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## Business Cycle Developments


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## Business Cycle

Developments

## DATA THROUGH NOVEMBER

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The cooperation of various government and private agencies which provide data is gratefully acknowledged. The agencies furnishing data are indicated in the list of series and sources on the back cover of this report.

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## Preface

This report has been prepared to bring together many of the available economic indicators in convenient form for analysis and interpretation by specialists in business cycle analysis. The presentation and classification of series in this report follows the business indicators approach. The classification of series and the business cycle turning dates are those designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) which, in recent years, has been the leader in this field of investigation. However, this publication is not to be taken as implying acceptance or endorsement by the Bureau of the Census or any other government agency of any particular approach to business cycle analysis. It is intended only to supplement other reports of the Department of Commerce that provide data for analyzing current business conditions.

The unique features are the arrangement of data according to their usual timing relations during the course of the business cycle and the inclusion of special analytical measures and historical cyclical comparisons that help in evaluating the current stage of the business cycle.

About 87 principal indicators and over 300 components are included in preparing the report. The movements of the series are shown against the background of the expansions and contractions of the general business cycle so that "leads" and "lags" can be readily detected and unusual cyclical developments spotted. The exact number of series included for the total and important classes of series may vary from month to month because of additions of new series and revisions in the composition of indexes. Almost all of the basic data are available in published reports. A complete list of the series and the sources of data is shown on the back cover of this report. Series are seasonally adjusted except those that do not appear to contain seasonal movement.

The chief merits of this report are the speed with which the data for indicators are collected, assembled, and published and the arrangement of the series for business cycle studies. Electronic computers are used for many of the computations, thus making early publication possible. Publication is scheduled for around the $22 d$ of the month following the month of data.

# New Features and <br> Changes for This Issue 

A limited number of changes are made from time to time to reflect the change from one stage of the business cycle to another, to show new findings of business cycle research and newly available economic series, or to emphasize the activity of a particular series or series group. Such changes may involve additions or deletions of series used, changes in placement in relation to other series, changes in components of indexes, etc. These changes will be listed in this section each month. The changes made in this issue are as follows:

1. Series $1,2,3$, and 41 on employment in manufacturing establishments have been revised by the source agency to include (a) the adoption of a March 1963 benchmark for the period beginning April 1962 and (b) a new seasonal adjustment. Revised data are reflected in tables and charts throughout the report.
2. Revised data on backlog of capital appropriations (series 97) are shown in chart 1 and table 2 beginning with the first quarter of 1961. Revised data for the earlier period were published in the November issue.
3. The two series on percent change in the money supply (series 85 and 98 ) have been converted to an annual rate in chart 1 and tables 1 and 2.
4. Appendix $\mathbf{F}$ includes data for series $1,2,3$, 41,85 , and 98.

## A New Look:

The January issue of Business Cycle Developments will have a new look. The size of the book will be expanded to "Census" size ( $91 / 8 \times 113 / 8$ inches), the cover will have the benefit of new design, and the charts will be in color. The data in the report will be the same although tables and charts will be redesigned. In addition to the usual materials, the issue will contain the paper, "The Current Expansion in Historical Perspective," presented by Mr. Shiskin at the 12 th Annual Conference on the Economic Outlook (November 19, 1964), sponsored by the University of Michigan.

The January issue is scheduled for release on January 22, 1965.

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# Data Bank of <br> Business Cycle Indicators 

A punch card file containing data for the business cycle indicators included in table 2 , the diffusion indexes in tables 4 and 5 , and the component series (listed in table 6) used to compute 14 of the diffusion indexes in table 4, is maintained at the Bureau of the Census. Duplicate cards for 85 of the 87 indicators, the 30 diffusion indexes, and 145 of the component series are available at cost. (The other series can be obtained only from the sponsoring agencies.) The cost for these cards ranges from $\$ 58$ for 500 cards to $\$ 137$ for 5,000 cards. One card is required per series year. Thus, for the 85 principal indicators, from 1948 to date, the cost would be about $\$ 70$. For these principal indicators plus the 30 diffusion indexes and 145 component series, the cost would be about $\$ 135$ for the same period.

At present, the Bureau of the Census cannot keep customers' files current. However, the figures for the principal indicators and diffusion indexes required for this purpose are published in Business Cycle Developments each month.

