41.9 41.5	41.5 r42.3 42.8 41.8 r42.1	41.8 43.3 43.7 42.5 43.1	40.9 42.6 43.2 42.1 42.8	1.852 1.700 1.818 1.676 1.915	71.998 71.793 71.900 1.732 72.049	2.010 1.811 1.922 1.739 2.065	2.011 1.814 1.928 1.740 2.042
Lumber and wood products	57.02 59.84 64.35 71.02 59.94 77.26	r64.35 r63.38 r70.13 r75.65 r64.69 r75.93	63.32 65.06 71.06 76.74 65.92 78.26	60.51 63.07 68.90 74.53 65.14 76.61	40.1 41.5 40.6 42.1 41.0 44.4	741.3 42.0 41.4 42.5 42.2 741.4	41.6 42.8 41.9 42.8 42.5 42.1	40.5 41.6 40.6 41.8 41.7 40.9	1.422 1.442 1.585 1.687 1.462 1.740	r1.558 r1.509 r1.694 r1.780 r1.533 r1.834	1.522 1.520 1.696 1.793 1.551 1.859	1.494 1.516 1.697 1.783 1.562 1.873
Nondurable goods	60.04	r62,95	63,67	62.80	39.5	۶ 40 .3	40.5	39.8	1.520	⁷ 1.562	1.572	1.578
Textile-mill products Apparel and other finished products Leather and leather products Food and kindred products. Tobacco manufactures.	52.40 46.40 49.54 63.40 45.27	r55.07 r47.76 r50.82 r66.20 r47.03	55.73 48.28 53.17 67.11 47.67	54.11 47.80 53.83 66.86 46.32	38.9 36.0 38.4 41.6 38.4	40.4 37.4 37.7 41.9 r38.8	40.8 37.4 39.5 42.1 39.2	39.7 36.8 39.9 41.4 37.6	1.347 1.289 1.290 1.524 1.179	r1.363 r1.277 r1.348 r1.580 r1.212	1.366 1.291 1.346 1.594 1.216	1.363 1.299 1.349 1.615 1.232
Paper and allied products. Printing, publishing and allied products. Chemicals and allied products. Products of petroleum and coal Rubber products.	66.39 77.28 69.06 82.66 74.19	772.39 781.34 772.45 788.18 777.44	72.94 83.54 72.34 88.07 79.63	71.68 80.93 71.50 87.56 77.62	42.5 38.6 41.6 40.9 40.9	43.9 38.9 r41.9 40.9 r41.3	44.1 39.5 41.6 40.7 42.0	43.1 38.5 41.0 40.5 41.2	1.562 2.002 1.660 2.021 1.814	r1.649 r2.091 r1.729 r2.156 r1.875	1.654 2.115 1.739 2.164 1.896	1.663 2.102 1.744 2.162 1.884

r Revised.

r Revised. 1 Annual figures for 1952 were computed by Federal Reserve and are preliminary.

Note.—Covers production and related workers only; data shown include all full- and part-time production and related workers who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Figures for January 1953 are preliminary. Back data and data for industries not shown, without seasonal adjustment, may be obtained from the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Seasonally adjusted data beginning January 1939, for groups and the total, may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

Note.—Data are for production and related workers. Figures for January 1953 are preliminary. Back data are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

EMPLOYMENT IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS BY INDUSTRY DIVISION

[Unadjusted, estimates of Bureau of Labor Statistics; adjusted, Federal Reserve. In thousands of persons]

Year or month	Total	Manufac- turing	Mining	Contract construction	Transporta- tion and public utilities	Trade	Finance	Service	Federal, State, and local government
1945. 1946. 1947. 1948. 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952.	40,069 41,412 43,371 44,201 43,006 44,124 46,401 46,873	15,302 14,461 15,247 15,286 14,146 14,884 15,931 15,989	826 852 943 981 932 904 920 875	1,132 1,661 1,982 2,165 2,156 2,318 2,569 2,546	3,872 4,023 4,122 4,151 3,977 4,010 4,144 4,168	7,522 8,602 9,196 9,491 9,438 9,524 9,804 9,944	1,394 1,586 1,641 1,716 1,763 1,812 1,883 1,961	4,055 4,621 4,786 4,799 4,782 4,761 4,759 4,762	5,967 5,607 5,454 5,613 5,811 5,910 6,390 6,628
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	46,471 46,594 46,552 46,556 46,599 46,348 46,170 47,301 47,422 47,650 47,810	15,830 15,877 15,894 15,931 15,870 15,547 15,362 15,924 16,196 16,324 16,492 16,607	916 912 911 899 894 810 777 889 881 *871 873 874	2,545 2,593 2,523 2,517 2,517 2,536 2,544 2,575 2,582 2,582 2,569 2,559 2,508	4,139 4,147 4,154 4,116 4,134 4,139 4,099 4,160 4,206 4,249 4,238 4,239	9,852 9,860 9,862 9,849 9,912 9,964 9,965 9,967 9,981 7,988 10,024 10,086	1,919 1,929 1,937 1,942 1,948 1,957 1,964 1,973 1,981 1,991 1,995 2,002	4,742 4,738 4,728 4,748 4,772 4,783 4,796 4,781 74,750 74,757 4,753	6,528 6,538 6,543 6,554 6,572 6,606 6,676 6,686 6,693 6,680 6,712 6,741
1953—January	47,801	16,665	882	2,479	4,203	10,168	1,993	4,742	6,669
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	45,913 45,899 46,001 46,299 46,292 46,292 46,006 47,124 47,789 747,908 748,026 48,890	15,776 15,859 15,869 15,795 15,654 15,410 15,162 16,028 16,430 716,542 716,625 16,713	909 902 904 896 893 814 784 897 886 873 874	2,316 2,308 2,296 2,416 2,522 2,663 2,722 2,781 2,763 72,697 72,610 2,458	4,103 4,111 4,118 4,096 4,131 4,168 4,140 4,208 4,228 74,242 4,234 4,239	9,720 9,643 9,668 9,845 9,773 9,838 9,792 9,784 9,970 10,114 10,312 10,869	1,909 1,919 1,937 1,952 1,958 1,977 1,993 1,993 1,971 1,971 1,975 1,982	4,671 4,667 4,681 4,748 4,796 4,837 4,837 4,855 4,844 4,829 r4,774 r4,733 4,705	6,509 6,490 6,528 6,551 6,602 6,585 6,558 6,558 6,712 6,695 6,663 7,051
1953—January	47,244	16,612	875	2,256	4,167	10,030	1,983	4,671	6,650

r Revised.

Note.—Data include all full- and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay for, the pay period ending nearest the 15th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, unpaid family workers, and members of the armed forces are excluded. January 1953 figures and 1952 annual averages are preliminary. Back unadjusted data are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonally adjusted figures beginning January 1939 may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND UNEMPLOYMENT [Bureau of the Census estimates without seasonal adjustment. Thousands of persons 14 years of age and over]

				(Civilian labor forc	e		
Year or month	Total non- institutional	Total labor			Employed 1		Unem-	Not in the
	population	force	Total	Total	In nonagricul- tural industries	In agriculture	ployed	
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1952—February March April May June July August September October November December	106,370 107,458 108,482 109,623 110,780 111,924 (2) 112,664 112,762 112,844 112,946 113,050 113,158 113,220 (2) (2) (2) (2)	65,140 60,820 61,608 62,748 63,571 64,599 65,832 (*) 65,228 65,006 66,298 67,884 67,642 67,374 (*) (*)	53,860 57,520 60,168 61,442 62,105 63,099 62,884 62,966 61,838 61,518 61,744 62,778 64,390 64,176 63,958 63,146 63,646 63,646 62,921	52,820 55,250 58,027 59,378 58,710 59,957 61,005 61,293 59,752 59,714 60,132 61,176 62,272 62,234 62,354 62,260 61,862 61,862 61,509	44, 240 46, 930 49, 761 51, 405 50, 684 52, 450 53, 951 54, 488 53, 702 54, 216 54, 216 54, 402 54, 636 55, 390 54, 712 54, 588 55, 454 55, 812	8,580 8,320 8,266 7,973 8,026 7,507 7,054 6,805 6,064 6,012 6,412 6,960 8,170 7,598 6,964 7,548 7,274 6,774 5,697	1,040 2,270 2,142 2,064 3,395 3,142 1,879 1,673 2,086 1,804 1,612 1,602 1,818 1,942 1,604 1,438 1,284 1,412	40,230 45,550 45,850 45,733 46,051 46,181 46,092 46,710 47,436 47,756 47,756 47,584 46,648 45,516 45,846 46,928 46,928 46,928 46,928 46,552 47,394
1953—January February		(2) (2)	62,416 62,712	60,524 60,924	55,072 55,558	5,452 5,366	1,892 1,788	48,232 48,224

¹ Includes self-employed, unpaid family, and domestic service workers.

² Current data available six months later than for other series when armed forces figures, withheld for reasons of security, are released.

Note.—Details do not necessarily add to group totals. Information on the labor force status of the population is obtained through interviews of households on a sample basis. Data relate to the calendar week that contains the eighth day of the month. Back data are available from the Bureau of the Census.

VALUE OF NEW CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

[Adjusted for seasonal variation. In millions of dollars]

			Total Residential		Private						Public		
Year or month	Total		Pasi		Busi	iness		Other non-		Mili-	High-	Conser-	All
		Total		Total	Indus- trial	Com- mercial	Public utility	resi- den- tial	Total	tary	way	vation	other
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950	8,198 8,682 11,957 14,075 8,301 5,259 5,633 12,000 16,689 21,678 22,789 28,749 31,025 32,329	4.389 5.054 6.206 3,415 1,979 2.186 3,235 9,638 13,256 16,853 16,384 21,610 21,684 21,785	2,680 2,985 3,510 1,715 885 815 1,100 4,015 6,310 8,580 8,267 12,600 10,973 11,101	1,229 1,561 2,082 1,287 759 989 1,672 4,195 4,896 5,693 5,322 5,680 7,183 7,343	254 442 801 346 156 208 642 1,689 1,702 1,397 972 1,062 2,117 2,298	292 348 409 155 33 56 203 1,132 856 1,253 1,027 1,288 1,371 1,095	683 771 872 786 570 725 827 1,374 2,338 3,043 3,323 3,323 3,330 3,3695 3,950	480 508 614 413 335 382 463 1,428 2,050 2,580 2,795 3,330 3,528 3,341	3,809 3,628 5,751 10,660 6,322 3,073 2,398 2,362 3,433 4,825 6,405 7,139 9,341 10,544	125 385 1,620 5,016 2,550 837 690 188 204 158 137 1,71 1,019	1,381 1,302 1,066 734 446 362 398 895 1,451 1,774 2,131 2,381 2,400 2,700	570 528 500 357 285 163 130 240 394 629 793 881 860 838	1,733 1,413 2,565 4,553 3,041 1,711 1,180 1,039 1,384 2,264 3,344 3,700 5,062 5,660
1952—February. March April. May. June July August September October November December.	2,723 2,835 2,779 2,701 2,683 2,640 2,634 2,654 2,660 2,699 2,738	1,811 1,920 1,857 1,798 1,773 1,784 1,789 1,794 1,812 1,846 1,864	900 1,010 953 902 885 896 902 911 942 973 992	627 626 620 613 612 611 611 608 597 596 602	209 213 211 199 189 187 186 182 176 175 172	89 85 80 84 84 84 88 93 99 105 109	329 328 329 330 340 337 333 322 316 321	284 284 283 276 277 276 275 273 277 270	912 915 922 903 910 856 845 860 848 853 874	112 122 120 124 123 109 107 100 98 103 116	250 245 246 225 231 222 220 235 228 207	75 78 76 74 71 67 64 65 64 63 65	475 470 480 480 485 458 454 460 458 480 486
1953—January February ^p ,	2,755 2,849	1,855 1,942	951 1,013	633 653	178 185	120 125	335 343	271 276	900 907	130 127	214 222	68 68	488 490

P Preliminary. Source.—Joint estimates of the Departments of Commerce and Labor.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPE OF OWNERSHIP AND BY TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION [Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in millions]

			pe of rship		В	y type of o	constructio	on	
Year or month	Total			Resi-	N	onresident	ial buildir	ıg	Public works
		Public	Private	dential building	Fac- tories	Com- mercial	Educa- tional	Other	and public utilities
945	7,490 7,760 9,430 10,359 14,501 15,751	1,311 1,754 2,296 3,107 3,718 4,409 6,122 6,711	1,988 5,735 5,464 6,323 6,641 10,092 9,629 10,064	563 3,142 3,154 3,608 4,239 6,741 6,205 6,668	1,027 1,317 941 840 559 1,142 2,883 2,562	346 773 785 975 885 1,208 915 979	100 221 392 725 824 1.180 1.335 1,472	377 404 597 1,127 1,376 1,651 1,689 1,686	885 1,631 1,890 2,155 2,476 2,578 2,723 3,408
D52—January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	885 1,321 1,598 1,564 1,489 1,511 1,439 2,029 1,321 1,249	297 339 554 636 558 559 619 501 1,269 410 491 478	605 547 767 961 1,006 930 893 937 760 911 758	338 396 593 682 754 582 608 628 519 602 528 439	110 61 120 205 79 166 140 142 995 113 117	56 62 71 75 80 74 92 94 87 103 85	98 104 119 134 146 127 122 145 87 126 117	94 74 154 148 158 184 208 139 93 138 143 154	207 187 265 354 347 356 341 291 248 238 259 316

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY DISTRICTS

[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts, in thousands of dollars]

l	Total		Federal Reserve district									
Month	(11 dis- tricts)	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas
1951—November December 1952—January	951,056 1,099,509 902,091	96,669 117,458 -38,402	126,078	54,890	92,166	172,982	127,308	149,738 178,151 114,783		28,658	46,080 54,145 59,472	69,337
1952—November December	1,467,384	83,576 41,183 100,864	221,415	119,670	144,201	162,085	268,780	192,761 182,231 153,509	93,888 78,539 53,314	22,043	54,328	172,909

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PERMANENT NONFARM DWELLING UNITS STARTED

[In thousands of units]

			Rural		Priv	vate			Governm	ent-under	written
Ygar or month	Total	Urban	non- farm	Total	1- family	2- family	Multi- family	Public	Total	FHA	VA
1939 1941 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	515 706 209 671 849 932 1,025 1,396 1,091 1,131	359 434 134 404 480 525 589 828 595 n.a.	156 272 75 267 369 407 436 568 496 n.a.	458 620 208 663 846 914 989 1,352 1,020 P1,074	373 533 185 590 740 763 792 1,151 892 n.a.	20 28 9 24 34 46 35 42 40 n.a.	66 58 15 48 72 104 162 159 88 n.a.	57 87 1 8 3 18 36 44 71 257	158 220 47 152 440 393 466 686 413 420	158 220 41 69 229 291 361 486 264 279	6 83 211 102 105 200 149 141
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	65 78 104 106 109 101 101 101 86 776	36 43 59 59 61 56 52 51 53 54 46 n.a.	29 35 45 47 49 47 50 48 48 47 40 n.a.	62 74 91 96 101 97 101 97 99 99	54 65 79 85 90 87 90 85 87 72 n.a.	3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 3 n.a.	5 6 8 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 7 n.a.	3 3 13 9 9 7 2 2 2 2 4	23 26 28 38 38 39 42 38 42 43 34 29	16 17 19 26 26 29 25 28 27 21	7 9 9 12 13 13 13 14 16 13 10
1953—January February	₽71 ₽77	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	₽67 ₽72	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.	₽4 ₽5	27 n.a.	18 n.a.	9 n.a.

Preliminary. n.a. Not available.

FREIGHT CARLOADINGS, BY CLASSES

[Index numbers, 1935-39 average = 100]

	A	nual		Mo	nthly—	seasona	lly adju	sted				Month	y—una	djusted		
Class	Ani	iuai			19	52			1953			19	52			1953
	1951	1952	Jan.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Jan.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Total	134	126	141	125	134	128	134	131	134	128	129	145	138	138	120	121
Coal. Coke. Grain. Livestock. Forest products. Ore. Miscellaneous. Merchandise, l. c. l.	121 208 143 69 150 205 147 48	109 168 142 69 144 181 140 46	133 203 146 67 155 256 151 46	101 160 134 65 149 216 140 46	135 189 123 70 140 235 144 45	93 188 157 76 139 233 145 46	123 195 147 76 152 233 144 46	111 191 131 69 152 248 144 45	108 184 128 62 154 278 151 44	133 214 146 64 139 64 138 44	101 154 145 61 157 323 141 46	135 187 138 93 151 352 155 48	93 185 157 117 146 314 158 48	123 195 144 95 149 258 150 47	111 200 123 66 135 77 135 43	108 193 128 59 139 70 138 42

Note.—For description and back data, see Bulletin for June 1941, pp. 529-533. Based on daily average loadings. Basic data compiled by Association of American Railroads. Total index compiled by combining indexes for classes with weights derived from revenue data of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

[In millions of dollars]

	Merc	handise ex	ports 1	Merc	handise im	ports 2	Exc	cess of expe	orts
Month	1950	1951	1952	1950	1951	1952	1950	1951	1952
January February March April May June July August September October November December	741 764 860 804 830 877 779 762 911 906 907 1,065	974 1,076 1,295 1,369 1,354 1,297 1,186 1,270 1,232 1,152 1,388 1,438	1,254 1,344 1,447 1,447 1,352 1,473 1,167 1,027 1,087 1,225 1,213 1,186 1,388	623 600 665 585 659 687 709 820 859 923 855 867	1,025 910 1,102 1,034 1,018 930 895 881 721 834 819 800	922 893 964 932 835 861 839 817 877 918 804 \$1,052	118 164 195 219 170 190 -59 -52 -16 122 198	-51 166 193 7337 336 366 292 390 510 319 569 638	332 7451 7483 7420 7638 7306 7188 7270 7348 7295 382 29337
January-December	,10 ,275	15,033	P15,163	8,852	10,967	p10,714	1,423	4,065	P4,449

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 Exports of domestic and foreign merchandise. Includes exports under foreign aid programs, including Department of Defense shipments under the Mutual Security Program as follows (in millions of dollars): 1950, 282; 1951, 1,065; January-December 1952, 1,981.
 General imports including imports for immediate consumption plus entries into bonded warehouses.
 Source.—Department of Commerce.

FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

Note.—Government underwritten units are those started under commitments of FHA or VA to insure or guarantee the mortgage. VA figures after June 1950 and all FHA figures are based on field office reports of first compliance inspections; VA figures prior to June 1950, estimates based on loans closed information. Other figures are estimated by Bureau of Labor Statistics on the basis of reports of building permits issued, reported starts of public units, and a sample of places not issuing permits.

DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS

[Based on retail value figures] SALES AND STOCKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS [Index numbers, 1947-49 average = 100]

						Fee	deral Res	erve dist	rict				_
Year or month	United States	Boston	New York	Phil- adel- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
SALES!													
1947 1948 1949 1950	98 104 98 105 109	99 102 99 103 105	99 103 98 101 105	96 104 100 106 109	97 105 98 105 111	97 103 100 105 113	96 103 101 109 115	98 104 97 104 108	97 104 98 104 105	98 104 99 105 104	98 103 99 108 111	94 105 102 113 117	99 104 98 105 109
1952	110	104	99	109	110	116	124	106	106	104	113	124	114
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	7109	102	r99	110	r116	r116	119	r105	111	97	115	122	106
1952—January. February. March. April. May. June. July August. September. October. November. December.	106 105 103 108 111 105 114 106 115 113 115	100 104 99 101 103 106 109 101 109 105 108	100 98 96 96 98 95 102 95 105 98	110 109 102 107 107 106 115 105 114 109	108 106 104 103 112 105 113 105 116 113 117	1109 1114 108 116 122 106 127 112 120 115	119 112 114 116 127 138 120 131 121 126 128 130	105 103 100 104 105 97 111 103 113 108	111 100 99 98 102 111 99 110 104 114 106	97 113 94 98 104 100 104 115 98 110 107	106 105 104 112 114 114 119 108 113 117	122 115 115 114 128 132 123 127 119 128 129 130	108 102 105 118 114 110 116 114 118 128
1953—January	P111	P104	97	111	116	P117	₽126	107	108	100	P114	129	116
UNADJUSTED													
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	83 83 92 103 108 105 84 98 112 119 133 195	81 75 87 103 102 103 73 83 111 111 127 193	779 82 86 94 95 95 69 76 100 110 123	81 82 97 103 108 102 76 86 110 120 143 7195	87 83 95 104 105 105 82 99 110 119 139	782 83 96 110 115 114 87 100 121 128 142 7214	90 94 110 118 122 117 96 115 126 132 145 221	81 81 89 99 104 103 82 97 110 116 129	81 80 89 101 106 103 81 98 110 121 126 179	773 83 80 101 105 96 84 103 108 124 120	86 85 93 104 112 106 93 110 115 120 132 196	95 93 105 114 125 116 104 114 128 134 145 215	784 86 90 103 113 108 96 112 115 117 136 7207
1953—January	p85	P84	78	82	87	p82	₽96	82	79	75	₽85	101	91
STOCKS ¹ 1947	93 107 100 109 129 118	95 105 100 110 124 110	98 105 97 104 124 111	93 107 99 108 127 113	93 107 100 106 128 111	94 105 101 114 133 132	90 108 102 120 140 130	89 111 100 110 128 115	93 106 100 112 131 122	91 110 100 104 117 107	93 108 100 113 132 124	89 110 101 112 132 126	93 107 100 110 131 125
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED													
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	118 116 115 116 118 118 120 118 120 120 120 120	115 112 109 111 109 110 110 109 109 111 110	r113 107 108 111 112 113 116 111 110 110	7116 113 113 112 114 113 114 112 113 114 113 114	7116 110 110 111 109 107 113 109 112 111 113 112	r128 127 127 126 131 139 140 136 132 130 132	133 129 126 125 126 125 129 129 130 133 136 142	114 113 113 114 114 113 118 115 118 118	106 112 111 114 124 125 120 129 132 130 130 128	106 102 103 104 106 105 108 109 113 113 111	122 122 120 121 124 122 128 127 129 124 124 123	124 122 124 122 124 123 130 127 131 129 130 130	121 123 119 123 128 128 125 123 126 134 127 126
1953—January	p123	p113	114	P115	114	p140	p140	117	130	p113	⊅130	₽137	132
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	106 113 120 122 120 112 110 114 124 134 136 108	105 107 112 114 112 102 99 103 112 123 131	100 104 113 116 115 105 102 107 116 124 128	7101 111 119 121 116 105 100 107 117 131 131	7106 109 116 117 111 100 102 104 116 124 128 98	r113 123 136 136 135 127 128 134 137 146 148	119 128 132 132 127 120 121 127 135 145 153 124	106 111 118 118 116 107 107 110 119 131 136	92 109 118 122 124 118 112 125 140 147 143 112	100 99 107 109 108 100 105 104 113 120 123 99	r113 121 126 127 126 119 120 120 129 135 140 109	112 120 131 129 125 114 120 125 134 141 146 120	109 117 122 129 132 126 120 118 129 147 141
1953—January	P111	p103	101	P100	104	P124	p126	109	113	₽106	P121	₽123	119

P Preliminary.
P Revised.
Figures for sales are the average per trading day, while those for stocks are as of the end of the month or the annual average.
Note.—For description and monthly indexes for back years, see Bulletin for December 1951, pp. 1463-1515.

DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS-Continued

[Based on retail value figures]

DEPARTMENT STORE MERCHANDISING DATA

	A	mounts (In millions	s of dollar	s)		Ratios t	o sales 1	
Year or month	Sales 2 (total for month)	Stocks ² (end of month)	Out- stand- ing orders 2 (end of month)	Re- ceipts ? (total for month)	New orders * (total for month)	Stocks	Out- stand- ing orders	Stocks plus out- stand- ing orders	Re- ceipts
1944 average 1945 average 1946 average 1947 average 1948 average 1949 average 1950 average 1951 average 1952 average	246 276 345 365 381 361 376 391 395	574 604 767 887 979 925 1,012 1,202 1,093	596 775 964 588 494 373 495 *460 433	244 277 373 366 386 358 391 390 395	256 291 354 364 363 358 401 379 398	2.4 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.7 2.7 2.8 3.2 2.9	2.5 3.0 3.0 1.7 1.4 1.1 1.4 1.3	5.0 5.3 5.3 4.3 4.1 3.8 4.2 4.4	1.0 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.1
1952—January. February March April May. June July August September October November December	7321 299 348 373 382 353 289 343 387 448 462 736	7996 1,052 1,119 1,137 1,102 1,017 997 1,040 1,131 1,230 1,275 1,018	7398 416 365 293 273 410 520 539 592 573 454 358	7294 7355 415 391 347 268 269 386 478 547 507	7372 7373 364 319 327 405 379 405 531 528 388 383	3.1 3.5 3.2 3.0 2.9 2.9 3.4 3.0 2.9 2.7 2.8 1.4	71.2 1.4 1.0 0.8 0.7 1.2 1.8 1.6 1.5 1.3 1.0	74.3 4.9 4.3 3.8 3.6 4.0 5.2 4.6 4.4 4.0 3.7	70.9 1.2 1.2 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.9 1.1 1.2 1.2
1953—January	₽324	P1,025	P451	p331	P424	p3.2	p1.4	₽4.6	p1.0

Note. -- For description and monthly figures for back years, see BULLETIN for October 1952, pp. 1098-1102.

WEEKLY INDEX OF SALES

[Weeks ending on dates shown, 1947-49 = 100]

									W	ithout s	easo	nal ad	justmen	t									
	1949			1950			1951			1952			1949			1950			1951			1952	
Apr.	2 9 16 23 30	110 108 91	-	1 8 15 22 29	110 88 96		14 21 28	100 97 101		12 19 26	111 97 105		1 8 15 22 29	102 100 101		7 14 21 28	111 105		6 13 20 27	117 116 113		4 11 18 25	126 124 122
May	7 14 21 28				104 106 95		5 12 19 26	110 99		3 10 17 24 31	117 99 105	Nov.	5 12 19 26	109 118		4 11 18 25	118 127		3 10 17 24	127 130	ļ	1 8 15 22 29	118 130 134
June	4 11 18 25	99 98		3 10 17 24	104 104		2 9 16 23 30	108 106 92		7 14 21 28	116 98	ļ	3 10 17 24 31	186 201 186		2 9 16 23 30	191 220 221		1 8 15 22 29	191 213 228		6 13 20 27	223 237
July	9 16 23 30			1 8 15 22 29	75 91 104	July		75 83 81		5 12 19 26	83 82	Jan.	7 14 21	70 80	Jan.	1951	98 105	Jan.	1952 5 12 19	92		3 10 17	89
Aug.	6 13 20 27	75 86	_	5 12 19 26	94 97		4 11 18 25	87 93		9	90 95 100	Feb.	28 4 11 18	76 78 82	Feb.	27	96 81	Feb.	26 9	83 84	Feb.	24 31	r86 r87 88
Sept.	3 10 17 24	93 108		9 16 23 30	. 102 . 127 . 111	Sept.	1 8 15 22 29	100 114 111		6	100 114 113	Mar	25 11 18 25	76 84 87 91	Mar.	3	95 99 105 101 105	Mar.	16 23 1 8 15 22	89 83 85 88	Mar.	21 28 7 14 21	85 93
																31	- 69		29			28	

 r Revised. Note.—For description and weekly indexes for back years, see Bulletin for April 1952, pp. 359–362.

Preliminary.

Revised.

The first three ratios are of stocks and/or orders at the end of the month to sales during the month. The final ratio is based on totals of sales and receipts for the month.

These figures are not estimates for all department stores in the United States. They are the actual dollar amounts reported by a group of department stores located in various cities throughout the country. In 1952, sales by these stores accounted for about 50 per cent of estimated total department store sales.

Receipts of goods are derived from the reported figures on sales and stocks. New orders are derived from receipts and reported figures on outstanding orders.

DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS-Continued SALES BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS, METROPOLITAN AREAS, AND CITIES

[Percentage change from corresponding period of preceding year]

			- Crecin	rage change from correspondi			precedi	ing year;			
Federal Reserve district, area, or city	Jan. 1953	Dec. 1952	Year 1952	Federal Reserve district, area, or city	Jan. 1953	Dec. 1952		Federal Reserve district, area, or city	Jan. 1953	Dec. 1952	Year 1952
United States	p+3	+9	+1	Richmond Dist. (Cont.)				Minneapolis Dist. (Cont.)			
Boston District	+4	+5	o	Metropolitan Areas 3-Cont.		١.,		Cities	1 4		
Metropolitan Areas				Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va Richmond, Va. ¹	-1	1 +9	+10 +4 +3	Mankato, Minn	+6 +7 +7	+8 +9 +8	+7 +2
New Haven Conn.	-6	r+8 +10	+3 +3	Roanoke, Va. ¹ Charleston, W. Va. ¹	+18 +9	+20 +17	+3 +10	Grand Forks, N. D	+7	r+8	+2
Portland, Maine Lowell-Lawrence, Mass	$^{+14}_{+19}$	7+9	+4	Cities	779	71/	710	MinnWisc.1,	+3	++9	+2 -4
New Bedford, Mass	+6 +4	7+9 +5 +6	+4 -2 +1	Spartanburg, S. C	+3	(2)	(2)	La Crosse, Wisc	-3	r-1	-4
Worcester, Mass.1	+4	+0	6+1	Lynchburg, Va.1	p+13	+8	7+4	Kansas City District	+1	+8	+2
Cities Downtown Boston, Mass. ¹	+3	+6	-1	Spartanburg, S. C	+7	+17 +5	(2) +4	N .	' '		
Springfield, Mass	+2	+11	• +4		!	l .	i l	Metropolitan Areas Denver, Colo	o	+8	0 -3
Providence, R. I. ¹	-2	*+6	• 0	Atlanta District	P+0	+13	+9	Denver, Colo	+14	+8 +10 +7 +6 +5	-3
New York District	p -3	+3	-5	Metropolitan Areas 3 Birmingham, Ala.1	+1	+12	+7	Wichita, Kans	-5 -2	+6	+1
Metropolitan Areas				Mobile, Ala	+23	+30	+18	Wichita, Kans St. Joseph, Mo	-10	+5	-4
New York-Northeastern New Jersey, N.Y. & N.J. New York City, N. Y. ¹ .	-5	(2)	(2)	Montgomery, Ala Jacksonville, Fla. ¹	+8	+7 +8	+8 +6	Omaha, Nebr Oklahoma City, Okla	-1 +4 +6	+10 +9 +10	+2 +2 +2 +9
New York City, N. Y.1.	-6	(2) -1 $+5$	-8	Miami Ela 1	1 4-11	1 -1-14	I -∔6	Tulsa, Okla	+6	+10	+9
Newark, N. J. ¹	-2 +4	(2)	-4 (2)	Orlando, Fla St. PtrsbgTampa, Fla St. Petersburg, Fla Tampa, Fla	1 17	+19	+8	Cities			!
Buffalo, N. Y Buffalo City, N. Y.! Niagara Falls, N. Y. Binghamton, N. Y. Rochester, N. Y.! Syracuse, N. Y.!	+4 +3 +8 +1 +9	(2) +12 +14 +5 +7 +3	+2 +5	St. Petersburg, Fla	p+7	(2) +16 +15	(2) +10 +10	Kansas City, Mo	-2 +3 +8	+8	+2 +3 +2
Niagara Falls, N. Y Binghamton N V	+8 +1	$^{+14}_{+5}$	+5 +2	Tampa, Fla.1	+7	+15 + 14	· -+-0	II Hutchinson, Kans	+3	+14 +5	+3
Rochester, N. Y.1	+9	+7	$-\tilde{2}$	Augusta, Ga	+4 +7	+16	+25		1 1		1
Syracuse, N. Y.1	+14	+3	-2	Atlanta, Ga.¹. Augusta, Ga. Columbus, Ga. Macon, Ga.¹.	+4 +7	+7 +3	+8 +5	Dallas District	+6	+11	+6
Cities Bridgeport Conn 1	(2)	+8	+1	Savannah, Ga. Baton Rouge, La. ¹ . New Orleans, La. ¹ .	+17	+14	+16	Metropolitan Areas	ا ما		
Bridgeport, Conn.¹	(2) -4 +7 +4	+8 +8 +9 +13 +5 +7	+1 -1	New Orleans La 1	+20	+16 + 12	+9 +9 +3	Shreveport, La Corpus Christi, Tex	+13 +20	+14 +22	$^{+10}_{+23}$
Elmira, N. Y	+71	+13	+2 +4 +1	lackson, Miss. 1	p - 5	+6	+3	ll Dollog Tev l	1 -141	+12	+4
Schenectady, N. Y	Ô	+5	+1	Chattanooga, Tenn. 1	+7	+13 +13	+6 -1	Fort Worth, Tex	+13	+15 +7	1 4-3
Utica, N. Y	73		+1	Knoxville, Tenn. ¹ Nashville, Tenn. ¹	+8 *-5 +7 +9 +5	+12	-1 +8	El Paso, Tex. Fort Worth, Tex. Houston, Tex. San Antonio, Tex.	+4 +13 +3 +11 -2	+14 +11	+10
Philadelphia District	+1	+9	0		1.12	115	+8	Waco, Tex	+10	+4	+10 +6 +12
Metropolitan Areas Trenton, N. J	1	_	+1	Rome, Ga	P+1	+15 +8 +6	+4	San Francisco District	p + 10	+11	+5
Lancaster, Pa	+5 +4 -3	+13 +12	+1	Bristol, Tenn	+2	+6	-2		. 120	'	1
Philadelphia, Pa Reading, Pa	-3 +3	+9 +9	$-1 \\ +1$	Chicago District	+2	+9	-1		+8	+15	+6
Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton,		i i		Metropolitan Areas			_	Fresno, Calif.¹ Los Angeles, Calif.¹ Downtown L. A., Calif.¹	+8 -5	+2	+6 -2 +4 -4
Pa	+9 +4	(2) (2)	(2) (2)	Chicago, Ill. ¹	-6 +6 +2 +5 -4 -2	+ 7 + 8	-2 +1	Los Angeles, Calif. ¹ Downtown L. A., Calif. ¹	p+8	+2 +9 +2	+4
City	' -	· · /	()	Fort Wayne, Ind.1	+ž	+16 +11	0	Westside L. A., Cani	P +4	l —1-8l	+4 +4 r+5 (2) (2)
York, Pa	+10	+10	+3	Indianapolis, Ind.¹ Terre Haute, Ind.¹ Des Moines, Iowa Detroit, Mich.¹.	+5 -4	$+11 \\ +10$	1 +1	Long Beach, Calif. ¹ Pasadena, Calif	+8	+10	(2)
Cleveland District	+2	+12	0	Des Moines, Iowa	-2	+3 +13 +21	-3	Santa Monica, Calif	+16	(2) (2)	(2)
Metropolitan Areas				Detroit, Mich.1	+10 +28	+13	0 +5	nardino Calif	+14	+15	+9
Akron, Ohio 1,	-1 -1	+15	+4	Grand Rapids, Mich.1	+5 +14	+15	+2	Sacramento, Calif.¹ San Diego, Calif.¹ San FranOakland, Calif.¹	+7 +2 +6	+5	+3
Canton, Ohio 1 Cincinnati, Ohio 1	-1 +6	+9 +14 +15	-5 +2	Lansing, Mich. 1	+14	+6 +9	+3	San Diego, Calif. ¹ San Fran -Oakland, Calif. ¹	+2 +6	(2)	(2)
Columbus, Ohio ¹ Springfield, Ohio ¹	+8	+15	+6	Flint, Mich.¹ Grand Rapids, Mich.¹ Lansing, Mich.¹ Milwaukee, Wis.¹ Green Bay, Wis.¹ Madison, Wis.	+11	+11	-1	San Francisco, Calif	1 +61	+8 (2) +8 +7	$^{+9}_{+3}_{+6}$ $^{(2)}_{+5}$ $^{-1}$
Springfield, Ohio ¹ Toledo, Ohio ¹	-3	(2) +10 +20	(2) 4	Madison, Wis	-1	+6	0	D		+7	-1
Youngstown, Ohio 1	+6 +8 -3 +4 +8 -4	+20	0	St. Louis District	p 0	+9	r+2	Calif.1	+7	(2)	(2)
Erie, Pa. ¹	+7	+8 +13	+21 +21	Metropolitan Areas	n ± 1	10	5	Downtown Oakland, Calif. Vallejo, Calif. San Jose, Calif. Stockton, Calif. Portland, Ore. Salt Lake City, Utah Seattle, Wash. Seoklane, Wash.	-12 +6	(2) +3 +10	(2) -4 +5 +1 0 +2 +3 +1 -2
Cities	·			Little Rock, Ark. 1. Evansville, Ind. Louisville, Ky. 1. St. Louis, Mo. Springfield, Mo. Memphis, Tenn. 1.	P+20	+19 +9	+5 +9	Stockton, Calif.1	+3	+11 +11	7+1
Cleveland, Ohio 1	+2 +38	$^{+12}_{+23}$	0	Louisville, Ky. ¹	p ⊥ 1	+9. +12	+4	Salt Lake City, Utah 1	+8	+12	+2
Portsmouth, Ohio 1 Pittsburgh, Pa.1	-2	+23	+11 -3	Springfield, Mo	-6	+12 +5 +12	+4 +2 +2 +5	Seattle, Wash.1	+7	+9	+3
Richmond District		+8	+3	Memphis, Tenn. ¹ Cities	p -5	r+12	+5	Spokane, Wash. ¹	+19 +10	+11 +7	- 2
Metropolitan Areas	. , 0			Fort Smith, Ark	-4	+7 +26	+2	Cities		.	
Washington, D. C. ¹ Downtown Wash., D. C	0	+8 (²) +9 +12	-1	Paducah, KyQuincy, Ill	(2) P - 7	$^{+26}_{+14}$	+26 -3	Tucson, Ariz Bakersfield, Calif. ¹	+5	+11	+7
Downtown Wash., D. C	-5 p+5	(²) +9	(2) +3	zamey, m]	Bakersfield, Calif Boise and Nampa, Idaho.	1 +41	0 +4	+7 +1 1
Asheville, N. C.1	₽+5 -1 -1	+12	+3 +5	Minneapolis District	+3	r+9	+1	Twin Falls, Idaho	+10	(2)	(2)
Kaleigh, N. C. ¹	-1 +0		U	Metropolitan Areas ³ Mpls-St. Paul, Minn. ¹	+1	(2)	(2)	Idaho Falls, Idaho Bellingham, Wash	+9 $p+28$	(2) (2) +7 +8	$\begin{array}{c} r-1 \\ {}^{(2)} \\ {}^{(2)} \\ {}^{(2)} \\ +1 \end{array}$
Baltimore, Md. ¹ . Asheville, N. C. ¹ Raleigh, N. C. ¹ Winston-Salem, N. C. ¹ Columbia, S. C. ¹ Columbia, S. C. ¹ Greenville, S. C. ¹	+9 +4	+17	+11 +19	Minneapolis City, Minn.1.	0.	+13	+2	Everett, Wash.¹ Walla Walla, Wash.¹	+12		(2) (2) -2
Columbia, S. C. ¹	$^{-1}$	+11	7+5 +6	St. Paul City, Minn. ¹ Sioux Falls, S. D	+2 +2	+8 +6	-1	Walla Walla, Wash. ¹ Yakima, Wash. ¹	$\begin{pmatrix} p-1 \\ (2) \end{pmatrix}$	(2) 10	(²) -2
3.00.7, 0. 0	120		' '		'~	' "	-		`		<u>-</u>

Preliminary. Corrected. Revised.
 Indexes showing longer term comparisons are also available for these areas and cities and may be obtained upon request from the Federal Reserve Bank in the district in which the area or city is located.
 Data not available.
 Breakdowns shown under various metropolitan areas do not necessarily include all portions of such areas.

DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS—Continued SALES AND STOCKS BY MAJOR DEPARTMENTS

		cha	ercentag inge fror o (retail	n a.	stoc!	io of ks to es '	19	without	Index n season	al adjus		0 2
Department	Num- ber of stores report-	Sa dur per	ing	Stocks (end of month)	Dece	mber	Sa	les duri period	ng		ocks at e	
	ing	Dec. 1952	Year 1952	Dec. 1952	1952	1951	19 Dec.	52 Nov.	1951 Dec.	19 Dec.	Nov.	1951 Dec.
GRAND TOTAL—entire store ³	355	+8	-1	-2	1.4	1.6						
MAIN STORE—total	355	+9	-1	-2	1.5	1.7	418	257	385	643	798	662
Piece goods and household textiles	321	+8	-7	-1	2.9	3.1	263	196	244	759	753	778
Piece goods. Silks, velvets, and synthetics Woolen yard goods. Cotton yard goods.	298 198 175 190	+4 -2 +19 +8	-5 -7 -6 -1	-1 -3 -2 +4	3.9 3.6 4.2 4.2	4.1 3.7 5.1 4.4	166 151 206 154	188 170 244 158	160 155 173 142	654 551 859 650	667 572 784 612	666 563 904 640
Household textiles. Linens and towels Domestics—muslins, sheetings Blankets, comforters, and spreads	312 279 257 247	+9 +10 +11 +7	-8 -6 -13 -2	-1 -6 -1 +8	2.5 2.1 3.8 2.4	2.8 2.4 4.2 2.3	303 351 218 309	198 206 159 224	278 320 197 289	770 727 820 735	779 788 758 773	792 787 831 697
Small wares	346	+8	+2	+2	1.4	1.4	492	244	455	678	882	674
Laces, trimmings, embroideries, and ribbons Notions Toilet articles, drug sundries	203 240 330	+7 +5 +7	$^{-1}_{0}_{+3}$	+6 +6 +3	2.3 2.1 1.4	2.3 2.1 1.4	342 390 421	239 246 180	319 371 394	787 832 577	924 954 766	740 799 571
Silverware and jewelry Silverware and clocks 4 Costume jewelry 4 Fine jewelry and watches 4	319 218 286 78	+6 +4 +7 +7	-1 -7 +5 -5	-3 -6 -2 -2	1.4 2.4 0.8 2.1	1.6 2.6 0.9 2.3	566		533		1,065	857
Art needlework	236	+7	-2	-2	2.9	3.1	260	203	242	742	740	754
Books and stationery Books and magazines Stationery	279 131 245	+13 +10 +13	+6 +4 +7	+9 +13 +7	0.9 0.9 0.8	0.9 0.9 0.9	703 545 722	361 273 374	624 494 639	611 513 592	935 704 949	568 465 569
Women's and misses' apparel and accessories.	352	+9	+2	+4	1.3	1.3	392	249	358	497	654	483
Women's and misses' ready-to-wear accessories Neckwear and scarfs Handkerchiefs Millinery Women's and children's gloves Corsets and brassieres Women's and children's hosiery	352 314 287 164 327 338 345	+7 +13 +2 +12 +6 +14 -1	+1 +8 -4 +2 -1 +5 -6	+4 +11 -3 0 -1 +4 +5	1.3 0.7 0.7 0.7 1.0 2.5 1.0	1.3 0.7 0.7 0.8 1.1 2.8 0.9	449 740 585 187 487 325 316	250 376 198 190 236 256 175	418 653 571 167 459 285 319	570 496 415 132 501 827 310	775 845 770 179 801 864 445	556 444 428 132 514 800 300
Underwear, slips, and negligees. Knit underwear Silk and muslin underwear, and slips Negligees, robes, and lounging apparel	345 251 294 260	+7 +11 +4 +8	0 0 -1 +2	+1 +6 -5 +7	0.8 1.0 0.8 0.4	0.9 1.0 0.9 0.5	648 732 589 749	282 346 242 302	607 660 570 695	518 725 495 375	870 1,096 766 821	522 693 524 354
Infants' wear	329 337	+12 +7	+6 +3	+8 +5	1.3	1.3 0.8	595 513	387 236	533 477	773 400	1,015 630	725 396
Women's and children's shoes Children's shoes 4 Women's shoes 4	241 210 223	+8 +6 +9	0 0 0	+4 +4 +4	3.3 2.4 3.5	3.4 2.4 3.7	301	220	278	982	1,113	958
Women's and misses' ready-to-wear apparel. Women's and misses' coats and suits Coats 4	352 341 227 219	+13 +13 +17 0	+4 -1 +3 -10	+4 -2 -7 +3	1.3 1.7 1.4 2.6	1.4 1.9 1.7 2.5	331 241	247 277 	294 213	417 397	524 459	406 412
Juniors' and girls' wear Juniors' coats, suits, and dresses Girls' wear	314 274 318	+12 +9 +13	+5 +2 +7	+7 +4 +9	1.0 1.1 0.9	1.0 1.2 0.9	463 351 612	324 269 401	414 320 541	454 389 550	649 461 886	423 369 509
Women's and misses' dresses	344 260 270	+9 +10 +8	+3 +3 +3	+6 +10 +3	1.3 1.0 1.7	1.4 1.0 1.8	238	189	218	321	360	306
Blouses, skirts, and sportswear	343 296 259	+15 +13 +15	+8 +6 -2	+11 +7 -8	1.0 1.2 2.2	1.0 1.3 2.7	550 304 216	319 170 165	480 270 187	545 380 473	748 442 598	499 356 513
Men's and boys' wear	334	+8	0	-5	1.3	1.4	555	273	513	710	975	759
Men's clothing. Men's furnishings and l.ats. Boys' wear. Men's and boys' shoes and slippers.	265 309 310 193	+11 +7 +9 +4	$ \begin{array}{c c} -3 \\ 0 \\ +3 \\ -2 \end{array} $	-13 -1 +3 +2	2.4 0.9 1.2 2.1	3.0 0.9 1.3 2.1	343 714 543 444	255 284 302 216	308 666 500 429	805 607 673 929	1,012 952 956 1,056	943 626 665 927

For footnotes see following page.

DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS-Continued

SALES AND STOCKS BY MAJOR DEPARTMENTS-Continued

		ch:	Percentag ange froi go (retai	na	stoc	io of ks to es 1	19	withou 941 ave	Index it season rage mo	number al adju nthly s	stment,	O 2
Department	Num- ber of stores report-	du	les ing iod	Stocks (end of month)	Dece	mber	Sa	des dur period			ocks at of mont	
	ing	Dec.	Year	Dec.	1952	1951	19	52	1951	19	952	1951
		1952	1952	1952	1932	1931	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.	Dec.	Nov.	Dec.
Homefurnishings	324	+7	-7	-7	2.7	3.1	306	261	287	825	911	837
Furniture and bedding	254 178 185	+10 +16 +8	-4 -1 -6	-5 +1 -6	3.9 3.1 4.0	4.4 3.5 4.6	210	228	192	816	801	862
Domestic floor coverings	278 162 98	+1 +1 -21	-16 -17 -13	-13 -13 -5	$\frac{4.5}{4.6}$	5.3 5.4 4.2	189	229	187	857	834	997
Draperies, curtains, and upholstery. Lamps and shades. China and glassware Major household appliances Housewares (including small appliances). Gift shop ⁴	302 255 257 239 265 186	+6 +5 +7 +7 +11 +13	$ \begin{array}{r} -4 \\ -4 \\ -4 \\ -11 \\ -3 \\ +1 \end{array} $	0 +1 +2 -30 -2 +4	3.1 1.9 2.8 3.0 2.0 1.4	3.3 2.0 3.0 4.5 2.3 1.4	260 395 406 213 480	274 286 241 210 305	245 375 380 199 434	817 762 1,154 630 965	882 867 1,313 616 1,130	825 753 1,159 906 994
Radios, phonographs, television, records, etc. ⁴ Radios, phonographs, television ⁴ Records, sheet music, and instruments ⁴	228 174 124	$^{-2}_{-6}$	-18 -20 -5	-24 -31 -7	1.2 1.0 1.3	1.4 1.4 1.6						
Miscellaneous merchandise departments	323	+10	+1	+2	0.7	0.7	657	324	599	440	778	437
Toys, games, sporting goods, cameras	306 251 151	+13 +11 +17	+5 +5 +4	+6 +13 0	$0.6 \\ 0.4 \\ 1.3$	0.6 0.4 1.6	1,163 1,549 877	528 706 423	1,034 1,393 752	686 604 1,175	1,336 1,476 1,845	652 557 1,143
Luggage Candy 4.	274 187	+8 +8	$^{+1}_{+2}$	0 +7	$\substack{1.3\\0.3}$	1.4 0.3	592	233	548	793	1,034	800
BASEMENT STORE—total	203	+6	0	-1	1.2	1.3	357	242	338	422	541	429
Domestics and blankets 4	133	+7	-5	1+	2.2	2.3				-		· · · · ·
Women's and misses' ready-to-wear	184	+6	+2	0	0.9	1.0	346	236	326	322	436	323
Intimate apparel ⁴ . Coats and suits ⁴ . Dresses ⁴ . Blouses, skirts, and sportswear ⁴ . Girls' wear ⁴ . Infants' wear ⁴ .	163 169 167 153 122 122	+4 +9 +2 +9 +10 +7	$ \begin{array}{r} -2 \\ +1 \\ +1 \\ +5 \\ +5 \\ +4 \end{array} $	-4 -8 +2 +6 +8 +6	1.0 1.3 0.9 0.8 0.7 1.0	1.1 1.6 0.9 0.8 0.8 1.0						
Men's and boys' wear	159	+5	-1	0	0.9	1.0	558	309	529	513	747	524
Men's wear ⁴	146 99 120	+5 +7 +4	$-1 \\ +1 \\ -3$	$-1 \\ -3 \\ +1$	$0.9 \\ 1.6 \\ 0.7$	1.0 1.8 0.7						
Boys' wear 4	122	+7	+2	+1	0.9	0.9	 		 	ļ		
Homefurnishings	105	+4	-6	-7	2.3	2.5	236	249	227	534	601	574
Shoes	114	+1	-3	+3	2.2	2.2	249	170	245	544	646	518
NONMERCHANDISE—total 4	173	+9	0	(5)	(5)	(5)						
Barber and beauty shop 4	70	+2	+2	(5)	(5)	(5)						} <i>.</i>

¹ The ratio of stocks to sales is obtained by dividing stocks at the end of the month by sales during the month and hence indicates the number of months' supply on hand at the end of the month in terms of sales for that month.

