# FEDERALRESERVE <br>  

APRIL 1946


BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM WASHINGTON

## EDITORIAL COMMITTEE

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A copy of the Federal Reserve Bulletin is sent to each member bank without charge. The subscription price in the United States and its possessions, Bolivia, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Guatemala, Haiti, Republic of Honduras, Mexico, Newfoundland (including Labrador), Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, El Salvador, Uruguay, and Venezuela, is cluding Labrador,
$\$ 2.00$ per annum, or 20 cents per copy; elsewhere, $\$ 2.60$ per annum or 25 cents per copy. Group subscriptions in the United States for 10 or more copies to one address, 15 cents per copy per month, or $\$ 1.50$ for 12 months.

# $\operatorname{FEDERAL} \quad \operatorname{RESERVE} \quad B U L L E T I N$ 

## ESTABLISHMENT OF BRETTON WOODS INSTITUTIONS

The governing bodies of the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development held their first meetings in March and the institutions are expected to begin financial operations before the end of this year. Proposals for the Bank and the Fund were agreed on at the International Monetary and Financial Conference held at Bretton Woods, New Hampshire, in July 1944. The Articles of Agreement of the Fund and the Bank provided that they should enter into force when accepted and signed by governments having at least 65 per cent of the total subscriptions allocated to the countries represented at Bretton Woods and should remain open for signature by the governments of these countries until December 31, 1945. Participation of the United States was authorized by the Bretton Woods Agreements Act of July 31, 1945. Many countries passed the necessary legislation only after the Agreements had been approved by the British Parliament in December.

The Fund and the Bank came into existence on December 27, 1945, when the Agreements were signed in Washington on behalf of governments with approximately 80 per cent of total subscriptions. Several others signed before the end of the year. Of the 44 governments which were eligible to sign before December 31 and become original members of the Fund and the Bank, only
nine failed to sign; i. e., Russia, Australia, New Zealand, Venezuela, Haiti, El Salvador, Nicaragua, Panama, and Liberia. Colombia signed the Fund Agreement but not the Bank Agreement.

## First Meetings of Boards of Governors

President Truman invited the Boards of Governors of the International Monetary Fund and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development to hold their first meetings beginning on March 8, 1946, at Wilmington Island near Savannah, Georgia. This was in accordance with the Agreements which made it a function of the government having the largest subscription to call the first meetings. Those governments represented at Bretton Woods which had not signed the Agreements before December 31, 1945, and the United Nations Economic and Social Council, were invited to send observers. With the exception of Haiti and Liberia, all of those invited were in attendance.

The principal task of the Boards of Governors at their first meetings was to take the procedural steps necessary before the institutions could begin operations. The main features of the organization and management of the Fund and the Bank are similar and are outlined in the Articles of Agreement. The superior governing body in each case is a Board of Governors, consisting of
one Governor and one Alternate appointed by each member, which will meet at least once a year and more often if necessary. A smaller body of at least twelve Executive Directors is responsible for conducting the operations of the institution under the powers delegated to it by the Board of Governors. Five of the Executive Directors are appointed by the five members with the largest subscriptions. The other seven Executive Directors are elected, in accordance with procedures outlined in the Articles of Agreement, by the Governors representing the remaining members. A chief of the operating staff selected by the Executive Directors is responsible for conducting the ordinary business of the institution under the direction of the Executive Directors. The chief of the operating staff of the Fund is the Managing Director; of the Bank, the President.
In order to supplement the arrangements as outlined in the Articles of Agreement, each Board of Governors adopted a series of by-laws relating to organizational and procedural matters. The more important relate to the powers and responsibilities of the Executive Directors and Alternates and the Managing Director or President. Each Board of Governors delegates to its Executive Directors all powers except those specifically reserved to the Board in the Articles of Agreement. The powers reserved to the Boards of Governors relate for the most part to such matters as the admission or expulsion of members, changes in required subscriptions, and interpretations or amendments of the Agreements. The Executive Directors, therefore, will be able to direct all the ordinary business of the Fund and the Bank and to make most of the decisions required in the course of current operations. Each Board of Governors also decided to locate the main office of its institution in Washington.

Of major importance were the decisions reached, and incorporated in the by-laws, relating to the functions and remuneration of the Executive Directors and Alternates and of the Managing Director or President. The functions of the Executive Directors, as distinguished from those of the Managing Director or President, were discussed at length with special reference to the question of whether the Executive Directors and their Alternates should be full-time or part-time. Agreement was reached on a compromise providing that each Executive Director and his Alternate are to devote all the time and attention to the business of the Fund or Bank that its interests require and, between them, are to be continuously available at the main office of the Fund or Bank. A body of Executive Directors, or their Alternates, will therefore be continuously available for day-to-day decisions. It will be possible, however, for an Executive Director to devote a major part of his time to official duties in his own country, leaving his Alternate to be available most of the time at the main office.
After considerable discussion the maximum annual salaries of Executive Directors were fixed at $\$ 17,000$, net of taxes. The Alternates will receive maximum annual salaries of $\$ 11,500$, net of taxes. These salaries include all expense allowances except those covering certain reasonable traveling expenses. An Executive Director or Alternate serving part-time will receive a salary based on the amount of time he devotes to the work of the Fund or Bank. An Executive Director or Alternate, furthermore, may elect to receive a salary less than that to which he is entitled. The Managing Director of the Fund and the President of the Bank will each receive a salary of $\$ 30,000$, net of taxes, plus certain expense allowances. The Boards of Governors agreed to request all member gov-
ernments to exempt from national taxation salaries and allowances paid by the Fund and the Bank in order to relieve the institutions of this tax burden.

Special arrangements were made for the admission of certain countries to membership. The Boards of Governors agreed that those governments represented at Bretton Woods which had not become original members might sign the Agreements at any time before December 31, 1946, on the same terms as original members. In the course of the meetings the Governments of El Salvador, Nicaragua, Panama, and Cuba were admitted to membership in the Fund and the Bank. Although Cuba had signed the Agreements before December 31, 1945, it did not deposit until March 15, 1946 the necessary instrument stating that legislative action had been taken to enable fulfillment of its obligations under the Agreements. The amount to be subscribed to the Fund and the Bank by Denmark was set by the Boards of Governors at 68 million dollars and, in accordance with the Agreements, Denmark accepted membership in the Fund and the Bank on March 30, 1946. At present, therefore, the Fund has 39 members and the Bank 38 members.

Governments not represented at Bretton Woods may in the future be admitted to membership by the Boards of Governors on such terms and conditions as these Boards prescribe. In the course of the March meetings applications for membership were received from Italy, Lebanon, Syria, and Turkey. These applications, which were supported by the United States, were referred to the Executive Directors for their consideration and recommendations.

Requests for interpretations of the Fund and the Bank Agreements were submitted by the Governor appointed by the United States as directed by the Bretton Woods

Agreements Act. These and other requests for interpretation submitted by the Governors appointed by the United Kingdom and India were referred to the Executive Directors of the Fund and the Bank in accordance with the Articles of Agreement.

Toward the close of the Governors' meetings on March 18, seven Executive Directors of each institution were elected by the Governors representing countries not entitled to appoint Executive Directors, including those admitted during the course of the meetings. A list of the elected Directors, and of the countries whose Governors elected them, is given in the table on page 372. They will serve until the next regular election of Executive Directors in September 1948. It was agreed that the Executive Directors of the Fund should meet on May 6 and the Executive Directors of the Bank on May 7, 1946, in Washington. Their first concern will be the selection of the Managing Director and the President. The Boards of Governors will meet again in September 1946 and thereafter will hold their regular annual meetings in September.

## Distribution of Voting Power

The Fund and the Bank will be responsible for reaching important decisions on international monetary matters. Except in a few special cases these decisions will be made by a majority of the votes cast whether by the Board of Governors or by the Executive Directors. The percentage distribution of the voting power of the present members of the Fund and the Bank is shown in the following table. Each member has 250 votes plus one vote for each $\$ 100,000$ of its subscription to the Fund or Bank. In voting by the Board of Governors the Governor appointed by each member has the voting power allotted to that member.

PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF VOTING POWER OF MEMBER COUNTRIES 1

| Country | International Fund | $\underset{\substack{\text { International } \\ \text { Bank }}}{ }$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States. | 33.1 | 37.1 |
| United Kingdom. | 15.8 | 15.4 |
| China. | 6.9 | 7.3 |
| France. | 5.7 | 5.5 |
| India. | 5.1 | 4.9 |
| Canada. | 3.9 | 4.1 |
| Netherlands | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| Belgium. | 3.0 | 2.9 |
| Latin America, total ${ }^{1}$ | 10.7 | 8.0 |
| Other countries ${ }^{1}$ | 12.3 | 11.4 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 |

${ }^{1}$ The number of votes and percentage of the total voting power of each present member of the Fund and the Bank is shown in a table on page 371.

An appointed Executive Director casts the number of votes of the member which appoints him; an elected Executive Director, on the other hand, casts en bloc the number of votes of the members whose Governors elected him. For voting on certain matters the voting power of Executive Directors of the Fund is slightly modified to take account of the financial position vis-a-vis the Fund of the members which they represent. The

|  | International Fund | International Bank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Directors Appointed By: |  |  |
| 1. United States. | 33.52 | 37.53 |
| 2. United Kingdom | 16.00 | 15.54 |
| 3. China. | 6.94 | 7.33 |
| 5. France. | 5.74 5.13 | 5.57 4.98 |
| Elected Directors ${ }^{1}$ <br> International Fund |  |  |
| 6. Santos-Filho (Brazil) | 5.53 |  |
| 7. Gomez (Mexico) | 5.28 |  |
| 8. Bruins (Netherlands) | 5.13 |  |
| 9. Rasminsky (Canada) | 4.83 |  |
| 10. Mlàdek (Czechoslovakia) | 4.65 |  |
| 11. Gutt (Belgium) | 3.76 3.49 |  |
| International Bank |  |  |
| 6. Beyen (Netherlands) |  | 4.98 |
| 7. Gutt (Belgium) |  | 4.53 |
| 8. Moller (Chile). |  | 4.30 |
| 9. Baranski (Poland) |  | 4.28 |
| 10. Machado (Cuba) |  | 4.23 |
| 11. Bryce (Canada).. |  | 4.11 |
| 12. Varvaressos (Greece) |  | 2.62 |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 |

${ }^{1}$ Detailed tables indicating the number of votes of each appointed and elected Director and the countries appointing the Governors whose votes elected each of the elected Directors of
the Fund and the Bank are shown on page 372 . The total number of votes and the percentage distribution of voting number of Executive Directors are affected by the fact that power of Executive Directors are affected by the fact that Directors.
ordinary percentage distribution of the voting power of the Executive Directors of the Fund and the Bank is shown in the table at the bottom of the preceding column.

## Financial Operations of the Fund

In order to help member countries maintain stable exchange rates and avoid unnecessary exchange restrictions the International Monetary Fund will have a pool of resources subscribed by member countries. The required subscription, or quota, of each member, as shown in the table, will be paid partly in gold and partly in its own currency. Each member must pay in gold 25 per cent of its quota or 10 per cent of its net official gold and dollar holdings, whichever is smaller. The balance will be paid in the member's own currency. The Fund will accept non-negotiable, non-interest-bearing demand notes from any member in place of any part of its currency not needed for the Fund's operations. Payments are due on the date when a member becomes eligible to use the resources of the Fund, as described on page 366 .

The total to be subscribed to the Fund by all present members is $7,397.5$ million dollars as compared to the 8,800 million allotted to the governments represented at Bretton Woods. Of the total, 2,750 million dollars or 37 per cent will be subscribed by the United States, of which 687.5 million must be in gold. The gold subscriptions of other members, with quotas equal to $4,647.5$ million dollars, may be estimated roughly at 850 million on the basis of their estimated gross official gold and dollar holdings as of December 31, 1945. Actual gold subscriptions will be based on net official gold and dollar holdings as of the date when the Fund notifies members that it will shortly be in a position to begin exchange operations.

INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND QUOTAS

| Country | Amount (In millions of dollars) | Per cent of total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States. | 2,750 | 37.2 |
| United Kingdom. | 1,300 | 17.6 |
| China.... | 550 | 7.4 |
| France. | 450 | 6.1 |
| India. | 400 | 5.4 |
| Canada. | 300 | 4.1 |
| Netherlands. | 275 | 3.7 |
| Belgium. | 225 | 3.0 |
| Latin America, total ${ }^{1}$ | 469.5 | 6.3 |
| Other countries ${ }^{1}$. | 678 | 9.1 |
| Total. | 7,397.5 | 100.0 |

${ }^{1}$ The quotas of all present members of the Fund and the percentage of total quotas are shown in a table on page 371.

Any member country will be entitled to obtain foreign currencies from the Fund in exchange for its own currency to assist in meeting deficits in its international payments for current transactions. Quantitative limits are set on a member's purchases of foreign currencies from the Fund which may not be exceeded except by special permission. Normally a member may purchase foreign currencies with its own currency until the Fund's holdings of its currency equal 200 per cent of its quota, but the increase in the Fund's holdings above 75 per cent of the quota (i.e., the minimum initial currency contribution) may not exceed 25 per cent of the quota in any twelve-month period.
An examination of the initial subscription payments to the Fund indicates that the Fund will be in a strong position at the outset to meet demands upon it. The United States dollar is likely to be the currency most in demand and the Fund will hold approximately 3,600 million dollars in United States dollars or in gold, an amount equal to 65 per cent of the maximum normal drawing privileges of all members of the Fund other than the United States. Some countries will not use their full drawing privileges and the United States dollar will not be the only currency in demand. The Fund will hold at
the outset gold, United States dollars, and Canadian dollars, which are also likely to be in demand, equal to 76 per cent of the maximum normal drawing privileges of all members other than the United States and Canada.
The Fund's ability to supply the currencies needed will not depend solely on the initial subscription payments to the Fund. There will be a constant tendency toward restoration of balance in its holdings of various currencies. Members may use the Fund only to meet deficits in their current international transactions which are expected to be temporary, either because the situation will presently correct itself or adequate corrective measures will be taken. To the extent that this principle is realized in practice members will periodically return to the Fund the equivalent of the currencies they have withdrawn. In addition there are specific provisions which encourage or require replacement of currencies drawn from the Fund. On the Fund's holdings of a member's currency in excess of its quota a member must pay charges which increase with the amount held by the Fund and the period over which it is held. At the end of each year members with adequate reserves must repurchase a specific amount of the Fund's excess holdings of their currencies with gold or with currencies needed by the Fund. In addition, members wishing to purchase foreign currencies with gold must purchase them from the Fund if they can do so with equal advantage.

## Initial Problems of the Fund

In the early phase of its operations the Fund has special responsibilities with respect to the determination of exchange rates and the gradual elimination of existing restric-
tions on payments for current international transactions.

Before the Fund can begin exchange transactions, agreement must be reached on the initial par values of the currencies of members having 65 per cent of the total quotas allocated at Bretton Woods ( 77 per cent of the quotas of present members). When the Fund believes it will shortly be in a position to begin exchange operations it will notify the members and request each member to communicate the actual par value of its currency in terms of gold or United States dollars based on rates of exchange prevailing on October 27, 1945, sixty days before the Fund Agreement entered into force. If during a ninety-day period following the request neither the Fund nor the member objects to the communicated value, it will become the initial par value for purposes of the Fund Agreement. The period of ninety days during which the Fund or the member may object may be extended for countries which were occupied by the enemy. If either the Fund or the member objects to the communicated value, agreement must be reached within a period to be determined by the Fund. The whole process will take at least three months and the Fund will probably not be in a position to begin exchange transactions before the latter part of 1946. Except for possible special arrangements for occupied countries, a member will not be eligible to purchase currencies from the Fund until it has agreed with the Fund on the initial par value of its currency.

The selection of an initial rate will be difficult in some cases because of relatively disturbed conditions in individual countries and uncertainties with respect to the necessary adjustments to wartime changes. The return to normal trading and financial relations will be facilitated, however, if the rates
chosen are consistent with balance in the international transactions of members and can be maintained reasonably stable. Although many countries will rely for some time on restrictions on current payments to balance their international transactions the early removal of such restrictions is one of the primary objectives of the Fund and will be impeded if the rate chosen is not consistent with a balanced position.
The Fund's responsibilities with respect to the elimination of exchange restrictions and discriminatory currency practices will be especially heavy in the first few years of operation. When a member becomes eligible to purchase foreign currencies from the Fund it must decide whether it will take advantage of special transitional arrangements permitting the maintenance of existing exchange restrictions on current transactions or whether it will almost immediately eliminate all restrictions and discriminatory currency arrangements not authorized or approved by the Fund. Under the transitional arrangements each member promises to eliminate such exchange restrictions as soon as possible and measures designed to encourage this will be brought into play at the end of three years, and more strongly at the end of five years. In exceptional circumstances a member which persists in maintaining unnecessary exchange restrictions may be declared ineligible to use the resources of the Fund.

In order to carry out its responsibilities the Fund must analyze carefully the exchange restrictions and currency practices in force and the balance of payments position of the individual members. The Fund's work on exchange restrictions in the early years of its operations will be of special importance because a system of exchange controls and discriminatory currency arrangements tends to perpetuate itself. Adjustments which would
be required in the absence of such measures are postponed and become more difficult. The chances of eventual freedom from harmful exchange restrictions will be determined largely by the progress made in removing such restrictions in the transition period.
The removal of restrictions by the United Kingdom is of critical importance because of that country's strategic position in world trade. The proposed American loan of 3,750 million dollars and the proposed Canadian loan of 1,136 million United States dollars to the United Kingdom are intended primarily to meet the unique balance of payments difficulties of that country. Only with the help of the proposed loans is there any possibility that the United Kingdom will be able to eliminate exchange restrictions and discriminatory practices in the near future.

## Financial Operations of the Bank

The International Bank for Reconstruction and Development will promote the international flow of long-term capital to meet reconstruction and development needs either by direct loans, made out of its own resources or from borrowed funds, or by guaranteeing loans made by private investors. Except in special circumstances the Bank's loans and guarantees will be long-term and for specific projects, whereas the Fund will provide foreign exchange for short periods to meet overall balance of payments deficits.
The total amount to be subscribed to the Bank by the present members is 7,670 million dollars, as compared to the 9,100 million allocated to the countries represented at Bretton Woods. Of the total subscriptions, 1,534 million dollars-20 per cent of each country's subscription-may be used in making direct loans while the balance, 6,136 million, may be called only if needed to meet obli-
gations of the Bank incurred as a result of its borrowing operations or guarantees. Of the 20 per cent of each country's subscription which may be used in making direct loans, one-tenth must be paid in gold or United States dollars when the Bank is ready to begin operations; the remainder will be paid in the member's own currency when called by the Bank. Payments on the share of each country's subscription which may be called only to meet obligations of the Bank must be made in either gold, United States dollars, or the currency in which the obligation is to be met.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT

| Country | Total subscription |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount which may } \\ & \text { (In millions of of dollars) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | In millions of dollars | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent of } \end{aligned}$ total | For Bank's own loan fund | Only to meet Bank's obligations |
| United States. | 3,175 | 41.4 | 635.0 | 2,540.0 |
| United Kingdom | 1,300 | 17.0 | 260.0 | 1,040.0 |
| China. | 600 | 7.8 | 120.0 | 480.0 |
| France. | 450 | 5.9 | 90.0 | 360.0 |
| India. | 400 | 5.2 | 80.0 | 320.0 |
| Canada | 325 | 4.2 | 65.0 | 260.0 |
| Netherlands. | 275 | 3.6 | 55.0 | 220.0 |
| Belgium. | 225 | 2.9 | 45.0 | 180.0 |
| Latin America, total ${ }^{1}$. | 288 | 3.8 | 57.6 | 230.4 |
| Other countries ${ }^{1} . . .$. . | 632 | 8.2 | 126.4 | 505.6 |
| Total. | 7,670 | 100.0 | 1,534.0 | 6.136 .0 |

${ }^{1}$ The subscription of, each member to the Bank and the amount of each member's subscription which may be used for the Bank's own loan fund or only to meet the Bank's obliga tions is shown in a table on page 371 .

The total capital subscriptions to the Bank are of special significance because loans made by the Bank, whether out of its own resources or out of borrowed funds, plus the guarantees of the Bank may not exceed its unimpaired subscribed capital, reserves, and surplus. Since the Bank's own funds from which it may make loans are equal to only one-fifth of the subscribed capital of the Bank, it is clear that loans out of borrowed funds or guarantees of loans made by private in-
vestors will bulk large in the Bank's operations. The amount subscribed to the Bank by any member establishes that member's relative share in the ultimate risks of the Bank's operations, but does not measure the ability of the Bank to make or guarantee loans in the currency of that country. In the case of dollars, for example, in addition to the subscription of the United States, the Bank, with the approval of the United States, may borrow funds in this country for the purpose of making dollar loans, or may guarantee foreign issues floated in this country. While the United States subscription is 41 per cent of total subscriptions, the funds raised from all sources in the United States will no doubt constitute a much larger share of the total funds raised by the Bank.

## Initial Problems of the Bank

In the early years of the Bank's operations the long-term foreign capital needs of the world for reconstruction and development purposes are expected to be much greater than the Bank can meet. One of its major problems will be how to use most effectively its limited power to make and guarantee loans. An analysis of the overall requirements of individual countries and of the world as a whole must underlie the Bank's lending program if the Bank is to assist the most useful and urgent projects.
The Bank will not be the only source of long-term foreign capital, but it will be the principal source in the early years of operation. Private investors will be encouraged to lend at their own risk, but the volume of such loans is likely to be small at the outset. The urgent needs of the Transition period will be met in part by the special loans proposed for the United Kingdom-The American loan of 3,750 million dollars and The Canadian loan of 1,136 million-and by Export-Import

Bank loans. During the period from July 1945 through March 1946 the Export-Import Bank authorized loans totaling 1.5 billion dollars. Under its existing authority the Export-Import Bank may lend an additional 1.5 billion, and President Truman has approved the recommendation of the National Advisory Council, created by the Bretton Woods Agreements Act, that its lending authority be further extended by $11 / 4$ billion. The Export-Import Bank is unlikely to lend on a large scale after The International Bank is in operation. In the aggregate, however, these loans will substantially relieve the pressure on the resources of the International Bank.
Since most of the International Bank's operations will be loans with borrowed funds or guarantees of loans made by private investors, the market for the Bank's obligations will be of fundamental importance. The principal market is likely to be in the United States. Private investors and commercial banks may be active purchasers from the start although purchases by member banks of the Federal Reserve System are limited under existing legislation to 10 per cent of their capital and surplus, or about 600 million dollars. Under the terms of existing laws the Bank's securities are not yet eligible for purchase by savings banks and insurance companies in a number of states. The New York State Legislature, however, has recently passed a measure making the Bank's securities eligible for purchase by savings banks, and similar steps will undoubtedly be taken elsewhere-particularly after the securities become available on the market.
In view of the complex problems confronting the Bank, some months will elapse before it is ready to begin financial operations. It can hardly reach full-scale activity until 1947.

## Prospects for International Monetary Stability

The International Monetary Fund and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development have important roles to play in the immediate transition period, but both are primarily agencies for permanent international monetary cooperation. They are expected to contribute substantially to the maintenance of orderly exchange relationships and to a balanced growth of world trade. The Bank will influence the direction and terms of international investment with a view to assuring productive use of the funds borrowed and reasonable prospects of repayment and to avoiding sudden changes in the flow of international investment. The Fund will help to maintain reasonable stability of exchange rates while making possible orderly changes in rates when necessary to correct fundamental maladjustments, and will help to eliminate harmful exchange restrictions on current transactions. In addition, the resources of the Fund will help members to meet temporary overall balance of payments deficits without resorting to restrictive measures.

The prospects of achieving international monetary stability depend partly on the magnitude and nature of the problems which the Fund and the Bank will be called on to meet. The successful carrying out of the lending programs of the United States and Canada will enable the Fund and the Bank to avoid being overwhelmed by the unusual demands of the transition period. They will be able to conserve their resources to meet the needs which develop from year to year and to exert a continuing influence toward international financial stability.

Several other factors may help to achieve stability in international monetary relationships. Probably no important country will
permit large disturbing capital movements in the future. Many countries suffered serious disturbances in their international exchange relationships during the thirties resulting from large and erratic international short-term capital movements. Several countries developed the technique of controlling such movements and during the war almost every important country was forced to control capital flows. The experience thus gained is likely to be applied in varying degrees in the postwar period. While the Fund Agreement does not obligate members to control capital movements, it recognizes each member's right to do so and any member drawing on the Fund may be required to prevent large or sustained capital outflows as a condition of further use of the Fund's resources.
Most countries will have substantial gold and dollar reserves on which they will be able to draw to meet balance of payments deficits. Official gold and dollar reserves of countries other than the United States are estimated at 20 billion dollars at the end of 1945 as compared to 7 or 8 billion at the end of the twenties. Although large drafts on these reserves may be necessary during the immediate transition period, in the aggregate they will undoubtedly continue at a much higher level than in prewar years. Annual gold production abroad reached a peak of 1,300 million dollars in 1940 and 1941 and will continue to supplement available foreign reserves. Although total gold and dollar reserves are not distributed among individual countries in proportion to need, the ability to draw on reserves, supplemented by the privilege of using the resources of the Fund, should enable most countries to meet temporary foreign trade deficits without resorting to harmful restrictive measures. In certain cases, however, the
imposition of restrictions on payments for current international transactions may be approved by the Fund as the most appropriate means of meeting a temporary deficit.
Whenever it appears that a balance of payments deficit may become chronic and is due to fundamental maladjustments, corrective measures will be necessary. Changes in exchange rates, long-term borrowing abroad for productive purposes, reorganization or rationalization of productive methods, appropriate domestic monetary policies or other measures may be discussed by the Fund with the member country concerned as steps to aid in eliminating a deficit in a country's international transactions. The Fund will also aim to correct a chronic tendency toward a surplus in the balance of payments of any member country and may discuss with the member possible measures to reduce or eliminate the surplus.
The adoption of measures designed to eliminate a chronic balance of payments surplus, including the elimination of barriers to international trade, will be greatly facilitated by the maintenance of a high level of employment in "surplus" countries such as the United States. Only if there is confidence in such countries that increased imports will raise the domestic standard of living and not contribute to unemployment at home will a greater inflow of foreign goods be welcomed. Attainment
of a high level of employment with its accompaniment of increased consumption will permit a substantial increase in the volume of imports without any decrease in domestic production of the same types of commodities; and in those cases in which imports force some shift away from types of production in which the surplus country is relatively less efficient, the shifts can readily be effected if business is active and employment high throughout the economy.
In addition to the contribution that it would make toward a larger volume of imports, the steady maintenance of high employment in the surplus countries would help to relieve the world of the international crises and pressures that characterized the 1930's. Great fluctuations in the purchasing power of the countries which are predominant in world markets lead to booms and depressions in those markets that distort whole national economies and render orderly international relationships impossible. Avoidance of such fluctuations is essential to the full and successful functioning of the Bretton Woods institutions. The attainment of national and international stability, however, must be attacked as a common problem; both must be achieved together. The international measures of which the Fund and the Bank constitute a part are as essential to orderly national developments as they are dependent upon them.

VOTING POWER AND SUBSCRIPTIONS OF MEMBER COUNTRIES

| Country | Voting power of member countries |  |  |  | International Fund quotas |  | Required subscriptions to International Bank |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | International Fund |  | International Bank |  |  |  | Total subscription |  | Amount which may be used (in millions of dollars) |  |
|  | Number of votes | Per cent of total | Number of votes | Per cent of total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (in } \\ \text { millions } \\ \text { of dollars) } \end{gathered}$ | Per cent of total | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (in } \\ \text { millions } \\ \text { of dollars) } \end{gathered}$ | Per cent of total | For Bank's own loans | Only to meet Bank's obligations |
| Belgium. | 2,500 | 2.99 | 2,500 | 2.90 | 225.0 | 3.04 | 225.0 | 2.93 | 45.00 | 180.00 |
| Bolivia. | 350 | . 42 | 320 | . 37 | 10.0 | . 14 | 7.0 | . 09 | 1.40 | 5.60 |
| Brazil. | 1,750 | 2.09 | 1,300 | 1.51 | 150.0 | 2.03 | 105.0 | 1.37 | 21.00 | 84.00 |
| Canada | 3,250 | 3.88 | 3,500 | 4.06 | 300.0 | 4.06 | 325.0 | 4.24 | 65.00 | 260.00 |
| Chile. | 750 | . 90 | 600 | . 70 | 50.0 | . 68 | 35.0 | . 46 | 7.00 | 28.00 |
| China. | 5,750 | 6.87 | 6,250 | 7.25 | 550.0 | 7.43 | 600.0 | 7.82 | 120.00 | 480.00 |
| Colombia | 750 | . 90 |  |  | 50.0 | . 68 |  |  |  |  |
| Costa Rica | 300 | . 36 | 270 | . 31 | 5.0 | . 07 | 2.0 | . 03 | . 40 | 1.60 |
| Cuba. | 750 | . 90 | 600 | . 70 | 50.0 | . 68 | 35.0 | . 46 | 7.00 | 28.00 |
| Czechoslovakia | 1,500 | 1.79 | 1,500 | 1.74 | 125.0 | 1.69 | 125.0 | 1.63 | 25.00 | 100.00 |
| Denmark.. | 930 | 1.11 | 930 | 1.08 | 68.0 | . 92 | 68.0 | 89 | 13.60 | 54.40 |
| Dominican Republic | 300 | . 36 | 270 | . 31 | 5.0 | . 07 | 2.0 | . 03 | . 40 | 1.60 |
| Ecuador. | 300 | . 36 | 282 | . 33 | 5.0 | . 07 | 3.2 | . 04 | . 64 | 2.56 |
| Egypt.... | 700 | . 84 | 650 | . 75 | 45.0 | . 61 | 40.0 | . 52 | 8.00 | 32.00 |
| El Salvador | 275 | . 33 | 260 | . 30 | 2.5 | . 03 | 1.0 | . 01 | . 20 | . 80 |
| Ethiopia | 310 | . 37 | 280 | . 32 | 6.0 | . 08 | 3.0 | . 04 | . 60 | 2.40 |
| France. | 4,750 | 5.67 | 4,750 | 5.51 | 450.0 | 6.08 | 450.0 | 5.87 | 90.00 | 360.00 |
| Greece... | 650 | . 78 | 500 | . 58 | 40.0 | . 54 | 25.0 | . 33 | 5.00 | 20.00 |
| Guatemala | 300 | . 36 | 270 | . 31 | 5.0 | . 07 | 2.0 | . 03 | . 40 | 1.60 |
| Honduras. | 275 | . 33 | 260 | . 30 | 2.5 | . 03 | 1.0 | . 01 | . 20 | . 80 |
| Iceland. | 260 | . 31 | 260 | . 30 | 1.0 | . 01 | 1.0 | . 01 | . 20 | . 80 |
| India | 4,250 | 5.08 | 4,250 | 4.93 | 400.0 | 5.41 | 400.0 | 5.22 | 80.00 | 320.00 |
| Iran. | 500 | 60 | 490 | . 57 | 25.0 | . 34 | 24.0 | . 31 | 4.80 | 19.20 |
| Iraq. | 330 | . 39 | 310 | . 36 | 8.0 | . 11 | 6.0 | . 08 | 1.20 | 4.80 |
| Luxembourg. | 350 | . 42 | 350 | . 41 | 10.0 | . 14 | 10.0 | . 13 | 2.00 | 8.00 |
| Mexico. | 1,150 | 1.37 | 900 | 1.04 | 90.0 | 1.22 | 65.0 | . 85 | 13.00 | 52.00 |
| Netherlands | 3,000 | 3.58 | 3.000 | 3.48 | 275.0 | 3.72 | 275.0 | 3.59 | 55.00 | 220.00 |
| Nicaragua. | 270 | . 32 | 258 | . 30 | 2.0 | . 03 |  | . 01 | . 16 |  |
| Norway. | 750 | . 90 | 750 | . 87 | 50.0 | . 68 | 50.0 | 65 | 10.00 | 40.00 |
| Panama. | 255 | . 30 | 252 | . 29 | $\stackrel{r}{ }$. 5 | . 01 | . 2 | (1) | . 04 | . 16 |
| Paraguay . | 270 | . 32 | 258 | . 30 | 2.0 | . 03 | . 8 | . 01 | . 16 | . 64 |
| Peru................. . | 500 | 60 | 425 | . 49 | 25.0 | . 34 | 17.5 | . 23 | 3.50 | 14.00 |
| Philippine Commonwealth.. | 400 | 48 | 400 | 45 | 15.0 | . 20 | 15.0 | . 20 | 35.00 | 12.00 100.00 |
| Poland. . . . | 1,500 | 1.79 | 1,500 | 1.74 | 125.0 | 1.69 | 125.0 | 1.63 | 25.00 | 100.00 80.00 |
| Union of South Africa . | 1,250 | 1.49 | 1,250 | 1.45 | 100.0 | 1.35 | 100.0 | 1.30 | 20.00 | 80.00 |
| United Kingdom. | 13.250 | 15.83 | 13,250 | 15.37 | 1,300.0 | 17.57 | 1,300.0 | 16.95 | 260.00 | 1,040.00 |
| United States.. | 27,750 | 33.14 | 32,000 | 37.12 | 2,750.0 | 37.17 | 3,175.0 | 41.40 | 635.00 | 2,540.00 |
| Uruguay. | 400 850 | . 48 | 355 | . 41 | 15.0 | . 20 | 10.5 | . 14 | 2.10 8.00 | 8.40 |
| Yugoslavia. | 850 | 1.02 | 650 | . 75 | 60.0 | . 81 | 40.0 | . 52 | 8.00 | 32.00 |
| Total. | 83,725 | ${ }^{2} 100.00$ | 86,200 | ${ }^{2} 100.00$ | 7,397.5 | ${ }^{2} 100.00$ | 7,670.0 | ${ }^{2} 100.00$ | 1,534.00 | 6,136.00 |

${ }^{1}$ Less than .005 per cent. $\quad{ }^{2}$ The figures shown in the table do not add to 100.00 because of rounding.

## VOTING POWER OF EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS*



[^0]
# THE FINANCIAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN 

## by

Marriner S. Eccles<br>Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal<br>Reserve System

The statement given below was made by Chairman Eccles before the Banking and Currency Committee of the Senate on March 8, 1946.

Mr. Chairman, I appreciate this opportunity to appear before this Committee to express my views on the proposed British loan. I learned about the British problem the hard way-by weeks of continuous negotiations in which we thoroughly explored the British situation and every proposal for dealing with it. I should like to summarize my conclusions by offering answers to three questions:

1. Why do the British need our help?
2. What would it cost $u$ s to give this help?
3. What would we get in return?

First: Why do the British need our help? They need it because they have just finished an exhausting war against our common enemies. They need a blood transfusion to help them regain their international economic health. The proposed credit is not and, therefore, should not be judged as a commercial loan. It is more like a draft on a blood bank.

Why has the war left Britain in this anemic state? Because in their extremity the British threw all their resources into the battle without reckoning the cost in terms of where they would be left after victory. Domestically, their economy can be readily converted to peacetime purposes. Internationally, the wartime drains on their resources have reduced them to the point where their only alternatives are to gain recuperative help from us or else to attempt recovery through exploitation of the Empire system.

The British Isles are normally a great workshop. The British people depend for their existence upon large imports of food and raw materials. They need the food to exist. They need the raw materials for manufacture into the goods which they consume and those they sell abroad. Only by selling goods and services abroad can they get the dollars necessary in the long run to buy what they need abroad. We, in America, who live so largely from the resources within our nation, sometimes
forget how different is the situation of countries which can not survive without a large measure of foreign trade.
Britain's export trade, the main source of her international earning power, was down to onethird of normal by the end of the war. Why? Because in her wartime partnership with us, it was agreed that she should concentrate her efforts on war production while we provided her essential imports under Lend-Lease. Lend-Lease abruptly ended on V-J Day. Britain's struggle to rebuild her export trade did not begin until that day. It will take years for her to rebuild her exports, especially since they must now rise far above the prewar level to make up for her wartime loss of income from her overseas investments.
Before the war Britain was one of the greatest creditor countries in the world, receiving each year close to one billion dollars of net income from her foreign investments. The necessities of war compelled her to liquidate a large part of her foreign investments and to incur, in the form of frozen sterling balances, foreign obligations amounting to approximately 12 billion dollars. As a result, her net income from foreign investments has been reduced to about 400 million dollars. Not only has she lost this income, but she has lost liquid assets which might otherwise have been available to tide her over this postwar situation.

This, in brief, is why the British seek our help. There is nowhere else they can turn to get the help which they need in addition to what they can get from within the Empire.

Second: What would it cost us to give this help? We are asked to provide a line of credit of 3,750 million dollars to be drawn over a period of from three to five years. The British wanted, and made a strong case for much more. The American negotiators, however, were not willing to ask the Congress to provide more than we concluded was the irreducible minimum needed to do the job, having in mind (1) Britain's urgent requirements for foreign goods, based on continuation of an austere standard of living for her people, (2) her capacity

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to pay out of her own resources, and (3) the amount of help she might obtain from countries other than the United States.

What does a loan of 3,750 million dollars cost the United States? The interest rate which our Government has to pay on borrowed money is not the important matter that some have tried to make it seem. The real question is the strain on our financial and economic resources. That involves a real cost. I scarcely need remind you that we, too, have inherited troubles from the war. We have a national debt of nearly 280 billion dollars. We still face dangerous inflationary pressures because of the excessive purchasing power created as a result of the way in which we financed the war and because of our great shortages of goods relative to this purchasing power. The expenditure in our markets of dollars provided under this loan would admittedly add further inflationary pressures to our economy at this time.

Fortunately the added pressures would not be as heavy as they might seem at first sight. Expenditure of the dollars provided in this proposed loan would be spread out over several years. Some of the dollars would be spent initially in other countries and might take some time to find their way back to our markets. Some would be spent on commodities which are not in short supply. And unless we bog down in the management of our own affairs at home, our vast capacity to produce goods will progressively overcome the shortages during the life of this extension of credit.
It was neither practical nor desirable to attempt to specify as a condition of the loan how, or when, or for what the dollars should be spent in our markets. We already have and should retain the over-all control of exports, through export licenses, whereby we can exert a real measure of control over the timing and nature of all foreign demands, whether they arise under this loan or otherwise, that may be made on our economy during the period of inflationary pressures. However, we shall have to share with the world some of our scarce resources. This fact has been recognized in our food program. We shall need to recognize it as it affects other necessities if we are to help bring about economic and political stability in the world. This takes me to my third point.
Third: What would we get in return? Out of this proposed loan, which is an integral part of a far larger fabric of international arrangements,
we expect far more than a mere financial return. The contract provides for repayment of the principal and for a moderate rate of interest. But at this juncture in our affairs we are not looking for loans just for the sake of playing the role of world banker. Only the most real and urgent reasons, based on our own national advantage, would justify our incurring the costs of any foreign loan at this time. If the granting of this British loan does not reasonably promise lasting benefits and compensations to the United States which far outweigh the financial considerations involved, the loan should not be made. If I did not feel that this loan is in the deepest sense in the interest of this country, I would not be here today recommending that you approve it.
We live today in a sick world. We have yet to attain the objectives of the Atlantic Charter, freedom from want and freedom from fear. These objectives will never be attained, and our ideals of peace and democracy can not long survive if we merely indulge in pious hopes and do nothing to prevent the world from degenerating into further economic chaos in the aftermath of the most devastating of all wars.
What are we doing about it? As you know, the American Government has taken the lead in drawing up treaties of economic peace as the basis for a stable world order. We have laid down "rules of the game" for a peaceful and productive system of world trade and finance, first in the Bretton Woods Agreements and then in the proposals for an International Trade Organization. The basic justification for the British loan is that it would enable Britain to join with us in making a living reality out of these blueprints for world recovery and reconstruction.
British interests in this field correspond with our own. No country has a greater stake in a sound and healthy world trade than Britain. With the loan, the British will be given the help they need to work out of their postwar predicament in a peaceful and orderly way. They would open their markets to the world on a basis of nondiscrimination and receive access to foreign markets on the same tasis. They would be able to make pounds sterling earned by foreign suppliers of the British market freely convertible into other currencies so that trade would no longer be arbitrarily channeled along bilateral lines. They would become part of a world trading system, which is
essential to the maintenance of employment and economic stability in a democratic world.

On the other hand, if we refuse the loan, the British would be forced to make a desperate bid for economic domination in large areas of the world. They would have to intensify their trade and exchange restrictions, and to resort to every economic device to gain advantage in world markets and obtain necessary supplies. This would force a large part of the rest of the world into retaliation along the same lines. As a matter of self-preservation countries would turn increasingly toward state trading and barter. The British people would suffer privations even greater than in wartime, and no one could say whether freedom and democracy could survive such conditions there. Along this road lies further totalitarian development.

Such a prospect would be profoundly disturbing. If our relations with the British Empire degenerate into a state of bitter rivalry between trading blocs, can we retain any hope of salvaging a decent peace from the wreckage of war? Faced with this situation, we are asked to provide a sum equal to fifteen days' cost of fighting the war. I believe that if we could afford to give 21 billion dollars of LendLease aid to a partner in winning the war, we should be able to lend a small fraction of this sum to secure a partner in winning the peace. If the war had lasted longer, as many expected, we would not have hesitated to furnish further Lend-Lease aid to Britain even though the amount might have far exceeded this loan.

But what about the risk of default? Of course it exists. We can not foresee the conditions which will prevail over the rest of this century and neither this loan agreement nor any of the other economic arrangements into which we now enter can survive a state of world-wide economic collapse such as we suffered during the Great Depression. But if the world economy is restored to a healthy basis, the payments on this loan, amounting to no more than 2 per cent of Britain's annual expenditures
abroad, can not be judged burdensome. Let me impress this thought upon you: that our very purpose in making the loan is to create the con ditions in which it can be repaid.
You will have noted that I advocate this loan on its own merits and primarily as a contribution to world stability. I do not believe in foreign lending for the sake of creating employment here and ex. porting unemployment to foreign shores. We get employment, yes, while the money is being spent, but the fruits of that employment are lost to us permanently if we persist in refusing to take goods and services from foreign countries to enable them to service and repay their debts. If we desire to maintain a thriving export business and receive service on our investments abroad, we must make the exchange of goods and services a two-way street. In the end, responsibility for making it pos sible for our debtors to pay is ours, and ours alone.
The decision is in your hands. It is a fateful one. Without effective British participation, which is possible only if we lend our aid, the Bretton Woods institutions can not fulfill the hopes which we have placed in them. Without the fulfilment of these hopes for a stable economic order in the world, there is little prospect of success for the United Nations Organization in its search for political stability and security. Without economic or political stability, we can expect only a continued drift of world affairs toward the catastrophe of a third World War.
Is there not finally another compensation if we make this loan? It arises from the American sense of fair play. Are we the sort of people that would fail to help in an hour of great need a stout-hearted ally dedicated to the institutions of freedom and democracy-an ally which once stood alone through the long dark night as the only barrier between this country and Axis aggression? As we review the past, let's not forget that while the British owe us much, we also owe them something.

According to preliminary reports, net profits after taxes of member banks of the Federal Reserve System increased further in 1945. This increase was due in part to a continued growth in earnings on Government securities and in part to exceptionally large profits obtained from sales of securities. The latter source of earnings is largely temporary and may not be expected to continue, and, with the prospects for debt retirement by the Treasury, it is likely that bank earnings on Government securities have reached their peak. Bank expenses and taxes also increased further in 1945, and somewhat higher expenses may be expected in 1946, although taxes will be lower.

$\dagger$ Prior to 1927, profits on securities were included in current earnings.
${ }^{*}$ Beginning in 1942, taxes on net incomes are not, while recurring depreciation is, a current expense deduction from earnings.

Net profits after taxes of all member banks aggregated 794 million dollars in 1945, and the ratio of net profits to total capital accounts was 11.0 per cent. About one-third of the net profits was paid out as dividends to stockholders; the remainder was added to capital accounts.

[^1]As is shown in the chart, net profits after taxes of member banks have increased rapidly since 1942, from the relatively low level that prevailed during the 1930's. Unlike manufacturing profits, bank profits did not spurt up suddenly at the beginning of the war; indeed, profits in 1942 were below those in 1941 and were not much above the general average of the 1930's. Since 1942, however, bank profits have exceeded those of the late 1920 's, the latest period of high earnings.

The present level of bank profits, as compared with that of the late 1920's, results from circumstances markedly different from those which prevailed at that time. Total earning assets of banks in 1945 were about three times as great as in 1929. The rate of interest return on these earning assets, however, was decidedly lower. While the level of market interest rates had fallen substantially for a decade and a half, the average return received by banks from earning assets had dropped even more. The composition of earning assets had shifted from a dominance of loans, a high-yield asset, to United States Government securities, the lowest yielding of all earning assets. At the same time, however, banking losses had also declined greatly.

Nearly all of the wartime growth in bank earnings is the result of income and profits from United States Government securities. Earnings from other sources remained almost unchanged over the war period, while income from Government securities increased rapidly and now constitutes almost half of gross earnings.

This characteristic of the wartime growth in earnings has been accompanied by a narrowing of differentials in earnings among classes of banks and among individual banks. In 1940 the estimated average return received from Government securities by country banks was almost twice as great as that received by money market banks. At present there is little difference between these groups of banks. Furthermore almost every bank, regardless of size, is now earning some profit, and the profits ratios of most banks cluster around the average, that is, fall within the range of about 9 to 12 per cent.

## Factors Influencing Bank Profits

The most important factor explaining the growth in bank profits over the past five years has been the increase in interest received on Government securities. The revenue from this source for member banks has increased about three-quarters of a billion dollars. As shown in the accompanying table, gross earnings of member banks increased by about the same amount while expenses increased by 345 million dollars. This increase in expenses was due to a variety of factors, the most important of which was the rise in salaries and wages. Recoveries and profits on securities sold were large during this period and losses were smaller than in earlier years. At the same time taxes made deeper
inroads on bank earnings as the war progressed, and in 1945 member banks were paying more than a quarter of a billion dollars in income taxes.

## Sources of Income

The principal sources of bank income from current operations in the period 1919-45 are shown in the accompanying chart. It is clear that in this interval of more than 25 years interest and dividends on securities has supplanted earnings on loans as the principal source of bank earnings.

For the year 1945 the amount of interest on United States Government securities reported by member banks amounted to 997 million dollars, or almost half of gross earnings. For all com-

MEMBER BANK EARNINGS, EXPENSES, AND DIVIDENDS 1929, 1935, AND 1940-45

| Item | [In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1929 | 1935 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| Earnings. | 2,399 | 1,207 | 1,323 | 1,417 | 1,487 | 1,650 | 1,874 | 2,100 |
| Interest and dividends on securities: United States Government....... |  |  | -229 | c239 | e336 | -594 | c802 | 997 |
| Other...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 473 | 467 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 206 | 204 | 172 | 158 | -153 |
| Interest and discount on loans. | 1.563 | 498 | 595 | 665 | 649 | 563 | 563 | -585 |
| Other earnings.... | 363 | 242 | 297 | 307 | 298 | 321 | 351 | e365 |
| Expenses. | 1,684 | 833 | 921 | 988 | 1, 002 | 1,039 | 1,127 | 1,266 |
| Salaries and wages | 464 | 334 | 400 | 426 | 461 | 487 | 525 | e 586 |
| Interest on time deposits. | 445 | 196 | 147 | 140 | 128 | 124 | 144 | -180 |
| Other expenses........ | 1775 | 1303 | 1374 | 1422 | 413 | 428 | 458 | e 500 |
| Net current earnings before taxes on income. | 1715 | 1374 | 1402 | 1429 | 485 | 611 | 747 | 834 |
| Recoveries, profits on securities, etc., | 137 | 376 | 303 | 278 | 188 | 312 | 318 | ${ }^{\text {e }} 427$ |
| Losses and charge-offs. . | 295 | 538 | 356 | 318 | 223 | 251 | 232 | -200 |
| Profits before income taxes. . |  |  |  |  | 451 | 673 | 833 | 1,061 |
| Taxes on net income. . | (1) | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | 68 | 115 | 184 | 267 |
| Net Profits | 557 | 212 | 349 | 390 | 383 | 557 | 649 | 794 |
| Cash dividends declared ${ }^{\text {2 }}$. . | 387 | 187 | 210 | 211 | 203 | 208 | 226 | -246 |
| Asset and liability items: ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States Government securities. | 4,161 | 11,492 | 14,823 | 17,753 | 25,408 | 48,182 | 60,324 | 71,795 |
| Other securities............. | 5,951 | 5,422 | 5,799 | 5,994 | 5,842 | 5,286 | 5,131 | 5,566 |
| Loans. | 25,615 | 11,985 | 14,298 | 16.699 | 17,218 | 16,229 | 17,682 | 19,815 |
| Total assets. | 46,954 | 41,607 | 58,025 | 65,044 | 72,610 | 94,299 | 108,920 | 125.132 |
| Time deposits. | 13,332 | 10,181 | 12,055 | 12,458 | 12,413 | 14,176 | 17,198 | 21,487 |
| Total deposits | 37,295 | 35,694 | 51,919 | 58,717 | 66,103 | 87,381 | 101,484 | 116,983 |
| Total capital accounts | 6,360 | 5,118 | 5,597 | 5,798 | 5,977 | 6,304 | 6,712 | 7,243 |
| Ratios to total earnings (per cent) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest and discount on loans. . . | 65.2 | 41.3 | 45.0 | 47.0 | 43.6 | 34.1 | 30.1 | ${ }^{\text {e }} 27.9$ |
| Interest and dividends on securities. | -19.7 | 38.7 | 32.6 | 31.4 | 36.3 | 46.4 | 51.2 | -54.8 |
| Other earnings. . | -15.1 | 20.0 | 22.4 | 21.6 | 20.1 | 19.5 | 18.7 | -17.3 |
| Salaries and wages | 19.3 | 27.7 | 30.3 | 30.0 | 31.0 | 29.5 | 28.0 | e27.9 |
| Interest on deposits. | 31.7 | 17.3 | 11.1 | 9.9 | 8.6 | 7.5 | 7.7 | e8.6 |
| Other current expenses | 19.2 | 24.0 | 28.2 | 29.8 | 27.8 | 25.9 | 24.4 | -23.8 |
| Total expenses...... | 70.2 | 69.0 | 69.6 | 69.7 | 67.4 | 63.0 | 60.1 | 60.3 |
| Other ratios: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net current earnings (before taxes on income) ${ }^{1}$ to total capital accounts. | 11.2 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 8.1 | 9.7 | 11.1 | 11.5 |
| Net profits to total capital accounts. | 8.8 | 4.1 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 8.8 | 9.7 | 11.0 |
| Interest and discount on loans to loans | 6.1 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.2 | e3.0 |
| Interest and dividends on securities to securities | 4.7 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.5 | e1.5 |
| Interest on time deposits to time deposits..... | 3.3 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | ${ }^{\text {e }} 0.8$ |

[^2]mercial banks this amount must have been about 1,150 million dollars. Since member banks held an average of 71,790 million dollars of Governments during the year, the average return on these securities was in the neighborhood of 1.39 per cent. This return is about 0.15 per cent lower than the

MEMBER BANK EARNINGS


Current earnings do not include recoveries, profits on securities sold, etc., except that prior to 1927 profits on securities sold are included in "other earnings.," Beginning in 1942, "service charges, and fees on loans," formerly included in "other earnings," are included in earnings on loans.
estimated average of 1.54 per cent for member banks for 1940. Nevertheless estimated earnings on Government securities were more than four times as great in 1945 as in 1940 because of an increase during this period of 57 billion dollars in average holdings of Government securities.

The interest reported by banks on their holdings of Government securities is based on the book value of these securities. Such income was separately reported for the first time in 1945, and the figures for earlier years shown in the table on page 377 are therefore estimates. For securities acquired from the market above par value the reported income is less than the coupon interest collected. Since direct offerings of securities by the Treasury to banks after the fall of 1943 were small and most additions to holdings were acquired by market purchase, banks paid premiums for most of the securities purchased over this interval. In other words, the effective earnings rate on Government
securities held by member banks in 1945, which was computed above to be 1.39 per cent, is appreciably below the average interest rate paid by the Treasury on securities held by these banks in 1945, which is estimated at about 1.64 per cent. The difference in these rates is indicative of the amount applied to the amortization of premiums. In 1945 it is estimated that the Treasury paid or accrued 1,370 million dollars of interest on the United States Government securities held by commercial banks. This amount was equal to 28 per cent of the average computed ${ }^{1}$ interest cost of the public debt in that year.

The average return booked by member banks on their holdings of Government securities, while below the average coupon rate, is considerably in excess of the prevailing average market yield. Banks are still receiving income from the securities purchased in earlier years when higher yields prevailed. In other words, without a further increase in holdings the interest income of banks will tend to recede if yields stay at their present levels. If yields decline further the reduction in income will be all the sharper.

One of the striking developments of the war period has been the convergence of average rates of interest income on Government securities for the various classes of banks. Before the war most money market banks concentrated their portfolio holdings in relatively short-term issues and received correspondingly lower average returns. Country banks, on the other hand, held larger proportions of Treasury bonds and received correspondingly higher average yields. The policy followed by the Treasury since the fall of 1942 of allowing only the relatively short or intermediate term securities issued to be eligible for bank ownership has tended, however, to reduce this differential. Country banks during this period made large additions to their portfolios from intermediate term securities. Money market bahks, on the other hand, having increased confidence in the stability of yields for the nearterm, went more and more from short into intermediate term securities. The convergence of the average interest returns on Government securities

[^3]for various classes of banks is shown in the following table:

AVERAGE YIELD ON MEMBER BANK HOLDINGS OF UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, $1940-45$ [Per cent per annum]

|  | ${ }^{1940}$ | ${ }^{1941}$ | 11942 | 11943 | ${ }^{1944}$ | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All member banks | 1.54 | 1.35 | 1.32 | 1.23 | 1.33 | 1.39 |
| Central reserve city banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City . . | 1.01 | . 87 | . 97 | 1.05 | 1.18 | 1.29 |
| Chicago | 1.43 | 1.28 | 1.32 | 1.27 | 1.36 | 1.32 |
| Reserve city banks. | 1.81 | 1.62 | 1.48 | 1.29 | 1.32 | 1.37 |
| Country banks. | 2.00 | 1.78 | 1.60 | 1.34 | 1.46 | 1.49 |

${ }^{1}$ Yields estimated; earnings on U. S. Government securities not reported separately before 1945 .

It is estimated that in 1940 country banks were earning an average of 2.00 per cent on their Governments while central reserve city banks in New York City earned only 1.01 per cent, a differential of about 1.00 per cent. In 1945 this range was from 1.29 per cent for New York City banks to 1.49 per cent for country banks, a differential of only .20 per cent.

Earnings of member banks from loans remained relatively constant over the war period, as shown by the chart on page 378. The average volume of loans held increased about 5.5 billion dollars (from 14.3 billion in 1940 to 19.8 billion in 1945), but the average interest return on loans declined from 4.2 to about 3 per cent. This decline in average return appears to have been due in part to a lowering of rates but it is very likely that the more important reason was a change in the composition of loans. High-rate consumer credit loans became a smaller share of loan portfolios while loans for purchasing and carrying Government securities, on which very low interest rates are charged, became an increasing share.

The average rate of earnings from loans has declined greatly over the past decade and a half. In 1929 the average return on loans was over 6 per cent, while in 1945 it appears to have been about half this rate.

## Bank Expenses

Along with all other lines of business, banks encountered higher costs of operation during the war years, as is shown by the accompanying chart. From 1940 to 1945 expenses increased 37 per cent. The salary and wage bill increased both because of more employees and higher rates of pay. Interest on time deposits grew because of a larger volume
of savings deposits; the rates paid on such deposits continued to decline. Other expenses also increased.
For many years salaries and wages have been the most important item in bank expenses. This item increased substantially in dollar amount during the war period and in 1945 was in the neigh-

MEMBER BANK EXPENSES


Current expenses do not include losses, charge-offs, etc. Beginning in 1942 taxes on net income are excluded while recurring depreciation is included in current expenses.
borhood of 585 million dollars, an all-time peak. As is indicated in the accompanying table, from 1940 to 1945 the number of persons employed by member banks increased by roughly 43,000 , and the average annual salary of employees and officers by about 27 and 17 per cent, respectively. As a result the total wage bill increased by around 46 per cent. Both salaries and wages and total ex-

AVERAGE NUMBER AND AVERAGE SALARY OF EMPLOYEES OF MEMBER BANKS, 1940, 1943, 1944, AND 1945

|  | 1940 | 1943 | 1944 | $\begin{aligned} & 1945 \\ & \text { (est.) } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average number of employees (full- and parttime) | 195,731 | 222,190 | 228,863 | 238,336 |
| Officers | 34,771 | 36,001 | 37,046 | 38,513 |
| Others | 160,960 | 186, 189 | 191,817 | 199,823 |
| Salaries and wages (in millions of dollars) | 400 | 497 | 525 | 586 |
| Officers. | 155 | 175 | 188 | 200 |
| Others | 245 | 312 | 337 | 386 |
| Average salary ${ }^{1}$ | \$2,044 | \$2,192 | \$2,294 | \$2,459 |
| Officers. | 4,458 | 4,861 | 5,075 | 5,200 |
| Others. | 1,522 | 1.676 | 1,757 | 1,930 |

[^4]penses, however, increased less rapidly during the war period than total earnings.

## Noncurrent Losses and Gains

As credit grantors, banks ordinarily suffer some losses on earning assets. While the losses are usually offset in part by recoveries of previous charge-offs and by profits on securities sold, there has generally been some net loss on noncurrent account. This net loss varies considerably in amount from time to time and often has an important bearing on net profits of banks. During the war period, however, the rise in Government security prices, together with the differential maintained between long- and short-term interest rates, has resulted in an increase in bank profits from security transactions of such magnitude that noncurrent income accounts of banks have shown substantial net gains.

Profits from the sale of Government securities have resulted from two factors: first, the general decline in interest rates and the accompanying rise in price of outstanding issues, and, second, the difference between short- and long-term interest rates. Profits that result from a decline in interest rates continue to be reported as long as market yields decline and even after the decline ceases if banks are selling securities from portfolios acquired earlier at lower prices. But with stable yields these profits tend to shrink. Profits from the sale of securities that result from differences between short- and longterm interest rates arise because any security when sold has a shorter period to maturity than when purchased; hence, depending on the amount of the difference, it sells at a lower yield and therefore a relatively higher price than when purchased. But for ease of computation the premium is usually amortized on a straight-line basis or a constant yield basis. Hence if the security is sold before maturity the difference between the relatively higher price and the amortized book value is realized as a profit. Such profits could continue even with stable interest rates. The amount banks have realized in the past few years from these sources is not known, but it certainly has been material. As long as interest differences and these accounting methods persist, this revenue will have an assured character, similar for all practical purposes to interest income. None of this income is, however, included with the 997 million dollars of interest on Government securities reported by member banks for 1945 .

On assets other than securities, losses in recent years have been low, and there have been appreciable recoveries, particularly through the sale of real estate acquired in earlier foreclosures.

## Taxes

Income taxes increased by 200 million dollars from 1942 (the earliest year for which separate figures are available) through 1945, although other taxes remained almost unchanged during this period. In 1945 Federal income taxes for all member banks amounted to 267 million dollars, or 25 per cent of net profits before income taxes.
The increase in Federal income taxes paid is the result of new levies inaugurated during the defense and war periods, increases in rates, higher earnings and profits, and the dwindling supply ot tax-exempt securities. In 1940 a new excess profits tax was inaugurated. In 1941 the introduction of the surtax had the effect of further increasing taxes on income, including income from partially tax-exempt United States Government securities. In addition to the new taxes the rate schedules for all Federal taxes were increased. As a result small banks (with taxable income of less than $\$ 25,000$ ) paid a minimum rate of 25 per cent while large banks (with taxable income of $\$ 50,000$ or more) paid a minimum rate of 40 per cent. Also, the capital gains tax of 25 per cent on net long-term capital gains has added considerably to bank taxes in recent years. Some banks were also subject to the excess profits tax, the rates of which ranged from 25 to 50 per cent of adjusted excess profits net income in 1940 to an effective rate of 85.5 per cent in 1944 and 1945. Prior to 1944 few banks were affected by the excess profits tax levy, largely because of the substantial proportion of their income derived from tax-exempt securities. In 1944 and 1945, as their tax protection from this and other sources dwindled, more and more banks, particularly large ones, entered the excess profits tax bracket.

## Cash Dividends and Retained Earnings

Notwithstanding the substantial profits associated with the war years 1943-45, banks have followed a conservative policy with respect to dividend payments. Dividends for the war period reached their peak in 1945, when they were 246 million dollars, or about 30 per cent of net profits. This is in con-
trast to dividend payments of 387 million dollars or almost 70 per cent of net profits in 1929, and of 210 million dollars or 60 per cent of net profits in 1940.

As a result of conservative dividend policy the greater part of net profits of banks in the war period was retained as capital, thus providing additional protection to bank depositors. Capital accounts of member banks increased from 1940 to 1945 by about 1,600 million dollars, or about 30 per cent. This is in contrast to a decline of 1,500 million dollars in capital accounts from 1929 to 1933 and an increase of 700 million from 1933 to 1940.

## Comparison of Bank Profits by Class and by Size of Bank

All classes of banks shared in the high wartime profits, and the differentials of earlier years were largely eliminated. The accompanying table shows that in 1940 net profits after taxes of country banks were only about 5 per cent on invested capital, while at reserve city banks the average rate was about 7 per cent and at central reserve city banks about 6 per cent. In 1945 the rate of return on invested capital was practically uniform at all classes of banks and averaged close to 11 per cent.

RATIO OF NET PROFITS TO CAPITAL ACCOUNTS, BY
CLASSES OF MEMBER BANKS, 1940 AND 1945
[Per cent per annum]

| Class of bank | 1940 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All member banks. | 6.2 | 11.0 |
| Central reserve city banks | 6.2 | 10.6 |
| Reserve city banks. | 7.3 | 11.2 |
| Country banks | 5.3 | 11.1 |

The figures of profits by size of banks for 1945 are not yet available but partial tabulations indicate that the differences between large and small banks were less than before the war. Small banks received somewhat higher average rates of return on loans and on earning assets as a whole, but they also had relatively larger proportions of capital to earning assets. As a result the ratios of net profits to capital accounts were about the same for small as for large banks.

## Net Profits of Banks Compared with Profits in Other Lines of Business

While bank profits relative to invested capital were below the level for most other groups of busi-
ness from 1940 to 1942, they have been above the corporate average since that time, as shown by the accompanying tabulation. Since 1942 bank profits have been relatively higher than those of such stable earning industries as public utilities and transportation. In 1945 they exceeded those of every industrial group except service and construction.

BANK PROFITS COMPARED WITH PROFITS OF OTHER LINES OF BUSINESS
[Percentage ratio of annual net profits to invested capital]

| Business | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Banking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All member banks. | 6.2 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 8.8 | 9.7 | 11.0 |
| Manufacturing | 10.5 | 12.3 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 9.8 | 9.1 |
| Mining and quarrying | 6.3 | 6.8 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 7.6 |
| Trade. | 10.4 | 11.0 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 10.9 |
| Transportation | 1.8 | 4.6 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 5.8 | 3.8 |
| Public utilities. | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 6.7 |
| Service and construction. | 7.0 | 9.4 | 11.1 | 12.5 | 11.7 | 11.6 |
| Finance | 8.5 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.6 |
| All group | 7.8 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 7.6 |

Source: National City Bank letter.
Although there is likely to be some drop in earnings and profits on securities, banks are better assured that net profits will continue to be adequate than are most other lines of business, mainly because most bank assets are relatively riskless Government securities. If there should be a rise in interest rates and assets were measured at current market values, banks could suffer some capital losses, but these would not need to be realized in most cases and would be more than recouped from higher earnings on new credit extensions. In the case of deflationary developments there would be no capital losses from Government security holdings since interest rates would probably remain low.
Not only are bank earnings relatively high, but the banking business is materially different from other industries in that virtually every bank in the country is making some profit. In 1944 less than one per cent of the member banks failed to earn a profit. This is in contrast with other industries such as manufacturing, trade, and service, in which appreciable numbers within the industry -ranging from 20 per cent to 50 per cent-suffer losses even in good times.

## Prospects Beyond 1945

The prospects for banking profits beyond 1945 depend on a number of variables, the most im-
portant of which are: (1) the volume of Government securities held by banks and the rates of interest prevailing on these securities; (2) the volume of loans made by banks and the rates of interest received on these loans; and (3) the expenses of bank operations.

The prospect for 1946 is that bank holdings of Government securities will shrink somewhat. The use of large accumulated Treasury cash balances to retire maturing notes and bonds and to reduce the volume of Treasury certificates outstanding works in this direction. Banks may be able to replace a part of these holdings by buying from the market but the extent to which this can be done is limited. The volume of securities eligible for bank ownership now held outside the banking system is steadily dwindling. With no new Treasury offerings in sight the nonbanking holders of these eligible securities may be more and more reluctant to sell.

Even if interest rates do not fall further, the rates now prevailing will tend to diminish the interest income from Governments received by banks. The 1.39 per cent average rate received by member banks on their holdings of Government securities in 1945 is materially above the average of yields prevailing in the market on securities eligible for bank purchase. With the retirement of highercoupon securities now held in bank portfolios the average rate of earnings from Governments will approach the market rates.
Now that the large-scale market operations incident to war financing have passed, the opportunities for banks to realize profits on securities sold will be less. As indicated above, the profits so far obtained have been largely the result of both the general decline in interest yields and consequent increase in price of securities over the past decade and of the differential between long-term and shortterm rates. Unless there should be a further decline in rates, profits arising from the first of these factors will tend to disappear. Profits on the sale of securities which result from the differential between long- and short-term interest rates will probably tend to shrink because this differential was considerably reduced by sharp declines in market yields on longer term securities during 1945 and early 1946.

Profits reported for the first half of 1946 may, however, exceed the 1945 average. Banks purchased a large volume of securities just before the end of 1945 at the time of the Victory Loan drive.

Banks that do not accrue the interest on Government securities reported no revenue from these issues for the year 1945 but will book this revenue in the first part of 1946. Even for banks using accrual accounting the period of accrual was relatively short.
The volume of loans made by banks and the rates received from loans will also have an important bearing on bank profits. A large part of the loans for purchasing and carrying Government securities probably will be liquidated during 1946. Although these loans were sizeable in dollar volume, the rates received on them were relatively low. Loans made primarily for war purposes were being reduced during 1945 and there will probably be further liquidation in 1946. On the other hand, the volume of commercial and industrial loans for nonwar purposes appears to have grown considerably during the second half of 1945 and further growth in 1946 is probable. In spite of the generally high level of business liquidity, considerable demand for credit at the present levels of business activity seems to exist. The expansion of consumer credit which has already occurred with relatively little increase in the supply of consumer durable goods would indicate that with the appearance of durable goods in volume the amount of credit extended for this purpose could be considerable. The strong and continued demand for housing will also open up new opportunities for mortgage lending. Since the expected contractions are of low-yield loans and the expected expansion is in higher yielding loans, the average rate of return received from loans could increase with no increase in market interest rates.
The expenses of bank operation increased throughout the war and some further increases are in sight. During the war period the number of bank employees increased less than any measure of physical banking activities which can be devised. The number of employees, for example, increased less proportionately than the number of checks cleared (and a great deal less than the dollar volume of checks cleared). The number of bank employees also appears to have increased less proportionately than the number of deposit accounts. Although better office machinery and new methods may, in the long run, reduce the number of bank employees needed, a further growth in their number as manpower becomes available is
likely. Salaries and wages at banks may also increase further in line with the upward adjustments of other wages. The hourly rate paid employees appears to have increased much less during the war than in the service industries or in manufacturing and mining.

The recent deposit growth has been more in savings accounts than was the case in the early part of the war period and this factor has brought about some increase in the amount of interest paid on time deposits. Some further growth in total interest payments may be in prospect. Other expenses of bank operation may also increase. On
the other hand, the repeal of the excess profits tax and the reduction in other income tax rates will add to net profits, particularly of the larger banks.

All factors considered, the dollar volume of bank profits may be at or nearly at its peak. If substantial loan volume appears, the dollar volume of profits may not recede appreciably, but any further increase, except possibly for the first half of 1946, does not seem likely. In view of the large growth in earning assets, however, it seems probable that bank profits while no longer increasing will be well sustained.

## REVISION OF CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS

Several components of the consumer credit series have been recently revised, and new estimates for these parts and for aggregates are presented on pages 432-434 of this issue of the Bulletin.

Revised estimates have been made for industrial banks and industrial loan companies for the period 1938 to date. Estimates for these two lending groups were previously shown in combination as a single series for industrial banking companies, but separate estimates will be published in the future. A breakdown of figures between industrial banks and loan companies is not available for the years 1929-37. Data obtained currently from both industrial banks and loan companies cover all types
of instalment lending by these institutions and provide a classification by type of credit for loan volume and amounts outstanding.
Figures for credit unions have been revised from January 1944 to date in order to adjust the series to official data compiled annually for Federal credit unions by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and for State credit unions by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Single-payment loans outstanding at commercial banks have also been revised for the period June 1944 to date in accordance with recent call report figures.

## LAW DEPARTMENT

## Administrative interpretations of banking laws, new regulations issued by the Board of Governors, and other similar material.

## Limitation on Claims Connected with Government Checks

An Act approved March 6, 1946 provides certain relief for banks, merchants and others who handle Government checks. The relief is, in effect, a six year statute of limitations on claims by the United States against banks or others who handle a Government check that turns out to have had a forged or unauthorized endorsement. The text of the Act is as follows:

## [Public Law 308-79th Congress]

[Chapter 48--2d Session]
[H. R. 129]


#### Abstract

AN ACT To provide for the barring of certain claims by the United States in connection with Government checks and warrants. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no proceeding in any court shall be brought by the United States or by any agency or official of the United States to enforce the liability of any endorser, transferor, or depositary, or financial agent, arising out of a forged or unauthorized signature or endorsement upon or alteration of any check, checks, warrant, or warrants issued by the Secretary of the Treasury, the Postmaster General, the Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers of the United States, or by disbursing officers and agents of the United States, unless such proceeding is commenced within six years after the presentation to the Treasurer of the United States or other drawee of such issued checks or warrants for payment of such check, checks, warrant, or warrants, or unless within that period written notice shall have been given by the United States or an agency thereof to such endorser, transferor, or depositary, or financial agent of a claim on account of such liability. Unless a court proceeding shall have been brought or such notice given within the period prescribed herein, any claim against such endorser, transferor, or depositary, or financial agent on account of such liability shall be forever barred: Provided, That in connection with any claim presented to the General Accounting Office within the time limitation prescribed by section 2 of the Act of June 22, 1926 (44 Stat. 76; U. S. C., title 31, sec. 122), the period within which such a proceeding may be brought or such notice given shall be extended by an additional one hundred and eighty days, and unless such notice shall be given or a court proceeding brought within such extended period any claim against such endorser, transferor, depositary, or financial agent on account of such liability shall be forever barred.


Sec. 2. The Comptroller General of the United States is authorized and directed to allow credit in the accounts of the Treasurer of the United States for the amount of any check, checks, warrant, or warrants with respect to which court proceedings shall have been barred pursuant to the provisions of this Act upon a showing that the barring of such proceedings did not result from any negligence on the part of the Treasurer of the United States in failing to give the notice required by the provision of section 1 of the Act.

Sec. 3. If any endorser, transferor, or depositary, or financial agent who is liable to any of the actions mentioned in this Act shall fraudulently conceal the cause of such action from the knowledge of the United States or any agency or official of the United States entitled to bring such action, the action may be commenced at any time within two years after the United States or any agency or official of the United States who is entitled to bring the same shall discover that the United States or any agency or official of the United States had such cause of action, although such action would be otherwise barred by the provisions of this Act.

Approved March 6, 1946.

## Foreign Funds Control

## Treasury Department Releases

The following releases relating to transactions in foreign exchange, etc., in addition to those heretofore published in the Federal Reserve Bulletin, have been issued by the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury under authority of the Executive Order of April 10, 1940, as amended, and the Regulations issued pursuant thereto:

## Treasury Department <br> FOREIGN FUNDS CONTROL <br> March 15, 1946 <br> Public Circular No. 29

Under Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, Executive Order No. 9193, as amended, sections $3(a)$ and $5(b)$ of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended by the First War Powers Act, 1941, relating to Foreign Funds Control.*
Instructions or notifications by or in behalf of the Treasury Department blocking the property of any person as an internee shall be regarded as revoked upon the parole or release

[^5]of the person from internment or, if the person has already been paroled or released, upon the date of this Circular. However, the provisions hereof shall not apply to any person released into the custody of the Immigration and Naturalization Service for deportation proceedings nor to any person who is the subject of a "removal order" issued pursuant to Presidential Proclamation 2655 of July 14, 1945.

Fred M. Vinson,
Secretary of the Treasury
Treasury Department
FOREIGN FUNDS CONTROL
March 15, 1946
Revocation of General Ruling No. 10
Under Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, Executive Order No. 9193, as amended, sections 3(a) and 5(b) of the

Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended by the First War Powers Act, 1941, relating to Foreign Funds Control.* General Ruling No. 10 is hereby revoked.

Fred M. Vinson, Secretary of the Treasury

[^6]Appointment of Mr. Vardaman to the Board of Governors

The appointment of Commodore James K. Vardaman, Jr. as a member of the Board of Governors for the term ending January 31, 1960, was approved by the Senate on April 3 and he assumed his duties as a member of the Board on April 4, 1946. Commodore Vardaman succeeds Mr. John K. McKee, whose term expired January 31, 1946.

Commodore Vardaman was born in Greenwood, Mississippi on August 28, 1894, and is the son of the late James Kimble Vardaman, Governor of and United States Senator from that State. Upon graduating from Millsaps College, Jackson, Mississippi with an L.L.B. degree in 1914, he began the practice of law in Jackson. He entered military service in February, 1917, was assigned to the Field Artillery, and after serving with the A. E. F. in France was discharged in April, 1919 with the rank of Captain. He moved to St. Louis, Missouri in 1919 where he was engaged in the investment banking business from 1919 to 1926. He entered the commercial banking field in 1926, occupying various executive positions during the next seven years. He became Regional Director of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation for the St. Louis area in 1933, from which position he resigned in 1937 to become President of the Tower Grove Bank \& Trust Company of St. Louis. He retired from the banking business in 1939 but continued his interest in several business enterprises.

