# FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

**JUNE, 1932** 

# FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD AT WASHINGTON

Recent Banking Developments

Annual Report of Bank for International
Settlements



UNITED STATES
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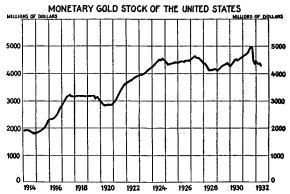
# FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN

Vol. 18 JUNE, 1932 No. 6

#### REVIEW OF THE MONTH

Open-market purchases of United States Government securities by the reserve banks continued in recent weeks at a Factors in Federal reserve posi- somewhat reduced rate. tween April 13 and June 8 total purchases of these securities amounted to The funds placed at the dis-\$660,000,000. posal of member banks through these purchases were used to the extent of \$127,000,000 in the reduction of borrowings at the Federal reserve banks and to the extent of \$16,000,000 in the liquidation of acceptances held by these banks, the holdings of acceptances at the beginning of June being at a very low level. Total reserve bank credit showed an increase of \$510,000,000 during the 8-week period, \$400,000,000 of which was used in meeting a demand for gold for export, and \$100,000,000 was added to the reserve balances of member banks.

Gold exports, which had begun in April, were in considerably larger volume in May, the loss to the country's stock of mone-Course of gold tary gold during that month movements and up to June 8 being The exports were largely to France, Netherlands, Switzerland, and Bel-This flow of gold to Europe has exerted an influence toward easing conditions in the international money markets and increasing the volume of loanable funds in foreign countries. In the United States the stock of monetary gold on June 8 was \$3,980,000,000, showing a decrease of \$825,000,000 from the corresponding date a year ago and of \$475,-000,000 since the beginning of this year. The chart shows the course of monetary gold stock in the United States since the establishment of the Federal reserve system. There were three periods of large increase in gold stock: From the beginning of 1915 to



Monthly averages of daily figures; prior to August, 1917, averages of end-of-month figures.

the middle of 1917, from 1921 to the middle of 1924, and from the end of 1928 to the autumn The first period, during which about of 1931. \$1,400,000,000 was added to the country's stock of gold, was a period when European countries were at war and belligerent powers were making large purchases of war supplies in the United The second period from the autumn of 1920 to the late summer of 1924, during which about \$1,650,000,000 was added to the stock of gold of the United States, was a period of monetary disorganization in Europe when purchases of goods in the United States were paid for to a considerable extent by the shipment of gold. During the latest period from the end of 1928 to the autumn of 1931, about \$850,000,000 was added to this country's stock of gold, largely because of unfavorable balances of payment in outlying countries, reflecting the decline in the value of raw materials.

Each of the periods of gold inflow was followed by some outflow of gold. In 1919–1920 the outflow was about \$350,000,000, representing the removal from this country of balances

accumulated by South American and oriental countries during the war-time gold embargo. In 1927 and 1928 the loss of about \$500,000,000 of gold followed upon a period of extreme ease in the money market in America and the flotation of a large amount of foreign securities. In the autumn of 1931 the loss of gold followed upon the suspension of the gold standard in England and the desire of many foreign central banks to convert their foreign balances into gold.

During the period from 1914 to the autumn of 1931, taken as a whole, there was a net increase in the gold stock of this country of \$3,000,000,000, or more than 150 per cent of the amount in the country at the beginning of the period. After the decrease of about \$1,000,000,000 from the high point reached in September of 1931, the amount of monetary gold in this country is about \$4,000,000,000, compared with \$1,800,000,000 in 1914, and more than at any time prior to 1923. At the beginning of June, reserves of the reserve banks were \$1,034,000,000 in excess of legal requirements.

Loans and investments of reporting member banks in leading cities, after declining by

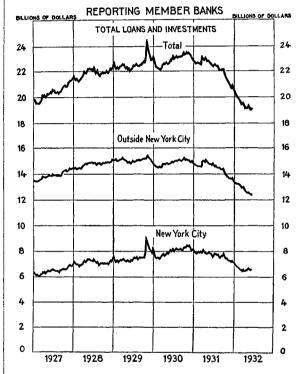
Recent course of member bank credit between M February

\$3,500,000,000, or 15 per cent, between March 18, 1931, and February 24, 1932, declined further by \$550,000,000 be-

tween February 24 and April 13. From the middle of April to the beginning of June the decline in the total volume of this credit was at a slower rate, as there was a considerable increase in investments, which partially offset the continued decline in loans.

At New York City banks, for which figures are available for June 8, the volume of loans and investments on that date was slightly higher than eight weeks earlier, while at banks outside of New York City there was a further decline. Investments increased considerably at New York banks, and up to June 1 also increased somewhat in the outside banks, the increase being shown both in holdings of Government securities and of other securities in New York, but only in the latter class of securities outside of New York.

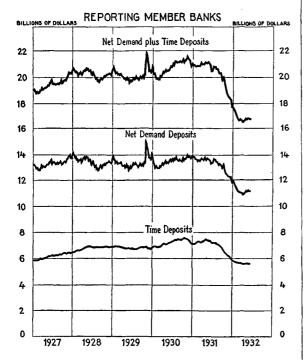
A chart is here presented showing the course of loans and investments of all reporting member banks for the past five years, with separate lines for banks in New York City and outside. It is apparent from the chart that the rapid decline in bank credit, which began early in 1931, became much slower after the beginning of March of the present year. At the New York banks there has been no decrease in loans and investments since that time, while at the banks out-



side the decrease has continued, though at a slower rate. At the beginning of June loans and investments of all reporting banks were slightly lower than in the early part of 1927, while at New York City banks they were in larger volume than five years ago.

Another chart shows the course of net demand and time deposits of the reporting member banks. The decline in time deposits, which was rapid from the spring of 1931 to the end of the year, became more gradual after the end of January, 1932, and since that time there

has been little change in the volume of time deposits. Net demand deposits, after a sharp and prolonged decline lasting until the latter



part of March, showed an increase in recent weeks, reflecting in part an increase in balances held by country banks with their city correspondents.

The central banks of England, France, and Netherlands gained gold reserves in the latter part of April and the early part Gold reserves in of May. Reserves of the Bank Europe of England showed the first substantial increase since the suspension of the gold standard last September. The bank did not begin acquiring gold until the week ending May 18, but a considerable amount of the gold imported into England since the middle of March has not been reexported, and a substantial portion of the gold which has been coming to the bullion market from the private stocks of the British public has been retained within the country.

GOLD RESERVES OF SELECTED CENTRAL BANKS
[In millions of dollars]

,			Change from-			
Central bank of—	Date, 1932	Gold re- serves	Month before	Year be- fore		
England	May 25 May 20 May 23 May 20 May 18 May 23 May 23	608 3, 093 204 296 352 380 471	+21 +72 -1 +1 +18	-126 +912 -361 +17 +151 +199 +374		

Preliminary.

In the five weeks ending May 25, the Bank of England, in addition to purchasing gold, also purchased securities. Most of Bank of England the funds thus disbursed were absorbed by the Government in building up its deposits at the bank in prep-

BANK OF ENGLAND
[In thousands of pounds sterling]

	May 25, 1932	Change from-			
		Apr. 20, 1932	May 27, 1931		
Gold. Discounts and advances. Securities. Bankers' deposits. Public deposits. Other deposits. Notes in circulation.	125, 032 12, 172 364, 349 77, 544 23, 606 32, 948 354, 221	+4, 217 +974 +12, 278 +4, 704 +14, 457 -1, 637 -50	-25, 985 +5, 347 +48, 677 +22, 783 +6, 157 -872 -639		

aration for the heavy interest payments to be made on the public debt on June 1. But bankers' deposits were also increased and, as a result, short-term rates on the London money market continued easy. On May 12 the bank further reduced its rate of discount, from 3 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per cent.

The gold stock of the Bank of France increased further in the four weeks ending May Bank of France

20. As on earlier occasions this year, this increase was more than offset by a decline in the bank's holdings of foreign exchange. The excess sales of foreign exchange reflected in part purchases of foreign currencies from the bank by the public

for the purpose of paying for the continued excess of merchandise imports into the country.

These purchases of exchange by the public through the commercial banks are reflected in the Bank of France statement in the decrease of "other deposits," which include balances of the commercial banks. These deposits were also reduced by a heavy transfer to the Gov-

BANK OF FRANCE [In millions of francs]

	May 20, 1932	Change from—			
		Apr. 22, 1932	May 22, 1931		
Gold. Foreign exchange. Domestic discounts and advances Government deposits Other deposits Notes in circulation	78, 907 10, 019 6, 170 4, 337 23, 016 81, 247	+1, 426 -2, 340 -984 +1, 102 -2, 959 +102	+23, 274 -16, 138 -1, 945 -6, 178 +10, 756 +4, 421		

ernment account in connection with the 3,000,000,000 franc issue of Treasury notes early in May. On the following report date deposits of the Treasury proper, which are included in Government deposits, rose to 2,138,000,000 francs, the largest figure since April, 1931, when the Treasury began to draw heavily upon its balances at the bank in order to meet its expenses at a time of diminishing revenues.

The Treasury notes were readily absorbed by the market. For some months money rates in Paris have been extremely easy, with the four leading Paris banks maintaining a cash ratio-i. e., cash in vault and at the Bank of France to deposits—of about 30 per cent.

Total gold and foreign-exchange reserves of the Reichsbank increased slightly—by 1,944,000 reichsmarks (\$463,000)—in the

Reichsbank month ending May 23, the first increase in nearly a year.

The fact that this increase occurred notwithstanding the need during recent weeks for released for publication on the same day.

substantial amounts of foreign exchange to meet payments on the foreign debt, and a

#### REICHSBANK

[In millions of reichsmarks]

	May 23, 1932	Change	Change from—			
		Apr. 23, 1932	May 23, 1931			
Gold	856 135 2, 894 365 3, 739	-4 +6 -86 -5 -136	-1,514 -62 +1,396 -9 -12			

decrease in net receipts from the excess of merchandise exports, indicates that the outflow of funds from Germany has been under effective control.

As in the preceding month, Reichsbank notes returning from circulation were utilized by the market in retiring discounts and advances. Since the first of the year these loans to the market have been declining from the high level which they reached after the bank began to lose large amounts of gold in June, 1931.

#### Changes in Foreign Central Bank Discount Rates

The following changes in discount rates during the month ended June 1 have been reported by central banks in foreign countries:

National Bank of Bulgaria—May 17, from 9½ to 8½ per cent; May 25, from 8½ to 8 per cent.

Danish National Bank—May 30, from 5 to 4 per

Bank of England—May 12, from 3 to 2½ per cent. Bank of Italy-May 2, from 6 to 5 per cent. Bank of Norway—May 20, from 5 to 4½ per cent. Reserve Bank of Peru—May 20, from 7 to 6 per cent. Bank of Sweden—May 17, from 5 to 4½ per cent.

#### Annual Report of the Federal Reserve Board

The text of the annual report of the Federal Reserve Board, covering operations for 1931, was presented to Congress on June 17 and

## Earnings and Expenses of Member Banks

Net profits of member banks during the year 1931, according to figures that have recently become available, amounted to \$12,-261,000, which compares with \$306,502,000 in the previous year. The rate of return on the banks' invested capital was less than two-tenths of 1 per cent in 1931, compared with 4.56 per cent in 1930.

The low rate of earnings was a reflection chiefly of low interest returns and heavy losses. Gross earnings per \$100 of earning assets for the year 1931 amounted to \$5.72, a reduction of 58 cents from 1930. The cost of handling \$100 of business was 54 cents less in the recent period than in the prior one, largely because of reductions in the rates of interest paid on deposits. Net losses were much higher than at any time in recent experience. Per \$100 of loans a loss of \$1.36 was written off, while \$2.26 was charged off per \$100 of investments as against \$1.05 in 1930.

Although only a small fraction of the amount was earned, member banks declared \$335,792,000 in dividends, which was only \$36,176,000 less than in the previous year.

The figures of member bank earnings and expenses in 1930 and 1931 are summarized in the following table and are given in detail on pages 394 to 399.

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# Earnings and Expenses of Member Banks, 1930-31

	Amounts (i	n thousands llars)	Amounts per \$100 of earning assets		
	1931	1930	1931	1930	
Gross earnings: Interest earned. Other earnings. Total.	1, 581, 905 329, 597 1, 911, 502	1, 857, 514 371, 260 2, 228, 774	\$4. 73 . 98 5. 72	\$5. 24 1. 06 6. 30	
Expenses: Interest on deposits Salaries and wages Other expenses Total	580, 910 412, 531 341, 938 1, 335, 379	748, 992 451, 776 403, 567 1, 604, 335	1. 74 1. 23 1. 03	2. 12 1. 28 1. 14	
Net earnings	576, 123	624, 439	$\frac{0.33}{1.72}$	1.76	
Net losses: On loans and discounts On investments All other Total	267, 241 250, 629 45, 992 563, 862	171, 323 96, 694 49, 920 317, 937	. 80 . 75 . 14	. 48 . 28 . 14	
Net profits Dividends declared		306, 502 371, 968	. 04	. 87	
Loans and investments 1 Capital funds 2	33, 431, 791 6, 395, 866	35, 395, 412 6, 722, 782			
		,	Other	ratios	
Earning assets per \$1 of capita Net profits per \$100 of capital	l funds funds		5. 23 . 19	5. 26 4. 56	
Losses on loans per \$100 of loa Losses on investments per \$10	ns		1. 36	. 78 1. 05	

A verages of amounts from reports of condition for 5 call dates December to December; loans and investments exclusive of bills sold with independent of the consenent.

dorsement.

<sup>2</sup> Capital, surplus, and undivided profits including reserve for dividends and contingencies, and excluding reserve for taxes, interest, and other expenses accrued.

## NATIONAL SUMMARY OF BUSINESS CONDITIONS

[Compiled May 24 and released for publication May 26]

Industrial activity and factory employment declined substantially from March to April, although usually little change occurs at this season. Purchases of Government securities by the Federal reserve banks have continued during April and the first three weeks of May, and there has been a considerable growth in the reserves of member banks.

Production and employment.—Volume of industrial production, as measured by the board's seasonally adjusted index, decreased from 67 per cent of the 1923–1925 average in March to 64 per cent in April. Reductions in activity were reported for many leading industries, with sharp declines at cotton and woolen mills and at bituminous coal mines; in the automobile industry output increased from the low level of March by more than the usual seasonal percentage, and in the steel industry, where activity had declined from early February to the middle of April, it was reported that production increased somewhat between the middle of April and the third week of May.

The number of wage earners employed at manufacturing establishments declined further between the middle of March and the middle of April, and there was a substantial reduction in factory payrolls. Large decreases in employment were reported for the iron and steel, machinery, and textile industries, while the volume of employment in the food and leather industries showed the usual seasonal changes.

Daily average value of building contracts awarded during April and the first half of May, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation, showed a seasonal increase over the first quarter. A substantial increase was reported for public works, while residential building continued at the low level of the first quarter, showing none of the usual seasonal expansion.

Distribution.—Freight-car loadings of merchandise showed little change in volume from March to April, continuing at the level prevailing since January, although increases are usual during this period. Sales by department stores increased considerably in April.

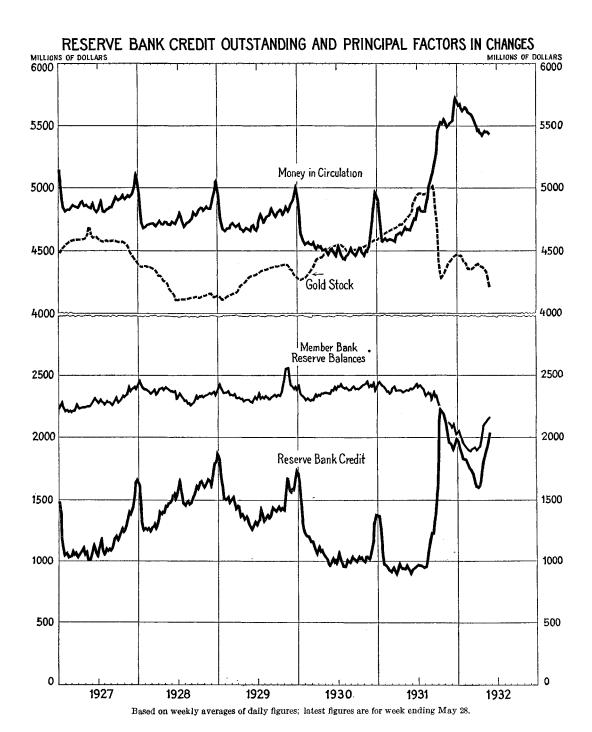
Wholesale prices.—Wholesale prices of commodities declined from 66 per cent of the 1926

average in March to 65.5 per cent in April, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and in the first three weeks of May further decreases in the prices of many leading commodities were reported. Downward movements in textiles, nonferrous metals, and imported raw materials, as well as in most domestic agricultural products except wheat, were offset in part by increases in the prices of coffee, petroleum, and petroleum products.

Bank credit.—Further purchases of United States Government securities by the Federal reserve banks were made during April and the first three weeks in May, and on May 18 total holdings were \$1,466,000,000. The funds placed in the market through these purchases between April 6 and May 18 were used to the extent of \$170,000,000 in a further reduction of member bank indebtedness to the reserve banks; and to the extent of \$122,000,000 in meeting a demand for gold from abroad; at the same time member banks accumulated reserve balances considerably in excess of legal requirements. During the first three weeks of May the demand for currency, which had declined in April, increased somewhat, contrary to usual seasonal movement.

Loans and investments of reporting member banks in leading cities, which had declined continuously until the middle of April, showed little net change between April 13 and May 18. The banks' investments increased by nearly \$300,000,000, chiefly in New York City; while loans declined by about an equal amount. There was also a growth in net demand deposits, which reflected in part an increase in bankers' balances deposited in New York City banks.

Money rates in the open market continued easy. Rates on commercial paper were reduced about one-half of 1 per cent to a range of 2\%-3 per cent for prime names, and the offering rate on 90-day bankers' acceptances, which had advanced to 1\% per cent in the first week of May, declined on May 11 to the previously prevailing rate of seven-eighths of 1 per cent.



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## FEDERAL RESERVE BANK CREDIT

#### RESERVE BANK CREDIT OUTSTANDING AND FACTORS IN CHANGES

[In millions of dollars]

							Averag	ges of daily	figures						
Month or week		Reser	rve bar	ık cred	it out	standing		Factors o	f decrease	-	Fact	ors of	increa	5 <b>e</b>	
ATOHOL OF WOOK	Bills di counte		Bills ought	Unit Stat securi	es	Other reserve bank credit	Total	Monetary gold stock	Treasury currency adjusted	Money in circu- lation	ba rese	nber nk erve nces	Non- memb- deposit etc.	er p	Jnex- ended apital unds
1931—January February March April May June July August September October November December	22 21 17 15 16 18 16 22 28 61 69	16 76 55 53 38 39 22 30 13	206 102 123 173 144 121 79 135 259 692 560 340		647 603 604 600 599 610 674 712 736 733 727 777	23 15 18 24 20 26 32 38 38 50 53	1, 129 936 921 952 926 945 954 1, 107 1, 313 2, 088 2, 035 1, 950	4, 622 4, 656 4, 682 4, 711 4, 767 4, 865 4, 958 4, 975 4, 948 4, 447 4, 363 4, 450	1, 784 1, 780 1, 778 1, 770 1, 783 1, 759 1, 784 1, 764 1, 768 1, 766 1, 768	4, 695 4, 598 4, 590 4, 647 4, 679 4, 750 4, 836 4, 947 5, 133 5, 478 5, 518 5, 611	2 2 2	, 433 , 370 , 386 , 376 , 387 , 404 , 407 , 345 , 333 , 256 , 118 , 069		99 08 71	379 379 381 383 382 380 370 367 364 361 357 358
1932—January	82 84 71 60 48	18 14 05	221 151 105 52 41	1,	759 743 809 014 413	57 43 24 23 19	1,865 1,785 1,652 1,694 1,959	4, 452 4, 384 4, 372 4, 381 4, 273	1,773 1,787 1,792 1,789 1,788	5, 645 5, 627 5, 531 5, 452 5, 456	1 1	, 979 , 907 , 899 , 996 , 138		13 73 37 33 77	353 349 349 353 349
Week ending (Saturday)— Jan. 30	88	59	162		749	52	1,822	4, 429	1,773	5, 617	1	, 941	1	17	349
Feb. 6Feb. 13Feb. 20Feb. 27	86 84 88 84	13 56	157 166 150 139		749 742 741 740	54 52 43 31	1,822 1,803 1,790 1,752	4, 410 4, 405 4, 379 4, 356	1,777 1,777 1,794 1,795	5, 645 5, 642 5, 627 5, 605		, 925 , 917 , 906 , 895		91 78 32 55	348 348 348 348
Mar. 5	82 78 68 66	57 34	125 136 107 84		754 786 820 825	24 26 23 23	1,731 1,705 1,634 1,599	4, 352 4, 363 4, 374 4, 382	1, 783 1, 778 1, 825 1, 791	5, 594 5, 563 5, 537 5, 498	1 1	, 885 , 901 , 909 , 890		11 34 37 33	346 348 350 351
Apr. 2	68 64 63 57	17 37 79	68 58 52 49 47	1,	854 882 957 077 186	22 22 24 24 24 18	1,595 1,609 1,670 1,729 1,794	4, 390 4, 392 4, 381 4, 376 4, 370	1,789 1,790 1,788 1,786 1,784	5, 469 5, 475 5, 450 5, 442 5, 428		,909 ,916 ,975 ,022 ,095		45 50 33 73 73	351 350 351 354 352
May 7 May 14 May 21. May 28	51 48 47 47	30 '4	45 43 41 38	1, 1,	284 372 438 504	20 21 18 15	1,864 1,916 1,971 2,034	4, 350 4, 316 4, 274 4, 204	1, 796 1, 774 1, 790 1, 786	5, 465 5, 457 5, 459 <b>5,</b> 439	2 2	, 115 , 125 , 152 , 164		79 74 74 72	351 351 350 349
		Er	ad of n	onth s	eries			<u>'                                    </u>	<del></del>		w	ednes	day ser	ies	
	1931			1932								19	932	•	
	Dec.	Jan. 31	Feb. 29	Mar.	Apr 30	May				Apr. 27	May 4	May 11	May 18	May 25	June 1
Bills discounted	- 339 - 817	899 153 746 58	828 109 740 32	639 68 872 18	556 48 1, 228 18	36 1,549	Bills disc Bills bot United S	counted ight States secur serve bank	rities	532 46 	506 45 1, 287 22	471 43 1, 385 19	465 41 1, 466 16	471 38 1, 525 13	495 35 1,575 17
Total reserve bank credit  Monetary gold stock  Treasury currency adjusted	1,853 4,460 -1,759	1, 856 4, 415 1, 775	1, 709 4, 353 1, 791	1,597 4,390 1,806	1,850 4,367 1,803	P4, 150	1		k credit k adjusted		4, 345	1,919 4,314 1,771	1,988 4,274 1,799	2,048 4,207 1,790	2,122 4,106 1,817
	- 5, 647 1, 961	5, 642 1, 947 107 350	5, 603 1, 849 53 348	5, 459 1, 924 59 351	5, 464 2, 124 79 353	p5, 479 2, 113 109	Money i Member Unexpen	n circulation bank reserved ded capital		5, 398 S. 2, 114	5, 448 2, 147 428	5, 431 2, 144 428	5, 449 2, 192 421	5, 410 2, 214 420	5, 467

Preliminary.

Note.—For explanation of relations between movements of reserve bank credit, factors of decrease, and factors of increase see Bulletin for July, 1929, pp. 432-438.

Back figures.—See (for averages of daily figures) Annual Report for 1930 (Tables 1, 2, and 3).

# RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS IN DETAIL; ALSO FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT

[In thousands of dollars]

[In thousands of donais]			
	May 31, 1932	Apr. 30, 1932	May 31, 1931
RESOURCES			
Gold with Federal reserve agents. Gold redemption fund with United States Treasury.	2, 100, 537 41, 129	2, 274, 556 35, 897	1, 785, 864 32, 613
Gold held exclusively against Federal reserve notes	2, 141, 666 326, 185 322, 435	2, 310, 453 308, 440 385, 438	1, 818, 477 593, <b>9</b> 53 838, 012
Total gold reserves	2,790,286 197,001	3, 004, 331 208, 493	3, 249, 54 <b>2</b> 163, 932
Total reserves	2, 987, 287 65, 957	3, 212, 824 66, 752	3, 413, 474 58, 753
Bills discounted: For member banks. For intermediate credit banks. For nonmember banks (secured by adjusted service certificates).	489, 494 408 172	550, 889 4, 643 233	173, 768
Total bills discounted.	490, 074	555, 765	173, 861
Bills bought: Payable in dollars— Bought outright Under resale agreement	4, 690	16, 760 307	119, 487 4, 893
Payable in foreign currencies	30, 837	30, 736	1,073
Total bills bought	35, 527	47, 803	125, 453
United States securities: Bought outright. Under resale agreement.	1, 548, 869 300	1, 227, 814	598, 336
Total United States securities	1, 549, 169	1, 227, 814	598, 336
Other reserve bank credit: Federal intermediate credit bank debentures. Federal land bank bonds.			900 750
Municipal warrants.  Due from foreign banks Reserve bank float (uncollected items in excess of deferred availability items)	5, 285	4, 905 5, 692 8, 206	750 37 699 17, 366
Total reserve bank credit outstanding	2, 095, 644	1, 850, 185	917, 402
Federal reserve notes of other reserve banks Uncollected items not included in float. Bank premises All other resources	11, 585 306, 583 58, 084 40, 517	14, 008 322, 590 57, 857 36, 134	12, 670 450, 447 58, 580 20, 722
Total resources.	5, 565, 657	5, 560, 350	4, 932, 048
LIABILITIES			
Federal reserve notes:  Held by other Federal reserve banks Outside Federal reserve banks	14,008 2,558,208	14, 008 2, 552, 063	12, 670 1, 567, 806
Total notes in circulation.	2, 572, 216	2, 566, 071	1, 580, 476
Deposits:  Member bank—reserve account Government Foreign bank Other deposits		2, 123, 827 21, 928 46, 805 32, 413	2, 389, 288 21, 703 7, 760 22, 764
Total deposits.  Deferred availability items. Capital paid in. Surplus. All other liabilities.	2, 239, 594 306, 583 154, 801 259, 421 33, 042	2, 224, 973 322, 590 155, 237 259, 421 32, 058	2, 441, 515 450, 447 168, 375 274, 636 16, 599
Total liabilities	5, 565, 657 182, 771	5, 560, 350 291, 837	4, 932, 048 380, 178
FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT			[ <del></del>
Federal reserve notes:  Issued to Federal reserve banks by Federal reserve agents.  Held by Federal reserve banks¹.	2, 765, 381 193, 165	2, 774, 204 208, 133	1, 962, 077 381, 601
In actual circulation	2, 572, 216	2, 566, 071	1, 580, 476
Collateral held by agents as security for notes issued to banks: Gold. Eligible paper. U. S. Government securities.	2, 100, 537 484, 733 204, 700	2, 274, 556 562, 464	1, 785, 864 281, 045
Total collateral.	2,789,970	2, 837, 020	2, 066, 909

<sup>1</sup> Excludes "Federal reserve notes of other Federal reserve banks" which are consequently included in actual circulation.

# ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN MONETARY GOLD STOCK

[In millions of dollars]

	Gold	Analysis of changes					
Month	stock at end of month	Increase in stock during month	Net gold import	Net re- lease from ear- mark <sup>1</sup>	Domes- tic pro- duction, etc. <sup>2</sup>		
1929—January		-14.4	47. 2	-65.0	3. 4 0. 9		
February March	4, 153 4, 188	26. 4 34. 4	25. 5 24. 8	7.5	2.1		
April		72.4	23. 1	48.6	¢ 0. 8		
May		40.6	23.6	16.1	0.9		
June	4, 324	23. 4	30. 2	-7.5	0.7		
July	4, 341	16. 3	34.7	-22, 0	3.6		
August	4, 360	18. 9	18.4	-1.0	1.5		
September	4, 372	12.1	17.6	-6.6	1.1		
October November	4, 386 4, 367	14. 4 -19. 2	17.5 $-23.2$	4.5 1.0	1.4 • 3.0		
December	4, 284	-82.9	-23.2 $-64.4$	22. 0	3.5		
Total (12 mos.)		¢ 142. 5	175. 1	-55. 4	• 22. 8		
1930-January	4, 291	6.8	4.0	0. 5	2.3		
February		61.9	60.0	0.0	1. 9		
March	4, 423	• 70. 2	55, 5	o 15. 0	-0.3		
April	4, 491	68. 5	65. 7	0.5	2. 3		
Мау		25. 9	23. 5	2.0	0. 5		
June		17.6	13.9	2.0	1.7 4.3		
JulyAugust	4, 517 4, 501	-18.4 -15.5	-19.6 -19.6	3.0 0.0	4.3		
September		10. 2	2.5	4.0	3.7		
October	4, 535	23. 3	26. 4	-6.1	3. 1		
November		36.8	35. 2	-2, 1	3.8		
December	4, 593	22. 1	32.7	-15.2	4, 5		
Total (12 mos.)		¢ 309. 6	¢ 280. 1	€-2.4	¢ 31. 9		
1931-January	4, 643	49.4	34.4	11.9	3. 1		
February	4,665	22.0	16.1	2. 5	3. 3		
MarchApril	4, 697 4, 726	32. 0 28. 7	25. 6 49. 5	3.0 -7.5	3. 3 -13. 3		
May	4, 798	72.4	49.6	4.0	18.8		
June	4, 956	158.0	63, 8	92.3	1.9		
July	4, 949	-6.6	19. 5	-29.7	3.6		
August	4, 995	45. 7	57. 5	-16.0	4.2		
September	4, 741	-254.3	20.6	-279.1	4.2		
October November	4, 292 4, 414	-448.4 122.0	-337. 7 89. 4	-107.6 28.3	-3.1 4.2		
December	4, 460	45. 8	56. 9	-22. 9	11.9		
Total (12 mos.)		-133.4	145. 3	-320.8	42, 1		
1932—January	4, 416 4, 354	-44.2	-75.0	25. 4	5.4		
February	4, 354	-62.3	-90.6	26.4	1.9		
March	4, 390	36. 0	-24.7	58. 3	2.4		
April	4, 367 4, 150	-23.1 $-216.7$	-30.5 -198.9	-22.1	3. 4 4. 3		
Total (5 mos.) >_		-310.3	-419.6	91. 9	17. 4		

<sup>1</sup> Gold released from earmark at Federal reserve banks less gold placed

#### GOLD MOVEMENTS TO AND FROM UNITED STATES

[In thousands of dollars]

	1932											
From or to—		Iay ninary)	A]	pril	January- April							
	Im- ports	Ex- ports	Im- ports	Ex- ports	Im- ports	Ex- ports						
Belgium		19,035		669		37, 422						
England	200	5, 911	100	2,022	271	5, 650						
France		59,603		24, 527	1	244,045						
Germany		3,410	60	3,345	61	3,911						
Italy			2	101	2	101						
Netherlands		70, 454		18, 707		33, 636						
Portugal		] <u>-</u>				2, 386						
Switzerland		55, 084		115		2, 134						
Canada	4, 493		7, 289	22	25, 090	55						
Central America			80		370							
Mexico	666		3,329		8,399	20						
Argentina			7		12, 950							
Ecuador			7		2, 966 393							
Peru	1,012		1,047		1,344	57						
Uruguay	1,012		1,000		2,000	91						
Venezuela			158		568							
British India	182		100		7,322							
China and Hong	102				., 022							
Kong	3, 734	l	2,402		6, 336							
Dutch East Indies.	0,.01		245		1,506							
Japan	2,437		2, 013		31, 424							
Philippine Islands			320		1,247							
All other countries 1	1,907	37	1, 217	1	6, 807	76						
Total	2 14,631	2 213,534	19, 271	49, 509	109, 058	329, 493						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes all movements of unreported origin or destination.

<sup>2</sup> At New York—imports, \$3,145,000; exports, \$213,534,000. Elsewhere, imports, \$11,486,000

## KINDS OF MONEY IN CIRCULATION

[Money outside Treasury and Federal reserve banks. In millions of dollars]

9 <del>71</del>	19	1931	
Kind of money	May 31 »	Apr. 30	May 31
Gold coinGold certificates	435 735	411 758	353 1, 020
Federal reserve notes	2, 558	2, 551	1, 566
Treasury currency: 1			
Standard silver dollars	30	30	34
Silver certificates	355	356	380
Treasury notes of 1890	1 2	1	1
Subsidiary silver		257	273
Minor coin		114 282	117
Federal reserve bank notes	290	404	300
National bank notes	702	703	655
Total Treasury currency	1,751	1,746	1, 763
Total money in circulation	5, 479	5, 465	4, 702

Figures preliminary.

1 For explanation of the term "Treasury currency" see Bulletin for July, 1929, p. 432.

¹ Gold released from earmark at Federal reserve banks less gold placed under earmark.
¹ This figure, derived from preceding columns, represents the excess of domestic production over nonmonetary consumption of gold—chiefly consumption in the arts. In any given month, however, it may be predominantly affected by the fact that on the final day of the month (s) gold bullion or foreign gold coin recently imported may not yet have reached a reserve bank or the Treasury, and (b) gold bullion recently withdrawn from stock for export may not yet have been actually exported. The figures are subject to certain unavoidable inaccuracies in official reports of gold imports and exports.

\* Corrected. \* Preliminary figures.

## MEMBER BANK RESERVE BALANCES

[In millions of dollars]

				Averages of	daily figures				
Month or week		Reserve	es held		Excess reserves				
	Total—all member banks	New York City 1	Other reserve cities	"Country" banks	Total—all member banks	New York City 1	Other reserve cities	"Country"	
1931—January	2, 433	891	955	587	104. 7	51, 5	22. 5	30. 7	
February	2, 370	847	945	578	56.6	11.6	18. 2	26. 7	
March	2, 388	860	945	580	66. 5	19. 4	18.7	28. 4	
April	2, 376	829	962	585	55. 6	7. 2	20. 2	28. 2	
May	2, 387	848	961	578	66.8	15. 5	23. 6	27. 7	
June	2, 404	882	949	573	128.9	71.4	27. 0	30. 8	
July	2, 407	887	950	570	124. 4	60.6	32. 8	30. §	
August	2, 345	843	943	559	100. 6	34.3	35. 7	30. €	
September	2, 333	864	918	551	120.3	53.8	36. 7	29.8	
October	2, 256	848	872	536	129. 1	52.5	39. 7	37. 0	
November	2, 118	774	832	512	57. 0	10.7	19. 4	26. 9	
December	2,069	766	807	503	59. 5	18.5	16. 9	30. 🛭	
1020 Tamaann	1 070	<b>704</b>	50B	400	0.5.4	ا م ا		i	
1932—January February	1, 979 1, 907	724 681	767 753	488 473	<b>35. 4</b> 43. 8	4.5 7.2	1.8 11.3	29. 2 25. 3	
March	1, 899	687	747	465	59, 0	17.8	17.3	23. 8	
April	1, 899	780	749	466	152.1	88.1	17. 3 35. 7	28.3	
Apm	1, 990	100	749	400	132.1	00.1	30. 1	20. 0	
Week ending (Friday)-									
Mar. 4	1,890	675	746	468	(2)	3.9	11.1	(2)	
Mar. 11	1, 894	670	753	470	(2)	7. 2	19. 9	(2)	
Mar. 18	1, 913	689	759	465	(2)	14.4	24. 3	(2) (2) (3)	
Mar. 25	1,888	681	744	463	(2) (2) (3) (2)	16. 9	16. 6	(2)	
Apr. 1		719	731	457	(2) (2)	45. 4	12. 4	(2) (2)	
Apr. 8		718	724	474	(2)	37. 4	11. 2	( <sup>2</sup> )	
Apr. 15	1, 962	757	741	464	(2)	73. 2	26. 0	(2) (2) (2)	
Apr. 22	2,015	782	763	471	(2)	84.2	47, 2	(2)	
Apr. 29	2, 087	855	771	460	(2)	149.3	59. 2	(2)	
7 F C	0.115	000	<b>TO</b>	1-0	(9)	ا ا	70.4	(0)	
May 6		866	778	473	(2)	147.1	70. 4	(2) (2)	
May 13	2, 123	864	792	467	(2)	144.8	84. 9	(2)	

<sup>1</sup> Central reserve city banks only.

Back figures.—See (for monthly data) Bulletin for June, 1931, p. 347.

#### MEMBER BANK DEPOSITS

[In millions of dollars]

	Averages of daily figures												
Month	Net demand and time deposits				Net demand deposits				Time deposits				
Month	Total— all mem- ber banks	New York City 1	Other reserve cities	"Coun- try" banks	Total— all mem- ber banks	New York City 1	Other reserve cities	"Coun- try" banks	Total— all mem- ber banks	New York City 1	Other reserve cities	"Coun- try" banks	
1931—January February March April May June July August September October November December	32, 179 32, 168 31, 602 31, 526 31, 041 30, 500 29, 138 28, 218	7, 445 7, 453 7, 472 7, 336 7, 232 7, 325 7, 147 7, 126 6, 937 6, 612 6, 414	12, 942 12, 932 13, 003 13, 181 13, 157 12, 939 12, 831 12, 702 12, 356 11, 657 11, 350 11, 048	11, 662 11, 583 11, 594 11, 662 11, 573 11, 432 11, 371 11, 192 11, 018 10, 544 10, 256 9, 976	18, 572 18, 389 18, 431 18, 491 18, 455 18, 055 18, 122 17, 783 17, 525 16, 859 16, 358 15, 985	6, 163 6, 120 6, 169 6, 019 6, 094 5, 934 6, 064 5, 946 5, 962 5, 872 5, 653 5, 546	7, 243 7, 170 7, 159 7, 309 7, 236 7, 132 7, 102 7, 012 6, 805 6, 421 6, 273 6, 106	5, 165 5, 099 5, 103 5, 163 5, 090 4, 988 4, 956 4, 825 4, 758 4, 567 4, 432 4, 333	13, 477 13, 580 13, 637 13, 688 13, 749 13, 548 13, 404 13, 259 12, 974 12, 279 11, 860 11, 453	1, 282 1, 334 1, 303 1, 317 1, 345 1, 297 1, 260 1, 201 1, 163 1, 065 959 868	5, 698 5, 761 5, 843 5, 872 5, 921 5, 807 5, 728 5, 691 5, 552 5, 236 5, 076 4, 942	6, 496 6, 486 6, 491 6, 493 6, 483 6, 444 6, 316 6, 355 5, 977 5, 825 5, 643	
1932—January February March April	25, 715 25, 431	6, 165 5, 797 5, 760 5, 950	10, 706 10, 413 10, 291 10, 109	9, 720 9, 505 9, 380 9, 327	15, 447 14, 789 14, 575 14, 589	5, 343 5, 001 4, 959 5, 138	5, 921 5, 723 5, 622 5, 492	4, 183 4, 064 3, 993 3, 959	11, 145 10, 926 10, 856 10, 797	822 796 800 811	4, 786 4, 690 4, 668 4, 618	5, 53 5, 44 5, 38 5, 36	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Central reserve city banks only.

Back figures.—See Bulletin for June, 1931, p. 347.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Figures not available by weeks.