² The 1941 average of monthly sales for each department is used as a base in computing the sales index for that department. The stocks index is derived by applying to the sales index for each month the corresponding stocks-sales ratio. For description and monthly indexes of sales and stocks by department groups for back years, see BULLETIN for August 1946, pp. 856-858. The titles of the tables on pp. 857 and 858 were reversed.

³ For movements of total department store sales and stocks, see the indexes for the United States on p. 289.

¹ Index numbers of sales and stocks for this department are not available for publication separately; the department, however, is included in group and total indexes.

⁵ Data not available.

NOTE.—Based on reports from a group of large department stores located in various cities throughout the country.

Note.—Based on reports from a group of large department stores located in various cities throughout the country. In 1951, sales and stocks at these stores accounted for almost 50 per cent of estimated total department store sales and stocks. Not all stores report data for all of the departments shown; consequently, the sample for the individual departments is not so comprehensive as that for the total.

PRICES

CONSUMERS' PRICES

[Bureau of Labor Statistics index for city wage-earner and clerical-worker families. 1947-49 = 100]

						Housing								Read-	Other
Year or month	All items	Foods	Total	Rent	Other shelter	Gas and elec- tricity	Solid fuels and fuel oil	House- furn- ish- ings	House- hold opera- tion	Ap- parel	Trans- porta- tion	Med- ical care	Per- sonal care	ing and recrea- tion	goods and serv- ices
1929	1 1	65.6		117.4	,					60.3					
1933 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	55.3 62.9 69.7 74.0 75.2 76.9 83.4 95.5 102.8 101.8 111.0 113.5	41.6 52.2 61.3 68.3 67.4 68.9 79.0 95.9 104.1 100.0 101.2 112.6 114.6	95.0 101.7 103.3 106.1 112.4 114.6	83.6 88.4 90.4 90.3 90.6 90.9 91.4 94.4 100.7 105.0 108.8 113.1 117.9		97.6 100.0 102.5 102.7 103.1 104.5	88.8 104.4 106.8 110.5 116.4 118.7	97.2 103.2 99.6 100.3 111.2 108.5	97.2 102.6 100.1 101.2 109.0 111.8	45.9 55.6 64.9 67.8 72.6 76.3 83.7 97.1 103.5 99.4 98.1 106.9 105.8	90.6 100.9 108.5 111.3 118.4 126.2	94.9 100.9 104.1 106.0 111.1 117.3	97.6 101.3 101.1 110.5 111.8	95.5 100.4 104.1 103.4 106.5 107.0	96.1 100.5 103.4 105.2 109.7 115.4
1952—Jan Feb Mar April June July Aug Sept. Oct Nov Dec	113.1 112.4 112.9 113.0 113.4 114.1 114.3 114.1 114.2 114.3 114.1	115.0 112.6 112.7 113.9 114.3 114.6 116.3 115.4 115.0 115.0 113.8	113.9 114.0 114.0 114.0 114.0 114.0 114.4 114.6 114.8 115.2 115.7 116.4	116.0 116.4 116.7 116.9 117.4 117.6 117.9 118.2 118.3 118.8 119.5 120.7		103.5 103.8 103.9 104.1 104.3 104.2 105.0 105.0 105.4 105.6	117.7 117.6 117.7 117.3 115.6 115.8 115.6 119.0 119.6 121.1 121.6 123.2	110.2 110.0 109.4 108.7 108.3 107.7 107.6 107.6 108.1 107.9 108.0 108.2	110.9 110.8 111.0 111.0 111.2 111.2 111.8 111.9 112.1 112.8 113.3 113.4	107.0 106.8 106.4 106.0 105.8 105.6 105.3 105.1 105.6 105.2 105.1	122.8 123.7 124.4 124.8 125.1 126.3 126.8 127.0 127.7 128.4 128.9 128.9	114.7 114.8 115.7 115.9 116.1 117.8 118.0 118.1 118.8 118.9 119.3	111.0 111.1 111.0 111.3 111.6 111.7 111.9 112.1 112.1 112.3 112.4 112.5	107.2 106.6 106.3 106.2 106.2 106.8 107.0 107.0 107.3 107.6 107.4 108.0	113.2 114.4 114.8 115.2 115.8 115.7 116.0 115.9 115.8 115.8 115.8 115.9

¹ Indexes for January 1953 and subsequent months will be published later.

NOTE.—Revised indexes, reflecting beginning January 1953 the inclusion of new series (i. e. home purchases and used autombiles) and revised weights. Prior to January 1953 indexes are based on the "interim adjusted" and "old" indexes, converted to the base 1947-49 = 100.

Source.—Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor.

WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1947-49=100]

							Other	commo	dities _				Ma-	Furni-	Non-	To-	
Year or month	All com- modi- ties	Farm prod- ucts	Proc- essed foods	Total	Tex- tile prod- ucts and ap- parel	Hides, skins, and leather prod- ucts	Fuel, power, and lighting materials	Chemicals and allied products	Rub- ber and prod- ucts	Lum- ber and wood prod- ucts	Pulp, paper, and allied prod- ucts	Metals and metal prod- ucts	chin- ery and mo- tive prod- ucts	and other	me- tallic min- erals struc- tural	manu- fac- tures and bottled bev- erages	Mis- cella- neous
1947	96.4 104.4 99.2 103.1 114.8	107.3 92.8 97.5	98.2 106.1 95.7 99.8 111.4	103.4 101.3 105.0	104.4 95.5 99.2	102.1 96.9 104.6	107.1 101.9 103.0	103.8 94.8	99.0 102.1 98.9 120.5 148.0	93.7 107.2 99.2 113.9 123.9		103.9 104.8 110.3	100.9 106.6 108.6	101.4 103.1 105.3	101.7 104.4 106.9	100.4 101.6 102.4	103.1
January. February March April. May June July August September October November December	113.0 112.5 112.3 111.8 111.0 111.2 111.8 112.2 111.8 112.7 110.7	107.8 108.2 108.7 107.9 107.2 110.2 109.9 106.6 104.9	110 1 109.5 109.2 108.0 108.6 108.5 110.0 110.5 110.3 108.5 107.7 104.3	114.2 113.8 113.3 113.0 112.6 112.5 113.0 113.2 113.0 112.8	102.1 100.6 99.9 99.3 99.0 98.9 99.1 99.5 99.2	99.5 98.0 94.1 94.7 95.9 96.2 96.5 96.5 96.7	107.2 107.4 106.3 106.0 105.9 106.0 105.8 106.2 106.6	104.3 104.3 104.2 104.0 104.0 103.9 103.5	143.1 142.0 140.6 140.4 133.4 130.0 127.8 126.3 126.0		118.3 117.7 117.4 116.9 116.7 115.3 115.6 115.6	122.6 122.6 122.5 121.8 121.1 121.9 124.1 124.6 124.1	122.0 121.8 121.6 121.6 121.3 121.4 121.5 121.3	112.4 111.9 112.1 111.7 111.6 111.6 111.5 112.0 112.0	112.9 112.8 112.9 113.8 113.8 113.8 114.4 114.5	110.8 110.8 110.8 110.8 110.8 110.8 110.8 110.8 110.8	111.4 109.2 109.5 108.4 108.1 105.5 108.9 108.3 108.4
1953 January	109.9	99.8	105.5	112.9	98.9	97.3	107.3	103.6	127.3	120.3	115.8	124.0	121.5	112.7	114.8	110.6	103.0

Revised

Source.—Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. Back figures.—See BULLETIN for March 1952, pp. 311-313.

PRICES-Continued

WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES-Continued

[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1947-49 = 100]

	Į maca.		or the D		Labor Statistics, 1947-49 - 100j	<u> </u>			
		1952		1953	6.1		1952		1953
Subgroup	Jan.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Subgroup	Jan.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Farm Products:					Pulp, Paper and Allied Products— Continued				
Fresh and dried produce	103.6 106.7 127.2	113.2 96.5 93.0 107.1 113.1 117.6	112.3 96.1 86.8 101.9 *108.9	107.3 94.6 92.7 100.9 106.8 93.9	Converted paper and paperboard Building paper and board Metals and Metal Products:	115.9 113.4	112.3 118.2	112.3 118.2	112.3 118.2
Eggs. Hay and seeds. Other farm products.	101.6 137.7	98 5 132.5	98.3 134.7	97.2 133.3	Iron and steel	123.1 124.2 120.6	127.0 122.5 125.1	127.0 122.3 125.4	127.1 122.5 125.3
Processed Foods:					Hardware	125.8 116.6	125.3	125.9 118.1	125.9 113.6
Cereal and bakery products Meats, poultry, and fish Dairy products and ice cream Canned, frozen fruits, and vegeta-	113.5	107.1 102.0 115.5	106.8 93.9 113.0	106.8 99.3 111.9	Heating equipment. Fabricated structural metal products Fabricated nonstructural metal	114.0 115.8	113.6	113.6	113.6
bles Sugar and confectionery. Packaged beverage materials. Other processed foods.	105.7 105.9 162.5	106.0 109.9 161.9 122.1	7105.0 108.2 161.9 116.9	105.4 108.0 161.9 112.8	products Machinery and Motive Products:	124.4	125.9	126.5	126.5
Textile Products and Apparel:	114.0	122.1	110.9	112.0	Agricultural machinery and equip-	121.5	121.6	121.7	121.7
Cotton products	102.8 118.0	98.4 112.6 89.0	r97.7 112.6 r87.8	97.0 112.9 88.1	Construction machinery and equipment Metal working machinery	124.6 127.5	126.2 128.9	126.3 r129.0	126.2 129.0
Wool products. Synthetic textiles. Silk products. Apparel. Other textile products.	91.4 126.0 101.7 133.3	139.3 98.3 86.9	139.7 98.3 84.4	141.4 100.1 83.1	General purpose machinery and equipment Miscellaneous machinery Electrical machinery and equip-	123.5 120.1	121.8 119.6	121.9 119.6	121.9 119.7
Hides, Skins, and Leather Products:			1		ment	121.5 117.1	119.5 119.7	7119.6 7119.7	119.6 119.7
Hides and skins. Leather. Footwear. Other leather products.	97.0 115.9	69.2 90.1 111.0 99.6	70.6 92.9 112.0 100.3	62.1 92.0 112.0 99.5	Furniture and Other Household Durables: Household furniture	113.6	112.8	113.0	113.0
Fuel, Power, and Lighting Materials:	,			}	Commercial furniture	126.4	123.2 122.4 107.2	123.2	123.0
Coal Coke Gas. Electricity Petroleum and products	124.3 106.6	113.6 124.3 114.9 98.0 108.1	r116.1 129.0 104.9 r98.5 107.9	116.3 131.8 104.9 98.5 107.9	Household appliances Radio Television Other household durable goods Nonmetallic Minerals—Structural:	94.1	119.6	7107.5 95.0 74.9 119.6	107.6 95.0 74.9 121.1
Chemicals and Allied Products:					Flat glass	114.4 113.2	114.4 112.9	114.4 113.1	114.4 113.7
Industrial chemicals. Paint and paint materials. Drugs, pharmaceuticals. cosmetics. Pats and oils. inedible. Mixed fertilizers. Fertilizer materials. Other chemicals and products.	109.3 94.8 56.8 108.5 109.4	112.7 106.3 91.9 53.1 110.9 111.1 102.9	112.3 106.1 91.3 52.8 111.1 113.0 103.1	112.8 106.2 91.5 53.8 111.2 112.9 103.1	Concrete products. Structural clay products. Gypsum products. Prepared asphalt roofing. Other nonmetallic minerals. Tobacco Manufactures and Bottled	112.4 121.4 117.7 98.6	112.7 124.0 117.7 106.0 115.1	112.7 124.0 117.7 106.0 115.3	112.8 124.0 117.7 106.0 115.3
Rubber and Products:		i			Beverages: Cigarettes	107.3	105.7	105.7	105.7
Crude rubber	197.3 133.4 129.8	130.3 126.3 124.3	137.3 126.3 124.3	135.5 126.3 124.3	Cigars Cigars Other tobacco products Alcoholic beverages Nonalcoholic beverages	98.0 114.8 105.9	102.4 118.4 111.2 119.7	102.4 118.4 111.2 119.7	102.7 113.4 110.7 119.7
Lumber and Wood Products:					Miscellaneous:			113,1	1
Lumber Millwork Plywood	127.0	120.0 127.5 102.3	119.8 128.3 102.3	120.0 129.3 107.1	Toys, sporting goods, small arms Manufactured animal feeds Notions and accessories	112.8	113.2 103.3 91.1	113.1 102.1 92.9	112.8 97.9 92.9
Pulp, Paper, and Allied Products:					Jewelry, watches, photo equipment Other miscellaneous	100.9 120.6	101.0 120.8	101.0 120.8	101.0 120.8
Woodpulp Wastepaper Paper Paperboard	114.5 89.5 122.8 130.6	108.8 65.7 124.9 124.8	108.8 89.3 r124.9 124.4	108.8 87.0 124.9 124.2					

* Revised.

Source.—Bureau of Labor Statistics. Department of Labor,

Back figures.—See BULLETIN for March 1952, pp. 311-313.

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GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, AND PERSONAL INCOME

[Estimates of the Department of Commerce. In billions of dollars]

RELATION OF GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, PERSONAL INCOME, AND SAVING

				An	nual tot	als				Sease	nally ac	ijusted quarte		rates
	1929	1933	1941	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1951		195	2	
	1929	1933	1941	1947	1948	1949	1930	1951	1932	4	1	2	3	4
Gross national product	103.8	55.8	126.4	233.3	259.0	258.2	284.2	329.2	346.3	337.1	339.7	342.6	343.0	360.1
Less: Capital consumption allowances Indirect business tax and related	8.8	7.2	9.3	14.8	17.6	19.4	21.5	24.6		25.8		27.7	28.3	29.6
liabilities Business transfer payments Statistical discrepancy	7.0 .6 1	.7	11.3 .5 1.6	.7	. 7	.8	23.8 .8 7		27.2 .9 1	25.8 .9 8	.9	26.8 .9 1.8	27.3 .9 -1.3	28.2 .9 1.1
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	1	(1)	.1	1	.0	.0	.4	.5	.1	.2	.5	.2	2	.0
Equals: National income	87.4	39.6	103.8	198.7	223.5	216.3	239.2	277.6	290.4	285.6	288.0	285.6	287.7	300.2
Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	10.3 .2	-2.0 .3			31.7 5.2	29.2 5.7	34.8 6.9	41.6 8.2				39.9 8.4	37.8 8.6	
disbursements. Plus: Government transfer payments. Net interest paid by government. Dividends. Business transfer payments	.0 .9 1.0 5.8 .6	1.5 1.2 2.1	2.6 1.3 4.5	11.1 4.4 6.6	4.5	11.6		11.5 4.9 9.0	11.9 5.0 9.1	5 0 9,3	11 7 5.0 8.9	5.0 9.6		5.0
Equals: Personal income	85.1	46.6	95.3	191.0	209.5	205.9	226.3	254.1	268.3	262.0	263.0	264.4	268.9	277.0
Less: Personal tax and related payments Federal State and local	2.6 1.3 1.4	.5		19.6	19.0	18.6 16.2 2.5	20.8 18.1 2.7			27.3	30.4		34.1 30.8 3.3	
Equals: Disposable personal income.	82.5	45.2	92.0	169.5	188.4	187.2	205.5	225.0	234.3	231.5	¢229.5	¢230 . 8	234.8	242.5
Less: Personal consumption expenditures	78.8	46.3	82.3	165.6	177.9	180.6	194.3	208.0	216.3	210.5	213.2	214.9	215 0	222.0
Equals: Personal saving	3.7	-1.2	9.8	3.9	10.5	6.7	11.2	17.0	18.0	21.1	16.3	15.9	19.8	20.5

NATIONAL INCOME, BY DISTRIBUTIVE SHARES

				Anı	nual tot	als				Seaso	nally ac	ljusted quarte		rates
	4000	1000				4040		40.54	1050	1951		195	2	
	1929	1933	1941	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	4	1	2	3	4
National income	87.4	39.6	103.8	198.7	223.5	216.3	239.2	277.6	290.4	285.6	288.0	285.6	287.7	300.2
Compensation of employees	45.2	28.8 23.7 .3 4.9	61.7 51.5 1.9	122.1 104.8 4.1	134.4 115.7 4.0 14.7	133.4 113.0	123.4 5.0 17.2	169.9 141.2 8.6 20.1	181.1 148.7 n.a. n.a.	174.3	177.4 145.8 10.0	177.8 145.6	181.0 148.3 n.a.	188.2 155.3 n.a. n.a.
Proprietors' and rental income 3 Business and professional. Farm Rental income of persons	8.3 5.7	2.9 2.3	9.6 6.9	19.8 15.6		21.6 12.8	45.2 23.7 13.3 8.2	26.2 15.6	27.6 15.2	26 6 17.0	15.4	51.9 27.6 14.8 9.5	27.5	28.2 15.5
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	9.8 1.4 8.4	.5	17.2	30.5 11.9 18.5	13.0 20.7	27.1	39.6 18.4	42.9 24.2 18.7	39.7 22.6 17.1	39.5 22.2 17.3	42.7 24.3 18.4	38.2 21.8	37.2 21.2 16.0	40.3 23.0 17.3
Net interest	6.5	5.0	4.1	3.5	4.3	5.0	5.8	6.4	7.0	6.6	6.7	6.9	7.1	7.2

Source.-Department of Commerce.

n.a. Not available. Corrected.

Less than 50 million dollars.

Less thas supplyee contributions to social insurance funds.

Includes noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.

NOTE.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT, NATIONAL INCOME, AND PERSONAL INCOME-Continued

[Estimates of the Department of Commerce. In billions of dollars]

GROSS NATIONAL	PRODUCT OR	EXPENDITURE

				A	Annual 1	totals				Seaso	onally a	djusted quarte		rates
										1951		19	52	
	1929	1933	1941	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	4	1	2	3	4
Gross national product	103.8	55.8	126.4	233.3	259.0	258.2	284.2	329.2	346.3	337.1	339.7	342.6	343.0	360.1
Personal consumption expenditures. Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Services.	9.4 37.7	46.3 3.5 22.3 20.6	9.8 44.0	165.6 21.4 95.1 49.1	177.9 22.9 100.9 54.1	180.6 23.8 99.2 57.5	29.2 102.8	27.1 113.5	25.8	25.3	25.2 118.0	26.4 117.8	215.0 24.2 118.9 71.9	27.3 121.4
Gross private domestic investment. New construction 1 Residential, nonfarm Other. Producers' durable equipment. Change in business inventories Nonfarm only.	4.2 6.4 1.6	1.3 1.1 .5 .7 1.8 -1.6 -1.3		30.2 13.9 6.3 7.6 17.1 8 1.4	42.7 17.7 8.6 9.1 19.9 5.0 3.7	33.5 17.2 8.3 9.0 18.7 -2.5 -1.6	50.3 22.9 12.6 10.3 22.0 5.5 4.6	58.5 23.3 11.0 12.3 24.9 10.3 9.4	52.1 23.5 11.1 12.4 25.5 3.1 2.4	52.9 22.4 10.3 12.1 24.7 5.8 5.2	50.0 23.7 11.0 12.7 25.7 .6 1	49.3 23.6 11.0 12.6 25.7 .1 8	51.7 23.0 10.9 12.2 25.0 3.7 3.0	57.3 23.7 11.6 12.0 25.6 8.1 7.5
Net foreign investment	.8	.2	1.1	8.9	1.9	. 5	-2.3	. 2	. 2	2.6	2.2	.4	-1.6	. 2
Government purchases of goods and services. Federal. National security. Other. Less: Government sales? State and local.	1.3	8.0 2.0 2.0 (3) 5.9	24.7 16.9 13.8 3.2 (3) 7.8	28.6 15.8 13.3 3.8 1.3 12.8	36.6 21.0 16.1 5.6 .6 15.6	25.4 19.3 6.6	3.9	4.2	54.4 49.2 5.6	71.2 48.9 44.3 5.1 .5 22.3	74.4 51.2 46.4 5.2 .4 23.2	78.0 54.9 50.3 5.1 .4 23.0	77.9 54.8 49.6 5.6 .4 23.1	80.6 56.6 50.4 6.5 .3 24.0

PERSONAL INCOME

[Seasonally adjusted monthly totals at annual rates]

				Sonany ac	justed III		taib at a	anda race	٥,				
				Wages	s and sala	ries							!
	Per-		w	age and s	alary disb	ursement	s	Other	Pro- prietors'	Divi- dends and	Trans- fer	Less personal contri- butions	Non- agricul-
Year or month	sonal income	Total receipts ⁴	Total dis- burse- ments	Com- modity produc- ing in- dustries	Distrib- utive indus- tries	Service indus- tries	Gov- ern- ment	labor incomes	and rental income	per- sonal interest income	pay- ments ⁷	for social insur- ance ⁸	tural income ⁹
1929 1933 1941 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	85.1 46.6 95.3 191.0 209.5 205.9 226.3 254.1 268.4	50.0 28.7 60.9 119.9 132.1 131.2 142.7 166.5 177.9	50.2 28.8 61.7 122.0 134.3 133.4 145.6 169.9 181.4	21.5 9.8 27.5 54.3 60.2 56.9 63.5 74.9 79.1	15.5 8.8 16.3 35.1 38.8 38.9 41.3 45.9 48.5	8.2 5.1 7.8 15.3 16.6 17.2 18.6 20.3 21.3	5.0 5.2 10.2 17.2 18.7 20.4 22.2 28.7 32.4	.5 .4 .6 2.4 2.8 3.1 3.8 4.2 4.5	19.7 7.2 20.8 42.4 47.3 42.1 45.2 50.6 52.5	13.3 8.2 9.9 14.5 16.0 17.1 19.5 20.4 21.1	1.5 2.1 3.1 11.8 11.3 12.4 15.1 12.4 12.7	.1 .2 .8 2.1 2.2 2.2 2.9 3.4 3.8	76.8 43.0 86.1 170.8 187.1 188.7 208.5 233.6 248.0
1952—January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	263.4 263.5 261.9 262.5 264.5 266.7 263.9 269.6 273.8 276.1 275.8 280.0	173.1 174.5 173.9 173.4 174.6 175.8 173.9 179.0 181.9 184.0 184.4 186.4	176.7 178.0 177.3 176.7 177.9 179.3 177.4 182.5 185.3 187.5 187.9	77.3 78.2 77.7 76.9 76.7 77.2 74.0 78.7 81.6 82.9 83.5 85.2	47.1 47.0 47.0 47.7 48.5 49.3 49.4 49.3 49.9 49.6 50.0	20.8 20.9 20.8 21.0 21.3 21.5 21.5 21.6 21.8 21.9	31.5 31.8 31.8 31.8 32.2 32.3 32.6 32.9 32.8 32.9 32.9	4.3 4.3 4.4 4.4 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.6 4.6	53.4 52.1 50.7 51.2 51.7 52.8 52.2 51.8 53.4 53.5 52.9 54.6	20.1 20.5 21.0 21.5 21.4 21.3 21.4 21.3 21.4 21.3 21.3	12.8 12.4 12.4 12.3 12.6 12.5 12.4 13.1 12.9 13.0 12.8 13.4	3.9 3.8 3.6 3.6 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.7 3.8	241.7 243.4 242.7 242.9 244.9 245.9 243.4 249.4 255.6 255.7 258.8
1953—January*	280.5	186.6	190.3	85.1	50.3	22.1	32.8	4.7	54.7	21.2	13.6	4.0	259.0

Preliminary.
 Includes construction expenditures for crude petroleum and natural gas drilling.
 Consists of sales abroad and domestic sales of surplus consumption goods and materials.
 Less than 50 million dollars.