Commodore Vardaman was appointed a Lieutenant Commander in the U. S. Naval Reserve in September, 1939 and entered active duty with the Navy in June, 1941, holding various commands in America, Europe, and with the amphibious forces in Algeria, Tunisia, Sicily, Europe, and the Philippines. He was wounded in action and for six months was hospitalized in the United States. In April, 1945, while serving with the Tenth Army's amphibious forces in Okinawa in preparation for the invasion of Japan, he was promoted to the rank of Captain, and in May, 1945 was ordered from that station to the White House for duty as Naval Aide to the President. Among other medals, he was awarded the Silver Star, Legion of Merit and Purple Heart. He was promoted to his present rank of Commodore in August, 1945, after his return from
the Potsdam Conference where he accompanied the President, and from that position was appointed to the Board of Governors.

## Appointment of Assistant Director of Research

Mr. Ralph A. Young has been appointed an assistant director of the Board's Division of Research and Statistics and assumed his new duties on March 20, 1946. Mr. Young has for some years been serving on the staff of the National Bureau of Economic Research in connection with its financial research program and also as Professor of Economics at the University of Pennsylvania.

## Appointment of Branch Directors

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on April 4, 1946, announced the appointment of Mr. Fred G. Sherrill, Vice President, J. G. Boswell Company, Los Angeles, California, as a director of the Los Angeles Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco for the unexpired portion of the term ending December 31, 1946.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on April 8, 1946, announced the appointment of Mr. Aaron M. Frank, President, Meier and Frank Company, Portland, Oregon, as a Director of the Portland Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco for the unexpired portion of the term ending December 31, 1947.

## Death of Director

Mr. C. E. Myers of Covina, California, who had served as a director of the Los Angeles Branch of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco since January 1, 1943, died on March 8, 1946.
Admissions of State Banks to Membership in the Federal Reserve System
The following State banks were admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System during the period February 16, 1946, to March 15, 1946:

Indiana
Brookston-The Farmers State Bank
New Jersey
Jersey City-The Trust Comparıy of New Jersey
Texas
El Campo-Commercial State Bank of El Campo San Benito--The San Benito Bank \& Trust Company

# NATIONAL SUMMARY OF BUSINESS CONDITIONS 

[Compiled March 21, and released for publication March 23]

Production and employment at factories declined in February but advanced in the first three weeks of March, reflecting mainly the influence of the steel strike. The value of retail trade reached new record levels. Wholesale prices of a number of commodities increased.

## Industrial production

Output of durable goods declined considerably further in February, while production of nondurable goods and minerals continued to increase. Production of steel, automobiles, and machinery has advanced sharply since the settlement of wage disputes in these industries, and the Board's index of industrial production, which declined from 160 in January to 154 per cent of the 1935-39 average in February, will show a considerable rise in March.
Steel mill operations in February were at an average rate of 19 per cent of capacity as compared with 50 per cent in January. Output at steel mills has increased rapidly since the middle of February, and during the week ending March 23 is scheduled at 89 per cent of capacity-the highest rate since V-J day. In February production of nonferrous metals, machinery, and transportation equipment also declined, reflecting chiefly the direct or indirect effects of work stoppages.


Federal Reserve indexes. Groups are expressed in terms of points in the total index. Monthly figures, latest shown are for February.

Lumber production, after advancing in January, showed little change in February. Plate glass production increased sharply to the highest level since November 1941.
Production of most nondurable goods continued to advance in February, partly reflecting increases in working forces. Output at textile mills rose further and was at a rate slightly above the level of a year ago. Activity in the meat-packing industry increased sharply in February following settlement of the wage dispute at major plants and was 20 per cent higher than a year ago. Flour production likewise showed a substantial gain for the month. In March a Federal program was instituted to reduce domestic consumption of wheat in order to increase exports for relief purposes. Output of automobile tires in February rose to the highest rate on record.

Output of coal was maintained at exceptionally high levels in February and early March. Crude petroleum production showed a gain in February, but declined in March.

## Employment

Employment continued to advance from the middle of January to the middle of February in most lines of activity except at manufacturing

plants closed by industrial disputes. After February 15 , with the settlement of the steel strike, there were large increases in employment in the durable goods industries and by the middle of March employment in private nonagricultural establishments is estimated to be about $21 / 2$ million larger than last September, after allowing for seasonal changes. Unemployment increased from January to February by about 400,000 to a level of $2,700,000$ persons.

## Distribution

Department store sales in February, after allowance for seasonal changes, were the largest on record by a considerable margin, and in the first half of March sales continued to show marked increases over a year ago. Total retail trade in February was probably close to one-fourth higher than in the same month last year.

Shipments of most classes of railroad freight increased from the middle of February to the middle of March and almost the same number of cars were being loaded in the first two weeks of March as during the same period last year, when shipments of war products were at peak levels.

## Commodity prices

The general level of wholesale commodity prices advanced one per cent from the middle of February to the middle of March, reflecting increases in


Bureau of Labor Statistics' indexes. Weekly figures, latest shown are week ending March 23.
most groups of agricultural and industrial products. Since last September wholesale prices have advanced 3.3 per cent, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics' index. Price control regulations permit manufacturers and distributors to pass on to consumers only part of the recent advances granted in maximum wholesale prices.

## Bank credit

Retirement of 2.8 billion dollars of United States Government obligations during March was reflected in a decline of about the same amount in Treasury balances during the four weeks ending March 20. Holdings of Government securities by both Federal Reserve Banks and member banks declined, accompanying reductions in Treasury deposits at these banks. Deposits, other than those of the Treasury, at member banks showed little change. Member banks' required and excess reserves also changed little during the period. Member banks increased their borrowings at the Reserve Banks to over 700 million dollars on March 13 , but reduced them somewhat in the following week.
Commercial and industrial loans at member banks in leading cities continued to increase between the middle of February and the middle of March. Loans on Government securities to brokers and dealers fluctuated considerably in connection with the Treasury retirement and refunding operations, while those to others continued to show a slow decline.


## FINANCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND COMMERCIAL STATISTICS UNITED STATES

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Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to financial and business developments in the United States. The data relating to the Federal Reserve Banks and the member banks of the Federal Reserve System are derived from regular reports made to the Board; index numbers of production are compiled by the Board on the basis of material collected by other agencies; figures for gold stock, money in circulation, Treasury finance, and operations of Government credit agencies are obtained principally from statements of the Treasury, or of the agencies concerned; data on money and security markets and commodity prices and other series on business activity are obtained largely from other sources. Back figures for banking and monetary tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, Banking and Monetary Statistics; back figures for most other tables may be obtained from earlier Bulletins.

[In millions of dollars]

| Date | Reserve Bank credit outstanding |  |  |  |  |  |  | Treasury currency out-standing | Money in cir-culation | Treasury cash holdings | Treasury deposits with Federal Reserve Banks | Non-member deposits | Other Federal Reserve accounts | Member bank reserve balances |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Discounts and advances | U. S. Government securities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Treas- |  |  |  | stock |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { EX- } \\ \text { cess² } \end{gathered}$ |
| Monthly averages of daily figures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944-Dec. . . . . . . | 265 | 18,693 | 15,895 | 2,798 | 654 | 19,612 | 20,657 | 4,125 | 25,207 | 2,355 | 666 | 1,595 | 403 | 14,168 | 1,284 |
| 1945-Jan. | 118 | 18,726 | 15,956 | 2,770 | 543 | 19,387 | 20,582 | 4,129 | 25,243 | 2,371 | 532 | 1,501 | 403 | 14,048 | 1,114 |
| Feb. | 233 | 19,152 | 16,440 | 2,712 | 494 | 19,879 | 20,519 | 4,125 | 25,527 | 2,377 | 536 | 1,633 | 410 | 14,040 | 952 |
| Dec. | 381 | 23,708 | 20,649 | 3,059 | 654 | 24,744 | 20,047 | 4,322 | 28,452 | 2,269 | 625 | 1,247 | 493 | 16,027 | 1,498 |
| 1946-Tan. | 232 | 23,590 | 21,147 | 2,443 | 476 | 24,298 | 20,106 | 4,375 | 28,158 | 2.265 | 648 | 1,282 | 505 | 15,921 | 1,311 |
| Feb. | 367 | 23,150 | 20,811 | 2,340 | + 417 | 23,934 | 20,197 | 4,426 | 27,944 | 2,307 | 856 | 1,248 | 517 | 15,685 | 1,131 |
| End of month figures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945-Jan. 31... | 176 | 19,006 | 16,272 | 2,734 | 370 | 19,552 | 20,550 | 4,127 | 25,290 | 2,371 | 648 | 1,634 | 402 | 13,884 | 1,865 |
| Feb. 28. | 321 | 19,439 | 16,748 | 2,692 | 398 | 20,158 | 20,506 | 4,122 | 25,751 | 2,355 | 460 | 1,581 | 410 | 14,228 | 965 |
| Dec. 31. | 249 | 24,262 | 21,196 | 3,067 | 580 | 25,091 | 20,065 | 4,339 | 28,515 | 2,287 | 977 | 1,308 | 495 | 15,915 | 1,471 |
| 1946-Jan. 31 | 294 | 23,264 | 20,913 | 2,352 | 418 | 23,976 | 20,156 | 4,406 | 27,917 | 2,293 | 845 | 1,295 | 506 | 15,682 | 1,089 |
| Feb. 28. | 347 | 22,904 | 20,584 | 2,320 | 397 | 23,648 | 20,232 | 4,451 | 27,954 | 2,301 | 829 | 1,193 | 519 | 15,537 | 1,018 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945-May 9. | 552 | 20,720 | 18,617 | 2,103 | 318 | 21,589 | 20,352 | 4,130 4,132 | 26,312 | 2,382 | 447 | 1,463 | 438 | 15,029 | 961 |
| May 16 | 487 | 20,668 | 18,555 | 2,113 | 432 | 21,587 | 20,351 | 4,137 | 26,372 | 2,376 | 102 | 1,541 | 438 | 15,246 | 1,045 |
| May 23 | 724 | 20,929 | 18,809 | 2,120 | 327 | 21,980 | 20,271 | 4,142 | 26,399 | 2,319 | 526 | 1,592 | 440 | 15,117 | 866 |
| May 30. | 886 | 21,023 | 18,891 | 2,132 | 349 | 22,258 | 20,270 | 4,141 | 26,500 | 2,315 | 426 | 1,619 | 439 | 15,371 | 1,113 |
| June 6 | 912 | 20,896 | 18,126 | 2,771 | 398 | 22,207 | 20,268 | 4,145 | 26,513 | 2,314 | 352 | 1,546 | 443 | 15,452 | 1,098 |
| June 13. | 852 | 21,103 | 18,323 | 2,780 | 392 | 22,347 | 20,268 | 4,146 | 26,533 | 2,292 | 170 | 1,550 | 444 | 15,771 | 1,237 |
| June 20. | 307 | 21,507 | 18,710 | 2,797 | 473 | 22,287 | 20,265 | 4,145 | 26,536 | 2,297 | 347 | 1,710 | 452 | 15,354 | 1,454 |
| June 27. | 203 | 21,693 | 18,896 | 2,797 | 315 | 22,211 | 20,263 | 4,144 | 26,628 | 2,314 | 687 | 1,774 | 454 | 14,760 | 1,362 |
| July 3. | 39 | 21,745 | 18,948 | 2,798 | 464 | 22,249 | 20,213 | 4,145 | 26,834 | 2,285 | 667 | 1,647 | 450 | 14,722 | 1,408 |
| July 11. | 73 | 21,544 | 18,747 | 2,798 | 411 | 22,028 | 20,214 | 4,145 | 26,932 | 2,230 | 585 | 1,617 | 453 | 14,570 | 1,136 |
| July 18. | 126 | 21,613 | 18,816 | 2,798 | 430 | 22,170 | 20,213 | 4,144 | 26,901 | 2,274 | 690 | 1,553 | 450 | 14,660 | 1,048 |
| July 25. | 229 | 21,570 | 18,771 | 2,799 | 331 | 22,129 | 20,212 | 4,144 | 26,926 | 2,279 | 594 | 1,539 | 450 | 14,699 | 994 |
| Aug. 1 | 399 | 21,877 | 19,066 | 2,811 | 288 | 22,564 | 20,152 | 4,198 | 27,130 | 2,260 | 678 | 1,532 | 454 | 14,861 | 1,063 |
| Aug. 8 | 353 | 21,910 | 19,099 | 2.811 | 342 | 22,606 | 20,151 | 4,197 | 27,269 | 2,269 | 538 | 1,588 | 457 | 14,833 | 1,066 |
| Aug. 15 | 312 | 21,869 | 19.058 | 2,811 | 601 | 22,782 | 20,130 | 4,198 | 27,351 | 2,257 | 398 | 1,643 | 458 | 15,004 | 1,132 |
| Aug. 22 | 400 | 22,296 | 19,466 | 2,829 | 447 | 23,142 | 20,088 | 4,201 | 27,506 | 2,248 | 671 | 1,557 | 458 | 14,992 | 1,018 |
| Aug. 29. | 442 | 22,358 | 19,516 | 2,841 | 263 | 23,063 | 20,088 | 4,215 | 27,600 | 2,262 | 397 | 1,577 | 458 | 15,070 | 986 |
| Sept. 5 | 377 | 22,435 | 19,670 | 2,765 | 380 | 23,192 | 20,088 | 4,216 | 27,750 | 2,269 | 304 | 1,529 | 463 | 15,180 | 966 |
| Sept. 12. | 457 | 22,808 | 20,014 | 2,795 | 412 | 23,677 | 20,096 | 4,216 | 27.793 | 2,267 | 598 | 1.538 | 465 | 15,329 | 964 |
| Sept. 19 | 301 | 22,965 | 20,116 | 2,850 | 441 | 23,707 | 20,095 | 4,222 | 27,777 | 2,268 | 428 | 1,525 | 475 | 15,552 | 1,039 |
| Sept. 26. | 422 | 23,186 | 20,306 | 2,880 | 285 | 23,892 | 20,093 | 4,222 | 27,729 | 2,263 | 961 | 1,506 | 475 | 15,274 | 893 |
| Oct. 3 | 314 | 23,212 | 20,297 | 2,916 | 294 | 23, 821 | 20,072 | 4,248 | 27,853 | 2,268 | 648 | 1,469 | 484 | 15,420 | 1,001 |
| Oct. 10 | 313 | 23,272 | 20,357 | 2,916 | 338 | 23,923 | 20,040 | 4,257 | 27,962 | 2,282 | 535 | 1,419 | 485 | 15,537 | 1,027 |
| Oct. 17. | 316 | 22,901 | 19,985 | 2,916 | 482 | 23,699 | 20,039 | 4,262 | 27,952 | 2,249 | 293 | 1,324 | 482 | 15,700 | 1,032 |
| Oct. 24. | 389 | 23,089 | 20,192 | 2,898 | 312 | 23,790 | 20,038 | 4,270 | 27,974 | 2,248 | 295 | 1,349 | 482 | 15,751 | 1,002 |
| Oct. 31. | 439 | 23,276 | 20,379 | 2,898 | 272 | 23,987 | 20,036 | 4,278 | 28,049 | 2,244 | 429 | 1,373 | 483 | 15,723 | 904 |
| Nov. 7 | 508 | 23,076 | 20,179 | 2,898 | 292 | 23,877 | 20,035 | 4,285 | 28,137 | 2,268 | 261 | 1,310 | 484 | 15,737 | 928 |
| Nov. 14 | 596 | 23,448 | 20,510 | 2,938 | 455 | 24,498 | 20,034 | 4,284 | 28,178 | 2,265 | 580 | 1,313 | 486 | 15,994 | 1,163 |
| Nov. 21 | 630 | 23,343 | 20,372 | 2,970 | 359 | 24,331 | 20,032 | 4,297 | - 28,198 | 2,272 | 410 | 1,360 | 484 | 15,937 | 1,043 |
| Nov. 28 | 792 | 23,646 | 20,627 | 3,019 | 326 | 24,764 | 20,031 | 4,297 | 28,169 | 2,269 | 557 | 1,351 | 485 | 16,261 | 1,293 |
| Dec. 5 | 345 | 23,525 | 20,474 | 3,052 | 359 | 24,229 | 20,029 | 4,303 | 28,279 | 2,242 | 8 | 1,304 | 487 | 16,242 | 1.594 |
| Dec. 12. | 312 | 23,493 | 20,440 | 3,053 | 460 | 24,264 | 20,045 | 4,317. | 28,370 | 2,268 | 627 | 1,204 | 488 | 15,669 | 1,296 |
| Dec. 19. | 360 | 23,668 | 20,602 | 3,067 | 829 | 24,859 | 20,066 | 4,326 | 28,557 | 2,288 | 718 | 1,284 | 496 | 15,906 | 1,332 |
| Dec. 26. | 492 | 24,037 | 20,970 | 3,067 | 643 | 25,172 | 20,065 | 4,334 | 28,649 | 2,283 | 1.199 | 1,282 | 500 | 15,658 | 1.213 |
| 1946-Jan. 2. | 222 | 24,092 | 21,602 | 2,490 | 533 | 24,847 | 20,065 | 4,352 | 28,491 | 2,306 | 771 | 1,299 | 498 | 15,900 | 1,439 |
| Jan. 9. | 215 | 23,859 | 21,377 | 2,482 | 463 | 24,536 | 20,046 | 4,362 | 28,297 | 2,256 | 758 | 1,307 | 505 | 15,822 | 1,266 |
| Jan. 16. | 210 | 23,437 | 21,030 | 2,407 | 426 | 24,072 | 20,111 | 4,377 | 28, 119 | 2,262 | 272 | 1,257 | 505 | 16,145 | 1,423 |
| Jan. 23. | 207 | 23,341 | 20.968 | 2,373 | 373 | 23,922 | 20,135 | 4,385 | 27,977 | 2,282 | 578 | 1.239 | 506 | 15,859 | 1,169 |
| Jan. 30.... | 310 | 23,297 | 20,945 | 2,352 | 291 | 23,898 | 20,157 | 4,404 | 27,914 | 2,295 | 762 | 1,298 | 507 | 15,681 | 1,061 |
| Feb. 6 | 289 | 23,227 | 20,876 | 2,352 | 324 | 23,840 | 20,157 | 4,413 | 27,929 | 2,306 | 716 | 1,226 | 516 | 15,717 | 1,115 |
| Feb. 13. | 411 | 23,253 | 20,904 | 2,349 | 270 | 23,933 | 20,157 | 4,424 | 27,967 | 2,301 | 864 | 1,173 | 516 | 15,693 | 1,146 |
| Feb. 20. | 352 | 23,017 | 20,692 | 2,326 | 417 | 23,787 | 20,233 | 4,434 | 27,955 | 2,318 | 940 | 1,235 | 516 | 15, 590 | -950 |
| Feb. 27. | 380 | 22,972 | 20,652 | 2,320 | 325 | 23,677 | 20,233 | 4,447 | 27,938 | 2,317 | 826 | 1,203 | 517 | 15,555 | 1,039 |
| Mar. 6. | 443 | 22,526 | 20,207 | 2,320 | 327 | 23,297 | 20,232 | 4,451 | 27,957 | 2,284 | 612 | 1,153 | 531 | 15,444 | $p 904$ |
| Mar. 13. | 710 | 22,393 | 20,074 | 2,320 | 319 | 23,423 | 20,232 | 4,456 | 27,946 | 2,260 | 501 | 1,210 | 530 | 15,663 | p1,119 |
| Mar. 20.... | 483 | 22,592 | 20,335 | 2,258 | 408 | 23,483 | 20,233 | 4,467 | 27,889 | 2,267 | 774 | 1,230 | 540 | 15,484 | p881 |

p Preliminary.
1 Includes industrial loans and acceptances purchased shown separately in subsequent tables.
2 End of month and Wednesday figures are estimates.
Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 101-103, pp. 369-394; for description, see pp. $360-366$ in the same publication,

Federal Reserve Bank

Boston.
New York
Philadelphia
Cleveland.
Richmond.
Atlanta. .
Chicago.
St. Louis.
Minneapolis
Kansas City
Dansas
San Francisco

| Discounts for and advances to member banks |  |  |  |  |  | Advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations other than member banks secured by direct obligations of the U.S. (last par. Sec. 13) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advances secured by Government obligations maturing or callable in one year or less (Sec. 13) |  | Advances secured by Government obligations maturing or callable beyond one year and discounts of and advances secured by eligible paper (Secs. 13 and 13a) ${ }^{1}$ |  | Other secured advances [Sec. 10(b)] |  |  |  |
| Rate | Effective | Rate | Effective | Rate | Effective | Rate | Effective |
| 1/2 | Oct. 27, 1942 | 1 | Sept. 1, 1939 | $11 / 2$ | Oct. 27, 1942 | 2 | Oct. 27, 1942 |
| 12 | Oct. 30, 1942 | 1 | Aug. 25, 1939 | $11 / 2$ | Oct. 30, 1942 | $221 / 2$ | Oct. 30, 1942 |
| $1 / 2$ | Oct. 17, 1942 | 1 | Mar. 21, 1942 | $11 / 2$ | Oct. 17, 1942 | 2 | Oct. 17, 1942 |
| $1 / 2$ | Oct. 27, 1942 | 1 | Apr. 11, 1942 | $11 / 2$ | Sept. 12, 1942 | 2 | Oct. 27, 1942 |
| $1 / 2$ | Oct. 28, 1942 | 1 | Mar. 14, 1942 | $11 / 2$ | Oct. 28, 1942 | 21/2 | Oct. 28, 1942 |
| 12 | Oct. 15, 1942 |  | Mar. 21, 1942 | $11 / 2$ | Oct. 15, 1942 | 2 | Oct. 15, 1942 |
| 12 | Oct. 17, 1942 | 1 | Feb. 28, 1942 | $11 / 2$ | Aug. 29, 1942 | 2 | Oct. 17, 1942 |
| $1 / 2$ | Oct. 27, 1942 | 1 | Mar. 14, 1942 | $11 / 2$ | Mar. 14, 1942 | 2 | Oct. 27, 1942 |
| $1 / 2$ | Oct. 30, 1942 | , | Mar. 28, 1942 | $11 / 2$ | Oct. 30, 1942 | 2 | Mar. 23, 1946 |
| $1 / 2$ | Oct. 27. 1942 | 1 | Apr. 11, 1942 | $11 / 2$ | Oct. 27, 1942 | 22 | Oct. 27, 1942 |
| $1 / 2$ | Oct. 17, 1942 | , | Mar. 21, 1942 | 13 | Oct. 17, 1942 | 2 | Oct. 17, 1942 |
| 12 | Oct. 28, 1942 | 1 | Apr. 4, 1942 | $1 \%$ | Oct. 28, 1942 | $221 / 2$ | Oct. 28, 1942 |

1 Rates shown also apply to advances secured by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months.
2 One per cent to nonmember banks. Similar rates to nonmember banks eliminated in March 1946 by the nine other Reserve Banks.
Note.-Maximum maturities for discounts and advances to member banks are: 15 days for advances secured by obligations of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation or the Home Owners' Loan Corporation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States, or by obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks maturing within 6 months; 90 days for other advances and discounts made under Sections 13 and $13 a$ of the Federal Reserve Act (except that discounts of certain bankers' acceptances and of agricultural paper may have maturities not exceeding 6 months and 9 months, respectively); and 4 months for advances under Section 10 (b). The maximum maturity for advances to individuals, partnerships, or corporations made under the last paragraph of Section 13 is 90 days. Back figures.--See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables $115-116$, pp. 439-443.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK BUYING RATES ON BILLS [Per cent per annum]

| Maturity | Rate on <br> Mar. 31 | In effect be-ginning- | Previous rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Treasury bills ${ }^{1} \ldots . .$. | 3/8 | Apr. 30, 1942 | - |
| Bankers' acceptances:' 1- 90 days. |  | Oct. 20, 1933 |  |
| 91-120 days. | $3 / 4$ | Oct. 20, 1933 | 1 |
| 121-180 days | 1 | Oct. 20, 1933 | 11/4 |

${ }^{1}$ Estabiished rate at which Federal Reserve Banks stand ready to buy all Treasury bills offered. Effective Aug. 3, 1942, purchases of such bills, if desired by the seller, were made on condition that the Reserve Bank, upon request before maturity, would sell back bills of like amount and maturity at the same rate of discount. Since May 15, 1943, all purchases have been made subject to repurchase option.
${ }^{2}$ Minimum buying rates on prime bankers' acceptances.
Back figures.-See Banking and Monelary Statistics, Table 117. pp. 443-445.

GUARANTEE FEES AND MAXIMUM INTEREST AND COMMITMENT RATES CHARGEABLE UNDER REGULATION $V$ ON LOANS GUARANTEED BY WAR DEPARTMENT, NAVY DEPARTMENT, AND MARITIME COMMISSION UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 9112 AND CONTRACT SETTLEMENT ACT
[Rates in effect March 31]
Fees Payable to Guarantor by Financing Institutions

| Percentage of loan guaranteed | Guarantee fee (In terms of percentage of amount of interest payable by borrower) ${ }^{\text {t }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 80 or less. | 10 |
| 85. | 15 |
| 90. | 20 |
| 95. | 30 |
| Over 95 | 50 |

Maximum Rates That May Br Charged Borrowers by Financing Institutions
[Per cent per annum]

| Maximum rate of interest . Maximum commitment rate ${ }^{\text {? }}$. | $41 / 2$ $1 / 4$ |
| :---: | :---: |

${ }^{1}$ Guarantee fee is charged only on guaranteed portion of loan.
2 Based on average daily unused balance of the maximum principal amount of the loan. The financing institution may, in the alternative, charge a flat fee of not to exceed $\$ 50$, without regard to the amount or maturity of the commitment.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK RATES ON INDUSTRIAL LOANS AND COMMITMENTS UNDER SECTION 13b

Maturities not exceeding five years
[In effect March 31. Per cent per'annum]

| Federal <br> Reserve Bank | To industrial or commercial businesses |  | To financing institutions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { loans }^{2}}{\mathrm{On}}$ | $\xrightarrow[\text { On }]{\text { Ommit- }}$ ments | On discounts or purchases |  | $\xrightarrow[\text { Ont- }]{\text { Onmit- }}$ ments |
|  |  |  | Portion for which institution is obligated | $\underset{\text { maining }}{\text { Re- }}$ portion |  |
| Boston. | 21/2-5 |  |  | (4) | 1/2-1 |
| New York. | 21/2-5 | 1/3-11/4 | (3) | (4) |  |
| Philadelphia | 21/2-5 | 1 $12-114$ | 12 | (1) | 12-114 |
| Cleveland. | 21/2-5 | 12-11/4 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (4) | - 1/2-11/4 |
| Richmond. | 21/2-5 |  | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (4) |  |
| Atlanta. | 212-5 | 1/2-14 | $3^{(3)}$ | $3^{(4)} 5$ | - $1 / 2-11 / 4$ |
| Chicago. | 21/2-5 | 1/4-114 | 21/2-5 | 23/2-5 |  |
| St. Louis... | 212-5 | 1/2-114 | $\underset{\text { (3) }}{\substack{121 / 2}}$ | (4) | 左 4114 |
| Minneapolis. . | 212-5 | 12-114 | ${ }_{(3)}^{(3)}$ | (4) | 3/2-1/4 |
| Kansas City. <br> Dallas. | 21/2-5 | 動2-114 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (4) $(4)$ | ${ }_{8}{ }^{1} 2-114$ |
| San Francisco. | 21/2-5 | 52-144 | (3) | (4) | - $1 / 2-14$ |

${ }^{1}$ See table on maximum interest and commitment rates chargeable under Regulation V for rates on guaranteed Section 13b loans.
${ }^{2}$ Including loans made in participation with financing institutions.
${ }^{3}$ Rate charged borrower less commitment rate.
${ }_{5}^{4}$ Rate charged borrower.

- May charge rate charged borrower by financing institution, if lower.
${ }_{6}^{6}$ Charge of $1 / 4$ per cent is made on undisbursed portion of loan.
Back figures.-See Banking and Monelary Statistics, Table 118, pp. 446-447.

MAXIMUM RATES ON TIME DEPOSITS
Maximum rates that may be paid by member banks as established by the Board of Governors under provisions of Regulation $Q$
[Per cent per annum]

|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Nov.1, } 1933- \\ & \text { Jan. 31, } 1935\end{aligned}\right.$ | Feb. 1, 1935Dec. 31, 1935 | Effective <br> Jan. 1, 1936 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Savings deposits. | 3 | $21 / 2$ | 21/2 |
| Postal savings deposits. | 3 | $21 / 2$ | $21 / 2$ |
| Other deposits payable: In 6 months or more. | 3 | 21/2 | 21/2 |
| In 90 days to 6 months. | 3 | 21. | 2 |
| In less than 90 days. . | 3 | 21/2 | 1 |

Note.-Maximum rates that may be paid by insured nonmember banks as established by the F. D. I. C., effective Feb. 1, 1936, are the same as those in effect for member banks. Under Regulation $Q$ the rate payable by a member bank may not in any event exceed the maximum rate payable by State banks or trust companies on like deposits under the laws of the State in which the member bank is located.

MEMBER BANK RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
[Per cent of deposits]

| Period in effect | Net demand deposits ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Time deposits (all member banks) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Central reserve city banks | $\begin{gathered} \text { Reserve } \\ \text { city } \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}$ | Country banks |  |
| June 21, 1917-Aug. 15, 1936. | 13 | 10 | 7 | 3 |
| Aug. 16, 1935-Feb. 28. 1937.. | $191 / 2$ | 15 | 101/2 | 41/2 |
| Mar. 1, 1937-Apr. 30, 1937. |  | ${ }_{20}{ }^{172}$ | ${ }_{14} 12$ | $51 / 4$ |
| Apr. 16, 1938-Oct. 31, 1941. | 223/4 | 171/2 | 12 | 5 |
| Nov. 1, 1941-Aug. 19, 1942. | 26 | 20 | 14 | 6 |
| Aug. 20, 1942-Sept. 13, 1942. | 24 | 20 | 14 | 6 |
| Sept. 14, 1942-Oct. 2, 1942. | 22 | 20 | 14 | 6 |
| Oct. 3, 1942 and after.... | 20 | 20 | 14 | 6 |

MARGIN REQUIREMENTS ${ }^{1}$
[Per cent of market value]

| Prescribed in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934 |  | July 5 , 1945${ }_{1946}{ }^{1} \mathrm{an} .20$ | Effective Jan. 21, 1946 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Regulation $T$ : <br> For extensions of credit by brokers and dealers on listed securities. For short sales. | 5050 | 7575 | 100 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 100 |
| Regulation U: <br> For loans by banks on stocks | 50 | 75 | 100 |

${ }^{1}$ Regulations $T$ and $U$ limit the amount of credit that may be extended on a security by prescribing a maximum loan value, which is a specified percentage of its market value at the time of the extension; the "margin requirements" shown in this table are the difference between the market value ( $100 \%$ ) and the maximum loan value.

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 145, p. 504.

PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF ALL FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS
[In thousands of dollars]

| Item | Wednesday figures |  |  |  |  |  |  | End of month |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1946 |  | 1945 |
|  | Mar. 27 | Mar. 20 | Mar. 13 | Mar. 6 | Feb. 27 | Feb. 20 | Feb. 13 | March | February | March |
| Assets <br> Gold certificates. Redemption fund for F. R, notes. $\qquad$ <br> Total gold certificate reserves. . . . <br> Other cash. $\qquad$ | 17,289,060 | 17,289,060 | 17,289,565 | 17,306,565 | 17,266,565 | 17,248,560 | 17,188,565 | 17,299,058 | 17,266,563 | 17,616,264 |
|  | 785,978 | 787,043 | 788,634 | 771,633 | 782.367 | 794,410 | 794,408 | 775,977 | 782,368 | $644,793$ |
|  | 18,075,038 | 18,076,103 | 18,078,199 | 18,078,198 | 18,048,932 | 18,042,970 | 17,982,973 | 18,075,035 | 18,048,931 | 18,261,057 |
|  | 340,530 | 337,068 | 338,010 | 346,219 | 353,515 | 348,732 | 347,008 | 341,307 | 357,973 | 258,241 |
| Discounts and advances: For member banks. . . For nonmember banks, etc. . . . . . . . <br> Total discounts and advances........ | 643,110 | 443,560 | 670,545 | 402,880 | 340,075 | 312,610 | 366,015 | 586,479 | 307,400 | 243,964 |
|  | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | 40,000 | 340,075 40,000 | 40,000 | 45,000 | 40,000 | 307,400 40,000 | $790$ |
|  | 683,110 | 483,560 | 710,545 | 442,880 | 380,075 | 352,610 | 411,015 | 626,479 | 347,400 | 244,754 |
| Industrial loans. Acceptances purchased U. S. Gov't securities: <br> Direct: <br> Bills: <br> Under repurchase option. . . . . . . <br> Other. | 1,458 | 1,529 | 1,542 | 1,538 | 1,589 | 1,754 | 1,751 | 1,497 | 1,546 | 4.100 |
|  | 2,016 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,016 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,824,650 | 5,713,314 | 5,430,203 | 5,340,168 | 5,320,458 | 5,343,071 | 5,283,470 | 5,354,007 | 5,196,921 | 4,996,885 |
|  | 7,906,416 | 7,917,386 | 7,906,909 | 7,841,189 | 7,785,774 | 7,754,464 | 7,776,914 | 7,926,456 | 7,841,189 | 7,082,325 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Special Other. | 6,903,014 | 6,703,914 | 6,736,414 |  | 7,546,211 | 7,594,211 | 7,843,711 | 6,954,014 | 7,546,211 | 5,410,511 |
| Notes. | 1,437,300 | 1,354,800 | 1,372,700 | 1,372,700 | 1,372,700 | 1,378,700 | 1,401,700 | 1, 463, 300 | 1,372,700 | 1,051,350 |
| Bonds | -902,942 | 1,902,942 | 1,946,892 | -946,892 | 1,946,892 | 1, 946,892 | 1,946,892 | - 902,942 | 1,946,892 | 1,128,152 |
| Total U. S. Govt. securities. Other Reserve Bank credit outstanding.... | 22,974,322 | 22,592,356 | 22,393,118 | 22,526,363 | 22,972,035 | 23,017,338 | 23,252,687 | 22,600,719 | 22,903,913 | 19,669,223 |
|  | 302.352 | 405,848 | 317.483 | 326,461 | 322,969 | 415,386 | 267.780 | 399, 320 | 395,313 | 392,497 |
| Total Reserve Bank credit outstanding | 23,963,258 | 23,483,293 | 23,422,688 | 23,297,242 | 23,676,668 | 23,787,088 | 23,933,233 | 23,630,031 | 23,648,172 | 20,310,574 |
| Liabilities <br> Federal Reserve notes. | 23,966,314 | 24,012,331 | 24,071,424 | 24,125,712 | 24,124,304 | 24,151,094 | 24,155,038 | 23,990,565 | 24,130,539 | 22,319,353 |
| Deposits: | 23,966,314 | 24,012.331 | 24,071,424 | 24,125,712 | 24,124,304 | 24,151,094 | 24,155,038 | 23,990,565 | 24,130,539 | 22,319,353 |
| Member bank - reserve account...... | 15,395,265 | 15,483,606 | 15,663, 170 | 15,444,331 | 15,555,461 | 15,490,106 | 15,693,102 | 14,852,868 | 15,537,355 | 14,166,184 |
| U.S. Treasurer--general account....... | 1,397,003 | 773,934 | 501,470 | 611,790 | 826,157 | 940,449 | 864,040 | 1,592,925 | 829,035 | 646,708 |
| Foreign. | 771,849 | 749,018 | 743,135 | 750,585 | 780,650 | 808,482 | 749,834 | 752,447 | 781,274 | 1,167,559 |
| Other deposits....... | 453,883 | 481,454 | 466,434 | 402,900 | 422,058 | 426,179 | 423,312 | 460,470 | 411,230 | 193,123 |
| Total deposits.... | 18,018,000 | 17,488,012 | 17,374,209 | 17,209,606 | 17,584,326 | 17,665,216 | 17,730,288 | 17,658,710 | 17,558,894 | 16,173,574 |
| Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined (per cent). . | 43.1 | 43.6 | 43.6 | 43.7 | 43.3 | 43.1 | 42.9 | 43.4 | 43.3 | 47.4 |

MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF LOANS AND U. S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES HELD BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS IIn thousands of dollars|

| March 27, 1946 | Total | Within <br> 15 days | 16 to 30 days | 31 to 60 days | 61 to 90 days | $\begin{aligned} & 91 \text { days to } \\ & 6 \text { months } \end{aligned}$ | 6 months to 1 year | 1 year to 2 years | 2 years to <br> 5 years | Over <br> 5 years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discounts and advances. | 683.110 | 591,280 | 23,710 | 44,890 | 23,230 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial loans. | $\begin{array}{r}1,458 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.312 |  |  |  | 22 | 83 | 13 | 10 |  |
| U. S. Government securities | 22,974,322 | 4,151,880 | 2,189,356 | 4,792,978 | 4,940,854 | $2,934,540$ | 2,914,024 |  | 460.500 | 590,190 |

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS, BY WEEKS
[In thousands of dollars]

|  | Total | Boston | New <br> York | Philadelphia | Cleve- <br> land | Rich. mond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. Louis | Minneapolis | Kansas City | Dallas | San Francisco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets Gold certificates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 17,248,560 | 750,252 | 5,368,167 | 818,533 | 1,105,002 | 881,977 | 995,661 | 2,833,424 | 547,107 | 325,692 | 565,278 | 457,326 | 2,600,141 |
| Feb. 27 | 17,266,565 | 741,193 | 5,268,952 | 841,339 | 1,090,084 | 888,281 | 992,930 | 2,948,891 | 573,826 | 333,248 | 573,436 | 460,142 | 2,554,243 |
| Mar. 6 | 17,306,565 | 735.610 | 5.119,098 | 807,994 | 1,105,466 | 929,716 | 1,024,319 | 2,988,154 | 568,089 | 346,431 | 577,345 | 459,121 | 2,645,222 |
| Mar. 13. | 17,289,565 | 734,831 | 4,766,459 | 818,336 | 1,149,704 | 977,943 | 1,040,804 | 3,035,779 | 588,255 | 360,193 | 601,969 | 459,919 | 2,755,373 |
| Mar. 20...... | 17,289,060 | 732,192 | 5,007,789 | 816,041 | 1,118,042 | 917,667 | 1,000,319 | 3,012,559 | 539,620 | 325,178 | 586,791 | 451,225 | 2,781,637 |
| Redemption fund for F. R. notes: <br> Feb 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20..... Feb. $27 . . .$. | 794,410 782,367 | 58,978 58,790 | 108,121 107,290 | 60,825 <br> 60,527 | 77,768 <br> 77,522 | 62,664 <br> 61,391 | 45,128 <br> 44,684 | 145,042 136,770 | 42,922 42840 | 20,119 20,096 | 35,177 $\mathbf{3 5 , 1 0 9}$ | 26,086 26,026 | 111,580 |
| Mar. 6 | 771,633 | 58,699 |  | 60,404 | 77,390 | 60,786 | 44,555 | 127,661 | 42,798 | 20,081. | 35,078 | 25,995 | 111,219 |
| Mar. 13. | 788,634 | 58,699 | 121,967 | 60,405 | 77.390 | 62,786 | 44,555 | 127,661 | 42,798 | 20,081 | 35,078 | 25,995 | 111,219 |
| Mar. 20 | 787,043 | 58,563 | 121,570 | 60,751 | 77,247 | 62,122 | 44,410 | 127,493 | 42,750 | 20,060 | 35,037 | 25,967 | 111,073 |
| Total gold certificate reserves: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 18,042,970 | 809,230 | 5,476,288 | 879,358 | 1,182,770 | 944,641 | 1,040,789 | 2,978,466 | 590,029 | 345,811 | 600,455 | 483,412 | 2,711,721 |
| Feb. 27. | 18,048,932 | 799,983 | 5,376,242 | 901,866 | 1,167,606 | 949,672 | 1,037,614 | 3,085,661 | 616,666 | 353,344 | 608,545 | 486,168 | 2,665,565 |
| Mar. 6. | 18,078,198 | 794,309 | 5,226,065 | 868,398 | 1,182,856 | 990,502 | 1,068,874 | 3,115,815 | 610,887 | 366,512 | 612,423 | 485,116 | 2,756,441 |
| Mar. ${ }_{\text {Mar }} \mathbf{2 0}$ | 18,078,199 | 793,530 | 4,888,426 | 878,741 | 1,227,094 | 1,040,729 | 1,085,359 | 3,163,440 | 631,053 | 380,274 | 637,047 | 485,914 | 2,866,592 |
| Other cash | 18,076,103 | 790,755 | 5,129,359 | 876,792 | 1,195,289 | 979,789 |  | 3,140,052 | 582,370 | 345,238 | 621,828 | 477,192 | 2,892,710 |
| Feb. 20. | 348,732 | 32,971 | 70,042 | 23,165 | 31,366 | 26,634 | 29,074 | 45,340 | 16,537 | 4,370 | 17.672 | 11,323 | 40,238 |
| Feb. 27. | 353,515 | 34,146 | 70,602 | 23,085 | 29,407 | 26,273 | 31,086 | 46,858 | 15,006 | 5,483 | 18,191 | 11,208 | 42,170 |
| Mar. 6. | 346,219 | 35,468 | 74,140 | 23,189 | 31,564 | 24,439 | 25,978 | 44,055 | 12,792 | 4,653 | 17,404 | 11,437 | 41,100 |
| Mar. 13. | 338,010 | 36,119 | 70,512 | 21,347 | 28,298 | 25,318 | 26,434 | 42,225 | 12,066 | 4,932 | 17,447 | 11,874 | 41,438 |
| Mar. $20 . . .$. | 337,068 | 35,465 | 70,949 | 21,349 | 31,899 | 24,029 | 24,100 | 39,297 | 12,283 | 4,369 | 18,116 | 11,885 | 43,327 |
| Discounts \& advances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secured by U. S. Govt. securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 312,610 | 19,255 | 145,310 | 16,865 | 26,985 | 5,800 | 3,300 | 51,400 | 10,000 | 17,500 | 15,175 |  | 1,020 |
| Feb. 27. | 340,075 | 25,605 | 204,110 | 9,140 | 11,835 | 7,590 | 1,550 | 47,300 | 8.250 | 600 | 24,075 |  | 20 |
| Mar. 6. | 402,880 | 20,625 | 254,240 | 9,015 | 9,385 | 3,750 | 5,550 | 55,415 | 10,750 | 1,150 | 21,000 |  | 12,000 |
| Mar. 13.. | 670,545 | 20,785 | 552,650 | 3,890 | 15,735 | 2,450 | 550 7,150 | 47,365 | 8,500 | 50 | 17,000 | 50 | 1,520 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Mar. 20.. }}$ | 443,560 | 19,090 | 285,500 | 8,865 | 32,485 | 4,450 | 7,150 | 12,150 | 37,250 | 5,350 | 28,200 | 50 | 3,020 |
| Feb. 20. |  | 2,560 | 13,320 | 3,320 | 3,720 | 1,880 | 1.520 | 5,360 | 1,360 | 1,000 | 1,320 | 1,280 | 3,360 |
| Feb. 27. | 40,000 | 2,560 | 13,320 | 3,320 | 3,720 | 1,880 | 1,520 | 5,360 | 1,360 | 1,000 | 1,320 | 1,280 | 3,360 |
| Mar. 6. | 40,000 | 2,560 | 13,320 | 3,320 | 3,720 | 1,880 | 1,520 | 5,360 | 1,360 | 1,000 | 1,320 | 1,280 | 3,360 |
| Mar. 13.. | 40,000 | 2,560 | 13,320 | 3,320 | 3,720 3,720 | 1,880 | 1,520 | 5.360 | 1,360 | 1,000 | 1,320 | 1,280 | 3,360 3,360 |
| Mar. 20. | 40,000 | 2,560 | 13,320 | 3,320 | 3,720 | 1,880 | 1,520 | 5,360 | 1,360 | 1,000 | 1,320 | 1,280 | 3,360 |
| Industrial loans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 1,754 | 101 |  | 1,614 |  | 39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 27 | 1,589 | 101 |  | 1,449 |  | 39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 6 | 1,538 | 101 |  | 1,398 |  | 39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 13. | 1,542 | 101 |  | 1,402 |  | 39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 20... | 1,529 | 96 |  | 1,395 |  | 38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. Govt. securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under repurchase option: |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20.. | 5,343,071 | 93,765 | 2.779,895 | 250,551 | 108,180 | 70,621 | 21,188 | 1,454,044 | 113,879 | 38,590 | 32,102 | 15,421 | 364,835 |
| Feb. 27. | 5,320,458 | 78,695 | 2,796,529 | 234,385 | 100,430 | 70,479 | 24,100 | 1,472,675 | 92,969 | 24,690 | 39,022 | 20,819 | 365,665 |
| Mar. 6. | 5,340,168 | 58,854 | 2,900,901 | 231,700 | 83,530 | 50,457 | 23,900 | 1,461,415 | 96,812 | 22,540 | 43,864 | 28,949 | 337.246 |
| Mar. 13. | 5,430,203 | 63,339 | 2,996,963 | 214,485 | 88,600 | 49,877 | 29,675 | 1,481,165 | 95,887 | 24,440 | 32,866 | 21,924 | 330,982 |
| Mar. 20. | 5,713,314 | 64,026 | 3,101,423 | 189,575 | 90,440 | 70,297 | 39,975 | 1,560,465 | 113,160 | 58,860 | 57,147 | 25,914 | 342,032 |
| Other bills: Feb. 20. | 7,754,464 | 662,288 | 51,999 | 614,589 | 1,050,278 | 758,951 | 643.078 | 988,837 | 485,704 | 309,762 | 565,983 | 444,490 | 1,178,505 |
| Feb. 27. | 7,785,774 | 676,302 | 59,503 | 610,918 | 1,109,244 | 760,940 | 644,720 | 954,494 | 487,003 | 319,721 | 562,647 | 440,884 | 1,159,398 |
| Mar. 6. | 7,841,189 | 695,096 | 72,784 | 649,069 | 1,121,608 | 764,460 | 647.627 | 926,538 | 505,676 | 325,343 | 569,978 | 449.161 | 1,113,849 |
| Mar. 13. | 7,906,909 | 740,049 | 88,535 | 692,868 | 1,128,180 | 768,634 | 651,074 | 887,406 | 508,829 | 327,203 | 575,918 | 465,283 | 1,072,930 |
| Mar. 20. | 7,917,386 | 744,402 | 83,870 | 745,102 | 1,129,228 | 769,299 | 651,623 | 860,170 | 503,259 | 327,500 | 576.429 | 475,024 | 1,051,480 |
| Certificates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20 | 7,594,211 | 518,982 | 1,913,577 | 573,779 | 721,134 | 475,340 | 393,085 | 975,629 | 373,813 | 206,172 | 369,636 | 332,772 330609 |  |
| Feb. 27 | 7,546,211 | 515,555 | 1,901,989 | 570,112 | 716,367 | 472,299 439 | 390.573 | 969,501 | 371,503 <br> 346 | 204,821 |  | 330,699 308167 | 735,493 |
| Mar. <br> Mar. <br> 13 | $7,025,414$ $6,736.414$ | 478,574 458,076 | $1.775,572$ 1.705 .339 | 530.391 508.356 | 664,944 | 439,339 421,054 | 363,344 348,240 | 902,964 | 346,358 332.397 | 190,231 182,142 | 341,919 327,836 | 308,167 295,659 | 683,611 |
| Mar. 20 | 6,703,914 | 455,592 | 1,698,064 | 505,828 | 632,980 | 418,950 | 346,508 | 861,930 | 330,891 | 181,173 | 326,248 | 294,291 | 651,459 |
| Notes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 1,378,700 | 94,219 | 347,402 | 104,166 | 130,919 | 86,297 | 71,363 | 177,122 | 67,865 | 37,430 | 67,107 | 60.413 | 134,397 |
| Feb. 27. | 1,372,700 | 93,783 | 345.983 | 103,706 | 130.312 | 85,913 | 71,047 | 176,358 | 67,579 | 37,258 | 66,813 | 60,156 | 133,792 |
| Mar. 6 | 1,372,700 | 93,510 | 346.929 | 103,633 | 129,923 | 85,842 | 70,995 | 176,430 | 67,675 | 37,169 | 66,808 | 60,214 | 133,572 |
| Mar. 13. | 1,372,700 | 93,344 | 347,502 | 103.589 | 129,690 | 85,799 | 70,963 | 176,474 | 67,733 | 37,115 | 66,804 | 60,248 | 133,439 |
| Mar. 20 | 1,354,800 | 92,071 | 343,163 | 102.224 | 127,919 | 84,666 | 70,027 | 174,188 | 66,870 | 36,613 | 65,931 | 59,474 | 131,654 |
| Bonds: Feb. 20. | 946,892 | 64,710 | 238,596 | 71,541 | 89,915 | 59,269 | 49,012 | 121,647 | 46,610 | 25,707 | 46,089 | 41,492 | 92,304 |
| Feb. 27. | 946,892 | 64,692 | 238,660 | 71,537 | 89,889 | 59,263 | 49,008 | 121,652 | 46,616 | 25,701 | 46,088 | 41,496 | 92,290 |
| Mar. 6 | 946.892 | 64,503 | 239,313 | 71,487 | 89,622 | 59,214 | 48,972 | 121,702 | 46,683 | 25,639 | 46,084 | 41,535 | 92,138 |
| Mar. 13. | 946,892 | 64,389 | 239,708 | 71,456 | 89,460 | 59,185 | 48,951 | .121,732 | 46,723 | 25,602 | 46,081 | 41,559 | 92,046 |
| Mar. 20. | 902,942 | 61,363 | 228,710 | 68,130 | 85,255 | 56,428 | 46,671 | 116,092 | 44,567 | 24,402 | 43,942 | 39,638 | 87,744 |
| Total U. S. Govt. securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20... | 23,017,338 | 1,433,964 | 5,331,469 | 1,614,626 | 2,100,426 | 1,450,478 | 1,177,726 | 3,717,279 | 1,087,871 | 617,661 | 1,080,917 | 894,588 | 2,510,333 |
| Feb. 27. | 22,972,035 | 1,429,027 | 5,342,664 | 1,590,658 | 2,146,242 | $1,448,894$ | 1,179,448 | 3,694,680 | 1,065,670 | 612,191 | 1,081,869 | 894,054 | 2,486,638 |
| Mar. 6 | 22,526,363 | 1,390,537 | 5,335,499 | 1,586,280 | 2,089,627 | 1,399,312 | 1,154,838 | 3,589,049 | $1,063,204$ | 600,922 | 1,068,653 | 888,026 | 2,360,416 |
| Mar. 13. | 22,393,118 | 1,419,197 | 5,378,047 | 1.590,754 | 2,072,369 | 1,384,549 | 1,148,903 | 3,532,813 | 1,051,569 | 596,502 | 1,049,505 | 884,673 | 2,284,237 |
| Mar. 20. | 22,592,356 | 1,417,454 | 5,455,230 | 1,610,859 | 2,065,822 | 1,399,640 | 1,154,804 | 3,572,845 | 1,058.747 | 628,548 | 1,069,697 | 894,341 | 2,264,369 |
| Total loans and securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 23,371,702 | 1,455,880 | 5,490,099 | 1,636,425 | 2,131,131 | 1,458,197 | 1,182,546 | 3,774,039 | 1,099,231 | 636,161 | 1,097,412 | 895,868 | 2,514,713 |
| Feb. 27. | 23,353,699 | 1,457,293 | 5,560,094 | 1,604,567 | 2,161,797 | 1,458,403 | 1,182,518 | 3,747,340 | 1,075,280 | 613,791 | 1,107,264 | 895,334 | 2,490,018 |
| Mar. 6 | 22,970,781 | 1,413,823 | 5,603,059 | 1,600,013 | 2,102,732 | 1,404,981 | 1,161,908 | 3,649,824 | 1.075,314 | 603,072 | 1,090,973 | 889,306 | 2,375,776 |
| Mar. 13 | 23,105,205 | 1,442,643 | 5,944,017 | 1.599,366 | 2,091,824 | 1,388,918 | 1,150,973 | 3,585,538 | 1,061,429 | 597,552 | 1,067,825 | 886,003 | 2,289,117 |
| Mar. 20 | 23,077,445 | 1,439,200 | 5,754,050 | 1,624,439 | 2,102,027 | 1,406,008 | 1,163,474 | 3,590.355 | 1.097,357 | 634,898 | 1,099,217 | 895,671 | 2,270,749 |

In thousands of dollars]

|  | Total | Boston | New <br> York | Philadelphia | Cleveland | Richmond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. Louis | Minneapolis | Kansas City | Dallas | San Francisco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Due from foreign banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 110 | 7 | 137 | 9 | 10 | 5 | 4 | 15 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 9 |
| Feb. 27 | 110 | 7 | 137 | 9 | 10 | 5 <br> 5 | 4 | 15 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 9 |
| Mar. 6 | 110 | 7 | 137 137 1 | 9 | 10 | 5 | 4 <br> 4 | 15 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 <br> 3 <br>  | 9 |
| Mar. 20 | 110 | 7 | 137 | 9 | 10 | 5 | 4 | 15 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 9 |
| Federal Reserve notes of other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| banks: Feb. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 27 | 147,029 | 5,333 | 17,763 | 3,847 | 8,335 | 43,448 | 12.936 | 13,018 | 7,297 | 5,269 | 5,985 | 4,408 | 21,390 |
| Mar. 6 | 143,671 | 3,866 | 17,332 | 3,442 | 6.571 | 41;635 | 11.610 | 13,275 | 7,977 | 4,547 | 6,320 | 4,929 | 22,167 |
| Mar. 13 | 137,315 | 3,518 | 16,692 | 3,473 | 6,568 | 39,337 | 11,783 | 13,116 | 8,213 | 4,320 | 6,409 | 4,266 | 19,620 |
| Mar. 20 | 143,901 | 3,619 | 18,349 | 4,043 | 6,486 | 39,511 | 12,108 | 13,582 | 7,649 | 5,005 | 6,739 | 4,647 | 22,163 |
| Uncollected items: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 2,203,086 | 150,898 | 478,336 | 140,699 | 219,074 | 152,335 | 150,590 | 347,062 | 90,290 | 52,299 | 108,194 | 91.597 | 221,712 |
| Feb. 27 | 2,093,208 | 147,263 | 431,084 | 131,616 | 202,281 | 157,299 | 135,415 | 333,608 | 93,058 | 53,488 | 118,036 | 92,398 | 197,662 |
| Mar. 6 | 1,934,765 | 132,242 | 364, 197 | 118,909 | 166,103 | 136,754 | 137,671 | 335,962 | 96,941 | 50,816 | 105,989 | 93,263 | 195,918 |
| Mar. 13 | 2,227,032 | 167,692 | 462,750 | 130,861 | 190,482 | 161,501 | 163,262 | 356,449 | 103,927 | 53,872 | 124,768 | 95,802 | 215,666 |
| Mar. 20 | 2,388,190 | 166,658 | 470,736 | 154,113 | 235,195 | 196,494 | 176,144 | 354,578 | 112,343 | 57,766 | 125,090 | 101,353 | 237,720 |
| Bank premises: Feb. $20 .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 27. | 33,257 | 1,343 | 8,856 | 3,289 | 3,970 | 2,755 | 1,561 | 3,110 | 2,052 | 1,260 | 2,585 | 826 | 1,850 |
| Mar. 6 | 33,222 | 1,343 | 8,638 | 3,289 | 3,970 | 2,755 | 1,561 | 3,105 | 2,049 | 1,260 | 2,579 | 823 | 1,850 |
| Mar. 13 | 33,234 | 1,343 | 8,638 | 3,289 | 3,970 | 2,755 | 1,561 | 3,105 | 2,049 | 1,272 | 2,579 | 823 | 1,850 |
| Mar. 20 | 33,224 | 1,343 | 8,638 | 3,289 | 3,961 | 2,755 | 1,561 | 3,105 | 2,048 | 1,272 | 2,579 | 823 | 1,850 |
| Other assets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 63,746 | 4,209 | 14,470 | 4,420 | 6,640 | 4,066 | 3,459 | 8,185 | 3,645 | 1,719 | 3,131 | 2,846 | 6,956 |
| Feb. 27 | 65,695 | 4,471 | 15,124 | 4,569 | 6,779 | 4,246 | 3,542 | 8,158 | 3,628 | 1,767 | 3,273 | 2,937 | 7,201 |
| Mar. 6 | 56,063 | 3,732 | 12,841 | 4,105 | 5,869 | 3,609 | 3,055 | 7,207 | 3,139 | 1,559 | 2,731 | 2,153 | 6,063 |
| Mar. 13 | 57,391 | 3,841 | 13,665 | 4,235 | 6,045 | 3,620 | 3,167 | 7,422 | 3,058 | 1,602 | 2,781 | 2,191 | 5,764 |
| Mar. 20. | 49,801 | 3,421 | 11,761 | 3,226 | 5,380 | 2,829 | 2,644 | 6,712 | 2,757 | 1,473 | 2,158 | 2,106 | 5,334 |
| Total assets: <br> Feb. 20. | 44,217,543 | 2,459,752 |  |  |  | 2,633,166 | 2,420,800 | 7,168,026 |  | 1,046,114 | 1,836,318 | 1,490,716 | 5,521,258 |
| Feb. 27. | 44,095,445 | 2,447,839 | 11 | $2,672,848$ | 3,580,185 | 2,642,101 | 2,404,676 | 7,237,768 | 1,812,991 | 1,034,405 | 1,863,883 | 1,493,282 | 5,425,865 |
| Mar. 6 | 43,563,029 | 2,384,790 | 11,306,309 | 2,621,354 | 3,499,675 | 2,604,680 | 2,410,661 | 7,169,258 | 1,809,103 | 1,032,422 | 1,838,423 | 1,487,030 | 5,399,324 |
| Mar. 13 | 43,976,496 | 2,448,693 | 11,404,737 | 2,641,321 | 3,554,291 | 2,662,183 | 2,442,543 | 7,171,310 | 1,821,799 | 1,043,827 | 1,858,860 | 1,486,876 | 5,440,056 |
| Mar. 20. | 44,105,842 | 2,440,468 | 11,463,879 | 2,687,260 | 3,580,247 | 2,651,420 | 2,424,764 | 7,147,696 | 1,816,811 | 1,050,024 | 1,875,731 | 1,493,680 | 5,473,862 |
| Liabilities Federal Reserve notes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 24,151,094 | 1,451,085 | 5,285,235 | 1,614,656 | 2,048,281 | 1,695,174 | 1,450,556 | 4,393,255 | 1,046,963 | 548,135 | 898,275 | 600,978 | 3,118,501 |
| Feb. 27. | 24,124,304 | 1,450,122 | 5,282,687 | 1,614,147 | 2,044,575 | 1,693,507 | 1,447,586 | 4,389,720 | 1,047,084 | 547,951 | 899,044 | 600,045 | 3,107,836 |
| Mar. 6 | 24,125,712 | 1,451,604 | 5,281,647 | 1,611,471 | 2,042,760 | 1,689,901 | 1,451,009 | 4,392,945 | 1,048,722 | 551,029 | 900,242 | 600,585 | 3,103,797 |
| Mar. 13 | 24,071,424 | 1,448,707 | 5,277,878 | 1,608,286 | 2,039,195 | 1,684,332 | 1,445,370 | 4,386,456 | 1,047,713 | 550,899 | 896,661 | 597,324 | 3,088,603 |
| Mar. 20. | 24,012,331 | 1,447,641 | 5,286,406 | 1,605,058 | 2,035,216 | 1,678,572 | 1,439,248 | 4,375,430 | 1,045,365 | 549,577 | 892,918 | 595,314 | 3,061,586 |
| Deposits: <br> Member bank -reserve account: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 15,490,106 | 677,971 | 4,835,663 | 764,516 | 1,133,948 | 697,729 | 738,465 | 2,207,001 | 591,522 | 379,287 | 758,800 | 728,595 | 1,976,609 |
| Feb. 27. | 15,555,461 | 680,511 | 4,839,000 | 765,983 | 1,150,691 | 701,774 | 743,973 | 2,267,219 | 594,661 | 377,399 | 775,957 | 732,652 | 1,925,641 |
| Mar. 6. | 15,444,331 | 682,665 | 4,746,969 | 773,688 | 1,139,740 | 700,882 | 746,201 | 2,244,122 | 599,976 | 385,696 | 779,578 | 738,704 | 1,906,110 |
| Mar. 13.. | 15,663,170 | 701,254 | 4,804,476 | 776,372 | 1,145,647 | 714,039 | 770,537 | 2,264,357 | 609,577 | 389,386 | 784,014 | 733,903 | 1,969,608 |
| Mar. 20.. | 15,483,606 | 700,111 | 4,762,979 | 784,909 | 1,142,788 | 675,926 | 738,003 | 2,227,306 | 584,266 | 378,960 | 766,396 | 728,704 | 1,993,258 |
| U. S. Treasur-er-general account: | 15,483,606 | 700,111 | 4,762,979 | 784,909 | 1,142,788 | 675,36 | 738,003 | 2,22,306, | 584,266 | 378,960 | 76,3, | -28,701 |  |
| Feb. 20.. | 940,449 | 89,619 | 251,567 | 81,726 | 94,521 | 42,876 | 40,535 | 126,537 | 33,628 | 40,019 | 33,102 | 39,524 | 66,795 |
| Feb. 27.. | 826,157 | 85,827 | 196,480 | 69,404 | 89,846 | 41,809 | 32,934 | 128,572. | 29,323 | 30,724 | 31,367 | 34,249 | 55,622 |
| Mar. 6. | 611,790 | 32,819 | 191,909 | 24,777 | 45,528 | 30,803 | 31,099 | 99,427 | 24,219 | 20,024 | 17,370 | 26,082 | 67,733 |
| Mar. 13.. | 501,470 | 47,385 | 106,937 | 32,981 | 69,199 |  | 31,330 | 63,894 | 16,651 | 26,008 | 16,492 | 25,589 | 23,577 |
| Foreign: ${ }^{\text {Mar. }}$ 20.. | 773,934 | 39,339 | 188,525 | 52,950 | 78,650 | 58,652 | 32,751 | 96,618 | 34,413 | 35,684 | 56,784 | 36,310 | 63,258 |
| Feb. 20. | 808,482 | 49,769 | 2 294,370 | 63,912 | 71,613 | 36,191 | 29,261 | 103,184 | 26,181 | 19,251 | 25,411 | 24,641 | 64,698 |
| Feb. 27. | 780,650 | 47,998 | 2283,865 | 61,771 | 69,213 | 34,979 | 28,281 | -99,727 | 25,304 | 18,606 | 24,560 | 23,815 | 62,531 |
| Mar. 6 | 750,585 | 45,537 | ${ }^{2} 280,323$ | 58,459 | 65,503 | 33,103 | 26,764 | 94,380 | 23,947 | 17,608 | 23,243 | 22,539 | 59,179 |
| Mar. 13.. | 743,135 | 45,259 | 2276,697 | 57,971 | 64,956 | 32,827 | 26,541 | 93,592 | 23,747 | 17,461 | 23,049 | 22,350 | 58,685 |
| Other: ${ }_{\text {Mar. }} \mathbf{2 0 .}$. | 749,018 | 45,775 | 2274,602 | 58,998 | 66,106 | 33,409 | 27,011 | 95,250 | 24,168 | 17,771 | 23,457 | 22,746 | 59,725 |
| Feb. 20. | 426,179 | 4,610 | 334,405 | 3,158 | 9,626 | 2,746 | 3,036 | 3,582 | 10,056 | 4,359 | 1,940 | 1,043 | 47,618 |
| Feb. 27. | 422,058 | 2,452 | 333,705 | 5,852 | 9,135 | 2,513 | 2,426 | 3,225 | 9,986 | 4,808 | 1,336 | 1,329 | 45,291 |
| Mar. 6 | 402,900 | 2,344 | 308,450 | 3,789 | 8,974 | 5,943 | 2,076 | 5,228 | 9,799 | 4,064 | 3,220 | 1,540 | 47,473 |
| Mar. 13 | 466,434 | 4,364 | 371,752 | 2,668 | 8,938 | 7,118 | 2,103 | 4,763 | 9,695 | 3,779 | 2,014 | 2,047 | 47,193 |
| Mar. 20.. | 481,454 | 3,012 | 387,573 | 3,897 | 9,416 | 6,400 | 2,680 | 4,870 | 9,367 | 4,480 | 1,888 | 936 | 46,935 |
| Total deposits: Feb. $20 .$. | 17,665,216 | 821,96 | 5,716,005 | 913,312 | 1,309.708 | 779,542 | 811,297 | 2,440,304 | 661,387 | 442.916 | 819,253 | 793,803 | 2,155,720 |
| Feb. 27. | 17,584,326 | 816,788 | 5,653,050 | 903,010 | 1,318,885 | 781,075 | 807,614 | 2,498,743 | 659,274 | 431,537 | 833,220 | 792,045 | 2,089,085 |
| Mar. 6. | 17,209,606 | 763,365 | 5,527,651 | 860,713 | 1,259,745 | 770,731 | 806,140 | 2,443,157 | 657,941 | 427,392 | 823,411 | 788,865 | 2,080,495 |
| Mar. 13. | 17,374,209 | 798,262 | 5,559,862 | 869,992. | 1,288,740 | 795,411 | 830,511 | 2,426,606 | 659,670 | 436,634 | 825,569 | 783,889 | 2,099,063 |
| Mar. 20..... | 17,488,012 | 788,237 | 5,613,679 | 900,754 | 1,296,960 | 774,387 | 800,445 | $2,424,044$ | 652,214 | 436,895 | 848,525 | 788,696 | 2,163,176 |
| Deferred availability items: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 1,787,810 | 147,136 | 359,687 | 112,771 | 169,202 | 128,661 | 133.958 | 252,187 | 78,861 | 38,676 | 97,089 | 75,016 | 194,566 |
| Feb. 27 | 1,770,349 | 141,132 | 346,937 | 105,101 | 159,344 | 137.573 | 124,322 | 266.476 | 84,656 | 38,655 | 109,807 | 80,148 | 176,198 |
| Mar. 6 | 1,608,414 | 129,901 | 298,524 | 98,472 | 139,656 | 113,923 | 128,287 | 250,255 | 80,347 | 37,584 | 92,838 | 76,548 | 162,079 |
| Mar. 13 | 1,909,659 | 161,355 | 368,865 | 112,118. | 168,559 | 152,146 | 141,282 | 275,019 | 92,184 | 39,747 | 114,581 | 84,502 | 199,301. |
| Mar. 20. | 1,982,452 | 164,172 | 365,139 | 130,427 | 190,161 | 168,046 | 159,598 | 264,840 | 96,976 | 46,741 | 112,226 | 88,359 | 195,767 |

${ }^{1}$ After deducting $\$ 73,000$ participations of other Federal Reserve Banks.
${ }^{2}$ After deducting $\$ 513,608,000$ participations of other Federal Reserve Banks on Feb. 20; $\$ 496,400,000$ on Feb. 27; $\$ 469,788,000$ on Mar. 6 ; $\$ 465,865,000$ on Mar. 13 , and $\$ 474,118,000$ on Mar. 20.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS, BY WEEKS-Continued
[In thousands of dollars]

|  | Total | Boston | New York | Philadelphia | Cleveland | Richmond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. Louis | Minneapolis | $\begin{gathered} \text { Kansas } \\ \text { City } \end{gathered}$ | Dallas | San Francisco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other liabilities including accrued div.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20... | 10,133 | 517 | 2,490 | 549 | 972 | 531 | 431 | 2.065 | 380 | 496 | 402 | 365 | 935 |
| Feb. 27 | 10,694 | 562 | 2,810 | 633 | 1,116 | 539 | 494 | 2,077 | 396 | 308 | 401 | 414 | 944 |
| Mar. 6 | 11,581 | 585 | 3,869 | 598 | 1,051 | 525 | 435 | 2,026 | 400 | 414 | 410 | 334 | 934 |
| Mar. 13 | 11,284 | 873 | 3,016 | 686 | 1,153 | 572 | 468 | 1,929 | 450 | 488 | 399 | 370 | 880 |
| Mar. 20. | 11,575 | 855 | 3,124 | 651 | 1,088 | 523 | 459 | 1,970 | 412 | 715 | 414 | 421 | 943 |
| Total liabilities: Feb. $20 .$, | 43,614,253 | 2,420,707 | 11,363,417 | 2,641,288 | 3,528,163 | 2,603,908 | 2,396,242 | 7,087,811 | 1,787,591 | 1,030,223 | 1,815,019 | 1,470,162 | 5,469,722 |
| Feb. 27 | 43,489,673 | 2,408,604 | 11,285,484 | 2,622,891 | 3,523,920 | 2,612,694 | 2,380,016 | 7,157,016 | 1,791,410 | 1,018,451 | 1,842,472 | 1,472,652 | 5,374,063 |
| Mar. 6 | 42,955,313 | $2,345,455$ | 11,111,691 | 2,571,254 | 3,443,212 | 2,575,080 | $2,385,871$ | 7,088,383 | 1,787,410 | 1,016,419 | 1,816,901 | $1,466,332$ | 5,347,305 |
| Mar. 13 | 43,366,576 | 2,409,197 | 11,209,621 | 2,591,082 | 3,497,647 | 2,632,461 | 2,417,631 | 7,090,010 | 1,800,017 | 1,027,768 | 1,837,210 | 1,466,085 | 5,387,847 |
| Mar. $20 . .$. | 43,494,370 | 2,400,905 | 11,268,348 | 2,636,890 | 3,523,425 | 2,621,528 | 2,399,750 | 7,066,284 | 1,794,967 | 1,033,928 | 1,854,083 | 1,472,790 | $5,421,472$ |
| Capital Acc'ts: <br> Capital paid in: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 27 | 180,448 | 10,732 | 64,200 | 13,433 | 18,096 | 7,427 | 6,678 | 21,484 | 5,752 | 3,939 | 5,929 | 6,259 | 16,519 |
| Mar. 6 | 180,733 | 10.743 | 64,222 | 13,434 | 18,108 | 7,537 | 6,697 | 21,497 | 5,760 | 3,945 | 5,930 | 6,263 | 16,597 |
| Mar. 13 | 180,815 | 10,743 | 64,233 | 13,441 | 18,111 | 7,540 | 6,719 | 21,499 | 5,770 | 3,950 | 5,934 | 6,278 | 16,597 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20 | 358,355 | 22,439 | 116,860 | 28,946 | 33,745 | 15,593 | 14,450 | 53,029 | 12,939 | 8.869 | 11,891 | 10,670 | 28,924 |
| Feb. 27 | 358,355 | 22,439 | 116,860 | 28,946 | 33,745 | 15,593 | 14,450 | 53,029 | 12,939 | 8,869 | 11,891 | 10,670 | 28,924 |
| Mar. 6 | 358,355 | 22,439 | 116,860 | 28,946 | 33,745 | 15,593 | 14,450 | 53,029 | 12,939 | 8,869 | 11,891 | 10,670 | 28,924 |
| Mar. 13 | 358,355 | 22,439 | 116,860 | 28,946 | 33,745 | 15,593 | 14,450 | 53,029 | 12,939 | 8,869 | 11,891 | 10,670 | 28,924 |
| Mar. 20.... | 358,355 | 22,439 | 116,860 | 28,946 | 33,745 | 15,593 | 14,450 | 53,029 | 12,939 | 8,869 | 11,891 | 10,670 | 28,924 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 27,428 | 3,012 | 7,205 | 4,501 | 1,007 | 3,326 | 762 | 1,429 | 527 | 1,073 | 1,137 | 1,307 | 2,142 |
| Feb. 27 | 27,428 | 3,012 | 7,205 | 4,501 | 1,007 | 3,326 | 762 | 1,429 | 527 | 1,073 | 1,137 | 1,307 | 2,142 |
| Mar. 6 | 27,428 | 3,012 | 7,205 | 4,501 | 1,007 | 3,326 | 762 | 1,429 | 527 | 1,073 | 1,137 | 1,307 | 2,142 |
| Mar. 13. . | 27,428 | 3,012 | 7,205 | 4,501 | 1,007 | 3,326 | 762 | 1,429 | 527 | 1.073 | 1,137 | 1,307 | 2,142 |
|  | 27,428 | 3,012 | 7,205 | 4,501 | 1,007 | 3,326 | 762 | 1,429 | 527 | 1,073 | 1,137 | 1,307 | 2,142 |
| Other capital accounts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20... | 37,365 | 2,863 | 5,477 | 2,956 | 3,257 | 2,931 | 2,682 | 4,289 | 2,272 | 2,014 | 2,348 | 2,321. | 3,955 |
| Feb. 27. | 39,541 | 3,052 | 5,853 | 3,077 | 3,417 | 3,061 | 2,770 | 4,810 | 2,363 | 2,073 | 2,454 | 2,394 | 4,217 |
| Mar. 6. | 41,200 | 3,141 | 6,331 | 3,219 | 3.603 | 3,144 | 2,881 | 4,920. | 2,467 | 2,116 | 2,564 | 2,458 | 4,356 |
| Mar. 13. | 43,322 | 3,302 | 6,818 | 3,351 | 3.781 | 3,263 | 2,981 | 5,343 | 2.546 | 2,167 | 2,688 | 2,536 | 4,546 |
| Mar. $20 . .$. | 44,719 | 3,341 | 7,212 | 3,474 | 3,954 | 3,403 | 3,072 | 5,436 | 2,605 | 2,202 | 2,685 | 2,608 | 4,727 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| accounts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 44,217,543 | 2,459,752 | 11,556,944 | 2,691,113 | 3,584,262 | 2,633,166 | 2,420,800 | 7,168,026 | 1,809,074 | 1,046,114 | 1,836,318 | 1,490,716 | 5,521,258 |
| Feb. 27. | 44,095,445 | 2,447,839 | 11,479,602 | 2,672,848 | 3,580,185 | 2,642,101 | 2,404,676 | 7,237,768 | 1,812,991 | 1,034,405 | 1,863,883 | 1,493,282 | 5,425,865 |
| Mar. 6 | 43,563,029 | 2,384,790 | 11,306,309 | 2,621,354 | 3,499,675 | 2,604,680 | 2,410,661 | 7,169,258 | 1,809,103 | 1,032,422 | 1,838,423 | 1,487,030 | 5,399,324 |
| Mar. 13. | 43,976,496 | 2,448,693 | 11,404,737 | 2,641,321 | 3,554,291 | 2,662,183 | 2,442,543 | 7,171,310 | 1,821,799 | 1,043,827 | 1,858,860 | 1,486,876 | 5,440,056 |
| Mar. 20. | 44,105,842 | 2,440,468 | 11,463,879 | 2,687,260 | 3,580,247 | 2,651,420 | 2,424,764 | 7,147,696 | 1,816,811 | 1,050,024 | 1,875,731 | 1,493,680 | 5,473,862 |
| Commitments to <br> make indus- <br> trial loans:       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20. | 1,559 | 164 |  | 638 | 300 | 200 |  |  |  |  |  | 178 | 79 |
| Feb. 27 | 1,647 | 100 |  | 790 | 300 | 200 |  |  |  |  |  | 178 | 79 |
| Mar. 6 | 1,772 | 100 |  | 915 | 300 | 200 |  |  |  |  |  | 178 | 79 |
| Mar. 13. | 1,745 | 100 |  | 888 | 300 | 200 |  |  |  |  |  | 178 | 79 |
| Mar. 20. | 1,968 | 100 |  | 1,111 | 300 | 200 |  |  |  |  |  | 178 | 79 |

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES-FEDERAL RESERVE AGENTS' ACCOUNTS, BY WEEKS
[In thousands of dollars]

|  | Total | Boston | New York | Philadelphia | Cleveland | Richmond | Atlanta | Chicago | St. Louis | Minneapolis | Kansas City | Dallas | San <br> Francisco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 25,203,486 | 1,509,848 | 5,509,468 | 1,692,055 | 2,133,101 | 1,777,419 | 1,516,244 | 4,502,447 | 1,104,486 | 560,893 | 936,563 | 88 | 4 |
| Mar. 6 | 25,208,211 | 1,502,654 | 5,507,271 | 1,699,066 | $2,128,461$ | 1,778,652 | $1,514,308$ | $4,501,920$ | 1,115,891 | 563,884 | 936,515 | 643,672 | 3,306,127 |
| Mar. 13 | 25,192,210 | 1,504,358 | 5,508,266 | 1,701,007 | 2,127,244 | $1,774,351$ | 1,528,362 | $4,497,154$ | 1,113,805 | 564,656 | 934,801 | 642,615 | 3,295,591 |
| Mar. 20 | 25,175,741 | 1,504,250 | 5,509,738 | 1,696,824 | 2,125,912 | 1,773,024 | 1,531,661 | 4,495,615 | 1,114,344 | 564,632 | 932,723 | 644,223 | 3,282,795 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 20.. ... | 10,854,000 | 460,000 | 3,520,000 | 500,000 | 635,000 | 600,000 | 655,000 | 1,720,000 | 300,000 | 165,000 | 280,000 | 169,000 | 1,850,000 |
| Feb. 27 | 10,969,000 | 460,000 | 3,520.000 | 500,000 | 635,000 | 600,000 | 680,000 | 1,810,000 | 300,000 | 165,000 | 280,000 | 169,000 | 1,850,000 |
| Mar. 6 | 11,234,000 | 460,000 | 3,520,000 | 500,000 | 635,000 | 600,000 | 690,000 | 2,010,000 | 300,000 | 170,000 | 280,000 | 169,000 | 1,900,000 |
| Mar. 13 | 11,034,000 | 460,000 | 3,220,000 | 500,000 | 635,000 | 600,000 | 690,000 | 2,010,000 | 300,000 | 170,000 | 280,000 | 169,000 | 2,000,000 |
| Mar. 20 | 11,334,000 | 460,000 | 3,420,000 | 500,000 | 635,000 | 600,000 | 690,000 | 2,010,000 | 300,000 | 170,000 | 280,000 | 169,000 | 2,100,000 |
| Eligible paper: Feb. $20 .$. | 230,925 | 19,255 | 145,310 | 16,865 |  | 5,800 |  |  | 10,000 | 17,500 | 15,175 |  | 1,020 |
| Feb. 27 | 279,390 | 25,605 | 204,110 | 9,140 |  | 7,590 |  |  | 8,250 | 600 | 24,075 |  | 20 |
| Mar. 6 | 332,530 | 20,625 | 254,240 | 9,015 |  | 3,750 |  |  | 10,750 | 1,150 | 21,000 |  | 12,000 |
| Mar. 13 | 606,845 | 20,785 | 552,650 | 3,890 |  | 2,450 |  |  | 8,500 | 50 | 17, 600 |  | 1,520 |
| Mar. 20..... | 391,725 | 19,090 | 285,500 | 8,865 |  | 4,450 |  |  | 37,250 | 5,350 | 28,200 |  | 3,020 |
| U.S. Govt. securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. $20 . . .$. | 15,213,879 | 1,100,000 | 2,000,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,550,000 | 1,225,000 | 900,000 | 2,800,000 | 938,879 | 400,000 | 700,000 | 500,000 | 1,900,000 |
| Feb. 27 | 15,042,969 | 1,100,000 | 2,000,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,550,000 | 1,225,000 | 850,000 | 2,700,000 | 917,969 | 400,000 | 700,000 | 500,000 | 1,900,000 |
| Mar. ${ }^{6}$ | 14,546,812 | 1,100,000 | 2,000,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,550,000 | 1,225,000 | 850,000 | 2,500,000 | 921,812 | 400,000 | 700,000 | 500,000 | 1,600,000 |
| Mar. 13 | 14,545,887 | 1,100,000 | 2,000,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,550,000 | 1,225,000 | 850,000 | 2,500,000 | 920,887 | 400,000 | 700,000 | 500,000 | 1,600,000 |
| Mar. 20 | 14,563,160 | 1,100,000 | 2,000,000 | 1,200.000 | 1,550,000 | 1,225,000 | 850,000 | 2,500,000 | 938,160 | 400,000 | 700,000 | 500,000 | 1,600,000 |
| Total collateral: $\text { Feb. } 20$ | 26,298,804 | 1,579,255 | 5,665,310 | 1,716,865 | 2,185,000 | 1,830,800 | 1,555,000 | 4,520,000 | 1,248,879 | 582,500 | 995,175 | 669,000 | 3,751,020 |
| Feb. 27 | 26,291,359 | 1,585,605 | 5,724,110 | 1,709,140 | 2,185,000 | 1,832,590 | 1,530,000 | 4,510,000 | 1,226,219 | 565,600 | 1,004,075 | 669,000 | 3,750,020 |
| Mar. 6 | 26,113,342 | 1,580,625 | 5,774,240 | 1,709,015 | 2,185,000 | 1,828,750 | 1,540,000 | 4,510,000 | 1,232,562 | 571,150 | 1,001,000 | 669,000 | 3,512,000 |
| Mar. 13 | 26,186,732 | 1,580,785 | 5,772,650 | 1,703,890 | 2,185,000 | 1,827,450 | 1,540,000 | 4,510,000 | 1,229,387 | 570,050 | 997,000 | 669,000 | 3,601,520 |
| Mar. 20 | 26,288,885 | 1,579,090 | 5,705,500 | 1,708,865 | 2,185,000 | 1,829,450\| | 1,540,000 | 4,510,000 | 1,275,410 | 575,350 | 1,008,200 | 669,000 | 1,703,020 |

WAR PRODUCTION LOANS GUARANTEED BY WAR DE-
PARTMENT, NAVY DEPARTMENT, AND MARITIME COMMISSION THROUGH FEDERAL RESERVE

BANKS UNDER REGULATION $V$
[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

| Date | Guaranteed loans authorized to date |  | Guaranteed loans outstanding |  | Additional amount available to borrowers under guarantee agreements outstanding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Amount | Total amount | Portion guaranteed |  |
| June 3042. | 565 | 310.680 | 81,108 | 69,674 | 137,888 |
| Sept. 30 | 1,658 | 944,204 | 427,918 | 356,677 | 230, 720 |
| Dec. 31 | 2,665 | 2,688,397 | 803.720 | 632,474 | 1,430,121 |
| Mar. $\begin{array}{r}1943\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 31. | 3,534 | 3,725,241 | 1,245,711 | 999:394 | 1,865,618 |
| June 30 | 4,217 | 4,718,818 | 1,428,253 | 1,153,756 | 2,216,053 |
| Dec. 31 | 4,347 | 5,452,498 | 1,708,022 | 1,413,159 | 2,494,855 |
| 1944 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 31. | 5,904 | 7,466,762 | 2,009,511 | 1,680,046 | 3,615,963 |
| June 30 | 6,433 | 8,046,672 | 2,064,318 | 1,735,777 | 3,810,797 |
| Sept. 30 | 6,882 | 8,685,753 | 1,960,785 | 1,663,489 | 4,301,322 |
| Dec. 30 | 7,434 | 9,310,582 | 1,735,970 | 1,482,038 | 4,453,586 |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 31 | 7.886 | 9,645,378 | 1,599,120 | 1,365,959 | 3,963,961 |
| June 30 | 8,422 | 10,149,315 | 1,386,851 | 1,190,944 | 3,694,618 |
| Sept. 30 | 8,695 | 10,313,868 | 1.073.892 | 916,851 | 3,043,674 |
| Dec. 31. | 8,757 | 10,339,400 | 510,270 | 435, 345 | 966,595 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1946 \\ \operatorname{Tan} .31 . \end{array}$ | 8,761 | 10,340,275 | 427,278 | 363,048 | 764,093 |
| Feb. 28 | 8,766 | 10, 341,850 | 357,161 | 302,597 | 477,429 |

NOTE.-The difference between guaranteed loans authorized and sum of loans outstanding and amounts available to borrowers under guarantee agreements outstanding represents amounts repaid, guarantees available but not completed, and authorizations expired or withdrawn.