#### ALL MEMBER BANKS-CLASSIFICATION OF LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

[In millions of dollars]

			Loan	s to oth	er custo	mers		Open-market loans					Investments		
-	Total							Purc	hased p	aper	_				Total loans
Call date	loans and invest- ments	ans Loans nd to rest-banks		Se- cured by stocks and bonds	Se- cured by real estate	Other- wise se- cured and unse- cured	Total	Acceptances pay- able in United States	Ac- cept- ances pay- able abroad	Com- mer- cial paper	Loans to bro- kers in New York <sup>1</sup>	Total	U. S. Gov- ern- ment secu- rities	Other secu- rities	cured by stocks and bonds
TOTAL-ALL MEMBER BANKS															
1928—Oct. 3	34, 929 35, 684 35, 393 35, 711 35, 914	548 538 548 670 640	21, 242 21, 462 21, 903 22, 516 23, 249	6,646 7,348 7,540 7,734 8,109	3, 089 3, 123 3, 123 3, 164 3, 152	11, 507 10, 991 11, 240 11, 618 11, 988	2,537 3,158 2,494 2,472 2,276	80 109 146 108 93	101 103 93 90 70	457 390 876 249 228	1,899 2,556 1,879 2,025 1,885	10, 604 10, 529 10, 448 10, 052 9, 749	4, 386 4, 312 4, 454 4, 155 4, 022	6, 218 6, 217 5, 994 5, 898 5, 727	8, 819 10, 172 9, 693 10, 094 10, 314
1928—Oct. 3	35, 934 35, 056 35, 656 35, 472 34, 860 34, 729 33, 923 33, 923	714 527 535 466 631 446 457 599 790	23, 194 21, 495 21, 565 21, 010 21, 007 19, 940 19, 257 18, 713	8, 109 8, 488 7, 730 8, 061 7, 864 7, 942 7, 423 7, 117 6, 842 6, 200	3, 191 3, 170 3, 155 3, 163 3, 234 3, 220 3, 216 3, 149	11, 515 10, 595 10, 349 9, 982 9, 831 9, 298 8, 922 8, 922 8, 724	2, 243 3, 097 3, 113 3, 262 2, 233 2, 454 2, 103 1, 563	212 175 170 205 315 361 389 268	80 79 71 62 55 101 113 70	291 499 507 523 366 361 384 296	1, 660 2, 344 2, 365 2, 472 1, 498 1, 630 1, 217 928	9, 784 9, 937 10, 442 10, 734 10, 989 11, 889 12, 106 12, 199	3, 863 4, 085 4, 061 4, 095 4, 125 5, 002 5, 343 5, 564	5, 921 5, 852 6, 380 6, 639 6, 864 6, 886 6, 763 6, 635	10, 505 10, 334 10, 656 10, 511 9, 754 9, 272 8, 563 8, 981
NEW YORK CITY !	30, 373	180	17, 570	6, 290	3, 038	8, 244	901	146	41	140	575	11,314	5, 319	5, 996	7, 320
1928—Oct. 3	7, 197 7, 951	287 288	3, 919 3, 940	1,536 1,708	130 132	2, 253 2, 100	1,048 1,790	50 61	55 61	63 29	880 1,639	1,942 1,933	1, 130 1, 094	81 <b>3</b> 839	2, 560
NEW YORK CITY  1928—Oct. 3.  Dec. 31.  1929—Mar. 27.  June 29.  Oct. 4.  Dec. 31.  1930—Mar. 27.  June 30.  Sept. 24.  Dec. 31.  1931—Mar. 25.  June 30.  Sept. 29.  Dec. 31.	7, 951 7, 726 8, 160 8, 150 8, 774 8, 238 8, 798 8, 557 8, 582 8, 473 8, 287	251 314 302 322 199 196 169 283 154	4, 253 4, 532 4, 846 4, 964 4, 338 4, 308 4, 276 4, 338 4, 007	1,744 1,877 1,944 2,200 1,936 2,022 2,031 2,137 1,960	148 175 176 169 150 157 157 147 150	2, 361 2, 480 2, 726 2, 595 2, 252 2, 129 2, 087 2, 054 1, 896	1, 250 1, 496 1, 196 1, 397 1, 655 2, 091 1, 912 1, 525 1, 651	59 58 59 128 89 144 148 188 199	52 58 33 46 40 29 28 22 51 44	37 21 8 21 49 35 22 34 35	1, 102 1, 359 1, 096 1, 202 1, 477 1, 883 1, 714 1, 281 1, 367	1, 972 1, 819 1, 807 2, 091 2, 046 2, 203 2, 198 2, 435 2, 662	1, 135 1, 006 989 1, 112 1, 150 1, 147 1, 091 1, 239 1, 466	838 813 817 979 897 1,056 1,107 1,197	3, 491 2, 971 8, 393 3, 191 3, 562 3, 504 3, 983 3, 798 3, 550 3, 397
Sept. 29 Dec. 31	8, 253 7, 460	250 374	3, 839 3, 850 3, 694	1,897 1,816 1,728	160 152 153	1, 782 1, 881 1, 813	1, 497 1, 121 695	296 201 107	33 17	94 48 29	1, 063 839 542	2,801 3,032 2,697	1,656 1,830 1,768	1, 145 1, 202 928	3, 026 2, 780 2, 474
OTHER RESERVE CITIES	1, 100		0,002	1, 120	100	1,010	089	107		29	042	2,091	1, 100	920	2,314
1928—Oct. 3	14, 121 14, 066 13, 925 13, 832 13, 983 13, 785	214 213 258 308 294 346	9, 096 9, 267 9, 286 9, 434 9, 775 9, 748	3, 382 3, 734 3, 740 3, 718 3, 869 3, 975	1, 536 1, 547 1, 509 1, 503 1, 491 1, 559	4, 178 3, 986 4, 036 4, 213 4, 415 4, 214	875 742 645 480 526 438	6 18 43 17 8 51	30 34 32 25 31 29	199 150 147 88 75 108	641 541 423 349 413 250	3, 935 3, 844 3, 736 3, 611 3, 388 3, 253	1,894 1,836 1,896 1,765 1,671 1,484	2,041 2,008 1,840 1,846 1,717 1,769 1,754	4, 130 4, 381 4, 292 4, 221 4, 429 4, 397
1928—Oct. 3.  Dec. 31.  1929—Mar. 27.  June 29.  Oct 4.  Dec. 31.  1930—Mar. 27.  June 30.  Sept. 24.  Dec. 31.  1931—Mar. 25.  June 30.  Sept. 29.  Dec. 31.  "COUNTRY" BANKS	13, 575 13, 701 13, 971 13, 758 13, 965 13, 567 13, 016 12, 115	263 277 235 286 235 247 284 347	8, 951 9, 029 8, 726 8, 906 8, 409 8, 100 7, 845 7, 407	3, 604 3, 811 3, 632 3, 656 3, 366 3, 188 3, 092 2, 806	1,544 1,524 1,526 1,631 1,619 1,621 1,585 1,538	3,802 3,693 3,567 3,620 3,423 3,291 3,168 3,063	945 710 1,064 531 645 470 326 135	59 18 54 122 158 91 67 35	35 38 31 29 48 67 35 21	242 301 337 212 212 189 167 62	609 353 643 167 227 124 56 16	3, 416 3, 685 3, 947 4, 035 4, 676 4, 750 4, 561 4, 226	1,662 1,686 1,785 1,727 2,313 2,408 2,301 2,133	1,754 1,999 2,161 2,308 2,364 2,342 2,260 2,093	4,368 4,306 4,387 3,991 3,729 3,459 3,317 3,050
"COUNTRY" BANKS	13 619	46	8, 225	1, 727	1 499	5 A75	214	24	177	105	970	4 707	1 900	9 905	9 100
"COUNTRY" BANKS  1928—Oct. 3	13, 667 13, 741 13, 719 13, 780 13, 375 13, 243 13, 157 12, 944 12, 519	46 37 39 49 45 45 65 63 62 62	8, 254 8, 364 8, 551 8, 627 8, 481 8, 206 8, 229 8, 007 7, 762	1,906 2,056 2,139 2,295 2,314 2,190 2,227 2,200 2,149	1, 423 1, 444 1, 465 1, 486 1, 482 1, 462 1, 475 1, 475 1, 480 1, 455	5,075 4,904 4,843 4,926 4,847 4,705 4,541 4,527 4,326 4,158	614 625 598 496 553 409 496 312 286 177	24 30 44 33 27 33 27 8 4 5	17 8 8 7 6 5 4 4 4 3	195 211 192 140 144 163 207 171 164 120	378 376 354 316 376 208 258 129 115 49	4,727 4,751 4,740 4,623 4,554 4,439 4,475 4,554 4,589 4,519	1,362 1,382 1,424 1,384 1,361 1,267 1,273 1,229 1,219 1,159	3, 365 3, 370 3, 316 3, 240 3, 193 3, 172 3, 202 3, 326 3, 370 3, 359	2, 129 2, 300 2, 429 2, 480 2, 694 2, 545 2, 462 2, 367 2, 326 2, 213
1931—Mar. 25 June 30. Sept. 29 Dec. 31.	12, 290 12, 068 11, 805 10, 999	58 60 64 69	7, 524 7, 318 7, 018 6, 469	2, 097 2, 031 1, 935 1, 756	1, 449 1, 437 1, 411 1, 346	3, 978 3, 849 3, 673 3, 367	158 135 116 71	5 2 1 4	2 2 2	114 101 81 48	36 30 32 16	4, 550 4, 555 4, 606 4, 392	1, 224 1, 279 1, 433 1, 418	3, 326 3, 276 3, 172	2, 147 2, 078 1, 984 1, 796

Loans (secured by stocks and bonds) to brokers and dealers in securities at New York City.
 Including loans to banks secured by stocks and bonds, reported separately after 1929 and estimated for preceding dates as one-half of total loans to banks.
 Central reserve city banks only.

Back figures.—This classification of loans is not availabe for dates prior to Oct. 3, 1928, but comparable figures of total loans secured by stocks and bonds are given for June 30, 1925-1928, in the board's Annual Report for 1928 (Table 52); for separate figures of United States Government securities and other securities back to 1914, see Annual Report for 1930 (Table 47).

## ALL BANKS IN THE UNITED STATES-TOTAL LOANS AND INVESTMENTS, DEPOSITS

[In millions of dollars. Includes national banks, State commercial banks and trust companies, mutual and stock savings banks, and all private banks under State supervision. For back figures see BULLETIN for May, 1931 (p. 253), and Annual Report for 1930 (Tables 42-43)]

				Total loar	s and inv	estments				Deposits (exclusive of		
Date	All banks			Member banks			Nonmember banks			Deposits (exclusive of interbank deposits)		
	Total	Loans	Invest- ments	Total	Loans	Invest- ments	Total	Loans	Invest- ments	All banks	Mem- ber banks	Non- member banks
1928—June 30 Oct. 3 Dec. 31	57, 265 57, 219 58, 266	39, 464 39, 671 40, 763	17, 801 17, 549 17, 504	35, 061 34, 929 35, 684	24, 303 24, 325 25, 155	10, 758 10, 604 10, 529	22, 204 22, 291 22, 582	15, 161 15, 346 15, 607	7, 043 6, 945 6, 975	53, 398 53, 720 56, 766	32, 133 · 32, 138 34, 826	21, 265 21, 582 21, 940
1929—Mar. 27 June 29 Oct. 4 Dec. 31	58, 019 58, 474 58, 835 58, 417	40, 557 41, 512 42, 201 41, 898	17, 462 16, 962 16, 634 16, 519	35, 393 35, 711 35, 914 35, 934	24, 945 25, 658 26, 165 26, 150	10, 448 10, 052 9, 749 9, 784	22, 626 22, 763 22, 922 22, 483	15, 612 15, 853 16, 036 15, 748	7, 013 6, 910 6, 885 6, 735	54, 545 53, 852 55, 180 55, 289	33, 215 32, 284 33, 004 33, 865	21, 330 21, 567 22, 176 21, 424
1930—Mar. 27 June 30 Sept. 24 Dec. 31	57, 386 58, 108 57, 590 56, 209	40, 686 40, 618 39, 715 38, 135	16, 700 17, 490 17, 875 18, 074	35, 056 35, 656 35, 472 34, 860	25, 119 25, 214 24, 738 23, 870	9, 937 10, 442 10, 734 10, 989	22, 331 22, 453 22, 118 21, 349	15, 568 15, 404 14, 977 14, 264	6, 763 7, 048 7, 141 7, 085	53, 185 54, 954 52, 784 53, 039	32, 082 33, 690 31, 839 32, 560	21, 103 21, 264 20, 945 20, 479
1931—Mar. 25	55, 924 55, 021	36, 813 35, 384 33, 750 31, 616	19, 111 19, 637 19, 615 18, 481	34, 729 33, 923 33, 073 30, 575	22, 840 21, 816 20, 874 19, 261	11, 889 12, 106 12, 199 11, 314	21, 195 21, 099 20, 292 19, 522	13, 974 13, 568 12, 876 12, 355	7, 222 7, 531 7, 416 7, 166	51, 427 51, 782 49, 152 46, 261	31, 153 31, 566 29, 469 27, 432	20, 274 20, 216 19, 683 18, 829

#### NUMBER OF BANKS

-		Me	mb <b>er</b> ba	nks	Non-
Date	Total 1 Total		Na- tional	State	mem- ber banks
1925—Dec. 31	28, 257	9, 489	8,048	1, 441	18, 768
1926—Dec. 31	27, 367	9, 260	7,906	1, 354	18, 107
1927—June 30	26, 765	9, 099	7,790	1, 309	17, 666
Dec. 31	26, 416	9, 034	7,759	1, 275	17, 382
1928—June 30	25, 941	8, 929	7, 685	1, 244	17, 012
Dec. 31	25, 576	8, 837	7, 629	1, 208	16, 739
1929—June 29	25, 110	8, 707	7, 530	1, 177	16, 403
Dec. 29	24, 630	8, 522	7, 403	1, 119	16, 108
1930—June 30	23, 852	8, 315	7, 247	1, 068	15, 537
Dec. 31	22, 769	8, 052	7, 033	1, 019	14, 717
1931—June 30	21, 903	7, 782	6, 800	982	14, 121
	21, 294	7, 599	6, 653	946	13, 695
	19, 968	7, 246	6, 368	878	12, 722

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All banks in the United States; includes national banks, State commercial banks and trust companies, mutual and stock savings banks, and all private banks under State supervision.

# BANK LOANS AND INVESTMENTS, PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION

[Figures for Dec. 31, 1931]

			ans and ments
	Number of banks	Amount (millions of dollars)	
All banks in the United States	19, 968	50, 097	100
Member banks—total	7, 246	30, 575	61
Reserve city banks (62 cities) Central reserve city banks—	403	19, 576	39
New York City	39	7, 460	15
Chicago	12	1, 517	3
Other reserve city banks— New York City	9	31	
Chicago Other Federal reserve bank cities	23	69	
(10 cities)	97	5, 200	10
cities)	133	4, 099	8 2
Other reserve cities (25 cities)	90	1, 200	
"Country" banks 1	6,843	10, 999	22
Nonmember banks	12,722	19, 522	<b>3</b> 9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes certain outlying banks in reserve cities.

#### REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN LEADING CITIES

[In millions of dollars. Monthly data are averages of weekly figures]

	Tota	l—all wee	ekly repo	rting m	ember ba	nks		N	lew Yor	k City			Other l citi	
Month or date		Loans ar	ad invest	ments		Bor-	Loans and investments					Bor-		Bor-
Month of date		Loans		All		row- ings at		Loans	All	Investments		row- ings at	loans and in-	row- ings at
_	Total		other loans	Total	U.S. se- curities	F. R. banks	Total	on se- curities	other loans	Total	U.S. se- curities	F. R. banks	ments	F. R. banks
1931—January February March April May June July August September October November December	22, 393	7, 495 7, 315 7, 302 7, 157 6, 998 6, 770 6, 631 6, 480 6, 413 5, 971 5, 859 5, 763	8, 399 8, 242 8, 150 8, 040 7, 893 7, 853 7, 964 7, 900 7, 870 7, 679 7, 586 7, 441	6, 766 7, 102 7, 387 7, 745 7, 822 7, 816 7, 798 7, 713 7, 795 7, 775 7, 578 7, 545	3, 163 3, 385 3, 638 3, 913 3, 957 4, 048 4, 121 4, 074 4, 154 4, 171 4, 072 4, 127	82 57 35 26 28 56 44 75 127 398 404 499	7, 906 7, 965 7, 975 7, 889 7, 875 7, 694 7, 780 7, 633 7, 744 7, 466 7, 258 7, 165	3, 111 3, 079 3, 176 3, 080 3, 089 2, 846 2, 764 2, 640 2, 657 2, 369 2, 277 2, 237	2, 472 2, 410 2, 295 2, 242 2, 194 2, 204 2, 365 2, 370 2, 375 2, 272 2, 243 2, 218	2, 323 2, 476 2, 504 2, 567 2, 642 2, 644 2, 651 2, 623 2, 712 2, 825 2, 738 2, 710	1, 254 1, 353 1, 391 1, 414 1, 460 1, 523 1, 608 1, 652 1, 750 1, 705 1, 732	3 3 3 74 16 83	14, 754 14, 694 14, 864 15, 053 14, 838 14, 745 14, 613 14, 460 14, 334 13, 959 13, 765 13, 584	77 55 35 26 28 56 44 72 124 324 388 416
1932—January February March April May	20, 178 19, 775 19, 434 19, 096 19, 112	5, 644 5, 497 5, 388 5, 150 4, 975	7, 331 7, 214 6, 987 6, 820 6, 727	7, 203 7, 064 7, 059 7, 126 7, 410	3, 943 3, 856 3, 866 3, 875 4, 121	469 484 368 277 185	6, 921 6, 645 6, 521 6, 492 6, 647	2, 209 2, 127 2, 065 1, 947 1, 851	2, 220 2, 171 2, 078 2, 029 2, 038	2, 492 2, 347 2, 378 2, 516 2, 758	1, 631 1, 521 1, 547 1, 620 1, 797	34 23 3	13, 257 13, 130 12, 913 12, 604 12, 465	435 461 365 277 185
Mar. 2 Mar. 9 Mar. 16 Mar. 23 Mar. 30	19, 523 19, 305 19, 588 19, 403 19, 354	5, 440 5, 426 5, 413 5, 337 5, 328	7, 148 7, 010 6, 975 6, 917 6, 883	6, 935 6, 869 7, 200 7, 149 7, 143	3, 742 3, 704 4, 016 3, 951 3, 920	474 397 328 334 305	6, 540 6, 421 6, 617 6, 486 6, 541	2, 109 2, 097 2, 066 2, 009 2, 043	2, 160 2, 077 2, 082 2, 039 2, 031	2, 271 2, 247 2, 469 2, 438 2, 467	1, 445 1, 437 1, 643 1, 601 1, 610	15	12, 983 12, 884 12, 971 12, 917 12, 813	459 397 328 334 305
Apr. 6 Apr. 13 Apr. 20 Apr. 27	19, 173 19, 058 19, 119 19, 033	5, 222 5, 148 5, 131 5, 099	6, 838 6, 822 6, 838 6, 783	7, 113 7, 088 7, 150 7, 151	3, 882 3, 858 3, 874 3, 884	313 314 255 225	6, 455 6, 420 6, 568 6, 525	1,979 1,933 1,950 1,925	2,013 2,011 2,058 2,033	2, 463 2, 476 2, 560 2, 567	1,596 1,589 1,643 1,652		12,718 12,638 12,551 12,508	313 314 255 225
May 4 May 11 May 18 May 25	19, 277 19, 140 19, 037 18, 994	5, 063 4, 977 4, 950 4, 910	6, 779 6, 740 6, 711 6, 678	7, 435 7, 423 7, 376 7, 406	4, 163 4, 144 4, 093 4, 084	205 175 180 178	6, 727 6, 673 6, 604 6, 583	1, 908 1, 845 1, 840 1, 810	2, 055 2, 045 2, 039 2, 015	2, 764 2, 783 2, 725 2, 758	1,826		12, 550 12, 467 12, 433 12, 411	205 175 <b>180</b> 178

#### BROKERS' LOANS

#### REPORTED BY THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

[Net borrowings on demand and on time. In millions of dollars]

End of month	To	otal	York and tru	New banks ist com- nies	From private banks, brokers foreign banking agencies, etc.		
	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	
January February March	1,720 1,840 1,909	512 525 533	1, 557 1, 646 1, 692	374 385 391	163 194 217	138 140 142	
April May June	1,651 1,435 1,391	379 300	1,466 1,293 1,221	300 243	185 141 170	79 57	
July August September	1,344 1,354 1,044		1, 171 1, 160 932		173 194 112		
October November December	796 730 587		688 582 455		108 148 132		

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1930 (Table 57).

MADE BY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN N. Y. CITY [In millions of dollars. Monthly data are averages of weekly figures]

Month or date	Total	For own ac-	For account of out-of-	For account of
		- Count	banks 1	O HELD
1931—February	1,759	1,186	290	283
March	1,858	1,335	264	259
April	1,824	1,322	271	231
Мау	1,644	1, 279	191	174
June	1,464	1,110	181	173
July	1, 434	1,062	204	168
August	1,342	951	226	165
September	1, 268	943	174	151
October		674	90	157
November	802	588	124	90
December		554	88	13
1932—January		473	65	6
February	495	417	72	ě
March		432	94	5
April		423	70	l 7
May	436	385	44	7
May 4	499	440	52	7
May 11	438	383	48	1 7
May 18	414	367	41	6
May 25	393	350	37	š

<sup>1</sup> Member and nonmember banks outside New York City (domestic banks only).

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1930 (Table 56).

#### ACCEPTANCES AND COMMERCIAL PAPER

# BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING (DOLLAR ACCEPTANCES)

#### [In millions of dollars]

		eral 1	y Fed- reserve nks	Held l	oy groul ting bar	of ac-	
End of month	Total out- stand- ing	For own ac- count	For account of foreign correspondents	Total	Own bills	Bills bought	Held by others
1930—January February March April May June July August September October November December	1,693 1,624 1,539 1,414 1,382 1,305 1,350 1,339 1,367 1,508 1,571 1,556	293 269 277 209 184 127 129 167 208 141 143 328	526 503 482 463 463 470 479 471 432 433 429 439	220 183 167 158 166 205 279 267 317 384 493 371	63 71 72 55 63 64 63 95 131 172 180 90	157 112 95 103 103 141 216 172 186 212 313 282	653 669 613 582 570 503 463 434 411 550 507 417
February March April May June July August September October November December	1,520 1,467 1,422 1,413 1,368 1,228 1,090 996 1,040 1,002 974	85 123 162 124 95 39 70 420 647 418 305	456 431 409 380 341 243 228 100 99 126 251	550 472 410 464 554 668 606 410 230 296 262	151 151 125 171 196 232 168 162 112 125 131	398 341 285 293 357 436 438 248 118 171 131	449 • 440 441 444 379 278 • 67 63 • 161 156
1932—January February March April May	961 919 911 879	119 76 36 16 P 5	314 312 335 292 183	332 343 377 455	159 175 155 188	174 168 222 268	195 189 • 163 115

c Corrected.

Preliminary.

Figures for acceptances outstanding (and held by accepting banks) from American Acceptance Council.

Back figures.—See Annual Reports for 1929 (Table 58) and 1928 (Table 61).

# ACCEPTANCES PAYABLE IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES—HOLDINGS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

#### [In thousands of dollars]

End of month	1929	1930	1931	1932
January February March April May June	1, 019 1, 029 1, 036 1, 036 1, 040 1, 043	1, 035 1, 038 1, 040 1, 054 1, 058 1, 064	36, 119 23, 958 1, 063 1, 074 1, 073 10, 551	33, 444 33, 478 30, 778 30, 736 30, 837
July	2, 061 12, 346 16, 955	1, 065 1, 071 1, 075	34, 371 145, 215 48, 804	
October November December	17, 064 1, 027 1, 030	21, 583 31, 587 35, 983	33, 501 33, 386 33, 429	

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1928 (Table 12), 1927 (Table 12), Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1930 (Table 60). 1926 (Table 24), etc.

# CLASSES OF BANKERS' ACCEPTANCES (DOLLAR ACCEPTANCES)

[In millions of dollars]

		—				
End of month	Total	Based on im- ports into U. S.	Based on ex- ports from U. S.	(ware-	ex- change	Based on goods stored in foreign countries or shipped between foreign points
OUTSTANDING						
1931—Fabruary March. April May June July August September October November December 1932—January February March April HELD BY F. R. BANKS	1, 520 1, 467 1, 422 1, 413 1, 368 1, 228 1, 090 996 1, 040 1, 002 974 961 919 911 879	212 212 211 207 202 186 178 174 173 158 159 150 142 129 118	398 390 360 361 349 330 276 257 261 254 222 207 195 205 199	295 282 271 264 254 238 202 190 238 258 267 271 267 251	71 62 73 75 69 52 43 37 38 34 31 34 26	544 520 507 505 494 423 391 338 330 298 296 284 284 287 294
(OWN ACCOUNT)1  1931—February  March  April  May  June  July  August  September  October  November  December  1932—January  February  March  April	85 123 162 124 95 39 70 420 647 418 305 119 76 36	13 17 24 20 15 7 10 68 105 61 43 16 9	11 23 25 18 16 6 9 55 93 66 55 19 12 2	17 27 37 19 17 8 8 88 129 99 84 32 27 12	2 3 8 6 6 5 2 3 17 24 6 14 2 1 1 1	42 52 60 59 39 16 38 185 285 170 104 47 25 13

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Total holdings of Federal reserve banks include a small amount of unclassified acceptances.

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1930 (Tables 61 and 14).

#### COMMERCIAL PAPER OUTSTANDING

[In millions of dollars]

End of month	1929	1930	1931	1932
January	407	404	327	108
February	411	457	315	103
March	387	529	311	106
April	351	553	307	108
May	304	541	305	
June	274	527	292	
July	265	528	289	
August	267	526	271	
September	265	513	248	
October	285	485	210	
November	316	448	174	
December	334	358	118	

#### BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED

	:			Bar	ıks suspen	ded					Bank	s reopene	1		
Year and month		Nun	nber		Deposit	Deposits (in thousands of dollars)				Number			Deposits (in thousands of dollars)		
rear and month	All	Men	nbers	Non-		Members		Non- mem- bers	All banks		Non-		M	Non-	
	banks		mem- bers	All banks	National	State	Mem- bers			mem- bers	All banks	Mem- bers	mem- bers		
1921 1922 1923 1924 1924 1925 1928 1927 1928 1929 1930	2, 298	51 45 90 122 118 125 91 64 161 409	19 12 34 37 28 35 33 16 17 26 108	•	196, 460 110, 721 188, 701 213, 338 172, 900 272, 488 193, 891 138, 642 234, 532 864, 715 1, 691, 510	21, 285 19, 092 32, 904 60, 889 58, 537 47, 866 46, 581 31, 619 37, 007 173, 290 439, 171	21, 218 5, 151 18, 324 13, 580 8, 727 20, 946 19, 755 10, 621 20, 128 207, 150 294, 357	153, 957 86, 478 137, 473 138, 869 105, 636 203, 676 127, 555 96, 402 177, 397 484, 275 957, 982	60 65 37 94 62 149 95 39 58 147 276	10 24 14 20 14 14 11 5 5 7	50 41 23 74 48 135 84 34 53 140 245	17, 493 35, 565 11, 674 22, 462 16, 618 60, 610 35, 729 15, 727 25, 829 61, 599 158, 187	3, 132 11, 618 5, 068 7, 190 6, 779 8, 179 8, 311 6, 610 2, 273 3, 538 53, 944	14, 361 23, 947 6, 606 15, 272 9, 839 52, 431 27, 418 9, 117 23, 556 58, 061 104, 243	
1930—September October November December	66 72 254 344	7 10 26 49	7 7	57 62 221 288	23, 666 24, 599 186, 306 367, 119	1, 769 3, 336 62, 373 44, 884	35, 742 163, 993	21, 726 21, 263 88, 191 158, 242	11 23 43	1 1	10 22 43	1, 688 12, 323 6, 978 16, 340	351 208	1, 688 11, 972 6, 770 16, 340	
1931—January February March April May June July August September October November December	77 86 64 91 167 93	20 15 18 17 24 26 16 29 46 100 35 63	6 5 1 3 2 10 2 12 16 25 8 18	176 57 67 44 65 131 75 117 243 397 132 277	76, 553 34, 616 34, 320 41, 683 43, 210 190, 480 40, 745 180, 028 233, 505 471, 380 67, 939 277, 051	14, 569 5, 822 10, 899 19, 498 12, 320 31, 368 7, 045 31, 629 79, 446 111, 088 28, 039 87, 448	7, 615 7, 901 108 2, 264 5, 055 39, 434 1, 805 52, 660 30, 272 117, 259 4, 216 25, 768	54, 369 20, 893 23, 313 19, 921 25, 835 119, 678 31, 895 95, 739 123, 787 243, 033 35, 684 163, 835	58 49 31 28 9 8 9 4 6 22 21 31	3 6 2 4 2 5 5	55 43 29 24 7 3 9 4 6 20 17 28	19, 322 17, 157 11, 788 23, 613 3, 890 24, 522 2, 525 14, 396 4, 258 5, 096 13, 041 18, 579	1, 856 3, 333 3, 381 15, 893 401 23, 816  991 3, 684 589	17, 466 13, 824 8, 407 7, 720 3, 489 706 2, 525 14, 396 4, 258 4, 105 9, 357 17, 990	
1932—January February March April May	r 46	74 26 7 6 214	13 6 7 5 9 6	255 r 92 r 39 r 60 p 57	r 219, 071 r 65, 479 r 14, 991 r 31, 924 p 36, 084	63, 686 22, 628 4, 484 2, 634 \$\nu\$ 6, 351	10, 873 8, 660 r 12, 075 p 1, 605	r 144, 512 r 34, 191 r 10, 507 r 17, 215 p 28, 128	19 46 7 38 7 22 7 17	3 6 10 3 2	16 40 7 28 7 19 7 14	10, 952 r 19, 601 r 19, 590 r 11, 041 p 23, 868	3, 293 • 4, 944 9, 714 1, 793 • 1, 875	7, 659 14, 657 r 9, 876 r 9, 248 p 21, 993	

Preliminary.

Banks suspended and banks reopened.—The statistics of bank suspensions relate to banks closed to the public, on account of financial difficulties, by order of supervisory authorities or directors of the bank. Some banks reopen before the end of the calendar month in which they were closed; such banks are included in the record of suspensions for the month as given in the table. Reopenings are recorded as of the month in which they occur, and include for any given month reopenings both of banks closed during the month and of banks closed earlier.

Deposits.—Figures of deposits in banks suspended are as of date of suspension whenever data as of this date are available; otherwise they are as of the latest available call date prior to suspension. For banks reopened the figures of deposits are not as of date of reopening, which are seldom available, but are taken from the record of suspensions.

Back figures.—See annual report for 1930 (Tables 66 and 67).

#### MEMBER BANK HOLDINGS OF ELIGIBLE ASSETS

[In millions of dollars]

	Holding	s of Govern	ament secu	irities <sup>1</sup> and	d eligible p	aper (inclu	iding pape	r under rec	liscount)	Member
	By re	serve city	hanks	By "country" banks			By al	bank borrow-		
Call date	U. S. Govern- ment se- curities	Eligible paper	Total	U. S. Govern- ment se- curities	Eligible paper	Total	U. S. Govern- ment se- curities	Eligible paper	Total	ings at Federal reserve banks
1928—Dec. 31 1929—Mar. 27 June 29 Oct. 4. Dec. 31 1930—Mar. 27 June 30 Sept. 24 Dec. 31 1931—Mar. 25 June 30 Sept. 29 Dec. 31	2, 730 2, 832 2, 577 2, 469 2, 403 2, 619 2, 640 2, 682 2, 777 3, 584 3, 871 3, 942 3, 706	2, 349 2, 582 2, 688 2, 865 2, 713 2, 542 2, 285 2, 271 2, 100 2, 045 1, 870 1, 787 1, 505	5, 079 5, 414 5, 265 5, 334 5, 161 4, 925 4, 953 4, 877 5, 629 5, 741 5, 729 5, 211	932 974 929 912 814 818 772 764 708 776 836 994 989	1, 811 1, 761 1, 773 1, 733 1, 684 1, 662 1, 620 1, 641 1, 438 1, 373 1, 328 1, 209 1, 068	2, 744 2, 735 2, 702 2, 645 2, 498 2, 480 2, 392 2, 305 2, 146 2, 149 2, 164 2, 203 2, 203	3, 662 3, 807 3, 506 3, 381 3, 217 3, 448 3, 442 3, 446 4, 707 4, 936 4, 694	4, 160 4, 343 4, 461 4, 598 4, 397 4, 204 3, 905 3, 812 3, 538 3, 418 3, 198 2, 996 2, 573	7, 822 8, 150 7, 968 7, 979 7, 614 7, 642 7, 258 7, 023 7, 778 7, 905 7, 932 7, 267	1, 041 981 1, 029 899 646 200 274 173 248 160 147 322 622

<sup>1</sup> Exclusive of approximately \$650,000,000 of Government securities pledged against national bank note circulation. Back figures.—See Bulletin for March, p. 156.

r Revised.

#### FEDERAL RESERVE BANK RATES

#### DISCOUNT RATES

[Rates on all classes and maturities of eligible paper]

Federal reserve bank	Rate in effect on June 1	Date estab- lished	Previous rate
Boston	31⁄2	Oct. 17, 1931	21/2
New York	3	Feb. 26, 1932	33/6
Philadelphia	31/2	Oct. 22, 1931	3
Cleveland	31/2	Oct. 24, 1931	3
Richmond	31/2	Jan. 25, 1932	4
Atlanta	31/2	Nov. 14, 1931	3
Chicago	31/2	Oct. 17, 1931	214
St. Louis	31/2	Oct. 22, 1931	214
Minneapolis	31/2	Sept. 12, 1930	4
Kansas City	31/2	Oct. 23, 1931	3
Dallas	31/2	Jan. 28, 1932	4
San Francisco	31/2	Oct. 21, 1931	21/2

Back figures .- See Annual Report for 1930 (Table 33).

#### BUYING RATES ON ACCEPTANCES

[Buying rates at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York]

Maturit <b>y</b> ◆	Rate in effect on June 1	Date estab- lished	Previous rate
1-15 days		do	258 258 258 234
61-90 days	21/2 21/2 3		234 234 314

NOTE.—Rates on prime bankers' acceptances. Higher rates may be charged for other classes of bills.

#### **OPEN-MARKET RATES** RATES IN NEW YORK CITY

	Preva	iling rate	on—		age rate a—	A verag	
				Call	loans 1	_v. s.	
Month or week	Prime com- mercial paper, 4 to 6 months	Prime bank- ers' accept- ances, 90 days	Time loans, 90 days 1	New	Re- newal	Treasury notes and certificates, 3 to 6 months	Treas- ury bonds <sup>3</sup>
1931							
January	23/4-3	13/8-13/4	13/4-23/2	1.50	1. 57	1. 24	3. 33
February	21/2-23/4	13%-13%	13/4-2	1.50	1.50	1.06	3.40
March	21/2	11/2	2 -21/4	1.56	1.55	4 1.38	3. 39
April	21/4-21/2	11/2	13/4-23/4	1. 57	1. 52	1.49	3, 38
May	2 -21/4	<b>1</b> /8−11/8	11/2-2	1.45	1.45	.88	3. 31
June	2	7/8	11/4-13/4	1.50	1.50	4.55	3.30
July	2	7/8	11/4-11/2	1.50	1, 50	. 41	3. 32
August	2	7/8	11/4-11/2	1.50	1.50	. 42	3.34
September	2	1/8-11/4	11/4-2	1.50	1, 50	4.45	3. 42
October	2 -41/4	11/4-31/4	21/2-4	2, 10	2. 10	1.70	3.71
November	33/4-41/4	27/8-31/4		2, 50	2.50	1. 77	3, 69
December	33/4-4	3	3 -4	2. 73	2, 70	4 2. 41	3. 92
1932							1
January	33/4-4	23/4-3	31/2-4	2, 61	2.65	2.48	4. 27
February		234-278	31/2-33/4	2.50	2.50	2.42	4.11
March	312-334	236-256	234-31/2	2, 50	2, 50	4 2. 25	3, 92
April	314-334	7/8-21/8	2 -3	2.50	2. 50	1.11	3.74
May	234-31/2	7∕8-11∕8	11/2-2	2.50	2, 50	. 31	3.77
Week ending-							
May 7	314-31/2	76-116	134-2	2.50	2. 50	. 56	3. 70
May 14				2.50	2, 50	.46	3. 70
May 21			1½	2.50	2.50	. 16	3.82
May 28	23/4-3	7/8	11/2	1	2, 50	. 08	3.84

Stock exchange call loans; new and renewal rates.
 Stock exchange 90-day time loans.
 sissues—334, 334, 4 per cent; yields calculated on basis of last redemption dates—1947, 1956, and 1954.
 Change of issues on which yield is computed.

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1930 (Tables 36 and 37).

## RATES CHARGED CUSTOMERS BY BANKS IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

[Weighted averages of prevailing rates]

Month			York C	City		8 other northern and eastern cities					27 southern and western cities				
Month	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932
January	4. 56 4. 44 4. 59 4. 72 4. 97 5. 09	5. 74 5. 73 5. 81 5. 85 5. 88 5. 93	5. 64 5. 35 5. 22 4 91 4. 74 4. 59	4. 24 4. 31 4. 20 4. 17 4. 11 4. 13	4. 71 4. 71 4. 72 4. 69 4. 55	4. 73 4. 76 4. 81 4. 91 5. 04 5, 36	5, 87 5, 86 5, 91 6, 00 6, 09 6, 02	5. 88 5. 66 5. 47 5. 22 5. 13 5. 06	4. 61 4. 63 4. 62 4. 57 4. 55 4. 49	5. 07 5. 13 5. 14 5. 10 5. 14	5. 53 5. 53 5. 54 5. 54 5. 56 5. 67	5 94 5 96 6. 04 6. 07 6. 10 6. 16	6. 12 6. 05 5. 98 5. 86 5. 75 5. 69	5. 50 5. 43 5. 40 5. 36 5 26 5. 34	5. 6 5. 6 5. 6 5. 6 5. 6
July	5. 38 5. 56 5. 63 5. 63 5. 66 5. 63	5. 88 6. 05 6. 06 6. 08 5. 86 5. 74	4. 48 4. 41 4. 29 4. 26 4. 17 4. 16	4. 05 3. 97 3. 93 4. 27 4. 67 4. 64		5. 57 5. 59 5. 80 5. 80 5. 82 5. 91	6. 08 6. 11 6. 24 6. 25 6. 12 5. 94	4. 81 4. 79 4. 74 4. 75 4. 66 4. 68	4. 48 4. 47 4. 48 4. 62 4. 87 4. 91		5. 77 5. 80 5. 82 5. 87 5. 90 5. 91	6. 17 6. 22 6. 27 6. 29 6. 29 6. 20	5, 63 5, 58 5, 55 5, 54 5, 50 5, 43	5. 30 5. 28 5. 32 5. 38 5. 53 5. 56	

Note.—Figures relate to rates charged by reporting banks to their own customers as distinguished from open-market rates (which are given in preceding table). All averages are based on rates reported for 3 types of customer loans—commercial loans, and demand and time loans on securities. The method of computing the averages takes into account (a) the relative importance of each of these 3 types of loans and (b) the relative importance of each reporting bank, as measured by total loans. In the two group averages the average rate for each city included is weighted according to the importance of that city in the group, as measured by the loans of all banks in the city.

Back figures.—See Annual Report for 1930 (Table 39).

## SECURITY PRICES AND SECURITY ISSUES

#### SECURITY PRICES

[Index numbers of Standard Statistics Co. Monthly data are averages of weekly figures]

								Comr	non sto	cks (192	6=100)					
		Pre-							Se	lected g	roups o	f indust	rial issu	168		
Month or date	Bonds <sup>1</sup>	stocks	Total	Indus- trial	Rail- road	Public utility	Auto- mobile	Build- ing equip- ment	Chain store	Chem- ical	Cop- per and brass	Elec- trical equip- ment	Ma- chin- ery	Oil	Steel	Tex- tile
Number of issues	60	20	421	351	33	37	13	12	16	11	8	4	10	15	10	28
1931—February.  March April May June July August September October November December 1932—Jamuary February March April May	100. 0 99. 6 99. 7 99. 4 98. 5 95. 6 89. 4 89. 0 81. 6 81. 0 80. 8 79. 4	124. 8 126. 4 125. 3 122. 6 119. 7 121. 1 120. 7 116. 1 109. 4 108. 5 99. 1 96. 5 96. 2 94. 2 90. 3	120 122 109 98 95 98 96 82 70 72 58 58 56 57 44	110 112 100 89 87 90 89 76 65 68 54 54 42 38	105 97 87 77 74 75 66 56 48 46 33 37 34 32 22 17	178 189 170 156 153 158 154 132 115 96 94 93 73 68	120 129 117 110 101 105 103 85 70 75 65 64 60 55 34 30	78 81 70 59 58 60 58 47 38 39 31 31 30 29 22	86 90 86 89 89 89 92 80 70 69 57 57 56 49 42	174 173 148 127 128 131 127 110 90 96 79 80 79 85 61 52	91 96 79 67 62 66 61 50 43 35 36 32 22 20	194 201 172 159 157 161 155 132 113 94 85 77 77 57	126 125 109 89 83 88 84 72 59 61 46 48 47 37	91 85 74 63 63 67 70 60 53 57 44 43 42 45 38	132 133 116 94 85 88 81 72 59 41 32 32 22 32 20	555 588 5247 456 460 453 400 313 313 313 313 200 23
April 27	77. 5	93. 3 91. 3 92. 1 89. 7 88. 2	44 41 42 39 37	42 39 41 38 35	23 19 19 17 14	75 71 72 67 62	33 30 33 30 28	23 21 21 20 19	50 45 44 40 38	60 52 55 51 49	24 20 22 21 18	58 52 57 51 48	34 34 35 33 31	38 38 41 38 38	23 21 21 20 18	24 24 24 24 24

Average price of 60 high-grade bonds adjusted for differences in coupon rate and maturity.
 20 high-grade industrials; average price.