## BCD Technical Papers

To aid users of Business Cycle Developments, technical papers dealing with the statistical adjustments and series used in BCD will be included in this report from time to time. A limited number of copies of these articles are available, free of charge. The following papers have been included as part of this program:
No. 1. - Summary Description of the $X-9$ and $X-10$ Versions of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program (published as appendix $E$ in the September 1963 issue). A new version of this program is scheduled to be released early next year. Announcement will be made at that time.
No. 2. - Business Cycle Indicators - The Known and the Unknown by Julius Shiskin (published as appendix $H$ in the September 1963 issue).
No. 3.-Census Trading-Day Adjustment Method by Allan H. Young (published in May 1964 issue).
No. 4.-Eight Series on Manufacturers' Orders and Inventories: Descriptions and Procedures by John Musgrave and John Kuntz (published in July 1964 issue).
No. 5.-Series 54, Sales of Retail Stores: Descriptions and Procedures by Max Shor and Allan Young (published in September 1964 issue).

Please send requests for the material described above to Julius Shiskin, Chief Economic Statistician, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.
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## Descriptions and

## Procedures

## usiness Cycle Series

Intensive research over many years has provided record of the typical sequence of changes in ecoomic processes during a business cycle; more pecifically, a list of significant series that usually ead, those that usually move with, and those that sually lag behind cyclical movements in aggregate conomic activity. The series have been grouped, . accordance with the NBER classification, as leading," "roughly coincident," or "lagging" inicators. In addition, other series are included in his report for a more complete coverage of the ational economy. The series are described as sllows:
NBER Leading Indicators.-Around 30 series sually reach peaks or troughs before those in agregate economic activity as measured by the oughly coincident series (see below). For this eason, they are designated as "leading" series. me group of these series pertains to activities in ze labor market, another to orders and contracts, nd so on.

NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators. - About 15 eries are direct measures of aggregate economic ctivity or move roughly together with it; for exmple, nonagricultural employment, industrial prouction and retail sales. For this reason they are eferred to as "roughly coincident" series.

NBER Lagging Indicators.-Some series, such s new plant and equipment expenditures and manutcturers' inventories, usually have reached turn$1 g$ points after they were reached in aggregate conomic activity, and for this reason, they are esignated as "lagging" series.

Other series.-Additional U.S. series with busiess cycle significance are also shown. Some of tese series, such as change in money supply, terchandise trade balance, and cash surplus or eficit, represent important factors in the economy, at they have not qualified as indicators for various easons, such as irregularity in timing. Finally, dustrial production indexes for several countries hich have important trade relations with the United ates are presented.

## Method of Presentation

Data are shown in this report in three general categories, as follows:

Basic data (chart 1 and tables 1 and 2). -Over 50 business cycle indicators and about 30 additional series with business cycle significance are included. Together they provide a broad view of current and prospective business cycle fluctuations in the economy as well as the basis for making an economic interpretation of these fluctuations.

Analytical measures (charts 2-3 and tables 3-6). These measures aid in forming a judgment of the imminence of a turning point in the business cycle and the extent of current changes in different parts of the economy. They also aid in pointing to developrnents in particular industries and places.

Cyclical patterns (charts 4-5 and tables 7-9). The current cyclical change is compared with changes at corresponding stages of earlier cycles. These comparisons are made in different ways depending upon the phase of the business cycle.

In addition to the data shown as part of the regular report, certain appendix materials are presented. These materials include historical data, key information, and adjustment factors.

## Designation of Business Cycle Turning Points

The historical business cycle turning points are those designated by the NBER. They mark the approximate date when aggregate economic activity reached its cyclical high or low levels. As a matter of general practice, a business cycle turning point will not be designated until at least 6 months after it has occurred.

## Seasonal and Related Statistical Adjustments

Official seasonally adjusted data are used in this report wherever they are available. However, for the special purposes of business cycle studies, a number of series that are not ordinarily published in seasonally adjusted form are shown on a seasonally adjusted basis in this report. These series are as follows: $4,5,9,10,11,13,14,15,17,18,30,37$, $55,62,81,82,83,84,90,91,92,97,112$, and 128 . Seasonal adjustments for these series were developed by either the NBER or the Bureau of the Census using Method II. The adjustment factors are shown in appendix table D, except for series 11 and 97 which are the sums of seasonally adjusted components, and series 9 and 10 which are based on
unpublished source data. Seasonally adjusted data prepared by the collecting agency will be substituted for the series mentioned above whenever they are published.

Method II adjusts for changes in average climatic conditions and institutional arrangements during the year. Adjustments for variations in the number of trading days are also made for some series; for example, new building permits. Further adjustments for variable holidays, such as Easter, are made for certain series; for example, retail sales of apparel. Studies are now underway to determine whether similar adjustments for Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and the day of the week upon which Christmas falls would be useful.