INDUSTRIAL LOANS BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS [Amounts in thousands of dollars]

| Date (last Wednesday or last day of period) | Applications approved to date |  | Approved but not completed ${ }^{1}$ (amount) |  | Commit-mentsout-standing(amount) | Participations outstanding (amount) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Amount |  |  |  |  |
| 1934 | 984 | 49.634 | 20,966 | 13,589 | 8,225 | 1,296 |
| 1935 | 1,993 | 124,493 | 11,548 | 32,493 | 27.649 | 8.778 |
| 1936 | 2,280 | 139,829 | 8,226 | 25,526 | 20,959 | 7,208 |
| 1937 | 2,406 | 150,987 | 3,369 | 20,216 | 12,780 | 7,238 |
| 1938 | 2,653 | 175,013 | 1,946 | 17,345 | 14,161 | 12,722 |
| 1939. | 2,781 | 188,222 | 2,659 | 13,683 | 9,220 | 10,981 |
| 1940 | 2,908 | 212,510 | 13,954 | 9.152 | 5,226 | 6,386 |
| 1941 | 3,202 | 279,860 | 8,294 | 10,337 | 14,597 | 19,600 |
| 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June 24 | 3,352 | 338,822 | 26,346 | 11,265 | 16,832 | 26,430 |
| Dec. 31 | 3,423 | 408,737 | 4,248 | 14,126 | 10,661 | 17,305 |
| $\begin{array}{r}1943 \\ \\ \text { Jine } \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June 30 | 3,452 3,471 | 475,468 491,342 | 3.203 926 | 13.044 10,532 | 12,132 9,270 | 19,070 17,930 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1944 \\ \text { June } 30 . \end{array}$ | 3,483 | 510,857 | 45 | 11,366 | 4,048 | 11,063 |
| Dec. 30. | 3,489 | 525,532 | 1,295 | 3,894 | 4,165 | 11,063 |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 31. | 3,493 | 528,936 | 85 | 4,214 | 3.321 | 2,365 |
| June 30. | 3,502 | 537,331 | 70 | 3,252 | 5.224 | 2,501 |
| Sept. 30 | 3,505 | 540,241 | 130 | 3,166 | 4,291 | 2,018 |
| Dec. 31. | 3,511 | 544,961 | 320 | 1,995 | 1,644 | 1,086 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1946 \\ \text { Jan. } 31 . \end{array}$ | 3,512 | 545,372 | 195 | -1,843 | 1,579 | 1.046 |
| Feb. 28 | 3,513 | 546,149 | 545 | 1,590 | 1,575 | 976 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes applications approved conditionally by the Federal Reserve Banks and under consideration by applicant.
${ }_{2}$ Includes industrial loans past due 3 months or more, which are not included in industrial loans outstanding in weekly statement of condition of Federal Reserve Banks.
Note.-The difference between amount of applications approved and the sum of the following four columns represents repayments of advances, and applications for loans and commitments withdrawn or expired.
[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary
1 Weekly figures of excess reserves of all member banks and of country banks are estimates. Weekly figures of borrowings of all member banks and of country banks may include small amounts of Federal Reserve Bank discounts and advances for nonmember banks, etc.

DEPOSITS OF COUNTRY MEMBER BANKS IN LARGE AND SMALL CENTERS ${ }^{1}$
[Averages of daily figures. In millions of dollars]

| In places of 15,000 and over population |  | In places of under 15,000 population |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Demand deposits except interbank ${ }^{2}$ | Time deposits | Demand deposits except interbank² | Time deposits |
| 14,728 17,523 | 6,060 7,415 | 9,384 12,103 | 4,194 5,200 |
| 17,530 | 7,528 | 12,132 | 5.271 |
| 2,219 | 815 | 365 | 212 |
| 3,468 | 1,900 | 1,161 | 1,029 |
| 1,248 | 663 | 976 | 773 |
| 1,551 | 841 | 1,104 | 724 |
| 1,214 | 354 | 894 | 404 |
| 1,728 | 443 | 734 | 182 |
| 2,159 | 1,212 | 1,613 | 820 |
| 633 | 298 | 1,013 | 240 |
| 588 | 258 | 716 | 380 |
| 535 | 101 | 1,512 | 181 |
| 924 | 108 | 1,428 | 56 |
| 1,263 | 535 | 615 | 270 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes any banks in outlying sections of reserve cities which have been given permission to carry the same reserves as country banks. been given permission to carry the same reserves as cou
All reserve cities have a population of more than 15,000 .
All reserve cities have a population of more than 15,000 .
2 Includes war loan deposits, shown separately for all country banks in the table on the following page.
[Averages of daily figures. ${ }^{1}$ In millions of dollars]


[^7] based on deposits at opening of business.
${ }_{2}$ Figures include Series E bond deposit accounts, but do not include certain other demand deposits of the U.S. Government with member banks and, therefore, differ from figures for U. S. Government deposits shown in other published banking data. See also footnote 3 .
"Preceding column minus (a) so-called "float" (total cash items in process of collection) and (b) U. S. Government demand deposits (other han war loan and Serics $E$ bond accounts) on the latest available call report date.
${ }^{4}$ Demand deposits subject to reserve requirements, i. e., demand deposits other than war loan deposits, minus cash items in process of collection and demand balances due from domestic banks.

Includes some interbank and U.S. Government lime deposits; the amounts on call report dates are shown in the Member Bank Call Report.

Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. In millions of dollars]

| End of year and month | Total in cir-culation ${ }^{1}$ | Coin and small denomination currency ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Large denomination currency ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unassorted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Coin | 3 \$1 | \$2 | \$5 | \$10 | \$20 | Total | \$50 | \$100 | \$500 | \$1,000 | \$5,000 | \$10,000 |  |
| 1933 | 5,519 | 4,167 | 442 | 402 | 33 | 719 | 1,229 | 1,342 | 1,360 | 364 | 618 | 125 | 237 | 8 | 10 | 8 |
| 1934. | 5,536 | 4,292 | 452 | 423 | 32 | 771 | 1,288 | 1,326 | 1,254 | 337 | 577 | 112 | 216 | 5 | 7 | 10 |
| 1935 | 5,882 | 4,518 | 478 | 460 | 33 | 815 | 1,373 | 1,359 | 1,369 | 358 | 627 | 122 | 239 | 7 | 16 | 5 |
| 1936 | 6,543 | 5,021 | 517 | 499 | 35 | 906 | 1,563 | 1,501 | 1,530 | 399 | 707 | 135 | 265 | 7 | 18 | 8 |
| 1937 | 6,550 | 5,015 | 537 | 505 | 33 | 905 | 1,560 | 1,475 | 1,542 | 387 | 710 | 139 | 288 | 6 | 12 | 7 |
| 1938 | 6,856 | 5,147 | 550 | 524 | 34 | 946 | 1,611 | 1,481 | 1,714 | 409 | 770 | 160 | 327 | 17 | 32 | 5 |
| 1939 | 7,598 | 5,553 | 590 | 559 | 36 | 1,019 | 1,772 | 1,576 | 2,048 | 460 | 919 | 191 | 425 | 20 | 32 | 2 |
| 1940 | 8,732 | 6,247 | 648 | 610 | 39 | 1,129 | 2,021 | 1,800 | 2,489 | 538 | 1,112 | 227 | 523 | 30 | 60 | 4 |
| 1941 | 11,160 | 8,120 | 751 | 695 | 44 | 1,355 | 2,731 | 2,545 | 3,044 | 724 | 1,433 | 261 | 556 | 24 | 46 | 4 |
| 1942 | 15,410 | 11,576 | 880 | 801 | 55 | 1,693 | 4,051 | 4,096 | 3,837 | 1,019 | 1,910 | 287 | 586 | 9 | 25 | 3 |
| 1943 | 20,449 | 14,871 | 1,019 | 909 | 70 | 1,973 | 5,194 | 5,705 | 5,580 | 1,481 | 2,912 | 407 | 749 | 9 | 22 | 2 |
| 1944-September | 23,794 | 16,715 | 1,105 | 937 | 75 | 2,078 | 5,789 | 6,731 | 7,081 | 1,829 | 3,765 | 516 | 939 | 9 | 22 | 2 |
| October... | 24,425 | 17,089 | 1, 125 | 948 | 76 | 2,103 | 5,877 | 6,960 | 7,339 | 1,893 | 3,918 | 532 | 963 | 10 | 23 | 2 |
| November | 25,019 | 17,461 | 1,144 | 962 | 78 | 2,129 | 5,990 | 7,157 | 7,561 | 1,946 | 4,056 | 546 | 981 | 10 | 23 | 3 |
| December | 25,307 | 17,580 | 1,156 | 987 | 81 | 2,150 | 5,983 | 7,224 | 7,730 | 1,996 | 4,153 | 555 | 990 | 10 | 24 | 3 |
| 1945-January. | 25,290 | 17,456 | 1,150 | 950 | 77 | 2,102 | 5,936 | 7,242 | 7,837 | 2,022 | 4,228 | 566 | 990 | 10 | 21 | 3 |
| Februar | 25,751 | 17,778 | 1,158 | 953 | 75 | 2,135 | 6,076 | 7,381 | 7,974 | 2,059 | 4,317 | 571 | 994 | 10 | 24 | 1 |
| March | 25,899 | 18,000 | 1,170 | 954 | 73 | 2,132 | 6,132 | 7,539 | 7,900 | 2,088 | 4,266 | 550 | 965 | 9 | 23 | 1 |
| April. | 26,189 | 18,353 | 1,180 | 957 | 73 | 2,151 | 6,238 | 7,754 | 7.837 | 2,126 | 4,210 | 527 | 932 | 9 | 33 | 1 |
| May. | 26,528 | 18,715 | 1,196 | 972 | 73 | 2,186 | 6,377 | 7,911 | 7,814 | 2,159 | 4,192 | 513 | 909 | 8 | 33 | 1 |
| June | 26,746 | 19,183 | 1,205 | 981 | 73 | 2,215 | 6,515 | 8,193 | 7,565 | 2,132 | 4,044 | 483 | 868 | 8 | 31 | 2 |
| July | 27,108 | 19,599 | 1,223 | 995 | 73 | 2,250 | 6,659 | 8,400 | 7,511 | 2,139 | 4,013 | 472 | 847 | 8 | 32 | 2 |
| August | 27,685 | 20,141 | 1,236 | 1,003 | 73 | 2,301 | 6,826 | 8,700 | 7,546 | 2,180 | 4,038 | 466 | 832 | 8 | 22 | 2 |
| September | 27,826 | 20,235 | 1,243 | 1,001 | 72 | 2,288 | 6,815 | 8,816 | 7,592 | 2,204 | 4,071 | 464 | 825 | 8 | 21 | 2 |
| October.. | 28,049 | 20,381 | 1,252 | 1,000 | 71 | 2,274 | 6,779 | 9,004 | 7,671 | 2,243 | 4,123 | 461 | 816 | 7 | 21 | 2 |
| November | 28,211 | 20,500 | 1,263 | 1,009 | 71 | 2,279 | 6,783 | 9,095 | 7,713 | 2,264 | 4,154 | 457 | 811 | 7 | 20 | 2 |
| December | 28,515 | 20,683 | 1,274 | 1,039 | 73 | 2,313 | 6,782 | 9,201 | 7,834 | 2,327 | 4,220 | 454 | 801 | 7 | 24 | 2 |
| 1946-January | 27,917 | 20,126 | 1,261 | 985 | 69 | 2,217 | 6.568 | 9,027 | 7,794 | 2,316 | 4,224 | 445 | 779 | 7 | 22 | 3 |
| February | 27,954 | 20,139 | 1,264 | 982 | 68 | 2,211 | 6,570 | 9,044 | 7,816 | 2,322 | 4,248 | 443 | 772 | 9 | 22 | 1 |

[^8]UNITED STATES MONEY, OUTSTANDING AND IN CIRCULATION, BY KINDS
[On basis of circulation statement of United States money. In millions of dollars]

|  | Total outstanding, Feb. 28, 1946 | Money held in the Treasury |  |  | Money <br> held by <br> Federal <br> Reserve <br> Banks and <br> agents | Money in circulation ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | As security against gold and silver certificates | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Treasury } \\ & \text { cash } \end{aligned}$ | For <br> Federal <br> Reserve Banks and agents |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } 28 \\ 1946 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\underset{1946}{\mathrm{Jan} .}$ | $\underset{1945}{\text { Feb. } 28}$ |
| Gold. | 20,232 | 18,100 | 22,133 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold certificates.. | 18, 100 |  |  | 15,233 | 2,815 | 51 | 51 |  |
| Federal Reserve notes... | 25,202 4,451 | 32,147 | 111 58 |  | 1,223 | 23,868 4,035 | 23,867 3,999 | 21,964 3,735 |
| Standard silver dollars. | 494 | 328 | 27 |  | 2 | 136 | 136 | 118 |
| Silver bullion........................... | r $\begin{array}{r}1,818 \\ 32,147\end{array}$ | 1,818 |  |  | 282 | 1,865 | 1.828 |  |
| Subsidiary silver coin. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -, 866 |  | 17 |  | 28 | 1,820 | 1,819 | 1,757 |
| Minor coin.......... | 318 |  | 6 |  | 5 | 307 | 306 | 283 |
| United States notes | 347 |  | 5 |  | 34 | 307 | 307 | 320 |
| Federal Reserve Bank notes | 490 |  | 1 |  | 5 | 484 | 487 | 550 |
| National bank notes. | 117 |  | ${ }^{(5)}$ |  | 1 | 116 | 117 | 122 |
| Total-February 28, 1946 |  | 20,247 | 2,301 | 15,233 | 4,397 | 27,954 |  |  |
| January 31, 1946 | (4) | 20,142 | 2, 293 | 15, 168 | 4,457 |  | 27,917 |  |
| February 28, 1945 | ${ }^{(4)}$ | 20,194 | 2,355 | 15,530 | 3,741 |  |  | 25,751 4 |

${ }^{1}$ Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. Includes any paper currency held outside the continental limits of the United States; totals for other end-of-month dates shown in table above, totals by weeks in table on p. 391, and seasonally adjusted figures in table on p. 400 .
${ }_{2}$ Includes $\$ 1,800,000,000$ Exchange Stabilization Fund and $\$ 156,039,431$ held as reserve against United States notes and Treasury notes of 1890; the balance resulting from reduction in weight of the gold dollar, also included, is not shown in the circulation statement beginning July 31 , 1945.
${ }_{3}$ To avoid duplication, amount of silver dollars and bullion held as security against silver certificates and Treasury notes of 1890 outstanding is not included in total Treasury currency outstanding.
${ }_{4}$ Because some of the types of money shown are held as collateral or reserves against other types, a grand total of all types has no special significance and is not shown. See note for explanation of these duplications. ${ }^{5}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.

Note.-There are maintained in the Treasury-(i) as a reserve for United States notes and Treasury notes of $1890-\$ 156,039,431$ in gold bullion; (ii) as security for Treasury notes of 1890 -an equal dollar amount in standard silver dollars (these notes are being canceled and retired on receipt); (iii) as security for outstanding silver certificates-silver in bullion and standard silver dollars of a monetary value equal to the face amount of such silver certificates; and (iv) as security for gold certificates-gold bulion of a value at the legal standard equal to the face amount of such gold certificates. Federal Reserve notes are obligations of the United States and a first lien on all the assets of the issuing Federal Reserve Bank. Federal Reserve notes are secured by the deposit with Federal Reserve agents of a like anount of gold certificates or of gold certificates and such discounted or purchased paper as is eligible under the terms of the Federal Reserve Act, or of direct obligations of the United States. Federal Reserve Banks must maintain a reserve in gold certificates of at least 25 per cent, including the redemption fund which must be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, against Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation; gold certificates pledged as collateral may be counted as reserves. Gold certificates as herein used includes credits with the Treasurer of the United States payable in gold certiticates. Federal Reserve Bank notes and national bank notes are in process of retirement.

MONEY IN CIRCULATION WITH ADJUSTMENT FOR
SEASONAL VARIATION
[Outside Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. In miltions of dollars]

| Date | Amountunadjusted for seasonal variation | Amountadjusted for seasonal variation | Change in seasonally adjusted series ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| End of year figures: |  |  |  |
| 1939. | 7,598 |  | +742 |
| 1940. | 8,732 |  | +1,134 |
| 1941 | 11,160 |  | +2,428 |
| 1942 | 15,410 |  | +4,250 |
| 1943. | 20,449 |  | +5,039 |
| 19445 | 25,307 |  | +4,858 |
| 1945 | 28,515 |  | +3,208 |
| Monthly averages of daily figures: |  |  |  |
| 1944-October. | 24,112 | 24,112 | +540 |
| November | 24,738 | 24,664 | +552 |
| December. | 25,207 | 24,957 | $+293$ |
| 1945-January | 25,243 | 25,167 | +210 |
| February | 25,527 | 25,527 | $+360$ |
| March. | 25,850 | 25,928 | +401 |
| April. | 26,009 | 26,219 | +291 |
| May. | 26,351 | 26,537 | +318 |
| June. | 26,561 | 26,694 | +157 |
| July. | 26,918 | 26,972 | +278 |
| August... | 27,392 | 27,530 | +558 |
| September | 27.765 | 27,821 | $+291$ |
| October.. | 27,943 | 27,943 | +122 |
| November. | 28,151 28,452 | 28,067 28,170 | +124 +103 |
| December. | 28,452 | 28,170 | $+103$ |
| 1946-January . . . . . | 28,158 | 28,074 | -96 |
| February...... | 27,944 | 27,944 | $-130$ |
| March........ | 27,913 | 27,997 | +53 |

${ }^{1}$ For end of year figures, represents change computed on absolute amounts in first column.
Note, For discussion of seasonal adjustment factors and for back figures on comparable basis see September 1943 BULLETIN, pp. 822-826. Because of an apparent recent change in the seasonal pattern around the year end, adjustment factors have been revised somewhat for dates affected, beginning with December 1942; seasonally adjusted figures for money in circulation, as shown in Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 111, p. 414, and described on D. 405 , are based on an older series of adjustment factors.

## ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN GOLD STOCK OF

 UNITED STATES| Period | Gold stock at end of period | Increase in gold stock | Net gold import or export (一) | Ear- marked gold: de- crease or in- crease ( - ) | Domestic gold pro-duction ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1934{ }^{2}$. | 8,238 | 4,202.5 | 1,133.9 | 82.6 | 92.9 |
| 1935 | 10, 125 | 1,887.2 | 1,739.0 | . 2 | 110.7 |
| 1936 | 311,258 | 1,132.5 | 1,116.6 | -85.9 | 131.6 |
| 1937 | 312,760 | 1,502.5 | 1,585.5 | $-200.4$ | 143.9 |
| 1938 | 14,512 | 1,751.5 | 1,973.6 | -333.5 | 148.6 |
| 1939 | 17,644 | 3,132.0 | 3,574.2 | -534.4 | 161.7 |
| 1940 | 21,995 | 4,351.2 | 4,744.5 | -644.7 | 170.2 |
| 1941 | 22,737 | 741.8 | 982.4 | -407.7 | 169.1 |
| 1942 | 22,726 | $-10.3$ | 315.7 | -458.4 | 125.4 |
| 1943 | 21,938 | -788.5 | 68.9 | -803.6 | 48.3 |
| 1944 | 20,619 | -1,319.0 | -845.4 | $-459.8$ | 35.8 |
| 1945 | 20,065 | $-553.9$ | $-106.3$ | -356.7 | $34 . \varepsilon$ |
| 1945-April. | 20,374 | $-45.1$ | 2.4 | $-53.2$ | 2.3 |
| May. | 20,270 | $-103.3$ | $-18.3$ | -66.9 | 2.6 |
| June. | 20,213 | $-57.3$ | -83.8 | 96.0 | 2.5 |
| July. | 20.152 | $-60.6$ | $-7.0$ | $-100.3$ | 2.1 |
| August | 20,088 | -64.6 | $-12.3$ | -63.0 | 3.4 |
| September. | 20,073 | $-15.0$ | 13.5 | $-19.0$ | 2.9 |
| October. | 20,036 | -36.9 | -4.3 | 34.6 | 3.8 |
| November. . | 20,030 | -6.2 | . 8 | $-38.2$ | 4.0 |
| December. | 20,065 | 35.2 | 19.3 | -4.3 | 3.8 |
| 1946-January. | 20,156 | 91.0 | 154.1 | $-12.5$ | 4.0 |
| February. | 20,232 | 76.3 | $p 82.4$ | $-5.8$ | (4) |
| March. | $p 20,257$ | p24.6 | $\left.{ }^{4}\right)$ | ${ }^{5} 19.7$ | (4) |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
${ }^{1}$ Annual figures through 1944 are estimates of the United States Mint. Annual figure for 1945 and monthly figures are those published in table on p. 442, adjusted to exclude Philippine Islands production received in United States.
${ }^{2}$ Figures based on rate of $\$ 20.67$ a fine ounce in January 1934 and $\$ 35$ a fine ounce thereafter.
${ }^{3}$ Includes gold in the Inactive Account amounting to 27 million dollars on Dec. 31, 1936, and 1,228 million on Dec. 31, 1937.
4 Not yet available.
${ }^{s}$ Gold held under earmark at the Federal Reserve Banks amounted to 4,292.4 million dollars on Mar. 31, 1946. All of this was earmarked directly for foreign account except 102.8 million dollars which was earmarked in the name of a domestic bank as security for a foreign loan. Gold under earmark is not included in the gold stock of the United States.

Note.-For back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 156, pp. 536-538, and for description of statistics see pp. 522-523 in the same publication.

BANK DEBITS AND DEPOSIT TURNOVER
[Debits in millions of dollars]

| Year and month | Debits to total deposit accounts except interbank accounts |  |  |  | Annual rate of turnover of total deposits except interbank |  | Debits to demand deposit accounts except interbank and Government |  | Annual rate of turnover of demand deposits except interbank and Government |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total, all reporting centers | New York City ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} 140 \\ \text { other } \\ \text { centers }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ | Other reporting centers ${ }^{2}$ | New City | 333 other reporting centers | New <br> York City | 100 other leading cities | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New } \\ & \text { York } \\ & \text { City } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \text { other } \\ \text { leading } \\ \text { cities } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1937. | 469,463 | 197,836 | 235,206 | 36,421 |  |  | 193, 143 | 215,090 | 29.5 | 22.4 |
| 1938 | 405,929 | 168,778 | 204, 745 | 32,406 |  |  | 164,945 | 186,140 | 25.1 | 19.9 |
| 1939 | 423,932 | 171,382 | 218,298 | 34,252 |  |  | 167,939 | 200,636 | 21.0 | 19.4 |
| 1940 | 445,863 | 171,582 | 236,952 | 37,329 |  |  | 167,373 | 217,744 | 17.1 | 18.6 |
| 1941. | 537,343 | 197,724 | 293,925 | 45,694 |  |  | 193,729 | 270,439 | 17.3 | 19.4 |
| 1942-old series ${ }^{3}$ | 607,071 | 210,961 | 342,430 | 53.679 67.074 |  |  | 200,337 | 308,913 | 18.0 | 18.4 |
| 1942-new series ${ }^{3}$ | 641,778 | 226,865 | 347,837 | 67,074 | 16.1 | 11.7 | 258,398 |  |  |  |
| 1944 | 891,910 | 345,585 | 462,354 | 83,970 | 17.1 | 10.8 | 298,902 | 403,400 | 22.4 | 17.4 |
| 1945 | 974,102 | 404,543 | 479,760 | 89,799 | 18.3 | 9.7 | 351,602 | 412,800 | 24.2 | 16.1 |
| 1945-February | 70,249 | 29,065 | 34,724 | 6,461 | 17.7 | 9.7 | 25,416 | 30,024 | 24.3 | 16.0 |
| March. | 81,077 | 31,884 | 41,722 | 7,471 | 17.0 | 10.0 | 28,924 | 36,008 | 22.9 | 16.1 |
| April. | 74,139 | 29,413 | 37,846 | 6,881 | 17.2 | 9.9 | 25,115 | 32,430 | 20.8 | 15.5 |
| May | 81,724 | 33,678 | 40,643 | 7,403 | 18.8 | 10.1 | 28,384 | 34,418 | 21.4 | 15.3 |
| June. | 98,024 | 41,725 | 47,716 | 8,583 | 22.0 | 11.3 | 36,951 | 41,870 | 28.9 | 18.9 |
| July. | 79,163 | 33,590 | 38,286 | 7,287 | 17.5 | 9.2 | 29.190 | 32,662 | 25.6 | 16.1 |
| August. | 73,208 | 29,388 | 36,767 | 7,054 | 14.4 | 8.2 | 24,803 | 30,796 | 19.7 | 13.7 |
| September | 71,169 | 28,545 | 35,718 39,006 | 6,906 | 16.5 | 8.1 | 26,534 29,990 | 30,631 33,474 | 22.9 | 14.9 |
| October. | 81,616 | 34,246 | 39,255 | 7,900 | 18.1 | 9.9 | 28,423 | 34,616 | 23.5 | 14.4 16.5 |
| December. | 101,577 | 45,035 | 47,774 | 8,766 | 23.1 | 10.9 | 37,046 | 41,070 | 31.8 | 19.5 |
| 1946-January. | 89,132 | 38.819 | 41, 977 | 8,337 | 18.5 | c9.0 | 34,165 | 35,546 | 28.3 | 16.2 |
| February | 73,969 | 30,498 | 36,210 | 7,261 | 16.6 | 8.8 | 27,425 | 31,402 | 25.6 | 16.2 |

[^9][Figures partly estimated. In millions of doliars]

| End of month | Total deposits adjusted and currency outside banks |  | Totaì deposits adjusted | Demand deposits adjusted ${ }^{1}$ | United States Government deposits ${ }^{2}$ | Time deposits |  |  |  | Currency outside banks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Com. mercial banks ${ }^{3}$ | Mutual savings banks ${ }^{4}$ | Postal Savings System ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| 1929-June. .... | $\begin{aligned} & 55,171 \\ & 54,713 \end{aligned}$ | 26,179 26,366 | 51.532 51.156 | 22,540 22,809 | 381 158 | 28,611 28,189 | $\begin{aligned} & 19,557 \\ & 19,192 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,905 \\ & 8,838 \end{aligned}$ | 149 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3}, 639 \\ & \mathbf{3}, 557 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1933-June. ... | 41,680 42,548 | 19,172 19,817 | 36,919 37,766 | 14,411 15,035 | 852 1,016 | $\begin{aligned} & 21,656 \\ & 21,715 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,849 \\ & 11,019 \end{aligned}$ | 9,621 9,488 | 1,186 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,761 \\ & 4,782 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1937-June. . | 57.258 56.639 | 30,687 29,597 | 51.769 51.001 | 25,198 23,959 | 666 824 | 25,905 26,218 | 14,513 14,779 | 10,125 10,170 | 1,267 1,269 | 5,489 5,638 |
| 1938-June. | 56,565 | 29,730 | 51, 148 | 24,313 | 599 | 26,236 | 14,776 | 10,209 | 1,251 | 5,417 |
| December | 58,955 | 31,761 | 53,180 | 25,986 | 889 | 26,305 | 14,776 | 10,278 | 1,251 | 5,775 |
| 1939-June..... | 60,943 | 33,360 | 54,938 | 27,355 | 792 | 26,791 | 15,097 | 10.433 | 1,261 | 6,005 |
| 1940 December | 64,099 | 36,194 | 57,698 | 29,793 | 846 | 27.059 | 15,258 | 10,523 | 1,278 | 6,401 |
| 1940-June.... | 66,952 70,761 | 38.661 42,270 | 60,253 63,436 | 31,962 34,945 | 828 753 | 27,463 27,738 | 15,540 15,777 | 10,631 10,658 | 1,292 1,303 | 6,699 7,325 |
| 1941-June. | 74,153 | 45,521 | 65,949 | 37,317 | 753 | 27,879 | 15,928 | 10,648 | 1,303 | 8,204 |
| December | 78,231 | 48,607 | 68,616 | 38,992 | 1,895 | 27,729 | 15,884 | 10,532 | 1,313 | 9,615 |
| 1942-June. | 81,963 | 52,806 | 71,027 | 41,870 | 1,837 | 27,320 | 15,610 | 10,395 | 1,315 | 10,936 |
| 1943 December | 99,701 | 62,868 | 85,755 | 48,922 | 8,402 | 28,431 | 16,352 | 10,664 | 1,415 | 13,946 |
| 1943-June. . | 110,161 | 71,853 | 94,347 | 56,039 | 8,048 | 30,260 | 17,543 | 11, 141 | 1,576 | 15,814 |
| December | 122,812 | 79.640 | 103,975 | 60,803 | 10,424 | 32,748 | 19,224 | 11,738 | 1,786 | 18,837 |
| 1944-June. . . . | 136,172 | 80,946 | 115,291 | 60,065 | 19,506 | 35,720 | 21,217 | 12,471 | 2,032 | 20,881 |
| December | 150,988 | 90,435 | 127,483 | 66,930 | 20,763 | 39,790 | 24,074 | 13,376 | 2,340 | 23,505 |
| 1945-February | 150,800 | 93,800 | 126,700 | 69.700 | 15,600 | 41,400 | 25,200 | 13,700 | 2,500 | 24,100 |
| March | 150,600 | 95,100 | 126;400 | 70,900 | 13,400 | 42,100 | 25,700 | 13,900 | 2,500 | 24,200 |
| April. | 150.900 | 98, 100 | 126,400 | 73,600 | 9,800 | 43,000 | 26,300 | 14,100 | 2,600 | 24,500 |
| May | 152,600 | 100,800 | 127,800 | 76,000 | 8,200 | 43,600 | 26,700 | 14,300 | 2,600 | 24,800 |
| June | 162,785 | 94,150 | 137,688 | 69,053 | 24,381 | 44,254 | 27,171 | 14,426 | 2,657 | 25,097 |
| Julyp. | 163,500 | 97,600 | 138,000 | 72,100 | 20,800 | 45,100 | 27,800 | 14,600 | 2,700 | 25,500 |
| August ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 163,400 | 100,000 | 137,400 | 74,000 | 17,300 | 46,100 | 28,500 | 14,800 | 2,800 | 26,000 |
| September ${ }^{p}$ | 162,800 | 101,600 | 136,600 | 75.400 | 14,300 | 46,900 | 29,100 | 15,000 | 2,800 | 26,200 |
| October ${ }^{\text {p }}$. | 163,800 | 104,500 | 137,400 | 78,100 | 11,700 | 47,600 | 29,600 | 15, 100 | 2,900 | 26,400 |
| November ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 168,100 | 107,000 | 141,600 | 80,500 | 13,100 | 48,000 | 29,800 | 15,300 | 2,900 | 26,500 |
| 1946-Januaryp ${ }^{\text {D }}$ - ${ }^{\text {December }}$ | 175,000 176,400 | 101,900 102,700 | 148,200 150,200 | 75,100 76,500 | 24,600 24,600 | 48,500 49,100 | 30,200 30,600 | 15,400 15,500 | 2,900 3,000 | 26,800 26,200 |
| February ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 176,900 | 102,200 | 150, 700 | 76,000 | 25,000 | 49,700 | 31,100 | 15,600 | 3,000 | 26,200 |

$p$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Includes demand deposits, other than interbank and $U$. S. Government, less cash items in process of collection.
${ }^{2}$ Beginning with December 1938, includes United States Treasurer's time deposits, open account.
${ }^{3}$ Excludes interbank time deposits and postal savings redeposited in banks.
Beginning June 1941, the commercial bank figures exclude and mutual savings bank figures include three member mutual savings banks
${ }^{5}$ Includes both amounts redeposited in banks and amounts not so redeposited; excludes amounts at banks in possessions.
Note.-Except on call dates, figures are rounded to nearest 100 million dollars. See Banking and Monelary Statistics, p. 11, for description and Table 9, pp. 34-35, for back figures.


Preliminary.
Outstanding principal, represented by certificates of deposit.
${ }^{2}$ Includes working cash with postmasters, 5 per cent reserve fund and miscellaneous working funds with Treasurer of United States, accrued interest on bond investments, and accounts due from late postmasters.

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Slatistics, p. 519; for description, see p. 508 in the same publication.

|  | Total, all banks | Member banks |  | $\underset{\text { banks }}{\text { Nonmember }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { Nional }}{\substack{\text { Naw } \\ \text { tion }}}$ | State | $\begin{gathered} \text { In- } \\ \text { sured } \end{gathered}$ | Noninsured |
| Number of banks suspended: 1934-39. | 291 |  | 6 | 189 | 81 |
| 1940. | 22 | 1 |  | 18 | 3 |
| 1942 | 8 |  |  | 3 | 3 |
| 1943 | 4 |  |  | 2 |  |
| 1944 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |
| 1945- ${ }^{\text {193 }}$ - | 0 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (in thousands of dollars): ${ }^{2}$ $1934-39$ | 125,991 | 14,616 | 26,548 | 44,348 | 40,479 |
| 1940. | 5,943 |  |  | 5,341 | 346 |
| 1941 | 3,726 | 3,144 |  | 503 | 79 |
| 1942 | 1,702 |  |  | 1,375 | 327 |
| 1943 | 6,223 | 4,982 |  | 1,241 |  |
| 1944. | 405 |  |  | 405 |  |
| 1945. | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 1946-Jan.-Mar. | 0 |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Represents banks which, during the periods shown, closed temporarily or permanently on account of financial difficulties; does not include banks whose deposit ilabilties were assumed by other banks
at the time of closing (in some instances with the aid of Federal Deposit at the time of closing (in some in
Insurance Corporation loans).

2 Deposits of member banks and insured nonmember banks suspended are as of dates of suspension, and deposits of noninsured nonmember banks are based on the latest data available at the time the suspensions were reported.

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 283-292; for description, see pp. 281-282 in the same publication.

# ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES* <br> LOANS, INVESTMENTS, DEPOSITS, AND NUMBER OF BANKS 

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

| Class of bank and call date | Loans and investments |  |  |  |  | Deposits |  |  |  | Number of banks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Investments |  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Interbank ${ }^{1}$ | Other |  |  |
|  | Total | Loans | Total | U. S. Government obligations | Other securities |  |  | Demand | Time |  |
| All banks : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938-Dec. 31 | 48,831 | 21,261 | 27,570 | 17,953 | 9,617 | 61,319 | 7,484 | 28.695 | 25,140 | 15,207 |
| 1939-Dec. 30 | 50,885 | 22,169 | 28,716 | 19,402 | 9,314 | 68,225 | 9,883 | 32,492 | 25,850 | 15,035 |
| $1940-$ Dec. 31 | 54,170 | 23,751 | 30,419 | 20,983 | 9,436 | 75,963 | 10,941 | 38,518 | 26,504 | 14,895 |
| 1941 -Dec. 31 | 61,101 | 26,616 | 34,485 | 25,488 | 8,997 | 81,780 | 10,989 | 44,316 | 26,476 | 14,825 |
| 1942 -Dec. 31 | 78,137 | 23,915 | - 54,222 | 45,932 | 8,290 | 99,796 | 11,318 | 61,395 | 27,083 | 14,682 |
| 1943-Dec. 31 | 96,966 | 23,601 | - 73,365 | 65,932 | 7,433 | 117,661 | 11,012 | 75,561 | 31,088 | 14,579 |
| 1944-June 30 | 108,707 | 25,424 | 83,284 | 75,737 | 7,547 | 128,605 | 11,219 | 83,588 | 33,797 | 14,553 |
| $1{ }^{1}$ Dec. 30 | 119,461 | 26,015 | 93,446 | 85,885 | 7,561 | 141,449 | 12,245 | 91,644 | 37,559 | 14.535 |
| 1945-June 30. | 129,639 | 27,979 | 101,661 | 93,657 | 8,004 | 151,033 | 12,605 | 96,725 | 41,702 | $14.542$ |
| Dec. 31 e | 140,220 | 30,340 | 109,880 | 101,300 | 8,580 | 165,600 | 14,080 | 105,920 | 45,600 | $14,553$ |
| All commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938--Dec. 31. | 38,669 | 16,364 | 22,305 | 15,071 | 7,234 | 51,041 | 7,484 | 28,695 | 14,862 | 14,652 |
| 1939-Dec. 30 | 40,667 | 17,243 | 23,424 | 16,300 | 7,124 | 57,702 | 9,883 | 32,492 | 15,327 | 14,484 |
| $1940-$ Dec. 31 | 43.922 | 18,792 | 25,130 | 17,759 | 7,371 | 65,305 | 10,941 | 38,518 | 15,846 | 14,344 |
| 1941 --Dec. 31 | 50,722 | 21,711 | 29,011 | 21,788 | 7,223 | 71,248 | 10,989 | 44,316 | 15,944 | 14,277 |
| 1942-Dec. 31 | 67,391 | 19,217 | 48,174 | 41,373 | 6,801 | 89, 132 | 11,318 | 61,395 | 16,419 | 14,136 |
| 1943 -Dec. 31 | 85, 095 | 19,117 | 65,978 | 59,842 | 6,136 | 105,923 | 11,012 | 75,561 | 19,350 | 14,034 |
| 1944 -June 30 | 95,731 | 21,010 | 74,722 | 68,431 | 6,290 | 116,133 | 11,219 | 83,588 | 21,326 | 14,009 |
| Dec. 30 | 105,530 | 21,644 | 83.886 | 77,558 | 6,329 | 128,072 | 12,245 | 91,644 | 24,183 | 13,992 |
| 1945-June 30. | 114,505 | 23,672 | 90,833 | 84,069 | 6,764 | 136,607 | 12,605 | 96,725 | 27,276 | 14,000 |
| Dec. $31{ }^{\circ}$ | 124,010 | 26,060 | 97,950 | 90,620 | 7,330 | 150,210 | 14,080 | 105,920 | 30,210 | 14,011 |
| All insured commercial banks : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1938-\text { Dec. } 31$ | 37,470 | 16,021 | 21,449 | 14,506 | 6,943 | 49,772 | 7,254 | 27,849 | 14,669 | 13,655 |
| $1939-$ Dec. 30 | 39,289 | 16,863 | 22,426 | 15,566 | 6,859 | 56,069 | 9.523 | 31,483 | 15,063 | 13,531 |
| 1940--Dec. 31 | 42,556 | 18,394 | 24,161 | 17,063 | 7,098 | 63,461 | 10,539 | 37,333 | 15,589 | 13,438 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 49,288 | 21,258 | 28,030 | 21,046 | 6,984 | 69,411 | 10,654 | 43,061 | 15,697 | 13,426 |
| 1942-Dec. 31 | 66,240 | 18,903 | 47,336 | 40,705 | 6,631 | 87,803 | 11,144 | 60,504 | 16,154 | 13,343 |
| 1943 -Dec. 31 | 83,507 | 18,841 | 64,666 | 58,683 | 5,983 | 104,094 | 10,705 | 74,309 | 19,081 | 13,270 |
| 1944 -June 30 | 93,936 | 20,729 | 73,207 | 67,085 | 6,122 | 114,145 | 11,038 | 82,061 | 21,045 | 13,264 |
| $1{ }^{\text {D Dec. } 30 .}$ | 103,382 | 21,352 | 82,030 | 75,875 | 6,155 | 125,714 | 12,074 | 89,761 | 23,879 | 13, 263 |
| 1945-June 30. | 112,353 | 23,376 | 88,978 | 82,401 | 6,577 | 134,245 | 12,401 | 94,910 | 26,934 | 13,277 |
| All member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1938 \text {-Dec. } 31 \text {. . }$ | 32,070 | 13,208 | 18,863 | 13,223 | 5,640 | 43,363 | 7,153 | 24,842 | 11, 369 | 6,338 |
| $1939-$ Dec. 30 | 33,941 | 13,962 | 19,979 | 14,328 | 5,651 | 49,340 | 9,410 | 28,231 | 11, 699 | 6,362 |
| $1940-$ Dec. 31 | 37,126 | 15,321 | 21,805 | 15,823 | 5,982 | 56,430 | 10,423 | 33,829 | 12,178 | 6,486 |
| 1941-Dec. $31^{2}$. | 43,521 | 18,021 | 25,500 | 19,539 | 5,961 | 61,717 | 10,525 | 38,846 | 12,347 | 6,619 |
| $1942-$ Dec. 31 | 59,263 | 16,088 | 43,175 | 37,546 | 5,629 | 78,277 | 11,000 | 54,523 | 12,754 | 6.679 |
| 1943 -Dec. 31 | 74,258 | 16,288 | 57,970 | 52,948 | 5,022 | 92,262 | 10,555 | 66,438 | 15,268 | 6,738 |
| 1944-June 30 | 83,587 | 18,084 | 65,503 | 60,339 | 5,164 | 101,276 | 10,903 | 73,488 | 16,884 | 6,773 |
| Dec. 30 | 91,569 | 18,676 | 72,893 | 67,685 | 5,208 | 110,917 | 11,884 | 79,774 | 19.259 | 6,814 |
| 1945-June 30. | 91,526 | 20,588 | 78,8,38 | 73,239 | 5,599 | 118,378 | 12,230 | 84,400 | 21,748 | 6,840 |
| Dec. 31. | 107,183 | 22,775 | 84,408 | 78,338 | 6,070 | 129,670 | 13,640 | 91,820 | 24,210 | 6,884 |
| All national banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938-Dec. 31. . | 20,903 | 8,469 | 12,434 | 8,691 | 3,743 | 27,996 | 4,499 | 15,587 | 7,910 | 5,224 |
| $1939-$ Dec. 30 | 21,810 | 9,022 | 12,789 | 9,058 | 3,731 | 31,559 | 5,898 | 17,579 | 8,081 | 5,187 |
| $1940-$ Dec. 31 | 23,648 | 10,004 | 13,644 | 9,735 | 3,908 | 35,787 | 6,574 | 20,885 | 8,329 | 5,144 |
| 1941 -Dec. 31 | 27,571 | 11,725 | 15,845 | 12,039 | 3,806 | 39,458 | 6,786 | 24,350 | 8,322 | 5,117 |
| 1942 -Dec. 31 | 37,576 | 10,183 | 27,393 | 23,744 | 3,648 | 50,468 | 7,400 | 34,499 | 8,570 | 5,081 |
| 1943 -Dec. 31 | 47,499 | 10,116 | 37,382 | 34,065 | 3,318 | 59,961 | 7,159 | 42,605 | 10,196 | 5,040 |
| 1944 -June 30 . | 53,343 | 11,213 | 42,129 | 38,640 | 3,490 | 65,585 | 7,402 | 46,879 | 11, 304 | $5,036$ |
| 1945-Dec. 30 | 58,308 | 11, 480 | 46,828 | 43,292 | 3,536 | 71,858 | 8,056 | 50,900 | 12,901 | 5,025 |
| 1945-June 30 | 63.177 | 12,369 | 50,808 | 47,051 | 3,757 | 76.533 | 8,251 | 53,698 | 14,585 | 5,015 |
| Dec. 31. | 69,312 | 13,925 | 55,387 | 51,250 | 4,137 | 84,939 | 9,229 | 59,486 | 16,224 | 5,017 |
| State member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1938-\text { Dec. } 31 .$ | 11,168 | 4,738 | 6,429 | 4,532 | 1,897 | 15,367 | 2,653 | 9,255 | 3,459 | 1,114 |
| $1939-$ Dec. 30 | 12,130 | 4,940 | 7,190 | 5,271 | 1,920 | 17,781 | 3,512 | 10,652 | 3,617 | 1,175 |
| $1940-$ Dec. 31 | 13,478 | 5,316 | 8,162 | 6,088 | 2,074 | 20,642 | 3,849 | 12,944 | 3,849 | 1,342 |
| 1941 -Dec. $31{ }^{2}$ | 15,950 | 6,295 | 9,654 | 7,500 | 2,155 | 22,259 | 3,739 | 14,495 | 4,025 | 1,502 |
| 1942 -Dec. 31 | 21,687 | 5,905 | 15,783 | 13,802 | 1,980 | 27,808 | 3,600 | 20,024 | 4,184 | 1,598 |
| 1943 -Dec. 31 | 26,759 | 6,171 | 20,588 | 18,883 | 1,705 | 32,302 | 3.397 | 23,833 | 5,072 | 1,698 |
| 1944-June 30. | 30,244 | 6,870 | 23,373 | 21,699 | 1,674 | 35,690 | 3,501 | 26,609 | 5,580 | 1,737 |
| 1 Dec. 30. | 33,261 | 7,196 | 26,065 | 24,393 | 1,672 | 39,059 | 3,827 | 28,874 | 6,357 | 1,789 |
| 1945-June 30 | 36,249 | 8,219 | 28,030 | 26,188 | 1,842 | 41,844 | 3,980 | $30,702$ | $7,163$ | $1,825$ |
| Dec. 31 | 37,871 | 8,850 | 29,021 | 27,089 | 1,933 | 44,730 | 4,411 | 32,334 | 7,986 | 1,867 |

[^10]
# ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES*-Continued <br> LOANS, INVESTMENTS, DEPOSITS, AND NUMBER OF BANKS 

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

| Class of bank and call date | Loans and investments |  |  |  |  | Deposits |  |  |  | Number of banks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Loans | Investments |  |  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Interbank ${ }^{1}$ | Other |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | U. S. Government obligations | Other securities |  |  | Demand | Time |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938-Dec. 31 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6,598 | 3,156 | 3,442 | 1,848 | 1,594 | 7,678 | 331 | 3,853 | 3,493 | 8,314 |
| 1939-Dec. 30. | 6,726 | 3,281 | 3,445 | 1,971 | 1,474 | 8,362 | 473 | 4,260 | 3,629 | 8,122 |
| 1940-Dec. 31 | 6,796 | 3,471 | 3,325 | 1,936 | 1,389 | 8,875 | 518 | 4,689 | 3,668 | 7,858 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 7,208 | 3,693 | 3,515 | 2,251 | 1,264 | 9,539 | 464 | 5:470 | 3,605 | 7,661 |
| $1942-$ Dec. 31 | 8,135 | 3,132 | 5,003 | 3,829 | 1,174 | 10,864 | 318 | 6,872 | 3,674 | 7,460 |
| $1943-$ Dec. 31 | 10,847 | 2,832 | 8,014 | 6,899 | 1,115 | 13,671 | 457 | 9,123 | 4,091 | 7,299 |
| 1944 -June 30 | 12,155 | 2,929 | 9,226 | 8,099 | 1,128 | 14,869 | 315 | 10,100 | 4,453 | 7,239 |
| 1945 Dec. 30 | 13,972 | 2,971 | 11,002 | 9,880 | 1,122 | 17,168 | 362 | 11,870 | 4,936 | 7,181 |
| 1945-June 30 | 15,091 | 3,087 | 12,005 | 10,839 | 1,166 | 18,242 | 375 | 12,326 | 5,541 | 7,163 |
| Dec. $31^{\circ}$. | 16,840 | 3,280 | 13,560 | 12,300 | 1,260 | 20,550 | 440 | 14,100 | 6,010 | 7,130 |
| Insured nonmember commercial banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938-Dec. 31 | 5,399 | 2,813 | 2,586 | 1,283 | 1,303 | 6,409 | 101 | 3,007 | 3,300 | 7,317 |
| $1940-$ Dec. 31 | 5,429 | 3,074 | 2,456 | 1,240 | 1,209 | 6,729 7,032 | 116 | 3,252 | 3,365 3,411 | 6,169 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 5,774 | 3,241 | 2,533 | 1,509 | 1,025 | 7,702 | 129 | 4,215 | 3,358 | 6,810 |
| 1942 -Dec. 31 | 6,984 | 2,818 | 4,166 | 3,162 | 1,004 | 9,535 | 145 | 5,981 | 3,409 | 6,667 |
| 1943-Dec. 31 | 9,258 | 2,556 | 6,702 | 5,739 | 962 | 11,842 | 149 | 7,870 | 3,823 | 6,535 |
| 1944-June 30 | 10,360 | 2,648 | 7,712 | 6,752 | 960 | 12,880 | 135 | 8,573 | 4,172 | 6,494 |
| 1 Dec. 30. | 11.824 | 2,678 | 9,146 | 8,197 | 949 | 14,809 | 190 | 9,987 | 4,632 | 6,452 |
| 1945-June 30. | 12,940 | 2,790 | 10,150 | 9,170 | 979 | 15,880 | 171 | 10,510 | 5,199 | 6,440 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1940-$ Dec. 31 | 1,367 | 387 | 998 | 696 | 275 | 1,633 1,843 | 360 402 | 1,008 | 264 | 953 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 1,434 | 452 | 982 | 742 | 239 | 1,837 | 335 | 1,255 | 247 | 851 |
| 1942-Dec. $31{ }^{3} 4$ | 1,151 | 314 | 837 | 667 | 170 | 1,329 | 173 | - 891 | 265 | 793 |
| 1943 -Dec. 31. | 1,588 | 276 | 1,312 | 1,160 | 153 | 1,829 | 307 | 1,253 | 269 | 764 |
| 1944 -June 30. | 1,795 | 281 | 1,514 | 1,347 | 168 | 1,989 | 181 | 1,527 | 281 | 745 |
| 1 Dec. 30. | 2,148 | 292 | 1,856 | 1,682 | 174 | 2,358 | 171 | 1,883 | 304 | 729 |
| 1945-June 30. | 2,152 | 297 | 1,855 | 1,668 | 187 | 2,362 | 204 | 1,815 | 343 | 723 |
| All mutual savings banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938-Dec. 31. 1939--Dec. 30 | 10,162 | 4,897 4,926 | 5,265 | 2,883 | 2,382 | 10,278 |  |  | 10,278 | 555 |
| 1940 -Dec. 31 | 10,248 | 4,926 4,959 | 5,289 | 3,102 3,224 3,700 | 2,190 | 10,523 10,658 |  |  | 10,523 10,658 | 551 551 |
| 1941-Dec. $31^{2}$ | 10,379 | 4,905 | 5,474 | 3,700 | 1,774 | 10,532 |  |  | 10,532 | 548 |
| 1942-Dec. 31. | 10,746 | 4,698 | 6,048 | 4,559 | 1,489 | 10,664 |  |  | 10,664 | 546 |
| 1943-Dec. 31 | 11,871 | 4,484 | 7,387 | 6,090 | 1,297 | 11,738 |  |  | 11,738 | 545 |
| 1944-June 30. | 12,976 | 4,414 | 8,562 | 7,306 | 1,257 | 12,471 |  |  | 12,471 | 544 |
| 19 Dec. 30. | 13,931 | 4,370 | 9,560 | 8, 328 | 1,232 | 13,376 |  |  | 13,376 | 543 |
| 1945-June 30. | 15,134 | 4,307 | 10,827 | 9,588 | 1,240 | 14,426 |  |  | 14,426 | 542 |
| Dec. $31{ }^{\circ}$ | 16,210 | 4,280 | 11,930 | 10,680 | 1,250 | 15,390 |  |  | 15,390 | 542 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1939-$ Dec. 30. | 1,329 | 605 | . 724 | 422 | 303 | 1,409 | . . . $\cdot$ | . . . | 1,409 | 51 |
| 1940-Dec. 31. | 1,655 1,693 | 637 | 1,018 1,050 | 548 629 | 470 421 | 1,818 1,789 |  |  | 1,818 | 53 |
| 1942-Dec. 31. | 2,007 | 740 | 1,267 | 861 | 405 | 2,048 |  |  | 2,048 | 56 |
| 1943 -Dec. 31 | 7,525 | 3,073 | 4,452 | 3,844 | 608 | 7,534 |  |  | 7,534 | 184 |
| 1944--June 30. | 8,489 | 3,111 | 5,378 | 4,752 | 626 | 8,235 |  |  | 8,235 | 192 |
| Dec. 30. | 9,223 | 3,110 | 6,113 | 5,509 | 604 | 8,910 |  |  | 8,910 | 192 |
| 1945--June 30. | 10,063 | 3,089 | 6,974 | 6,368 | 607 | 9,671 |  |  | 9.671 | 192 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 -Dec. 30. | 8,889 | 4,321 | 4,568 | 2,680 | 1,887 | 9,114 |  |  | 9,114 | 500 |
| $1940-$ Dec. 31 | 8,593 | 4,322 | 4,271 | 2,676 | 1,595. | 8,840 |  |  | 8,840 | 498 |
| 1941--Dec. 31 | 8,686 | 4,263 | 4,424 | 3,071 | 1,353 | 8,743 |  |  | 8,743 | 496 |
| 1942 -Dec. 31 | 8,739 | 3,958 | 4,781 | 3,698 | 1,084 | 8,616 |  |  | 8,616 | 490 |
| 1943 Dec. 31 | 4,345 | 1,411 | 2,935 | 2,246 | 689 | 4,204 |  |  | 4,204 | 361 |
| 1944-June 30. | 4,487 | 1,302 | 3,185 | 2,554 | 631 | 4,236 |  |  | 4,236 | 352 |
| Dec. 30. | 4,708 | 1, 260 | 3,448 | 2,819 | 629 | 4,466 |  |  | 4,466 | 351 |
| 1945-June 30. | 5,071 | 1,218 | 3,853 | 3,220 | 633 | 4,754 |  |  | 4,754 | 350 |

For footnotes see page 402.

ALL INSURED COMMERCIAL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY CLASSES*
LOANS AND INVESTMENTS
[In millions of dollars]


[^11]| Class of bankandcall date | Reserves Fith Reserve Banks | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cash } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { vault } \end{aligned}$ | Balances with domestic banks ${ }^{3}$ | Demand deposits adjusted ${ }^{4}$ | In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Demand deposits |  |  |  |  |  | Time deposits |  |  |  | Bor-rowings | Capital accounts |
|  |  |  |  |  | Interbank deposits |  | U. S. Gov-ernment | States and political subdivisions | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Certi- } \\ \text { fied } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { offi- } \\ \text { cers' } \\ \text { checks, } \\ \text { etc. } \end{array}$ | Individuals partnerships. and cor-porations | Interbank | U.S ernment and Rosta' Savings | Statesandpolit-icalsubdi-visions | Individuals, partner ships, and cor-porations |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Don } \\ \text { mestic }^{3} \end{array}\right\|$ | Foreign |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All insured Com- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938-Dec. 31. | 8,694 | 950 | 5.663 | 25,198 | 6,595 | 503 | 838 | 2,942 | 595 | 23,475 | 157 | 86 | 575 | 14,009 | 18 | 6,434 |
| 1940-Dec. 31. | 13,992 | 1,234 | 8.202 | 33,820 | 9.677 | 702 | 666 | 3,298 | 971 | 32,398 | 160 | 69 | 522 | 14,998 | 11 | 6,673 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 12,396 | 1,358 | 8.570 | 37,845 | 9,823 | 673 | 1,762 | 3,677 | 1.077 | 36,544 | 158 | 59 | 492 | 15,146 | 10 | 6.841 |
| 1942-Dec. 31. | 13,072 | 1,305 | 9,080 | 48,221 | 10,234 | 813 | 8,167 | 3,996 | 1,219 | 47,122 | 97 | 61 | 397 | 15,697 | 10 | 7.055 |
| 1943-Dec. 31. | 12,834 | 1,445 | 8.445 | 59.921 | 9,743 | 893 | 9,950 | 4,352 | 1,669 | 58, 338 | 68 | 124 | 395 | 18,561 | 40 | 7.453 |
| 1944-June 30. | 12,812 | 1,464 | 8,776 | 59,197 | 10,030 | 940 | 18,757 | 4,402 | 1,550 | 57,351 | 68 | 108 | 407 | 20,530 | 84 | 7,709 |
| ${ }^{\text {D }}$ Dec. 30 | 14,260 | 1,622 | 9,787 | 65,960 | 11,063 | 948 | 19,754 | 4,518 | 1,354 | 64,133 | 64 | 109 | 423 | 23,347 | 122 | 7,989 |
| 1945-June 30. | 14,806 | 1,474 | 9,959 | 68,048 | 11.217 | 1,119 | 23,478 | 4.698 | 1,240 | 65,494 | 66 | 105 | 482 | 26.346 | 65 | 8,340 |
| ```Member banks,}\mp@subsup{}{}{1 total:``` |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938-Dec. 31. | 8,694 | 746 | 4,240 | 22,293 | 6,510 | 501 | 790 | 2,386 | 547 | 21,119 | 142 | 61 | 462 | 10,846 | 6 | 5,424 |
| 1940-Dec. 31. | 13,992 | 991 | 6.185 | 30,429 | 9.581 | 700 | 616 | 2.724 | 913 | 29,576 | 141 | 56 | 435 | 11.687 | 3 | 5,698 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 12,396 | 1,087 | 6.246 | 33,754 | 9.714 | 671 | 1,709 | 3,066 | 1,009 | 33,061 | 140 | 50 | 418 | 11,878 | 4 | 5,886 |
| 1942 -Dec. 31. | 13,072 | 1,019 1,132 | 6,147 5,450 | 42,570 52,642 | 10,101 9,603 | 811 891 | 7,923 9,444 | 3,318 | 1.142 1.573 | 42,139 51,820 | 87 62 | $\begin{array}{r}56 \\ 120 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 332 327 | 12,366 14.822 | 39 | 6,101 |
| 1944-June 30. | 12,813 | 1,143 | 5,799 | 51,829 | 9,904 | 937 | 17,634 | 3,638 | 1.460 | 50,756 | 63 | 104 | 333 | 16,448 | 75 | 6,696 |
| 1945 Dec. 30. | 14,261 | 1,271 | 6,354 | 57,308 | 10.881 | 945 | 18,509 | 3,744 | 1,251 | 56,270 | 58 | 105 | 347 | 18,807 | 111 | 6,968 |
| 1945-June 30 | 14,807 | 1,150 | 6.486 | 59,133 | 11,064 | 1.106 | 21.967 | 3.877 | 1.138 | 57,417 | 61 | 102 | 302 | 21.254 | 52 | 7.276 |
| Dec. 31 | 15,811 | 1,438 | 7,117 | 64,184 | 12,333 | 1,243 | 22,179 | 4,240 | 2,450 | 62,950 | 64 | 99 | 399 | 23,712 | 208 | 7,589 |
| New York City: ${ }^{2}$ 1938-Dec. 31. | 4,104 | 68 | 109 | 7.168 | 2,687 | 437 | 139 | 280 | 195 | 7.273 | 6 |  | 36 | 652 |  | 1,593 |
| 1940-Dec. $31 .$. | 7,057 | 102 | 122 | 11,062 | 4,032 | 641 | 48 | 370 | 471 | 11,357 | 5 |  | 51 | 768 |  | 1,015 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 5,105 | 93 | 141 | 10,761 | 3,595 | 607 | 866 | 319 | 450 | 11,282 | 6 |  | 29 | 778 |  | 1,648 |
| 1942-Dec. 31. | 4,388 | 72 | 82 | 11.899 | 3,209 | 733 | 4,186 | 263 | 448 | 12,501 | 3 |  | 23 | 711 |  | 1,727 |
| 1943-Dec. 31. | 3,596 | 92 | 61 | 13,899 | 2,867 | 810 | 3,395 | 252 | 710 | 14,373 | 4 | 5 | 26 | 816 | 29 | 1,862 |
| 1944-June 30. | 3,455 | 85 | 60 | 13,254 | 3,105 | 852 | 6,150 | 213 | 722 | 13,740 | 11 | 7 | 17 | 861 | 64 | 1,907 |
| 1945 Dec. 30. | 3,766 | 102 | 76 | 14,042 | 3,179 | 851 | 6,722 | 199 | 361 | 14, 448 | 11 | 7 | 17 | 977 | 96 | 1,966 |
| 1945-June 30. | 3,879 | 89 | 64 | 14,643 | 3.271 | 989 | 7.618 | 229 | 341 | 14,789 | 16 | 8 | 19 | 1,082 | 40 | 2,023 |
| Dec. 31. | 4,015 | 111 | 78 | 15,065 | 3,535 | 1,105 | 6,940 | 237 | 1,338 | 15,712 | 17 | 10 | 20 | 1,206 | 195 | 2,120 |
| Chicago:2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938-Dec. 31. | 884 | 35 | 235 | 1,688 | 658 | 9 | 83 | 181 | 29 | 1,597 |  |  | 9 | 452 |  | 257 |
| 1940-Dec. 31. | 1,051 | 42 | 319 | 1,941 | 997 | 8 | 90 | 174 | 27 | 1,905 |  | 5 | 8 | 496 |  | 270 |
| 1941--Dec. 31. | 1,021 | 43 | 298 | 2,215 | 1,027 | 8 | 127 | 233 | 34 | 2,152 |  |  |  | 476 |  | 288 |
| 1942-Dec. 31. | 1,902 | 39 | 164 | 2,557 | 1,105 | 12 | 665 | 178 | 38 | 2,588 |  | 2 |  | 453 |  | 304 |
| 1943--Dec. 31. | 821 | 38 | 158 | 3,050 | , 972 | 14 | 713 | 174 | 44 | 3,097 |  | 2 | 1 | 505 |  | 326 |
| 1944-June 30. | 811 | 41 | 179 | 3.070 | 1.090 | 15 | 1,105 | 218 | 41 | 3,040 |  |  | 1 | 543 |  | 345 |
| 1945-Jec. 30.. | 899 | 43 | 177 | 3,041 | 1,132 | 16 |  | 167 | 33 | 3,100 |  |  | 1 | 619 |  | 354 |
| 1945-June 30.. | 9929 | 33 36 | 180 | 3.152 | 1,174 | 19 | 1. 499 | 193 | 29 | 3,124 |  |  | 1. | 663 719 |  | 302 377 |
| Dec. 31.. | 942 | 36 | 200 | 3,153 | 1,292 | 20. | 1,552 | 237 | 66 | 3,160 |  |  |  | 719 |  | 377 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1938 \text {-Dec. } 31 .$ | 2,354 | 321 | 1,940 | 7.214 | 2,719 | 53 | 424 | 796 | 170 | 7.034 | 113 | 17 | 269 | 4,233 |  | 1,777 |
| 1940-Dec. 31. | 4,027 | 396 | 2,741 | 9,581 | 3,919 | 49 | 327 | 995 | 228 | 9,468 | 107 | 19 | 226 | 4.505 |  | 1,904 |
| 1941 -Dec. 31. | 4,060 | 425 | 2,590 | 11,117 | 4,302 | 54 | 491 | 1,144 | 286 | 11, 127 | 104 | 20 | 243 | 4.542 |  | 1,907 |
| 1942 -Dec. 31. | 4,940 | 365 | 2,202 | 14,849 | 4,831 | 63 | 1,982 | 1,319 | 385 | 15,061 | 63 | 22 | 169 | 4,805 | 2 | 2,028 |
| 1943-Dec. 31. | 5,116 | 391 <br> 399 | 1,758 | 18,654 | 4,770 | 63 | 3,373 | 1,448 | 475 | 18,790 18,367 | 41 37 | 56 45 | 151 | 5,902 |  | 2,135 |
| $\text { 1944-Jun } 30 \ldots$ | 5, 109 | 399 | 1,922 | 18,405 | 4,757 | 65 | 6,453 | 1,464 | 384 | 18,367 | 37 | 45 | 158 | 6,567 |  | 2,207 |
| 1945-June 30. . | 5,687 <br> 5,882 | 441 396 | 2.005 2.029 | 20,267 <br> 20,682 | 5.421 5.510 | 70 90 | 6.157 | 1.509 1.516 | 488 | 20,371 20,559 | 33 <br> 31 <br> 10 | 49 | 154 | 7,561 | 3 | 2,327 2,450 |
| Dec. 31. | 6,326 | 494 | 2,174 | 22,372 | 6,307 | 110 | 8,221 | 1,763 | 611 | 22,281 | 30 | 38 | 160 | 9,563 | 3 | 2,566 |
| Country banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938-Dec. 31.. | 1,353 | 322 | 1,956 | 6,224 | 446 | 2 | 143 | 1,128 | 154 | 5,215 | 23 | 44 | 147 | 5,509 | 6 | 1,798 |
| 1940--Dec. 31.. | 1.857 | 452 | 3,002 | 7,845 | 633 |  | 151 | 1,184 | 187 | 6,840 | 29 | 3.3 | 150 | 5.917 | 3 | 1.949 |
| 1941-Dec. 31.. | 2,210 | 526 | 3,216 | 9,661 | -790 | 2 | 225 | 1,370 | 239 | 8,500 | 30 | 31 | 146 | 6,082 | 3 | 1.982 |
| 1942-Dec. 31. | 2,842 | 542 | 3,699 | 13,265 | -957 | 4 | 1,090 | 1,558 | 272 | 11,989 | 20 | 32 | 140 | 6,397 | 3 | 2,042 |
| 1943--Dec. 31. | 3,303 | 611 | 3,474 | 17,039 | 994 | 5 | 1,962 | 1,727 | 344 | 15,561 | 17 | 56 | 149 | 7.599 | 10 | 2,153 |
| 1944-June 30. | 3,438 | 618 684 | 3,638 4,097 | 17,099 | 951 1.149 | 5 | 3,926 | 1,743 1,868 | 314 369 | 15,609 18,350 | 15 14 | 52 <br> 57 | 175 | 8,477 9,650 | 11 | 2,239 2,321 |
| 1945-June 30. | 3,909 | 684 | 4,097 | 19,958 20,656 | 1,149 1,108 | 8 | 4,230 | 1,868 1,939 | 369 346 | 18,350 | 14 14 | 57 <br> 54 | 175 | 9,656 <br> 16,981 | $\stackrel{10}{9}$ | 2, 2,440 |
| Dec. 31. | 4,527 | 796 | 4,665 | 23.595 | 1,199 | 8 | 5,465 | 2,004 | 435 | 21,797 | 17 | 52 | 219 | 12,224 | 11 | 2,525 |
| Insured nonmember commercial banks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1938-Dec. 31. |  | 204 | 1,423 | 2,904 | 85 | 2 | 48 | 555 | 48 | 2,356 | 15 | 25 | 113 | 3,163 | 11 | 1.010 |
| 1940-Dec. 31. |  | 243 | 2,017 | 3,391 | 95 | 3 | 50 | 574 | 58 | 2,822 | 18 | 13 | 87 | 3,311 | 8 | 975 |
| 1941 -Dec. 31. |  | 271 | 2.325 | 4.092 | 108 | 2 | 53 | 611 | 68 | 3,483 | 18 | 8 | 74 | 3,276 | 6. | 956 |
| 1942-Dec. 31. |  | 287 | 2,934 | 5,651 | 13.3 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 243 | 678 | 76 | 4,983 | 10 | 5 | 65 | 3,339 | 5 | 955 |
| 1943-Dec. 31. |  | 313 | 2,996 | 7,279 | 141 | 2 | 506 | 750 | 96 | 6,518 | 6 | 4 | 68 | 3,750 | 6 | -979 |
| 1944-June 30. |  | 322 | 2,978 | 7,368 | 126 | 3 | 1,124 | 764 | 90 | 6.595 | 5 | 4 | 74 | 4,094 | 9 | 1,015 |
| 1915-June 30. |  | 352 | 3,434 | 8,652 | 182 | 3 <br> 13 | 1,245 | 775 820 | 103 | 7.863 | 5 | 4 | 76 | 4, 553 | 10 | 1,022 |
| 1945-June 30. |  | 324 | 3,473 | 8,915 | 153 | 13 | 1,511 | 820 | 101 | 8.078 | 5 | 4 | 90 | 5,105 | 13 | 1,065 |

${ }^{3}$ Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal bank balances, which on Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated 513 million dollars at all member banks and 525 millon at all insured commercial banks.
${ }^{1}$ Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government less cash items reported as in process of collection.
For other footnotes see page 404.
Back jagures.—See Banking and Montary Statistic.s, Table 18-45, pp. 72-103 and 108-113.


Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 127-227.

${ }_{2}^{1}$ Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.
${ }^{2}$ Monthly and weekly totals of debits to demand deposit accounts except interbank and U. S. Government accounts.
[In millions of dollars]


[^12][In millions of dollars)


* See note on page 408.

1 Demand deposits other than interbank and U. S. Government, less cash items reported as in process of collection.
${ }^{2}$ Debits to demand deposit accounts except interbank and U. S. Government accounts.

| End of month | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Commer- } \\ \text { cial } \\ \text { paper } \\ \text { out- } \\ \text { standing } \end{array}$ | Dollar acceptances outstanding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { out- } \\ & \text { standing } \end{aligned}$ | Held by |  |  |  | Based on |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Accepting banks |  |  | Others ${ }^{2}$ | Imports into United States | Exports from UnitedStates | Dollar exchange | Goods stored in or shipped between points in |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Own bills | Bills bought |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | United States | Foreign countries |
| 1944-November | 167 166 | 115 129 | 84 93 | 44 44 | 40 50 | 32 35 | 74 86 | 14 14 | (3) ${ }^{(3)}$ | 24 25 | 4 |
| 1945-January. . | 162 | 130 | 98 | 48 | 50 | 32 | 86 | 13 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 25 | 5 |
| February | 157 | 126 | 97 | 52 | 46 | 29 | 87 | 12 | (3) | 24 | 4 |
| March... | 147 | 128 | 96 | 54 | 42 | 32 | 87 | 11 | (3) | 25 | 4 |
| April. . | 119 | 117 | 90 | 52 | 38 | 26 | 81 | 10 | (3) | 24 | 2 |
| May.. | 103 | 104 | 82 | 51 | 32 | 22 | 72 | 9 | (3) | 22 | 2 |
| June... | 101 | 107 | 80 | 44 | 36 | 27 | 74 | 10 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 20 | 3 |
| July... | 107 | 117 | 90 | 45 | 45 | ${ }^{2} 26$ | 81 | 9 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 22 | 4 |
| August . . | 110 | 128 | 101 | 50 | 50 | 28 | 91 | 10 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 25 | 2 |
| September | 111 | 135 | 104 | 52 | 52 | 31 | 98 | 11 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 23 | 3 |
| October... | 127 | 135 145 | 100 | 53 | 46 49 | 35 38 | 95 100 | 12 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 22 | 6 |
| November. | 156 159 | 145 154 | 1107 | 58 64 | 49 | 38 42 | 100 103 | 15 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 23 | 6 |
| 1946-January. | 174 | 166 | 126 | 71 | 55 | 40 | 109 | 20 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 29 | 8 |
| February . | 178 | 167 | 128 | 74 | 53 | 39 | 109 | 18 | (3) | 31 | 9 |

${ }^{1}$ As reported by dealers; includes some finance company paper sold in open market.
${ }^{2}$ None held by Federal Reserve Banks except on July 31, 1945, when their holdings were $\$ 486,000$.
${ }^{3}$ Less than $\$ 500 ; 000$.
Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 127, pp. 465-467; for description, see p. 427.
CUSTOMERS' DEBIT BALANCES, MONEY BORROWED, AND PRINCIPAL RELATED ITEMS OF STOCK EXCHANGE FIRMS CARRYING MARGIN ACCOUNTS

| End of month | Debit balances |  |  |  | Credit balances |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Customers' debit balances (net) ${ }^{1}$ | Debit balances in partners investment and trading accounts | Debit balances in firm investment and trading accounts | Cash on hand and in banks | Money borrowed ${ }^{2}$ | Customers' credit balances ${ }^{1}$ |  | Other credit balances |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Free | Other (net) | In partners investment and trading accounts | In firm investment and trading accounts | In capital accounts (net) |
| 1936-June. . . . | 1,267 | 67 | 164 | 219 | 985 | 276 | 86 | 24 |  | 420 |
| December. | 1,395 | 64 | 164 | 249 | 1,048 | 342 | 103 | 30 | 12 | 424 |
| 1937-June. . . . ${ }^{\text {Decenber }}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,489 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 55 34 | 161 | 214 232 | 1.217 1.688 | 266 278 | 92 85 | 25 | 13 | 397 355 |
| 1938-June. . . . | 985 774 | 34 27 | 108 88 | 215 | 688 495 | 278 | 85 89 | 26 | 11 | 355 298 |
| December. | 991 | 32 | 106 | 190 | 754 | 247 | 60 | 22 | 5 | 305 |
| 1939-June. . | 834 | 25 | 73 | 178 | 570 | 230 | 70 | 21 | 6 | 280 |
| December. | 906 | 16 | 78 | 207 | 637 | 266 | 69 | 23 | 7 | 277 |
| 1940-June . . . . | 653 | 12 | 58 | 223 | 376 | 267 | 62 | 22 | 5 | 269 |
| December. | 677 | 12 | 99 | 204 | 427 | 281 | 54 | 22 | 5 | 247 |
| 1941-June. . . | 616 | 11 | 89 | 186 | 395 | 255 | 65 | 17 | 7 | 222 |
| December. | 600 | 8 | 86 | 211 | 368 | 289 | 63 | 17 | 5 | 213 |
| 1942-June. . . . | 496 | 9 | 86 | 180 | 309 | 240 | 56 | 16 | 4 | 189 |
| 1943-June. . . | 543 761 | 7 9 | 154 | 160 | 378 529 | 270 334 | 54 | 15 | 4 | 182 |
| December | 788 | 11 | 188 | 181 | 557 | 354 | 65 | 14 | 5 | 198 |
| 1944 -June. | 887 | 5 | 253 | 196 | 619 | 424 | 95 | 15 | 11 | 216 |
| December. | 1,041 | 7 | 260 | 209 | 726 | 472 | 96 | 18 | 8 | 227 |
| 1945-March. . | ${ }^{31,034}$ |  |  |  | 3722 | 3553 |  |  |  |  |
| April. ... | ${ }^{31,065}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 701$ | 3575 |  |  |  |  |
| May... | ${ }^{31,094}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 742$ | ${ }^{3583}$ |  |  |  |  |
| June. . | 1,223 31.141 | 11 | 333 | 220 | 853 3824 | 549 3580 | 121 | 14 | 13 | 264 |
| August | 31,100 |  |  |  | 3758 | 3573 |  |  |  |  |
| September | ${ }^{31,084}$ |  |  |  | 3762 | 3594 |  |  |  |  |
| October... | ${ }^{31,063}$ |  |  |  | 3743 | ${ }^{6632}$ |  |  |  |  |
| November | ${ }^{3} 1,095$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{3711}$ | ${ }^{3639}$ |  |  |  |  |
| December | 1,138 | 12 | 413 | 313 | 795 | 654 | 112 | 29 | 13 | r299 |
| 1946-January. | 31,168 |  |  |  | 3734 | 3 727 |  |  |  |  |
| February. | ${ }^{3} 1,048$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 645$ | 3760 |  |  |  |  |

## r Revised.

${ }^{1}$ Excluding balances with reporting firms (1) of member firms of New York Stock Exchange and other national securities exchanges and (2) of firms' own partners.
${ }^{3}$ Ancludes money borrowed from banks and also from other lenders (not including member firms of national securities exchanges). secured by U. S. Government securities was (in millions of dollars) : December, 196; January, 193; February, 172.

Note.-For explanation of these figures see "Statistics on Margin Accounts" in Bulletin for September 1936. The article describes the method by which the figures are derived and reported, distinguishes the table from a "statement of financial condition," and explains that the last column is not to be taken as representing the actual net capital of the reporting firms.

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 143, pp. 501-502, for monthly figures prior to 1942, and Table 144, p. 503, for data in detail at semiannual dates prior to 1942.

OPEN-MARKET MONEY RATES IN NEW YORK CITY [Per cent per annum]

| Year, month, or week | Prime commercial paper, 4- to 6months ${ }^{1}$ | Prime bankers' acceptances, 90 days ${ }^{1}$ | Stock ex- <br> change call loan re-newals ${ }^{2}$ | U. S. Government security yields |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { month } \\ \text { bills }}}{\substack{3-\\ \hline}}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c}9-\text { to } 12- \\ \text { month } \\ \text { certifi- } \\ \text { cates } \\ \text { of in- } \\ \text { debted- } \\ \text { ness }\end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 \text { - to } 5- \\ \text { year } \\ \text { taxable } \\ \text { notes } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1943 average. | . 69 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 373 | .75 | 1.34 |
| 1944 average. | . 73 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 79 | 1.33 |
| 1945 average. | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 81 | 1.18 |
| 1945-March. | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 78 | 1.18 |
| April. | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 77 | 1.14 |
| May..... | .75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 80 | 1.16 |
| June. | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 81 | 1.16 |
| July. | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 80 | 1.16 |
| August.... | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 82 | 1.17 |
| September. | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 84 | 41.19 |
| October. . | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 83 | 1.17 |
| November . | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 84 | 1.14; |
| December.. | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 84 | 41.15 |
| 1946-January | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | 79 | 1.10 |
| February. | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 76 | 1.03 |
| March.... | . 75 | . 44 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 79 | . 99 |
| Week ending: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 2. | $8 / 4$ | 7/10 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 76 | . 99 |
| Mar. 9 | $3 / 4$ | 7/16 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 78 | . 97 |
| Mar. 16 | $3 / 4$ | 7/16 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 79 | . 97 |
| Mar. 23 | $3 / 4$ | $7 / 16$ | 1.00 | . 375 | . 80 | . 99 |
| Mar. 30. | $3 / 4$ | 7/16 | 1.00 | . 375 | . 81 | 1.03 |

1 Monthly figures are averages of weekly prevailing rates.
${ }^{2}$ The average rate on 90 -day stock exchange time loans was 1.25 per cent during the entire period.
${ }^{3}$ Rate on new issues offered within period.
${ }^{4}$ From Sept. 15 to Dec. 15, 1945, included Treasury notes of Sept. 15, 1948, and Treasury bonds of Dec. 15, 1950; beginning Dec. 15, 1945, includes only Treasury bonds of Dec. $15,1950$.
Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 120-121, pp. 448-459, and the Bulletin for May 1945, pp. 483-490.

COMMERCIAL LOAN RATES
averages of rates charged customers by banks IN PRINCIPAL CITIES
[Per cent per annum]

|  | Total 19 cities | New <br> York <br> City | 7 Other Northern and Eastern cities | 11 Southern and Western cities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1937 average ${ }^{1}$ | 2.59 | 1.73 | 2.88 | 3.25 |
| 1938 average ${ }^{1}$. | 2.53 | 1.69 | 2.75 | 3.26 |
| 1939 average. | 2.78 | 2.07 | 2.87 | 3.51 |
| 1940 average. | 2.63 | 2.04 | 2.56 | 3.38 |
| 1941 average | 2.54 | 1.97 | 2.55 | 3.19 |
| 1942 average | 2.61 | 2.07 | 2.58 | 3.26 |
| 1943 average | 2.72 | 2.30 | 2.80 | 3.13 |
| 1944 average | 2.59 | 2.11 | 2.68 | 3.02 |
| 1945 average. | 2.39 | 1.99 | 2.51 | 2.73 |
| 1941-September | 2.60 | 1.98 | 2.62 | 3.291 |
| December. | 2.41 | 1.88 | 2.45 | 2.99 |
| 1942-March . | 2.48 | 1.85 | 2.48 | 3.20 |
| June. | 2.62 | 2.07 | 2.56 | 3.34 |
| September | 2.70 | 2.28 | 2.66 | 3.25 |
| December.. | 2.63 | 2.09 | 2.63 | 3.26 |
| 1943-March | 2.76 | 2.36 | 2.76 | 3.24 |
| June. | 3.00 | 2.70 | 2.98 | 3.38 |
| September | 2.48 | 2.05 | 2.71 | 2.73 |
| December. | 2.65 | 2.10 | 2.76 | 3.17 |
| 1944-March. | 2.63 | 2.10 | 2.75 | 3.12 |
| June. | 2.63 | 2.23 | 2.55 | 3.18 |
| September | 2.69 | 2.18 | 2.82 | 3.14 |
| December. | 2.39 | 1.93 | 2.61 | 2.65 |
| 1945-March. | 2.53 | 1.99 | 2.73 | 2.91 |
| June. | 2.50 | 2.20 | 2.55 | 2.80 |
| September | 2.45 | 2.05 | 2.53 | 2.81 |
| December. | 2.09 | 1.71 | 2.23 | 2.38 |
| 1946-March. |  | 1.75 |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Prior to March 1939 figures were reported monthly on a basis not strictly comparable with the current quarterly series.
Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 124-125 pp. 463-464; for description, see pp. 426-427.

BOND YIELDS 1
[Per cent per annum]

| Year, month, or week | [Per cent per annum] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U. S. Government |  |  | Municipal (high. grade) ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Corpo- } \\ & \text { rate } \\ & \text { (high- } \\ & \text { grade) } \end{aligned}$ | Corporate (Moody's) ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7 to 9 years | 15 years and over |  |  |  | Total | By ratings |  |  |  | By groups |  |  |
|  | Taxable | Partially tax exempt | Taxable |  |  |  | Aaa | Aa | A | Baa | Industrial | Railroad | Public utility |
| Number of issues. | 1-5 | 1-5 | 1-9 | 15 | 5 | 120 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 1943 average. | 1.96 | 1.98 | 2.47 | 2.06 | 2.64 | 3.16 | 2.73 | 2.86 | 3.13 | 3.91 | 2.85 | 3.64 | 2.99 |
| 1944 average. | 1.94 | 1.92 | 2.48 | 1.86 | 2.60 | 3.05 | 2.72 | 2.81 | 3.06 | 3.61 | 2.80 | 3.39 | 2.97 |
| 1945 average. | 1.60 | 1.66 | 2.37 | 1.67 | 2.54 | 2.87 | 2.62 | 2.71 | 2.87 | 3.29 | 2.68 | 3.06 | 2.89 |
| 1945-March. | 1.70 | 1.70 | 2.40 | 1.61 | 2.51 | 2.91 | 2.62 | 2.72 | 2.92 | 3.38 | 2.68 | 3.11 | 2.94 |
| April.. | 1.62 | 1.68 | 2.39 | 1.57 | 2.49 | 2.90 | 2.61 | 2.73 | 2.90 | 3.36 | 2.69 | 3.07 | 2.94 |
| May. | 1.57 | 1.68 | 2.39 | 1.58 | 2.53 | 2.89 | 2.62 | 2.72 | 2.88 | 3.32 | 2.68 | 3.05 | 2.93 |
| June. | 1.56 | 1.63 | 2.35 | 1.58 | 2.54 | 2.87 | 2.61 | 2.69 | 2.86 | 3.29 | 2.68 | 3.03 | 2.89 |
| July....... | 1.58 | 1.63 | 2.34 | 1.57 | 2.53 | 2.85 | 2.60 | 2.68 | 2.85 | 3.26 | 2.68 | 3.00 | 2.87 |
| August... | 1.59 | 1.68 | 2.36 | 1.70 | 2.56 | 2.86 | 2.61 | 2.70 | 2.85 | 3.26 | 2.68 | 3.02 | 2.86 |
| September. | 1.56 | 1.68 | 2.37 | 1.79 | 2.56 | 2.85 | 2.62 | 2,70 | 2.85 | 3.24 | 2.67 | 3.05 | 2.85 |
| October... | 1.50 | 1.62 | 2.35 | 1.76 | 2.54 | 2.84 | 2.62 | 2.70 | 2.84 | 3.20 | 2.65 | 3.03 | 2.84 |
| November. | 1.42 | 1.56 | 2.33 | 1.70 | 2.54 | 2.82 | 2.62 | 2.68 | 2.81 | 3.15 | 2.64 | 2.99 | 2.81 |
| December. | 51.38 | 1.51 | 2.33 | 1.64 | 2.54 | 2.80 | 2.61 | 2.68 | 2.79 | 3.10 | 2.64 | 2.96 | 2.79 |
| 1946-January . . | 1.31 | (6) | 2.21 | 1.57 | 2.43 | 2.73 | 2.54 | 2.62 | 2.73 | 3.01 | 2.57 | 2.89 | 2.71 |
| February | 1.28 | ${ }^{6}$ ) | 2.12 | 1.49 | 2.36 | 2.68 | 2.48 | 2.56 | 2.70 | 2.95 | 2.54 | 2.83 | 2.65 |
| March... | 1.28 | (6) | 2.09 | 1.49 | 2.35 | 2.66 | 2.47 | 2.54 | 2.69 | 2.94 | 2.54 | 2.80 | 2.64 |
| Week ending: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\text { Mar. } 2 .$ | 1.28 | ${ }^{6}$ ) | 2.10 | 1.49 | 2.36 | 2.67 | 2.48 | 2.56 | 2.70 | 2.94 | 2.55 | 2.83 | 2.64 |
| Mar. 9.. | 1.28 | ${ }^{6}$ ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | 2.10 | 1.49 | 2.36 | 2.66 | 2.48 | 2.54 | 2.69 | 2.94 , | 2.54 | 2.82 | 2.64 |
| Mar. 16.. | 1.27 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 2.09 | 1.49 | 2.34 | 2.66 | 2.47 | 2.54 | 2.69 | 2.94 | 2.54 | 2.81 | 2.64 |
| Mar. 23.. | 1.27 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 2.09 | 1.49 | 2.35 2.34 | 2.66 | 2.47 | 2.54 | 2.69 | 2.95 2.95 | 2.55 | 2.80 | 2.64 |
| Mar. 30.. | 1.29 | (6) | 2.08 | 1.48 | 2.34 | 2.66 | 2.46 | 2.53 | 2.68 | 2.95 | 2.54 | 2.79 | 2.64 |

[^13]SECURITY MARKETS ${ }^{1}$

| Year, month, or week | Bond prices |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Stock prices ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  | Volume of trading $^{7}$ (in thousands ofshares) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U. S. Gov-ernment ${ }^{2}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Munic- } \\ \text { ipal } \\ \text { (high- } \\ \text { grade) } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Corporate ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\text { Perred }{ }^{\text {Pre- }}$ | Common (index, 1935-39=100) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Highgrade | Medium- and lower-grade |  |  |  | Defaulted |  | Total | Industrial | Railroad | Public utility |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Industrial | Railroad | Public utility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of issues. | 1-9 | 15 | 15 | 50 | 10 | 20 | 20 | 15 | 15 | 402 | 354 | 20 | 28 | . |
| 1943 average | 100.50 | 131.8 | 120.3 | 109.5 | 117.0 | 97.6 | 114.0 | 44.0 | 172.7 | 92 | 94 | 89 | 82 | 1,032 |
| 1944 average | 100.25 | 135.7 | 120.9 | 114.7 | 120.5 | 107.3 | 116.3 | 59.2 | 175.7 | 100 | 102 | 101 | 90 | 971 |
| 1945 average. | 102.04 | 139.6 | 122.1 | 117.9 | 122.2 | 115.1 | 116.3 | 75.4 | 189.1 | 122 | 123 | 137 | 106 | 1,443 |
| 1945-March | 101.56 | 140.7 | 122.7 | 118.1 | 122.9 | 114.8 | 116.5 | 68.9 | 187.7 | 112 | 114 | 124 | 96 | 1,195 |
| April | 101.68 | 141.6 | 122.9 | 118.2 | 123.1 | 115.0 | 116.5 | 71.9 | 190.9 | 114 | 117 | 129 | 98 | 1,273 |
| May | 101.74 | 141.3 | 122.3 | 117.9 | 122.1 | 115.0 | 116.5 | 77.5 | 191.2 | 118 | 120 | 135 | 101 | 1,357 |
| June | 102.38 | 141.5 | 122.1 | 118.1 | 122.2 | 115.5 | 116.7 | 81.4 | 190.9 | 121 | 122 | 144 | 106 | 1,828 |
| July. | 102.46 | 141.6 | 122.3 | 117.9 | 122.2 | 115.2 | 116.4 | 80.4 | 189.6 | 118 | 119 | 140 | 108 | 951 |
| August. | 102.22 | 138.8 | 121.7 | 117.2 | 121.7 | 114.4 | 115.5 | 75.6 | 188.1 | 118 | 119 | 131 | 107 | 1,034 |
| September | 102.02 | 137.0 | 121.6 | 117.1 | 121.4 | 114.4 | 115.6 | 74.5 | 186.7 | 126 | 128 | 138 | 111 | 1,220 |
| October. | 102.38 | 137.7 | 121.9 | 117.7 | 122.0 | 115.3 | 115.7 | 76.6 | 188.0 | 132 | 135 | 145 | 114 | 1,556 |
| November | 102.60 | 139.0 | 122.0 | 118.3 | 122.5 | 116.6 | 116.0 | 78.9 | 192.2 | 137 | 139 | 154 | 121 | 1,961 |
| December. | 102.68 | 140.1 | 121.9 | 119.0 | 123.1 | 117.5 | 116.2 | 82.1 | 195.3 | 140 | 142 | 157 | 120 | 1,626 |
| 1946-January . | 104.59 | 141.6 | 123.8 | 119.7 | 123.9 | 118.9 | 116.3 | 84.9 | 197.9 | 145 | 148 | 164 | 124 | 2,183 |
| February | 106.03 | 143.4 | 124.5 | 120.0 | 124.4 | 119.6 | 116.1 | 85.4 | 200.5 | 143 | 146 | 160 | 124 | 1,776 |
| March. | 106.46 | 143.4 | 124.5 | 120.1 | 124.5 | 119.9 | 115.9 | 82.7 | 203.1 | 142 | 145 | 154 | 123 | 1,116 |
| Week ending: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 2. | 106.25 | 143.3 | 124.3 | 120.0 | 124.3 | 119.5 | 116.3 | 82.6 | 201.2 | 139 | 141 | 154 | 122 | 1,657 |
| Mar. 9 | 106.35 | 143.3 | 124.5 | 120.1 | 124.4 | 119.7 | 116.1 | 82.0 | 201.8 | 140 | 142 | 152 | 122 | 968 |
| Mar. 16 | 106.49 | 143.3 | 124.4 | 120.2 | 124.7 | 119.9 | 116.0 | 81.4 | 201.8 | 139 | 141 | 150 | 121 | 1,097 |
| Mar. 23 | 106.47 | 143.3 | 124.6 | 120.1 | 124.5 | 120.0 | 115.8 | 83.0 | 203.5 | 143 | 146 | 155 | 124 | 1,180 |
| Mar. 30 | 106.59 | 143.5 | 124.5 | 120.1 | 124.6 | 120.0 | 115.7 | 84.4 | 205.3 | 146 | 149 | 157 | 124 | 1,260 |

${ }_{1}$ Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal bonds and for stocks, which are based on Wednesday figures.
${ }^{2}$ Average of taxable bonds due or callable in 15 years and over.
${ }^{3}$ Prices derived from average yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation, on basis of a 4 per cent 20-year bond.
${ }_{5}^{4}$ Prices derived from averages of median yields, as computed by Standard and Poor's Corporation.
${ }^{6}$ Standard and Poor's Corporation.
${ }_{7}^{6}$ Prices derived from averages of median yields on noncailable high-grade stocks on basis of a $\$ 7$ annual dividend.
${ }^{7}$ Average daily volume of trading in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange.
Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 130, 133, 134, and 136, pp. 475, 479, 482, and 486. respectively, and the Bulletin
May 1945, pp. 483-490. for May 1945, pp. 483-490.

NEW SECURITY ISSUES
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Total new and re-funding) | For new capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | For refunding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total(do-mesticandfor-eign) | Domestic |  |  |  |  |  | Foreign? | Total(do-mesticandfor-eign) | Total | Domestic |  |  |  |  | Foreign ${ }^{2}$ |
|  |  |  |  | State |  | Corporate |  |  |  |  |  | - | Federal agen-cles $^{1}$ | Corporate |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | mu-nicipal | agencles $^{1}$ | Total | Bonds and notes | Stocks |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { mu- } \\ \text { mici- } \\ \text { pal } \end{gathered}$ |  | Total | Bonds and notes | Stocks |  |
| 1936 | 6,214 | 1,972 | 1,949 | 735 | 22 | 1,192 | 839 | 352 | 23 | 4,242 | 4,123 | 382 | 353 | 3,387 | 3,187 | 200 | 119 |
| 1937 | 3,937 | 2,138 | 2,094 | 712 | 157 | 1,225 | 817 | 408 | 44 | 1,799 | 1,680 | 191 | 281 | 1,209 | 856 | 352 | 119 |
| 1938 | 4,449 | 2,360 | 2.325 | 971 | 481 | 873 | 807 | 67 | 35 | 2,089 | 2,061 | 129 | 665 | 1,267 | 1,236 | 31 | 28 |
| 1939 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r5,790 } \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -2,277 | 2,239 | 931 | 924 | 383 | 287 | 97 135 | r38 | +3,513 | 3,465 | 195 | 1,537 | 1,733 | 1,596 | 137 | $\stackrel{+48}{ }$ |
| 1941 | 5,546 | 1,951 | 1,948 | 518 | 1.272 | 1. ${ }^{386}$ | 889 | 173 | 2 | 2,893 | 2,889 | 482 | 344 | -2,026 | 1,834 | 193 | 4 |
| 1942 | 2,114 | 1,075 | 1,075 | 342 | 108 | 624 | 506 | 118 |  | 1,039 | 1,039 | 181 | 440 | 418 | 407 | 11 |  |
| 1943 | 2,174 | +642 | + 640 | 176 | 90 | 374 | 282 | 92 | 2 | 1,532 | 1,442 | 259 | 497 | 685 | 603 | 82 | 90 |
| 1944. | 4,216 | 913 | 896 | 235 | 15 | 646 | 422 | 224 | 17 | 3,303 | 3,288 | 404 | 418 | 2,466 | 2, 178 | 288 | 15 |
| 1945. | r7,958 | r1,764 | 1,752 | 471 | 26 | 1,255 | 602 | 654 | ${ }^{12}$ | 6,194 | 6,146 | 324 | 912 | 4,911 | 4,256 | 655 | 48 |
| 1945-February | 222 | 44 | 44 | 6 | 9 | 29 | 24 | 5 |  | 178 | 163 | 8 | 18 | 137 | 137 |  | 15 |
| March... | 563 | 92 | 92 | 24 |  | 68 | 33 | 35 |  | 471 | 471 | 150 | 25 | 296 | 265 | 31 |  |
| April. | ${ }^{7} 761$ | ${ }^{r} 130$ | 126 | 19 | 6 | 101 | 50 | 51 | $r 4$ | 631 | 631 | 30 | 46 | 555 | 530 | 25 |  |
| May | 584 | 187 | 186 | 28 |  | 158 | 103 | 55 | 1 | 397 | - 395 | 9 | 19 | 367 | 272 | 95 | 2 |
| June | 169 | 52 | 52 | 43 | 8 | 1. |  | 1 |  | 117 | 117 | 8 | 30 | 79 | 79 |  |  |
| July. | 1,229 | 249 | 249 | 35 | 2 | 212 | 34 | 178 |  | 981 | 981 | 31 | 200 | 750 | 623 | 127 |  |
| August... | 510 | 144 | 144 | 37 |  | 107 | 64 | 43 |  | 366 | 366 |  | 20 | 338 | 297 | 41 |  |
| September. | 879 | 142 | 142 | 37 |  | 105 | 35 | 70 |  | 737 | 732 |  | 17 | 705 | 645 | 60 | 5 |
| October... | 1,338 | 243 94 | 238 94 | 29 34 |  | 209 60 | 103 | 106 | 5 | 1,096 | 1,070 | 38 | 42 | 989 | 820 | 169 | 26 |
| November. | 223 | 94 | 94 | 34 |  | 60 | 28 | 31 |  | 129 | 129 | 7 | 44 | 78 | 60 | 18 |  |
| December. | 838 | 243 | 241 | 80 |  | 161 | 107 | 54 | 3 | 594 | 594 | 3 | 255 | 337 | 282 | 55 |  |
| 1946-January.. | 346 350 | 200 65 | 200 65 | 68 | 18 | 131 47 | 10 5 | 122 42 |  | 146 284 | 146 284 | 3 | 30 20 | 113 264 | 55 247 | 58 17 |  |

$r$ Revised.
${ }_{2}$ Includes publicly offered issues of Federal credit agencies, but excludes direct obligations of U. S. Treasury.
${ }^{2}$ Includes issues of noncontiguous U. S. Territories and Possessions.
Source.-For domestic issues, Commercial and Financial Chronicle; for foreign issues, U. S. Department of Commerce. Monthly figures subject to revision.

Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 137, p. 487.

| Year or month | Estimated gross proceeds ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Estimated } \\ \text { net } \\ \text { proceeds }^{3} \end{gathered}$ | Proposed uses of net proceeds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | New money |  |  | Retirement of securities |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Repayment } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { other debt } \end{array}\right\|$ | Other purposes |
|  |  |  | Total | Plant and equipment | Working capital | Total | Bonds and notes | Preferred stock |  |  |
| 1935. | 2,332 | 2,266 | 208 | 111 | 96 | 1,865 | 1,794 | 71 | 170 | 23 |
| 1936 | 4,572 | 4,431 | 858 | 380 | 478 | 3,368 | 3,143 | 226 | 154 | 49 |
| 1937. | 2,310 | 2,239 | 991 | 574 | 417 | 1,100 | 911 | 190 | 111 | 36 |
| 1938. | 2,155 | 2.110 | 681 | 504 | 177 | 1,206 | 1,119 | 87 | 215 | 7 |
| 1939. | 2,164 | 2,115 | 325 | 170 | 155 | 1,695 | 1,637 | 59 | 69 | 26 |
| 1940 | 2,677 | 2,615 | 569 | 424 | 145 | 1,854 | 1,726 | 128 | 174 | 19 |
| 1941 | 2,667 | 2,623 | 868 | 661 | 207 | 1,583 | 1,483 | 100 | 144 | 28 |
| 1942. | 1,062 | 1,043 | 474 | 287 | 187 | 396 | 366 | 30 | 138 | 35 |
| 1943 | 1,170 | 1,147 | 308 | 141 | 167 | 739 | 667 | 72 | 73 | 27 |
| 1944. | 3,202 | 3,142 | 657 | 252 | 405 | 2,389 | 2,038 | 351 | 49 | 47 |
| 1945 | 5,800 | 5.691 | 996 | 581 | 415 | 4,447 | 4,017 | 430 | 124 | 124 |
| 1944-August. . | 219 | 215 | 61 | 27 | 34 | 151 | 149 | 2 |  |  |
| September | 463 | 453 | 29 | 18 | 11 | 415 | 375 | 40 | 2 | 7 |
| October.. | 742 | 729 | 125 | 10 | 115 | 594 | 570 | 24 | 3 | 7 |
| November. | 380 | 373 | 33 | 17 | 17 | 338 | 224 | 115 | 1 |  |
| December. | 182 | 178 | 66 | 9 | 57 | 109 | 106 | 3 |  | 3 |
| 1945-January | 281 | 275 | 35 | 14 | 21 | 240 | 221 | 19 |  |  |
| February | 215 | 212 | 28 | 16 | 12 | 177 | 160 | 17 | 5 | 1 |
| March... | 226 | 221 | 48 | 28 | 19 | 171 | 158 | 13 | 1 | 2 |
| April. | 643 | 632 | 102 | 55 | 47 | 513 | 501 | 12 | 14 | 3 |
| May. | 496 | 485 | 136 | 49 | 88 | 331 | 278 | 53 | 12 | 6 |
| June. | 92 | 915 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 79 | 72 | 7 | 1 | 6 |
| July.... | 944 440 | 925 433 | 190 | 147 41 | 43 | 719 | 581 | 138 | 5 | 11 |
| ${ }_{\text {August }}^{\text {September }}$ | 440 795 | 433 780 | 80 99 | 41 50 | 39 49 | 297 | 278 634 | 19 35 | 50 1 | 12 |
| October... | 1.077 | 1.057 | 150 | 97 | 53 | 854 | 798 | 56 | 19 | 34 |
| November | 121 | 117 | 20 | 7 | 13 | 70 | 51 | 19 | 4 | 22 |
| December | 470 | 462 | 103 | 75 | 27 | 327 | 286 | 41 | ${ }^{1} 12$ | 19 |
| 1946-January. | 253 297 | 245 291 | 111 37 | 63 17 | 49 20 | 118 238 | 56 222 | 62 16 | 5 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ |

PROPOSED USES OF PROCEEDS, BY MAJOR GROUPS OF ISSUERS
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Railroad |  |  |  | Public utility |  |  |  | Industrial |  |  |  | Other |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total net proceeds | $\begin{gathered} \text { New } \\ \text { money } \end{gathered}$ | Retirement of securities | All other purposes ${ }^{4}$ | Total net proceeds | $\begin{gathered} \text { New } \\ \text { money } \end{gathered}$ | Retirement of securities | All other purposes ${ }^{4}$ | Total net proceeds | New money | Retirement of securities | All other purposes ${ }^{4}$ | Total net proceeds | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { New } \\ \text { money } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Retire- <br> ment of <br> securities | All other purposes |
| 1935. | 120 | 57 | 54 | 10 | 1,250 | 30 | 1,190 | 30 | 774 | 74 | 550 | 150 | 122 | 46 | 72 | 4 |
| 1936. | 774 | 139 | 558 | 77 | 1,987 | 63 | 1,897 | 27 | 1,280 | 439 | 761 | 80 | 390 | 218 | 152 | 20 |
| 1937. | 338 | 228 | 110 | 1 | 751 | 89 | 611 | 50 | 1,079 | 616 | 373 | 90 | 71 | 57 | 7 | 7 |
| 1938. | 54 | 24 | 30 |  | 1,208 | 180 | 943 | 86 | 831 | 469 | 226 | 136 | 16 | 8 | 7 | 1 |
| 1939. | 182 | 85 | 97 |  | 1,246 | 43 | 1,157 | 47 | 584 | 188 | 353 | 43 | 102 | 9 | 88 | 5 |
| 1940. | 319 | 115 | 186 | 18 | 1.180 | 245 | 922 | 13 | 961 | 167 | 738 | 56 | 155 | 42 | 9 | 104 |
| 1941. | 361 | 253 | 108 |  | 1,340 | 317 | 993 | 30 | 828 | 244 | 463 | 121 | 94 | 55 | 18 | 21 |
| 1942. | 47 | 32 | 15 |  | 464 | 145 | 292 | 27 | 527 | 293 | 89 | 146 | 4 | 4 |  |  |
| 1943. | 160 | 46 | 114 |  | 469 | 22 | 423 | 25 | 497 | 228 | 199 | 71 | 21 | 13 | 4 | 4 |
| 1944. | 602 | 102 | 500 |  | 1,400 | 40 | 1,343 | 17 | 1,033 | 454 | 504 | 76 | 107 | 61 | 42 | 3 |
| 1945. | 1.436 | 115 | 1,320 |  | 2,196 | 61 | 2,083 | 51 | 1,865 | 732 | 984 | 149 | 194 | 88 | 60 | 47 |
| 1944-August. . . . | 134 | 19 | 115 |  | 31 | 3 | 26 | 2 | 47 | 36 | 10 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 |  |
| September. | 189 | 10 | 179 |  | 167 | 5 | 155 | 6 | 91 | 12 | 77 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 4 |  |
| October... | 36 | 2 | 35 |  | 499 | 9 | 485 | 5 | 191 | 115 | 74 | 3 | 3 |  |  | 2 |
| November. | 52 | 4 | 48 |  | 272 | 7 | 265 |  | 47 | 22 | 23 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |
| December. | 82 |  | 82 |  | 21 |  | 20 |  | 34 | 24 | 7 | 3 | 42 | 42 |  |  |
| 1945-January . . . | 119 |  | 119 |  | 65 |  | 65 |  | 82 | 28 | 54 |  | 1 C | 8 | 2 |  |
| February... | 108 | 12 | 96 |  | 60 |  | 60 |  | 27 | 9 | 16 | 1 | 18 | 7 | 6 | 5 |
| March.... |  |  |  |  | 124 | 2 | 122 |  | 93 | 41 | 50 | 2 | 4 | 4 |  |  |
| April. | 360 | 14 | 346 |  | 139 | 12 | 127 | 1 | 118 | 64 | 38 | 15 | 15 | 12 | 1 | 1 |
| May | 75 | 18 | 57 |  | 184 | 1 | 183 |  | 223 | 117 | 89 | 17 | 2 |  | 2 | i |
| June. |  |  |  |  | 30 |  | 30 |  | 59 | 3 | 49 | 7 | 2 | 1 |  | 1 |
| July.. | 105 | 12 | 93 |  | 301 | 4 | 297 |  | 480 | 163 | 301 | 16 | 40 | 11 | 29 |  |
| August.... | 84 | 10 | 74 |  | 115 | 1 | 110 | 4 | 221 | 63 | 111 | 47 | 13 | 6 | 2 | 5 |
| September. | 270 | 4 | 266 |  | 371 |  | 364 | 6 | 130 | 87 | 38 | 6 | 10 | 8 |  | 1 |
| October.... | 246 | 27 | 219 |  | 565 | 15 | 523 | 26 | 218 | 89 | 107 | 23 | 27 | 19 | 5 | 4 |
| November. |  |  |  |  | 42 | 2 | 35 | 5 | 49 | 17 | 26 | 6 | 27 | 1 | 10 | 15 |
| December. | 68 | 19 | 50 |  | 200 | 23 | 169 | 8 | 166 | 51 | 106 | 9 | 27 | 9 | 3 | 15 |
| 1946-January . . . | 7 | 7 |  |  | 43 | 1 | 43 |  | 181 | 98 | 68 | 15 | 13 | 6 | 7 |  |
| February... | 150 | 1 | 148 | 1 | 32 | 1 | 31 |  | 100 | 26 | 59 | 15 | 9 | 9 |  |  |

- Corrected.
${ }^{1}$ Estimates of new issues sold for cash in the United States. Current figures subject to revision.
${ }_{3}^{2}$ Gross proceeds are derived by multiplying principal amounts or number of units by offering price.
${ }^{8}$ Estimated net proceeds are equal to estimated gross proceeds less cost of flotation, i.e., compensation to underwriters, agents, etc., and expenses.
${ }^{4}$ Includes repayment of other debt and other purposes.
Source.-Securities and Exchange Commission; for compilation of back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics (Table 138, p. 491), a pub-
Boation of the Board of Governors. lication of the Board of Governors.

April 1946

| Year or quarter | Net profits, ${ }^{1}$ by industrial groups |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Profits and dividends |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Iron and steel | Ma- <br> chin- <br> ery | Au-tomobiles | Other trans-portation equipment | Nonferrous metals and products | Other durable goods | Foods, beverages, and tobacco | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Oil } \\ \text { produc- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { refin- } \\ \text { ing } \end{array}$ | Industrial chemicals | Other non-durable goods | Mis-cellaneous services | Netprofits | Dividends |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Preferred | Common |
| Number of companies.. | 629 | 47 | 69 | 15 | 68 | 77 | 75 | 49 | 45 | 30 | 80 | 74 | 152 | 152 | 152 |
| 1939. | 1,465 | 146 | 115 | 223 | 102 | 119 | 70 | 151 | 98 | 186 | 134 | 122 | 847 | 90 | 564 |
| 1940. | 1.818 | 278 | 158 | 242 | 173 | 133 | 88 | 148 | 112 | 194 | 160 | 132 | 1,028 | 90 | 669 |
| 1941. | 2,163 | 325 | 193 | 274 | 227 | 153 | 113 | 159 | 174 | 207 | 187 | 152 | 1,137 | 92 | 705 |
| 1942. | 1,769 | 226 | 159 | 209 | 182 | 138 | 90 | 151 | 152 | 164 | 136 | 161 | - 888 | 88 | 552 |
| 1943. | 1,800 | 204 | 165 | 201 | 180 | 128 | 83 | 162 | 186 | 170 | 149 | 171 | 902 | 86 | 556 |
| 1944. | 1,896 | 194 | 174 | 222 | 190 | 115 | 88 | 175 | 220 | 187 | 147 | 184 | 970 | 86 | 611 |
| 1945. | 1,922 | 190 | 156 | 244 | 169 | 107 | 85 | 199 | 226 | 188 | 156 | 202 | 976 | 85 | 612 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Quarterly } \\ \text { 1942-1....... } \end{array}$ | 413 | 52 | 38 | 46 | ${ }^{2} 46$ | 36 | 19 | 32 | 35 | 39 | 39 | 31 | 205 | 21 | 134 |
| 2. | 358 | 52 | 35 | 25 | 243 | 32 | 18 | 32 | 27 | 35 | 27 | 32 | 174 | 23 | 135 |
| 3. | 445 | 51 | 36 | 46 | 243 | 34 | 22 | 42 | 42 | 41 | 35 | 52 | 213 | 20 | 125 |
|  | 553 | 72 | 49 | 92 | 250 | 36 | 30 | 44 | 49 | 48 | 35 | 46 | 296 | 23 | 158 |
| 1943-1. | 430 | 52 | 39 | 47 | ${ }^{2} 48$ | 34 | 19 | 39 | 36 | 41 | 36 | 39 | 209 | 21 | 127 |
| 2 | 433 | 47 | 41 | 50 | ${ }^{2} 46$ | 32 | 22 | 37 | 42 | 41 | 36 | 38 | 221 | 22 | 132 |
| 3 | 461 | 51 | 41 | 52 | 246 | 31 | 20 | 43 | 49 | 40 | 39 | 50 | 226 | 21 | 127 |
|  | 477 | 53 | 45 | 53 | 241 | 31 | 23 | 43 | 58 | 47 | 38 | 44 | 246 | 22 | 170 |
| 1944-1. | 444 | 47 | 40 | 52 | 252 | 29 | 20 | 38 | 49 | 42 | 36 | 39 | 224 | 21 | 142 |
| 2. | 459 | 46 | 40 | 55 | : 47 | 30 | 22 | 43 | 52 | 43 | 37 | 43 | 230 | 22 | 149 |
| 3 | 475 | 47 55 | 38 55 | 55 | 247 243 | 28 | 21 | 45 | 56 | 49 | 37 | 52 | 244 | 20 | 137 |
|  | 518 | 55 | 55 | 59 | 243 | 28 | 25 | 49 | 64 | 53 | 37 | 50 | 272 | 23 | 184 |
| 1945-1. | 492 | 49 | 38 | 63 | 250 | 31 | 21 | 45 | 62 | 48 | 39 | 45 | 250 | 20 | 142 |
| 2. | 508 | 53 | 42 | 77 | 247 | 27 | 21 | 46 | 64 | 45 | 38 | 47 | 269 | 22 | 145 |
|  |  <br> 439 <br> 483 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r37 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 35 | r46 | $\stackrel{r 2}{ }{ }^{2} 86$ | 23 | r20 | r50 | 61 | 43 | r37 | r53 | $r 224$ | 21 | 14.3 |
| 4. | 483 | 50 | 40 | 59 | ${ }^{2} 36$ | 26 | 23 | 58 | 39 | 52 | 43 | 57 | 232 | 22 | 182 |

PUBLIC UTILITY CORPORATIONS
[In millions of dollars]

| Year or quarter | Railroad ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  | Electric power ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Telephone ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Operat- } \\ & \text { ing } \\ & \text { revenue } \end{aligned}$ | Income before income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Net income ${ }^{1}$ | Dividends | Operat- ing revenue | Income before income $\operatorname{tax}^{6}$ | Net income ${ }^{1}$ | Dividends | Operating revenue | Income before income $\operatorname{tax}^{6}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ | Dividends |
| 1939. | 3,995 | 126 | 93 | 126 | 2,647 | 629 | 535 | 444 | 1,067 | 227 | 191 | 175 |
| 1940. | 4,297 | 249 | 189 | 159 | 2,797 | 692 | 548 | 447 | 1,129 | 248 | 194 | 178 |
| 1941. | 5,347 | 674 | 500 | 186 | 3,029 | 774 | 527 | 437 | 1,235 | 271 | 178 | 172 |
| 1942 | 7,466 | 1,658 | 902 | 202 | 3,216 | 847 | 490 | 408 | 1,362 | 302 | 163 | 163 |
| 1943. | 9,055 | 2,211 | 873 | 217 | 3,464 | 914 | 502 | 410 | 1,537 | 374 | 180 | 168 |
| 1944. | 9,437 | 1,971 | 668 | 246 | 3,618 | 915 | 499 | 390 | 1.641 | 399 | 174 | 168 |
| 1945. | 8,902 | 755 | 447 | 253 | 3,695 | 906 | 523 | 399 | 1,803 | 396 | 177 | 173 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Quarterly } \\ \text { 1942-1.......... } \end{array}$ | 1,483 | 178 | 90 | 24 | 816 | 234 | 131 | 98 | 324 | 72 | 41 | 44 |
| 2 | 1,797 | 390 | 198 | 46 | 770 | 196 | 104 | 96 | 337 | 75 | 41 | 42 |
| 3 | 2,047 | 556 | 286 | 30 | 792 | 195 | 105 | 84 | 342 | 72 | 39 | 39 |
| 4 | 2,139 | 534 | 327 | 101 | 839 | 222 | 150 | 131 | 359 | 83 | 43 | 38 |
| 1943-1. | 2,091 | 515 | 214 | 29 | 864 | 254 | 136 | 99 | 366 | 88 | 42 | 40 |
| 2 | 2,255 | 608 | 244 | 52 | 835 | 221 | 118 | 100 | 382 | 96 | 44 | 42 |
| 3. | 2,368 | 653 | 250 | 36 | 859 | 210 | 114 | 99 | 39.1 | 94 | 45 | 43 |
| 4. | 2,340 | 435 | 166 | 100 | 906 | 228 | 133 | 113 | 398 | 96 | 48 | 43 |
| 1944-1. | 2,273 | 458 | 148 | 31 | 925 | 262 | 135 | 94 | 400 | 97 | 42 | 42 |
| 2. | 2,363 | 511 | 174 | 55 | 886 | 241 | 123 | 102 | 406 | 101 | 43 | 42 |
| 3. | 2,445 | 550 | 180 | 30 | 878 | 207 | 111 | 94 | 409 | 98 | 43 | 42 |
| 4. | 2,356 | - 452 | 165 | 130 | 929 | 205 | 130 | 101 | 426 | 104 | 46 | 43 |
| 1945-1. | 2,277 | 425 | 139 | 30 | 971 | 292 | 139 | 102 | 436 | 115 | 46 | 41 |
| 2. | 2,422 | 504 | 187 | 72 | 909 | 233 | 123 | 96 | 444 | 109 | 45 | 44 |
| 3. | 2,231 | 229 | 125 | 29 | 887 | 211 | 116 | 92 | 449 | 103 | 44 | 43 |
| 4. | 1,972 | -404 | -4 | 123 | 928 | 171 | 145 | 109 | 474 | 70 | 43 | 46 |

$r$ Revised.
"Net profits" and "net income" refer to income after all charges and taxes and before dividends. ${ }^{2}$ Partly estimated.
Class I line-haul railroads, covering about 95 per cent of all railroad operations.

- Class $A$ and $B$ electric utilities, covering about 95 per cent of all electric power operations. Figures include affiliated nonelectric operations

5 Thirty large companies, covering about 85 per cent of all telephone operations. Series. excludes American Telephone and Telegraph Company, the greater part of whose income consists of dividends received on stock holdings in the 30 companies.
${ }^{6}$ After all charges and taxes except Federal income and excess profits taxes.
Sources.--Interstat terly figures prior to 1942 are partly estimated); Federal Communications Commission for telephone companies (except dividends); published reports for industrial companies and for telephone dividends. Figures for the current and preceding year subject to revision, especially for wr
producers, whose contracts are under renegotiation. For description of data and back figures, see pp. $214-217$ of the March 1942 Bulletin.
[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

| End of month | Total gross direct debt | Total interestbearing direct debt | Marketable public issues ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | Nonmarketable public issues |  |  | Special issues | Non-interestbearing debt | Fully guaranteed in-terestbearing securities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Treasury } \\ \text { bills } \end{array}\right\|$ | Certificates of indebtedness | Treasury notes | Treasury bonds | Total ${ }^{2}$ | U. S. savings bonds | Treasury tax and savings notes |  |  |  |
| 1942-Dec. | 108,170 | 107,308 | 76,488 | 6,627 | 10,534 | 9,863 | 49,268 | 21,788 | 15,050 | 6,384 | 9,032 | 862 | 4,283 |
| 1943 -June | 136,696 | 135,380 | 95,310 | 11,864 | 16,561 | 9,168 | 57,520 | 29,200 | 21,256 | 7,495 | 10,871 | 1,316 | 4,092 |
| Dec. | 165,877 | 164,508 | 115,230 | 13,072 | 22,843 | 11,175 | 67,944 | 36,574 | 27,363 | 8,586 | 12,703 | 1,370 | 4,225 |
| 1944-June | 201,003 | 199,543 | 140,401 | 14,734 | 28,822 | 17,405 | 79,244 | 44,855 | 34,606 | 9,557 | 14,287 | 1,460 | 1,516 |
| Dec. | 230,630 | 228,891 | 161,648 | 16,428 | 30,401 | 23,039 | 91,585 | 50,917 | 40,361 | 9,843 | 16,326 | 1,739 | 1,470 |
| 1945-Mar | 233,950 | 232,026 | 162,625 | 16,921 | 34,544 | 18,588 | 92,377 | 51,833 | 42,159 | 8,948 | 17,567 | 1,923 | 1,119 |
| Apr | 235,069 | 233,063 | 162,680 | 17,041 | 34,478 | 18,588 | 92,377 | 52,460 | 42,626 | 9,109 | 17,923 | 2,006 | 1,132 |
| May | 238,832 | 235,761 | 162,652 | 17,049 | 34, 442 | 18,588 | 92,377 | 54,517 | 43,767 | 10,031 | 18,592 | 33,071 | 1,151 |
| June | 258,682 | 256,357 | 181,319 | 17,041 | 34,136 | 23,497 | 106,448 | 56,226 | 45,586 | 10,136 | 18,812 | 2,326 | 409 |
| July. | 262,045 | 259,781 | 183,080 | 17,025 | 34,472 | 23,498 | 107,890 | 57,143 | 46,508 | 10,119 | 19,558 | 2,264 | 484 |
| Aug. | 263,001 | 260,746 | 183,334 | 17,038 | 34,430 | 23,498 | 108,172 | 57,379 | 46,715 | 10,148 | 20,033 | 2,255 | 515 |
| Sept | 262,020 | 259,630 | 182,833 | 17,018 | 35,072 | 23,498 | 107,049 | 56,278 | 46,741 | 9,021 | 20,519 | 2,391 | 527 |
| Oct. | 261,817 | 259,439 | 182,790 | 17,026 | 35,021 | 23,498 | 107,049 | 56,072 | 46,786 | 8,776 | 20,577 | 42,378 | 541 |
| Nov. | 265,342 | 262,849 | 185,112 | 17,026 | 35,021 | 23,498 | 109,371 | 57,028 | 47,473 | 9,058 | 20,710 | -2,492 | 536 |
| Dec. | 278,115 | 275,694 | 198,778 | 17,037 | 38,155 | 22,967 | 120,423 | 56,915 | 48,183 | 8,235 | 20,000 | 2,421 | 553 |
| 1946-Jan | 278,887 | 277,456 | 199,633 | 17,042 | 41,502 | 19,551 | 121,358 | 57,168 | 48,588 | 8,107 | 20,655 | 1,431 | 545 |
| Feb. | 279,214 | 277,912 | 199,810 | 17,032 | 41,413 | 19,551 | 121,635 | 57,206 | 48,692 | 8,043 | 20,897 | 1,301 | 539 |
| Mar. | 276,012 | 274,748 | 197,063 | 17,047 | 40,399 | 18,261 | 121,177 | 56,550 | 48,733 | 7,365 | 21,135 | 1,264 | 542 |

${ }^{1}$ Including amounts held by Government agencies and trust funds, which aggregated 7,023 million dollars on Feb. 28, 1946.
${ }^{2}$ Total marketable public issues includes Postal Savings and prewar bonds, and total nonmarketable public issues includes adjusted service and depositary bonds not shown separately.
${ }^{3}$ Including prepayments amounting to 947 million dollars on securities dated June 1, 1945, sold in the Seventh War Loan, beginning on May 4, 1945.

4 Including prepayments amounting to 54 million dollars on securities dated Nov. 15, 1945, and Dec. 3,1945 , sold in the Victory Loan, beginning on Oct. 29, 1945.
${ }^{3}$ Including prepayments amounting to 192 million dollars on securities dated Dec. 3, 1945, sold in the Victory Loan, beginning on Oct. 29, 1945
Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 146-148, pp. 509-512.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MARKETABLE PUBLIC SECURITIES OUTSTANDING, MARCH 31, 1946
[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions

| Issue and coupon rate | Amount | Issue. and coupon rate | Amount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Treasury bills ${ }^{1}$ |  | Treasury bonds-Cont. |  |
| Apr. 4, 1946. | 1,303 | Sept. 15, 1949-51, ... 2 | 1,292 |
| Apr. 11, 1946. | 1,316 | Dec. 15, 1949-51.... 2. | 2,098 |
| Apr. 18, 1946 | 1,312 | Dec. 15, 1949-52.. . $31 / 8$ | 491 |
| Apr. 25, 1946 | 1,317 | Dec. 15, 1949-53... $2^{1 / 2}$ | 1,786 |
| May 2, 1946 | 1,316 | Mar. 15, 1950-52.... 2 | 1,963 |
| May 9, 1946 | 1,315 | Sept. 15, 1950-52... $21 / 2$ | 1,186 |
| May 16, 1946 | 1,309 | Sept. 15, 1950-52.... ${ }^{2}$ | 4,939 |
| May 23, 1946 | 1,301 | Dec. 15, 1950.....11/2 | 2,635 |
| May 31, 1946 | 1,317 | June 15, 1951-54...23/4 | 1,627 |
| June 6, 1946 | 1,309 | Sept. 15, 1951-53.... 2 | 7,986 |
| June 13, 1946 | 1, 304 | Sept. 15, 1951-55.... 3 | 755 |
| June 20, 1946 | 1, 315 | Dec. 15, 1951-53.. ${ }^{1 / 4}$ | 1.118 |
| June 27, 1946 | 1,313 | Dec. 15, 1951-55.... 2 Mar. 15, $1952-54 \ldots 21 / 2$ | $\begin{array}{r} 510 \\ 1,024 \end{array}$ |
| Cert. of indebtedness |  | June 15, 1952-54.... 2 | 5,825 |
| Apr. 1, 1946...... $7 / 8$ | 4,811 | June 15, 1952-55... ${ }^{1 / 4}$ | 1,501 |
| May 1, 1946.......7/8 | 1,579 | Dec. 15, 1952-54.... 2 | 8,662 |
| June 1, 1946...... ${ }^{7 / 8}$ | 4,799 | June 15, 1953-55.... 2 | 725 |
|  | 2,470 4,336 | June 15, 1954-56... ${ }^{\text {Mar. }} 15$ | -681 |
| Oct. 1, 1946....... 7 78 | 3,440 | Mar. 15, 1956-58.. ${ }^{1 / 1 / 2}$ | 1,449 |
| Nov. 1, 1946....... 7/8 | 3,778 | Sept. 15, 1956-59...23/4 | 982 |
| Dec. 1, 1946...... $7 / 8$ | 3,768 | Sept. 15, 1956-59...21/4 | 3,823 |
| Jan. 1, 1947...... 78 | 3,330 | June 15, 1958-63..23/4, | 919 |
| Feb. 1, 1947.......788 ${ }^{7 / 8}$ | 4,954 | June 15, 1959-62...21/4 | 5,284 |
|  | 3,133 | Dec. 15, 1960-65...23/4 | 1,485 |
| Treasury notes |  | June 15, 1962-67...21/2 | 2,118 |
| July 1, 1946...... 90 | 4,910 | Dec. 15, 1963-68... $2^{1 / 2}$ | 2,831 |
| Dec. 15, 1946...... 1 1/2, | 3,261 | June 15, 1964-69...21/2 | 3,761 |
| Mar. 15, 1947...... $1^{1 / 4}$ | 1,948 | Dec. 15, 1964-69...21/2 | 3,838 |
| Sept. 15, 1947..... 1 1/2 | 2,707 | Mar. 15, 1965-70...21/2 | 5,197 |
| Sept. 15, 1947...... $1^{1 / 4}$ | 1,687 | Mar. 15, 1966-71...21/2 | 3,481 |
| Sept. 15, 1948...... $1^{1 / 2}$ | 3,748 | June 15, 1967-72...21/2 | 7,967 |
|  |  | Sept. 15, 1967-72...21/2 | 2,716 |
| Treasury bonds |  | Dec. 15, 1967-72... ${ }^{1 / 2}$ | 11,691 |
| June 15, 1946-48.... ${ }^{3}$ | 21,036 |  |  |
| June 15, 1946-49...31/8 | 2819 759 |  |  |
| Oct. 15, 1947-52...41/4 | 759 701 | bonds............21/2 | 117 13 |
| Mar. 15, 1948-50.... 2 | 1,115 | Panama Canal loan. . 3 | 50 |
| Mar. 15, 1948-51...23/4 | 1,223 |  |  |
|  | 3,062 | Total direct issues. . | 197,063 |
| Sept. 15, $1948 . \ldots \ldots 21 / 2$ Dec. $15,1948-50 . . .2$ | 451 571 |  |  |
| June 15, 1949-51..... 2 | 1,014 | Federal Housing Admin. Various. . . . . . . . . . . | 40 |

${ }^{1}$ Sold on discount basis. See table on Open-Market Money Rates, p. 411 .
${ }_{2}$ Called for redemption on June 15, 1946.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS
[In millions of dollars]

| Month | Amount outstanding at end of month | Funds received from sales during month |  |  |  | Redemptions and maturities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | All series | $\underset{E}{\text { Series }}$ | $\underset{F}{\text { Series }}$ | Series G | All series |
| 1944-Sept. | 37,323 | 692 | 591 | 16 | 85 | 283 |
| Oct. | 37,645 | 695 | 599 | 14 | 83 | 401 |
| Nov. | 38,308 | 1,023 | 807 | 43 | 174 | 382 |
| Dec.. | 40,361 | 2,386 | 1,855 | 125 | 406 | 365 |
| 1945-Jan. | 41,140 | 1,074 | 804 | 42 | 228 | 341 |
| Feb. | 41,698 | 848 | 653 | 31 | 164 | 323 |
| Mar. | 42,159 | 889 | 712 | 27 | 151 | 464 |
| Apr. | 42,626 | 838 | 684 | 23 | 130 | 404 |
| May. | 43,767 | 1,540 | 1,195 | 63 | 282 | 426 |
| June. | 45,586 | 2,178 | 1,468 | 178 | 532 | 403 |
| July. | 46,508 | 1,295 | 1,032 | 47 | 215 | 428 |
| Aug. | 46,715 | 700 | 571 | 22 | 107 | 531 |
| Sept. | 46,741 | 514 | 420 | 18 | 76 | 528 |
| Oct. | 46,786 | 625 | 510 | 8 | 107 | 616 |
| Nov. | 47,473 | 1,184 | 865 | 54 | 265 | 533 |
| Dec.. | 48,183 | 1,254 | 908 | 83 | 262 | 559 |
| 1946-Jan. | 48,588 | 960 | 641 | 40 | 278 | 629 |
| Feb. | 48,692 | 622 | 367 | 30 | 225 | 565 |
| Mar. | 48,733 | 626 | 371 | 27 | 230 | 634 |


[In millions of dollars]

${ }^{1}$ Figures for insurance companies and other investors have been rounded to nearest 100 million dollars for all dates, and figures for commercial banks and mutual savings banks have been rounded to nearest 100 million for all dates except June and December for which call report data are available. Back figures.-See Banking and Montetary Statistics, Table 149, p. $512 . \quad r$ Revised.

SUMMARY DATA FROM TREASURY SURVEY OF OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES ISSUED OR GUARANTEED BY THE UNITED STATES *
[Public marketable securities. Par values in millions of dollars]

| End of month | Total out-standing | U. S. Gov-ernment agencies and trust funds | Fed- <br> eral <br> Re- <br> serve <br> Banks | Com-mercial banks (I) | $\mathrm{Mu}-$ tual savings banks | Insur- <br> ance companies | Other | End of month | Total out-standing | U. S. Gov-ernment agencies and trust funds | Federal Reserve Banks | Com-mercial banks (1) | Mu- <br> tual <br> sav- <br> ings <br> banks | Insur- ance com- panies | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total: ${ }^{2}$ 1945-June. . | 181.353 | 6,112 | 21,792 | 77,484 | 9,382 | 20,930 | 45.652 | Treasury bonds: Total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945-July. | 183.114 | 6,083 | 21,717 | 78,609 | 9,621 | 21,146 | 45,939 | 1945-June. | 106,448 | 5,968 | 1,113 | 41,795 | 9,045 | 19,892 | 28,636 |
| Aug... | 183,369 | 6,092 | 22,530 | 77,862 | 9,775 | 21,273 | 45,837 | July.. | 107,890 | 5,936 | 1,113 | 42,822 | 9,278 | 20,079 | 28,661 |
| Sept. | 182,870 | 6,094 | 23,328 | 76,939 | 9,845 | 21,437 | 45,227 | Aug.. | 108,172 | 5,937 | 1,114 | 43, 170 | 9,365 | 20,251 | 28,334 |
| Oct. | 182,829 | 6,146 | 23,276 | 77,547 | 9,847 | 21,501 | 44,512 | Sept. . | 107,049 | 5,926 | -977 | 42,834 | 9,360 | 20,348 | 27,604 |
| Nov | 185,151 | 6, 104 | 23,472 | 78,935 | 9,587 | 21,375 | 45,679 | Oct. | 107,049 | 5,926 | 977 | 43,477 | 9,360 | 20,343 | 26,964 |
| Dec. | 198,820 | 7.009 | 24,262 | 82,830 | 10,491 | 23,183 | 51,046 | Nov | 109,371 | 5,911 | 977 | 44,564 | 9.176 | 20,192 | 28,551 |
| 1946-Jan. | 199,672 | 7,014 | 23,264 | 84,700 | 10,726 | 23,758 | 50,210 | Dec. | 120,423 | 6,915 | 947 | 46,535 | 10,217 | 22,230 | 33,579 |
| Treasury bills: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1946-Jan... | 121,358 | 6,905 | 947 | 47,253 | 10,445 | 22,807 | 33,000 |
| 1945-June | 17,041 | 3 | 12,962 | 2,798 | 1 | 4 | 1,273 | Maturing within 5 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945-July. | 17,025 | 9 | 12,810 | 2,737 | 2 | 1 | 1,466 | 5 years:-June. . | 8,939 | 547 |  | 5,770 | 172 | 375 | 2,074 |
| Aug. | 17,038 | 15 | 13,254 | 2,193 | 2 |  | 1,574 | July.. | 8,939 | 530 |  | 5,814 | 175 | 350 | 2,069 |
| Sept | 17,018 | 18 | 13,234 | 2,035 | 10 |  | 1,721 | Aug. | 8,939 | 532 |  | 5,803 | 183 | 352 | 2,068 |
| Oct. | 17,026 | 21 | 13,172 | 1,978 | 6 |  | 1,850 | Sept. | 7,725 | 381 |  | 5, 126 | 181 | 320 | 1,714 |
| Nov | 17,026 | 18 | 12,593 | 2,306 | 14 | 1 | 2,094 | Oct. | 7,725 | 379 |  | 5,177 | 184 | 304 | 1,681 |
| Dec. | 17,037 | 5 | 12,831 | 2,476 |  | 1 | 1,723 | Nov | 8,214 | 456 |  | 5,387 | 173 | 277 | 1,917 |
| 1946-Jan. | 17,042 | 6 | 12,866 | 2,387 | 1 |  | 1,783 | Dec. | 10,879 | 481 |  | 7,282. | 161 | 257 | 2,697 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1946-Jan... | 10,879 | 478 |  | 7,360 | 169 | 258 | 2,613 |
| Certificates: 1945-June | 34,136 | 47 | 6,032 | 16,789 | 92 | 420 | 10,756 | Maturing in 5-10 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July. | 34,472 | 45 | 6,096 | 16,812 | 96 | 454 | 10,968 | 1945-June. . | 48,155 | 1,333 |  | 29,147 | 3,400 | 4,267 | 10,009 |
| Aug. | 34,430 | 46 | 6,400 | 16,413 | 158 | 423 | 10,991 | July. . | 48,423 | 1,322 |  | 29,954 | 3,228 | 4,194 | 9,725 |
| Sept. . | 35,072 | 55 | 7,184 | 16,209 | 211 | 494 | 10,918 | Aug. | 48; 425 | 1,319 |  | 30, 209 | 3,101 | 4,163 | 9,631 |
| Oct. | 35,021 | 77 | 7,206 | 16.230 | 221 | 553 | 10,735 | Sept. | 49,180 | 1,398 |  | 30, 798 | 3,056 | 4,179 | 9,749 |
| Nov | 35,021 | 62 | 7,800 | 16,358 | 171 | 561 | 10,070 | Oct. | 49, 180 | 1,396 |  | 31,241 | 2,970 | 4,066 | 9,506 |
| Dec. | 38,155 | 38 | 8,364 | 18,091 | 91 | 360 | 11,211 | Nov. | 49,180 | 1,386 |  | 32, 125 | 2,705 | 3,945 | 9,021 |
| 1946-Jan. . | 41,502 | 51 | 8,047 | 21,380 | 101 | 390 | 11,532 | Dec. | 46,484 | 1,340 |  | 31,317 | 2,460 | 3,840 | 7,534 |
| Treasury notes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1946-Jan. | 46,484 | 1,323 |  | 31,776 | 2,230 | 3,735 | 7,418 |
| Treasury notes: 1945-June | 23.497 | 52 | 1,685 | 16,076 | 242 | 601 | 4,841 | Maturing in 10-20 years: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 July.. | 23,498 | 52 | 1,698 | 16,211 | 244 | 598 | 4,695 | years:-June.. | 16,727 | 1,054 |  | 4,562 | 2,458 | 2,471 | 6,179 |
| Aug... | 23,498 | 52 | 1,762 | 16,058 | 247 | 587 | 4,793 | July. | 17,307 | 1,058 |  | 4,667 | 2,673 | 2,476 | 6.433 |
| Sept | 23,498 | 53 | 1,933 | 15,830 | 260 | 581 | 4,841 | Aug. | 17,446 | 1,057 |  | 4,687 | 2,814 | 2,534 | 6,352 |
| Oct | 23,498 | 80 | 1,920 | 15,834 | 258 | 591 | 4,815 | Sept. | 16,748 | ,982 |  | 4,388 | 2,868 | 2,493 | 6,020 |
| Nov | 23,498 | 71 | 2,102 | 15,678 | 223 | 607 | 4,817 | Oct. | 16,748 | 985 |  | 4,451 | 2,928 | 2,505 | 5,880 |
| Dec.. | 22,967 | 8 | 2,120 | 15,701 | 179 | 576 | 4,383 | Nov. | 16,880 | 907 |  | 4,371 | 2,966 | 2,458 | 6,178 |
| 1946-Jan.. . | 19,551 | 8 | 1,405 | 13,652 | 176 | 546 | 3,764 | Dec. | 20,532 | 967 |  | 5,406 | 3,298 | 2,995 | 7,865 |
| Guaranteed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20,643 | 970 |  | 5,479 | 3,427 | 3,054 | 7,711 |
| Guaranteed securities: 1945-June. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Maturing after } 20 \\ & \text { years: } \\ & 1945-J u n e . ~ . ~ \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945-June.. | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6 |  | 10 | 2 | 13 | 3 3 | 1945-June. . | 32,626 33,219 | 4,146 4,140 |  | 2,317 | 3,010 3,200 | 12,779 | 10,375 10,435 |
| Aug. | 35 | 7 |  | 11 | 2 | 13 | 2 | Aug... | 33,360 | 4,141 |  | 2,470 | 3,266 | 13, 199 | 10,284 |
| Sept. . | 37 | 7 |  | 12 | 2 | 13 | 4 | Sept. . | 33,394 | 4,141 |  | 2,521 | 3,257 | 13,357 | 10,120 |
| Oct. | 39 | 7 |  | 12 | 2 | 13 | 4 | Oct.. | 33,394 | 4,140 |  | 2,609 | 3,277 | 13,466 | 9,900 |
| Nov | 39 | 7 |  | 13 | 3 | 14 | 3 | Nov | 35,095 | 4,139 |  | 2,679 | 3,333 | 13,511 | 11.432 |
| 1946 Dec. | 41 | 7 |  | 11 | 3 | 14 | 6 | Dec. | 42,526 | 5,073 |  | 2,532 | 4,300 | 15,141 | 15,482 |
| 1946-Jan. | 39 | 7 |  | 12 | 3 | 13 | 4 | 1946-Jan. | 43,350 | 5,082 |  | 2,634 | 4,617 | 15,759 | 15,257 |

* Figures include only holdings by institutions or agencies from which reports are received. Data for commercial banks, mutual savings banks, and the residual "other" are not entirely comparable from month to month. Since June 1943 the coverage by the survey of commercial banks has been expanded. Figures in column headed "other" include holdings by nonreporting banks and insurance companies as well as by other investors. Estimates of total holdings (including relatively small amounts of nonmarketable issues) by all banks and all insurance companies for certain dates are shown in the table above.
${ }^{1}$ Including stock savings banks. On Jan. 31, 1946, commercial banks reporting to the Treasury held 31,667 million dollars of U. S. Government securities due or callable within one year out of a total of 70,478 million outstanding.