NOTE.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding

Source.- Department of Commerce.

^{**}S Less than 50 million dollars.

**Total wage and salary receipts, as included in "Personal income," is equal to total disbursements less employee contributions to social insurance. Such contributions are not available by industries.

**Includes compensation for injuries, employer contributions to private pension and welfare funds, and other payments.

**Includes business and professional income, farm income, and rental income of unincorporated enterprise; also a noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment.

**Includes government social insurance benefits, direct relief, mustering out pay, veterans' readjustment allowances and other payments, as well as consumer bad debts and other business transfers.

**Prior to 1952 includes employee contributions only; beginning January 1952, includes also contributions to the old-age and survivors' insurance program of the self-employed to whom coverage was extended under the Social Security Act Amendments of 1950. Personal contributions are not included in personal income exclusive of net income of unincorporated farm enterprise, farm wages, agricultural net rents, agricultural net interest, and net dividends paid by agricultural corporations.

Note.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding.**

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL STATISTICS

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Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to gold, international capital transactions of the United States, and financial developments abroad. The data are compiled for the most part from regularly published sources such as central and commercial bank statements and official statistical bulletins, some data are reported to the Board directly. Figures on international capital transactions of the United States are collected by the Federal Reserve Banks from banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers in the United States in accordance with the Treasury Regulation of November 12, 1934. Back figures for all except price tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, Banking and Monetary Statistics.

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INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

TABLE 1.-NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935, BY TYPES

[Net movement from United States. (-). In millions of dollars]

From Lon 2, 1025		Incr	ease in banki	ng funds in U	. S, 1	Decrease in U. S.	Domestic securities:	Foreign	Inflow in
From Jan. 2, 1935, through—	Total	Total	Foreign official ²	Foreign other	Interna- tional	banking funds abroad ¹	Inflow of foreign funds ³	Return of U. S. funds 3	brokerage balances
1947—Dec. 31	8,569.1 8,763.5 10,521.1 10,140.7 10,043.0 10,208.8 10,236.0 10,268.6	6.362.3 6.963.9 6.863.9 7.890.7 8.548.1 8.464.4 8.638.2 8,719.2 8,829.1	1,121.8 2,126.0 2,197.8 2,715.6 2,770.2 2,644.9 2,811.5 2,912.3 3,025.5	2,998.5 2,993.6 3,028.2 3,472.8 4,089.6 4,138.7 4,200.2 4,149.6 4,164.9	2,242.0 1,844.3 1,637.8 1,702.3 1,688.3 1,680.9 1,626.5 1,657.3 1,638.7	186.5 116.8 307.6 231.4 160.9 133.4 164.9 125.0 109.7	375.5 183.3 258.5 1.202.9 618.6 631.3 616.8 617.4 622.4	1,276.9 1,182.1 1,209.9 1,064.5 687.5 688.6 658.3 642.5 580.4	142.4 123.1 123.7 131.7 125.6 125.4 130.7 131.8 127.0
May 31. June 30. July 31. Aug. 31. Sept. 30. Oct. 31 Nov. 30p Dec. 31p.	10,585.5 10,941.0 11,130.9 11,364.5 11,447.1 11,584.5	9,199.1 9,287.0 9,601.0 9,771.1 9,951.5 9,832.3 9,917.9 9,747.5	3,219.9 3,309.4 3,615.3 3,791.3 3,909.1 3,831.9 3,950.7 3,752.5	4,285.8 4,294.1 4,219.1 4,205.9 4,261.4 4,190.6 4,221.6 4,256.5	1,693.3 1,683.5 1,766.5 1,773.9 1,781.0 1,809.8 1,745.6 1,738.5	90.7 99.8 103.2 63.0 106.0 110.7 113.1 86.4	621.1 624.1 647.0 679.9 673.8 859.6 910.9 939.2	429.6 441.3 460.2 491.3 505.6 516.6 523.6 475.9	131.1 133.4 129.7 125.5 127.6 127.9 119.0 123.8

TABLE 2.—SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES 4

[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

	In- terna-		foreign tries	United		Neth-	Switz-		0.1	T . 1				4
Date	tional insti- tutions	Official and private	Official 2	King- dom	France		er- land ⁵	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin America	Asia	All
1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31 1951—Dec. 31 1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 30 Apr. 30 May 31 Apr. 30 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30p Dec. 31p.	1,864.3 1,657.8 1,722.2 1,708.2 1,700.9 1,646.4 1,677.2 1,658.6 1,713.3 1,703.4 1,786.5 1,793.8 1,800.9 1,820.7 1,765.6	5,853.7 5,960.2 6,922.6 7,594.0 7,517.7 7,745.8 7,796.1 7,924.5 8,239.9 8,337.7 8,568.6 8,731.4 8,904.7 8,756.7 8,906.5	2,836,3 2,908,1 3,425,9 3,480,5 3,355,2 3,521,8 3,622,6 3,735,8 3,930,2 4,019,7 4,325,6 4,501,6 4,619,4 4,542,2 4,661,0	326.2 546.3 574.4 6656.6 642.6 644.6 796.9 783.6 745.0 756.8 848.1 833.7 865.3 889.0 975.2	192.8 171.6 260.7 289.4 252.8 253.4 251.4 256.3 267.2 299.2 344.3 395.6 404.0 348.4 337.3	345.1 384.3 343.1	446 4 538 9 576 9 553 0 521 3 521 6 542 9 544 8 584 3 599 6 600 8 617 5 612 0 627 1 624 0 627 1 641 7	266.8 291.7 294.9 291.9 305.7 326.2	738.1 717.0 799.2 1,022.2 997.8 959.2 958.0 970.8 1,004.7 1,028.9 1,058.3 1,083.5 1,141.4 1,207.9 1,245.4	3,002.2 2,979.7 2,964.9 3,062.7 3,192.2	899.0 1,307.1 1,316.5 1,336.3 1,339.7 1,397.8 1,496.0 1,503.0 1,540.3 1,528.1 1,530.1 1,373.3 1,353.7	1,287.0 1,436.7 1,612.9 1,455.2 1,400.7 1,416.3 1,463.1 1,490.2 1,529.3 1,517.2 1,538.0 1,570.0 1,580.7 1,520.7 1,557.5	1,151.8 961.0 1,378.5 1,609.6 1,635.7 1,661.9 1,687.8 1,755.0 1,826.0 1,792.0	167.4 179.5 254.5 297.4 304.1 329.1 325.9 316.6 325.9 333.2 331.6 370.7 336.8 321.5 328.1

Preliminary.

1 Certain of the movement figures in Table 1 have been adjusted to take account of changes in the reporting practice of banks (see BULLETIN for August 1951, p. 1030). Reported figures from banks, however, did not permit similar adjustments in Tables 2 and 3, representing outstanding amounts. Therefore changes in outstanding amounts as may be derived from Tables 2 and 3 will not always be identical with the movement of funds shown in Table 1.

2 Represents funds held with banks and bankers in the United States by foreign central banks and by foreign central governments and their agencies (including official purchasing missions, trade and shipping missions, diplomatic and consular establishments, etc.), and also funds held in accounts with the U. S. Treasury.

3 Figures include transactions of international institutions, which are shown separately in Tables 6 and 7. Securities of such institutions are included in foreign securities.

4 "Short-term liabilities" reported in these statistics represent principally demand deposits and U. S. Government obligations maturing in not more than one year from their date of issue, held by banking institutions in the United States. The term "foreigner" is used to designate foreign governments, central banks, and other official institutions (see footnote 2 above) as well as other banks, organizations, and individuals domiciled outside the United States. including U. S. citizens domiciled abroad and the foreign subsidiaries and offices of U. S. banks and commercial firms. (Footnote 1 above also applies to this table.)

5 Beginning January 1950, excludes Bank for International Settlements, included in "International institutions" as of that date.

5 Data for August 1950 include, for the first time, certain deposit balances and other items which have been held in specific trust accounts, but which have been excluded in the past from reported liabilities.

Note.—These statistics are based on reports by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers. Beginning with the BULLETIN

Note.—These statistics are based on reports by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers. Beginning with the Bulletin for September 1951, certain changes were made in the order and selection of the material published. An explanation of the changes appears on p. 1202 of that issue. For further explanation and information on back figures see Bulletin for August 1951, p. 1030.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

TABLE 2.—SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES TO FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES—Continued

[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars]

Table 2a.-Other Europe

								Other I									
Date	Other Europe	Aus- tria	Bel- gium	Czech- oslo- vakia	Den- mark	Fin- land	Ger- many	Greece	Nor- way	Po- land	Por- tugal	Ru- mania	Spain	Swe- den	USSR	Yugo- slavia	
1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31 1951—Dec. 31	738.1 717.0 799.2	41.9	128.7 119.9 128.2	5.6	52.8 44.7 38.0 45.5 45.3	30.5 19.1 25.1 18.3 27.0	89.5 178.9 149.4 221 6 405.6	21.1 29.6 32.3	56.2 77.7 69.4 43.6 99.7	4.2	47.1 37.7 38.1 45.7 40.7	8.7 7.0 6.7 6.1 6.1	12.8 13.6 15.7 21.3 17.1	58.6 49.0 90.1 115.3 71.7	21.3 10.2 4.0	12.1 19.9 7.6 13.2 7.1	138.2 119.3 117.4 52.4 57.6
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30p. Dec. 31p.	997.8 959.2 958.0 970.8 1,004.7 1,028.9 1,058.3 1,083.5 1,141.4 1,207.9 1,245.4	57.0 55.4 54.0 54.9 53.1 49.5 51.9 60.7 74.3 77.7 84.9	136.6 132.1 134.1 155.0 137.5 143.5 142.1 136.7 131.8 142.4	.8 .7 .7 .6 .6 .6 .6 .9 .5	44.0 38.7 38.9 37.6 37.0 34.2 37.5 43.8 51.0 59.6 69.9 70.4	30.0 30.7 26.9 23.8 23.9 21.3 22.7 24.4 25.9 26.7 28.5	395.1 353.0 361.8 380.2 390.2 453.1 464.3 457.5 486.2 534.3 544.7 551.1	38.4 41.0 41.9 41.1 41.7 38.7 39.4 39.8 41.2 42.8	97.7 96.7 104.4 100.5 100.9 94.6 96.1 101.0 104.1 109.6 109.4 110.3	2.4 5.8 2.5 2.1 2.4 2.6 4.7 3.1 2.2 3.6 1.8	40.7 42.8 41.8 41.6 43.1 40.6 45.9 49.3 51.0 46.7 49.9 57.4	6.0 6.1 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.7 5.7 6.0 6.1 6.1	16.6 17.4 17.9 17.7 20.2 18.5 18.0 17.6 20.4 24.4 21.4	64.3 64.4 62.4 65.3 65.8 68.4 70.6 77.6 82.8 84.5 91.0	4.9 2.5 2.4 2.2 2.0 2.0 2.1 5.1 4.8 2.1	7.7 8.7 7.1 7.6 7.8 10.7 11.4 12.7 14.1 13.0 13.4 12.0	59.5 58.8 57.9 54.2 55.1 47.6 44.6 46.5 46.4 45.3 45.3

Table 2b .- Latin America

Date	Latin Amer- ica	Argen- tina	Bo- livia	Brazil	Chile	Co- lom- bia	Cuba	Do- min- ican Re- pub- lic	Guate- mala	Mex- ico	Neth- er- lands West Indies and Suri- nam	Peru	Republic of Panama	El Sal- vador	Uru- guay	Vene- zuela	Other Latin Amer- ica ²
1947—Dec. 31 . 1948—Dec. 31 . 1949—Dec. 31 . 1950—Dec. 31 . 1951—Dec. 31 . 1952—Jan. 31 . Feb. 29 . Mar. 31 . Apr. 30 . May 31 . June 30 . July 31 . Aug. 31 . Sept. 30 . Oct. 31 . Nov. 30 P . Dec. 31 . Poc. 31 . Sept. 30 . Dec. 31 . Nov. 30 . Dec. 31 . Dec	1,287.0 1,436.7 1,612.9 1,455.2 1,400.7 1,416.3 1,463.1 1,490.2 1,529.3 1,517.3 1,517.3 1,517.3 1,557.5	215.8 201.1 301.8 249.7 225.9 212.9 189.4 177.4 167.8 130.7 128.3 129.8 131.9	17.1 13.5	104.7 123.7 192.8 226.0 100.3 98.5 118.2 99.6 89.8 80.9 93.2 87.9 88.9 72.3 78.2 72.5	46.3 55.6 60.9 79.5 54.0 56.5 57.3 58.6 52.0 54.3 58.1 61.2 58.1 62.4 71.2 79.3	46.1 54.0 85.9 53.4 106.4 97.6 96.3 95.0 91.1 80.7 73.6 77.6 88.3 87.9 96.4 118.2	234.7 219.4 164.2 259.1 263.6 253.1 265.5 288.3 307.4 318.1 316.6 321.2 341.4 321.4 285.7 284.2 301.2	42.7 45.8 46.1 48.9 50.5 53.4 51.5 50.4 51.2 49.9 46.6 43.3	25.4 27.3 32.1 35.9 39.5 40.0 7 38.3 36.4 34.4 32.2 33.2	158.2 147.0 134.0 171.9 150.4 177.3 195.7 205.1 238.0	14.9 24.3 25.9 30.2 34.9 31.5 31.3 28.8 28.4 32.2 29.1 35.5 35.0 39.5 41.9	41.8 52.6 52.8 60.2 47.2 49.5 48.8 56.3 57.9 56.5 57.1 56.2 62.0 62.5 56.4	70.3 71.8 74.3 59.2 67.7 63.1 65.7 67.6 70.5 74.2 73.3 74.5 79.5 81.1 82.4 80.8	16.1 27.8 36.5 39.0 43.7 42.5 37.2 36.8 32.6 25.4 21.6 19.9	75.1 84.7 75.2 76.8 83.5 93.0 90.4 97.6 101.5 97.3 91.5 94.8 91.6	121.7 143.2 85.2 71.9 67.4 64.5 66.5 101.4 129.8 131.0 108.3 141.6	109.2 116.2 116.2 115.6 113.4 112.5

Table 2c .- Asia and All Other

Date	Asia	For- mosa and China Main- land	Hong Kong	India	Indo- nesia		Israel	Japan	Phil- ippine Re- public	Thai- land	Tur- key	Other Asia ⁸	All other	Aus- tralia	Bel- gian Congo	Egypt and Anglo- Egyp- tian Sudan	Union of South Africa	Other4
1947—Dec. 31. 1948—Dec. 31. 1949—Dec. 31. 1950—Dec. 31. 1951—Dec. 31.	1,057.9 1,151.8 961.0 1,378.5 1,609.6	216.2 110.6 81.7	51.1 83.9 86.1	51.8 63.3 55.7	69.3 41.5 15.7 114.7 140.6	20.3	12.6	81.4 214.6	297.3 374.4	48.2	9 8 14.3	204.0 165.7 111.9	179.5 254.5	22.2 32.4 19.1	58.1	25.0 27.7 61.6 75.6 110.7	15.8 6.0 44.0	101.6 79.5 57.7
1952—Jan. 31. Feb. 29. Mar. 31. Apr. 30. May 31. June 30. July 31. Aug. 31. Sept. 30. Oct. 31. Nov. 30. Dec. 31.	1,635.7 1,661.9 1,667.8 1,755.0 1,826.0 1,792.0 1,757.7 1,743.5 1,795.1 1,781.9 1,812.9 1,845.0	81.6 78.6 80.1 80.2 76.5 76.3 80.4 84.7 83.3 80.9	64.4 67.8 65.6 62.7 65.9 68.1 69.6 71.4 70.2 69.7	59 4 46 3 52 1 67 3 58 7 61 6 54 8 55 2 54 1 54 2	60.9	26.9 25.7 23.8 23.5 21.1 24.7 22.6 18.3 20.1 19.2	19.3 19.8 27.6 37.8 30.5 26.8 26.5 22.1 27.9 19.3	655.7 682.4 696.8 724.8 730.7	331.1 332.2 335.0 337.2 333.0 321.8 324.6 319.7 321.8 315.1	115.0 121.0 125.8 126.5 126.8 134.9 143.8 157.9 166.6 176.5	14.9 10.6 10.8 14.2 20.6 9.4 9.8 8.8 9.7 11.0	166.1 162.4 166.3 161.5 151.7 154.4 153.0 197.2 195.8 217.1	331.6 370.7 336.8 321.5 328.1	36.5 38.4 36.7 44.7 49.5 47.4 81.2 54.1 50.1 48.4	58.8 57.8 62.0 67.5 72.6 74.8 84.5 90.4 96.6 105.2	126.4 127.3 123.3 118.3 117.7 116.8 104.2 91.7 72.1 62.0	9.1 11.8 9.0 13.9 12.4 10.9 11.2 14.2 11.8 13.3 19.5 23.6	95.7 93.3 80.7 83.1 82.5 81.5 86.5 88.7 89.4

P Preliminary.
 Beginning January 1950, excludes Austria, Czechoslovakia, and Poland, reported separately as of that date.
 Beginning January 1950, excludes Dominican Republic, Guatemala, El Salvador, and Uruguay, reported separately as of that date.
 Beginning January 1948, includes Pakistan, Burma, and Ceylon, previously included with India. Beginning January 1950, excludes Iran, Israel, and Thailand, reported separately as of that date.
 Beginning January 1950, excludes Belgian Congo, reported separately as of that date.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued TABLE 3.—SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES 1

[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dellars]

Date	Total	United King- dom	France	Neth- er- lands	Switz- er- land	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Can- ada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia	All other
1947—Dec. 31	827.9 898.0	24.5 37.2 105.7	23.4 119.0 51.8 31.4 10.1	49.1 51.4 5.2 3.4 5.0	7.0 6.9 3.8 8.7 11.2	21.1 15.8 22.6 20.7 10.3	118.9 106.3 98.5 67.1 111.2	248 6 323 8 219.2 237.0 182.8	27.5 39.8 37.6 125.8 92.0	514.3 516.6 411.1 378.8 489.3	127 0 118 8 139 7 96 3 162 4	31.5 19.7 20.4 60.0 41.9
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29. Mar. 31. Apr. 30. May 31. June 30. July 31. Aug. 31. Sept. 30. Oct. 31. Nov. 30p. Dec. 31p.	996.0 964.4 1,004.4 1,019.7 1,038.7 1,029.6 1,026.2 1,066.3 1,023.4 1,018.7 1,016.3	28.5 32.8 35.4 33.5 42.0 36.2 30.9 226.8 35.8 33.8	14.1 14.1 13.2 13.8 11.6 11.7 11.6 9.2 9.3 9.4 8.2 31.9	5.8 5.6 5.7 3.3 3.1 3.8 3.3 2.6 4.4 4.4	11 2 10 3 11 6 8 6 7 3 9 .8 8 .0 9 .8 8 .4 8 .0 9 .2 8 .7	12 6 14 4 21 5 23 5 24 9 30 4 28 6 24 6 19 6 19 6 17 2 17 8	114 6 103.0 89 6 81 1 79.1 68.8 67.2 66.5 75.1 79.0 82.7	186.8 180.2 176.9 163.9 168.2 150.0 145.7 141.8 151.4 155.5 172.6	89.3 72.4 72.1 76.4 69.5 51.4 45.1 53.3 58.3 73.7 73.8 62.3	520.3 520.6 570.2 601.1 652.2 669.6 700.1 715.2 658.3 638.6 636.4 657.1	161 9 154.6 149.5 144.8 117.4 118.0 105.2 128.4 141.6 132.8 127.9 128.6	37.6 36.7 35.7 33.5 31.5 30.4 25.8 23.7 23.4 22.2 22.8 22.4

Table 3a .- Other Europe

Date	Other Europe	Aus- tria	Bel- gium	Den- mark	Fin- land	Ger- many	Greece	Nor- way	Por- tugal	Spain	Swe- den	Yugo- slavia	All other 2
1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31 1951—Dec. 31	106.3 98.5 67.1	2	15.0 21.4 19.3 21.5 39.6	2.2 .6 .4 3.2 4.8	8.0 3.4 8.2 2.2 3 1	30.5 30.5 30.0 25.4 28.3	10 6 1 2 .7 .2 2	9.2 8 4 7.4 1.4 2.5	1 1 .7 .5 .5	2.9 7.0 1.6 18.8	5.4 1.4 2.3 6.9 5.4	(3) 6 (0 (3) 3 9	35 9 29 8 22 6 4 0 4 0
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30p Dec. 31p	103.0 89.6 81.1 79.1 68.8 67.2 66.5 75.1 79.0 82.7	(3) (3) (1) (3) (1) (3) (3) (3) (1) 1.0 1.0 .8	42 9 33 7 28 7 21 3 17 6 13 9 11 .5 11 .8 13 .2 17 .7 16 .2	4.0 4.6 4.3 3.9 3.5 3.6 2.2 3.5 2.8 3.3	3.6 4.1 2.7 1.8 3.4 2.9 2.8 2.8 3.8 4.0 5.6	30.1 27.9 27.7 27.2 26.9 23.2 25.7 25.7 27.5 28.0 25.4 26.8	2 .1 .1 .1 .1 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2	2.0 1.6 1.5 1.8 2.0 1.6 1.8 1.8 2.0 1.7 1.8	1.0 9 1.2 1.0 .8 .8 .7 .6 .5 .6	19 0 19 8 13.5 12 6 14 6 14 3 12 5 13 5 12 6 11 .8	5 2 4 3 4 2 3 6 3 2 2 7 3 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 .0 2 .5	2 4 1 3 7 2 4 2 7 2 3 5 3 4 7 .3 8 .0 7 .9 8 .6	4 2 4 6 4 4 4 9 3 8 3 .6 3 .6 4 3 .7 3 .8 5 .8 5 .4

Table 3b .- Latin America

Date	Latin Amer- ica	Argen- tina	Bo- livia	Brazil	Chile	Co- lom- bia	Cuba	Do- min- ican Re- pub- lic	Guate- mala	Mex- ico	Neth- er- lands West Indies and Suri- nam	Peru	Re- pub- lic of Pan- ama	El Sal- vador	Uru- guay	Vene- zuela	Other Latin Amer- ica 4
1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31 1951—Dec. 31	514.3 516.6 411.1 378.8 489.3	72.4 53.6 45.9	2.7 2.3 8.7	165.8 165.4 136.9 78.0 185.0	27.8 15.2 15.5 6.8 24.8	32.6 32.6 21.1 42.5 43.7	108.6 83.1 27.5 27.6 32.3	1.9	2.6 3.8	52.2 73.8 73.0 70.6 90.6	1 1 1.5 1.3 1.3	4 3 4.4 5.8 11 0 11 8	4.7 4.6 5.3 3.1 3.0	6.8	8.0 10.5	15.3 26.0 25.6 49.4 41.7	34.5 34.7 43.1 14.6 14.5
1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31. Apr. 30 May 31. June 30 July 31 Aug. 31. Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30°. Dec. 31°.	520.3 520.6 570.2 601.1 652.2 669.6 700.1 715.2 658.3 638.6 636.4 657.1	7.8 8.6 7.8 7.4 8.2 7.2 7.6 8.6 8.1 9.3	9.9 8.1 8.6 9.7 8.4 8.7 6.8 6.2 6.2 6.0	207.3 217.0 234.9 272.2 320.7 358.3 392.6 403.9 374.7 356.2 354.3 356.4	26 2 23 .6 29 .3 29 .1 27 .5 26 .1 27 .0 23 .0 21 .6 18 .3 20 .5 25 .4	39.3 36.1 33.8 31.5 34.3 35.0 34.5 34.2 32.1 34.9 36.0 41.7	29.6 31.0 56.6 54.7 55.9 51.8 52.5 51.6 33.6 30.6 32.5	2.2 2.1 2.1 2.9 2.4 2.2 1.9 1.8 1.6 1.7	4.0 4.2 4.1 3.7 4.1 3.7 2.8 3.5 4.2	109 1 103 0 101 1 94.4 90.8 78.0 71.2 91.7 92.0 88.4 85.0 82.9	1 .2 1 .2 1 .3 1 .1 1 .2 1 .2 1 .1 1 .2 1 .3 1 .3	12 0 11 .8 11 .5 10 .3 11 .6 10 .9 10 .7 10 .3 11 .7 11 .3 11 .7	4 2 4 1 3 9 6 8 6 0 5 9 6 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 2 5 3	9 9 8 4 7 5 6 5 5 3 5 4 5 3 5 1 7 1 9 0	11 8 7.9 19.1 24.9 27.9 30.5 32.1 25.7 20.6 14.3 12.9 17.3	34.9 38.7 33.1 32.2 34.2 32.1 32.4 31.7 33.1 35.6 36.7	13.7 13.8 15.1 13.7 13.8 11.5 12.5 13.0 12.4 13.9 13.2 13.7