#### CAPITAL ISSUES

[Long-term; i. e., 1 year or more. In millions of dollars]

			New i	ssues			Re-	
	(Deta)		Dom	estic			fund- ing	
Year and month	Total (do- mestic and	,	State	Corp	orate	For-	issues (do- mestic	
	for- eign)	To- tal 1	mu- nici- pal	Bonds and notes	Stocks	PIETT	and for- eign)	
1923	4,437	r 4. 016	1,043	1,976	659	421	682	
1924	5,557	4,588	1,380	2, 200	829	969	759	
1925	6, 201	5, 125	1,352	2,452	1, 153	1,076	925	
1926	6,314	5, 189	1,344	2,667	1,087	1,125	1,046	
1927	7,556	6,219	1,475	3, 183	1,474	1,337	2, 220	
1929	8,040 10,091	6,789	1,379	2,385 2,078	2,961 5,924	1, 251 671	1,858	
1930	6,909	9,420 6,004	1,418	2,980	1,503	905	711	
1931	73,099	2,860		1,240	311	229	949	
1931—April	r 413	r 370	102	166	102	43	203	
May	r 349	₹ 334	173	132	29	15	*124	
June	r 260	r 225	r 119	100	6	35	144	
July	r 225	r 223	r 93	113	2	2	45	
August	120	120	74	34	12	0	77	
September	* 245	r 221	1114	94	12	24	743	
October	7 45	r 45	r 16	14	4	0	1	
November	7 112	r 110	r 54	26	24	2	721	
December	r 123	<b>7 123</b>	7 44	28	39	0	21	
1932-January	r 184	184	r 138	42	4	0	14	
February	73	73	7 35	35	4	, o	21	
March		162	r 109	47	1	0	29	
April	771	771	30	15	0	0	72	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes issues of Federal land banks and Federal intermediate credit banks, not shown separately, Revised.

#### UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

[In millions of dollars]

	Outst	anding a of montl		Increase or decrease  (-) during month			
Month	Total	Bonds and notes	Certificates and bills	Total	Bonds and notes	Certificates and bills	
1930 December	15, 774	14, 454	1,320	-159	-2	-157	
Total (12 months)				-255	-169	-86	
January February March April May June July August September October November	15, 979 16, 280 16, 368 16, 245 16, 520 16, 522 16, 585 17, 048 17, 028	14,594 14,573 13,838 13,567 13,323 14,152 14,178 14,179 14,980 14,981 14,955	1, 319 1, 406 2, 442 2, 801 2, 922 2, 368 2, 344 2, 406 2, 068 2, 047 2, 085	139 66 301 88 -123 275 2 63 463 -20	140 -21 -735 -271 -244 829 26 1 801 1 -26	-1 87 1,036 359 121 -554 -24 -238 -21 38	
December	17, 528	15,092	2, 436	488	137	351	
Total (12 months)				1,754	638	1, 116	
1932 January February March April	17, 515 17, 820 18, 190 18, 287 18, 729	15, 102 15, 102 15, 102 15, 103 15, 318	2, 413 2, 718 3, 088 3, 184 3, 411	-13 305 370 97 442	10 1 215	-23 305 370 96 227	

Note.—Figures relate to interest-bearing public debt; matured non interest-bearing debt amounted to \$308,000,000 at the end of May, 1932. Figures include obligations held in Government trust funds amounting to \$311,000,000 at the end of May, 1932.

Bonds and notes are long-term—i. e., I year or more (figuring from date of issue); certificates and bills, shorter term.

Fources.—For domestic issues: Commercial and Financial Chronicle; for foreign issues (issues publicly offered) annual totals are as finally reported by Department of Commerce, while monthly figures are as compiled currently and are subject to revision.

## PRODUCTION, EMPLOYMENT, CAR LOADINGS, AND COMMODITY PRICES

[Index numbers; 1923-1925 average=100. The terms adjusted and unadjusted refer to adjustment for seasonal variation]

								Bnild	ng cont	racts av	varded			270 101 50		\ \table		
Year and			ustrial p						(vah	1e)** 				ry em- nent <sup>3</sup>	Fac- tory pay rolls *	Freig load	ht-car ings*	Com- mod- ity
month	Total 1		Manufactures Mine					Residential		All other							prices (†)	
	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	Unad- justed	Unad- justed	Ad- justed	
1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930	83 87 67 85 101 95 104 108 106 111 119 96		84 87 67 86 101 94 105 108 106 112 119 95		77 89 70 74 105 96 99 108 107 106 115 99 84		63 63 56 79 84 94 122 129 129 135 117 92 63		44 30 44 68 81 95 124 121 117 126 87 50 37		79 90 65 88 86 94 120 135 139 142 142 125 84		107 108 82 90 104 96 100 101 99 97 101 88 74		98 118 77 81 103 96 101 104 102 102 108 87 66	84 91 79 87 100 97 103 106 103 106 92 75		139 154 98 97 101 98 104 100 95 97 95 86 73
1928 February March April June June September October. November	111 112 110 110 108 105 110 116 118 115 109	108 108 108 108 108 109 110 113 115 117 118	113 114 113 111 109 105 110 116 117 115 110	110 109 109 108 109 110 111 114 116 118 120	99 98 95 104 104 104 111 115 123 118 106	102 105 105 106 102 102 105 107 111 114 111	121 138 155 159 154 142 137 138 134 122 107	138 137 137 137 139 132 131 134 136 132 127	128 143 152 149 140 127 116 118 115 112 93	142 136 130 130 133 126 119 118 115 115 114 106	115 134 157 168 166 155 154 154 150 130	135 137 142 143 144 137 141 147 152 146 145	96 97 96 96 96 98 100 100 99	96 96 96 97 97 97 97 98 98 98	101 103 100 101 101 98 103 104 107 104	94 97 96 105 101 105 109 119 119 109 94	102 103 101 103 100 102 103 105 106 107 106	96 96 97 98 97 97 98 99 99 99
January February March April June June September October November December	124 124 126 125 120 122	119 119 119 121 122 125 124 121 121 118 110	117 122 126 128 128 127 120 122 123 119 107 93	120 119 120 122 123 127 125 122 121 119 110	114 116 101 103 116 118 121 127 127 114 110	116 119 109 114 117 114 116 115 118 116 110	98 102 121 139 143 144 136 129 112 104 94 84	120 118 121 123 121 126 124 122 110 107 103 102	81 84 106 117 113 102 94 84 73 67 66 53	97 94 101 100 97 95 93 86 73 67 67	111 116 133 158 168 178 170 166 144 135 116	139 137 137 142 141 152 149 152 140 139 132	97 100 101 102 102 102 104 105 103 99 95	100 100 101 102 102 103 103 103 102 101 99	101 108 111 111 110 106 111 112 111 103 99	95 99 98 102 109 110 111 115 121 118 102 89	108 107 105 108 107 108 107 107 106 104 102 102	96 95 96 96 95 97 96 96 95 94
1930 January February March April May June July August September October November December	103 109 106 107 105 99 91 90 92 90 84 77	106 107 104 104 102 98 93 93 90 90 88 86 84	102 110 109 110 106 98 89 88 90 87 82 74	105 107 104 104 101 97 92 89 89 86 85 82	108 104 91 94 102 103 100 101 101 105 96 89	110 108 98 104 102 100 96 94 95 92 93	78 89 102 113 125 116 107 85 82 75 68 59	95 104 102 101 105 99 95 81 81 78 76 73	46 44 54 62 61 54 48 48 52 51 46 37	56 49 52 53 52 49 47 49 52 52 48 43	104 126 141 156 178 166 155 115 108 94 86 77	128 148 144 140 148 140 135 106 105 99 99	93 93 93 93 91 89 86 85 86 84 81 79	96 94 93 92 91 90 87 84 83 82 81 80	94 98 98 97 94 91 83 82 83 81 75	89 91 90 93 97 95 95 96 99 97 86 74	100 99 96 97 96 93 92 89 87 86 84 84	93 91 90 90 89 87 84 84 84 83 81
January_February_MarchAprilJuneJulyAugustSeptember October_November December	75	83 86 87 88 87 83 82 78 76 73 73	81 88 90 91 90 82 79 77 76 72 71 66	82 86 87 87 86 82 82 78 75 71 71	86 84 82 83 84 85 85 82 82 92 84 80	88 86 89 91 87 86 86 79 77 84 81	58 68 77 82 78 74 68 68 59 52 43 30	71 79 77 73 65 63 61 59 59 55 49	37 42 50 52 47 41 36 32 32 29 26 20	44 47 47 44 40 37 35 33 32 30 27 23	75 89 98 107 104 101 94 87 81 71 57	93 104 100 96 85 84 82 81 80 76 67 50	76 77 78 78 77 75 74 74 75 71 69 68	78 78 78 78 76 76 75 74 73 70 69	68 73 75 74 72 68 64 64 62 59 56	74 74 75 77 79 77 78 76 78 78 70 61	82 80 80 79 77 76 72 69 69 68	78 77 76 75 73 72 72 72 71 70 70 69
January January February March April	71 71 68 • 64	72 69 67 • 64	70 70 66 • 63	71 68 64 961	74 75 77 72	77 78 84 79	25 23 26 31	31 27 26 27	16 15 16 16	19 17 15 14	33 30 35 43	41 35 36 38	66 67 66 64	68 68 66 64	52 54 52 49	58 59 58 57	64 62 61 59	67 66 66 66

Preliminary.

1 As revised in March, 1932; for back figures see Bulletin for March, p. 194. For indexes of groups and separate industries see p. 406.

2 For indexes of groups and separate industries see p. 407.

Average per working-day.

3-month moving average, centered at second month; see Bulletin for July, 1931, p. 358.

Revised index of Bureau of Labor Statistics (784 price series); 1926=100. Index numbers for groups of commodities are given on p. 408.

#### MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS

#### [In millions of dollars]

	Merchandise exports				Merchandise imports					Excess of exports					
Month	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932
January February March April May June July August September October November	411 371 421 364 423 389 379 422 550 547	488 442 490 425 385 393 403 381 437 529 427	411 349 370 332 320 295 267 298 312 327 289 275	250 224 236 215 204 187 181 165 180 205 194	150 154 155 136	338 351 380 345 354 317 318 347 320 355 327 339	369 369 384 411 400 353 369 351 391 338 310	311 282 300 308 285 250 221 218 226 247 204 209	183 175 210 186 180 173 174 167 170 169 149	136 131 131 127	73 20 40 19 69 71 61 32 102 195 218	119 72 106 15 -15 40 50 11 86 137 104 117	100 67 69 24 35 44 46 79 86 80 85 66	66 49 26 29 24 14 6 2 10 36 44 30	14 23 24 p g
Year	5, 128	5, 241	3, 843	2, 424		4,091	4, 399	3, 061	2, 091		1, 037	842	782	334	

Preliminary.

#### DEPARTMENT STORES—SALES, STOCKS

[Index numbers; 1923-1925 average=100]

	1	ndex o	f sales	1	Inde	of sto		nd of
Month	for sea	isted asonal ation	season	hout nal ad- ment	for sea	isted asonal ation	Without seasonal ad- justment	
	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932
January February March April May June July August September	98 97 106 97 95 91 88 84	78 78 72 80	79 80 92 101 97 90 65 67 87	64 64 70 76	88 86 84 83 83 82 81 79	75 73 70 70	78 81 87 87 85 80 75 76 84	67 69 72 72
October November December Year	86 83 81		93 95 142 91		80 79 78		88 89 73 82	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based throughout on figures of daily average sales—with allowance for changes from month to month in number of Saturdays and for 6 national holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas. Adjustment for seasonal variation makes allowance in March and April for the effects upon sales of changes in the date of Easter.

Back figures.—See BULLETIN for November, 1930, p. 686.

#### FREIGHT-CAR LOADINGS, BY CLASSES

[Index numbers; 1923-1925 average=100]

	1931	1932							
	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April				
	Adjusted for seasonal variation								
Total	69	64	62	61	59				
Coal	65	58	61	71	62				
Coke Grain and grain prod-	47	43	45	48	32				
ucts	63	69	78	72	86				
Livestock	66	62	60	56	61				
Forest products	30	28	27	27	26				
Forest products	40	31	29	28	18				
Miscellaneous.	73	67	62	57	56				
Merchandise 1	83	81	78	75	73				
	Without seasonal adjustment								
Total	61	58	59	58	57				
Coal	70	66	66	67	52				
Coke	50	47	52	48	31				
ucts	62	66	74	62	66				
Livestock	66	65	57	49	56				
Forest products		25	27	27	27				
Ore	10	7	7	7	9				
Miscellaneous	57	54	53	54	57				
Merchandise 1	77	75	75	75	75				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In less-than-carload lots.

Based on daily average loadings. Source of basic data: American Railway Association.

Back figures.—See Bulletin for February, 1931, pp. 108-110.

#### FOREIGN BANKING AND BUSINESS CONDITIONS

## ANNUAL REPORT OF THE BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS

The second annual report of the Bank for International Settlements, covering the year ended March 31, 1932, was submitted to the general meeting of shareholders on May 10, 1932. Sections of the report are given herewith: 1

#### COURSE OF THE CREDIT CRISIS

The year under review has been one of dramatic occurrences in the whole field of international finance, credit, monetary stability, and capital movements, both public and pri-The record of this year of unparalleled world-wide disturbance reflects itself in the progress, resources, and activities of the bank, which have been intimately affected by each succeeding episode, in all of which the bank was promptly called upon to play a rôle, as was but natural for an international institution the statutory object of which is "to promote the cooperation of central banks and to provide additional facilities for international financial operations, and to act as trustee or agent in regard to international financial settlements, whose "operations for its own account shall only be carried out in currencies which satisfy the practical requirements of the gold or goldexchange standard."

In the second month of the fiscal year, the collapse of the Oesterreichische Credit-Anstalt, with its ramifications throughout Central Europe, called for immediate aid to the National Bank of Austria. In the third month of the fiscal year, there was announced the so-called "Hoover moratorium," which materially changed the scope of the operations of the bank and the magnitude of the funds at its disposal in its capacity as trustee for international financial settlements between governments. In the same month the banking difficulties in Germany, precipitated by wholesale withdrawals of short-term credit, and the pressure upon the Hungarian exchange, necessitated the organization of central-bank aid to the Reichsbank and to the National Bank of Hungary.

In the fourth month of the fiscal year, the London international conference declared that "excessive withdrawals of capital from Germany" had "created an acute financial crisis," and invited the Bank for International Settlements to set up a committee to inquire into the credit needs of Germany. In the fifth month, this committee urged "most earnestly upon all governments concerned that they lose no time in taking the necessary measures for bringing about such conditions as will allow financial operations to bring to Germany—and thereby to the world—sorely needed assistance."

In the sixth month of the fiscal year, the world was shocked by the sudden fall of sterling, which was almost immediately followed by the suspension of the gold or gold exchange standard by six other nations. These occurrences still further shattered what was left of confidence and forthwith caused a strain on the reserves of nearly all central banks of the world, including the Federal reserve system. The necessity for the employment by central banks of their reserves in turn placed a strain upon the Bank for International Settlements, in its capacity as the depositary for a substantial portion of the reserves of many European banks of issue, but the large withdrawals in September were met without decreasing its high degree of liquidity.

In the ninth month of the fiscal year, there gathered at Basel the special advisory committee, convoked by the bank because of the declaration of the German Government that it had "come to the conclusion in good faith that Germany's exchange and economic life may be seriously endangered by the transfer in part or in full of the postponable part of the annuities." In the succeeding months of the fiscal year the world financial system continued to undergo heavier and heavier pressure and the condition of Central and Eastern Europe and of its central banks, members of the Bank for International Settlements, failed to ameliorate despite a series of "standstill" agreements, currency restrictions, rationing of imports and foreign devisen, and other artificial expedients.

The cumulative effect upon the condition and activities of the Bank for International Settlements of the interruption of intergovernmental payments, the wholesale withdrawal of short-term credits, the break-down of normal international economic relationships, the call upon central bank reserves, and the necessity of affording emergency credits to several

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In addition, the report contains sections dealing with net profits, trustee and agency functions of the bank, together with a number of annexes showing the personnel of the bank, profit-and-loss account, appropriation account, receipts and payments of German annutities, etc. All amounts of money given in the report in Swiss francs have been converted into dollars at par and then expressed in round figures. For the first annual report, see BULLETIN for July, 1931.

European central banks, will be described later in the report. It is a satisfaction to confirm that the usefulness and use of the Bank for International Settlements as a center for information, for counsel, and for joint financial action has been greatly enhanced during the period of stress; that, from the material point of view, the business operations of the second full fiscal year have resulted in net profits exceeding by some \$800,000 those earned in the first fiscal period; and that the close of this year finds the institution in a sound liquid condition, with a substantial recent increase of deposits of central banks for their own account, namely, \$117,000,000 on March 31, 1932, as against \$90,000,000 on December 31, 1931. Indeed, in the course of the year, by reason of the interruption of intergovernmental payments, the prominence of monetary phenomena, and the necessity of mutual aid, the bank has become more and more an instrument of central bank collaboration and a reserve center for The drop in their foreign currency holdings. the aggregate assets of the institution from \$367,000,000 at the close of the first fiscal year to \$217,000,000 at the end of the second fiscal year is mainly due to a decrease of some \$116,000,000 in the balances arising out of intergovernmental payments which were held for the account of treasuries on March 31, 1931. by comparison with March 31, 1932.

THE THREE PHASES OF THE YEAR'S WORK

During its second year the bank passed through three distinct phases of policy and of corresponding activity. The first phase terminated about the time of the proposal of the "Hoover moratorium." The second phase terminated almost contemporaneously with the depreciation of sterling. The third phase prevailed for the remainder of the period and its characteristics are still the controlling feature of

present developments.

During the first phase of evolution the bank concentrated upon its customary function of holding central bank reserves, of aiding in stabilizing currencies, of receiving and distributing intergovernmental payments, of expanding its business relationships, and in particular of endeavoring to assist in directing the superabundant and dangerous international accumulation of short-term capital into the channel of longer term credits, for which there was manifest need. Thus, active nego-Thus, active negotiations with the Bank of Spain in connection with the contemplated stabilization of the peseta were conducted both in Madrid and in Basel, and a credit of £3,000,000 was advanced

to the Bank of Spain by the Bank for International Settlements in connection with prestabilization projects. Owing to sudden internal political changes and to external economic events, the plan of stabilization was not realized and the credit was terminated when the purpose for which it was granted could not be achieved. Similarly, contact was maintained with the Bank of Portugal and the National Bank of Yugoslavia. When the latter stabilized its currency it became a shareholder in this central institution. The bank, further, extended its relationships generally, and also admitted as shareholders the National Banks of Norway and Albania. But the essential emphasis of the bank's work during the first of the three phases was laid upon the necessity, if imminent dangers were to be lessened, of reducing the quantity of short-term credit in the international markets and of its transformation into more permanent capital. sidering the nature of the bank's own resources and its special need, as a reserve center for central banks, of maintaining high liquidity, very definite limitations existed upon the amount of funds available for direct investments at long term by the Bank for International Settlements itself. Nevertheless, committees of the board of directors examined the possibilities of our granting intermediate credits to a moderate extent, primarily as an encouragement to others; and careful studies were made as to the possibility or desirability of setting up some international organization outside the bank for the stimulation and granting of longterm loans. By way of example, the bank participated in the subscription to long-term bonds issued by two international mortgage banks, which had been set up by private international banking groups, the International Mortgage Bank, Basel, and the Compagnie Centrale de Prêts Fonciers, Amsterdam. Events moved too rapidly, and the response to the proposals for consolidation was too slow to ward off the dangerous consequences of the overaccumulation of short-term credits, and this very accumulation caused the bank to enter rapidly into the second phase of its activity, one that for a time altered the course of its development and the nature of its immediate aims.

Sweeping withdrawals of short-term credits from Central Europe and Germany, which were increased rather than reduced by the warning implied in President Hoover's proposal, caused drastic pressure upon the central banks in the countries involved, which had to restitute within a few days or weeks large sums in foreign currencies that had gradually entered their respective markets over a considerable period of time and had been employed, in part, as if they were likely to remain, or to be replenished, indefinitely. The resultant disturbance also put a burden upon the exchanges and threatened an immediate severe dislocation of the international credit system.

Emergency help was imperative to enable the affected central banks to face the drain; and to give a breathing space both to debtors and creditors during which measures might be taken to withstand the shock; and to attempt to consolidate their positions. In rapid succession the Bank for International Settlements was called upon to grant emergency credits to the National Bank of Hungary, the National Bank of Austria, the Reichsbank, the Bank of Yugoslavia and a temporary advance to the Bank The call came at the very moment of Danzig. when the natural effect of the Hoover proposal was to lessen the existing and prospective working resources of the institution derived from intergovernmental payments. In consequence, to amplify its possibilities of material aid and in close collaboration with central banks, the Bank for International Settlements organized syndicates of central banks which contributed funds to the common constructive cause. Thus three central banks, besides the Bank for International Settlements, participated, to the extent of \$25,000,000 each, in the credit of \$100,000,-000 to the Reichsbank, and 12 central banks, besides the Bank for International Settlements. participated in the credits of approximately \$26,000,000 to the Hungarian National Bank. Further reference to this second phase of the year's work, that of emergency credit-granting, appears below in connection with a review of the short-term credit situation and its effects. At no time were these credits regarded as remedies, but merely as facilities giving the chance for corrective or defensive measures to Yet without them, and without the opportunity which the existence of the Bank for International Settlements afforded for speedy consultation and joint action between central banks, it is a matter for conjecture whether the acute credit crisis would not have been still more catastrophic and would not have resulted in a swifter and wider immobilization of the large creditor markets, as well as of those of their debtors.

Delays in aggressive action and worsening world conditions tended, in fact, to transform the temporary credits, as the result of successive renewals, into longer term advances. At the close of the fiscal year, only the advance to the bilities, even from the purely material angle,

Bank of Danzig had been promptly repaid in full. The other credits were still operative, although in three instances capital reductions of 10 per cent to 20 per cent had been effected. So, in the second phase of the bank's operations, the force of events had partly altered its activities to that of a grantor of credit during a general economic depression, instead of discharging the more normal function of a stabilizer of monetary fluctuations resulting from seasonal movements or from a transitory, localized difficulty.

In addition, during the second phase and as a consequence of the emergency central bank credits and the causes which led up to them, the bank was invited to perform certain extraordinary functions in connection with international agreements and "standstill" arrangements, such as the convocation at Basel of the committee recommended by the London Conference of July, 1931, and the appointment of the arbitration committee provided for by the standstill agreement, between foreign creditors and German bank debtors, of August, 1931. These extraordinary functions in connection with international conferences and international financial settlements between private debtors and creditors recurred during the third phase of the year's activity. They will be more conveniently reviewed together later in the report, after further reference to the general question of superabundant short-term credits.

The third phase of the evolution of the bank's year began with the fall of sterling, when it had become demonstrated that creditgiving alone was insufficient to bridge the economic difficulties or to maintain currencies against the swift current of capital withdrawal and flight engendered by the more general realization of the existing disequilibrium in the international balance of payments, deepening business depression, and a crisis of proportions. confidence of almost panic Fundamental reasons for the conditions and the possible correctives lay far deeper in the economic system than those involving only immediate monetary steps or normal credit The Bank for International Settlements, recognizing the demoralization which had developed and the inadequacy of additional grants of short-term credits, felt obliged to refuse new applications for advances which came to it from several central banks as a consequence of the fall of sterling, and it thus suspended the policy of being a substantial new credit-giver to sundry central banks. ranted from the viewpoint of economic possi-

this change of policy was natural because, in addition to the diminishing effect of the Hoover moratorium upon the bank's working resources of government origin, the effect of the fall of sterling in September, 1931, was to reduce the current resources of the bank corresponding in origin to the reserves of central banks. In the month of September, 1931, the bank's balance sheet precipitately fell by \$64,000,000, thus reflecting the strain upon central bank reserves that almost immediately resulted from the consternation caused throughout the financial world by the fall of sterling over a week end. The immediate consequences in the monetary field were unparalleled in their rapidity, on the one hand, taking the form of the temporary abandonment of the gold exchange standard by several central banks and, on the other hand, the conversion of devisen into metallic gold, on the part of several banks of issue which had for some time carried substantial quantities of foreign devisen, but not as part of the cover for their notes. In both instances, the resultant tension upon the international exchanges was very great, and caused the central banks concerned to draw extensively on their deposits with the Bank for International Settlements. Furthermore, the volume of these deposits was adversely affected during the remainder of the fiscal year by the changed status of sterling and of the Scandinavian currencies, because of the provisions of article 21 of the statutes to the effect that the operations of the bank for its own account shall only be carried out in currencies that satisfy the practical requirements of the gold or gold exchange standard. Consequently, central bank balances with the bank in 1931 fell from the high point of \$168,000,000 on August 31, 1931, to a low of \$90,000,000 on December 31, At the close of the fiscal year they had somewhat recovered in volume, i. e., to \$117,-000,000, but still remained far below the high level, and, what is more important, represented in part larger deposits from a few central banks instead of being, as hitherto, widely and more evenly spread among all the central banks with which the bank is in contact.

The unsettled currency conditions and the intensification of the universal crisis explain the third phase of the bank's evolution during the year, which falls under two heads. First, on the business side, events demanded a prudent husbandry of the bank's resources, a review of its investments on every market with the aim of acquiring the maximum security, a continuous conservation of the liquidity of the bank's assets, and an increasing accumulation of its

resources with central banks or under their guaranty. In the case of 13 central banks, we have received their guaranty, not only for the credit risk in their respective markets, but also against the risk of loss through depreciation of their respective currencies. Considering the special statutory objects of the Bank for International Settlements as a promoter of cooperation between central banks and the fact that it can operate only in currencies satisfying the practical requirements of the gold or gold exchange standard, these central banks in a spirit of collaboration have agreed that the investments of the bank in their currencies on their markets shall in all circumstances retain (within the gold points) the same gold value as that which the investments had on the date they were originally made by the bank. generalization of such assurances would manifestly facilitate one of the statutory objects of the bank—that is, to provide additional facilities for international financial operations. Second, during the third phase the bank once more oriented its internal organization and study in the direction of the examination of monetary phenomena and problems with a view to being prepared to serve, if the central banks themselves should so desire, as a ready instrument which could be employed as a convenient center of discussion and action in connection with the monetary reconstruction which will be as indispensable after the world crisis as it was after the World War.

Events of this second fiscal year have shown to what extent our monetary systems, both great and small, have become interdependent, and how internationalism in monetary matters is not merely a theory or a desirable evolution but an accomplished fact. The tidal wave of uncertainty and fear which endangered several national currencies and some banking systems, originated in Austria, swept quickly on to Hungary and Germany, and, after devastating these areas, flowed onward to Great Britain and the Scandinavian countries, sweeping down their currencies, and then, backwashing into the United States, carried with it unusual demands upon the American gold supply and credit system. No such widespread effects, which soon extended to Japan also, could have occurred except for the already existing essential unity of international finance and monetary relationship, which ignores political and geographical frontiers. And this interdependence is not confined to the field of finance, but penetrates much further into the whole economic structure of the various countries. The indices

show to an astounding degree the same recurrent tendencies in almost every country in the world. All the evidence available leads to the conclusion that any hope that a single country may achieve prosperity apart from the rest of the world would indeed be based on an insecure foundation.

#### THE INTERNATIONAL SHORT-TERM CREDIT SITUATION AND ITS RESULTS

When at the end of March, 1931, the Bank for International Settlements closed its books for the first financial year, the depression, although characterized by an unusually sharp fall in prices, still showed in most respects the main tendencies of an ordinary downward business trend.

On the capital markets there was a large supply of short-term funds at declining rates of interest, the natural consequence of a slowing down of industrial investment. Government credit had not yet been seriously weakened and a fair amount of international lending was

still taking place.

The increase in available short-term funds during 1930 made it possible for debtor countries to borrow considerably in that year on short-term account at rates which were relatively advantageous for them. It is now possible to estimate that the total amount of short-term international indebtedness which existed at the beginning of 1931 aggregated more than \$10,000,000,000. At that time, however, the magnitude of this indebtedness was not known, and an increase in short-term funds continued, which, if more complete information had been available, would very likely have been moderated in view of the risks involved. Nevertheless, central banks began to realize that the growing short-term indebtedness created a danger, and they endeavored during 1930 and the first months of 1931, with some measure of success, to strengthen their reserves in foreign exchange. At the beginning of the year 1931, the 26 central banks in business relationship with the Bank for International Settlements reported foreign devisen, in addition to their holdings of metallic gold, in the aggregate amount of about \$2,000,000, of which some \$154,000,000 were centralized with the Bank for International Settlements. Unfortunately, however, less than one-half of the holdings of the foreign exchange belonged to countries which had borrowed on shortterm account. Furthermore, the private banks in the debtor countries, which normally had to employ the funds borrowed for account of their ing the withdrawal of foreign funds, for the

clients, were themselves able to retain only a relatively small portion of the foreign devisen which they had received; and they intended in many instances to invest short-term funds in assets which, even irrespective of the ensuing business depression, could be mobilized only

over a period of time.

The menace of this situation did not appear so self-evident as it does to-day. Previous experience had seemed to show that in ordinary times large transfers of credits took place at a moderate rate. The pace at which funds moved was, with rare exceptions, largely determined by the rapidity with which new funds could be actively employed in trade and industry. Commercial banks usually found it sufficient to hold cash balances up to 10 per cent or 15 per cent of their deposits; and central banks usually kept a reserve in gold or foreign exchange of 10 per cent or 15 per cent above the minimum legal reserve. These margins normally allowed sufficient time for necessary readjustments to be made to meet capital movements, such as increasing discount rates, seeking replacement credits, mobilizing long-term assets and adopting other corrective When, however, short-term funds are recalled, not with the object of reinvestment at home or elsewhere but as a result of the breakdown of confidence, the wholesale demands for immediate transfers are almost certain to break the system at some point. This is what occurred as the sequence to the banking and political difficulties during the year under review.

In the endeavor to meet the demands, private banks in the debtor countries not only employed their own external assets but were soon obliged to apply to their respective central banks for advances and for the rediscount of bills which they had in their portfolio or were able to obtain. With the funds which they acquired they bought foreign exchange on the market or from the central banks, which thus saw their gold and foreign exchange holdings diminish rapidly. It is not a matter of mere coincidence that, despite augmented discount rates (over 12 per cent in some instances) and other credit restrictions, the figure of rediscounts and advances in the central banks of most of the debtor countries increased during the period of pressure by an amount substantially equal to the reduction in the gold and foreign exchange of the central banks affected. The classical remedy of increase of the discount rate proved inoperative in checkreason that mobile capital was seeking security, with little or no return, rather than high interest rates coupled with currency and credit risks. In these circumstances the exchange reserves of private banks and the exchange reserves of central banks in the troubled areas were insufficient to satisfy the ever mounting demands for transfer. Consequently the banking systems involved turned for help to the principal financial capitals abroad, to foreign banks of issue, and to the Bank for International Settlements.

The extent of the emergency help granted during the year 1931 is not generally recognized. If there be added together the total amount of external advances granted by central banks, by the Bank for International Settlements, by the principal capital centers and by treasuries, including the sums advanced to the British market, a figure of approximately \$1,000,000,000 is reached, or about one-tenth of the total amount of short-term indebtedness outstanding at the beginning of 1931. These sums, supplemented by the large contributions made by the debtor markets themselves and by the diminution of their central bank reserves, permitted the liquidation in a single year of more than \$6,000,000,000 of short-term indebtedness, a certain proportion of which represents, of course, not repatriation but transfers of funds from one foreign country to another. Of the balance of short-term credits still outstanding, a substantial part of the remainder has in fact become blocked as the result of arrestive measures referred to below. It is unnecessary to emphasize the havoc wrought by this vast movement of liquid funds, or to dwell upon the stagnation resulting from the magnitude of the sums immobilized. They have each contributed their part to the persistent fall of prices, and they have accentuated the deflationary forces which are oppressing world economy. The most remarkable thing is that the economic system has been able to withstand such dislocating forces—a fact that seems to indicate its inherent power of resistance.

In an effort to cope with the situation, at least for a time, new forces—themselves also dislocating—were introduced into the international economic system as the result of the adoption of a whole series of steps designed arbitrarily to arrest the continuation of transfers and to protect the home currencies, such as exchange control, standstill agreements, moratoria, restrictions of imports, and other exceptional measures. In some instances the temporary suspension of the gold standard was was the only object. In most other countries

resorted to, with a consequent depreciation of the currencies involved. The following chronology, which does not include South America, throws light on the extent of these special measures adopted during the period:

13. Germany closed banks for two days, and issued on July 15 restrictions of July foreign exchange.

July 17. Hungary imposed foreign exchange restrictions.

September 17. First German standstill agreement for six months.

September 21. Great Britain suspended the gold standard.

September 22. Great Britain issued certain restrictions. September 28. Norway and Sweden suspended the gold standard.

September 28. Greece introduced exchange restrictions. September 29. Denmark formally suspended the gold standard (having prohibited the ex-

port of gold on September 22). September 29. The Italian Finance Minister was empowered to issue exchange regulations. No such regulations have been issued, but voluntary regulations were later applied by the Italian Bankers' Association.

3. Czechoslovakia introduced exchange re-October strictions

October 5. Finland introduced exchange restric-

7. Yugoslavia introduced exchange restric-October tions.

8. Latvia introduced exchange restrictions. October October 9. Austria introduced exchange restric-

12. Finland suspended the gold standard. October 15. Bulgaria introduced exchange restric-October tions.

October 24. Estonia introduced exchange restrictions.

Norway applied voluntary exchange November restrictions.

November 18. Denmark introduced exchange restrictions.

December 17. Japan suspended the gold standard (having prohibited the export of gold as from December 14).

December 23. Hungary declared a partial transfer moratorium.

December 31. Finland abolished the exchange restrictions previously introduced.

20. Austrian standstill agreement with January American and British banks; for six months.

1. Second German standstill agreement March for one year.

3. Great Britain abolished the exchange March restrictions previously introduced.

31. Hungarian standstill agreement for six March months.

Wherever foreign exchange restrictions have been introduced, the main object has been to control capital movements and especially to prevent flight of capital. In Great Britain this

the restrictions have served another purpose, i. e., the control of imports. Central banks, either with or without the assistance of some government institution, have allotted foreign exchange for the import of "necessary" raw materials and commodities or have limited the amount of foreign exchange at the disposal of importers to a certain percentage of their "normal" requirements. The systems employed have varied, but in effect a new method of interfering with trading relations has resulted, and in many cases has made the working of the "most-favored-nation" clause, and other provisions in commercial treaties, practically inoperative. Some governments have replied to these exchange restrictions by the establishment of import "quotas," or by attempting to organize "clearing arrangements," with a view to obtaining payment for their exporters to a given market out of the payments which the local importers would normally make to the same market.

Exchange control, with or without clearing arrangements, forces trade into a kind of strait-jacket, leaving little or no room for the play of such economic forces, price changes and other factors as normally tend to reestablish equilibrium. It is manifest that this interference, like other barriers to economic freedom, though furnishing a temporary helpful weapon of defense, offers no solution to the fundamental problems but instead aggravates them in the

long run.

If the relative position of the international balances of payment is continuously to be upset by changes in tariff barriers, with profound effects on the equilibrium of the different countries; if the flow of capital from one nation to another is to be dammed by obstacles which make the fulfillment of contractual obligations virtually impossible, with the attendant destruction of general confidence, then the international monetary system can not function properly. It becomes more and more evident that durable monetary stability can not be expected to exist unless international relations in the economic field are radically improved. In the reestablishment of the world credit structure, cooperation between central banks will help, but the real solution of the problems involved requires the determined and concerted action of the governments.

# THE TREND OF GOLD MOVEMENTS DURING THE YEAR

Besides the alteration in the foreign devisen \$700,000,000 between the end of August and position of central banks which has occurred the end of October (the net loss from the end

in connection with the partial liquidation of short-term capital commitments, the reflection of monetary events during the bank's year is also visible in the movements of metallic gold. Since the beginning of 1931 these movements may be divided into four distinct periods, which correspond to the changing international financial phases which succeeded one another in the course of these eventful months.

1. From the beginning of the year until May the flow of gold was mainly influenced by ordinary seasonal movements; the distribution of newly produced gold caused an increase in the gold holdings of a number of central banks (including those in Belgium, France, Germany, England, Japan, Holland, and the United States). Two or three central banks, however, sustained losses to meet foreign obligations.

2. From May to September, when the liquidity crisis was at its height, central banks in a number of countries which were debtors on the short-term account (Germany, England, Hungary, Japan, and Sweden) drew heavily on their gold reserves in order to repay the liabilities of their markets. Since these heavy reductions most European central banks have avoided reducing their gold holdings further. In Europe the only substantial subsequent reduction has been that of the Reichsbank. Outside Europe, central banks such as the National Bank of Japan and several South American banks have, however, continued to use part of their gold reserves to meet foreign payments.

3. The depreciation of sterling in the second half of September and the fear that other currencies previously considered invulnerable might follow suit, caused a number of central banks quickly to convert their foreign exchange holdings into gold. From the United States, in particular, large quantities of gold were withdrawn. By the end of October this movement had slowed down, but the central banks in France, Switzerland, Holland, and had in the meantime Belgium \$634,000,000 to their gold holdings of the end of August. During the same period substantial quantities of gold-mostly of American origin-were also held outside the central banks, showing a growing distrust of paper currencies in general. Had it not been for the continuous arrival in New York of gold from South America and the Far East, American gold stocks would have been still further depleted. On balance, the monetary gold stock in the United States was reduced by \$700,000,000 between the end of August and

of March, 1931, to the end of March, 1932, being, however, only \$309,000,000).

4. In the late autumn gold began to flow from India, where some of the gold which had been hoarded in large quantities was sold by the public partly as a result of the distress during a prolonged business depression, partly in order to profit by the depreciation of the rupee which had followed that of sterling. date about \$193,000,000 have in this way been added to monetary gold stocks. This gold not only played an important rôle in bringing assistance to the London market at a difficult period; it also seems to have had a psychological influence on the public by lessening the fear of a "scarcity of gold" and thus reducing hoarding.

The Bank for International Settlements in its direct business operations was affected by these gold movements in a minor degree only. In some instances it purchased and delivered or held gold as an agent for some of the smaller central banks. In other instances it transferred gold held by it for one central bank to the account of another central bank. Speaking broadly, however, the gold acquired was either moved to the vaults of the acquiring central bank or left by it under earmark in the custody of the supplying central bank. At the end of the second fiscal year the bank was the custodian of gold for the account of central banks in the amount of only some \$23,000,000. No part of this gold is carried on the monthly or annual balance sheets reporting the situation of the assets and liabilities of the bank itself.

#### THE HOOVER MORATORIUM AND THE BANK

On June 20, 1931, the American Government, through its President, proposed the post-ponement during one year from July 1, 1931, of all payments on intergovernmental debts. With certain adjustments, the substance of this proposal was accepted by the various creditor and debtor nations. Its application is popularly referred to as the "Hoover moratorium." The extent to which the observance of the moratorium has led to a restriction of the regular business operations of the bank has been frequently misunderstood; and, moreover, its effect upon the broader scope of the bank's activities has been greatly to expand them. From the viewpoint of revenue, the execution of the Hoover proposal has reduced the commission which the bank would otherwise have received in connection with handling inter-

governmental payments by some \$183,000, a relatively trifling sacrifice for the bank to bear in the common effort to attenuate the burden upon the already overcharged exchanges of the current transfers in respect of intergovernmental debt. A more important business consequence was the reduction of the mobile resources otherwise at the command of the bank, as depository for the moneys which were generally paid by the debtor countries in equal monthly installments and generally disbursed at half-yearly intervals. But even such resources, if received by the bank, would have been employed during the intervening period between receipt and disbursement, partly in the markets of the creditor countries which renounced the payments, and partly in the markets of the debtor countries, which enjoyed a far greater benefit by not being obliged to make these payments at all. An additional effect on the funds of the bank has been the gradual withdrawal by the creditor treasuries of their balances on hand when the moratorium was instituted, either because of their own budgetary deficits, or for financing deliveries in kind from Germany which had been ordered prior to the inception of the Hoover moratorium. Thus, funds of the treasuries on March 31, 1932, had fallen to \$13,000,000 in comparison with \$77,000,000 on June 30, 1931.