Including 196 million dollars of Postal Savings and prewar bonds not shown separately below.
[On basis of daily statements of United States Treasury. In millions of dollars]

${ }^{1}$ Details on collection basis given in table below. $\quad 2$ Withheld by employers (Current Tax Payment Act of 1943)
${ }^{3}$ Total receipts less social security employment taxes, which are appropriated directly to the Federal old-age and survivors insurance trust fund.
4 Excess of receipts ( + ) or expenditures ( - ), Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 150-151, pp. 513-516.
INTERNAL REVENUE COLLECTIONS
[On basis of reports of collections. In millions of dollars]

| Period | Income taxes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Miscellaneous internal revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Current individual | Withheld ${ }^{1}$ | Victory tax | Cur. rent corporation | Back taxes | Excess profits taxes | Other profits taxes | Total | Capi- tal stock tax | Estate <br> and gift taxes | Alcoholic beverage taxes | Tobacco taxes | Stamp taxes | Manufac- <br> turers' and retailers' excise taxes | Mis-cellaneous taxes |
| Fiscal year ending: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June 1943.... | 16,299 | 5,771 |  | 686 | 4,137 | 557 | 5,064 | 84 | 4,571 | 329 | 447 | 1,423 | 924 | 45 | 670 | 732 |
| June 1944.... | 33,028 | 10,254 | 7,038 | 785 | 4,763 | 705 | 9,345 | 137 | 5,353 | 381 | 511 | 1,618 | 988 | 51 | 729 | 1,075 |
| June 1945. | 35,062 | 8.567 | 10,263 | 1 | 4,422 | 661 | 11,004 | 144 | 6,960 | 372 | 643 | 2,310 | 932 | 66 | 1,207 | 1,430 |
| 1945-February | 3,158 | 759 | 1,892 |  | 57 | 143 | 301 | 6 | 510 |  | 37 | 195 | 66 | 6 | 116 | 90 |
| March. | 4,996 | 1,737 | 61 |  | 956 | 59 | 2,170 | 13 | 560 |  | 89 | 171 | 74 | 6 | 104 | 117 |
| April. . | 2,408 | 907 | 915 |  | 160 | -26 | 443 | 9 | 517 |  | 75 | 171 | 68 | 5 | 97 | 100 |
| May. | 2,406 | 201 | 1.751 |  | 70 | 79 | 295 | 10 | 571 |  | 64 | 180 | 83 | 6 | 116 | 121 |
| June | 4,025 | 1,127 | 46 |  | 858 | 79 | 1,895 | 21 | 572 |  | 62 | 191 | 93 | 6 | 104 | 116 |
| July. | 2,242 | 318 | 1,249 | 1 | 161 | 75 | 429 | 8 | 791 | 105 | 49 | 198 | 84 | 6 | 121 | 228 |
| August | 1,916 | 87 | 1,461 | -1 | 74 | 62 | 228 | 5 | 824 | 209 | 69 | 199 | 108 | 5 | 102 | 132 |
| September. | 3,553 | 1,112 | 32 |  | 768 | 46 | 1,584 | 11 | 531 | 7 | 34 | 198 | 101 | 6 | 93 | 93 |
| October. | 2,031 | 271 | 1,094 |  | 191 | 47 | 421 | 6 | 706 | 30 | 44 | 243 | 120 | 7 | 122 | 140 |
| November | 1.856 | 41 | 1,405 |  | 105 | 50 | 248 | 6 | 605 |  | 44 | 230 | 98 | 8 | 112 | 113 |
| December. | 2,742 | 539 | 27 |  | 660 | 105 | 1,398 | 13 | 512 |  | 45 | 188 | 62 | 7 | 107 | 102 |
| 1946-January . . . . | 3,189 | 1.670 | 604 |  | 151 | 222 | 536 | 6 | 643 |  | 61 | 221 | 96 | 8 | 136 | 121 |
| February.. | 3,206 | 949 | 1.848 |  | -3 | 173 | 236 | 4 | 597 |  | 54 | 210 | 89 | 8 | 142 | 93 |

1 Withheld by employers (Current Tax Payment Act of 1943).

| Corporation or agency | Assets, other than interagency items ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Liabilities, other than interagency items |  |  | U. S. <br> Gov-ernment interest | Pri- <br> vately <br> owned <br> inter- <br> est |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Cash | Loans re-ceivable | Com-modities, supplies, and materials | Investments |  | Land, <br> struc- <br> tures, and equipment | Undis-tributed charges | Other assets | Bonds, notes, and debentures payable |  | Other liabilities |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | U. S. Govt. securities | Other securities |  |  |  | Fully <br> guar- <br> anteed Other |  |  |  |  |
| All agencies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 31, 1945 | 31,309 | 768 | 5,789 | 2,960 | 1,756 | 388 | 16,734 | 1,001 | 1,913 | 1,150 | 1,237 | 4,962 | 23,510 | 451 |
| June 30, 1945 | 33,552, | 700 | 5,544 | 2,507 | 1,679 | 375 | 20,164 | 772 | 1,811 | 502 | 1,163 | 4,162 | 27.266 | 459 |
| Sept. 30, 1945 | 34,247 | 815 | 5,409 | 2,487 | 1,756 | 368 | 20,816 | 442 | 2,154 | 551 | 1,135 | 4,486 | 27,610 | 465 |
| Dec. 31, 1945 | 33,844 | 925 | 5,290 | 2,288 | 1,683 | 325 | 21,017 | 472 | 1,845 | 555 | 1,113 | 4,212 | 27,492 | 472 |
| Classification by agency Dec. 31, 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Department of Agriculture: <br> Farm Credit Administration: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Banks for cooperatives.... | 268 | 28 | 196 |  | 43 |  | $c$ (2) |  | 1 |  | 8 | $C$ (2) | 252 | 8 |
| Federal intermediate credit banks. | 298 | 20 | 231 |  | 43 |  |  |  | 3 |  | 245 | 1 | 51 |  |
| Federal land banks. . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,231 | 48 | 1,016 |  | 145 |  | 5 |  | 17 |  | 792 | 41 | 169 | 230 |
| Production credit corporations. . . . | 124 | 1 |  |  | 67 | 55 | (2) |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  | (2) | 123 |  |
| Regional Agricultural Credit Corp. . | 16 | 11 | 4 |  | (2) |  |  |  | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |  |  | 1 | 14 |  |
| Farm Security Administration.... | 458 | 57 | 320 | (2) |  |  | 24 | 7 | 49 |  |  | 9 | 449 |  |
| Other ${ }^{3}$. . . . . . . . | 17 | 1 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 1 | 15 |  |
| Federal Farm Mortgage Corp....... | 191 | 12 | 173 |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 5 |  | 5 | 181 |  |
| Rural Electrification Administration. | 416 | 3 | 407 |  |  |  | (2) | (2) | 5 |  |  | (2) | 416 | . . . . . . |
| Commodity Credit Corp. | 1,311 | 30 | 99 | 1,034 |  |  | 4 | 9 | 135 | 506 |  | 491 | 314 |  |
| Federal Crop Insurance Corp........ | 39 | 11. |  | 3 |  |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | 24 |  |  | 3 | 36 |  |
| Federal Surplus Commodities Corp.. . | 3. | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  | 3 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal home loan banks. | 335 | 21 | 195 |  | 118 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 69 | 46 | 125 | 95 |
| Federal Savings and Loan In surance Corp. |  |  |  |  | 161 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| surance Corp. <br> Home Owners' Loan Corp. | 165 919 | 2 36 | 840 |  | 161 | 21 | 2 | (2) | 3 |  |  | 65 | 100 884 |  |
| Federal Public Housing Authority and affiliate: | 919 | 36 | 840 |  | 15 | 21 | 2 | ( | 4 |  | (2) | 26 | 884 |  |
| Federal Public Housing Authority. | 552 | 29 | 286 |  | 8 |  | 222 |  | 7 | (2) |  | 1 | 551 |  |
| Defense Homes Corp.......... | 66 | 1 | 1 | (2) |  |  | 64 |  | (2) | ( |  | 1 | 65 |  |
| Federal Housing Administration....... | 168 | 24 | 19 | (2) | 106 | (2) | 1 |  | 19 | 34 |  | 6 | 128 |  |
| Federal National Mortgage Association. | 7 |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  | (2) |  |  | (2) | 7 |  |
| R.F.C. Mortgage Company . . . . . . . . . | 50 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | 38 |  |  |  | 7 |  | 5 |  |  | 3 | 47 |  |
| Reconstruction Finance Corp. ${ }^{5}$ | 10,283 | 65 | 991 | 1,131 | 49 | 244 | 6,912 | c 313 | 580 | $c\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |  | 1,630 | 8,654 |  |
| Office of Emergency Management: |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,912 |  |  |  |  | 1,630 |  |  |
| Smaller War Plants Corp. | 175 | 132 | 27 |  |  |  | 14 | 1. | 1. |  |  | 3 | 172 |  |
| War Shipping Administration. | 8,825 | 179 |  | 54 |  |  | 7,813 | 130 | 649 |  |  | 950 | 7,876 |  |
| Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs | 8, 17 | 16 | (2) |  |  |  |  |  | (2) |  |  | 11 | 6 |  |
| Export-Import Bank... | 256 | 1 | 252 |  |  |  | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |  | 2 |  |  | 103 | 152 |  |
| Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. | 931 | 16 | 6 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | 897 |  |  |  | 12 |  |  | 642 | 150 | 139 |
| Federal Works Agency. | 272 | 2 | 80 |  |  |  | 147 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 43 |  |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 272 |  |
| Tennessee Valley Authority | 741 | 7 | 2 | 8 |  |  | 721 | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | 3 |  |  | 8 | 734 |  |
| U. S. Maritime Commission | 3,739 | 21 | 7 | 44 |  | 3 | 3,395 | 11 | 259 |  |  | 102 | 3,638 |  |
| All other . . | 1,970 | 149 | 78 | 12 | 30 | 2 | 1,684 | 1 | 13 |  |  | 62 | 1,909 |  |

CLASSIFICATION OF LOANS BY PURPOSE AND AGENCY

| Purpose of loan | Dec. 31, 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fed. land banks | Fed. Farm Mort. Corp. | Fed. inter-mediate credit banks | Banks <br> for co-operatives | Commodity Credit Corp. | Rural Elec-trification Adm. | Farm <br> Secu- <br> rity <br> Adm. | Home Owners' Loan Corp. | Fed. <br> Public <br> Housing Auth. | Fed. <br> home <br> loan <br> banks | R.F.C. <br> and <br> affili- <br> ates | Ex- <br> port-Import Bank | All other | All agencies | Sept. 30, 1945 all agencies |
| To aid agriculture. . | 1,088 | 242 | 231 | 197 | 99 | 407 | 467 |  |  |  | ${ }^{2}$ ) |  | 145 | 2,878 | 2,948 |
| To aid home owners. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 852 |  |  | 43 |  | 1 | . 896 | 961 |
| To aid industry: <br> Railroads. . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 205 |  | 18 | 223 | 232 |
| Other... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 149 |  | 83 | 232 | 185 |
| To aid financial institutions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Banks. . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |  | 12 | 40 | 43 |
| Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 195 | 32 |  |  | 227 | 132 |
| Other............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 286 |  | 582 | 252 | 112 | 1,232 | 1,365 |
| Less: Reserve for losses. | 72 | 70 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | 1 |  | (2) | 147 | 12 |  |  | 3 | (2) | 133 | 438 | , 457 |
| Tótal loans receivable (net) | 1,016 | 173 | 231 | 196 | 99 | 407 | 320 | 840 | 286 | 195 | 1,036 | 252 | 238 | 5,290 | 5,409 |

1 Assets are shown on a net basis, i.e., after reserves for losses. $\quad 2$ Less than $\$ 500,000$. Corrected.
Includes Agricultural Marketing Act Revolving Fund and Emergency Crop and Feed Loans.
4 All assets and liabilities of the United States Housing Corp, have been liquidated.
${ }^{5}$ Includes War Assets Corporation (formerly Petroleum Reserves Corporation), Rubber Development Corporation, and U. S. Commercial
Company, which were transferred to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation from Foreign Economic Administration under Executive Order 9630, and War Damage Corporation.

NOTE. - This table is based on the revised form of the Treasury Statement beginning Sept. 30, 1944, which is on a quarterly basis. . Quarterly figures are not comparable with monthly figures previously published. Monthly figures on the old reporting basis for the months prior to Sept. 30,1944 , may be found in earlier issues of the Bulletin (see p. 1110 of the November 1944 Bulletin) and in Banking and Monelary Statistics, Table 152, p. 517.


* Average per working day.
$p$ Preliminary.
$r$ Revised.
Department of Commerce series on value of payments to individuals.
2 For indexes by groups or industries, see pp. $420-423$. For points in total index, by major groups, see p. 438 ,
Based on F. W. Dodge Corporation data; for description, see p. 358 of Bulletin for July 1931; by groups, see p. 427 of this Bulletin. ${ }^{4}$ The unadjusted indexes of employment and pay rolls, wholesale commodity prices, and cost of living are compiled by or based on data of he Bureau of Labor Statistics. Nonagricultural employment covers employees only and excludes personnel in the armed forces.
${ }^{5}$ For indexes by Federal Reserve districts and other department store data, see pp. 429-431.
Back figures in Bulletin.-For industrial production, August 1940, pp. 825-882, September 1941, pp. 933-937, and October 1943, pp. 958-984; for factory employment, January and December 1943, pp. 14 and 1187, respectively, and October 1945, pp. 1054-1055; for department store sales, June 1944, pp. 549-561.

| Industry | 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1946 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. |
| Industrial Production-Total | 234 | 236 | 235 | 230 | 225 | 220 | 210 | 186 | 167 | 162 | 168 | 163 | 160 | p154 |
| Manufactures-Total. | 251 | 252 | 252 | 247 | 240 | 233 | 222 | 194 | 173 | 168 | 173 | 169 | 164 | p156 |
| Durable Manufactures . | 345. | 346 | 345 | 336 | 323 | 308 | 292 | 239 | 194 | 186 | 191 | 185 | 167 | ${ }^{1} 144$ |
| Iron and Steel. | 197 | 202 | 210 | 206 | 204 | 192 | 187 | 155 | 163 | 146 | 167 | r164 | 101 | 42 |
| Pig iron | 188 | 192 | 198 | 188 | 190 | 181 | 182 | 161 | 166 | 129 | 158 | 164 | 101 | 49 |
| Steel ${ }^{2}$ | 219 | 226 | 234 | 232 | 229 | 214 | 203 | 164 | 171 | 159 | 178 | -172 | 107 | 44 |
| Open hearth | 176 | 180 | 189 | 184 | 182 | 173 | 172 | 142 | 154 | 139 | 160 | $\stackrel{-155}{ }$ | 95 | 36 |
| Electric. | 526 | 552 | 561 | 573 | 567 | 505 | 421 | 319 | 296 | 307 | 306 | -293 | 191 | 100 |
| Machinery . | 431 | 436 | 431 | 419 | 405 | 393 | 371 | 310 | 230 | 232 | 231 | 230 | 221 | p205 |
| Manufacturing Arsenals and Depots ${ }^{1}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation Equipment. | 706 | 695 | 676 | 651 | 610 | 572 | 535 | 405 | 273 | 258 | r252 | 218 | 220 | P214 |
| Automobiles <br> (Aircraft; Railroad cars; Locomotives; Shipbuild-ing-Private and Government) ${ }^{1}$ | 235 | 242 | 236 | 231 | 218 | 207 | 188 | 142 | 105 | 120 | ${ }_{1} 137$ | r95 | 105 | ${ }^{p} 101$ |
| Nonferrous Metals and Products. | 253 | 257 | 267 | 263 | 248 | 219 | 196 | 165 | $\cdot 139$ | r144 | ${ }^{1} 148$ | r147 | 150 |  |
| Smelting and refining. <br> (Copper smelting; Lead refining; Zinc smelting; <br> Aluminum; Magnesium: Tin) ${ }^{1}$ | 187 | 191 | 193 | 194 | 188 | 184 | 183 | 171 | 150 | 148 | 147 | 140 | 140. | ${ }^{p} 130$ |
| Fabricating <br> (Copper products; Lead shipments; Zinc shipments; Aluminum products; Magnesium products; Tin consumption) ${ }^{1}$ | 280 | 284 | 296 | 291 | 272 | 234 | 202 | 162 | -135 | -143 | r148 | r150 | 154 |  |
| Lumber and Products. | 126 | 12.3 | 121 | 110 | 118 | 116 | 110 | 107 | 98 | 91 | 96 | 93 | 109 | $p_{107}$ |
| Lumber. | 118 | 112 | 110 | 109 | 108 | 104 | 98 | 98 | 89 | 76 | 83 | 72 | 95 | p91 |
| Furniture. | 142 | 146 | 144 | 140 | 138 | 138 | 134 | 124 | 115 | 120 | 123 | 133 | 137 | p138 |
| Stone, Clay, and Glass Products. | 162 | 163 | 166 | 167 | 162 | 166 | 169 | 160 | 161 | 161 | 158 | 164 | 174 | ${ }^{186}$ |
| Glass products. | 164 | 168 | 175 | 183 | 179 | 176 | 193 | 177 | 200 | 186 | 175 | 181 | 190 | p216 |
| Plate glass...... | 60 | - 56 | 61 | 62 | 61 | 43 | 62 | 61 | 79 | 50 | 4 | 3 | 29 | 106 |
| Glass containers | r203 | -209 | 216 | 225 | r220 | 223 | r240 | r218 | 243 | 235 | 235 | 244 | 247 | 255 |
| Cement...... | 87 | 87 | 86 | 85 | 85 | 95 | 93 | 97 | ${ }^{97}$ | 106 | 113 | 119 | 131 | 149 |
| Gypsum and plaster products. | 125 | 122 | 124 | 12 | 115 | 121 | 117 179 | 110 162 | 110 172 | 116 | 119 181 | ${ }_{r 182} 12$ | 143 | ${ }^{p} 143$ |
| Abrasive and asbestos products. | 302 | 305 | 306 | 300 | 295 | 298 | 287 | 260 | 220 | 218 | 215 | 217 | 208 | p206 |
| Nondurable Manufactures | 175 | 176 | 176 | 174 | 173 | 173 | 165 | 157 | 156 | 154 | 158 | 156 | 161 | ${ }^{1} 165$ |
| Textiles and Products. | 150 | 155 | 153 | 149 | 150 | 150 | 132 | 134 | 144 | 141 | 146 | 143 | 151 | ${ }^{2} 156$ |
| Textile fabrics.......... | 139 | 144 | 142 | 137 | 138 | 138 | 121 | 123 | 134 | 131 | 135 | 132 | 140 | p145 |
| Cotton consumption | 145 | 152 | 150 | 143 | 142 | 144 | 123 | 123 | 138 | 128 | 133 | 125 | 138 | 146 |
| Rayon deliveries. <br> Nylon and silk consumption ${ }^{1}$ | 215 | 215 | 214 | 218 | 221 | 220 | 220 | 213 | 215 | 215 | 226 | 228 | ,233 | 234 |
| Wool textiles.. | 146 | 151 | 149 | 142 |  | 144 | 117 | 127 | 142 | 147 | 150 | 149 | 153 |  |
| Carpet wool consumption. | 49 | 44 | 43 | 146 | 42 | 40 | 33 | 58 | 82 | 93 | 89 | 104 | 110 |  |
| Apparel wool consumption | 225 | 238 | 249 | 233 | 243 | 234 | 185 | 172 | 186 | 191 | 193 | 184 | 200 |  |
| Woolen and worsted yarn | 156 | 160 | 156 | 147 | 151 | 152 | 124 | 136 | 154 | 156 | 160 | 156 | 157 |  |
| Woolen yarn. <br> Worsted yarn. | 162 | 170 | 166 | 153 | 161 | 162 | 129 | 145 | 158 | 156 | 163 | r159 | 159 |  |
| Woolen and worsted cloth. | 148 | 146 169 | 142 | 13161 | 137 | 137 | 117 129 | 125 | 149 144 | 156 | 156 | r152 $r 153$ | 154 |  |
| Leather and Products.. | 113 | 121 | 122 | 122 | 121 | 127 | 109 | 108 | 119 | 112 | 116 | r111 | 119 |  |
| Leather tanning. . . . . . | 113 | 119 | 117 | 118 | 115 | 119 | 109 | 98 | 112 | 107 | 109 | 114 | 115 |  |
| Cattle hide leathers.. | 125 | 137 | 132 | 134 | 132 | 1.37 | 128 | 112 | 125 | 121 | 125 | $r_{131}$ | 131 |  |
| Calf and kip leathers. | 85 | 189 | 88 | 135 | 91 | 97 | 79 | 75 | 97 | 88 | 83 | ${ }_{r 92}$ | 92 |  |
| Goat and kid leathers. | ${ }_{6}^{68}$ | 63 | 69 | 61 | 62 | 56 | 50 | 47 | 52 | 46 | 51 | 49 139 | 54 |  |
| Sheep and lamb leathers. Shoes.................. | 155 | 148 | 144 | 146 | 132 | 137 | 133 | 130 | 151 | 145 | 140 | 139 | 151 |  |
| Shoes. . . . . . . . | 114 | 123 | 126 | 125 | 126 | 132 | 109 | 114 | 123 | 116 | 120 | ${ }^{1} 109$ | 121 | $\cdots$ |
| Manufactured Food Products... | 155 | 158 | 160 | 160 | 153 | 151 | 147 | 138 | 144 | 143 | 150 | ז153 | 153 | ${ }^{1} 159$ |
| Wheat flour.. | 130 | 131 | 125 | 138 | 140 | 138 | 135 | 130 | 127 | 129 | 133 | 136 | 139 | p148 |
|  | ${ }^{1} 132$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | p146 | ${ }^{\text {p } 148}$ | P145 |  |  |  | $p_{117}$ |
| Butter................ . | -83 | ${ }^{1} 81$ | - 84 | +143 | $p 133$ 87 | P143 | - ${ }^{1} 148$ | P146 | -178 | ${ }^{1} 8$ | P154 | ${ }^{p} 131$ |  | ${ }^{p} 117$ |
| Cheese. | 163 | 162 | 168 | 181 | 175 | 179 | 181 | 171 | 160 | 155 | 149 | ${ }_{1} 143$ | ${ }^{151}$ | 152 |
| Canned and dried milk | 172 | 175 | 189 | 204 | 196 | 206 | 222 | 208 | 201 | 156 | 146 | 136 | 130 |  |
| Meat packing | 146 | 146 | 146 | 134 | 132 | 141 | 140 | 133 | 141 | 129 | 155 | 155 | 131 | 178 |
| Pork and lard | 149 | 135 | 139 | 137 | 135 | 144 | 146 | 126 | 120 | 99 | 153 | 171 | 146 | 205 |
| Beef. | 147 | 169 | 165 | 139 | 134 | 142 | 136 | 144 | 165 | 159 | 158 | 138 | 122 | 153 |
| Veal............ | 123 | 101 | 104 | 88 | 95 | 103 | 116 | 151 | 179 | 197 | 189 | 138 | 87 | 87 |
| Lamb and mutton. | 143 | 129 | 129 | 121 | 128 | 142 | 133 | 110 | 125 | 134 | 135 | 148 | 105 | 184 |


[Inder numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average $=100$ ]

r Revised. p Preliminary
i Series included in total and group indexes but not avallable for publication separately.
Note.-Series on petroleum refining, usually published in this table, is in process of revision. For description and back figures see Bulletin for October 1943, pp. 940-984, September 1941, pp. 878-881 and 933-937, and Ausust 1940, pp. 753-771 and 825-882.
[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average $=100$ ]


[^14]${ }^{2}$ Beginning December 1945 allowances for July 4, Labor Day, and Christmas resumed in computation of steel indexes.
(Without Seasonal Adjustment)
[Index numbers of the Board of Governors. 1935-39 average $=100$ ]

| Industry | Annual |  | 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1946 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1945 | 1944 | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. |
| Manufactured Food Products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other manufactured foods | 154 | 153 | 148 | 149 | 148 | 148 | 145 | 146 | 157 | 154 | 176 | 164 | 158 | -156 | 151 | p149 |
| Processed fruits and vegetables | 132 | 134 | 105 | 103 | 99 | 104 | 97 | 107 | 174 | 165 | 242 | 165 | r118 | 108 | 92 | 88 |
| Confectionery. | 127 | 133 | 141 | 144 | 140 | 130 | 117 | 96 | 88 | 115 | 139 | 142 | 134 | 139 |  |  |
| Other food products | 164 | 162 | 160 | 161 | 162 | 162 | 162 | 165 | 165 | 158 | 165 | 168 | 173 | 171 | 167 | \$167 |
| Alcoholic Beverages. | 178 | 144 | 191 | 158 | 139 | 148 | 147 | 162 | 214 | 175 | 199 | 214 | 201 | 188 | 198 |  |
| Malt liquor | 162 | 158 | 137 | 150 | 142 | 160 | 158 | 175 | 184 | 170 | 183 | 169 | 154 | 157 | 163 | 178 |
| Whiskey | 66 | 9 | 198 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 199 | 55 | 52 | 70 | 83 | 130 | 131 |  |
| Other distilled spirits | 288 | 129 | 414 | 228 | 136 | 44 | 36 | 35 | 400 | 216 | 324 | 566 | 467 | 301 | 280 |  |
| Rectified liquors. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 331 | 230 | 346 | 312 | 265 | 283 | 291 | 318 | 293 | 306 | 365 | 420 | 427 | 343 | 396 |  |
| Industrial Alcohol from Beverage Plants ${ }^{1}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tobacco Products | 136 | 125 | 121 | 118 | 117 | 115 | 128 | 145 | 133 | 155 | 169 | 173 | 157 | 104 | 142 | 148 |
| Cigars. | 95 | 92 | 85 | 95 | 93 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 83 | 91 | 106 | 111 | 110 | 87 | 104 | 111 |
| Cigarettes | 170 | 152 | 147 | 136 | 137 | 133 | 156 | 186 | 170 | 204 | 220 | 225 | 198 | 128 | 185 | 193 |
| Other tobacco products | 92 | 86 | 93 | 94 | 91 | 90 | 95 | 92 | 88 | 95 | 106 | 103 | 97 | 57 | 70 | 67 |
| Paper and Paper Products. | 139 | 139 | 136 | 138 | 141 | 141 | 142 | 142 | 134 | 131 | 144 | 143 | 142 | 134 | 133 | p139 |
| Paper and pulp | 135 | 135 | 132 | 134 | 137 | 136 | 137 | 137 | 130 | 129 | 138 | 139 | 138 | 131 | 130 | p135 |
| Pulp. | 153 | 154 | 152 | 157 | 158 | 162 | 161 | 160 | 147 | 144 | 150 | 153 | 153 | 137 | 131 |  |
| Groundwood pulp | 114 | 112 | 115 | 118 | 121 | 125 | 117 | 117 | 107 | 104 | 110 | 115 | 121 | 96 | 96 |  |
| Soda pulp. | 99 | 95 | 95 | 98 | 101 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 93 | 92 | 100 | 101 | 103 | 100 | 102 |  |
| Sulphate pulp | 224 | 224 | 214 | 227 | 227 | 234 | 236 | 236 | 227 | 219 | 223 | 227 | 223 | 195 | 167 |  |
| Sulphite pulp | 132 | 135 | 137 | 139 | 139 | 141 | 140 | 138 | 122 | 120 | 126 | 129 | 131 | 120 | 125 |  |
| Paper | 132 | 132 | 129 | 131 | 134 | 132 | 133 | 134 | 128 | 126 | 136 | 137 | 136 | 131 | 130 | 136 |
| Paperboard | 154 | 153 | 153 | 152 | 157 | 158 | 161 | 160 | 149 | 141 | 165 | 157 | 158 | 143 | 145 | 155 |
| Fine paper. | 79 | 111 | 85 | 87 | 84 | 79 | 78 | 75 | 73 | 74 | 77 | 80 | 79 | 78 | 81 | 82 |
| Printing paper | 127 | 117 | 119 | 125 | 127 | 126 | 125 | 126 | 122 | 126 | 125 | 133 | 132 | 132 | 134 | 139 |
| Tissue and absorbent paper. | 144 | 154 | 145 | 148 | 148 | 145 | 141 | 142 | 140 | 142 | 142 | 148 | 145 | 145 | 144 | 147 |
| Wrapping paper............ | 135 | 127 | 128 | 127 | 133 | 129 | 132 | 139 | 133 | 135 | 141 | 147 | 140 | 140 | 128 | 135 |
| Newsprint..................... . <br> Paperboard containers (same as Paperboard). | 80 | 79 | 76 | 83 | 82 | 82 | 81 | 80 | 78 | 71 | 81 | 79 | 82 | 84 | 86 | 86 |
| Printing and Publishing | 108 | 101 | 99 | 104 | 107 | 108 | 106 | 105 | 99 | 107 | 110 | 117 | 118 | 114 | 114 | 122 |
| Newsprint consumption. . <br> Printing paper (same as shown under Paper). | 89 | 85 | 79 | 83 | 87 | 90 | 88 | 84 | 76 | 87 | 94 | 101 | 104 | 96 | 94 | 106 |
| Petroleum and Coal Products | 235 | 247 | 273 | 276 | 272 | 268 | 273 | 269 | p267 | p240 | \% 184 | $p 156$ | p174 | p172 |  |  |
| Petroleum refining Gasoline..... |  | 258 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Guelinil. | 145 167 | 135 | 143 | 150 | 145 | 145 167 | 149 | 148 177 | 156 | 155 | 132 151 | 129 | 147 164 | 140 164 | p137 | P131 |
| Lubricating oil | 131 | 128 | 129 | 125 | 132 | 141 | 143 | 136 | 134 | 137 | 119 | 120 | 133 | 122 |  |  |
| Kerosene............. | 131 | 126 | 126 | 132 | 134 | 123 | 122 | 124 | 124 | 135 | 115 | 122 | 148 | 162 |  |  |
| Other petroleum products ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coke............ | 157 | 172 | 167 | 168 | 171 | 161 | 168 | 163 | 165 | 153 | 152 | 116 | 148 | 154 |  |  |
| By-product coke | 152 | 165 | 162 | 163 | 164 | 157 | 161 | 155 | 158 | 148 | 150 | 115 | 144 | 150 |  |  |
| Beehive coke. | 322 | 433 | r335 | 367 | 387 | 284 | 406 | 421 | 400 | 332 | 224 | 145 | 276 | 286 | 294 | P273 |
| Chemical Products. | 284 | 324 | 316 | 319 | 321 | 320 | 318 | 315 | 303 | 261 | 239 | 232 | r230 | 2231 | 234 | 1235 |
| Paints. | 138 | 140 | 139 | 139 | 139 | 137 | 135 | 138 | 137 | 132 | 135 | 139 | 140 | 142 | 142 | ${ }^{1} 145$ |
| Soap. | 130 | 134 | 133 | 135 | 135 | 131 | 130 | 130 | 129 | 124 | 131 | 130 | 125 | 127 | 127 | P131 |
| Rayon | 240 | 236 | 244 | 241 | 244 | 241 | 240 | 243 | 243 | 222 | 237 | 238 | 244 | 242 | 243 | D244 |
| Industrial chemicals. . . $\because$. . . . . . . . . . | 392 | 404 | 396 | 400 | 402 | 405 | 407 | 412 | 409 | 368 | 386 | 371 | 370 | 378 | 388 | ¢391 |
| Explosives and ammunition ${ }^{1}$ Other chemical products ${ }^{1}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 378 |  |  |
| Rubber Products. | 215 | 234 | 247 | 247 | 236 | 233 | 224 | 222 | 218 | 193 | 172 | 191 | 192 | r205 | 211 | p215 |
| Minerals-Total. . | 137 | 140 | 134 | 135 | 136 | 140 | 141 | 147 | 145 | 143 | 137 | 125 | 134 | 126 | 133 | p135 |
| Fuels. | 143 | 145 | 145 | 146 | 147 | 145 | 143 | 150 | 148 | 146 | 139 | 126 | 143 | 137 | 146 | p149 |
| Coal. | 137 | 149 | 140 | 143 | 142 | 136 | 125 | 148 | 140 | 135 | 142 | 112 | 149 | 132 | 150 | P152 |
| Bituminous coal | 144 | 156 | 151 | 150 | 149 | 138 | 145 | 153 | 146 | 144 | 148 | 110 | 159 | 142 | 159 | p160 |
| Anthracite.. | 107 | 126 | 96 | 112 | 115 | 131 | 47 | 129 | 117 | 102 | 114 | 120 | 112 | 94 | 114 | P121 |
| Crude petroleum. | 146 | 143 | 148 | 148 | 150 | 150 | 152 | 151 | 153 | 152 | 138 | 133 | 141 | 139 | p143 | p147 |
| Metals. | 101 | 113 | 68 | 68 | 72 | 109 | 131 | 129 | 125 | 124 | 123 | 116 | 80 | 61 | 60 |  |
| Metals other than gold and silver | 151 | 171 | 95 | 98 | 104 | 166 | 207 | 204 | 196 | 192 | 188 | 175 | 111 | $r 79$ | 78 |  |
| Iron ore. | 192 | 207 | 63 | 68 | 80 | 216 | 304 | 301 | 289 | 289 | 281 | 245 | 108 | 50 | 50 |  |
| (Copper; Lead; Zinc) ${ }^{1}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold. . | 25 | 25 | 23 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 20 | 23 | 25 | 29 | 32 | 34 | 34 |  |  |
| Silver | 52 | 67 | 56 | 53 | 56 | 61 | 54 | 47 | 42 | 46 | 51 | 54 | 52 | 47 |  |  |

$r$ Revised.
$p$ Preliminary.
${ }^{2}$ Series included in total and group indexes but not available for publication separately.
Note.-Series on petroleum refining, usually published in this table, is in process of revision. For description and back figures, see Bulletin for October 1943, pp. 940-984, September 1941, pp. 878-881 and 933-937, and August 1940, pp. 753-771 and 825-882.
[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1939=100]

| Industry group or industry | Factory employment |  |  |  |  |  |  | Factory pay rolls |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1945 |  |  |  |  | 1946 |  | 1944 | 1945 |  |  |  |  | 1946 |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. |
| Total. | 162.4 | 162.0 | 121.4 | r121.7 | 121.6 | 123.0 | 118.0 | 336.8 | 335.2 | 333.7 | 212.7 | -212.3 | 215.3 | 217.2 |
| Durable goods | 219.4 | 218.7 | 136.4 | r136.7 | 134.4 | 136.7 | 123.1 | 463.6 | 461.5 | 458.3 | 233.8 | r231.3 | -229.9 | 231.7 |
| Nondurable goods | 117.4 | 117.2 | 109.5 | 109.8 | 111.5 | 112.2 | 114.0 | 212.8 | 211.7 | 211.9 | 192.1 | r193.7 | 200.9 | 203.1 |
| Iron and Steel and Produ | 169.8 | 170.8 | 120.6 | 121.5 | 125.4 | 127.1 | 81.5 | 321.4 | 321.2 | 322.9 | 200.4 | 202.2 | 211.0 | 207.8 |
| Blast furnaces, steel wor | 122 | 123 | 110 | 111 | 115 | 115 |  | 226 | 224 | 224 | 169 | 174 | 181 | 171 |
| Steel castings | 240 | 241 | 177 | 170 | 173 | 173 |  | 455 | 457 | 454 | 290 | 282 | 297 | 264 |
| Tin cans and other tinwar | 125 | 129 | 113 | 111 | 117 | 120 |  | 216 | 219 | 227 | 186 | 186 | 202 | 208 |
| Hardware. | 130 | 131 | 98 | 97 | 104 | 107 |  | 276 | 274 | 278 | 184 | 178 | 195 | 205 |
| Stoves and heating equipment | 137 | 139 | 101 | 105 | 111 | 112 |  | 269 | 267 | 274 | 180 | 182 | '198 | 197 |
| Steam, hot-water heating apparatus. | 183 | 184 | 133 | 139 | 145 | 145 |  | 354 | 358 | 355 | 230 | 238 | 254 | 252 |
| Stamped and enameled ware. | 157 | 158 | 110 | 115 | 121 | 123 |  | 332 | 337 | 338 | 200 | 209 | 222 | 225 |
| Structural and ornamental metal work | 206 | 206 | 116 | 120 | 123 | 125 |  | 402 | 395 | 396 | 187 | 188 | 196 | 196 |
| Electrical Machin | 273.7 | 273.1 | 173.4 | 177.8 | 179.6 | 175.9 | 178.5 | 512.8 | 513.2 | 513.5 | 278.3 | 290.3 | 298.4 | 285.1 |
| Electrical equipme | 238 | 237 | 161 | 166 | 162 | 160 |  | 452 | 454 | 452 | 254 | 265 | 261 | 252 |
| Radios and phonograp | 271 | 270 | 129 | 132 | 144 | 151 |  | 537 | 540 | 535 | 218 | 238 | -260 | 274 |
| Machinery except Electrical.............. <br> Machinery and machine-shop | 223.8 | 224.2 | 165.7 | 165.9 | 166.2 | 171.0 | 167.2 | 429.8 | 428.9 | 431.6 | 273.6 | 272.6 | 277.4 | 284.6 |
| products...................... | 223 | 225 | 163 | 161 | 161 | 165 |  | 419 | 421 | 424 | 268 | 263 | 265 | 273 |
| Engines and turb | 365 | 363 | 230 | 229 | 207 | 209 |  | 808 | 790 | 792 | 380 | 367 | 368 | 382 |
| Tractors. | 186 | 185 | 158 | 161 | 165 | 170 |  | 294 | 295 | 292 | 220 | 229 | 235 | 245 |
| Agricultural, excluding trac | 160 | 161 | 129 | 135 | 145 | 140 |  | 322 | 322 | 328 | 230 | 231 | 249 j | 231 |
| Machine tools. . . . . . | 203 | 204 | 158 | 142 | 146 | 159 |  | 381 | 379 | 382 | 255 | 233 | 245 | 263 |
| Machine-tool accessor | 258 | 259 | 182 | 181 | 184 | 186 |  | 452 | 458 | 466 | 271 | 270 | 279 | 284 |
| Pumps. | 305 | 300 | 213 | 215 | 217 | 218 |  | 650 | 649 | 646 | 386 | 385 | 406 | 391 |
| Refrigerators | 149 | 149 | 99 | 112 | 98 | 103 |  | 287 | 271 | 277 | 159 | 176 | 144 | 152 |
| Transportation Equipment, except Autos. | 1333.6 | 1308. 1 | 405.1 | r347.8 | r 327.1 | 318.5 | 308.0 | 2952.4 | 2900.1 | 2803.3 | 687.5 | 5561.7 | +562.2 | 548.3 |
| Aircraft, except aircraft engines. . . | 1613 | 1629 | 320 | r306 ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | r304 | 301 |  | 3198 | 3257 | 3235 | 537 | -507 | r 520 | 516 |
| Aircraft engines. . . . . . . . | 2395 | 2404 | 331 | r300 | 246 | 243 |  | 4295 | 4335 | 4368 | 444 | -390 | 346 | 360 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding. | 1474 | 1405 | 532 | 413 | 387 | 368 |  | 3446 | 3313 | 3108 | 893 | r6.38 | ${ }^{7} 656$ | 625 |
| Automobiles. | 172.3 | 171.9 | 110.2 | r125.6 | 792.6 | 98.1 | 93.8 | 317.9 | 324.8 | 324.7 | 165.5 | r184.9 | r130.3 | 146.1 |
| Nonferrous Metals and Products | 176.3 | 178.8 | 128. 1 | r134.1 | \% 136.6 | 139.5 | 134.3 | 341.3 | 343.0 | 348.3 | 222.0 | r234.3 | r240.7 | 245.8 |
| Primary smelting and refining.... | 143 | 144 | 125 | -125 | ${ }^{1} 127$ | 128 |  | 264 | 264 | 264 | 222 | 「220 | r221 | 225 |
| Alloying and rolling, except aluminum | 182 | 185 | 129 | 137 | 141 | 144 |  | 348 | 355 | 362 | 223 | 239 | 247 | 257 |
| Aluminum manufactures. | 284 | 292 | 153 | 163 | 173 | 180 |  | 512 | 530 | 542 | 235 | 254 | 267 | 271 |
| Lumber and Timber Basic Producl | 110.6 | 110.5 | 96.3 | r97.0 | 98.6 | 100.9 | 101.8 | 200.1 | 199.2 | 202.9 | 169.1 | 164.3 | 7166.0 | 170.4 |
| Sawmills and logging camps. | 76 97 | 76 | 67 | 67 | 88 | 69 89 |  | 139 | 138 | 140 171 | 117 140 | 114 | r114 | 117 |
| Planing and plywood mills. | 97 | 97 | 83 | 84 | 86 | 89 |  | 167 | 167 | 171 | 140 | 137 | r143 | 147 |
| Furniture and Lumber Prod | 103.3 | 103.9 | 89.8 | 93.6 | 98.1 | 101.2 | 102.3 | 193.9 | 194.0 | 196.9 | 161.9 | r165.8 | r179.8 | 184.2 |
| Furniture | 96 | 97 | 82 | 85 | 90 | 94 |  | 180 | 180 | 184 | 147 | 151 | 164 | 169 |
| Stone, Clay and Glass Pr | 111.6 | 111.3 | 109.8 | 107.4 | 111.0 | 116. 1 | 120.0 | 192.1 | 189.0 | 189.6 | 184.9 | 177.4 | 185.5 | 189.2 |
| Glass and glassware | 126 | 126 | 124 | 110 | 113 | 125 |  | 204 | 202 | 202 | 196 | ${ }^{1} 170$ | r182 | 192 |
| Cement | 69 | 68 | 85 | 85 | 89 | 92 |  | 114 | 107 | 106 | 139 | 135 | 137 | 134 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta | 73 | 73 | 79 | 83 | 88 | 92 |  | 118 | 117 | 119 | 133 | 139 | 148 | 155 |
| Pottery and related products | 119 | 119 | 117 | 120 | 123 | 126 |  | 194 | 185 | 187 | 187 | 188 | 195 | 196 |
| Textile-Mill and Fiber Products | 96.0 | 95.3 | 90.6 | 91.1 | 95.3 | 96.4 | 98.7 | 179.0 | 176.3 | 175.5 | 168.1 | 171.3 | 184.1 | 186.5 |
| Cotton goods except small | 109 | 108 | 102 | 101 | 107 | 108 |  | 212 | 210 | 207 | 199 | 200 | 216 | 217 |
| Silk and rayon goods........... | 74 | 74 | 71 | 71 | 73 | 73 |  | 142 | 138 | 140 | 143 | 142 | 149 | 150 |
| Woolen and worsted manufactures. | 98 | 98 | 94 | 96 | 99 | 100 |  | 195 | 194 | 193 | 178 | 184 | 200 | 207 |
| Hosiery. | 63 | 63 | 62 | 64 | 66 | 67 |  | 106 | 103 | 102 | 105 | 109 | 113 | 116 |
| Dyeing and finishing textiles | 90 | 88 | 80 | 81 | 88 | 90 |  | 157 | 152 | 151 | 137 | 143 | 164 | 166 |
| Apparel and Other Finished Textiles. | 107.8 | 107.9 | 101.0 | 100.6 | 100.9 | 102.2 | 105.5 | 195.0 | 198.5 | 206.0 | 183.6 | 177.7 | 182.6 | 192.4 |
| Men's clothing, n.e.c. | ${ }^{92}$ | 93 | 82 | 81 | 81 | 83 |  | 165 | 165 | 171 | 141 | 137 | 141 | 148 |
| Shirts, collars, and nightwear | 70 | 70 | 70 | 72 | 72 | 72 |  | 128 | 126 | 132 | 131 | 132 | 134 | 136 |
| Women's clothing, n.e.c. | 79 | 79 | 76 | 75 | 75 | 76 |  | 144 | 149 | 154 | 142 | 136 | 141 | 150 |
| Millinery. | 80 | 83 | 75 | 74 | 75 | 81 |  | 113 | 131 | 156 | 135 | 110 | r119 | 147 |
| Leather and Leather Products | 90.7 | 90.5 | 88.5 | 90.6 | 93.1 | 95.3 | 98.4 | 163.2 | 164.7 | 166.5 | 161.7 | 161.9 | 175.4 | 180.3 |
| Leather. | 84 | 84 | 84 | 86 | 90 | 92 |  | 146 | 147 | 150 | 151 | 146 | 162 | 163 |
| Boots and shoes | 79 | 79 | 78 | 80 | 82 | 84 |  | 146 | 148 | 150 | 144 | 146 | 157 | 163 |
| Food and Kindred Products. | 119.9 | 118.0 | 125.7 | 121.9 | 120.5 | 117.7 | 116.8 | 207.1 | 198.0 | 191.3 | 207.7 | 206.4 | 210.6 | 205.7 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing. | 128 | 120 | 105 | 110 | 120 | 124 |  | 228 | 222 | 188 | 173 | 185 | 212 | 214 |
| Flour. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 119 | 119 | 126 | 125 | 125 | 127 |  | 199 | 206 | 204 | 224 | 212 | r221 | 229 |
| Baking | 111 | 112 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 111 |  | 177 | 168 | 169 | 177 | 181 | 181 | 182 |
| Confectionery | 118 | 117 | 108 | 111 | 111 | 106 |  | 211 | 198 | 199 | 188 | 198 | 202 | 191 |
| Malt liquors | 137 | 139 | 151 | 150 | 148 | 152 |  | 205 | 195 | 201 | 226 | 225 | 227 | 228 \| |
| Canning and preserving. | 78 | 75 | 125 | $r 93$ | 80 | 69 |  | 163 | 154 | 149 | 252 | 179 | 167 | 144 |
| Tobacco Manufactures | 88.1 | 88.1 | 91.9 | 88.8 | 87.4 | 86.5 | 86.7 | 177.8 | 166.4 | 165.3 | 181.0 | 171.4 | 163.3 | 165.1 |
| Cigarettes. | 128 | 128 | 131 | 127 | 120 | 118 |  | 223 | 211 | 208 | 218 | 208 | 185 | 201 |
| Cigars.. | 65 | 65 | 71 | 68 | 69 | 69 |  | 147 | 134 | 135 | 159 | 149 | 149 | 144 |

$r$ Revised.
NoTE.-Indexes for major groups and totals have been adjusted to final 1943 data made available by the Bureau of Employment Security of the Federal Security Agency. Back data and data for industries not here shown are obtainable from the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Underlying figures are for pay roll period ending nearest middle of month and cover wage earners only. Figures for February 1946 are preliminary.
[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1939=100]

| Industry group or industry | Factory employment |  |  |  |  |  |  | Factory pay rolls |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1945 |  |  |  |  | 1946 |  | 1944 | 1945 |  |  |  |  | Jan. |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |  |
| Paper and Allied Products | 118.5 | 118.7 | 117.5 | 119.3 | 122.4 | 124.4 | 126.3 | 200.5 | 198.3 | 198.7 | 201.2 | 204.9 | 212.2 | 214.5 |
| Paper and pulp. | 107 | 107 | 106 | 108 | 111 | 114 |  | 185 | 183 | 183 | 187 | 190 | 197 | 198 |
| Paper goods, n.e. | 119 | 119 | 115 | 115 | 118 | 118 |  | 198 | 198 | 198 | 184 | 186 | 198 | 202 |
| Paper boxes. | 112 | 113 | 115 | 116 | 118 | 120 |  | 185 | 184 |  | 193 | 197 | 203 | 204 |
| Printing and Publishing. | 98.8 | 98.5 | 102.5 | 105.9 | 108.1 | 109.4 | 111.9 | 141.1 | 139.8 | 138.2 | 150.7 | 158.5 | 163.2 | 165.3 |
| Newspaper periodic | 92 | 92 | 97 | 101 | 103. | 103 |  | 122 | 118 | 118 | 133 | 1388 | 142 | 144 |
| Book and job. | 106 | 106 | 110 | 113 | 116 | 118 |  | 160 | 160 | 157 | 169 | 178 | 184 | 188 |
| Chemicals and Allied Products. | 217.8 | 221.3 | 153.5 | r 154.0 | r153.0 | 153.9 | 154.3 | 377.9 | 384.2 | 389.9 | 259.6 | 256.6 | -258.0 | 259.5 |
| Drugs, medicines, and insecticides. | 179 | 180 | 174 | 175 | 177 | 180 |  | 272 | 273 | 277 | 269 | 269 | 276 | 288 |
| Rayon and allied product | 112 | 113 | 115 | 118 | 120 | 123 |  | 180 | 182 | 180 | 186 | 189 | r194 | 195 |
| Chemicals, n.e.c. | 166 | 166 | 157 | 159 | ${ }^{1} 162$ | 165 |  | 291 | 293 | 295 | 261 | 261 | +267 | 277 |
| Explosives and safety fuses | 1311 | 1349 | 409 | r361 | r297 | 239 |  | 1970 | 1999 | 2020 | $r_{6} 62$ | r527 | r470 | 365 |
| Ammunition, small-arms | 1431 | 1544 | 243 | 264 | 233 | 226 |  | 2633 | 2915 | 3070 | 472 | 488 | 437 | 428 |
| Cottonseed oil | 130 | 122 | 119 | 136 | 128 | 117 |  | 289 | 276 | 257 | 265 | 306 | 280 | 253 |
| Fertilizers. | 123 | 134 | 108 | 111 | 118 | 130 |  | 250 | 269 | 302 | 250 | 240 | 256 | 281 |
| Products of Petroleum and Coal | 126.0 | 126.1 | 122.8 | r130.4 | 131.3 | 132.9 | 134.2 | 221.9 | 221.7 | 223.3 | 196.8 | -221.3 | ¢221.3 | 219.8 |
| Petroleum refining | 126 | 126 | 122 | 131 | 131 | 132 |  | 215 | 216 | 218 | 190 | ${ }^{2} 16$ | r213 | 211 |
| Coke and by-products | 102 | 102 | 100 | 103 | 106 | 109 |  | 182 | 189 | 186 | 163 | 184 | 193 | 193 |
| Rubber Products. . | 164.9 | 165.1 | 144.3 | 149.2 | 156.5 | 160.2 | 163.4 | 308.5 | 323.2 | 323.6 | 237.0 | -240.4 | r256. 3 | 265.7 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes | 179 | 178 | 163 | 169 | 178 | 182 |  | 319 | 342 | 340 | 240 | 240 | 257 | 273 |
| Rubber goods, other.. | 138 | 140 | 115 | 119 | 124 | 127 |  | 256 | 261 | 266 | ${ }^{2} 204$ | ${ }^{20} 2$ | r225 | 222 |
| Miscellaneous Industries | 167.8 | 169.1 | 130.3 | 133.4 | 137.6 | 139.9 | 144.2 | 332.2 | 334.3 | 336.6 | 229.1 | 235.6 | r249.1 | 252. |
| Instruments, scientific | 532 | 539 | 216 | 202 | 203 | 200 |  | 1058 | 1057 | 1063 | 346 | 325 | r332 | 330 |
| Photographic apparatus. | 162 | 162 | 120 | 125 | 130 | 127 |  | 259 | 278 | 276 | 189 | 198 | r204 | 199 |

For footnotes, see page 424.
FACTORY EMPLOYMENT
(Adjusted for Seasonal Variation)
[Index numbers of the Board of Governors, $1939=1001$

| Group | 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1946 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. |
| Total. | 162.9 | 162.5 | 160.6 | 157.6 | 154.5 | 151.0 | 145.5 | 141.1 | 121.4 | 120.6 | . 121.3 | 121.3 | 123.5 | $p_{118} 5$ |
| Durable. | 219.8 | 219.1 | 215.9 | 210.3 | 204.1 | 196.7 | 187.6 | 180.0 | 138.3 | 136.1 | ${ }^{1} 136.6$ | r134.5 | 137.1 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 123.6$ |
| Nondurable | 118.0 | 117.8 | 117.1 | 116.1 | 115.4 | 115.0 | 112.3 | 110.3 | 108.1 | 108.4 | r109.2 | 111.0 | 112.7 | p114.6 |

$r$ Revised. preliminary. Note.-Back figures from January 1939 may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics.
HOURS AND EARNINGS OF WAGE EARNERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
[Compiled by the Bureau of Labor Statistics]

| Industry group | Average hours worked per week |  |  |  |  |  |  | Average hourly earnings (cents per hour) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{1944}{\text { Dec. }}$ | 1945 |  |  |  |  | $\frac{1946}{\mathrm{Jan} .}$ | 1944 <br> Dec. | 1945 |  |  |  |  | $\frac{1946}{\text { Jan. }}$ |
|  |  | Jan. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |  |  | Jan. | Sept | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |  |
| All Manufacturing. | 45.6 | 45.4 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 41.2 | 41.6 | 41.1 | 104.0 | 104.6 | 98.7 | 98.5 | r99.0 | 299.6 | 100.4 |
| Durable Goods.................... ... | 47.1 | 46.8 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 114.0 | 114.4 | 107.2 | 106.3 | 106.4 | 106.9 | 107.1 |
| Iron and Steel and Product | 47.4 | 46.9 | 41.8 | 42.1 | +42.1 | r 42.6 | 40.9 | 109.5 | 110.1 | 108.9 | 107.8 | 108.2 | 109.1 | 109.2 |
| Electrical Machinery....... | 46.6 48.9 | 46.5 <br> 48 | 40.8 43 | 41.1 43.0 | ${ }_{-42}^{41.3}$ | 41.5 <br> 42 | 41.3 | 105.9 | 106.9 | 101.4 | 103.1 | 103.9 112.4 | 105.3 113.4 | 103.5 113.8 |
| Machinery Except Electrical...... ...... | 48.9 48.4 | 48.7 | 43.0 38.8 | 43.0 39.1 | 542.3 37.4 | 42.9 39.8 | 42.5 | 114.6 130.9 | 114.9 130.4 | 111.9 126.4 | 111.8 125.0 | 112.4 <br> 124.4 | ${ }_{\text {r124.3 }}^{113.4}$ | 113.8 123.4 |
| Automobiles......................... | 45.7 | 45.2 | 36.5 | 38.4 | r37.8 | r36.0 | 37.5 | 127.9 | 131.4 | 122.4 | 121.9 | ${ }^{121} 12$ | ${ }^{1} 122.0$ | 123.4 |
| Nonferrous Metals and Products | 47.6 | 47.2 | 42.5 | 43.2 | 43.2 | 43.4 | 43.3 | 106.9 | 107.9 | 104.4 | 104.8 | 105.8 | 106.3 | 106.6 |
| Lumber and Timber Basic Products. | 42.3 | 42.6 | 40.8 | 42.2 | ${ }^{+40.5}$ | 39.2 | 38.6 | 79.4 | 79.1 | 81.9 | 78.4 | 78.9 | +81.1 | 83.0 |
| Furniture and Finished Lumber Products. Stone, Clay, and Glass Products. | 44.3 44.1 | 44.4 43.6 | 42.3 | 42.7 | r r 42.0 | 42.8 $r 42.0$ | 42.2 | 84.4 91.3 | 84.5 91.7 | 83.3 93.7 | 84.1 93.2 | 84.4 $r 92.8$ | 85.3 94.0 | 85.8 94.3 |
| Nondurable Goods. | 43.5 | 43.4 | 41.8 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 41.3 | 88.3 | 89.1 | 90.3 | 90.9 | 91.8 | 92.8 | 94.1 |
| Textiles-Mill and Fiber Products. | 42.8 | 42.3 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 72.5 | 72.9 | 76.3 | 77.3 | 78.6 | r79.6 | 80.3 |
| Apparel and Other Finished Products | 37.7 | 38.2 | 36.2 | 36.7 | r36.1 | 36.4 | 36.7 | 83.1 | 84.9 | 87.8 | 87.5 | 86.4 | 87.6 | 90.7 |
| Leather and Manufactures. | 41.6 | 41.8 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 39.6 | 40.6 | 39.7 | 82.4 | 82.9 | 85.3 | 85.2 | 85.7 | 88.1 | 90.1 |
| Food and Kindred Products | 46.0 | 45.6 | 44.7 | 44.1 | 44.4 | 45.4 | 45.0 | 86.5 | 86.7 | 88.0 | 89.5 | 90.8 | r91.4 | 92.1 |
| Tobacco Manufactures | 45.0 | 43.4 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 40.4 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 73.8 | 73.6 | 78.6 | 79.3 | 80.7 | 80.6 | 82.2 |
| Paper and Allied Products. | 46.6 | 46.2 | 45.9 | 45.8 | 45.7 | ${ }^{4} 45.6$ | 44.4 | 86.4 | 86.9 | 89.3 | 89.7 | 90.2 | 91.1 | 93.1 |
| Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries | 41.4 | 41.5 | 42.2 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 110.8 | 110.9 | 115.8 | 115.5 | 117.1 | ${ }_{r} 118.6$ | 120.3 |
| Chemicals and Allied Products | 45.7 | 45.7 | 43.4 | 43.3 | -42.5 | r42.5 | 42.1 | 96.4 | 97.2 | 99.2 | 99.1 | r99. 1 | ${ }_{r} 100.4$ | 101.6 |
| Products of Petroleum and | 47.1 | 46.6 | 44.9 | 42.6 | '44.0 | ${ }^{7} 43.1$ | 41.9 | 120.0 | 120.6 | 121.7 | 120.4 | ${ }^{5} 121.7$ | ${ }^{r} 123.3$ | 124.6 |
| Rubber Products | 46.6 | 47.3 | 43.0 | 41.4 | 40.2 | p40.9 | 41.1 | 113.0 | 115.1 | 109.8 | 110.0 | r111. 2 | ${ }^{\text {r111.3 }}$ | 112.2 |
| Miscellaneous Industries | 45.7 | 45.7 | 42.2 | 42.0 | ${ }^{4} 41.9$ | ${ }^{5} 42.1$ | 41.7 | 98.5 | 99.3 | 95.1 | 95.7 | r96.5 | r98.5 | 99.0 |

$r$ Revised. Note.-Back figures are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

| Year and month | Total | Manufac- turing | Mining | $\begin{gathered} \text { Construc- } \\ \text { tion* } \end{gathered}$ | Transportation and public utilities | Trade | Finance, service, and miscellaneous | Federal. State, and local government |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939. | 30,353 | 10,078 | 845 | 1,753 | 2,912 | 6,618 | 4,160 | 3,988 |
| 1940 | 31,784 | 10,780 | 916 | 1,722 | 3,013 | 6,906 | 4,310 | 4,136 |
| 1941 | 35,668 | 12,974 | 947 | 2,236 | 3,248 | 7,378 | 4,438 | 4,446 |
| 1942. | 38,447 | 15,051 | 970 | 2,078 | 3,433 | 7,263 | 4,447 | 5,203 |
| 1943. | 39,728 | 16,924 | 891 | 1,259 | 3,619 | 7.030 | 4,115 | 5,890 |
| 1944. | 38.698 | 16,121 | 835 | 679 | 3,761 | 7,044 | 4,348 | 5,911 |
| 1945 | p36,981 | p13,897 | p779 | p834 | P3,822 | p7,174 | p4,589 | P5,887 |
| SEASONALLY ADJUSTED 1942-January.......... | 37,057 | 13,879 | 996 | 2,102 | 3,372 | 7.481 | 4,520 | 4,707 |
| February. | 37,195 | 14,041 | 981 | 2,090 | 3,357 | 7,414 | 4,491 | 4,821 |
| March | 37,391 | 14,255 | 976 | 2,055 | 3,382 | 7,331 | 4,523 | 4,869 |
| April. | 37,724 | 14,463 | 982 | 2,054 | 3,402 | 7,319 | 4,541 | 4,963 |
| May. | 37,981 | 14,649 | 982 | 2,048 | 3.419 | 7,280 | 4,521 | 5,082 |
| June. | 38,204 | 14,865 | 981 | 2,057 | 3,419 | 7.206 | 4,532 | 5.144 |
| July. | 38,581 | 15,143 | 982 | 2,077 | 3,433 | 7,210 | 4,520 | 5.216 |
| August | 39,042 | 15,442 | 973 | 2,101 | 3,448 | 7,222 | 4,518 | 5,338 |
| September | 39,171 | 15,644 | 962 | 2,077 | 3,448 | 7,227 | 4,382 | 5,431 |
| October. | 39,452 | 15,798 | 954 | 2,136 | 3,484 | 7,224 | 4,330 | 5,526 |
| November | 39,597 | 16,048 | 944 | 2,095 | 3.503 | 7,132 | 4.255 | 5,620 |
| December | 39,898 | 16,333 | 933 | 2,041 | 3,525 | 7,136 | 4,229 | 5,701 |
| 1943-January. | 39,934 | 16,506 | 927 | 1,899 | 3,540 | 7,133 | 4,146 | 5,783 |
| February | 39,935 | 16,682 | 924 | 1,734 | 3,556 | 7,064 | 4,146 | 5,829 |
| March. | 40,066 | 16,831 | 915 | 1,604 | 3,574 | 7,110 | 4,121 | 5,911 |
| April. | 39,891 | 16,858 | 908 | 1,476 | 3,588 | 7,006 | 4,110 | 5,945 |
| May. | 39,740 | 16,837 | 893 | 1,358 | 3,597 | 6,988 | 4,102 | 5,965 |
| June. | 39,775 | 16,908 | 893 | 1,263 | 3,620 | 7,017 | 4,112 | 5,962 |
| July . | 39,876 | 17,059 | 888 | 1,164 | 3,634 | 7,061 | 4,127 | 5,943 |
| August | 39,737 | 17,097 | 878 | 1,082 | 3,639 | 7,015 | 4,110 | 5,916 |
| September | 39,475 | 17,051 | 876 | 1,020 | 3,633 | 7,006 | 4,079 | 5,810 |
| October. | 39,486 | 17,108 | 869 | 936 | 3,671 | 7,006 | 4,078 | 5,818 |
| November | 39,526 | 17,152 | 859 | 891 | 3,683 | 7,000 | 4,119 | 5,822 |
| December | 39,479 | 16,995 | 863 | 864 | 3,687 | 6,962 | 4,127 | 5,981 |
| 1944-January. | 39,454 | 16,910 | 862 | 830 | 3,720 | 7,096 | 4,170 | 5,866 |
| February | 39,352 | 16,819 | 862 | 786 | 3,780 | 7,043 | 4,173 | 5,889 |
| March | 39,123 | 16,642 | 852 | 737 | 3,780 | 7,046 | 4,165 | 5,901 |
| April. | 38,865 | 16,391 | 848 | 719 | 3,763 | 6,982 | 4,257 | 5,905 |
| May. | 38,749 | 16,203 | 843 | 673 | 3,768 | 6,997 | 4,363 | 5,902 |
| June. | 38,766 | 16,093 | 848 | 677 | 3,765 | 7,012 | 4,475 | 5,896 |
| July. | 38,700 | 16,013 | 833 | 653 | 3,753 | 7,084 | 4,505 | 5,859 |
| August. | 38,654 | 15,943 | 830 | 648 | 3,762 | 7,059 | 4,514 | 5,898 |
| September | 38,400 | 15,764 | 822 | 627 | 3,735 | 7,065 | 4,488 | 5,899 |
| October. | 38,159 | 15,614 | 812 | 609 | 3,748 | 7,077 | 4,384 | 5,915 |
| November | 38,044 | 15,529 | 808 | 611 | 3,771 | 7,052 | 4,359 | 5,914 |
| December | 38,164 | 15,554 | 802 | 619 | 3,789 | 7,015 | 4,304 | 6,081 |
| 1945-January. | 38,426 | 15,633 | 805 | 633 | 3,797 | 7,210 | 4,394 | 5,954 |
| February | 38,469 | 15,595 | 802 | 658 | 3,848 | 7,164 | 4,404 | 5,998 |
| March | 38,456 | 15,445 | 796 | 691 | 3,846 | 7,214 | 4,438 | 6,026 |
| April. | 37,963 | 15,178 | 765 | 736 | 3,811 | 7,004 | 4,466 | 6,003 |
| May. | 37, 746 | 14,885 | 732 | 782 | 3,802 | 7,056 | 4,513 | 5,976 |
| June. | 37,465 | 14,534 | 798 | 828 | 3,792 | 7.039 | 4,521 | 5,953 |
| July.. | 37,231 | 14,130 | 784 | 868 | 3,801 | 7,117 | 4,558 | 5,973 |
| August... | 36,888 | 13,762 | 780 | 858 | 3,803 | 7,121 | 4,597 | 5,967 |
| Oepteber. . | 35,151 35,029 | 12,022 11,893 | 780 714 | 883 940 | 3,774 | 7,215 | 4,603 4,745 | 5,874 5,673 |
| November | r35,338 | -11,910 | 789 | 984 | +3,871 | -7,315 | 4,894 | 5,575 |
| December. | r35,610 | r11,855 | 798 | r1,085 | 3,916 | r7,336 | 4,936 | 5,684 |
| 1946-January. | 36,358 | 12,109 | 815 | 1,217 | 3,950 | 7,705 | 5,034 | 5,528 |
| February | 36,116 | 11,672 | 823 | 1,343 | 3,995 | 7,730 | 5,053 | 5.500 |
| 1944 UNADJUSTED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944-July . ${ }^{\text {August. }}$ | 38,731 38,744 | 16.013 16.023 | 833 834 | 686 700 | 3,809 3,818 | 6,942 6,918 | 4,618 | 5,830 5,869 |
| August... | 38,744 | 16,023 | 834 826 | 700 671 | 3,818 3,791 | 6,918 6,994 | 4,582 4,488 | 5,869 5,958 |
| October. | 38,360 | 15,692 | 816 | 652 | 3,767 | 7,148 | 4,340 | 5,945 |
| November | 38,347 | 15,607 | 812 | 629 | 3,771 | 7,299 | 4,315 | 5,914 |
| December. | 38,889 | 15,632 | 806 | 594 | 3,770 | 7,611 | 4,304 | 6,172 |
| 1945-January. | 37,952 | 15,555 | 801 | 582 | 3,740 | 7,030 | 4,350 | 5,894 |
| February | 37,968 | 15,517 | 798 | 599 | 3,771 | 6,985 | 4,360 | 5,938 |
| March. | 38,062 | 15,368 | 796 | 636 | 3,788 | 7,084 | 4,394 | 5,996 |
| April. | 37,791 | 15,102 | 761 | 699 | 3,792 | 6,990 | 4,444 | 6,003 |
| May. | 37,679 | 14,811 | 728 | 798 | 3.802 | 7,021 | 4,513 | 6,006 |
| June. | 37,549 37,273 | 14,534 14,130 | 794 784 | 845 | 3, 830 3,858 | 7,004 | 4,589 4,672 | 5,953 |
| August | 36,984 | 13,831 | 784 | 911 | 3,858 3,860 | 6,975 | 4,672 4,666 | 5,943 |
| September | 35,321 | 12,082 | 784 | 945 | 3,831 | 7,143 | 4,603 | 5,933 |
| October. | 35,231 | 11,952 | 718 | 1,006 | 3,825 | 7,331 | 4.698 | 5,701 |
| November | +35,639 | 11,970 | 793 | 1,014 | -3,871 | $\stackrel{7}{7} 571$ | 4.845 | 5,575 |
| December. | r36,319 | r11,914 | 802 | r1,042 | 3,896 | r7,960 | 4,936 | 5,769 |
| 1946-January | 35,839 | 12,048 | 811 | 1,120 | 3,891 | 7.512 | 4,984 | 5,473 |
| February | 35,554 | 11,614 | 819 | 1,222 | 3,915 | 7,537 | 5,002 | 5,445 |

* Includes Contract Construction and Federal Force Account Construction. $\quad r$ Revised. $p$ Preliminary

Note.-Unadjusted data compiled by Bureau of Labor Statistics. Estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments employed during the pay period ending nearest the 15 th of the month. Proprietors, self-employed persons, domestic servants, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. February 1946 figures are preliminary. For back seasonally adjusted estimates see bulletin for June 1944, p. 600 . Back unadjusted data are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

| Month | Total |  | Residential building |  | Nonresidential building |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Public works and public utilities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Factories | Commercial |  | Educational |  | Other |  |  |  |
|  | 1945 | 1946 |  |  | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 | 1945 | 1946 |
| January.. | 140.9 | 357.5 | 19.5 | 89.7 | 45.2 | 104.7 | 7.5 | 69.0 | 4.9 | 18.1 | 23.9 | 25.8 | 39.8 | 50.2 |
| February | 147.0 | 387.4 | 19.3 | 102.1 | 66.6 | 97.7 | 8.5 | 77.5 | 3.0 | 17.1 | 17.6 | 28.3 | 32.0 | 64.7 |
| March | 328.9 |  | 26.9 |  | 160.4 |  | 10.0 |  | 4.6 |  | 36.3 |  | 90.6 |  |
| April. | 395.8 |  | 42.7 |  | 174.5 |  | 12.3 |  | 4.3 |  | 49.9 |  | 111.9 |  |
| May | 242.5 |  | 47.2 |  | 43.4 |  | 9.5 |  | 5.1 |  | 29.4 |  | 107.9 |  |
| June. | 227.3 257.7 |  | 41.8 |  | 25.5 51.5 |  | 18.8 198 |  | 10.5 |  | 35.6 36.9 |  | 95.0 89 |  |
| August. | 263.6 |  | 42.7 |  | 75.5 |  | 25.5 |  | 10.4 |  | 32.0 |  | 77.5 |  |
| September | 278.3 |  | 42.6 |  | 98.3 |  | 45.5 |  | 10.2 |  | 27.0 |  | 54.6 |  |
| October. | 316.6 |  | 59.9 |  | 85.4 |  | 60.8 |  | 18.6 |  | 30.8 |  | 61.1 |  |
| November | 370.1 |  | 88.4 |  | 107.9 |  | 62.8 |  | 7.0 |  | 30.0 |  | 74.0 |  |
| December. | 330.7 |  | 86.1 |  | 92.6 |  | 65.5 |  | 8.2 |  | 27.3 |  | 51.0 |  |
| Year. | 3,299.3 |  | 563.5 |  | 1,027.0 |  | 346.4 |  | 100.2 |  | 376.8 |  | 885.4 |  |

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY OWNERSHIP
[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the
F. W. Dodge Corporation. Value of contracts in millions of dollars]

| Month | Total |  |  | Public ownership |  |  | Private ownership |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 |
| January. | 159 | 141 | 358 | 122 | 75 | 47 | 37 | 66 | 311 |
| February | 137 | 147 |  | 109 | 74 |  | 28 | 73 |  |
| March | 176 | 329 |  | 133 | 221 |  | 43 | 107 |  |
| April. | 179 | 396 |  | 133 | 309 |  | 46 | 87 |  |
| May | 144 | 243 |  | 98 | 148 |  | 46 | 95 |  |
| July | 164 | 228 |  | 122 | 82 |  | 42 | 146 |  |
| August | 169 | 264 |  | 125 | 108 67 |  | 44 | 196 |  |
| September. | 176 | 278 |  | 127 | 43 |  | 49 | 235 |  |
| October | 145 | 317 |  | 102 | 61 |  | 43 | 256 |  |
| November. | 165 | 370 |  | 103 | 61 |  | 62 | 309 |  |
| December. | 188 | 331 |  | 114 | 62 |  | 74 | 269 |  |
| Year | 1,994 | 3,299 |  | 1,435 | 1,311 |  | 559 | 1,988 |  |

LOANS INSURED BY FEDERAL HOUSING ADMINISTRATION [In millions of dollars]


[^15]Note.-Figures represent gross insurance written during the period and do not take account of principal repayments on previously insured loans. Figures include some reinsured mortgages, which are shown in the month in which they were reported by FHA. Reinsured mortgages on rental and group housing (Title II) are not necessarily shown in the month in which reinsurance took place.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY DISTRICT
[Figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the

| Federal Reserve district | 1946 |  | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. | Jan. | Feb. |
| Boston. | 27,332 | 17.663 | 9,373 |
| New York. | 40,731 | 54,726 | 6,360 |
| Philadelphia | 15,304 | 19,371 | 10,974 |
| Cleveland | 50,019 | 38,289 | 11,891 |
| Richmond. | 53,192 | 36,842 | 15,625 |
| Atlanta. | 38,912 | 29,042 | 14,157 |
| Chicago | 68,557 | 72,259 | 26,653 |
| St. Louis | 21,986 | 21,740 | 11,387 |
| Minneapolis. | 15,005 | 12,786 | 14,345 |
| Kansas City | 18,788 | 19.103 | 8,392 |
| Dallas. | 37,573 | 35,680 | 17,800 |
| Total (11 districts). | 387,399 | 357,501 | 146,957 |

Nore.-Data for most recent month preliminary.
INSURED FHA HOME MORTGAGES (TITLE II) HELD IN PORTFOLIO, BY CLASS OF INSTITUTION
[In millions of dollars]

| End of month | Total | Com-mercial banks banks | Mu- <br> tual <br> sav- <br> ings <br> banks | Savings and loan. associations | Insurance companies | Federal agen- cies $^{1}$ | Other ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1936-D | 365 | 228 | 8 | 56 | 41 | 5 | 27 |
| 1937-De | 771 | 430 | 27 | 110 | 118 | 32 | 53 |
| 1938-Dec. | 1,199 | 634 | 38 | 149 | 212 | 77 | 90 |
| 1939-June | 1,478 | 759 | 50 | 167 | 271 | 137 | 94 |
| Dec. | 1,793 | 902 | 71 | 192 | 342 | 153 | 133 |
| 1940-Mar. | 1,949 | 971 | 90 | 201 | 392 | 171 | 124 |
| June | 2,075 | 1,026 | 100 | 208 | 432 | 182 | 127 |
| Sept | 2,232 | 1,093 | 111 | 216 | 480 | 190 | 141 |
| Dec. | 2,409 | 1,162 | 130 | 224 | 542 | 201 | 150 |
| 1941-Mar. | 2,598 | 1,246 | 146 | 230 | 606 | 210 | 160 |
| June | 2,755 | 1,318 | 157 | 237 | 668 | 220 | 154 |
| Sept | 2,942 | 1,400 | 171 | 246 | 722 | 225 | 178 |
| Dec | 3,107 | 1,465 | 186 | 254 | 789 | 234 | 179 |
| 1942-Mar. | 3,307 | 1,549 | 201 | 264 | 856 | 237 | 200 |
| June | 3,491 | 1,623 | 219 | 272 | 940 | 243 | 195 |
| Dec. | 3,620 | 1,669 | 236 | 276 | 1,032 | 245 | 163 |
| 1943--June | 3,700 | 1,700 | 252 | 284 | 1,071 | 235 | 158 |
| Dec. | 3,626 | 1,705 | 256 | 292 | 1,134 | 79 | 159 |
| 1944-June | 3,554 | 1,669 | 258 | 284 | 1,119 | 73 | 150 |
|  | 3,399 | 1,590 | 260 | 269 | 1,072 | 68 | 140 |
| 1945-June | 3,324 | 1,570 | 265 | 264 | 1,047 | 43 | 134 |
|  | 3,156 | \|1,506 | 263 | 253 | 1,000 | 13 | 122 |