Preliminary.
 See footnote 1, p. 300.
 Beginning January 1950, excludes Austria, reported separately as of that date.
 Less than \$50,000.
 Beginning January 1950, excludes Dominican Republic, Guatemala, El Salvador, and Uruguay, reported separately as of that date.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued TABLE 3.—SHORT-TERM CLAIMS ON FOREIGNERS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES. BY COUNTRIES—Continued

[Amounts outstanding, in millions of dollars] Table 3c .- Asia and All Other

Date	Asia	For- mosa and China Main- land	Hong Kong	India	Indo- nesia	Iran	Israel	Japan	Phil- ippine Re- public	Thai- land	Tur- key	Other Asia 1	All other	Aus- tralia	Bel- gian Congo	Egypt and Anglo- Egyp- tian Sudan	Union of South Africa	Other ²
1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 31 1951—Dec. 31 1952—Jan. 31 Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 30p Dec. 31p	118.8 139.7 96.3 162.4 161.9 154.6 149.5 144.8 117.4 118.0 105.2 128.4 141.6 132.8 127.9	24.2 16.6 18.2 10.1 10.1 9.6 9.1 8.6 8.1 7.3 8.1 10.1 10.1	3.4 3.7 3.0 3.1 1.4 1.6 2.8 4.2 1.8 1.3	20.4 17.4 16.2 13.4 14.8 20.4 14.5 9.4 6.5 5.5 4.2 3.7 3.7	1.9 .2 .3 .4 .57 .9 .6 1.4 .56	9.3 8.9 9.0 10.1 10.8 10.6 10.7 10.3 9.6 9.3 10.1	18.9 30.0 35.9 32.4 30.3 29.3 30.1 27.7 27.4 22.9 22.8 18.7 17.4	8.6 8.8 9.1 11.0 12.5 14.3 10.1 12.6 12.2	37.3 23.2 4.9 29.3 29.1 27.2 22.6 23.7 20.5 6.9 10.3 5.3 6.4 3.0	1.5 2.5 2.1 2.9 3.7 2.8 3.2 2.7 2.3 3.5 3.4 4.0	17.7 1.4 14.3 .6 .5 .6 13.8 23.6 15.4 16.7 37.0 55.7 47.4 38.8	14.3 50.3 13.9 51.6 50.0 45.1 26.9 15.3 12.1 9.0 16.3 17.4 19.2 15.3 17.4	19.7 20.4 60.0 41.9 37.6 36.7 35.7 33.5 31.5 30.4 25.8 23.7 23.4 22.2 22.8	4.7 7.9 40.8 22.8 21.1 17.5 13.5 12.7 12.0 9.6 8.0 8.2 8.7 10.0	4.4 5.7 5.3 6.0 7.2 7.6 7.8 8.7 8.2 7.9 6.7 6.5	.1 .4 .2 .3 .2 .3 .1 .1 .1 .2 .2 .2 .2 .5 .6 .5 .5	14.4 7.9 4.5 7.3 6.7 6.3 6.0 5.7 7.0 4.8 4.7 3.5 3.1 2.3 2.6 2.0	6.8 7.7 7.2 6.5

TABLE 4.—PURCHASES AND SALES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM DOMESTIC SECURITIES, BY TYPES 3 (Inflow of Foreign Funds)

[In millions of dollars]

U	J. S. Govern	nment bond	s and notes 4	Corporate	e bonds and	1 stocks 5	T . 1		Net purchases
Year or month	Purchases	Sales	Net purchases	Purchases	Sales	Net purchases	Total purchases	Total sales	of domestic securities
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952 1952	344.8 282.4 430.0 1.236.4 673.6 531.9 20.2 15.5 19.4 13.9 31.2 39.1 37.5 34.0 188.8 49.4	283.3 330.3 333.6 294.3 1.356.6 233.8 12.7 18.7 16.3 15.8 22.2 32.0 29.2 13.3 14.2 18.8 21.1	61.5 -47.9 96.4 942.1 6-683 0 298.1 7.6 -3.2 3.1 -2.0 9.0 7.7 7.7 9.9 24.2 19.8 170.1 28.3	226. 1 369.7 354. 1 774. 7 859. 8 858. 8 76. 6 68. 3 65. 7 76. 2 61. 6 63. 3 67. 8 67. 8 67. 6 63. 3 77. 2 78. 3	376.7 514.1 375.3 772.3 761.0 836.3 71.5 79.6 68.1 69.2 71.9 68.3 63.7 58.3 79.2 61.5	-150.6 -144.3 -21.2 98.7 22.5 5.1 -11.3 -2.5 7.0 -10.3 -4.8 8.7 -25.9 15.7 -25.9 15.7	570. 9 652. 2 784. 1 2,011. 1 1.533. 3 1,390. 7 96. 9 83. 8 85. 1 90. 1 92. 8 103. 2 115. 9 105. 1 87. 3 266. 1 127. 7	659.9 844.4 708.9 1,066.6 2,117.6 1,070.1 84.2 98.3 84.4 85.0 94.1 100.3 93.0 72.2 93.4 80.3 76.4	-89.1 -192.2 75.2 944.4 -584.3 320.6 12.7 -14.5 -5.0 -1.3 3.0 22.9 32.9 -6.1 185.8 51.4

TABLE 5.—PURCHASES AND SALES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM FOREIGN SECURITIES OWNED IN THE UNITED STATES, BY TYPES 3 (Return of U. S. Funds) [In millions of dollars

	F	oreign stocl	cs	F	oreign bond	ls	, m		Net purchases
Year or month	Purchases	Sales	Net purchases	Purchases	Sales	Net purchases	Total purchases	Total sales	of foreign securities
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952° 1952° — January February March April May June July August September October November° December°	29.4 22.0 28.9 19.0 19.2	42.6 96.7 70.8 198.2 348.7 329.6 29.9 28.1 35.8 44.9 20.4 22.7 26.8 20.8 16.5 20.9	14.6 -15.0 18.0 -24.4 -76.4 -39.8 4.6 1.4 -13.8 -16.0 -10.6 -9.1 1.4 -10.3 1.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4 -10.4	658.7 211.6 321.2 589.2 500.4 495.4 33.1 19.0 21.5 47.7 40.3 52.5 52.8 57.9 87.6 18.2 25.9	634.3 291.4 311.5 710.2 801.0 667.2 36.5 50.7 23.4 93.8 189.6 30.2 24.8 28.2 22.5 77.8 14.1	24.5 -79.8 9.8 9.8 -121.0 -300.6 -171.8 -3.5 -31.7 -1.9 -46.1 -149.4 22.4 28.0 29.7 16.4 9.7 4.1 -49.6	715 9 293 3 410 1 763 0 772 7 785 3 67 5 48 4 43 5 76 6 59 3 71 7 76 7 82 0 63 6 109 6 37 7 48 7	676.8 388.2 382.3 908.4 1.149.7 996.8 66.4 78.7 59.3 138.7 210.1 60.0 57.8 50.9 49.3 98.6 30.7 96.4	39.0 -94.8 27.8 -145.4 -377.0 -211.6 1.1 -30.3 -15.8 -62.1 -150.8 11.7 18.9 31.1 14.3 11.0 7.1

Preliminary.

1 Beginning January 1948, includes Pakistan. Burma. and Ceylon, previously included with India. Beginning January 1950, excludes Iran, Israel, and Thailand, reported separately as of that date.

2 Beginning January 1950, excludes Belgian Congo, reported separately as of that date.

3 Includes transactions of international institutions.

4 Through 1949 includes transactions in corporate bonds.

5 Through 1949 represents transactions in corporate stocks only.

6 Includes net sales of 554 million dollars by Canada.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

TABLE 6.—DOMESTIC SECURITIES: NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM UNITED STATES SECURITIES, BY COUNTRIES

(Inflow of Foreign Funds)

[Net sales, (-). In millions of dollars]

Year or month	Inter- national insti- tutions	Total	United King- dom	France	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia	All other
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	7.6 87.0 121.2 -15.9	-163.6 -199.8 -11.8 823.2 -568.4 305.8	-8.9 9.1 20.9 64.0 21.4 66.2	-50.2 -82.8 -6.8 197.8 6.0 5.5	-98.2 -79.3 -25.5 -6.3 -22.2 -21.9	13.0 -40.0 44.2 19.0 45.9 59.2	-17.1 (1) 1.5 7 1.9	-14.1 2.6 2.2 73.8 -43.8 6.2	-175.5 -190.4 36.5 347.5 9.2 115.7	3.2 7.5 -49.0 458.2 -595.5 193.0	-3.5 10.2 2.5 30.1 13.9 4.7	10.0 -23.3 -2.1 -15.3 4.8 -9.5	2.2 -3.9 .2 2.7 7 1.9
1952—Jan Feb Apr Apr May July. Aug Sept Oct Nov.* Dec.**	-3.3 .8 .8 .3 .6 .4 .9 .9	12.4 -11.2 -2.4 4.2 -1.6 22.5 32.0 -7.0 174.5 50.5 27.4	5.4 7 2.3 .4 1.3 2.4 7.2 7.0 -6.9 38.9 1.8 7.2	1.5 .7 .4 6 (1) 1.6 .7 -1.2	-1.7 -2.7 -2.3 -2.6 -2.1 -3.0 -1.4 -5 3 -2.7 6 -2.2	10.4 -4.8 2.4 -11 -1.9 13.7 6.9 8.3 5.4 13.8 4.5	1 2 2 .1 2 .3 .4 .1 2 3	-1.3 .3 -1.2 6 .7 1.2 .9 .6 4 3.9 3.3 -1.2	14.1 -7.0 1.4 -3.3 -1.9 2.6 21.3 15.1 5 45.9 18.7 9.2	-3.1 9 -2.7 3.6 .7 4 4 6.8 15.7 -2.3 126.1 28.3 16.6	2.3 -2.3 2.9 4.1 4.8 1.5 -4.1 1.1 3.4	-1.3 -1.1 -2.1 (1) -2 -7.3 (1) 2 -7.3 (1) 2 -1.2 1	.4 .1 .3 2 5 .2 .3 3 3

TABLE 6a.—DOMESTIC SECURITIES: NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM UNITED STATES SECURITIES Other Europe; Latin America; and Asia

Year or month	Other Europe		Bel- gium	Nor- way	All other	Latin Amer- ica	Co- lom- bia	Cuba	Mex- ico	Re- public of Pan- ama	Ulu-	Other Latin Amer- ica	Asia	For- mosa and China Main- land	Indo- nesia	Philip- pine Re- pub- lic	Other Asia
1947	-14.1 2.6 2.2 73.8 -43.8 6.2	18.4 -11.9	9 2.6 1.6 12.6 5.7 5	3 9 36.7 -38.1	1.4 6.0 5	10.2 2.5 30.1 13.9	1.2 -1.2	6.1	2.5 2.9 .3 .5 2.5 2.6	-6.9 -4.7 4.2 .1 8 -6.5	-5.0 2.6 2.7	1.5	10.0 -23.3 -2.1 -15.3 4.8 -9.5	-22.7 -7.2 -3.0 - 2	I	7.0 .4 .5 .9 -2.1 -11.4	7.5 9 4.4 -13.0 6.8 2.3
1952—Jan Feb Mar Apr June July. Aug Sept Oct Nov. Dec. Dec.	-1.2 6 .7 1.2 .9 .6 4 3.9	(1) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5)	6 .5 1 .8 .2 .4 8 .4 1 2 .6	1 1 (1) 1 (1) (1) 1 1 3.2	91 -1.3 -1.3 -1.3 .5 .6 1.8 .22 .93 .5	.9 -4.1	3 .6 .4 -1.1	1.3 .5 .8 1 2 1.3 1 3 (1)	1.0 2 (1) 8 7 4 .8 .7 .8 .1 .3 1.1	1.1 -3.2 2.0 1.4 -5.9 3 -2.3 -3.1 .8 2.3	.5 1.0 1 .5 2 .3 .5 1.2 8 3 (1)	1.7 1.3	-1.3 -1.1 -2.1 (¹) 2 -7.3 (¹) 2 -7.3 (¹) 1.2 1	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)		-1.1 3 -1.6 (1) -1.0 -7.5 (1) (1) (1) (1) (2)	1 .1 .8

TABLE 7.—FOREIGN SECURITIES: NET PURCHASES BY FOREIGNERS OF LONG-TERM FOREIGN SECURITIES OWNED IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES (Return of U. S. Funds)

[Net sales, (-). In millions of dollars]

				[144	t saics, (-). III II	inions of	donais					
Year or month	Inter- national insti- tutions	Total	United King- dom	France	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin Amer- ica	Asia	All other
1947	-3.6 -152.7	288.3 -94.9 43.8 -141.8 -224.3 -93.5	-2.0 -9.9 -13.5 -6.1 -2.0 -4.0	-3.1 -4.3 .4 -1.3 -4.1 4.9	-29.9 -5 3 1 -4.7 2.8 -12.8	-14.9 -35.4 19.1 17.2 14.2 8.7	3 .1 .4 .5 1.2	15.6 11.4 24.6 7.8 16.4 18.2	-34.4 -43.4 30.8 13.4 28.5 16.2	205.2 -102.2 -10.6 -190.0 -258.6 -131.0	89.2 40.7 20.2 29.8 33.8 25.3	.5 1.6 .8 1.0 -36.0 -10.0	27.8 8.4 2.6 3.9 7.9 6.0
1952—Jan Feb Mar Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov.**p Dec.**p	-4.4 (1) -50.7 8 (1) 6	2.5 -30.4 -11.4 -62.2 -100.1 12.5 18.9 31.7 14.3 69.8 7.9 -47.0	.2 -3.0 5 -1.1 -1.1 -1.6 -1.1 -1.0 1.3 4.0 7	1.0 .4 .2 .5 .5 .9 3 1.0 1.2 .1 1	.7 .3 .5 .6 2 -3.9 -6.7 -2.9 7 2 1	2.3 .7 .4 1.7 1.0 2 -1.6 2.1 5 1.8	.1 (1) 2 (1) 1 3 .1 1.0 (1)	.6 .8 2.8 2.1 6.1 4 .2 .6 3.9 .7	4.9 8 3.1 3.3 2.3 1.2 -9.6 -1 0 2.0 10.6 .3 2	2.8 -30.6 -5.5 -71.2 -101.5 11.2 21.4 28.3 39.8 8.8 -46.0	-1.1 2.3 1.5 1.0 1.9 2.5 (1) 1.1 6 13.1 2.3	-4.4 -1.8 -5.0 -4.1 -3.0 -2.7 6.7 2.7 -1.6 -3.9	.3 -5.5 8.8 .1 .4 .2 2 3 .2

Preliminary.
 Less than \$50,000.

² Not available until 1950.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

TABLE 8.-INFLOW IN BROKERAGE BALANCES, BY COUNTRIES

(The Net Effect of Increases in Foreign Brokerage Balances in U. S. and of Decreases in Balances Held by Brokers and Dealers in U. S. with Brokers and Dealers Abroad)

[In millions of dollars]

Year or month	Total	United Kingdom	France	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	Italy	Other Europe	Total Europe	Canada	Latin America	Asia	All Other
1947	-6.1	-1.0 -1.2 .1 -1 0 2	-1.4 -2.5 5 1 4 -1.0	-4.8 -3.4 .2 2 5 3 -1.6	-1.5 -10.7 .9 .7 -4.8 1.2	- 2 1 2 4 2 6	5 -3.2 .1 2 3 .6	-9.3 -20.8 1.0 3.0 -3.3 -1.6	-2.0 .1 .9 -3.0 2.8 -1.0	6 1.2 -1.3 4.4 -5.0 1.0	1.8 -4 -2 30 -5 1	-1.4 1 .2 .6 1 1
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November* December*	5.3 1.2 -4.8 4.1 2.3 -3.7 -4.1 2.0 .3 -8.9	8 1.1 .2 -1.3 4 1.0 -1.6 1.3 -1.7 -1.7 -1.2	-1.1 .8 .3 9 .3 .2 1 2 3 2 3	-1.7 1.0 1.9 -1.9 -6 3 1 7 -3 4 7 3 5	5 4.8 -2.7 1.7 2.9 -2.1 -1.1 -1.02 (1) -1.2	(1) - 2 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 3 - 4 2 3	4 2 2 2 3 - 5 1 .2 3 .1 .1 .2 3	-3.7 8.1 (1) -2.9 2.6 2.2 -2.1 -3.3 -1.8 -3.2 1.5	1.1 -2.1 1 8 1.4 -1.5 3 .6 -1.8 -1.2	2.2 -1.5 -1.6 -2.6 2.1 -5 -2.0 .4 1.9 .2 -3.5 3.2	.2 2 8 2 3 2 -1.7 .8 1	(1) 6 (1) .6 .2 1 1 5 .4 8 8

Preliminary.

Less than \$50,000.

GOLD PRODUCTION

OUTSIDE USSR

[In millions of dollars]

	Estimated					Pro	duction	reported	monthly					
Year or	world production			Af	rica			Nor	th and S	outh Am	erica		Otl	ner
month	outside USSR 1	Total reported monthly	South Africa	Rho- desia	West Africa ²	Belgian Congo²	United States	Can- ada	Mex- ico	Colom- bia	Chile	Nica- ragua ⁵	Austra- lia	India ³
			\$1	=15/21	grains of	gold 9/10	fine: i. e	e., an our	nce of fine	$e \ gold = $ \$.	35.			
1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1951—December 1952—January February March April May June July August September October November			504.3 494.4 448.2 429.8 427.9 417.6 392.0 405.5 409.7 408.2 403.1 33.2 34.2 32.2 34.4 33.8 35.5 34.1 35.5	27.8 26.6 23.0 7 19.9 19.1 18.3 18.0 18.5 17.9 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.5 1.4 1.5	32.4 29.2 19.7 18.4 18.9 20.5 19.3 23.4 23.1 722.9 2.0 1.9 2.0 1.9 2.0 2.0 1.8 2.0 2.0 1.8 2.0 2.0 1.8 2.0 2.0 1.8 2.0 2.0 1.8 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	19.6 18.0 15.8 12.7 12.1 11.6 10.8 11.1 12.9 12.3 1.0 11.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	209.2 131.0 48.8 32.5 75.8 70.9 67.3 80.1 66.3 4 9 5.0 4.8 4.6 5.1 5.1 5.5 6.4 6.2 6.8	187.1 169.4 127.8 102.3 94.4 99.1 107.5 123.5 144.2 155.4 7 13.2 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12	28.0 28.0 22.1 17.8 17.5 14.7 16.3 12.9 14.3 13.8 1.2 .5 1.4 9 2.1	23.0 20.9 19.8 19.4 17.7 15.3 13.4 11.7 12.6 13.3 15.1 .9 1.6 1.4 1.2 1.6 1.5 9	9.3 6.4 6.1 7.1 6.3 8.5 9.7 6.7 6.7 6.4 6.4 6.6 6.6	7.5 8.7 7.9 7.0 4.4 7.8 8.8 8.7 7.7 7.8 8.8 8.7 7.7 7.8 8.8 8	52.4 40.4 26.3 23.0 23.0 23.9 32.8 31.2 31.3 30.4 731.3 2.7 2.4 2.6 2.5 2.8 2.7 2.9 3.2 2.8	10.0 9.1 8.6 6.6 5.9 4.6 6.1 6.7 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.7 7.7 8.8 8.7

Amounts outstanding (in millions of dollars): foreign brokerage balances in U. S., 82.4; U. S. brokerage balances abroad, 35.5.

r Revised.

Gold production in USSR: No regular government statistics on gold production in USSR are available, but data of percentage changes irregularly given out by officials of the gold mining industry, together with certain direct figures for past years, afford a basis for estimating annual production as follows: 1934, 135 million dollars; 1935, 158 million; 1936, 187 million; 1937, 185 million; and 1938, 180 million.

1 Estimates of United States Bureau of Mines.
2 Beginning 1942, figures reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
3 Beginning 1944, they are for Gold Coast only.
3 Reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
4 Includes Philippine production received in United States through 1945. Yearly figures are estimates of United States Mint. Monthly figures reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics, those for 1951 having been adjusted by subtracting from each monthly figure \$297,000 so that the aggregate for the year is equal to the yearly estimate compiled by the United States Mint.

4 Gold exports reported by the National Bank of Nicaragua, which states that they represent approximately 90 per cent of total production.

Note:—For explanation of table and sources see Brull Print (Pune 1948 p. 731 and Banking and Mondary Statistics p. 524. For annual Print Print Print (Pune 1948 p. 731 and Banking and Mondary Statistics p. 524. For annual Print Print Print Print (Pune 1948 p. 731 and Banking and Mondary Statistics p. 524. For annual Print Print Print (Pune 1948 p. 731 and Banking and Mondary Statistics p. 524. For annual Print Prin

Note.—For explanation of table and sources, see Bulletin for June 1948, p. 731, and Banking and Monetary Statistics, p. 524. For annual estimates compiled by the United States Mint for these and other countries in the period 1910-1941, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 542-543

REPORTED GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS

IIn millions of dollars)

					.	mions of c							
End of	Estimated total world	United	States	Argen-	Bel-	Bolivia	Brazil	Canada	Chile	Co-	Cuba	Den-	Ecua-
month	(excl. USSR) ¹	Treasury	Total 2	tina	gium	Bonvia	Бгагп	Canada	Cine	lombia	Cuba	mark	dor
1947—Dec 1948—Dec 1949—Dec 1950—Dec	34,550 34,930 35,410 35,820 35,950	22,754 24,244 24,427 22,706 22,695	22,868 24,399 24,563 22,820 22,873	322 143 216 216 268	597 624 698 587 621	23 23 23 23 23 23	354 317 317 317 317	294 408 496 590 850	45 43 40 40 45	83 51 52 74	279 289 299 271 311	32 32 32 31 31	20 21 21 19 22
Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec	736,000 736,120 36,200	23,190 23,290 23,297 23,296 23,346 23,350 23,344 23,342 23,337 23,186	23,377 23,428 23,450 23,502 23,533 23,536 23,528 23,525 23,521 23,504 23,252	268 268 268 268 268 268 268 268 268 268	610 624 638 650 669 735 718 713 711 706	23 23 23 23 23 23 23 25 22	317 317 317 317 317 317 317 317 317 317	868 874 877 886 893 887 883 892 885 887 896	45 45 42 42 41 41 42 42 42 42		311 321 321 321 318 304 294 280 254 214	31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	22 22 22 22 22 22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23
End of	<u> </u>	22,986	23,079 Guate-	T., dia	709	Table	T	Mania	42 Nether-	New	214 Nor-	Pakis-	23
month	Egypt	France 3	mala	India	Iran	Italy	Java ———	Mexico	lands	Zealand	way	tan	Peru
1947—Dec 1948—Dec 1949—Dec 1950—Dec 1951—Dec	53 53 53 97 174	548 548 523 523 548	27 27 27 27 27	274 256 247 247 247	142 140 140 140 138	58 96 256 256 333	178 208 279	100 42 52 208 208	231 166 195 311 316	23 23 27 29 32	72 52 51 50 50	14 27 27 27 27	20 20 28 31 46
1952—Feb	174 174 174 174 174 174	548 548 548 548 548 548 558 558 558 568 573	27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247	138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138	346 346 346 346 346 346 346 346	279 279 280 280 280 280 280 280 280 255 235	206 185 185 117 70 71 72 87 104	317 340 342 344 344 350 323 326 326 394 544	32 32 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46
1953—Jan		573	27	247	138		218		₽567	33		38	
End of month	Portu- gal	El Sal- vador	South Africa	Spain	Sweden	Switz- er- land	Thai- land	Turkey	United King- dom	Uru- guay	Vene- zuela	Inter- national Mone- tary Fund	Bank for Inter- national Settle- ments
1947—Dec 1948—Dec 1949—Dec 1950—Dec 1951—Dec	310 236 178 192 265	15 15 17 23 26	762 183 128 197 190	111 111 85 61 51	105 81 70 90 152	1.356 1.387 1.504 1.470 1.452	34 34 118 118 113	170 162 154 150 151	\$ 2,079 \$ 1,856 \$ 1,688 \$ 3,300 \$ 2,335	175 164 178 236 221	215 323 373 373 373	1,356 1,436 1,451 1,495 1,530	30 36 68 167 115
1952—Feb Mar Apr May June July. Aug Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec	282 285 286	26 26 30 30 30 30 29 29 29	193 169 164 161 148 151 159 158 159 170	51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	211 214 214 210 213 206 202 202 190 185 184	1,426 1,432 1,413 1,410 1,408 1,404 1,404 1,406 1,407 1,411	113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113	150 150 150 153 150 150 150 146 143 143	\$ 1,771 \$ 1,700 \$ 1,662 \$ 1,678 \$ 1,685 \$ 1,716 \$ 1,685 \$ 1,767 \$ 1,685 \$ 1,767 \$ 1,895 \$ 1,846	211 211 211 211 211 211 211 211 205 205 207	373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373 373	1,532 1,532 1,532 1,535 1,537 1,537 1,681 1,683 1,691 1,692	126 143 151 154 154 166 181 183 187 191
1953Jan		29		51	195			143	5 1,978	·····	373	1,692	215

P Preliminary.

