## FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

SEPTEMBER, 1932
$*$

ISSUED BY THE
FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD
AT WASHINGTON

Recent Banking Developments
Annual Report of the Netherlands Bank


UNITED STATES
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## FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

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No. 9

## REVIEW ${ }_{\text {i O }}$ OF THE MONTH

The volume of reserve bank credit outstanding has declined during recent weeks from the

Factors in
Federal reserve position
high level of July, chiefly in con-
sequence of further increase in
the monetary gold stock of the country and a return of currency from circulation. Funds were received by member banks from these two sources, and from an increase

RESERVE BANK CREDIT

in the net volume of currency issued by the Treasury, largely in the form of new nationalbank notes. They were thus enabled to reduce the volume of their borrowing at the Federal reserve banks to the lowest level of the current year and at the same time to increase their reserve balances by about $\$ 100,000,000$. The member bank reserve balances, at $\$ 2,146,-$ 000,000 on August 31, were consequently at the
highest level of the last three months, and included more than $\$ 300,000,000$ of reserves in excess of legal requirements.

The chart shows the course of reserve bank credit and principal factors in changes during the last six years. The table gives these items for selected recent dates. The dates, in addition to August 31, are July 20-when reserve bank credit was at its highest level in more than ten years; July 6-when money in circulation was at the highest level ever reached and member bank reserve balances were at the lowest level since the first week in April; and June 15-when the recent large outflow of gold came to an end.

Reserve Bank Credit and Princtpal Factors in Changes
[In millions of dollars]

|  | $\underset{1932}{\mathrm{Aug}, 31,}$ | ${ }_{1932}{ }^{\text {July } 20,}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } 6, \\ 1932 \end{gathered}$ | June 15, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reserve bank credit | 2,331 | 2,438 | 2, 408 | 2,270 |
| Bills discounted. | 433 | 538 | 500 | 496 |
| Monetary gold stock | 4,086 | 3,952 | 3,922 | 3,909 |
| Treasury currency adjusted. | 1,801 | 1,770 | 1,793 | 1,832 |
| Money in circulation ${ }^{1}$ | 5, 691 | 5,735 | 5,775 | 5,467 |
| Member bank reserve balances. | 2,146 | 2, 036 | 1,963 | 2,101 |

1 Money outside Treasury and Federal reserve banks.
The recent inflow of gold from abroad, which began at the middle of June, resulted in an in-

Gold stock crease in the country's stock of monetary gold, between June 15 and August 31, of about $\$ 175,000,000$. This increase brought the gold stock to $\$ 4,086,000,-$ 000 . This is about the same level as in the second half of 1928 and the first quarter of 1929 before either the recent financial crisis or the prevailing business depression had begun to show itself.

As compared with the middle of 1928 the central gold reserves of the principal countries of the world outside of the United States have increased in the aggregate by about $\$ 1,800,000,000$,
or 30 per cent, chiefly in consequence of a large output from the world's gold mines and the release of gold from private holdings in Australia, China, India, and Russia. During the four years from June, 1928, to June, 1932, moreover, the excess reserves of foreign countries, over and above legal reserve requirements, increased in the aggregate by not less than $\$ 1,500,000,000$, and by more than this amount if account be taken of the position of the countries (Argentina, England, Japan, and Netherlands) in which legal or customary requirements have been altered during the 4 -year period.

The recent increase of $\$ 175,000,000$ in the monetary gold stock of the United States represented chiefly the release in this country of gold previously earmarked for foreign correspondents, but reflected in addition imports of about $\$ 50,000,000$, of which $\$ 12,000,000$ were from Canada, $\$ 12,000,000$ from China, and smaller amounts from a number of other countries including England, Japan, Australia, and Mexico. There were substantial gold exports during the 10 -week period, especially to France, Switzerland, and Belgium, but these were more than offset in the aggregate by the gold released from earmark during the period.

The return of about $\$ 85,000,000$ of currency from circulation between July 6 and August 31

## Currency <br> movement

 was the first substantial movement in this direction since last March. It represented a post-holiday return of $\$ 40,000,000$ between July 6 and July 20 which was somewhat less than seasonal in amount and a further return of $\$ 45,000,000$ between July 20 and August 31-a period which has usually been characterized in recent years by a substantial seasonal increase in the circulation. The figures indicate, therefore, that there was during this period a substantial release of currency from hoards, apparently in reflection of the recent subsidence of banking disturbances and the increasing activity of the securities and commodities markets. While part of the currency thus released may have gone from inactive into active circulation, the rest was returned directlyor indirectly to the member banks which in turn forwarded it for credit to the Federal reserve banks, and this was a factor, along with the increase in gold stock, both in the reduction during the period in the volume of reserve bank credit oustanding and also in the growth of member bank reserve balances.

Another influence operating in the same direction between July 20 and August 31 was the increase in the net volume of Treasury currency outstanding. This reflected chiefly the issue of new national-bank notes under the provision of the Federal home loan bank act, effective July 22, 1932, which extends the circulation privilege to a substantial volume of additional United States Government bonds. The total issue of new national-bank notes against bonds during the 6 -week period approximated $\$ 53,000,000$. While the issue of these notes did not result, in the prevailing circumstances, in increasing the total volume of money in circulation, coming as it did at a time when the circulation declined by $\$ 45$,000,000 , it did operate to provide the issuing banks, and through them the money market in general, with funds that could be used to reduce borrowings at the reserve banks-and thus to reduce the volume of reserve bank credit-or to increase member bank reserve balances, or both. The issue of $\$ 53,000,000$ additional national-bank notes displaced an equal amount of other forms of currency; and since at the same time the aggregate demand for currency declined by $\$ 45,000,000$, the total decline in the circulation of currency other than nationalbank notes amounted to about $\$ 100,000,000$. About one-half of this decrease was in Federal reserve notes.

The volume of United States Government securities employed as collateral for Federal reserve notes as provided in
Collateral for Federal reserve notes
two months by Federal reserve agents between July 6, 1932, when the volume of United States Gov-
ernment obligations pledged as collateral for Federal reserve notes reached its maximum, and August 31 are shown on the accompanying table. Duringt his period the volume of securities pledged as collateral decreased by $\$ 104,000,000$. Of this amount $\$ 1,000,000$ reflected technical developments, namely, a decrease of $\$ 13,000,000$ in the excess collateral held by agents which was offset to the extent of $\$ 12,000,000$ by an increase in the volume of notes issued to Federal reserve banks and held by of them in their own vaults. The remain-

Federal Reserve Note Statement
[Amounts in millions of dollars]

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aug. } 31, \\ 1932 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July 6, } \\ 1932 \end{gathered}$ | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Federal reserve notes: |  |  |  |
| Issued to Federal reserve banks by Federal reserve agents |  |  |  |
| Held by Federal reserve banks.-.--- | 3, 238 | 3,094 | - +12 |
| In actual circulation. | 2, 814 | 2, 868 | -54 |
| Collateral held by agents: |  |  |  |
| Gold............ | 2, 081 | 1,927 | +154 |
| Eligible paper...... | 417 | 522 | -105 |
| U. S. Government securities. | 578 | 682 | -104 |
| Total collateral. | 3, 076 | 3,131 | -55 |
| Excess collateral.- | 24 | 37 | -13 |

der, amounting to $\$ 103,000,000$, reflected the return of $\$ 54,000,000$ of Federal reserve notes from circulation and a net increase of $\$ 49,-$ 000,000 in gold and eligible paper, the form of collateral exclusively available as cover for Federal reserve notes prior to the enactment of the Glass-Steagall Act. Gold collateral alone used as cover for Federal reserve notes increased by $\$ 154,000,000$, while eligible paper, representing acceptances and bills discounted held by the Federal reserve banks, decreased by $\$ 105,000,000$.

As in the preceding month, gold movements in Europe during the past month were relatively small. Further addi-

## Gold reserves in Europe

 tions were made to the gold reserves of central banks inEngland and Netherlands, and the gold stock of Germany showed the first monthly increase since May, 1931. Gold holdings of France,
after more than a year of almost uninterrupted growth, declined somewhat.

Gold Reserves of Selected Central Banks
[In millions of dollars]

| Central bank of- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Date, } \\ 1932 \end{gathered}$ | Gold reserves | Change from- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Month before | Year before |
| England. | Aug. 24 | 675 | $+10$ | $+25$ |
| France. | Aug. 19 | 3,222 | -4 | +926 |
| Germany | Aug. 23 | 183 | +3 | -142 |
| Italy. | Aug. 20 | ¢ 302 | +3 | +19 |
| Belgium. | Aug. 18 | 364 | +3 | $+144$ |
| Netherlands. | Aug. 22 | 414 | +8 | $+154$ |
| Switzerland. | Aug. 23 | 509 | .-....- | +230 |

p Preliminary.
Gold reserves of the Bank of England in the five weeks ending August 25 increased by $£ 2,144,000(\$ 10,434,000)$. Dur-

## Bank of England

ing the same period there was a decline of $£ 3,015,000$ in the volume of "other securities" held by the bank, in which are included the bank's holdings of

| Bank of ENGLAND <br> [In thousands of pounds sterling] |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

foreign exchange. Public deposits were increased somewhat during the month through the transfer of funds from bankers' balances.

The British Government has made public the status of its program for converting the 5 per cent war loan, 1929-1947, of which about $£ 2,080,000,000$ is outstanding according to latest available returns. Last June 30 it was announced that the Government would redeem the loan at par this coming December 1. Holders of the loan were permitted to continue their holdings with a reduction in the rate of interest
from 5 to $31 / 2$ per cent and, if the acceptance of continuance were made not later than July 31, with a cash bonus of 1 per cent. The British Treasury stated on August 15 that applications for the continuance of about $£ 1,850,000,000$ with the benefit of the cash bonus had been received, while applications for redemption approximated $£ 48,000,000$. That portion for which no notification of either redemption or continuance is given before the end of September will be continued on the $31 / 2$ per cent basis.

The Bank of France in addition to losing $108,000,000$ francs ( $\$ 4,238,000$ ) of gold in the four weeks ending August 19 also lost 919,000,-

## Bank of France

000 francs of foreign exchange. In obtaining this gold and exchange the market utilized notes returning from circulation and made drafts upon "other deposits," in which the balances of the French commercial banks are included. These deposits, which have been at a high level for the past year, have recently been declining along with the bank's holdings of gold and foreign

Bank of France
[In millions of francs]

|  | $\underset{1932}{ }$ | Change from- |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July 22, } \\ & 1932 \end{aligned}$ | $\text { Aug. }_{1931}^{21}$ |
| Gold | 82, 202 | -108 | +23,641 |
| Foreign exchange | 5,397 | -919 | -22, 755 |
| Domestic discounts and advances | 5,787 | $-146$ | -1,881 |
| Government deposits | 4, 323 | $+161$ | -4,977 |
| Other deposits.- | 22, 555 | -662 | +4,385 |
| Notes in circulation. | 80, 127 | -675 | +2,360 |

exchange. The small volume to which foreign balances of the French commercial banks have been reduced indicates that any increase in the demand for exchange arising either out of the improvement in financial conditions abroad or the persistence of the excess of merchandise imports into the country would have to be met by purchases from the Bank of France.

At the Reichsbank gold and foreign-exchange reserves in the month ending August 23 increased by $20,000,000$ reichs-
Reichsbank marks ( $\$ 4,718,000$ ). Although until now the bank's reserves have shown monthly declines since May, 1931, losses since April have been in connection with

| ReIchsBank <br> [In millions of reichsmarks] |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

capital repayments abroad. Funds from the sale of gold and exchange to the bank, and also from the return of currency from circulation, were utilized by the market in repaying discounts and advances.

## Annual Report of the Federal Reserve Board

The complete edition of the annual report of the Federal Reserve Board, covering operations for the year 1931, is now available. It contains, in addition to the text of the report, statistics relating to banking and business conditions generally. It also gives the recommendations made by the Federal Advisory Council during 1931.

## Changes in Foreign Central_Bank Discount Rates

The following changes in discount rates during the month ended September 1 have been reported by central banks in foreign countries:

Austrian National Bank-August 24, from 7 to 6 per cent.

Central Bank of Chile-August 22, from 5 $1 / 2$ to $41 / 2$ per cent.

Bank of Greece-August 8, from 11 to 10 per cent.
Bank of Japan-August 18, from 5.11 to 4.38 per cent.
Bank of Norway-September 1, from 41/2 to 4 per cent.

Bank of Sweden-September 1, from 4 to $31 / 2$ per cent.

## NATIONAL SUMMARY OF BUSINESS CONDITIONS

[Compiled August 23 and released for publication August 25]

Volume of industrial output declined seasonally from June to July, while factory employment and pay rolls decreased by more than the usual seasonal amount. In July the general level of wholesale prices was about 1 per cent higher than in June, and in the first half of August prices of many leading commodities advanced considerably. Reserve bank credit declined somewhat in the four weeks ending August 17, reflecting chiefly a substantial growth in the country's stock of monetary gold.
Production and employment.-Industrial production declined by about the usual seasonal amount in July, and the board's index, which is adjusted to allow for the usual seasonal variations, remained unchanged at 59 per cent of the 1923-1925 average. Activity decreased seasonally in the steel industry; by slightly more than the usual seasonal amount in the lumber, cement, newsprint, and meat-packing industries; and by substantially more than the seasonal amount in the automobile and lead industries. Output of shoes, which ordinarily increases in July, declined. At woolen mills, activity increased by a substantial amount, and at silk mills there was a seasonal increase in production. Activity at cotton mills decreased, as is usual in July, while sales of cotton cloth by manufacturers increased considerably. Output of coal increased from the low level prevailing in June.
Reports on the volume of factory employment and pay rolls showed substantial declines from the middle of June to the middle of July. In the machinery, women's clothing, and hosiery industries, and at railroad repair shops the number employed decreased by considerably more than the usual seasonal amount, and at shoe factories the increase reported was smaller than usual. In the woolen goods industry a substantial increase in employment was reported.

Value of building contracts awarded, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation, continued at a low level during July and the first half of August.

Prospects for many leading crops, including corn, spring wheat, potatoes, and tobacco, were reduced somewhat during July, according to the Department of Agriculture. The estimated total wheat crop, based on August 1 conditions, is $723,000,000$ bushels, a decrease of about $175,000,000$ bushels from last year's large crop, reflecting reduction of $350,000,000$ bushels in
the winter wheat crop, offset in part by an estimated increase of $175,000,000$ in the spring wheat crop. The first official cotton estimate, as of August 1, was $11,300,000$ bales, as compared with crops of $17,100,000$ last season and $13,900,000$ the year before. The indicated production of corn is $2,820,000,000$ bushels, substantially larger than the crops of the last two seasons and slightly larger than the 5 -year average.

Distribution.-Volume of freight traffic decreased somewhat from June to July, and value of department-store sales was substantially reduced.

Wholesale prices.-The general level of wholesale prices, as measured by the monthly index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, advanced from 63.9 per cent of the 1926 average in June to 64.5 per cent in July. Between the middle of July and the third week of August prices of livestock and meats, which had previously advanced considerably, declined somewhat, while price increases were reported for many other leading commodities, including wheat, textile raw materials and finished products, nonferrous metals, hides, sugar, coffee, and rubber.

Bank credit.-The total volume of reserve bank credit outstanding, which had increased by $\$ 850,000,000$ between the end of March and the third week of July, declined by $\$ 95,000,000$ in the four weeks to August 17, and in the same period member banks increased their reserve balances by $\$ 45,000,000$. These changes reflected chiefly the addition of $\$ 95,000,000$ to the country's stock of monetary gold and an inflow to the banks of $\$ 30,000,000$ in currency.

Total loans and investments of reporting member banks in leading cities were $\$ 250,000,-$ 000 larger on August 17 than four weeks earlier. Total loans of these banks continued to decline throughout the period, while their investments increased substantially, reflecting an increase in holdings of United States Government securities in connection with Treasury financing operations. Time deposits increased by $\$ 95,000,000$ and net demand deposits by $\$ 85,000,000$.

Money rates in the open market remained at low levels. Successive reductions brought the prevailing rates on prime commercial paper to a range of $2-2 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent in the first part of August.


# FEDERAL RESERVE BANK CREDIT reserve bank credit outstanding and factors in changes 

[In millions of dollars]


P Preliminary.
Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1931 (Tables 1-6).

## RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS IN DETAIL; ALSO FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT

[In thousands of dollars]

|  | Aug. 31, 1932 | July 31, 1932 | Aug. 31, 1931 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| besources |  |  |  |
| Gold with Federal reserve agents. Gold redemption fund with United States Treasury | $\begin{array}{r} 2,081,761 \\ 57,668 \end{array}$ | $1,969,152$ 62,944 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,153,913 \\ 29,889 \end{array}$ |
| Gold held exclusively against Federal reserve notes | 2, 139, 429 | 2,032,096 | 2, 183, 802 |
| Gold settlement fund with Federal Reserve Board. | 273, 486 | 242, 370 | 439, 052 |
| Gold and gold certificates held by banks.. | 360, 046 | 360,945 | 832, 838 |
| Total gold reserves | 2,772, 961 | 2, 635, 411 | 3, 455, 692 |
| Reserves other than gold. | 206, 702 | 200, 732 | 163, 141 |
| Total reserves. | 2,979,663 | 2, 836, 143 | 3,618,833 |
| Nonreserve cash | 75, 119 | 70,072 | 71,228 |
| Bills discounted: |  |  |  |
| For member banks.-. | 432, 590 | 537, 450 | 254, 580 |
|  | 80 86 | $\begin{aligned} & 605 \\ & 163 \end{aligned}$ | 122 |
| Total bills discounted. | 432, 756 | 538, 218 | 254, 702 |
| Bills bought: |  |  |  |
| Payable in dollars- | 3,264 | 7,445 | 50,951 |
| Under resale agreement. |  | 4, 840 | 19,187 |
| Payable in foreign currencies | 30, 834 | 30,645 | 145, 215 |
| Total bills bought. | 34,098 | 42,930 | 215, 353 |
| United States Government securities: |  |  |  |
| Bought outright--...-. | $\begin{array}{r} 1,838,815 \\ 12,900 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,828,828 \\ 12,500 \end{array}$ | 727, 873 |
| Total United States Government serurities. | 1,851,715 | 1, 841,328 | 727,873 |
| Other reserve bank credit: |  |  |  |
| Federal intermediate credit bank debentures. |  |  | 5,900 |
| Federal land bank bonds.- | 5,915 | 5,957 | 500 52 |
| Foreign loans on gold. | 5,915 | 5,957 | 18,250 |
| Due from foreign banks. | 2,668 | 2,887 | 23,782 |
| Reserve bank float (uncollected items in excess of deferred availabi | 3,476 | 7,621 | 9,063 |
| Total reserve bank credit outstanding | 2,330,628 | 2,438,941 | 1,255,475 |
| Federal reserve notes of other reserve banks. | 15, 082 | 14,939 | 14,335 |
| Uncollected items not included in float | 308,796 | 297, 613 | 356,728 |
| Bank premises. | 58,121 | 58, 119 | 59,084 |
| All other resources. | 47.613 | 48, 439 | 33, 536 |
| Total resources. | 5,815, 022 | 5, 764, 266 | 5, 409, 219 |
| Federal reserve notes: Luabilities |  |  |  |
| Held by other Federal reserve banks | 15,082 | 14,939 | 14,335 |
| Outside Federal reserve banks. | 2,798,938 | 2, 843,970 | 1,948,370 |
| Total notes in circulation | 2, 814,020 | 2, 858, 909 | 1,962, 705 |
| Deposits: |  |  |  |
| Member bank-reserve account. | 2, 146, 183 | 2, 051,505 | 2,373, 001 |
| Government | 59,429 | 57,367 | 70, 131 |
| Foreign bank. | 14, 187 | 8,922 | 162, 205 |
| Other deposits | 21,485 | 39,723 | 26,996 |
| Total deposits.-..... | 2, 241, 284 | 2, 157, 517 | 2, 632, 333 |
| Deferred availability items. | 308,796 | 297, 613 | 356,728 |
| Capital paid in. | 153, 099 | 153, 738 | 167,084 |
| Surplus ----- | 259,421 | 259, 421 | 274, 636 |
| All other liabilities. | 38,402 | 37,068 | 15, 733 |
| Total liabilities.-. .-............ | 5, 815,022 | 5,764, 266 | 5, 409, 219 |
| Contingent liability on bills purchased for foreign correspondents | 49, 043 | 59,498 | 227, 988 |
| federal reserve note statement |  |  |  |
| Federal reserve notes: |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,051,999 \\ 237,979 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,079,771 \\ 220,862 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,343,317 \\ 380,612 \end{array}$ |
| In actual circulation. | 2, 814, 020 | 2, 858, 909 | 1,962,705 |
| Collateral held by agents as security for notes issued to banks: |  |  |  |
| Eligible paper | $2,081,761$ 416,786 | $\begin{array}{r}1,969,152 \\ 524,874 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ | 2, $\mathbf{1 5 3 , 9 1 3}$ |
| United States Government securities | 578, 100 | 611, 400 |  |
| Total collateral. | 3,076,647 | 3, 105,426 | 2, 470,449 |

[^0]
## ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN MONETARY GOLD STOCK

[In millions of dollars]

| Month | Gold stock at end of month | Analysis of changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Increase in stock during month | Net gold import |  | Domestic production, ete.? |
| 1929-February | 4,153 | 26.4 | 25.5 | 0.0 | 0.9 |
| March_ | 4,188 | 34.4 | 24.8 | 7.5 | 2.1 |
| A pril. | 4,260 | 72.4 | 23.1 | 48.6 | 0.8 |
| May. | 4,301 | 40.6 | 23.6 | 16.1 | 0.9 |
| June. | 4,324 | 23.4 | 30.2 | -7.5 | 0.7 |
| July | 4,341 | 16.3 | 34.7 | -22.0 | 3.6 |
| August | 4,360 | 18.9 | 18.4 | -1.0 | 1.5 |
| September | 4,372 | 12.1 | 17.6 | -6.6 | 1.1 |
| October- | 4,386 | 14.4 | 17.5 | -4.5 | 1.4 |
| November | 4,367 | -19.2 | -23.2 | 1.0 | 3.0 |
| December | 4,284 | -82.9 | -64.4 | -22.0 | 3.5 |
| Total (12 mos.) .- |  | 142.5 | 175.1 | -55.4 | 22.8 |
| 1930-January ...........- | 4.291 | 6.8 | 4.0 | 0.5 | 2.3 |
| February-......... | 4,353 | 61.9 | 60.0 | 0.0 | 1.9 |
| March. | 4,423 | 70.2 | 55.5 | 15.0 | -0.3 |
| April | 4,491 | 68.5 | 65.7 | 0.5 | 2.3 |
| May. | 4,517 | 25.9 | 23.5 | 2.0 | 0.5 |
| June. | 4,535 | 17.6 | 13.9 | 2.0 | 1.7 |
| July. | 4,517 | $-18.4$ | -19.6 | -3.0 | 4.3 |
| August | 4,501 | -15.5 | -19.6 | 0.0 | 4.2 |
| September | 4,511 | 10.2 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| October- | 4,535 | 23.3 | 26.4 | -6.1 | 3.1 |
| November. | 4,571 | 36.8 | 35.2 | -2.1 | 3.8 |
| December | 4,593 | 22.1 | 32.7 | -15.2 | 4.5 |
| Total (12 mos.) .- |  | 309.6 | 280.1 | -2.4 | 31.9 |
| 1931-January. | 4,643 | 49.4 | 34.4 | 11.9 | 3.1 |
| February | 4,665 | 22.0 | 16.1 | 2.5 | 3.3 |
| March. | 4,697 | 32.0 | 25.6 | 3.0 | 3.3 |
| April. | 4,726 | 28.7 | 49.5 | $-7.5$ | -13.3 |
| May. | 4,798 | 72.4 | 49.6 | 4.0 | 18.8 |
| June | 4,956 | 158.0 | 63.8 | 92.3 | 1.9 |
| July- | 4,949 | -6.6 | 19.5 | $-29.7$ | 3.6 |
| August | 4,995 | 45.7 | 57.5 | -16.0 | 4.2 |
| September | 4,741 | -254.3 | 20.6 | -279.1 | 4. 2 |
| October... | 4,292 | -448.4 | -337. 7 | -107.6 | -3.1 |
| November | 4,414 | 122.0 | 89.4 | 28.3 | 4.2 |
| December. | 4,460 | 45.8 | 56.9 | -22.9 | 11.9 |
| Total (12mos.).. |  | -133.4 | 145.3 | $-320.8$ | 42.1 |
| 1932-January.. | 4,416 | -44.2 | -73.0 | 25.4 | 3.4 |
| February | 4,354 | -62.3 | -90.6 | 26.4 | 1.9 |
| March. | 4,390 | 36.0 | $-24.7$ | 58.3 | 2.4 |
| April | 4,367 | -23. 1 | -30.2 | 4.0 | 3.2 |
| May. | 4,152 | -214. 1 | -195.5 | $-22.1$ | 3.6 |
| June | 3,919 | -233.9 | $r-206.0$ | -28.8 | 0.9 |
| July | 3,974 | 55.8 | -7.1 | 56.2 | 6.7 |
| August ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 4, 087 | 112.3 | 4.4 | 100.5 | 7.5 |
| Total (8 mos.)..- |  | -373.4 | $-622.8$ | 219.8 | 29.5 |

1 Gold released from earmark at Federal reserve banks less gold placed under earmark.
2 This figure, derived from preceding columns, represents the excess of domestic production over nonmonetary consumption of gold-chiefly consumption in the arts. In any given month, however, it may be predominantly affected by the fact that on the final day of the month (a) gold bullion or foreign gold coin recently imported may not yet have reached a reserve bank or the Treasury, and (b) sold bullion recently eached a reserve bank or the ireasury, and (b) sold bullion recentiy Withdrawn from stock for export may not yet have been actually exported. The figures are subject to certain
offial reports of gold imports and exports
r Revised
Prelimary figures.

GOLD MOVEMENTS TO AND FROM UNITED STATES
[In thousands of dollars]

| From or to- | 1932 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | August (preliminary) |  | July |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { January- } \\ \text { July } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | Imports | Exports | Im. ports | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ex- } \\ \text { ports } \end{gathered}$ | Imports | Exports |
| Belgium. | 1, 021 |  |  |  |  | 83, 602 |
| England. | 6,130 |  | 1,480 | 75 | 2, 202 | 15, 132 |
| France. |  | 18,050 |  | 21,513 | 8 | 440, 192 |
| Germany. |  |  |  |  | 61 | 13, 738 |
| Netherlands |  |  |  |  |  | 115, 277 |
| Portugal. |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 386 |
| Switzerland |  |  |  | 225 |  | 118, 516 |
| Canada ........- | 4,347 |  | 3,071 | 1 | - 40.362 | 127 |
| Central America |  |  | 85 |  | 825 |  |
| Mexico... | 1,842 |  | 1,284 |  | 12,309 | 320 |
| Argentina |  |  |  |  | 12,950 |  |
| Colombia |  |  | 13 |  | 2,980 |  |
| Ecuador. |  |  | 93 | 1,660 | 676 | 1, 660 |
| Peru. |  |  | 137 |  | 2, 638 | 126 |
| Uruguay- | 1,037 |  |  |  | 3, 000 | ----- |
| Venezuela |  |  | 129 |  | 920 |  |
| Australia. | 1,799 |  | 1, 148 |  | 4, 800 |  |
| British India | 565 |  | 240 |  | 7, 737 |  |
| China and Hong Kong. | 4,744 |  | 3, 524 |  | 18,517 |  |
| Dutch East Indies. |  |  | 262 |  | 2, 419 |  |
| Japan--- |  |  | 4,197 |  | 43, 234 |  |
| Philippine Islands. |  |  | +338 |  | 2, 620 |  |
| All other countries ${ }^{1}$ | 916 |  | 333 |  | 5, 926 | 232 |
| Total | -22,401 | ${ }^{2} 18,050$ | 16,334 | 23, 474 | r164,184 | 791, 312 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes all movements of unreported origin or destination. ${ }^{2}$ At New York-imports, $\$ 11,511,000$; exports, $\$ 18,050,000$. Elsewhere, imports, $\$ 10,890,000$.
r Revised figure for imports from Canada in June, $\$ 5,449,000$.

## KINDS OF MONEY IN CIRCULATION

[Money outside Treasury and Federal reserve banks. In millions of dollars]

| Kind of money | 1932 |  | 1931 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aug. 31 D | July 31 | Aug. 31 |
| Gold coin | 449 | 454 | 363 |
| Gold certificates. | 669 | 694 | 989 |
| Federal reserve notes. | 2,703 | 2,838 | 1,347 |
| Treasury currency: 1 |  |  |  |
| Standard silver dollars. | 30 | 30 | 34 |
| Silver certificates-..- | 350 | 351 | 380 |
| Treasury notes of 1880 | 1 | ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{1} 1$ |
| Subsidiary silver- | 255 | 254 | 271 |
| Minor coin- | 113 | 113 | 117 |
| United States notes, | 285 | 289 | 301 |
| Federal reserve bank notes | 74 | 3 700 | 648 |
| National bank notes-.---- | 744 | 700 | 646 |
| Tota $]$ Treasury currency | 1,781 | 1,740 | 1,753 |
| Total money in circulation. | 5,692 | 5,726 | 5.052 |

[^1]Jureliminary.

## MEMBER BANK RESERVE BALANCES



1 Central reserve city banks only.
${ }^{1}$ Figures not available by weeks.
Back figures.-See (for monthly data) Bulletin for June, 1931, p. 347.
MEMBER BANK DEPOSITS
[In millions of doliars]

| Month | Averages of daily figures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net demand and time deposits |  |  |  | Net demand deposits |  |  |  | Time deposits |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total- } \\ \text { all mem } \\ \text { ber } \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New } \\ & \text { York } \\ & \text { City } \end{aligned}$ | Other reserve cities | $\begin{gathered} \text { "Coun- } \\ \text { try" } \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}$ | Total- <br> all member banks | New York City | Other reserve cities | "Coun. try" banks | Totalall mem. ber banks | New York City ${ }^{1}$ | Other reserve cities | $\begin{gathered} \text { "Coun- } \\ \text { try" } \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1031-April | 32,179 | 7,336 | 13, 181 | 11,662 | 18,491 | 6,019 | 7,309 | 5,163 | 13, 688 | 1,317 | 5,872 | 6,498 |
| May. | 32,168 | 7,439 | 13, 157 | 11, 573 | 18,419 | 6.094 | 7,236 | 5,090 | 13,749 | 1,345 | 5,921 | 6, 483 |
| June- | 31,602 <br> 31,536 | 7,232 7,325 | 12,939 12,831 | 11, 4132 | 18,055 18,122 | 5,934 | 7,132 | 4,988 | 13,548 | 1,297 | 5,807 <br> 5 <br> 5 | ${ }_{6}^{6,444}$ |
| August | 31, 041 | 7,147 | 12, 702 | 11, 192 | 17, 783 | 5,946 | 7,012 | 4, 825 | 13, 259 | 1,201 | 5,691 | 6,367 |
| September | 30, 500 | 7,126 | 12,356 | 11,018 | 17,525 | 5,962 | 6,805 | 4,758 | 12,974 | 1,163 | 5,552 | 6, 259 |
| October.- | 29,138 | 6,937 | 11,657 | 10,544 | 16,859 | 5, 872 | 6, 421 | 4,567 | 12, 279 | 1,065 | 5, 236 | 5,977 |
| November | 28,218 | 6, 612 | 11,350 | 10, 256 | 16,358 | 5, 653 | 6, 273 | 4,432 | 11,860 | 959 | 5,076 | 5, 825 |
| December. | 27, 438 | 6, 414 | 11,048 | 9,976 | 15,985 | 5,546 | 6,106 | 4,333 | 11,453 | 868 | 4,942 | 5,643 |
| 1932-January | 26, 592 | 6,165 | 10,706 | 9,720 | 15,447 | 5,343 | 5,921 | 4,183 | 11,145 | 822 | 4,786 | 5,537 |
| February | 25, 715 | 5,797 | 10,413 | 9,505 | 14,789 | 5,001 | 5, 723 | 4, 064 | 10, 926 | 796 | 4,690 | 5,440 |
| March | 25,431 | 5,760 | 10,291 | 9,380 | 14, 575 | 4,959 | 5,622 | 3,993 | 10,856 | 800 | 4, 668 | 5,387 |
| April | 25, 386 | 5,950 | 10,109 | 9, 327 | 14,589 | 5,138 | 5, 492 | 3,959 | 10,797 | 811 | 4,618 | 5,368 |
| May | 25, 466 | 6, 159 | 10,081 | 9, 226 | 14,679 | 5. 342 | 5.42 3 | 3,911 | 10,787 | 816 | 4, 656 | 5,315 |
| June. | 25, 075 | 5,957 | 10, 032 | 9,087 | 14,413 | 5,154 | 5,433 | 3,826 | 10,663 | 803 | 4,599 | 5,261 |
| July | 24,712 | 5,951 | 9,830 | 8,931 | 14, 157 | 5,133 | 5, 304 | 3,720 | 10, 555 | 818 | 4,526 | 5,211 |

${ }^{1}$ Central reserve city banks only.
Back figutes.-See Bulletin for June, 1931, p. 347.

## ALL MEMBER BANKS-CLASSIFICATION OF LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[In millions of dollars]


[^2]
## ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES-TOTAL LOANS AND INVESTMENTS, DEPOSITS

[In millions of dollars. Includes national banks, State commercial banks and trust companies, mutual and stock savings banks, and all private banks under State supervision. For back figures see Bulletin for May, 1931 (p. 253), and Annual Report for 1931 (Tables 15-46)]

| Date | Total loans and investments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Deposits (exclusive of interbank deposits) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All banks |  |  | Member banks |  |  | Nonmember banks |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Loans | Investments | Total | Loans | Investments | Total | Loans | Investments | $\underset{\text { banks }}{\text { All }}$ | Member banks |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1928-\text { June } 30 . \\ \text { Oct. } 3 \ldots \\ \text { Dec. } 31 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57,265 \\ & 57,219 \\ & 58,266 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39,464 \\ & 39,671 \\ & 40,763 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17,801 \\ & 17,549 \end{aligned}$ | 35,06134,929 | $\begin{aligned} & 24,303 \\ & 24,325 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,758 \\ & 10,604 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22,204 \\ & 22,291 \\ & \hline 204 \end{aligned}$ | 15,16115,346 | 7,043 | $\begin{aligned} & 53,398 \\ & 53,720 \end{aligned}$ | 32,13332,138 | 21, 265 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 17, 504 | 35, 684 | 25,155 | 10,529 | 22,582 | 15, 607 | 6,975 | 56,766 | 34, 826 | 21,940 |
| 1929-Mar. 27. | $\begin{aligned} & 58,019 \\ & 58,474 \\ & 58,835 \\ & 58,417 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40,557 \\ & 41,512 \\ & 42,201 \\ & 41,898 \end{aligned}$ | 17, 462 <br> 16,962 <br> 16, 634 <br> 16,519 | $\begin{aligned} & 35,393 \\ & 35,711 \\ & 35,914 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,945 \\ & 25,658 \\ & 26,165 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,448 \\ 10,052 \\ 9,749 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22,626 \\ & 22,763 \\ & 22,922 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,612 \\ & 15,853 \\ & 16,036 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,013 \\ & 6,910 \\ & 6,885 \end{aligned}$ | 54,545 <br> 53,85 <br> 55,180 | 33,21532,28433,0043 | 21,330 |
| June 29... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21, 56722,176 |
| Oct. 4. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31 |  |  |  | 35,934 | 26,150 | 9,784 | 22, 483 | 15, 748 | 6,735 | 55, 289 | 33, 865 | 21, 423 |
| 1930-Mar. 27. | $\begin{aligned} & 57,386 \\ & 58,108 \\ & 57,590 \\ & 56,209 \end{aligned}$ | 40,68640,61839,71538,135 | $\begin{aligned} & 16,700 \\ & 17,490 \\ & 17,875 \\ & 18,074 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35,056 \\ & 35,056 \\ & 35,472 \\ & 34,860 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25,119 \\ & 25,214 \\ & 24,738 \end{aligned}$ | 9,937 | 22,331 | 15,568 | 6,763 | 53, 185 | 32,082 | 21, 103 |
| June 30 |  |  |  |  |  | 10, 442 | 22, 453 | 15, 404 | 7,048 | 54, 954 | 33, 690 | 21, 264 |
| Sept. 24 |  |  |  |  |  | 10,734 | 22, 118 | 14, 977 | 7, 141 | 52,784 | 31, 839 | 20,945 |
| Dec. 31 |  |  |  |  | 23, 870 | 10,989 | 21, 349 | 14, 264 | 7,085 | 53, 039 | 32, 560 | 20,479 |
| 1931-Mar. ${ }^{55}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55,924 \\ & 55,021 \\ & 53,365 \\ & 49,704 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36,813 \\ & 35,834 \\ & 33,750 \\ & 31,305 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19,111 \\ & 19,637 \\ & 19,615 \\ & 18,399 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34,729 \\ & 33,923 \\ & 33,073 \\ & 30,575 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22,840 \\ & 21,816 \\ & 20,874 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11,889 \\ & 12,106 \\ & 12,199 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,195 \\ & 21,099 \\ & 20,292 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,974 \\ & 13,568 \\ & 12,876 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,222 \\ & 7,531 \\ & 7,416 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51,427 \\ & 51,782 \\ & 49,152 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31,153 \\ & 31,566 \\ & 29,569 \end{aligned}$ | 20,27420,21619,883 |
| June 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 20,874 \\ 19,261 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,199 \\ & 11,314 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,292 \\ & 19,129 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,876 \\ & 12,045 \end{aligned}$ | 7,084 | 45, 821 27,432 |  | 18, 389 |
| 1932-June 30 |  | 31, 305 | $18,399$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30,575 \\ & 28,001 \end{aligned}$ | 16,587 | 11, 414 |  |  |  |  | 24,755 |  |

NUMBER OF BANKS

| Date | Total ${ }^{1}$ | Member banks |  |  | Non-member banks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | National | State |  |
| 1925-Dec. 31. | 28, 257 | 9,489 | 8,048 | 1,441 | 18,768 |
| 1926-Dec. 31. | 27, 367 | 9,260 | 7,906 | 1,354 | 18,107 |
| 1927-June 30. | 26, 765 | 9,099 | 7,790 | 1,309 | 17, 666 |
| Dec. 31 | 26,416 | 9,034 | 7,759 | 1,275 | 17,382 |
| 1928-June 30. | 25,941 | 8,929 | 7,685 | 1,244 | 17, 012 |
| Dec. 31. | 25, 576 | 8,837 | 7,629 | 1,208 | 16,739 |
| 1929-June 29 | 25, 110 | 8,707 | 7,530 | 1,177 | 16, 403 |
| Dec. 29. | 24, 630 | 8,522 | 7,403 | 1,119 | 16, 108 |
| 1930-June 30 | 23,852 | 8,315 | 7, 247 | 1,068 | 15,537 |
| Dec. 31 | 22,769 | 8, 052 | 7,033 | 1,019 | 14,717 |
| 1931-June 30. | 21,903 | 7,782 | 6, 800 | 982 | 14, 121 |
| Sept. 29 | 21, 294 | 7,599 | 6,653 | 946 | 13, 695 |
| Dec. 31.... | 19,966 | 7,246 | 6,368 | 878 | 12,720 |
| 1932-June 30 |  | 6,980 | 6, 145 | 835 |  |

[^3] all private banks under State supervision

BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS, PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION

| [Figures for Dec. 31, 1931] |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1 Includes certain outlying banks in reserve cities.

## REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN LEADING CITIES

[In millions of dollars. Monthly data are averages of weekly figures]

| Month or date | Total-all weekly reporting member banks |  |  |  |  |  | New York City |  |  |  |  |  | Other leading cities |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Loans and investments |  |  |  |  | Bor-rowings at banks | Loans and investments |  |  |  |  | Bor- <br> row- <br> ings at F. R. banks | Total loans and in-vestments | Bor- <br> row* ings at Fanks |
|  | Total | Loans on securities | All other loans | Investments |  |  | Total | Loans on securities | All other loans | Investments |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | U.S.securities |  |  |  |  | Total | U.S.securities |  |  |  |
| 1931-May | 22, 713 | 6,998 | 7,893 | 7,822 | 3,957 | 28 | 7,875 | 3,039 | 2, 194 | 2, 642 | 1,460 |  | 14, 838 | 28 |
| June | 22, 439 | 6,770 | 7,853 | 7,816 | 4,048 | 56 | 7,694 | 2,846 | 2, 204 | 2,644 | 1,523 |  | 14,745 | 56 |
| July | 22, 393 | 6, 631 | 7,964 | 7,798 | 4,121 | 44 | 7,780 | 2,764 | 2, 365 | 2,651 | 1,608 |  | 14, 613 | 44 |
| August. | 22, 093 | 6, 480 | 7,900 | 7,713 | 4, 074 | 75 | 7,633 | 2,640 | 2, 370 | 2, 623 | 1,600 | 3 | 14, 460 | 72 |
| Septembe | 22, 078 | 6, 413 | 7,870 | 7,795 | 4,154 | 127 | 7, 744 | 2, 657 | 2, 375 | 2,712 | 1,652 | 3 | 14, 334 | 124 |
| Oetober | 21,425 21,023 | 5,971 5,859 | 7,679 7,586 | 7,775 7 7,578 | 4, 171 4,072 | 398 404 | 7,466 7,258 | 2, 369 2,277 2,28 | 2, 2724 | 2,825 2,738 | 1,750 | 74 16 | 13,959 13,765 | 324 388 |
| December | 20,749 | 5,763 | 7, 441 | 7,545 | 4,127 | 499 | 7,165 | 2,237 | 2,218 | 2,710 | 1,732 | 83 | 13,584 | 416 |
| 1932-January | 20, 178 | 5,644 | 7,331 | 7,203 | 3,943 | 469 | 6,921 | 2, 209 | 2, 220 | 2, 492 | 1,631 | 34 | 13, 257 | 435 |
| February | 19,775 | 5,497 | 7,214 | 7,064 | 3,856 | 484 | 6,645 | 2,127 | 2,171 | 2, 347 | 1,521 | 23 | 13,130 | 461 |
| March | 19, 434 | 5,388 | 6,987 | 7,059 | 3, 866 | 368 | 6, 521 | 2, 065 | 2,078 | 2, 378 | 1,547 | 3 | 12, 913 | 365 |
| April | 19, 096 | 5,150 | 6, 820 | 7,126 | 3, 875 | 277 | 6, 492 | 1,947 | 2,029 | 2,516 | 1,620 |  | 12,604 | 277 |
| May | 19,112 | 4,975 | 6, 727 | 7,410 | 4,121 | 185 | 6,647 | 1, 851 | 2,038 | 2,758 | 1,797 |  | 12,465 | 185 |
| June. | 18, 877 | 4, 811 | 6,609 | 7,457 | 4, 200 | 191 | 6,541 | 1,745 | 1,995 | 2,801 | 1,849 |  | 12,336 | 191 |
| July. | 18, 419 | 4, 616 | 6, 455 | 7,348 | 4,144 | 212 | 6,353 | 1,644 | 1,896 | 2,813 | 1,860 |  | 12, 066 | 212 |
| August | 18,587 | 4,578 | 6,319 | 7,690 | 4,499 | 164 | 6,517 | 1,657 | 1,819 | 3, 041 | 2,081 |  | 12, 070 | 164 |
| June 1. | 19,016 | 4,907 | 6, 724 | 7,385 | 4,032 | 197 | 6,635 | 1,815 | 2,060 | 2, 760 | 1,777 |  | 12,381 | 197 |
| June 8. | 18,712 | 4,798 | 6,599 | 7,315 | 4, 077 | 207 | 6, 430 | 1,737 | 1,966 | 2,727 | 1,789 |  | 12, 282 | 207 |
| June 15. | 19,087 | 4,828 | 6,687 | 7, 572 | 4,338 | 198 | ${ }^{6,645}$ | 1,759 | 2,065 | 2, 821 | 1, 878 |  | 12,442 | 198 |
| June 22 | 18, 819 | 4,778 | 6, 519 | 7, 522 | 4,298 | 189 | 6, 462 | 1,720 | 1,925 | 2, 817 | 1,881 |  | 12,357 | 189 |
| June 29 | 18,754 | 4,745 | 6,518 | 7, 491 | 4,254 | 167 | 6, 534 | 1,606 | 1,957 | 2,881 | 1,821 |  | 12, 220 | 167 |
| July 6. | 18,532 | 4,632 | 6,484 | 7,416 | 4, 210 | 197 | 6,420 | 1,647 | 1,917 | 2,856 | 1,901 |  | 12, 112 | 197 |
| July 13. | 18, 478 | 4,626 | 6,523 | 7,329 | 4, 123 | 207 | 6,391 | 1,650 | 1,956 | 2,785 | 1,831 |  | 12,087 | 207 |
| July 20 | 18,333 | 4, 618 | 6, 410 | 7,305 | 4,107 4,136 | 229 | 6,285 | 1,648 | 1,851 | 2,786 | 1,839 |  | 12,048 | 229 |
| July 27. | 18,334 | 4,587 | 6,405 | 7,342 | 4,136 | 214 | 6,317 | 1,630 | 1,862 | 2,825 | 1,870 |  | 12,017 | 214 |
| August 3. | 18,696 | r4,632 | -6,364 | 7,700 | 4,488 | 188 | 6,556 | 1,669 | 1,832 | 3,055 | 2,087 |  | 12,140 | 188 |
| August 10. | 18,622 | -4, 612 | -6,346 | 7,664 | 4,482 | 163 | 6,515 | 1,672 | 1,821 | 3, 022 | 2,065 |  | 12, 107 | 163 |
| August 17. | 18,580 | 「4, 586 | ${ }^{+6,323}$ | 7,671 | 4,499 | 162 | 6. 501 | 1,662 | 1,820 | 3, 019 | 2, 073 |  | 12,079 | 162 |
| August 24. | 18,499 18,539 | $+4,551$ 4.512 | r 6,277 6.284 | $\begin{array}{r}7,671 \\ \hline-743\end{array}$ | 4,491 4,535 | 150 | 6,473 6,543 | 1,651 | 1,803 1,819 | 3,019 3,092 | 2,067 2,116 |  | 12,026 11,996 | 150 158 |
| August 31 | 18, 539 | 4,512 | 6. 284 | 7,743 | 4,535 | 158 | 6,543 | 1,632 | 1,819 | 3,092 | 2,116 |  | 11,996 | 158 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised

## BROKERS' LOANS

REPORTED BY THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
[Net borrowings on demand and on time. In millions of dollars]

| End of month | Total |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { From New } \\ & \text { York banks } \\ & \text { and trust com- } \\ & \text { panies } \end{aligned}$ |  | From private banks, brokers, foreign banking agencies, etc. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 |
| January | 1,720 | 512 | 1,557 | 374 | 163 | 138 |
| February | 1,840 | 525 | 1,646 | 385 | 194 | 140 |
| March... | 1,909 | 533 | 1,692 | 391 | 217 | 142 |
| April. | 1,651 | 379 | 1,466 | 300 | 185 | 79 |
| May.- | 1,435 | 300 | 1,293 | 243 | 141 | 57 |
| June... | 1,391 | 244 | 1,221 | 194 | 170 | 49 |
| July. | 1,344 | 242 | 1,171 | 195 | 173 | 47 |
| August | 1,354 | 332 | 1, 160 | 248 | 194 | 84 |
| September........ | 1,044 |  | 932 |  | 112 |  |
| October. | 796 |  | 688 |  | 108 |  |
| November | 730 |  | 582 |  | 148 |  |
| December. | 587 |  | 455 |  | 132 |  |

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1930 (Table 57).

MADE BY REPORTING MEMBER BANES IN N. Y. CITY
[In millions of dollars. Monthly data are averages of weekly figures]

[^4]
## aCCEPTANCES AND COMMERCIAL PAPER

BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING (DOLLAR ACCEPTANCES)
[In millions of dollars]

| End of month | Total outing | Held by Fed. eral reserve banks |  | Held by group of accepting banks |  |  | Held by others |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | For ac- count of for- eign corre- spond- ents | Total | Own bills | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Bills } \\ \text { bought } \end{array}\right\|$ |  |
| 1930-April. | 1,414 | 209 | 465 | 158 | 55 | 103 | 582 |
| May. | 1,382 | 184 | 463 | 166 | 63 | 103 | 570 |
| June. | 1,305 | 127 | 470 | 205 | 64 | 141 | 503 |
| July | 1,350 | 129 | 479 | 279 | 63 | 216 | 463 |
| August... | 1,339 | 167 | 471 | 267 | 95 | 172 | 434 |
| September.. | 1,367 | 208 | 432 | 317 | 131 | 186 | 411 |
| October.. | 1,508 | 141 | 433 | 384 | 172 | 212 | 550 |
| November-- | 1,571 | 143 | 429 | 493 | 180 | 313 | 507 |
| December-- | 1,556 | 328 | 439 | 371 | 90 | 282 | 417 |
| 1931-January.. | 1,520 | 89 | 447 | 571 | 134 | 437 | 412 |
| February... | 1,520 | 85 | 456 | 550 | 151 | 398 | 429 |
| March....- | 1,467 | 123 | 431 | 472 | 131 | 341 | 440 |
| April | 1,422 | 162 |  | 410 | 125 | 285 | 441 |
| May. | 1,413 | 124 | 380 | 464 | 171 | 293 | 444 |
| June. | 1,368 | 95 | 341 | 554 | 196 | 357 | 379 |
| July---....... | 1,228 | 39 | 243 | 668 | 232 | 436 | 278 |
| August.....- | 1,090 | 70 | 228 | 606 | 168 | 438 | 186 |
| September.- | 996 | 420 | 100 | 410 | 162 | 248 | 67 |
| October-... | 1,040 | ${ }_{6}^{647}$ | 99 | 230 | 112 | 118 | 63 |
| November.- | 1,002 | 418 | 126 | 296 | 125 | 171 | 161 |
| December.- | 974 | 305 | 251 | 262 | 131 | 131 | 156 |
| 1932-January -.-- | 961 | 119 | 314 | 332 | 159 | 174 | 195 |
| February--- | 919 | 76 | 312 | 343 | 175 | 168 | 189 |
| March.... | 911 | 36 | 335 | 377 | 155 | 222 | 163 |
| April. | 879 | 16 | 292 | 455 | 188 | 268 | 115 |
| May... | 787 | 4 | 183 | 510 | 225 | 286 | 90 |
| Jung........- | 747 705 | 36 | 98 | 518 | 200 | 318 | 96 |
| July --. | 705 | 12 | 59 | 563 | 197 | 366 | 70 |
| August |  | p 3 | 49 |  |  |  |  |

- Preliminary.

Figures for acceptances outstanding (and held by accepting banks) from American Acceptance Council.
Back figures.-See Annual Reports for 1930 (Table 64), 1929 (Table 58) and 1928 (Table 61).

ACCEPTANCES PAYABLE IN FOREIGN CURRENCIESHOLDINGS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS
[In thousands of dollars]

| End of month | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 1,019 | 1,035 | 36, 119 | 33,444 |
| February | 1,029 | 1,038 | 23,958 | 33,478 |
| March. | 1,036 | 1,040 | 1,063 | 30,778 |
| April. | 1,036 | 1,054 | 1,074 | 30, 736 |
| May | 1,040 | 1,058 | 1,073 | 30, 837 |
| June. | 1,043 | 1,064 | 10,551 | 30,762 |
| July. | 2,061 | 1,065 | 34,371 | 30,645 |
| August | 12,346 | 1,071 | 145, 215 | 30,834 |
| September | 16,955 | 1,075 | 48, 804 |  |
| October | 17,064 | 21, 583 | 33, 501 |  |
| November | 1,027 | 31,587 | 33,386 |  |
| December | 1,030 | 35, 983 | 33,429 |  |

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1928 (Table 12), 1927 (Table 12), 1926 (Table 24), etc.

CLASSES OF BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES (DOLLAR PRANCES)
[In millions of dollars]


1 Total holdings of Federal reserve banks include a small amount of unclassified acceptances.
${ }^{2}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$.
Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1931 (Tables 87 and 15). COMMERCIAL PAPER OUTSTANDING
[In millions of dollars]

| End of month | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January........ | 407 | 404 | 327 | 108 |
| February. | 411 | 457 | 315 | 103 |
| March. | 387 | 529 | 311 | 106 |
| April | 351 | 553 | 307 | 108 |
| May... | 304 | 541 | 305 | 111 |
| June.. | 274 | 527 | 292 | 103 |
| July | 265 | 528 | 289 | 100 |
| August | 267 | 526 | 271 |  |
| September | 265 | 513 | 248 |  |
| October. | 285 | 485 | 210 |  |
| November | 316 | 448 | 174 |  |
| December | 334 | 358 | 118 |  |

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1930 (Table 60).

BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED

| Year and month | Banks suspended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Banks reopened |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number |  |  |  | Deposits (in thousands of dollars) |  |  |  | Number |  |  | Deposits (in thousands of dollars) |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}$ | Members |  | Non-members | All banks | Members |  | Nonmem. bers | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Members | Non-members | All banks | $\underset{\text { bers }}{\text { Mem- }}$ | Non-members |
|  |  | Na . tional | State |  |  | National | State |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1921 | 501 | 51 | 19 | 431 | 196, 460 | 21, 285 | 21, 218 | 153, 957 | 60 | 10 | 50 | 17, 493 | 3,132 | 14,361 |
| 1922 | 354 | 45 | 12 | 297 | 110, 721 | 19, 092 | 5, 151 | 86,478 | 65 | 24 | 41 | 35, 565 | 11, 618 | 23,947 |
| 1923 | ${ }^{648}$ | 90 | 34 | 524 | 188,701 | 32,904 | 18, 324 | 137,473 | 37 | 14 | 23 | 11, 674 | 5,068 | 6,606 |
| 1924 | 776 | 122 | 37 | 617 466 | 213, 338 | 60,889 58 587 | 13, 580 | 138, 869 | 94 | 20 | 74 | 22, 462 | 7,190 | $\begin{array}{r}15,272 \\ 0 \\ \hline 829\end{array}$ |
| 1925 | 612 956 | 118 | $\stackrel{28}{35}$ | 466 796 | 172,900 272,488 | 58,537 47,866 | 8,727 20, | 105,636 203,676 | 62 149 | 14 | 48 135 | 16,618 60,610 | 6, 779 8,179 | 9,839 52,431 |
| 1927. | 662 | 91 | 33 | 538 | 193,891 | 46,581 | 19, 755 | 127, 555 | 95 | 11 | 84 | 35, 729 | 8,311 | 27, 418 |
| 1928. | 491 | 57 | 16 | 418 | 138, 642 | 31, 619 | 10, 621 | 96, 402 | 39 | 5 | 34 | 15,727 | 6,610 | 9,117 |
| 1929 | 642 | 64 | 17 | 561 | 234,532 | 37,007 | 20,128 | 177, 397 | 58 | 5 | 53 | 25, 829 | 2, 273 | 23,556 |
| 1930 | 1,345 | 161 | 26 | 1,158 | 864, 715 | 173, 290 | 207, 150 | 484, 275 | 147 | 7 | 140 | 61,599 | 3,538 | 58,061 |
| 1931. | 2, 298 | 409 | 108 | 1,781 | 1,691, 510 | 439, 171 | 294, 357 | 957, 982 | 276 | 31 | 245 | 158, 187 | 53, 944 | 104, 243 |
| 1930-December | 344 | 49 | 7 | 288 | 367, 119 | 44,884 | 163,993 | 158, 242 | 43 |  | 43 | 16,340 | ---- | 16,340 |
| 1931-January. | 202 | 20 | 6 | 176 | 76,553 | 14,569 | 7,615 | 54,369 | 58 | 3 | 55 | 19,322 | 1,856 | 17, 466 |
| February | 77 | 15 | 5 | 57 | 34, 616 | 5, 822 | 7,901 | 20, 893 | 49 | 6 | 43 | 17,157 | 3,333 | 13, 824 |
| March. | 86 | 18 | 1 | 67 | 34, 320 | 10,899 | 108 | 23, 313 | 31 | 2 | 29 | 11, 788 |  | 8, 407 |
| April | 64 | 17 | 3 | 44 | 41, 683 | 19,498 | 2, 264 | 19,921 | 28 | 4 | 24 | 23, 613 | 15, 893 | 7, 720 |
| May. | 91 | 24 | 2 | 65 | 43,210 | 12,320 | 5, 055 | 25,835 | 9 | 2 | 7 | 3,890 |  | 3,489 |
| June | 167 | 26 | 10 | 131 | 190, 480 | 31, 368 | 39, 434 | 119,678 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 24,522 | 23,816 | 706 |
| July | 93 | 16 | 2 | 75 | 40,745 | 7,045 | 1,805 | 31, 895 |  |  | 9 | 2,525 | -...... | 2,525 |
| August | 158 | 29 | 12 | 117 | 180, 028 | 31,629 | 52, 660 | 95, 739 | 4 |  | 4 | 14, 396 |  | 14, 396 |
| September | 305 | 46 | 16 | 243 | 233, 505 | 79, 446 | 30, 272 | 123,787 | 6 |  | 6 | 4,258 |  | 4,258 |
| October | 522 | 100 | 25 | 397 | 471, 380 | 111, 088 | 117, 259 | 243, 033 | 22 | 2 | 20 | 5,096 | 991 | 4, 105 |
| November | 175 | 35 | 8 | 132 | 67, 939 | 28,039 | 4,216 | 35,684 | 21 | 4 | 17 | 13, 041 | 3,684 | 9,357 |
| December | 358 | 63 | 18 | 277 | 277, 051 | 87,448 | 25, 768 | 163, 835 | 31 | 3 | 28 | 18,579 | 589 | 17,990 |
| 1932-January | 342 | 74 | 13 | 255 | 219,071 | 63,686 | 10,873 | 144, 512 | 19 | 3 | 16 | 10,952 | 3,293 | 7,659 |
| Februar | 125 | 26 | 6 | 93 | 65,720 | 22,628 | 8,427 | 34,665 | 46 | 6 | 40 | 19,601 | 4,944 | 14,657 |
| March | 47 | 7 |  | 40 | 15, 289 | 4,484 |  | 10,805 | 38 | 10 | 28 | 19,590 | 9, 714 | 9,876 |
| April. | - 74 | 6 | 5 | ${ }^{+63}$ | r 31, 613 | 2,634 | 11,887 | ${ }^{+} 17,092$ | 22 | 3 | 19 | 11,041 | 1,793 | 9, 248 |
| May | 82 | 14 | 6 | 62 | r 34, 365 | 6, 258 | 1,237 | ${ }^{\text {r } 26,870}$ | r 23 | 4 | ${ }^{+19}$ | - 33, 214 | 4, 219 | + 28,995 |
| June. | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 151 \\ \hline 151\end{array}$ | 44 | 4 | - 103 | + 136,655 | r 42,474 | , 7, 589 | $r 86,592$ | +21 | 3 |  | ${ }_{-} \mathbf{r} 11,501$ | 2, 891 |  |
| July | r 131 | 20 | $r 4$ | ${ }^{5} 107$ | - 49, 877 | r 17,546 | r 1, 769 | r 30,562 | r 24 | $\stackrel{5}{7}$ | ${ }^{+18}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 699,981$ | r16, 404 | - 53,577 |
| Augu | 885 | p 17 | $p 2$ | ${ }^{p} 66$ | ${ }^{p} 34,730$ | p11,629 | p855 | p 22, 246 | p 20 | p3 | p 17 | p 32, 270 | ${ }^{\text {p }}$, 018 | ${ }^{p} 27,252$ |

## - Preliminary.

- Revised.

Banks suspended and banks reopened.-The statistics of bank suspensions relate to banks closed to the public, on account of financial difficulties, by order of supervisory authorities or directors of the bank. Some banks reopen before the end of the calendar month in which they were closed; such banks are included in the record of suspensions for the month as given in the table. Reopenings are recorded as of the month in which they occur, and include for any given month reopenings both of banks closed during the month and of banks closed earlier.
Deposits.- Figures of deposits in banks suspended are as of date of suspension whenever data as of this date are available; otherwise they are as of the latest available call date prior to suspension. For banks reopened the figures of deposits are not as of date of reopening, which are seldom available, but are taken from the record of suspensions.

Back' figures.-See annual report for 1930 (Tables 66 and 67).

## MEMBER BANK HOLDINGS OF ELIGIBLE ASSETS

| Call date | [In millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Holdings of Government securities ${ }^{1}$ and eligible paper (including paper under rediscount) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Member bank borrow. ings at Federal reserve banks |
|  | By reserve city banks |  |  | By "country" banks |  |  | By all member banks |  |  |  |
|  | U.S. Government securities | Eligible paper | Total | U.S. Government securities | Eligible paper | Total | Government securities | Eligible paper | Total |  |
| 1929-Mar. 27.. | 2,832 | 2,582 | 5,414 | 974 | 1,761 | 2,735 | 3, 807 | 4, 343 | 8,1.50 | 981 |
| June 29 | 2,577 | 2, 688 | 5,265 | 929 | 1,773 | 2,702 | 3, 506 | 4,461 | 7,968 | 1,029 |
| Oct. 4-1. | 2,469 | 2, 813 | 5,334 | 8812 | 1,733 | 2,645 | 3,381 | 4,598 | 7,979 | 899 |
| 1930-Mec. 31. | 2,403 2,619 | 2,713 2,542 | 5,116 5,161 | 814 818 | 1,684 1,662 | 2,498 2,480 | 3,217 3,438 | 4,397 <br> 4,204 | 7,614 7,642 | 646 206 |
| $150-\mathrm{Jar}$. June | 2,640 | 2, 285 | 4,925 | 778 | 1,620 | 2, 392 | 3,438 | 4,905 | 7,317 | 274 |
| Sopt. 24 | 2,682 | 2, 271 | 4,953 | 764 | 1,541 | 2,305 | 3,446 | 3,812 | 7,258 | 173 |
| ${ }^{\text {Dec. } 31}$ | 2, 777 | 2,100 | 4,877 | 708 | 1,438 | 2, 148 | 3,485 | 3, 538 | 7,023 | 248 |
| 1931-Mar. 25. | 3,584 | 2,045 | 5,629 | 776 | 1,373 | 2,149 | 4, 360 | 3,418 | 7,778 | 165 |
| June 30 | 3,871 | 1,870 | 5,741 | 836 | 1,328 | 2, 164 | 4,707 | 3,198 | 7,905 | 147 |
| Sept. 29 | 3, 942 | 1, 787 | ${ }^{5}, 729$ | 994 | 1,209 | 2, 203 | 4,936 | 2,996 | 7,932 | 323 |
| Dec. 31 | 3,706 | 1,505 | 5,211 | 989 | 1,068 | 2,056 | 4,694 | 2,573 | 7,267 | 623 |
| 1932-June 30.. | 3,985 | 1,457 | 5, 442 | 984 | 971 | 1,965 | 4,979 | 2,428 | 7,407 | 440 |

: Exclusive of approximately $\$ 650,000,000$ of Government securities pledged against national bank note circulation.
Back figures.-See Bulletin for March, p. 156.
federal Reserve bank rates
DISCOUNT RATES
[Rates for member banks on eligible paper]

| Federal reserve bank | Rate in effect on Sept. 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Date estab- } \\ & \text { lished } \end{aligned}$ | Previous rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston.. | 31/2 | Oct. 17, 1831 | 21/2 |
| New York. | 21/2 | June 24, 1932 | 3 |
| Philadelphia | 31/2 | Oct. 22,1931 | 3 |
| Cleveland. | 3112 | Oct. 24,1931 | 3 |
| Richmond. | 31/2 | Jan. 25, 1932 | 4 |
| Atlanta | 31/2 | Nov. 14, 1931 | 3 |
| Chicago. | 21/2 | June 25, 1932 | $31 / 2$ |
| 8t. Louis. | 31/2 | Oct. 22,1931 | 21/2 |
| Minneapolis. | 31122 | Sept. 12, 1930 | 4 |
| Kansas City. | 31/2 | Oct. 23, 1931 | 3 |
| Dallas... | 3112 | Jan. 28, 1932 | 4 |
| San Francisco. | $31 / 2$ | Oct. 21, 1931 | 21/2 |

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1931 (Table 36).
BUYING RATES ON ACCEPTANCES
[Buying rates at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York]

| Maturity | Rate in offect on Sept. 1 | Date estab- lished | Previous rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-15 days.. | 1 | June 24, 1932 | $21 / 2$ |
| 16-30 days. | 1 | ...-do........ | 21/2 |
| 31-45 days. | 1 | ...do........ | 21/2 |
| 46 -60 days. | 1 | -..do. | 21/2 |
| 61-90 days. | 1 | -.do. | 21/2 |
| 91-120 days. | 118 | do. | 236 |
| 121-180 days | 116 | .-do.- | 3 |

Note.-Rates on prime bankers' acceptances. Higher rates may be charged for other classes of bills.

## OPEN-MARKET RATES

RATES IN NEW YORE CITY

| Month or week | Prevailing rate on- |  |  | A verage rate <br> on- <br> Call Joans 1 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A verage yield } \\ & \text { on- } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Prime } \\ \text { com- } \\ \text { mercial } \\ \text { paper, } \\ \text { 4 to } 6 \\ \text { months } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Prime bankers' acceptances, days | Time loans, days ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | T. S. Treasury notes and certificates,3 to 6 $\xrightarrow{\substack{3 \text { to } 6 \\ \text { months } \\ \hline}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Treas } \\ & \text { ury } \\ & \text { bonds } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | New | $\begin{gathered} \text { Re- } \\ \text { newal } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| 1931 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May | $2-23 / 4$ | 7/8-11/8 | 11/2-2 | 1.45 | 1.45 | . 88 | 3.3 |
| June | 2 |  | 13/4-13/4 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 4.55 | 3.3 |
| July. | 2 | 7/8 | 11/4-11/2 | 1.50 | 1. 50 | . 41 | 3.3 |
| August | 2 | 7/8 | 114-11/2 | 1.50 | 1.50 | . 42 | 3.3 |
| September | 2 | 7/8-11/4 | 11/4-2 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 4.45 | 3.4 |
| October. | $2-41 / 4$ | 11/4-31/4 | 21/2-4 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 1.70 | 3.7 |
| November | $33 / 4-41 / 4$ | 27/8-31/4 | $3-4$ | 2.50 | 2.50 | 1.77 | 3.6 |
| December | 33/4-4 | - | $3-4$ | 2.73 | 2. 70 | +2.41 | 3.9 |
| 1932 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. | 33/4-4 | 23/4-3 | $31 / 2-4$ | 2.61 | 2.65 | 2. 48 | 4.2 |
| February | 38\%-4 | 234-27/8 | 31/2-384 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.42 | 4.1 |
| March. | $31 / 2-38 / 4$ | 236-25/8 | 23/4-31/2 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 42.25 | 3.92 |
| April. | 31/4-38/4 | 7/8-21/8 | $2-3$ | 2.50 | 2.50 | 1.11 | 3.7 |
| May | 23/4-31/2 | 7/3-1188 | 11/2-2 | 2.50 | 2.50 | . 31 | 3.7 |
| June. | $21 / 2-3$ | 7/8 | $11 / 2$ | 2.50 | 2.50 | 4.34 | 3.7 |
| July | 21/4-284 | 84 | 11/4-11/2 | 2.08 | 2.08 | . 22 | 3.6 |
| August | $2-21 / 2$ | 38 | 11/4-11/2 | 2.00 | 2.00 | . 14 | 2. 5 |
| Week ending- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July 30..... | 21/4-23/4 | 84 | 11/4-11/2 | 2.00 | 2.00 | . 29 | 3.5 |
| August 6.. | 21/4-21/2 | 34 | 11/4-11/2 | 2.00 | 2.00 | . 12 | 3. 5 |
| August 13 | $2-21 / 2$ | 34 | 11/411/2 | 2.00 | 2.00 | . 25 | 3.5 |
| August 20.. | $2-2 \frac{1}{4}$ | $3 / 4$ | 11/4-11/2 | 2.00 | 2.00 | . 16 | 3.5 |
| August 27 | $\begin{array}{\|ll\|}2 & -214\end{array}$ | $3 / 4$ | 11/4-11/2 | 2.00 | 2.00 | . 06 | 3.5 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Stock exchange call loans; new and renewal rates. <br> 2 Stock exchange 90 -day time loans. <br> ${ }^{3} 3$ issues $-33,3,3,4,4$ per cent; yields calculated on basis of last redemp- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tion dates-1947, 1956, and 1954. <br> ${ }^{4}$ Change of issues on which yield is computed. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1931 (Tables 39 and 40). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

RATES CHARGED CUSTOMERS BY BANKS IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

| Month | New York City |  |  |  |  | 8 other northern and eastern cities |  |  |  |  | 27 southern and western cities |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1831 | 1932 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 |
| January | 4.56 | 5.74 | 5.64 | 4. 24 | 4.71 | 4. 73 | 5.87 | 5.88 | 4.61 | 5.07 | 5.53 | 5.94 | 6.12 | 5.50 | 5.61 |
| February | 4.44 | 5.73 | 5.35 | 4.31 | 4.71 | 4. 76 | 5.86 | 5. 66 | 4.63 | 5.13 | 5. 53 | 5.96 | 6.05 | 5.43 | 5. 61 |
| March. | 4. 59 | 5.81 | 5.22 | 4.20 | 4.72 | 4.81 | 5. 91 | 5.47 | 4.62 | 5.14 | 5. 54 | 6. 04 | 5.98 | 5.40 | 5. 64 |
| April | 4.72 | 5.85 | 4.91 | 4.17 | 4.69 | 4.91 | 6. 00 | 5.22 | 4.57 | 5. 10 | 5. 54 | 6. 07 | 5.86 | 5.36 | 5. 63 |
| May | 4.97 | 5. 88 | 4.74 | 4. 11 | 4. 55 | 5. 04 | 6. 09 | 5.13 |  | 5. 14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| June. | 5. 09 | 5.93 | 4. 59 | 4. 13 | 4.61 | 5. 36 | 6. 02 | 5.06 | 4. 49 4.48 | 5.13 5.05 | 5. 67 | 6.16 | 5. 69 5. 63 | 5. 34 5.30 5. | 5. 62 |
| July.. | 5.38 | 5.88 | 4. 48 | 4.05 | 4. 42 | 5. 57 | 6. 68 | 4.81 4.79 | 4.48 4.47 | 5.05 5.12 | 5. 77 5.80 | 6.17 6.22 | 5. 63 5.58 | 5.30 5.28 | 5.63 5.68 |
| August | 5. 56 | 6. 05 | 4. 41 | 3.97 | 4.45 | 5. 59 59 | 6. 11 | 4. 79 4.74 | 4.47 4.48 | 5.12 | 5.80 5.82 | 6. 22.27 | 5. 58 | 5.28 5.32 | 5.68 |
| September | 5.63 | 6.06 6.08 | 4. 29 4.26 | 3.93 4.27 |  | 5.80 5.80 | 6. 24 | 4.74 4.75 | 4. 48 4.62 |  | 5. 82 5.87 5. | 6.27 6.29 | 5. 55 | 5.32 5.38 |  |
| October-..- | 5. 63 5.56 | 6.08 5.86 | 4. 26 4.17 | 4. 27 4.67 |  | 5.80 5.82 | 6.25 6.12 | 4.75 4.66 | 4.62 4.87 |  | 5.81 5.90 | 6.29 6.29 | 5. 54 5.50 | 5.38 5.53 |  |
| December | 5. 63 | 5.74 | 4.16 | 4.64 |  | 5.91 | 5.94 | 4. 68 | 4.91 |  | 5.91 | 6. 20 | 5.43 | 5. 56 |  |

Note. - Figures relate to rates charged by reporting banks to their own customers as distinguished from open-market rates (which are given in preceding table). All averages are based on rates reported for 3 types of customer loans-commercial loans, and demand and time loans on securities. of each reporting bank, as measured by total loans. In the two relative importance of each of these 3 types of loans and (b) ene relative imperage rate for each city included is weighted according to the importance of that city in the group, as measured by the loans of all banks in the city.

Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1930 (Table 39).

## SECURITY PRICES AND SECURITY ISSUES

## SECURITY PRICES

[Index numbers of Standard Statistics Co. Monthly data are averages of weekly figures]

| Month or date | Bonds ${ }^{1}$ | Preferred stocks ${ }^{2}$ | Common stocks (1926 $=100$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Indus trial | Rallroad | Publicutility | Selected groups of industrial issues |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Auto- } \\ & \text { mobile } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Building equipment | Chain store | Chemical | Copper $\underset{\text { brass }}{\text { and }}$ | Electrical equip ment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ma- } \\ & \text { chin- } \\ & \text { ory } \end{aligned}$ | Oil | Steel | $\underset{\text { Tiler }}{\text { Te }}$ |
| Number of issues. | 60 | 20 | 421 | 351 | 33 | 37 | 13 | 12 | 16 | 11 | 8 | 4 | 10 | 15 | 10 | 28 |
| 1931-June. | 99.4 | 119.7 | 95 | 87 | 74 | 153 | 101 | 58 | 89 | 128 | 62 | 157 | 83 | 63 | 85 | 45 |
| July... | 99.4 | 121.1 | 98 | 90 | 75 | 158 | 105 | 60 | 89 | 131 | 66 | 161 | 88 | 67 | 88 | 46 |
| August | 98.5 | 120.7 | 96 | 89 | 66 | 154 | 103 | 58 | 92 | 127 | 61 | 155 | 84 | 70 | 81 | 45 |
| September | 95.6 | 116. 1 | 82 | 76 | 56 | 132 | 85 | 47 | 80 | 110 | 50 | 132 | 72 | 60 | 72 | 40 |
| October.. | 89.4 | 109.4 | 70 | 65 | 48 | 112 | 70 | 38 | 70 | 90 | 43 | 113 | 59 | 53 | 59 | 36 |
| November | 89.0 | 108.5 | 72 | 68 | 46 | 115 | 75 | 39 | 69 | 96 | 45 | 114 | 61 | 57 | 59 | 36 |
| December | 81.6 | 99.1 | 58 | 54 | 33 | 96 | 65 | 31 | 57 | 79 | 35 | 94 | 46 | 44 | 41 | 31 |
| 1932-January. | 81.0 | 96.5 | 58 | 54 | 37 | 94 | 64 | 31 | 57 | 80 | 36 | 85 | 48 | 43 | 32 | 31 |
| February | 80.3 | 96.3 | 56 | 53 | 34 | 93 | 60 | 30 | 56 | 79 | 32 | 77 | 47 | 42 | 32 | 31 |
| March. | 80.8 | 96.2 | 57 | 54 | 32 | 93 | 55 | 29 | 58 | 85 | 30 | 77 | 47 | 45 | 32 | 31 |
| April. | 79.4 | 94. 2 | 44 | 42 | 22 | 73 | 34 | 22 | 49 | 61 | 22 | 57 | 37 | 38 | 23 | 26 |
| May... | 75.2 | 90.3 | 40 | 38 | 17 | 68 | 30 | 20 | 42 | 52 | 20 | 52 | 33 | 39 | 20 | 23 |
| June.. | 72.2 | 83.6 | 34 | 34 | 14 | 55 | 26 | 18 | 35 | 48 | 17 | 40 | 29 | 37 | 16 | 20 |
| July. | 74.2 | 85.3 | 36 | 36 | 16 | 55 | 28 | 19 | 36 | 50 | 20 | 43 | 30 | 42 | 18 | 22 |
| August. | 83.2 | 98.6 | 53 | 52 | 29 | 84 | 45 | 30 | 49 | 75 | 38 | 73 | 44 | 55 | 33 | 33 |
| August 3 | 78.8 | 92.3 | 45 | 44 | 21 | 69 | 35 | 24 | 44 | 62 | 30 | 58 | 37 | 50 | 25 | 27 |
| August 10 | 88.0 | 98.5 | 54 | 52 | 28 | 84 | 48 | 31 | 48 | 76 | 35 | 74 | 44 | 56 | 32 | 31 |
| August 17. | 83.5 | 99.5 | 52 | 50 | 28 | 84 | 43 | 32 | 49 | 73 | 33 | 73 | 43 | 54 | 30 | 32 |
| August 24. | 86.2 | 101.2 | 58 | 55 | 35 | 91 | 49 | 33 | 53 | 81 | 41 | 79 | 47 | 57 | 38 | 35 |
| August 31.....- | 85.5 | 101.5 | 58 | 56 | 35 | 93 | 47 | 33 | 52 | 81 | 50 | 82 | 47 | 56 | 40 | 40 |

[^5]
## CAPITAL ISSUES

[Long-term; i. e., 1 year or more. In millions of dollars]

| Year and month | New issues |  |  |  |  |  | funding issues $\stackrel{\text { do- }}{\text { mestic }}$ and for-eign) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total(do-mesticandfor-eign) | Domestic |  |  |  | Forelgn |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { To- } \\ \text { tal } \end{gathered}$ | State and mu-nicipal | Corporate |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Bonds and notes | Stocks |  |  |
| 1923.-............- | 4,437 | 4, 016 | 1,043 | 1,976 | 659 | 421 | 682 |
| 1924 | 5, 553 | 4, 588 | 1,380 | 2, 200 | 829 | 969 | 759 |
| 1925 | 6, 201 | 5, 125 | 1,352 | 2,452 | 1, 153 | 1,076 | 925 |
| 1926. | 6,314 | 5,189 | 1,344 | 2,667 | 1, 087 | 1,125 | 1,046 |
| 1927. | 7,556 | 6,219 | 1,475 | 3,183 | 1,474 | 1,337 | 2, 220 |
| 1928 | 8,040 | 6,789 | 1,379 | 2,385 | 2,961 | 1,251 | 1,858 |
| 1929 | 10,091 | 9,420 | 1,418 | 2,078 | 5,924 | ${ }^{671}$ | 1, 422 |
| 1930. | 6,909 | 6, 004 | I, 434 | 2,980 | 1,503 | 905 | 711 |
| 1931 | 3,099 | 2,860 | 1,235 | 1,240 | 311 | 229 | 949 |
| 1931-July | 225 | 223 | 93 | 113 | 2 | 2 | 45 |
|  | 120 | 120 | 74 | 34 | 12 | 0 | 7 |
| September.- | 245 | 221 | 114 | 94 | 12 | 24 | 43 |
| October-- | 45 | 45 | 16 | 14 | 4 | 0 | 1 |
| November. | 112 | 110 | 54 | 26 | 24 | 2 | 21 |
| December.- | 123 | 123 | 44 | 28 | 39 | 0 | 21 |
| 1932-January.-.- | 184 | 184 | 138 | 42 | 4 | 0 | 14 |
| February.-- | 73 | 73 | 35 | 35 | 4 | 0 | 21 |
| March...... | 162 | 162 | 109 | 47 | 1 | 0 | 29 |
| April....... | 71 | 71 | 30 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 72 |
| May-...... | 91 | 91 | 84 | 7 | , | 0 | 32 |
| June........- | 78 106 | 78 104 | 74 25 | ${ }_{6}^{4}$ | 0 | 0 2 | 64 57 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes issues of Federal land banks and Federal intermediate credit banks, not shown separately.
Sources.-For domestic issues: Commercial and Financial Chronicle; for foreign issues (issues publicly offered) annual totals are as finally reported by Department of Commerce, while monthly figures are as compiled currently and are subject to revision.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
[In millions of dollars]

| Month | Outstanding at end of month |  |  | Increase or decrease $(-)$ during month |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Bonds and notes | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Certif- } \\ \text { icates } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { bills } \end{array}$ | Total | Bonds and notes | Certif- <br> icates <br> and bills |
| 1931 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April | 16, 368 | 13, 567 | 2, 801 | 88 | -735 | 1,036 |
| May. | 16,245 | 13,323 | 2,922 | -123 | -244 | 121 |
| June. | 16, 520 | 14, 152 | 2,368 | 275 | 829 | -554 |
| July... | 16,522 | 14, 178 | 2,344 | 2 | 26 | -24 |
| August | 16,585 | 14, 179 | 2,406 | 63 | 1 | 62 |
| September | 17,048 | 14, 980 | 2,068 | 463 | 801 | -338 |
| October- | 17,028 | 14,981 | 2,047 | -20 | 1 | 21 |
| November | 17, 1728 | 14,955 | 2,085 2,436 | 12 488 | -26 | $\begin{array}{r}38 \\ 351 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (12 months) |  |  |  | 1,754 | 638 | 1,116 |
| 1032 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 17,515 | 15, 102 | 2, 413 | $-13$ | 10 | $-23$ |
| February | 17, 820 | 15, 102 | 2, 718 | 305 |  | 305 |
| March | 18, 190 | 15, 102 | 3,088 | 370 |  | 370 |
| April. | 18,287 | 15, 103 | 3, 184 | 97 | 1 | 96 |
| May | 18,729 | 15, 318 | 3,411 | 442 | 215 | 227 |
| June. | 19, 161 | 15, 715 | 3,446 | 432 | 397 | 35 |
| July. | 19, 297 | 15, 744 | 3, 653 | 136 | 29 | 107 |
| August.-....-...........- | 19,758 | 16, 454 | 3, 304 | 461 | 710 | -249 |