Studies of the effects of unusual weather upon some series have also been started. It is important to note, however, that present methods adjust for average weather conditions and not for the dispersion about this average; that is, present methods are designed to adjust for normal but not abnormal weather at any time of the year. For this reason, many seasonally adjusted series, such as housing starts, will tend to be low in months when the weather is unusually bad and high in months when the weather is unusually good. While it eventually may be possible, Census methods do not at present make any adjustments for such variations.

## MCD Moring Averages

$M C D$ (months for cyclical dominance) is an estimate of the appropriate span over which to observe the cyclical movements in a monthly series. This span is usually longer than a single month because month-to-month changes are often dominated by erratic movements, but shorter than the frequently used 12 -month span (change from the same month a year ago), and is different for different series (see appendix $C$ for MCD values and method of computation).

MCD is, on average, the first interval of months for which the average amplitude of the cyclical factor is greater than that of the irregular factor and remains so. It is small for smooth series and large for irregular series. The differences between moving averages of the period equal to MCD are commensurate with the differences between seasonally adjusted values separated by the same MCD span; thus, the month-to-month differences in a 3 -month moving average are commensurate with differences in seasonally adjusted values over 3 -month spans. MCD moving averages all have about the same degree of smoothness. Consequently, MCD moving averages of highly irregular series, such as business failures and Federal cash payments, will show their cyclical movements about as clearly as the seasonally adjusted data for such smooth series as industrial production and personal income.

MCD moving averages are shown in chart lfor all series with an MCD of "5" or more. To provide an indication of the variation about these moving averages, seasonally adjusted data are also plotted for years beginning with 1958. Although not so smooth as more powerful moving averages such as
the weighted 15 -term Spencer curve, the MCI curve is more current and has a smaller roundin. bias around business cycle peaks and troughs. Oi balance, the MCD curve seems to offer a reason able compromise in terms of currency, smooth ness, and fidelity to the patterns of business cycl. fluctuations.

Because of advance reporting and preliminarseasonal factors, the MCD's for current data ar usually larger than those computed from historica series and shown in appendix $C$. MCD is usuall computed for a fairly long period, one coverin both expansions and contractions. ${ }^{1}$ Since the pac of change varies from phase to phase of the busi ness cycle, such a measure will not provide a accurate estimate of the span over which to esti mate cyclically significant changes at all times Thus MCD computed for the period 1953-63 is likel to be too high during the early stages of recover when expansion has usually been rapid and too lo' during the late stages of expansion when the rate $c$ advance has usually been small. This limitatio should also be borne in mind when making use ( this measure. ${ }^{2}$

## Analytical Measures of Current Change

Three kinds of analytical measures are pre sented-diffusion indexes, timing distributions, an direction-of-change tables. These measures aj in forming a judgment of the magnitude of currer changes compared to previous changes, the immj nence of a turning point in the business cycle, ar the extent of current changes in different parts , the economy. They also point to developments : particular industries and places.

Diffusion indexes. - Diffusion indexes are simp] summary measures of groups of economic series They express, for a given group, the percent of th series which has risen over given intervals of tims Their turning points tend to lead the turning poin1 of the aggregate and they measure how widesprea a business change is. They vary between the limit of 100 (all components rising) and zero (all corr ponents falling). Widespread increases are oft $\epsilon$ associated with rapid growth in aggregate activity and widespread declines with sharp reductions.

The diffusion indexes in this report are group according to the timing classification of the NBEF For monthly series, comparisons are made ov. 1 -month intervals (January-February, FebruarMarch, etc.) and generally for either 6-or 9 -mon intervals depending upon the irregularity of $t$.
${ }^{1}$ Various terms are used to describe the phast of the business cycle. In this report both "cor traction" and "recession" are used to descrit the declining phase. No difference in meaning: intended.
${ }^{2}$ For a more complete description of MCD and $i$ use in studying economic series, see Busines Cycle Indicators, Geoffrey H. Moore, editor; N z tional Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., vol. ch. 18, "Statistics for Short-Term Economic For' casting," by Julius Shiskin (Princeton Universi Press: 1961).
series. The indexes based on l-month intervals are more "current" but they are also more irregular than the 6-or $9-$ month indexes (see chart 2 ). Quarterly series are compared over l-quarter intervals, 3 -quarter intervals, and 4-quarter intervals. (See charts 2 and 3.)

Series numbers preceded by the letter "D" designate diffusion indexes. When one of these numbers corresponds to a basic indicator series zumber, it means that the diffusion index has been computed from components of the indicator series; for example, the diffusion index numbered "D6" is computed from components of series number 6 . Diffusion indexes not computed from basic series components are assigned new numbers.