7 Revised.

Includes reported gold holdings of central banks and governments and international institutions, unpublished holdings of various central banks and governments, estimated holdings of British Exchange Equalization Account based on figures shown below under United Kingdom, and estimated official holdings of countries from which no reports are received.

2 Includes gold in Exchange Stabilization Fund. Gold in active portion of this Fund is not included in regular statistics on gold stock (Treasury gold) used in the Federal Reserve statement "Member Bank Reserves, Reserve Bank Credit, and Related Items" or in the Treasury statement "United States Money, Outstanding and in Circulation, by Kinds."

3 Represents gold holdings of Bank of France (holdings of French Exchange Stabilization Fund are not included).

4 Figure as of Mar. 31.

5 Exchange Equalization Account holdings of gold, U. S. and Canadian dollars, as reported by British Government. (Gold reserves of Bank of England have remained unchanged at 1 million dollars since 1939, when Bank's holdings were transferred to Exchange Equalization Account.)

North For Mescription of Gourse, including details recording account linternational institutions, unpublished holdings of various central banks and international institutions, unpublished holdings of various central banks institutions, unpublished holdings of various central banks and institutions, unpublished holdings of various central banks and gold reserved by Eventral banks and provided Account of Gourse and Parking and Canadian dollars since 1939, when Bank's holdings were transferred to Exchange Equalization Account.)

Note.—For description of figures, including details regarding special internal gold transfers affecting the reported data, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 524-535; for back figures through 1941 see Table 160, p. 526 and pp. 544-555, in the same publication and for those subsequent to 1941 see Bullletin for January 1953, p. 725; and November 1947, p. 1433. For revised back figures for Argentina and Canada, see Bulletin for January 1949, p. 86, and February 1949, p. 196, respectively.

NET GOLD PURCHASES BY THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES

[Negative figures indicate net sales by the United States]

(In millions of dollars at \$35 per fine troy ounce)

Year or quarter	Total	United Kingdom	Bel- gium	France	Neth- er- lands	Portu- gal	Swe- den	Switz- er- land	Other Europe 1	Canada	Argen- tina	Cuba	Mexico
1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	-452.9 721.3 2.864.4 1,510.0 193.3 -1,725.2 75.2 393.7		31.1 14.2 222.8 69.8 -41.0 -55.0 -10.3 -3.8	278.5 264.6 15.8 -84.8 -20.0	130.8 40.7 -23.5 -79.8 -4.5 -100.0	-10.0 116.0 63.0 14.0 -15.0 -34.9	80.2 238.0 3.0 -22.9 -32.0	-86.8 -29.9 10.0 -5.6 -40.0 -38.0 -15.0 22.5	-7.4 27.3 86.6 5.8 2-159.9 -68.0 -60.1 -29.3	36.8 337.9 311.2 -100.0 -10.0 7.2	-224.9 153.2 727.5 114.1 -49.9 -20.0	-85.0 -30.0 -65.0 -10.0 -10.0 28.2 -20.0	-23.8 36.9 45.4 61.6 -16.1 -118.2 -60.2 87.7
1949 JanMar	173.9	162.4 283.9	-31.0			l . . <i>.</i>	l	-10.0 -20.0	2-119.1	3.4			2.3 7.9 -11.3 -15.0
JanMar		-80.0 -580.0 -360.0	-35.0 -20.0			-15.0	-3.0 -16.0 -4.0	-13.0 -25.0	-12.4 -11.9 3.4 -47.1	-100.0		8.2	-15.8 -40.5 -61.9
JanMar AprJune July-Sept OctDec	-876.3 -55.6 291.4 715.7	-400.0 -80.0 320.0 629.9	-12.3 2.0	-91.7 71.7		-15.0 -5.0	-15.0 -17.0		-44.3 -11.2 -3.5 -1.1	<i></i>	-49.9	-20.0	64.1
JanMarAprJune July-SeptOctDec	557.3 105.7 -1.3 -268.0	520.0	 										

NET GOLD PURCHASES BY THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES-Continued

[Negative figures indicate net sales by the United States] (In millions of dollars at \$35 per fine troy ounce)

Year or quarter	Uru- guay	Vene- zuela	Other Latin Amer- ica	Asia and Oceania	Union of South Africa	All other
1945	-37.9 -4.9 25.1 10.7 -14.4 -64.8 22.2 14.9	-9.2 -3.7 -108.0 -50.0	79.1 13.4 -7.5 -17.2	13.7 1.0 -4.1 -52.1 -35.4 5-50.1	94.3 256.0 498.6 195.7 13.1 52.1	22.9 11.9 6.9 -1.6 4-47.2 4-84.0
1949						
JanMar	3.0 -16.5	-50.0	3.6 3.7 -2.9 -11.9	-2.3 -6.6 -2.2 -41.0	48.1	-2.0
1950						
JanMar AprJune July-Sept OctDec	-2.0 -23.9		-10.4 9 1 -5.9	1.0 -13.9 -22.8	9.2	-26.9 -2.8 -14.7 -2.8
1951						
JanMar	15.0 28.0	9	-11.7 -5.0 3.5 -4.0	-18.8 -2.4 -3.9 -25.0	12.7 20.3	-28.0 -25.0 -31.0
1952						
JanMar			-17.6 -7.4 -2.0 2.0	-2.4		i -1.9

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN GOLD STOCK OF UNITED STATES

[In millions of dollars]

		tock at period	Increase in total	Net gold im-	Ear- marked gold: de-	Domes- tic gold
Period	Treas- ury	Total 1	gold stock	port or export (-)	crease or in- crease (-)	produc- tion 2
1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1952—Feb	22,726 21,938 20,619 20,065 20,529 22,754 24,244 24,427 22,706 22,695 23,186	21,981 20,631 20,083 20,706 22,868 24,399 24,563	-757.9 -1,349.8 -547.8 623.1 *2,162.1 1,530.4 164.6	68.9 -845.4 -106.3 311.5 1,866.3 1,680.4 686.5 -371.3 -549.6 684.3	-803.6 -459.8 -356.7 465.4 210.0 -159.2 -495.7 -1,352.4 617.6 -304.8	125.4 48.3 35.8 32.0 51.2 75.8 70.9 67.3 80.1 66.3 67.8
Mar Apr May June July Aug Sept Oct Nov Dec 1953—Jan Feb	23,290 23,297 23,296 23,346 23,350 23,344 23,342 23,337 23,186 22,662	23,428 23,450 23,502 23,533 23,536 23,525 23,525 23,521 23,504 23,252 23,079 22,751	51.6 22.0 51.9 30.5 3.8 -8.0 -2.4 -16.9 -252.6 -172.8 -327.5	157.1 96.6 27.2 36.6 24.5 3.1 33.3 83.5 83.5	-103.1 -75.4 27.1 19.3 -31.4 -32.6 -13.8	4.6 5.0 5.1 5.5 6.5 6.2 6.8 6.0 5.9 4.5

Includes Bank for International Settlements.
 Includes sale of 114.3 million dollars of gold to Italy.
 Includes sales of 185.3 million dollars of gold to China.
 Includes sales of gold to Egypt as follows: 1950, 44.8 million dollars; and 1951, 76.0 million.
 Includes sales of 45.0 million dollars of gold to Indonesia.

See footnote 2 on opposite page.
 Yearly figures through 1951 are estimates of United States Mint.
 Figures for 1952 and 1953 are estimates of American Bureau of Metal

Figures for 1952 and 1953 are estimates of American Burcau & Arctan Statistics.

§ Change includes transfer of 687.5 million dollars gold subscription to International Monetary Fund.

§ Not yet available.

§ Gold held under earmark at the Federal Reserve Banks for foreign account, including gold held for the account of international institutions, amounted to 5,808.9 million dollars on Feb. 28, 1953. Gold under earmark is not included in the gold stock of the United States.

NOTE.—For back figures and description of statistics, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 156, pp. 536-538, and pp. 522-523.

INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND AND INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

[End-of-month figures. In millions of dollars]

		•		
International Fund	1953		1952	
International Fund	Jan.	Oct.	July	Jan.
GoldCurrencies (balances with depositories	1,692	1,691	1.537	1,531
and securities payable on demand): United States Other Unpaid balance of member subscriptions. Other assets Member subscriptions Accumulated net income	1,288 4,395 1,354 1 8,737	1,293 4,390 1,354 1 8,737	4,420	1,322 4,408 883 1 8,152 -7
Net currency purchased 1	1953		1952	
(Cumulative—millions of dollars)	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	Jan.
Australian pounds Belgian francs Brazilian cruzeiros Chilean pesos Czechoslovakian koruny Danish kroner Egyptian pounds Finnish markkaa French francs Indian rupees Iranian rials Netherlands guilders Turkish liras Pounds sterling Yugoslav dinars All other	50.0 11.4 37.5 3.6 6.0 10.2 -5.5 4.5 125.0 8.8 48.1 10.0 300.0 9.0 -1.6	50.0 11.4 37.5 3.6 6.0 10.2 -5.5 4.5 125.0 100.0 8.8 48.1 10.0 300.0 9.0 -1.6	3.6 6.0 10.2 -5.5 125.0 100.0 8.8 48.1 10.0 300.0	11.4 65.5 5.4 6.0 10.2 -5.5 125.0 100.0 8.8 75.4 300.0
Total	716.8	716.8	712.3	734.4

International Bank		1952		1951
international Bank	Dec.	Sept.	June	Dec.
GoldCurrencies (balances with depositories and securities payable on demand):				(2)
United StatesOther	10 1,040		6 937	8 945
Investment securities (U. S. Govt. obligations)	495 4	472 4	512 4	510 4
Loans (incl. undisbursed portions and incl. obligations sold under Bank's				-
guarantee) Other assets	1,409	1,330 15 496	14	10
Bonds outstanding Liability on obligations sold under guar- antee	568 66	496 59	500 56	436 33
Loans—undisbursedOther liabilities	423 9	407 7	403 7	350 10
General reserve	66 32	30	28	50 24
Capital 3	1,807	1.807	1,691	1,688

¹As of Jan. 31, 1953, the Fund had sold 851.5 million U. S. dollars; in addition, the Fund sold to the Netherlands 1.5 million pounds sterling in May 1947 and 300 million Belgian francs in May 1948, sold to Norway 200 million Belgian francs in June and July 1948, and sold to Brazil 10 million pounds sterling in January 1951. Repurchases amounted to 180.1 million dollars. Currencies the net transactions in which amount to less than one million are reported under "All other." ² Less than \$500,000.

³ Excludes uncalled portions of capital subscriptions, amounting to 7,229 million dollars as of Dec. 31, 1952, of which 2,540 million represents the subscription of the United States.

CENTRAL BANKS

Bank of England		of issue rtment	As	sets of ban departmen		None	Lia	abilities of	banking	departme	nt
(Figures in millions of pounds sterling)	Gold 1	Other	Notes and	Dis- counts	Securi-	Note circula- tion *		Depo	sits		Other liabili- ties and
		assets 2	coin	and ad- vances	ties		Bankers'	Public	ECA	Other	capital
1943—Dec. 29 1944—Dec. 27 1945—Dec. 26 1946—Dec. 25 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 29 1950—Dec. 27 1951—Dec. 26 1952—Feb. 27 Mar. 26 Apr. 30 May 28 June 25 July 30 Aug. 27 Sept. 24 Oct. 29 Nov. 26 Dec. 31	.4	1 100 0 1 250 0 1 400 0 1 450 0 1 450 0 1 325 0 1 325 0 1 325 0 1 350 0 1 370 0 1 450 0 1 450 0 1 450 0 1 550 0 1 550 0 1 550 0 1 550 0	12 5 13 5 20 7 23 4 100 8 36 1 33 7 19 2 14 1 34 9 17 4 41 9 39 7 59 8 36 8 36 8 57 7 40 5 57 7 40 5 51 3	2 5 5 1 8 4 13.6 15.2 16.7 14.8 29 2 18.2 17.7 23.6 27.4 11.9 21.2 21.6 7.2 9.3 9.9	307.9 317.4 327.0 327.6 331.3 401.1 489.6 384.0 389.2 344.2 351.8 306.6 319.6 319.7 324.4 333.5 324.8 357.6 371.2	1.088.7 1.238.6 1.379.9 1.428.2 1.349.7 1.293.1 1.321.9 1.357.7 1.437.9 1.367.0 1.384.6 1.410.0 1.412.2 1.442.1 1.515.1 1.459.0 1.444.1 1.444.1 1.444.2	234 3 260 7 274 5 315 1 314 5 299 2 313 8 290 8 280 3 273 0 270 0 275 7 262 0 275 4 275 4 275 4 302 8	10 3 5 2 5 3 10 3 18 6 11 7 11 6 15 4 13 4 11 8 12 1 10 7 10 1 10 6 10 4 16 0 11 13 .5 15 .4 10 .0	17 4 97 9 4 6 4 5 5 5 13 6 2 23 0 24 2 22 2 26 6 24 3	60 4 52 3 58 5 57 3 95 5 92 1 111 2 80 8 83 1 81 3 73 4 72 6 67 72 5 69 2 64 8 67 72 5 67 72 6	17.9 17.8 18.1 18.1 18.1 18.1 18.1 18.5 17.8 18.0 18.1 18.3 18.3 18.4 18.5 17.8 18.0 18.1 18.1
1953—Jan. 28		41,500.0	52.9	6.5	343.2	1,448.9	274.5	11.5	32.2	66.1	18.3

¹ On June 9, 1945, the official buying price of the Bank of England for gold was increased from 168 shillings to 172 shillings and threepence per fine ounce, and on Sept. 19, 1949, it was raised to 248 shillings. For details regarding previous changes in the buying price of gold and for internal gold transfers during 1939, see BULLETIN for March 1950, p. 388, footnotes 1 and 4.

² Securities and silver coin held as cover for fiduciary issue, the amount of which is also shown by this figure.

² Notes issued less amounts held in banking department.

⁴ Fiduciary issue decreased by 50 million pounds on Jan. 7 and by 25 million on Jan. 14. For details on previous changes, see BULLETIN for February 1953, p. 194.

Note.—For back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 164, pp. 638-640; for description of statistics, see pp. 560-561 in same publication.

			Assets			Liabilities					
Bank of Canada (Figures in millions of Canadian dollars)	0.11	Sterling	Dominion a cial gove secur	ernment	Other	Note		Deposits		Other liabilities and capital 3	
Canadian dollars)	Gold	States dollars	Short- term 1	Other	assets	circulation?	Chartered banks	Dominion govern- ment	Other		
1940—Dec. 31 1941—Dec. 31 1942—Dec. 31 1943—Dec. 31 1944—Dec. 30 1945—Dec. 31 1946—Dec. 31 1947—Dec. 31 1948—Dec. 31 1949—Dec. 31 1950—Dec. 30 1951—Dec. 31		74.1 111.4	448 4 391 8 807 2 787 6 906 9 1.157 3 1.197 4 1.022.0 1.233 7 1.781.4 1.229.3 1,141.8	127 3 216 7 209 2 472 8 573 9 688 3 708 2 858 5 779 1 227 8 712 5 1 049 3	12 4 33 5 31 3 47 3 34 3 29 5 42 1 43 7 45 4 42 5 297 1 135 2	359 9 496 0 693 6 874 4 1,036 0 1,129 1 1,186 2 1,211 4 1,289 1 1,307 4 1,367 4 1,464 2	217 7 232 0 259 9 340 2 401 7 521 2 565 5 536 2 547 3 541 7 578.6 619 0	10 9 73 8 51 6 20 5 12 9 153 3 60 5 68 8 98 1 30 7 24 7 94 9	9 5 6.0 19.1 17.8 27.7 29.8 93.8 67.5 81.0 126.9 207.1 66.1	28 5 35 1 24 0 55 4 209 1 198 5 42 7 42 4 43 1 119 2 172 6 200 0	
1952—Feb. 29 Mar. 31 Apr. 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 Aug. 29 Sept. 30 Oct. 31 Nov. 20 Dec. 31		74.9 73.5 42.8	1,058.1 1,179.9 1,191.5 1,203.6 1,251.3 1,280.0 1,303.2 1,263.7 1,286.7 1,214.3 1,459.8	1.027.7 882.2 874.7 824.6 817.8 843.9 852.9 870.9 896.1 957.3 767.2	88 2 106 8 84 0 73 8 76.1 71.2 69.7 70.8 103.4 72.3 77.3	1 374 4 1 393 2 1 411 8 1 417 4 1 441 8 1 458 3 1 464 4 1 476 5 1 485 6 1 498 8 1 561 2	616 .7 656 5 645 .7 579 .4 578 .0 595 .5 614 .7 588 .2 668 .8 607 .3 626 .6	88 5 14 6 14.3 21.9 26.8 51.6 52.0 30.7 18.8 15.0 16.2	52 1 66 1 41 7 44 6 48 5 41 6 47 4 49 4 56 0 65 1 44 5	112 5 98.6 109.0 117.1 93.9 111.2 122.1 134.0 99.8 125.2 132.9	
1953—-Jan. 31		64.3	1,351.2	803.0	82.3	1,479.6	603.1	40.5	47.6	130.1	

				As	sets				Liabilities				
Bank of France (Figures in		Foreign	D	omestic b	ills		nces to nment 6	Other	Note circula-		Deposits	,	Other liabil- ities
millions of francs)	Gold	change	Open market 6	Special	Other	Current	Other	assets 6	tion	Govern- ment	ECA	Other	and capital
1940 - Dec. 26 1941 - Dec. 31 1942 - Dec. 31 1943 - Dec. 30 1944 - Dec. 28 1945 - Dec. 27 1946 - Dec. 26 1947 - Dec. 31 1948 - Dec. 30 1949 - Dec. 29 1950 - Dec. 27	84 616 84 598 84 598 84 598 75 151 129,817 94,817 95,225 65,225 62,274 182,785 191,447	42 38 37 37 42 68 7 12 30 61,943 162,017 28 320	7 802 6 812 8 420 9 518 12 170 17 980 37,618 67,395 97,447 137,689 136,947 234 923	661 12 169 29 48 303 3.135 64 8.577 28.548 34.081 31.956	3 646 4 517 5 368 7 543 18 592 25 548 76 254 117 826 238 576 335 727 393 054 741 267	63 900 69 500 68 250 64 400 15 850 67 900 147 400 150 900 157 900 158 900 160 000	112 317 182 507 250.965 366.973 475.447 485.447 180 447 558 039 550.990 481.039 181.039	212.822	218 383 270 144 382 774 500 386 570 006 721 865 920 831 987 621 1 ,278 ,211 1 ,560 ,561 1 841 608	984 1 517 770 578 748 12,048 765 733 806 1 168 70 29	15.058 10.587	27 202 25 272 29 935 33 137 37 855 57 755 63 468 82 479 171 783 158 973 161 720	*44.986 *68.474 *21.318 *15.596 7.078 4.087 7.213 10.942 16.206 19.377 24.234 41.332
1952—Feb 28 Mar. 27 Apr. 30 May 29 June 26 July 31 Aug. 28 Sept. 25 Oct. 30 Nov. 27 Dec. 31	194,943 194,943 198,439 200,187	16,991 20,077 23,435 27,613 28,815 30,413	245 014 272 294 273,149 274,111 254,301 257,589 270,264 283,717 274,454 274,003 262,363	14,404 31,784 48,089 52,225 57,042	850.733 841.006 799,004 841,897 831.044 835,599 854.081 812,416 872,793 851.545 937,459	171,100 169,000 168,000 167,800 168,600 166,300 171,100	481 039 479 982 500.982 479.982 479.982 479.982 479.982 470.982 479.982 479.982 501.982	113.099 139.747 118.726 110,501 184.957 169,852 171.274 161,980 154.146 159,727	1 .880 .832 1 .861 .681 1 .925 .615 1 .900 .526 1 .885 .929 1 .984 .549 1 .962 .270 2 .024 .943 2 .006 .873 2 ,123 .514 2 .065 .210	36 55 13 83 25 10 27		198. 702 188. 767 156. 326 171. 350 143. 900 121. 411 137. 403 129. 755 139. 480 137. 727	30 601 41 448 29 679 38.539 43.541 43.369 46.878 61.930 49.792 55.954 49.305 57.008

¹ Securities maturing in two years or less.
² Includes notes held by the chartered banks, which constitute an important part of their reserves.
³ Beginning November 1944, includes a certain amount of sterling and United States dollars.
⁴ On May 1, 1940, gold transferred to Foreign Exchange Control Board in return for short-term Government securities (see BULLETIN for July 1940, pp. 677-678).
⁵ For details on devaluations and other changes in the gold holdings of the Bank of France. see BULLETIN for September 1951, p. 1211; September 1950, pp. 1132 and 1261; June 1949, p. 747; May 1948, p. 601; May 1940, pp. 406-407; January 1939, p. 29; September 1937, p. 853; and November 1936, pp. 878-880.
⁵ For explanation of these items, see BULLETIN for January 1950, p. 117 footnote 6.
7 Beginning January 1950, when the Bank of France modified the form of presentation of its statement, the figures under this heading are not strictly comparable with those shown for earlier dates.
⁵ Includes the following amounts (in millions of francs) for account of the Central Administration of the Reichskreditkassen: 1940, 41,400; 1941, 64,580: 1942, 16,857: 1943, 10,724
⁵ Includes the following amounts (in millions of francs) for account of the Central Administration of the Reichskreditkassen: 1940, 41,400; 1941, 64,580: 1942, 16,857: 1943, 10,724
⁵ Includes the following amounts (in millions of france) for account of the Central Administration of the Reichskreditkassen: 1940, 41,400; 1941, 64,580: 1942, 16,857: 1943, 10,724
⁵ Includes the following amounts (in millions of france) for account of the Central Administration of the Reichskreditkassen: 1940, 41,400; 1941, 64,580: 1942, 16,857: 1943. 10,724
⁵ Includes the following amounts (in millions of france) for account of the Central Administration of the Reichskreditkassen: 1940, 41,400; 1941, 64,580: 1942, 16,857: 1943. 10,724
⁵ Includes the following amounts (in millions of france) for account of the Central Administration of the Reichskreditkassen: 1940, 41,400; 1941, 64,580: 1942,