From the broader point of view, the real consequence of the moratorium was the utilization of the bank as a convenient center to secure relatively quick action in the international financial sphere. Despite the Franco-American accord of July on the main substance of the Hoover proposals (the details of which, as modified in agreement with the other interested governments, were finally expressed in the London Protocol of August 11, 1931, referred to later in this report), credit and banking difficulties continued to intensify in Germany; and these led to the convocation of the international conference which met in London in the third week of July, 1931. That conference declared, in part, that the governments represented were ready to recommend for the consideration of

their respective financial institutions:

"That the central bank credit of \$100,000,000 recently granted to the Reichsbank under the auspices of the Bank for International Settlements, be renewed at maturity for a period of three months." \* \* \* "The conference recommend that the Bank for International Settlements should be invited to set up without delay a committee of representatives nominated

by the governors of the central banks interested to inquire into the immediate further credit needs of Germany and to study the possibilities of converting a portion of the short-term credits into long-term credits."

The foregoing resolutions were communicated to the Bank for International Settlements by telegram and letter under date of July 23, 1931. Acting pursuant to the second resolution, a committee of representatives nominated by the governors of the central banks of Belgium, France, Germany, Great Britain, Holland, Italy Japan, Sweden, Switzerland, and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York was forthwith set up and met in the bank's offices at Basel on August 8, 1931. It concluded its report on August 18, 1931. The report, with annexes, was immediately published, so it is necessary to summarize here only a part of the relevant As to additional short-term conclusions. credits, the committee considered that it was "obvious that if the additional capital required by Germany were supplied in the form of short-term credits she would be faced with a still greater difficulty than at present in meeting the obligations that will become due in six months' time when the period of prolongation of existing credits comes to an end."

As to long-term credits, the committee felt that such loans were needed, but said: "If we refrain from putting forward detailed schemes to this end, it is only because of our conviction that action which lies outside our province must first be taken before any long-term German bonds, however well secured, can be sold. therefore conclude by urging most earnestly upon all governments concerned that they lose no time in taking the necessary measures for bringing about such conditions as will allow financial operations to bring to Germany—and thereby to the world—sorely needed assistance.

In their report the committee also outlined the proposed standstill arrangements with respect to existing short-term bank credits in Germany, an agreement concerning the maintenance of which at about their existing total for a further period of six months from September 1, 1931, was simultaneously reached in Basel between the German private bank representatives and the foreign private bank representatives. The committee added: "For the adjustment of any differences which may arise as to the interpretation and execution of this agreement, the Bank for International altered by a crisis without parallel."

Settlements has, at the request of all parties to the agreement and in view of its international functions, agreed to set up a committee with full power to deal with such cases."

The Bank for International Settlements appointed as an arbitration committee Messrs. Marcus Wallenberg (chairman), T. H. Mc-Kittrick, jr., and Franz Urbig. When the standstill agreement expired under its terms on February 28, 1932, and was thereupon renewed for another year, the same arbitration committee was reappointed, with the addition, as alternates for the members, of Messrs. Carl Trygger, G. Tyser, and Robert Pferdemenges.

The report of the committee appointed on the recommendation of the London Conference was signed by all members of the committee, namely, Messrs. Albert H. Wiggin (chairman), Alberto Beneduce, R. G. Bindschedler, É. Francqui, P. Hofstede de Groot, Walter T. Layton, C. Melchior, E. Moreau, O. Rydbeck, and T. Tanaka.

Due in part to the committee's earnest recommendation that the governments should concert together with respect to the necessary measures for economic restoration and assistance to Germany, there followed a series of diplomatic pourparlers and individual conversations between government heads, which culminated in the decision of the German Government to apply to the Bank for International Settlements, in accordance with article 119 of the new plan (Young plan), for the convocation of the special advisory committee provided for by that plan and referred to in article 45 of the bank's statutes. On November 19, 1931, the German Minister of Finance, " in the name of the German Government," transmitted to the president of the bank a memorandum formally requesting convocation of the committee and stating, in part:

"In accordance with the new plan the application requires a declaration by the German Government to the effect that 'they have come to the conclusion in good faith that Germany's exchange and economic life may be seriously endangered by the transfer in part or in full of the postponable portion of the annuities.' In making this declaration, the German Government must expressly state that such a declaration does not do justice to the present situation. Since the new plan was framed, the economic and financial situation in the world, and particularly in Germany, has been fundamentally

Upon receipt of this declaration, the board of the bank promptly requested the nomination of the seven ordinary members of the committee in the manner provided by the new plan, that is to say, by the governors of the Reichsbank, the Banque de France, the Bank of England, the Banque Nationale de Belgique, the Banca d'Italia, the Bank of Japan, and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. governors respectively nominated Messrs. Carl Melchior, Charles Rist, Walter T. Layton, E. Francqui, Alberto Beneduce, D. Nohara, and Walter W. Stewart. The ordinary members met in the bank building in Basel on December 7, 1931, and, after coopting four additional members as permitted by the new plan, and after electing Professor Alberto Beneduce chairman of the committee, they entered upon their investigation which terminated December 23, 1931. The four coopted members were Messrs. Rudolf G. Bindschedler, H. Colijn, G. Diouritch, and O. Rydbeck. The results of the deliberations of the committee were set forth in its unanimous report, dated December 23, 1931, which was published and distributed in four languages. The relevant conclusions, contained in Chapter IV of the report, are as

"It is evident from the facts outlined in the preceding chapters that Germany would be justified in declaring, in accordance with her rights under the Young plan, that in spite of the steps she has taken to maintain the stability of her currency she will not be able in the year beginning in July, next, to transfer the conditional part of the annuity.

"The committee, however, would not feel that it had fully accomplished its task and justified the confidence placed in it if it did not draw the attention of the governments to the unprecedented gravity of the crisis, the magnitude of which undoubtedly exceeds the 'relatively short depression' envisaged in the Young plan—to meet which the 'measures of safeguard' contained therein were designed.

"The Young plan, with its rising series of annuities, contemplated a steady expansion in world trade, not merely in volume but in value, in which the annuities payable by Germany would become a factor of diminishing importance. In fact the opposite has been the case. Since the Young plan came into effect, not only has the trade of the world shrunk in volume, but the very exceptional fall in gold prices that has occurred in the last two years has itself

added greatly to the real burden, not only of German annuities but of all payments fixed in gold.

"In the circumstances the German problem—which is largely responsible for the growing financial paralysis of the world—calls for concerted action which the governments alone can take.

"In this connection, certain considerations seem to us of great importance.

"The first is that transfers from one country to another on a scale so large as to upset the balance of payments can only accentuate the present chaos.

"Again, the adjustment of all intergovernmental debts (reparations and other war debts) to the existing troubled situation of the world—and this adjustment should take place without delay if new disasters are to be avoided—is the only lasting step capable of reestablishing confidence which is the very condition of economic stability and real peace.

"We appeal to the governments on whom the responsibility for action rests to permit of no delay in coming to decisions which will bring an amelioration of this grave crisis which weighs so heavily on all alike."

A government conference has been scheduled to meet in Lausanne during the month of June, 1932.

# CENTRAL BANK COLLABORATION DURING THE PERIOD

In the period under review, central bank collaboration has expressed itself most notably in the volume of intercentral bank advances which were made in the mutual effort to hold together the fabric of the international credit system. Besides, the rising tide of monetary and financial difficulties naturally caused the banks of issue to maintain closer and more continuous contact than ever before, either through or at Basel or by direct exchange of views, of plans, and of information. In May, 1931, there gathered at the bank's offices, immediately after the general meeting of shareholders, the representatives of 24 central banks for the purpose of the discussion of a number of monetary and credit problems. So large a gathering of central bank officials, including

<sup>1</sup> See Federal Reserve Bulletin, January, 1932.

20 governors, had never before assembled. The need for increased cooperation in studying currency and credit questions and in collecting and exchanging statistical data was especially emphasized in the discussions. As a consequence, there has been organized in the bank a monetary and economic department which closely follows the changing trends in the various money markets and collates statistical information. In fulfillment of a wish expressed by various central banks that the department should gather detailed data directly from central banks with regard to the various regulations and practices when dealing in gold, an inquiry into the subject was conducted by way of questionnaire addressed to 27 central banks, and the authoritative replies were distributed in two bound volumes to the interested banks of issue.

A second compilation was published during the year, namely "Foreign Exchange Regulations in the Different Countries," a reprint or translation of the laws and decrees relating to exchange restrictions which had been adopted in the European countries during 1931. The need for such official information was demonstrated by the Prague Conference of central bank experts, convened by the Bank for International Settlements in November, 1931, for the examination of problems connected with foreign exchange restrictions and clearing arrangements and their effect upon central bank operations. This conference was attended by experts or observers representing the national banks of Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Germany, Greece, Poland, Rumania, Yugoslavia, Austria, and Hungary.

The two last mentioned banks, in connection with the especially severe conditions prevailing in their markets during the period under review, requested the Bank for International Settlements to suggest foreign advisers to be appointed by the respective institutions. The bank suggested Dr. G. W. J. Bruins, who was appointed adviser by the Austrian National Bank, and Mr. Henry J. Bruce, who was appointed adviser by the Hungarian National

Bank.

SHARE CAPITAL; DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS;
NET PROFITS

Share capital.—The authorized capital of the bank is \$96,500,000 (500,000,000 Swiss gold francs), divided into 200,000 shares of equal gold nominal value. The statutes provide that 25 per cent only of the value of each share shall be paid for at the time of subscription. There tions selected by central banks, and the remainder, 3.3 per cent (1931, 39 per cent), with or through institutions selected by us with the knowledge of the interested central banks. All investments are regularly made through the intermediary of the central banks con-

were 173,600 shares of the capital stock outstanding on March 31, 1932, 25 per cent of the value of which had been paid up (\$20,940,500). At the close of the first fiscal year, the number of shares outstanding, 25 per cent paid up, was 165,100 (\$19,915,000). The statutes provide that, during the two years following the incorporation of the bank, the board of directors shall arrange for the subscription of any unissued portion of the authorized capital, and that any part of the capital which at the end of two years remains unsubscribed shall then be subscribed (or subscriptions arranged for) by the seven banking institutions which founded The directors have arranged for the the bank. subscription by the seven banking institutions during the month of May, 1932, of the remaining 26,400 shares that have not been issued, principally because of the ineligibility of several central banks desirous of becoming member banks in the Bank for International Settlements, but whose national currencies do not satisfy the practical requirements of the gold or gold exchange standard. In order to admit such banks at a later date when they may have become eligible, arrangements have been made with the seven banking institutions to retrocede in equal proportions, upon the request of the board of directors, such number of the shares now about to be issued as may be needed for transfer to new central banks applying for membership.

Deposits and investments.—Out of the total of sight and short-term deposits held by the bank on March 31, 1932, 67.6 per cent had been effected in dollars, 15 per cent in French francs, 4.6 per cent in reichsmarks and the remainder of 12.8 per cent in various other currencies. Of the long-term deposits with the bank, 77 per cent, representing the balance of the annuity trust account as shown on Annex Va, and the German Government deposit, are expressed in reichsmarks, and 23 per cent in dollars. The off-setting assets include our holdings in Germany, which, in addition to the Reichsbank credit of \$22,500,-000 (originally \$25,000,000) represent 28.2 per cent of the total investments. Of the total of our investments, 85.9 per cent (1931, 41 per cent) were placed with central banks, 10.8 per cent (1931, 20 per cent) with banking institutions selected by central banks, and the remainder, 3.3 per cent (1931, 39 per cent), with or through institutions selected by us with the knowledge of the interested central banks. All investments are regularly made through cerned, which are thus aware of all operations in their markets. This rule, which has been followed from the beginning, eliminates the possibility of the bank's acting in contradiction to the credit policy of the local bank of issue. Thanks to this practice, there has been no instance to date of the use of the veto right, which, in accordance with the statutes, each central bank is entitled to exercise with respect to any operation in its market which it does not desire.

Net profits and their distribution.—On the now outstanding capital stock, the payment of a dividend at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, that is, the same rate as was paid last year, requires \$1,244,227 (1931, \$995,156). The net profits of the year, after writing off all losses suffered as the result of the depreciation of currencies, and all other losses, and after provision for further contingencies, is \$2,930,284 (1931, \$2,158,999). In the year-end balance sheet, all currencies are valued at or below the least favorable market rate prevailing on March 31, 1932, and all assets are valued at or below market quotations, if any, or below cost. In computing the above profits, no account has been taken of exchange gains arising by reason of the bank's happening to be short in any depreciated currency; such book profits are carried in a separate suspense account.

ANNEX 1.—CENTRAL BANKS OR OTHER BANKING INSTITUTIONS ALLOTTED SHARES OF THE BANK DURING THE PERIOD FROM MAY 17, 1930, TO MARCH 31, 1932

Shares, 25 per cent paid up, allotted to-	Number of shares	Date of ac- quisition
Bank of England, London	16,000	May 20, 1930
Banque Nationale de Belgique, Brussels	16,000	Do.
Banque de France, Paris	16,000	Do.
Banca d'Italia, Rome	16,000	Do.
Reichsbank, Berlin		Do.
A group of 14 Japanese banks led by the Indus-	20,000	20.
trial Bank of Japan, Tokyo	16,000	· Do.
The American Group-	1	100.
J. P. Morgan & Co., New York.  The First National Bank of New York,	h	
The First National Bank of New York		
New York	16,000	Do.
New York The First National Bank of Chicago,	10,000	20.
Chicago		
De Nederlandsche Bank, Amsterdam	4,000	Do.
Schweizerische Nationalbank, Zurich	4,000	Do.
Sveriges Riksbank, Stockholm	4,000	Do.
Bank von Danzig, Danzig	4,000	June 25, 1930
Finlands Bank, Helsingfors	4,000	Do. 1300
Banque de Grèce, Athens		Do.
Oesterreichische Nationalbank, Vienna	4,000	Do.
Banque Nationale de Bulgarie, Sofia	4,000	Do.
Nationalbanken i Kjøbenhavn, Copenhagen	4,000	Do.
Parana Matianala da Paymania Puchareat	4,000	Do.
Banque Nationale de Roumanie, Bucharest	4,000	Do.
Bank Polski, Warsaw	4,000	Do.
Narodní Banka Ceskoslovenská, Prague	4,000	Do.
Eesti Pank, Tallinn		Oct. 31, 1930
		Dec. 30, 1930
Latvijas Banka, Riga		Mar. 31, 1931
Lietuvos Bankas, Kaunas		
Banque Nationale d'Albanie, Rome	500	Apr. 30, 1931
Norges Bank, Oslo Banque Nationale du Royaume de Yougo-	4,000	May 30, 1931
Banque Nationale du Royaume de Yougo-	4 000	Tu 00 1001
slavie, Belgrade	4,000	June 28, 1931
Total	173,600	

Note.—The remaining unissued portion of the total authorized capital of 200,000 shares, that is to say, 26,400 shares, will be taken up in equal proportions on May  $31,\,1932,\,$  by the 7 banking institutions or banking groups first above listed, which founded the bank.

BALANCE SHEET OF THE BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS AS OF MARCH 31, 1932

Resources	Swiss francs (in thou- sands)	Dollars 1 (in thou- sands)	Liabilities	Swiss francs (in thou- sands)	Dollars ! (in thou- sands)
I. Cash on hand and on current account with banks.  II. Sight funds at interest.  III. Rediscountable bills and acceptances:	14, 212 74, 385	2, 743 14, 356	I. Capital: Authorized 200,000 shares, each of 2,500 Swiss gold francs	500, 000	96, 500
(1) Commercial bills and bankers' acceptances. (2) Treasury bills.	473, 560 136, 738	91, 397 26, 390	Issued 173,600 shares	434, 000 108, 500	83, 762 20, 941
IV. Time funds at interest:	610, 299	117, 788	(1) Legal reserve fund	559 1, 094 2, 188	108 211 422
(1) Central bank credits	184, 767	35, 660		3, 842	742
maturity	21, 769	4, 201	III. Long-term deposits: (1) Annuity trust account	153, 623	29, 649
	206, 536	39, 861	(2) German Government deposit	76, 811 68, 649	14, 825 13, 249
V. Sundry bills and investments: (1) Maturing within 3 months—				299, 083	57, <b>723</b>
(a) Treasury bills(b) Sundry investments	126, 769 47, 510	24, 466 9, 169	IV. Short-term and sight deposits: (1) Central banks for their own account:		
(2) Between 3 and 6 months		6, 919 152	(a) Not exceeding 3 months (b) Sight	145, 155 463, 030	28, 015 89, 365
(4)	210, 918	40, 707	(O) Control bombs for the account of	608, 185	117, 380
VI. Other assets	9, 661	1, 865	(2) Central banks for the account of others: Sight	68, 154 7, 823	13, 154 1, 510
	, , ,		(3) Other depositors: Sight	15, 242	2, 942
			Profit for the financial year ended March	15, 183	2, 930
Total resources	1, 126, 011	217, 320	Total liabilities	1, 126, 011	217, 320
	ł	1	1	1	1

<sup>1</sup> Conversion at par: 1 Swiss franc=\$0.193

# FINANCIAL STATISTICS FOR FOREIGN COUNTRIES

# GOLD RESERVES OF CENTRAL BANKS AND GOVERNMENTS

[In millions of dollars]

	m. 4-3 (45	TY12 . 2						Europe				
End of month	Total (47 countries)	United States	Canada	Total (27 countries)	Austria	Belgium	Bulgaria	Czecho- slovakia	Denmark	England	France	Germany
1931—January February March April May June July August September October November	11, 079 11, 115 11, 225 11, 272 11, 218 11, 294	4, 285 4, 309 4, 343 4, 373 4, 445 4, 593 4, 587 4, 632 4, 364 3, 905 4, 031	92 94 96 99 102 87 87 89 83 86	5, 313 5, 350 5, 388 5, 395 5, 425 5, 351 5, 353 5, 415 5, 689 6, 066 6, 113	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 27 27 27	191 197 200 201 201 199 214 221 346 357 356	10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	46 46 46 46 46 46 45 45 45 45	46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 44 44 39	679 685 699 712 735 793 643 649 656 660 587	2, 176 2, 192 2, 200 2, 180 2, 181 2, 212 2, 290 2, 296 2, 326 2, 534 2, 659	534 544 555 566 569 [ 332 322 321 310 273
December 1932—January February March April May	7 11, 263 7 11, 310 11, 385	4, 051 4, 009 3, 947 3, 986 3, 956 2, 714	82 78 80 78 77 77	6, 189 6, 300 6, 444 6, 484 6, 525	27 25 25 25 25 25	354 352 351 349 351 353	11 11 11 11 11	49 49 49 49 49	39 39 39 39 39 39	588 588 583 588 588 588 608	2, 699 2, 808 2, 942 3, 012 3, 052 3, 115	234 226 221 209 209 209

						E	Europe—C	ontinued						
End of month	Greece	Hungary	Italy	Nether- lands	Norway	Poland	Portu- gal	Ruma- nia	Spain	Sweden	Switzer- land	U.S.S. R.	Yugo- slavia	6 other coun- tries
1931—January February .	7	28 26	279 279	175 179	39 39	63 63	9	56 56	466 466	64 64	126 124	249 249	19 19	18 18
March April	6	22 20	279 279	179 181	39 39	63 64	9 11	53 53	467 467	64 64	124 124	259 259	19 19	18 18
May June	6	20 20	280 282	181 200	39 39	64 64	11 11	53 53	468 468	64 64	124 162	262 262	19 27	18 18
July August	6	20 18 18	283 283	236 260	39 39 39	64 64 64	10 10	53 53 54	439 439 439	64 62 53	225 229 328	267 280 293	27 27 29	18 21
September October November	11	18 18 18	286 293 296	282 336 362	39 46 42	67 67	10 12 12	54 54 54	439 434 434	57 55	328 422 425	309 315	29 31 31	21 25 26
December	11	18	296	357	41	67	13	58	434	55	453	328	18	26
1932—January. February.	11	18 17	296 296	351 353	42 42	67 68	13 15	58 57	434 434	55 55	472 482	329 329	31 31	26 26
March April May	9	17	296 296	354 364 384	42 42 42	64 64	16 17	57 57	434 434	55 55	471 471 493	330 331 335	31 31	26 27

			Latin A	merica					Far I	East				Africa	
End of month	Total (10 coun- tries)	Argen- tina	Colom- bia	Peru	Uru- guay	6 other coun- tries	Total (5 coun- tries)	Austra- lia	India	Japan	Java	New Zea- land	Algeria	Egypt	South Africa
1931—January February March April May June July August September October November	506 497 483 475 465 451 416 400 370 366 361 352	397 390 378 370 362 350 322 309 281 270 265 253	14 15 12 12 10 10 10 10 10 10 8 11	18 18 18 18 18 16 14 11 13 17 17	59 58 58 58 58 58 57 57 57 56 53 53	17 17 16 16 17 17 12 12 13 16 16	704 703 709 714 724 730 714 698 706 644 570	76 76 77 74 74 75 66 52 52 53 51	128 128 135 141 147 151 158 162 162 162 162	415 417 415 419 422 425 412 406 408 342 271 234	52 48 48 46 46 46 44 44 51 53 53	34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 33	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	20 20 20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	34 35 31 31 32 31 33 31 32 30 37
1932—January February March April	* 347 343 342 * 342	252 249 249 249 249	6 7 7 8	15 14 13 12	52 52 52 52 52	7 21 7 21 21 21 22	505 505 501 499	51 52 52 52 52	162 162 162 162	215 215 214 214	45 45 42 41	32 32 31 30	8 8 8 8	21 23 31 23	40 37 31 34

Preliminary.

NOTES

Revised.

Figures for 33 countries are as of final day of month; for the other 14 countries—including England, France, and Netherlands—they are as of last report date of month. See Bulletin for July, 1931, p. 399.

The 6 European countries and 6 Latin American countries for which figures are not shown separately are Albania, Danzig, Estonia, Finland, Latvia, and Lithuania; Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Ecuador, Guatemala, and Mexico. None of these countries has had gold reserves during this period in excess of \$10,000,000.

For back figures—and for additional details relating to this table—see Bulletin for July, 1931.

## **GOLD PRODUCTION**

[In thousands of dollars]

	Esti-				Prod	luction rep	orted mon	thly			
Month	mated world produc-			∆fr	ica					,	
	tion	Total	South Africa	Rhodesia	West Africa	Belgian Congo	Canada	Mexico	Australia	Japan	India
1930 December	36, 300	28, 417	18, 519	973	441	243	4, 682	1, 196	¢964	700	700
Total (12 months)	416, 752	322, 150	221, 526	11, 476	5, 000	2, 999	43, 454	13, 827	9, 553	7, 531	6, 785
I931 January	36, 129 36, 501 36, 568 36, 332 36, 977	28, 247 26, 293 27, 757 27, 969 28, 341 28, 408 28, 172 28, 817 28, 909 20, 848 28, 749 28, 950	19, 151 17, 427 18, 791 18, 194 18, 901 18, 594 18, 959 18, 859 18, 981 19, 525 18, 673 18, 809	960 898 886 917 918 926 947 918 905 936 941 1,041	443 438 453 447 452 448 453 466 488 476 480 498	282 271 285 277 256 268 272 282 323 349 324 327	4, 192 4, 033 4, 213 4, 612 4, 448 4, 823 4, 625 4, 664 4, 966 4, 928 4, 837 4, 974	1, 282 1, 012 989 1, 331 1, 209 1, 104 815 1, 229 1, 075 1, 075 1, 042 915 877	634 869 863 936 919 1, 092 933 1, 229 916 1, 240 1, 321 1, 181	657 764 683 694 716 663 668 654 692 679 667 664	648 580 594 561 521 490 500 516 662 673 590 579
Total (12 months)	438, 381	340, 460	224, 863	11, 193	5, 543	3, 516	55, 316	12, 879	12, 134	8, 201	6, 815
January	» 37, 636 » 36, 714 » 38, 354	p 29, 476 p 28, 554 p 30, 194	19, 587 18, 935 2 19, 846	921 956 • 996	460 453 484	323 309 334	4,834 •4,670 5,285	1, 106 948 862	P 1, 084 P 1, 101 P 1, 101	628 657 741	53 <b>4</b> 525 545

<sup>·</sup> Corrected.

Note.—The figure for total world production in 1930 is that published in the annual report of the Director of the Mint for 1931. The difference between this figure and the total production reported monthly in 1930 is \$94,601,000, or \$7,883,000 on a monthly average basis. The estimate of world production for December, 1930, represents the sum of this average difference and the figure actually reported for the month. For 1931-32 this average difference, of which about half represents United States production in 1931.

The figures reported monthly are not be approximated to the month of the month of

The figures reported monthly are not in every instance complete for the area indicated. Those for West Africa represent the output of the Gold Coast and Sierra Leone; those for the Belgian Congo, the output of the Kilo-Moto mines; those for Australia, total output with the exception of Tasmania and Northern Territory; those for Japan, the output of the heleading mines; and those for India, the output of the Mysore State.

For annual figures of world production of gold extending back to 1873 see the annual report of the Director of the Mint for 1931, p. 241.

## GOLD MOVEMENTS

					,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	τ	nited St	ates						
	Total							Net im	ports fee	m—					
Month	net im- ports	Eng- land	France	Bel- gium	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	Can- ada	Mexico	Argen- tina	Brazil	Colom- bia	British India	China and Hong Kong	Japan	All other coun- tries
December	32, 742		10				<b>22,</b> 885	395	4, 922		1, 107		249		3, 174
Total (12 mos.)	280, 087	-275	<b>-73</b> , 675	6	16		6,872	20, 390	20, 222	87, 776	9, 097		22, 211	156, 609	30, 838
1931 January February March April May June July August September October November December	34, 372 16, 142 25, 645, 49, 516 49, 630 63, 847 19, 503 57, 500 20, 561 -337,685 89, 436 56, 858	9 	50 19, 161 5 21 8 -16 -24, 087 -324,500	-2 16 -5 2 -9,678 -57	-4, 172 -35, 904 -394	-17, 617 -515	22, 556 1, 272 924 1, 105 1, 052 20, 725 4, 871 2, 208 8, 837 5, 666 7, 408 4, 513	303 4, 032 1, 563 774 438 466 8, 802 4, 260 -1, 239 989	9, 289 11, 601 14, 782 40, 029 4, 923 8, 305 5, 383 25, 770 15, 474	16	3, 022 116 2, 996 86 3, 359 155 87 142 3, 095 16	4, 895	801 2, 739 1, 597 7, 796 960 6, 361 1, 544 1, 046 3, 596 5, 533 1, 644 623	1, 586 2, 741 847 399 1, 246 25, 000	2,412 2,845 2,266 2,604 1 30,842 2,980 1 13,435 3,586 1,378 -1,056
Total (12 mos.)	145, 325	6, 797	<b>-344,</b> 514	-15, 583	-50, 327	-19, 768	81, 136	22, 267	141, 263	16	15, 116	8, 064	34, 240	199, 286	67, 332
January January February March April May P	-74, 958 -90, 567 -24, 671 -30, 239 -198, 903	$     \begin{array}{r}     -235 \\     -23 \\     -1,922     \end{array} $	-98, 203 -37, 532 -24, 527	-669	-8,672 $-18,707$	-6 -115	2, 146 8, 406 7, 216 7, 267 4, 493	950 2,997 3,329	1, 157 2, 683	360	2, 948 7 3 7	4, 677 2, 575 70	167 819 <b>2, 948</b> 2, 402 3, 734	2, 013	940 2,365

<sup>1 \$25,990,000</sup> imported from Germany.

Preliminary.

<sup>1 \$11,000,000</sup> imported from Germany.

Preliminary figures.

# GOLD MOVEMENTS—Continued

						Grea	t Britain						
						Net	imports fr	om—	,				
Month	Total net im- ports	United States	France	Ger- many	Bel- gium	Nether- lands	Switzer- land	South America	British India	Straits Settle- ments	Austra- lia	South Africa, Rhodesia, West Af- rica	All other countries
1930 December	-35, 383		-65, 750	-9, 963	-1, 218	-19	-685	16, 501	-124	231	464	20, 997	4, 183
Total (12 mos.)	r 23, 658	283	-268, 831	-78, 862	-9, 090	-981	-23, 190	57, 896	-8, 177	1, 526	116, 415	213, 774	1 22, 893
1931 January February March April May June July August September October November December	13, 040 -44, 977	-1, 506 11 -827 970 -4, 144 -7, 086	-72, 616 -18, 178 -7, 793 -344 -296 -232 -110, 144 -13, 333 -774 -6, 800 -61, 412 -24, 939	-1, 483 -1, 772 -1, 047 -92 -420 37, 514 1, 765 7 -72 -119 -2 -515	-2, 661 -7, 796 -6, 317 -19 -10, 751 -9, 145 -35 -7 -66 -155	-276 -14 18 65 146 -82 -50, 133 -24, 373 -18, 419 -8, 591 -12, 370 -4, 290	-992 -153 -194 -126 -133 -3, 338 -1, 658 -13, 218 -10, 168 -2, 458 -10, 003 -18, 564	7, 823 8, 485 112 340 2, 753 389 6, 028 602 695 1, 003 692	198 529 -249 305 -258 -25 3, 132 984 823 7, 462 23, 930 19, 527	1, 421 620 879 967 1, 003 1, 205 1, 703 1, 504 650 400 214 417	380 375 365 3, 407 511 10, 096 15, 549 12 419 1, 107 64	20, 373 17, 489 21, 382 23, 090 16, 185 21, 024 21, 042 17, 861 19, 359 21, 017 15, 426 19, 499	4, 363 2, 858 -704 -3, 528 -256 -2, 647 -382 -599 -494 -256 1, 649 442
Total (12 mos.)*.	-148, 817	-12, 582	-316, 861	33, 764	-36,952	118, 319	-61,005	28, 922	56, 358	10, 983	32, 683	233, 747	446
January	-7, 320 -6, 182 -2, 691 26, 148 18, 109	-4, 129 2, 256 -119 1, 207 7, 575	-64, 955 -52, 712 -40, 858 -17, 795 -7, 197	-76 -58 3 71 -18	-134 -756 -53 -53 -2,539	-3, 584 -7, 537 -3, 480 -1, 955 -10,763	-247 -3, 723 -7, 382 -16 -148	105 2, 226 1, 002	45, 986 30, 661 24, 340 17, 393 10, 423	746 781 602 899 676	1, 555 371 1, 750 1, 083 279	17, 062 20, 884 20, 616 24, 893 18, 673	352 1, 426 887 420 1, 146

			1	France							Germa	ny •			
Month			1	Net impo	rts from	ı <del>-</del>					Net imp	orts froi	n—		
ATORES.	Total net imports	United States	Eng- land	Ger- many	Neth- er- lands	Swit- zer- land	All other coun- tries	Total net imports	United States	Eng- land	France	Neth- er- lands	Swit- zer- land	U. S. S. R.	All other countries
1930 December	65, 035		63, 998		-29		1, 066	9, 250	4	7, 693	91	69	45		1, 349
Total (12 mos.)	460, 268	90, 938	274, 514	65, 352	25, 183	-1, 127	5, 403	-14,006	263	67, 948	-84, 496	-11,908	1, 325	12	12, 849
I931 January February March April May June July August September October November December	-9, 558 149, 150	209 243, 956 99, 876	40, 447	4, 114 89, 786 —2 6, 060 91	-29 -10 -3, 553 22, 741	-1 -7 -3 -8, 262 -9 -5, 996 -1, 818	611 1, 137 5, 685 1, 789	12, 098 10, 598 11, 383 6, 371 -205, 543 -6, 243 934 -16, 947 -31, 473 -41, 968	12 1 12 -25,927 -10,963	-1, 949 112 547 120	54 216 3 -5, 951 18	163 177 309 424 -24,159 151 548 -5, 558 -10, 965 -16, 455	22 79 47 42 -6, 113 18 -23 -11, 859 -20, 620 -25, 594	7, 718 10, 327 5, 169 5, 154 5, 218	469 95 431 3-16,839 1, 227 80 -80
Total (12 mos.)	728, 176	328, 130	312, 561	100, 050	18, 775	<b>-81, 207</b>	49, 867	<b>-247,</b> 950	-36, 160	-35, 221	<b>-102, 019</b>	<b>-55, 142</b>	<b>-63,</b> 866	58, 932	-14, 475
January February March April	74, 007 r 184, 171 r 147, 604 60, 340	82, 580 71, 279	90, 947 49, 028	r -4 r 13, 889	9,601 12,561	-1, 592 17	2, 639 7 830	-5,262 -5,251	1	37 67 -2 -18		-884	-5,501 $-2,683$	5, 138	

<sup>1 \$29,229,000</sup> imported by Great Britain from Spain.
1 \$17,555,000 exported by Germany to Belgium
1 \$29,233,000 imported by France from Spain.
Preliminary figures.
Revised.
Corrected.
Since German figures for individual countries are subject to semiannual revision, those given for months in 1932 are preliminary in character.
Figures for total net imports are final.

## GOLD MOVEMENTS—Continued

					(	, u = u = u							
			Netherl	ands					Sv	vitzerland	l		
Month			Net	imports fr	om—				1	Net impo	rts from—		
1401111	Total net imports	United States	England	France	Ger- many	All other countries	Total net imports	United States	England	France	Ger- many	South Africa	All other coun- tries
1930 December	3		10	31	-21	-18	267		684	1	-112		-306
Total (12 mos.)	-7,724		1, 018	-20, 528	11, 932	-158	22, 204		24, 205	1, 911	-1, 643		-2, 270
January February March April May June July August September October November December	249118156433519 24, 384 9, 397 60, 076 19, 020 30, 598 36, 551 19, 567	16, 413 21, 551 1, 449	276 19 -14 -65 -145 -21 9, 820 60, 722 15, 387 14, 781 7, 982 8, 849	26 30 31 25 23 23 37 39 -86 -17, 572 -1, 113 -2, 325	-43 -164 -142 -392 -382 24, 176 -229 -556 -113 17, 455 4, 717 11, 672	-8 6 -29 -22 -13 207 -232 -128 1 3,831 -479 3 3,413 -78	671 -54 -111 -10 -18 17, 475 3, 597 18, 096 25, 505 94, 339 43, 572 19, 687	23 32, 919 3, 224 254	972 201 143 100 123 3, 269 1, 072 186 1, 722 5, 346 9, 805 18, 364	-16 -42 -32 -6 8,220 2,300 66 23 3,398 4,519 886	-63 -70 -58 -39 -11 6, 110 -36 50 1 8, 270 25, 604 -75	332 11, 044 16, 577 44, 196 408 203	-223 -186 -153 -38 -123 -146 -69 -6, 751 -7, 181 -209
Total (12 mos.)	198, 619	39, 413	117, 591	-21, 024	56, 059	6, 580	222, 751	36, 422	41, 301	19, 317	39, 684	72, 760	13, 26
1932 JanuaryFebruaryMarchApril	7, 130 2, 608 -1, 886 7, 737	7, 747 8, 810 6, 342 2, 799	3, 100 5, 446 3, 870 867	-3, 521 -9, 900 -11, 028 -771	-304 320 34 8, 445	109 -2,069 -1,105 5-3,602	5, 653 17, 658 4, 698 2, 538	2,067 1,411 82 65	1,300 5,725 5,733 116	1, 972 5, 423 -2, 069 -95	10 5,731 886 165		304 630 65 62,616

					British	India •				
Month	<b></b>			Net impo	rts from—			Gold pro-	Increase in Gov-	Increase
	Total net imports	United States	England	Australia and New Zealand	Iraq	South Africa	All other countries	duction in India ?	ernment reserves in India	in private holdings in India
1930 December	682		-8	261	154	123	152	702	. 17	1, 367
Total (12 months)	57, 672		8, 681	8, 053	2, 402	26, 513	12, 023	6, 806	200	64, 278
January February March April May June July August September October November December	-286 880 943 600 696 -1, 752 -803 -270 175 -26, 058 -24, 217 -45, 596	-4 -10 -2, 196 -8, 273 -3, 307 -5, 294	-1, 024 323 -26 102 295 -2, 254 -1, 539 -979 -291 -10, 179 -17, 610 -39, 539	94 211 418 199 99 170 404 224 993 23	138 113 144 118 167 146 79 202 460 279 372 152	247 49 113 74 24 25 70 738 479	260 184 294 107 111 165 253 223 471   • -8, 388 10 -3, 673 -921	649 582 596 563 523 491 502 517 564 675 592 581	1 9 9 6, 942 6, 168 5, 866 3, 397 7, 362 3, 760 211 -353 359 0	362 1, 453 -5, 403 -5, 005 -4, 647 -7, 663 -7, 663 -3, 513 718 -25, 030 -23, 984 -45, 015
Total (12 months)	<b>-95, 688</b>	-19,084	-72, 721	2, 835	2, 370	1, 825	-10, 914	6, 835	33, 532	-122,385
January 1932 February March	-24, 029 -17, 672 -18, 670 \$-11, 970	-2,863 -363 -90	-21, 419 -17, 353 -18, 788			15 20	225 28 189	536 527 547 2-547	18 -2 -7 -86	-23, 511 -17, 143 -18, 116 -11, 337

- 1 \$4,020,000 imported by Netherlands from Dutch East Indies.
  2 \$3,324,000 imported by Netherlands from British India.
  3 \$6,733,000 imported by Switzerland from Australia.
  3 \$6,733,000 imported by Switzerland from Norway.
  3 \$1,791,000 was exported from Netherlands to Poland; \$2,325,000 to Switzerland.
  4 \$2,308,000 imported by Switzerland from Netherlands.
  7 Reported monthly production of the Mysore State plus \$82,000 representing the average monthly production of the rest of India in 1930.
  8 Figures derived from preceding columns. Net imports plus production minus increase in Government reserves in India.
  8 \$7,575,000 was exported from India to Netherlands.
  9 \$1,891,000 was exported from India to Netherlands; \$2,173,000 to France.
  9 Beginning with September, 1931, figures for net Imports from individual countries are preliminary and subject to revision. Figures for total net imports, gold production, and increase in Government and private holdings are final unless otherwise indicated.
  9 Preliminary.

## GOVERNMENT NOTE ISSUES AND RESERVES

[Figures are for last report date of month]

		1932		1931			1932		1931
	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.		Apr.	Mat.	Feb.	Apr.
Argentine Conversion Office (millions of gold pesos): Gold		67, 196 67, 268	257 544 154 6, 617 6, 771 4, 367 1, 603	382 558 130 7, 227 7, 357 4, 079 1, 844	Canadian Minister of Finance (millions of Canadian dollars): Gold reserve against Dominion notes Advances to banks under finance act Dominion notes— Issued Outside chartered bank holdings Indian Government (millions of rupees): Gold standard reserve— Gold Foreign exchange Paper currency reserve— Gold Silver coin and bullion Other assets. Notes issued	64 27 153 29 388 145 1, 105 523 1, 683	64 32 157 28 391 143 53 1,112 617 1,781	65 37 162 29 394 139 49 1, 122 624 1, 795	* 83 11 148 27 112 421 275 1, 254 72 1, 601

## BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS

[In thousands of dollars converted from Swiss francs at par: 1 Swiss franc=\$0.1930]

Description	19	32	1931	Liabilities	19	32	1931
Resources	Apr. 30	Mar. 31	Apr. 30	Liabilities	Apr. 30	Mar. 31	Apr. 30
Cash on hand and on current account with banks.  Demand funds at interest.  Rediscountable bills and acceptances (at cost):  Commercial bills and bankers' accept-	2, 991 13, 781	2, 743 14, 356	1, 458 19, 840	Short-term deposits: Central banks for own account— Demand Time— Not exceeding 3 months Between 3 and 6 months	61, 747 58, 017	89, 365 28, 015	56, 987 88, 243 2, 102
ances Treasury bills	87, 554 30, 147	91, 397 26, 390	85, 578 39, 347	Total		117, 380	147, 331
Total Time funds at interest:	117, 701	117, 788	124, 926	Central banks for account of others— Demand Time—not exceeding 3 months	11, 855	13, 154	29, 424 113, 869
Not exceeding 3 months	48, 927	39, 861	181, 399 1, 420	Total	11, 855	13, 154	143, 293
Total  Sundry bills and investments: Maturing within 3 months—	48, 927	39, 861	182, 820	Other depositors— Demand Time—not exceeding 3 months	769 1, 066	1, 510	44 2, 664
Treasury bills Sundry investments Between 3 and 6 months Over 6 months.	11, 521 4, 584	24, 466 9, 169 6, 919 152	1 43, 601	Long-term deposits: Annuity trust account German Government deposit French Government guaranty fund	29, 677 14, 839 13, 249	29, 649 14, 825 13, 249	29, 842 14, 921 13, 279
Total		40, 707 1, 865	43, 601 2, 428	Total Capital paid in Reserves:	57, 765 20, 941	57, 723 20, 941	58, 042 19, 976
1	2,000	,000	_, 120	Legal reserve fund Dividend reserve fund General reserve fund Other liabilities	108 211 422 6, 648	108 211 422 5, 872	
Total resources	219, 549	217, 320	375, 072	Total liabilities	219, 549	217, 320	375, 072

<sup>1</sup> Composed of \$36,338,000 of investments not exceeding 1 year and \$7,263,000 exceeding 1 year.