[^6]
# PRODUCTION, EMPLOYMENT, CAR LOADINGS, AND COMMODITY PRICES 

[Index numbers; 1923-1925 average $=100$. The terms adjusted and unadjusted refer to adjustment for seasonal variation]

| Year and month | Industrial production* |  |  |  |  |  | Building contracts awarded (value) : |  |  |  |  |  | Factory employment ${ }^{2}$ |  | Factory pay rolls | Freight-car loadings : |  | Com-modity prices |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Manufactures |  | Minerals ${ }^{1}$ |  | Totel |  | Residential |  | All other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Unad- | justed | Unadjusted | Ad- | Unad. justed | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Ad. justed | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Unadjusted | Ad- | Unadjusted | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ad- } \\ & \text { justed } \end{aligned}$ | Unadjusted | Unad- <br> justed | Ad- |  |
| 1919 | 83 |  | 84 |  | 77 |  | 63 |  | 44 |  | 79 |  | 107 |  | 98 | 84 |  | 139 |
| 1920 | 87 |  | 87 |  | 89 |  | 63 |  | 30 |  | 90 |  | 108 |  | 118 | 91 |  | 154 |
| 1921--- | 67 |  | 67 |  | 70 |  | 56 |  | 44 |  | 65 |  | 82 |  | 77 | 79 |  | 98 |
| 1922.. | 85 |  | 86 |  | 74 |  | 79 |  | 68 |  | 88 |  | 90 |  | 81 | 87 |  | 97 |
| 1923 - | 101 |  | 101 |  | 105 |  | 84 |  | 81 |  | 86 |  | 104 |  | 103 | 100 |  | 101 |
| 1924--- | 95 |  | 94 |  | 96 |  | 94 |  | 95 |  | 94 |  | 96 |  | 96 | 97 |  | 98 |
| 1925. | 104 |  | 105 |  | 99 |  | 122 |  | 124 |  | 120 |  | 100 |  | 101 | 103 |  | 104 |
| 1926 | 108 |  | 108 |  | 108 |  | 129 |  | 121 |  | 135 |  | 101 |  | 104 | 106 |  | 100 |
| 1927. | 106 |  | 106 |  | 107 |  | 129 |  | 117 |  | 139 |  | 99 |  | 102 | 103 |  | 95 |
| 1928. | 111 |  | 112 |  | 106 |  | 135 |  | 126 |  | 142 |  | 97 |  | 102 | 103 |  | 97 |
| 1929. | 119 |  | 119 |  | 115 |  | 117 |  | 87 |  | 142 |  | 101 |  | 108 | 106 |  | 98 |
| 1930-- | 96 |  | 95 |  | 99 |  | 92 |  | 50 |  | 125 |  | 88 |  | 87 | 92 |  | 86 |
| 1931.- | 81 |  | 80 |  | 84 |  | 63 |  | 37 |  | 84 |  | 74 |  | 66 | 75 |  | 73 |
| 1928 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July....-- | 105 | 109 | 105 | 110 | 104 | 102 | 142 | 132 | 127 | 126 | 155 | 137 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 105 | 102 | 97 |
| August.-- | 110 | 110 | 110 | 111 | 111 | 105 | 137 | 131 | 116 | 119 | 154 | 141 | 98 | 97 | 103 | 109 | 103 | 98 |
| September | 116 | 113 | 116 | 114 | 115 | 107 | 138 | 134 | 118 | 118 | 154 | 147 | 100 | 98 | 104 | 119 | 105 | 99 |
| October-- | 118 | 115 | 117 | 116 | 123 | 111 | 134 | 136 | 115 | 115 | 150 | 152 | 100 | 98 | 107 | 119 | 106 | 97 |
| November | 115 | 117 | 115 | 118 | 118 | 114 | 122 | 132 | 112 | 114 | 130 | 146 | $\stackrel{99}{98}$ | 99 100 | 104 | 109 | 107 | 96 |
| December | 109 | 118 | 110 | 120 | 106 | 111 | 107 | 127 | 93 | 108 | 117 | 145 | 98 | 100 | 104 | 94 | 106 | 96 |
| $\stackrel{1929}{\text { January }}$ | 117 | 119 | 117 | 120 | 114 | 116 | 98 | 120 | 81 | 97 | 111 | 139 | 97 | 100 | 101 | 95 | 108 | 96 |
| February- | 121 | 119 | 122 | 119 | 116 | 119 | 102 | 118 | 84 | 94 | 116 | 137 | 100 | 100 | 108 | 99 | 107 | 95 |
| March.. | 124 | 119 | 126 | 120 | 101 | 109 | 121 | 121 | 106 | 101 | 133 | 137 | 101 | 101 | 111 | 98 | 105 | 96 |
| April... | 124 | 121 | 128 | 122 | 103 | 114 | 139 | 123 | 117 | 100 | 158 | 142 | 102 | 102 | 111 | 102 | 108 | 96 |
| May...- | 126 | 122 | 128 | 123 | 116 | 117 | 143 | 121 | 113 | 97 | 168 | 141 | 102 | 102 | 111 | 109 | 107 | 95 |
| June... | 125 | 125 | 127 | 127 | 116 | 114 | 144 | 126 | 102 | 95 | 178 | 152 | 102 | 103 | 110 | 110 | 108 | 95 |
| July..- | 120 | 124 | 120 | 125 | 118 | 116 | 136 | 124 | 94 | 93 | 170 | 149 | 102 | 103 | 106 | 111 | 107 | 97 |
| August | 122 | 121 | 122 | 122 | 121 | 115 | 129 | 122 | 84 | 86 | 166 | 152 | 104 | 103 | 111 | 115 | 107 | 96 |
| September | 123 | 121 | 123 | 121 | 127 | 118 | 112 | 110 | 73 | 73 | 144 | 140 | 105 | 102 | 112 | 121 | 106 | 96 |
| October-- | 121 | 118 | 119 | 119 | 127 | 116 | 104 | 107 | 67 | 67 | 135 | 139 | 103 | 101 | 111 | 118 | 104 | 95 |
| November | 108 | 110 | 107 | 110 | 114 | 110 | 94 | 103 | 66 | 67 | 116 | 132 | 99 | 99 | 103 | 102 | 102 | 94 |
| December | 96 | 103 | 93 | 101 | 110 | 116 | 84 | 102 | 53 | 61 | 109 | 136 | 95 | 97 | 99 | 89 | 102 | 93 |
| 1930 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January -- | 103 | 106 | 102 | 105 | 108 | 110 | 78 | 95 | 46 | 56 | 104 | 128 | 93 | 96 | 94 | 89 | 100 | 93 |
| February- | 109 | 107 | 110 | 107 | 104 | 108 | 89 | 104 | 44 | 49 | 126 | 148 | 93 | 94 | 98 | 91 | 99 | 91 |
| March...- | 106 | 104 | 109 | 104 | 91 | 98 | 102 | 102 | 54 | 52 | 141 | 144 | 93 | 93 | 98 | 90 | 96 | 90 |
| April... | 107 | 104 | 110 | 104 | 94 | 104 | 113 | 101 | 62 | 53 | 158 | 140 | 93 | 92 | 97 | 93 | 97 | 90 |
| May..... | 105 | 102 | 106 | 101 | 102 | 104 | 125 | 105 | 61 | 52 | 178 | 148 | 91 | 91 | 94 | 97 | 96 | 89 |
| June.-- | 99 | 98 | 98 | 97 | 103 | 102 | 116 | 99 | 54 |  | 166 | 140 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 95 | 93 | 87 |
| July.....- | 91 | 93 | 89 | 92 | 100 | 100 | 107 | 95 | 48 | 47 | 155 | 135 | 86 | 87 | 83 | 95 | 92 | 84 |
| August..- | 90 | 90 | 88 | 89 | 101 | 96 | 85 | 81 | 48 | 49 | 115 | 106 | 85 | 84 | 82 | 96 | 89 | 84 |
| September | 92 | 90 | 90 | 89 | 101 | 94 | 82 | 81 | 52 | 52 | 108 | 105 | 86 | 83 | 83 | 99 | 87 | 84 |
| October-- | 90 84 | 88 | 87 82 | 86 85 | 105 96 | 95 92 | 75 68 | 78 76 | 51 48 48 | 52 48 | 94 86 | 99 99 | 84 81 | 82 | 81 75 | 87 | 86 84 | 88 |
| November December | 84 77 | 86 84 | 82 74 | 85 <br> 82 | 96 89 | 98 | 68 59 | 76 73 | 48 | 48 43 | 86 77 | 99 98 | 81 79 | 81 80 | 75 74 | 86 74 | 884 | 81 80 |
| 1931 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.- | 82 | 83 | 81 | 83 | 86 | 88 | 58 | 71 | 37 | 44 | 75 | 93 | 76 | 78 | 68 | 74 | 82 | 78 |
| February- | 87 | 86 | 88 | 86 | 84 | 86 | 68 | 79 | 42 | 47 | 89 | 104 | 77 | 78 | 73 | 74 | 80 | 77 |
| March...- | 89 | 87 | 91 | 87 | 82 | 89 | 77 | 77 | 50 | 47 | 98 | 100 | 78 | 78 | 75 | 75 | 80 | 76 |
| April....- | 90 | 88 | 91 | 87 | 83 | 91 | 82 | 73 | 52 | 44 | 107 | 96 | 78 | 78 | 74 | 77 | 80 | 75 |
| May--...- | 89 | 87 | 80 | 87 | 84 | 87 | 78 | 65 | 47 | 40 | 104 | 85 | 77 | 78 | 72 | 79 | 79 | 73 |
| June....... | 83 | 83 | 83 | 82 | 85 | 86 | 74 | 63 | 41 | 37 | 101 | 84 | 75 | 76 | 68 | 77 | 77 | 72 |
| July | 80 | 82 | 79 | 82 | 85 | 86 | 68 | 61 | 36 | 35 | 94 | 82 | 74 | 75 | 64 | 78 | 76 | 72 |
| August --- | 78 | 78 | 77 | 78 | 82 | 79 | 63 | 59 | 32 | 33 | 87 | 81 | 74 | 74 | 64 | 76 | 72 | 72 |
| September | 77 | 76 | 76 | 75 | 82 | 77 | 59 | 59 | 32 | 32 | 81 | 80 | 75 | 73 | 62 | 78 | 69 | 71 |
| October-- | 75 | 73 | 72 | 71 | 90 | 82 | 52 | 55 | 29 | 30 | 71 | 76 | 71 | 70 | 59 | 78 | 69 | 70 |
| November | 72 | 73 | 70 | 71 | 83 | 81 | 43 | 49 | 26 | 27 | 57 | 67 | 69 | 69 | 56 | 70 | 68 | 70 |
| December | 68 | 74 | 66 | 73 | 79 | 84 | 30 | 38 | 20 | 23 | 39 | 50 | 68 | 69 | 56 | 61 | 69 | 69 |
| 1932 January |  |  | 70 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February. | 71 | 69 | 70 | 68 | 75 | 78 | 23 | ${ }_{27}$ | 15 | 17 | 30 | 41 35 | 66 67 | 68 | 54 | 58 59 | 64 | 67 66 |
| March | 68 | 67 | 66 | 64 | 77 | 84 | 26 | 26 | 16 | 15 | 35 | 36 | 66 | 66 | 52 | 58 | 61 | ${ }_{66}^{66}$ |
| April....- | 64 | 63 | 63 | 61 | 72 | 79 | 31 | 27 | 16 | 14 | 43 | 38 | 64 | 64 | 49 | 57 | 59 | 66 |
| May......- | 61 | 60 | 60 | 58 | 65 | 67 | 31 | 26 | 14 | 12 | 45 | 37 | 61 | 62 | 46 | 53 | 54 | 64 |
| June.....-- | 59 | 59 | 59 | 58 | 61 | 63 | 32 | 27 | 12 | 11 | 47 | 39 | 59 | 60 | 43 | 52 | - 52 | 64 |
| July -- | ${ }^{\square} 56$ | P 58 | ${ }^{\circ} 55$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 57$ | 62 | 64 | 31 | 27 | 12 | 11 | 46 | 40 | 57 | 58 | 40 | 51 | 51 | 65 |

P Preliminary
r Revised

* A verage per working day.
${ }^{1}$ For indexes of groups and separate industries see p. 616; for description see Bulletin for February and March, 1927; for back figures set
BULLETIN for March, 1932, p. 194. 3 -month moving average, centered at second month; for description and back figures see BULLETIN for July, 1931, p 358
For inderes of groups and separate industries see p. 617; for description and back figures see BULLETIN for November, 1929, and November, 1930.
For indexes of groups see p. 577; for back figures see Bulletin for February, 1931, p. 108.
${ }^{5}$ Revised inder of Bureau of Labor Statistics ( 784 price series), $1926=100$. Index numbers for groups of commodities are given on p. 618 .


## MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

[In millions of dollars]

| Month | Merchandise exports |  |  |  |  | Merchandise imports |  |  |  |  | Excess of exports |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 |
| January | 411 | 488 | 411 | 250 | 150 | 338 | 369 | 311 | 183 | 136 | 73 | 119 | 100 | 66 | 15 |
| February | 371 | 442 | 349 | 224 | 154 | 351 | 369 | 282 | 175 | 131 | 20 | 72 | 67 | 49 | 23 |
| March. | 421 | 490 | 370 | 236 | 155 | 380 | 384 | 300 | 210 | 131 | 40 | 106 | 69 | 26 | 24 |
| April. | 364 | 425 | 332 | 215 | 135 | 345 | 411 | 308 | 186 | 127 | 19 | 15 | 24 | 29 | 9 |
| May.- | 423 | 385 | 320 | 204 | 132 | 354 | 400 | 285 | 180 | 112 | 69 | -15 | 35 | 24 | 20 |
| June. | 389 | 393 | 295 | 187 | 114 | 317 | 353 | 250 | 173 | 111 | 71 | 40 | 44 | 14 | 3 |
| July... | 379 | 403 | 267 | 181 | - 107 | 318 | 353 | 221 | 174 | p79 | 61 | 50 | 46 | 6 | ค 28 |
| August | 379 | 381 | 298 | 165 |  | 347 | 369 | 218 | 167 |  | 32 | 11 | 79 | -2 |  |
| September | 422 | 437 | 312 | 180 |  | 320 | 351 | 226 | 170 |  | 102 | 86 | 86 | 10 |  |
| October-- | 550 | 529 | 327 | 205 |  | 355 | 391 | 247 | 169 |  | 195 | 137 | 80 | 36 |  |
| November. | 545 | 442 | 289 | 194 |  | 327 | 338 | 204 | 149 |  | 218 | 104 | 85 | 44 |  |
| December. | 476 | 427 | 275 | 184 |  | 339 | 310 | 209 | 154 |  | 136 | 117 | 66 | 30 |  |
| Year | 5,128 | 5, 241 | 3,843 | 2,424 |  | 4,091 | 4,399 | 3,061 | 2, 091 |  | 1,037 | 842 | 782 | 334 |  |

preliminary.

DEPARTMENT STORES-SALES, STOCKS
[Index numbers; 1923-1925 average $=100$ ]

| Month | Index of sales ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | Index of stocks (end of month) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Adjusted for seasonal variation |  | Without seasonal adjustment |  | Adjusted for seasonal variation |  | Without seasonal adjustment |  |
|  | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 |
| January | 97 | 78 | 79 | 64 | 88 | 75 | 78 | 67 |
| February | 98 | 78 | 80 | 64 | 86 | 73 | 81 | 69 |
| April. | 106 | 80 | 101 | 76 | 83 | 70 | 87 | 72 |
| May | 97 | 73 | 97 | 73 | 83 | 68 | 85 | 70 |
| June. | 95 | 71 | 90 | 67 | 82 | 68 | 80 | 66 |
| July. | 91 | 67 | 65 | 47 | 81 | 64 | 75 | 60 |
| August | 88 | p 66 | 67 | p 50 | 79 |  | 76 |  |
| September | 84 |  | 87 |  | 81 |  | 84 |  |
| October... | 86 |  | 93 |  | 80 |  | 88 |  |
| November. | 83 |  | 95 |  | 79 |  | 89 |  |
| December.. | 81 |  | 142 |  | 78 |  | 73 |  |
| Year |  |  | 91 |  |  |  | 82 |  |

${ }^{1}$ Based throughout on figures of daily average sales-with allowance for changes from month to month in number of Saturdays and for 6 national holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas. Adjustment for seasonal variation makes allowance in March and April for the effects upon sales of changes in the date of Easter.

## p Preliminary.

Back figures.-See Bulletin for Novemher, 1930.

FREIGHT-CAR LOADINGS, BY CLASSES
[Index numbers; 1923-1925 average $=100$ ]

|  | 1932 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March | April | May | June | July |
|  | Adjusted for seasonal variation |  |  |  |  |
|  | 617148 | 596232 | 544826 | $\begin{array}{r}+52 \\ 45 \\ \hline 27\end{array}$ | 51 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
|  |  |  |  | 6666 | 24 |
| Grain and grain products. | 48 | 86 | 76 |  | 70 |
| Livestock.................... | 72 <br> 56 <br> 8 | 61 | 54 | 66 <br> 53 | 54 |
| Forest products.-.......- | ${ }_{28}^{27}$ | 2618 | 24 | 22 | 21 |
| Ore--------- |  |  | 54 | 56 |  |
|  | 57 | ${ }_{56}$ |  |  | 49 |
|  | Without seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.-...Coal..CokeCor | 586748 | 575231 | 53424 | 52 <br> 39 | 5143 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 26 | 24 | 21 |
| Grain and grain products. | 624949 | 6656 | 62 | 58 | 84 |
| Livestock |  |  | 26 | 24 | 45 |
| Forest products.-.--...-- | 27 | 27 |  |  | 21 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 57 | 7567 | 1056 | 17 |
| Miscellaneous..........-- Merchandise | 54 75 |  |  |  | 52 |

[^7]Based on daily average loadings. Source of basic data: American Railway Association

- Revised.

Back figures.-See Bulletin for February, 1931, pp. 108-110.

## FOREIGN BANKING AND BUSINESS CONDITIONS

## ANNUAL REPORT OF THE NETHERLANDS BANK

The annual report of the Netherlands Bank for the year ended March 31, 1932, was presented to the general meeting of shareholders on June 27, 1932. Sections of the report are given herewith: ${ }^{1}$

During the past fiscal year international conditions underwent a further unfavorable development. The economic crisis, which became increasingly severe and more widespread, extended into the realm of finance. Owing to a universal lack of confidence on the part of both lenders and borrowers, international dealings in credit and capital were suspended or sharply restricted. The considerable volume of short-term loans on which the financial structure had been built up to an undue height were suddenly withdrawn. Countries which had heavy short-term indebtedness abroad and no resources available for its repayment, or which could not realize on their own foreign investments, were faced with great difficulties. With or without the cooperation of their creditors, they either suspended payments or left the gold standard. More and more the world came to be split up into isolated units, each following a policy which was apparently designed to further its own interests, but which was in reality harmful wherever their own truest interests and international interests required mutual support and cooperation. The tragedy of the situation arises not so much from lack of realization of the growing dangers which threaten the world as from inability to draw the necessary conclusions from that realization, and to take such measures as are needed to facilitate the inevitable process of adjustment. The world is continually being driven further and further along a road which will never lead to the desired goal, but which will apparently not be abandoned until exhaustion puts an end to artificial and uneconomic measures and compels a gradual resumption of the international exchange of commodities, capital, and credit. Just as the World War, waged in the military field, was terminated only when strength failed to carry it on, so the war now raging in the economic and financial field will be terminated only when hard facts make it impossible for the nations to continue their uneconomic policies.

Causes of the crisis.-These developments during the past financial year are undoubtedly

[^8]the result of the long series of transgressions in the field of economics and finance which have been committed by all nations since the outbreak of the World War. After the destruction of capital caused by four years of war the world has acted as if this war had been a source of enrichment and development instead of impoverishment and dislocation. Processes of adaptation which had inevitably to be made after the war have been impeded and delayed. Inflation and speculation created an artificial and unreal purchasing power which could not be maintained. The peace treaties created heavy debts which were not counterbalanced by any strengthening of the economic position of the debtor countries, and which could be met only so long as these countries could borrow in sufficient amount to meet their debt payments. Short-term funds were advanced on a large scale and were employed in long-term financing of partly unproductive and unnecessary enterprises without the lenders realizing the dangers involved. Interest and amortization payments on the debts so incurred were prevented by the constant raising of tariff barriers and by other protectionist measures. As a result of the peace treaties the frontiers separating the countries of Europe from one another were extended by no less than 20,000 kilometers (about 12,400 miles). The newly formed States, with the aid of artificial measures, set about building up their own industries and impeding international trade. They obtained the necessary capital through foreign loans, which were granted without due consideration and had no sound economic basis.

All this, combined with rationalization, technical improvement and expansion, brought about an increase in production out of all proportion to the possibilities of sale and consumption, the process culminating in 1929. Then purchasing power began to decline from its artificial level, commercial and industrial enterprises were forced to suspend operations, and the price decline became a catastrophic fall. At the same time all countries were taking artificial measures on an ever-increasing scale in an attempt to ward off the inevitable consequences of the course which they had followed.

The world is now revolving in a vicious circle. The debtor countries can not fulfill their financial obligations because their creditors refuse to receive their goods or services, which are, ultimately, their only means of meeting their obligations. The creditor countries persist in this refusal because they dare not expose
their national production to foreign competition. This line of action not only prevents their being able to recover their claims from the debtor countries, but it also paralyzes their exporting industries. The few countries which have so far maintained the principles of international trade are being flooded with goods and services which can not be disposed of elsewhere. Self-preservation is forcing them also to take measures of exclusion and isolation-in themselves improper and undesirable. All this not only impedes still further the international trade which is necessary for world recovery, but also delays the reduction in costs of production and in the standard of living, which is of the greatest importance.

Essentials of recovery.-The question of the means by which the world must try to break through the vicious circle in which it is held is not so difficult to answer in theory, but the theoretical solution will be difficult to put into practice. First, the nations should avoid having recourse to unsound monetary practices. Although the solution can not be found in the field of currency, currency policy has an important, though supplementary, task to perform in the process of recovery.

A genuine improvement in the world situation can be attained only when and as the necessary conditions are fulfilled for an unimpeded exchange of goods, capital, and labor. These conditions are partly of a political and partly of an economic and financial character. So long as the world fails to make political aims subsidiary to the paramount interest in economic and financial recovery, confidence in the future-and with it, one of the indispensable conditions to the revival of international trade-can not exist.

Trade policy of the Netherlands.-It should be a source of satisfaction to this country that during the past few years it has not only, in official statements and through its representatives in international conferences, stood for the extension of free trade but has also given practical effect to that policy. Although its present situation and its prospects are by no means favorable, it has been guilty of no artificial measures aimed at trade restriction, and the creation or maintenance of impossible conditions within its borders. The Netherlands' economic structure, therefore, has been built up on its own resources and on a foundation of reality. As a result of this, and of the farsighted financial policy which was followed in the years of prosperity, business and finance have shown a remarkable capacity for resistance which, with wise management, will enable
the country to weather this difficult period. In spite of obstacles, the trade policy of the Netherlands has achieved results which compare not unfavorably with those obtained by protectionist countries, as may be seen from the following index numbers of the value of imports and exports in 1930 and 1931, on the basis of 1929 as 100:


It is obvious that, in order to restore and develop our economic activity, every effort should be made to reestablish the freedom of international trade as soon as possible and to limit measures of defense. Some defense measures may be necessary for a time, in order to avoid being overwhelmed in the economic world war, but the fact remains that they are harmful to the country's own economic system, and that they run directly counter to the traditional policies under which this country has prospered. Restraint in having recoיrise to such measures can not be too strongly urged. To achieve the restoration of international trade is, unfortunately, beyond the powers of this country, but it can and must make every effort to restrict, on the one hand, its own measures to what is unavoidable for selfpreservation; and to render, on the other hand, every assistance toward a freer interchange of goods, capital, and credit.

Necessity of readjustment.-While the Netherlands, therefore, has no reason to reproach itself for obstructing international trade, the case is different with respect to the process of adjustment which, wholly apart from international conditions, must be carried out in each individual country. Along these lines no satisfactory development can be claimed. Even though we are not responsible for the present world-wide distress, we are unable to escape its consequences and shall have to adapt ourselves to a lower level of prices and incomes. All lines of business will have to make adjustments, which thus far have only been made in an unsatisfactory and unequal degree. In view of the existing dislocation of international relations, it is obvious that such industries as produce wholly or largely for the international markets would be earliest and most seriously affected. In these branches of industry, there-
fore, adjustment has made some progress. But this is not sufficient to enable Netherlands producers to compete successfully for international trade, and thus to maintain those industries which depend on that trade for their very existence. Adjustments in the form of lowered costs of production have made greater progress in other countries whose competition the Netherlands is feeling even now, and will feel more keenly with the return of more normal conditions. Thus far our economic system has not proved sufficiently elastic. For this reason a restriction of the emergency measures which have already been taken or are in preparation, almost all of which will tend to make the system still less elastic, is of the greatest importance. They will retard the process of adjustment still more, and are likely to force production by artificial means into the wrong channels. What the Netherlands most needs is lower production costs, not merely in those industries which produce for the international market, but in all lines of activity in the sheltered industries as well as in Government and municipal undertakings which have assumed increasing importance in our economic system. No reduction in costs is yet to be observed in the two latter groups, yet such a reduction is inevitable if we are to maintain our position in international trade. Agriculture, industry, trade-in short, the entire productive equipment of the Netherlands-are making inadequate profits, while there is a sharp contrast between these profits and the standard of living which the Netherlands people, taken as a whole, continues to maintain. This situation can not continue. If we do not accept voluntarily and in season the inevitable consequences of the world depression and of the operation of economic laws, the force of circumstances will compel us to accept them. Consequences will then appear which will affect most seriously those very groups of the population who refused to cooperate, and which, with their cooperation, might have been avoided.

Adjustment is even more necessary because the Netherlands East Indies, owing to its economic organization, has been most severely affected by the economic crisis, and must be supported until such time as the sound policy of the present administration and the energetic efforts of private enterprise to adapt itself to the economic situation shall enable the Netherlands East Indies to surmount its difficulties through its own efforts.

Nothing, however, justifies any impression that the Netherlands is unable to cope with the present situation. In comparison with other countries its position is so firmly established,
as a result of prudent management for many years, that if it is generally realized that changed conditions require a change of conduct, and if in mutual cooperation the country acts on this conviction, there need be no fear that the Netherlands will be unable to hold out until the necessary conditions have been created for a gradual world recovery. The Netherlands people are now facing the decision whether, by trying to maintain a standard of living which is no longer in harmony with world conditions and their own economic possibilities, they will expose themselves to further impoverishment in future, with all the consequences which that involves; or whether, by mutually facilitating and promoting the inevitable process of adjustment, they will help the productive equipment of the Netherlands, which forms the very basis of existence for all classes of the population, to pass through these difficult times and be prepared when world conditions shall permit an expansion of its operations.
Limitations of currency policy.-As to currency policy, no cure can be expected from that quarter. During recent years the influence of currency policy on economic development has been given undue importance, while theinfluence of decisive factors outside the control of central banks has been underestimated. All that central banks can do is to direct their policy toward making credit either more easily available and therefore cheaper, or less easily available and therefore dearer, through changes in discount rates and through open-market operations; but they have no assurance that their policy will have the desired effect on the level of commodity prices. It by no means follows, because credit is available on favorable terms, that a satisfactory demand will be found for it.

Gold standard.-Monetary policy must be directed in the first place to the restoration of the gold standard. The criticism directed against the gold standard, especially by those countries which have abandoned it, seems unjustified. It overlooks the fact that the gold standard is only an instrument which depends for its functioning on a sufficient degree of freedom in international trade and also on a sufficient degree of elasticity in the economic systems of the various countries. The gold standard is not an independent force, unaffected by the factors which govern the world situation, and able to prevent or to correct the effects of an unbroken series of economic and financial errors. If the great creditor countries refuse to accept payment in goods and services and, in addition, suddenly withdraw their credits without considering the consequences, and if those countries which are experi-
encing a continued drain on their gold stocks fail to restore equilibrium in their economic sys-tems--then the conditions essential for a proper functioning of the gold standard are lacking. It seems most unreasonable to lay the blame on the gold standard or on the unequal distribution of gold stocks, instead of on the economic and financial policies which prevented the gold standard from functioning.

The return to the gold standard, therefore, and its maintenance as a basis for international exchange depend upon the creation of the conditions necessary for its satisfactory working. Here, again, the fundamental conditions are a freer exchange of commodities and a greater elasticity in the economic systems of the individual countries. It is highly important also that confidence should be restored among the investing public so that there may be an end to the dangerous situation arising from the fact that a considerable volume of loans, employed for purposes of long-term investment, are held in the form of short-term advances.

The importance of the restoration of the international gold standard is emphasized by the recent considerable increase in the supply of monetary gold, whereas the demand for gold is limited to some half-dozen countries which have maintained the free exchange of gold and now possess abnormally large stocks of the metal. The equilibrium between demand and supply has been as seriously disturbed in the case of gold as in the case of many commodities. Restoration of this equilibrium by extending the gold standard area is necessary in order to avoid the difficulties resulting from the continued concentration of the gold supply in a limited number of countries. One of these countries is the Netherlands, which possesses a disproportionately large stock of gold. Although this may be reassuring in view of the uncertainty of international conditions, nevertheless to hold so large an amount of unproductive capital mast, in itself, be considered harmful. As and when prospects improve, a considerable part of this gold will undoubtedly leave the country, and thus facilitate the restoration and proper functioning of the gold standard.

Gold exchange standard.-To what extent the gold exchange standard will again be applied in the reconstruction of an international gold standard can not now be foreseen. It is a question whether the gold exchange standard should be allowed to play so important a part as it has done in recent years. Undoubtedly its wide application after the war contributed to the credit inflation and to the increase in the
volume of liquid assets, which created serious difficulties through their movements between the principal money markets. Furthermore, the application of this system has been shown to involve abnormal risks. Its operation must therefore be subject to certain limits and restrictions, and guarantees must be created against these risks. Whether these conditions can be met satisfactorily will become the subject of discussion between the central banks while, more especially in respect to guarantees, the collaboration of the governments concerned will be indispensable.

Here may well lie an important task for the Bank for International Settlements, which may be considered the ideal body for the preparation as well as for the execution of the system of the gold exchange standard reorganized on sound principles.

Reserve position of the bank and maintenance of the gold standard.-Thus far there has never been any suggestion of adopting the gold exchange standard in the Netherlands. The statutes of the Netherlands Bank do not permit foreign bills and balances to be included in the minimum cover against its demand liabilities. The legal minimum reserve of 40 per cent has always consisted exclusively of metal and almost entirely of gold. Moreover, there has usually been a wide margin above this minimum, as is shown by the following high and low reserve percentages in the fiscal years from 1925-26 to 1931-32:

High and Low Percentages of Gold Reserves Against All Demand Liabilities

| Fiscal year | Date | High | Low |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1925- | Apr. 6 | 53.696 |  |
|  | Aug. 3. | 50.225 | 44.464 |
| 1926-27 | Nov. 1. |  | 45.697 |
| 1927-28. | Mar.26 | 53.301 | 2. 464 |
| 1928-29. | Mar. 18. | 54.657 |  |
|  | Dec. 31 |  | 47.676 |
| 1929-30. | June 24 | 54.594 |  |
| 1930-31. | Mar. 23 | 52.759 |  |
|  | Sept. 2 |  | 45.337 |
| 1931-32 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Mar. } 7 \\ \text { June } 1 .\end{array}\right.$ | 75.811 | 48.476 |

When England went off the gold standard on September 21, 1931, the gold reserve of the Netherlands Bank stood at 58.75 per cent. Through conversion of foreign bills and balances into gold, the percentage rose to 64.87 per cent on October 5, 1931, while the gold inflow on other accounts brought it up to 75.81 per cent on March 7, 1932; at the end of the year, March 31, 1932, it was 75.38 per cent. İt should be remembered that, in contrast with the statutes of various central banks abroad which require a minimum cover against bank notes only, the
statutes of the Netherlands Bank require the same cover for deposits in current account as for notes in circulation. Furthermore, the reserve percentages shown above should be considered in connection with the fact that the demand liabilities showed a considerable expansion after the decline of sterling. Demand liabilities amounted to $\$ 481,200,000$ on September 21, 1931, and reached their peak of $\$ 514,700,000$ on October 31, 1931. This expansion reflected the anxiety which had taken possession of the public and had led, as in other countries, to the hoarding of gold and bank notes.

Hoarding was reflected in the increased number of notes of large denominations held by the public. The total volume of notes in circulation rose from $\$ 397,500,000$ on September 21, 1931, to its peak of $\$ 439,200,000$ on November 2, 1931, an increase of $\$ 41,700,000$. Of this peak volume of $\$ 439,200,000$ shown on November 2, 1931, not less than $\$ 253,400,000$, or 57.71 per cent, was in denominations of 100 florins (\$40) or more. Since November 2, 1931, some improvement has taken place; on March 29, 1932, about $\$ 29,800,000$ of the higher denominations had been returned to the bank.

The gold situation also, which we have been able to follow from the monthly records furnished by the individual banks of their total gold holdings, reflects a decline in hoarding.

Not only bank notes but deposits in current account also underwent a sharp increase. The item of individual deposits, which at its peak during the fiscal year 1930-31 was less than $\$ 23,300,000$, had risen by September 21, 1931, to $\$ 70,300,000$. The increase then continued until October 29, 1931, when it reached a maximum of $\$ 89,500,000$. Afterwards it declined to $\$ 40,400,000$ on March 31, 1932. These figures reflect both the precaution taken by the commercial banks to maintain their liquidity, and also the unsatisfactory condition of business generally, which has led to the accumulation of a large volume of unused funds.

Government deposits advanced from $\$ 13,300,000$ on September 21, 1931, to their peak of $\$ 34,700,000$ on March 23, 1932, and on March 31, 1932, amounted to $\$ 25,778,610$. This movement reflects the efforts of the Government to meet its cash requirements without recourse to direct assistance from the Netherlands Bank. These efforts, together with an endeavor to consolidate the floating debt, should tend to remove public anxiety. In this connection it is significant that the last two Netherlands Government loans were floated successfully.
Effects of the crisis on the bank.-The effects of the monetary disturbances on the Nether-
lands Bank as a bank of issue and source of credit may be summarized as follows:
(1) The depreciation of the pound sterling, and the aggregate losses of $\$ 12,016,000$ resulting therefrom to the Netherlands Bank, have not affected its position as a bank of issue. Its gold reserve of 75.38 per cent (on March 31, 1932) against its demand liabilities forms, even under the present abnormal circumstances, the strongest possible guarantee for the maintenance of the gold value of the national currency.
(2) The increase in demand liabilities following the depreciation of sterling gave place to a decline toward the end of the fiscal year. Liabilities on September 21, 1931, amounted to $\$ 481,200,000$, and on March 31, 1932, to $\$ 471,000,000-\mathrm{a}$ decline of $\$ 10,200,000$.

The volume of domestic credits granted by the bank showed a similar change. It declined from $\$ 71,100,000$ on September 21,1931 , to $\$ 67,700,000$ on March 31, 1932.
(3) The limited extent to which the credit facilities offered by the bank were used, as well as the low rate of interest at which short-term funds were available in the open market, assisted in maintaining a high degree of liquidity by the commercial banks, notwithstanding the fact that considerable sums which had been lent abroad have been blocked by "standstill" agreements and exchange regulations in foreign countries.

The strong position of the florin is further indicated by the fact that withdrawals of foreign balances from the Netherlands at short notice can create no difficulties. The monthly reports which we receive from the commercial banks show that, even after deduction of claims which the Netherlands can not collect because of transfer difficulties, the situation may be considered favorable. The strength of the florin was clearly demonstrated when, toward the end of 1931, uninformed and biased reports published in certain foreign newspapers created some doubt as to the maintenance of the gold standard by the Netherlands. There was in fact no difficulty in maintaining it. The release during the period from December 14, 1931, to February 15,1932 , of a net amount of $\$ 19,200,000$ gold was sufficient to make the exchanges turn in favor of the Netherlands. The percentage of gold reserve against our demand liabilities even showed a rise during this period, advancing from 73.64 on the date first mentioned to 74.84 on the latter date.

Banking cooperation.-Reference has been made to certain information which the commercial banks at our request furnish regularly to the Netherlands Bank. This information
enables us to estimate the amount of the gold stock held in the country outside the Netherlands Bank, and the volume of foreign shortterm claims and obligations. We also collaborate with the commercial banks in regard to the "standstill" arrangements with Germany, in which a large volume of Netherlands banking funds is involved. However unavoidable such arrangements may be in existing circumstances, they must be regarded only as temporary emergency measures; their continuance would create greater and greater difficulties. This applies especially to measures which obstruct the restoration of freer credit relations between the creditor countries and Germany. The carrying out of the agreements now in force and the further development of the conditions created by these agreements are imperative for a gradual return to normal credit relations, which is of paramount importance for both parties but especially for Germany.

Announcement may be made here that a plan for closer and permanent cooperation of more general scope between the Netherlands Bank and the commercial banks is in preparation and will be concluded shortly. To avoid misunderstanding it should be stated in advance that there is no question of any control over the policies and administration of commercial banks. Administrative responsibility must, of course, remain with the individual banks themselves. This responsibility can not be taken over even in part by the Bank of the Netherlands. The development and concentration of commercial banking in this country during the past 10 years, however, has so changed and strengthened the position of the commercial banks that the Netherlands Bank, if it is to perform its obligations adequately, must be fully informed of the tendencies shown by the policies and operations of the commercial banks. Under the plan of collaboration the banks will furnish information which will enable us to form an opinion on these matters, and will afford us an opportunity to confer with the commercial banking authorities as to the significance of the developments shown by or to be anticipated from the available data.

During the past year money was abundant in the Amsterdam market. Owing to uncertainty regarding the future development of the financial situation, lenders invested their funds for as short periods as possible, and were willing to buy shares or other long-term securities only in very limited amount. In contrast to this ample supply of money, demand was very much restricted owing to stagnation in the security market and to the sharp decline in the volume
of acceptance business as a result of the difficult position in Germany and the abandonment of the gold standard in England. The Treasury was, in fact, the only considerable borrower in the market.

Discount policy.-The discount rate of the Netherlands Bank was changed twice during the year. On May 16, 1931, in view of the easy position of the market during the first months of the fiscal year, we lowered all our rates by one-half of 1 per cent.

After England had left the gold standard, market rates rose to the level of our discount rate. The aggregate volume of our discounts, loans, and advances in current account increased considerably. We were obliged to transfer considerable amounts from our balances in Paris and New York and, in addition, to release gold for export. For these and other reasons we decided to raise our rates on September 29, 1931. We limited the advance on the discount rate to 1 per cent whereas, in view of the situation on the stock exchanges and in commodity turnover, we felt it necessary to raise the rates for loans and advances by $1 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
Although not falling within the period covered by this report, the reduction of the discount rate by one-half of 1 per cent on April 19, 1932, should be mentioned. The reduction was made in consideration of the continued and increasing abundance of money. At the same time we reduced the rates on loans and advances by a full per cent, thus restoring the former proportion between the rates. The rate on discounted bills is now $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, while all other rates are 3 per cent.

Capital market.-Demands on the Netherlands capital market during the past year were in very limited amount. The total volume of public issues, exclusive of conversions, a mounted to $\$ 89,700,000$, or only half the corresponding figure for the preceding fiscal year. This decline is due chiefly to the sharp recession in the figure for foreign flotations, which fell from $\$ 74,700,000$ to $\$ 15,600,000$. Domestic issues also declined-from $\$ 106,000,000$ to $\$ 74,100,000$; bonds included in this total declined from $\$ 101,300,000$ to $\$ 72,900,000$. Issues of the Government and of other public bodies remained at about the same level as last year, but the volume of private issues, as a result of the depression, fell from $\$ 38,300,000$ to $\$ 10,200,000$.