[^16]| Month | Merchandise exports ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | Merchandise imports ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  | Excess of exports |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 |
| January.. | 482 | 749 | 1,124 | 903 | \$800 | 254 | 229 | 301 | 334 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 398$ | 228 | 520 | 823 | 569 | p402 |
| February. | 483 | 728 | 1,107 | ${ }^{p} 887$ |  | 254 | 234 | 314 | \$325 |  | 230 | 494 | 793 | P561 |  |
| March.... | 637 | 988 | 1,197 | p1,030 |  | 272 | 249 | 359 | P365 |  | 365 | 739 | 838 | p665 |  |
| April. | 717 | 989 | 1,231 | p1,005 |  | 235 | 258 | 361 | ${ }^{9} 366$ |  | 482 | 731 | 869 | $p 39$ |  |
| May. | 542 | 1,092 | 1,455 | P1,135 |  | 191 | 281 | 386 | \$372 |  | 351 | 811 | 1.069 | P763 |  |
| June. | 650 | 1,003 | 1,297 | p870 |  | 215 | 295 | 332 | >360 |  | 435 | 708 | 965 | - 511 |  |
| July.. | 659 | 1,265 | 1,197 | ${ }^{p} 893$ |  | 213 | 302 | 294 | P356 |  | 446 | 963 | 903 | -537 |  |
| August | 705 | 1,280 | 1,191 | p737 |  | 186 | 316 | 304 | p360 |  | 518 | 964 | 887 | \$378 |  |
| September | 732 | 1,269 | 1,194 | P514 |  | 196 | 286 | 282 | \$335 |  | 536 | 983 | 912 | P180 |  |
| October | 803 | 1,238 | 1,144 | ${ }^{2} 455$ |  | 200 | 329 | 329 | $p 344$ |  | 603 | 909 | 815 | P111 |  |
| Novermber | 788 | 1,073 | 1,187 | P639 |  | 168 | 311 | 323 | ${ }^{\text {P } 322}$ |  | 620 | 762 | 863 | P317 |  |
| December. | 883 | 1,288 | 939 | ¢736 |  | 358 | 281 | 336 | 297 |  | 525 | 1,006 | 603 | p439 |  |
| Jan.-December | 8,080 | 12,963 | 14,261 | p9,806 |  | 2,742 | 3,372 | 3,921 | p4,136 | .. . | 5,338 | 9,591 | 10,341 | p5,670 | $\ldots$ |

preliminary.
${ }_{2}^{1}$ Including both domestic and foreign merchandise.
${ }^{2}$ General imports, including merchandise entered for immediate consumption and that entered for storage in bonded warehouses.
Back figures.-See Bulletin for April 1944, p. 389; April 1940, p. 347; February 1937, p. 152; July 1933, p. 431; and January 1931 , p. 18.

| FREIGHT CARLOADINGS BY CLASSES <br> [Index numbers: 1935-39 average $=100$ ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Coal | Coke | Grain | Livestock | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { For- } \\ \text { est } \\ \text { prod- } \\ \text { ucts } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Ore | Mis-cel-laneous | Mer-chandise l.c.I. |
| Annual |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 101 | 98 | 102 | 107 | 96 | 100 | 110 | 101 | 97 |
| 1940 | 109 | 111 | 137 | 101 | 96 | 114 | 147 | 110 | 96 |
| 1941 | 130 | 123 | 168 | 112 | 91 | 139 | 183 | 136 | 100 |
|  | 138 | 135 | 181 | 120 | 104 | 155 | 206 | 146 | 69 |
| 1943 | 137 | 138 | 186 | 146 | 117 | 141 | 192 | 145 | 63 |
| 1944. | 140 | 143 | 185 | 139 | 124 | 143 | 180 | 147 | 67 |
| 1945 | 135 | 134 | 172 | 151 | 124 | 129 | 169 | 142 | 68 |
| SEASONALLY <br> ADJUSTED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944-December. . | 137 | 127 | 166 | 134 | 128 | 135 | 133 | 151 | 68 |
| 1945-January | 144 | 141 | 176 | 128 | 120 | 142 | 161 | 157 | 66 |
| February | 139 | 139 | 178 | 119 | 121 | 133 | 168 | 152 | 66 |
| March. | 145 | 137 | 190 | 134 | 129 | 134 | 218 | 159 | 67 |
| April. | 141 | 126 | 180 | 160 | 124 | 133 | 204 | 153 | 71 |
| May. | 140 | 126 | 193 | 167 | 120 | 137 | 204 | 151 | 69 |
| June. | 140 | 143 | 181 | 155 | 121 | 144 | 170 | 146 | 68 |
| July.. | 139 | 136 | 193 | 157 | 121 | 140 | 171 | 146 | 67 |
| August. | 128 | 128 | 167 | 163 | 115 | 133 | 166 | 132 | 64 |
| September | 127 | 143 | 155 | 146 | 114 | 125 | 174 | 126 | 66 |
| October. | 118 | 109 | 113 | 158 | 123 | 109 | 134 | 125 | 69 |
| November. | 133 | 148 | 167 | 167 | 145 | 110 | 134 | 133 | 74 |
| December. | 127 | 133 | 164 | 153 | 140 | 106 | 117 | 130 | 74 |
| 1946-January | 133 | 148 | 127 | 152 | 126 | 122 | 118 | 134 | 78 |
| February. | 126 | 152 | 107 | 150 | 158 | 126 | 94 | 121 | 78 |
| UNADJUSTED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944-December. | 128 | 127 | 175 | 126 | 124 | 120 | 41 | 142 | 65 |
| 1945-January. | 132 | 141 | 185 | 128 | 115 | 128 | 40 | 144 | 63 |
| February | 130 | 139 | 188 | 117 | 97 | 128 | 42 | r143 | 64 |
| March. . | 136 | 137 | 192 | 124 | 102 | 134 | 63 | 151 | 68 |
| April. . | 139 | 126 | 176 | 141 | 111 | 133 | 203 | 151 | 71 |
| May. | 142 | 126 | 191 | 147 | 108 | 143 | 268 | 152 | 69 |
| June. | 145 | 143 | 178 | 158 | 99 | 149 | 263 | 150 | 68 |
| July. | 143 | 136 | 187 | 188 | 97 | 140 | 273 | 148 | 67 |
| August | 132 | 128 | 160 | 176 | 109 | 140 | 249 | 133 | 65 |
| September. | 137 | 143 | 154 | 163 | 150 | 135 | 261 | 136 | 69 |
| October. | 128 | 109 | 111 | 158 | 189 | 115 | 215 | 136 | 72 |
| November. | 136 | 148 | 167 | 164 | 183 | 108 | 114 | 139 | 75 |
| December. | 119 | 133 | 172 | 144 | 135 | 94 | 36 | 123 | 71 |
| 1946-January | 123 | 148 | 133 | 152 | 120 | 109 | 29 | 123 | 74 |
| February | 119 | 152 | 114 | 147 | 126 | 121 | 24 | 113 | 75 |

$r$ Revised.
Note:-For description and back data, see pp. 529-533 of the Bulletin for June 1941. Based on daily average loadings. Basic data compiled by Association of American Railroads. Total index compiled by combining indexes for classes with weights derived from revenue data of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND INCOME OF CLASS 1 RAILROADS
[In millions of dollars]

|  | Total railway operating revenues | Total railway expenses | Net railway operating income | Net income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 3,995 | 3,406 | 589 | 93 |
| 1940 | 4,297 | 3,614 | 682 | 189 |
| 1941 | 5,347 | 4,348 | 998 | 500 |
| 1942. | 7,466 | 5,982 | 1,485 | 902 |
| 1943. | 9,055 | 7,693 | 1,362 | 874 |
| 1944 | 9,437 | 8,343 | 1,093 | 668 |
| 1945. | p8,902 | p8,052 | ¢850 | p447 |
| SEASONALLY ADJUSTED |  |  |  |  |
| 1944-November. | 788 | 697 | 91 | 57 |
| December. | 780 | 711 | 69 | 33 |
| 1945-January.... | 766 | 673 | 93 | 60 |
| February.. | 781 | 678 | 103 | 68 |
| March. | 796 | 698 | 98 | 63 |
| April.. | 799 | 704 | 96 | 62 |
| May | 796 | 704 | 92 | 57 |
| June. | 831 | 725 | 106 | 71 |
| July. | 791 | 696 | 95 | 61 |
| August | 705 | 648 | 57 | 22 |
| September | 691 | 655 | 36 | 4 |
| October.... | 657 | 620 | 37 | P3 |
| November. | 668 | 608 | 61 | r30 |
| December. | 628 | 674 | -36 | -56 |
| 1946-January. | 655 | 567 | 88 |  |
| Unadjusted |  |  |  |  |
| 1944-November. . | 780 | 689 | 91 | r63 |
| December. | 757 | $\bigcirc 684$ | r73 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 44$ |
| 1945-January... | 751 | ${ }^{6} 675$ | $r 76$ | 39 |
| February... | 713 | 640 | 73 | 37 |
| March... | 813 | 713 | 100 | 63 |
| April. | 779 | 687 | 92 | 56 |
| May | 823 | 723 | 100 | 65 |
| June..... | 820 | 724 | 96 | 66 |
| July. | 796 | 699 | 97 | 63 |
| August.... | 755 | 669 | 87 | 51 |
| September | 679 | 635 | 44 | 9 |
| October... | 697 | 643 | 54 | 20 |
| November. | 661 | 600 | 61 | 34 |
| December. | 614 | 651 | -37 | -75 |
| 1946-January... | 641 | 570 | 71 |  |

[^17]Note.-Descriptive material and back figures may be obtained from the Division of Research and Statistics. Basic data compiled by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Annual figures include revisions not available monthly.
[Based on value figures]
MONTHLY INDEXES OF SALES
[1935-39 average $=100]$

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Year and month} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{United States} \& \multicolumn{12}{|c|}{Federal Reserve district} \\
\hline \& \& Boston \& New \& Philadelphia \& Cleveland \& Richmond \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { At- } \\
\text { lanta }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Chi- } \\
\& \text { cago }
\end{aligned}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
St. \\
Louis
\end{tabular} \& Minneapolis \& Kansas City \& Dallas \& San Francisco \\
\hline 1919. \& 83 \& 95 \& 84 \& 106 \& 84 \& 73 \& 88 \& \& \& 113 \& \& 93 \& 67 \\
\hline 1920 \& 99 \& 110 \& 100 \& 126 \& 106 \& 81 \& 105 \& \& \& 126 \& \& 112 \& 80 \\
\hline 1921. \& 92 \& 108 \& 96 \& 120 \& 94 \& 78 \& 90 \& 80 \& 105 \& 117 \& \& 92 \& 75 \\
\hline 1922. \& 94 \& 112 \& 99 \& 122 \& 95 \& 75 \& 85 \& 83 \& 103 \& 112 \& \& 86 \& 78 \\
\hline 1923. \& 105 \& 119 \& 106 \& 135 \& 108 \& 85 \& 94 \& 98 \& 115 \& 120 \& \& 91 \& 91 \\
\hline 1924. \& 105 \& 121 \& 110 \& 134 \& 106 \& 87 \& 91 \& 96 \& 114 \& 119 \& 119 \& 94 \& 93 \\
\hline 1925. \& 110 \& 123 \& 116 \& 135 \& 109 \& 92 \& 95 \& 102 \& 120 \& 124 \& 124 \& 98 \& 99 \\
\hline 1926. \& 113 \& 127 \& 120 \& 138 \& 110 \& 96 \& 99 \& 106 \& 121 \& 119 \& 123 \& 103 \& 106 \\
\hline 1927. \& 114 \& 128 \& 123 \& 133 \& 110 \& 95 \& 100 \& 108 \& 119 \& 117 \& 125 \& 101 \& 107 \\
\hline 1928. \& 115 \& 126 \& 124 \& 127 \& 110 \& 95 \& 100 \& 114 \& 120 \& 110 \& 119 \& 103 \& 110 \\
\hline 1929. \& 117 \& 128 \& 129 \& 128 \& 116 \& 96 \& 98 \& 116 \& 122 \& 110 \& 117 \& 104 \& 112 \\
\hline 1930. \& 108 \& 123 \& 126 \& 118 \& 105 \& 92 \& 91 \& 101 \& 110 \& 105 \& 111 \& 96 \& 104 \\
\hline 1931. \& 97 \& 114 \& 116 \& 105 \& 93 \& 86 \& 79 \& 88 \& 97 \& 98 \& 96 \& 81 \& 94 \\
\hline 1932. \& 75 \& 90 \& 91 \& 83 \& 68 \& 68 \& 60 \& 67 \& 76 \& 79 \& 74 \& 61 \& 71 \\
\hline 1933. \& 73 \& 84 \& 86 \& 80 \& 69 \& 68 \& 62 \& 68 \& 72 \& 76 \& 73 \& 62 \& 68 \\
\hline 1934. \& 83 \& 90 \& 91 \& 88 \& 81 \& 81 \& 78 \& 79 \& 83 \& 85 \& 85 \& 76 \& 77 \\
\hline 1935 \& 88 \& 92 \& 93 \& 91 \& 86 \& 87 \& 84 \& 86 \& 85 \& 90 \& 89 \& 80 \& 86 \\
\hline 1936. \& 100 \& 100 \& 101 \& 102 \& 101 \& 98 \& 97 \& 100 \& 97 \& 99 \& 99 \& 97 \& 100 \\
\hline 1937. \& 107 \& 104 \& 106 \& 107 \& 111 \& 105 \& 105 \& 109 \& 106 \& 104 \& 107 \& 105 \& 106 \\
\hline 1938. \& 99 \& 100 \& 99 \& 96 \& 96 \& 101 \& 103 \& 98 \& 102 \& 101 \& 100 \& 106 \& 100 \\
\hline 1939. \& 106 \& 104 \& 101 \& 104 \& 106 \& 109 \& 113 \& 107 \& 111 \& 106 \& 105 \& 112 \& 109 \\
\hline 1940. \& 114 \& 108 \& 106 \& 111 \& 114 \& 120 \& 123 \& 116 \& 119 \& 109 \& 110 \& 117 \& 117 \\
\hline 1941. \& 133 \& 126 \& 119 \& 129 \& 138 \& 144 \& 145 \& 135 \& 143 \& 122 \& 127 \& 138 \& 139 \\
\hline 1942 \& 150 \& 140 \& 128 \& 143 \& 153 \& 170 \& 162 \& 149 \& 158 \& 133 \& 149 \& 157 \& 169 \\
\hline 1943. \& 168 \& 148 \& 135 \& 151 \& 167 \& 194 \& 204 \& 161 \& 179 \& 149 \& 184 \& 212 \& 200 \\
\hline 1944. \& 186 \& 162 \& 150 \& 168 \& 182 \& 214 \& 244 \& 176 \& 200 \& 165 \& 205 \& 246 \& 221 \\
\hline 1945. \& 207 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 176\) \& 169 \& 184 \& 201 \& 235 \& 275 \& 193 \& 227 \& 186 \& +229 \& 277 \& 244 \\
\hline SEASONALLY ADJUSTED \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 1944-April. \& 174 \& 157 \& 141 \& 161 \& 166 \& 200 \& 221 \& 166 \& 185 \& 157 \& 181 \& 237 \& 201 \\
\hline May \& 183 \& 164 \& 150 \& 168 \& 181 \& \(\checkmark 210\) \& 233 \& 170 \& 201 \& 160 \& 192 \& 242 \& 214 \\
\hline June. \& 176 \& 155 \& 144 \& 158 \& 166 \& 208 \& 237 \& 165 \& 189 \& 151 \& 192 \& 239 \& 210 \\
\hline July... \& 189 \& 160 \& 150 \& 169 \& 191 \& r211 \& 262 \& 178 \& 198 \& 165 \& 212 \& 256 \& 222 \\
\hline August. \& 187 \& 158 \& 152 \& 157 \& 182 \& 215 \& 243 \& 180 \& 207 \& 173 \& 203 \& 253 \& 222 \\
\hline September \& 187 \& 162 \& 149 \& 170 \& 180 \& 219 \& 247 \& 181 \& 210 \& 162 \& 200 \& 252 \& 216 \\
\hline October... \& 193 \& 165 \& 151 \& 167 \& 190 \& 228 \& 260 \& 185 \& 207 \& 158 \& 214 \& 250 \& 229 \\
\hline November \& 204 \& 168 \& 161 \& 182 \& 204 \& r230 \& 271 \& 189 \& 213 \& 189 \& r243 \& 258 \& 253 \\
\hline December. \& 196 \& 174 \& \({ }^{-156}\) \& 170 \& 190 \& 221 \& 258 \& 190 \& 218 \& 175 \& r207 \& 256 \& 234 \\
\hline 1945-January. \& r198
211 \& 167
166 \& \(r 154\) \& \(r 172\)
\(r 188\) \& 186 \& 234
238 \& 268 \& 184 \& 211 \& 181 \& 241
\(\cdot 245\) \& 270 \& r248
\(r 258\) \\
\hline March. \& 221
220 \& 166
193 \& 165
+187 \& \(1 / 88\)

204 \& 204 \& 238
250 \& 274
274 \& 207 \& 223 \& 205 \& -245 \& 269 \& +249 <br>
\hline April. \& 182 \& 157 \& 150 \& 162 \& 174 \& 210 \& 234 \& 168 \& 202 \& 157 \& 199 \& 256 \& 219 <br>
\hline May. \& 188 \& 160 \& 156 \& 170 \& 179 \& 210 \& 243 \& 170 \& 213 \& 162 \& 203 \& 264 \& 234 <br>
\hline June. \& 202 \& 177 \& 169 \& 185 \& 197 \& 235 \& 277 \& 184 \& 220 \& 172 \& 218 \& 268 \& 233 <br>
\hline July. \& 218 \& 183 \& 177 \& 198 \& 220 \& 252 \& 300 \& 197 \& 237 \& 187 \& 243 \& 300 \& 255 <br>
\hline August. \& 200 \& 166 \& 165 \& 175 \& 189 \& ${ }^{2} 236$ \& 274 \& 189 \& 225 \& 186 \& 214 \& 272 \& 231 <br>
\hline September \& 200 \& 167 \& 161 \& 175 \& 187 \& 225 \& 268 \& 193 \& 232 \& 185 \& 217 \& 278 \& 232 <br>
\hline October. \& 212 \& 177 \& 172 \& 184 \& 209 \& 248 \& 292 \& 199 \& 238 \& 180 \& 241 \& 289 \& 245 <br>
\hline November \& 225 \& 183 \& 182 \& 202 \& 220 \& r251

237 \& 298 \& 208 \& 240 \& 219
193 \& 265 \& 288
287 \& 273
256 <br>
\hline December \& 216 \& 188 \& -179 \& 184 \& 211 \& 237 \& 288 \& 206 \& 239 \& 193 \& 225 \& 287 \& 256 <br>
\hline 1946-January.. \& r228 \& 186 \& -194 \& r206 \& 214 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 262}$ \& r308 \& 209 \& -234 \& 211 \& 「269 \& 306 \& -269 <br>
\hline February \& 255 \& 201 \& 210 \& 221 \& 240 \& 283 \& 339 \& 241 \& 281 \& 265 \& 302 \& 339 \& 301 <br>
\hline UNADJUSTED \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 1944-April. \& 172 \& 161 \& 137 \& 158 \& 172 \& \& 228 \& \& \& 159 \& 183 \& 228 \& 192 <br>
\hline May. \& 178 \& 162 \& 142 \& 161 \& 179 \& 211 \& 228 \& 170 \& 197 \& 162 \& 194 \& 228 \& 200 <br>
\hline June. \& 163 \& 144 \& 133 \& 142 \& 157 \& 183 \& 199 \& 160 \& 170 \& 151 \& 177 \& 203 \& 193 <br>
\hline July.. \& 142 \& 110 \& 100 \& 116 \& 140 \& -151 \& 197 \& 139 \& 154 \& 130 \& 168 \& 194 \& 184 <br>
\hline August. \& 157 \& 118 \& 111 \& 123 \& 159 \& 177 \& 216 \& 151 \& 178 \& 153 \& 191 \& 220 \& 202 <br>
\hline September \& 196 \& 170 \& 158 \& 173 \& 191 \& 232 \& 257 \& 185 \& 212 \& 184 \& 220 \& 265 \& 225 <br>
\hline October. \& 209 \& 184 \& 173 \& 189 \& 204 \& 249 \& 273 \& 197 \& 221 \& 179 \& 225 \& 275 \& 239 <br>
\hline November. \& 248 \& 207 \& 206 \& 229 \& 244
304 \& 293 \& 317
417 \& 231 \& 268 \& 218 \& 263
338 \& 314 \& 297 <br>
\hline December. \& r320 \& 300 \& 269 \& 303 \& 304 \& 372 \& 417 \& 295 \& 333 \& 269 \& 338 \& 417 \& 373 <br>
\hline 1945-January. \& 156 \& 132 \& 123 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 132}$ \& 145 \& $r 176$ \& 214 \& 147 \& 173 \& 136 \& 178 \& 211 \& 197 <br>
\hline February \& 171 \& 130 \& 137 \& 149 \& 163 \& 191 \& 236 \& 162 \& 187 \& 144 \& 194 \& 239 \& 217 <br>
\hline March. \& 212 \& 187 \& 176 \& 200 \& 214 \& r251 \& 282 \& 200 \& 233 \& 186 \& 233 \& 269 \& 232 <br>
\hline April. \& 174 \& 156 \& 142 \& 152 \& 171 \& 193 \& 227 \& 165 \& 192 \& 156 \& 195 \& 228 \& 205 <br>
\hline May.. \& 183 \& 158 \& 148 \& 163 \& 177 \& 209 \& 238 \& 170 \& 209 \& 164 \& 205 \& 248 \& 219 <br>
\hline June. \& 186 \& 165 \& 155 \& 167 \& 187 \& 207 \& 233 \& 178 \& 198 \& 171 \& 200 \& 228 \& 215 <br>
\hline July.. \& 163 \& 127 \& 118 \& 137 \& 161 \& 181 \& 225 \& 154 \& 185 \& 147 \& 192 \& 228 \& 211 <br>
\hline August. . \& 168 \& 125 \& 120 \& 136 \& 165 \& 194 \& 244 \& 158 \& 194 \& 165 \& 201 \& 237 \& 210 <br>
\hline September \& 209 \& 176 \& 171 \& 178 \& 199 \& 239 \& 279 \& 197 \& 234 \& 210 \& 239 \& 292 \& 243 <br>
\hline October. \& 230 \& 196 \& 196 \& 208 \& 224 \& 271 \& 307 \& 213 \& 255
303 \& 204 \& 253 \& 318
352 \& 254 <br>
\hline November \& 274
351 \& ${ }_{-}^{225}$ \& 235 \& 2255 \& 264 \& r 318 \& 348
466 \& 254
320 \& 303 \& 252 \& r366 \& 352
467 \& 321
407 <br>
\hline December. \& 351 \& -323 \& 307 \& 327 \& 338 \& r399 \& 466 \& 320 \& 365 \& 297 \& r366 \& 467 \& 407 <br>
\hline 1946-January. \& 179 \& 147 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 155$ \& 158 \& 167 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 197$ \& 246 \& 167 \& r192 \& 158 \& $\stackrel{+199}{ }$ \& 248 \& r214 <br>
\hline February \& 207 \& 156 \& 175 \& 175 \& 192 \& 227 \& 291 \& 193 \& 236 \& 184 \& 239 \& 299 \& 254 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }^{\top}$ Revised.
Note.-For description and monthly indexes for back years, see pp. 542-561 of Bulletin for June 1944.

DEPARTMENT STORE STATISTICS-Continued

SALES, STOCKS, AND OUTSTANDING ORDERS
LAs reported by 296 department stores in various Federal Reserve districts]

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (In millions of dollars) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Index of stocks (1935-39 average $=100$ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales <br> (total for month) | Stocks (end of month) | Out-standing orders (end of month) | Seasonally adjusted | Unadjusted |
| 1939 average. | 128 | 344 |  |  | 99 |
| 1940 average. | 136 | 353 | 108 |  | 101 |
| 1941 average. | 156 | 419 | 194 |  | 120 |
| 1942 average. | 179 | 599 | 263 |  | 172 |
| 1943 average. | 204 | 508 | 530 |  | 146 |
| 1944 average. | 227 | 534 | 560 |  | 153 |
| 1945 average. | 255 | 564 | 728 |  | 162 |
| 1944-July. | 162 | 517 | 631 | 165 | 148 |
| Aug.. | 198 | 574 | 579 | 172 | 165 |
| Sept. | 234 | 583 | 561 | 161 | 167 |
| Oct. . | 257 | 607 | 577 | 156 | 174 |
| Nov.. | 300 | 580 | 613 | 144 | 167 |
| Dec... | 385 | 451 | 618 | 138 | 130 |
| 1945-Jan. | 198 | 463 | r767 | 148 | 133 |
| Feb. | 198 | r495 | 819 | 149 | 142 |
| Mar. | 284 | 524 | 772 | 148 | 151 |
| Apr. | 209 | 566 | 725 | 156 | 162 |
| May.. | 231 | 591 | 671 | 165 | 170 |
| June. . | 236 | 601 | 697 | 181 | 172 |
| July . . | 191 | 592 | 722 | 189 | 170 |
| Aug. | 213 | 625 | 671 | 187 | 179 |
| Sept.. | 243 | 620 | 652 | 171 | 178 |
| Oct. . . | 298 | 624 | 700 | 161 | 179 |
| Nov,.. | 334 | 602 | 777 | 150 | 173 |
| Dec.. | 429 | 462 | 764 | 141 | 133 |
| $1946-\text { Jan... }$ | $\begin{array}{r} 224 \\ \boldsymbol{p} 239 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 488 \\ p 528 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 889 \\ p 982 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 156 \\ p 159 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 140 \\ p 152 \end{array}$ |

Back figures.-Division of Research and Statistics.

WEEKLY INDEX OF SALES
[Weeks ending on dates shown. 1935-39 average $=100$ ]


Revised.
Note.-Revised series. For description and back figures see pp. 874-875 of BULLETIN for September 1944.

SALES BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS AND BY CITIES
[Percentage change from corresponding period of preceding year]

|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{Feb} \\ 1946 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1946 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Two } \\ & \text { mos. } \\ & 1946 \end{aligned}$ |  | Feb. $1946$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1946 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Two mos. 1946 |  | Feb. $1946$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1946 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Two } \\ & \text { mos. } \\ & 1946 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Feb} . \\ & 1946 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{1946}{\mathrm{Jan} .}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Two } \\ & \text { mos. } \\ & 1946 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States. | +21 | +15 | +18 | Cleveland-cont. |  |  |  | Chicago | +19 | +14 | +17 | Kansas City- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Youngstown.. | +9 | +12 | +10 | Chicago | +23 | +18 | +20 | cont. |  |  |  |
| Boston | +21 | +12 | $+16$ | Erie... | +7 | $+21$ | +14 | Peoria. | +14 | $r+15$ | +14 | Oklahoma City |  | $+6$ | +13 |
| New Ha | +15 | +5 | $+10$ | Pittsburgh | +20 | +20 | +20 | Fort Wayne. . | +24 | +15 | +19 |  | +20 | +5 | +11 |
| Portland Boston. | +15 | +11 +13 | +13 | Wheeling. | +23 | +17 | +20 | Indianapolis... <br> Terre Haute | +16 +35 | +12 +20 | +14 +28 | Dallas | +25 | +18 | +21 |
| Sposton. | +22 +9 | +13 +2 | +17 +5 | Richmond | +19 | $r+12$ | +15 | Terre Haute. | +35 +25 | +20 +13 | +28 +19 | Shreveport. | +22 | + | +14 |
| Worcester | +25 | +2 +8 | +16 | Washington. | +21 | + +11 | +15 | Detroit.... | +11 | +1 +2 +1 | +19 +7 | Corpus Chris | +16 +33 | +23 | 10 +28 |
| Providence | +25 | +12 | +18 | Baltimore | +15 | +13 | +14 | Flint. | + | +9 +14 | * | Dallas | +33 +19 | +23 +9 | +28 +14 |
|  |  |  |  | Raleigh, N. C... | +21 +17 | +8 | +15 | Grand Rapids. | +8 +8 | 14 +12 | +8 | Fort F | +19 +19 | +9 +19 | +14 +19 |
| $\underset{\text { Bridgep }}{ }$ | +27 +19 | +25 +9 | +26 +14 | Winston-Salem. | +17 -2 | +7 | +13 -4 | Lansing. | +8 +23 | +12 +15 | +10 +19 | San Ant | +31 | +24 | $+27$ |
| Newark | +27 | +26 | +14 +27 | Greenville, S. C. | +12 | +8 | +10 | Green Bay | +30 | +14 | +21 | San Francisco | +17 | +9 | +13 |
| Albany | +65 | +60 | +63 | Lynchburg. | +19 | +11 | +15 | Madison. | +21 | +18 | +19 | Phoenix | +23 | 14 | $+18$ |
| Binghamt | +26 | +26 | +26 | Norfolk... |  |  | -3 |  |  |  |  | Tucson | +35 | +23 | +28 |
| Buffalo. | +26 | +32 | +29 | Richmond. | +25 | +18 | +22 | St. Loutis. |  |  |  | Bakersf | +20 | +17 | +18 |
| Elmira..... | +11 +14 | +15 +6 | +13 +10 | Charleston, W. Va |  |  |  | Fort Smith. Little Rock | +32 +25 | +15 $r+2$ | +24 +15 | Fresno. | +24 | +20 +8 | +22 +10 |
| Niagara Falls. | +14 +27 | +6 +25 | +10 +26 | W. Va... Clarksburg | +19 +31 | +17 +28 | +18 +28 | Little Rock | +25 +14 |  | +15 +19 | Long Beach. | +13 +23 | +8 +11 | +10 +17 |
| New York City Poughkeepsie.. | +27 +26 | $r+25$ +31 | +26 +28 | Clarksburg Huntington | +31 +20 | +28 +19 | +28 +19 | Evansville | +14 +14 | r $\begin{array}{r}+24 \\ +12 \\ +14\end{array}$ | +19 +13 +19 | Oos Angeles. | +23 | 11 | +17 |
| Rochester. | +23 | +21 | +28 | Hunting | +20 | + | +19 | Louisville..... | +24 | +14 | ${ }_{*}^{+19}$ | Berkeley. | +12 | r +7 | +9 |
| Schenectady. | +11 | +9 | +10 | Atlanta | +24 | +15 | +19 | East St. Louis. |  | 5 |  | Riverside and |  |  |  |
| Syracuse | +27 | +38 | +32 | Birmingham | +23 | +11 | +17 | St. Louis. | +27 +27 |  | +18 +18 | San Bernardino. | +15 | 7 | +11 |
| Utica. | +18 | +12 | +15 | Mobile. | +13 |  | + + |  |  |  |  |  | +24 | +15 | +19 |
|  |  |  |  | Montgome Jacksonvill | +19 +13 | +10 | +14 | Springfield Memphis. | +49 +30 | +25 +13 | +37 +21 | San Diego | +1 +13 |  | -1 +9 |
| Philadelphia | +18 <br> +30 | +20 +31 | +19 +31 | Jacksonvill <br> Miami. | +13 +24 | +10 +24 | +11 +24 | Minneapolis | +38 +28 | +13 +17 | +21 | San Franc | +13 +25 | ++5 +15 | +9 +20 |
| Lancaster | +19 | +17 | +18 | Orlando | +24 | +24 +35 | +24 +30 | Minneapolis | +28 +30 | +17 +19 | +23 +24 + | Santa Ros | +19 | $+15$ | +14 |
| Philadelphia | +13 | +14 | +14 | Tampa. | +24 | +23 | +23 | St. Paul. | +35 +25 | +16 | +24 | Stockton. | +17 | $r-2$ | +9 |
| Reading..... | +24 | +25 | +25 | Atlanta | +28 | +22 | +25 | Duluth-Superior | +15 | +5 +5 | +9 | Vallejo and |  |  |  |
| Wilkes-Barre. | +26 | +27 +17 | +27 | Augusta. | $\begin{array}{r}+32 \\ +8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +22 | +27 | Kansas City | +15 | +5 | +9 +18 | Napa. <br> Boise and | -10 | -7 | -8 |
| York | +12 | +17 | +14 | Columbus | +8 +32 | +2 +14 | +5 +23 | Kansas Cit | +23 +24 | +12 +18 | +18 +21 | Boise and Nampa. | +15 | 7 | +10 |
| Cleveland | +19 | +15 | +17 | Maton Roug | +32 +30 | + +14 | + +13 | Pueblo | + | -7 | 7 | Portland. | +8 | -10 | +9 |
| Akron. | +9 | $+10$ | +9 | New Orleans | +23 | +11 | +17 | Hutchin | +15 | $+9$ | +12 | Salt Lake Cit | +29 | +17 | +23 |
| Canton | +9 | +12 | +10 | Bristol, Tenn | +24 | +15 | +19 | Topeka | +16 | +1 | +9 | Bellingham | +26 | $+20$ | +23 |
| Cincinnati | +28 | +15 | +21 | Jackson. | +17 | +10 | +14 | Wichita | +14 | $\stackrel{+6}{ }$ | $+10$ | Everett. | +17 | $+20$ | $+19$ |
| Clevelan | +18 | +14 | +16 | Chattanooga | +27 | +22 | +24 | Joplin. | +39 | $+22$ | +30 | Seattle | +7 | + | +3 |
| Columbu | +22 | +16 | +19 | Knoxville | +2 | -5 | -2 | Kansas City | +21 | +13 | $+17$ | Spokane | +15 | +9 | +12 |
| Springfield | +13 | +7 | +10 | Nashville | +38 | +19 | +29 | St. Joseph | $+30$ | +17 | +24 | Tacoma. | +9 | +1 | +5 |
| Toledo.. | +14 | +4 | +9 |  |  |  |  | Omaha | +331 | $r+17$ | +26 | Yakima. | $+17$ | +31 | +10 |


| Department | Number of stores reporting | Per cent change from a year ago (value) |  |  | Ratio of stocks to sales |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sales during period |  | Stocks (end of month) | January |  |
|  |  | $\underset{1946}{\mathrm{Jan}_{2}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & 1945 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{1946}{\operatorname{Jan} .}$ | 1946 | 1945 |
| GRAND TOTAL-entire store. | 335 | +14 | +12 | +5 | 2.2 | 2.4 |
| MAIN STORE-total. | 335 | +15 | +12 | $+5$ | 2.3 | 2.5 |
| Women's apparel and accessories | 332 | $+8$ | $+13$ | $+5$ | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Coats and suits. . . . . . . . . . . . | 312 | +4 | +14 | +3 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Dresses : . | 317 | $+16$ | +19 | -6 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Blouses, skirts, sportswear, etc. | 304 | +10 | +20 +18 | +16 +15 | 2.4 | ${ }_{2}^{2.3}$ |
| Juniors', and girls' wear. . . . . . | 286 293 | +14 +1 | +18 +9 | +15 +10 | 2.4 2.8 | 2.4 2.6 |
| Aprons, housedresses, uniforms | 268 | +13 | +11 | +1 +1 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Underwear, slips, negligees. | 313 | +10 | $+8$ | -8 | 1.3 | 1.6 |
| Corsets, brassieres....... | 315 | $+16$ | +21 | $+23$ | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Hosiery (women's and children's) | 326 | -17 | 0 | $-14$ | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Gloves (women's and children's). | 311 | +1 | +12 | -3 | 2.7 | 2.8 |
| Shoes (women's and children's). | 229 | +14 | $+18$ | -7 | 2.4 | 3.0 |
| Furs............... | 257 | -8 +2 | +7 +10 | +17 +14 | 2.6 | 2.0 2.0 |
| Handkerchiefs. | 263 | +9 | +8 | +20 | 4.4 | 4.1 |
| Millinery.. | 163 | +18 | +13 | +22 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Handbags and small leather goods. | 301 | +17 | $+10$ | +9 | 3.1 | 3.3 |
| Men's and boys' wear. | 305 | +14 | +14 | -32 | 2.1 | 3.4 |
| Men's clothing.... | 215 | -1 | +18 | -62 | 1.2 | 3.2 |
| Men's furnishings, hats, caps | 290 | +28 | +14 | -22 | 1.8 | 3.0 |
| Boys' clothing and furnishings. . . . | 267 | $+6$ | +9 | $-10$ | 3.9 2.6 | 4.6 |
| Men's and boys' shoes and slippers. | 167 | +16 | +24 | -26 | 2.6 | 4.1 |
| Home furnishings. | 293 | $+37$ | $+13$ | +14 | 2.7 | 3.2 |
| Furniture, beds, mattresses, springs | 218 | +38 | +19 | +4 | 2.9 | 3.9 |
| Domestic floor coverings. . . . . . . . . | 241 | +28 | -4 | +5 | 2.4 | 3.0 |
| Draperies, curtains, upholstery | 274 | +12 | $+6$ | +16 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
| Major household appliances . . | 172 276 | +430 +24 | +107 +2 | +159 -2 | 0.9 1.5 | 1.8 1.9 |
| Lamps and shades. . | 212 | + 35 | +-23 | +26 | 3.7 | 4.0 |
| China and glassware. | 208 | +32 | +14 |  | 3.4 | 3.8 |
| Housewares. . . . . . . | 211 | $+60$ | +34 | +38 | 3.3 | 3.8 |
| Piece goods Cotton wash goods | 270 117 | -8 | +8 -4 | -11 -10 | 1.7 1.4 | 1.8 1.4 |
| Small wares. | 319 | +9 | +11 | +19 | 3.4 | 3.1 |
| Lace, trimmings, embroideries, ribbons. | 119 | +3 | $+6$ | +1 | 3.8 | 3.9 |
| Notions... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 204 | +13 | +15 | +15 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Toilet articles, drug sundries, and prescri | 304 | $+7$ | $+6$ | $+13$ | 3.6 | 3.4 |
| Jewelry and silverware......... | 285 | +21 +9 | $+16$ | $+24$ | 3.8 | 3.8 |
| Art needlework . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 219 213 | -9 +6 | +10 +14 | +23 +35 | 2.8 3.2 | 2.15 |
| Miscellaneous. | 276 | +23 | +11 | +18 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Luggage. . | 212 | $+37$ | +12 | +31 | 2.6 | 2.7 |
| BASEMENT STORE-total. | 203 | +7 | $+9$ | +2 | 2.2 | 2.4 |
| Women's apparel and accessories. | 189 | +2 | $+8$ | +7 | 2.1 | 2.0 |
| Men's and boys' clothing and furnishing | 154 | +15 | +13 | -20 | 2.3 | 3.4 |
| Home furnishings. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 129 | +19 | $+5$ | +8 | 2.1 | 2.4 |
| Piece goods. | 47 127 | +2 +5 | +12 +13 | -2 +2 | 1.6 3.9 | 1.7 4.1 |

NOTE.-Group totals include sales in departments not shown separately. The ratio of stocks to sales is obtained by dividing stocks at the for that month.

SALES, ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, AND COLLECTIONS

| Year and month | Index numbers, without seasonal adjustment, 1941 average $=100^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percentage of total sales |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales during month |  |  |  | Accounts receivable at end of month |  | Collections during month |  | Cash sales | Instalment sales | Chargeaccount sales |
|  | Total | Cash | Instalment | Charge account | Instalment | Charge account | Instalment | Charge account |  |  |  |
| 1945-January.. | 126 | ${ }^{1} 165$ | 57 | 96 | 43 | 97 | 80 | ${ }^{1} 168$ | 63 | 4 | 33 |
| February. | 126 | 163 | 57 | 98 | 40 | 84 | r70 | 128 | 63 | 4 | 33 |
| March. . | 178 | 230 | 73 | 141 | 40 | 96 | 77 | 120 | 63 | 3 | 34 |
| April. | 133 | 171 | 52 | 107 | 37 | 88 | 65 | 128 | 62 | 3 | 35 |
| May. | 147 | 190 | 55 | 117 | 35 | 88 | 64 | 122 | 63 | 3 | 34 |
| June. | 149 | 194 | 52 | 117 | 34 | 88 | 61 | 121 | 63 | 3 | 34 |
| July. | 121 | 163 | 48 | 88 | 32 | 76 | 57 | 117 | 66 | 3 | 31 |
| August. | 136 | 182 | 58 | 99 118 | 32 3 | 76 85 | 57 | 104 | 65 | 4 | 31 31 |
| Oeptember. | 154 190 | 245 | 63 90 | 147 | 36 | 89 | 71 | 122 | 63 | 4 | 33 |
| November | 212 | 272 | 101 | 165 | 41 | 113 | 77 | 143 | 62 | 4 | 34 |
| December. | 270 | 357 | 108 | 204 | 48 | r145 | 79 | 148 | 64 | 4 | 32 |
| 1946-January. | 142 | 186 | 64 | 107 | 45 | 108 | 82 | 190 | 64 | 4 | 32 |
| February ${ }^{p}$. | 152 | 192 | 73 | 123 | 43 | 100 | 72 | 142 | 61 | 4 | 35 |

$p$ Preliminary. $\quad \bullet$ Revised.
$\stackrel{p \text { preliminary. }}{ } \quad$ Note.-Data based on reports from a smaller group of stores than is included in the monthly index of sales shown on page 429.

April 1946

CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS
TOTAL CONSUMER CREDIT, BY MAJOR PARTS
|Estimated amounts outstanding. In millions of dollars|

| End of month or year | Total consumer credit ${ }^{1}$ | Instalment credit |  |  |  |  | Singlepayment loans ${ }^{3}$ | Charge accounts | Service credi |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Total } \\ \text { instalment } \\ \text { credit }{ }^{1}}}{ }$ | Sale credit |  |  | Loans ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total | Autnmobile | Other |  |  |  |  |
| 1929. | 7,637 | 3,167 | 2,515 | 1,318 | 1,197 | 652 | 2,125 | 1,749 | 596 |
| 1930. | 6,839 | 2,706 | 2,032 | 928 | 1,104 | 674 | 1,949 | 1,611 | 573 |
| 1931. | 5,528 | 2,214 | 1,595 | 637 | 958 | 619 | 1,402 | 1,381 | 531 |
| 1932. | 4,082 | 1,515 | 999 | 322 | 677 | 516 | 962 | 1,114 | 491 |
| 1933. | 3,905 | 1,581 | 1,122 | 459 | 663 | 459 | 776 | 1,081 | 467 |
| 1934. | 4,378 | 1,849 | 1,317 | 576 | 741 | 532 | -875 | 1,203 | 451 |
| 1935. | 5,419 | 2,607 | 1,805 2 | 940 1.289 | + 865 | +802 | 1,048 | 1,292 | 472 520 |
| 1937. | 7,467 | 3,947 | 2,752 | 1,384 | 1,368 | 1,195 | 1,504 | 1,459 | 557 |
| 1938. | 7,030 | 3,578 | 2,313 | 970 | 1,343 | 1,265 | 1,442 | 1,487. | 523 |
| 1939. | 7,981 | 4,436 | 2,792 | 1,267 | 1,525 | 1,644 | 1,468 | 1,544 | 533 |
| 1940. | 9,153 | 5,455 | 3,450 | 1,729 | 1,721 | 2,005 | 1,488 | 1,650 | 560 |
| 1941. | 9,899 | 5,924 | 3,744 | 1,942 | 1,802 | 2,180 | 1,601 | 1,764 | 610 |
| 1942. | 6,485 | 2,955 | 1,491 | 482 | 1,009 | 1,464 | 1,369 | 1,513 | 648 |
| 1943. | 5,338 | 1,961 | 814 | 175 | 639 | 1,147 | 1,192 | 1,498 | 687 |
| 1944. | 5,777 | 2,039 | 835 | 200 | 635 | 1,204 | 1,251 | 1,758 | 729 |
| 1945 | 6,734 | 2,365 | 903 | 227 | 676 | 1,462 | 1,616 | 1,981 | 772 |
| 1945-February. | 5,343 | 1,928 | 741 | 186 | 555 | 1,187 | 1,239 | 1,438 | 738 |
| March. | 5,606 | 1,952 | 731 | 184 | 547 | 1,221 | 1,244 | 1,669 | 741 |
| April. | 5,483 | 1,947 | 723 | 184 | 539 | 1,224 | 1,288 | 1,506 | 742 |
| May. | 5,541 | 1,961 | 718 | 184 | 534 | 1,243 | 1,348 | 1,488 | 744 |
| June. | 5,697 | 1,987 | 719 | 188 | 531 | 1,268 | 1,420 | 1,544 | 746 |
| July. | 5,654 | 1,992 | 712 | 192 | 520 | 1,280 | 1,452 | 1,459 | 751 |
| August. | 5,649 | 1,988 | 706 | 196 | 510 | 1,282 | 1,466 | 1,441 | 754 |
| September | 5,702 | 2,010 2 | 717 | 202 | 515 | 1,293 | 1,466 | 1,470 | 756 |
| October... | 6,000 | 2,086 2,190 | 754 805 | 210 219 | 544 586 | 1,332 1,385 | 1,490 | 1,666 | 758 |
| December. | 6,734 | 2,365 | 903 | 227 | 676 | 1,462 | 1,616 | 1,981 | 772 |
| 1946-January ${ }^{p}$. | 6,509 | 2,369 | 877 | 235 | 642 | 1,492 | 1,659 | 1,701 | 780 |
| Februaryp | 6,559 | 2,414 | 875 | 245 | 630 | 1,539 | 1.665 | 1,692 | 788 |

$p$ Preliminary
2
2 Includes repair and modernization loans insured by Federal
2
${ }^{2}$ Includes repair and modernization loans insured by Federal Housing Administration. Estimates for instalment loans of industrial banks and industrial loan companies are revised beginning January 1938; estimates for credit unions are revised beginning January 1944.
${ }^{3}$ Revised beginning June 1944 to adjust estimates of single-payment loans at commercial banks in accordance with call report figures.
CONSUMER INSTALMENT LOANS
[Estimates. In millions of dollars]

| Year or month | Amounts outstanding (end of period) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Loans made by principal lending institutions (during period) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Commercial banks ${ }^{2}$ | Small loan companies | Industrial banks ${ }^{3}$ | Industrial loan companies ${ }^{3}$ | Credit unions ${ }^{4}$ | Miscellaneous lenders | Insured repair and modernization loans ${ }^{5}$ | Commercial banks ${ }^{2}$ | Small loan companies | Industrial banks ${ }^{3}$ | Industrial loan companies ${ }^{3}$ | Credit unions ${ }^{4}$ |
| 1929 | 652 | 43 | 263 | 219 |  | 32 | 95 |  |  | 463 | 413 |  | 42 |
| 1930 | 674 | 45 | 287 | 218 |  | 31 | 93 |  |  | 503 |  |  | 41 |
| 1931 | 619 | 39 | 289 | 184 |  | 29 | 78 |  |  | 498 |  |  | 38 |
| 1932 | 516 | 31 | 257 | 143 |  | 27 | 58 |  |  | 376 |  |  | 34 |
| 1933 | 459 | 29 | 232 | 121 |  | 27 | 50 |  |  | 304 |  |  | 33 |
| 1934. | 532 | 44 | 246 | 125 |  | 32 | 60 | 25 | 69 | 384 |  |  | 42 |
| 1935. | 802 | 88 | 267 | 156 |  | 44 | 79 | 168 | 130 | 423 |  |  | 67 |
| 1936 | 1,065 | 161 | 301 | 191 |  | 66 | 102 | 244 | 248 | 563 |  |  | 105 |
| 1937 | 1,195 | 258 | 350 | 221 |  | 93 | 125 | 148 | 368 | 619 | 409 |  | 148 |
| 1938 | 1,265 | 312 | 346 | 129 - 95 |  | 112 | 117 | 154 | 460 | 604 | 238 | 176 | 179 |
| 1939 | 1,644 | 523 | 435 | 131 99 |  | 147 | 96 | 213 | 680 | 763 | 261 | 194 | 257 |
| 1940 | 2,005 | 692 | 505 | $132-104$ |  | 189 | 99 | 284 | 1,017 | 927 | 255 | 198 | 320 |
| 1941 | 2,180 | 784 | 535 | 134 | 107 | 217 | 102 | 301 | 1,198 | 983 | 255 | 203 | 372 |
| 1942 | 1,464 | 426 | 424 | 89 | 72 | 147 | 91 | 215 | 1,792 | 798 | 182 | 146 | 247 |
| 1943 | 1,147 | 312 | 372 | 67 | 59 | 123 | 86 | 128 | 636 | 809 | 151 | 128 | 228 |
| 1944 | 1,204 | 358 | 388 | 68 | 60 | 122 | 88 | 120 | 744 | 876 | 155 | 139 | 230 |
| 1945. | 1,462 | 471 | 445 | 76 | 70 | 128 | 93 | 179 | 938 | 978 | 166 | 151 | 228 |
| 1945-February . | 1,187 | 357 | 372 | 66 | 60 | 118 | 86 | 128 | 62 | 56 | 11 | 10 | 16 |
| March. | 1,221 | 374 | 381 | 68 | 61 | 120 | 87 | 130 | 82 | 94 | 15 | 14 | 22 |
| April. | 1,224 | 377 | 381 | 68 | 60 | 119 | 87 | 132 | 69 | 70 | 12 | 11 | 18 |
| May.. | 1,243 | 388 | 384 | 69 | 61 | 120 | 87 | 134 | 75 | 78 | 14 | 13 | 20 |
| June. | 1,268 | 400 | 389 | 70 | 63 | 122 | 88 | 136 | 81 | 82 | 14 | 13 | 21 |
| July... | 1,280 | 406 | 391 | 70 | 63 | 122 | 88 | 140 | 75 | 76 | 13 | 12 | 18 |
| August | 1,282 | 406 | 389 | 70 | 63 | 121 | 88 | 145 | 73 | 71 | 13 | 11 | 18 |
| September | 1,293 | 413 | 387 | 70 | 64 | 120 | 87 | 152 | 72 | 74 | 13 | 12 | 16 |
| October... | 1,332 | 428 | 395 | 71 | 64 | 121 | 88 | 165 | 88 | 89 | 16 | 14 | 20 |
| November | 1,385 | 448 | 409 | 73 | 67 | 124 | 90 | 174 | 94 | 97 | 15 | 14 | 21 |
| 1046 December. | 1,462 | 471 | 445 | 76 | 70 | 128 | 93 | 179 | 101 | 133 | 18 | 16 | 23 |
| 1946-January ${ }^{\text {P }}$. | 1,492 | 494 | 446 | 76 | 71 | 127 | 93 | 185 | 104 | 76 | 14 | 14 | 19 |
| February ${ }^{p}$ | 1,539 | 521 | 452 | 78 | 72 | 128 | 94 | 194 | 105 | 80 | 14 | 14 | 19 |

[^18]CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS-Continued

CONSUMER INSTALMENT SALE CREDIT, EXCLUDING AUTOMOBILE CREDIT

| AUTOMOBILE CREDIT <br> [Estimated amounts outstanding. In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  | BANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT [Estimates. In millions of dollarsl |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| End of year or month | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Total, } \\ \text { excluding } \\ \text { auto } \\ \text { mobile } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Dept. stores and mailorder houses | Furniture stores | Household appliance stores | Jewelry stores | All other retail stores | Year or month | Total | Automobile retail |  | Other retail, purchased and direct | Repai and moderniza tion loans ${ }^{1}$ | Per- <br> sonal <br> instal <br> ment <br> cash <br> loans |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Purchased | Direct loans |  |  |  |
| 1929. | 1,197 | 160 | 583 | 265 | 50 | 133 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1930 | 1,104 | 155 | 539 | 222 | 47 | 141 | Outstanding at end of |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19321. | 958 677 | 138 103 | 454 313 | 185 | 45 30 | 136 | period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1933. | 663 | 119 | 299 | 119 | 29 | 97 | 1940 | 1,450 | 311 | 153 | 157 | 247 | 422 |
| 1934 | 741 | 146 | 314 | 131 | 35 | 115 | 1941 | 1,694 | 411 | 310 | 288 | 234 | 451 |
| 1935 | - 865 | 186 | 336 | 171 | 40 | 132 | 1942 | 845 | 136 | 123 | 143 | 154 | 289 |
| 1936 | 1,147 | 256 | 406 | 255 | 56 | 174 | 1943 | 514 | 55 | 81 | 68 | 89 | 221 |
| 1937. | 1,368 | 314 | 469 | 307 | 68 | 210 | 1944 | 559 | 57 | 99 | 75 | 83 | 245 |
|  | 1,343 | 302 | 485 | 266 | 70 | 220 | 1945 | 731 | 65 | 146 | 97 | 121 | 302 |
| 1939. | 1,525 | 377 439 | 536 599 | 273 302 | $\begin{array}{r}93 \\ 110 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | 246 | 1945-March | 573 | 56 | 107 | 76 | 84 | 250 |
| 1941 | 1,802 | 466 | 619 | 313 | 120 | 284 | April. | 579 | 55 | 109 | 77 | 86 | 252 |
| 1942. | 1,009 | 252 | 391 | 130 | 77 | 159 | May. | 592 | 55 | 112 | 78 | 89 | 258 |
| 1943. | 639 | 172 | 271 | 29 | 66 | 101 | June. | 609 | 56 | 116 | 79 | 93 | 265 |
| 1944. | 635 | 183 | 269 | 13 | 70 | 100 | July. | 619 | 56 | 118 | 79 | $\begin{array}{r}96 \\ 100 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 270 267 |
| 1945. | 676 | 198 | 283 | 14 | 74 | 107 | $\stackrel{\text { August.... }}{\text { September }}$ | 622 633 | 57 | 119 122 128 | 79 79 | 100 103 | 271 |
| Mar.... | 547 | 162 | 238 | 11 | 50 | 86 | October... | 659 | 60 | 128 | 83 | 109 | 279 |
| Apr. | 539 | 158 | 237 | 11 | 48 | 85 | November. | 694 | 62 | 135 | 90 | 116 | 291 |
| May | 534 | 154 | 238 | 10 | 48 | 84 | December | 731 | 65 | 146 | 97 | 121 | 302 |
| June. | 531 | 150 | 237 | 11 | 49 | 84 | 1946-January ${ }^{\text {p }}$. | 772 | 70 | 155 | 107 | 125 | 315 |
| July. | 520 510 | 145 | 235 | 11 | 47 | 82 | February ${ }^{\text {p }}$. | 807 | 73 | 164 | 110 | 131 | 329 |
| Aug. | 510 | 142 | 232 | 11 | 45 | 80 | Volume extended dur- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oct. | 544 | 156 | 247 | 11 | 44 | 88 | ing month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nov. | 586 | 173 | 262 | 12 | 47 | 92 | 1945-March | 114 | 12 | 24 | 15 | 9 | 54 |
| Dec... | 676 | 198 | 283 | 14 | 74 | 107 | April. | 101 | 9 | 21 | 16 | 10 | 45 |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  | May | 110 | 10 | 22 | 18 | 10 | 50 |
| Jan.p. | 642 | 189 | 272 | 14 | 66 | 101 | June | 116 | 12 | $\stackrel{24}{22}$ | 15 | 11 | 53 50 |
| Feb. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 630 | 183 | 274 | 14 | 60 | 99 | Augu | 108 | 11 | 23 | 15 | 12 | 47 |
| CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF INDUSTRIAL BANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT <br> [Estimates. In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  | September. | 106 | 12 | 23 | 13 | 12 | 46 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | October. | 131 | 13 | 28 | 19 | 15 | 56 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | November. | 140 | 14 14 | 29 32 | 24 | 16 | 60 |
| Year and month |  | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Retail instalment paper ${ }^{3}$ |  | Repair and mojernization loans ${ }^{1}$ | Personal instalment cash loans | 1946-January ${ }^{p}$ | 157 154 | 19 | $\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ 34 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | 14 15 | 63 |
|  |  | Auto- | Other | CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF INDUSTRIAL LOAN COMPANIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT <br> [Estimates. In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | mobile | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Outstanding at end of period ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 -Jun |  |  | 202.5 | 53.5 | 18.4 | 18.2 |  | Year and month | Total ${ }^{2}$ | Retail instalment paper ${ }^{3}$ |  | Repair and modernization loans 1 |  | Persona instalment cash loans |
| 1942-June.. |  | 196.8 | 49.3 | 18.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 18.2 \\ & 18.6 \\ & 16.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 112.4 \\ & 110.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 162.4 125.4 | 34.3 21.4 | 16.3 |  | 95.3 | Automobile |  |  | Other |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943-June........ |  | 100.2 | 14.4 | 8.8 | 14.1 | 62.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944- Jecember.... |  | 91.8 | 12.6 | 7.7 | 14.0 | 57.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 88.9 | 12.3 | 7.3 | 13.6 | 55.7 | Outstanding at end |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February..... |  | 87.7 | 12.0 | 7.1 | 13.3 | 55.3 | of period ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March....... |  | 89.1 | 12.1 | 7.0 | 13.0 | 57.0 | 1941-June... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 87.6 | 12.1 | 6.8 | 12.8 | 55.9 | December | 130.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May........... |  | 88.1 | 12.4 | 6.8 | 12.8 | 56.1 | 1942-June..... | 110.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June.......... |  | 89.6 | 12.5 | 6.8 | 12.9 | 57.4 | December | 84.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 90.0 | 12.9 | 6.8 | 13.0 | 57.3 | 1943-June..... | 70.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July... |  | 90.8 | 13.1 | 6.9 | 13.3 | 57.5 | December | 65.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August....... |  | 91.1 | 13.1 | 7.2 | 13.4 | 57.4 | 1944-June. . . . | 66.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oeptemer...... |  | 90.8 91.2 | 13.1 13.1 | 7.3 | 13.5 | 56.9 57.1 | December | 67.1 | 10.5 | 3.8 |  | 1.1 | 51.7 |  |
| November....Necember. |  | 92.0 | 13.0 | 7.8 | 13.4 | 57.8 | 1945-January.. | 66.6 | 10.0 | 3.8 |  | . 1 | 51.7 |  |
| 1945-January...... |  | 90.8 | 12.7 | 7.6 | 13.1 | 57.4 | February | 66.3 67.3 | 10.0 9.8 | 3.7 3.8 |  | . 1 | 51.5 52.6 |  |
| 1945-- ${ }_{\text {Fanuary }}^{\text {February ..... }}$ |  | 89.5 | 12.6 | 7.5 | 13.1 | 56.4 | March | 67.3 66.6 | 9.8 9.4 | 3.8 3.5 |  | . 2 | 52.6 52.5 |  |
| March. |  | 91.1 | 12.7 | 7.4 | 13.1 | 57.9 | Apris | 68.2 | 9.4 | 3.6 |  | . 2 | 54.0 |  |
| March |  | 91.1 | 12.5 | 7.5 | 13.3 | 57.8 |  | 69.6 | 9.2 | 3.7 |  | . 3 | 55.4 |  |
| May |  | 92.6 94.6 | 12.6 12.8 | 7.5 | 13.6 14.2 | 58.9 59.9 | July. | 70.0 | 9.6 | 3.8 |  | . 3 | 55.3 |  |
| June. |  | 95.1 | 12.8 | 7.8 | 14.6 | 59.9 59.9 | August.... | 69.3 | 9.6 | 3.7 3.8 |  | . 3 | 54.7 |  |
| July... |  | 95.1 | 12.7 | 7.9 | 14.6 14.9 | 59.6 | September | 70.4 | 9.6 | 3.8 3.9 |  | . 4 | 55.6 56.0 |  |
| August...... |  | 95.7 | 12.6 | 8.0 | 15.4 | 59.7 | October... | 71.8 | 10.0 10.6 | 3.8 4.0 |  | . 6 | 57.6 |  |
| October...... |  | 97.7 | 13.1 | 8.4 | 16.2 | 60.0 | Devember. | 76.7 | 11.0 | 4.0 |  | . 5 | 60.2 |  |
| October.....November... |  | 100.9 | 13.6 | 9.0 | 16.8 | 61.5 |  | 77.7 | 11.3 | 4.0 |  | . 6 | 60.8 |  |
| 1946-January ${ }^{\text {D }}$. ${ }^{\text {De.... }}$ |  | 105.5 | 14.3 | 9.8 | 17.2 18.0 | 63.3 63.3 | 1946-January ${ }^{\text {February }}$ | 79.6 | 12.5 | 4.1 |  | . 6 | 61.4 |  |
| February ${ }^{p}$.... <br> Volume extended during month ${ }^{5}$ 1945-January. |  | 107.2 | 14.7 | 10.1 | 18.2 | 64.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | olume extended during month ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 9.3 |  |
|  |  | 15.4 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 10.8 | 1945-January.. | 11.7 | 1.5 | 0.8 |  | . 1 | 8.7 |  |
| 1945-January......February.... |  | 14.3 18.0 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 10.0 | March. | 15.0 | 1.9 2.2 | 0.6 |  | . 1 | 11.8 |  |
| March. |  | 18.0 14.9 | 2.6 2.4 | 1.3 1.1 | 1.3 1.3 | 12.8 10.1 | April. | 12.5 | 2.2 | 0.6 |  | . 1 | 9.6 |  |
|  |  | 17.1 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 11.9 | May. | 14.1 | 2.0 2.3 | 0.7 0.6 |  | . 2 | 11.2 |  |
| June. |  | 18.0 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 12.4 | June. | 13.4 | 2.3 2.4 | 0.6 |  | . 2 | 10.1 |  |
|  |  | 16.2 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 11.0 | August.. | 13.1 | 2.2 | 0.7 |  | . 2 | 10.0 |  |
| August....... |  | 15.8 16.4 | 2.1 2.2 | 1.3 1.3 | 1.5 1.6 | 10.9 11.3 | September. | 13.8 | 2.2 | 0.7 |  | . 2 | 10.7 |  |
| October...... |  | 19.7 | $\frac{2.1}{2.7}$ | 1.7 | 1.6 2.1 | 113.2 | October... | 16.0 | 2.6 | 1.0 |  | . 2 | 12.2 12.2 |  |
| November.... |  | 19.9 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 12.8 | November | 16.8 | 2.7 | 1.8 |  | . 2 | 14.1 |  |
| 1946-January ${ }^{\text {J }}$, ${ }^{\text {Jecember }}$ February ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 21.3 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 14.6 12.1 | 1946-Jantuaryp ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 18.8 18.0 | 3.2 3.0 | 1.7 1.7 | 1.8 1.6 | 12.1 11.7 | 1946-January ${ }^{p}$, | 15.7 15.4 | 2.7 2.6 | 0.7 0.8 |  | . 1 | 12.2 11.9 |  |

CONSUMER INSTALMENT CREDITS OF COMMERCIAL ANKS, BY TYPE OF CREDIT LONSUMER CON COMPANIES, BY TYPE OF CREDIT
[Estimates. In millions of dollars]

Includes not only loans insured by Federal Housing Administration but also noninsured loans. $\quad$ preliminary,
2 For monthly estimates for $1938-1944$ see p. 434. $\quad 3$ Includes both direct loans and paper purchased
${ }^{4}$ Data by type of credit not available prior to 1941 ; available only on semi-annual basis prior to 1944
5 Data by type of credit not available prior to January 1945 . ${ }^{6}$ Data by type of credit not available prior to December 1944.

# CONSUMER CREDIT STATISTICS-Continued 

TOTAL INSTALMENT CREDITS OF INDUSTRIAL BANKS
[Estimated amounts. In million of dollars]

| Month | Amount outstanding, end of month |  |  |  |  |  |  | Month | Volume extended during month |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 |  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 |
| January | 163 | 174 | 184 | 191 | 189 | 118 | 89 | January. | 22 | 27 | 29 | 30 | 26 | 16 | 15 |
| February | 162 | 173 | 184 | 191 | 184 | 112 | 88 | February. | 21 | 26 | 28 | 28 | 23 | 17 | 16 |
| March. | 165 | 175 | 186 | 193 | 179 | 110 | 89 | March. | 27 | 29 | 33 | 33 | 27 | 22 | 21 |
| April. | 165 | 177 | 187 | 196 | 174 | 106 | 88 | April. | 27 | 30 | 33 | 34 | 23 | 17 | 16 |
| May | 167 | 178 | 190 | 199 | 167 | 101 | 88 | May. | 27 | 31 | 33 | 35 | 20 | 16 | 18 |
| June | 170 | 181 | 192 | 203 | 162 | 100 | 90 | June. | 29 | 34 | 32 | 34 | 23 | 19 | 19 |
| July. | 171 | 182 | 191 | 205 | 157 | 97 | 90 | July . | 26 | 30 | 31 | 33 | 21 | 16 | 17 |
| August | 170 | 182 | 190 | 207 | 153 | 95 | 91 | August | 26 | 29 | 29 | 31 | 21 | 16 | 18 |
| September | 171 | 183 | 191 | 205 | 147 | 95 | 91 | September | 25 | 30 | 28 | 29 | 21 | 18 | 17 |
| October... | 169 | 182 | 190 | 203 | 138 | 94 | 91 | October.. | 25 | 30 | 29 | 29 | 19 | 18 | 17 |
| November | 170 | 182 | 190 | 200 | 131 | 92 | 91 | November. | 27 | 28 | 29 | 27 | 16 | 17 | 17 |
| December. | 173 | 185 | 192 | 197 | 125 | 92 | 92 | December. | 32 | 34 | 32 | 30 | 19 | 18 | 19 |

Note, -These figures include personal instalment cash loans, retail instalment paper (both loans made directly to consumers and paper purchased from dealers), and repair and modernization loans. Figures beginning January 1945 appear in table on p. 433.

TOTAL INSTALMENT CREDITS OF INDUSTRIAL LOAN COMPANIES
[Estimated amounts. In millions of dollars]

| Month | Amount outstanding, end of month |  |  |  |  |  |  | Month | Volume extended during month |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 |  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 |
| January. | 110 | 115 | 120 | 128 | 125 | 80 | 64 | January. | 15 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 17 | 11 | 11 |
| February | 109 | 115 | 120 | 128 | 122 | 77 | 65 | February | 14 | 17 | 19 | 19 | 15 | 12 | 12 |
| March. . | 111 | 116 | 122 | 130 | 120 | 76 | 66 | March. | 18 | 19 | 21 | 23 | 18 | 15 | 15 |
| April. | 111 | 116 | 122 | 132 | 118 | 74 | 65 | April. . | 18 | 20 | 22 | 23 | 16 | 12 | 12 |
| May. | 112 | 117 | 125 | 135 | 113 | 71 | 65 | May. | 18 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 14 | 12 | 13 |
| June. | 114 | 119 | 127 | 137 | 110 | 70 | 67 | June. | 19 | 22 | 21 | 23 | 15 | 12 | 14 |
| July. | 114 | 120 | 126 | 138 | 107 | 68 | 66 | July . | 18 | 20 | 20 | 22 | 14 | 12 | 13 |
| August | 113 | 119 | 126 | 138 | 104 | 67 | 66 | August | 17 | 19 | 19 | 21 | 14 | 11 | 13 |
| September. | 114 | 120 | 127 | 137 | 99 | 67 | 66 | September | 16 | 20 | 18 | 19 | 13 | 12 | 12 |
| October. . | 113 | 119 | 127 | 135 | 93 | 66 | 66 | October... | 17 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 13 | 12 | 13 |
| November . | 113 | 119 | 127 | 132 | 88 | 65 | 66 | November. | 18 | 19 | 20 | 18 | 11 | 12 | 12 |
| December. | 115 | 121 | 128 | 130 | 84 | 66 | 67 | December. | 22 | 22 | 22 | 20 | 13 | 13 | 14 |

Note.-These figures include personal instalment cash loans, retail instalment paper (both loans made directly to consumers and paper purchased from dealers), and repair and modernization loans. Figures beginning January 1945 appear in table on p. 433.

|  | Percentage change from preceding month |  |  | Percentage change from corresponding month of preceding year |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1946^{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1946 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1945 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1946 \text { p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1946 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1945 |
| Net sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | +8 | -29 | $r+14$ | +49 | +41 | +16 |
| Cash sales........... | +5 | -31 | +28 | +76 | $+63$ | $+30$ |
| Credintalment. . . . . . . | +7 | -32 | +7 | +42 | +41 | +12 |
| Charge account..... | +9 | -24 | $r+14$ | +50 | $+22$ | ${ }^{+}+14$ |
| Accounts receivable, at end of month: | $+1$ | -7 | +9 |  |  |  |
| Instalment........... | +1 +1 | -5 | +9 +10 | +10 +11 | +5 +8 | +4 +6 |
| Collections during month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total..... | -7 | $+10$ | -2 | +23 | +18 | +12 |
| Instalment. | -7 | +4 | -1 | +24 | +24 | +11 |
| Inventories, end of month, at retail value | $+7$ | +5 | -10 | +10 | +11 | $r+7$ |

p Preliminary

[^19]RATIO OF COLLECTIONS TO ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE ${ }^{1}$

| Year and month | Instalment accounts |  |  |  | Charge accounts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Department stores | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Furni- } \\ & \text { ture } \\ & \text { stores } \end{aligned}$ | Household appliance stores | Jewelry stores | Department stores |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |
| January... | 32 | 21 | 35 | 29 | 61 |
| February. | 30 | 21 | 32 | 28 | 61 |
| March. | 36 | 24 | 36 | 32 | 66 |
| April. | 30 | 22 | 36 | 30 | 61 |
| May. | 32 | 23 | 40 | 33 | 64 |
| June. | 32 | 23 | 43 | 33 | 64 |
| July. | 31 | 24 | 42 | 31 | 62 |
| August. | 33 | 23 | 48 | 31 | 63 |
| September | 35 | 23 | 49 | 30 | 63 |
| October. | 40 | 27 | 52 | 31 | 66 |
| November | 40 | 27 | 51 | 35 | 67 |
| December.......... | 36 | 24 | 48 | 46 | 61 |
| January 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |
| January... | 32 | 25 | 52 | 32 | 61 |
| February ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 30 | 24 | 52 | 31 | 61 |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary
ning of month
[Index numbers of the Bureau of Labor Statistics. 1926=100]


Back figures.-Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor.
[Estimates of the Department of Commerce. In billions of dollars]

|  | Annual totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1945 by quarters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 | Unadjusted |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted annual rates |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Gross national product...... <br> Government expenditures for goods and services.. Federal Government........ | 87.7 | 80.6 | 88.6 | 97.1 | 120.2 | 152.3 | 187.4 | 197.6 | 197.3 | 49.8 | 51.8 | 48.7 | 47.0 | 204.5 | 206.3 | 195.7 | 182.8 |
|  | 13.6 | 14.4 | 16.0 | 16.7 | 26.5 | 62.7 | 93.5 | 97.1 | 83.0 | 24.0 | 25.1 | 19.5 | 14.5 | 95.6 | 99.2 | 79.5 | 57.7 |
|  | 6.1 | 6.8 | 7.9 | 8.8 | 18.6 | 55.3 | 86.2 | 89.5 | 75.1 | 21.9 | 23.1 | 17.7 | 12.4 | 87.8 | 91.3 | 71.6 | 49.8 |
| Wa |  |  | 1.4 | 2.8 | 13.3 | 50.3 | 81.3 | 83.7 | 69.0 | 20.5 | 21.3 | 16.3 | 10.8 | 82.2 | 85.3 | 65.2 | 43.3 |
| Nonwar |  |  | 6.5 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 6.5 |
| State and local governments. | 7.5 | 7.6 | 8.1 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 8.0 |
| Private gross capital formation. | 11.6 | 7.7 | 10.9 | 14.8 | 19.1 | 7.6 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 9.4 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 7.1 | 12.5 | 14.2 |
| Construction. . . . . . . . . . | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 2.9 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.7 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.8 | ${ }^{2} 2.3$ | 2.9 | 3.7 |
| Residential |  |  | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Other.................. |  |  | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Producers durable equipment. | 6.3 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 6.9 | 8.9 | 5.1 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 6.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 5.2 | 6.1 | 7.0 | 7.2 |
| Net change in business inventories. | 1.1 | -1.3 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 3.5 | -0.5 | -0.6 | $-1.7$ | (1) | ( ${ }^{1}$ | -0.2 | 0.4 | -0.2 | -1.3 | -0.2 | 0.2 | 1.6 |
| Net exports of goods and services. | 0.1 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 1.2 | (I) | -1.5 | $-1.8$ | 0.4 | $-0.4$ | $-0.2$ | 0.6 | 0.5 | $-1.7$ | -1.0 | 2.5 | 1.9 |
| Net exports and monetary use of gold and silver... | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | (1) | $-0.1$ | $-0.1$ | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 |
| Consumer goods and services... | 62.5 | 58.5 | 61.7 | 65.7 | 74.6 | 82.0 | 91.3 | 98.5 | 104.9 | 24.7 | 25.0 | 25.7 | 29.5 | 105.0 | 100.0 | 103.7 | 110.9 |
| Durable goods.. | 7.6 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 7.4 | 9.1 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 7.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.5 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 8.4 |
| Nondurable good |  | 52.5 | 32.6 | 34.4 | 40.1 | 47.9 | 55.1 | 60.0 | 64.4 | 15.0 | 14.9 | 15.7 | 18.8 | 65.2 | 59.5 | 63.3 | 69.5 |
| Services..... | , 54.9 | $i^{52.5}$ | 22.7 | 23.9 | 25.4 | 27.8 | 29.7 | 31.8 | 33.1 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 32.6 | 33.7 | 33.3 | 33.0 |
| Gross national product | 87.7 | 80.6 | 88.6 | 97.1 | 120.2 | 152.3 | 187.4 | 197.6 | 197.3 | 49.8 | 51.8 | 48.7 | 47.0 | 204.5 | 206.3 | 195.7 | 182.8 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business tax and nontax liabilities. | 9.0 | 8.3 | 10.4 | 12.4 | 18.5 | 23. | 27.4 | 29.7 | 28.6 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 6.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and depletion. | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Other business reserves.... | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Capital outlay charged to current expense......... | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustments: |  |  |  |  | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |
| For inventory revaluation | -0.7 | +0.9 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -3.2 | -2.1 | -0.2 | $-0.1$ | (1) | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) |  |  |  |  |
| For discrepancies......... | 0 71. | 0 | ${ }^{0}$ | $-0.4$ | $-1.1$ | -0.2 | 1.5 | $-2.2$ | -2.0 | $-0.8$ | 0.6 | -0.8 | $-1.0$ |  |  |  |  |
| National income. . . . | 71.5 | 64.2 | 70.8 | 77.6 | 96.9 | 122.2 | 149.4 | 160.7 | 161.0 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 39.8 | 39.0 | 167.6 | 166.2 | 158.4 | 150.7 |
| Additions: <br> Transfer payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfer payments........ Deductions: | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 5.3 | 8.1 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 3.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate savings. . . . . . . | -0.8 | -1.5 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions to social insurance funds. | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.8 | , 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Income payments to individuals. | 72.3 | 66.2 | 70.8 | 76.2 | 92.7 | 117.3 | 143.1 | 156.8 | 160.7 | 39.8 | 40.4 | 39.7 | 40.9 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 72.3 | 66.2 | 70.8 | 76.2 | 92.7 | 117.3 | 143.1 | 156.8 | 160.7 | 39.8 | 40.4 | 39.7 | 40.9 | 163.7 | 163.2 | 158.6 | 156.9 |
| Income payments to individuals. | 72.3 | 66.2 | 70.8 | 76.2 | 92.7 | 117.3 | 143.1 | 156.8 | 160.7 | 39.8 | 40.4 | 39.7 | 40.9 | 163.7 | 163.2 | 158.6 | 156.9 |
| Personal laxes and nontax |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18. | 10. | 21.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| payments. | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 18.6 | 19.4 | 21.0 | 8.7 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 22.1 | 21.7 | 20.6 | 19.7 |
| Federal. | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 4.7 | 16.6 | 17.4 | 18.9 | 8.1 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 20.0 | 19.5 | 18.5 | 17.6 |
| State and local. . | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Disposable income of individuals. | 69.2 | 62.9 | 67.7 | 72.9 | 88.7 | 110.6 | 124.6 | 137.4 | 139.7 | 31.1 | 35.5 | 35.9 | 37.2 | 141.7 | 141.6 | 138.0 | 137.3 |
| Consumer expenditures | 62.5 | 58.5 | 61.7 | 65.7 | 74.6 | 82.0 | 91.3 | 98.5 | 104.9 | 24.7 | 25.0 | 25.7 | 29.5 | 105.0 | 100.0 | 103.7 | 110.9 |
| Net savings of individuals. . | 6.7 | 4.4 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 14.2 | 28.6 | 33.3 | 38.9 | 34.9 | 6.4 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 7.7 | 36.7 | 41.6 | 34.3 | 26.4 |
| National income | 71.5 | 64.2 | 70.8 | 77.6 | 96.9 | 122.2 | 149.4 | 160.7 | 161.0 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 39.8 | 39.0 | 167.6 | 166.2 | 158.4 | 150.7 |
| Tolal compensation of employees | 48.3 | 45.1 | 48.1 | 52.3 | 64.5 | 84.1 | 106.3 | 116.0 | 114.5 | 29.8 | 29.8 | 28.2 | 26.7 | 119.6 | 118.3 | 113.0 | 105.7 |
| Salaries and wages | 45.0 | 41.2 | 44.2 | 48.6 | 60.8 | 80.8 | 103.1 | 112.8 | 111.4 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 27.5 | 26.0 | 116.4 | 115.1 | 110.0 | 102.7 |
| Supplements. | 3.3 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.9 |
| Net income of proprietors | 11.9 | 10.1 | 11.2 | 12.0 | 15.8 | 20.6 | 23.5 | 24.1 | 25.6 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 7.5 | 26.3 | 25.8 | 25.1 | 26.0 |
| Agricultural. . | 5.1 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 6.3 | 9.7 | 11.9 | 11.8 | 12.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 13.3 | 13.2 | 12.2 | 12.1 |
| Nonagricultural. | 6.8 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 7.6 | 9.6 | 10.9 | 11.6 | 12.3 | 13.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 13.0 | 12.6 | 12.9 | 13.9 |
| Interest and net rents | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 9.7. | 10.6 | 11.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 11.4 | 11.7 | 11.9 | 12.2 |
| Net corporate profit | 3.9 | 1.7 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 8.5 | 8.7 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 8.4 | 6.8 |
| Dividends... | 4.7 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Savings. | -0.8 | -1.5 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |

[^20]Note.-Detail does not always add to totals because of rounding. For a general description of above series see the Survey of Current Business, for May and August 1942, and March 1943.