<sup>1</sup> Includes a small quantity of subsidiary coin, amounting on Mar. 31, 1932, to 15,000,000 pesos.
2 The figures of consolidated bank notes issued represent daily averages for the 4 weeks ended Apr. 2, Mar. 5, and Feb. 6, 1932, and Apr. 4, 1931.
The figures for notes deemed to be consolidated bank notes are as of the close of business on these dates.

P Preliminary.
Corrected.

# CENTRAL BANKS

[For e	xplanation	of these to	ables see B	ULLETIN fo	r Februar	y, 1931, pp.	81-83)			
	Gold (in	Resou	rces of ban	king depar	tment		Liabil	ities of ban	king depar	tment
Bank of England	issue depart- ment) 1	Cash r	eserves	Discounts and	pocur.	Note circula- tion		Deposits		Other liabili-
		Coin	Notes	advances	ties		Bankers'	Public	Other	ties
Millions of pounds sterling: 1931—Mar. 25	143. 6	. 9	54.8	11. 4	52. 1	348. 8	57. 7	9. 5	33. 7	19.3
Apr. 29 May 27	146. 3 151. 0	.9	56. 5 56. 2	7. 2	56. 7	349.8	48.9	17. 7	37. 0	18. 3 17. 7
June 24	162. 9	1.1	70.1	6.8 9.6	59.8 57.5	354. 9 352. 8	54. 8 61. 6	17. 4 25. 2	33. 8 33. 5	17. 8 17. 9
July 29	132. 0	1.3	32.7	9.7	79. 2	359. 4	55. 8	15. 2	33.7	18. 1
Aug. 26 Sept. 30	133. 3	1.3	58.0	9.3	78. 2	350. 3	53.6	26.3	48.7	18. 2
Sept. 30 Oct. 28	134. 8 135. 7	1.3	52. 6 54. 6	14. 8 10. 5	94. 9 84. 6	357. 2 356. 0	62.6 63.5	30. 1 17. 3	52. 6 52. 6	18. 3 17. 7
Nov. 25	120. 7	1.0	41.3	12.7	87. 8	354. 4	59.8	27.0	38. 1	17. 8
Dec. 30	120.7	.6	31.6	27. 3	133. 0	364. 2	126. 4	7. 7	40. 3	18. 0
1932—Jan. 27	120.8	. 6	49. 9	12.9	82. 5	345. 9	74. 3	15. 3	38. 2	18. 1
Feb. 24	120.8	.6	49.4	11.5	71.0	346. 4	67.9	14.1	32. 2	18. 2
Mar. 30	120. 8 120. 8	.6	35. 3 43. 0	11.7 11.5	86. 8 79. 4	360. 5 352. 8	54. 6 58. 3	27. 2 23. 4	34. 4 35. 3	18. <b>2</b> 1 <b>7.</b> 7
May 25		.7	45.8	12. 2	93. 2	354. 2	77. 5	23. 6	32. 9	17.8
27203 20-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	1	1	] 20.0	,	00.2	001.2	1	20.0	02.0	11.0
		-	Reso	urces				Liab	ilities	
Bank of France					Negotia-		Note	Dep	osits	Other
	Gold	Foreign exchange	Domestic bills	loans	ble securi- ties <sup>3</sup>	Other assets	circula- tion	Govern- ment	Other	liabili- ties
Millions of francs: 1931—Mar. 27	56, 116	26, 307	7, 084	<b>2,</b> 858	5, 082	7, 026	77, 864	11, 773	12, 577	2, 260
1931—Mar. 27 Apr. 24 May 29 June 26 July 31 Aug. 28 Sept. 25 Oct. 30 Nov. 27 Dec. 30 1932—Jan. 29	55, 616	26, 305	6, 502	2, 795	5, 082	7, 134 7, 316	77, 231	11,680	12,062	2, 462
May 29	55, 634	26, 160 26, 209	6, 190	2, 806 2, 779	5, 082 5, 082	7,316	78, 185 76, 927	9,940	12,669	2, 394 2, 250
Inly 31	56, 426 58, 407	26, 242	5, 576 4, 564	2,880	5,062	6, 807 8, 958	79, 862	8, 513 9, 303	15, 187 14, 736	2, 195
Aug. 28	58, 563	27, 611	5, 820	2,729 2,754	5, 065	8, 193	78, 635	9, 470	14, 736 17, 649	2, 227
Sept. 25	59, 346	25, 194	5.880	2,754	5, 065	8,099	78, 173	7, 357	18.542	2, 266
Oct. 30	64, 648	27, 600	8, 809	2.712	5, 065	8, 428	83, 639	8, 227	22, 954 24, 171	2, 441
Nov. 2/	67, 844 68, 863	24, 273 21, 111	7, 766 7, 389	2, 731 2, 730	5, 065 7, 157	8, 647 8, 545	82, 543 85, 725 84, 723	7, 170 5, 898	24, 1/1	2, 442 1, 989
1932—Jan. 29	71,625	18, 805	6, 555	2,744	6, 899	8, 278	84, 723	4, 722	22, 183 23, 552	1, 910
Feb. 26	75, 059	15, 127	5, 544	2, 707	6, 882	8, 329 8, 371	83, 189	3, 637	24, 899	1, 925
Feb. 26. Mar. 25 Apr. 29 May 27	76, 832	12, 632	4, 820	2,716 2,735	6.881	8, 371	81, 782	3, 526	24, 962	1,980
Apr. 29	77,862	11,800	4,690	2,735	6,881	8,697	82,774	3, 111	24, 827	1, 953
May 21	79, 470	9,001	4, 160	2,700	6.881	8,684	81,418	3, 432	24, 128	1, 917
				Resources					Liabilitie	8
Reichsbank	Res	erves								
Reichsbaha	Gold	Foreign exchange	Treasury bills	Other bills (and checks)	Security loans	Securities	Other assets	Note circula- tion	Deposits	Other liabili- ties
Millions of reichsmarks:	2, 323	100	140	1.053	974	100	638	4 450	903	
	2, 368	188 157	142 45	1, 951 1, 816	274 287	103 103	668	4, 456 4, 340	387 355	775 749
Apr. 30 May 30	2, 390	186	25	1, 791	167	103	721	4, 299	353	731
June 30		300	74	2, 579	355	103	936	4, 295	398	1.074
July 31	1,363	248	249	3, 273	347	103	958	4, 454	834	1, 251
June 30.  July 31.  Aug. 31.  Sept. 30.  Oct. 31.  Nov. 30.  Dec. 31.  1932—Jan. 30.  Feb. 29.  Mar. 31.  Ang. 30.	1, 366 1, 301	356 139	38 124	3, 101 3, 545	208 301	103 103	972 1, 016	4, 384 4, 609	509 613	1, 251 1, 306
Oct. 31	1, 145	131	124	4,010	240	103	963	4,746	518	1, 326
Nov. 30	1, 005	170	56	3, 901	254	103	980	4,641	506	1 272
Dec. 31	984	172	98	4, 144	245	161	1,065	4,776	755	1 228
1932—Jan. 30 Fab. 20	948	145	33	3,632	158 303	161	1,098	4, 407 4, 268	394	1, 373
Mar. 31	928 879	149 142	44 59	3, 324 3, 258	290	162 362	1, 100 1, 044	4, 268 4, 231	423 578	1, 318 1, 226
** P** OV #===================================	859	131	26	3, 146	282	362	977	4, 128	405	1, 249
May 31 P	863	129	18	2,990	257	364	1,032	3, 961	431	1, 261
				l.					l i	

Preliminary figures.
 In addition the issue department holds Government and other securities and silver coin as cover for the fiduciary issue, which is fixed by law at £260,000,000. Since Aug. 1, 1931, however, an increase of £15,000,000 in the fiduciary issue (and securities held as cover) has been authorized by the British Treasury under section 8 of the Currency and Bank Notes Act, 1928; the maximum period for which such authorization may be granted is two years.
 Issued by the independent office for retirement of public debt (caisse autonome d'amortissement).

## CENTRAL BANKS—Continued

[Figures are for last report date of month]

		1932		1931			1932		1931
Central bank	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.	Central bank	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.
National Bank of Albania (thousands					Central Bank of China—Continued. Deposits—				
of Albanian francs): Gold		4,968	4,954	1,889	Government Bank Other		68, 306	55, 520	96, 464
Foreign exchange		27, 432	27, 453	27, 051	Bank		19, 078	14, 012	24, 618
Loans and discounts		4, 174	4, 152 5, 243	3,609 6,073	Other liabilities		4, 599 35, 554	8, 098 33, 470	6, 110 26, 198
Note circulation		10, 932	11, 346	12, 723	Other liabilities		00,001	00, 110	20, 100
Note circulation		18, 205	17, 829	12, 784	(thousands of pesos): Gold at home. Gold abroad Loans to member banks	7 045	7 590	7 102	12,840
Commonwealth Bank of Australia		12, 200	12, 627	13, 115	Gold abroad	6, 467	7, 529 5, 988	7, 103 6, 459	7, 231
(thousands of Australian pounds):	İ	į			Loans to member banks	13, 432	13, 963	15, 072	13, 746
Issue department—	10 500	10 500	10 500	10 141	Note circulation Deposits	17,851	17, 187 14, 649	17, 587 14, 214	22, 875 6, 495
Gold coin and bullion Securities	41, 746	10, 500 41, 746	10, 500 40, 998	15, 141 32, 058	National bank of Czechoslovakia	10, 500	11,010	11, 211	0, 200
Banking department—					(millions of Czechoslovak crowns):	1 040	1, 643	1 040	1 540
Coin, bullion, and cash Money at short call in Lon-	1,057	923	1,024	2, 263	Gold Foreign balances and currency	1, 642 1, 194	784	1, 646 877	1, 542 2, 078
don	18, 094	22,003	17, 856	4, 863	Loans and advances	1, 172	1, 432	1, 371	159
Loans and discounts	16, 286	16, 154	18, 349	30, 326	Assets of banking office in liqui-	288	289	290	315
Securities	27, 333 66, 686	28, 117 71, 262	28, 518 69, 695	20, 583 57, 003	dation Note circulation	6,740	6,826	6, 693	6, 609
Bank notes in circulation	47, 018	47,826	45, 332	44, 351	Deposits Danish National Bank (millions of	375	279	279	711
Austrian National Bank (millions of					kroner):			i	
schillings): Gold	179	179	179	214	Gold	145	145	145	172
Foreign exchange of the reserve.		60	79	138	Foreign bills, etc. Loans and discounts	25 146	28 145	28 160	67 92
Other foreign exchange	863	867	877	507 90	Note circulation	335	322	321	354
Domestic bills. Government debt. Note circulation.	96	96	96	96	Deposits Bank of Danzig (thousands of Danzig	46	44	38	30
Note circulation	999	1,009	1,044	984	gulden):			İ	
Deposits	113	128	129	64	Gold	21,816	21,817	21, 819	129
of belgas):			,		Foreign exchange of the reserve Other foreign exchange		23, 658 3, 750	21, 689 3, 024	14, 843 6, 842
Gold	2, 523	2, 514	2, 527	1, 445	Loans and discounts	8,420	7,015	9,762	22, 160
Foreign bills and balances in gold_ Domestic and foreign bills	937	965	945	891 748	Note circulation	41, 244 14, 166	41,060 9,671	40, 841 9, 040	36, 126 1, 303
Loans to State Note circulation	288	288	288	292	Deposits	14, 100	3,011	<i>5</i> , 010	1, 000
Note circulation Deposits	3, 653 221	3, 664 246	3, 715 189	3, 279 147	of sucres):	1	5 400	F 005	E 000
Central Bank of Bolivia (thousands	221	240	103	171	Gold		5, 632 9, 035	5, 605 8, 511	5, 666 18, 052
of bolivianos):					Loans and discounts		14, 687	14, 244	14,176
Gold at home	3,416	3, 401 16, 640	3, 375 16, 480	2,808	Note circulation Deposits		18, 164 9, 206	17, 797 8, 514	20, 829 13, 871
Foreign exchange	5 073	6,581	7,417	26, 699	NY. 11 Then I of Plannet 1 (the sugar de	1		0,011	10,011
Loans and discounts	24, 572	22, 845	23, 131	23, 237	of Egyptian pounds):		# 92G	4, 577	4, 157
Note circulation Deposits	12, 400	26, 156 11, 906	25, 429 12, 663	28, 314 8, 420	of Egyptian pounds): Gold		3, 327	2,731	1, 626
Bank of Brazil (millions of milreis):	Ì		1	i	British Government securities		13, 183	14,915	15, 460
Currency	303 120	285 129	317 129	375 98	Loans and discounts  Egyptian Government securities	1	0,022	9, 178 15, 014	7, 530 14, 734
Correspondents abroad Loans and discounts	2,019	1, 929	1,803	1, 530	Other assets	<b>-</b>	3, 163	3, 207	4, 591
Note circulation	. 170	170	170	170	Note circulation Deposits—Government	:	4 676	19, 582 3, 472	19, 278 5, 136
Deposits	2, 034	1,903	1,879	1,633	Other		19, 957	18,880	15, 524
of leva):		ĺ	1		Other liabilities		7,612	7, 719	8, 161
Net foreign exchange in reserve	1, 513 49	1, 513 41	1, 512 -8	1, 483 242	krooni):		l _		
Total foreign exchange	. 278	331	347	734	Gold Net foreign exchange	7, 325	7, 321 14, 369	7, 310 13, 607	6, 517 17, 258
Loans and discounts Government obligations	747 2, 965	727	708 2, 965	643	Loans and discounts	24, 146	23, 635	22, 703	26, 809
Note circulation	2, 827	2, 965 2, 797	2, 672	3, 064 3, 212	Note circulation		34,009	34, 487	35, 536
Note circulationOther sight liabilities	1, 419	1, 552	1, 596	1, 490	Deposits—Government Bankers	6.881	4, 212 6, 760	4, 378 5, 784	8, 560 5, 787
Central Bank of Chile (millions of	1				Other Bank of Finland (millions of markkaa)	2, 102	2,868	2, 889	1, 620
pesos): Gold at home	. 69	68	67	62	Gold Gold	304	304	304	301
Gold abroad and foreign ex-			į	1	Balances abroad and foreign				
change Loans and discounts	96	98 144	98 157	247 89	creditsForeign bills	598	650 250	585 256	722 236
Note circulation	. 352	336	331	279	Domestic bills	778	842	906	621
Deposits against which reserve is held		110	115	54	Note circulation	1, 224	1, 299 280	1, 271 374	1,301 154
Central Bank of China 1 (thousands	1	110	1.0	01	Demand liabilities Bank of Greece (millions of drach-	218	200	3/4	104
of Yuan dollars): Gold					mas):			000	401
Gold		39, 322	40, 121	3, 725 41, 503	Net foreign exchange in reserve.			869 484	481 2, 171
Due from banks abroad	.	11,000	9,033	33, 453	Total foreign exchange		344	637	3, 092
Due from domestic banks		18, 693	11, 631	40, 815	Loans and discounts		1, 215 608	825	338
Loans and discounts Securities		64, 882 5, 653	60, 820 5, 738	41, 625 16, 606	Other Government bonds		. 2, 697	3, 150	3, 389
Other assets Note circulation		15, 844	13, 342	8, 216	Note circulation	-(	3, 909	3, 739	4, 436 1, 644
Note circulation	.	.+ 28, 563	29, 632	32, 551	Other sight liabilities	-	451	495	1,094

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Items for issue and banking departments consolidated.

# CENTRAL BANKS—Continued

[Figures are for last report date of month]

		1932		1931			1932		1931
Central bank	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.	Central bank	Apr.	Mar.	Feb.	Apr.
Central Bank of Guatemala (thou-					Bank of Poland-Continued.				1 070
sands of quetzales):	1	1,945	1,982	2,692	Note circulation Current account of the treasury	1, 148	1, 131	1, 151 21	1, 259 39
Balances abroad		630	615	663	Other current accounts	122	163	171	149
Gold coin  Balances abroad  Loans and discounts		6, 221	6, 298	5, 870	Bank of Portugal (millions of				
Other assets		1, 174	1, 137	1,004	escudos):	050		0.0	040
Note circulation		5,865 1 221	6,029 1,128	6, 347 1, 259	Net foreign exchange and other	379	365	349	240
Other deposits		43	40	196	reserves	538	585	642	(1)
Other liabilities		2,841	2,835	2, 427	Discounts and advances	319	318	341	370
Other liabilities Other liabilities Other liabilities National Bank of Hungary (millions					Government obligations	1, 058 1, 873	1,058 1,919	1,058 1,917	1, 531 1, 864
of pengos): Gold	96	100	100	112	Note circulation Other sight liabilities	394	373	433	(1)
Foreign bills, etc Loans and discounts	15	12	15	47	National Bank of Rumania (millions				``
Loans and discounts	430	407	396	263	of lei):	0.045	0.000	- 000	r 050
Advances to treasury Other assets	54 18	54 17	55 16	60 18	Gold at homeGold abroad	6, 047 3, 444	6, 002 3, 444	5, 969 3, 604	5, 670 3, 114
Note circulation	417	374	383	406	Foreign exchange of the reserve	355	308	81	2, 370
Deposits	61	98	90	31	Other foreign exchange	20	27	22	652
Miscellaneous liabilities	108	92	81	40	Loans and discounts	13, 382	13, 046	13,006	7,828
Bank of Italy (millions of lire): Gold at home	5, 630	5, 628	5, 626	5, 313	Note circulation	22, 904	5, 767 22, 742	5, 767 22, 542	5, 617 18, 905
Gold at home	1, 484	1, 534	1,725	4, 150	Demand deposits	4, 439	4, 338	4, 260	8, 118
Loans and discounts	5.845	5, 638	5, 755	4,025	South African Reserve Bank (thou-	i i			
Total note circulation	13, 375 300	13, 872 300	13, 938	14, 881 300	Demand deposits. South African Reserve Bank (thousands of South African pounds):	7 050	6, 420	7 595	6 204
Public deposits	1,373	1, 403	300 1, 703	1,652	Foreign hills	7, 053 71	63	7, 535 73	6, 304 6, 882
Other deposits	1	2, 200	1, 100	2,002	Gold	1,682	3,685	2, 492	272
Cf010	429	430	431	840	Note circulation	8,096	8, 431	7,710	6, 692
Advances and discounts	853 117	937 118	940 110	713 136	Deposits—	1, 237	1, 152	1, 353	2, 657
Notes issued	1, 128	1,058	1,094	1,058	Government Bank	4, 030	3, 835	4, 186	4,756
Total deposits	444	503	429	672	Other	233	158	353	131
Bank of Java (millions of florins):	100				Bank of Spain (millions of pesetas):		0.050	0.040	0.400
Gold Foreign bills Loans and discounts	103 24	105 27	112 27	115 29	Gold Silver	2, 251 559	2, 250 546	2, 249 534	2, 423 706
Loans and discounts	48	48	56	47	Balances abroad	287	279	286	108
Note circulation	224	225	225	242	Loans and discounts	3, 256	2,910	2,964	2, 257
Deposits	28	31	33	40	Note circulation	4,880	4,882	4,948	4, 951
GoldGold	34	33	33	24	Deposits	917	1,008	1,013	752
Foreign exchange reserve	13	14	13	27	Gold	206	206	206	240
Bills	74	75	75	81	Foreign bills, etc	120	117	96	297
Note circulation	56	57	57 40	70	Loans and discounts	352 576	575 601	504 526	296 548
Government deposits	39 75	39 78	56	46 71	Note circulation Denosits	232	204	191	201
Other deposits.  Bank of Lithuania (millions of litu):	78	73	94	87	Deposits. Swiss National Bank (millions of				
Bank of Lithuania (millions of litu):	50	***		200	francs):	0.420	2, 439	2, 498	643
GoldForeign currency	21	50 25	50 27	39 74	GoldForeign balances and bills	2, 439 112	107	2, 498	337
Foreign currency Loans and discounts	101	101	102	105	Loans and discounts	106	73	76	99
		101	104	112		1,529	1,517	1, 505	988
Deposits Netherlands Bank (millions of	65	70	70	98	Demand deposits  Bank of the Republic of Uruguay	1, 132	1, 123	1, 170	149
norins):	l					İ		1	
Gold	906	879	879	450	Gold		50, 215	50, 544	56, 402
Foreign bills Loans and discounts	89 155	84 159	84 168	221 133	Loans and discounts		103, 088	101, 885 34, 225	106, 475 31, 282
Note circulation	982	983	1,008	838	(thousands of pesos): Gold Loans and discounts Other assets Note circulation		80, 105	80, 502	72, 271
Deposits	197	186	164	33	Debosits—	ř.			
Bank of Norway (millions of kroner):	155	1		140	Demand		31,348	31, 576	41, 073
Gold	155 17	155 16	154 15	146 32	Time		3 092	38, 504 3, 095	43, 649 3, 436
Domestic credits	267	258	239	185	Other liabilities.		35, 279	32, 977	33, 729
Note circulation	312	310	303	296	State Bank of U. S. S. R. (note-issu-		,	i '	·
Foreign deposits	2	3	2	2	ing department; thousands of				
Total deposits	93	85	71	67	chervontsi): Gold	64, 318	64, 050	63, 996	50, 396
(thousands of soles):					Other precious metals	2, 144	2, 282 4, 723	2, 227	1, 917
Gold	41,665	47, 201	50, 439	63, 301	Foreign exchange	3, 340	4, 723	4,618	4,863
Foreign exchange Bills	550 13,337	218 12, 260	371 12, 800	6,859	Note circulation National Bank of the Kingdom of	273, 978	267, 577	263, 518	224, 551
Note circulation	46, 318	48, 960	50, 635	17,918 60,497	Yugoslavia (millions of dinars);				
Deposits	2, 162	3, 242	5, 068	4, 943	Gold	1, 763	1,763	1, 759	1,088
Bank of Poland (millions of zlotys):					Foreign exchange Loans and discounts	304	276	206	94
Gold at home	449 126	449 125	487 120	486	Loans and discounts	2, 248	2, 181	2, 190	1, 387 2, 997
Gold abroad	126 41	71	51	82 229	Advances to State	2, 304 5, 043	2, 240 4, 824	2, 233 4, 776	2, 997 4, 692
					011 1.1 1 1 11111		, 024	1 2, 110	1,000
Other foreign exchange Loans and discounts	117 750	121 764	124 764	116 619	Other sight liabilities	355	495	451	1,062

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Figures published previous to reorganization of bank July 1, 1931, are not comparable with current figures.

## COMMERCIAL BANKS

_ :					19	931						1932	
Country	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
Argentina (millions of gold pesos): Bank of the Nation—													
GoldOther cash	1 125	118	108	99	94	91	90	109	107	111	113	115	
Loans and discounts	640	633	642	655	656	681	708	696	707	675	234	680	
Deposits	712	690	706	680	662	663	661	652	641	639	642	649	
Other banks in Buenos Aires—				1 000	002	000	001	002	V11	000	012	0.10	
Gold	9	9	9	9	9	7	2	2	2	1	1	1	
Other cash	172	180	202	194	199	190	186	194	203	200	198	206	
Loans and discounts	910	885	871	857	843	852	847	830	817	821	1, 251	798	
Deposits	997	996	990	971	971	966	947	939	939	936	933	933	
Canada (millions of Canadian dol-			-		:	İ							
lars): Assets entirely in Canada—												ĺ	
Cash in vault 1	157	156	150	147	147	157	159	201	175	176	167	158	150
Cash in central gold reserves.	26	29	28	26	28	24	27	25	26	22	20	24	23
Security loans	181	187	182	163	159	167	159	157	135	131	130	131	122
Other current loans	1, 130	1, 139	1, 127	1, 126	1, 127	1, 137	1, 141	1, 102	1,082	1,071	1,063	1,071	1,070
Security loans abroad	117	98	108	105	110	90	91	113	83	66	99	88	73
Securities	651	669	695	694	701	678	696	719	694	674	664	671	666
Liabilities entirely in Canada—		400									100		
Notes in circulation Individual demand depos-	124	129	128	126	126	128	140	131	129	123	122	121	125
its	596	580	601	561	568	594	581	617	567	507	496	500	495
Individual time deposits	1, 453	1, 456	1, 450	1. 451	1.461	1, 456	1,462	1, 396	1, 360	1.368	1, 390	1, 389	1,393
England (millions of pounds ster- ling):	,	,	,	,	,	·					,	,	
Cash in vault and at bank	175	176	184	181	177	171	173	170	181	177	170	171	170
Money at call and short notice.	115	129	131	128	112	106	113	108	118	116	108 1, 093	111	111 1, 105
Advances and discounts Investments	1, 134 292	1, 141 274	1, 172 272	1, 178 283	1, 156 286	1, 132 288	1, 131 288	1, 125 284	1, 131 281	1, 128 268	264	1, 103 2 <b>6</b> 6	272
Deposits	1, 698	1, 700	1,744	1.750	1, 708	1,675	1,688	1, 670	1, 700	1,677	1,621	1,639	1, 643
France (millions of francs):	1,000	1, 100	1, 111	1, 700	1, 100	1,010	1,000	1,070	1, 100	1,011	1,021	1,000	1,010
Bills and national-defense bonds.	21, 869	22, 930	22, 507	20, 919	21, 153	20, 242	19,006	17, 851	18, 441	18, 454			
Loans and advances	11, 156	10, 762	10, 342	9, 898	9, 868	10,076	9, 863	9, 797	9, 697	9, 041			
Demand depositsTime deposits	36, 971	37,861	37, 938	36, 642	<b>36, 9</b> 91	36, 137	36, 972	37, 619	37, 023	36, 196			
Time deposits	1,623	1,601	1, 564	1, 539	1, 545	1, 429	1, 370	1, 332	1, 222	1, 179			
Germany (millions of reichsmarks):	0.000	0.540									1 700	1 900	
Bills and treasury notes Due from other banks	2, 529 981	2, 548	1,914	1, 280	1, 500	1,509	1, 406	1, 431			1,503 320	1, 380 367	1, 613 267
Miscellaneous loans	8, 021	857 7, 818	686 7, 699	546 7, 337	514 7, 115	465 6, 884	373 6, 837	6,748			5, 935	6,034	6, 235
Deposits	10, 683	10, 395	9, 277	8, 167	8, 060	7, 873	7, 500	7 300			7, 276	7, 289	7, 539
Acceptances	600	582	816	874	840	818	891	910			903	863	872
Japan (millions of yen): Cash on hand	000			0,1	010	010	001	010			200		
Cash on hand	332	361	274	134	217	197	126	146	140	124	130	116	136
Loans.	2, 184	2, 156	2, 166	2, 169	2, 140	2, 146	2, 171	2, 208	2, 247	2, 283	2, 228	2, 264	2, 248
Deposits	2, 161	2, 181	2, 233	2, 151	2, 122	2, 102	2,066	2,059	2, 051	2,008	1,954	1, 938	1, 946

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Gold, Dominion notes, and subsidiary coin.

Note.—Banks included are as follows: Canada—chartered banks; England—nine London clearing banks; France—four commercial banks; Germany—six Berlin banks previous to consolidation of Dresdner Bank and Darmstädter und Nationalbank in February, 1932; five Berlin banks thereafter; Japan—Tokyo banks.

# DISCOUNT RATES OF CENTRAL BANKS

Date effective	Bank of Eng- land	Bank of France	German Reichs- bank	Bank of Italy	Nether- lands Bank	Swiss Na- tional Bank	Country	Rate June 1	In effect since—	Country	Rate June 1	In effect since—
In effect Feb. 1, 1931. May 14 May 16 June 13	2	2	5	51/2	2½ 2	2	Albania Austria Belgium Bolivia	8 7 3½ 7	July 1, 1931 Mar. 18, 1932 Jan. 13, 1932 Aug. 26, 1930	Japan Java Latvis Lithuania	5. 84 4½ 6	Mar. 12, 1932 Mar. 11, 1930 Oct. 1, 1930 Apr. 1, 1930
July 16	3½ 4½		10				Bulgaria Chile Colombia Czechoslo-	6	May 25, 1932 Oct. 25, 1931 Jan. 22, 1932	Norway Peru. Poland Portugal	71/2	May 20, 1932 May 20, 1932 Oct. 3, 1930 Apr. 4, 1932
Sept. 2	6		8	7	3		vakia  Danzig Denmark Ecuador		Apr. 12, 1932 Nov. 24, 1931 May 30, 1932 Mar. 13, 1931	Rumania South Africa. Spain	7 6 6½	Mar. 4, 1932 Nov. 13, 1931 July 8, 1931
Dec. 10	5 4 3½		7				Finland Greece Hungary	11 6	Feb. 1, 1932 Apr. 19, 1932 Feb. 20, 1932 Apr. 18, 1932	Sweden U.S.S.R Yugoslavia		May 17, 1932 Mar. 22, 1927 July 20, 1931
Mar. 21 Apr. 9 Apr. 19 Apr. 21 Apr. 28	3		5½	6	2½		from 5 to 4	nce M 5, dow	n from 8½ to 8 it; <i>England</i> —M	-May 17, down per cent; Dennay 12, down fro	$\begin{array}{c} nark-1 \\ m & 3 & to \end{array}$	May 30, down $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent;
May 12 In effect June 1, 1932	21/2	21/2	5	5 5	21/2	2	5 to 4½ per	cent; I		r cent; Norway- lown from 7 to it.		

# MONEY RATES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

		England	(London)		Ge	ermany (Berl	lin)		is (Amster- m)	Switzer- land
Month	Bankers' accept- ances, 3 months	Treasury bills, 3 months	Day-to-day money	Bankers' allowance on deposits	Private discount rate	Money for 1 month	Day-to-day money	Private discount rate	Money for 1 month	Private discount rate
1931—April May June July August September October November 1932—January. February March April	2. 24 2. 09 2. 58 4. 28 4. 74 5. 68 5. 75 5. 52 4. 63 2. 59	2. 57 2. 21 2. 10 2. 44 4. 21 4. 57 5. 46 5. 55 5. 60 4. 94 4. 98 2. 28 2. 07	2. 17 1. 87 1. 64 2. 05 3. 59 4. 04 4. 36 4. 96 4. 27 4. 20 3. 84 2. 40 1. 91	1 1 1 2-234 23/2 23/2 4 4 4 4 -3 3 -11/2	4. 65 4. 65 6. 05 17. 00 18. 92 7. 99 8. 00 7. 33 6. 94 6. 67 6. 10 5. 12	5. 87 5. 83 7. 05 1 8. 98 1 9. 18 9. 18 9. 84 9. 31 7. 40 7. 58 7. 10 6. 31	5. 67 5. 38 6. 74 1 8. 89 1 9. 15 9. 21 8. 69 8. 45 7. 81 7. 76 6. 17	1. 50 1. 39 1. 05 1. 53 1. 30 2. 76 1. 59 1. 57 2. 24 1. 87 1. 22 1. 02	1. 61 1. 55 1. 07 1. 40 1. 22 1. 21 3. 07 1. 72 1. 59 2. 37 1. 69 1. 06	1. 0¢ 1. 12 1. 12 1. 55 1. 98 1. 80 1. 90 1. 77 1. 75 1. 68 1. 50 1. 50
	Belgium (Brussels)	France (Paris)	Italy (Milan)	Austria (	Vienna)	Hui	igary	Sweden (Stock- holm)	Japan (	(Tokyo)
Month	Private discount rate	Private discount rate	Private discount rate	Private discount rate	Money for 1 month	Prime commer- cial paper	Day-to-day money	Loans up to 3 months	Discounted bills	Call money overnight
1931—April	2. 20 2. 13 2. 15 2. 41 2. 44 2. 44 2. 44 2. 44 2. 33	1. 47 1. 28 1. 06 1. 20 1. 50 1. 50 1. 80 1. 75 1. 75 1. 80 1. 66	5. 48 5. 25 5. 25 5. 25 5. 25 5. 47 7. 50 7. 50 7. 50 6. 92 6. 53 6. 60	3¾ -4 4 4 4 -6½		734-10	5 -6 5 -6 5 -6 5 -6 434 -614 434 -516	3 -5 3 -5 4 -6 4 -6 6 -7½ 6 -7½ 6 -7½ 5½-7 5 -7 5 -7	4. 93-5. 66 5. 48-6. 57 5. 84-6. 57	2. 92 2. 19 2. 19 2. 74 3. 65 2. 56 5. 48 5. 66 6. 87 6. 02 6. 39 5. 84

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Based on data for part of month, no quotations being available for remainder of month.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

[Monthly averages of daily quotations based on noon buying rates for cable transfers in New York. In cents per unit of foreign currency]

				[				Ci	ina (and	Hong Ko	ng)	
Month	Argen- tina	Austria	Belgium	Brazil	Bulgaria	Canada	Chile	Mexi- can dol- lar	Shang- hai tael	Yuan dollar	Hong Kong dollar	Colom- bia
1931—May June July August September October November December	70, 2524 69, 8840 64, 5722 59, 6948 51, 9966 58, 8403	14. 0543 14. 0457 14. 0413 14. 0406 14. 0388 13. 9158 13. 9516 13. 9460	13. 9119 13. 9242 13. 9453 13. 9376 13. 9091 13. 9852 13. 9070 13. 9039	6. 6756 7. 4991 7. 1937 6. 3693 5. 9099 5. 6202 6. 1704 6. 2010	.7176 .7180 .7183 .7154 .7160 .7127 .7138 .7148	99. 9449 99. 7201 99. 6607 99. 6898 96. 2476 89. 1025 88. 9914 82. 7064	12. 0673 12. 0868 12. 0798 12. 0549 12. 0430 12. 0690 12. 0750 12. 0669	22. 0118 21. 4575 22. 4315 21. 4301 22. 0696 22. 8205 24. 5833 23. 6010	30. 2520 29. 5980 31. 0097 29. 7255 30. 6604 31. 8314 34. 0732 32. 8054	21, 8950 21, 4375 22, 4247 21, 3485 21, 9166 22, 7019 24, 7246 23, 7323	24. 0131 23. 8226 24. 7295 23. 7830 24. 1853 24. 6765 26. 0124 24. 8704	96. 570 96. 570 96. 570 96. 570 96. 570 96. 570 96. 570 96. 569
1932—January February March April May	58. 2724 58. 2204 58. 2879	13. 9518 13. 9516 13. 9601 13. 9544 13. 9645	13. 9140 13. 9384 13. 9361 13. 9956 14. 0249	6. 1579 6. 1720 6. 2121 6. 5402 7. 1294	.7151 .7145 .7176 .7201 .7202	85. 1301 87. 2936 89. 4530 89. 8808 88. 4430	12. 0500 12. 0500 12. 0606 10. 6538 6. 0000	23. 5237 24. 4696 23. 9969 22. 3173 21. 6412	32, 6357 33, 1449 32, 8061 31, 2481 30, 4700	23. 6966 24. 3587 23. 9213 22. 3221 21. 7116	24. 8396 25. 3353 24. 6855 23. 7187 23. 4337	95, 665 95, 240 95, 240 95, 240 95, 240
	Cuba	Czecho- slovakia	Den- mark	England	Finland	France	Ger- many	Greece	Hungary	India	Italy	Japan
1931—May June July August September October November December 1932—January February March April May	99. 9157 99. 9124 99. 9703 99. 9678 99. 9944 99. 9913 99. 9470 99. 9296 99. 9622 100. 0590 99. 9816	2. 9622 2. 9621 2. 9624 2. 9621 2. 9619 2. 9625 2. 9626 2. 9627 2. 9628 2. 9628 2. 9629 2. 9628 2. 9620 2. 9620 2. 9650	26. 7738 26. 7795 26. 7340 26. 7292 25. 2636 22. 0209 20. 6700 18. 5875 18. 8801 19. 0192 20. 0112 20. 5267 20. 0654	486, 4039 486, 4863 485, 6052 485, 7725 453, 1260 388, 9291 371, 9934 337, 3707 343, 1210 345, 6316 363, 9304 374, 9994 367, 5140	2. 5172 2. 5167 2. 5156 2. 5148 2. 5133 2. 3082 1. 9839 1. 6938 1. 5036 1. 5014 1. 6015 1. 7225 1. 7171	3. 9114 3. 9158 3. 9215 3. 9216 3. 9257 3. 9283 3. 9201 3. 9229 3. 9294 3. 9379 3. 9325 3. 9468	23. 8036 23. 7327 23. 2782 23. 6575 23. 4212 23. 2395 23. 6777 23. 6192 23. 7812 23. 7812 23. 7827 23. 7947	1. 2949 1. 2951 1. 2939 1. 2936 1. 2926 1. 2883 1. 2879 1. 2879 1. 2875 1. 2875 1. 2875 1. 2875	17. 4376 17. 4450 17. 4433 17. 4515 17. 4496 17. 4640 17. 4670 17. 4580 17. 4500 17. 4353 17. 4298 17. 4384	36. 1423 35. 9986 35. 9865 35. 9425 33. 9117 28. 6799 27. 9874 25. 3612 25. 8179 26. 0329 27. 3121 28. 0133 27. 3175	5. 2353 5. 2348 5. 2300 5. 2304 5. 1699 5. 1645 5. 1548 5. 1094 5. 0441 5. 1799 5. 1824 5. 1493 5. 1491	49. 381: 49. 374: 49. 353: 49. 353: 49. 252: 49. 252: 49. 296: 43. 464: 35. 986: 34. 323: 32. 156: 32. 806: 31. 973:
	Mexico	Nether- lands	Norway	Poland	Portugal	Ru- mania	Spain	Straits Settle- ments	Sweden	Switzer- land	Uruguay	Yugo- slavia
1931—May	49. 0305 49. 0109 130. 0269 33. 4081 36. 5878 39. 1364	40. 1847 40. 2442 40. 2775 40. 3182 40. 2677 40. 4256 40. 1916 40. 2338	26, 7761 26, 7801 26, 7346 26, 7328 25, 3982 22, 0737 20, 5163 18, 4831	11. 1950 11. 1996 11, 1991 11. 1970 11. 1978 11. 1955 11. 1903 11. 1902	4. 4918 4. 4234 4. 4162 4. 4216 4. 4232 3. 9271 3. 6401 3. 2302	. 5943 . 5949 . 5943 . 5936 . 5936 . 5953 . 5966 . 5959	10.0004 9.6749 9.3139 8.7964 8.9839 - 8.9631 8.6137 8.3992	56. 0348 56. 0432 56. 0198 56. 0044 53. 5566 45. 1250 43. 1386 39. 0313	26. 8070 26. 8045 26. 7558 26. 7487 26. 0857 23. 1140 20. 7378 18. 7098	19. 2845 19. 3956 19. 4309 19. 4862 19. 5096 19. 6009 19. 4632 19. 4805	61, 4301 58, 5356 54, 2652 46, 0147 41, 9254 34, 8968 45, 0027 44, 5487	1, 760; 1, 768; 1, 766; 1, 765; 1, 773; 1, 785; 1, 779;
1932—January February March March April May	37. 8712 33. 6841	40. 1828 40. 3479 40. 2799 40. 4914 40. 5474	18. 6969 18. 7701 19. 6003 19. 0780 18. 4823	11. 1934 11. 1896 11. 1770 11. 1847 11. 1810	3. 1642 3. 1930 3. 2832 3. 3804 3. 3267	. 5951 . 5950 . 5958 . 5960 . 5970	8. 3945 7. 7671 7. 5993 7. 6942 8. 1169	39, 6900 39, 7745 41, 3333 42, 7404 42, 2400	19. 1888 19. 2922 19. 8540 19. 0910 18. 7238	19. 5074 19. 4961 19. 3405 19. 4374 19. 5579	44. 9160 46. 1521 47. 0796 47. 3186 47. 5433	1.778 1.780 1.775 1.772 1.774

Monetary units and pars of exchange (in cents per unit of foreign currency):

Country	Monetary unit	Par of ex- change	Country	Monetary unit	Par of ex- change	Country	Monetary unit	Par of ex- change
Argentina Austria Belgium Brazil Bulgaria Canada Chile China (and Hong Kong). Colombia Cuba	Gold peso. Schilling. Belga. Milreis. Lev. Dollar. Peso. (Mexican dollar '. Shanghai tael '. Yuan dollar '. Hong Kong dollar '.	30 40 21 57	Czechoslovakia Denmark England Finland France Germany Greece Hungary India Italy Japan Mexico Netherlands	Koruna. Krone. Pound. Markka. Franc. Reichsmark. Drachma. Pengo. Rupee. Lira. Yen. Silver peso. Florin.	2. 96 26. 80 486. 66 2. 52 3. 92 23. 82 1. 30 17. 49 36. 50 5 26 49. 85 40. 20	Norway Poland Portugal Rumania Spain Straits Settle- ments.* Sweden Switzerland Uruguay Yugoslavia	KroneZlotyEscudoLeuPesetaStraits Settlements dollarKronaFrancPesoDinar	26. 80 11. 22 4. 42 . 60 19. 30 42. 88 26. 80 19. 30 103. 42 1. 76

Back figures.—See Bulletin for January, 1932, 1931, 1930, 1929, and 1928.