While the demand for new capital was much smaller throughout the year than in 1930-31, interest rates were on the whole considerably higher; this was reflected both in the higher yield of the bonds sold at lower prices, and also in the less favorable terms which borrowers
were forced to accept. This tendency began to be observed in September and October, 1931, when, owing to the increasing uncertainty as to the future, the decline in stock-market quotations affected bond quotations as well, and the capital market was completely paralyzed. Since that time there has been a partial recovery, and some resumption of the issue of fixed interest-bearing securities. On the whole, however, the interest rate for long-term securities is generally about 1 per cent higher than at the beginning of the fiscal year. The index number computed by the Central Bureau of Statistics, showing the average yield of Netherlands bonds, which was 4.08 per cent at the beginning of the year, rose to 4.20 per cent in September, 1931, and to 5.30 per cent in October; in November the advance was checked at 5.29 per cent. A comparison of the terms on which the Government was able to convert long-term loans at the beginning of the year with those of the last two Government loans, which were also largely conversion operations, indicates an increase of more than 1 per cent in the rate of interest on the capital market. In the case of other public bodies an increase of approximately the same degree is to be observed, although a comparison is rather difficult here owing to the fact that the issues of public bodies during the second half of the year were almost wholly restricted to bonds of comparatively short maturity-five or six years-for which as a rule a yield of 5 to $5 \not 12$ per cent had to be offered.

International credits.-During the past fiscal year the Netherlands Bank participated in two relief credits granted under the auspices of the Bank for International Settlements. The

Netherlands Bank acted with 10 and 11 other banks, respectively, in giving assistance to the Austrian National Bank and to the National Bank of Hungary.

The credit to the Austrian National Bank dates from the first few weeks immediately after the breakdown of the Oesterreichische Credit-Anstalt. It was originally granted for a period of three months ending on May 30, 1931, but has been repeatedly renewed, on the last occasion until July 16, 1932. The Netherlands Bank participated in this credit for the sum of $\$ 1,548,000$, which was subsequently reduced to $\$ 1,393,000$, owing to the fact that the Austrian National Bank repaid 10 per cent of the total credit in September, 1931, and the repayment was distributed proportionally among the various participants in the credit.

The credit to the National Bank of Hungary was granted in the latter half of June, 1931, also originally for a period of three months. It likewise has been repeatedly renewed, on the last occasion until July 18, 1932. The Netherlands Bank participated in this credit in the amount of $\$ 201,000$, but the amount was reduced to $\$ 161,000$ upon the repayment by the National Bank of Hungary of 20 per cent of the total credit in September, 1931.

These two credits were granted against the security of bona fide commercial bills, while in both cases additional guaranties were given to the creditors. Both credit agreements contain a gold clause under which the borrowers have undertaken to repay the sums advanced to them in such manner that the lenders will receive in return the gold equivalent of the amounts which they had originally advanced.

Balance Sheet of the Netherlands Bank as of March 31, 1932

|  | Florins (in thousands) | Dollars 1 (in thousands) |  | Florins (in thousands) | Dollars 1 (in thousands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Resources |  |  | lia bilities |  |  |
| Gold coin | 97,691 | 39, 272 | Liabilites |  |  |
| Gold bullion | 785, 420 | 315, 739 | Notes in circulation. | 1, 006, 412 | 404, 578 |
| Sorrespondents abroad | 24,879 18,356 | 10,001 | Current accounts. | 164, 736 | 66, 224 |
| Foreign bills.......-. | 64, 491 | 25, 925 | Other demand liabilities. | 441 | 177 |
| Domestic bills. | 62, 066 | 24,951 | Capital-...- | 00 | 8,040 |
| Loans... | 59, 537 | 23,934 |  | 3,000 5,000 | 1,206 |
| Advances in current account...--...---...--- | 46, 881 | 18,846 | Special reserve (art. 9 of the bank act of 1919). | 5,000 7,863 | 2,010 3,161 |
|  |  | 771 | Unearned discount on domestic bills | 7,883 | ${ }^{3} 161$ |
| Investments in shares listed by the Amsterdam |  |  | Unearned discount on foreign bills | 230 | 92 |
|  | 17,577 | 7,066 | Expenses...... |  |  |
| Shares of the Bank for International Settlements, of which 25 per cent is paidin. | 1,200 | 482 | Balance of profits at the disposal of the general | 18 | 7 |
| Other investments. | 4, 055 | 1,630 |  | 3 | $\pm$ |
| Net balance with banking correspondents | 355 | 143 |  |  |  |
|  | 58 | 23 |  |  |  |
| Interest accrued on loans. | 270 | 109 |  |  |  |
| Interest accrued on advances in current account. | 372 | 150 |  |  |  |
| Commission account........... | $\stackrel{187}{97}$ | 39 |  |  |  |
| Bank premises and furniture. | 5,000 | 2,010 |  |  |  |
| Total resources | 1,207,791 | 485, 532 | Total liabilities | 1, 207, 791 | 485, 532 |

[^9]
# FINANCIAL STATISTICS FOR FOREIGN COUNTRIES 

 GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS[In millions of dollars]


| United States | Canada |  |  |  |  | E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total (27 countries) | Austria | Belgium | Bulgaria | C |
| 4, 373 | 99 | 5,395 | 30 | 201 | 11 |  |
| 4,445 | 102 | 5, 428 | 30 | 201 | 11 |  |
| 4,593 | 87 | 5, 351 | 30 | 199 | 11 |  |
| 4,587 | 87 | 5,353 | 30 | 214 | 11 |  |
| 4,632 | 89 | 5,415 | 30 | 221 | 11 |  |
| 4, 364 | 83 | 5,689 | 27 | 346 | 11 |  |
| 3,905 | 86 | 6, 066 | 27 | 357 | 11 |  |
| 4, 031 | 82 | 6,113 | 27 | 356 | 11 |  |
| 4, 051 | 78 | 6,189 | 27 | 354 | 11 |  |
| 4,009 | 80 | 6,300 | 25 | 352 | 11 |  |
| 3,947 | 78 | 6, 444 | 25 | 351 | 11 |  |
| 3,986 | 77 | 6,484 | 25 | 349 | 11 |  |
| 3,956 | 77 | 6,531 | 25 | 351 | 11 |  |
| 3,717 | 78 | - 6,665 | 23 | 353 | 11 |  |
| 3,466 | 78 | +6,841 | 21 | 357 | 11 |  |
| 3,520 | 79 | ${ }^{\square} 6,871$ | 21 | 365 | 11 |  |



| End of month | Latin America |  |  |  |  |  |  | Asia and Oceania |  |  |  |  |  |  | Airica |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total (10 countries) ${ }^{r}$ | ${ }_{\text {Argen- }}^{\text {tina }}$ | Chile | $\begin{gathered} \text { Co- } \\ \text { lom- } \\ \text { bia } \end{gathered}$ | Peru | Uruguay | 5 other countries ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | Total (6) countries) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aus- } \\ & \text { tra- } \\ & \text { lia } \end{aligned}$ | India | Japan | Java | New Zealand | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tur- } \\ \text { key } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Alge- } \\ \text { ria } \end{gathered}$ | Egypt | South Africa |
| 1931-April. | 475 | 370 | 8 | 12 | 18 | 58 | 9 | 714 | 74 | 141 | 419 | 46 | 34 |  | 8 | 21 | 31 |
| May.- | 465 | 362 | 8 | 10 | 18 | 58 | 10 | 724 | 74 | 147 | 422 | 46 | 34 |  | 8 | 21 | 32 |
| June. | 451 | 350 | 8 | 10 | 16 | 58 | 9 | 730 | 75 | 151 | 425 | 46 | 34 |  | 8 | 21 | 31 |
| July... | 418 | 322 | 8 | 10 | 14 | 57 | 5 | 714 | 66 | 158 | 412 | 44 | 34 |  | 8 | 21 | 33 |
| August. | 402 | 309 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 57 | 5 | 698 | 52 | 162 | 406 | 44 | 34 |  | 8 | 21 | 31 |
| September | 372 | 281 | 8 | 8 | 13 | 56 | 5 | 706 | 52 | 162 | 408 | 51 | 34 |  | 8 | 21 | 32 |
| October. | 369 | 270 | 8 | 11 | 17 | 53 | 8 | 644 | 53 | 162 | 342 | 53 | 34 |  | 8 | 21 | 30 |
| November | 364 | 265 | 8 | 10 | 17 | 53 | 8 | 570 | 51 | 162 | 271 | 53 | 33 |  | 8 | 21 | 37 |
| December | 355 | 253 | 12 | 9 | 17 | 53 |  | 525 | 52 | 162 | 234 | 45 | 32 |  | 8 | 21 | 39 |
| 1032-January. | 350 | 252 | 12 | 6 | 15 | 52 | 13 | 510 | 51 | 162 | 215 | 45 | 32 | 4 | 8 | 21 | 40 |
| February | 347 | 249 | 11 | 7 | 14 | 52 | 14 | 511 | 52 | 162 | 215 | 45 | 32 | 6 | 8 | 23 | 37 |
| March... | 348 | 249 | 11 | 7 | 13 | 52 | 15 | 507 | 52 | 162 | 214 | 42 | 31 | 6 | 8 | 31 | 31 |
| April | 344 | 249 | 12 | 8 | 12 | 51 | 13 | 505 | 52 | 162 | 214 | 41 | 30 | 6 | 8 | 32 | 34 |
| May. | - 346 | 249 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 51 | -13 | 506 | 52 | 162 | 214 | 42 | 30 | 6 | 8 | 33 | 35 |
| June. | ${ }^{p} 348$ | 249 | 12 | 13 | 11 | 50 | ${ }^{p} 13$ | 508 | 52 | 162 | 214 | 42 | 30 | 9 | 8 | 33 | 38 |
| July | D 347 | p 249 | 12 | 13 | p 11 | > 50 | D 12 | - 506 | ${ }^{p} 52$ | 162 | 214 | 42 | 28 | 8 | 8 | P33 | 34 |

- Preliminary.


## NOTES

-Revised.
Figures for 33 countries are as of final day of month; for the other 15 countries-including England, France, and Netherlands-they are as of last report date of month. See BULLetin for May, 1932, p. 315. Since the note in the Bulletin for May, 1932, was prepared, figures for the Banque Centrale de la Republique de Turquie have been added to the table. The figures reported by this bank relate to the last Thursday of the month.

The 6 European countries and 5 Latin American countries for which figures are not shown separately are Albania, Danzig, Estonia, Finland, Latvia, and Lithuania; Bolivia, Brazil, Ecuador, Guatemala, and Mexico. None of these countries has had gold reserves during this period in excess of $\$ 10,000,000$.

For back figures-and for additional details relating to this table-see Bullemin for May, 1932.

## GOLD PRODUCTION

[In thousands of dollars]

| Month | Estimated world production | Production reported monthly. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Africa |  |  |  | Canada | Mexico | Australia | Japan | India |
|  |  |  | South Africa | Rhodesia | West Africa | Belgian Congo |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1930-Total.......................- 416, 752 |  | 322, 751 | 221, 526 | 11,476 | 4,995 | 3,618 | 43,454 | 13,813 | 9, 553 | 7,531 | 6,78. |
| 1931-January................... | 36,517 | 28,306 | 19,151 | 960 | 442 | 387 | 4, 183 | 1,281 | 634 | 621 | 648 |
|  | 34, 502 | 26, 291 | 17,427 | 898 | 438 | 333 | 4, 033 | 1,011 | 869 | 702 | 580 |
| March. | 36, 041 | 27,830 | 18,791 | 886 | 453 | 349 | 4,218 | 1988 | 863 | 689 | 594 |
| April | 36, 230 | 28, 019 | 18, 194 | 917 | 446 | 351 | 4,591 | 1,329 | 936 | 694 | 561 |
| May | 36, 339 | 28, 428 | 18, 901 | 918 | 451 | 334 | 4,460 | 1,208 | 919 | 716 | 521 |
| July- | 36,537 | 28, 326 | 18,959 | 947 | 451 | 342 | 4,711 | - 814 | 1,092 | 668 | 500 |
| August | 37,148 | 28, 937 | 18, 859 | 918 | 462 | 353 | 4,718 | 1,228 | 1,229 | 654 | ${ }^{2} 16$ |
| September | 37, 230 | 29, 019 | 18,981 | 905 | 486 | 397 | 5,005 | 1,074 | 916 | 692 | 562 |
| October | 38, 147 | 29,936 | 19,525 | 936 | 473 | 437 | 4,933 | 1,041 | 1,240 | 679 | 673 |
| November | 37, 108 | 28,897 | 18,673 | 941 | 477 | 408 | 4,906 | 914 | 1,321 | 667 | 590 |
| December | 37, 250 | 29,039 | 18,809 | 1,041 | 498 | 417 | 4,974 | 877 | 1,181 | 664 | 579 |
| Total... | 439, 941 | 341, 410 | 224,863 | 11,193 | 5,524 | 4,448 | 55,458 | 12,866 | 12,134 | 8, 109 | 6,815 |
| 1832-January | 37,718 | 29,507 | 19,587 | 921 | 460 | 405 | 4,834 | 1.106 | 1,032 | 628 | 534 |
| February | 36,799 | 28,588 | 18,935 | 956 | 453 | 381 | 4, 670 | 948 | 1,063 | 657 | 525 |
| March. | - 38, 551 | P 30,340 | 19,877 | 996 | 484 | - 419 | 5,285 | 862 | 1,131 | 741 | 545 |
| April. | P 38,027 | P 29,816 | 19,593 | 976 | ${ }^{+466}$ | - 388 | 5.093 | - 862 | P 1,176 | 671 | 590 |
| May | - 38, 861 | - 30,650 | 19,970 | 977 | 481 | p 411 | 5, 551 | - 862 | p 1, 176 | 653 | 567 |
| June.. |  |  | 19,871 | 1,011 |  |  | 5,592 |  |  |  |  |

p Preliminary.
r Revised.
Norg. -The figure for total world production in 1930 is that published in the annual report of the Director of the Mint for 1931. The difference between this figure and the total production reported monthly in 1930 is $\$ 94,001,000$, or $\$ 7,833,000$ on a monthly average basis. In order to derive monthly figures for estimated world production, for 1931-32 this average difference, of which about half represents United States production, is increased by 4.8 per cent-the ratio of increase of United States production in 1931-and added to the production actually reported each month

The figure 4.8 per cent for increase of United States production in 1931 is final and replaces the preliminary figure of 3.5 per cont employed in preceding issues of the Bulletin.

The figures reported monthly are not in every instance complete for the area indicated. Those for West Africa represent the output of the Gold Coast and Sierra Leone; those for Australia, total output with the exception of Tasmania and Northern Territory; those for Japan, the output of the leading mines; and those for India, the output of the Mysore State.

For annual figures of world production of gold extending back to 1873 see the annual report of the Director of the Mint for 1931, p. 241.

## GOLD MOVEMENTS

[In thousands of dollars]

| Month | United States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total net ports | Net imports from- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Eng- land | France | Ger$\operatorname{many}$ | Belgium | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Nether- } \\ \text { lands } \end{array}$ | Switzerland | $\begin{gathered} \text { Can- } \\ \text { ada } \end{gathered}$ | Mexico | Argentina | $\underset{\text { Colom- }}{\text { Cia }}$ | British India | China and Hong | Japan |  |
| 1931-January --- | 34, 372 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 22, 556 | 538 | 5,441 | 3,022 |  | 8801 | 748 | ${ }_{2}^{1,264}$ |
| February-- | 16, 142 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 272 | 303 | 9,289 | 116 |  | 2,738 |  | ${ }^{2,412}$ |
| March...- | 25, 645 |  | ${ }^{50}$ | , | $-2$ |  |  | 1924 | 4,032 | 11, 601 | 2, 996 |  | 1,597 | 1,586 | 2,860 |
| April...... | 49, 516 |  | 19, 161 | 61 | 16 |  |  | 1,105 | 1,563 | 14,782 | , 86 |  | 7,796 | 2,741 | 2, 205 |
| May-...... | 49, 630 |  | 5 | -20 |  |  |  | 1, 052 | 774 | 40,029 | 3,359 |  | 960 | 847 | 2,624 |
| June.....-- | 63, 847 |  | 21 | 25,990 |  |  | 17 | 20,725 | 438 | 4,923 | 155 |  | 6,361 | ${ }^{399}$ | 4,852 |
| July-.....- | 19, 503 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,871 | ${ }^{466}$ | 8,305 | 87 |  | 1,544 | 1,246 | 2, 980 |
| August.-.- | 57, 500 | 1,501 | -16 | 11,000 | 5 |  |  | 2,208 | 8, 802 | 5,383 |  | 4 | 1, 046 | 25,000 | 2,435 |
| September- | $\begin{array}{r} 20,561 \\ -337,685 \end{array}$ |  | $-24,087$ <br> $-324,500$ | $-831$ | -9,678 | -45, 904 | -17, ${ }^{-349}$ | 8,837 5,666 | 4,260 $-1,239$ | 25, 778 | 3, 095 |  | 3, 596 | 22,501 | 3,584 2,209 |
| November- | 89, 436 | 333 | -10 | $-115$ | ${ }_{-57}$ | -394 | -515 | 7,408 | ${ }^{1} 989$ | 1, 267 | 16 | 4, 895 | 1,644 | 75, 832 | ${ }^{2}, 941$ |
| December. | 56, 858 | 4,249 | $-15,150$ | -62 | -5,861 | -9,857 | $-1.270$ | 4,513 | 1,344 |  | 2,042 | 3,165 | 623 | 68, 285 | 4,837 |
| Total. | 145, 325 | 6,797 | -344, 514 | 36, 026 | -15, 583 | -50, 327 | -19,768 | 81, 136 | 22, 267 | 141, 263 | 15, 116 | 8,064 | 34, 240 | 199, 288 | 31,322 |
| 1932-January ... | $-72,950$ | -3,199 | $-83,783$ | -71 | -12,553 | -6, 257 | -1, 759 | 4, 154 | 1,103 | 9, 110 | 2,948 |  | 167 | 9,969 | 2,542 |
| February.- | $-90,567$ | -235 | -98, 203 | -495 | -17, 859 | -8,672 | -254 | 8,406 | 950 | 1,157 | 7 | 2,575 | 819 | 19,441 | 1,795 |
| March...- | -24,671 |  | -37, 532 |  | -6,341 |  | -6 | 7,216 | 2,997 | 2,683 | 3 | 70 | 2,948 |  | 3, 313 |
| April.-..-- | -30,239 | -1, 922 | -24, 527 | -3,286 | ${ }^{-669}$ | -18,707 |  | 7,267 | 3, 329 |  | 7 |  | 2, 402 | 2,013 | 3, 967 |
| May | -195, 514 | -7,047 | -63, 216 | $-9,710$ | -19,930 | -58, 473 | -53, 554 | 4, 699 | 1,510 |  |  | 175 | 3, 791 | 2, 441 | 3, 800 |
| June .-..--- | - 206,047 | -1,910 | -111, 411 | -116 | -26, 250 | -23,168 | -62, 603 | - 5, 424 | 816 |  |  |  | 4, 866 | 5, 172 | 3, 133 |
| July_--....- | -7,140 |  | -21,513 |  |  |  | -225 |  | 1,284 |  | 13 | 240 | 3, 524 | 4,197 | 885 |
| August $D^{-}$- | 4, 351 | 6, 130 | $-18,050$ |  | 1,021 |  |  | 4. 347 | 1,842 |  |  | 565 | 4,744 |  | 3.752 |

## GOLD MOVEMENTS-Continued

[In thousands of dollars]


1 \$17,555,000 oxported by Germany to Belgium
\$ $\$ 29,233,000$ imported by France rom Spain.
$3 \$ 21,292,000$ exported by France to Belgium.
p Preliminary figures.

* Since German figures for individual countries are subject to semiannual revision, those given for July, 1932 [not all 7 months] are preliminary in character. Figures for total net imports are final.


## GOLD MOVEMENTS-Continued

[In thousands of dollars]


[^10]
## GOVERNMENT NOTE ISSUES AND RESERVES

[Figures are for last report date of month]

|  | 1932 |  |  | 1931 |  | 1932 |  |  | 1931 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | June | May | July |  | July | June | May | July |
| Argentine Conversion Office (millions of gold pesos): <br> Gold | $\begin{array}{r} \quad 257 \\ >582 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 257 \\ -592 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 257 \\ 572 \end{gathered}$ | 333537 | Canadian Minister of Finance (millions of Canadian dollars): <br> Gold reserve against Dominion notes <br> - Advances to banks under finance act. <br> Dominion notes- <br> Issued | 6538 | 6540 | 6430 | -71 |
| Notes issued 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Irish Currency Commission (thousands of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Legal tender note fund- |  |  |  |  | Outside chartered bank holdings.- | 166 29 | 168 29 | 155 | 139 28 |
| British legal tender and bank |  |  |  |  | Indian Government (millions of rupees): Gold standard reserve- |  |  |  | 267 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 190 \\ \mathbf{6 , 5 7 4} \\ 6,870 \end{array}$ | 366,936 | 796,936 | 1586,403 |  | 335 | 336 | 336 |  |
| British securities. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Notes issued. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6,972 \\ & 4,492 \\ & 1,480 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,016 \\ & 4,443 \\ & 1,503 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,561 . \\ & 4,214 \\ & 1,744 \end{aligned}$ |  | 198 | 198 | 197 | 2661561,3261,557 |
| Consolidated bank notes ${ }^{-}$- | $\begin{aligned} & 4,518 \\ & 1,461 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Paper currency reserve-Gold | $\begin{array}{r} 109 \\ 1,144 \\ 490 \\ 1,742 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 108 \\ 1,119 \\ 482 \\ 1,709 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 107 \\ 1,105 \\ 473 \\ 1,685 \end{array}$ |  |
| Issued Deemed such under sec. 60 (4) of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deemed such under sec. 60 (4) of currency act, 1927 |  |  |  |  | Silver coin and bullion |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Notes issued. |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Includes a small quantity of subsidiary coin.
: The figures of consolidated bank notes issued represent daily averages for the 4 weeks ended July 23, June 25, and May 28, 1932, and July 25, 1931. The figures for notes deemed to be consolidated bank notes are as of the close of business on these dates.
p Preliminary.

- Corrected.


## BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS

[In thousands of dollars converted from Swiss franes at par: 1 Swiss franc $=\$ 0.1930$ ]

| Resources | 1932 |  | 1931 | Liabilities | 1932 |  | $\qquad$ <br> July 31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July 31 | June 30 | July 31 |  | July 31 | June 30 |  |
| Cash on hand and on current account with banks | 1,44512,699 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,461 \\ & 9,966 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,956 \\ 37,214 \end{array}$ | Short-term deposits: <br> Central banks for own account- <br> Demand. | 94, 692 | 76, 495 | 73,774 |
| Demand funds at interest .-...-...-.-.-.-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rediscountable bills and acceptances (at cost): |  |  |  | Time- Not exceeding 3 months- | 16,265 | 40,586 | 84,300 |
| Commercial bills and bankers' accept- | $\begin{aligned} & 84,319 \\ & 28,625 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87,559 \\ & 34,239 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75,251 \\ & 49,138 \end{aligned}$ | Between 3 and 6 months <br> Total |  |  | 794 |
| Treasury billis. |  |  |  |  | 110,957 | 117,081 | 158,868 |
| Total | 112, 994 | 121, 797 | 124,389 | Central banks for account of others- | 4,664 | 5,863 | 30,182 |
| Time funds at interest: | 47,788 | 47,900 | $\begin{array}{r} 102,323 \\ 4,757 \end{array}$ | Time- |  |  |  |
| Not exceeding 3 months. |  |  |  | Not exceeding 3 months. |  |  | 37, 205 |
| Between 3 and 6 mouths. |  |  |  | Between 3 and 6 months. |  |  | 6,031 |
| Total | 47,788 | 47, 900 | 107,080 | Total | 4,664 | 5,863 | 73,418 |
| Sundry bills and investments: <br> Maturing within 3 months- |  |  |  | Other depositors- | 1,247 | 1,164 | 168 |
| Matureasury bills.........- | 8, 575 | 8,568 | :42,361 | Time-Not exceeding 3 months..Long-term deposits: |  |  |  |
| Sundry investments. | 6,933 | 6, 936 |  |  | 29,677 |  | 29,731 |
| Between 3 and 6 months...............- | 13,750 | 9, 190 |  | Annuity trust account |  | 29,677 |  |
| Over 6 months......- | ${ }^{3} 72$ | 4,938 |  | German Government deposit. | 14,839 | 14, 839 | 14,865 |
| Total |  | $\begin{array}{r} 29,632 \\ 1,460 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42,361 \\ 1,957 \end{array}$ | French Government guaranty fund | 13, 249 | 13, 249 | 13, 273 |
|  | 1,362 |  |  | Total $\qquad$ <br> Capital paid in <br> Reserves: <br> Legal reserve fund $\qquad$ <br> Dividend reserve fund. $\qquad$ <br> General reserve fund. $\qquad$ <br> Profits allocated for distribution on July 1, 1032: <br> Dividend to shareholders ( 6 per cent) <br> Participation of long-term depositors per article 53 (e) of statutes. <br> Other liabilities $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 57,765 \\ 24,125 \\ 254 \\ 549 \\ 1,038 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57,765 \\ & 24,125 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57,870 \\ & 20,941 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 519 | 211 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,038 | 422 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,244 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 5,349 | $\begin{array}{r} 616 \\ 4,546 \end{array}$ | 2,655 |
| Total resources. | 205,919 | 214, 216 | 314,057 | Total liabilities | 205,919 | 214, 216 | 314,957 |

[^11]
## CENTRAL BANKS

[For explanation of these tables see Bulletin for February, 1931, pp. 81-88]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Bank of England} \& \multirow{3}{*}{Gold (in issue department)} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Resources of banking department} \& \multirow{3}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Note } \\
& \text { circula- }
\end{aligned}
$$
tion} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Labilities of banking department} <br>
\hline \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Cash reserves} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Discounts and advances} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Securi- } \\
\text { ties }
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Deposits} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Other liabilities} <br>
\hline \& \& Coin \& Notes \& \& \& \& Bankers' \& Public \& Other \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{Millions of pounds sterling:} <br>
\hline 1931-June 24-.........- \& 162.9
132.0 \& 1.1 \& 70.1 \& 9.6 \& 57.5
79.2 \& 352.8 \& 61.6
55.8 \& 25.2
15.2 \& 33.5
33.7 \& 17.9 <br>
\hline Aug. 26.... \& 133.3 \& 1.3 \& 58.0 \& 9.3 \& 78.2 \& 350.3 \& 53.6 \& 26.3 \& 48.7 \& 18.2 <br>
\hline Sept. 30 \& 134.8 \& 1.3 \& 52.6 \& 14.8 \& 94.9 \& 357.2 \& 62.6 \& 30.1 \& 52.6 \& 19.3 <br>
\hline Oet. 28 \& 135.7 \& 1.3 \& 54.6 \& 10.5 \& 84.6 \& 356.0 \& 63.5 \& 17.3 \& 52.6 \& 17.7 <br>
\hline Nov. 25 \& 120.7 \& 1.0 \& 41.3 \& 12.7 \& 87.8 \& 354.4 \& 59.8 \& 27.0 \& 38.1 \& 17.8 <br>
\hline Dec. 30 \& 120.7 \& . 6 \& 31.6 \& 27.3 \& 133.0 \& 364.2 \& 126.4 \& 7.7 \& 40.3 \& 18.0 <br>
\hline 1932-Jan. 27 \& 120.8 \& . 6 \& 49.9 \& 12.9 \& 82.5 \& 345.9 \& 74.3 \& 15.3 \& 38.2 \& 18.1 <br>
\hline Feb. 24 \& 120.8 \& . 6 \& 49.4 \& 11.5 \& 71.0 \& 346. 4 \& 67.9 \& 14.1 \& 32.2 \& 18.2 <br>
\hline Mar. 30 \& 120.8 \& . 6 \& 35.3 \& 11.7 \& 86.8 \& 360.5 \& 54.6 \& 27.2 \& 34.4 \& 18.2 <br>
\hline Apr. 27 \& 120.8 \& . 7 \& 43.0 \& 11.5 \& 79.4 \& 352.8 \& 58.3 \& 23.4 \& 35.3 \& 17.7 <br>
\hline May 25 \& 125.0 \& .7 \& 45.8 \& 12.2 \& 93.2 \& 354.2 \& 77.5 \& 23.6 \& 32.9 \& 17.8 <br>
\hline June 29 \& 136.1 \& .88 \& 48.1
43.4 \& 14.9
15.3 \& 93.5
92.5 \& 363.1
369.3 \& 86.6
88.2 \& 18.0
11.2 \& 34.7
34.6

ar \& 18.0 <br>
\hline Aug. $31{ }^{p}$ \& 138.9 \& . 9 \& 48.6 \& 12.2 \& 92.2 \& 365.3 \& 79.5 \& 20.7 \& 35.4 \& 18.2 <br>
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Bank of France} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Resources} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Liabilities} <br>

\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Gold} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Foreign exchange} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { Domestic } \\
\text { bills }
\end{gathered}\right.
$$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Security } \\
& \text { loans }
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Other assets} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Note circulation} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Deposits} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Other liabilities} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& Government \& Other \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline 1931-June 26 \& 56,426
58,407 \& 26,209
26,242 \& 5,576
4,564 \& 2,779
2,860 \& 5,082
5,065 \& 6,807 \& 76,927
79862 \& 8,513
9,303 \& 15,187
14,736 \& 2,250
2,195 <br>
\hline Aug. 28 \& 58,563 \& 27,611 \& 5,820 \& 2,729 \& 5,065 \& 8,193 \& 78, 635 \& 9,470 \& 17,649 \& 2,227 <br>
\hline Sept. 25 \& 59,346 \& 25, 194 \& 5,880 \& 2,754 \& 5,065 \& 8, 099 \& 78, 173 \& 7,357 \& 18,542 \& 2,266 <br>
\hline Oct. 30 \& 64, 648 \& 27, 600 \& 8,809 \& 2,712 \& 5,065 \& 8, 428 \& 83, 639 \& 8,227 \& 22,954 \& 2,441 <br>
\hline Nov. 27 \& 67, 844 \& 24, 273 \& 7,766 \& 2,731 \& 5,065 \& 8, 647 \& 82, 543 \& 7,170 \& 24, 171 \& 2,442 <br>
\hline Dec. 30 \& 68,863 \& 21, 111 \& 7,389 \& 2,730 \& 7,157 \& 8,545 \& 85,725 \& 8,898 \& 22,183 \& 1,089 <br>
\hline 1932-Jan. 29 \& 71, 625 \& 18, 805 \& 6,555 \& 2,744 \& 6. 899 \& 8,278 \& 84,723 \& 4,722 \& 23,552 \& 1,910 <br>
\hline Feb. 26 \& 75,059 \& 15, 127 \& 5,544 \& 2,707 \& 6,882 \& 8,329 \& 83,189 \& 3,637 \& 24, 899 \& 1,925 <br>
\hline Mar. 25. \& 76,832 \& 12,632 \& 4,820 \& 2, 716 \& 6, 881 \& 8,371 \& 81,782 \& 3, 526 \& 24, 962 \& 1,980 <br>
\hline Apr. 29 \& 77, 862 \& 11,800 \& 4,690 \& 2,735 \& 6,881 \& 8, 697 \& 82,774 \& 3,111 \& 24, 827 \& 1,953 <br>
\hline May 27. \& 79,470 \& 9,001 \& 4, 160 \& 2,700 \& 6;881 \& 8,684 \& 81,418 \& 3,432 \& 24, 128 \& 1, 917 <br>
\hline June 24 \& 82,100 \& 6,332 \& 3,929 \& 2,715 \& 6,626 \& 8,634 \& 80, 667 \& 2,881 \& 24, 621 \& 2,167 <br>
\hline July 29. \& 82, 168 \& 5,482 \& 3,905 \& 2,747 \& 6,621 \& 8,994 \& 82, 118 \& 3,740 \& 22, 033 \& <br>
\hline Aug. ${ }^{6 \%}$ \& 82, 239 \& 5, 389 \& 3,467 \& 2,760 \& 6,621 \& ${ }^{(3)}$ \& 79,912 \& 3,981 \& 23,426 \& ${ }^{(3)}$ <br>
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Reichsbank} \& \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{Resources} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Liabilities} <br>

\hline \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{Reserves} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Treasury } \\
\text { bills }
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Other } \\
\text { bills (and } \\
\text { checks) }
\end{gathered}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Security } \\
\text { loans }
\end{gathered}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Securities} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Other assets} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Note circulation} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Deposits} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Other liabilities} <br>

\hline \& Gold \& Foreign exchange \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{} <br>
\hline 1931-June 30 \& 1, 421 \& 300 \& 74 \& 2,579 \& 355 \& 103 \& 936 \& 4,295 \& 398 \& 1,074 <br>
\hline July 31. \& 1,363 \& 246 \& 249 \& 3, 273 \& 347 \& 103 \& 958 \& 4,454 \& 834 \& 1,251 <br>
\hline Aug. 31 \& 1,366 \& 356 \& 38 \& 3,101 \& 208 \& 103 \& 972 \& 4,834 \& 509 \& 1,251 <br>
\hline Sept. 30 \& 1,301 \& 139 \& 124 \& 3,545 \& 301 \& 103 \& 1,016 \& 4, 609 \& 613 \& 1,306 <br>
\hline Oct. 31- \& 1,145 \& 131 \& \& 4, 010 \& 240 \& 103 \& 963 \& 4,746 \& 518 \& 1,326 <br>
\hline Nov. 30 \& 1, 005 \& 170 \& 56 \& 3,901 \& 254 \& 103 \& 980 \& 4,641 \& 506 \& 1,323 <br>
\hline Dec. 31 \& 984 \& 172 \& 98 \& 4,144 \& 245 \& 161 \& 1,065 \& 4, 776 \& 755 \& 1, 338 <br>
\hline 1932-Jan. 30 \& 948 \& 145 \& 33 \& 3,632 \& 158 \& 161 \& 1,098 \& 4,407 \& 394 \& 1,373 <br>
\hline Feb. 29 \& 928 \& 149 \& 44 \& 3,324 \& 303 \& 162 \& 1,100 \& 4, 268 \& 423 \& 1,318 <br>
\hline Mar. 31 \& 879 \& 142 \& 59 \& 3,258 \& 290 \& 362 \& 1,044 \& 4,231 \& 578 \& 1,226 <br>
\hline Apr. 30 \& 859 \& 131 \& 26 \& 3,146 \& 282 \& 362 \& ,977 \& 4,128 \& 405 \& 1,249 <br>
\hline May 31 \& 863 \& 129 \& 18 \& 2,990 \& 257 \& 363 \& 1,032 \& 3,961 \& 431 \& 1,262 <br>
\hline June 30 \& 832 \& 130 \& 2 \& 3,100 \& 261 \& 364 \& 1,038 \& 3,984 \& 473 \& 1,271 <br>
\hline July 30-- \& 766 \& 128 \& 48 \& 3, 108 \& 224 \& 365 \& 975 \& 3,967 \& 380 \& 1,267 <br>
\hline Aug. 31 p......... \& 768 \& 157 \& 37 \& 3, 009 \& 207 \& 365 \& 960 \& 3,817 \& 408 \& 1,279 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

1 In addition the issue department holds Government and other securities and silver coin as cover for the fiduciary issue, which is fired by law at $£ 260,000,000$. Since Aug. 1,1931 , however, an increase of $£ 15,000,000$ in the fiduciary issue (and securities held as cover) bas been authorized by the British Treasurv under section 8 of the Currency and Bank Notes Act, 1928; the maximum period for which such authorization may be granted is two years.
${ }^{2}$ Issued by the independent office for retirement of public debt (Caisse Autonome d'Amortissement).
? Not yet available.
? Preliminary figures.