Back figures: For annual totals 1929 through 1936, see the Survey of Current Business, May 1942 and April 1944. For quarterly estimates 1929 through 1944, see the Survey of Current Business for April 1944 and February 1946.


For footnotes see page 438.
April 1946


[^21]${ }^{1}$ Figures for other thain Wednesday dates are shown under the Wednesday included in the weekly period
${ }^{2}$ For charts on pages 20. 23,24, 26, and 27, figures for a more recent period are available in the regular Bulletin tables that show those series.
: Adjusted for seasonal variation.

- Figures available for June and December dates only.
* Copies of the Chart Book may be obtained at a price of 50 cents each.

NUMBER OF BANKING OFFICES IN THE UNITED STATES

|  |  | Commercial banks ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mutual savings banks |  | Nonreporting banks (nonmember noninsured) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Member banks |  |  | Nonmember banks ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | $\mathrm{Na}-$ tional | State ${ }^{2}$ | Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { In- } \\ \text { sured } \end{gathered}$ | Non- insured 1 | Insured ${ }^{2}$ | Noninsured |  |
| Banks (Head Offices) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31, 1942 | 14,682 | 14,136 | 6,679 | 5,081 | 1,598 | 7,460 | 6,667 | 793 | 56 | 490 | 130 |
| Dec. 31, 1943 | 14,579 | 14,034 | 6,738 | 5,040 | 1,698 | 7,299 | 6,535 | 764 | 184 | 361 | 119 |
| Dec. 31, 1944. | 14,535 | 13,992 | 6,814 | 5,025 | 1,789 | 7,181 | 6,452 | 729 | 192 | 351 | 120 |
| Dec. 31, 1945. | 14,553 | 14,011 | 6,884 | 5,017 | 1,867 | 7.130 | 6,416 | 714 | 192 | 350 | 112 |
| Feb. 28, $1946{ }^{p}$ | 14,558 | 14,017 | 6,888 | 5,018 | 1,870 | 7,132 | 6,425 | 707 | 191 | 350 | 112 |
| Branches and Additional Offiçes ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31, 1942. | 3,739 | 3,602 | 2,615 | 1,592 | 1,023 | 987 | 935 | 52 | 35 | 102 |  |
| Dec. 31, 1943. | 3,933 | 3,797 | 2,793 | 1,741 | 1,052 | 1,004 | 952 | 52 | 95 | 41 |  |
| Dec. 31, 1944. | 4,064 | 3,924 | 2,892 | 1,813 | 1,079 | 1,032 | 978 | 54 | 99 | 41 |  |
| Dec. 31, 1945:. | 4,090 | 3,947 | 2,910 | 1,811 | 1,099 | 1,037 | 981 | 56 | 101 | 42 |  |
| Feb. 28, $1946{ }^{p}$. | 4,076 | 3,933 | 2,900 | 1,795 | 1,105 | 1,033 | 977 | 56 | 101 | 42 |  |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
${ }^{1}$. Excludes banks (shown in last column) that do not report to State banking departments, principally as follows on the latest date: 11 "cooperative" banks in Arkansas and 99 unincorporated (private) banks in Georgia, Iowa, Michigan, and Texas.
${ }^{2}$ The State member bank figures and the insured mutual savings bank ligures both include three member mutual savings banks. These banks are not included in the total for "Commercial banks" and are included only once in "All reporting banks."
${ }^{3}$ Includes all branches and other additional offices at which deposits are received, checks paid, or money lent. Includes offices at military reservations, consisting mostly of "banking facilities" provided through arrangements made by the Treasury Department with banks designated as depositaries and financial agents of the Government; the number of such offices on the above dates was 40, 233,308, 241, and 217, respectively.

Nore.-Prior to February 1946, statistics on number of banking offices were published quarterly. For back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 1 and 14, pp. 16-17 and 52-53, and descriptive text, pp. 13-14.

NUMBER OF BANKS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO FEDERAL RESERVE PAR LIST STATUS,
BY DISTRICTS AND STATES


## INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL. STATISTICS

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Gold movements ..... 442
Net capital movements to United States since January 2, 1935 ..... 443-448
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Money rates in foreign countries ..... 453
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Foreign exchange rates ..... 455
Price movements:
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Security prices ..... 457

Tables on the following pages include the principal available statistics of current significance relating to gold, international capital transactions of the United States, and financial developments abroad. The data are compiled for the most part from regularly published sources such as central and commercial bank statements and official statistical bulletins, some data are reported to the Board directly. Figures on international capital transactions of the United States are collected by the Federal Reserve Banks from banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers in the United States in accordance with the Treasury Regulation of November 12, 1934. Back figures for all except price tables, together with descriptive text, may be obtained from the Board's publication, Banking and Monetary Statistics.
[In millions of dollars]

| End of month | United States | Ar-gentina ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bel- } \\ & \text { gium } \end{aligned}$ | Brazil | British India | Canada | Chile | $\underset{\text { Co- }}{\mathrm{Co}}$ | Cuba | $\begin{gathered} \text { Czecho- } \\ \text { slo- } \\ \text { vakia } \end{gathered}$ | Denmark | Egypt | France | Germany | Greece |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1938--Dec. | 14,512 | 431 | 581 | 32 | 274 | 192 | 30 | 24 |  | 83 | 53 | 55 | 2,430 | 29 | 27 |
| 1939-Dec. | 17,644 | 466 | 609 | 40 | 274 | 214 | 30 | 21 | 1 | 56 | 53 | 55 | 2,709 | 29 | 28 |
| 1940-Dec. | 21,995 | 353 | 734 | 51 | 274 | 27 | 30 | 17 | 1 | 58 | 52 | 52 | 2,000 | 29 | 28 |
| 1941-Dec. | 22,737 | 354 | 734 | 70 | 274 | 5 | 31 | 16 | 1 | 61 | 44 | 52 | 2,000 | 29 | 28 |
| 1942-Dec | 22,726 | ${ }^{1} 658$ | 735 | 115 | 274 | 6 | 36 | 25 | 16 | 61 | 44 | 52 | 2,000 | 29 | 28 |
| 1943-Dec. | 21,938 | 1939 | 734 | 254 | 274 | 5 | 54 | 59 | 46 | 61 | 44 | 52 | 2,000 | 29 | 28 |
| 1944-Dec. | 20,619 | 11,111 |  | 329 | 274 | 6 | 79 | 92 | 111 | 61 | 44 | 52 | 1,777 | 29 | 28 |
| 1945-Mar | 20,419 | 409 | 715 | 341 | 274 | 5 | 80 | 97 | 131 | 61 | 44 | 52 | 1,777 |  | 28 |
| Apr. | 20,374 | 409 | 715 | 341 | 274 |  | 80 | 99 | 141 | 61 | 44 | 52 | 1,777 |  | 28 |
| May | 20,270 | 409 | 714 | 342 | 274 | 4 | 81 | 100 | 151 | 61 | 44 | 52 | 1,777 |  |  |
| June | 20,213 | 409 | 713 | 342 | 274 | 6 | 80 | 102 | 166 | 61 | 44 | 52 |  |  |  |
| July | 20,152 | 409 | 712 | 342 | 274 | 7 | 82 | 103 | 171 | 61 | 44 | 52 |  |  |  |
| Aug. | 20,078 | 409 | 712 | 352 352 | 274 274 | 6 | 88 | 104 | 176 176 | 61 | 44 | 52 52 | 1,777 1,777 |  |  |
| Oct. | 20,036 | 407 | 698 | 357 | 274 | 5 | 82 | 114 | 186 | 61 | 44 | 52 | 1,540 |  |  |
| Nov. | 20,030 | 404 | 711 | 356 | 274 | 5 | 82 | 115 |  | 61 | 44 | 52 | 1,540 |  |  |
| Dec. | 20,065 | 403 | 716 | 354 | 274 | 7 | 82 | 127 |  | 61 | 38 |  | 1,090 |  |  |
| 1946-Jan..... | 20,156 | 398 | 729 |  | 274 | 7 |  | 128 |  |  | 38 |  | 1,090 |  |  |
| Feb. | 20,232 |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| End of month | Hungary | $\underset{(\text { Persia })}{\text { Iran }}$ | Italy | Japan | Java | Mexico | Nether- <br> lands | $\begin{gathered} \text { New } \\ \text { Zealand } \end{gathered}$ | Norway | Peru | Poland | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Portu- } \\ & \text { gal } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ruma- } \\ \text { nia } \end{gathered}$ | South <br> Africa | Spain |
| 1938-Dec. | 37 | 26 | 193 | 164 | 80 | 29 | 998 | 23 | 94 | 20 | 85 | 69 | 133 | 220 | 3525 |
| 1939-Dec. | 24 | 26 | 144 | 164 | 90 | 32 | 692 | 23 | 94 | 20 | 484 | 69 | 152 | 249 |  |
| 1940-Dec. | 24 | 26 | 120 | 164 | 140 | 47 | 617 | 23 | 484 | 20 |  | 59 | 158 | 367 |  |
| 1941-Dec. | 24 | 26 |  | ${ }_{5} 5164$ | 235 | 47 | 575 | 23 |  | 21 |  | 59 | 182 | 366 | 42 |
| 1942-Dec. | 24 | 34 |  |  | ${ }^{4} 216$ | 39 | 506 | 2.3 |  | 25 |  | 59 | 241 | 634 | 42 |
| 1943-Dec. | 24 | 92 |  |  |  | 203 | 500 | 23 |  | 31 |  | 60 | 316 | 706 | 91 |
| 1944-Dec. | 24 | 128 |  |  |  | 222 | 500 | 23 |  | 32 |  | 60 |  | 814 | 105 |
| 1945-Mar. |  | $p 128$ |  |  |  | 220 | 500 | 23 |  | 30 |  | 60 |  | 848 | 108 |
| Apr. |  | ${ }^{p} 128$ |  |  |  | 219 | 500 | 23 |  | 30 |  | 60 |  | 851 | 109 |
| May |  | ${ }^{\text {p } 128}$ |  |  |  | 219 | 500 | 23 |  | 30 |  | 60 |  | 865 | 109 |
| June. |  | ${ }^{p} 131$ |  |  |  | 231 | 500 | 23 |  | 28 |  | 60 |  | 878 | 109 |
| July |  | ${ }^{p} 131$ |  |  |  | 230 | 270 | 23 |  | 28 |  | 60 |  | 886 | 109 |
| Aug. |  |  |  |  |  | 255 | 270 | 23 |  | 28 |  | 60 |  | 909 | 109 |
| Sept |  |  |  |  |  | 255 | 270 | 23 |  | 28 |  | 60 |  | 938 | 108 |
| Oct. |  |  |  |  |  | 250 | 270 | 23 |  | 28 |  | 60 |  | 954 | 108 |
| Nov |  |  |  |  |  | 296 | 270 | 23 |  | 28 |  | 60 |  | 943 | 108 |
| 1946 -Jan. |  |  |  |  |  | 294 288 | 270 270 | 23 23 |  | 28 |  |  |  | 914 949 |  |
| Feb |  |  |  |  |  | 284 |  |  |  | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| End of month | Sweden | Switz-erland | Turkey | $\begin{aligned} & \text { United } \\ & \text { King- } \\ & \text { dom } \end{aligned}$ | Uruguay | Venezuela | Yugoslavia | B.I.S. | Other countries ${ }^{6}$ |  | ernment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { gold re } \\ & \text { in previo } \end{aligned}$ | eserves ${ }^{1}$ <br> us figure | not inc s | ded |
| 1938-Dec. | 321 | 701 | 29 | 2,690 | 69 | 52 | 57 | 14 | 166 | End | of month | United | United King- | France | Bel- |
| 1939-Dec. | 308 | 549 | 8 | ${ }^{7} 1$ | 68 | 52 | 59 | 7 | 178 |  |  |  | dom |  |  |
| 1940-Dec. | 160 | 502 | 88 | 1 | 90 | 29 | 82 | 12 | 170 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. | 223 | 665 | 92 | 1 | 100 | 41 | 483 | 12 | 166 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942-Dec. | 335 | 824 | 114 | 1 | 89 | 68 |  | 21 | 185 | 1938 | Dec.. | 80 | ${ }^{2759}$ | 331 | 44 |
| 1943-Dec. | 387 | 964 | 161 | 1 | 121 | 89 |  | 45 | 229 | 1939 | Mar.. | 154 | 1,732 | 559 |  |
| 1944-Dec. | 463 | 1,052 | 221 | 1 | 157 | 130 |  | 37 | 245 |  | May .... | 85 |  | 477 | 17 |
| 1945-Mar. | 474 | 1,072 | 225 | 1 | 166 | 147 |  | 37 | 246 |  | Sept | 164 | 3876 |  |  |
| Apr. | 472 | 1, 103 | 225 | 1 | 168 | 161 |  | 39 | 246 |  | Dec. | 156 |  |  | 17 |
| May | 470 | 1,105 | 225 | 1 | 173 | 161 |  | 39 | 247 | 1940- | June.... | 86 |  |  | 17 |
| June | 478 | 1,069 | 234 | 1 | 175 | 176 |  | 39 | 247 |  | Dec.... | 48 | 292 |  | 17 |
| July | 478 479 | 1,073 | 234 234 | 1 | 179 | 176 |  | 39 | 248 | 1941- | June... | 89 |  |  | 17 |
| Aug. | 479 479 | 1,084 | 236 | 1 | 195 | 181 |  | 39 | 248 | 1942 | June. | 25 8 | ${ }^{4} 151$ |  | 17 |
| Oct. | 475 | 1,111 | 236 | 1 | 1.95 | 191 |  | 39 | 247 |  | Dec. | 12 |  |  | 17 |
| Nov. | 474 | 1,109 | 236 | 1 | 195 | 202 |  | 39 | 245 | 1943- | June. | 11 |  |  | 17 |
| Dec. | 482 | 1,104 | 241 | 1 | 195 | 202 |  | 39 | 248 |  |  | 43 |  |  | 17 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1946-\text { Jan. } . . . \\ \text { Feb. . } \end{array}$ | 481 481 | 1,099 1,091 |  | 1 |  | 212 212 |  |  | p 248 $p_{2} 48$ |  | June. Dec. | 21 |  |  |  |
| Feb..... | 481 | 1,091 |  | 1 |  | 212 |  |  | p248 | 1945 | Dec. <br> Mar. | 32 |  |  | 17 |
| p Prelim |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | June Sept.. | 81 20 |  |  | 17 |

include, in addition to gold of the Central Bank held at home, gold of the Central Bank heid abroad and gold belonging to the Argentine Stabilization Fund.
${ }^{2}$ On May 1, 1940, gold belonging to Bank of Canada transferred to Foreign Exchange Control Board. Gold reported since that time is gold held by Minister of Finance.

3 Figure for December 1938 is that officially reported on Apr. 30, 1938.
4 Figures relate to last official report dates for the respective countries, as follows: JavaJan. 31, 1942; Norway-Mar. 30, 1940; Poland-July 31, 1939; Yugoslavia-Feb. 28, 1941.
${ }^{5}$ Figure for February 1941; beginning Mar. 29, 1941, gold reserves no longer reported separately.
${ }^{6}$ These countries are: Albania, Algeria, Australia, Austria through Mar. 7, 1938, Belgian Congo, Bolivia, Bulgaria, China, Costa Rica beginning July 1943, Danzig through Aug. 31, 1939, Ecuador, El Salvador, Estonia, Finland, Guatemala, Iceland, Ireland beginning February 943, Latvia, Lithuania, Morocco, and siam. Figures for certain of these countries have been carried forward from last previous official report.
${ }^{7}$ Gold holdings of Bank of England reduced to nominal amount by gold transfers to British Exchange Equalization Account during 1939.
Note.-For back figures, see Banking and Monelary Statistics, Tables 156-160, pp. 536-555, and for a description of figures, including details regarding specialinternal gold transfers affecting the reported data, see pp. $524-535$ in the same publication.
${ }^{1}$ Reported at infrequent intervals or on delayed basis: U. S.-Exchange Stabilization Fund (Special A/c No. 1); U. K.-Exchange Equali zation Account; France-Exchange Stabilization Fund and Rentes Fund; Belgium-Treasury.
${ }^{2}$ Figure for end of September.
${ }^{3}$ Reported figure for total British gold reserves on Aug. 31, 1939, less reported holdings of Bank of England on that date.

Note.-For available back figures and for details regarding special internal gold transfers affecting the British and French institutions, see Bulletin for February 1945, p. 190.

OUTSIDE U. S. S. R.
[In thousands of dollars]

| Year or month | EstimatedworldproductionoutsideU.S.S.R. | Production reported monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Africa |  |  |  | North and South America |  |  |  |  |  | Other |  |
|  |  | reported monthly | South Africa | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rho- } \\ & \text { desia } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { West } \\ \text { Africa² } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Belgian } \\ & \text { Congo }^{3} \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { United } \\ & \text { States } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Can- } \\ & \text { ada }^{5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mex- } \\ & \text { ico } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Colom-1 } \\ \text { bia } \end{gathered}$ | Chile | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nica- } \\ & \text { ragua } \end{aligned}$ | Austra$1 i^{8}$ | British India |
|  | $\$ 1=155 / 21$ grains of gold $9 / 10$ fine; i. e., an ounce of fine gold $=\$ 35$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1934 | 823,0031 | 708,453 | 366,795\| | 24,264 | 12,153 | 6,549 | 108,191 | 104,023 | 23,135 | 12,045 | 8.350 | 1,166 | 30,559 | 11,223 |
| 1935 | 882,533 | 752,847 | 377,090 | 25,477 | 13,625 | 7,159 | 126,325 | 114,971 | 23,858 | 11,515 | 9.251 | 868 | 31,240 | 11,468 |
| 1936 | 971.514 | 833,895 | 396,768 | 28,053 | 16,295 | 7,386 | 152,509 | 131,181 | 26,465 | 13,632 | 9,018 | 807 | 40,118 | 11,663 |
| 1937 | 1,041,576 | 893,384 | 410,710 | 28,296 | 20,784 | 8,018 | 168, 159 | 143,367 | 29,591 | 15,478 | 9,544 | 848 | 46,982 | 11,607 |
| 1938 | 1,136,360 | 958,770 | 425,649 | 28,532 | 24,670 | 8,470 | 178, 143 | 165,379 | 32,306 | 18,225 | 10,290 | 1,557 | 54,264 | 11,284 |
| 1939 | 1,208,705 | 1,020,297 | 448,753 | 28,009 | 28,564 | 8,759 | 196,391 | 178,303 | 29,426 | 19,951 | 11,376 | 3,506 | 56,182 | 11,078 |
| 1940 | 1,297,349 | 1,094,264 | 491,628 | 29,155 | 32,163 | 3,862 | 210, 109 | 185, 890 | 30,878 | 22,117 | 11,999 | 5,429 | 55,878 | 10,157 |
| 1941 | 1,288,945 | 1,089,395 | 504,268 | 27,765 | 32,414 |  | 209, 175 | 187,081 | 27,969 | 22,961 | 9,259 | 7,525 | 51,039 | 9,940 |
| 1942. |  | 968.112 | 494,439 | 26,641 | 29,225 |  | 130,963 | 169,446 | ${ }^{6} 30,000$ | 20,882 | 6,409 | 8,623 | 42,525 | 8,960 |
| 1943 |  | 738,471 | 448, 153 | 23,009 | 19,740 |  | 48,808 | 127,796 |  | 19,789 | 6.081 | 7.715 | 28,560 | 8,820 |
| 1944 |  | 663,960 | 429,787 | 20,746 | 18,445 |  | 35,778 | 101,980 |  | 19,374 | 7,131 | 7,865 | 16,310 | 6,545 |
| 1945 |  | p647,139 | 427,862 | p19,887 | 18,865 |  | 34,878 | 92,794 |  | 17,734 | p5,594 | 6,985 | ${ }^{16} 16,590$ | 5,950 |
| 1945-Jan. |  | -55,196 | 36,216 | 1,674 | 1,610 |  | 2,463 | r8,162 |  | 1,882 | 486 | 672 | 1,470 | 560 |
| Feb. |  | 50,782 | 33,698 | 1,610 | 1,575 |  | 2,342 | 7,432 |  | 1,379 | 372 |  | 1,260 | 525 |
| Mar |  | 54,703 | 36,458 | 1.686 | 1,610 |  | 2,446 | 8,004 |  | 1,382 | 542 | 615 | 1,365 | 595 |
| Apr |  | 54,096 | 35,937 | 1,718 | 1,610 |  | 2,328 | 7,831 |  | 1,836 | 526 | 560 | 1,225 | 525 |
| May |  | 53,934 | 36,073 | 1,673 | 1,575 |  | 2,563 | 7,614 |  | 1,736 | 528 | 631 | 1,190 | 350 |
| June |  | 53,213 | 35,800 | 1,645 | 1,575 |  | 2,516 | 7,426 |  | 1,460 | 574 | 574 | 1,295 | 350 |
| July |  | 53,373 | 36,311 | 1,679 | 1,610 |  | 2,078 | 7,357 |  | 1,518 | 538 | 393 | 1,400 | 490 |
| Aug. |  | 53,560 | 34,199 | 1,668 | 1,610 |  | 3,528 | 7,411 |  | 1,459 | 464 | 595 | 2,065 | 560 |
| Sept |  | 52,953 | 35,313 | 1,680 | 1,610 |  | 2,926 | 7,404 |  | 1,400 | 370 | 570 | 1,190 | 490 |
| Oct |  | 55,937 | 36,809 | 1,664 | 1,610 |  | 3,836 | 8,034 |  | 1,319 | 425 | 559 | 1,190 | 490 |
| Nov |  | p54,907 | 36,005 | 1,595 | 1,400 |  | 4,020 | 7,726 |  | 1,224 | p385 | 592 | 1,470 | 490 |
| Dec. |  | p54,485 | 35,043 | f1,595 | 1,470 |  | 3,832 | 8,391 |  | 1,140 | ${ }^{1}{ }^{3} 385$ | 634 | s1,470 | 525 |
| 1946-Jan |  | p53,374 | 35,892 | f1,595 | f1,470 |  | 3,984 | f8,391 |  | f1,140 | .$^{\text {fp385 }}$ | 522 | f1,470 | 1525 |

Gold production in U.S.S. R.: No regular Government statistics on gold production in U.S.S. R. are available, but data of percentage changes irregularly given out by officials of the gold mining industry, together with certain direct figures for past years, afford a basis for estimating annual production as follows: 1934, 135 million dollars; 1935, 158 million; 1936, 187 million; 1937, 185 million; 1938, 180 million.
${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{\prime}$ Figure carried forward.
$\stackrel{\text { A Annual figures through } 1940 \text { are estimates of U. S. Mint; annual figure for } 1941 \text { based on monthly estimates of American Bureau of Metal }}{ }$ Statistics.
${ }_{2}$ Beginning April 1941, figures are those reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics. Beginning January 1944 they represent Gold Coast only.
${ }^{3}$ Beginning May 1940 monthly figures no longer reported. Annual figure for 1940 estimated at three times production for first four months of the year.
${ }^{4}$ Includes Philippine Islands production received in United States. Annual figures through 1944 are estimates of United States Mint. Annual figure for 1945 and monthly figures represent estimates of American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
${ }_{6}^{6}$ Figures for Canada beginning 1944 are subject to official revision.
${ }^{6}$ Beginning April 1942, figures no longer reported. Annual figure for 1942 is rough estimate based on reported production of $\$ 7,809,000$ in first three months of year.

TGold exports, reported by the Banco Nacional de Nicaragua, which states that they represent approximately 90 per cent of total production.
$8^{8}$ Beginning December 1941, figures are those reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics. For the period December 1941-December 1943 they represent total Australia; beginning January 1944, Western Australia only.

9 Beginning May 1940, figures are those reported by American Bureau of Metal Statistics.
Note.-For explanation of table and sources, see Bulletin for February 1939, p. 151; July 1938, p. 621; June 1938, p. 540; April 1933, pp 233-235; and Banking and Monetary Statislics, p. 524. For annual estimates compiled by the United States Mint for these and other countries. in the period 1910-1941, see Banking and Monetary Siatistics, pp. 542-543.

GOLD MOVEMENTS
UNITED STATES
[In thousands of dollars at approximately $\$ 35$ a fine ounce]

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { or } \\ \text { month } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { net } \\ \text { imports } \end{gathered}$ | Net imports from or net exports ( - ) to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | United Kingdom | France | Belgium | Neth-erlands | Sweden | $\begin{gathered} \text { Switz- } \\ \text { er- } \\ \text { land } \end{gathered}$ | Canada | Mexico | Other <br> Latin <br> American Republics | Phil-ippine Islands | Australia | South Africa | Japan | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Brit- } \\ & \text { ish } \\ & \text { India } \end{aligned}$ | All other countries |
| 1934 ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 1,131,994 | 499,870 | 260,223 | 8,902 | 94,348 |  | 12,402 | 86,829 | 30,270 | 28,153 | 12,038 | 1,029 | 12 |  | 76,820 | 21,095 |
| 1935 | 1,739,019 | 315,727 | 934,243 |  | 227,185 |  | 968 | 95,171 | 13,667 | 29,359 | 15,335 | 3,498 | 65 |  | 75,268 | 28,529 |
| 1936 | 1,116,584 | 174,093 | 573,671 | 3,351 | 71,006 |  | 7,511 | 72,648 | 39,966 | 30,790 | 21,513 | 23,280 | 8 |  | 77,892 | 20,856 |
| 1937 | 1,585,503 | 891,531 | -13,710 | 90,859 |  |  | 54,452 | 111,480 | 38,482 | 39,485 | 25,427 | 34,713 |  | 246,464 | 50,762 | 8,910 |
| 1938 | 1,973,569 | 1,208,728 | 81,135 | 15,488 | 163,049 | 60,146 | 1,363 | 76,315 | 36,472 | 65,231 | 27,880 | 39,162 |  | 168,740 | 16,159 | 13,301 |
| 1939 | 3,574,151, | 1,826,403 | 3,798 | 165,122 | 341,618 | 28,715 | 86,987 | 612,949 | 33,610 | 57,020 | 35,636 | 74,250 | 22,862 | 165,605 | 50,956 | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{6 8 , 6 2 3}$ |
| 1940 | 4,744,472 | 633,083 | 241,778 | 977 | 63,260 | 161,489 | 90,320 | 2,622,330 | 29,880 | 128,259 | 38,627 | 103,777 | 184,756 | 111,739 | 49,989 | 284,208 |
| 1941 | 982,378 | 3,779 |  | 1 |  | 1,747 | 899 | 412,056 | 16,791 | 61,862 | 42,678 | 67,492 | 292,893 | 9,444 | 9,665 | 463,071 |
| 1942 | 315,678 | 1,955 |  |  |  |  | 5 | 208,917 | 40,016 | 39,680 | 321 | 528 | 4,119 |  | 129 | 20,008 |
| 1943 | 68,938 | 88 |  |  |  |  |  | 66,920 | -3,287 | 13,489 |  | 152 | 307 |  |  | -8,731 |
| 1944 | -845,392 | -695,483 |  |  |  |  |  | 46,210 | -109,695 | -108,560 |  | 199 | 3,572 |  |  | 18,365 |
| 1945 | -106,250 | 160 |  |  |  |  |  | 53,148 | 15,094 | -41,748 | 103 | 106 | 357 |  |  | ${ }^{5-133,471}$ |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July | -6,979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,524 | 1,583 |  |  | 22 |  |  | -20,589 |
| Aug. | -12,339 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 848 | 517 | 1,192 | 100 | 2 | 16 |  |  | -15,014 |
| Sept. | 13,496 | 41 |  |  |  |  |  | 11,796 | 272 | 951 |  | 19 | 11 |  |  | 407 |
| Oct. | -4,317 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 463 | 329 | 1,115 |  |  | 12 |  |  | -6,236 |
| Nov. | 789 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 272 | 355 | 1,698 |  | 11 | 15 |  |  | -1,562 |
| Dec. | 19,253 | 64 |  |  |  |  |  | 37,131 | 247 | -18,499 |  |  | 9 |  |  | 297 |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 23 |  |  |  |
| Jan. | $\begin{array}{r} 154,070 \\ 82,439 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 151,270 80,629 | 126 | 1,729 1,479 | -1 | 3 | 11 |  |  | 654 191 |

$p$ Preliminary
Differs from official customhouse figures in which imports and exports for January 1934 are valued at approximately $\$ 20.67$ a fine ounce.
${ }^{2}$ Includes $\$ 28,097,000$ from China and Hong Kong, $\$ 15,719,000$ from Italy, $\$ 10,953,000$ from Norway, and $\$ 13,854,000$ from other countries
${ }^{3}$ Includes $\$ 75,087,000$ from Portugal, $\$ 43,935,000$ from Italy, $\$ 33,405,000$ from Norway, $\$ 30,851,000$ from U.S.S. R., $\$ 26,178,000$ from Hong Kong, $\$ 20,583,000$ from Netherlands Indies, $\$ 16,310,000$ from Yugoslavia, $\$ 11,873,000$ from Hungary, $\$ 10,416,000$ from $\$$ pain, and $\$ 15,570,000$ from other countries.

- Includes $\$ 44,920,000$ from U. S. S. R., and $\$ 18,151,000$ from other countries.
${ }^{5}$ Includes $\$ 133,980,000$ to China and $\$ 509,000$ from other countries.
Note.-For back figures see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 158, pp. 539-541, and for description of Statistics, see p. 524 in the same publication.
[Net movement from United States, ( - ). In millions of dollars]
TABLE 1,-TOTAL CAPITAL MOVEMENT, BY TYPES

| From Jan. 2, 1935, through- | Total | Increase in foreign banking funds in U. S. |  |  | Decrease in U. S. banking funds abroad | Foreign securities: Return of U.S. funds | Domestic securities: Inflow of foreign funds | Inflow in brokerage balances |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Official ${ }^{1}$ | Other |  |  |  |  |
| 1935-Mar. (Apr. 3) | 259.5 | 57.7 | -2.0 | 59.7 | 155.0 | 31.8 | -6.2 | 21.1 |
| June (July 3) | 616.0 | 213.8 | 6.1 | 207.7 | 312.8 | 43.7 | 15.8 | 29.8 |
| Sept. (Oct. 2) | 899.4 | 350.7 | -4.5 | 355.2 | 388.6 | 40.1 | 90.3 | 29.8 |
| Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) | 1,412.5 | 603.3 | 9.8 | 593.5 | 361.4 | 125.2 | 316.7 | 6.0 |
| 1936-Mar. (Apr. 1) | 1,511.1 | 578.4 | 44.4 | 534.0 | 390.3 | 114.4 | 427.6 | . 4 |
| June (July 1) | 1,949.2 | 779.0 | 35.9 | 743.1 | 449.0 | 180.5 | 524.1 | 16.5 |
| Sept. 30... | 2,283.3 | 898.5 | 37.4 | 861.1 | 456.2 | 272.2 | 633.3 | 23.2 |
| Dec. 30. | 2,608.4 | 930.5 | 81.1 | 849.4 | 431.5 | 316.2 | 917.4 | 12.9 |
| 1937-Mar. 31. | 2,931.4 | 1,121.6 | 62.8 | 1,058.8 | 411.0 | 319.1 | 1,075.7 | 4.1 |
| June 30 | 3,561.9 | 1,612.4 | 215.3 | 1,397.1 | 466.4 | 395.2 | 1,069.5 | 18.3 |
| Sept. 29 | 3,911.9 | 1,743.6 | 364.6 | 1,379.0 | 518.1 | 493.3 | 1,125.1 | 31.9 |
| Dec. 29 | 3,410.3 | 1,168.5 | 243.9 | 924.6 | 449.1 | 583.2 | 1,162.0 | 47.5 |
| 1938-Mar. 30. | 3,207.2 | 949.8 | 149.9 | 799.9 | 434.4 | 618.5 | 1,150.4 | 54.2 |
| June 29 | 3,045.8 | 786.2 | 125.9 | 660.4 | 403.3 | 643.1 | 1,155.3 | 57.8 |
| Sept. 28... | 3,472.0 | 1,180.2 | 187.0 | 993.2 | 477.2 | 625.0 | 1,125.4 | 64.1 |
| Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) | 3,844.5 | 1,425.4 | 238.5 | 1,186.9 | 510.1 | 641.8 | 1,219.7 | 47.6 |
| 1939-Mar. 29. | 4,197.6 | 1.747 .6 | 311.4 | 1,436.2 | 550.5 | 646.7 | 1,188.9 | 63.9 |
| June 28 | 4,659.2 | 2,111.8 | 425.3 | 1,686.5 | 607.5 | 664.5 | 1,201.4 | 74.0 |
| Sept. 27. | 5,035.3 | 2,479.5 | 552.1 | 1,927.3 | 618.4 | 676.9 | 1,177.3 | 83.1 |
| Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) | 5,021.2 | 2,430.8 | 542.5 | 1,888.3 | 650.4 | 725.7 | 1,133.7 | 80.6 |
| 1940-Mar. (Apr. 3) | 5,115.9 | 2,539.0 | 539.1 | 1,999.9 | 631.6 | 761.6 | 1,095.0 | 88.7 |
| June (July 3) | 5,440.7 | 2,830.1 | 922.3 | 1,907.8 | 684.1 | 785.6 | 1,042.1 | 98.9 |
| Sept. (Oct. 2) | 5,748.1 | 3,092.8 | 1,112.3 | 1,980.5 | 773.6 | 793.1 | 987.0 | 101.6 |
| Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) | 5,727.6 | 3,159.0 | 1,200.8 | 1,958.3 | 775.1 | 803.8 | 888.7 | 100.9 |
| 1941-Mar. (Apr. 2). | 5,526.5 | 3,148.8 | 1,307.7 | 1,841.0 | 767.4 | 812.7 | 701.8 | 95.9 |
| June (July 2) | 5,575.4 | 3,193.3 | 1,375.1 | 1,818.2 | 818.6 | 834.1 | 631.2 | 98.2 |
| Sept. (Oct. 1) | 5,510.3 | 3,139.5 | 1,321.7 | 1,817.7 | 805.3 | 841.1 | 623.5 | 100.9 |
| Dec. 31 | 5,230.7 | 2,856.2 | 1,053.7 | 1,802.6 | 791.3 | 855.5 | 626.7 | 100.9 |
| 1942-Mar. (Apr. 1) | 5,082.4 | 2,684.0 | 932.0 | 1,752.0 | 819.7 | 849.6 | 624.9 | 104.3 |
| June $30{ }^{2}$. | 5,495.3 | 3,075.9 | 1,211.7 | 1,864.2 | 842.3 | 838.8 | 632.0 | 106.2 |
| Sept. 30. | 5,654.9 | 3,212.6 | 1,339.1 | 1,873.5 | 858.2 | 830.5 | 646.1 | 107.5 |
| Dec. 31. | 5,835.0 | 3,320.3 | 1,412.0 | 1,908.3 | 888.8 | 848.2 | 673.3 | 104.4 |
| 1943-Mar. 31. | 6,147.1 | 3,643.4 | 1,723.1 | 1,920.3 | 898.7 | 810.5 | 685.9 | 108.6 |
| June 30. | 6,506.4 | 4,002.6 | 2,071.4 | 1,931.2 | 896.9 | 806.8 | 687.9 | 112.1 |
| Sept. 30. | 6,771.3 | 4,130.6 | 2,190.9 | 1,939.7 | 888.6 | 929.3 | 708.1 | 114.8 |
| Dec. 31 | 7,118.6 | 4,496.3 | 2,461.5 | 2,034.8 | 877.6 | 925.9 | 701.1 | 117.8 |
| 1944-Jan. 31. | 7,272.9 | 4,658.2 | 2,649.3 | 2,009.0 | 870.8 | 931.7 | 695.1 | 117.0 |
| Feb. 29. | 7,418.6 | 4,833.2 | 2,815.7 | 2,017.5 | 843.5 | 924.2 | 698.8 | 118.9 |
| Mar. 31 | 7,462.9 | 4,885.4 | 2,856.0 | 2,029.4 | 868.0 | 904.1 | 685.8 | 119.6 |
| Apr. 30. | 7,464.3 | 4,881.0 | 2,780.5 | $2,100.6$ | 873.4 | 905.4 | 686.2 | 118.3 |
| May 31. | 7,458.9 | 4,882.7 | 2,726.8 | 2,155.9 | 872.9 | 903.2 | 680.1 | 119.9 |
| June 30. | 7,459.6 | 4,851.7 | 2,661.4 | 2,190.3 | 856.6 | 929.8 | 702.4 | 119.1 |
| July 31. | 7,423.4 | 4,740.8 | 2,622.9 | 2,117.9 | 850.6 | 1,005.8 | 706.9 | 119.3 |
| Aug. 31. | 7,440.9 | 4,732.3 | 2,589.5 | 2,142.8 | 869.7 | 1,009.7 | 709.4 | 119.9 |
| Sept. 30. | 7,430.9 | 4,661.2 | 2,498.8 | 2,162.3 | 883.5 | 1,026.2 | 737.8 | 122.2 |
| Oct. 31. | 7,460.2 | 4,680.3 | 2,489.8 | 2,190.4 | 891.3 | 1,025.8 | 735.8 | 127.1 |
| Nov. 30. | 7,530.5 | 4,775.1 | 2,541.0 | 2,234.1 | 872.7 | 1,025.3 | 732.4 | 125.0 |
| Dec. 31 | 7,475.7 | 4,612.5 | 2,372.2 | 2,240.3 | 805.8 | 1,019.4 | 911.8 | 126.3 |
| 1945-Jan. 31. | 7,633.1 | 4,723.9 | 2,468.7 | 2,255.2 | 848.2 | 1,025.9 | 909.0 | 126.1 |
| Feb. 28 | 7,755.4 | 4,887.3 | 2,587.3 | 2,300.0 | 859.8 | 1,033.4 | 845.0 | 129.9 |
| Mar. 31 | 7,739.1 | 4,909.9 | 2,555.6 | 2,354.3 | 848.5 | 1,029.6 | 820.6 | 130.5 |
| Apr. 30 | 7,797.3 | 4,958.2 | 2,588.9 | 2,369.2 | 844.7 | 1,061.6 | 802.5 | 130.4 |
| May 31. | 7,857.7 | 5,004.5 | 2.634 .0 | $2,370.5$ | 845.7 | 1,088.9 | 785.0 | 133.6 |
| June 30. | 8,071.9 | 5,261.4 | 2,903.6 | 2,357.9 | 760.4 | 1,069.9 | 848.4 | 131.8 |
| July 31. | 8,296.8 | 5,442.6 | 3,078.8 | 2,363.9 | 810.2 | 1,073.7 | 843.2 | 127.1 |
| Aug. 31 | 8,353.2 | 5,505.0 | 3,096.2 | 2,408.8 | 829.0 | 1,058.4 | 831.6 | 129.1 |
| Sept. 30. | 8,469.9 | 5,594.8 | 3,107.5 | 2,487.2 | 865.3 | 1,056.9 | 818.4 | 134.6 |
| Oct. 31. | 8,541.1 | 5,731.0 | 3,110.0 | 2,620.9 | 875.5 | 1,005.2 | 795.1 | 134.4 |
| Nov. 30. | 8,409.0 | 3,645.1 | ${ }^{3} 2,953.2$ | 32,691.9 | 3804.2 | 1,041.7 | 779.1 | ${ }^{3} 139.0$ |

1 This category made up as follows: through Sept. 21, 1938, funds held by foreign central banks at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; beginning Sept. 28, 1938, also funds held at commercial banks in New York City by central banks maintaining accounts at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; beginning July 17, 1940, also funds in accounts at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York which had been transterred from in the United States by foreign central banks and by foreign central governments and their agencies (including official purchasing missions, trade and shipping missions, diplomatic and consular establishments, etc.).
${ }^{2}$ The weekly series of capital movement statistics reported through July 1, 1942, was replaced by a monthly series commencing with July 1942 . Since the old series overlapped the new by one day, the cumulative figures were adjusted to represent the movement through June 30 only. This adjustment, however, is incomplete since it takes into account only certain significant movements known to have occurred on July 1. Subsequent figures are based upon new monthly series. For further explanation, see Bulletin for January 1943, p. 98.
${ }^{3}$ Amounts outstanding Nov. 30, in millions of dollars: total foreign banking funds in United States, 6.310 .9 , including official funds, 3,590.8, nd other funds, 2,720.1; United States banking funds abroad, 331.3 ; and brokerage balances (net due "'foreigners'), 62.1 .

Note.-Statistics reported by banks, bankers, brokers, and dealers. For full description of statistics see Banking and Monetary Statistics, pp. 558-560; for back figures through 1941 see Tables 161 and 162, pp. 574-637, in the same publication, and for those subsequent to 1941 see Bulletin for September 1945, pp. 960-974.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued NET CAPITAL MOVEMENT TO UNITED STATES SINCE JANUARY 2, 1935-Continued
[Net movement from United States, (-). In millions of dollars]
table 2.-TOTAL CAPITAL MOVEMENT, BY COUNTRIES

| From Jan. 2, 1935, through- | Total | United Kingdom | France | Neth-erlands | Switz-erland | Germany | Italy | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Latin } \\ \text { America } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Asial ${ }^{1}$ | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935-Dec. (Jan 1, 1936) | 1,412.5 | 554.9 | 210.2 | 114.5 | 130.4 | 36.6 | 24.0 | 130.0 | 1,200.6 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 70.9 | 128.3 | 12.7 |
| 1936-Dec. 30. | 2,608.4 | 829.3 | 299.5 | 229.7 | 335.5 | 83.1 | 45.6 | 228.5 | 2,051.3 | 150.5 | 201.2 | 184.0 | 21.4 |
| 1937-Dec. 29 | 3,410.3 | 993.7 | 281.7 | 311.9 | 607.5 | 123.9 | 22.1 | 312.2 | 2,653.0 | 106.3 | 410.6 | 224.6 | 15.9 |
| 1938-Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) | 3,844.5 | 1,183.8 | 339.6 | 328.6 | 557.5 | 140.5 | 32.2 | 472.0 | 3,054.2 | 155.3 | 384.6 | 214.2 | 36.2 |
| 1939-Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) | 5,021.2 | 1,101.3 | 468.7 | 470.3 | 773.0 | 165.9 | 58.0 | 752.9 | 3,790.1 | 229.4 | 483.4 | 431.0 | 87.4 |
| 1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) | 5,727.6 | 865.2 | 670.3 | 455.6 | 911.5 | 175.9 | 55.4 | 922.7 | 4,056.6 | 411.7 | 606.8 | 562.3 | 90.2 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 5,230.7 | 674.1 | 639.9 | 464.4 | 725.7 | 179.9 | 50.5 | 891.8 | 3,626.3 | 340.5 | 567.5 | 567.7 | 128.6 |
| 1942 -Dec. 31 | 5,835.0 | 837.8 | 625.9 | 474.0 | 592.1 | 179.5 | 48.1 | 850.9 | 3,608.1 | 425.1 | 835.8 | 787.7 | 178.3 |
| 1943-Dec. 31 | 7,118.6 | 1,257.7 | 636.8 | 487.7 | 629.1 | 178.6 | 48.2 | 954.8 | 4,192.8 | 760.3 | 951.0 | 1,013.1 | 201.4 |
| $1944-$ Dec. 31 | 7.475.7 | 1,090.0 | 585.7 | 506.2 | 664.3 | 179.1 | 63.1 | 993.3 | 4,081.8 | 976.4 | 1,193.7 | 1,020.9 | 203.0 |
| 1945-Jan. 31. | 7,633.1 | 1,008.6 | 566.6 | 503.3 | 659.6 | 179.0 | 66.7 | 965.2 | 3,949.0 | 1.030.8 | 1,250.2 | 1,199.2 | 204.1 |
| Feb. 28. | 7,755.4 | 1,053.6 | 558.3 | 506.3 | 666.4 | 179.0 | 69.8 | 970.5 | 4,003.9 | 1,081.3 | 1,262.4 | 1,200.1 | 207.7 |
| Mar. 31 | 7,739.1 | 1,048.9 | 506.5 | 505.7 | 673.0 | 179.2 | 72.0 | 967.6 | 3,952.9 | 1,135.4 | 1,234.2 | 1,205.3 | 211.4 |
| Apr. 30. | 7.797.3 | 1,026.0 | 477.6 | 506.3 | 670.7 | 179.2 | 75.5 | 990.5 | 3,925.8 | 1,194.9 | 1,263.0 | 1,202.9 | 210.7 |
| May 31. | 7,857.7 | 1,029.3 | 453.0 | 506.8 | 677.1 | 179.0 | 77.5 | 1,003.6 | 3,926.4 | 1,204.7 | 1,324.3 | 1,193.8 | 208.5 |
| June 30 | 8,071.9 | 1,066.2 | 521.7 | 513.0 | 679.7 | 179.0 | 80.0 | 1,017.9 | 4,057.5 | 1,276.7 | 1,353.8 | 1,175.5 | 208.4 |
| July 31. | 8,296.8 | 1,075.0 | 542.4 | 516.1 | 689.9 | 179.0 | 85.2 | 1,053.0 | 4,140.6 | 1,361.4 | 1,411.7 | 1.175 .5 | 207.6 |
| Aug. 31. | 8,353.2 | 1,018.8 | 499.8 | 518.1 | 695.6 | 179.2 | 89.6 | 1,059.2 | 4,060.2 | 1.441.8 | 1,392.1 | 1,238.7 | 220.3 |
| Sept. 30. | 8,469.9 | 946.7 | 463.9 | 518.1 | 698.4 | 179.3 | 94.2 | 1,134.2 | 4,034.8 | 1,469.9 | 1,413.3 | 1,316.3 | 235.2 |
| Oct. 31 Nov. Nol | 8,541.1 | 937.8 | 510.9 | 523.8 | 705.2 | 179.5 | 98.0 | 1,118.1 | 4,073.2 | 1,477.9 | 1,404.7 | 1,321.3 | 264.1 |
| Nov. 30. | 8,409.0 | 888.7 | 469.8 | 526.3 | 709.8 | 179.4 | 100.8 | 1,127.8 | 4,002.6 | 1,493.0 | 1,336.5 | 1,323.9 | 253.0 |

TABLE 3.-INCREASE IN FOREIGN BANKING FUNDS IN U. S., BY COUNTRIES

| From Jan. 2, 1935, through- | Total | United Kingdom | France | Neth-erlands | Switz-erland | Germany | Italy | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | Latin America | Asia ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { other } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) | 603.3 | 128.6 | 129.6 | 55.7 | 72.4 | $-.8$ | 7.3 | 60.7 | 453.5 | 46.0 | 33.5 | 58.8 | 11.5 |
| 1936-Dec. 30. | 930.5 | 163.5 | 144.2 | 65.9 | 109.8 | 2.7 | 23.0 | 79.7 | 588.9 | 86.8 | 149.3 | 90.4 | 15.2 |
| 1937-Dec. 29 | 1,168.5 | 189.3 | 111.8 | 76.3 | 288.4 | 9.6 | 6.9 | 109.4 | 791.7 | 76.3 | 166.3 | 126.2 | 8.0 |
| 1938-Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) | 1,425.4 | 364.0 | 155.3 | 87.9 | 205.1 | -11.8 | 1.7 | 208.6 | 1,010.7 | 101.6 | 127.6 | 163.3 | 22.2 |
| 1939-Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) | 2,430.8 | 376.1 | 256.1 | 190.9 | 362.7 | -20.1 | 19.7 | 470.0 | 1,655.4 | 174.5 | 215.1 | 325.4 | 60.5 |
| 1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) | 3,159.0 | 293.3 | 458.0 | 160.3 | 494.7 | -22.9 | $-.9$ | 603.7 | 1,986.3 | 334.1 | 326.4 | 450.9 | 61.3 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 2,856.2 | 328.6 | 416.5 | 161.0 | 326.2 | -23.1 | -3.4 | 561.1 | 1,766.9 | 273.1 | 296.7 | 418.0 | 101.6 |
| 1942-Dec. 31. | 3,320.3 | 493.3 | 394.5 | 170.0 | 166.3 | -22.7 | -6.2 | 502.5 | 1,697.5 | 399.5 | 482.8 | 598.7 | 141.9 |
| 1943-Dec. 31. | 4,496.3 | 939.4 | 404.1 | 176.7 | 192.7 | -23.7 | -6.9 | 589.0 | 2,271.2 | 704.7 | 578.7 | 779.7 | 162.0 |
| 1944 -Dec. 31 | 4,612.5 | 804.4 | 356.6 | 193.1 | 221.4 | -23.4 | 7.0 | 634.7 | 2,193.7 | 818.6 | 794.7 | 635.9 | 169.7 |
| 1945-Jan. 31. | 4,723.9 | 726.4 | 338.9 | 190.0 | 219.8 | -23.4 | 10.7 | 570.5 | 2,032.9 | 868.1 | 848.7 | 804.5 | 169.7 |
| Feb. 28. | 4,887.3 | 777.0 | 329.6 | 192.6 | 227.1 | -23.4 | 13.5 | 576.7 | 2,093.2 | 962.3 | 855.4 | 803.8 | 172.5 |
| Mar. 31 | 4,909.9 | 772.9 | 286.4 | 192.2 | 234.5 | -23.3 | 15.7 | 582.8 | 2,061.3 | 1,021.2 | 842.5 | 809.3 | 175.7 |
| Apr. 30 | 4,958.2 | 758.5 | 258.3 | 192.2 | 234.1 | -23.3 | 19.1 | 606.8 | 2.045 .9 | 1,056.8 | 872.0 | 808.3 | 175.2 |
| May 31 | 5,004.5 | 770.7 | 235.0 | 192.7 | 240.1 | -23.5 | 22.5 | 619.7 | 2,057.3 | 1,053.4 | 913.5 | 807.7 | 172.7 |
| June 30. | 5,261.4 | 800.5 | 292.2 | 196.7 | 243.2 | -23.5 | 23.6 | 670.0 | 2,202.7 | 1,159.3 | 955.4 | 770.5 | 173.5 |
| July 31 | 5,442.6 | 810.6 | 318.8 | 199.2 | 250.6 | -23.5 | 29.2 | 706.8 | 2,291.7 | 1,241.8 | 979.2 | 757.6 | 172.3 |
| Aug. 31 | 5,505.0 | 762.6 | 276.6 | 201.4 | 255.8 | -23.4 | 33.6 | 672.4 | 2,179.0 | 1,341.9 | 965.8 | 834.7 | 183.6 |
| Sept. 30 | 5,594.8 | 684.8 | 233.3 | 204.0 | 259.7 | -23.4 | 38.2 | 744.8 | 2,141.4 | 1,384.1 | 989.0 | 882.5 | 197.6 |
| Oct. 31 | 5,731.0 | 678.9 | 280.2 | 211.4 | 266.5 | -23.2 | 41.7 | 729.9 | 2,185.4 | 1,443.9 | 976.2 | 899.8 | 225.7 |
| Nov. 30. | 5,645.1 | 638.3 | 247.1 | 253.0 | 272.0 | -23.4 | 45.1 | 738.2 | 2,170.3 | 1,437.8 | 924.2 | 895.9 | 216.8 |

TABLE 4.—DECREASE IN U. S. BANKING FUNDS ABROAD, BY COUNTRIES

| From Jan. 2, 1935, through- | Total | United Kingdom | France | Neth-erlands | Switz-erland | Germany | Italy | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | Latin America | Asia ${ }^{1}$ | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) | 361.4 | 208.8 | 48.1 | $-.4$ | 1.6 | 29.7 | 13.7 | 8.8 | 310.2 | -4.6 | 20.1 | 37.3 | -1.6 |
| $1936-\mathrm{Dec} .30$. | 431.5 | 178.0 | 62.0 | -3.3 | 2.7 | 66.0 | 16.3 | 22.0 | 343.7 | 36.9 | 24.9 | 30.4 | -4.4 |
| 1937 -Dec. 29 | ${ }^{449}{ }^{\circ} .1$ | 207.4 | 65.3 | -4.4 | 2.6 | 105.1 | 6.5 | 26.9 | 409.3 | $-21.7$ | 51.6 | 18.7 | -8.7 |
| 1938-Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) | 510.1 | 206.2 | 68.4 | -5.6 | 2.6 | 141.7 | 13.7 | 33.8 | 460.9 | 35.9 | 66.8 | -46.5 | -7.0 |
| 1939-Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) | 650.4 | 252.2 | 73.8 | 12.9 | 2.9 | 177.8 | 15.5 | 28.4 | 563.5 | 56.5 | 52.6 | -21.5 | -. 8 |
| 1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) | 775.1 | 2769.2 | 74.6 76.9 | 17.7 176 | 6.5 5.4 | 191.6 196.8 | 25.3 25.8 | 49.8 53.6 | 634.7 647.4 | 60.3 62.7 | 43.2 17.7 | 34.8 64.7 | 2.1 -1.2 |
| 1941 -Dec. 31 | 791.3 888.8 | 271.2 279.4 | 76.9 | 17.6 18.1 | 5.4 6.6 | 196.8 196.7 | 25.8 26.2 | 53.6 56.8 | 647.4 661.5 | 62.7 58.6 | 17.7 68.3 | 64.7 93.8 | -1.2 6.6 |
| $1943-$ Dec. 31 | 877.6 | 272.1 | 77.9 | 18.3 | 5.1 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 60.0 | 656.5 | 55.1 | 55.7 | 102.7 | 7.5 |
| 1944-Dec. 31 | 805.8 | 266.1 | 77.7 | 18.3 | 6.8 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 34.6 | 626.6 | 64.8 | 37.0 | 77.7 | -. 3 |
| 1945-Jan. 31 | 848.2 | 266.2 | 77.6 | 18.3 | 6.2 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 70.7 | 662.0 | 61.8 | 36.1 | 87.6 | . 8 |
| Feb. 28 | 859.8 | 264.6 | 77.6 | 18.3 | 7.3 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 70.3 | 661.2 | 68.1 | 40.7 | 88.2 | 1.7 |
| Mar. 31 | 848.5 | 268.8 | 77.6 | 18.3 | 7.2 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 70.4 | 665.3 | 69.0 | 23.9 | 88.1 | 2.2 |
| Apr. 30 | 844.7 | 266.6 | 77.6 | 18.1 | 7.2 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 70.6 | 663.3 | 69.9 | 23.0 | 86.4 | 2.1 |
| May 31 | 845.7 | 261.5 | 77.8 | 18.2 | 7.3 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 70.1 | 658.0 | 67.3 | 40.1 | 77.9 | 2.4 |
| June 30 | 760.4 | 264.1 | 77.8 | 18.0 | 2.7 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 30.9 | 616.5 | 39.1 | 23.5 | 79.9 | 1.5 |
| July 31 | 810.2 | 267.2 | 77.8 | 18.3 | 4.5 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 30.3 | 621.2 | 47.7 | 58.2 | 81.4 | 1.8 |
| Aug. 31 | 829.0 | 260.4 | 77.8 | 18.2 | 6.1 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 69.4 | 655.0 | 51.4 | 51.4 | 68.4 | 2.9 |
| Sept. 30. | 865.3 | 267.1 | 77.8 | 18.0 | 5.4 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 70.9 | 662.5 | 53.3 | 47.4 | 98.3 | 3.8 |
| Oct. 31 | 875.5 | 270.5 | 78.1 | 18.0 | 5.1 | 196.9 | 26.4 | 69.4 | 664.4 | 60.7 | 54.4 | 91.7 | 4.2 |
| Nov. 30. | 804.2 | 266.1 | 78.0 | -17.9 | 6.5 | 196.9 | 26.2 | 68.8 | 624.6 | 54.9 | 22.2 | 99.9 | 2.6 |

[^22][Net movement from United States, ( - ). In millions of dollars]
TABLE 5.-FOREIGN SECURITIES: RETURN OF U, S. FUNDS, BY COUNTRIES
(Net Purchases by Foreigners of Foreign Securities Owned in U. S.)

| From Jan. 2, 1935, through- | Total | United Kingdom | France | Neth-erlands | Switz-erland | Germany | Italy | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | Latin America | Asia ${ }^{1}$ | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) | 125.2 | 67.8 | 6.8 | 7.4 | -1.2 | 13.3 | 2.9 | 46.1 | 143.1 | -39.7 | 12.7 | 7.9 | 1.1 |
| 1936-Dec. 30. | 316.2 | 116.1 | 18.2 | 10.4 | 13.7 | 22.5 | 9.4 | 87.9 | 278.3 | 1.7 | 15.7 | 17.0 | 3.5 |
| 1937-Dec. 29 | 583.2 | 136.8 | 22.8 | 21.2 | 30.4 | 26.6 | 13.5 | 115.2 | 366.4 | 10.5 | 175.0 | 24.5 | 6.8 |
| 1938-Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) | 641.8 | 127.7 | 26.1 | 27.3 | 36.1 | 33.5 | 22.0 | 167.8 | 440.6 | -9.7 | 167.4 | 33.8 | 9.7 |
| 1939--Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) | 725.7 | 125.5 | 42.1 | 29.4 | 45.0 | 36.6 | 27.6 | 189.0 | 495.2 | -7.6 | 184.0 | 42.8 | 11.3 |
| 1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) | 803.8 | 128.6 | 43.4 | 31.0 | 46.0 | 36.5 | 28.1 | 196.4 | 510.0 | 25.0 | 202.3 | 53.0 | 13.5 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 855.5 | 127.6 | 51.6 | 31.5 | 44.3 | 36.5 | 28.1 | 201.8 | 521.3 | 35.4 | 221.1 | 61.2 | 16.6 |
| 1942-Dec. 31 | 848.2 | 125.4 | 52.4 | 31.6 | 44.9 | 36.5 | 28.0 | 207.6 | 526.3 | -3.0 | 245.4 | 61.5 | 18.0 |
| 1943-Dec. 31 | 925.9 | 127.6 | 50.6 | 33.0 | 44.7 | 36.5 | 27.9 | 210.1 | 530.3 | 41.2 | 272.3 | 62.2 | 19.9 |
| 1944-Dec. 31 | 1,019.4 | 126.5 | 51.0 | 33.6 | 44.5 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.4 | 530.1 | 104.9 | 302.0 | 61.3 | 21.0 |
| 1945-Jan. 31 | 1,025.9 | 124.8 | 51.0 | 33.6 | 44.5 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.4 | 528.4 | 111.5 | 303.5 | 61.3 | 21.1 |
| Feb. 28. | 1,033.4 | 125.2 | 51.2 | 33.6 | 44.7 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.3 | 529.1 | 118.1 | 303.7 | 61.5 | 21.0 |
| Mar. 31. | 1,029.6 | 124.0 | 51.4 | 33.6 | 44.7 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.3 | 528.0 | 113.9 | 305.1 | 61.5 | 21.1 |
| Apr. 30 | 1,061.6 | 121.6 | 51.3 | 33.6 | 44.7 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.1 | 525.4 | 147.1 | 306.1 | 61.9 | 21.2 |
| May 31 | 1,088.9 | 120.8 | 51.2 | 33.5 | 44.5 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.0 | 524.1 | 171.4 | 310.4 | 61.7 | 21.2 |
| June 30 | 1,069.9 | 118.9 | 51.3 | 33.5 | 44.7 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.1 | 522.5 | 152.0 | 312.4 | 61.7 | 21.3 |
| July 31 | 1,073.7 | 119.0 | 51.2 | 33.5 | 45.0 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.1 | 522.8 | 153.1 | 314.7 | 61.7 | 21.3 |
| Aug. 31. | 1,058.4 | 119.0 | 51.2 | 33.5 | 45.0 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.1 | 522.9 | 135.7 | 316.5 | 61.7 | 21.7 |
| Sept. 30 | 1,056.9 | 119.1 | 51.2 | 33.5 | 45.2 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.9 | 523.9 | 131.8 | 317.6 | 61.8 | 21.8 |
| Oct. 31. | 1,005.2 | 119.2 | 51.1 | 33.7 | 45.5 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 211.1 | 524.6 | 82.1 | 314.9 | 61.8 | 21.9 |
| Nov. 30. | 1,041.7 | 119.1 | 51.1 | 33.0 | 45.0 | 36.5 | 27.6 | 210.4 | 522.7 | 118.3 | 317.4 | 61.5 | 21.8 |

TABLE 6.-DOMESTIC SECURITIES: INFLOW OF FOREIGN FUNDS, BY COUNTRIES (Net Purchases by Foreigners of U. S. Securities)

| From Jan. 2, 1935, through- | Total | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { United } \\ \text { King- } \\ \text { dom } \end{array}$ | France | Neth-erlands | Switz-erland | Germany | Italy | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | Latin America | Asia ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { A11 } \\ \text { other }^{1} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) | 316.7 | 149.8 | 23.4 | 50.5 | 55.1 | -5.4 | -. 1 | 12.9 | 286.2 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 21.4 | 2.6 |
| 1936-Dec. $30 . . . . . . . .$. | 917.4 | 367.7 | 64.7 | 157.6 | 200.2 | $-7.5$ | -3.3 | 38.5 | 818.0 | 32.6 | 15.5 | 44.1 | 7.1 |
| 1937-Dec. 29 | 1,162.0 | 448.7 | 70.3 | 213.8 | 275.3 | -17.4 | -4.9 | 55.7 | 1,041.6 | 37.6 | 18.2 | 54.7 | 9.8 |
| 1938--Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) | 1,219.7 | 472.6 | 76.9 | 212.1 | 304.1 | -22.8 | -5.5 | 56.6 | 1,094.1 | 25.7 | 23.7 | 65.2 | 11.1 |
| 1939-Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) | 1,133.7 | 328.1 | 76.6 | 227.7 | 344.7 | -28.2 | -4.9 | 60.4 | 1,004.4 | -2.6 | 30.1 | 87.6 | 14.3 |
| 1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) | 888.7 | 157.1 | 74.4 | 233.2 | 348.1 | -29.1 | 2.7 | 64.9 | 851.3 | -18.4 | 25.6 | 17.6 | 12.6 |
| 1941-Dec. 31 | 626.7 | -70.1 | 74.9 | 236.7 | 336.4 | -30.1 | -. 1 | 67.3 | 615.0 | -44.7 | 28.1 | 17.5 | 10.9 |
| 1942 -Dec. 31 | 673.3 | -77.6 | 80.5 | 236.9 | 360.5 | -30.9 | -. 1 | 75.3 | 644.7 | -45.1 | 35.2 | 27.7 | 10.9 |
| 1943 -Dec. 31 | 701.1 | -100.3 | 82.7 | 239.9 | 367.3 | -30.8 | . 6 | 86.3 | 645.7 | -58.2 | 40.5 | 62.5 | 10.6 |
| 1944-Dec. 31 | 911.8 | -125.4 | 77.3 | 239.0 | 368.5 | -30.8 | 1.9 | 103.2 | 633.7 | -28.1 | 54.9 | 240.5 | 10.7 |
| 1945-Jan. 31 | 909.0 | -127.4 | 77.2 | 239.0 | 366.1 | $-30.8$ | 1.8 | 103.0 | 629.0 | -27.4 | 55.7 | 241.1 | 10.7 |
| Feb. 28 | 845.0 | -131.7 | 76.9 | 239.1 | 363.3 | $-30.8$ | 2.1 | 102.4 | 621.4 | -84.2 | 55.4 |  |  |
| Mar. 31 | 820.6 | -135.4 | 68.0 | 239.1 | 362.2 | -30.8 | 2.1 | 93.7 | 598.9 | -85.7 | 55.2 | 241.7 | 10.5 |
| Apr. 30 | 802.5 | -139.2 | 67.1 | 239.4 | 360.1 | $-30.8$ | 2.2 | 92.5 | 591.2 | -95.9 | 55.1 | 241.9 | 10.3 |
| May 31 | 785.0 | -142.8 | 66.4 | 239.3 | 359.4 | $-30.7$ | . 8 | 93.5 | 585.9 | -106.7 | 52.8 | 242.7 | 10.3 |
| June 30 | 848.4 | -138.9 | 77.6 | 241.3 | 363.1 | $-30.7$ | 2.2 | 96.4 | 611.0 | -91.7 | 58.5 | 260.4 | 10.3 |
| July 31 | 843.2 | -140.3 | 71.7 | 240.9 | 363.5 | $-30.7$ | 1.9 | 95.3 | 602.1 | -98.5 | 57.2 | 272.2 | 10.2 |
| Aug. 31 | 831.6 | -141.5 | 71.1 | 240.7 | 362.0 | -30.7 | 1.8 | 96.5 | 600.0 | -105.4 | 56.1 | 270.9 | 10.0 |
| Sept. 30 | 818.4 | -143.4 | 78.5 | 237.8 | 360.2 | $-30.7$ | 1.8 | 96.4 | 600.8 | -117.9 | 55.1 | 270.6 | 9.8 |
| Oct. 31. | 795.1 | -149.9 | 78.3 | 235.5 | 360.9 | -30.7 | 1.9 | 96.4 | 592.4 | -126.4 | 54.6 | 264.4 | 10.0 |
| Nov. 30 | 779.1 | -154.0 | 70.4 | 234.0 | 358.1 | -30.6 | 1.6 | 98.0 | 577.4 | -136.8 | 65.8 | 263.1 | 9.4 |

TABLE 7.-INFLOW IN BROKERAGE BALANCES, BY COUNTRIES
(The Net Effect of Increases in Foreign Brokerage Balances in U. S. and of Decreases
in Balances Held by Brokers and Dealers in U. S. with Brokers and Dealers Abroad)

| From Jan. 2, 1935, through- | Total | United Kingdom | France | Neth-erlands | Switz-erland | Germany | Italy | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | Latin America | Asial ${ }^{1}$ | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) | 6.0 | (2) | 2.4 | 1.3 | 2.5 | -. 2 | .1 | 1.4 | 7.6 | $-4.5$ | 1.0 | 2.9 | $-.9$ |
| 1936-Dec. 30. | 12.9 | 4.0 | 10.4 | $-.9$ | 9.1 | $-7$ | . 3 | . 4 | 22.6 | $-7.6$ | -4.2 | 2.1 | (3) |
| 1937-Dec. 29 | 47.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 5.0 | 10.8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 1 | 5.0 | 44.0 | 3.5 | -. 5 |  | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| 1938-Dee. (Jan. 4, 1939) | 47.6 | 13.4 | 12.9 | 6.8 | 9.6 | $=.2$ | .2 | 5.2 | 47.9 | 1.8 | -. 9 | $-1.5$ | . 3 |
| 1939 -Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) | 80.6 | 19.4 | 20.1 | 9.3 | 17.8 | -. 1 | . 1 | 5.0 | 71.6 | 8.7 | 1.6 | -3.4 | 2.1 |
| 1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941). | 100.9 | 17.0 | 19.9 | 13.4 | 16.2 | -. 2 | .2 | 7.9 | 74.3 | 10.7 | 9.2 | 6.0 | 7 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 100.9 | 16.8 | 19.9 | 17.6 | 13.5 | -. 2 | . 2 | 8.0 | 75.7 | 14.1 | 3.9 | 6.3 | . 8 |
| 1942-Dec. 31 | 104.4 | 17.4 | 20.7 | 17.5 | 13.7 19.3 | -. 2 | .2 | 8.7 9.4 | 78.1 89.1 | 15.2 | ${ }_{3}^{4.2}$ | 6.0 6.0 | .9 1.3 |
| 1944-Dec. 31. | 117.8 | 18.5 | 23.1 | 22.3 | 23.0 | (3) | $\stackrel{.}{ }$ | 10.5 | 97.7 | 16.2 | 5.1 | 5.6 | 1.8 |
| 1945-Jan. 31. | 126.1 | 18.5 | 21.9 | 22.4 | 22.9 | -. 2 | . 3 | 10.6 | 96.6 | 16.7 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 1.8 |
| Feb. 28. | 129.9 | 18.6 | 22.9 | 22.7 | 23.9 | -. 2 | . 3 | 10.8 | 99.0 | 17.0 | 7.2 | 4.8 | 1.9 |
| Mar. 31. | 130.5 | 18.6 | 23.1 | 22.6 | 24.5 | -. 1 | . 3 | 10.5 | 99.4 | 17.0 | 7.5 | 4.7 | 1.9 |
| Apr. 30 | 130.4 | 18.4 | 23.1 | 23.0 | 24.7 | -. 1 | .3 | 10.5 | 100.0 | 17.0 | 7.0 | 4.4 | 1.9 |
| May 31. | 133.6 | 19.1 | 22.6 | 23.1 | 25.8 | -. 1 | . 3 | 10.3 | 101.1 | 19.3 | 7.5 | 3.9 | 1.9 |
| June 30 | 131.8 | 21.7 | 22.8 | 23.5 | 26.0 | -. 1 | . 3 | 10.6 | 104.8 | 17.9 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 1.9 |
| July 31 | 127.1 | 18.5 | 22.8 | 24.2 | 26.4 | -. 1 | .4 | 10.6 | 102.7 | 17.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 1.9 |
| Aug. 31. | 129.1 | 18.2 | 23.1 | 24.4 | 26.6 | $-1$ | . 4 | 10.8 | 103.4 | 18.2 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 2.0 |
| Sept. 30 | 134.6 | 19.1 | 23.1 | 24.7 | 27.8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 4 | 11.1 | 106.1 | 18.6 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 2.2 |
| Oct. 31. | 134.4 | 19.1 | 23.2 | 25.2 | 27.3 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | .4 | 11.3 | 106.4 | 17.6 | 4.5 6.9 | 3.6 | 2.2 |
| Nov. 30. | 139.0 | 19.3 | 23.1 | 24.1 | 28.2 |  | .4 | 12.4 | 107.5 | 18.8 | 6.9 | 3.4 | 2.4 |

${ }^{1}$ Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other."
2 Inflow less than $\$ 50,000$.