<sup>1</sup> Beginning with August, quotations are for silver peso.
2 Silver currencies—Figures given for parity represent gold value of unit in May, 1932, computed by multiplying silver content of unit by New York average price of silver for May, 1932, which was \$0.28067 per fine ounce.
3 Straits Settlements dollar is legally equivalent to seven-sixtieths of one English pound. Figure given for parity represents seven-sixtieths of average quotation of pound in New York for May, 1932.

## PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES

## SECURITY PRICES

[Index numbers except as otherwise specified]

		Bo	nds		Com	non stocks (1	926 average:	=100)¹
Month	United States (average price)	England (December, 1921=100)	France (1913 aver- age=100)	Germany (average price) <sup>2</sup>	United States	England	France	Germany
Number of issues	60	87	<b>3</b> 5	169	421	278	300	329
1930—April	97. 9	112.7	95. 5	82. 4	181. 0	111.1	208, 6	112, 1
May	97. 9	111.4	95. 3	84.5	170. 5	108.0	198. 3	111.7
June	98. 2	110.0	95, 8	85.3	152.8	101.8	187. 6	106, 8
July	98. 7	112.3	95. 7	86.0	149.3	103. 1	188.8	100. 9
August	99. 6	111.9	96. 6	85.7	147.6	98. 4	182. 0	94.8
September	100.0	112.0	96. 4	85.4	148.8	101. 1	182. 4	93. 9
October	99. 9	113. 1	95. 4	83.7	127.6	95. 4	169. 5	87.9
November	99.1	112.8	94.7	83. 2	116.7	94. 1	162. 2	84.7
December	97.8	112.5	94, 1	82.7	109. 4	89. 0	149.8	80. 0
1931—January	99.6	112.8	95. 7	82.7	112.3	89. 6	156. 7	75. (
February	99.4	109.7	97. 1	82.7	119.8	89.3	160. 1	78. 2
March	100. 0	111.6	97. 9	83.8	121.6	89. 4	155. 4	83. 6
April	99. 6	111.3	99.0	84.8	109. 2	85. 1	148. 5	84.8
May	99.7	110.8	98. 4	84.2	98.0	76.8	138. 2	76. 1
June	99.4	111, 1	98.8	82.4	95. 1	77.8	141.2	69. 6
July	99. 4	111.2	98. 9	81.4	98. 2	79. 2	132. 6	(3)
August	98. 5	107. 2	99. 5	(8)	95. 5	73.8	130. 5	(3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3)
September	95. 6	103. 5	97. 7	70.4	81.7	67. 2	115. 5	(3)
October	89. 4	104. 2	94.8	(3)	69. 7	75.6	106.9	(3)
November	89. 0	104.8	94.4	(3) (8) (3)	71.7	74. 7	104.3	(*)
December.	81.6	102, 2	90, 8	(3)	57. 7	68. 1	94.8	(3)
1932—January.	81.0	104.7	91, 5	(3)	58. 0	69. 7	107. 3	(h)
February	80.3	106.5	90.3	(3) (8) (8)	56. 4	68. 9	126. 2	(*)
March	80.8	111.6	90. 5	(8)	56.8	69.6	117. 6	(6)
April	79. 4	110. 6	89. 0	63.0	43. 9	63. 5	107. 3	'/

Back figures.—See BULLETIN for February, 1932, and sources there cited.

## WHOLESALE PRICES—ALL COMMODITIES

Month	United States (1926=100)	Canada (1926=100)	England (1913=100)	France (1913=100)	Germany (1913=100)	Italy (1913=100)	Japan (Oct., 1900=100)	Nether- lands (1913=100)
1930— April	90 89 87 84 84 84 83 81 80	91 90 88 86 84 82 81 80 78	124 122 121 119 118 116 113 112 109	548 546 540 558 560 556 552 551	127 126 125 125 125 123 120 120	396 389 382 375 379 374 364 361 350	193 189 181 177 176 172 165 162	122 118 118 115 114 112 111 110
1931—January February March April May June July August September October November December	72 71 70	77 76 75 74 73 72 72 71 70 70 71	107 106 106 106 104 103 102 100 99 104 106	541 538 539 540 520 518 500 488 473 457 447	115 114 114 114 113 112 112 110 109 107 107	342 338 339 337 332 327 324 322 319 322 320 319	158 168 168 168 164 161 163 152 150 147 147	105 104 103 102 102 100 97 94 91 89 88
1932—January Pebruary March April	67 66 66 66	69 69 69 68	106 105 105 102	439 446 444 439	100 100 100 100 98	317 314 315 311	160 161 159 154	84 83 82 80

Stock price series for England, France, and Germany have been converted from original bases to a 1926 base.
 New series compiled by the Statistisches Reichsamt; weighted average of the prices of one hundred sixty-nine 6 per cent bonds.
 Figures not available because of closing of the exchange.

# PRICE MOVEMENTS IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES—Continued

## WHOLESALE PRICES—GROUPS OF COMMODITIES

[Groups are those included in indexes shown in preceding table]

	United	States (192	6=100)	England 10		France 10			Germany	(1913=100)	
Month	Farm products	Foods	Other com- modi- ties	Foods	Indus- trial products	Farm and food products	Indus- trial products	Agricul- tural products	Provisions	Industrial raw and semi- finished products	Indus- trial finished products
1930—April	83	95 92 91 87 88 90 89 86 82	88 87 86 85 84 83 82 81 80	129 127 127 127 126 124 121 121	121 119 117 115 113 111 109 107	481 483 488 540 550 562 562 570 570	606 601 587 573 568 551 543 535 516	112 111 110 115 117 114 109 112	118 117 115 114 111 108 108 108	125 124 122 119 118 116 114 113	152 152 151 151 149 148 147 145
1931—January February March April May June July August September October November December	73 70 71 70 67 65 65 64 61 59 59	81 78 78 76 74 73 74 75 74 73 71 69	79 78 77 76 74 74 74 74 73 74 72	113 112 111 113 113 113 110 108 108 113 115 115	104 103 103 102 1000 98 98 95 95 1000 102	580 575 581 592 566 571 541 528 508 489 482 491	507 505 503 495 480 472 465 452 443 429 416 400	107 106 107 108 109 107 105 103 101 99 99	102 100 99 97 96 95 97 96 94 95	108 106 106 105 103 103 103 102 100 99 99	142 140 139 138 137 137 136 136 133 132
1932— January February March April	53 51 50 49	65 63 62 61	72 71 71 71	114 114 116 115	101 101 99 96	496 511 510 506	390 389 388 380	92 95 97 95	90 91 89 88	92 91 90 89	125 122 121 120

R	RETA	IL F	oor	PR	ICES	}				co	ST (	OF L	IVIN	G			
Month	Sta	ited ates =100)	(Jī	land ıly, =100)	(Jı	nce ily, =100)	(19	nany )13- 100) <sup>1</sup>	Month	Sta	ited ites == 100)	(Jū	land ıly, ≃100)	(Jan.	ince -June, =100)	(19	nany )13- 100) <sup>1</sup>
	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932		1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932
January February March April May June July August September October November December	127 126 124 121 118	109 105 105 104	138 136 134 129 129 127 130 128 128 128 130 132	131 131 129 126	132 132 131 130 129 128 125 121 119 116 113 113	114 115 115 115	134 131 130 129 130 131 130 126 125 123 122 120	116 114 114 113	January February March April May June July August September October November December	150		153 152 150 147 147 145 145 145 145 146 148	147 147 146 144	120 120 115	108	140 139 138 137 137 138 137 135 134 133 132 130	125 122 122 121 121

Average of October, 1913, January, April, and July, 1914=100.

SOURCES: Wholesale prices.—For original sources, see Bulletin for March, 1931 (p. 159). Retail food prices and cost of living.—United States—Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor; England—Ministry of Labour; Germany—Statistisches Reichsamt; France—for retail food prices, Statistique Générale, and for cost of living, Commission d'études relatives au coût de la vie à Paris.

### LAW DEPARTMENT

### Recent Amendments to the Federal Reserve Act.

There is published below a copy of the act of Congress approved May 19, 1932, which amends the Federal farm loan act in regard to Federal intermediate credit banks and also contains two amendments to the Federal reserve Section 5 amends section 13 (a) of the Federal reserve act, so as to authorize a Federal reserve bank to discount notes payable to and bearing the indorsement of any Federal intermediate credit bank, covering loans or advances made by such bank direct to any national or State bank, trust company, agricultural credit corporation, incorporated live stock loan company, savings institution, cooperative bank, or cooperative credit or marketing association of agricultural producers, or to any other Federal intermediate credit bank, when such notes have maturities at the time of discount of not more than nine months and are secured by paper eligible for rediscount by Federal reserve banks. Section 6 amends the seventh paragraph of section 13 of the Federal reserve act so as to authorize debentures or other such obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks which are eligible for purchase by Federal reserve banks to be used as security for advances by Federal reserve banks to their member banks for periods not exceeding 15 days.

> [Public—No. 138—72D Congress] [8, 2409]

An act to amend Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act in regard to Federal intermediate credit banks, and for other purposes

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 202 (a) of Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 8, sec. 1031), is hereby amended by substituting a semicolon for the period at the end of clause (3) and adding thereto the following new matter: "and to accept drafts or bills of exchange issued or drawn by any such association when secured by warehouse receipts and/or shipping documents covering staple agricultural products as herein provided."

any such association when secured by warehouse receipts and/or shipping documents covering staple agricultural products as herein provided."

Sec. 2. Section 205 of Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 8, sec. 1061), is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following new matter: "In the event that there shall be an impairment of the paid-in capital of any Federal intermediate credit bank, the Farm Loan Board, at such time or times as it deems advisable, may determine and assess the amount thereof against the other Federal intermediate credit banks on such equitable basis of apportionment as it shall prescribe. Each bank against which such an assessment is made shall, out of its surplus and/or to an extent up to 50 per centum of its net earnings, in accordance with the terms

of such assessment, pay the amount thereof as soon as possible to the bank having the impairment. In such event payments into the surplus fund and payments of the franchise tax prescribed by this chapter shall be determined on the basis of the net earnings remaining after providing for the payment of any such assessment."

SEC. 3. Section 206 (b) of Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 8, sec. 1072), is hereby amended (effective January 1, 1932) by striking out the first two sentences of said section and substituting therefor the following new matter: "After all necessary expenses of a Federal intermediate credit bank have been paid or provided for, the net earnings shall be paid into a surplus fund until it shall amount to 100 per centum of the subscribed capital stock of such bank, and thereafter 50 per centum of such earnings shall be paid into the surplus. Whenever the surplus thus paid in shall have been impaired it shall be fully restored before payment of the franchise tax herein prescribed. After the aforesaid requirements of this section have been fully met and, except as otherwise provided in this Act, 50 per centum of the net earnings shall be paid to the United States as a franchise tax."

United States as a franchise tax."

Sec. 4. Section 207 of Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 8, sec. 1081), is hereby amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and substituting a colon together with a proviso as follows: "Provided, That in view of the liability of all Federal intermediate credit banks for the debentures and other such obligations of each bank under this Act, the banks shall, in accordance with rules, regulations, and orders of the Federal Farm Loan Board, enter into adequate agreements and arrangements among themselves by which funds shall be transferred and/or made available from time to time for the payment of all such debentures and other such obligations and the interest thereon when due in accordance with the terms thereof."

SEC. 5. The second paragraph of section 13 (a) of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 3, sec. 349), is hereby amended by adding thereto a new sentence as follows: "Any Federal reserve bank may also, subject to regulations and limitations to be prescribed by the Federal Reserve Board, discount notes payable to and bearing the indorsement of any Federal intermediate credit bank, covering loans or advances made by such bank pursuant to the provisions of section 202 (a) of Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 8, sec. 1031), which have maturities at the time of discount of not more than nine months, exclusive of days of grace, and which are secured by notes, drafts, or bills of exchange eligible for rediscount by Federal reserve banks."

reserve banks."

Sec. 6. The seventh paragraph of section 13 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 3, sec. 347), is hereby amended by changing the period at the end thereof to a comma and adding thereto the words "or by the deposit or pledge of debentures or other such obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks which are eligible for purchase by Federal reserve banks under section 13 (a) of this Act."

Approved, May 19, 1932.

# FEDERAL RESERVE STATISTICS BY DISTRICTS, ETC.

## DISCOUNTS, BY MONTHS

## DISCOUNTS, BY WEEKS

[In millions of dollars]

[In thousands of dollars]

				•				
	Averag	es of daily	figures		v	Vednesday	series (193	2)
Federal reserve bank	19	32	1931	Federal reserve bank	May 4	May 11	May 18	May 25
	May	April	May	Boston New York	31, 632 104, 232	28, 698 100, 077	28, 999 98, 194	30, 239 99, 738
Boston New York Philadelphis Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas	62. 7 56. 8 24. 4 31. 9 33. 7 13. 9 12. 1 27. 2 11. 7	34. 0 119. 6 73. 7 86. 6 29. 2 37. 0 46. 2 19. 7 32. 0 12. 6	10. 6 37. 4 18. 2 14. 1 15. 9 11. 0 13. 5 7. 4 3. 9 9. 5 8. 5	Philadelphia  Cleveland Richmond Atlanta  Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis  Kansas City Dallas	61, 774 63, 199 23, 742 29, 960 38, 363 14, 138 10, 454 29, 737 11, 152	58, 442 22, 621 30, 971 32, 977 12, 912 10, 556 28, 293 11, 244	59, 848 53, 701 23, 674 30, 341 27, 642 13, 233 12, 324 25, 651 11, 381	51, 808 24, 366 32, 155 27, 510 14, 009 13, 900 24, 816 11, 811
San Francisco	80, 3 486, 5	605. 1	12. 6	San Francisco Total	87, 418 505, 801	73, 497 471, 373	79, 955 464, 943	78, 465 471, 267

# RESERVES, DEPOSITS, NOTE CIRCULATION, AND RESERVE PERCENTAGES

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

					Ave	rages of dai	ily figures					
Federal reserve bank	Tot	al cash rese	erves	Т	otal depos	its	Federal	reserve no culation 1		Reser	ve percei	ntages
Poterar reserve bank	19	32	1931	19	032	1931	19	932	1931	19	32	1931
	May	April	Мау	May	April	May	May	April	May	May	April	May
Boston NewiYork Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	287, 110 90, 047 115, 566	218, 930 1, 001, 905 254, 085 295, 404 101, 069 122, 058 676, 419 111, 642 81, 172 95, 484 52, 906 219, 370	230, 955 1, 171, 193 259, 299 323, 022 102, 729 157, 866 491, 972 115, 998 68, 267 99, 68, 267 99, 69, 984 300, 331	131, 998 1, 046, 840 123, 745 151, 153 55, 202 50, 343 314, 447 61, 404 43, 201 70, 340 50, 652 150, 977	122, 650 949, 134 123, 037 152, 035 55, 778 51, 324 273, 114 62, 242 43, 939 69, 202 50, 039 149, 525	144, 034 1, 029, 925 149, 253 197, 252 65, 349 60, 174 337, 759 75, 576 49, 873 83, 504 57, 705 189, 187	190, 230 570, 724 249, 982 291, 757 91, 858 115, 713 549, 586 90, 430 72, 788 80, 763 35, 672 222, 649	174, 263 573, 491 253, 218 293, 719 95, 571 117, 635 546, 158 91, 048 70, 588 81, 411 37, 845 222, 839	137, 283 272, 302 144, 168 188, 805 75, 622 129, 832 227, 980 74, 609 47, 993 63, 838 27, 839 167, 082	73. 7 55. 8 62. 5 64. 8 61. 2 69. 6 79. 6 70. 4 63. 7 61. 5 56. 2 64. 5	73. 7 65. 8 67. 5 66. 3 66. 8 72. 2 82. 6 72. 8 70. 9 63. 4 60. 2 58. 9	82. 1 89. 9 88. 4 83. 7 72. 9 83. 1 87. 0 77. 2 69. 8 67. 8 59. 6 84. 3
Total	3, 118, 253	3, 230, 444	3, 372, 483	2, 250, 302	2, 102, 019	2, 439, 591	2, 562, 152	2, 557, 789	1, 557, 356	64. 8	69. 3	84. 4

<sup>1</sup> Includes "Federal reserve notes of other reserve banks" as follows: Latest month, \$14,325,000; month ago, \$14,806,000; year ago, \$14,828,000.

# EACH FEDERAL RESERVE BANK—RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES, ALSO FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT, MAY 31, 1932

				In thous	sands of	iollarsi				_			
	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlan- ta	Chica- go	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Fansas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
RESOURCES													
Gold with Federal reserve			F04 417		004.000	47.000	02.000	F01 40F	00.700	40.000	FD 000	00 505	500
Gold redemption fund with U.	2, 100, 537 41, 129	166, 127	i	167, 280	204, 970 4, 972	47, 300	.,	561, 495 2, 818	63, 700	1,750	53, 080 2, 234	22, 585 950	171, 763
S. Treasury	41, 129	1,599	10, 151	4, 934	4, 972	2,489	3, 451	2, 616	1,697	1,750	2, 234	950	4,084
against Federal reserve	2, 141, 666	167, 726	544, 568	172, 214	209, 942	49, 789	70, 451	<b>564,</b> 313	65, 397	42, 570	55, 314	23, 535	175, 847
Gold settlement fund with Federal Reserve Board	326, 185	15, 999	158, 493	3, 322	19, 206	4, 055	2,319	69, 601	5, 716	11, 931	12, 279	4,612	18, 652
Gold and gold certificates held by banks	322, 435	15, 982	182, 674	10, 318	17, 921	6, 277	7, 979	27, 300	10, 838	2,637	10, 765	4, 180	25, 564
Total gold reserves	2, 790, 286	199, 707		185, 854	247, 069	60, 121	80, 749	661, 214	81,951	57, 138	78, 358	32, 327	220, 063
Reserves other than gold Total reserves		20, 185	48, 596 934, 331	·	17, 429 264, 498	72, 082	5, 804 86, 553	22, 501 683, 715	92, 312	3, 734 60, 872	7, 173 85, 531	11,087 43,414	9,648
Nonreserve cash	65, 957	5, 226	16, 486	3, 040	3, 201	3, 409	4, 580	12, 492	3, 549	2, 114	2,045	3, 659	6, 156
Bills discounted: Secured by U. S. Govern-				!							[ 		
ment obligations Other bills discounted	208, 167 281, 907	13, 095 15, 830	66, 510 38, 041	21, 639 42, 350	21, 255 27, 519	5, 535 20, 064	6, 583 24, 660	14, 047 17, 116	12, 492 5, 926	4, 760 9, 395	4, 945 20, 482	1, 889 10, 293	35, 417 50, 231
Total bills discounted Bills bought	490, 074 35, 527	28, 925 2, 345	104, 551 11, 136	63, 989 3, 183	48, 774 3, 104	25, 599 2, 164	31, 243 1, 379	31, 163 4, 276	18, 418 1, 005	14, 155 632	25, 427 891	12, 182 987	85, 648 4, 425
U. S. Government securities: Bonds	388, 516	20, 289	173, 104	26, 787	30, 791	9 615	8 885	55, 722	8, 990	15 603	9, 499	15,020	14, 211
Treasury notes Certificates and bills	171,617 989,036	11,676 64,764	69, 930 423, 105	13, 888	18, 290 101, 835	9, 615 5, 713 31, 805	8, 885 5, 210 29, 002	20, 268 112, 847	5, 043 28, 077	15, 603 4, 759 26, 498	5, 420 30, 191	2, 980 16, 596	8, 440 46, 991
Total U. S. Government										<u></u>			
securitiesOther securities	1, 549, 169 5, 285	96, 729	666, 139 3, 600	118,000 1,675	150, 916	47, 133	43, 097	188, 837	42, 110	46, 860 10	45, 110	34, 596	69, 642
Total bills and securities Due from foreign banks Federal reserve notes of other	2, 080, 055 4, 643	127, 999 375	785, 426 1, 637	186, 847 508	202, 794 475	74, 896 188	75, 719 174	224, 276 662	61, 533	61, 657 12	71, 428 136	47, 765 132	159, 715 324
banks	11, 585 317, 529	363 39, 731	3, 081 - 97, 377	391 25,660	812 27, 621	1, 157 22, 431	642 12, 862	1, 555 36, 039	1,158 11,344	578 6,324	555 15,031	220 9,609	1, 073 13, 500
Uncollected itemsBank premisesAll other resources	58, 084 40, 517	3, 336 1, 754	14, 817 21, 168	2, 873 847	27, 621 7, 966 1, 630	3, 612 4, 032	12, 862 2, 489 3, 701	36, 039 7, 827 1, 423	3, 461 1, 328	1,834 1,398	3, 649 1, 225	1,787 1,292	4, 433 719
Total resources	5, 565, 657	398, 676	1, 874, 323	434, 542	508, 997	181, 807	186, 720	967, 989	174, 705	134, 789	179, 600	107, 878	415, 631
LIABILITIES													
Federal reserve notes in actual circulation	2, 572, 216	193, 005	575, 798	248, 518	291, 498	89, 612	115, 065	554, 613	90, 570	73, 165	80, 544	35, 475	224, 353
Deposits: Member bank—reserve ac-				1									
Government	2, 113, 487 17, 271	128, 872 1, 675	1,056	112, 370 808	136, 461	45, 846 4, 778	485	312, 042 473	52,299 1,275	41,678 1,386	68, 764 931	43, 822 1, 539	137, 718
Government Foreign bank Other deposits	74, 405 34, 431	3, 100 96	46, 913 22, 454	4, 201 233	4, 120 3, 069	1,632 223	1, 509 431	5, 466 614	1,428 802	897 325	1, 183 63	1, 142 1, 503	2, 814 4, 618
Total deposits Deferred availability items	2, 239, 594 306, 583	133, 743 39, 272	1, 060, 558 93, 065	117, 612 23, 603	144, 961 27, 629	52, 479 21, 855	45, 905 7, 800	318, 595 34, 956	55, 804 12, 402	44, 286 6, 472	70, 941 15, 086	48,006 10,765	146, 704 13, 678
Deferred availability items Capital paid in	154, 801 259, 421	11, 526 20, 039	59, 130 75, 077	16, 231 26, 486	14, 267 27, 640	5, 214 11, 483	4, 876 10, 449	17,310 38,411	10,025	2 926 6, 356	4, 087 8, 124	3, 962 7, 624	10, 793 17, 707
		1,091	10, 695	2,092	3,002	1, 164	2, 625	4, 104	1, 425	1, 584	818	2,046	2,396
Total liabilities	62. 1	67.3	1, 874, 323 57. 1	58. 6	60.6	181, 807 50. 7	186, 720 53. 8	967, 989 78. 3	17 <b>4, 70</b> 5 63. 1	51. 8	179, 600 56. 5	107, 878 52. 0	415, 631 61. 9
FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT													i
Federal reserve notes: Issued to F. R. bank by							ĺ						
F. R. agent Held by F. R. bank	2, 765, 381 193, 165	209, 014 16, 009	631, 772 55, 974	260, 592 12, 074	303, 261 11, 763	95, 862 6, 250	130, 828 15, 763	584, 845 30, 232	93, 240 2, 670	75, 565 2, 400	88, 347 7, 803	40, 342 4, 867	251, 713 27, 360
In actual circulation Collateral held by agent as security for notes issued to banks:	2, 572, 216	193, 005	575, 798	248, 518	291, 498		115, 065		90, 570	73, 165	80, 544	35, 475	224, 353
Gold Eligible paper	2, 100, 537 484, 733	166, 127 28, 899	534, 417 104, 199	167, 280 63, 819	204, 970 48, 598	47, 300 26, 340	67,000 30,919	561, 495 30, 996	63, 700 17, 617	40, 820 13, 483	53, 080 25, 028	22, 585 11, 965	171, 763 82, 870
U. S. Government securities		15, 300		30,000	50,000	22,500	33,000		12,000	21, 900	14,000	6,000	
		i		<u> </u>			<u> </u>			· ·			

# ALL MEMBER BANKS IN EACH DISTRICT

## RESERVES HELD, EXCESS RESERVES, AND BORROWINGS AT FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

[In millions of dollars]

				Averag	es of daily	figures			
			Reserv	es held			Borrowin	gs at Fede	ral reserve
Federal reserve district		Total			Excess			banks	
	19	32	1931	193	32	1931	19	32	1931
	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	50. 7 47. 1 262. 6 57. 7 41. 4 66. 4	117. 6 814. 4 117. 2 141. 0 51. 6 48. 1 254. 1 58. 1 41. 5 67. 6 47. 7 140. 2	143. 8 990. 5 151. 5 196. 9 61. 6 59. 5 330. 8 72. 5 50. 0 81. 8 57. 1	2.6 95.8 2.0 2.8 1.2 29.9 3.1 2.8 4.6 2.9	2.9 23.2 1.5 1.8 1.4 2.8 10.4 2.0 4.9 2.9	2. 0 14. 2 4. 0 4. 2 2. 1 3. 5 8. 8 8. 2 2. 6 4. 3 2. 3 4. 4	34. 0 119. 4 73. 7 86. 6 29. 2 34. 5 46. 2 16. 7 9. 5 29. 7 12. 6 106. 8	35. 5 140. 1 96. 8 108. 8 34. 4 58. 2 19. 1 9. 4 32. 7 13. 2 123. 2	8. 4 41. 9 16. 0 13. 2 10. 8 12. 7 7. 9 8. 9 7. 8
Total	1,996.0	1,899.0	2, 375. 9	152. 1	59. 0	55. 6	599, 1	705. 8	154.

## NET DEMAND AND TIME DEPOSITS OF BANKS IN LARGER AND SMALLER CENTERS

[In millions of dollars]

					Av	erages of	daily figu	res				
	Memb	er banks	in larger o	enters (pl	aces over	15,000)	Member	banks in	smaller o	enters (p	aces unde	er 15,000)
Federal reserve district	N	Tet deman	nd		Time		N	et demar	ıd		Time	
	19	1932		19	32	1931	19	32	1931	19	32	1931
	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	953 5, 944 806 967 336 326 1, 573 385 202 404 303 848	956 5, 757 823 966 343 332 1, 655 399 208 409 314 853	1, 202 7, 067 1, 068 1, 381 396 417 2, 162 494 260 508 377 1, 129	698 1,894 602 1,016 291 288 1,270 307 203 215 157 1,477	708 1,892 602 1,020 290 293 1,201 303 204 219 162 1,491	848 2,593 750 1,351 360 309 1,828 372 215 246 195 1,754	81 218 151 140 83 69 166 92 112 183 142	83 220 152 144 83 66 165 91 115 187 147	99 275 188 182 111 94 236 121 143 243 190 150	145 491 406 267 164 69 258 100 210 210 210 34	146 489 406 269 165 67 260 99 210 122 33 116	164 590 462 326 203 85 361 121 244 141 39
Total	13, 046	13, 016	16, 459	8, 419	8, 473	10, 812	1, 543	1, 559	2, 032	2,379	2, 383	2, 875

## EARNINGS AND EXPENSES OF MEMBER BANKS

## Table 1.—ALL MEMBER BANKS, BY CLASSES OF BANKS, YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1930 AND 1931

		A	mounts (in	thousands o	of dollars)		Am	ounts p	e <b>r \$</b> 100 o	f earnii	ng asset	ts 1
	All memi	oer banks	National bar	member aks	State men	aber banks	All me		Nati men bar	ıber	men	ate nber nks
	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930
Interest earned: On loans 3 On investments 3 On balances with other banks.	1, 072, 927 480, 296 28, 682	1, 349, 364 472, 351 35, 799	679, 576 308, 864 21, 389	828, 203 310, 653 26, 694	393, 351 171, 432 7, 293	521, 161 161, 698 9, 105	\$3. 21 1. 44 . 09	\$3.81 1.33 .10	\$3.30 1.50 .10	\$3. 85 1. 44 . 12	\$3.06 1.33 .06	\$3. 76 1. 17 . 07
Total_ Domestic exchange and collection charges. Foreign department. Commissions received. Trust department	1, 581, 905 17, 214 25, 727 21, 175 75, 041	1, 857, 514 19, 588 25, 011 30, 740 80, 280	1,009,829 14,038 17,230 718 24,650	1, 165, 550 15, 920 14, 530 816 26, 957	572, 076 3, 176 8, 497 20, 457 50, 391	691, 964 3, 668 10, 481 29, 924 53, 323	4. 73 . 05 . 08 . 06 . 22	5. 24 . 06 . 07 . 09 . 23	4. 91 . 07 . 08	5. 41 . 07 . 07	. 02 . 07 . 16 . 39	4. 99 . 03 . 04 . 22 . 33
Trust department Profits on securities sold Other earnings	70, 078 120, 362	70, 852 144, 789	43, 304 84, 371	40, 952 99, 203	26, 774 35, 991	29, 900 45, 586	. 36	. 20	. 21	. 19	. 21	.3
Gross earnings	1, 911, 502	2, 228, 774	1, 194, 140	1, 363, 928	717, 362	864, 846	5. 72	6. 30	5.81	6. 33	5. 58	6. 2
Interest on deposits: Time Demand Bank	387, 284 140, 691 52, 935	450, 865 225, 280 72, 847	261, 009 81, 353 34, 919	292, 210 122, 809 46, 292	126, 275 59, 338 18, 016	158, 655 102, 471 26, 555	1. 16 . 42 . 16	1. 27 . 64 . 21	1. 27 . 40 . 17	1. 36 . 57 . 21	. 98 . 46 . 14	1. 14 . 74
Total Interest on borrowed money Salaries and wages Taxes Other expenses	580, 910 19, 136 412, 531 86, 367 236, 435	748, 992 22, 001 451, 776 113, 418 268, 148	377, 281 11, 613 257, 074 53, 110 149, 176	461, 311 12, 807 277, 798 68, 373 167, 740	203, 629 7, 523 155, 457 33, 257 87, 259	287, 681 9, 194 173, 978 45, 045 100, 408	1. 74 . 06 1. 23 . 26 . 71	2. 12 . 06 1. 28 . 32 . 76	1. 83 . 06 1. 25 . 26 . 73	2. 14 . 06 1. 29 . 32 . 78	1. 58 . 06 1. 21 . 26 . 68	2. 08 . 03 1. 26 . 33 . 75
Total expenses	1, 335, 379	1, 604, 335	848, 254	988, 029	487, 125	616, 306	3. 99	4. 53	4. 12	4. 59	3. 79	4. 4.
Net earnings	576, 123	624, 439	345, 886	375, 899	230, 237	248, 540	1. 72	1. 76	1. 68	1. 75	1. 79	1. 7
Recoveries on charged-off assets:  Loans and discounts  Investments All other	28, 000 13, 541 15, 053	23, 402 12, 334 11, 641	16, 651 9, 921 9, 662	16, 108 6, 746 8, 033	11, 349 3, 620 5, 391	7, 294 5, 588 3, 608	.08 .04 .05	. 07 . 03 . 03	. 08 . 05 . 05	. 07 . 03 . 04	. 09 . 03 . 04	.0.
Total	56, 594	47, 377	36, 234	30, 887	20, 360	16, 490	. 17	. 13	. 18	. 14	. 16	.1
Losses charged off: On loans and discounts On investments On banking-house, furniture	295, 241 264, 170	194, 725 109, 028	212, 575 184, 290	135, 085 71, 202	82, 666 79, 880	59, 640 37, 826	.88	. 55	1.03	. 63	. 64 . 62	.4
and flxturesAll other	29, 061 31, 984	36, 601 24, 960	18, 204 21, 947	26, 643 15, 688	10, 857 10, 037	9, 958 9, 272	.09 .10	.10 .07	.09	.12 .07	.08	0.0
Total losses	620, 456	365, 314	437, 016	248, 618	183, 440	116, 696	1.86	1.03	2. 13	1. 15	1.43	.8
Net losses 4	563, 862	317, 937	400, 782	217, 731	163, 080	100, 206	1. 69	. 90	1.95	1. 01	1. 27	.7
Net additions to profits Dividends declared	12, 261 335, 792	306, 502 371, 968	5— 54, 896 193, 696	158, 168 215, 992	67, 157 142, <b>0</b> 96	148, 334 155, 976	. 04	.87	5 27	. 73	. 52	1.0
Loans • Investments •		25, 018, 222 10, 377, 190	13, 117, 216 7, 447, 230	14, 726, 937 6, 811, 587	8, 615, 073 4, 252, 272	10, 291, 285 3, 565, 603						
Earning assets 6	33, 431, 791	35, 395, 412	20, 564, 446	21, 538, 524	12, 867, 345	13, 856, 888						
Capital funds 6. 7	6, 395, 866	6, 722, 782	3, 746, 961	3, 913, 450	2, 648, 905	2, 809, 332						
		7							Other	ratios 1		
Earning assets per \$1 of capital fu Net profits per \$100 of capital fun	ınds						\$5. 23 . 19	\$5. 26 4. 56	\$5.49 5—1.47	\$5. 50 4. 04	\$4.86 2.54	\$4. 9 5. 2
Losses on loans per \$100 of loans_ Losses on investments per \$100 of	investmen	ts					1.36 2.26	. 78 1. 05	1. 62 2. 47	. 92 1. 05	. 96 1. 88	. 5 1. 0

¹ The ratios are based upon data taken from the customary abstracts of reports of condition and of earnings, expenses, and dividends. It should be borne in mind in using them that the statistics employed represent aggregates for all member banks reporting on the various dates, and the ratios are therefore ratios of aggregates in which figures for large banks have a statistical influence somewhat disproportionate to their number in comparison with the figures for small banks. No adjustments have been made in the underlying data for changes during a given year in the number of banks whose reports underlie the statistics, since the figures presented are for sufficiently large groups that the results appear not to be appreciably affected by these changes.

¹ Includes discount.

¹ Includes discount.

¹ Includes discount.

¹ A Losses less recoveries.

¹ Net loss.

¹ Capital, surplus, and undivided profits, including reserves for dividends and contingencies, and excluding reserves for taxes, interest, and other expenses accrued.

# Table 2.—ALL MEMBER BANKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS, YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1930 AND 1931 [In thousands of dollars]

		-			Fed	eral Rese	rve Distri	et	•			
	Bos	ton	New	York	Philad	lelphia	Cleve	land	Richn	nond	Atla	nta
	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930
Interest earned: On loans? On investments? On balances with other banks	75, 854 35, 488 2, 040	95, 703 34, 724 2, 088	309, 528 158, 491 3, 257	403, 996 155, 846 3, 887		45, 305		134, 338 54, 980 3, 505	43, 988 13, 069 1, 616	52, 048 12, 669 1, 685	38, 010 11, 349 1, 557	48, 334 10, 755 1, 786
Total  Domestic exchange and collection charges Foreign department  Commissions received  Trust department  Profits on securities sold  Other earnings	113, 382 490 733 533 6, 580 4, 687 8, 913	132, 515 568 588 537 6, 500 7, 789 9, 527	471, 276 4, 177 19, 868 16, 271 29, 917 31, 415 31, 638	563, 729 4, 390 15, 472 24, 733 34, 103 26, 825 46, 533	560	596 831 363	170, 178 687 442 458 7, 474 6, 330 13, 241	192, 823 925 616 900 7, 811 8, 436 16, 275	58, 673 775 102 309 1, 445 1, 527 4, 436	971 176 398 1, 339 1, 350 4, 285	50, 916 1, 471 292 227 1, 286 1, 488 6, 072	60, 875 1, 750 460 234 1, 267 1, 491 6, 062
Gross earnings	135, 318	158, 024	60 <b>4,</b> 562	715, 785	160, 205	168, 603	198, 810	227, 786	67, 267	74, 921	61, 752	72, 139
Interest on deposits: Time Demand Bank	33, 892 11, 638 2, 311	36, 198 20, 171 3, 451	84, 288 46, 793 17, 084	109, 958 88, 622 25, 720	35, 975 12, 791 3, 125	16, 726	50, 996 17, 560 6, 992	59, 394 21, 988 7, 495	17, 797 3, 415 1, 833	19, 294 4, 805 2, 187	11, 514 4, 092 1, 855	14, 538 5, 522 2, 188
Total Interest on borrowed money Salaries and wages Taxes Other expenses	27, 498	59, 820 1, 234 28, 870 7, 768 16, 630	148, 165 4, 448 127, 236 19, 984 76, 969	224, 300 5, 221 138, 375 33, 186 86, 415	2, 478 30, 805 7, 037	2, 431 31, 785 8, 485	2, 085 37, 793	88, 877 2, 082 41, 513 13, 083 22, 118	23, 045 1, 152 14, 446 4, 083 7, 862	26, 286 1, 336 15, 501 4, 578 8, 865	17, 461 1, 565 14, 530 3, 842 8, 815	22, 248 1, 816 15, 938 4, 892 10, 107
Total expenses	97, 057	114, 322	376, 802	487, 497	109, 407	118, 062	145, 892	167, 673	50, 588	56, 566	46, 213	55, 001
Net earnings	38, 261	43, 702	227, 760	228, 288	50, 798	50, 541	52, 918	60, 113	16, 679	18, 355	15, 539	17, 138
Recoveries on charged-off assets:  Loans and discounts Investments All other	3, 796	1, 487 2, 788 1, 315	12, 238 4, 283 6, 344	6, 764 4, 969 1, 991	984 742 608	793	917	1, 342 1, 456 874	694 107 302	832 118 467	735 447 370	892 310 506
Total	6, 099	5, 590	22, 865	13, 724	2, 334	1, 966	3, 987	3, 672	1, 103	1, 417	1, 552	1, 708
Losses charged off: On loans and discounts On investments On banking house, furni-	17, 363 23, 139	11, 600	127, 794 108, 573	55, 421	33, 635	9, 150	27, 008	12, 079 10, 033	11, 068 7, 854 522	6, 688 2, 148 688	11, 590 5, 969	11, 273 2, 537
ture and fixturesAll other	1,629 1,698	1, 940 1, 504	11, 549 7, 005				2, 557 2, 237	3, 019 3, 124		565	1, 294	1, 027 1, 217
Total	43, 821	29, 118	254, 921	150, 573	58, 491	24, 805	48, 529	28, 255	21, 760	10, 089	19, 600	16, 054
Net losses 4	37, 730	23, 528	232, 056	136, 849	56, 157	22, 839	44, 542	24, 583	20, 657	8, 672	18, 048	14, 346
Net addition to profits Dividends declared	531 22, 530	20, 174 28, 158	5-4, 296 150, 982	91, 439 139, 383	5-5, 359 30, 206			35, 530 31, 414	5-3, 978 9, 268	9, 683 11, 830	5-2, 509 7, 920	2, 792 11, 848
Loans 6 Investments 6	1, 591, 035 825, 809		7, 505, 991 4, 022, 864	8, 689, 340 3, 430, 674	1, 657, 044 1, 069, 422	1, 820, 743 887, 322	2, 077, 736 1, 180, 312	2, <b>3</b> 36, 268 1, 131, 188	780, 735 344, 645	903, 022 309, 939	655, 164 302, 343	796, 901 267, 749
Earning assets •	2, 416, 843	2, 563, 528	11, 528, 855	12, 120, 014	2, 726, 466	2, 708, 065	<b>3, 25</b> 8, <b>04</b> 8	3, 467, 456	1, 125, 380	1, 212, 961	957, 507	1, 064, 650
Capital funds 6.7	448, 189	460, 934	2, 524, 445	2, 663, 227	638, 990	654, 757	598, 187	623, 582	214, 733	228, 793	182, 118	197, 849

For footnotes, see Table 1.