## CENTRAL BANKS-Continued

[Figures are for last report date of month]

| Central bank | 1932 |  |  | 1931 | Central bank | 1932 |  |  | $\frac{1931}{\text { July }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | June | May | July |  | July | June | May |  |
| National Bank of Albania (thousands of Albanian francs): <br> Gold. |  | 5,562 |  |  | Bank of the Republic of Colombia (thousands of pesos): <br> Gold at home and abroad |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign exchange |  | 27,395 | 5,556 27,885 | 2, 2 , 473 | Gold at home and abroad $\qquad$ <br> Foreign exchange | 13,416 3,268 | 12,968 | 10,905 5,132 | 10,364 |
| Loans and discoun |  | 3, 813 | 3,648 | 3,996 | Loans to member | 6,257 | 8, 425 | 11, 023 | 13, 320 |
| Other assets. |  | 4, 819 | 4, 696 | 8,675 | Note circulation | 17,997 | 19,153 | 18, 668 | 21,944 |
| Note circulat |  | 11, 395 | 11,347 | 12,590 | Deposits. | 19,309 | 18, 799 | 19,400 | 7,533 |
| Demand depos |  | 18, 565 | 18,746 | 13,036 | National Bank of Czechoslovakia |  |  |  |  |
| Other liabilities.. |  | 11, 629 | 11,692 | 14, 914 | (millions of Czechoslovak crowns): |  |  |  |  |
| Commonwealth Bank of Australia (thousands of Australian pounds): |  |  |  |  | Gold....--..........-.-.-......- | $1,640$ | $1,641$ $1,047$ | $1,641$ | 1,537 1,628 |
| Issue department- |  |  |  |  | Loans and advances...-.-....-- | 1, 632 | 1,643 | 1,162 | -844 |
| Gold coin and bullion | 110. 499 | 10, 500 | 10,500 | 13, 220 | Assets of banking office in liqui- |  |  |  |  |
| Securities. | 39, 173 | 40, 748 | 41,248 | 35,800 | dation. | 0 | 0 | 286 | 303 |
| Banking department- |  |  |  |  | Note circ | 6, 224 | 6,410 | 6, 582 | 7,017 |
| Coin, bullion, and cas | 1, 246 | 1,170 | 1, 130 | 963 | Deposits. | 499 | 348 | 350 | 293 |
| London balances. | 9, 742 | 15, 157 | 14, 387 | 6. 578 | Danish National Bank (millions of |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and discount | 18,081 | 15, 371 | 15, 618 | 23. 167 | kroner): |  |  |  |  |
| Securities. | 28,962 | 27,823 | 27, 195 | 17,344 | Gold. | 133 | 134 | 145 | 172 |
| Deposits........ | 59, 634 | 63, 200 | 61, 817 | 46, 813 | Foreign bills, | 24 | 22 | 17 | 61 |
| Bank notes in circulation--....-- | 43, 574 | 44,600 | 45, 428 | 47, 405 | Loans and discou | 138 | 143 | 148 | 96 |
| ustrian National Bank (millions of schillings): |  |  |  |  | Note circulation. | 314 | 325 | 318 | 336 |
| schillings): |  |  |  |  | Deposits | 80 | 75 | 49 | 37 |
| Fold ..............--7...........-- | 149 | 149 | 164 | 214 | Bank of Danzig (thousands of Danzig |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign exchange of the reserve... Other foreign exchange | 41 | 43 | 33 | 128 | gulden): |  |  |  |  |
| Other foreign exchange | ${ }^{0}$ | 0 | 0 | 225 | Gold. | 31, 645 | 38, 251 | 37, 222 | 130 |
| Domestic bills.- | 883 | 881 | 874 | 632 | Foreign exchange of the reserve | 16,338 | 9,058 | 10,752 | 25, 449 |
| Government deb | 92 | 93 | 95 | 96 | Other foreign exchange | 230 | 414 | 480 | 14, 007 |
| Note circulation | 949 | 962 | 995 | 1,205 | Loans and discounts | 6,999 | 7, 309 | 8, 581 | 27, 996 |
|  | 148 | 149 | 112 | 94 | Note circulation | 38,857 | 39,081 | 39,593 | 40, 899 |
| National Bank of Belgium (millions of belgas): |  |  |  |  | Deposits....- | 12,063 | 11, 219 | 13, 257 | 7,675 |
| Gold | 2,508 | 2. 566 | 2, 542 | 1,538 | Central Bank of Ecuador (thousands |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign bills and balances in gold- |  |  | , 0 | 874 | Gold at home and |  | 14,034 | 14,016 |  |
| Domestic and foreign bills......- | 763 | 894 | 936 | 831 | Foreign exchange. |  | 14,036 | 1,803 | 17,094 |
| Loans to State.. | 367 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 288 | 290 | Loans and discoun |  | 18,461 | 16, 222 | 14,195 |
| Note circulation | 3,698 | 3,660 | 3, 608 | 3,358 | Note circulation |  | 20, 340 | 19, 913 | 20,949 |
| Deposits | 210 | 223 | 288 | 259 | Deposits. |  | 9,457 | 7,890 | 13, 195 |
| Central Bank of Bolivia (thousands of bolivianos): |  |  |  |  | National Bank of Egypt ${ }^{3}$ (thousands of Egyptian pounds): |  |  |  |  |
| Gold at home and ab | 23,401 | 23, 413 |  | 2,842 | Gold.... |  | 6,663 | 6,662 | 4, 220 |
| Lorens and discol | - 32,420 | 4,073 27,491 |  | 24, 008 | Foreign exchange - |  | 2,504 | 2, 297 | 2,101 |
| Note circulation | 31, 148 | 37, 749 |  | 27, 274 | British Government |  | 11, 360 | 12,160 | 14, 360 |
| Deposits. | 16, 284 | 14,456 |  | 9,789 | Loans and discounts |  | 8, 8 8,424 | 8,277 18,058 | 7,648 |
| ank of Brazil (millions of milreis) |  |  |  |  | Other assets........ |  | 18,488 | -18, 433 | 15,831 |
| Currency --.-.- |  | 375 | 329 | 324 | Note circulation |  | 18,069 | 17,750 | 18,120 |
| Correspondents a |  | 116 | 174 | 43 | Deposits-Govern |  | 6,572 | 5, 184 | 6, 024 |
| Loans and discou |  | 1, 859 | 2,049 | 1,703 | Deposits Othr |  | 18, 100 | 18, 993 | 15,563 |
| Note circulation |  | 170 | 170 | 170 | Other liabilities |  | 8,050 | 8, 961 | 8,007 |
| National Bank of Bulgaria (millions |  | 2,024 | 2, 077 | 1,645 | Bank of Estonia (thousands of |  |  |  |  |
| of leva): |  |  |  |  | Groni) |  |  |  |  |
| Gold | 1,516 | 1,515 | 1,514 | 1,506 | Net foreign excha | 11,468 | -1, ${ }^{1} \times 202$ | 13,066 | 20,062 |
| Net foreign exchange in reserve... |  | 32 338 | ${ }^{19}$ | 224 | Loans and discount | 22,590 | 22, 460 | 22, 463 | 19, 868 |
| Total foreign ex ehange | 269 700 | 338 719 | 317 | 877 | Note circulation. | 31,685 | 31, 266 | 32, 186 | 33, 262 |
| Government obligati | 2,965 | 2.9P5 | 2,965 | $\begin{array}{r}8,084 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Deposits-Governm | 4,407 | 4,756 | 4,921 | 5,813 |
| Note circulation. | 2,638 | 2, 628 | 2, 675 | 3,209 | Bankers' | 6,361 | 6,760 <br> , <br>  | $\stackrel{6,931}{2}$ | 5,854 |
| Other sight liabilities | 1,696 | 1, (5) | 1,651 | I, 475 |  | 2,432 | 2,388 | 2,072 | 2,030 |
| Central Bank of Chile (millions of pesos): |  |  |  |  | Bank of Finland (millions of markkaas): |  |  |  |  |
| Gold at home and abroad...-. | 96 | 95 | 95 | 63 | Gold....-.-.-.-.-.---.-.-.-.-.- | 304 | 304 | 304 | 302 |
| Foreign exchange for account of - |  |  |  |  | Balances abroad and foreign | 438 | 454 | 550 | 642 |
| Eank -...-.-...-.-.-. | 70 | 70 | 70 | 180 | Fereign bills | 238 | 236 | 222 | 207 |
| Loans and discounts. | 179 | 166 | 142 | 227 | Lomestic bills | 804 | 769 | 786 | 618 |
| Government secur | 236 | 210 | 180 |  | Note circulation | 1,088 | 1,136 | 1,168 | 1,204 |
| Note circulation | 458 | 453 | 354 | 315 | Demand liabilitie | 220 | 159 | 219 | 127 |
| Deposits...-- | 147 | 96 | 147 | 38 | Bank of Greece (millions of drach- |  |  |  |  |
| Central Bank of China ${ }^{3}$ (thousands of Yuan dollars): |  |  |  |  | mas): <br> Gold | 569 | 543 | 497 | 488 |
| Gold |  | 645 | 208 |  | Foreign exchange | 885 | 913 | 460 | 2, 418 |
| Silver |  | 44, 663 | 49,322 | 49,070 | Loans and discounts. | 1,303 | 1,326 | 1,397 | 352 |
| Due from banks abroad |  | 6, 556 | 5,699 | 20, 743 | Government gold bonds in |  |  |  |  |
| Due from domestic bank |  | 29, 121 | 24, 415 | 38,416 | reserve. | 608 | 608 | 608 |  |
| Loans and discounts. |  | 67, 350 | 65,908 | 52, 704 | Other Government bond | 2, 713 | 2, 706 | 2,703 | 3,168 |
| Securities-- |  | 5, 495 | 5,487 | 21,048 | Note circulation ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | 4, 202 | 4, 208 | 4,050 | 4, 170 |
| Other assets |  | 16, 489 | 20,629 | 8, 443 | Other sight liabilities. | 1,764 | 1,270 | 1,053 | 1,224 |
| Note circulation |  | 28, 794 | 28,562 | 37, 854 | Central bank of Guatemala (thou- |  |  |  |  |
| Deposits-Govern |  | 72, 890 | 79, 250 | 96, 901 | sands of quetzales): |  |  |  |  |
| Bank |  | 23, 382 | 17,700 | 19,316 | Gold coin- |  |  | 1,628 | 2,610 |
| Other |  | 6,666 | 5,643 | 5,461 | Balances abroad. |  |  | 779 | 990 |
| Other liabilities. |  | 38,587 | 40,513 | 30, 892 | Loans and discoun |  |  | 6,093 | 5,693 |

[^12]${ }^{2}$ Figures not available.
${ }^{3}$ Items for issue and banking departments consolidated.

## CENTRAL BANKS-Continued

[Figures are for last report date of month]


COMMERCIAL BANKS

| Country | 1931 |  |  |  |  |  | 1932 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July |
| Argentina (millions of gold pesos): Bank of the Nation- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Other cash | 99 | 94 | 91 | 90 | 109 | 107 | 111 | 113 | 115 | 105 | 121 | 136 |  |
| Loans and discounts.-...-. | 655 | 656 | 681 | 708 | 696 | 767 | 675 | 234 | 680 | 685 | 688 | 696 |  |
| Other banks in Buenos Aires- | 680 | 662 | 663 | 661 | 652 | 641 | 639 | 642 | 649 | 644 | 664 | 712 |  |
| Gold....... | 9 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Other cash | 194 | 199 | 190 | 186 | 194 | 203 | 200 | 199 | 206 | 206 | 212 | 218 |  |
| Loans and discounts | 857 | 843 | 852 | 847 | 830 | 817 | 821 | 1,251 | 798 | 794 | 783 | 775 |  |
| Deposits..------.-. | 971 | 971 | 966 | 947 | 939 | 938 | 936 | 933 | 933 | 922 | 914 | 907 |  |
| Canada (millions of Canadian dollars): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash in vault 1 | 147 | 147 | 157 | 159 | 201 | 175 | 176 | 167 | 158 | 150 | 154 | 166 | 161 |
| Cash in central gold reserves. | 26 | 28 | 24 | 27 | 25 | 26 | 22 | 20 | 24 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 25 |
| Security loans. | 163 | 159 | 167 | 159 | 157 | 135 | 131 | 130 | 131 | 122 | 114 | 110 | 112 |
| Other current loans | 1,126 | 1,127 | 1,137 | 1,141 | 1,102 | 1,082 | 1,071 | 1,063 | 1,071 | 1,070 | 1,057 | 1,037 | 1,028 |
| Security loans abroad | 105 | 110 | 90 | 91 | ${ }^{1} 113$ | , 83 | ${ }^{1} 66$ | -99 | , 88 | -73 | , 65 | , 74 | , 76 |
| Securities .-.----- | 694 | 701 | 678 | 696 | 719 | 694 | 674 | 664 | 671 | 666 | 663 | 669 | 674 |
| Liabilities entirely in CanadaNotes in circulation Individual demand-....... | 126 | 126 | 128 | 140 | 131 | 129 | 123 | 122 | 121 | 125 | 119 | 126 | 123 |
| Individual demand deposits. | 561 | 568 | 594 | 581 | 617 | 567 | 507 | 496 | 500 | 495 | 498 | 489 | 462 |
| Individual time deposits...-- | 1,451 | 1,461 | 1,456 | 1,462 | 1,396 | 1,360 | 1,368 | 1,390 | 1,389 | 1,393 | 1,387 | 1,373 | 1,363 |
| England (millions of pounds ster- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash in vault and at bank. | 181 | 177 | 171 | 173 | 170 | 181 | 177 | 170 | 171 | 170 | 176 | 188 | 188 |
| Money at call and short notice.. | 128 | 112 | 106 | 113 | 108 | 118 | 116 | 108 | 111 | 111 | 110 | 111 | 120 |
| Advances and discounts. | 1,178 | 1,156 | 1,132 | 1,131 | 1,125 | 1,131 | 1,128 | 1,093 | 1, 103 | 1, 105 | 1,102 | 1, 114 | 1,138 |
| Investments. | 283 | 286 | 288 | 288 | 284 | 281 | 268 | 264 | 266 | 272 | 284 | 324 | 333 |
| Deposits.. | 1,750 | 1,708 | 1,675 | 1,688 | 1,670 | 1,700 | 1,677 | 1,621 | 1,639 | 1,643 | 1,661 | 1,727 | 1,765 |
| France (millions of francs): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and advances... | 9,898 | 9,868 | 10, 076 | 9,863 | 9,797 | 9,697 | 9,041 | 9, 114 | 8,711 | 8, 312 | 8, 296 | 8,593 |  |
| Demand deposits | 36,642 | 36, 991 | 36, 137 | 36, 972 | 37, 019 | 37,023 | 36, 196 | 36, 435 | 35, 883 | 35, 929 | 35, 826 | 36,351 |  |
| Time deposits... | 1, 539 | 1,545 | 1, 429 | 1,370 | 1,332 | 1,222 | 1,179 | 1,218 | 1,201 | 1,239 | 1,284 | 1,250 |  |
| Germany (millions of reichsmarks): <br> Bills and treasury notes. | 1,280 | 1,500 | 1, 509 | 1,406 | 1,431 |  |  | 1,503 | 1,380 | 1,613 | 1,652 | 1,660 | 1,661 |
| Due from other banks. | 1, 546 | 1,514 | 465 | 1,373 | 1, 345 |  |  | 1,320 | 1,367 | ${ }^{1} 267$ | 290 | 1,257 | 26.3 |
| Miscellaneous loans. | 7,337 | 7,115 | 6,884 | 6,837 | 6,748 |  |  | 5,935 | 6,034 | 6,235 | 6,160 | 5,898 | 5,813 |
| Deposits.- | 8, 167 | 8,060 | 7,873 | 7,500 | 7,390 |  |  | 7,276 | 7,289 | 7,539 | 7,652 | 7,541 | 7,457 |
| Acceptances | 874 | 840 | 818 | 891 | 910 |  |  | 903 | 863 | 872 | 851 | 815 | 746 |
| Japan (millions of yen): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash on hand.---- | 2,169 | 2, 214 | 2,197 | 2,171 | 146 2,208 | 140 2,247 | 2, 283 | 130 2,228 | 116 2,264 | $\begin{array}{r}136 \\ 2,248 \\ \hline 2\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}215 \\ 2,250 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}156 \\ 2.252 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{2} 117$ |
| Deposits. | 2,151 | 2,122 | 2,102 | 2,066 | 2,059 | 2,051 | 2,008 | 1,954 | 1,938 | 1,946 | 1,949 | 1,963 | 1,973 |

[^13]Nowe.-Banks included are as follows: Canada-chartered banks; England-nine London clearing banks; France-four commercial banks; Germany-six Berlin banks previous to consolidation of Dresdner Bank and Darmstadter und Nationalbank in February, 1932; five Berlin banks thereafter;Japan-Tokyo banks.

## DISCOUNT RATES OF CENTRAL BANKS

| Date effective | Bank of England | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bank } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { France } \end{gathered}$ | German Reichsbank | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bank } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Italy } \end{gathered}$ | Netherlands Bank | Swiss National Bank | Country | Rate Sept. | In effect since- | Country | Rate Sept. | In effect since |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In effect Feb, 1, 1931. |  | 2 | 5 | 51/2 | 236 | 2 | Albania | 8 | July 1, 1931 | Japan. | 4. 38 | Aug. 18, 1932 |
| May 14-............. | 23/2 |  |  |  |  |  | Austria. | 6 | Aug. 24, 1832 | Java. | 41/2 | Mar. 11, 1930 |
| May 16 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | Belgium. | $31 / 2$ | Jan. 13, 1832 | Latvia. |  | Oct. 1,1930 |
| June 13. |  |  | 7 |  |  |  | Bolivia. | 6 | July 5, 1932 | Lithuani | 6 | Apr. 1, 1930 |
| July 16. | 31 |  | 10 |  |  |  | Bulga | 8 | May 25. 1932 | Nor | 4 | 1,1932 |
| July 30 | 412 |  |  |  |  |  | Chile | $41 / 2$ | Aug. 22, 1932 | Peru | 6 | May 20, 1932 |
| Aug. 1 |  |  | 15 |  |  |  | Colombia | 6 | Jan. 22, 1932 | Poland. | $71 / 2$ | Oct. 3, 1930 |
| Aug. 12 |  |  | 10 |  |  |  | Ozechosl |  |  | Portugal. | 612 | Apr. 4, 1932 |
| Sept. 2 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  | 5 | Apr. 12, 1932 |  |  |  |
| Sept. 21 <br> Sept. 28 | 6 |  |  | 7 |  |  | Danzig | 4 | July 12, 1932 | Rumania. | 7 |  |
| Sept. 29 |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | Denmark | 4 | May 30, 1932 | Spain.- | 61/2 | July 8, 1931 |
| $0 \mathrm{ct}$. |  | $21 / 2$ |  |  |  |  | Ecuador | 7 | May 12, 1932 |  |  | Juy 8,1031 |
| Dec. 10 |  |  | 7 |  |  |  | Eston | 51/2 | Feb. 1, 1932 | Sweden | $31 \frac{1}{2}$ | Sept. 1,1932 |
| $\text { Feb. 18, } 1$ | 5 |  | 6 |  |  |  | Finland |  | Apr. 19, 1932 | Y. S. Soslavi | 8 | Mar. 22, 1927 |
| Mar. 10 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | Greece. | $10^{1 / 2}$ | Apr. 18, 1932 |  |  |  |
| Mar. 17 | 31/2 |  |  |  |  |  | Hungary | 5 | July 1, 1932 |  |  |  |
| Mar. 21 |  |  |  | 6 |  |  | India. |  | July 7, 1932 |  |  |  |
| Apr. 9 |  |  | 5122 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. 21 | 3 |  |  |  | 22 |  | Changes since August 1: Austria-August 24, down from 7 to 6 per cent; Chile-August 22, down from 51/2 to 41/2 per cent; Greece-August 8, down from 11 to 10 per cent; Japan-August 18, down from 5.11 to 4.38 per cent; Norway-September 1, down from $41 / 2$ to 4 per cent; Sweden-September 1, down from 4 to $31 / 2$ per cent. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. 28. |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 2 |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 12 | $21 / 2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In effect Sept. 1, 1932 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In effect sept. 1, 1932. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

MONEY RATES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

| Month | England (London) |  |  |  | Germany (Berlin) |  |  | Netherlands (Amsterdam) |  | Switzerland |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bankers' acceptances. 3 months | Treasury bills, 3 months | $\begin{gathered} \text { Day-to-day } \\ \text { money } \end{gathered}$ | Bankers' allowance on deposits | Private discount rate | Money for 1 month | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Day-to-day } \\ \text { money } \end{array}$ | Private discount rate | Money for 1 month | Private discount rate |
| 1931-July | 2. 58 | 2.44 | 2.05 | $1-21 / 2$ | 17.00 | 18.98 | 18.89 | 1. 53 | 1.40 | 1.55 |
| August | 4.28 | 4.21 | 3.59 | 21/2 | 18.92 | 19.18 | 19.15 | 1.30 | 1.22 | 1.98 |
| September | 4.74 | 4.57 | 4.04 | 21/2-4 | 7.99 | 9.18 | 9.15 | 1. 30 | 1.21 | 1.80 |
| October--- | 5. 58 | 5.48 5.55 | 4.36 4.96 | 4 | 8. 00 | 9.84 | ${ }_{8}^{9.21}$ | 2.76 -159 | 3.07 | 1. 90 |
| December. | 5. 85 | 5.60 | 4.27 | 4 | 7. 33 | 7.40 | 8.45 | 1.57 | 1.59 | 1.75 |
| 1932-January.. | 5. 52 | 4. 94 | 4.20 |  | 6.94 | 7.58 | 7.86 | 2. 24 | 2.37 | 1.68 |
| February.- | 4.63 | 4.08 | 3.84 | $4{ }^{4}-3$ | 6.67 | 7.98 | 7.81 | 1. 87 | 1.69 | 1. 52 |
| March... | 2.59 | 2.28 | 2.40 | $3-11 / 2$ | 6. 10 | 7.10 | 7.76 | 1.22 | 1.06 | 1.50 |
| April. | 2. 19 | 2.07 | 1. 91 | 11/2-1 | 5. 12 | 6.31 | 6. 17 | 1.02 | . 94 | 1.50 |
| May.- | 1. 44 | 1. 10 | 1.29 | 1-1/2 | 4.87 | 5. 96 | 5.91 | . 60 | 1.03 | 1. 50 |
| June | 1. 05 | . 85 | . 99 | 312 | 4.75 | 5. 76 | 5.70 | . 39 | 1.00 | 1. 50 |
| July. | . 92 | . 66 | . 67 | 12 | 4.58 | 5.75 | 5.49 | . 41 | 1.00 | 1.50 |
| Month | $\underset{\substack{\text { Belgium } \\ \text { (Brussels) }}}{\text { ( }}$ | France (Paris) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Italy } \\ \text { (Milan) } \end{gathered}$ | Austria (Vienna) ${ }^{2}$ |  | Hungary |  | Sweden (Stockholm) | Japan (Tokyo) |  |
|  | Private discount rate | Private discount rate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Private } \\ & \text { discount } \\ & \text { rate } \end{aligned}$ | Private discount rate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Money } \\ & \text { for } 1 \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prime } \\ \text { commer- } \\ \text { cial paper } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Day-to-day } \\ \text { money }}}{ }$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Loans up } \\ \text { to } 3 \\ \text { months } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Discounted } \\ \text { bills } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { monell } \\ \text { overnight }}}{\text { Cal }}$ |
| 1931-July... | 2. 15 | 1.201.50 | 5.255.25 |  |  |  |  | $4-6$ | 4.93-5.48 | 2.74 |
| August.... | 2.41 |  |  |  |  | $88 / 2-101 / 2$ |  | $4{ }^{4}-6$ | 4. $93-5.48$ | 3. 65 |
| September | 2. 44 | 1.50 | 5.477.50 |  |  | $8-101 / 2$ | $5-6$ | $8-91 / 2$ | 4.93-5.48 | 2. 58 |
| October-- | 2. 44 | 1.80 |  |  |  | 73/4-10 |  | $6-712$ | 4. 93-5. 68 | 5. 48 |
| November | 2.44 | 1. 80 | 7.50 7.50 |  |  | 73/10 | 5 -6 | 6 -712 | 5. 48-6. 57 | 5. 66 |
| December. | 2.44 | 1.75 | 7.50 |  |  | 73/10 | 5 -6 | $6-71 / 2$ | 5.84-6. 57 | 6. 57 |
| 1932-January... | 2.91 | 1.75 | 7.50 |  |  | 61/2-10 | $48 / 4$-614 | 6 -71/2 | 5.84-6. 57 | 6. 02 |
| February | 3. 31 | 1.751.80 |  |  |  | $61 / 2-91 / 2$ | 43/-51/2 | $51 / 2-7$ | 5.84-6. 57 | 6. 39 |
| March.-.. | 3.36 |  | 6. 68 6.53 |  |  | $61 / 2-91 / 2$ | $5-51 / 2$ | $5-7$ | 6. 20-6. 57 | 5.84 |
| April. | 3. 26 | 1.66 | 6.00 |  |  | 51\%-9 | 41处5 | $5 .-7$ | 6. 20-6. 57 | 5.48 |
| May.- | 3.21 | 1.50 | 5. 52 |  |  | 512-9 | 41/2-434 | 432-6 | 6. 20-6. 57 | 4. 56 |
| June. | 3. 16 | 1.22 | 5. 50 |  |  |  |  | $4{ }^{4}-512$ | 6. 02-6. 57 | 4. 56 |
| July.- | 3.17 | . 99 | 5.50 |  |  |  |  | $4-51 / 2$ |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Based on data for part of month, no quotations being available for remainder of month. :No quotations available since June, 1931.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

[Monthly averages of daily quotations based on noon buying rates for cable transfers in New York. In cents per unit of foreign currency]

| Month |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Argen- } \\ \text { tina } \end{gathered}$ | Austria | Belgium | Brazil | Bulgaria | Canada | Chile | China (and Hong Kong) |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Colom. } \\ \text { bia } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mexi- } \\ \text { candol. } \\ \text { lar } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Shanghai tael | Yuan | Hong Kong dollar |  |
| 1931-August |  |  | 64. 5722 <br> 59. 6948 <br> 51. 9966 <br> 58. 8403 <br> 58.5196 | 14. 0406 | 13.9376 | 6. 3693 | . 7154 | 99.6898 | 12.0549 | 21. 4301 | 29.7255 | 21.3485 | 23.7830 | 96. 5700 |
|  |  | 14. 0388 |  | 13. 9091 | 5. 9099 | . 7160 | 96. 2476 | 12.0430 | 22.0696 | 30.6604 | 21.9166 | 24. 1853 |  |  |
| October. |  | 13.9158 |  | 13. 0852 | 5.6202 | . 7127 | 89.1025 | 12.0690 | 22.8205 | 31. 8314 | 22. 7019 | 24.6765 | 96.5700 |  |
| Novembe |  | 13.9516 |  | 13.9070 | 6. 1704 | . 7138 | 88. 9914 | 12.0750 | 24. 5833 | 34. 0732 | 24.7246 | 26. 0124 | 96.5700 |  |
| December |  | 13.9460 |  | 13.9039 | 6.2010 | . 7148 | 82.7064 | 12.0669 | 23.6010 | 32.8054 | 23.7323 | 24.8704 | 96.5692 |  |
| 1932-January |  | 58.2724 | 13. 9518 | 13. 9140 | 6.1579 | . 7151 | 85.1301 | 12.0500 | 23. 5237 | 32. 6357 | 23.6966 | 24.8396 | 95.6656 |  |
| February |  | 58. 2204 | 13. 9516 | 13. 9384 | 6. 1720 | . 7145 | 87.2936 | 12.0500 | 24. 4696 | 33. 1449 | 24.3587 | 25. 3353 | 95. 2400 |  |
| March |  | 58. 2879 | 13. 9601 | 13. 9361 | 6. 2121 | . 7176 | 89. 4530 | 12.0606 | 23. 9969 | 32. 8061 | 23. 9213 | 24.6855 | 95. 2400 |  |
| April. |  | 58. 2171 | 13. 9544 | 13. 9956 | 6. 5402 | . 7201 | 89.8808 | 10.6538 | 22.3173 | 31. 2481 | 22.3221 | 23.7187 | 95.2400 |  |
| May |  | 58.3242 | 13.9645 | 14. 0249 | 7.1294 | . 7202 | 88.4430 | 6. 0000 | 21.6412 | 30.4700 | 21.7116 | 23.4337 | 95.2400 |  |
| June |  | 58. 5205 | 13.9600 | 13. 9366 | 7.5008 | . 7200 | 86.7427 | 6.0202 | 21. 2319 | 30. 2007 | 21.3125 | 23.3431 | 95.2400 |  |
| July. |  | 58. 5574 | 13. 8813 | 13. 8724 | 7. 5960 | . 7230 | 87.0658 | 6.0250 | 20.5462 | 29.3650 | 20.6400 | 22.8893 | 95.2400 |  |
| August |  | 58. 5695 | 13. 9696 | 13.8735 | 7.6221 | . 7209 | 87.5513 | 6.0283 | 20.9710 | 30.4332 | 21.0031 | 23.2479 | 95. 2400 |  |
| Month |  | Cuba | Czechoslovakia | Denmark | England | Finland | France | Germany | Greece | Hungary | India | Italy | Japan |  |
| 1931-August ..................... |  | 99.9703 | 2.9624 | 26. 7292 | 485.7725 | 2. 5148 | 3.9196 | 23.6576 | 1. 2936 | 17.4515 | 35.9425 | 5. 2304 | 49.3532 |  |
| September |  | 99.9678 | 2.9621 | 25. 2636 | 453.1260 | 2.5133 | 3. 2257 | 23.4212 | 1. 2926 | 17. 4496 | 33.9117 | 5. 1698 | 49.3351 |  |
| October. |  | 99.9944 | 2.9619 | 22.0209 | 388.9291 | 2.3082 | 3.9383 | 23.2395 | 1. 2883 | 17. 4640 | 28.6799 | 5. 1645 | 49. 2525 |  |
| November |  | 99.9913 | 2.9625 | 20.6700 | 371.9934 | 1. 9839 | 3.9201 | 23.6777 | 1. 2879 | 17.4670 | 27. 9874 | 5. 1548 | 49.2068 |  |
| December |  | 99.9470 | 2.9626 | 18.5875 | 337.3707 | 1.6938 | 3.9229 | 23.6192 | 1. 2879 | 17.4580 | 25.3612 | 5. 1094 | 43. 4644 |  |
| 1932-January |  | 99.9296 | 2.9627 | 18.8801 | 343. 1210 | 1. 5036 | 3.9294 | 23. 6475 | 1. 2877 | 17.4500 | 25.8179 | 5. 0441 | 35.9866 |  |
| February |  | 99.9622 | 2.9627 | 19. 0192 | 345.6316 | 1. 5014 | 3.9379 | 23. 7392 | 1. 2875 | 17. 4397 | 26.0329 | 5. 1799 | 34. 3233 |  |
| March |  | 100.0590 | 2.9628 | 20.0112 | 363.9304 | 1. 6015 | 3.9325 | 23. 7812 | 1. 2875 | 17. 4353 | 27. 3121 | 5. 1824 | 32.1562 |  |
| April |  | 99. 9816 | 2.9629 | 20.5267 | 374. 9994 | 1.7225 | 3. 9430 | 23.7427 | 1. 2318 | 17. 4298 | 28.0133 | 5. 1493 | 32.8063 |  |
| May |  | 99.9299 | 2.9650 | 20.0654 | 367.5140 | 1.7171 | 3. 9468 | 23.7947 | . 6641 | 17.4384 | 27.3175 | 5. 1491 | 31.9730 |  |
| June |  | 99.9217 | 2.9641 | 19.9248 | 364. 6648 | 1.7019 | 3.9363 | 23.6878 | . 6387 | 17.4740 | 27.1647 | 5.1162 | 30.2856 |  |
| July. |  | 99.9186 | 2.9589 | 19. 2044 | 354. 9564 | 1. 5350 | 3.9207 | 23.7176 | . 6399 | 17.4612 | 26. 6842 | 5. 1009 | 27.4471 |  |
| Augu |  | 99.9094 | 2.9596 | 18.4993 | 347.5721 | 1.5114 | 3.9187 | 23.7838 | . 6321 | 17. 4507 | 20.1577 | 5. 1144 | 24. 4944 |  |
| Month |  | Mexico | Netherlands | Norway | Poland | Portugal | Rumania | Spain | Straits Settlements | Sweden | Switzer- land | Uruguay | Yugoslavia |  |
| 1931-August |  | 30.0269 | 40.3182 | 26. 7328 | 11. 1970 | 4. 4216 | $\begin{array}{r} .5936 \\ .5936 \end{array}$ | 8.79648.9839 | 56. 0044 | $26.7487$ | 19.4862 | 46. 0147 | 1. 7694 |  |
| Septembe |  | 33. 4081 | 40. 267740.4256 | 25. 398222.0737 | 11. 1978 | 4. 4232 |  |  |  |  | 19.6009 | 34.8968 | 1.7653 |  |
| October |  | 36. 5878 |  |  | 11. 1955 | 3.9271 | $\begin{array}{r} 5936 \\ .5953 \end{array}$ | 8.9839 8.9631 | 45.1250 | 23.1140 |  |  |  |  |
| Novembe |  | 39. 1364 | 40.191640.2388 | 20. 5183 | 11. 1903 | 3. 6401 <br> 3. 2302 | $\begin{aligned} & .5966 \\ & .5959 \end{aligned}$ | 8. 6137 <br> 8. 3992 | $\begin{aligned} & 43.1386 \\ & 39.0313 \end{aligned}$ | 20.737818.7098 | 19.463219.4805 | 45.0027 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.7856 \\ & 1.7796 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| December |  | 39. 0086 |  | 18. 4831 | 11. 1902 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44.5487 |  |  |
| 1932-January |  | 39.3294 | 40.1828 | 18.6969 | 11. 1934 | 3.1642 | 5951 | 8.3945 | 39.6900 | 19. 1888 |  | 44.9160 | 1. 7784 |  |
| Februar |  | 37.8712 | 40. 3479 | 18. 7701 | 11. 1896 | 3.1830 | . 5950 | 7.7671 | 39.7745 | 19. 2922 | 19. 4961 | 46.1521 | 1. 7803 |  |
| March |  | 33.6841 | 40. 2799 | 19.6003 | 11. 1770 | 3. 2832 | . 5958 | 7.5993 | 41. 3333 | 19.8540 | 19.3405 | 47.0796 | 1. 7753 |  |
| April. |  | 33.3728 | 40. 4914 | 19.0780 | 11. 1847 | 3. 3804 | . 5960 | 7.6942 | 42.7404 | 19. 0910 | 19.4374 | 47.3186 | 1. 7725 |  |
| May |  | 30. 2540 | 40. 5474 | 18. 4823 | 11. 1810 | 3. 3267 | . 5970 | 8. 1169 | 42.2400 | 18. 7238 | 19. 5579 | 47.5433 | 1. 7743 |  |
| June. |  | 26.8977 | 40.4411 | 18.0626 | 11. 1839 | 3. 3320 | . 5966 | 8. 2451 | 41.9567 | 18. 7049 | 19. 5141 | 47. 2115 | 1. 7436 |  |
| July |  | 27. 7321 | 40.2740 | 17.6386 | 11. 1885 | 3.2240 | . 5972 | 8.0518 | 40.9675 | 18. 2190 | 19. 4684 | 47.5680 | 1. 6717 |  |
| Augu |  | 28. 5682 | 40.2443 | 17.4101 | 11. 1771 | 3.1579 | . 5978 | 8.0608 | 40.1042 | 17.8485 | 19.4528 | 47.4413 | 1. 6903 |  |
| Monetary units and pars of exchange (in cents per unit of foreign currency) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Country | Monetary unit |  | Par of exchange | Country |  | Monetary unit |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Par of } \\ \text { ex- } \\ \text { change } \end{gathered}$ | Country |  | Monetary unit |  | Par of exchange |  |
| Argentina--.-...-- | Gold peso........-- |  | $96.48$$14.07$ | Czechoslovakia... |  | Koruna............ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2.96 \\ 26.80 \end{array}$ | Norway.... |  | Krone.............. |  | 26.80 |  |
| Austria... |  |  | Denmark | Krone..................- |  | Poland. |  |  | 11.224.42 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Belgium. | Schilling...-.....-.-. |  |  | 14.07 13.90 | England. |  |  |  |  | Pound. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 26.80 \\ 486.66 \end{array}$ | Zloty |  |
| Brazil. | Milreis |  | 11.96.72 | Finland. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.52 \\ & 3.92 \end{aligned}$ | Rumania....... |  | Leu. |  | ${ }^{\text {. } 60}$ |  |  |  |
| Bulgaria | Lev. |  |  | France. |  |  |  |  | Franc.------- |  | Peseta |  | 40.55 |  |
| Canada | Dollar. |  | 100.00 120 | Germany |  | Rrachma.....-.-.-. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3.92 \\ 23.82 \end{array}$ | Straits Settle- |  | Straits Settio. ments dollar. |  |  |  |
| Chile | Peso.....-.....--Mexican dollarShanghai tael 1. |  | 12.17 |  |  |  |  | 1.3017.49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| China (and Hong Kong). |  |  | Hungary | Pengo ... |  | Sweden. | --.-.-...- |  |  |  | 26.80 19.30 |  |  |  |
|  | Shanghai tael 1.... |  |  | 23.23 30.65 | India.-. |  | Rupee |  | 36.50 5.26 | Switzerla | and. | Franc. |  | 19.30 103.42 |
|  | Hong Kong | dollar ${ }^{1}$ | 22.07 J | Japan |  | Yen. |  | 49.85 | Yugosla | via | Dinar.- |  | 1.76 |  |
| Colombia......... | Peso |  | 97.33 M | Mexico |  | Silver p |  | 49.85 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cub |  |  | 100.00 | Netherl |  |  |  | 40.20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^14]
## PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES

 security prices[Index numbers except as otherwise specified]

| Month | Bonds |  |  |  | Common stocks (1926 average $=100)^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States (average price) | $\begin{gathered} \text { England } \\ \binom{\text { (December, }}{1921=100} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { France } \\ & \text { (1913 aver- } \\ & \text { age }=100 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | Germany (average price) | United States | England | France | Germany |
| Number of issues. | 60 | 87 | 35 | 169 | 421 | 278 | 300 | 329 |
| 1930-June | 98.2 | 110.0 | 95.8 | 85.3 | 152.8 | 101.8 | 187.6 | 106.8 |
| July. | 98.7 | 112.3 | 95.7 | 86.0 | 149.3 | 103.1 | 188.8 | 100.9 |
| August.- | 99.6 | 111.9 | 96.6 | 85.7 | 147.6 | 98.4 | 182.0 | 94.8 |
| September- | 100.0 | 112.0 | 98.4 | 85.4 | 148.8 | 101.1 | 182.4 | 93.9 |
| October-- | 99.9 | 113.1 | 95.4 | 83.7 83.2 | 127.6 | 95.4 | 169.5 | 87.8 84.7 |
| December. | 97.8 | 112.5 | 94.1 | 82.7 | 109.4 | 89.0 | 149.8 | 80.0 |
| 1931-January. | 99.6 | 112.8 | 95.7 | 82.7 | 112.3 | 89.6 | 156.7 | 75.0 |
| February | 99.4 | 109.7 | 97.1 | 82.7 | 119.8 | 89.3 | 160.1 | 78.5 |
| March. | 100.0 | 111.6 | 97.9 | 83.8 | 121.6 | 89.4 | 155.4 | 83.6 |
| April.. | 99.6 | 111.3 | 99.0 | 84.8 | 109.2 | 85.1 | 148.5 | 84.8 |
| May | 99.7 | 110.8 | 98.4 | 84.2 | 98.0 | 76.8 | 138.2 | 76.1 |
| June.. | 99.4 | 111.1 | 98.8 | 82.4 | 95.1 | 77.8 | 141.2 | 69.6 |
| July..- | 99.4 | 111.2 | 98.9 | 481.4 | 98.2 | 79.2 | 132.6 | 470.5 |
| August | 98.5 | 107.2 | 99.5 |  | 95.5 | 73.8 | 130.5 |  |
| September | 95.6 | 103.5 | 97.7 | ${ }^{4} 70.4$ | 81.7 | 67.2 | 115.5 | ${ }^{4} 52.3$ |
| October--- | 89.4 | 104.2 | 94.8 | (3) | 69.7 | 75.6 | 106. 9 |  |
| November. | 89.0 | 104.8 | 94.4 | (3) | 71.7 | 74.7 | 104.3 | (8) |
| December. | 81.6 | 102.2 | 90.8 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 57.7 | 68.1 | 94.8 | (3) |
| 1932-January | 81.0 | 104.7 | 91.5 | ()) | 58.0 | 69.7 | 107.3 | ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| February | 80.3 | 106.5 | 90.3 | (3) | 56.4 | 68.9 | 126.2 | (3) |
| March... | 80.8 | 111.6 | 90.5 |  | 56.8 | 69.6 | 117.6 | (1) |
| ${ }^{\text {April}}$ | 79.4 | 110.6 | 89.0 | 463.0 | 43.9 | 63.5 | 107.3 | 45.5 |
| May | 75.2 | 111.4 | 85.9 | 64.4 | 39.8 | 61.6 | 94.4 | 46. 4 |
| June- | 72.2 | 111.0 | 85.2 | 60.4 | 34.0 | 59.3 | 97.4 | 45.6 |
| July | 74.2 | 115.6 | 87.4 | 62.2 | 35.9 | 63.5 | 100.0 | 45.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Stock price series for England, France, and Germany have been converted from original bases to a 1926 base.
New series compiled by the Statistisches Reichsamt; weighted average of the prices of one hundred sixty-nine 6 per cent bonds.
: Figures not available because of closing of the exchange.
4 Based on data for part of month, no quotations being available for remainder of month.
Bach figures.-See Bulletin for February, 1932, and sources there cited.
WHOLESALE PRICES-ALL COMMODITIES

| Month | $\begin{gathered} \text { United } \\ \text { States } \\ (1926=100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Canada } \\ (1926=100) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(1913=100)}{\text { England }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { France } \\ (1913=100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Germany } \\ (1913=100) \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(1913=100)}{\text { Italy }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Japan } \\ \text { (Oct. } \\ 1900=100 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nether- } \\ & \text { lands } \\ & (1913=100) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1930-June | 87 | 88 | 121 | 540 | 125 | 382 | 181 | 118 |
| July | 84 | 86 | 119 | 558 | 125 | 375 | 177 | 115 |
| August.- | 84 | 84 | 118 | 560 | 125 | 379 | 176 | 114 |
| September. | 84 | 82 | 116 | 556 | 123 | 374 | 172 | 112 |
| October.... | 83 | 81 | 113 | 552 | 120 | 364 | 165 | 111 |
| November | 81 | 80 | 112 | 551 | 120 | 361 | 162 | 110 |
| December | 80 | 78 | 109 | 541 | 118 | 350 | 161 | 107 |
| 1931-January - | 78 | 77 | 107 | 541 | 115 | 342 | 158 | 105 |
| February | 77 | 76 | 106 | 538 | 114 | 338 | 158 | 104 |
| March | 76 | 75 | 106 | 539 | 114 | 339 | 158 | 103 |
| April. | 75 | 74 | 106 | 540 | 114 | 337 | 158 | 102 |
| May...... | 73 | 73 | 104 | 520 | 113 | 332 | 154 | 102 |
| June....- | 72 | 72 | 103 | 518 | 112 | 327 | 151 | 100 |
| July--- | 72 | -72 | 102 | 500 | 112 | 324 | 153 | 97 |
| August.-... | 72 | 71 | 100 | 488 | 110 | 322 | 152 | 94 |
| September | 71 | 70 | 99 | 473 | 109 | 319 | 150 | 91 |
| October... | 70 | 70 | 104 | 457 | 107 | 322 | 147 | 89 |
| November. | 70 | 71 | 106 | 447 | 107 | 320 | 147 | 89 |
| December-- | 69 | 70 | 106 | 442 | 104 | 319 | 151 | 85 |
| 1932-January. | 67 | 69 | 106 | 439 | 100 | 317 | 160 |  |
| February-. | 66 | 69 | 105 | 446 | 100 | 314 | 161 | 83 |
| March | 66 | 69 | 105 | 444 | 100 | 315 | 159 | 82 |
| April..... | 66 | 68 | 102 | 439 | 98 | 311 | 154 | 80 |
| May------ | 64 | 68 | 108 | 438 | 97 | 305 | 150 | 79 |
| June... | 64 | 67 | 98 | 425 | 96 | 297 | 146 | 78 |
| July... | 65 | 67 | 98 | 430 | 96 | 296 | 148 | 76 |

r Revised.

# PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES-Continued 

 WHOLESALE PRICES-GROUPS OF COMMODITIES[Groups are those included in indexes shown in preceding table]

${ }^{1}$ Average of October, 1913, January, April, and July, $1914=100$.
Sources: Wholesale prices.-For original sources, see Bulletin for March, 1931 (p. 159). Retail food prices and cost of living.-United StatesBureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor; England-Ministry of Labour; Germany-Statistisches Reichsamt; France-for retail food prices, \$tatistique Génêrale, and for cost of living, Commission d'études relatives au coût de la vie à Paris.