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued SHORT-TERM FOREIGN LIABILITIES AND ASSETS REPORTED BY bANKS IN THE UNITED STATES, BY COUNTRIES
[In millions of dollars]
LIABILITIES

| Date | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { United } \\ & \text { King } \\ & \text { dom } \end{aligned}$ | France | Neth-erlands | Switz-erland | Germany | Italy | Other Europe | Total Europe | Can* ada | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Latin } \\ \text { America } \end{array}\right\|$ | Asial | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { other }^{1} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934-Dec. (Jan. 2, 1935) | 597.0 | 76.9 | 33.9 | 12.9 | 13.7 | 29.9 | 18.8 | 46.8 | 232.9 | 99.3 | 122.8 | 130.1 | 12.0 |
| 1935-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) | 1,200.2 | 205.5 | 163.5 | 68.6 | 86.1 | 29.0 | 26.1 | 107.5 | 686.3 | 145.3 | 156.3 | 188.9 | 23.4 |
| 1936-Dec. 30 | 1,491.6 | 235.7 | 176.3 | 78.8 | 123.5 | 32.0 | 41.7 | 126.3 | 814.3 | 186.1 | 263.9 | 200.2 | 27.1 |
| 1937-Dec. 29 | 1,729.6 | 261.5 | 143.9 | 89.1 | 302.1 | 39.0 | 25.7 | 156.0 | 1,017.1 | 175.6 | 280.9 | 236.0 | 20.0 |
| 1938-Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) | 1,996.6 | 436.1 | 187.4 | 101.8 | 218.8 | 17.8 | 20.4 | 255.5 | 1,237.8 | 201.8 | 248.5 | 274.3 | 34.1 |
| 1939-Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) | 3,057.0 | 448.2 | 288.2 | 204.9 | 376.3 | 9.5 | 38.5 | 516.9 | 1,882.6 | 274.6 | 336.0 | 491.4 | 72.5 |
| 1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) | 3,785.2 | 365.5 | 490.1 | 174.3 | 508.4 | 6.7 | 17.9 | 650.6 | 2,213.5 | 434.3 | 447.3 | 616.9 | 73.3 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 3,482.4 | 400.8 | 448.6 | 174.9 | 339.9 | 6.6 | 15.4 | 608.0 | 1,994.0 | 373.2 | 417.7 | 583.9 | 113.6 |
| 1942-Dec. 31. | 3,987.5 | 554.6 | 432.3 | 186.6 | 184.2 | 7.5 | 12.1 | 643.4 | 2,020.7 | 507.4 | 597.7 | 712.1 | 149.6 |
| 1943-Dec. 31 | 5,153.7 | 1,000.8 | 439.9 | 193.3 | 210.6 | 6.5 | 11.3 | 722.1 | 2,584.5 | 812.6 | 693.7 | 887.6 | 175.3 |
| 1944-Dec. 31 | 5,271.4 | 865.7 | 401.2 | 209.7 | 239.3 | 6.8 | 27.3 | 767.7 | 2,517.8 | 926.5 | 909.3 | 743.8 | 174.0 |
| 1945-Jan. 31. | 5,382.8 | 787.8 | 383.6 | 206.6 | 237.8 | 6.8 | 31.0 | 703.6 | 2,357.1 | 976.0 | 963.3 | 912.4 | 174.1 |
| Jan. 312 | 5,389.7 | 787.8 | 419.0 | 206.6 | 237.8 | 6.8 | 31.0 | 703.6 | 2,392.5 | 976.0 | 970.2 | 912.4 | 138.6 |
| Feb. 28 | 5,553.1 | 838.3 | 409.8 | 209.3 | 245.0 | 6.8 | 33.8 | 709.8 | 2,452.8 | 1,070.3 | 976.9 | 911.7 | 141.4 |
| Mar. 31. | 5,575.7 | 834.2 | 366.6 | 208.8 | 252.5 | 6.9 | 36.0 | 715.8 | $2,420.8$ | $1,129.1$ | 964.0 | 917.2 | 144.5 |
| Apr. 30. | 5,624.0 | 819.9 | 338.5 | 208.8 | 252.0 | 7.0 | 39.4 | 739.9 | 2,405.5 | 1,164.8 | 993.5 | 916.2 | 144.1 |
| May 31. | 5,670.4 | 832.1 | 315.1 | 209.3 | 258.0 | 6.7 | 42.9 | 752.7 | 2,416.9 | 1,161.3 | 1,035.0 | 915.6 | 141.6 |
| June 30. | 5,927.3 6,108.5 | 861.8 872 | 372.3 399.0 | 213.3 215 | 261.2 | 6.7 6.8 | 43.9 | 803.0 839 | 2,562.3 | $1,267.3$ | 1, 076.9 | 878.4 | 142.4 |
| July Aug. 31. | $6,108.5$ $6,170.8$ | 872.0 824.0 | 399.0 356.7 | 215.8 218.0 | 268.5 273.8 | 6.8 6.9 | 49.5 53.9 | 839.8 805.4 | 2,651.3 | 1,349.8 | 1,100.7 | 865.5 | 141.2 152.5 |
| Sept. 30 | 6,260.6 | 746.2 | 313.4 | 220.6 | 277.7 | 6.9 | 58.5 | 877.9 | 2,501.0 | 1,492.1 | 1,110.6 | 990.4 | 166.5 |
| Oct. 31. | 6,396.8 | 740.2 | 360.3 | 228.1 | 284.4 | 7.1 | 62.0 | 862.9 | 2,545.0 | 1,551.8 | 1,097.7 | 1.007.7 | 194.6 |
| Nov. 30. | 6,310.9 | 699.6 | 327.3 | 269.6 | 290.0 | 6.9 | 65.4 | 871.2 | 2,529.9 | 1,545.7 | 1,045.7 | 1,003.9 | 185.7 |

LIABILITIES-SUPPLEMENTARY DATA
Other Europe


[^23]INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued SHORT-TERM FOREIGN LIABILITIES AND ASSETS REPORTED BY BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES.

BY COUNTRIES-Continued
[In millions of dollars]
LIABILITIES-SUPPLEMENTARY DATA-Continued
Asia and All Other

| Date | Asia | China | French IndoChina | Hong Kong | India, <br> Burma, and Cey${ }^{10 n}{ }^{1}$ | British <br> Ma- <br> laya ${ }^{1}$ | Japan (incl. K rea) and churia | Neth-erlande East Indies ${ }^{2}$ | Philippine lands | Turkey ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Other } \\ \text { Asia } \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { All } \\ \text { Other } \end{array}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Aus- } \\ \text { cra- } \\ \text { lia } \end{gathered}\right.$ | New <br> land | Egyp: and Anglo-EgypSud Sudan | French Moroceo | Union of South Africa | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939-Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (Jan. 3, 1940).. | 491.4 | 167.0 |  | 71.4 |  |  | 165.4 |  | 29.1 |  | 58.5 | 72.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1940 \text {-Dec. } \\ & \text { (Jan. 1, 1941). } \end{aligned}$ |  | $207.5$ |  | 91.1 |  |  | 110.3 |  | 45.6 |  | 162.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Lec. 31.... | 583.9 | 156.8 |  | 61.6 |  |  | 69.9 |  | 30.7 |  | 264.9 | 113.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942--Dec. 31 | 712.1 | 360.9 | 27.4 | 41.6 | 13.1 | 1.0 | 4.8 | 160.4 | 36.8 | 29.9 | 36.2 | 149.6 | 23.1 | 4.8 | 6.8 | 12.1 | 11.0 | 91.8 |
| 1943-Dec. 31 | 887.6 | 574.2 | 27.4 | 23.9 | 18.2 | 9 | 4.1 | 110.1 | 37.9 | 35.4 | 55.5 | 175.3 | 25.3 | 5.1 | 6.1 | 10.3 | 4.5 | 124.1 |
| 1944 -Dec. 31. | 743.8 | 427.3 | 27.4 | 22.9 | 22.1 | 1.3 | 4.0 | 110.5 | 40.4 | 23.7 | 64.2 | 174.0 | 52.9 | 3.5 | 7.3 | 4.3 | 8.3 | 97.6 |
| 1945--Jan. 31 | 912.4 | 573.9 | 27.4 | 22.6 | 20.8 | 1.3 | 4.0 | 111.1 | 40.2 | 37.1 | 74.0 | 174.1 | 34.2 | 5.6 | 8.4 | 4.2 | 8.9 | 112.8 |
| Jan. $31{ }^{3}$ | 912.4 | 573.9 | 27.4 | 22.6 | 20.8 | 1.3 | 4.0 | 111.1 | 40.2 | 37.1 | 74.0 | 138.6 | 34.2 | 5.6 | 8.4 | 4.2 | 8.9 | 77.4 |
| Feb. 28. | 911.7 | 556.9 | 27.4 | 22.8 | 21.1 | . .9 | 3.9 | 113.5 | 42.8 | 46.0 | 76.4 | 141.4 | 34.9 | 4.8 | 8.8 | 4.1 | 8.0 | 80:8 |
| Mar. 31 | 917.2 | 554.4 | 27.4 | 21.9 | 21.3 | 9 | 4.0 | 116.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 4.1 | 9.0 | 3.9 |  | 85.5 |
| Apr. 30. | 916.2 | [546.9 | 27.5 | 21.6 | 23.5 | 9 | 4.0 | 115.4 | 43.8 | 51.6 | 80.9 | 144.1 | 34.5 | 3.6 | 9.8 | 4.1 | 7.1 | 85.0 |
| May 31. | 915.6 878.4 | [541.7 <br> 519.6 | 27.5 27.5 | 21.9 22.0 | 26.6 23.2 | 1.8 | 4.0 4.1 | 117.6 111.3 | 45.2 49.6 | 50.7 51.5 | 79.4 68.6 | 142.6 | 32.0 30.7 | 3.5 3.3 | 9.5 11.0 | 4.3 3.6 | 6.0 6.4 | 86.2 87.4 |
| June 30. | 878.4 865.5 | ( $\begin{aligned} & 519.6 \\ & 501.1 \\ & 518\end{aligned}$ | 27.5 27.5 | 22.0 21.9 | 23.2 24.1 | 1.0 .9 | 4.1 4.3 | 111.3 | 49.6 52.5 | 51.5 50.8 | 68.6 69.6 | 142.4 141.2 | 30.7 27.8 | 3.3 3.3 | 11.0 10.8 | 3.6 4.0 | 6.4 | 87.4 90.5 |
| Aug. 31 | 942.6 | 578.7 | 27.6 | 21.7 | 25.3 | 9 | 3.9 | 108.8 |  | 51.2 | 74.2 | 152.5 | 27.6 | 4.6 | 13.6 | 4.7 | 5.8 | 96.2 |
| Sept. 30 | 990.4 | 558.5 | 27.6 | 21.9 | 28.9 | . 9 | 4.2 | 99.3 |  | 50.5 | 76.7 | $\left\|\begin{array}{\|c\|} 166.5 \\ 104 \end{array}\right\|$ | 28.5 | 3.1 | 13.6 | 5.8 | 8.4 | 107.1 |
| Oct. 31. | 1,007.7 | 591.7 | 27.5 | 21.7 | 33.2 | 1.0 | 4.2 | 104.4 |  | 50.5 | 83.7 | 194.6 | 29.0 | 3.7 | 17.3 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 130. |
| Nov. 30. | 1,003.9 | 581.4 | 27.5 | 22.1 | 34.6 | 1.0 | 4.1 | 103.8 | 109.2 | 47.2 | 73.0 | 185.7 | 30.2 | 4.3 | 19.6 | 9.4 | 8.0 | 114. |

" Prior to June 30, 1942, included under "Other Asia."
${ }^{2}$ Country breakdown not available until June 30. 1942.
${ }^{3}$ See footnote 2 for main table.

Footnotes to table on p. 446
${ }^{1}$ Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other." ${ }^{2}$ Certain of the figures are not strictly comparable with the corresponding figures for preceding months owing to changes in reporting practice of various banks. The cumulative figures in Tables 1, 2, and 3 of "Net Capital Movement to the United States" have been adjusted to exclude the unreal movements introduced by these changes. Figures shown above are adjusted to compare with those of previous months.
${ }^{3}$ Prior to June 30, 1942, included under "All other."
"Prior to June 30, 1942, included under "Other Latin America."
${ }^{5}$ Included "Canal Zone" prior to June 30, 1942.
Note.-For previous changes or corrections in the reporting practices of reporting banks (similar to those indicated in footnote 2 above) which occurred on Aug. 12, 1936, Jan. 5, 1938, Oct. 18, 1939, and May 7, 1941, see Banking and Montary Slatistics, pages 578-584. For changes subsequent to 1941, which occurred on Apr. 1 and June 30, 1942, Sept. 30 and Oct. 31, 1943, and Mar. 31 and Dec. 31, 1944, see Bulletin for September 1945, pp. 967-970.

ASSETS

| Date | Total | United Kingdom | France | Nether lands | Switz-erland | Germany | Italy | Other Europe | Total Europe | Canada | Latin <br> America | Asia ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934-Dec. (Jan. 2, 1935). | 1.139 .9 | 296.9 | 80.5 | 18.6 | 8.2 | 231.7 | 27.2 | 80.0 | 743.2 | 96.3 | 174.6 | 117.4 | 8.5 |
| 1935-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1936) | 778.6 | 88.1 | 32.5 | 19.0 | 6.6 | 202.0 | 13.5 | -71.2 | 433.0 | 100.9 | 154.5 | 80.1 | 10.1 |
| 1936 -Dec. 30. | 672.6 | 114.1 | 16.8 | 21.9 | 5.4 | 165.1 | 10.9 | 57.8 | 392, 1 | 59.4 | 141.1 | 67.2 | 12.9 |
| 1937-Dec. 29 | 655.0 | 84.8 | 13.5 | 23.0 | 5.5 | 126.1 | 20.8 | 52,9 | 326.5 | 118.0 | 114.4 | 78.9 | 17.2 |
| 1938-Dec. (Jan. 4, 1939) | 594.0 | 86.0 | 10.3 | 24.2 | 5.5 | 89.4 | 13.5 | 45.9 | 274.9 | 60.4 | 99.1 | 144.1 | 15.5 |
| 1939-Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940). | 508.7 | 39.9 | 4.9 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 53.4 | 11.8 | 51.4 | 172.2 | 39.7 | 113.3 | 174.1 | 9.3 |
| 1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941). | 384.0 | 23.0 | 4.2 | . 9 | 1.5 | 39.6 | 2.0 | 29.9 | 101.0 | 36.0 | 122.7 | 117.8 | 6.4 |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 367.8 | 20.9 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 34.4 | 1.5 | 26.2 | 88.4 | 33.6 | 148.3 | 87.9 | 9.7 |
| 1942-Dec. 31 | 246.7 | 12.6 | 1.3 | . 5 | 1.5 | 34.0 | . 4 | 22.3 | 72.6 | 34.3 | 99.7 | 35.3 | 4.8 |
| 1943-Dec. 31 | 257.9 | 19.9 | 1.1 | .4 | 3.0 | 33.9 | . 4 | 19.0 | 77.6 | 37.8 | 112.2 | 26.3 | 3.9 |
| 1944-Dec. 31 | 329.7 | 25.9 | 1.4 | . 3 | 1.3 | 33.9 | . 3 | 44.4 | 107.5 | 28.1 | 131.0 | 51.4 | 11.7 |
| 1945-Jan. 31 | 287.3 | 25.8 | 1.5 | . 3 | 1.9 | 33.9 | .4 | 8.4 | 72.1 | 31.1 | 131.9 | 41.5 | 10.6 |
| Feb. 28 | 275.6 | 27.4 | 1.5 | . 3 | . 8 | 33.9 | . 3 | 8.7 | 72.9 | 24.8 | 127.3 | 40.9 | 9.7 |
| Mar. 31 | 286.9 | 23.2 | 1.5 | . 3 | . 9 | 33.9 33 | . 3 | 8.7 | 68.8 | 23.9 | 144.1 | 41.0 | 9.2 |
| Apr. 30 | 290.8 | 25.4 | 1.4 | . 5 | . 9 | 33.9 | . 3 | 8.4 | 70.8 | 23.0 | 145.0 | 42.6 | 9.3 |
| May 31. | 289.8 | 30.5 | 1.3 | .4 | . 8 | 33.9 | . 3 | 8.9 | 76.2 | 25.6 | 127.9 | 51.1 | 9.0 |
| June 30 | 375.0 | 27.9 | 1.3 | . 7 | 5.4 | 33.9 | . 3 | 48.2 | 117.6 | 53.8 | 144.5 | 49.2 | 9.9 |
| July 31 | 325.2 | 24.8 | 1.2 | . 3 | 3.6 | 33.9 | . 3 | 48.7 | 113.0 | 45.2 | 109.8 | 47.7 | 9.5 |
| Aug. 31. | 306.5 | 31.6 | 1.2 | .4 | 2.0 | 33.9 | . 3 | 9.7 | 79.1 | 41.5 | 116.6 | 60.7 | 8.5 |
| Sept. 30 | 270.2 | 24.9 | 1.2 | . 6 | 2.7 | 33.9 | . 3 | 8.1 | 71.7 | 39.6 | 120.6 | 30.8 | 7.6 |
| Oct. 31. | 260.0 | 21.5 | 1.0 | . 6 | 3.0 | 33.9 | . 1 | 9.6 | 69.8 | 32.2 | 113.6 | 37.3 | 7.2 |
| Nov. 30. | 331.3 | 25.9 | 1.1 | 36.5 | 1.6 | 33.9 | . 3 | 10.2 | 109.6 | 38.0 | 145.8 | 29.1 | 8.8 |

[^24]INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued SHORT-TERM FOREIGN LIABILITIES AND ASSETS REPORTED by banks in THE UNITED States, BY COUNTRIES-Continued
[In millions of dollars]
ASSETS--SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

|  |  |  |  |  | Other E | rope |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Other Europe | Belgium | Denmark | Finland | Greece ${ }^{1}$ | Luxembourg ${ }^{1}$ | Norway | Portugal ${ }^{1}$ | $\xrightarrow{\mathrm{Ru}-}$ mania | Spain ${ }^{1}$ | Sweden | USSR ${ }^{1}$ | Yugoslavia | All |
| 1939-Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) | 51.4 | 6.5 | 3.2 | 1.4 |  |  | 3.6 |  |  |  | 8.7 |  |  | 28.0 |
| 1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) | 29.9 | 1.5 | . 3 | 1.8 |  |  | . 9 |  |  |  | 1.0 |  |  | 24.5 |
| 1941-Dec. 31.......... | 26.2 | 1.1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.9 |  |  | .5 |  |  |  | . 6 |  |  | 22.1 |
| 1942 -Dec. 31. | 22.3 | . 8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.6 | 1.1 | .1 | . 2 | 2.4 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 3.2 | . 4 | (2) | (2) | 8.4 |
| 1943-Dec. 31. | 19.0 | 7 | (2) | 7.6 | . 6 | .1 | . 2 | 1.4 | (2) | 3.2 | .2 | (2) | (2) | 5.0 |
| 1944-Dec. 31 | 44.4 | . 7 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 6 | . 1 | 35.1 | . 8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.8 | . 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.1 |
| 1945-Jan. 31. | 8.4 | . 7 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 | . 7 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 9 | . 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.0 |
| Feb. 28. | 8.7 | . 8 | (2) | (2) | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 | . 6 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.2 | . 2 | (2) | (2) | 5.1 |
| Mar. 31. | 8.7 | . 8 | (2) | (2) | . 6 | .1 | .1 | .5 | (2) | 1.3 | . 2 | (2) | (2) | 5.0 |
| Apr. 30 | 8.4 | . 8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 6 | .1 | .1 | . 6 | (2) | . 9 | .2 | (2) | (2) | 5.1 |
| May 31. | 8.9 | . 8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 6 | .1 | . 1 | . 6 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.5 | . 3 | (2) | (2) | 4.9 |
| June 30. | 48.2 | . 8 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 6 | 1 | 40.1 | . 5 | (2) | . 9 | .3 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 4.8 |
| July 31. | 48.7 | .8 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 6 | 1 | 40.5 | . 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 9 | . 7 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | 4.9 |
| Aug. 31. | 9.7 | . 7 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 6 | 1 | . 1 | . 3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.4 | 1.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 4.9 |
| Sept. 30. | 8.1 | .5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | .6 | .1 | .1 | . 3 | (2) | . 9 | 3 | (2) 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.1 |
| Oct. 31. | 9.6 | .5 | 1.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 6 | 1 | . 1 | . 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.0 | . 5 | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.0 |
| Nov. 30. | 10.2 | . 6 | 1.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 6 | . 1 | . 1 | . 4 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 9 | 1.0 | . 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 4.9 |



Asia and All Other

| Date | Asia | China | $\begin{aligned} & \text { French } \\ & \text { Indo- } \\ & \text { China } \end{aligned}$ | Hong Kong | India, Burma, and lon ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bri- } \\ & \text { tish } \\ & \text { Ma- } \\ & \text { laya } \end{aligned}$ | Japan (incl. Korea) and churia | Neth-erlands East Indies ${ }^{5}$ | Philippine Islands | $\begin{array}{\|} \text { Tur- } \\ \text { key }^{5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Other } \\ \text { Asia } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Al } \\ \text { Other } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aus- } \\ \text { tra } \\ \text { Iia } \end{gathered}$ | New <br> land | Egypt and Anglo EgypSudan | French <br> Mo- <br> rocco |  | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939-Dec. (Jan. 3, 1940) | 174.1 | 22.0 |  | 1.9 |  |  | 102.1 |  | 26.4 |  | 21.6 | 9.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940-Dec. (Jan. 1, 1941) | 117.8 | 23.7 |  | 1.7 |  |  | 55.8 |  | 22.6 |  | 14.0 | 6.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941-Dec. 31. | 87.9 | 23.5 |  | 3.1 |  |  | 18.9 |  | 23.0 |  | 19.5 | 9.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942-Dec. 31 | 35.3 | 11.1 | (2) | 9 | 2.2 | . 7 | . 5 | 1.6 | 14.4 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 4.8 | 1.0 | . 7 | . 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.7 | 1.2 |
| 1943-Dec. 31. | 26.3 | 1.7 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.0 | 2.0 | . 5 | . 5 | 1.7 | 13.9 | 3.2 | 1.8 | 3.9 | . 5 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 2.4 | . 7 |
| 1944-Dec. 31. | 51.4 | 1.5 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 9 | 22.3 | 1 | . 5 | 1.5 | 13.8 | 1.8 | 8.8 | 11.7 | 6 | 2 | 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 9.7 | 1.0 |
| 1945-Jan. 31 | 41.5 | 1.7 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 9 | 12.4 | . 1 | . 5 | 1.4 | 13.9 | 2.0 | 8.6 | 10.6 | . 8 | . 2 | . 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 8.3 | 1.1 |
| Feb. 28 | 40.9 | 1.2 | ${ }^{2}$ | 9 | 12.1 | . 1 | . 5 | 1.4 | 13.9 | 1.8 | 9.0 | 9.7 | . 7 | . 2 | . 3 | (2) | 7.2 | 1.2 |
| Mar. 31 | 41.0 | 1.3 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | .9 | 11.8 | . 1 | . 5 | 1.4 | 13.9 | 1.8 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 8 | ${ }^{4}$ | . 3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 6.7 | 1.1 |
| Apr. 30. | 42.6 | 1.3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 9 | 12.1 | . 1 | . 5 | 1.4 | 13.9 | 1.9 | 10.5 | 9.3 | . 8 | ${ }^{4}$ | 4 | (2) | 6.7 | 1.2 |
| May 31. | 51.1 | 1.1 | (2) | . 8 | 19.4 | $\cdot 1$ | . 5 | 1.4 | 13.9 |  | 11.8 | 9.0 | 1.0 | ${ }^{3}$ | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 6.1 | 1.2 |
| June 30 | 49.2 | 1.2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 8 | 16.8 | 1 | . 5 | 1.4 | 13.6 | 2.0 | 12.5 | 9.9 |  | ${ }^{4}$ | 2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 6.0 | 2.4 |
| July 31. | 47.7 | 1.0 | (2) | 8 | 15 | . 1 | . 5 | 1.4 | 13.9 26.0 | 2.2 | 13.6 | 9.5 | 2.1 | 4 | 3 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.2 | 1.6 |
| Aug. 31. | 60.7 30.8 | 1.1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | . 8 | 15.0 8.0 | .1 | . 5 | 1.4 | 13.6 | 2.3 | 13.6 | 8.5 | 1.0 | . 4 | ${ }^{3}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 5.0 4.5 | 1.8 |
| Sept. 31. | 30.8 37.3 | 1.2 | (2) | .8 | 7.2 | .1 | . 5 | 1.4 | 13.0 | 1.6 | 11.4 | 7.2 | 7 | 6 | 2 | (2) | 4.1 | 1.6 |
| Nov. 30. | 29.1 | 1.7 | . 2 | . 8 | 7.1 | . 1 | . 5 | 1.4 | 13.7 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 8.8 | . 9 | . 7 | 2 | (2) | 5.0 | 1.9 |

[^25]CENTRAL BANKS

${ }_{1}$ Through February 1939, valued at legal parity of 85 shillings a fine ounce; thereafter at market price, which fluctuated until Sept. 6, 1939. when it was officially set at 168 shillings per fine ounce; the latter rate remained in effect until June 9, 1945, when it was raised to 172 shillings and three pence.
${ }_{2}$ Securities and silver coin held as cover for fiduciary issue, the amount of which is also shown by this figure.
${ }^{3}$ Notes issued less amounts held in banking department.
4 On Jan. 6, 1939, 200 million pounds sterling of gold (at legal parity) transferred from Bank to Exchange Equalization Account; on Mar. 1. 1939, about 5.5 million pounds (at current price) transferred from Exchange Account to Bank; on July 12, 1939, 20 million pounds transferred from Exchange Account to Bank; on Sept. 6, 1939, 279 million pounds transferred from Bank to Exchange Account.
${ }^{5}$ Fiduciary issue increased by 50 million pounds on June 12, 1940, Apr. 30, Aug. 30, and Dec. 3, 1941, and Apr. 22 and July 28, 1942; by 70 million pounds on Dec. 2, 1942; and by 50 million pounds on Apr. 13, Oct. 6, and Dec. 8, 1943, Mar. 7, Aug. 2, and Dec. 6, 1944, and on May 8, July 3, and Dec. 10, 1945.

6 Securities maturing in two years or less.
7 Includes notes held by the chartered banks, which constitute an important part of their reserves.
8 Beginning November 1944, includes a certain amount of sterling and United States dollars.
O On May 1, 1940, gold transferred to Foreign Exchange Control Board in return for short-term Government securities (see Bulletin for July 1940, pp. 677-678).

Note.-For back figures on Bank of England and Bank of Canada, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 164 and 166, pp. 638-640 and pp. 644-645, respectively; for description of statistics see pp. 560-564 in same publication.

CENTRAL BANKS-Continued

${ }^{1}$ Gold revalued on Dec. 26, 1945, on basis of 134,027.90 francs per fine kilogram. For details on previous devaluations see Bulletin for May 1940, pp. 406-407; January 1939, p. 29; September 1937, p. 853; and November 1936, pp. 878-880.
${ }^{2}$ For explanation of this item, see Bulletin for July 1940, p. 732 .
${ }^{2}$ By a series of Conventions between the Bank of France and the Treasury, dated from Aug. 25, 1940, through July 20, 1944, advances of 441,000 million francs were authorized to meet the costs of the German army of occupation.
${ }^{4}$ Central Administration of the Reichskreditkassen.
${ }^{5}$ In each of the weeks ending Apr. 20 and Aug. 3, 1939, 5.000 million francs of gold transferred from Exchange Stabilization Fund to Bank of France; in week ending 'Mar. $7,1940,30,000$ million, in week ending Oct. 11, 1945, 10,000 million, and in week ending Dec. 27, 1945, 53,000 million francs of gold transferred from Bank of France to Stabilization Fund.
${ }^{6}$ Includes 9,447 million francs charged to the State to reimburse the Bank for the gold turned over by it to the National Bank of Belgium on Dec. 22, 1944.

7 Forty billion francs of gold increment resulting from revaluation used to cancel an equal amount of Treasury bonds.
Gold not shown separately in weekly Reichsbank statement after June 15, 1939.
Note.-For back figures on Bank of France and Reichsbank, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 165 and 167, pp. 641-643 and pp. 645-647, respectively; for description of statistics see pp. 562-565 in same publication.

CENTRAL BANKS-Continued

| Central Bank <br> (Figures as of last report date of month) | 1946 |  | 1945 |  | Central Bank <br> (Figures as of last report date of month) | 1946 |  | 1945 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. | Jan. | Dec. | Feb. |  | Feb. | Jan. | Dec. | Feb. |
| Central Bank of the Argentine |  |  |  |  | National Bank of Czechoslovakia |  |  |  |  |
| Republic (milions of pesos): |  |  |  |  | in Prague-Continued |  |  |  |  |
| Gold reported separately. |  | 1,209 | 1,223 | 1,242 | Note circulation-Old |  |  | 2,192 | 37,402 |
| Other gold and foreign exchange. |  | 3,456 | 3,366 | 2,528 | New |  |  | 24,233 |  |
| Government securities. ....... |  | 866 | 866 | -872 | Deposits-Old. |  |  | 91,224 | 20,225 |
| Temporary advances to Gov |  | 41 |  |  |  |  |  | 2,187 |  |
| Other assets... |  | 148 | 154 | 150 | Other liabilities . . . . . . . |  |  | 10,627 | 14,070 |
| Note circulation. . Deposits-Member |  | 2,871 | 2,830 | 2,354 | National Bank of Denmark |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits-Member bank |  | 1,799 | 1,765 | 1,337 | (millions of kroner): |  |  |  |  |
| Government Other..... |  | 477 | 436 | - 578 | Gold. . . . . . . . . . . | 83 | 83 | 83 | 97 |
| Other....... |  | 204 | 203 | 195 | Foreign exchange | 130 | 100 | 88 | 22 |
| Certificates of participation in |  |  |  |  | Clearing accounts (net) | 121. | 114 | 121 | 2,864 |
| Government securities. . . . . . . |  | 166 | 167 | 126 | Loans and discounts. | 30 | 68 | 75 | 29 |
| Other liabilities. . . . . . . |  | 205 | 208 | 203 | Securities. | 82 | 85 | 88 | 90 |
| Commonwealth Bank of Aus- |  |  |  |  | Govt. compensation accoun | 7,611 | 7,611 | 7,611 | 85 |
| tralia ${ }^{1}$ (thousands of pounds): |  |  |  |  | Other assets. | 130 | 132 | 147 | 4,605 |
| Gold and foreign exchange. |  | 177,460 | 176,712 |  | Note circulation | 1,509 | 1,516 | 1,561 | 1,618 |
| Checks and bills of other banks. |  | 1,610 | 1,063 |  | Deposits-Govern | 2,727 | 2,891 | 2,737 | 2,639 |
| Securities (incl. Government and |  |  |  |  | Other | 3,695 | 3,524 | 3,634 | 3,072 |
| Treasury bills).............. |  | 419,092 | 426, 160 |  | Other Iiabilities. . . . . . | 256 | 262 | 280 | 464 |
| Other assets. |  | 15,813 | 13,272 |  | Central Bank of Ecuador |  |  |  |  |
| Note circulation |  | 193,714 | 199,964 |  | (thousands of sucres): |  |  | (Oct.) ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| Deposits of Trading Banks: |  |  |  |  | Gold... |  |  | 288,843 | 288,648 |
| Special. |  | 236,780 | 233,831 |  | Foreign exchange (net) |  |  | 118,365 | 148,701 |
| Other |  | 32,865 | 32,971 |  | Loans and discounts. |  |  | 131,895 | 94,635 |
| Other liabilities. |  | 150,617 | 150,442 |  | Other assets |  |  | 90,598 | 99,196 |
| National Bank of Belgium |  |  | 150,42 |  | Note circulation |  |  | 337,865 | 305,782 |
| (millions of francs) : |  |  |  |  | Demand deposits |  |  | 263,650 | 298,978 |
| Gold ${ }^{2}$. . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 32,728 | 31,943 | 31,383 | 32,094 | Other liabilities. . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 28,187 | 26,420 |
| Foreign exchange. | 4,576 | 3,124 | 3,688 | 1,044 | National Bank of Egypt ${ }^{\text {c }}$ (thou- |  |  | 28,187 | 26, |
| Loans to Government | 49,894 | 50,904 | 42,270 | 33,691 | sands of pounds): |  |  | (Nov.) ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| Other loans and discounts. | 2,128 | 2,868 | 1,769 | 1,720 | Goid. . . . . . . . |  |  | 6,241 | 6,241 |
| Claim against Bank of Issu | 64,597 | 64,597 | 64,597 | 64,589 | Foreign exchange. |  |  | 18,063 | 17,185 |
| Other assets........ | 1,725 | 1,628 | 1,342 | 2, 2,096 | Loans and discounts.... |  |  | 6,083 | 4,673 |
| Note circulation | 73,143 | 72,470 | 70,376 | 47,945 | British, Egyptian, and ot |  |  |  |  |
| Demand deposits. | 2,675 | 3,119 | 3,444 | 3,445 | Government securities. . . . . . |  |  | 299,913 | 270,944 |
| Blocked accounts ${ }^{3}$ | 78,434 | 78,081 | 70,082 | 82,835 | Other assets. |  |  | 27,596 | 24,578 |
| Other liabilities . . . . . ${ }_{\text {Ontiol }}$ | 1,398 | 1,393 | 1,147 | 1,009 | Note circulation..... |  |  | 142,232 | 119,225 |
| Central Bank of Bolivia (millions of bolivianos): |  |  | (Nov.)4 |  | Deposits-Governmen |  |  | r $\begin{array}{r}64,722 \\ 135,914\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 72,068 \\ 119,612 \end{array}$ |
| of bolivianos): <br> Gold at home and abroad. . . . . . |  |  | (Nov.) 768 | 642 | Other liabilities |  |  | 135,914 15,028 | $\begin{array}{r} 119,612 \\ 12,717 \end{array}$ |
| Foreign exchange. ........ |  |  | 539 | 380 | Central Reserve Bank of El Salva- |  |  | 15,028 | 12,77 |
| Loans and discounts |  |  | 406 | 285 | dor (thousands of colones) : |  |  |  |  |
| Securities-Governme |  |  | 628 | 625 | Gold. |  |  | 33,008 | 33,205 |
| Other |  |  | 42 | 41 | Foreign exchange |  |  | 37,382 | 34,546 |
| Other assets. |  |  | 237 | 82 | Loans and discounts.......... |  |  | 2,113 | 1,290 |
| Note circu |  |  | 1,446 | 1,251 | Government debt and securities. |  |  | 6,337 | 5,999 |
| Deposits. |  |  | 1,020 | - 699 | Other assets.. |  |  | 1,725 | 1,527 |
| Other liabilities . . . . . |  |  | 155 | 105 | Note circulation. . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 46,022 | 47,794 |
| National Bank of Bulgaria ${ }^{5}$ |  |  | 155 | 10. | Deposits .i . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 27,655 | 21,895 |
| Central Bank of Chile (millions of pesos) : |  |  |  |  | Other liabilities............. |  |  | 6,887 | 6,878 |
| Gold |  | 384 | 340 | 277 | Bank of Greece ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Discounts for member ban |  | 337 | 447 | 341 | National Bank of Hungarys |  |  |  |  |
| Loans to Government. |  | 701 | 701 | 710 | Reserve Bank of India (millions of |  |  |  |  |
| Other loans and discount |  | 614 | 605 | 973 | rupees): |  |  |  |  |
| Other assets |  | 1,843 | 1,738 | 1,206 | Issue department: |  |  |  |  |
| Note circulatio |  | 2,798 | 2,892 | 2,580 | Gold at home and abroad. . |  | 444 | 444 | 444 |
| Deposits-Bank. |  | 554 | 416 | 447 | Sterling securities. |  | 11,353 | 11,053 | 9.543 |
| Other Other |  | 206 | 198 | 157 | Indian Grovt. securities. |  | 578 | - 578 | 578 |
|  |  | 320 | 325 | 324 | Rupee coin. . . . . |  | 101 | 146 | 105 |
| Bank of the Republic of Colombia (thousands of pesos): |  |  |  |  | Note circulation. . . . . . . . . . . <br> Banking department: |  | 11.997 | 12,109 | 10,593 |
| Gold . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 224,077 | 221,561 | 167,090 | Notes of issue department. . |  | 480 | 113 | 77 |
| Foreign exchange.. |  | 100,958 | 87,806 | 109,079 | Balances abroad. ........ |  | 5,421 | 5,623 | 3,690 |
| Loans and discounts. . . . . . . . |  | 7,600 | 25,748 | 29,031 | Treasury bills discounted.. |  | , 63 | -82 | , 47 |
| Government loans and securities. |  | 67,273 | 65,549 | 65,981 | Loans to Government. . . . . |  | 8 | 4 |  |
| Other asset |  | 28,618 | 30,529 | 28,281 | Other asset |  | 467 | 352 | 267 |
| Note circulatio |  | 188,636 | 204,938 | 167,208 | Deposits |  | 6,187 | 5,934 | 3,798 |
| Deposits |  | 198,041 | 174,436 | 141,907 | Other liabilities. |  | 252 | 240 | 282 |
| Other liabilities............ |  | 41,850 | 51,819 | 90,347 | Central Bank of Ireland (thousands |  |  |  |  |
| National Bank of Czechoslovakia in Prague (millions of koruny) : |  |  | 51,81) |  | of pounds): Gold. |  |  |  |  |
| in Prague ${ }^{\text {G }}$ (millions of koruny): Gold . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 1,517 | 1517 | Sterling fünds | 25,646 | 2,646 | 2,646 | 2,646 |
| Foreign exchange |  |  | 1,869 | 1,5178 | Note circulation | 35, 896 | 34,918 | 36,287 | 29,292 |
| Loans and discounts |  |  | 3,520 | 3,936 | Bank of Japan ${ }^{5}$ | 37,84 | 37,564 | 38,933 | 31,938 |
| Other assets. |  |  | 124,557 | 65,457 | Bank of Java ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{2}$ Beginning Aug. 27, 1945, figures published in the balance sheet of the Commonwealth Bank cover central banking operations only, while previously these statements included the operations of the General Banking Division.

2 Gold revalued provisionally at 49.318 francs per gram.
${ }^{3}$ Includes increment resulting from gold revaluation, notes forfeited to the State, and frozen old notes and current accounts.
${ }_{5}$ Latest month available.
5 For last available report from the central bank of Bulgaria (January 1943), see Bulletin for July 1943, p. 697; of Finland (August 1943), see Bulletin for April 1944, p. 405; of Greece (March 1941) and Japan (September 1941), see Buldetin for March 1942, p. 281; of Hungary (November 1944), see BUlletin for January 1946, p. 99; and of Java (January 1942), see Bulletin for March $1943, \mathrm{p} 278$.

6 First statement available since liberation is that for July 31. Until May 1945, known as the National Bank of Bohemia and Moravia.
7 In December 1945, State-guaranteed German assets, formerly included in "Clearing accounts" and "Other assets," were transferred to Government compensation account.

8 Items for issue and banking departments consolidated.

${ }^{1}$ Includes gold, silver, and foreign exchange forming required reserve ( 25 per cent) against notes and other demand liabilities.
${ }^{2}$ Gold revalued in July 1945 from 2,098 to 2,970 guilders per fine kilogram.
${ }^{3}$ Notes issued before October 1945 were gradually withdrawn from circulation and deposited in "blocked" accounts in accordance with the currency reform decrees effected between June and October 1945.

4 For last available reports from the central banks of Norway (March 1940) and Yugoslavia (February 1941), see Bulletin for March 1942 p. 282; and of Rumania (June 1944), see Bulletin for March 1945, p. 286.
${ }^{5}$ The Bank of the Republic of Paraguay was reorganized in September 1944 under the name of Bank of Paraguay. The new institution is divided into a Monetary, a Banking, and a Mortgage Department. The first official balance sheet of the Monetary Department, which assumes
central banking functions, was issued for the end of December 1944.
6 Latest month available.
${ }_{7}$ Latest month available.
8 Beginning July 1945, end-of-month statements have been available.

- Includes small amount of non-Government bonds.
${ }^{10}$ Beginning October 1944, a certain amount of gold, formerly reported in the Bank's account, shown separately for account of the Government.
${ }^{11}$ See Bulletin for December 1936, p. 1025.
[Per cent per annum]

| Date effective | Central bank of- |  |  |  |  |  |  | Central bank of- | Rate Mar. 31 | Date effective | Central bank of- | Rate Mar. 31 | Date effective |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United <br> Kingdom | France | Germany | Belgium | Nethlands | Sweden | Switz-erland |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In effect Dec. 31, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Albania. | $51 / 2$ | Mar. 21, 1940 | Italy. |  | Sept. 11, 1944 |
| $1936 . .$. | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 21/2 | 11/2 | Argentina | $31 / 2$ | Mar. 1, 1936 | Japan | 3.29 | Apr. 7, 1936 |
| Jan. 28, 1937. |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |  | Belgium...... | $6^{1 / 2}$ |  | Java. | 3 5 | Jan. 14, 1937 Feb. 17, 1940 |
| July 7 |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Lithuania | 6 | July 15, 1939 |
| Aug. 4 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. 3 |  | $31 / 2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 10, 1938. |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  | British India. . | 3 | Nov. 28, 1935 | Mexico...... | 41/2 | June 4, 1942 |
| May 13...... |  | 21\% |  |  |  |  |  | Bulgaria...... | 5 | Dec. 1, 1940 | Netherlands. | 21/2 | June 27, 1941 |
| May 30. |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | Canada. | $13 / 2$ | Feb. 8, 1944 | New Zealand. | $11 / 2$ | July 26. 1941 |
| Sept. 28 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | Chile. | 3-41/2 | Dec. 16, 1936 | Norway..... | 21/2 | Jan. 8, 1946 |
| Oct. 27. |  |  |  | 21/2 |  |  |  | Colombia. |  | July 18, 1933 | Peru. |  | Aug. 1, 1940 |
| Nov. 25. |  | 21/2 |  |  |  |  |  | Czechoslovakia | 21/2 | Oct. 28, 1945 | Portugal..... | 21/2 | Jan. 12, 1944 |
| Jan. 4, 1939. |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. ${ }^{\text {May }} 17$. |  | ... |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July 6 |  |  |  | 2112 |  |  |  | Denmark | 31/2 | Jan. 15, 1946 | Rumania.... |  | May 8, 1944 |
| Aug. 24. | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Ecuador... |  | May 26, 1938 | South Africa. | 3 | June 2, 1941 |
| Aug. 29 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | El Salvador |  | Mar. 30, 1939 | Spain....... |  | Dec. 1, 1938 |
| Sept. 28 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Estonia...... . | $4{ }_{4}^{1 / 2}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Oct. } & 1,1935 \\ \text { Dec. } & 3,1934\end{array}$ | Sweden..... Switzerland. | 21/2 | Feb. 9, 1945 Nov. 26, 1936 |
| Dec. 15 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Nov. 26, 1936 |
| Jan. 25, 1940... |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. 9....... |  |  | $31 / 2$ |  |  |  |  | France | 15/83 | Jan. 20, 1945 | Turke | 4 | July 1, 1938 |
| Mar. 17, 1941... |  | 13/4 |  |  |  |  |  | Germany | $31 / 2$ | Apr. 9, 1940 | United King- |  | July 1, 1938 |
| May 29........ |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | Greece. | 7 | Feb. 11, 1945 | dom...... | 2 | Oct. 26, 1939 |
| June 27,....... |  |  |  |  | 21/2 |  |  | Hungary |  | Oct. 22, 1940 | U. S. S. R.... | 4 | July 1, 1936 |
| Jan. 16, 1945... |  |  |  | 1122 |  |  |  | Ireland. | 21/2 | Nov. 23, 1943 | Yugoslavia.. | 5 | Feb. 1, 1935 |
| Jan. 20....... |  | 15/8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note.-Changes since Feb. 28: None.

OPEN-MARKET RATES
[Per cent per annum]

| Month | United Kingdom |  |  |  | Germany |  | Netherlands |  | Sweden <br> Loans up to 3 months | Switzer-land |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bankers' acceptances 3 months | Treasury bills 3 months | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Day-to- } \\ & \text { day } \\ & \text { money } \end{aligned}$ | Bankers' allowance on deposits | Private discount rate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Day-to- } \\ & \text { day } \\ & \text { money } \end{aligned}$ | Private discount rate | Money for 1 month |  |  |
| 1929-Jan.. | 4.32 | 4.29 | 3.41 | 21/2 | 5.80 | 5.13 | 4.20 | 4.46 | $41 / 2-61 / 2$ | 3.28 |
| 1930--Jan. | 4.07 | 4.04 | 3.62 | 3 | 6.33 | 6.03 | 2.99 | 2.85 | 41/2-6 | 2.97 |
| 1931-Jan. | 2.25 | 2.24 | 1.74 | 1 | 4.75 | 4.93 | 1.38 | 1.55 | 31/2-51/2 | 1.17 |
| 1932-Jan. | 5.52 | 4.94 | 4.20 | 4 | 6.94 | 7.86 | 2.24 | 2.37 | 6-71/2 | 1.68 |
| 1933-Jan. | . 87 | . 76 | . 73 | 1/2 | 3.88 | 4.98 | . 37 | 1.00 | $31 / 2-51 / 2$ | 1.50 |
| 1934-Jan. | 1.01 | . 90 | . 86 | $1 / 2$ | 3.88 | 4.74 | . 50 | 1.00 | $21 / 2-5$ | 1.50 |
| 1935-Jan. | . 36 | . 26 | . 66 | $1 / 2$ | 3.51 | 3.82 | . 59 | 1.00 | 21/2-41/2 | 1.50 |
| 1936-Jan. | . 56 | . 53 | . 75 | $1 / 2$ | 3.00 | 2.81 | 2.21 | 2.29 | 21/2-5 | 2.48 |
| 1937-Jan. | . 56 | . 54 | . 75 | $1 / 2$ | 3.00 | 2.54 | . 52 | 1.01 | $21 / 2-5$ | 1.25 |
| 1938-Jan. | . 54 | . 51 | . 75 | $1 / 2$ | 2.88 | 2.98 | . 13 | . 50 | 21/2-5 | 1.00 |
| 1939-Jan. | . 55 | . 53 | . 75 | $1 / 2$ | 2.88 | 2.46 | . 13 | . 50 | 21\%-5 | 1.00 |
| 1940-Jan. | 1.10 | 1.09 | 1.02 | $1 / 2$ | 2.50 | 2.03 | 1.85 | 2.64 | 3-5 | 1.25 |
| 1941-Jan. | 1.03 | 1. 01 | 1.00 | $1 / 2$ | 2.25 | 1.73 | 2.25 | 2.75 | 31/2-51/2 | 1.25 |
| 1942-Jan. | 1.03 | 1.01 | 1.04 | 1/2 | 2.13 | 1.92 |  |  | 3-51/2 | 1.25 |
| 1943-Jan. | 1.03 | 1.01 | 1.08 | $1 / 2$ | 2.13 | 1.84 |  |  | 3-51/2 | 1.25 |
| 1944-Jan. | 1.03 | 1.01 | 1.08 | 1/2 | 2.13 | 1.89 |  |  | 3-51/2 | 1.25 |
| 1945-Jan. | 1.03 | 1.01 | 1.00 | 1/2 | 2.13 |  |  |  | 3-51/2 | 1.25 |
| 1945-Feb. | 1.03 | 1.00 | 1.00 | $1 / 2$ | 2.13 |  |  |  | 21/2-5 | 1.25 |
| Mar. | 1.03 | 1.00 | 1.00 | $1 / 2$ | 2.13 |  |  |  | 21/2-5 | 1.25 |
| Apr. | 1.03 | 1.01 | 1.00 | 12 |  |  |  |  | $21 / 2-5$ | 1.25 |
| May | 1.03 | 1.00 | 1.03 | $1 / 2$ |  |  |  |  | 21/2-5 | 1. 25 |
| June. | 1.03 | 1.00 | 1.13 | $1 / 2$ |  |  |  |  | $21 / 2-5$ | 1.25 |
| July. | 1.03 | 1.00 | 1.13 | $1 / 2$ |  |  |  |  | 21/2-5 | 1.25 |
| Aug. | 1.03 | 1.00 | 1.13 | $1 / 2$ |  |  |  |  | 21/2-5 | 1.25 |
| Sept. | 1.03 | 1.00 | 1.13 | 12 |  |  |  |  | 212-5 | 1.25 |
| Oct. | . 83 | . 75 | . 96 | 1/2 |  |  |  |  | 21/2-5 | 1.25 |
| Nov. | . 53 | . 51 | . 63 | $1 / 2$ |  |  |  |  | 21/2-5 | 1.25 |
| Dec. | . 53 | . 50 | . 63 | 1/2 |  |  |  |  | $21 / 2-5$ | 1.25 |
| 1946--Jan.... | . 53 | . 50 | . 63 | 1/2 |  |  |  |  |  | 1. 25 |

[^26] 172, pp. 656-661, and for description of statistics see pp. $571-572$ in same publication.


[^27]FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES
[Averages of certified noon buying rates in New York for cable transfers. In cents per unit of foreign currency]

${ }_{2}^{1}$ Prior to Noy. 1, 1942, the official designation of the Brazilian currency unit was the "milreis."
${ }_{2}$ Average of daily rates for that part of the year during which quotations were certified.
${ }^{3}$ Based on quotations beginning Sept. 24.
${ }^{4}$ Based on quotations beginning Nov. 2.
${ }^{5}$ Based on quotations beginning Feb. 5
NoTE.-For back figures, see Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 173, pp. 662-682. For description of statistics see pp. $572-573$ in same publication, and for further information concerning developments affecting the averages during 1942 and 1943 see Bulletin for February 1943, p. 201, and February 1944, p. 209.

April 1946

PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES
WHOLESALE PRICES-ALL COMMODITIES
[Index numbers]

| Year or month | United States (1926 = 100) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Canada } \\ (1926= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | United Kingdom $(1930=$ $100)$ | France (1913 $=$ 100) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Germany } \\ (1913= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Italy } \\ (1928= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Japan } \\ \text { (October } \\ 1900= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nether- } \\ & \text { lands } \\ & (1926-30 \\ & =100) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sweden } \\ (1935= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Switzer- } \\ & \text { land } \\ & (\text { July } 1914 \\ & =100) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1926. | 100 | 100 | 1124 | 695 | 134 |  | 237 | 106 | ${ }^{1} 126$ | 144 |
| 1932. | 65 | 67 | 86 | 427 | 97 | 70 | 161 | 65 | 192 | 96 |
| 1933. | 66 | 67 | 86 | 398 | 93 | 63 | 180 | 63 | 190 | 91 |
| 1934. | 75 | 72 | 88 | 376 | 98 | 62 | 178 | 63 | 196 | 90 |
| 1935. | 80 | 72 | 89 | 338 | 102 | 68 | 186 | 62 | 100 | 90 |
| 1936. | 81 | 75 | 94 | 411 | 104 | 76 | 198 | 64 | 102 | 96 |
| 1937. | 86 | 85 | 109 | 581 | 106 | 89 | 238 | 76 | 114 | 111 |
| 1938. | 79 | 79 | 101 | 653 | 106 | 95 | 251 | 72 | 111 | 107 |
| 1939. | 77 | 75 | 103 | 707 | 107 | 99 | 278 | 74 | 115 | 111 |
| 1940. | 79 | 83 | 137 | 2901 | 110 | 116 | 311 | 388 | 146 | 143 |
| 1941. | 87 | 90 | 153 |  | 112 | 132 | 329 |  | 172 | 184 |
| 1942. | 99 | 96 | 159 | . . . $\cdot$ | 114 |  |  |  | 189 | 210 |
| 1943. | 103 | 100 | 163 |  | 116 |  |  |  | 196 | 218 |
| 1944. | 104 | 103 | 166 |  |  |  |  |  | 196 | 223 |
| 1945. | 106 | 103 | 169 |  |  |  |  |  | 194 | 221 |
| 1945-February | 105 | 103 | 167 |  |  |  |  |  | 195 | 221 |
| March. | 105 | 103 | 168 |  |  |  |  |  | 196 | 221 |
| April. . | 106 | 103 | 168 |  |  |  |  |  | 196 | 221 |
| May . . | 106 | 103 | 168 |  |  |  |  |  | 196 | 221 |
| June. . | 106 | 103 | 170 |  |  |  |  |  | 197 | 222 |
| July.. | 106 | 104 | 171 |  |  |  |  |  | 196 | 222 |
| August. | 106 | 103 | 171 |  |  |  |  |  | 194 | 223 |
| September. | 105 | 103 | 170 |  |  |  |  |  | 191 | 222 |
| October.... | 106 | 103 | 169 |  |  |  |  |  | 191 | 220 |
| November.. | 107 | 103 | 169 |  |  |  |  |  | 191 | 219 |
| December. . | 107 | 103 | 169 | . . . | . . . . . . |  |  |  | 190 | 214 |
| 1946-January . . | 107 108 | 104 | 172 172 | . 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 215 |

${ }_{1}^{1}$ Approximate figure, derived from old index $(1913=100)$.
${ }_{3}^{2}$ Average based on figures for 5 months; no data available since May 1940, when figure was 919.
${ }^{3}$ Average based on figures for 5 months; no data available since May 1940, when figure was 89.
Sources.-See Bulletin for January 1941, p. 84; April 1937, p. 372; March 1937, p. 276; and October 1935, p. 678.

WHOLESALE PRICES-GROUPS OF COMMODITIES
[Indexes for groups included in total index above]

| Year or month | United States$(1926=100)$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Canada } \\ (1926=100) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | United Kingdom$(1930=100)$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Germany } \\ & (1913=100) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { products }}{\text { Farm }}$ | Foods | Other commod- | Farm products | Raw and partly manufactured goods | Fully and chiefly manufactured goods | Foods | $\begin{gathered} \text { Indus- } \\ \text { trial } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | Agricultural products | Industrial raw and semifinished products | Industrial finished products |
| 1926. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |  |  | 129 | 130 | 150 |
| 1932. | 48 | 61 | 70 | 48 | 55 | 70 | 88 | 85 | 91 | 89 | 118 |
| 1933. | 51 | 61 | 71 | 51 | 57 | 70 | 83 | 87 | 87 | 88 | 113 |
| 1934. | 65 | 71 | 78 | 59 | 64 | 73 | 85 | 90 | 96 | 91 | 116 |
| 1935. | 79 | 84 | 78 | 64 | 66 | 73 | 87 | 90 | 102 | 92 | 119 |
| 1936. | 81 | 82 | 80 | 69 | 71 | 74 | 92 | 96 | 105 | 94 | 121 |
| 1937. | 86 | 86 | 85 | 87 | 84 | 81 | 102 | 112 | 105 | 96 | 125 |
| 1938. | 69 | 74 | 82 | 74 | 73 | 78 | 97 | 104 | 106 | 94 | 126 |
| 1939. | 65 | 70 | 81 | 64 | 67 | 75 | 97 | 106 | 108 | 95 | 126 |
| 1940. | 68 | 71 | 83 | 67 | 75 | 82 | 133 | 138 | 111 | 99 | 129 |
| 1941. | 82 | 83 | 89 | 71 | 82 | 89 | 146 | 156 | 112 | 100 | 133 |
| 1942. | 106 | 100 | 96 | 83 | 90 | 92 | 158 | 160 | 115 | 102 | 134 |
| 1943. | 123 | 107 | 97 | 96 | 99 | 93 | 160 | 164 | 119 | 102 | 135 |
| 1944. | 123 | 105 | 99 | 103 | 104 | 94 | 158 | 170 |  |  |  |
| 1945. | 128 | 106 | 100 | 105 | 105 | 94 | 158 | 175 |  |  |  |
| 1945-February. | 127 | 105 | 99 | 105 | 105 | 94 | 15? | 173 |  |  |  |
| March... | 127 | 105 | 99 | 105 | 105 | 94 | 156 | 174 | ........ |  |  |
| April. | 129 | 106 | 99 | 105 | 105 | 94 | 156 | 174 |  |  |  |
| May.. | 130 | 107 | 99 | 105 | 105 | 94 | 156 | 175 |  |  |  |
|  | 130 | 108 | 100 | 106 | 106 | 94 | 160 | 175 |  |  |  |
| July. | 129 | 107 | 100 | 108 | 107 | 94 | 161 | 176 |  |  |  |
| August. | 127 | 106 | 100 | 106 | 106 | 94 | 161 | 176 |  |  |  |
| September.. | 124 | 105 | 100 100 | 104 | 105 | 94 | 158 | 175 |  |  |  |
| October ${ }^{\text {November... }}$ | 127 | 106 | 100 100 | 106 | 105 105 | 94 | 158 158 | 175 175 |  |  |  |
| December.. | 132 | 109 | 101 | 106 | 105 | 94 | 158 | 175 |  |  |  |
| 1946-January. | 130 131 | 107 108 | 101 | 107 | 105 | 95 | 158 | 180 |  |  |  |

Sources.-See Bulletin for May 1942, p. 451; March 1935, p. 180; and March 1931, p. 159.

# PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES—Continued 

RETAIL FOOD PRICES
[Index numbers]

| Year or month | $\begin{gathered} \text { United } \\ \text { States } \\ (1935-39 \\ =100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { Can- } \\ \text { ada } \\ (1935-39 \\ =100) \end{array}$ | United Kingdom (July 1914 $=100$ ) | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Ger- } \\ (1913-14 \\ =100) \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nether- } \\ \text { lands } \\ (1911-13 \\ =100) \end{gathered}$ | Switz- er- land (June (914 $=100)$ | Year or month | United States $=100$ ) | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Can- } \\ \text { ada } \\ (1935-39 \\ =100) \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | United <br> Kingdom (July 1914 $=100$ ) | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \substack{\text { Ger- } \\ \text { many } \\ (1913-14 \\ =100)} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nether- } \\ & \text { lands } \\ & (1911-13 \\ & =100) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Switz- } \\ & \text { er- } \\ & \text { land } \\ & (J u n e \\ & \text { (1914 } \\ & =100) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1934. | 94 | 93 | 122 | 118 | 124 | 115 | 1934. | 96 | 96 | 141 | 121 | 140 | 129 |
| 1935. | 100 | 95 | 125 | 120 | 118 | 114 | 1935 | 98 | 96 | 143 | 123 | 136 | 128 |
| 1936. | 101 | 98 | 130 | 122 | 120 | 120 | 1936 | 99 | 98 | 147 | 125 | ${ }^{1} 132$ | 130 |
| 1937. | 105 | 103 | 139 | 122 | 127 | 130 | 1937 | 103 | 101 | 154 | 125 | 137 | 137 |
| 1938 | 98 | 104 | 141 | 122 | 130 | 130 | 1938. | 101 | 102 | 156 | 126 | 139 | 137 |
| 1939 | 95 | 101 | 141 | 123 | 130 | 132 | 1939 | 99 | 102 | 158 | 126 | 140 | 138 |
| 1940. | 97 | 106 | 164 | 128 | 2140 | 146 | 1940 | 100 | 106 | 184 | 130 | ${ }^{3} 148$ | 151 |
| 1941. | 106 | 116 | 168 | 129 |  | 175 | 1941 | 105 | 112 | 199 | 133 |  | 174 |
| 1942. | 124 | 127 | 161 | 132 | ...... | 200 | 1942 | 117 | 117 | 200 | 137 |  | 193 |
| 1943 | 138 | 131 | 166 | 134 |  | 211 | 1943. | 124 | 118 | 199 | 139 |  | 203 |
| 1944 | 136 | 131 | 168 |  |  | 215 | 1944. | 126 | 119 | 201 |  |  | 208 |
| 1945 | 139 | 133 | 170 |  |  | 215 | 1945. | 128 | 119 | 203 |  |  | 209 |
| 1945-February.. | 137 | 131 | 168 |  |  | 216 | 1945-February. . | 127 | 119 | 202 |  |  | 209 |
| March. | 136 | 131 | 168 | . |  | 216 | March.... | 127 | 119 | 202 |  |  | 209 |
| April. . . | 137 | 131 | 168 | . $\cdot$.... |  | 216 | April. | 127 | 119 | 202 | . . . |  | 209 |
| May.. | 139 | 132 | 168 |  |  | 216 | May.. | 128 | 119 | 203 |  |  | 210 |
| June... | 141 | 133 | 170 |  |  | 217 | June. | 129 | 120 | 204 |  |  | 210 |
| July.... | 142 | 136 | 176 | ., ..... |  | 217 | July.... | 129 | 120 | 207 |  |  | 211 |
| August.... | 141 | 136 | 172 |  |  | 216 | August.... | 129 | 121 | 205 | ... |  | 210 |
| October... | 139 | 134 133 | 169 169 |  |  | 216 213 | September. | 129 129 | 120 120 | 203 203 |  |  | 210 208 |
| November. | 140 | 134 | 169 |  |  | 210 | November. | 129 | 120 | 203 |  |  | 207 |
| December. | 141 | 134 | 169 |  |  | 210 | December. | 130 | 120 | 203 |  |  | 207 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { 1946-January... } \\ \text { February.. } \end{array}$ | 141 140 | 133 | 169 169 |  |  | 210 | 1946-January... $\begin{array}{r}\text { February. . }\end{array}$ | 130 129 | +120 | 203 |  |  | 207 |

preliminary
${ }^{1}$ Revised index from March 1936 (see Bulletin for April 1937, p. 373).
${ }_{2}{ }^{2}$ Average based on figures for 3 months; no data available since March 1940, when figure was 141.
${ }^{2}$ Average based on figures for 5 months; no data available since May 1940, when figure was 149.
Sources.-See Bulletin for May 1942, p. 451; October 1939, p. 943; and April 1937, p. 373.
SECURITY PRICES
[Index numbers except as otherwise specified]

| Year or month | Bonds |  |  |  |  | Common stocks |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States (derived price) | United Kingdom (December $1921=100$ ) | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { France } \\ (1938=100)^{2} \end{gathered}\right.$ | Germany (average price) ${ }^{3}$ | Netherlands ${ }^{4}$ | United States $1935-39$$=100)$ | $(1926=100)$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { France } \\ (1938=100)^{2} \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nether- } \\ \text { lands } \\ (1930=100) \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | United <br> Kingdom | Germany |  |  |
| Number of issues. . | 15 | 87 | 50 | 3139 | 8 | 402 | 278 | (5) | 2295 | 100 |
| 1939. | 113.8 | 112.3 | 114.2 | 99.0 | 90.9 | 94.2 | 75.9 | 94.1 | 112 | 89.7 |
| 1940. | 115.9 | 118.3 | ${ }^{1} 114.2$ | 100.7 | 777.9 | 88.1 | 70.8 | 114.6 | ${ }^{1} 140$ | 895.0 |
| 1941. | 117.8 | 123.8 | ${ }^{-143.4}$ | 103.0 | 84.3 | 80.0 | 72.5 | 136.8 | ${ }^{9} 308$ | 129.0 |
| 1942. | 118.3 | 127.3 | 146.4 | ${ }^{6} 103.3$ | 94.7 | 69.4 | 75.3 | 142.1 | 479 | 131.5 |
| 1943. | 120.3 | 127.8 | 146.6 | ........ | 98.5 | 91.9 | 84.5 | 145.0 | 540 | 151.0 |
| 1944. | 120.9 | 127.5 | 150.5 |  |  | 99.8 | 88.6 |  | 551 |  |
| 1945 | 122.1 | 128.3 | 152.1 |  |  | 121.5 | 92.4 |  | 453 | $\ldots$ |
| 1945-February. . | 121.9 | 128.7 | 154.2 |  |  | 113.0 | 90.6 | ..... | 505 | ........ |
| March...... | 122.7 | 128.7 | 154.4 | . . . . |  | 111.8 | 91.1 | $\ldots$ | 498 | ..... |
| April. . . . . . | 122.9 | 129.3 | 153.1 |  |  | 114.4 | 92.0 |  | 469 | ... |
| May....... | 122.3 | 128.1 | 153.8 151.9 |  |  | 118.2 | 92.8 92.8 |  | 414 386 |  |
| July......... | 122.3 | 128.3 | 151.1 |  |  | 118.4 | 93.7 |  | 360 |  |
| August | 121.7 | 128.3 | 150.6 |  |  | 117.9 | 91.4 |  | 421 |  |
| September.. | 121.6 | 128.2 | 150.9 |  |  | 126.1 | 92.0 |  | 477 |  |
| October..... | 121.9 | 128.5 | 150.2 |  |  | 132.0 | 93.2 |  | 467 |  |
| November. . | 122.0 | 127.8 | 150.3 |  |  | 136.9 | 94.5 |  | 441 |  |
| December... | 121.9 | 127.5 | 151.2 |  |  | 139.7 | 94.2 |  | 450 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { 1946-January . . . . } \\ \text { February. . } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 123.8 \\ & 124.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 129.1 \\ & 130.1 \end{aligned}$ | p148.6 |  |  | 144.8 143.3 | 95.2 94.9 |  | $p 433$ |  |

${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
1 Figures represent calculated prices of a 4 per cent 20 -year bond offering a yield equal to the monthly average yield for 15 high-grade corporate bonds. Source.-Standard and Poor's Corporation; for compilations of back figures on prices of both bonds and common stocks in the United States see Banking and Monelary Statistics, Table 130, p. 475, and Table 133, p. 479.
${ }^{2}$.Published by the Ministry of National Economy with new base of $1938=100$. Figures are for the last Friday of each month. The number of bonds included in the new index was increased to 50 (formerly 36). The index for stocks was based on 300 issues until Dec. 6, 1945, and on 295 thereafter as a result of the nationalization of five banks. For complete information on the composition of the bond and stock indexes see "Bulletin de la Statistique Genérale" December 1942, pp. 511-513, and July-August 1942, pp. 364-371, respectively. For back figures for both indexes from 1938 through 1941 on a monthly basis see "Bulletin de la Statistique Générale" for October-December 1944, pp. 274-276.
${ }^{3}$ Since Apr. 1, 1935, the 139 bonds included in the calculation of the average price have all borne interest at $41 / 2$ per cent. The series prior
hat date is not comparable to the present series, principally because the 169 bonds then included in the calculation bore interest at 6 per cent.
${ }^{4}$ Indexes of reciprocals of average yields. For old index, $1929-1936,1929=100$; average yield in base year was 4.57 per cent. For new index beginning January 1937, Jan.-Mar. $1937=100$; average yield in base period was 3.39 per cent.
${ }_{6}^{5}$ This number, originally 329, has declined as the number of securities eligible for the index has diminished. In May 1941 it was down to 287.
${ }^{6}$ Average based on figures for 5 months; no data available fune-Dec. 7 Average based on figures for 7 months; no data available May-Sept.
${ }^{8}$ Average based on figures for 9 months; no data available May-July. - Average based on figures for 10 months; no data available Jan.-Feb.
Sources.-See Bulletin for November 1937, p. 1172; July 1937, p. 698; April 1937, p. 373; June 1935, p. 394; and February 1932, p. 121.

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| ${ }^{1}$ Also Federal Reserve Agent. April 1946 |  | ${ }^{3}$ Also Cashier. |  | ging Director. | Vice President. |

## FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM




[^0]:    * The total number of votes and the percentage distribution of the voting power of member countries are affected by the fact that Denmark did not join in time to participate in the elections.

[^1]:    * This article was prepared by Roland I. Robinson and Caroline Cagle of the Board's Division of Research and Statistics.

[^2]:    E Estimated; 1945 figures are based on preliminary tabulations.
    1 Taxes on net income were included with "other expenses" and, therefore, deducte 1 in computing net current earnings prior to 1942.
    2 Includes interest paid on capital notes and debentures.
    ${ }^{3}$ Figures are averages of the amounts reported for every call date in the current year and for the last call date in the preceding year, except for 1944 when the figures are the averages for three call dates, the spring call being omitted.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ The computed interest cost of the public debt allows an interest return on all nonmarketable securities at their average rate for the entire period outstanding. In other words, the interest on Series E savings bonds is computed at 2.9 per cent rather than at the rate of accrual according to the redemption schedule of these honds. If the interest paid or accrued on Government securities held by commercial banks is compared with the budgeted expenditure for interest on the public debt, which is on the latter basis, it would amount to about 34 per cent.

[^4]:    1 These are rough averages derived by dividing aggregate an nual salary payments by the average of the number of full- and part-time employees at the beginning and end of the year.

[^5]:    ${ }^{*}$ Sec. 3(a), 40 Stat. 412; Sec. 5(b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; 55 Stat. 838; Ex. Order 8389 , Sec. 2,48 Stat. ; 54 Stat. 1 by ; 55 Stat. 838 ; Ex. Order 8389 , April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941,
     and Ex. Order 8998, Dec. 26, 1941; Ex. Order 9193, July 6,
    1942, as amended by Ex. Order 9567, June 8, 1945; Regulations, April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

[^6]:    ${ }^{*}$ Sec. 3 (a), 40 Stat. 412; Sec. 5 (b), 40 Stat. 415 and 966; Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1; 54 Stat. 179; 55 Stat. 838; Ex. Order 8389 , April 10, 1940, as amended by Ex. Order 8785, June 14, 1941, Ex. Order 8832, July 26, 1941, Ex. Order 8963, Dec. 9, 1941, and Ex. Order 8998 , Dec. 26, 1941; Ex. Order 9193, July 6, 1942, as amended by Ex Order 9567 June 8, 1945. Regulations April 10, 1940, as amended June 14, 1941, and July 26, 1941.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Averages of daily closing figures for reserves and borrowings and of daily opening figures for other columns, inasmuch as reserves required are

[^8]:    Total of amounts of coin and paper currency shown by denominations less unassorted currency in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks. ${ }^{2}$ Includes unassorted currency held in Treasury and Federal Reserve Banks and currency of unknown denominations reported by the Treasury as destroyed. Paper currency only; $\$ 1$ silver coins reported under coin.

    Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 112, pp. 415-416.

[^9]:    c Corrected.
    1 National series for which bank debit figures are available beginning with 1919.
    ${ }_{2}^{2}$ Annual figures for $1936-1942$ (old series) include 133 centers; annual figures for 1942 (new series) and subsequent figures include 193 centers.
    : See p. 717 of August 1943 Bulletin for description of revision beginning with May 1942; deposits and debits of new series for first four months of 1942 partly estimated.

    NoTE.-Debits to total deposit accounts, except interbank accounts, have been reported since 1942 for 334 reporting centers; the deposits from which rates of turnover have been computed have likewise been reported by most banks, and have been estimated for others. Debits to demand deposit accounts, except interbank and U. S. Government, and the deposits from which rates of turnover have been computed have been reported by member banks in 101 leading cities since 1935; yearly turnover rates in this series differ slightly from those shown in Banking and Monefary Slatistics, Table 55. p. 254, due to differences in method of computation.

[^10]:    e Partly estimated. Figures have been rounded to the nearest 10 million dollars

    * These figures do not include data for banks in possessions of the United States and therefore differ from those published by the Comptroller of the Currency and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation for national banks and insured banks, respectively.

    1 Beginning June 30, 1942, excludes reciprocal bank balances, which on Dec. 31, 1942, aggregated 513 million dollars at all member banks and 525 million at all insured commercial banks.
    ${ }^{2}$ During 1941 three mutual savings banks, with total deposits of 8 milion dollars, became members of the Federal Reserve System. These banks are included in both "member banks" and "insured mutual savings banks," are not included in "commercial banks," and are included only once in all banks.
    "Decreases in "noninsured nonmember commercial banks" figures reflect principally the admission to membership in the Federal Reserve system of one large bank with total loans and investments aggregating 554 milion coliars on Dec. 31,1942 ,

    Beginning June 30, 1942, includes Bank of North Dakota, a nonmember bank not previously included in these statistics; on Dec. 31,1941 its deposits, excluding interbank deposits, were 33 milion dollars and its loans and investments 26 milion

    Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 1-7, pp. 16-23; for description, see pp. 5-15 in the same publication.

[^11]:    * These figures do not include data for banks in possessions of the United States and therefore differ from those published by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

    1 During 1941 three mutual savings banks with total deposits of 8 million dollars became members of the Federal Reserve System: These banks are included in "member banks" but are nol included in "all insured commercial banks."

    2 Central reserve city banks.

[^12]:    * Separate figures for New York City are shown in the immediately preceding table and for the City of Chicago in this table. The figures or the New York and Chicago Districts, as shown in this table, include New York City and Chicago, respectively.

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ Monthly and weekly data are averages of daily figures, except for municipal bonds, which are based on Wednesday figures.
    ${ }^{2}$ Standard and Poor's Corporation.
    4 Moody's Investors Service, week ending Friday. Because of limited number of suitable issues, the industrial Aaa, Aa, and A groups have been reduced from 10 to 3, 6, and 9 issues, respectively, and the railroad Aaa, Aa, and A groups from 10 to 7,6 , and 9 issues, respectively.

    5 Beginning Dec. 15, 1945, includes Treasury bonds of June 1952-54, June 1952-55, December 1952-54, and March 1956-58.

    - No partially tax-exempt bonds due or callable in 15 years and over.

    Back figures.-See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Tables 128-129, pp. 468-474, and the Bulletin for May 1945, pp. 483-490.

[^14]:    $r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Series included in total and group indexes but not available for publication separately.

[^15]:    *Less than $\$ 500,000$.

[^16]:    ${ }^{1}$ The RFC Mortgage Company, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, and the United States Housing Corporation
    ${ }_{2}$ Including mortgage companies, finance companies, industrial banks, endowed institutions, private and State benefit funds, etc.

    Note.-Figures represent gross amount of mortgages held, excluding terminated mortgages and cases in transit to or being audited at the Federal Housing Administration.

[^17]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\quad r$ Revised

[^18]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
    ${ }^{1}$ Revised. See footnotes 3 and 4.
    2 These figures include only personal instalment cash loans and retail automobile direct loans shown on the following page, and a small amount of other retail direct loans not shown separately.
    s Estimates for industrial banks and industrial loan companies (formerly shown combined as industrial banking companies) have been revised begınning January 1938. Figures include only personal instalment cash loans, retail automobile direct loans, and other retail direct loans. Direct retail instalment loans are obtained by deducting an estimate of paper purchased from total retail instalment paper.
    Federal credit unions and by the Bureau of Labor in accordance with opficial data compiled by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation for ederal credit unions and by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for State credit unions.
    5 Includes only loans insured by Federal Housing Administration.

[^19]:    Revised.

[^20]:    1 Less than 50 million dollars.

[^21]:    * Estimated. $\quad{ }^{p}$ Preliminary, $\quad{ }^{*}$ Revised. $\quad{ }^{\circ}$ Corrected.

[^22]:    1 Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other."
    2 Inflow less than $\$ 50,000$.

[^23]:    For footnotes see p. 447.

[^24]:    ${ }^{1}$ Prior to Jan. 3, 1940, the figures under Asia represent Far East only, the remaining Asiatic countries being included under "All other.'
    Note.-The figures in this table are not fully comparable throughout since certain changes or corrections took place in the reporting practice of reporting banks on Aug. 12, 1936, and Oct. 18, 1939. (See Banking and Monetary Statistics, Table 161, pp. 589 and 591 .) On June 30,1942 , reporting practice was changed from a weekly to a monthly basis. For further information see Bulletin for September 1945, pp. 971-974.

[^25]:    ${ }^{1}$ Prior to June 30, 1942, included under "All other."
    2 Less than $\$ 50,000$.
    ${ }^{3}$ Prior to June 30 . 1942 , included under "Other Latin America."
    "Included "Canal Zone" prior to June 30 , 1942.
    5 Prior to June 30, 1942, included under "Other Asia."
    ${ }^{6}$ Country breakdown not available until June 30, 1942.

[^26]:    Note.-For monthly figures on money rates in these and other foreign countries through 1941, see Banking and Monetary Slatistics, Table

[^27]:    c Corrected.
    ${ }^{c}$ Corrected. Through August 1939, averages of weekly figures; beginning September 1939, end-of-month figures, representing aggregates of figures reported by individual banks for days, varying from bank to bank, toward the end of the month
    ${ }_{2}$ Represent six-month loans to the Treasury at $11 / 8$ per cent through Oct. 20.1945, and at $5 / 8$ per cent thereafter
    Nore.-For back figures and figures on German commercial banks, see Banking and Monelary Statistics, Table 168, pp. 648-655, and for description of statistics see pp. 566-571 in same publication.