Table 2.—ALL MEMBER BANKS BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS, YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1930 AND 1931—Continued [In thousands of dollars]

					Fe	deral Re	serve Dist	rict				
	Chi	cago	St. I	ouis	Minne	apolis	Kansa	s City	Dal	las	San Fr	ancisco
	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930
Interest earned: On loans? On investments? On balances with other banks.	139, 892 53, 338 3, 268	201, 515 55, 335 5, 025	37, 677 17, 498 1, 355	49, 878 17, 357 1, 697	28, 209 15, 543 1, 548	34, 239 15, 742 1, 931	41, 969 18, 640 2, 975	51, 727 18, 094 3, 815	36, 512 8, 139 2, 401	46, 639 8, 057 2, 848	121, 669 44, 593 3, 937	132, 340 43, 487 5, 336
Total	196, 498	261, 875	56, 530	68, 932	45, 300	51, 912	63, 584	73, 636	47, 052	57, 544	170, 199	181, 163
Domestic exchange and collection charges.  Foreign department.  Commissions received  Trust department.  Profits on securities sold.  Other earnings.	2, 843 2, 227 1, 207 10, 068 6, 944 16, 568	3, 259 4, 190 1, 516 10, 801 8, 722 18, 585	892 60 884 1, 542 1, 501 4, 099	1, 135 119 971 1, 622 2, 111 4, 243	1, 659 70 374 217 1, 663 3, 083	1, 835 112 446 236 1, 943 2, 747	1, 088 16 104 1, 234 1, 845 6, 959	1, 279 26 116 1, 275 1, 447 7, 013	912 65 76 426 1, 329 4, 354	1, 237 139 75 395 955 5, 384	1, 660 1, 181 388 6, 032 5, 783 15, 072	1, 643 2, 282 451 6, 110 4, 010 18, 024
Gross earnings	236, 355	308, 948	65, 508	79, 133	52, 366	59, 231	74, 830	84, 792	54, 214	65, 729	200, 315	213, 683
Interest on deposits: Time Demand Bank	47, 525 19, 107 5, 168	61, 126 34, 165 9, 138	14, 024 3, 750 1, 665	16, 383 6, 459 2, 687	13, 841 2, 643 1, 649	15, 519 3, 237 1, 999	11, 858 5, 865 3, 360	12, 268 7, 252 4, 391	7, 482 4, 117 2, 036	8, 529 5, 222 2, 522	58, 092 8, 920 5, 857	60, 171 11, 111 7, 572
Total	71, 800	104, 429	19, 439	25, 529	18, 133	20, 755	21, 083	23, 911	<b>13, 6</b> 35	16, 273	72, 869	78, 854
Interest on borrowed money_ Salaries and wages Taxes Other expenses	1, 818 51, 879 15, 379 30, 547	2, 390 62, 699 18, 179 38, 231	1, 422 14, 969 3, 942 8, 345	2, 056 17, 165 5, 132 9, 618	239 12, 089 2, 930 6, 899	261 12, 842 3, 372 7, 415	739 19, 218 3, 607 10, 853	765 20, 814 4, 266 12, 246	865 14, 232 3, 975 7, 378	1, 510 16, 293 4, 552 8, 963	1, 643 47, 836 5, 641 26, 016	899 49, 981 5, 925 29, 889
Total expenses	171, 423	225, 928	48, 117	59, 500	40, 290	44, 645	55, 500	62, 002	40, 085	47, 591	154, 005	165, 548
Net earnings	64, 932	83, 020	17, 391	19, 633	12, 076	14, 586	19, 330	22, 790	14, 129	18, 138	46, 310	48, 135
Recoveries on charged-off assets:  Loans and discounts Investments All other	1,345	3, 494 548 2, 181	1, 138 367 792	1, 120 352 821	1, 200 451 612	1, 133 106 280	1, 837 734 748	1, 262	1, 752 204 818	2, 024 100 703	1, 522 849 592	1, 157 321 929
Total	5, 038	6, 223	2, 297	2, 293	2, 263	1, 519	3, 319	4, 031	2, 774	2,827	2, 963	2, 407
Losses charged off: On loans and discounts On investments On banking house, furni-	37, 418 22, 039		7, 421 8, 638	5, 736 3, 375	5, 482 5, 771	4, 078 1, 753	11, 365 6, 984		13, 356 3, 148	10, 762 702	1 <b>4</b> , 087 11, 412	11, 299 3, 965
ture, and fixtures	2, 857 4, 993	5, 002 3, 260	699 1, 857	1,066 $1,522$	925 1, 065	1, 411 1, 139	753 1, 541	1, 313 1, 719	997 2, 142	1, 039 1, 377	4, 524 3, 852	4, 463 2, 158
Total	·	36, 743	18, 615	11, 699	13, 243	8, 381	20, 643	13, 832	19, 643	13, 880	33, 875	21, 885
Net losses 4	62, 269	30, 520	16, 318	9, 406	10, 980	6, 862	17, 324	9, 801	16, 869	11, 053	30, 912	19, 478
Net addition to profits Dividends declared	2, 663 38, 369	52, 500 49, 611	1, 073 9, 069	10, 227 12, 700	1, 096 <b>6</b> , 096	7, 72 <b>4</b> 7, 508	2, 006 7, 554	12, 989 11, 142	1-2, 740 5, 702	7, 085 8, 371	15, 398 23, 097	28, 657 27, 042
Loans 6	3, 037, 987 1, 401, 891	3, 629, 245 1, 266, 825	707, 632 407, 909	896, 346 380, 239	472, 567 358, 565	527, 322 352, 876	645, 829 440, 819		550, 375 239, 972	660, 982 219, 752	2, 050, 195 1, 104, 952	2, 167, 295 990, 749
Earning assets 6	4, 439, 878	4, 896, 070	1, 115, 541	1, 276, 585	831, 132	880, 198	1, 08 <b>6</b> , <b>6</b> 48	1, 167, 109	790, 347	880, 734	3, 155, 147	3, 158, 044
Capital funds 6.7	725, 937	790, 707	182, 902	203, 474	115, 757	119, 118	162, 876	165, 236	161, 222	171, 075	440, 510	444, 030

For footnotes, see Table 1.

Table 3.—ALL MEMBER BANKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS, YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1930 AND 1931

					Fed	eral Rese	rve Dist	rict				
	Bost	ton	New	York	Philad	elphi <b>a</b>	Cleve	land	Richt	nond	Atla	nta
	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930
Amounts per \$100 of earning assets: Interest earned	\$4.69 .91	\$5, 17 1, 00	\$4. 09 1. 16	\$4. 65 1. 25	\$5.07 •80	\$5. 40 . 83	\$5. 22 . 88	\$5. 56 1. 01	\$5. 21 . 76	\$5. 47 . 70	\$5. 32 1. 13	\$5. 72 1. 05
Gross earnings.	5. 60	6. 16	5. 24	5. 90	5. 87	6, 23	6. 10	6. 57	5. 98	6, 17	6.45	6. 77
Interest on deposits Interest on borrowed money Salaries and wages Taxes All other expenses	1. 98 . 03 1. 14 . 24 . 63	2. 33 . 05 1. 13 . 30 . 65	1. 29 . 04 1. 10 . 17 . 67	1. 85 . 04 1. 14 . 27 . 71	1. 90 . 09 1. 13 . 26 . 63	2. 13 . 09 1. 17 . 31 . 65	2. 32 . 06 1. 16 . 31 . 63	2. 56 . 06 1. 20 . 38 . 64	2. 05 . 10 1. 28 . 36 . 70	2.17 .11 1.28 .38 .73	1. 82 . 16 1. 52 . 40 . 92	2. 09 . 17 1. 50 . 46
Total expenses	4.02	4. 46	3. 27	4. 02	4. 01	4. 36	4. 48	4. 84	4. 50	4.66	4.83	5. 17
Net earnings	1.58	1. 70	1. 98	1.88	1.86	1.87	1.62	1. 73	1.48	1.51	1.62	1. 61
Total losses	1, 81 , 25	1, 14 , 22	2. 21 . 20	1. 24	2. 15 . 09	. 92	1. 49 . 12	. 81	1. 93 . 10	. 83	2.05	1. 51
Net losses 4	1, 56	. 92	2.01	1. 13	2.06	. 84	1.37	. 11	1. 84	. 71	1.88	1. 35
Net addition to profits	.02	. 79	5 -, 04	. 75	5 20	1.02	. 26	1,02	5 35	. 80	5 26	. 26
Other ratios: Earning assets per \$1 of capital funds Net profits per \$100 of capital funds	5. 39	5. 56 4, 38	4. 57 5 —, 17	4, 55	4. 27 5 — . 84	4. 14 4. 23	5, 45 1, 40	5, 56 5, 70	5. 24 5 - 1. 85	5. 30 4. 23	5. 26 5 - 1, 38	5, 38 1, 41
Losses on loans per \$100 of loans Losses on investments per \$100 of investments	1, 09 2, 80	. 77 1. 59	1, 70 2, 70	, 86 1, 62	1, 30 3, 15	. 70 1, 03	. 81 2. 29	. 52	1. 42	. 74	1. 77 1. 97	1, 41
	Chie	cago	St. 1	Louis	Minn	eapolis	Kansa	s City	Da	llas	San Fr	ancisco
	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930	1931	1930
Amounts per \$100 of earning assets: Interest earned. All other earnings.	\$4.43 .90	\$5.35 .96	\$5. 07 . 80	\$5.40 .80	\$5.45 .85	\$5. 90 . 83	\$5, 85 1, 03	\$6, 31 . 96	\$5. 95 . 91	\$6. 53 . 93	\$5.39 .95	\$5. 74 1. 05
Gross earnings	5. 32	6. 31	5. 87	6. 20	6. 30	6. 73	6. 89	7. 27	6. 86	7. 46	6.34	6. 7
Interest on deposits	1. 62 . 04 1. 17 . 35 . 69	2. 13 . 05 1. 28 . 37 . 78	1. 74 . 13 1. 34 . 35 . 75	2.00 .16 1.34 .40 .75	2, 18 .03 1, 45 .35 .83	2. 36 . 03 1. 45 . 38 . 84	1, 94 . 07 1, 77 . 33 1, 00	2. 05 . 07 1. 78 . 37 1. 05	1.73 .11 1.80 .50 .93	1.85 .17 1.85 .52 1.02	2.31 .05 1.52 .18 .82	2. 50 . 03 1. 58 . 19
Total expenses	3. 86	4. 61	4. 31	4.66	4, 85	5. 07	5. 11	5. 31	5. 07	5. 40	4.88	5. 24
Net earnings	1.46	1. 70	1.56	1. 54	1.45	1.66	1. 78	1. 95	1.79	2.06	1.47	1. 55
Total losses Recoveries	1. 52 . 11	. 75	1. 67 . 21	. 92	1. 59 . 27	. 95	1.90	1. 19 . 35	2. 49 . 35	1. 58 . 32	1. 07 . 09	. 69
Net losses	1.40	. 62	1.46	. 74	1.32	. 78	1.59	. 84	2. 13	1. 26	. 98	. 6:
Net addition to profits	. 06	1. 07	. 10	. 80	. 13	. 88	. 18	1. 11	<sup>8</sup> −. 35	.80	. 49	. 9
Other ratios: Earning assets per \$1 of capital funds Net profits per \$100 of capital funds	6. 12	6. 19 6. 64	6. 10 . 59	6. 27 5. 03	7. 18 . 95	7. 39 6. 49	6. 67 1. 23	7. 06 7. 86	4, 90 5 — 1, 70	5. 15 4. 14	7. 16 3. 50	7. 1 6. 4
Losses on loans per \$100 of loans Losses on investments per \$100 of investments	1. 23 1. 57	. 62	1, 05 2, 12	. 64	1. 16 1. 61	. 77	1. 76	1.09	2. 43 1. 31	1.63	. 69	. 5

For footnotes, see Table 1.

## Table 4.—NATIONAL BANKS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS, LAST SIX MONTHS OF 1931

Note.—The following statistics of earnings and expenses of national banks were compiled by the Comptroller of the Currency from reports submitted by national banks. Similar information for the first half of 1931 was published on page 76 of the January, 1932, issue of the FEDERAL RESERVE BULLETIN; additional statistics for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1931 will be found in the Annual Report of the Comptroller of the Currency for 1931

						Fede	eral Rese	rve Dist	ict				
	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	At- lanta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Gross earnings:													
Interest received— On loans 2	319, 819	26, 223	68, 445	28, 697	25, 009	15, 800	13, 773	35, 777	10, 681	13, 265	18, 741	15, 223	48, 185
On investments 3 On balances with other	149, 871	13, 004	40, 005	16, 555	15, 226	5, 126	5, 014	13, 253	4,829	7, 117	8, 365	3, 865	17, 512
banks Domestic exchange and col-	7, 919	720	507	436	755	422	477	796	308	561	1,003	749	1, 185
lection charges Foreign-exchange depart-	7, 019	200	1,806	204	199	263	621	928	240	809	558	480	711
ment	9, 806 390	410	8, 293	274	108	21	85 84	121 56	11 16	54 177	5 24	33 2	391 27
Trust department	12,041	1, 241	4, 477	612	640	433	437	941	143	112	506	202	2, 297
Profits on securities sold Other earnings	15, 279 41, 554	946 3, 609	6, 570 10, 733	1, 099 1, 753	1, 675 2, 797	368 1, 720	2, 238	857 5, 380	291 964	617 1, 444	580 3, 170	398 1,852	1, 468 5, 894
Total earnings	563, 698	46, 353	140, 837	49, 632	46, 410	24, 153	23, 139	58, 109	17, 483	24, 156	32, 952	22, 804	77, 670
Expenses:	123, 746	9, 924	00 000	9, 274	0.004	r 170	7 070	10.047	4 000	F 000	0.400	0.105	10.004
Salaries and wages Interest paid—		i i	j ′	1	8, 664	5, 170	5, 678	13, 047		5, 620	8, 489	6, 195	19,094
On borrowed money 2 On deposits—	7, 583	347	1, 377	1, 029	678	478	588	671	258	124	423	434	1, 176
Time Demand	121, 690 34, 489	11, 198 3, 192	21, 461 8, 833	13, 333 3, 020	12, 171 4, 067	6,802 1,008	4, 499 1, 268	12, 157 4, 306	3, 922 815	6, 170 1, 089	5, 438 2, 187	2, 949 1, 767	21, 590 2, 937
Bank	13, 727 26, 238	785 2, 569	3, 715 5, 120	547 2, 207	1, 653 2, 086	412	564	1, 173	472	682	1, 148	627	1,949
Other expenses	71, 229	5, 271	19, 293	5, 178	4,838	1, 853 2, 635	1, 745 3, 065	2, 574 8, 445	1, 235 1, 941	810 3, 252	1, 835 4, 324	1, 927 2, 930	2, 277 10, 057
Total expenses	398, 702	33, 286	88, 164	34, 588	34, 157	18, 358	17, 407	42, 373	12, 869	17, 747	23, 844	16, 829	59, 080
Net earnings Recoveries on charged-off assets:	164, 996	13, 067	52, 673	15, 044	12, 253	5, 795	5, 732	15, 736	4, 614	6, 409	9, 108	5, 975	18, 590
Loans and discounts	8, 072	348	2, 285	258	475	285	205	934	386	565	865	782	684
Bonds, securities, etc	5, 502 4, 539	878 524	1, 856 1, 191	305 235	321 522	40 122	381 130	256 568	74 127	292 418	522 217	64 344	513 141
Total net earnings and re-	100.100												
coveries	183, 109	14, 817	58, 005	15, 842	13, 571	6, 242	6, 448	17, 494	5, 201	7, 684	10, 712	7, 165	19, 928
Losses charged off: On loans and discounts	111, 010	9, 780	35, 590	9, 920	6, 417	3, 839	3, 782	16, 233	2, 170	2, 373	6, 473	7, 969	6, 464
On bonds, securities, etc On banking house, furniture,	112, 711	11, 169	35, 519	17, 901	11, 496	3, 157	2, 639	10, 553	3, 137	4, 117	4, 704	2, 415	5, 904
and fixtures On foreign exchange	11, 223 1, 274	958 102	2, 313	596 15	861 31	247 16	425 65	1, 216 216	227 3	678 46	357 22	751 2	2, 594 641
All other losses	9, 377	515	1, 485	702	574	340	423	1, 241	410	464	763	1, 546	914
Total losses charged off		22, 524	75, 022	29, 134	19, 379	7, 599	7, 334	29, 459	5, 947	7,678	12, 319	12, 683	16, 517
Net addition to profits Dividends declared	4 62, 486 93, 456	4 7, 707 8, 125	417, 017 38, 297	413, 292 8, 903	4 5, 808 4, 869	4 1, 357 3, 495	4 886 2, 669	411, 965 8, 534	4 746 1, 811	2, 832	4 1, 607 2, 964	4 5, 518 2, 503	3, 411 8, 454
Capital stock paid in 5 Surplus fund 5	1, 618, 024 1, 379, 549	151, 205 114, 923	442, 004 447, 361	123, 477 195, 238	112, 288 123, 036	73, 957 56, 280	75, 210 47, 487	180, 375 127, 806	55, 789 32, 010	57, 825 33, 404	82, 342 39, 949	77, 422 39, 692	186, 130 122, 363
Capital and surplus 5	2, 997, 573	266, 128	889, 365	318, 715	235, 324	130, 237	122, 697	308, 181	87, 799	91, 229	122, 291	117, 114	308, 493
Number of banks 5	6, 368	343	699	642	585	371	305	728	379	539	801	550	426

Member banks only, i. e., exclusive of national banks in Alaska and Hawaii.
 Includes discount.
 Includes dividends.
 Net loss.
 As of December 31, 1931.

# TABLE 5.--STATE BANK MEMBERS, BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS, LAST SIX MONTHS OF 1931

						Fede	eral Rese	erve Dist	rict				
	Total	Boston	New York	Phila- delphia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minne- apolis	Kansas City	Dallas	San Fran- cisco
Gross earnings:													
Interest received— On loans 1	179, 569	9, 512	75, 992	12, 728	26, 878	4, 810	3, 695	25, 540	6, 677	901	1, 382	1, 052	10, 402
On investments 2 On balances with other		4,841	36, 975	8, 406	10, 626	1,319	928	10, 531	4, 117	458	774	179	4, 384
banks Domestic exchange and	2, 638	96	683	216	296	188	199	377	138	29	93	32	291
collection charges Foreign department	1, 525 4, 686	29 61	207 3, 378	80 26	111 98	111 17	74 31	525 934	198 9	31	12 3	36	111 128
Commissions received Trust department	25, 256	224 2, 064	7, 380 9, 770	223 4, 023	181 3,036	179 346	86 272	663 4, 271	484 548	22 10	26 117	$\frac{22}{23}$	145 726
Profits on securities sold Other earnings	12, 040 17, 366	548 678	7, 652 5, 012	990 1, 277	586 3, 525	124 470	139 761	1, 498 2, 685	83 1,006	38 68	124 411	67 143	191 1, 330
Total earnings	336, 253	18, 053	147, 049	27, 969	45, 387	7, 564	6, 185	47, 024	13, 260	1, 558	2, 942	1, 554	17, 708
Expenses: Salaries and wages	73, 770	3, 577	32, 158	6, 080	9, 181	1,753	1, 418	10, 735	2, 840	365	819	562	4, 282
Interest paid— On borrowed money 1		112	1, 453	587	765	220	356	471	496	20	23	52	68
On deposits— Time		4, 803	15, 636	4, 336	10, 417	1, 726	940	8, 170	2, 520	418	316	202	5, 676
DemandBank	24,090	1, 276 143	10, 494 3, 948	2, 240	3,834	466 287	486 195	3, 425	541 151	66 35	310 142	89 50	863 409
Taxes	15, 539	871	3, 962	1, 222	2, 051	587	558	4, 512	848	75 156	188 694	125	540
Other expenses Total expenses		1, 943	18, 633	3, 238	4,762	950	1, 041 4, 994	5, 663	1,745		2, 492	287	2, 469
		12, 725	86, 284	18, 206	31, 918	5, 989		33, 713	9, 141	1, 135		1, 367	14, 307
Net earnings	113, 982	5, 328	60, 765	9, 763	13, 469	1, 575	1, 191	13, 311	4, 119	423	450	187	3, 401
Loans and discounts Bonds, securities, etc	8, 030 2, 474	250	6, 362	475	206	46	80	197	276	43	16	56	73
All other	3, 502	1, 018 67	786 2, 326	147 184	212 198	12 5	17 23	101 251	$\frac{159}{282}$	1	26	4 74	17 66
Total net earnings and recoveries.	128, 038	6, 663	70, 239	10, 569	14, 085	1, 638	1, 311	13, 860	4, 836	467	492	321	3, 557
Losses charged off:						<del></del>	` <del></del>			,			
On loans and discounts On bonds, securities, etc	55, 850 61, 422	1, 358 3, 371	32, 540 38, 029	5, 445 5, 676	2, 281 3, 510	1, 119 991	1, 202 356	8, 628 5, 763	1, 630 2, 615	261 142	112 23	365 132	909 814
On banking house, furni- ture, and fixtures	3, 811	152	1,620	242	764	48	50	313	221	28	5	26	342
All other losses	7, 073	185	1,796	505	717	211	168	2, 127	741	66	63	83	411
Total losses charged off		5, 066	73, 985	11,868	7, 272	2,369	1,776	16, 831	5, 207	497	203	606	2, 476
Net addition to profits Dividends paid	4 118 63, 551	1, 597 3, 098	4 3, 746 38, 541	4 1, 299 5, 912	6, 813 6, 757	4 731 884	4 465 1, 015	4 2, 971 8, 603	4 371 1, 807	4 30 98	289 448	4 285 173	1, 081 1, 215
Capital stock paid in 3	880, 624 1, 144, 746	37, 405 46, 860	414, 492 621, 700	58, 396 133, 151	93, 445 143, 350	25, 025 16, 026	18, 555 12, 933	138, 366 117, 210	38, 235 21, 803	3, 165 1, 746	8, 730 3, 307	6, 825 2, 112	37, 985 24, 548
Capital and surplus *	2, 025, 370	84, 265	1, 036, 192	191, 547	236, 795	41, 051	31, 488	255, 576	60, 038	4, 911	12, 037	8, 937	62, 533
Number of banks :		30	142	73	70	32	43	175	85	40	23	67	96

<sup>1</sup> Includes discount.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes dividends.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As of Dec. 31, 1931.

<sup>4</sup> Net loss.

# WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN LEADING CITIES

# PRINCIPAL RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES, BY DISTRICTS AND FOR N. Y. CITY AND CHICAGO

[In millions of dollars]

						Fede	ral Rese	erve Di	strict					Ci	ity
	Total	Bos- ton	New York	Phila- del- phia	Cleve- land	Rich- mond	Atlan- ta	Chi- cago	St. Louis	Min- neapo- lis	Kan- sas City	Dal- las	San Fran- cisco	New York	Chi- cago
Loans and investments: May 4 May 11 May 18 May 25	19, 277 19, 140 19, 037 18, 994	1, 245 1, 224 1, 208 1, 212	7, 777 7, 721 7, 650 7, 627	1, 117 1, 112 1, 104 1, 097	1, 957 1, 943 1, 942 1, 938	589 584 580 579	522 518 514 511	2, 478 2, 464 2, 458 2, 455	550 547 563 568	336 335 337 337	550 547 543 542	396 392 390 388	1, 760 1, 753 1, 748 1, 740	6, 727 6, 673 6, 604 6, 583	1, 366 1, 353 1, 352 1, 353
May 4	11, 842 11, 717 11, 661 11, 588	810 799 792 794	4, 623 4, 547 4, 534 4, 478	664 660 658 652	1, 201 1, 192 1, 190 1, 188	351 345 344 342	341 340 338 336	1, 743 1, 733 1, 716 1, 714	337 334 328 326	198 197 198 198	285 282 278 278	251 250 249 249	1, 038 1, 038 1, 036 1, 033	3, 963 3, 890 3, 879 3, 825	920 916 903 904
On securities— May 4. May 11. May 18. May 25.	5, 063 4, 977 4, 950 4, 910	317 316 306 309	2, 188 2, 124 2, 118 2, 087	334 333 331 328	539 538 543 541	136 132 130 129	111 111 110 110	812 805 796 793	134 131 127 126	56 56 56 56	82 81 81 80	76 76 76 76	278 274 276 275	1, 908 1, 845 1, 840 1, 810	533 526 526 518
All other—  May 4  May 11  May 18  May 25	6, 779 6, 740 6, 711 6, 678	493 483 486 485	2, 435 2, 423 2, 416 2, 391	330 327 327 324	662 654 647 647	215 213 214 213	230 229 228 226	931 928 920 921	203 203 201 200	142 141 142 142	203 201 197 198	175 174 173 173	760 764 760 758	2, 055 2, 045 2, 039 2, 015	385 385 386 386
Investments:  May 4  May 11  May 18.  May 25  U. S. Government securi-	7, 435 7, 423 7, 376 7, 406	435 425 416 418	3, 154 3, 174 3, 116 3, 149	453 452 446 445	756 751 752 750	238 239 236 237	181 178 176 175	735 731 742 741	213 213 235 242	138 138 139 139	265 265 265 264	145 142 141 139	722 715 712 707	2, 764 2, 783 2, 725 2, 758	446 437 449 449
ties May 4 May 11 May 18 May 25	4, 163 4, 144 4, 093 4, 084	243 230 224 221	1, 953 1, 961 1, 894 1, 917	183 182 176 175	405 403 405 404	115 115 112 113	96 93 90 89	406 406 420 421	81 81 102 82	63 64 66 66	139 139 138 137	86 84 83 82	393 386 383 377	1,820 1,826 1,759 1,781	25: 24: 26: 26:
All other—  May 4	3, 283	192 195 192 197	1, 201 1, 213 1, 222 1, 232	270 270 270 270 270	351 348 347 346	123 124 124 124 124	85 85 86 86	329 325 322 320	132 132 133 160	75 74 73 73	126 126 127 127	59 58 58 57	329 329 329 330	944 957 966 977	19- 18: 18: 18:
May 4	1, 668 1, 682 1, 718 1, 753	82 98 103 95	879 872 901 948	70 69 71 69	109 108 107 108	34 34 34 33	29 30 29 29	245 257 254 260	39 36 36 35	21 20 21 21	44 44 46 45	29 28 26 28	87 86 90 82	820 821 850 899	18: 19: 19: 20:
May 4 May 11 May 18 May 25 Net demand deposits:	201 208 207 208	19 17 17 16	50 52 54 54	12 13 12 12	25 26 25 25	13 13 12 13	7 7 7 7	31 34 35 35	6 7 6 6	5 5 5 5	11 12 13 13	6 6 6	16 16 15 16	39 40 43 42	11 11 11 11
May 4 May 11 Mya 18 May 25 Time deposits;	11, 082 11, 146 11, 134 11, 158	700 709 710 706	5, 535 5, 554 5, 553 5, 599	605 618 617 609	838 842 838 843	278 281 276 277	228 229 226 224	1, 298 1, 308 1, 312 1, 313	289 288 284 288	167 170 170 168	356 355 355 354	235 235 234 233	553 557 559 544	5, 071 5, 094 5, 092 5, 133	87 88 88 89
May 4. May 11. May 18. May 25. Government deposits:	5, 705 5, 709 5, 674 5, 673	422 421 418 417	1, 220 1, 224 1, 214 1, 214	268 267 266 268	834 831 821 819	225 226 225 225 225	195 194 195 195	982 983 977 976	209 210 209 209	149 149 147 147	179 179 178 179	127 127 127 127 127	895 898 897 897	773 776 766 766	38 38 38 38
May 4 May 11 May 18 May 25 Due from banks:	485 369 320 271	41 32 27 23	199 150 130 109	53 41 36 30	29 21 18 16	20 14 12 10	36 28 24 20	38 30 27 23	9 7 6 5	4 3 2 2	6 5 4 4	16 12 11 10	34 26 23 19	185 139 120 101	30 20 20 11
May 4. May 11. May 18. May 25. Due to banks:	1, 235 1, 233 1, 210	124 121 128 124	114 113 109 112	108 89 94 98	82 79 74 71	70 64 69 74	73 71 68 63	266 264 251 231	72 82 80 81	44 44 41 38	101 104 107 108	82 85 87 83	114 119 125 127	72 67 68 62	18: 18: 17: 15:
May 4	2,787 2,756 2,734	139 136 125 130	1, 210 1, 189 1, 154 1, 163	171 166 169 166	209 199 211 210	88 86 83 84	81 82 80 77	407 394 386 379	101 101 103 100	62 60 59 54	137 136 139 135	80 80 80 78	147 158 167 158	1, 153 1, 133 1, 098 1, 108	30 29 28 27
May 4	205 175 180 178	6 4 3 4	31 29 27 26	10 9 9	36 34 32	6 5 6 6	13 14 17 18	14 9 5 5	2 1 2 3	1 1 3 4	11 10 10 9	1 1 1 1	69 56 63 61		

## RATES CHARGED CUSTOMERS BY BANKS IN PRINCIPAL CITIES OF EACH DISTRICT

	Prime c	ommercial	paper		red by prin ange collate		Loans sec	ured by wa receipts	rehouse	Int	erbank loa	ns
Federal reserve bank or branch city	193	2	1931	1932		1931	193	32	1931	193	2	1931
	May	April	May	May	April	May	May	April	May	May	April	May
Boston.	4 -5	4½-5	31/2-41/2	43/4-51/2	4½-5½	4 -5	5 -6	5 -6	5 -51/2	5 -51/2	5 -51/2	4 -43/4
New YorkBuffalo	4 -4½ 5 -6	4 -5 5 -6	3 -4 5 -6	4½-5 5½-6	$4\frac{1}{2}$ - $5\frac{1}{2}$ $5\frac{1}{2}$ - $6$	4½-5 5 -6	4 -41/2	$_{6}^{4\frac{1}{2}}$	3½-4 6	4½-5 6	4½-5 6	4 -41/2
Philadelphia	41/2-51/2	4½-5	3½-4½	5 -6	5 -51/2	4½-6	5 -6	5 -6	5 -51/2	4 -5	4 -5	31/2-41/2
Cleveland Cincinnati Pittsburgh	5 -6 5½-6 6	4½-6 5 -6 5 -6	3½-6 5 -6 5 -5½	5½-6 5½-6 5½-6	5½-6 5½-6 6	5 -6 5 -6 5½-6	6 -7 6	4½-6 6 -7 6	5 -6 5 -7 5½-6	5 <del>-6</del> 6	5½-6 5 -6 6	4½-5 5 -6 5 -6
RichmondBaltimoreCharlotte	5 -5½ 5 -6 5½-6	4½-6 5 -6 5½-6	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 4\frac{1}{2} - 5 \\ 4 & -6 \\ 5 & -6 \end{array} $	5½-6 5 -6 5½-6	5½-6 5 -6 5½-6	3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> -5 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> -6 5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> -6	6 5¾-6	6 6	6 5¾ <b>-</b> 6	$ 5 \begin{array}{c} 5\frac{1}{2} \\ 6 \end{array} $	5 -6 5 -6 6	4½-5 5 -6 5½-6
Atlanta Birmingham Jacksonville Nashville New Orleans	5 -6 5 -6 4½-8 6 5½-6½	5 -5½ 5 -6 4½-8 6 5½-6	4 -6 5 -6 5 -8 5 -6 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> -5	5 -7 6½-7 6 -8 6 5½-7	5 -6 6½-7 6 -8 6 5½-7	4 -6 5 -8 6 -7 6 5 -6½	5 -6 6½-7 6 -8 6 5½-7	5 -5½ 6½-7 6 -8 6 5½-7	4 -4½ 6 -8 6 -7 6 5½-6	5 -51/2 6 6 6 51/2-6	5½-6 6 6 6 5½-6	5 -5½ 5 -6 6 6 4½-6
Chicago Detroit	4 -5 5½-6	4½-5 5 -6	3½-4 4½-5	4 <sup>3</sup> 4-5 5 <sup>1</sup> 2-6	4 <sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> -5 5 -6	4 -5 5 -6	4½-5½ 6	$4\frac{1}{2}$ - $5\frac{1}{2}$ 6	4½-5 6	$4\frac{3}{4}$ - $5\frac{1}{2}$	$4\frac{3}{4}$ - $5\frac{1}{2}$	5 6
St. Louis_ Little Rock_ Louisville	4½-5½ 6 -7 6	4½-5½ 6 -7 6	3 <sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub> -5 6 6	5½-6 6½-7 5½-6	5½-6 6½-7 6	5 -6 6 -6½ 5½-6	5½-6 6½-7 6	5½-6 7 6	5 <b>-</b> 6 6 6	5 -6 6 -6½ 5 -6	5½-6 6 -6½ 6	5 -5½ 6 5
Minneapolis	4 -4½ 7 -8	4 -4½ 7 -8	3 <del>-4</del> 8	5 -5½ 7 -8	5 -6 7 -8	5 -6 8	3 -5 6 -8	4 -4½ 6 -8	3½-4 6 -8	5½-6 6 -7	5½-6 6 -7	5½-6 6 -7
Kansas City Denver Oklahoma City Omaha	4 -6 4½-6 6 5½-6	5 -5½ 4½-6 6 5½-6	$4\frac{1}{2}$ -5 $4$ - $4\frac{1}{2}$ $5\frac{1}{2}$ -6 5	5½-6 6 8 5½-6½	5½-6 6 8 5½-7	5½-6 6 8 5½-7	5 -6 6½-7 6 -8 6 -6½	5 -6 6½-7 6 -8 6 -6½	5 -6 5½-8 6 -8 6	5½-6 6 6 6	5½-6 6 6 6	5 -6 6 6
Dallas El Paso Houston San Antonio	5 -6 7 -8 5½-6 5 -7	5 -6 7 -8 5½-6 5 -7	$4\frac{1}{2}$ -5 8 $5\frac{1}{2}$ -6 $5\frac{1}{2}$ -6	6½-7 7 -8 5½-7 6 -7	6½-7 7 -8 5½-7 6 -7	6 -6½ 7 -8 5 -7 7 -7½	5½-6	5 -7 8 5½-6 6½-8	5½-6 8 5 -6 6 -8	5 -5½ 5 -6 5 -5½ 6	$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & -51_2 \\ 5 & -6 \\ 5 & -51_2 \\ 6 \end{array}$	5 -5½ 6 4½-5½ 6
San Francisco Los Angeles Portland Salt Lake City Seattle Spokane	4 -5\\( 2\)-6 \\ 6 -6\\\ 2 -7 \\ 6 -6\\\ 2 \\ 6 -6\\\ 2 \\ 6 -6\\\ 2 \\ 7 \\ 6 -6\\\\ 2 \\ 6 -6\\\\ 2 \\ 6 -6\\\\ 2 \\ 6 -6\\\\\ 2 \\ 6 -6\\\\\\ 2 \\ 6 -6\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	51/2-6 6 6 5 -7	4 -5 5 -6 6 -6 6 6	5 -6 6 -6½ 6 6 6 -7 6½-7	5 -6 6 -6½ 6 -6½ 6 6½-7 6½-7	4½-6 6 6 5½-6 6 6 -7	5½-6 6 -6½ 6 -7 7 6½-7 6½-7	5½-6 6 -6½ 6½-7 7 6½-7 6½-7 6½-7	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 6 6 6 -6½ 6	5 6 6 6 6	5½-6 6 6 6 6

Note.—Rates at which the bulk of the loans of each class were made by representative banks during the week ending 15th of month. Rates from about 200 banks with loans exceeding \$8,000,000,000; reporting banks are usually the largest banks in their respective cities.

## OTHER BANKING AND FINANCIAL STATISTICS

# SHIPMENTS AND RECEIPTS OF AMERICAN CURRENCY TO AND FROM EUROPE

### BY SELECTED BANKS IN NEW YORK CITY

[Paper currency only. In thousands of dollars]

		1931			1932	
Month	Ship ments to Europe	Re- ceipts from Europe	Net ship-ments (-) or receipts (+)	Ship- ments to Europe	Re- ceipts from Europe	Net ship-ments (-) or receipts (+)
•						
January	470	4, 051	+3, 581	25	3, 335	+3,310
February	130	960	+830	0	5, 221	+5, 221
March	1, 380	863	-517	0	8,468	+8,468
April	915	1,469	+554	0	4,563	+4, 563
Мау	2, 570	2, 103	-467	. 0	10, 938	+10,938
June	8, 811	779	-8,032			
July	10, 256	394	-9,862			
August	3, 226	3, 723	+497			
September	8, 433	3, 290	-5,143			
October	3, 088	11, 588	+8,500			
November	52	7, 039	+6,987			
December	1, 523	3, 749	+2, 226			<b> </b>

Note.—For explanation and back figures see Bulletin for January, 1932, pp. 7-9.

## MEMBERSHIP IN PAR-COLLECTION SYSTEM

[Number of banks at end of April]

	Membe	r banks	ľ	Vonmem	ber bank	S
Federal reserve district	1000		On p	ar list	Not on	par list
	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931
United States	7, 059	7, 888	8, 727	10, 567	3, 110	3, 455
Boston	372	391	224	259		
New York	829 706	902 748	336 327	392 441		
hiladelphia leveland	644	734	768	907	6	;
Richmond	391	462	436	505	360	44
tlanta	341	372	140	170	732	84
hicago	861	1,053	2, 447	3, 065	256	24
t. Louis	445	506	1, 182	1,374	399	43
Inneapolis	571	628	368	469	873	1,00
Cansas City	802	859	1, 554	1,841	214	20
Dallas	604	661	450	543	220	21
an Francisco	493	572	495	601	50	е

Figures cover all incorporated banks (other than mutual savings banks).

## MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF BILLS, ETC.

[In thousands of dollars]

	Total	With- in 15 days	16 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	91 days to 6 months	Over 6 months
							l
Bills discounted:							
	EUE OUI	366, 450	99 871	E1 076	30, 923	17 604	E 057
May 11							
May 18							
May 25 Bill bought in	471, 207	334, 792	32, 074	50, 172	29, 465	20, 546	4, 218
			1				
open market:	44 700	11 100	6 F00	0 504	10 000	00=	
May 4	44, 522						
May 11	42,719						
May 18	40,643						
May 25	38, 373	6,054	10, 092	10,095	11,892	240	
Certificates and							
bills:							
May 4					213, 025		
May 11					213,025		
May 18				112,050		316, 059	
May 25	984, 040	54, 500	39, 550	152,025	187, 816	313, 490	236, 659
Municipal war-				i J	l J		
rants:							
May 4	4, 929			107		98	
May 11	5, 042			142			
May 18	5, 023					35	
May 25	5, 220	3,656	1,419	110		35	

## UNITED STATES POSTAL SAVINGS

[Balance to credit of depositors. In millions of dollars]

End of month	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932
January	141.5	148. 9	153. 5	165, 1	278. 4	≥ 658, 1
February	143.8	151. 1	154.8	167. 9	292. 1	<b>≥ 683.</b> €
March	146. 4	152.0	155.0	169. 5	302.7	<b>&gt;</b> 697. 3
April	147. 1	152. 2	154. 3	170. 2	313.8	» 713. 9
May	147. 4	152.0	153.8	171. 2	325. 0	
June	147. 4	152. 1	153. 6	175.3	347. 4	
uly	147. 1	151.7	157. 8	180. 7	372. 5	
August	147. 9	152. 2	180. 1	186. 5	422. 7	
September	148, 2	152. 3	160.3	189.8	469. 9	
October	148.7	153. 1	161.6	192. 5	538. 1	
November	149. 0	153. 9	163. 7	200.7	565, 5	
December	148. 5	153. 9	164. 3	245. 4	605. 1	

Preliminary.

## BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED

#### BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED, BY DISTRICTS

[Banks closed to public on account of financial difficulties by order of supervisory authorities or directors of the bank. Figures of suspensions during given period include any banks which may have been subsequently reopened. Figures for banks reopened during given period include reopenings both of banks closed during that period and of banks closed in prior periods. Deposits (including those of banks reopened) are as of date of suspension where available, otherwise as of the latest available call date preceding suspension]

[Figures for latest month are preliminary]

				Banl	ks suspend	led					Banks	reopene	d	
		Nur	nber		Deposi	ts (in thou	sands of	dollars)	]	Number			ts (in the	
Federal reserve district		Men	abers	Non-		Men	ibers	Non-	433		Non-	,,		Non-
	All banks	Na- tional	State	mem- bers	All banks	Na- tional	State	mem- bers	All banks	Mem- bers 1	mem- bers	All banks	Mem- bers 1	mem- bers
May, 1932: Boston New York	2 2	1 2		1	10, 142 1, 892	1, 334 1, 892		8, 808						
Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond	1 1 3 2			1 1 3	744 350 488			744 350 488	1 2 2	1	3 2 2	1, 297 17, 573 335	1, 297	² 17, 573 335
Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis	18 13 12	1 2 1 2	1 3	13 12 10	816 12, 388 1, 781 2, 475	146 741 486 852	670 634	11, 013 1, 295 1, 623	5 3	1	<sup>2</sup> 5 2	1, 704 2, 141	238	<sup>3</sup> 1, 704 1, 903
Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	11 4 8	3 1 1	1 1	7 2 7	1, 556 804 2, 648	426 118 356	238 63	892 623 2, 292	3	1	3	478 340	340	478
Total	77	14	6	57	36, 084	6, 351	1,605	28, 128	17	3	14	23, 868	1,875	21, 993
January-May, 1932: Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago	8 10 15 30 45 31	1 7 5 9 10 9	1 1 3	6 2 10 21 35 19	56, 408 13, 798 22, 477 11, 476 41, 916 11, 820	1, 334 10, 805 2, 589 4, 689 12, 468 4, 537	10, 258 797 1, 897	44, 816 2, 196 19, 888 6, 787 29, 448 5, 386	2 2 4 5 21	2 4 1 3	2 2 4 18 2 10	2, 271 4, 936 5, 303 20, 349 8, 851 5, 169	2, 271 5, 303 577 1, 387 680	4, 936 2 19, 772 7, 464 2 4, 489
Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	197 94 39 93 21 77	30 15 6 17 4 14	13 4 1 2 5	154 75 33 75 15 58	106, 013 34, 366 8, 729 15, 549 7, 213 37, 784	33, 856 11, 238 2, 382 4, 924 3, 059 7, 902	13, 612 3, 193 238 150 3, 068	58, 545 19, 935 6, 347 10, 387 4, 004 26, 814	32 30 10 12 9 4	3 1	2 28 25 9 12 6 3	12, 864 12, 084 3, 670 2, 074 5, 558 1, 923	2, 901 2, 797 1, 132 4, 231 340	2 9, 963 9, 287 2, 538 2, 074 1, 327 1, 583
Total	660	127	30	503	367, 549	99, 783	33, 213	234, 553	142	25	117	85, 052	21, 619	63, 433

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Represents national banks only, except as follows: May, 1 State member in San Francisco district with deposits of \$340,000: January to May, 1 State member in Chicago district with deposits of \$340,000, and 1 in San Francisco district, with deposits of \$340,000.