Central Bank	1953		1952		Central Bank	1953	1952		
(Figures as of last report date of month)	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	Jan.	(Figures as of last report date of month)	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	Jan.
entral Bank of the Argentine					Bank of the Republic of Colom-				
Republic (millions of pesos): Gold reported separately]	814	814	bia—Cont. Loans and discounts	365.286	424.144	390.577	220.73
Other gold and foreign exchange. Government securities. Rediscounts and loans to banks. Other assets. Currency circulation Deposits—Nationalized. Other sight obligations.		<i>.</i>	215	894	Government loans and securities.	174.759	170.083	168.337	149.81
Government securities			2,125 47,334	2,087 42,442	Other assets	82,176	79,155	87,436 529,608	128,24 457,28
Other assets			259	239	Deposits	1344,151	325,267	342,281	268,61
Currency circulation	• • • • • • •		18,788	17,297	Other liabilities and capital	69,914	65,816	68,676	62,93
Other sight obligations			27,775 817	848	Central Bank of Costa Rica (thousands of colones):	[i	
Offiner hamilties and capital			3,366	2,753	Gold	11,511	11,511	11,511	11,51
ommonwealth Bank of Australia (thousands of pounds):					Foreign exchange	87,009	70,510 7,031	64,437 7,031	64,223 7,03
Gold and foreign exchange	381,576	352,266	327,280	365,421	Loans and discounts	84,051	100,831	92,450	73,17
Checks and bills of other banks Securities (incl. Government and	6,275	7,094	5,625	5,452	Securities	7,125	7,205	7,349	7,95
Treasury bills)	411,530	444,966	437,662	619,543	Note circulation	132.547	22,978 135,081	25,185 119,804	23,05 $112,59$
Other assets	61,637	40,135	37,682	93,052	Demand deposits	67,086	64,323	66,198	56,06
Note circulation Deposits of Trading Banks:	321,108	342,418	315,608	295,221	Other liabilities and capital National Bank of Cuba	20,454	20,662	21,961	18,28
Special	187,595	157,595	157,595	488,570	(thousands of pesos):				
OtherOther liabilities and capital	56,715 205 541	52,527	47,197 287 780	35,838 263,839	Gold			253,748	
ustrian National Bank (millions	295,541	291,922	207,709	203,639	Foreign exchange (net) Foreign exchange (Stabilization	38,270	74,035	54,284	52,04
of schillings):	100	98	98		Fund)	135,471	138,561	142,624	96,86
Foreign exchange	2,239	2,162	1,981	51 480	Silver	33,380	34,365	36,326 12,511	42,17 12,51
Loans and discounts	6,325	6.605	6.396	6,269	Loans and discounts	50 480	52 454	1 42 5031	12 32
Claim against Government	2,405 41	2,900 38	2,854 46	3,455 38	Credits to Government	46,918	46,746	41,077	11,94
Other assets	8,777	9,048	8,678	7.969	Other assets	46,918 43,248 411,899	424,414	411.030	27,76 378,40
Deposits—Banks	385	631	290	218	Deposits	l 170.8661	178.340	1200.790	180,46
OtherBlocked	259 1,689	354 1,770	570 1,837	381 1.723	Other liabilities and capital National Bank of Czechoslovakia 5	11,275	10,918	11,036	7,32
ational Bank of Belgium	1,005	2,,,,	1,00.	,	National Bank of Denmark				
(millions of francs):	35,448	35,295	35,547	31,529	(millions of kroner):	69	69	69	61
Foreign claims and balances (net)	16,272	16,658	17,600	21,450	Foreign exchange	780	765	630	69 550
Loans and discounts	6,823 34,723	7,095 34,763	4,246 34.763	8,356 34,823	Contributions to Int'l. Bank			ا نیز ۱۰۰۰۰	11
Consolidated Government debt Government securities	6,386	6,708	8,490	7.998	Securities	98 443	134 442	85 440	129 113
Other assets	3,806	4,171	4,088	3,244	Govt. compensation account	3,347	3,348	3,356	3,878
Note circulation Deposits—Demand	96,301 $2,111$	97,190 1,694	95,141 1,481	94,197 2,356	Other assets	178) 1,863	324 1,966	403 1,812	57: 1,72:
ECA	1,319	1,341	1,310	1,091	Deposits—Government	1,522	1,497	1,528	1,87
ECA Other liabilities and capital	3,729	4,463	6,801	9,755	Other	1,344	1,444		1,54
entral Bank of Bollvia—Mone- tary dept. (millions of bolivianos):			(Oct.)*		Other liabilities and capital Central Bank of the Dominican	186	175	171	18
tary dept. (millions of bolivianos): Gold at home and abroad * Foreign exchange (net) Loans and discounts Government securities Other assets. Note circulation Deposits. Other liabilities and capital			1,516	1,370	Republic (thousands of dollars):				
Foreign exchange (net)			31,575 1,857	785 1,204		12,076 18,874	12,076 20,189	12,076 19,702	12,06 18,36
Government securities			1,830	1,850	Net claim on Int'l. Fund 4	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,25
Other assets			336 5,285	248 4,092		43 1,217	42 870	42 509	4 19
Deposits			939	672	Government securities	7,154	7,154	7,621	7,06
			891	695	Other assets	2,236	$\frac{2,643}{35,124}$	1,756	70 28,91
entral Bank of Ceylon (thousands of rupees):					Note circulation Demand deposits	33,955 7,423	7,651	33,252 8,216	9,05
Einu awahanga	405,352	401,089	423,813	660,950	Other liabilities and capital	1,472	1,449	1,488	1,73
Advances to Government Government securities	80,745	75,650	55,528	2.810	Central Bank of Ecuador (thousands of sucres):				
Other assets	3,349	3,897	6.566		Gold 8	338,818	338,642	338,555	335,70
Other assets Currency in circulation Deposits—Government Banks Other liabilities and capital Sector Bank of Chile (millions	7.013	7.108	6.000	406,862 75,744	Foreign exchange (net) Net claim on Int'l. Fund 4	230,231 18,757	234,168 18 757	238,983	26,50 18,75
Banks	147,997	131,926	130,587	154,989	Credits—Government	224,333	194,879	189,963	203,92
Other liabilities and capital	37,838	37,774	40,208	44,030		153,079 155,425	175,360	182,834	186,77 179,10
entral Bank of Chile (millions of pesos):		1				544,911	569.864	565,461	458,73
Gold	1,247	1,174 279	1,110	1,214	Demand deposits—Private bar ks	189,847	200,699	178,675	150,88
Foreign exchange (net)	84 277	279	215 221	381 107	Other liabilities and capital	180,013 205,873	162,042 180 761	159,343	115,13 226,01
Discounts for member banks	2,136	2,633	2,780	1,614	National Bank of Egypt (thou-	200,013	130,701	201,100	220,01
Loans to Government	4,059 7,447	4,059 6,932	664 9,315	670 6,251	sands of pounds):	60 552	60 552	60 552	40 ==
Other loans and discounts	2,827	2,780	2,852	3,110		20,817	19,710	60,553 19,977	60,55 25,92
Note circulation	12,219	12.787	11,364	8,452	Foreign and Fauntien				
Deposits—BankOther	2,409 542	2,002 584	2,584 300	2,113 361	Government securities Loans and discounts	299,012	291,737	275,886	333,98 29,40
Other liabilities and capital	2,906	2,705	2,910	2,420	Advances to Government	299,012 19,092 3,361 5,803	2,761	7,364	
nk of the Republic of Colombia		ļ		.	Other assets	5,803	4,717	4,706	4,06
(thousands of pesos):	299,185	295,895	268,423	258,541	Note circulation	ZUUL 5741	199 XU3	IIVS DOXI	194,94 119,31
Net claim on Int'l. Fund 4	24,373	24,373 7,159	24,372	24,370	Deposits—Government Other Other liabilities and capital	107,562	98,099	104,971	114,48
Paid-in capital—Int'l. Bank	7 1641	7 150	1 410	7,124	Other liabilities and capital	10 002	22 050	22 240	25,18

^{*}Latest month available.

¹ On Aug. 17, 1950, gold reserve revalued from .0202765 to .0177734 grams of fine gold per franc.

² It is understood that, beginning June 1950, gold reserves have been revalued at a rate of 60 bolivianos per dollar.

² The data used in calculating this figure appear inconsistent with those for earlier months.

⁴ This figure represents the amount of the bank's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund. Until such time as the Fund engages in operations in this currency, the "net claim" will equal the country's gold contribution.

⁵ For last available report (March 1950), see BULLETIN for September 1950, p. 1262.

⁶ In December 1950, gold and foreign exchange holdings revalued from 13.50 to 15.00 sucres per dollar.

Դ Beginning April 1951, gold previously held in Issue Department revalued from 7.4375 grams of fine gold to 2.55187 grams of fine gold per Egyptian pound.

Note.—For details relating to individual items in certain bank statements, see Bulletin for January 1953, p. 78; January 1952, p. 102; January 1951, p. 112; and January 1950, p. 118.

(Figures as of last report date of month)					li (Te)		1952		
	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	Jan.	(Figures as of last report date of month)	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	Jan.
entral Reserve Bank of El Salva-					Bank of Italy (billions of lire):				
dor (thousands of colones):	73,404	73,478	73,551	64,211	Gold	45	43	4 42	3
Gold	56.589	30,140	15,877	48,051	Foreign exchange	574		578	59
Net claim on Int'l. Fund 1	1,566	1,566	1,566	1,566	Loans and discounts	299		277	23
Loans and discounts	19,434 6,409	33,707 6,800		18,051 5,466		249 738		239 783	18 78
Other assets	1,747	1,228	2.298	1.675	Note circulation	1,299		1,271	1,20
Note circulation	96,691	94,187	85,220	88,692	Deposits—Government	65	38	57	13
DepositsOther liabilities and capital	54,659 7,800	45,201 7,532	41,253 7,490	43,038 7,291	DemandOther	57 390	79 360	53 432	36
ank of Finland (millions of mark-	1,500	.,	,,250	,,2,1	Other liabilities and capital	98		108	
kaa):	5,863	5,863	5,863	5,865	Bank of Japan (millions of yen):	440	440	440	
GoldForeign assets (net)	11,313	7,427	8,502	22,167	Bullion	448 37.931		38,390	750 39,36
Clearings (net)	1,079	4,430	3,867	3,361	Loans and discounts	329 845	317 763	322 117	345,99
Loans and discounts	39,965 1,139	47,643 1,162	42,994 1,165	18,999 1,051	Government securities	233,240	286,141	203,280	86,03
SecuritiesOther assets	2,009	290	1,926	2,639	Other assets	519 765	576 431	486 439	789,92 467,02
Note circulation	41,104	46,153		40,134	Deposits Covernment	1 80,475	91,627	82,637	43,23
DepositsOther liabilities and capital	4,145 16,719	3,889 16,773		$r_{2,327}$	Other		59,251 39,051		25,75
ank of German States	10,,,,	10,770	10,020	11,017	Other liabilities	45,472	39,031	41,280	25,81
(millions of German marks):	695	507	570	• • • •	Gold 3	826	892	968	1,06
GoldForeign exchange		587 4,308	572 4.282	$\frac{116}{2,046}$	Gold 3 Foreign exchange (net)	21	24	256	62
Loans and discounts	2,920	3,990	2,597	4,451	Loans and discounts	739 5,193		738 3,752	55 1,47
Loans to Government	7,026	7,556	7,953	8,753	Other assets	344	411	489	1,14
Other assets	10,342	1,033 $10,509$	884 10,401	590 9,163	Note circulation	4,182		3,768	3,13
Deposits—Government	1,580	1,747	1,718	2.307	Deposits—ECA	496 1,429	496 1,218	496 1,151	80
Banks	1,972	2,990	1,941	2,019	Other lightlities and engited	1,015		787	9:
Other Other liabilities and capital	1,726	262 1,966	280 1,950	$\frac{273}{2,193}$	Bank of Mexico (millions of pesos).				
ank of Greece (billions of drach-	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,500	1,700	2,170	Monetary reserve 1	1,213	1,224	1,189	1,15
mae):	1 1		4 504	1 100	"Authorized" holdings of secu- rities, etc	3,361	3,406	3,237	3.02
Loans and discounts			1,591	1,180 182	Bills and discounts	462	473	479	43
Advances—Government			9,100	7.769	Other assets	328	$\begin{array}{c c} 297 \\ 3,479 \end{array}$	347 3,305	3.10
Other			3,416	3,666	Note circulation	3.332 1,521	1,416	1,454	1,45
mae): Gold and foreign exchange (net) Loans and discounts Advances—Government. Other Other assets Note circulation. Deposits—Government. Reconstruction and relief accts			1,600 2,223	1,982 1,972	Other liabilities and capital	511	504	493	49
Deposits—Government			872	1,053	Netherlands Bank (millions of			į	
Reconstruction and	1		7,394	5,718	guilders): Gold 5	2,149	2,061	1,435	1,19
relief accts Other Other liabilities and capital			2.130	2,183		14	14	13	1
Other liabilities and capital]		3,215	3,853	Foreign assets (net)	1,416 33		1,989	73
ank of Guatemala (thousands of quetzales):					Loans and discounts	1,451	1,451	1,451	3,00
Gold	27,228	27,228	27,228	27,228	Other assets	595	605	605	61
Gold Foreign exchange (net)	18,410	14,783	11,903	16,160	Note circulation—Old	38 2,966		2.960	2,86
Gold contribution to Int'l. Fund. Rediscounts and advances	1,250 8,415	1,250 8,958	1,250 8,658	1,250 6,393	New Deposits—Government	930		855	2,00
Other assets		21,697	21,365	16.387	ECA	1,155	1,155	1,163	1,73
Circulation—Notes	43,956	44,103	41.611	39,151 3,386	Other	341 227	283 214	292 217	49 40
Deposits—Government	3,505 3,056	3,500 2,983	3,434 3,623	3,386	Other liabilities and capital Reserve Bank of New Zealand	1	217	[217]	
Banks	11,637	9,671	8,509	11,032	(thousands of pounds).				
Other liabilities and capital	15,047	13,659	13,227	9,979	Gold Foreign exchange reserve Loans and discounts		6,013 31.119	6,012 33,120	5,57
ational Bank of Hungary 2 eserve Bank of India (millions of	}				Foreign exchange reserve		6,019	6,019	24,08 6,01
rupees):	Į Į								
Issue department:		100	400	400	dertakings. Investments. Other assets. Note circulation. Demand deposits.	[54,221	53,713	52,77 54,18
Gold at home and abroad		400 5,382	400 5,382	400 5,932	Other assets		1.236	1.383	3,54
Foreign securities Indian Govt. securities Rupee coin	[4,501	4,501	4,681	Note circulation		69,247	62,038	63,8
Rupee coin] · · · · · ·	847	853	683 11,501	Demand deposits		79,849	76,656	75,45 6,88
Note circulation		10,921	10,737	11,301	Other liabilities and capital		7,011	7,000	0,00
Banking department: Notes of issue department. Balances abroad. Bills discounted. Loans to Government. Other assets. Deposits. Other liabilities and capital.	<u>.</u>	208	399	195	Bank of Norway (millions of kroner): Gold Foreign assets (net)		243	242	24
Balances abroad		1,673 70	1,568 23	1,706	Gold	· · · · · · · ·	403	434	39
Loans to Government	[::::::	33	35	56 80 1,528	Loans and discounts		54 58	52 42	
Other assets		1,192	1,157	1,528	Securities	l <i></i> .	45	45	
Other liabilities and conital		2,832 344	2,848 333	3,238 328	Occupation account (net)		5,546	5,546	6,2
entral Bank of Ireland (thousands	·····	344	333	328	Other assets		2,916	68 2,755	2,5
of pounds):	Į I				Deposits—Government		1,969	2,105	1,7
Gold	2,646	2,646	2,646	2,646	Banks		732	711	1,21
Note circulation	60,237	63,886 66,532	61,250 63,896	54,629 57,275	ECA—MSA Other liabilities and capital		295 489	305 554	9: 50

Revised.

1 This figure represents the amount of the bank's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund. Until such time as the Fund engages in operations in this currency, the "net claim" will equal the country's gold contribution.

2 For last available report (February 1950), see BULLETIN for September 1950, p. 1263.

3 Gold revalued on Jan. 18, 1950, from .334987 to .233861 grams of fine gold per rupiah.

4 Includes gold, silver, and foreign exchange forming required reserve (25 per cent) against notes and other demand liabilities.

5 Gold revalued on Sept. 19, 1949, from .334987 to .233861 grams of fine gold per guilder.

Note.—For details relating to individual items in certain bank statements, see Bulletin for January 1953, p. 79; January 1952, p. 103; and January 1951, p. 113.

Central Bank	1953		1952		Central Bank	1953		1952	
(Figures as of last report date of month)	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	Jan.	(Figures as of last report date of month)	Jan.	Dec.	Nov.	Jan.
State Bank of Pakistan (millions of				ŀ	Bank of Spain—Cont.				
rupees): Issue department:	i			Į .	Other assets	31,729		32,700 36,832	24,245 35,10
Gold at home and abroad	81	81	81	44	Note circulation Deposits—Government	37,140 2,250	1,294	4,480	33,10
Sterling securities	416	423	440		Other	4,544	4,658	3,418	2,43
Pakistan Govt. securities Govt. of India securities	1,146 126		992 126		Other liabilities and capital Bank of Sweden (millions of kronor):	29,066	28,218	28,645	20,47
India currency	300		300	300	Gold	429	406	407	39
Rupee coin	66	68	68	18	Foreign assets (net)	1.313	1,351	1,331	1,60
Notes in circulation	2,038	2,008	1,953	2,397	Net claim on Int'l. Fund 1	129			88
Banking department: Notes of issue department	98	48	54	60	Paid-in capital—Int'l. Bank Swedish Govt. securities and ad-	12	11	11	10
Balances abroad				358	vances to National Debt Office	2,666			2,66
Bills discounted		153		99	Other domestic bills and advances	301	321	310	24
Loans to Government Other assets		153 418			Other assets	729 4,350		708 4,291	68 3,88
Deposits	505	525			Demand deposits—Government.	525	449		78
Other liabilities and capital.	112	97	106	101	Other	192	580	151	45
Central Bank of Paraguay (thousands of guaranies):					Other liabilities and capital Swiss National Bank (millions of	514	609	654	568
		1,138	1,142				1		
Foreign exchange (net).		63,860	53,543		Gold	5,907	5,876		5,940
Net claim on Int'l. Fund '		1 020	1 005		Foreign exchange	469 224	491 310	462 238	252 233
Loans and discounts		92.676	782.676		Loans and discounts Other assets	67	103		76
Government loans and securities.		316,768	7321,867		Note circulation	4,784	5,122	4,842	4,592
Other assets		274,892	218,405		Other sight liabilities	1,686	1,454		1,718
Deposits—Covernment		49 251	749 480		Other liabilities and capital Central Bank of the Republic of	197	204	205	196
Gold Foreign exchange (net) Net claim on Int'l. Fund I Paid-in capital—Int'l. Bank. Loans and discounts. Government loans and securities. Other assets. Note and coin issue. Deposits—Government. Other. Other liabilities and capital.		129,589	133,891		Turkey (millions of pounds):			l 1	
		190,510	⁷ 142,591			402	402	402	419
Central Reserve Bank of Peru (millions of soles):				1	Foreign exchange and foreign clearings	151	133	127	158
Gold and foreign exchange 2 Net claim on Int'l. Fund 1		559	561	601	Loans and discounts	1,760			1,371
Net claim on Int'l. Fund 1	· · · · · · ·	67	67	21	Securities	26			27
Contribution to Int'l. Bank Loans and discounts to banks		305	324	230	Other assets	136 1,240	120 1,238		$\frac{110}{1,110}$
Loans to Government		906	863		Deposits—Gold	172	153	153	153
Other assets		143	176	272	Other	801	817	829	642
Note circulation Deposits		1,379 369	1,332 400	1,182	Other liabilities and capital	262	258	255	181
		235	260		Bank of the Republic of Uruguay (thousands of pesos):]			
Central Bank of the Philippines			•		Gold			310,763	336,354
(thousands of pesos):	18 552	18 427	18 305	13,887	Silver			9,358 314	9,660 313
Gold Foreign exchange Net claim on Int'l. Fund Loans Domestic securities Other assets	432,807	435,729	438,777	476,226					
Net claim on Int'l. Fund 1	29,504	29,504	29,504	29,504	ment bodies			130,018	131,632
Domestic requiities	235 233	235 438	50,180	51,883 241,181	Other loans and discounts			500 028	340,244 391,143
Other assets	148.279	149,220	148.998	148,103	Advances to State and Government bodies. Other loans and discounts. Other assets. Note circulation. Deposits—Government. Other liabilities and capital. Central Bank of Venezuela (mil.			370.836	359,350
Note circulation	561.631	579,584	546,280	576,776	Deposits—Government			93,116	88,067
Demand deposits	219,305	205,899	235,135	244,648 139,359	Other			315,113	309,127 452,795
Other liabilities and capital Bank of Portugal (millions of	131,319	130,999	130,290	137,337	Central Bank of Venezuela (mil-			329,131	432,790
				4 244	lions of bolivares):				
escudos): Gold. Foreign exchange (net) Loans and discounts. Advances to Government. Other assets. Note circulation. Demand deposits—Government. ECA Other Other liabilities and capital. South African Reserve Bank	• • • • • •		4,445 11,463	4,361 11,697	GoldForeign exchange (net)	1,141 132	1,141 186		1,141 -29
Loans and discounts			841	696	Other assets	92	93	71	103
Advances to Government			1,430	1,249	Note circulation	976			853
Other assets		· · • • · · ·	560 9,125	605 9.048	DepositsOther liabilities and capital	274 115	255 165		250 111
Demand deposits—Government			1,577	1,406	Bank for International Settle-	113	103	234	111
ECA			29	15	ments (thousands of Swiss gold				
Other liabilities and capital	• • • • • • •		5,887 2,121	5,992 2,147	francs): Gold in bars	657 020	500 415	585,413	355,369
South African Reserve Bank			2,121	2,111	Cash on hand and with banks	62,167	48,700	84,526	64,580
(thousands of pounds):		40 05F	7.5 400	47 300	Cash on hand and with banks Sight funds at interest	7,480	15,320	8,211	8,21
(thousands of pounds): Gold 3. Foreign bills Other bills and loans Other assets		60,255 69,469	56,489		Rediscountable bills and accept-	i	ľ	255,394	121,860
Other bills and loans		14,792						87,736	23,432
Other assets		43,305	38,712	27,952	Sundry bills and investments	290,229	346,985	274,646	268,96
Note circulation		91,040	88,635	81,345	Funds invested in Germany	297,201	297,201	297,201	297,20
DepositsOther liabilities and capital		$\begin{bmatrix} 71,903 \\ 24,272 \end{bmatrix}$	64,588		Other assets	501 011	1,333	1,427 454,906	1,52 220,76
Bank of Spain (millions of pesetas):					Short-term deposits:	001,011	200,021	204,500	
Gold	563				Central banks—Own account	612,112	640,318	595,214	340,41
Silver	369 15,576			378 15,801	Other	45,506	46,086	43,086 228,909	83,05° 228,909
Other loans and discounts					Long-term deposits: Special Other liabilities and capital	273.436	273.096	272.438	268,90
Other loans and discounts	24,762	25,085	23,789	17,040	Other liabilities and capital	273,436	273,096	272,438	268

Revised.

1 this figure represents the amount of the bank's subscription to the Fund less the bank's local currency liability to the Fund. Until such time as the Fund engages in operations in this currency, the "net claim" will equal the country's gold contribution.

2 In November 1949, part of the gold and foreign exchange holdings of the bank were revalued.

3 On Dec. 31, 1949, gold revalued from 172 to 248 shillings per fine ounce.

4 Includes small amount of non-Government bonds.

Box details relating to individual items in certain bank statements, see Bulletin for January 1953, p. 80; and January 1950, p. 120.

NOTE.—For details relating to individual items in certain bank statements, see Bulletin for January 1953, p. 80; and January 1950, p. 120.