## LAW DEPARTMENT

Changes in law and regulations with regard to loans on notes secured by adjusted service certificates.
Under the provisions of an act of Congress approved July 21, 1932, which amends section 502 of the World War adjusted compensation act in certain respects, a loan secured by an adjusted service certificate may be made at any time after the date of the certificate and the rate of interest on any such loan may not exceed $31 / 2$ per cent per annum, compounded annually. Prior to this amendment the law had provided that such a loan might be made only at the expiration of two years after the date of the certificate securing the loan and at a rate of interest not exceeding $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent per annum, compounded annually. The Federal Reserve Board on August 10, 1932, amended its Regulation G with regard to the rediscount of notes secured by adjusted service certificates so as to conform to the law as amended by the act of July 21, 1932, and the regulations of the Veterans' Administration with regard to loans on adjusted service certificates have also been revised so as to conform to the provisions of the law as amended. There are published below the text of the act of July 21, 1932, the text of the Federal Reserve Board's Regulation G as amended, and the text of the amended regulations of the Veterans' Administration on this subject.

> [Public-No. 303-72d Congress]
[S. 4569]
ANACT Relating to loans to veterans on their adjusted-service certificates.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of subdivision (b) of section 502 of the World War Adjusted Compensation Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 38, sec. 642(b)), is hereby amended to read as follows:
"(b) Any national bank, or any bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of any State, Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia (hereinafter in this section called 'bank'), is authorized to loan to any veteran upon his promissory note secured by his adjusted-service certificate (with or without the consent of the beneficiary thereof) any amount not in excess of the loan basis (as defined in subdivision (g) of this section) of the certificate".

Sec. 2. (a) Subdivisions (c) and (d) of section 502 of such Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 38, secs. 642 (c) and $642(\mathrm{~d})$ ), are hereby amended by striking out " 6 per centum" wherever occurring in such subdivisions and inserting in lieu thereof " $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per centum".
(b) Subdivision (l) of section 502 of such Act, as amended (U. S. C., Sup. V, title 38, sec. 642 (1)), is amended by striking out " $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof " $31 / 2$ per centum".
(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall not apply with respect to interest accrued prior to the date of the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 3. Subdivision (m) of section 502 of such Act, as amended (U. S. C., Sup. V, title 38, sec. 642 (m)), is hereby amended to read as follows:
"(m) Loans made by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs under this section may at his option be made out of the United States Government life insurance fund, or out of the Adjusted Service Certificate Fund created under section 505. In case of loans made out of the United States Government life insurance fund the fund shall be entitled to receive interest at the rate of $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per centum per annum, compounded annually, but, in respect of interest on any such loan accruing after this subdivision as amended takes effect, the amount by which interest at such rate exceeds $31 / 2$ per centum per annum, compounded annually, shall be paid to the United States Government life insurance fund out of the Adjusted Service Certificate Fund".

Approved, July 21, 1932.

## REGULATION G, SERIES OF 1932

(Superseding Regulation G of 1931)

## REDISCOUNT OF NOTES SECURED BY ADJUSTED SERVICE CERTIFICATES

SECTION I. STATUTORY PROVISIONS
Under the terms of the World War adjusted compensation act as amended, loans may lawfully be made to veterans upon their adjusted service certificates only in accordance with the provisions of section 502 thereof, as amended.

Any national bank, or any bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of any State, Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia is authorized, at any time after the date of the certificate, to loan to any veteran upon his promissory note secured by his adjusted service certificate any amount not in excess of the loan value of the certificate, which is (a) 50 per cent of the face value of the certificate, or (b) the loan value stated on the face of the certificate, whichever is the greater amount. The law provides that the rate of interest charged upon the loan by the lending bank shall not exceed by more than 2 per cent per annum the rate charged at the date of the loan for the discount of 90 -day commercial paper by the Federal reserve bank of the Federal reserve district in which
the lending bank is located and, as to loans made on or after July 21, 1932, shall in no event exceed $31 / 2$ per cent per annum, compounded annually. ${ }^{1}$

Upon the indorsement of any bank, which shall be deemed a waiver of demand, notice and protest by such bank as to its own indorsement exclusively, and subject to regulations to be prescribed by the Federal Reserve Board, any such note secured by an adjusted service certificate and held by a bank is made eligible for rediscount with the Federal reserve bank of the Federal reserve district in which such bank is located, whether or not the bank offering the note for rediscount is a member of the Federal reserve system and whether or not it acquired the note in the first instance from the veteran or acquired it by transfer upon the indorsement of any other bank; provided that at the time of rediscount such note has a maturity not in excess of nine months, exclusive of days of grace, and complies in all other respects with the provisions of the law, the regulations of the United States Veterans' Bureau, and the regulations of the Federal Reserve Board.

## SECTION II. DEFINTIONS

Within the meaning of this regulation-
(a) The term "the act" shall mean the World War adjusted compensation act as amended;
(b) The term "director" shall mean the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, who has been vested by law with the power and duties formerly vested in the Director of the United States Veterans' Bureau;
(c) The term "certificate" shall mean an adjusted service certificate issued under the provisions of section 501 of the World War adjusted compensation act as amended;
(d) The term "veteran" shall mean any person to whom an adjusted service certificate has been issued by the director under the provisions of the World War adjusted compensation act as amended;
(e) The term "bank" shall mean any national bank or any bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of any State, Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia;
(f) The term "note" shall mean a promissory note secured by an adjusted service certificate and evidencing a loan made by a bank on the security of such certificate in full compliance with the provisions of the World War adjusted compensation act as amended and the regulations of the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.
${ }^{1}$ Ioans made on or after Feb. 27, 1931, but prior to July 21, 1932, could be made at a rate of interest not exceeding $41 / 2$ per cent per annum, compounded annually.

## SECTION III. ELIGIBILITY

In order to be eligible for rediscount at a Federal reserve bank, any such note must-
(a) Arise out of a loan made by a bank to a veteran in full compliance with the provisions of the act and of any regulation which the director may prescribe;
(b) Be secured by the certificate issued to the maker, which certificate must accompany the note;
(c) Be held by the offering bank in its own right at the time it is offered for rediscount;
(d) Be in the form approved by the director;
(e) Have a maturity at the time of rediscount not in excess of nine months, exclusive of days of grace: Provided, however, That when such note contains, in the form approved by the director, a provision for the extension of the maturity thereof from year to year, at the option of the holder evidenced by his indorsement thereon, the maturity of said note (after the first maturity stated thereon) shall, for the purpose of determining its eligibility for rediscount, be deemed to be that stated in the latest extension indorsed thereon by the holder;
(f) Evidence a loan the amount of which does not exceed (a) 50 per cent of the face value of the certificate or (b) the loan value stated on the face of the certificate for the year in which such loan was made, whichever amount is greater;
(g) Be payable with interest accruing after the date of the note at a rate stated in the face of the note, which rate must not exceed by more than 2 per cent per annum the rate charged at the date of the loan for the discount of 90 -day commercial paper by the Federal reserve bank of the Federal reserve district in which the lending bank is located: Provided, however, That, if the loan or any extension thereof was made on or after July 21, 1932, the rate must not in any event exceed $31 / 2$ per cent per annum, compounded annually;
(h) Bear the indorsement of the bank offering it for rediscount, which indorsement shall be deemed a waiver of demand, notice, and protest by such bank as to its own indorsement exclusively;
(i) Be accompanied by the evidence of eligibility required by this regulation and such other evidence of eligibility as may be required by the Federal reserve bank to which it is offered for rediscount; and
(j) Comply in all other respects with the requirements of the law and of this regulation.

## SECTION IV. EVIDENCE OF ELIGIBILITY

(a) General.-The Federal reserve bank to which a note is offered for rediscount must be satisfied either by reference to the note itself or otherwise that the loan evidenced by the note or any sale, discount, or rediscount thereof complies in all respects with the provisions of section 502 of the act and that the note is eligible for rediscount by a Federal reserve bank under the terms of the law and the provisions of this regulation.
(b) Affidavit of lending bank.-Any note offered to $a^{\text {a }}$ Federal reserve bank for rediscount must be accompanied by the affidavit required by section 502 (h) of the act and the regulations of the director, in form approved by the director, made by an officer of the bank which made the loan, before a notary public or other officer designated for the purpose by regulations of the director, stating that-
(1) Such bank has not charged or collected, or attempted to charge or collect, directly or indirectly, any fee or other compensation in respect of any loan, made by such bank to any veteran under section 502 of the act, except the interest authorized by such section;
(2) The person who obtained the loan evidenced by such note is known to be the veteran named in the certificate securing such note;
(3) Such bank has notified the director that it has made a loan to the veteran named in the certificate, as required by the regulations of the director; and
(4) Such bank has notified the veteran by mail at his last known post-office address of any sale, discount, or rediscount of such note by such bank, as required by section 502 (b) of the act.
(c) Affidavit of other banks.-If such note is offered for rediscount by a bank other than the bank which made the loan thereon, it must also be accompanied by an affidavit of an officer of the offering bank and an affivadit of an officer of each other bank which has sold, discounted, or rediscounted such note, which affidavit shall be in form approved by the director and shall state that the bank of which the affiant is an officer has promptly notified the veteran by mail at his last known post-office address of the sale, discount, or rediscount of such note by such bank, as required by section 502 (b) of the act.

## SECTION V. APPLICATION FOR REDISCOUNT

Every application for the rediscount of such notes shall be made on a form approved by the Federal reserve bank to which such note is offered and shall contain a certificate of the offering bank to the effect that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, such note arose out of a loan made in full compliance with the provisions of the act and the regulations of the director and is eligible for rediscount under the provisions of section 502 of the act and of this regulation.

## SECTION VI. PROPER BANK FOR REDISCOUNT

No such note shall be rediscounted by any Federal reserve bank for any bank not located in its own Federal reserve district, except that such notes may be rediscounted by any Federal reserve bank for any other Federal reserve bank.

SECTION VII. RATE OF REDISCOUNT
The rate of interest charged by any Federal reserve bank on any such note rediscounted by it shall be the same as that charged by it for the rediscount of 90 -day notes drawn for a commercial purpose, except that when such notes are rediscounted for another Federal reserve bank the rate shall be that fixed by the Federal Reserve Board.
section viil. rediscounts for nonmember bants
No Federal reserve bank shall rediscount such notes for any nonmember bank until such bank has furnished to the Federal reserve bank such information as it may request in order to satisfy itself as to the condition of such bank and the advisability of making the rediscount for it.

## EXTRACT OF REGULATIONS-VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

LOANS BY BANKS ON ADJUSTED SERVICE CERTIFICATES UNDER SECTION 502 OF THE WORLD WAR ADJUSTED COMPENSATION ACT
4675. Certificates.-Adjusted service certificates are dated as of the 1st day of the month in which the applications were filed, but no certificates are dated prior to January 1, 1925. Loans on the security of such certificates may be made at any time after the date of the certificate. The fact that a certificate is stamped or marked "duplicate" does not destroy its value as security for a loan. (July 21, 1932.)
4676. To whom loan may be made.-Only the veteran named in the certificate can lawfully obtain a loan on his adjusted service certificate, and neither the beneficiary nor any other person than the veteran has any rights in this respect. The person to whom the loan is made must be known to the lending bank to be the veteran named in the certificate securing such note. The consent of the beneficiary is not required, the act providing that a loan on the security of the certificate may be made "with or without the consent of the beneficiary thereof." Loans may be made to veterans adjudged incompetent only through the guardians of such veterans and pursuant to specific order of the court having jurisdiction. Certified copy of court order must be submitted if note be presented for redemption by the Veterans' Administration. (July 21, 1932.)
4677. By whom loans may be made.-Any national bank or any bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of any State, Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia, hereinafter referred to as any "bank," is authorized to loan to any veteran upon his
promissory note secured by his adjusted service certificate any amount not in excess of the loan value of the certificate at the date the loan is made. Each certificate contains on its face a table for determining the loan value of the certificate, but it is provided by amendment to the World War adjusted compensation act dated February 27, 1931, that the loan value of any certificate shall at no time be less than 50 per cent of the face value. Upon the making of such loan, the lending bank shall promptly notify the Veterans' Administration of the name of the veteran, the A number shown immediately after the name, the number of the certificate, the amount, the rate of interest, and date of loan; however, this requirement may be waived by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs. (July. 21, 1932.)
4678. Form of note.-The form of note used in making loans secured by adjusted service certificates should substantially follow Veterans' Administration Form No. 6615 or 6615-a. Veterans' Administration Form 6615-a is as follows:

## \$...-...........

One year after date I promise to pay to the order of dollars for value received, with interest after date until paid (at the rate of .................................. dent per annum, simple interest) (at the rate of .....- per cent per annum, compounded annually on the anniversary of the date of the note.)
This note is payable at the bank named above.
If the principal and interest of this note are not paid at maturity, the maker and all indorsers hereby authorize the holder, at his option, evidenced by the holder's indorsement to that effect hereon, to extend the maturity of this note for a period of one year, and to repeat such extension from year to year. Whenever the holder shall indorse an extension of maturity hereon, this note and all indorsements hereon shall remain in full force and effect according to their original tenor, except that the maturity of the note shall then be deemed for all purposes to be that stated in the latest extension.
As collateral security for the prompt payment of this note I have delivered to and do hereby pledge with the bolder of this note my Adjusted Service Certificate No. $\qquad$ - dated further identified by No. A This note may be sold, discounted, or rediscounted and the certificate pledged herewith may be transferred in accordance with the provisions of the World War adjusted compensation act, as amended. If the principal and interest of this note are not paid at its maturity, any bank holding this note and certificate may, at any time after maturity of the loan, but not before the expiration of six months after the loan was made, present this note and certificate to the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs in order to secure payment of this loan, as provided in the World War adjusted compensation act, as amended.
(x)
(Signature of veteran.)
(Please print or Name of veteran.-
typewrite Street address or route number.
name and City or town and State
address of vet-
cran here.)
The form of indorsement used in accordance with the second paragraph of Form 6615-a should be substantially as follows:
The principal and interest of this note not having been paid at maturity, the maturity is hereby extended to
(Date of new maturity.)
(JULY 21, 1932.)
(Signature of holder.)
4679. Interest charges.-The rate of interest which a bank may charge upon such a loan shall not exceed by more than 2 per cent per annum, the rate charged at the date of the loan for the discount of 90 -day commercial paper under section 13 of the Federal reserve act by the Federal reserve bank of the district in which the lending bank is located. As to all loans made on or after July 21, 1932, the rate of interest must not exceed (a) simple interest at a rate 2 per cent above the Federal reserve discount rate of the district of the lending bank, or (b) $31 / 2$ per cent interest compounded annually, whichever is the lower. In no event shall the rate of interest charged exceed the maximum legal rate established for the State, Territory, or possession of the United States in which the bank is located. When a loan is made by a bank located in a Territory or possession not embraced in any Federal reserve district, the highest rate charged by any Federal reserve bank at the date of the loan for the discount of 90 -day commercial paper may be taken as the basis for establishing the rate of interest on loans made in such Territory or possession. In no event may the rate of interest charged on loans made subsequent to July 21,1932 , exceed $31 / 2$ per cent compounded annually. The rates of interest charged on loans made outside the continental limits of the United States by a branch of a bank whose head office is in the Federal reserve district are governed by the discount rate charged by the Federal reserve bank in which such head office is located: Provided, however, That in no event shall a rate charged for any loan made on or after July 21, 1932, exceed $31 / 2$ per cent compounded annually. No charge, other than the interest charge provided herein, may be made by the lending bank, the act providing, under penalty, that such bank shall not charge or collect, or attempt to charge or collect directly or indirectly, any fee or other compensation in respect of any loan made upon the security of an adjusted service certificate except the interest authorized by law. Any violation of this provision will make the loan void. On notes for loans made prior to July 21, 1932, containing option of extension in the form prescribed in section 4678 of these regulations, the interest rate may continue to the first following date of maturity, at the rate charged on the date the loan was originally made. (July 21, 1932.)
4680. Sale or discount of note by holding bank.Any bank holding a note secured by an adjusted service certificate may sell the note to any bank authorized to make a loan to a veteran and deliver the certificate to such bank. In case a note secured by an adjusted service certificate is sold or transferred, the bank selling, discounting, or rediscounting the note is required by law to notify the veteran promptly by mail at his last known post-office address. No adjusted service certificate is negotiable to assignable, or may serve as security for a loan, except as provided in section 502 of the World War adjusted compensation act, as amended. Any negotiation, assignment, or loan made in violation of section 502 of the World War adjusted
compensation act is void. In case of sale, discount, or rediscount by the bank which made the loan, the note or notes should be accompanied by the affidavit required by paragraph 4685 of these regulations. (July 21, 1932.)
4681. Rediscounts with Federal reserve banks.Upon the indorsement of any bank, which shall be deemed a waiver of demand, notice, and protest by such bank as to its own indorsement exclusively, and subject to regulations to be prescribed by the Federal Reserve Board, any such note secured by an adjusted service certificate and held by a bank is made eligible for discount or rediscount by the Federal reserve bank of the Federal reserve district in which such bank is located, whether or not the bank offering the note for discount or rediscount is a member of the Federal reserve system and whether or not it acquired the note in the first instance from the veteran or acquired it by transfer upon the indorsement of any other bank; provided that at the time of discount or rediscount such note has a maturity not in excess of nine months, exclusive of days of grace, and complies in all other respects with the provisions of the law, the regulations of the Federal Reserve Board and these regulations.

## Redemption by Veterans' Administration

4682. If the veteran does not pay the loan at its maturity, the bank holding the note and certificate may at any time after the maturity of the loan, but not before the expiration of six months after the loan was made, present them to the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs. The Administrator may in his discretion accept the certificate and note and pay the bank in full satisfaction of its claim, the amount of the unpaid principal due it, and the unpaid interest at the rate fixed in the note, up to the date of the check issued to the bank. (July 21, 1932.)
4683. It will be the policy of the Veterans' Administration to redeem all loans made in accordance with the law and regulations made pursuant thereto, when such loans are made in good faith to the veteran to whom the certificate was issued. If, while his certificate is held by a bank as security for a loan, the veteran applies for the increased loan value authorized by the amendment to the World War adjusted compensation act dated February 27, 1931, whether or not the loan has matured, the veteran and the bank will be informed fully of the provisions of this section and that the bank may make the loan for the additional amount or, upon request of the veteran, may send the note and certificate to the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs. The Administrator shall, if the loan was legally made, accept such certificate and note, and pay to the bank in full satisfaction of its claim the amount of the unpaid principal due it and the unpaid interest at the rate fixed in the note, up to the date of the check issued to the bank, or up to the date of maturity of the loan whichever is the later date. If the loan has not matured the
bank may waive its right to interest up to date of maturity or any portion of such interest. (July 21, 1932.)
4684. If the veteran dies before the maturity of the loan, the amount of the unpaid principal and the unpaid interest accrued up to the date of his death shall be immediately due and payable. In such case, or if the veteran dies on the day the loan matures or within six months thereafter, the bank holding the note and certificate shall, upon notice of the death, present them to the Administrator, who shall pay to the bank, in full satisfaction of its claim the amount of the unpaid principal and unpaid interest, at the rate fixed in the note, accrued up to the date of the check issued to the bank; except that if, prior to the payment, the bank is notified of the death by the Administrator and fails to present the certificate and note to the Administrator within 15 days after the notice such interest shall be only up to the fifteenth day after such notice. (July 21, 1932.)
4685. In order to be eligible for redemption by the Veterans' Administration, the note and certificate must be accompanied by an affidavit of a duly authorized officer (the capacity in which the officer serves must be shown) of the lending bank showing that the said bank has not charged or collected, or attempted to charge or collect, directly or indirectly, any fee or other compensation in respect of the loan, or any other loan made by the bank under the provisions of section 502 of the World War adjusted compensation act, except the rate of interest specified in the section of the act cited; that the person who obtained the loan is known to the lending bank to be the person named in the adjusted service certificate; and that notice required by paragraph 4677 of these regulations was promptly given. In case the note was sold or discounted by the lending bank, there should be incorporated in the affidavit a statement that the veteran was notified promptly of the transfer by mail to his last known address. In case the note was resold or rediscounted by any other bank, affidavit shall be made by a duly authorized officer of such bank that proper notice of such resale or rediscount was promptly mailed to the veteran at his last known address. The proper execution of the appropriate affidavit on Form No. 6615 will be considered as a compliance with the requirements of this paragraph. A single affidavit setting forth the full particulars may be accepted to cover any number of veterans' notes submitted for redemption at one time. The affidavit must be executed before a judge of the United States court, United States commissioner, United States district attorney, United States marshal, collector of internal revenue, collector of customs, United States postmaster, clerk of court of record under the seal of the court, an executive officer of an incorporated bank or trust company, under his official designation and the seal of the bank or trust company, or a notary public under his seal, or a diplomatic or consular officer of the Cnited States, under his official seal. (July 21, 1932.)

FEDERAL RESERVE STATISTICS BY DISTRICTS, ETC.

## DISCOUNTS, BY MONTHS

[In millions of dollars]

| Federal reserve bank | A verage of daily figures |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1932 |  | 1931 |
|  | August | July | August |
| Boston.. | 19.2 | 25.4 | 8.9 |
| New York | 93.2 | 103.5 | 48.1 |
| Philadelphia | 65.1 | 72.3 | 18.6 |
| Cleveland..- | 35.5 | 51.7 | 25.0 |
| Richmond | 27.7 | 28.5 | 18.5 |
| Atlanta. | 33.5 | 39.9 | 20.4 |
| Chicago. | 33.2 | 41.2 | 15.9 |
| St. Louis | 12.4 | 13.5 | 10.6 |
| Minneapolis. | 13.7 | 12.7 | 4.6 |
| Kansas City. | 21.1 | 23.1 | 13.1 |
| Dallas.-- | 16.8 | 16.0 | 13.3 |
| San Francisco | 79.5 | 95.2 | 25.4 |
| Total | 450.8 | 522.9 | 222.3 |

DISCOUNTS, BY WEEKS
[In thousands of dollars]

| Federal reserve bank | Wednesday series (1932) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aug. 3 | Aug. 10 | Aug. 17 | Aug. 24 | Aug. 31 |
| Boston | 20,888 | 20,400 | 18,030 | 18,199 | 17,454 |
| New York | 98,635 | 94,490 | 90,974 | 90,922 | 90,476 |
| Philadelphia. | 69,816 | 64,321 | 63,005 | 61,487 | 62,938 |
| Cleveland. | 38,392 | 37,323 | 35,705 | 32, 641 | 33, 547 |
| Richmond | 27,970 | 26, 855 | 26, 989 | 26,591 | 26, 174 |
| Atlanta | 35,783 | 30, 485 | 33, 624 | 32,357 | 33,331 |
| Chicago. | 35,811 | 33,208 | 32,693 | 30,934 | 31,276 |
| St. Louis | 13, 678 | 12,449 | 12, 482 | 11, 246 | 11,619 |
| Minneapolis. | 13,944 | 13, 646 | 13, 677 | 13, 590 | 13,529 |
| Kansas City | 23, 635 | 21,224 | 20, 367 | 20,323 | 20,432 |
| Dallas. | 18,511 | 17,010 | 16,153 | 15,823 | 15,748 |
| San Francisc | 90, 120 | 80,527 | 79,161 | 72,591 | 76,232 |
| Total | 487, 183 | 451, 938 | 442, 860 | 426, 704 | 432, 756 |

RESERVES, DEPOSITS, NOTE CIRCULATION, AND RESERVE PERCENTAGES
[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

| Federal reserve bank | Averages of daily figures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total cash reserves |  |  | Total deposits |  |  | Federal reserve notes in circulation ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Reserve percentages |  |  |
|  | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 |
|  | August | July | August | August | July | August | August | July | August | August | Julv | August |
| Boston. | 215, 673 | 225, 678 | 239, 930 | 134, 633 | 143, 050 | 155, 218 | 202, 666 | 207, 068 | 139, 457 | 63.9 | 64.5 | 81.4 |
| New York-.. | +50, 174 | 792, 668 | 1, 213, 608 | 992, 614 | 940, 561 | 1, $1,081,769$ | 601, 056 | 607,446 | 369, 589 | 53.3 | 51.2 | 83.6 |
| Philadelphia. | 202, 704 | 198, 737 | 262, 162 | 120, 634 | 120, 408 | 161, 111 | 255, 869 | 257, 030 | 149,969 | 53.8 | 52.7 | 84.3 |
| Cleveland. | 254, 599 | 245, 869 | 352, 662 | 147, 506 | 151, 249 | 212, 152 | 293, 356 | 294, 872 | 219,550 | 57.8 | 35.1 | 81.7 |
| Richmond | 85, 356 | 73, 796 | 91, 335 | 54, 900 | 55, 193 | 70,583 | 102, 445 | 92, 641 | 67,809 | 54.2 | 49.9 | 66.0 |
| Atlanta | 80, 534 | 72, 804 | 136, 194 | 45,418 | 44, 805 | 62, 026 | 110,278 | 113,363 | 114, 078 | 51.7 | 46.0 | 77.3 |
| Cbicago. | 740,408 | 724,591 | 672, 300 | 800,980 | 284,578 | 357, 981 | 718, 396 | 731,387 | 405, 955 | 72.16 | 71.3 | 88.0 |
| $\mathrm{St}_{\text {c }}$ Louis | 85, 036 | 84, 084 | 111,066 | 56, 670 | 57,989 | 74, 550 | 100, 872 | 98,216 | 73,225 | 54.0 | 53.8 | 75.2 |
| Minneapolis | 56, 348 | 59, 562 | 74, 193 | 41,000 | 42,468 | 52,929 | 79, 709 | 79,455 | 50, 880 | 43.7 | 48.9 | 71.5 |
| Kansas City | 89, 094 | 83, 245 | 100,565 | 69, 207 | 68,753 | 87,064 |  | 91, 105 | 66,322 | 54.2 | 52.1 | 65.6 |
| Dallas.-.-. | 42, 218 | $\begin{array}{r}44,699 \\ \hline 18747\end{array}$ | 47, 281 | 45, 387 | 47,560 | 58, 955 | 37,582 | $\begin{array}{r}37,669 \\ \hline 250\end{array}$ | 27,055 | 80.9 | 52.4 | 55.0 |
| San Francisco | 205,389 | 187, 470 | 318,618 | 144,907 | 137, 729 | 196, 690 | 250, 040 | 252, 381 | 191,871 | 52.3 | 48.1 | 82. 0 |
| Tot | 2,908,533 2, 793, 197 |  | 3, 619,914 | 2,153, 856 | 2.094,343 | 2,571,028 | 2, 847, 2 c6 | 2, 862, 633 | 1,875,760 | 58.2 | 56.3 | 81.4 |

[^15]
## EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK-RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES, ALSO FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT, AUGUST 31, 1932

[In thousands of dollars]

|  | Total | Boston | New York | Philadelphia | Cleveland | Richmond | $\underset{\text { ta }}{\text { Atlan- }}$ | Chicago | $\begin{aligned} & \text { St. } \\ & \text { Louis } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Min- } \\ & \text { neap- } \\ & \text { olis } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Kan- } \\ & \text { sas } \\ & \text { City } \end{aligned}$ | Dallas | San <br> Francisco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Resources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold with Federal reserve agents $\qquad$ | 2,081, 761 | 163, 127 | 516, 296 | 151, 000 | 188, 970 | 69,300 | 53,500 | 617, 345 | 60,760 | 36,835 | 56, 680 | 25,685 | 142, 263 |
| Gold redemption fund with <br> U. S. Treasury | 57,668 | 3, 101 | 12,242 | 6,309 | 6, 189 | 2, 461 | 3, 639 | 8,586 | 2,022 | 2,281 | 2,657 | 1,167 | 7,014 |
| Gold held exclusively against Federal reserve notes. | 2, 139, 429 | 166, 228 | 528, 538 | 157, 309 | 195, 159 | 71,761 | 57, 139 | 625, 931 | 62,782 | 39, 116 | 59,337 | 26, 85 | 49, 277. |
| Gold settlement fund with Federal Reserve Board | $73,486$ | 12,44 | 102, 792 | 6,778 | 19, 172 | 9,377 | 7,84 | 62, | 5,504 | $0,470$ | 10,005 | 6,817 | 20,398 |
| Gold and gold certifica |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| held by banks. | 360, 046 | 16,515 | 225, 806 | 6,384 | 18, 357 | 7,533 | 8,545 | 29,652 | 5,913 | 3,578 | 10,652 | 3,951 | 23, 160 |
| Total gold r | 2, 772,961 | 195, 186 | 857, 136 | 170, 471 | 232, 688 | 88,671 | 73, 529 | 718, 468 | 74, 199 | 52, 164 | 79,994 | 37,620 | 192,835 |
| Reserves other than | 206, 702 | 18, 499 | 55, 622 | 34, 823 | 19, 322 | 8,570 | 5,3 | 26,643 | 9,598 | 4,239 | 6,209 | 7,462 | 10,371 |
| Total reser | 2, 979, | 213, 685 | 912,758 | 205, 294 | 252, 010 | 97, 241 | 78, 873 | 745, 111 | 83, 797 | 56, 403 | 86, 203 | 45, 082 | 203, 206 |
| Nonreserve cash | 75, 119 | 5, 46 | 19,058 | 3,684 | 4, 085 | 4, 153 | 5,458 | 13, 291 | 3,976 | 1,940 | 2,391 | 3,238 | 8,380 |
| Bi |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Secured by U. S. Government obligations | 157,545 | 7,795 | 54,689 | 19,684 | 14,932 | 4,3 | 5,108 | 9,911 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other bills discounted...- | 275, 211 | 9,659 | 35,787 | 43, 254 | 18,615 | 21, 830 | 28, 223 | 21, 365 | 5,127 | 12,294 | 18,677 | 13,414 | 46,966 |
| Total bills discounted.- | 432, 75 | 17, 454 | 90, 476 | 62,938 | 33, 547 | 26, 174 | 33, 331 | 31, 276 | 11,619 | 13,529 | , 432 | 5, 748 | 76, 232 |
| Bills bought | 34,09 | 2, 343 | 11,066 | 3,253 | 3,102 | 2,641 | 1,206 | 4, 428 | 1,007 | 631 | 891 | 877 | 2,653 |
| U. S. Government securities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certificates an | 1, 3954,753 | 22,722 78,156 | 151, 497 | $31,2,114$ <br> 75 | 42,124 <br> 99 | 11,136 <br> 26,349 | 11, 181 | 50,965 183,470 | 15, 1313 | 11, 125 | 13,511 <br> 31,980 | 4, 896 11,583 |  |
| Total U. S. Government securities. | 1,851,715 | 121, 228 | 711,292 | 139, 325 | 178, 282 | 47, 133 | 46,945 | 275, 210 | 66, 156 | 54, 712 | 57, 267 | 30, 721 | 123,444 |
| Other securities | 5,915 |  | 4, 168 | 1,603 |  |  |  |  |  | 144 |  |  |  |
| Total bills and securities | 2, 324, 484 | 141, 025 | 817,002 | 207, 119 | 214, 931 | 75,948 | 81,482 | 310,914 | 78, 782 | 69,016 | 78,590 | 47,346 | 202, 329 |
| Due from foreign banks- | 2,668 | 211 |  | 287 | 269 | 106 | 98 | 373 | 18 | 11 | 77 | 74 | 184 |
| Federal reserve notes of other banks. |  | 340 |  | 06 |  | 1, 182 | 769 | 1,752 |  | 15 | 17 | 68 | 2,267 |
| Uncollected item | 312, 272 | 37, 741 | 91,998 | 26,963 | 27, 820 | 23,628 | 7,994 | 35,766 | 13, 371 | 7,372 | 15,683 | 11, 540 | 12, 396 |
| Bank premises | 58, 121 | 3,336 | 14, 817 | 2,901 | 7,968 | 3,617 | 2, 489 | 7, 828 | 3, 461 | 1,835 | 3,647 | 1,787 | 4,433 |
| All other resources. | 47,613 | 1,406 | 28,859 | 727 | 1,188 | 3,223 | 3,719 | 2,470 | 1, 131 | 1,582 | 848 | 1,307 | 1,153 |
| Total resources | 5,815, 022 | 403, 209 | 1,890, 254 | 447, 281 | 509, 286 | 209, 098 | 180, 882 | 1,117,505 | 185, 585 | 138, 674 | 188, 258 | 110,642 | 434, 348 |
| liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal reserve notes in actual circulation. | 2, 814, 020 | 200, 850 | 593, 551 | 251, 407 | 289, 533 | 107, 848 | 107, 878 | 706, 730 | 100, 277 | 79,571 | 94, 255 | 37,530 | 244, 590 |
| Deposits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Member bank |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| account.- | 2, 146, 183 | 128, 805 | 1,029, 105 | 119, 074 | 140,502 | 49,864 | 42,737 | 306, 031 | 51, 336 | 38, 097 | 64, 323 | 43, 233 | 133, 076 |
| Government | 59, 429 | 2,964 | 18,366 | 4, 896 | 3, 428 | 6, 124 | 3,048 | 5,816 | 2, 141 | 2, 425 | 1,034 | 2,663 | 6, 524 |
| Foreign bank | 14, 187 | 947 | 5,791 | 1,283 | 1,258 | 498 | 461 | 1,669 | 436 | 274 | 361 | 349 | 860 |
| Other deposits. | 21, 485 | 72 | 8,578 | 420 | 1, 865 | 3,903 | 372 | 277 | 997 | 265 | 177 | 104 | 4,455 |
| Total deposits | 2, 241, 284 | 132, 788 | 1,061,840 | 125, 673 | 147, 053 | 60, 389 | 46, 618 | 313,793 | 54, 810 | 41,061 | 65, 895 | 46, 349 | 144, 915 |
| Deferred availability items... | 308, 796 | 37,625 | 89, 262 | 25, 253 | 27,643 | 22,648 | 8,170 | 34, 647 | 14, 637 | 7,065 | 15, 134 | 12,975 | 13,737 |
| Capital paid i | 153, 0999 | 10, 876 | 59,031 | 16, 098 | 14, 221 | 5,172 | 4,851 | 16,963 | 4,456 | 2,917 | 4,066 | 3,911 | 10,537 |
| Surplus. | 259, 421 | 20,039 | 75, 077 | 26, 486 | 27,640 | 11, 483 | 10, 449 | 38,411 | 10,025 | 6, 356 | 8,124 | 7,624 | 17,707 |
| All other liabiliti | 38, 402 | 1,031 | 11, 493 | 2, 364 | 3, 196 | 1,558 | 2,916 | 6,961 | 1,280 | 1,704 | 784 | 2,253 | 2,862 |
| Total liabilities. <br> Reserve ratio (per cent) | $\begin{array}{r} 5,815,022 \\ 58 . \theta \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 403,209 \\ 64.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,890,254 \\ 55.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 447,281 \\ 54.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 509,286 \\ 57.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 209,098 \\ 57.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 180,882 \\ 51.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,117,505 \\ 73.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 185,585 \\ 54.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 138,674 \\ 46.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 188,258 \\ 53.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110,642 \\ 53.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 434,348 \\ 52.2 \end{array}$ |
| federal reserve note statement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal reserve notes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Issued to F. R. bank by <br> F. R. agent | 3, 051,999 | 221, 362 | 660, 353 | 264, 019 | 302, 772 | 114, 640 | 125, 700 | 742, 616 | 109, 310 | 81, 921 |  | 42,733 |  |
| Held by F. R. bank | 237, 979 | 20, 512 | 66, 802 | 12,612 | 13, 239 | 6,792 | 17,822 | 35,886 | 9, 033 | 2,350 | 8,341 | 5, 203 | 38, 387 |
| In actual circulation. | 2, 814, 020 | 200,850 | 593, 551 | 251, 407 | 289, 533 | 107, 848 | 107, 878 | 706, 730 | 100, 277 | 79, 571 | 94, 255 | 37, 530 | 244, 590 |
| Collateral held by agent as security for notes issued to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,081,761 | 163, 127 | 516, 296 | 151,000 | 188, 970 | 69,300 | 53, 500 | 617,345 | 60,760 | 36,835 | 56, 680 | 25, 685 | 142, 263 |
| Eligible paper | 416, 786 | 17,412 | 87,975 | 62, 340 | 33, 442 | 27,581 | 32,009 | 31, 073 | 11, 037 | 12,828 | 20,365 | 15, 682 | 65, 042 |
| U. S. Government securities. | 578, 100 | 41, 100 | 64, 000 | 51,000 | 85, 000 | 19,000 | 41,000 | 100, 000 | 37,600 | 32,900 | 28,000 | 1,500 | 77,000 |

## ALL MEMBER BANKS IN EACH DISTRICT

RESERVES HELD, EXCESS RESERVES, AND BORROWINGS AT FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS
[In millions of dollars]

| Federai reserve district | Averages of daily figures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Reserves held |  |  |  |  |  | Borrowings at Federal reserve banks |  |  |
|  | Total |  |  | Excess |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 |
|  | July | June | July | July | June |  | July | June | July |
| Boston | 139.2 | 134.0 | 142.3 | 26.8 | 22.8 | 2.8 | 25.4 | 29.8 | 9.0 |
| New York-7 | 896.7 116.3 | 915.0 116.3 | 1,047.4 145 | 86.5 1.5 | 101.0 | 69.1 4.4 | 103.4 | 103.6 66.2 | ${ }^{26.0}$ |
| Cleveland. | 142.3 | 140.0 | 190.7 | 4.7 | 2.1 | 4.8 | 51.7 | 51.8 | 15.8 |
| Pichmond. | 51.1 | 58.3 | 61.0 | 3.4 | 8.9 | 2.1 | 28.5 | 25.3 | 17.2 |
| Atlanta.... | 42.6 | 44.1 | 56.5 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 39.9 | 33.7 | 13.5 |
| Chicago.. | 277.3 | 306.1 | 327.6 | 65.2 | 75.0 | 15.9 | 41.2 | 33.4 | 12.1 |
| st. Louis.-- | 54.9 | 56.1 | 69.7 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 13.5 | 13.3 | 8.9 |
| Minneapolis | 40.8 | 41.6 | 49.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 12.6 | 10.6 | 4.2 |
| Kansas City | 66.2 | 69.6 | 82.2 | 5. 4 | 8.2 | 5.4 | 22.9 | 23.8 | 9.5 |
| Dallas.....-. | 44.9 | 44.4 | 54.2 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 16.0 | 13.7 | 10.8 |
| San Francisco. | 130.1 | 136.7 | 180.4 | -1.6 | 3.0 | 9.1 | 94.7 | 89.2 | 25.0 |
| Total.- | 2,002.6 | 2,061.9 | 2, 406.9 | 204.4 | 234.4 | 124.4 | 522.1 | 494.4 | 168.5 |

## NET DEMAND AND TIME DEPOSITS OF BANKS IN LARGER AND SMALLER CENTERS

[In millions of dollars]

| Federal reserve district | Averages of daily figures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Member banks in larger centers (places over 15,000) |  |  |  |  |  | Member banks in smaller centers (places under 15,000) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Net demand |  |  | Time |  |  | Net demand |  |  | Time |  |  |
|  | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 |
|  | July | June | July | July | June | July | July | June | July | July | June | July |
| Boston. | 940 | 927 | 1,173 | 689 | 687 | 851 | 76 | 78 | 100 | 138 | 143 | 160 |
|  | 5,909 | 5, 982 | 7,076 | 1,843 | 1,845 | 2,529 | 216 | 219 | 286 | 479 | 483 | 592 |
| Philadelphia. |  | 815 | 1,000 | 600 | 598 | 766 | 143 | 147 | 183 | 401 | 402 | 457 |
| Cleveland. | 960 | 901 | 1,319 | 1,008 | 1,009 | 1,344 | 135 | 135 | 178 | 262 | 264 | 317 |
| Richmond. | 321 | 336 | 395 | 296 | 296 | 359 | 74 | 77 | 102 | 162 | 162 | 200 |
| Atlanta.... | 296 | 307 | 400 | 285 | 286 | 315 | 54 | 59 | 81 | 64 | 65 | 85 |
| Chicago | 1,421 | 1,556 | 2,117 | 1,204 | 1,261 | 1,662 | 147 | 158 | 216 | 245 | 251 | 342 |
| St. Louis | 355 | 362 | 471 | 297 | 300 | 356 | 88 | 93 | 117 | 97 | 98 | 122 |
| Minneapolis. | 204 | 207 | 258 | 190 | 197 | 211 | 101 | 109 | 137 | 200 | 203 | 237 |
| Kansas City-- | 402 | 405 | 497 | 213 | 213 | 234 | 173 | 177 | 243 | 118 | 118 | 149 |
| Dalias.... | 292 | 290 | 365 | 155 | 156 | 186 | 130 | 133 | 172 | 32 | 33 | 39 |
| San Francisco. | 806 | 819 | 1,090 | 1,470 | 1,482 | 1,752 | 97 | 102 | 145 | 110 | 112 | 137 |
| Total | 12, 723 | 12,927 | 16,162 | 8,247 | 8,329 | 10,568 | 1,434 | 1,486 | 1,960 | 2,308 | 2,333 | 2,836 |

WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN LEADING CITIES
PRINCIPAL RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES BY DISTRICTS AND FOR NEW YORK CITY AND CHICAGO
[ln millions of dollars]

|  | Total | Federal Reserve District |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | City |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bos- } \\ & \text { ton } \end{aligned}$ | New York | Phila-delphia | Cleveland | Richmond | $\begin{gathered} \text { Atlan- } \\ \text { ta } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chi- } \\ & \text { cago } \end{aligned}$ | St. Louis | Minneap. olis | $\begin{gathered} \text { Kan- } \\ \text { sas } \\ \text { City } \end{gathered}$ | Dallas | San Francisco | New York | Chi- <br> cago |
| Loans and investments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 3. | 18,696 | 1,223 | 7,560 | 1,102 | 1,925 | 579 | 503 | 2,320 | 524 | 320 | 529 | 384 | 1,727 | 6,556 | 1,270 |
| Aug. 10. | 18, 622 | 1,224 | 7,517 | 1, 097 | 1,921 | 582 | 496 | 2,317 | 522 | 318 | 527 | 378 | 1, 723 | 6,515 | 1,267 |
| Aug. 17 | 18, 580 | 1,218 | 7,504 | 1,096 | 1,916 | 580 | 495 | 2,303 | 524 | 317 | 522 | 377 | 1, 728 | 6, 501 | 1,254 |
| Aug. 24 | 18,499 | 1,215 | 7, 472 | 1,092 | 1,913 | 572 | 493 | 2, 280 | 523 | 317 | 523 | 374 | 1, 725 | 6, 473 | 1,237 |
| Aug. 31 | 18,539 | 1, 218 | 7,542 | 1, 090 | 1,911 | 571 | 490 | 2,263 | 520 | 315 | 520 | 375 | 1, 724 | 6,543 | 1,223 |
| Loans: Aug. 3 | 10,996 | 778 | 4,125 | 629 | 1,154 | 325 | 325 | 1,650 | 304 | 190 | 267 | 238 | 1,011 | 3,501 | $8 \times 3$ |
| Aug. 10 | 10,958 | 772 | 4,116 | 626 | 1,152 | 324 | 323 | 1,643 | 302 | 189 | 266 | 237 | 1,008 | 3,493 | 879 |
| Aug. 17 | 10,909 | 767 | 4, 104 | 626 | 1, 147 | 323 | 323 | 1,631 | 301 | 188 | 263 | 236 | 1,000 | 3,482 | 870 |
| Aug. 24. | 10,828 | 759 | 4,071 | 624 | 1, 145 | 323 | 322 | 1,601 | 300 | 188 | 262 | 235 | 998 | 3,454 | 846 |
| Aug. 31... | 10,796 | 760 | 4, 068 | 624 | 1, 140 | 320 | 321 | 1,584 | 299 | 187 | 260 | 236 | 997 | 3,451 | 832 |
| On securities- <br> Aug. 3 | r 4, 632 | 296 | 1,929 | 316 | 522 | ${ }^{+125}$ | 106 | 766 | 115 | 55 | 79 | 74 | 249 | 1,669 | 509 |
| Aug. 10 | - 4,612 | 287 | 1,932 | 312 | 522 | -123 | 106 | 761 | 114 | 55 | 78 | 74 | 248 | 1.672 | 50.5 |
| Aug. 17 | -4,586 | 293 | 1,922 | 311 | 519 | - 119 | 105 | 750 | 114 | 55 | 77 | 73 | 248 | 1, 662 | 498 |
| Aug. 24 | -4,551 | 288 | 1,908 | 310 | 519 | - 122 | 106 | 732 | 114 | 55 | 77 | 73 | 247 | 1,651 | 481 |
| Aug. 31 | 4,512 | 288 | 1,890 | 309 | 518 | 123 | 105 | 714 | 114 | 55 | 77 | 73 | 246 | 1,632 | 467 |
| All other- <br> Aug. 3 |  |  |  |  |  | $+200$ | 219 | 884 | 189 |  |  |  |  | 1,832 |  |
| Aug. ${ }^{\text {Aug. }} 10$ | r 6,364 <br> $\times 6,346$ | 485 | 2,196 2,184 | 313 314 | 632 630 | +200 +201 | 219 | 884 882 | 189 | 135 134 | 188 | 164 | 762 | 1,832 | 374 374 |
| Aug. 17 | - 6,323 | 474 | 2,182 | 315 | 628 | +204 | 218 | 881 | 187 | 133 | 186 | 163 | 752 | 1,820 | 372 |
| Aug. 24 | - 6, 277 | 471 | 2,163 | 314 | 626 | +201 | 216 | 869 | 186 | 133 | 185 | 162 | 751 | 1,803 | 365 |
| Aug. 31 | 6,284 | 472 | 2,178 | 315 | 622 | 197 | 216 | 870 | 185 | 132 | 183 | 163 | 751 | 1,819 | 365 |
| Investments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 3 | 7, 700 $\mathbf{7}, 664$ | 445 | 3,435 | 473 471 | 771 769 | 254 <br> 258 | 178 173 | 670 674 | 220 | 130 | 262 | 146 | 716 715 | 3,055 3,022 | 387 388 |
| Aug. 17 | 7,671 | 451 | 3,400 | 470 | 769 | 257 | J72 | 672 | 223 | 129 | 259 | 141 | 728 | 3,019 | 384 |
| Aug. 24 | 7, 671 | 456 | 3,401 | 468 | 768 | 249 | 171 | 679 | 223 | 129 | 261 | 139 | 727 | 3,019 | 341 |
| Aug. 31 | 7,743 | 458 | 3,474 | 466 | 771 | 251 | 169 | 679 | 22.1 | 128 | 260 | 139 | 727 | 3,092 | 391 |
| United States Gover securities- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,002 |  |
| Aug. 3,...... | 4, 488 | 241 | 2, 233 | 205 | 433 | 127 | 95 | 377 | 93 | 65 | 141 | 90 | 388 | 2,087 | 217 |
| Aug. 10 | 4,482 | 260 | 2,211 | 203 | 433 | 132 | 90 | 381 | 94 | 65 | 142 | 85 | 386 | 2,065 | 218 |
| Aug. 17 | 4,499 | 263 | 2,221 | 201 | 434 | 132 | 89 | 377 | 96 | 65 | 140 | 84 | 397 | 2,073 | 213 |
| Aug. 24 | 4,491 | 270 | 2,216 | 199 | 434 | 127 | 88 | 375 | 96 | 65 | 141 | 83 | 397 | 2,067 | 211 |
| Aug. 31 | 4,535 | 272 | 2,265 | 196 | 438 | 129 | 86 | 366 | 98 | 64 | 141 | 83 | 397 | 2,116 | 202 |
| Ali other- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 3 Aug. 10 | 3,212 3,182 | 204 | 1,202 | 268 | 338 336 | 127 | 83 | 293 | 127 | 65 | 121 | 56 56 | 328 329 | 968 | 170 |
| Aug. 17. | 3,172 | 188 | 1,179 | 269 | 335 | 125 | 83 | 295 | 127 | 64 | 119 | 57 | 331 | 946 | 171 |
| Aug. 24. | 3,180 | 186 | 1,185 | 269 | 334 | 122 | 83 | 304 | 127 | 64 | 120 | 56 | 330 | 952 | 180 |
| Aug. 31 | 3, 208 | 186 | 1,209 | 270 | 333 | 122 | 83 | 313 | 123 | 64 | 119 | 56 | 330 | 976 | 189 |
| Reserves with Federal r bank: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 3 | 1,558 | 92 | 769 | 73 | 108 | 38 | 27 | 238 | 35 | 19 | 45 | 28 | 86 | 720 | 182 |
| Aug. 10 | 1,618 | 94 | 830 | 72 | 107 | 35 | 29 | 240 | 35 | 20 | 45 | 27 | 84 | 782 | 181 |
| Aug. 17 | 1,633 | 95 | 840 | 72 | 108 | 34 | 27 | 245 | 36 | 20 | 45 | 26 | 85 | 789 | 186 |
| Aug. 24 | 1,698 | 94 | 912 | 70 | 104 | 36 | 28 | 242 | 34 | 19 | 45 | 26 | 88 | 862 | 190 |
| Alug. 31. | -1,710 | 94 | 913 | 72 | 107 | 33 | 27 | 259 | 33 | 20 | r 42 | 26 | 84 | 866 | 201 |
| Cash in vault: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 3. Aug. 10. | 202 | 16 | 48 50 | 11 | 24 26 | 13 13 | 7 | 38 <br> 37 | 6 6 | 5 5 | 13 | 6 | 15 16 | 37 39 | 18 |
| Aug. 10. | 208 | 16 | 48 | 11 | $\stackrel{26}{25}$ | 13 | 7 | 37 35 | 6 7 | 5 | 13 | 7 6 | 16 | 39 37 | 17 |
| Aug. 24 | 206 | 15 | 49 | 12 | 24 | 14 | 7 | 36 | 6 | 5 | 14 | 8 | 16 | 38 | 17 |
| Aug. 31 | 204 | 15 | 49 | 11 | 24 | 13 | 7 | 35 | 6 | 5 | 13 | 7 | 19 | 38 | 16 |
| Net demand deposits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 3 - | 10,751 | 721 | 5,348 | 624 | 827 | 275 | 209 | 1,193 | 275 | 164 | 350 | 221 | 544 | 4,920 | 804 |
| Aug. 10. | -10,795 | 714 | 5,379 | 626 | 826 | 274 | 212 | 1,199 | 274 | 165 | - 352 | 222 | 552 | 4,953 | 803 |
| Aug. 17. | 10,819 | 719 | 5,388 | 629 | 830 | 275 | 213 | 1,194 | 277 | 162 | 353 | 220 | 559 | 4,957 | 803 |
| Aug. 24 | 10,862 | 714 | 5,452 | 628 | 827 | 276 | 213 | 1,182 | 275 | 162 | 350 | 220 | 563 | 5, 025 | 792 |
| Aug. 31. | 10,982 | 727 | 5,562 | 631 | 831 | 268 | 215 | 1,186 | 273 | 162 | 345 | 220 | 562 | 5,124 | 796 |
| Time deposits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 3. Aug. 10. | 5,612 5,638 | 426 | 1,226 | 269 270 | 816 818 | 228 | 195 | 926 | 201 | 138 | 178 178 | 126 | 883 884 | 802 820 | 337 337 |
| Aug. 17 | 5,633 | 427 | 1,257 | 271 | 819 | 229 | 196 | 910 | 201 | 138 | 179 | 127 | 879 | 827 | 334 |
| Aug. 24 | 5, 635 | 427 | 1,258 | 270 | 820 | 228 | 195 | 913 | 201 | 138 | 179 | 126 | 880 | 830 | 334 |
| Aug. 31. | r 5, 632 | 428 | 1,253 | 271 | 820 | 229 | 194 | 913 | 200 | 138 | +179 | 125 | 882 | 828 | 334 |
| Government deposits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. ${ }^{\text {Ang. }} 10$. | 361 | 18 | 175 | 30 25 | 28 | 12 | 20 17 | 23 20 | 4 4 | 2 | 5 | 14 | 26 | 162 136 | 13 |
| Aug. 17. | 252 | 15 | 121 | 21 | 19 | 8 | 14 | 17 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 10 | 18 | 112 | 10 |
| Aug. 24. | 223 | 13 | 106 | 18 | 17 | 7 | 13 | 16 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 16 | 98 | 9 |
| Aug. 31. | 182 | 11 | 86 | 15 | 14 | 6 | 11 | 13 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 13 | 80 | 7 |
| Due from banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aug. 3. | 1,217 | 146 | 137 | 97 | 73 | 72 | 60 | 229 | 62 | 39 | 114 | 68 | 120 | 90 | 156 |
| Aug. 10 | 1,240 | 131 | 134 | 101 | 75 | 64 | 62 | 241 | 71 | 39 | 120 | 72 | 130 | 88 | 166 |
| Aug. 17. | 1,278 | 134 | 125 | 100 | 82 | 64 | 65 | 254 | 69 | 36 | 132 | 78 | 139 | 81 | 184 |
| Aug. 24. | 1,266 | 125 | 115 | 95 | 85 | 69 | 64 | 275 | 71 | 35 | 127 | 74 | 331 | 67 | 195 |
| Aug. 31... | 1,288 | 128 | 123 | 961 | 83 | 66 | 69 | 286 | 67 | 39 | 126 | 69 | 136 | 1, 207 | 237 |

PRINCIPAL RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES BY DISTRICTS AND FOR NEW YORK CITY AND CHICAGO-Continued
[In millions of dollars]


RATES CHARGED CUSTOMERS BY BANKS IN PRINCIPAL CITIES OF EACH DISTRICT

| Federal reserve bank or branch city | Prime commercial paper |  |  | Loans secured by prime stock-exchange collateral |  |  | Loans secured by warehouse receipts |  |  | Interbank loans |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 |
|  | August | July | August | August | July | August | August | July | August | August | July | August |
| Boston | $4-41 / 2$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 4 & -41 / 2 \\ 4 & -41 / 2 \\ 5 & -6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 3 & -4 \frac{1}{2} \\ \mathbf{3} & -4 \\ 5 & -6 \end{array}$ | -6 | $41 / 2-51 / 2$ | 33/4-5 | $5-51 / 2$ | $5-51 / 2$ | $5 \quad-5 \frac{1}{2}$ | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| New York | 4 $41 / 2-64$ |  |  | $41 / 2-5$ $51 / 2-6$ | ${ }_{5}^{4} \frac{1}{2}-6$ | 41 $51 / 2-6$ | $3^{1 / 2-41 / 2}$ | $4-5$ <br>  <br> 6 | $31 / 2-5$ 6 | $\begin{array}{rr}4 & -5 \\ & 6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}4 & -41 / 2 \\ 6\end{array}$ | $4-41 / 2$ 5 |
| Philadelphia | 41/2-5 | $4^{1 / 2-5}$ | $31 / 2-41 / 2$ | 41/2-6 | 5 -6 | 41/2-6 | 51/2-6 | $5-6$ | $5-51 / 2$ | 31/2-5 | $4-5$ | $31 / 2-41 / 2$ |
| Cleveland. | $\begin{array}{cr}5 & -6 \\ 5 & -6 \\ & 6\end{array}$ | $5-6$$5-6$$5+2-6$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4-5 \\ & 41 / 2-6 \\ & 4-6 \end{aligned}$ | $51 / 2-6$$5-6$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5-6 \\ & 51 / 2-6 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 5 & -6 \\ 5 & -51 / 2 \\ 51 / 2-6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} \\ 6 & -7\end{array}$ | 6 $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ -7 \\ \\ \\ 6\end{array}$ | ${ }^{6}$6 | $\begin{aligned} & 51 / 2-6 \\ & 5--6 \\ & 5 / 2-6 \end{aligned}$ | $5_{5}^{51 / 2-6}$ | $51 / 2-6$$5-6$ |
| Cincinnati- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Richmond. | $\begin{array}{ll}5 \\ 5 & -6 \\ 5 & -6\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5-6 \\ & 5^{-1 / 2-6} \\ & 5 / 2^{-6}-6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4-5 \\ & 44,2-6 \\ & 4{ }^{4}-6 \end{aligned}$ |  | $41 / 2-6$$51 / 26$$512-6$ |  | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | -6 6 | - $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 51 / 2-6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 5 & -51 / 2 \\ 51 / 2-6 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 43 / 4-51 / 4 \\ 51 / 2-6 \\ 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 / 2-5 \\ & 51 / 4-51 / 2 \\ & 51 / 2-6 \end{aligned}$ |
| Baltimore. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Charlotte |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta | $\begin{array}{ll} 5 & -51 / 2 \\ 5 & -6 \\ 41 / 2-8 \\ 6 \\ 51 / 2-6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 41-51 / 2 \\ & 41 / 2 \\ & 412-8 \\ & 6 \\ & 53 / 2-6 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5-7 \\ 61 / 2-7 \\ 6-7 \\ 61 / 2-7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5-7 \\ & 6^{1} / 2-7 \\ & 6-7 \\ & 51 / 2-7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 5 & -51 / 2 \\ 5 & -8 \\ 6 & -7 \\ & 6 \\ 5 & -61 / 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5-6 \\ & 6^{1 / 2-7} \\ & 6 \quad-8 \\ & 6 \\ & 51 / 2-7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 41 / 2-5 \\ 61_{2}^{2}-7 \\ 6-8 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 4 & -41 / 4 \\ 6 & -8 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \\ & 6 \end{array}$ | $5-6$ | $\begin{gathered} 51 / 2-6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 51 / 2-61 / 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & -51 / 2 \\ 5 & -6\end{array}$ |
| Birmingham. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jacksonville. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| Nashville.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| New Orleans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $5-6$ | $5-6{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ |  | 412-6 |
| Chicago | $41 / 2-6$51 | $\begin{array}{ll}4 & -5 \\ 5 & -6\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 2-4 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{41 /(-51 / 2}{51 / 2-6}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 434^{-5} \\ & 51_{2}^{2}-6 \end{aligned}$ | $41 / 2-41 / 2$ | 43/4-5 | $43 / 4-5$6 | $41 / 2-5$6 | $\begin{aligned} & 43 / 4-51 / 2 \\ & 512-6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43 / 4-51 / 2 \\ & 51 / 2-6 \end{aligned}$ | $41 / 2-5$5 |
| Detroit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. Louis. | $41 / 2-51 / 2$$6-62^{2}$6 | $\begin{array}{r} 43 / 4-5 \\ 6-7 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} 3 & -5 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5-6 \\ & 61 / 2-7 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 61 / 2-7 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4_{1 / 2-6} \\ & 6{ }^{-61 / 2} \\ & 5^{1 / 2}-6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}4 & -6 \\ 7 & -712\end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 43 / 4-6 \\ 7-71 / 2 \end{gathered}$ | -6 | $\begin{array}{ll} 5 & -51 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \\ 5 & -6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 5 & -5^{1 / 2} \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \\ & 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 4 & -6 \\ 5 & 6 \\ 5 & -6 \end{array}$ |
| Little Rock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Louisville |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minneapolis. | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & -5 \\ 7 & -8\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & -5 \\ 7 & -8\end{array}$ | $21 / 2-4$$6-8$ | ${ }^{4112-6}$ | 41/2-6 | $4-6$ | $3-5$ | 3 - -5 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & -4\end{array}$ | $51 / 2-6$ | 51/2-6 | 41/2-6 |
| Helena. |  |  |  |  | $7-8$ | $6-8$ | $6-7$ | 6 -7 | $6-8$ | $6-7$ | $6-7$ | $6-8$ |
| Kansas City | $\begin{array}{cc}5 & -51 / 2 \\ 4 & -6 \\ & 6 \\ 5 & -6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr}4 & -6 \\ 4 & -6 \\ 5 & 6 \\ 5 & -6\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 / 2-5 \\ & 4-6 \\ & 51 / 2-6 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 51 / 2-6 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 51 / 2-7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51 / 2-6 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 51 / 2-61 / 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 51 / 2-6 \\ 6 \\ 81 / 2-7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 / 2-6 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}-88$ | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & -6 \\ 6 & -8 \\ 6 & -8 \\ 6 & -611 / 2\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5-6 \\ 51 / 2-7 \\ 6-8 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $51 / 2-6$$51 / 2-6$66 | $51 / 2-6$666 | $\begin{array}{rr}5 & -6 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 6\end{array}$ |
| Denver----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma City |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Omaha. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dallas.- | $\begin{array}{ll} 5 & -6 \\ 7 & -8 \\ 5 & -6 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & -6 \\ 7 & -8 \\ 512-6 \\ 5 & -7\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 / 2-6 \\ & 7-8 \\ & 51 / 2-6 \\ & 5-7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 6 & -8 \\ 7 & -8 \\ 51 / 2-7 \\ 61 / 2-7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 7 \\ & 7 \\ & -60^{1 / 2} \\ & 51 / 2-7 \\ & 6 \frac{1}{2}-7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5-7 \\ & 7 \quad-8 \\ & 51 / 2-6 \\ & 6 \quad-7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 51 / 2-6 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 6 \end{array}$$61 / 2-8$ | $\begin{array}{rr} 5 & -7 \\ 51 \\ 512-6 \\ 612-8 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 5 & -51 / 2 \\ 5 & -6 \\ 5 & -51 / 2 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}5 & -51 / 2 \\ 5 & -6 \\ 5 & -51 / 2\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5-51 / 2 \\ & 51 / 2-6 \\ & 41 / 2-51 / 2 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ |
| El Paso. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Houston. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| San Antonio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |  |
| San Francisco. | $5{ }_{5}^{51 / 2-61 / 2}$ | $41 / 2-51 / 2$$51 / 2-6$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \frac{1}{2}-5 \\ & 51 / 2-6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 5 & -6 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \\ & 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 5 & -6 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \\ 6 & -7 \\ 61 / 2-7 \\ 61 / 2-7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lc} 5 & -6 \\ 5 & -6 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \\ & 6 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 51 / 2-6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ -7 \\ 61 / 2 \\ 61 / 2-7 \\ \\ 7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51 / 2-6 \\ & 6-66^{1 / 2} \\ & 6-7 \\ & 61 / 2-7 \\ & 6-7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{lc} 5 & -6 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \\ 6 & -7 \\ 61 / 2-7 \\ 61 / 2-7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & -51 / 2 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ 6 & -6 \frac{1}{2} \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}  & 51 / 4 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5-51 / 2 \\ 51 / 26 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 6 \end{gathered}$ |
| Los Angeles. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Portland. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salt Lake City | $\begin{array}{ll} 6 & -7 \\ 5 & -7 \\ 6 & -61 / 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}0 & -7 \\ 5 & -7 \\ 6 & -61 / 2\end{array}$ | 6 | 6 -7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seattle.- |  |  | 5 ${ }^{1 / 2}$ - 6 | $61 / 2-7$612 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spokane. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note.-Rates at which the bulk of the loans of each class were made by representative banks during the week ending 15 th of month. Rates from about 200 banks with loans exceeding $\$ 8,000,000,000$; reporting banks are usually the largest banks in their respective cities.

## OTHER BANKING AND FINANCIAL STATISTICS

## MEMBERSHIP IN PAR-COLLECTION SYSTEM

[Number of banks at end of July]


Figures cover all incorporated banks (other than mutual savings banks)
MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF BILLS, ETC.


SHIPMENTS AND RECEIPTS OF AMERICAN CURRENCY TO AND FROM EUROPE

## BY SELECTED BANKS IN NEW YORK CITY

[Paper currency only. In thousands of dollars]

| Month | 1931 |  |  | 1932 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Net shipments (-) or receipts ( + ) | Shipments to <br> Europe |  | Net shipments (-) or receipts (+) |
| January | 470 | 4, 051 | +3,581 | 25 | 3,335 | $+3,310$ |
| February | 130 | 960 | +830 | 0 | 5,221 | +5,221 |
| March. | 1,380 | 863 | -517 | 0 | 8,468 | +8,468 |
| April. | 915 | 1,469 | +554 | 0 | 4,563 | +4,563 |
| May. | 2,570 | 2.103 | -467 | 0 | 10,938 | +10,938 |
| June. | 8,811 | 779 | -8,032 | 12 | 16, 265 | +16,253 |
| july..- | 10,256 | 394 | -9,862 | 20 | 6,694 | +6,674 |
| August | 3,226 | 3,723 | +497 | 152 | 6,458 | $+6,306$ |
| September | 8,433 | 3,290 | $-5,143$ |  |  |  |
| October. <br> November | 3,088 52 | $\begin{array}{r}11,588 \\ 7,039 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +8,500 |  |  |  |
| December | 1,523 | 3,749 | +2,226 |  |  |  |

Note.-For explanation and back figures see Bulletin for January, 1932, pp. 7-9.

## UNITED STATES POSTAL SAVINGS

[Balance to credit of depositors. In millions of dollars]

| End of month | 1927 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 141.5 | 148.9 | 153.5 | 165.1 | 278.4 | 665.6 |
| February | 143.8 | 151. 1 | 154.8 | 167.9 | 292.1 | 691.8 |
| March. | 146.4 | 152.0 | 155.0 | 169.5 | 302.7 | 705.3 |
| April. | 147.1 | 152.2 | 154.3 | 170.2 | 313.8 | - 713.9 |
| May | 147.4 | 152.0 | 153.8 | 171. 2 | 325. 0 | -733.5 |
| June | 147.4 | 152.1 | 153.6 | 175.3 | 347.4 | -776.3 |
| July. | 147.1 | 151.7 | 157.8 | 180.7 | 372.5 | -826.0 |
| August | 147.9 | 152.2 | 160.1 | 186.5 | 422.7 |  |
| Septembe | 148.2 | 152.3 | 160.3 | 189.8 | 469.9 |  |
| October | 148.7 | 153.1 | 161.6 | 192.5 | 538.1 |  |
| November | 149.0 | 153.9 | 163.7 | 200.7 | 565. 5 |  |
| December. | 148.5 | 153.9 | 164.3 | 245.4 | 605.1 |  |

- Preliminary.

ALL MEMBER BANKS-CONDITION ON CALL DATES JUNE 29, 1929, TO JUNE 30, 1932

|  | 1929 |  |  | 1930 |  |  |  | 1931 |  |  |  | $\qquad$ <br> June 30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June 29 | Oct. 4 | Dec. 31 | Mar. 27 | June 30 | Sept. 24 | Dec. 31 | Mar. 25 | June 30 | Sept. 29 | Dec. 31 |  |
| RESOURCES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans (including overdrafts) | 25, 658, 491 | 26, 164, 829 | 26, 150, 061 | 25, 118, 783 | 25, 213, 770 | 24,738, 011 | 23, 870,488 | 22, 839,946 | 21, 816, 243 | 20, 874, 084 | 19, 260, 685 | 16, 587, 185 |
| United States Government secu | 4, 154,929 | 4, 021,636 | 3, 862,968 | 4, 085, 006 | 4, 061, 395 | 4, 095,270 | 4, 124, 776 | 5, 002, 262 | 5, 343, 032 | 5, 564, 461 | 5,318,654 | 5, 627, 854 |
| Other securities- Total | 85, 710,961 | ${ }_{35}^{5,727,306}$ | 5, ${ }^{5}, 920,981$ |  |  |  | 64, 859, ${ }^{6411}$ | - ${ }^{6,8886.357}$ | $6,763,247$ $33,922,522$ | 6, 634, 689 | $\xrightarrow{5,995,786}$ | $5,785,764$ $8,000,803$ |
| Customers' liability on account of acceptances | 802, 188 | 988,912 | 1, 252, 147 | 1, 111, 153 | 928, 807 | 912, 852 | 1,117,833 | 1, 035, 978 | 888, 454 | 662, 415 | 718, 500 | 458,952 |
| Banking bouse, furniture, and fixtures. | 1, 169,752 | 1, 175, 393 | 1, 190, 306 | 1, 202, 486 | 1,217,963 | 1,230, 754 | 1, 240, 444 | 1, 239, 935 | 1, 234, 404 | 1, 220, 317 | $1,174,957$ | 1, 166, 263 |
| Other real estate owned... | 179, 878 | 182,796 | 183,989 | 188,815 | 190,995 | 197, 869 | 191, 169 | 199,935 | 206, 569 | 209, 518 | 211,755 | 233, 014 |
| Cash in vault | 433, 491 | 497,212 | 558, 450 | 496, 633 | 484, 262 | 470, 367 | 592, 504 | 461, 267 | 519, 135 | 554, 150 | 522, 551 | 478, 224 |
| Reserve with Federal reserve banks | 2, 359,077 | 2, 321,806 | 2, 373,760 | 2,352,738 | 2, 407,960 | 2,414,991 | 2, 474, 509 | 2, 364, 478 | 2, 396, 421 | 2,339, 230 | 1,975, 169 | 1,997,656 |
| Items with Federal reserve banks in process of collection | 775,822 | 923, 363 | 994, 373 | 719, 201 | 836, 471 | 698, 871 | 757, 216 | 524,765 | 629,418 | 531,691 | 598, 285 | 419, 706 |
| Due from banks in United States. | 1,885, 167 | 2, 004, 938 | 2, 167, 756 | 1,901, 517 | 2, 360, 377 | 2, 462, 827 | 2,455, 948 | 2, 791, 204 | 2, 517, 096 | 1,935, 119 | 1,662, 226 | 1,730, 770 |
| Due from banks in foreign countries (including own branches) | 272,682 | 246, 996 | 263, 834 | 247,612 | 220, 793 | 202, 447 | 260,818 | 296, 376 | 351,320 | 215, 692 | 174, 183 | 192, 619 |
| Exchanges for clearing house and otner checks on local banks. | 1, 446, 186 | 2, 132, 331 | 2, 762, 463 | 1,616,954 | 2,645, 057 | 1,146, 915 | 2,076, 189 | 975, 215 | 1,771,312 | 959,218 | 1,388,409 | 859, 340 |
| Outside checks and other cash item | 117, 298 | 102, 363 | 139, 056 | 65, 331 | 118, 552 | 51,706 | 92, 766 | 43, 344 | 87,358 | 50,696 | 108, 128 | 58,092 |
| Redemption fund and due from United States Treasurer | 32,715 | 32,828 | 32,889 | 32,823 | 32,658 | 32,604 | 32,318 | 32, 264 | 32,001 | 31, 524 | 31,372 | 32,548 |
| Acceptances of other banks and bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement | 453, 826 | 551,587 | 735, 193 | 612, 193 | 557, 748 | 592, 732 | 662, 686 | 524, 104 | 452, 045 | 329, 756 | 310,502 | 55, 022 |
| Securities borrowed...............................................- | 36,337 | 32,592 | 35, 533 | 25, 744 | 26,324 | 23, 866 | 21,069 | 24, 822 | 20, 279 | 17, 150 | 13, 473 | 11,664 |
| Other assets | 232,621 | 198, 700 | 219,379 | 231, 482 | 223, 114 | 242, 062 | 222, 911 | 300, 024 | 260, 254 | 249, 067 | 223,687 | 216,388 |
| Total | 45, 908, 001 | 47, 305, 588 | 48, 843, 078 | 45, 860, 379 | 47,906, 740 | 46,153, 113 | 47,057, 801 | 45, 542, 276 | 45,288, 588 | 42, 378, 777 | 39, 688, 322 | 35, 911,061 |
| Capital stock paid in Liabilities | 2,646, 928 | 2, 739,645 | 2, 757, 113 | 2, 744,975 | 2, 721,997 | 2, 728,664 | 2,665, 151 | 2, 657, 172 | 2, 620, 606 | 2, 580,550 | 2, 499,098 |  |
| Surplus.............- | 2,650,336 | 2, 811, 269 | 2, 864, 612 | 2, 881,944 | 2, 870, 800 | 2,903, 258 | 2, 822, 091 | 2, 804, 906 | 2, 741, 351 | 2, 695, 285 | $2,524,460$ | 2, 366,239 |
| Undivided profits-net | 882,806 | 980,928 | 909,548 | 956,053 | 950, 072 | 1,009, 435 | 894, 388 | 910,480 | 804, 199 | 811,456 | 605, 403 | 510,696 |
| Reserves for dividends, contingencies, | 164, 430 | 143, 603 | 177,252 | 176, 610 | 182, 940 | 185, 602 | 211, 407 | 225,483 | 264, 068 | 271,408 | 370, 368 | 343, 518 |
| Reserves for interest, taxes and other expenses accrued and unpaid. | 148,825 | 172, 193 | 137, 660 | 175,896 | 148,960 | 182, 397 | 121, 190 | 158, 416 | 127,345 | 162,507 | 98,668 | 109,927 |
| Due to Federal reserve bank | 51, 883 | 35, 720 | 54, 458 | 51,915 | 46, 206 | 47, 147 | 49, 267 | 43, 323 | 41,073 | 41,070 | 48,381 | 38,362 |
| Due to other banks in United States. | 3, 091, 639 | 3, 153,077 | 3,517,325 | 3, 204, 316 | 3,831, 656 | 3, 817, 132 | 3, 872, 842 | 4, 236, 451 | 4, 004, 077 | 3, 222, 466 | 2, 832, 296 | 2, 870,029 |
| Due to banks in foreign countries (including own branches) | 464,871 | 481,696 | 576,664 | 498, 075 | 571, 766 | 660,612 | 634,927 | 566,579 | 657, 285 | 747, 282 | \{433,740 | 200, 569 |
| Certified and officers' checks outstanding | 753,620 | 1, 405, 446 | 1,603, 562 | 1, 134, 283 | 1, 493, 437 | 771,941 | 1,223, 777 | 626, 747 | 999,310 | 617, 053 | 729, 301 | 503, 336 |
| Cash letters of credit and travelers' checks outstanding. | 43, 182 | 27, 613 | 23, 460 | 25, 038 | 41,389 | 20,638 | 20,960 | 22, 506 | 33, 231 | 23,701 | 19,581 | 24, 475 |
| Demand deposits | 17, 814, 603 | 17, 937, 478 | 18, 861, 582 | 17, 078,905 | 18,061,977 | 16,838, 351 | 17, 501, 550 | 16,338, 728 | 16, 622,224 | 15, 526, 182 | 14, 955, 400 | 13, 203, 732 |
| Time deposits | 13, 325, 066 | 13, 317,649 | 13, 233,481 | 13, 518, 731 | 13, 811, 978 | 113, 944, 868 | 13, 546, 201 | 13,663, 258 | 13, 515, 468 | 12, 776, 332 | 11, 315, 842 | 10, 636, 021 |
| United States dep | 347, 967 | 315, 479 | 143, 203 | 324, 893 | 280,769 | 257, 185 | 267, 415 | 502, 204 | 395, 397 | 526, 161 | 411,845 | 387, 463 |
| Total deposits. | 35, 892, 831 | 36, 694, 158 | 38,013, 735 | 35,836, 156 | 38, 139, 178 | 36, 363, 874 | 37, 116, 939 | 35, 999, 796 | 36,268, 065 | 33, 480, 247 | 30, 746, 386 | 27,863,987 |
| Agreements to repurchase U. S. Government or other securities sold | 103,758 | 149,090 | 136, 957 | 66,214 | 37, 164 | 38,144 | 158, 141 | 23,599 | 15,371 | 25,303 | 81,583 | 62,983 |
| Bills payable and rediscounts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| With Federal reserve bank | 1,029, 391 | 899, 311 | 646, 334 | 206, 124 | 273, 880 | 172, 578 | 248, 017 | 165, 106 | 146, 819 | 323, 354 | 622, 652 | 440,504 |
| All other----- | 168,975 | 250,587 | 232, 188 | 140,467 | 161,090 | 143, 402 | 107, 151 | 116,336 | 70,079 | 142,357 | 216, 476 | 374, 619 |
| Acceptances of other banks and bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement | 453,826 | 551,586 | 735, 193 | 612,193 | 557,748 | 592,732 | 662, 686 | 524, 104 | 452,045 | 329, 756 | 310,502 | 55,022 |
| Acceptances executed for customers | 800, 423 | 984, 670 | 1, 276, 159 | 1, 125, 907 | 925, 576 | 929,337 | 1, 138, 624 | 1,063, 334 | 901, 351 | 681, 145 | 732, 253 | 483, 064 |
| Acceptances executed by other banks for account of reporting banks. $\qquad$ | 42,075 | 40,400 | 29,647 | 24,654 | 34, 998 | 18,127 | 15,031 | 15,553 | 11,514 | 13,197 | 14, 169 | 6,912 |
| National-bank notes outstanding | 648, 944 | 640,610 | 645, ¢62 | 647, 481 | 649,098 | 648,999 | 639, 640 | 642, 284 | 636,041 | 628, 334 | 624, 234 | 648, 906 |
| Securities borrowed. | 36,337 | 32, 592 | 35, 533 | 25,744 | 26, 324 | 23, 866 | 21, 069 | 24,822 | 20, 279 | 17,150 | 13, 473 | 11, 664 |
| Other liabilities. | 238,116 | 214,946 | 245, 585 | 239, 961 | 226,915 | 212, 698 | 236, 366 | 210,885 | 209,455 | 216, 728 | 228,597 | 192, 553 |
| Total | 45, 908, 001 | 47, 305, 588 | 48, 843, 078 | 45, 860, 379 | 47, 906, 740 | 46, 153, 113 | 47, 057, 881 | 45, 542, 276 | 45, 288, 588 | 42, 378, 777 | 39, 688, 322 | 35, 911, 061 |
| Number of banks | 8,707 | 8,616 | 8,522 | 8,406 | 8,315 | 8,246 | 8,052 | 7,928 | 7,782 | 7, 599 | 7,246 | 6,980 |