<sup>2</sup> At the time of suspension, 1 bank in the Cleveland district with deposits of \$17,373,000, 1 bank in the Atlanta district with deposits of \$330,000, and 2 banks in the Chicago district, 1 in May with deposits of \$494,000 and 1 in April with deposits of \$876,000 were State member banks.

Back figures.—Se and 1926 (Table 98). -See Bulletin for February, 1932: Also Annual Reports for 1930 (Table 117), 1929 (Table 111), 1928 (Table 115), 1927 (Table 111)

## BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED—Continued

## BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED, BY STATES, DURING MAY, 1932

[Banks closed to public on account of financial difficulties by order of supervisory authorities or directors of the bank. Figures of suspensions during given period include any banks which may have been subsequently reopened. Figures for banks reopened during given period include reopenings both of banks closed during that period and of banks closed in prior periods. Deposits (including those of banks reopened) are as of date of suspension where available, otherwise as of the latest available call date preceding suspension]

[Figures are preliminary and subject to revision]

				Banl	s suspend	ied					Banks	reopened	I	
		Nun	nber		Deposi	ts (in thou	ısands of	dollars)		Numbe	er	Deposit	s (in the	ousands
State		Men	nbers	Non-		Men	nbers	Non-			Non-			Non-
	All banks	Na- tional	State	mem- bers	All banks	Na- tional	State	mem- bers	All banks	Mem- bers 1	mem- bers	All banks	Mem- bers 1	mem- bers
New England:														
Maine					<b> </b>									
New Hampshire Vermont														· - <b></b>
Massachusetts	2	1		1	10, 142	1, 334		8, 808						
Rhode Island					10, 112	1								
Connecticut														
Middle Atlantic:	1													
New York	. 2	2			1,892	1,892						1 00#	-;	
New Jersey Pennsylvania	<u>1</u> -			i	744			744	1	1		1, 297	1, 297	
East North Central:	1		¦	1 1	144	!		144						.
Ohio	1			1	350			350	1	l	2 1	17, 373		2 17, 373
Indiana	4			4	4, 104	~		4 104	ī		Ī	17, 373 1, 707		1, 707
Illinois	. 4	1 2		3	2, 843 3, 946	400		2, 443 2, 535 1, 085	4	1	3	1, 110	238	872
Michigan	9	2	2	5	3, 946	852	559	2, 535	1		2 1	494		2 494
Wisconsin	2			2	1, 085			1,085						
West North Central: Minnesota	7		•	7	785	1		785						
Iowa		1	1	2	2, 067	341	75	1.651	i		1	338		338
Missouri	4 7	i		6	1, 047	486		561				000		000
North Dakota														
South Dakota	1			1	110			110						
Nebraska	4	2	1	1	626	322	238	66	2		2	267		267
Kansas	. 1			1	70			70						
Delaware			}	}				ļ		İ			İ	
Maryland														
District of Columbia														
Virginia	1			1	172			172						
West Virginia									1		1 2	200		200
North Carolina South Carolina	2			2	316			316	2		2	335		335
Georgia	2	1	1		816	146	670							
Florida	i - 1				310	140	0,0							
Florida East South Central:														
Kentucky	4			4	593			593	1		1	196		196
Tennessee	î			1	88			88						
Alabama	i				77			77						
Mississippi West South Central:	1			1	11			17						
Arkansas	. 1			1	59			59			l		!	
Louisiana														
Oklahoma	1			1	287 481			287	1		1	211		211
Texas	3	1	1	1	481	118	63	300						
Mountain: Montana	1			1	168			168		1				1
Idaho	1 3	1		2	718	356		362						
Wyoming	li					000		002						
Colorado	2	1		1	245	104		141					1	
New Mexico	1													
Arizona	1			i	323			323						
Utah Nevada									1	1		340	340	
Pacific:													J	
Washington	3			3	1, 607			1,607		Ì	l		}	1
Oregon	2			3 2	323			323						
California	l													
(Note)				<del> </del>		0.05	1.007			<del></del>				1
Total	77	14	6	57	36, 084	6, 351	1,605	28, 128	17	3	14	23, 868	1,875	21,993

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Represents national banks only, except as follows: 1 State member in Utah with deposits of \$340,000. 
<sup>2</sup> At the time of suspension these banks were State member banks.

## BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED—Continued

#### BANK SUSPENSIONS AND BANKS REOPENED, BY STATES, JANUARY 1 TO MAY 31, 1932

[Banks closed to public on account of financial difficulties by order of supervisory authorities or directors of the bank. Figures of suspensions during given period include any banks which may have subsequently reopened. Figures for banks reopened during given period include reopenings both of banks closed during that period and of banks closed in prior periods. Deposits (including those of banks reopened) are as of date of suspension where available, otherwise as of the latest available call date preceding suspension]

[Figures included for latest month are preliminary and subject to revision]

				Bank	s suspen	ied					Banks	reopened	l	
		Nur	nber		Deposi	ts (in tho	isands of	dollars)		Numbe	r		sits (in t s of dolls	
State		Men	nbers	Non-		Men	nbers	Non-			Non-			Non-
	All banks	Na- tional	State	mem- bers	All banks	Na- tional	State	mem- bers	All banks	Mem- bers <sup>1</sup>	mem- bers	All banks	Mem- bers <sup>1</sup>	mem- bers
New England:														
MaineNew Hampshire									<u>i</u>	····· <u>ī</u>		402	402	
New HampshireVermont														
MassachusettsRhode Island	5	1	1	3	29, 678	1, 334	10, 258	18, 086	1	1		1, 869	1, 869	
Connecticut	3			3	26, 730			26, 730					1	
Middle Atlantic: New York	7					10.141						0.000		0.00
New Jersey	6	6 3	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	11, 241 4, 779	10, 141	797	1, 100 2, 892	1 3	2	1 1	3, 900 5, 019	3, 983	3, 900 1, 036
Pennsylvania	18	8		10	23, 653	4, 277		19, 376	2	2		1, 320	1, 320	
East North Central: Ohio	15	1		14	4, 761	657		4, 104	4	1	2 3	20, 149	577	<sup>2</sup> 19, 572
Indiana	44	6		38	29, 005	7, 709		21, 296	7		7	2,866		2, 866
Illinois Michigan	94 32	20 3	6	68	47, 196 13, 897	20, 590 1, 984	5, 599 2, 912	21, 007 9, 001	16 7	4	12 2 6	3, 980 3, 936	1, 315 1, 132	2, 665 2 2, 804
Wisconsin	3	i		23	1,722	637	2, 912	1, 085	9	1	8	4, 144	557	3, 587
West North Central: Minnesota	22			22	3, 625	į		9.605	2		2			·
Iowa		6	2	42	28, 902	5, 425	5, 366	3, 625 18, 111	5	1	4	652 3, 950	1, 409	652 2, 541
Missouri	47	7	Ī	39	15, 883	8, 455	455	6, 973	4	1	3	4, 925	1, 918	3, 007
North Dakota South Dakota	5	1		3	573 197	92		481 197	4		4	597		597
Nebraska	19.	2	1	16	2, 530	322	238	1,970	8		8	1,672		1,672
Kansas	36	7		29	6, 595	2, 925		3, 670						
South Atlantic: Delaware	1	1			792	792				i			i .	
Maryland District of Columbia	3	î		2	1, 736	839		897	4		4	1, 595		1, 595
Virginia	6	<sub>1</sub> -		5	762	252		510	2	1		591		
West Virginia	3	1		2	349	142		207	4	i	1 3	4,061	567 593	3, 468
North Carolina	25	5		20	13, 493	9, 967		3, 526	8	1	3 7	1,521	227	1, 294
South Carolina		2 3	1	7 4	25, 684 2, 303	1, 268 308	670	24, 416 1, 325	4		4 1	1, 283 309		1, 283 309
Florida East South Central:	4	ĭ		3	1, 094	432		662	î		i	439		439
East South Central: Kentucky	30	7	1	22	9, 549	3, 362	2, 347	3,840		1	6	996	160	83€
Tennessee	7	1		6	2, 506	1,028	2, 011	1, 478	7 1		1	280	100	280
Alabama Mississippi	8	3	1	6	3, 748 684	2, 089	696	963 684		;				
West South Central:								004	8		8	3, 372		3, 372
Arkansas	9	1	1	7	881	85	126	670	6	1	5	962	339	623
Louisiana Oklahoma		1 3	1	5 11	2, 450 3, 291	680 982	531	1, 239 2, 309	5 4	1	2 4 4	2, 379 402	680	<sup>2</sup> 1, 699 402
Texas	20	4	2	14	6, 890	3,059	150	3, 681	9	3	6	5, 558	4, 231	1, 327
Mountain: Montana	3	2		1	474	306		168			'			
Idaho	9	3		6	1, 281	517		764						
Wyoming	1 9	4		1 5	606 1, 183	652		606 531						
Colorado New Mexico						052								
Arizona Utah	3		2	3	2, 126			2, 126						
Nevada	13		2	11	9, 720 981		863	8, 857 981	1	1		340	340	
Pacifie:	-			1										
Washington Oregon	20	4	$\frac{1}{2}$	15 11	12, 318 3, 838	3, 873	1, 185 1, 020	7, 260	1		1	327		327
California	17	7		10	7, 843	3, 512	1, 020	2,818 4,331	1 1		1 1	150 1, 106		150 1, 106
(Potol		105										<del></del>		
Total	660	127	30	503	367, 549	99, 783	33, 213	234, 553	142	25	117	85, 052	21,619	63, 433

<sup>1</sup> Represents national banks only, except as follows: 1 State member in Illinois with deposits of \$628,000; 1 in Arkansas with deposits of \$339,000; and 1 in Utah with deposits of \$349,000.

<sup>2</sup> At the time of suspension 1 bank in Ohio with deposits of \$17,373,000, 2 banks in Michigan with deposits of \$1,370,000, and 1 bank in Louisiana with deposits of \$531,000, were State member banks.

Back figures.—See BULLETIN for February 1932; also Annual Reports for 1930 (Table 118), 1929 (Table 112), 1928 (Table 116), 1927 (Table 112), 1926 (Table 100), and 1925 (Tables 97 and 98).

# INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, BY INDUSTRIES

[Index numbers of the Federal Reserve Board. 1923-1925 average=100]

	Without	seasonal adji	ustment	Adjusted	for seasonal v	ariation
Industry	193	32	1931	193	32	1931
	April	March	April	April	March	April
Manufactures—Total	p 63	66	91	p 61	64	87
IRON AND STEEL	35	39	78	32	34	70
Pig iron	29 36	$\frac{32}{39}$	69 79	27 32	30 35	65 71
Steel ingots	1	83		1		
Textiles Cotton consumption	67 73	90	98 99	65 68	82 85	96 92
Wool	40	55	84	41	54	86
Consumption Machinery activity	43 36	58 57	100 71	(2) 44	57	(2)
Carpet and rug-loom activity	38	42	60	(2)	(2) (2)	(2) (2)
Silk	95	111	119	96	115	119
Deliveries Loom activity	107 73	128   78	121 114	(2) 108	(2) 134	(2) 122
-	i					, -
FOOD PRODUCTSSlaughtering and meat packing	84 88	83 83	89 87	91 98	84 87	95 97
Hogs	88	84	83	99	83	93
Cattle	81	76	86	92	87	97
CalvesSheep	103   149	97 137	113 149	94 159	96 151	104 159
Wheat flour	80	79	84	88	84	93
Sugar meltings	77	86	104	67	72	89
PAPER AND PRINTING		101	113		99	109
Wood pulp and paper	79	93	104	[	92 78	101
Newsprint Book paper	10	$\frac{77}{102}$	82 116	71	100	80 114
Wrapping paper		77	91		75	89
Fine paper Box board		96	97		91	92
Wood pulp, mechanical		104 78	122 97		104 72	118 80
Wood pulp, chemical		94	94		91	93
Paper boxes	138	140	153	138	139	153
Newsprint consumption	114	117	134	106	112	125
LUMBER	30	28	51	28	27	47
Transportation equipment: Automobiles	4.5		100		00	
Locomotives	45	34	100 12	35	28	77 13
Shipbuilding		151	123		194	127
LEATHER AND PRODUCTS	87	r 95	100	90	92	103
Tanning.	75	78	89	78	80	93
Sole leather— Upper leather—	71	69	85	(2)	(2)	(2)
Cattle	69	81	72	76	83	79
Calf and kip	63	63	75	70	70	83
Goat and kid	98 94	104 r 105	. 126 107	99 96	102 100	127 109
CEMENT AND GLASS:	{	100	10.			109
Cement	45	38	92	46	53	94
Glass, plate	61	51	123	55	47	111
Nonferrous metals 1—Tin deliveries	58	52	109	(2)	(2)	(2)
FUELS, MANUFACTURED:						
Petroleum refining Gasoline	144	136	159	144	136	159
Kerosene	185	$\frac{172}{71}$	202 71	(2) 79	(2) 73	(2) 71
Fuel oil	96	94	112	(2)	(2)	(2)
Lubricating oil	82	81	100	(2)	(2)	(2)
Coke, by-product	62	66	103	61	64	102
RUBBER TIRES AND TUBES	82	81	113	70	73	96
Inner tubes	85 58	84 59	117 81	72 51	76 54	99 71
Tobacco products	100	103	122	109	109	132
Cigars	62	59	79	66	65	84
Cigarettes	127	133	155	139	140	171
Minerals-Total	72	77	83	79	84	91
Bituminous coalAnthracite coal	46   85	70 67	65	55	70	77
Petroleum, crude	112	107	86 121	81 112	81 109	82 121
Zinc	45	48.	64	44	45	61
			1 00			
LeadSilver	45 42	56 + 33	68 54	45 42	55 7 30	69 54

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 Includes also lead and zinc; see "Minerals."
 Without seasonal adjustment.
 NOTE.—For description see Bulletin for February and March, 1927.
 For latest revisions see Bulletin for March, 1932, pp. 194–196.

# FACTORY EMPLOYMENT AND PAY ROLLS, BY INDUSTRIES

[Index numbers of the Federal Reserve Board; adjusted to Census of Manufactures through 1927. 1923-1925 average=100]

		]	Factory en	aployment			Fac	tery pay r	olls
<u>.</u>	Without	seasonal ad	justment	Adjusted	for seasona	l variation	Without	seasonal ad	justment
Industry	19	32	1931	19	32	1931	19	32	1931
	April	March	April	April	March	April	April	March	April
Total	64. 0	66. 3	77. 9	64. 3	66. 4	78. 0	48.7	52. 3	73.
IRON AND STEEL AND PRODUCTS.  Steel works and rolling mills. Hardware. Structural iron work Heating apparatus. Steam fittings	57. 0 59. 4 49. 3 43. 4	61. 8 64. 9 58. 7 62. 3 51. 4 48. 2	77. 4 80. 3 70. 1 84. 9 66. 7 63. 8	59. 0 61. 7 57. 8 60. 8 48. 9 42. 9	60. 9 63. 4 57, 9 63. 9 51. 8 47. 6	76. 5 78. 6 71. 2 86. 8 66. 2 63. 1	32. 1 32. 0 33. 3 38. 1 29. 6 27. 1	35. 4 35. 6 37. 2 40. 4 31. 6 29. 8	69. 73. 57. 71. 52. 51.
StovesCast-iron pipe		54. 5 43. 4	69. 4 69. 0	54. 4 39. 4	55. 6 43. 7	69, 1 68, 4	32. 0 26. 2	33. 3 29. 1	54. 66.
MACHINERY Foundry and machine-shop products Machine tools Agricultural implements Electrical machinery	52.1	60. 0 54. 3 55. 4 53. 6 73. 5	78. 9 72. 6 88. 1 78. 7 91. 5	56. 4 51. 3 49. 9 44. 9 69. 7	59, 2 53, 4 54, 4 49, 9 73, 5	78. 0 71. 4 87. 3 74. 0 91. 5	39. 1 33. 0 33. 4 39. 3 54. 4	42. 6 35. 5 37. 7 47. 5 59. 2	69. 62. 3 70. 60. 9 87. 8
Textiles And Products. A. Fabrics. Cotton goods. Woolen and worsted manufactures. Woolen and worsted goods. Carpets and rugs. Hosiery and knit goods. Silk manufactures. Dyeing and finishing textiles. B. Wearing apparel. Clothing, men's. Shirts and collars. Clothing, women's. Millinery.	65, 3	73. 5 73. 2 75. 0 59. 0 59. 3 57. 7 85. 9 59. 7 97. 1 74. 3 55. 3 68. 9 106. 0 70. 2	81. 8 78. 6 77. 3 65. 1 63. 9 71. 4 84. 9 83. 0 105. 7 89. 8 59. 0 85. 9 135. 6 66. 4	66. 7 66. 8 69. 3 48. 9 52. 4 81. 7 53. 6 88. 6 66. 4 65. 3 91. 3 56. 7	71. 0 71. 9 73. 8 59. 4 55. 7 88. 1 94. 7 68. 9 67. 7 93. 4 61. 9	80. 2 78. 1 77. 3 65. 7 64. 9 69. 6 83. 0 81. 2 85. 6 60. 9 85. 9 124. 7 77. 4	49. 4 46. 9 47. 2 32. 0 31. 8 32. 5 65. 6 37. 4 71. 5 54. 6 43. 8 44. 8 58. 8	59. 3 55. 8 55. 4 43. 6 45. 0 37. 0 86. 7 66. 4 41. 3 48. 8 103. 3 64. 2	76. 72. 69. 55. 57. 84. 78. 108. 85. 50. 74.
FOOD AND PRODUCTS  Baking. Slaughtering and meat packing. Confectionery. Ice cream. Flour. Sugar refining cane.	87. 3 80. 3	81. 4 87. 9 81. 4 73. 9 70. 1 76. 0 74. 4	87. 3 94. 8 84. 8 81. 0 80. 6 78. 8 81. 2	83. 6 88. 7 83. 7 78. 2 75. 7 79. 4 71. 1	83. 1 88. 4 83. 1 76. 8 78. 4 76. 3 73. 8	90. 6 96. 4 88. 4 89. 1 83. 8 82. 5 79. 7	72. 8 77. 6 73. 8 59. 9 71. 3 66. 6 61. 5	74. 4 80. 6 74. 3 62. 9 69. 6 65. 2 63. 7	88. 93. 89. 77. 88. 77. 76.
PAPER AND PRINTING Printing, book and job Printing, newspaper and periodicals Paper and pulp Paper boxes	85. 3 84. 6 97. 4 79. 3	86. 4 86. 0 98. 1 80. 8 75. 6	94. 6 98. 7 104. 4 85. 2 84. 5	85. 7 85. 2 97. 1 79. 4 76. 8	86. 2 85. 0 97. 9 80. 9 76. 6	95, 0 99, 4 104, 1 85, 2 87, 0	79. 7 77. 0 99. 1 62. 3 66. 1	82. 4 80. 2 100. 1 66. 4 68. 7	100. 103. 115. 82. 85.
LUMBER AND PRODUCTS Lumber, sawmills Lumber, millwork Furniture	34. 1 39. 5	40. 3 33. 3 41. 4 59. 4	54. 6 48. 3 56. 6 71. 2	40. 2 34. 3 39. 3 57. 6	41, 2 34, 4 41, 5 60, 1	55. 4 48. 5 56. 3 74. 0	23. 2 19. 3 24. 2 31. 2	24. 5 19. 2 25. 2 35. 6	44. 38. 47. 56.
Pransportation equipment. Car building and repairing. Automobiles Shipbuilding.	45. 5 58. 9	54. 7 45. 3 63. 7 83. 0	66. 2 56. 9 75. 1 93. 9	51. 1 45. 2 55. 1 80. 3	53. 4 45. 5 60. 9 78. 1	63, 8 56, 6 70, 3 88, 5	43. 9 37. 4 47. 1 81. 8	45. 2 37. 2 51. 3 75. 1	65. 57. 70. 96.
Leather and manufactures Boots and shoes Leather	81.3	81, 2 84, 3 68, 6	82. 4 84. 2 75. 3	80. 2 83. 0 68. 8	80. 2 83. 4 67. 0	84. 0 85. 9 76. 0	55. 7 55. 7 55. 7	62. 3 63. 4 58. 6	70. 69. 74.
CEMENT, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS	43. 1 33. 0 70. 9	48, 9 42, 5 31, 5 72, 4	65. 7 62. 6 54. 5 84. 4	48. 4 42. 7 32. 7 69. 8	50. 1 44. 1 34. 2 71. 1	65. 2 61. 9 54. 1 83. 2	31.7 23.6 15.4 45.0	32. 2 23. 9 14. 6 48. 3	55. 48. 39. 70.
Glass. Cement	44.8	63. 8 44. 5	71. 7 66. 0	61. 3 45. 6	63. 4 47. 6	70. 8 67. 1	49, 2 29, 9	50. 0 30. 5	61.
NONFERROUS METAL PRODUCTSStamped and enameled wareBrass, bronze, and copper	34. 4 60. 5	56. 1 32. 6 64. 1	68. 1 48. 3 74. 9	52. 7 32. 8 59. 4	54. 3 30. 6 62. 4	66. 5 46. 0 73. 5	38, 3 27, 0 41, 6	42. 1 27. 0 46. 4	65. 45. 71.
CHEMICALS AND PRODUCTS.  Chemicals and drugs. Petroleum refining. Fertilizers.	81. 9 78. 6 99. 0	81. 1 84. 1 78. 7 70. 2	96. 7 93. 2 94. 0 128. 0	78. 5 81. 2 78. 6 61. 3	78. 6 83. 0 79. 5 47. 1	91. 7 92. 4 94. 0 79. 3	68. 5 67. 2 71. 2 65. 1	70. 1 70. 7 72. 9 47. 8	92 86, 96, 118,
RUBBER PRODUCTS	69. 3 58. 7	67. 4 69. 4 61. 2	71. 1 73. 7 63. 2	66. 1 68. 1 60. 2	67. 0 68. 5 62. 4	70. 5 72. 4 64. 8	48, 3 50, 1 41, 0	51. 3 52. 6 46. 4	66. 71. 46
POBACCO MANUFACTURES.  Cigars and cigarettes.  Chewing and smoking tobacco, snuff	68.3	70. 4 70. 3 71. 7	80. 2 82. 3 64. 3	70. 1 69. 9 70. 8	70. 8 71. 1 68. 3	82. 1 84. 3 64. 9	49. 3 48. 0 60. 0	52. 2 51. 3 60. 4	65. 66. 61

Note.—For description of these indexes see Bulletin for November, 1929, pp. 706-716, and November, 1930, pp. 662-677.

# WHOLESALE PRICES, BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES (REVISED SERIES)

[Revised index of Bureau of Labor Statistics (784 price series); 1926=100]

	All						Othe	r commodi	ties			
Year and month	com- modi- ties	Farm prod- ucts	Foods	Total	Hides and leather products	Textile products	Fuel and lighting materials	and metal	Building materials	Chemi- cals and drugs	House- furnish- ing goods	Miscel- laneous
1927 1928 1929 1930	95. 4 96. 7 95. 3 86. 4 73. 0	99. 4 105. 9 104. 9 88. 3 64. 8	96. 7 101. 0 99. 9 90. 5 74. 6	94. 0 92. 9 91. 6 85. 2 75. 0	107. 7 121. 4 109. 1 100. 0 86. 1	95, 6 95, 5 90, 4 80, 3 66, 3	88. 3 84. 3 83. 0 78. 5 67. 5	96. 3 97. 0 100. 5 92. 1 84. 5	94. 7 94. 1 95. 4 89. 9 79. 2	96. 8 95. 6 94. 2 89. 1 79. 3	97. 5 95. 1 91. 3 92. 7 84. 9	91. 0 85. 4 82. 6 77. 7 69. 8
1931—April.  May  June.  July.  August.  September.  October  November.  December.	72. 1 72. 0 72. 1 71. 2 70. 3 70. 2	70. 1 67. 1 65. 4 64. 9 63. 5 60. 5 58. 8 58. 7 55. 7	76. 3 73. 8 73. 3 74. 0 74. 6 73. 7 73. 3 71. 0 69. 1	75. 9 75. 1 74. 1 73. 9 74. 2 73. 9 72. 9 73. 5 72. 3	87. 5 87. 6 88. 0 89. 4 88. 7 85. 0 82. 5 81. 6 79. 8	68. 2 67. 4 66. 6 66. 5 65. 5 64. 5 63. 0 62. 2 60. 8	65. 4 65. 3 62. 9 62. 9 66. 5 67. 4 67. 8 69. 4 68. 3	85. 7 85. 0 84. 4 84. 3 83. 9 83. 9 82. 8 82. 6 82. 2	81. 5 80. 0 79. 3 78. 1 77. 6 77. 0 76. 1 76. 2 75. 7	81. 3 80. 5 79. 4 78. 9 76. 9 76. 3 75. 6 76. 1 76. 1	87. 9 86. 8 86. 4 85. 7 84. 9 82. 7 81. 0 80. 9 78. 5	71. 5 70. 5 69. 7 69. 7 68. 3 68. 2 66. 6 68. 7 66. 8
1932—January February March A pril	66. 3 66. 0	52. 8 50. 6 50. 2 49. 2	64.7 62.5 62.3 61.0	71.7 71.3 70.9 70.9	79. 3 78. 3 77. 3 75. 0	59. 9 59. 8 58. 7 57. 0	67. 9 68. 3 67. 9 70. 2	81. 8 80. 9 80. 8 80. 3	74. 8 73. 4 73. 2 72. 5	75. 7 75. 5 75. 3 74. 4	77. 7 77. 5 77. 1 76. 3	65. 6 64. 7 64. 7 64. 7

G-1						1931						1	19	32	
Subgroups	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
FARM PRODUCTS:															
Grains	60.4	59. 3	59. 5	59.6	56.0	49.0	44.8	44. 2	44.3	51.3	47.0	46.7	46. 1	43. 5	44.5
Livestock and poultry	69.6	70.7	70.3	64. 1	61.9	63.0	67.0	61.0	57.6	55.7	51.7	53. 4	50.3	51.4	49. 2
Other farm productsFoods:	73.6	74. 2	73. 4	71.5	70.8	71.3	67. 3	65. 4	64. 2	63. 1	61.2	54.8	52. 7	52. 1	51. 2
Butter, cheese and milk	83. 0	83.5	80.6	78.1	78.8	80.6	82. 2	84.6	86.1	80.7	79.8	67.8	64. 1	64. 2	61.6
Cereal products	75. 5	74. 5	74.3	74.6	74.3	71.5	70. 9	70.3	70. 6	73.1	72. 2	71.0	69. 6	68. 3	68. 2
Fruits and vegetables		74.3	76. 2	76.1	76.4	74. 2	73.4	71.0	68. 2	65. 1	63. 5	62. 2	61.8	62. 3	62. 3
Meats	83.6	82.0	79.9	74.4	71.3	73.4	76.0	73.6	71.1	67.7	63. 2	61.9	59. 5	61. 4	59. 8
Other foods	71.1	71.4	69. 9	67. 9	68. 5	70.6	69. 6	68. 5	69. 7	68.0	67. 2	61.9	59.4	57. 1	55, 8
HIDES AND LEATHER PRODUCTS:	0.50	04.0		04.0	04.0	00.5	00 5	00.5	00.4	00.5	00.0	00.0	00 =		
Boots and shoes	95. 0 57. 7	94. 9 62. 1	94.8	94. 8 62. 6	94. 6 65. 5	93. 5 72. 7	93.5	93. 5 58. 6	93. 1 50. 0	92. 5 49. 0	89. 2 48. 8	88. 8 49. 0	88. 5	88. 5	88.4
Hides and skins Leather		88. 4	88.4	88.1	87.8	89.8	90.3	83.4	80.7	78.8	78.6	77.5	46. 1 76. 5	44. 7 73. 4	40.8 67.2
Other leather products		102.0	101.6	101. 4	101.4	101.4	101.4	101. 1	101.1	101. 1	99.7	98.9	98.8	98.8	98.0
TEXTILE PRODUCTS:	102.0	102.0	101.0	-0	2020 2	101.1	202. 2	10111	-01.1	202.1		100,0	30.0	30.0	30.0
Clothing	79.1	78. 1	76. 9	76.9	76.3	76.1	75.9	75. 5	73.9	72.6	70.8	70.7	70, 6	69. 0	68.7
Cotton goods	73.1	72.4	71.4	69. 2	67. 6	66.8	64.0	61.5	59.7	58. 1	56.4	55.8	56, 4	56. 2	55. 1
Knit goods		63.8	60.7	60.7	59.8	60.0	59. 2	59. 2	59. 2	59.0	58.5	55.8	55.8	54. 9	51. 9
Silk and rayon.	47.0	45.8	43.4	41.4	41.9	43.8	43.7	43.5	41.7	41.8	39. 0 63. 9	37. 7 63. 3	36. 5	33. 5	31.3
Woolen and worsted goods Other textile products	73. 5 77. 8	71.8 77.0	69. 0 76. 2	68. 5 76. 7	68. 0 75. 5	67. 4 75. 2	67. 4 74. 4	65. 7 74. 1	64. 6 72. 4	64, 2 72, 5	71.3	70.7	63. 1 69. 7	62. 7 69. 5	59. 7 68. 2
FUEL AND LIGHTING MATERIALS:	, ,,,,	71.0	10.2	10.7	10.0	10.2	12. 2	12.1	14. 1	12.0	71.0	10.1	09.7	69. 5	00. 2
Anthracite coal	88. 9	88.4	86.4	87. 5	88.8	90.8	92. 2	94.3	94.2	94. 2	94.8	94.8	94.8	89. 9	85. 7
Bituminous coal	87.8	86.0	84.4	83. 9	83. 2	83. 5	83.7	83. 9	83, 6	83.7	83.8	84.4	84. 3	83. 5	82. 7
Coke	83.8	83. 7	83. 7	83. 7	81. 5	81.5	81. 5	81.5	81.5	81.4	81.1	80. 5	80.4	80.4	79.8
Electricity	94.5	95. 9	93.7	98.0	98.6	97. 9	98.4	100.6	102. 1	103. 4	104. 1		104.8	104.4	
Petroleum products	95. 8 50. 2	94.6 41.8	96. 1 37. 4	99. 0 35. 9	101. 9 30. 7	103. 5 30. 3	103. 2 37. 5	103. 4 38. 9	100. 8 39. 2	100. 1 42. 5	98. 2 39. 6	98. 6 38. 8	98. 0 38. 6	97. 5	
METALS AND METAL PRODUCTS:	00.2	41.0	01.4	30. 9	30. 7	30.3	31.0	30. 9	39. 2	42.0	38.0	90.0	30.0	39.8	45.5
Agricultural implements	94.3	94.3	94.3	94.3	94. 2	94. 2	94.3	94.1	85.6	85. 5	85. 5	85. 5	85.1	85. 0	85. 0
Iron and steel	85. 6	85. 4	84.1	83. 8	83. 5	82.7	82. 4	82.3	81.7	81.5	81.0	79.9	79.3	79. 7	80. 1
Motor vehicles	94.4	94.0	94.5	94. 5	94. 2	94.7	94.7	95. 4	95. 4	95. 2	95. 2	95. 3	95. 3	95. 3	93. 8
Nonferrous metals	68. 4	69. 3	67. 5	63. 3	61. 2	61.4	60.1	59.0	54.9	54. 7	53.8	55. 4	52.7	50. 5	49. 3
Building materials: Brick and tile	86, 3	85. 0	83. 9	83.7	83.7	83. 4	82. 9	82.6	82.6	81. 4	80. 0	79. 3	79.3	79. 3	78. 4
Cement	87. 9	84.1	81.0	79.7	77.7	75.8	75.8	75.8	75. 1	74. 6	74.6	75. 2	75.3	75.0	75. 0
Lumber	74.0	74.7	73. 4	69. 4	68. 5	67. 2	66.9	66.9	65. 2	65. 9	65. 8	65. 6	62. 9	61. 5	60.0
Paint materials	80. 5	81.4	81.2	80. 2	80.0	79.6	78.4	77.6	77. 0	77.5	76.6	75. 4	75. 1	75. 4	74. 7
Plumbing and heating	86.6	86.6	86.6	86.6	86.6	86.8	83.8	82.6	81.6	81.4	79.9	74.1	65.8	64. 4	64. 4
Structural steel	84. 3	84.3	84.3	84. 3	84.3	84. 3	81.7	81.7	81.7	81.7	81.7	77.3	77. 9	79. 7	81.7
Other building materials	87. 8	87.6	86. 9	86.3	85. 4	83. 7	83.7	82.6	82.0	81.9	81. 5	81.0	80. 2	80.6	80. 2
Chemicals and Drugs:	86.6	86.4	85. 1	83. 9	82. 5	82. 4	80. 5	79.8	79.7	80. 6	80.8	80.6	80.8	00.0	70.7
Drugs and pharmaceuticals		64.8	63.4	63. 2	62.6	62. 1	61. 9	61.7	61.6	61.3	61.0	60.6	60. 1	80. 9 59. 7	79. 7 58. 9
Fertilizer materials		80.8	80.6	80. 5	79. 8	78.7	74. 4	74. 2	70. 2	70. 1	70. 1	69. 9	69. 8	68. 6	70.1
Mixed fertilizers	89. 1	88. 7	83. 5	82. 8	82. 4	80. 2	78.7	77.6	77. 2	77.7	77.1	75. 5	73. 7	73. 2	71. 1
Housefurnishing goods:									1						
Furnishings	84.6	84.5	84.2	83.6	83. 4	82.8	81.7	81. 2	79.8	79.7	76.6	76. 1	75.9	75.4	75. 4
Furniture	92.0	91. 9	91. 9	90.4	89. 8	89. 1	88.6	84.6	82. 4	82. 3	80.6	79. 5	79.5	79.1	77.4
Miscellaneous:	46. 9	46, 9	46.9	46. 9	46.0	46.0	46.0	46.0	46.0	46.0	40.8	39.7	39. 5	39. 2	39. 2
Auto tires and tubes Cattle feed		82. 1	81. 2	67. 9	61.1	55.8	50.8	44.4	49. 4	59.8	53.9	53. 0	48.2	52.4	53.4
Paper and pulp		82.6	82. 1	81.5	80. 7	80.6	80.6	80. 7	80. 5	80.8		78.0	76. 7	76.8	76.8
Rubber, crude		16.0	13. 3	13. 7	13. 3	13. 2	11. 2	10. 6	10. 2	9.6	9.5	9.3	8.6	7. 2	6.6
Other miscellaneous		89.6	89.3	88.5	88. 2	88.6	86. 4	86.7	86.9	86.7	85. 9	85. 2	84.4	84.5	84.5
			1	1			1	1	1	1.	1		<u> </u>	!	}

Back figures.—For revised indexes of groups see Bulletin for March, 1932, p. 199; indexes of subgroups available at Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## BUILDING CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY TYPES OF BUILDING

[Value of contracts in millions of dollars; figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation]

Month	То	tal	Resid	ential	Fac	tories	Comn	nercial	Public w public t		Educa	ational	Allo	ther
	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932	1931	1932
January February March April May June July August September October November December	235. 4 370. 0 336. 9 306. 1 316. 1 286. 0 233. 1	84.8 89.0 112.2 121.7	54. 4 77. 9 100. 9 95. 9 88. 9 72. 7 63. 9 60. 2 54. 6 60. 5 45. 3 36. 2	27. 5 24. 4 33. 2 28. 9	10. 1 7. 3 20. 6 11. 3 16. 3 8. 9 10. 4 4. 7 11. 0 8. 9 4. 2 2. 5	3. 4 4. 4 4. 5 4. 5	26. 9 27. 1 36. 2 26. 2 25. 7 26. 9 28. 4 19. 1 28. 6 41. 3 14. 1 10. 6	9. 1 10. 1 10. 6 12. 9	117. 4 73. 3 86. 5 83. 0	24. 1 28. 3 29. 9 47. 3	19. 4 16. 7 24. 3 23. 0 23. 8 22. 5 26. 1 19. 3 21. 2 14. 7 11. 8 6. 1	4. 4 10. 8 9. 8 10. 7	20. 5 27. 3 35. 7 47. 1 41. 8 43. 6 39. 8 56. 5 49. 3 33. 8 27. 8 31. 0	16. 3 11. 0 24. 2 17. 5
Year	3, 092. 8		811.4		116. 2		311.1		1, 171. 1		228. 8		454.3	

# BUILDING CONTRACTS AWARDED, BY DISTRICTS

[Value of contracts in thousands of dollars; figures for 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains, as reported by the F. W. Dodge Corporation]

7.1.	193	1932	
Federal reserve district	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas	21, 414 12, 129 10, 927 12, 897 6, 678 16, 245 9, 502 7, 689 5, 768	9, 588 21, 803 10, 891 10, 909 12, 235 4, 741 20, 972 6, 056 4, 922 5, 355 4, 763	27, 319 107, 248 21, 337 36, 888 21, 937 14, 445 46, 030 17, 081 14, 421 13, 105 17, 114
Total (11 districts)		112, 235	336, 925

# COMMERCIAL FAILURES, BY DISTRICTS

[Amounts in thousands of dollars; figures reported by R. G. Dun Co.]

	Number			Liabilitles		
Federal reserve district	eserve district 1932		1931	19	32	1931
	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
Boston New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	143 123 432 151 65	301 616 165 238 184 202 395 172 98 140 102 338	197 473 176 166 156 121 339 153 99 120 85 298	6, 383 30, 903 10, 568 8, 027 8, 036 2, 080 14, 821 5, 600 1, 046 4, 171 1, 733 7, 700	7, 492 26, 333 5, 997 6, 056 6, 792 4, 051 12, 712 10, 181 1, 475 1, 908 1, 662 9, 101	4, 720 12, 190 3, 897 4, 648 3, 873 2, 118 7, 243 2, 917 1, 966 1, 284 1, 651 4, 362
Total	2,816	2, 951	2, 383	101, 069	93, 760	50, 868

## BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED, BY DISTRICTS

[Value of permits in thousands of dollars]

Federal reserve district	Number of cities	193	1931	
		Apr.	Mar.	Apr.
Boston New York Philadelphia	14 22 14	1, 544 12, 570 5, 166	1, 499 9, 036 1, 860	4, 485 66, 334 9, 463
ClevelandAtlanta	12 15 15	2, 083 3, 274 2, 111	1, 972 3, 138 1, 255	6, 885 9, 274 5, 059
Chicago	5 9	3, 958 798 1, 335	1, 845 860 833	12, 748 5, 887 3, 497
Kansas City Dallas San Francisco	14 9 20	1, 650 2, 849 5, 784	933 3, 247 8, 904	4, 554 3, 933 11, 129
Total	168	43, 123	35, 381	143, 248

## BANK DEBITS

[Debits to individual accounts. In millions of dollars]

	Number of centers	1932		1931	
		Apr.	Mar.	Apr.	
New York CityOutside New York City	1 140	15, 558 14, 365	16, 160 13, 729	26, 821 19, 620	
Federal reserve district: Boston. New York Philadelphia Cleveland Richmond Atlanta Chicago St. Louis. Minneapolis Kansas City Dallas San Francisco.	7 10 13 7 15 21 5 9 15	1, 735 16, 232 1, 363 1, 401 533 746 3, 628 705 443 758 392 1, 987	1, 547 16, 727 1, 313 1, 313 501 641 3, 530 679 437 749 404 2, 048	2, 173 27, 605 1, 982 2, 222 654 858 5, 071 920 574 1, 039 522 2, 819	
Total	· 141	29, 923	29, 889	46, 440	