MONEY RATES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

DISCOUNT RATES OF CENTRAL BANKS

[Per cent per annum]

			Centra	al bank	c of—				Rate			Rate	
Date effective	United King- dom	France	Ger- many	Bel- gium	Neth- er- lands	Swe-	Switz- er- land	er-		Date effective	Central Jan 31		Date effective
In effect Dec. 31, 1946	2	1 1/8 1 1/4 &2 1/4	31/2				11/2	Argentina Austria Belgium Bolivia	31/2 51/2 3 6	Mar. 1, 1936 Jan. 22, 1953 Dec. 18, 1952 Sept. 30, 1950	Italy Japan Java Mexico	4 5.84 3 41⁄2	Apr. 6, 1950 Oct. 1, 1951 Apr. 1, 1946 June 4, 1942
Oct. 9		31/4 &4	1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4	31/4				Canada Chile Colombia Costa Rica	2 41/2 4	Oct. 17, 1950 June 13, 1935 July 18, 1933 Feb. 1, 1950	Netherlands New Zealand. Norway Pakistan	3 11/2 21/2 3	Aug. 1, 1952 July 26, 1941 Jan. 9, 1946 July 1, 1948
June 8, 1950. Sept. 11 Sept. 26 Oct. 27 Dec. 1 Apr. 17, 1951. July 5			¹ 6	3 1/2 3 1/2 3 1/4	3	3		Denmark Ecuador Egypt El Salvador	5 10 3½ 3	Nov. 2, 1950 May 13, 1948 July 1, 1952 Mar. 22, 1950	Peru	6 212 4 4	Nov. 13, 1947 Jan. 12, 1944 Mar. 27, 1952 Mar. 18, 1949
	234	4			31/2			Finland France Germany Greece India Ireland	584 4 14 12 314 314	Dec. 16, 1951 Nov. 9, 1951 Jan. 8, 1953 July 12, 1948 Nov. 15, 1951 Mar. 25, 1952	Sweden Switzerland Turkey United King- dom USSR	3 1½ 3 4 4	Dec. 1, 1950 Nov. 26, 1936 Feb. 26, 1951 Mar. 12, 1952 July 1, 1936
Dec. 18 Jan. 8, 1953 In effect Jan. 31, 1953			14	3	3	3	1½	1		the Land Centr te Jan. 31: None.			

¹ Rate established for the Land Central banks.

OPEN-MARKET RATES

[Per cent per annum]

	Canada		United K	ingdom		France Netherlands			Sweden	Switzer- land
Month	Treasury bills 3 months	Bankers' acceptances 3 months	Treasury bills 3 months	Day-to- day money	Bankers' allowance on deposits	Day-to- day money	Treasury bills 3 months	Day-to- day money	Loans up to 3 months	Private discount rate
1943—December 1944—December 1945—December 1945—December 1947—December 1947—December 1949—December 1950—December 1950—December 1951—December 1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	.42 .37 .36 .40 .41 .51 .63 .89 .91 .94 .98 1.02 1.08 1.11 1.10 1.14 1.19 1.21	1.03 1.03 .53 .53 .53 .56 .69 .69 1.50 1.50 2.48 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.0	1.01 1.00 .50 .51 .52 .52 .51 .98 .97 .99 2.01 2.35 2.37 2.43 2.44 2.49 2.43 2.38 2.41	1.00 1.02 .63 .63 .63 .63 .63 .63 1.00 1.00 1.82 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2.25 2	.50 .50 .50 .50 .50 .50 .50 .50 .75 .75 .75 .75 .75 .2.00 .2.00 .2.00 .2.00 .2.00 .2.00 .2.00	1.65 1.53 1.33 1.19 2.04 2.00 2.55 2.41 3.50 3.93 3.95 3.88 3.84 3.84 3.77 4.00 3.98 3.98 3.93	1	78 53 96 1.03 1.09 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 9.75 7.75 5.8 6.62 5.54	3-5/2/2 3-5/2/2 2/2-5/2/2 2/2-4/2/2 2/2-4/2/2 2/2-4/2/2 2/2-4/2/2 3-5 3-5 3-5 3-5 3-5 3-5 3-5 3-5 3-5 3-5	1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.25 1.38 1.63 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50

p Preliminary.

Note.—Changes since Jan. 31: None.

Note.—For monthly figures on money rates in these and other foreign countries through 1941, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 172, pp. 656-661, and for description of statistics see pp. 571-572 in same publication.

COMMERCIAL BANKS

United Kingdom ¹				Assets					Liabi	lities	
(11 London clearing banks. Figures in	Cash	Money at	Bills dis-	Treasury		Loans to	Other		Deposits		Other liabilities
millions of pounds sterling)	reserves	short notice	counted	deposit receipts 2	Securities	customers	assets	Total	Demand	Time	and capital
1947—December	502 502 532 540 531	480 485 571 592 598	793 741 1,109 1,408 972	1,288 1,397 793 456 102	1,483 1,478 1,512 1,528 1,965	1,219 1,396 1,534 1,660 1,950	567 621 579 735 867	5,935 6,200 6,202 6,368 6,333	3,962 4,159 4,161 4,262 4,290	1,972 2,041 2,041 2,106 2,042	396 420 427 550 651
1952—February March April May June July August September October November December	492 492 501 491 504 501 510 503 498 503 549	526 526 512 518 537 535 516 530 500 516 529	856 854 883 936 1,064 1,139 1,239 1,122 1,142 1,248 1,204	15	1,944 1,935 1,934 1,932 1,917 1,917 1,918 1,921 2,142 2,148 2,148	1,945 1,959 1,967 1,901 1,875 1,834 1,765 1,758 1,758 1,759 1,755 1,764	804 789 821 713 726 696 638 662 676 655 748	5.893 5.887 5.994 5.903 6.064 6.063 6.048 6.126 6.126 6.167 6.183 6.460 6.259	3,923 3,914 3,952 3,840 3,909 3,903 3,878 3,910 3,948 3,948 4,232 4,025	1,971 1,974 2,042 2,063 2,155 2,159 2,170 2,216 2,219 2,234 2,228 2,234	689 667 623 587 559 558 537 543 530 526 528
			As	sets					Liabilities		
Canada (10 chartered banks. End of month figures	Ent	irely in Car	nada	Security loans abroad		0.1		Deposits payable in Canada excluding interbank deposits			Other
in millions of Canadian dollars)	Cash	Security	Other	and net	Securities	Other assets	Notes *				liabilities and

			Ass	sets					Liabilities		
Canada (10 chartered banks. End of month figures	Ent	irely in Ca	nada	Security loans abroad		Other			payable in g interbank		Other liabilities
in millions of Canadian dollars)	Cash reserves	Security loans	Other loans and discounts	and net due from foreign banks	Securities	assets	Notes *	Total	Demand	Time	and capital
1947—December	731 749 765 824 907	105 101 133 134 107	1,999 2,148 2,271 2.776 3.028	106 144 146 171 227	3,874 4,268 4,345 4,286 3,876	1,159 1,169 1,058 1.304 1,464	18 16 14 (*)	6,412 7,027 7,227 7,828 7,896	2,671 2,970 2,794 3,270 3,284	3,740 4,057 4,433 4,558 4,612	1,544 1,537 1,477 1,667 1,714
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	869 809 880 897 785 813 847 828 843 879 827 916	107 95 97 140 132 138 145 147 135 130 121	2.955 2.948 2.949 2.960 3.012 3.048 3.053 3.048 3.003 3.212 3.350 3.289	183 231 202 236 255 328 279 260 250 278 308 326	3,927 4,003 4,095 4,068 4,100 4,067 4,134 4,139 4,202 4,147 4,006 3,955	1,303 1,353 1,390 1,370 1,350 1,453 1,278 1,306 1,383 1,396 1,424 1,516		7,705 7,761 7,979 7,987 7,979 8,120 8,079 8,075 8,191 8,319 8,291 8,421	3.066 3,076 3,231 3,230 3,210 3,328 3,243 3,205 3,290 3,418 3,376 3,497	4,639 4,685 4,748 4,757 4,769 4,792 4,836 4,870 4,901 4,901 4,916 4,924	1,637 1,648 1,634 1,685 1,685 1,727 1,658 1,652 1,716 1,722 1,746 1,736

France			Assets			Liabilities					
(4 large banks. End	Cash	Due from	Bills dis-		Other		Deposits		Own	Other liabilities	
millions of francs)	reserves	banks	counted	Loans	assets	Total	Demand	Time	accept- ances	and capital	
1947—December	22,590 45,397 40,937 48,131 60,215	19,378 35,633 42,311 52,933 72,559	219,386 354,245 426,690 527,525 627,648	86,875 126,246 129,501 135,289 165,696	27,409 34,030 29,843 31,614 38,114	341,547 552,221 627,266 749,928 906,911	338,090 545,538 619,204 731,310 879,767	3,457 6,683 8,062 18,618 27,145	25.175 30.638 26,355 28.248 33.774	8,916 12,691 15,662 17,316 23,547	
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November	53,133 50,662 48,669 45,646 48,832 50,436 45,999 46,383 48,279 45,375 47,709	75,407 73,868 75,148 72,947 75,533 72,818 70,090 69,715 67,886 67,846 68,646	534,792 538,245 555,883 556,151 618,190 554,963 560,877 624,623 584,558 666,402	189,098 183,504 174,048 180,550 172,693 193,942 196,665 177,289 183,491 185,930 163,992	36.548 38,310 40,219 41,474 43,093 44,463 45,990 43,318 44,415 51,882	831.691 827,946 834.482 831.729 891.422 848.354 846.689 890,582 855.024 863,250 914.021	801.854 796,396 802.481 800.944 861.703 819.030 817.569 860.668 824.874 831,713 882.233	29,837 31,551 32,002 30,786 29,719 29,324 29,120 29,915 30,150 31,536 31,789	30,433 30,414 28,953 28,482 27,025 25,529 23,811 19,221 17,810 18,292 20,222	26,854 26,227 30,531 36,556 39,893 42,738 49,121 51,525 55,794 60,713 64,388	

¹ This table represents aggregates of figures reported by individual banks. Data are compiled on the third Wednesday of each month, except in June and December when the statements give end-of-month data.

² Represent six-month loans to the Treasury with a yield of ½ per cent after October 1945.

¹ In January 1950, the Bank of Canada assumed responsibility for these notes.

Note.—For details concerning data in earlier years, see Bulletin for April 1952, p. 466; for back figures and figures on German commercial banks, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 168-171, pp. 648-655, and for description of statistics see pp. 566-571 in same publication.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

[Averages of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers. In cents per unit of foreign currency]

		Argentina (peso)		Aus-		gium anc)		azil zeiro)	British Malay-		ıada llar)
Year or month	Basic	Prefer- ential	Free	tralia (pound)		"Bank notes" account	Official	Free	sia (dollar)	Official	Free
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	29.773 29.773 29.774 26.571 20.000 20.000	13.333 13.333 13.333	8.289 7.067 7.163	321.00 321.22 293.80 223.15 223.07 222.63	2.2817 2.2816 2.2009 1.9908 1.9859 1.9878	2.1407 1.9722 1.9622	5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4	1403 1406 1406 1406 1406 1406	42.973 32.788 32.849 32.601	100.000 100.000 97.491 90.909	91.999 91.691 92.881 91.474 94.939 102.149
1952—March April May June July August September October November December	20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000 20.000	13.333 13.333 13.333 13.333 13.333 13.333 13.333 13.333 13.333	7.172 7.164 7.169 7.183 7.196 7.194 7.195 7.196 7.198	223.03 224.10 223.24 221.88 222.17 222.19 221.73 222.55 223.12 223.58	1.9838 1.9838 1.9838 1.9838 1.9842 1.9879 1.9920 1.9965 1.9979		5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4	1406 1406 1406 1406 1406 1406 1406 1406	32,783 32,921 32,752 32,505 32,509 32,445 32,418 32,499 32,489 32,523		100.375 101.891 101.615 102.086 103.120 103.984 104.171 103.681 102.289 103.002
1953—January February	20.000 20.000	13.333 13.333	7.198 7.198	224.13 224.62	1.9934 1.9966			1406 ¹2.5173	32.560 32.612		103.014
Year or month	Ceylon (rupee)	Den- mark (krone)	Finland (markka)		nce inc)	Germany (deutsche mark)	India (rupee)	Ireland (pound)	Mexico (peso)	Neth- eriands (guilder)	New Zealand (pound)
		(klone)		Official	Free	mark)				(guilder)	(pound)
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	27.839 20.850 20.849 20.903	20.864 20.857 19.117 14.494 14.491 214.492	.4354	.84 .4929 .4671	.3240 .3017 .2858 .2856 .2856	23.838 23.838 23.838 3 23.838	30.164 30.169 27.706 20.870 20.869 20.922	280,38 279.68	20.577 18.860 12.620 11.570 11.564 11.588	37.760 37.668 34.528 26.252 26.264 26.315	322.29 350.48 365.07 277.28 277.19 276.49
1952—March April May June July August September October November December	20.916 21.003 20.961 20.834 20.871 20.875 20.854 20.903 20.984 21.024	14.492 14.492 14.492 14.492 14.492 214.492	.4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354 .4354		.2856 .2856 .2856 .2856 .2856 .2856 .2856 .2856 .2856 .2856	23.838 23.838 23.838	20.949 21.031 20.988 20.870 20.892 20.893 20.866 20.921 20.976 21.025	280.38 280.77 280.07 278.46 278.82 278.85 278.26 279.30 280.01 280.59	11.564 11.569 11.566 11.561 11.574 11.623 11.623 11.611 11.622 11.623	26.319 26.340 26.337 26.317 26.324 26.317 26.291 26.312 26.289 26.277	276.91 277.96 277.29 275.71 276.06 276.09 275.51 276.53 277.24 277.81
1953—January February	21,068 21,088		. 4354 . 4354		.2856 .2856		21.074 21.089	281.28 281.90	11.625 11.620	26.281 26.269	278.50 279.11
Year or month	Norway (krone)	Philip- pine Republic (peso)	Portugal gal (escudo)	South Africa (pound)	Swe- den (krona)	Switz- erland (franc)	United King- dom (pound)		Uruş (pe		
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	20.160 20.159 18.481 14.015 14.015	49.723 49.621 49.639 49.675	4.0273 4.0183 3.8800 3.4704 3.4739 3.4853	400.74 400.75 366.62 278.38 278.33 278.20	27.824 27.824 25.480 19.332 19.327 19.326	23.363 23.363 23.314 23.136 23.060 23.148	402.86 403.13 368.72 280.07 279.96 279.26	65.830 65.830 65.830 65.833 65.833 65.833	56.239 56.182 56.180 56.180 56.180 56.180	42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553	
1952—March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October November. December.	14.015 14.015 14.015 14.015 14.015 14.015 14.015 14.015 14.015 14.015	49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677 49.677	3.4888 3.4906 3.4898 3.4801 3.4793 3.4848 3.4878 3.4825 3.4818 3.4839	278.55 279.80 279.03 277.42 277.78 277.81 277.23 278.25 278.96 279.54	19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327 19.327 19.325 19.323 19.323	22.947 23.013 23.078 23.138 23.240 23.288 23.320 23.329 23.330 23.332	279.67 280.79 280.07 278.46 278.82 278.85 278.27 279.30 280.01 280.59	65.833 65.833 65.833 65.833 65.833 65.833 65.833 65.833 65.833	56.180 56.180 56.180 56.180 56.180 56.180 56.180 56.180 56.180	42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553 42.553	
1953—January February	14.015 14.015	49.677 49.677	3.4872 3.4856	280.23 280.84	19.323 19.323	23.311 23.318	281.28 281.90	4 65.833 4 65.833	4 56.180 4 56.180	4 42.553 4 42.553	5 36.025

Based on quotations beginning Feb. 25, 1953.
 Based on quotations through Aug. 14, 1952.
 Based on quotations through May 8, 1952.
 Quotations not available Jan. 28 through Feb. 9, 1953.
 Based on quotations beginning Feb. 10, 1953.

Note.—For back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 173, pp. 662-682. For description of statistics, see pp. 572-573 in same publication, and for further information concerning rates and averages for previous years, see BULLETIN for December 1952, p. 1355.

PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES

WHOLESALE PRICES-ALL COMMODITIES

[Index numbers]

Year or month	United States (1947-49 = 100)	Canada (1935-39 =100)	Mexico (1939 = 100)	United Kingdom (1930 = 100)	France (1949 = 100)	Italy (1938 = 100)	Japan (1934–36 average =100)	Nether- lands (1948 = 100)	Sweden (1935 = 100)	Switzer- land (Aug. 1939 =100)
1943	67 68 69 79 96 104 99 103 115	128 131 132 139 163 193 198 211 240 226	146 179 199 229 242 260 285 311 386 400	163 166 169 175 192 219 230 262 320 328	12 14 20 34 52 89 100 108 138	5,159 5,443 75,169 74,897 5,581 85,270	2 2 4 16 48 128 209 246 343	100 104 117 143	196 196 194 186 199 214 216 227 299	203 207 205 200 208 217 206 203 227 220
1952—January February March April May June July August September October November December	113 112 112 112 111 112 112 112	237 233 231 227 225 227 226 224 222 221	402 400 404 407 406 405 400 393 397 395 395	335 329 333 330 328 328 327 325 323 326 324 327	153 152 149 147 145 143 144 144 143 141 140	5,415 5,380 5,323 5,255 5,179 5,133 5,200 5,234 5,265 r5,272 5,292 p5,288	358 357 353 349 348 348 351 348 *348 *348 347 342	145 143 142 140 139 136 137 138 138 138	320 320 322 321 321 322 320 319 316 314 305 2306	227 224 222 221 220 220 220 220 220 218 218 217
1953—January	110	222	387	327	₽140					₽215

Preliminary.

WHOLESALE PRICES-GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

[Indexes for groups included in total index above]

		nited Stat 947-49 = 10		(19	Canada 935-39 = 10	00)		Kingdom =100)		letherland (1948 = 100)	
Year or month	Farm products	Processed foods	Other commod- ities	Farm products	Raw and partly manu- factured goods	Fully and chiefly manu- factured goods	Foods	Indus- trial products	Foods	Indus- trial raw products	Indus- trial finished product
1943	69 69 72 83 100 107 93 98 113 	n.a. n.a. n.a. 98 106 96 100 111 110 110 109 108 109 110 111 110 109 108 109 110 111 110 109 108	69 70 71 78 95 103 101 105 116 	145 155 165 177 190 230 226 237 269 244 272 260 257 254 253 258 253 236 221 222	131 134 136 140 164 197 213 238 219 233 228 221 220 221 221 219 216 213 210 211	127 129 130 138 162 199 211 242 231 240 236 235 231 228 231 229 228 228 229 228	160 158 158 158 165 181 197 221 247 284 277 271 276 280 280 283 289 287 284 293 293 297	164 170 175 184 207 242 249 286 9364 9352 9368 9363 9366 9358 9355 9352 9348 9343 9343 9344 9344	100 101 112 122 129 130 133 130 130 128 127 122 124 129 129 131	100 108 128 127 166 176 172 169 166 165 163 162 164 163 164	100 104 116 143 135 141 141 139 138 136 134 133 133 133 133 132 132
1953—January	100	106	113	220	209	229	301	₽341			

[·] Revised.

Note.—For sources and references concerning changes in the structure of price indexes for various countries, see Bulletin for December 1952, p. 1356.

n.a. Not available. **P Preliminary. **Revised.

Note.—For sources and references concerning changes in the structure of price indexes for various countries, see BULLETIN for December 1952, p. 1356.

PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES-Continued

CONSUMERS' PRICE INDEXES

Can- ada (1949 =100) 75 78 85 97	United King- dom (Jan. 15, 1952 =100)	France (1949 = 100)	Nether- lands (1949 =100)	Switz- er- land (Aug. 1939 = 100)	United States (1947-49 =100) 1	Can- ada (1949 =100)	United King- dom (Jan. 15. 1952 =100)	France (1949 =100)	Nether- lands (1949 =100)	Switz- er- land (Aug. 1939 = 100)
78 85 97	77	35			69					
100 103 114 116 118 117 117 116 116 116 116 116 116	82 84 86 95 103 100 100 101 102 102 104 104 103 103 104 104	57 90 100 111 130 145 146 149 148 147 145 143 1445 145	100 109 119 2120 120 120 120 120 119 119 120 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	152 158 163 163 167 159 167 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171	79 96 104 100 101 113 115 115 113 114 114 115 116 117 115 115	100 103 117 117 122 121 118 116 116 116 116 116 115	67 72 76 82 91 105 100 101 104 104 109 108 107 108 108	21 36 57 92 100 111 128 141 142 145 144 142 139 137 136 140 141 141 141	100 111 121 123 124 124 124 124 123 120 123 120 123 120 123 120 123 120 123 120 123 124 124 125 127 128 129 129 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	164 160 170 176 174 176 181 184 182 182 182 183 184 185 185 186 186
	118 117 117 116 116 116 116 116 116	118 100 117 101 117 102 116 102 116 104 116 103 116 103 116 104 116 103 116 104 116 105	118 100 149 117 101 148 117 102 147 116 102 145 116 104 143 116 103 145 116 103 146 116 104 143 116 104 145 116 104 145 116 104 145	118	118 100 149 120 171 117 101 148 120 171 117 102 147 120 170 116 102 145 119 171 116 104 143 119 171 116 103 145 119 171 116 103 145 119 171 116 103 146 120 172 116 104 145 *120 171 116 104 144 **** ***** 116 104 145 ***** ***** 116 104 145 ***** ***** 116 104 145 ***** ***** 116 105 145 ***** ****	118 100 149 120 171 113 117 101 148 120 171 113 117 102 147 120 170 114 116 102 145 119 171 114 116 104 143 119 171 115 116 103 145 119 171 116 116 103 145 119 171 117 116 103 146 120 172 115 116 104 145 *120 171 115 116 104 145 *120 171 115 116 104 145 *120 171 115 116 105 145 *120 171 114	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

SECURITY PRICES

			Bonds			Common stocks						
Year or month	United States (high grade)	Canada (1935-39 =100)	United Kingdom (December 1921 = 100)	France (1949 = 100)	Nether- lands	United States (1935-39 =100)	Canada (1935–39 =100)	United Kingdom (1926 = 100)	France (1949 = 100)	Nether- lands		
Number of issues	17		87	60	14	480	103	278	295	27		
946	123.4	117.2	132.1	131.5	109.⊎	139.9	115 7	96.2		195		
947	122.1	118.5	130.8	120.0	105.6	123.0	106.0	94.6		233		
948	118.3	105.0	129.9	106.4	107.1	124.4	112.5	97 0		240		
949	121.0	107.6	126.5	100.0	106.8	121.4	109.4	87.6	100	219		
950	122.0	109.6	121.2	99.8	106.7	146.4	131.6	90.0	90	217		
951	117.7 115.8	95.7 86.1	117.6 108.3	101.4 111.1	87.0 85.6	176.5 187.7	168.3 173.1	97 1 91.1	112 143	215 192		
1	116.5	87.8						92.8	149	198		
952—February March	115.9	86.9	110.5 107.3	103.3 105.2	81.5 83.3	183.2 185.2	179.5 177.6	90.5	149	198		
April	116.2	86.7	107.3	105.2	83.9	183.6	175.8	91.6	144	185		
May	116.3	88.8	108.6	110.7	84.5	183.7	169.0	92.0	136	185		
June	116.2	87.7	105.8	113.9	85.2	187.6	171.6	89.6	142	184		
July	116.0	85.3	105.8	114.4	85.4	192.1	174.9	89.9	145	190		
August	115.8	84.0	106.3	114.8	87.6	191.1	176.0	89.9	146	190		
September	115.7	83.6	110.0	116.9	87.1	188.2	171.6	91.2	147	192		
October	114.7	84.3	109.0	115.5	87.6	183.4	163.6	90.3	142	191		
November	115.2	84.9	108.3	115.0	89.9	189.8	167.3	89.9	141	194		
December	115.3	84.7	109.0	114.6	91.6	197.0	168.4	91.0	141	196		

Note.—For sources and references concerning changes in the structure of price indexes for various countries, see Bulletin for December 1952, p. 1357.

P Preliminary.

1 These series are the revised indexes, reflecting, beginning January 1953, the inclusion of some new series and revised weights. Prior to January 1953 indexes are based on the "interim adjusted" and "old" indexes, converted to the base 1947-49 = 100.

Note.—For sources and references concerning changes in the structure of price indexes for various countries (except the United States), see BULLETIN for December 1952, p. 1357.

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FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

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¹ A more complete list, including periodic releases and reprints, appeared on pp. 1360-63 of the December 1952 BULLETIN.

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- (From Federal Reserve Bulletin unless preceded by an asterisk)
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- Selected Preliminary Findings of the 1953. Survey of Consumer Finances. March 1953. 2 pages.

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