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

|  | All member banks |  |  |  | National banks ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | State bank members |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Central reserve city bank | Other reserve city banks | $\begin{gathered} \text { Country } \\ \text { banks } \end{gathered}$ | Total | Central reserve city banks | Other rescrve city banks | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Country } \\ \text { banks } \end{array}\right\|$ | Total | Central reserve banks |  | Country banks |
| nesources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans (including overdrafts) | 16, 587, 185 | 4, 558, 213 | 6, 015, 024 | 6, 013, 948 | 10,265, 259 | 1, 828,625 | 3, 972, 607 | 4, 464, 027 | 6, 321, 926 | 2,729,588 | 2, 042, 417 | 1,549, 921 |
| United States Government se | 5, 627, 854 | 2, 242, 696 | 1, 952, 886 | 1, 432, 272 | 3, 347, 266 | 766, 037 | 1, 395, 940 | 1, 185, 289 | 2, 280, 588 | 1, 476, 659 | 556, 946 | 246, 983 |
| Total locuns and investments | 5, 785, 764 | 1, 1992,559 | 1, 800, 096 |  | $3,835,815$ <br> $17,448,340$ | 3, 108,783121 | 1, $\mathrm{B}, 198,780$ | 7, 846, 8 , 80 | (10, ${ }^{1,9492,949}$ | $\begin{array}{r}683,429 \\ 4,889 \\ \hline 186\end{array}$ | 3, 6699,842 |  |
| Customers' liability on account of acceptances | 458,952 | - 392 , 422 | 62, 403 | - 4, 127 | -262, 923 | 215, 102 | , 46, 102 | - 1, 719 | 196,029 | , 177 , 320 | 16,301 | 2, ${ }^{2} \mathbf{2 , 4 0 8}$ |
| Banking house, furniture, and fixtures. | 1,166, 263 | 270, 298 | 419, 933 | 476, 032 | 759, 611 | 105, 311 | 281, 102 | 373, 198 | 406, 652 | 164,987 | 138, 831 | 102, 834 |
| Other real estate owned | 233, 014 | 20,319 | 86, 273 | 126, 422 | 143, 517 | 6,291 | 43, 268 | 93, 958 | 89, 497 | 14, 028 | 43, 005 | 32,464 |
| Cash in vault | 478, 224 | 93, 943 | 131,380 | 252.901 | 336, 360 | 37, 548 | 93, 871 | 204, 941 | 141, 864 | 56, 395 | 37, 509 | 47,960 |
| Reserve with Federal reserve bank | 1, 997, 656 | 920, 232 | 619,065 | 458, 359 | 1, 150, 575 | 360, 385 | 433, 258 | 356, 932 | 847, 081 | 559, 847 | 185, 807 | 101, 427 |
| Items with Federal reserve banks in process | 419, 706 | 124, 211 | 192, 815 | 102, 680 | 264, 930 | 54, 169 | 138, 180 | 72, 581 | 154, 776 | 70,042 | 54, 635 | 30, 099 |
| Due from banks in United States | 1, 730, 770 | 236, 075. | 870, 741 | 623, 954 | 1, 234, 063 | 48,966 | 665, 242 | 519,855 | 496, 707 | 187, 109 | 205, 499 | 104, 099 |
| Due from banks in foreign countries (including own branches) | 192, 619 | 146, 904 | 42,893 | 2,822 | 134, 336 | 96, 341 | 36, 227 | 1,768 | 58, 283 | 50, 563 | 6,666 | 1,054 |
| Exchanges for clearing house and other checks on local banks | 859, 340 | 646, 821 | 164, 776 | 47, 743 | 385, 938 | 231, 467 | 122, 208 | 32, 263 | 473, 402 | 415, 354 | 42,568 | 15,480 |
| Outside checks and other cash items. | 58,092 | 6,893 | 34, 504 | 16,695 | 40,618 | 3,001 | 23,726 | 13, 891 | 17, 474 | 3, 892 | 10, 778 | 2,804 |
| Redemption fund and due from United States Treasurer | 32, 548 | 1,659 | 8,872 | 22,017 | 32, 548 | 1,659 | 8,872 | 22,017 |  |  |  |  |
| Acceptances of other banks and bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement. |  | 37,737 |  | 739 |  | 1,288 | 5,221 | 675 | 47, 840 | 36, 451 | 11,325 | 64 |
| Securities borrowed | 11,664 |  | 4, 354 | 7,310 | 7,951 |  | 2,525 | 5,426 | 3,713 |  | 1, 8229 | 1,884 |
| Other assets | 216, 388 | 62,745 | 92, 802 | 60,841 | 116, 446 | 22, 010 | 51,564 | 42,872 | 99,942 | 40, 735 | 41,238 | 17,969 |
| Total | 35, 911, 061 | 10, 952, 718 | 12, 515, 269 | 12, 443, 074 | 22, 325, 338 | 4,286, 319 | 8, 450, 073 | 9, 588, 946 | 13, 585, 723 | 6, 666, 399 | 4, 065, 196 | 2, 854,128 |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital stock paid in | 2, 440, 467 | 765, 324 | 786, 267 | 888, 876 | 1,565, 558 | 336, 429 | 537, 686 | 691, 443 | 874, 909 | 428, 895 | 248, 581 | 197, 433 |
| Surplus Undivided pronits--- | 2, 366, 239 | 921, 294 | 735, 700 | 709, 245 | $1,257,362$ | 318, 950 | 404, 425 | 533, 987 | 1, 108, 877 | 602, 344 | 331, 275 | 175, 258 |
| Undivided profits-net...--- | 510, 696 | 151, 392 | 157, 855 | 201, 449 | 301,917 | 38, 487 |  | 160, 500 |  | 112, 905 | 54, 925 | 40,949 |
| Reserves for dividends, contingencies, etc | 343, 518 | 134, 950 | 121,089 | 87, 479 | 148, 673 | 55, 039 | 57, 953 | 35, 681 | 194, 845 | 79, 011 | 63,136 | 51,798 |
| Reserves for interest, taxes, and other expenses accrued and unpaid | 109, 927 | 47, 460 | 33, 052 | 29, 115 | 49, 402 | 10, 398 | 20, 523 | 18, 481 | 60,525 | 37,062 | 12, 529 | 10,934 |
| Due to Federal reserve banks- | 2,870, ${ }^{38,29}$ | 1,337, 538 | 1, 275,830 | 29,748 256,561 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}29,380 \\ \hline 155\end{array}$ | 531, 423 | 942, 326 | rer 21,894 | [ $\begin{array}{r}8,982 \\ \hline 1,194,874\end{array}$ | 806, 115 | 333, 604 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 7, } \\ 55,155 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Due to banks in foreign countries (including own branches) | 200, 569 | 177, 237 | 21,850 | 1,482 | 1, 122,811 | 106, 548 | 15, 211 | 1, 052 | 77, 758 | 70,689 | 6,639 | 430 |
| Certified and offfeers' checks outstanding | 503, 336 | 353, 911 | 97,524 | 51, 901 | 231, 074 | 120, 688 | 72, 049 | 38, 337 | 272, 262 | 233, 223 | 25, 475 | 13,564 |
| Cash letters of credit and travelers' checks outst | 24, 475 | 18,309 | 5,934 | 232 | 9, 663 | 3, 834 | 5,712 | 117 | 14,812 | 14, 475 | 222 | 115 |
| Demand deposits | 13, 203, 732 | 5, 138, 637 | 4, 278, 747 | 3, 786, 348 | 7, 926, 332 | 2, 038, 990 | 2, 087, 029 | 2, 900, 313 | 5, 277, 400 | 3, 099, 64711 | 1, 291, 718 | 886, 035 |
| Time deposits. | 10, 636, 021 | 1,150, 935 | 4, 222, 896 | 5, 262, 190 | 7, 249, 886 | 384, 993 | 2, 786, 676 | 4, 078, 217 | 3, 386, 135 | 765, 942 ${ }^{1}$, | 1, 436, 220 | 1, 183, 973 |
| United States depo | 2787, ${ }^{3683}$ | 139,507 | 10, 187, 545 | 60, 611 | [211, 876 | 49, 797 | 117, 499 | 44, 889 | 10, 175, 587 | $89,710$ | 70, 055 | , 15, 822 |
|  | 27, 863, 987 | 8, 316, 034 | 10, 099, 040 | 9, 448, 873 | 17, 456, 177 | 3,236, 273 | 6, 933, 979 | 7, 285, 925 | 10, 407, 810 | 5, 079, 8013 | 3, 165, 061 | 2, 162,948 |
| Agreements to repurchase U. S. Government or other securities soldBills payable and rediscounts: | 62, 983 | 1,618 | 31, 714 | 29,651 | 39, 510 | 508 | 15,568 | 23, 434 | 23, 473 | 1,110 | 16, 146 | 6,217 |
| With Federal reserve banks | 440, 504 | 7,808 | 113, 256 | 319.440 | 324, 813 | 1, 276 | 81, 658 | 241, 879 | 115, 691 | 6,532 | 31,598 | 77,561 |
| All other. | 374, 619 | 59,413 | 107, 966 | 207, 240 | 182, 002 | 1,267 | 43, 562 | 137, 173 | 192, 617 | 58, 146 | 64, 404 | 70,067 |
| Acceptances of other banks and bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement | 55, 022 | 37, 737 | 16,546 | 739 | 7, 182 | 1,286 | 5,221 | 675 | 47, 840 | 36, 451 | 11, 325 | 64 |
| Acceptances executed for customers | 483, 064 | 414, 114 | 65,949 | 3, 001 | 279, 200 | 229,331 | 48, 407 | 1,462 | 203, 864 | 184, 783 | 17, 542 | 1,539 |
| Acceptances executed by other banks for account of reporting banks.- | 6,912 | 3. 662 | 1,938 | 1,312 | 3, 098 | 1,091 | 1,690 | 317 | 3,814 | 2, 571 | 248 | 995 |
| National-bank notes outstanding. | 648, 906 | 32, 901 | 177, 267 | 438, 738 | 648, 906 | 32, 901 |  | 438, 738 |  |  |  |  |
| Securities borrowed | 11, 664 |  | 4,354 63,276 | $\begin{array}{r}7,310 \\ 70 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7,951 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,525 \\ 16.679 \end{array}$ | 5,426 | 3,713 138,966 |  | 1,829 46,597 | $1,884$ |
| Other liabilities | 192, 553 | 58,971 | 63, 276 | 70,306 | 53, 587 | 23, 083 | 16,679 | 13, 825 | 138, 966 | 35, 888 | 46,597 | $56,481$ |
| Total | 35,911, 061 | 10, 952, 718 | 12, 515, 269 | 12, 443, 074 | 22, 325, 338 | 4, 286, 319 | 8, 450,073 | 9, 588,946 | 13, 585, 723 | 6, 666, 399 | 4, 065, 196 | 2, 854, 128 |
| Number of banks. | 6,980 |  |  | 6, 604 | 6,145 |  |  | 5,888 | 835 |  | 90 | 716 |

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]


ALL MEMBER BANKS-RESERVE POSITION ON JUNE 30, 1932
[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

| Class of bank and Federal reserve | Net demand deposits |  |  | $\underset{\text { posits }}{\text { Time de- }}$ | Net demand plus time deposits | Reserve with Federal reserve banks |  |  | Ratio of required reserves to net demand <br> plus time deposits <br> (per cent) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Demand deposits, exclusive of bank and Government deposits | Due to banks, net ? | Total |  |  | Required | Held | Excess ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| All member banks. | 13, 203, 732 | 1,278, 266 | 14, 481, 998 | 10, 636, 021 | 25, 118, 019 | 1,833,300 | 1,997,656 | 164, 356 | 7.3: |
| Central reserve city banks | 5, 138,637 | 889, 855 | 6, 028, 492 | 1,150, 935 | 7,179, 427 | 818, 232 | 920, 232 | 102,000 | 11.4 |
| Reserve city banks..- | 4, 278,747 | 346, 918 | 4, 625, 665 | 4, 222, 896 | 8, 848,561 | 589, 253 | 619, 065 | 29, 812 | 6.7 |
| Country banks... | 3, 786, 348 | 41, 493 | 3, 827,841 | 5, 262, 190 | 9,090,031 | 425, 815 | 458,359 | 32,544 | 4.7 |
| All member banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston.-- | 977,072 | 27, 829 | 1,004,901 | 822,000 | 1,826, 901 | 111, 238 | 135, 268 | 24, 030 | 6.1 |
| New York | 5, 430, 884 | 838, 137 | 6, 269, 021 | 2,322, 232 | 8, 591, 253 | 825, 810 | 895, 347 | 69,537 | 9.6 |
| Philadelphia | 919, 292 | 47, 264 | 966,556 | 1,001,729 | 1,968,285 | 115, 306 | 119,491 | 4, 185 | 5.9 |
| Cleveland | 1, 002, 474 | 116, 254 | 1, 118, 728 | 1, 278, 759 | 2, 397, 487 | 140, 312 | 146,979 | 6,667 | 5.9 |
| Richmond. | 384, 879 | 18,553 | 403, 432 | 459, 014 | 862, 446 | 48,416 | 51,907 | 3,491 | 5.6 |
| Atlanta. | 354, 079 | 16, 842 | 370,921 | 352, 232 | 723, 153 | 42, 856 | 43, 676 | ${ }^{820}$ | 5.9 |
| Chicago | 1, 557, 740 | 79,535 | 1,637, 275. | 1, 476, 132 | 3, 113, 407 | 220, 082 | 253, 883 | 33, 801 | 7.1 |
| St. Louis | 427, 180 | 26,498 | 453, 678 | 395, 634 | 849,312 | 52,015 | 55, 525 | 3,510 | 6.1 |
| Kansas City | 555, 856 | 15,496 | 584, 540 | 331, 708 | 916, 248 | 61,727 | 67,859 | 6,132 | 5.7 |
| Dallas. | 412,547 | 12,547 | 425, 094 | 191, 250 | 616, 344 | 41,751 | 48,711 | 6,960 | 6.8 |
| San Francisco | 878, 678 | 50,627 | 929,305 | 1,607, 711 | 2, 537, 016 | 135,007 | 136,908 | 1, 901 | 5.3 |
| Central reserve city banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 4, 404, 850 | 822304 | 5,227,154 | 801, 235 | 6,028, 389 | 703,567 | 771,968 | 68, 401 | 11.7 |
| Chicago.. | 733, 787 | 67,551 | 801, 338 | 349, 700 | 1,151, 038 | 114, 665 | 148, 264 | 33, 599 | 10.0 |
| Reserve city banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston... | 520, 013 | 21, 168 | 541, 181 | 192, 412 | 733, 593 | 59,890 | 83, 860 | 23,970 | 8.2 |
| New York | 115, 897 | 6, 845 | 122, 742 | 175, 950 | 298,692 | 17,553 | 18,480 | 927 | 5.9 |
| Philadelphia | 540, 016 | 46, 484 | 586, 500 | 226, 470 | 812,970 | 65, 444 | 66, 830 | 1,386 | 8.0 |
| Cleveland | 673, 203 | 114,741 | 787,944 | 737, 010 | 1, 524, 954 | 100, 905 | 100, 779 | -126 | 6.6 |
| Richmond. | 197, 681 | 15, 823 | 213,504 | 169, 105 | 382, 609 | 26, 424 | 29, 092 | 2,668 | 6.9 |
| Atlanta. | 196, 041 | 14,790 | 210,831 | 174, 500 | 385, 331 | 26, 318 | 24, 719 | -1,599 | 6.8 |
| Chicago- | 429,395 | 7,553 | 436, 948 | 575, 112 | 1, 012,060 | 60, 948 | 52,917 | -8,031 | 6.0 |
| St. Louis | 257, 277 | 22,321 | 279,598 | 187, 699 | 467, 297 | 33, 591 | 35, 395 | 1,804 | 7.2 |
| Minneapolis | 138, 928 | 12,847 | 151,775 | 111,625 | 263, 400 | 18, 526 | 18,562 | , 36 | 7.0 |
| Kansas City | 334, 609 | 27,325 | 351, 934 | 175, 866 | 537, 800 | 41,469 | 44, 621 | 3,152 | 7.7 |
| Dan Francisco | 198, 711 | 9,845 | 208, 556 | 116, 685 | 325, 241 | 24, 356 | 29,578 | 5,222 | 7.5 |
| San Francisco | 676, 976 | 47, 176 | 724, 152 | 1, 380, 462 | 2, 104, 614 | 113, 829 | 114, 232 | 403 | 5.4 |
| Country banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boston.- | 457, 059 | 6,661 | 463,720 | 629,588 | 1, 093, 308 | 51,348 | 51, 408 | 60 | 4.7 |
| New York | 910, 137 | 8,988 | 919, 125 | 1, 345, 047 | 2, 264, 172 | 104, 690 | 104, 899 | 209 | 4. 6. |
| Philadelphia | 379, 276 | 780 | 380, 056 | 1,775, 259 | 1, 155, 315 | 49, 862 | 52, 661 | 2,799 | 4.3 |
| Cleveland. | 329, 271 | 1,513 | 330, 784 | 541, 749 | 872, 533 | 39,407 | 46, 200 | 6,793 | 4.5 |
| Richmond | 187, 198 | 2,730 | 189,928 | 289,909 | 479, 837 | 21, 992 | 22, 815 | 823 | 4.6 |
| Atlanta_ | 158, 038 | 2,052 | 160,090 | 177, 732 | 337, 822 | 16,538 | 18,957 | 2,419 | 4.9 |
| Chicago | 394, 558 | 4,431 | 398,989 | 551, 320 | 950, 309 | 44,469 | 52,702 | 8,233 | 4.7 |
| St. Louis. | 169,903 | 4, 177 | 174, 080 | 207,935 | 382, 015 | 18, 424 | 20, 130 | 1,706 | 4.8 |
| Minneapolis. | 164, 123 | 2, 649 | 166, 772 | 285, 995 | ${ }^{452}, 767$ | 20, 254 | 23, 540 | 3, 286 | 4.5 |
| Kansas City | 221, 247 | 1, 359 | 222, 606 | 155, 842 | 378, 448 | 20, 258 | 23, 238 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 980$ | 5.4 |
| San Francisco | 201, 2102 | 2, ${ }^{2}, 451$ | 205, 2153 | 74,565 227,249 | 291,103 432,402 | 17,395 21,178 | 19,133 22,676 | 1,738 1,498 | 6.0 4.9 |

${ }^{1}$ Exclusive also of certified and cashiers' or treasurers' checks outstanding and letters of credit and travelers' checks sold for cash and outstanding. ${ }^{2}$ Combined excess of amounts due to banks over amounts due from banks as shown by individual bank reports. When, for a given bank, amounts due from banks exceed amounts due to banks, the excess due from can not be deducted in determining deposits on which reserves are computed, and for this reason amounts in this column do not agree with the difference between aggregate amounts due to banks and due from banks, In this calculation the amounts due to banks include due to Federal reserve banks, bankers, and trust companios, certified and cashiers' or treasurers'
checks outstanding, and letters of credit and travelers' checks sold for cash and outstanding, while amounts due from banks include items with checks outstanding, and letters of credit and travelers' checks sold for cash and outstanding, while amounts due from banks include items with
Federal reserve banks in process of collection, amounts due from banks and trust companies in United States, balances payable in dollars due from foreign branches of other American banks, and exchanges for clearing house and other checks on local banks.
© Deficiencies in reserves indicated by a minus ( - ) sign.

## BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED

## BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED, BY DISTRICTS

[Banks closed to public on account of financial difficulties by order of supervisory authorities or directors of the bank. Figures of suspensions during given period include any banks which may have been subsequently reopened. Figures for banks reopened during given period include reopenings both of banks closed during that period and of banks closed in prior periods. Deposits (including those of banks reopened) are as of date of suspension where available, otherwise as of the latest available call date preceding suspension]
[Figures for latest month are preliminary]


[^16]
## BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED-Continued

## BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED, BY STATES, DURING AUGUST, 1932

[Banks closed to public on account of financial difficulties by order of supervisory authorities or directors of the bank. Figures of suspensions during given period include any banks which may have been subsequently reopened. Figures for banks reopened during given period include reopenings both of banks closed during that period and of banks closed in prior periods. Deposits (including those of banks reopened) are as of date of suspension where available, otherwise as of the latest available call date preceding suspension]
[Figures are preliminary and subject to revision]

| State | Banks suspended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Banks reopened |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number |  |  |  | Deposits (in thousands of dollars) |  |  |  | Number |  |  | Deposits (in thousands of dollars) |  |  |
|  | All | Members |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { mem- } \\ & \text { bers } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { banks }}{\text { All }}$ | Members |  | Non-mem- | All | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mem- } \\ & \text { bers } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { Non- } \\ \text { mem- } \\ \text { bers } \end{array}$ | $\underset{\text { banks }}{\text { All }}$ | Members ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { mem- } \\ & \text { bers } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | (ional | State |  |  | $\mathrm{Na}-$ tional | State |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England: Maine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Hampshire |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rhode Island. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Middle Atlantic: New York... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 |  |  | 3 | 638 |  |  | 638 | 1 |  | 1 | 21, 244 |  | 21, 274 |
| Iminois..- | 6 | 2 |  | 4 | 1,605 | 916 |  | 689 | 1 | 1 |  | 4,068 | 4,068 |  |
| Michigan. | 10 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 3,350 | 420 | 529 | 2, 401 | 4 |  | 24 | 2,112 |  | 22,112 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa | 15 | 3 |  | 12 | 2,331 | 943 |  | 1,388 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri. | 8 | 1 |  | 7 | 1,969 | 115 |  | 1,854 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Dakota. | 2 | 1 |  | 1 | 187 | 49 |  | 1,38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota. | 3 |  | 1 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 1, 103 |  | 326 | 1, 103 | 1 |  | 1 | 178 |  | 178 |
| Kansas... | 4 |  |  | 4 | 508 |  |  | 508 | 1 |  | 1 | 178 |  | 18 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 765 |  | 765 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee. | 2 | 1 |  | 1 | 278 | 225 |  | 53 | 2 |  | 12 | 116 |  | 116 |
| Alabama- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| West South Central: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arkansas.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oklahoma. <br> Texas | 1 |  |  | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 705 \\ & 192 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 705 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montana. | 1 9 | 2 |  | 1 7 | 11, 1294 | 7,325 |  | 122 4,069 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nevada. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 620 | 620 | --..... |
| Nevada......Pacific:Washington |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 85 | 17 | 2 | 66 | 34, 730 | 11,629 | 855 | 22, 246 | 20 | 3 | 17 | 32, 270 | 5, 018 | 27, 252 |

${ }_{2}^{1}$ Represents national banks only, except as follows: 1 State member in Utah with deposits of $\$ 620,000$.
${ }^{2}$ At time of suspension 1 bank in Ohio with deposits of $\$ 2,891,000$, and 1 bank in Michigan with deposits of $\$ 232,000$, were State member banks.

## BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED-Continued

BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED, BY STATES, JANUARY 1 TO AUGUST 31, 1932
[Banks closed to public on account of financial difficulties by order of supervisory authorities or directors of the bank. Figures of supensions during given period inciude any banks which may have subsequently reopened. Figures for banks reopened during given period include reopenings both of banks closed during that period and of banks closed in prior periods. Deposits (including those of banks reopened) are as of date of suspension where available, otherwise as of the latest available call date preceding suspensionj
[Figures included for latest month are preliminary and subject to revision]

| State | Banks suspended |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Banks reopened |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number |  |  |  | Deposits (in thousands of dollars) |  |  |  | Number |  |  | Deposits (in thousands of dollars) |  |  |
|  | All | Mem | bers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { mem- } \\ & \text { bers } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { banks }}{\text { All }}$ | Members |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non- } \\ & \text { mem- } \\ & \text { bers } \end{aligned}$ | Alı | Members ${ }^{1}$ | Nonmem bers | All banks | Meinbers : | Non-members |
|  |  | (ional | State |  |  | National | State |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England: Maine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Hampshire. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 402 | 402 | -...... |
| Vermont-...... | 5 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 29,678 | 1,334 | 10,258 | 18,086 | 1 | 1 |  | 1,869 | 1, 869 |  |
| Rhode Island. | J | 1 | 1 | 3 | 29,688 | 1,334 | 10, 258 | 18,086 | 1 | 1 |  | 1,809 | 1,868 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey. | 7 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 12,679 | 8, 990 | 797 | 2,892 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 6,700 | 4,568 | 2,132 |
| Pennsylvania | 31 | 11 | 1 | 19 | 31, 262 | 5,312 | 512 | 25,438 |  | 4 |  | 2,086 | 2,086 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indiana. | 59 | 9 |  | 50 | 35, 162 | 10,182 |  | 24,980 | 10 |  | 10 | 4,958 |  | 4,958 |
| Illinois. | 167 | 42 | 9 | 116 | 107, 990 | 40,096 | 12,931 | 54,963 | 18 | 5 | 13 | 8, 174 | 5,383 | 2,791 |
| Michigan | 64 | 4 | 9 | 51 | 23,416 | 2, 404 | 3,989 | 17, 023 | 23 | 3 | ${ }^{2} 20$ | 20,347 | 10,398 | : 9,949 |
| Wisconsin ----- | 22 | 2 |  | 20 | 8,545 | 1,046 |  | 7,499 | 12 | 2 | 10 | 6,674 | 2, 220 | 4,454 |
| West North Central: $\quad 1 \quad 34$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,205 |
| Iowa.. | 106 | 19 |  | 84 | 53,312 | 16,799 | 5,561 | 30,952 | 7 | $\cdots$ | 26 | 31, 327 | 1,409 | $2 \mathrm{29,918}$ |
| Missouri- | 67 | 9 | 1 | 57 | 19,994 | 9,224 | , 455 | 10, 315 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 5,284 | 1,918 | 3, 366 |
| North Dakota | 7 | 2 |  | 5 | 660 | 141 |  | 519 | 4 |  | 4 | 597 |  | 597 |
| South Dakota | 10 | 1 |  | 9 | 4,087 | 295 |  | 3,792 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nebraska | 29 | 3 | 2 | 24 | 4,133 | 408 | 538 | 3,187 | 11 |  | 11 | 2, 154 |  | 2,154 |
| Kansas.... | 44 | 7 |  | 37 | 7,266 | 2,925 |  | 4,341 | 1 |  | 1 | 247 |  | 247 |
| South Atlantic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland----- | 4 | 1 |  | 3 | 6, 419 | 839 | --...... | 5,580 | 7 |  | 7 | 2,375 |  | 2,375 |
| District of Colum | 4 |  |  | 4 | 3,497 |  |  | 3,497 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia -- | 9 | 2 |  | 7 | 879 | 339 |  | 540 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 591 | 567 | 24 |
| West Vriginia. | 3 | 1 |  | 2 | 349 | 142 | ---... | 207 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 10, 321 | 5,403 | 4,918 |
| North Carolina | 28 | 5 |  | 23 | 13,785 | 9,967 |  | 3,818 | 11 | 3 | 8 | 10, 761 | 3,807 | 6,954 |
| South Carolina | 15 | 3 |  | 12 | 28, 679 | 3,239 |  | 25,440 | 6 |  | 6 | 2, 108 |  | 2,108 |
| Georgia... | 12 | 4 | 1 | 7 5 | 2,450 | 506 | 358 | 1,586 | 1 |  | 1 | 309 |  | 309 |
| East South Central: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,421 |
| Kentucky .... | 36 | 10 | 1 | 25 | 10,362 | 4,186 | 2,347 | 3,829 | 7 | 1 | 6 | 996 | 160 | 836 |
| Tennessee | 21 | 3 |  | 18 | 4, 356 | 1,624 |  | 2,732 | 3 |  | 3 | 396 |  | 396 |
| Alabama- | 10 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4,384 | 2,405 | 1,016 | 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| West South Central: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arkansas.....-.- | 9 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 828 | 85 | 126 | 617 | 6 | 1 | 5 | 962 | 339 | 623 |
| Louisiana. | 7 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2,450 | 680 | 531 | 1,239 | 6 | 1 | 25 | 3, 097 | 680 | 2 2,417 |
| Oklahoma | 18 | 4 |  | 14 | 4, 535 | 1,626 |  | 2,909 | 4 |  | 4 | 5402 |  | 402 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Idaho-. | 18 | 5 |  | 13 | 12,549 | 7,842 |  | 4, 707 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| W yoming | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | , 929 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorado | 16 | 4 |  | 12 | 2,003 | 652 |  | 1,351 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Mexic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arizona | 6 | 1 |  | 5 | 6,376 | 354 |  | 6,022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Utah. | 14 |  | 2 | 12 | 9,812 |  | 863 | 8,949 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1,913 | 960 | 953 |
| Pacific: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington | 22 | 4 | 1 | 17 | 25, 001 | 3,873 | 1,185 | 19,943 | 1 |  | 1 | 327 |  | 327 |
| Oregon-- | 19 | 4 | 2 | 13 | 4,821 | 1,203 | 1,020 | 2, 598 | 1 |  | 2 | 5.841 |  | 5,841 |
| California | 26 | 12 |  | 14 | 17, 733 | 10, 284 |  | 7,449 | 1 |  | 1 | 1,106 |  | 1,106 |
|  | 1,037 | 208 | 40 | 789 | 587, 320 | 171,339 | 42,637 | 373,344 | 213 | 38 | 175 | 208, 150 | 48,276 | 159,874 |

${ }^{1}$ Represents national banks only, except as follows: 1 State member in Illinois with deposits of $\$ 628,000 ; 1$ in Michigan with deposits of $\$ 726,000$; 1 in Arkansas with deposits of $\$ 339,000 ;$ and 2 in Utah with deposits of $\$ 960,000$.
in At time of suspension, 4 banks in Ohio with deposits of $\$ 35,482,000 ; 6$ in Michigan with deposits of $\$ 4,617,000$; 1 in Iowa with deposits of $\$ 26,858,000$; and 1 in Louisiana with deposits of $\$ 531,000$, were State member banks.

Back figures.-See Bultetrin for February, 1932; also annual reports for 1930 (Table 118), 1929 (Table 112), 1928 (Table 116), 1927 (Table 112), 1926 (Table 100), and 1925 (Tables 97 and 98).

## INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES

[Index numbers of the Federal Reserve Board. 1923-1925 average=100]


# FACTORY EMPLOYMENT AND PAY ROLLS, BY INDUSTRIES 

[Index numbers of the Federal Reserve Board; adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1927. 1923-1925 average $=100$ ]


Note,-FFor description of these indexes see Bulletin for November, 1929, pp. 703-716, and November, 1930, pp. 662-677.

WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES
[Revised index of Bureau of Labor Statistics (784 price series); 1926=100]


Back figures.-For revised indexes of groups see Bolletin for March, 1932, p. 199; inderes of subgroups available at Bureau of Labor Statistics.

BUILDING CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPES OF BUILDING
[Value of contracts in millions of doilars; figures for 37 States East of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation]

| Month | Total |  | Residential |  | Factories |  | Commercial |  | Public works and public utilities |  | Educational |  | All other |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 | 1931 | 1932 |
| January | 228.0 | 84.8 | 54.4 | 27.5 | 10.1 | 3.4 | 26.9 | 9.1 | 96.8 | 24.1 | 19.4 | 4.4 | 205 | 16.3 |
| February | 235.4 | 89.0 | 77.9 | 24.4 | 7.3 | 4.4 | 27.1 | 10.1 | 79.0 | 28.3 | 16.7 | 10.8 | 273 | 11.0 |
| March. | 370.0 | 112.2 | 100.9 | 33.2 | 20.6 | 4.5 | 36.2 | 10.6 | 152.2 | 29.9 | 24.3 | 9.8 | 35.7 | 24.2 |
| April. | 336.9 | 121.7 | 95.9 | 28.9 | 11.3 | 4.5 | 26.2 | 12.9 | 133.4 | 47.3 | 23.0 | 10.7 | 47.1 | 17.5 |
| May. | 306.1 | 146.2 | 88. 9 | 25.6 | 16.3 | 3.0 | 25.7 | 12.2 | 109.6 | 61.7 | 23.8 | 6.5 | 41.8 | 37.2 |
| June. | 316.1 | 113.1 | 72.7 | 23.1 | 8.9 | 2.1 | 26.9 | 13.0 | 141.6 | 50.1 | 22.5 | 7.2 | 43.6 | 17.6 |
| July... | 286.0 | 128.8 | 63.9 | 19.7 | 10.4 | 3.5 | 28.4 | 8.3 | 117.4 | 60.0 | 26.1 | 6.4 | 39.8 | 30.8 |
| August. | 233.1 |  | 60.2 |  | 4.7 |  | 19.1 |  | 73.3 |  | 19.3 |  | 56.5 |  |
| September | 251.1 |  | 54.6 |  | 11.0 |  | 28.6 |  | 86.5 |  | 21.2 |  | 49.3 |  |
| October.- | 242.1 |  | 60.5 |  | 8.9 |  | 41.3 |  | 83.0 |  | 14.7 |  | 33.8 |  |
| November | 151.2 |  | 45.3 |  | 4.2 |  | 14.1 |  | 48.0 |  | 11.8 |  | 27.8 |  |
| December | 136.9 |  | 36.2 |  | 2.5 |  | 10.6 |  | 50.5 |  | 6.1 |  | 31.0 |  |
| Ye | 3, 092.8 |  | 811.4 |  | 116.2 |  | 311.1 |  | 1,171. 1 |  | 228.8 |  | 454.3 |  |

BUILDING CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY DISTRICTS

Walue of contracts in thousands of dollars; figures for 37 staies east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F.W. Dodge Corporation]

| Federal reserve district | 1932 |  | 1931 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | June | July |
| Boston. | 9,648 | 10,098 | 27, 520 |
| New York | 20, 144 | 28, 234 | 72, 432 |
| Philadelphia | $\begin{array}{r}7,619 \\ 12 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9,519 \\ 12 \\ \hline 19\end{array}$ | 30, 193 |
| Richmond | 12,533 20,915 | 12,749 7 78 | 27, 173 |
| Atlanta | 5,621 | 7,463 | 20,889 |
| Chicago | 16,083 | 18,356 | 40,327 |
| St. Louis | 12,024 | 5,768 | 17,543 |
| Minneapolis | 9, 351 | 5,724 | 8,368 |
| Kansas City | 8,195 | 4,009 | 12,060 |
| Dallas. | 6,635 | 3,369 | 12,043 |
| Total (11 districts) | 128, 769 | 113,075 | 285,997 |

## COMMERCIAL FAILURES, BY DISTRICTS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars; figures reported by R. G. Dun Co.]

| Federal reserve district | Number |  |  | Liabilities |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1932 |  | 1931 | 1932 |  | 1931 |
|  | July | June | July | July | June | July |
| Boston. | 321 | 296 | 192 | 7, 132 | 6,223 | 5,127 |
| New York | 606 | 545 | 435 | 26, 848 | 20,378 | 12,854 |
| Philadelphia | 163 | 130 | 152 | 5,562 | 4, 652 | 9,411 |
| Cleveland | 203 | 296 | 153 | 7,877 | 7,895 | 6,423 |
| Richmond. | 173 | 179 | 89 | 4,546 | 6,996 | 1,321 |
| Atlanta- | 128 | 124 | 99 | 6, 218 | 2, 185 | 2,652 |
| Chicago. | 331 | 390 | 308 | 14, 242 | 13, 498 | 9,800 |
| St. Louis | 109 | 132 | 80 | 2,094 | 1,987 | 5,298 |
| Minneapolis | 71 | $8{ }^{\prime}$ | 56 | 904 | 738 | 592 |
| Kansas City | 141 | 108 | 107 | 3,639 | 3,238 | 1,352 |
| Dallas. | 72 | 112 | 60 | 2, 197 | 2, 283 | 1,050 |
| San Francisco. | 278 | 289 | 252 | 5,931 | 6,857 | 5,119 |
| Total | 2, 596 | 2,688 | 1,983 | 87, 190 | 76,931 | 60,908 |

## BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED, BY DISTRICTS

[Value of permits in thousands of dollars]

| Federal reserve district | Number of cities | 1932 |  | 1931 <br> July |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | July | June |  |
| Boston. | 14 | 3,494 | 2,400 | 5,632 |
| New York | 22 | 7,187 | 8,159 | 27,911 |
| Philadelphia- | 14 | 960 | 2,299 | 13, 440 |
| Cleveland. | 12 | 1,624 | 1,850 | 5,157 |
| Richmond. | 15 | 2,001 | 4,372 | 8,465 |
| Atlanta.- | 15 | 794 | 1,095 | 2, 189 |
| Chicago. | 19 | 3,369 | 2, 146 | 5,796 |
| St. Louis. | 5 | 978 | 772 | 2, 150 |
| Minneapolis | 9 | 578 | 719 | 2, 136 |
| Kansas City. | 14 | 778 | 1,254 | 3,672 |
| Dallas...- | 9 | 798 | 1,090 | 2,682 |
| San Francisco | 20 | 2,775 | 4,031 | 11,973 |
| Total | 168 | 25,336 | 30,187 | 91, 213 |

## BANK DEBITS

[Debits to individual accounts. In millions of dollars]

|  | Number of centers | 1932 |  | 1931 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | July | June | July |
|  | ${ }_{140}^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,728 \\ r 12,511 \end{array}$ | 14,202 12,901 | 21,007 18,444 |
|  | 11 |  |  |  |
|  | 7 | 13,298 | 14,741 | 21,705 |
|  | 10 | 1,206 | 1, 1,256 | 1,872 |
|  | 13 | 1,283 | 1,292 | 2,019 |
|  | 7 | 488 | 488 | 666 |
|  | 15 | 543 | 564 | 802 |
|  | 21 | 3,079 | 3,373 | 4,796 |
|  | 5 | 614 | 696 | 842 |
|  | 9 | 414 | 428 | 564 |
|  | 15 | 739 | 741 | 1, 065 |
|  | 10 | r 350 | 370 | 482 |
|  | 18 | r1,829 | 1,808 | 2,594 |
|  | 141 | r25, 239 | 27, 103 | 39,451 |

## AUGUST CROP REPORT, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

[Based on estimates, by States, for August 1, 1932, as reported by the Department of Agriculture]
[In thousands of units]


[^17]${ }^{2}$ Includes 9,000 bales grown in miscellaneous territory.



[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Excludes "Federal reserve notes of other Federal reserve banks" which are consequently included in actual circulation

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ For explanation of the term "Treasury currency" see Bulletin for July, 1929, p. 432

[^2]:    1 Loans (secured by stocks and bonds) to brokers and dealers in securities at New York City.
    1 Including loans to banks secured by stocks and bonds, reported separately after 1929 and estimated for preceding dates as one-half of total loans to banks.
    'Central reserve city banks only.
    Back figures.-This classification of loans is not available for dates prior to Oct. 3, 1928, but comparable figures of total loans secured by stocks and bonds are given for June 30, 1925-1928, in the board's Annual Report for 1928 (Table 52); for separate figures of United States Government securities and other securities back to 1914, see Annual Report for 1930 (Table 47).

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ All banks in the United States; includes national hanks, State commercial banks and trust companies, mutual and stock savings banks, and

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Member and nonmember banks outside New York City (domestic banks only).
    Back figures.-See Annual Report for 1931 (Table 62).

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ A verage price of 60 high-grade bonds adjusted for differences in coupon rate and maturity.
    ; 20 high-grade industrials; average price.

[^6]:    NOTE.-Figures relate to interest-bearing public debt; matured non-interest-bearing debt amounted to $\$ 309,000,000$ at the end of August, 1932. Figures include obligations held in Government trust funds amounting
    to $\$ 384,000,000$ at the end of August, 1932.
    Bonds and notes are long-term-i. e., 1 year or more (figuring from date of issue); certificates and bills, shorter term.

[^7]:    1 In less-than-carload lots.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ The report, available in Dutch and in the official English translation published by the bank, contains in addition tables showing the operations of the bank in detail, and sections dealing with the international situation, prices, personnel, etc. All amounts of money expressed in florins have been converted into dollars at par and then expressed in round figures. For earlier reports see Bricetin for August, 1931, 1930, September, 1929, August, 1928. 1927. etc.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ Conversion at par: 1 florim $=\$ 0.402$.

[^10]:    $1 \$ 6,733,000$ imported by Switzerland from Australia.
    ${ }^{2}$ \$4,020,000 imported by Netherlands from Duteh East Indies.
    $3 \$ 7,293,000$ imported by Switzerland from Norway.

    - \$3,824,000 imported by Netherlands from British India
    ${ }^{5}$ Exported from Netherlands: To Poland-April, $\$ 1,791,000 ;$ May, $\$ 3,415,000 ; J u n e, \$ 3,349,000 ; J u l y, \$ 482,000$. To Switzerland-A pril, $\$ 2,325$, 000; May, $\$ 3,466,000 ;$ June, $\$ 5,849,000 ;$ July, $\$ 847,000$. To Belgium-May, $\$ 743,000 ;$ June, $\$ 760,000 ;$ July, $\$ 5,581,000$.
    ${ }^{8}$ Imports by Switzerland from Netherlands: April, $\$ 2,303,000$; May, $\$ 2,949,000 ;$ June, $\$ 5,632,000 ;$ July, $\$ 1,507,000$
    7 Reported monthly production of the Mysore State plus $\$ 82,000$ representing the average monthly production of the rest of India in 1830.
    8 Figures derived from preceding columns. Net imports plus production minus increase in Government reserves in India.
    $\$ 7,575,000$ was exported from India to Netherlands.
    $10 \$ 1,891,000$ was exported from India to Netherlands; $\$ 2,173,000$ to France.
    - Beginning with September, 1931, figures for net imports from individual countries are preliminary and subject to revision. Figures for total net imports, gold production, and increase in Government and private holdings are final unless otherwise indicated.

    Preliminary.

[^11]:    1 Composed of $\$ 40,240,000$ of investments not exceeding 1 year and $\$ 2,121,000$ exceeding 1 year.

[^12]:    1 "Gold and English sterling."

[^13]:    ${ }^{1}$ Gold, Dominion notes, and subsidiary coin.

[^14]:    1 Silver currencies-Figures given for parity represent gold value of unit in August, 1932, computed by multiplying silver content of unit by New York average price of silver for August, 1932, which was $\$ 0.28298$ per fine ounce.

    2 Straits Settlements dollar is legally equivalent to seven-sixtieths of one English pound. Figure given for parity represents seren-sixtieths of average quotation of pound in New York for August, 1932.

    Back figures.-See Bulletin for January, 1932, 1931, 1930, 1929, and 1928.

[^15]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes "Federal reserve notes of other reserve banks" as follows: Latest month, \$14,781,000; month ago, \$15, 252, 000; year ago, \$15, 387,000.

[^16]:    ${ }^{1}$ Represents national banks only, except as follows: August, 1 State member in San Francisco district with deposits of $\$ 620,000$. JanuaryAugust, 2 State members in Chicago district with deposits of $\$ 1,354,000$, 1 in St. Louis district with deposits of $\$ 339,000$, and 2 in San Francisco district with deposits of $\$ 960,000$

    2 At time of suspension, 1 bank in Cleveland district with deposits of $\$ 2,891,000$ and 1 bank in Chicago district with deposits of $\$ 232,000$ were State member banks.
    ${ }^{3}$ At time of suspension, 4 banks in Cleveland district with deposits of $\$ 35,482,000$, 1 bank in Atlanta district with deposits of $\$ 531,000$, and 7 banks in Chicago district with deposits of $\$ 31,475,000$, were State member banks.

    Back figures.-See Bulletin for February, 1932; also Annual Reports for 1930 (Table 117), 1929 (Table 111), 1928 (Table 115), 1927 (Table 111 ), and 1926 (Table 98).

[^17]:    Incindes 12,00 bales grown in miscellaneous territory