This report includes 29 diffusion indexes based on 15 indicator series (see tables 4 and 5). Eighteen of these indexes are computed by the Bureau of the Sensus utilizing nearly 300 components of 9 indicators (D1, D5, D6, D19, D23, D41, D47, D54, and D58). Indexes for these indicators show comparisons for components over 1 -month and either 6- or 9 -month spans. The 11 other diffusion inlexes are based on 7 indicators closely related to the above 9 indicators. They include two National Endustrial Conference Board indexes (1- and 3quarter spans) based on newly approved capital appropriations ( 17 industries); the First National Jity Bank of New York index based on quarterly rrofit reports ( 700 companies) ; and 8 NBER diffusion indexes-actual and anticipated-for the fol.owing: Manufacturers' sales ( 800 companies) and lew orders ( 400 companies), based on data from Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; carloadings ( 19 comnodity groups), based on data from the Association of American Railroads; and new plant and equipnent expenditures ( 16 industries), based on data irom the Office of Business Economics and the jecurities and Exchange Commission.

Diffusion indexes that are based on anticipations show what proportion of business enterprises (or industries) are forecasting a rise in activity. Comparisons with indexes based on actual changes show whether there is a generally optimistic bias or a lag in recognition of actual developments.

Diffusion indexes constructed on the basis of surrent data are often highly irregular and require sareful judgment in their use and interpretation.

Timing distributions.-Distributions of current 'highs" appear to be helpful in appraising the evilence for a prospective business cycle turning soint. Each month a timing distribution is conitructed which shows the number of series reachng high values during each month of the expansion. Che timing distribution is summarized by showing he number of series reaching new highs and the sercent currently high for each of several recent nonths (see table 3). Similar distributions of 'lows" will be prepared during contractions.

To provide historical perspective for interpreting the distribution of current highs, such distributions are also shown for leading and coincident series as theyappear 3 months and 6 months before the peak of each of the earlier post-World War II expansions and at their peaks.

To compile timing distributions for the current cyclical phase, the data for the principal business cycle indicators are scanned each month. During a business cycle expansion, the high value for each series is recorded. (For inverted series, that is series with negative conformity to the business cycle, low values are taken during expansions and high values during contractions.) If the values for 2 or more months are equal, the latest date is taken as the high month. In selecting these values, erratic values are disregarded, although it is, of course, difficult to identify an erratic value, particularly for the current month.

The letter " H " is used in the basic data table (table 2) to identify and highlight the current high values during the expansion, and the letter "L" to identify the low values preceding the current highs. The highs designated during the current cyclical phase will not necessarily be the specific cycle peaks. Thus, as new high levels are reached during the expansion, the current highs will be moved ahead. On the other hand, lows preceding current highs are usually specific cycle troughs. Comparisons of the current timing distributions with those for periods around earlier business cycle troughs and peaks are helpful for appraising the evidence of a prospective business cycle turning point.

Interpretations of timing distributions must be made in light of the fact that a contraction following a high value reached several months ago may be the result of an erratic fluctuation and that a new high may be reached in some future month. In short, when the percent currently high falls below 50 percent for both the leading and roughly coincident series, this does not necessarily signify that a business cycle peak has occurred. It may do so, but it may also simply reflect a short reversal in the upward movement.

Direction-of-change tables. - Direction-of-change tables show directions of change (" + " for rising, " $o$ " for unchanged, and "-" for falling) in the components used for the diffusion indexes. These tables provide a convenient view of changing business conditions and are helpful in making an economic interpretation of the movements in the more highly aggregated statistical measures. That is, they show which economic activities went up, which went down, and how long such movements have persisted. They also help to show how a recession or recovery spreads from one sector of the economy to another.

Directions of change for each index component are shown for consecutive months and, depending upon the irregularity of the series, for either 6- or 9 -month spans.

## Comparisons of Cyclical Patterns

In forming a judgment about the current intensity and probable ultimate character of a cyclical fluctuation, some economists find it helpful to compare the behavior of the indicator series and diffusion indexes in the current business cycle phase with their behavior during the corresponding phase of previous business cycles. These comparisons are made in different ways depending upon the phase of the business cycle-whether it is in an expansion or contraction.

Expansions may be compared by measuring changes from the immediately preceding peak levels. In table 7 of this report, the current expansion is measured from the May 1960 reference peak to the month of latest reported data. For earlier expansions, percentage changes are computed from their respective reference peaks to dates which are the same number of months beyond the succeeding reference troughs as the current expansion is beyond its reference trough. This type of comparison is designated as representing changes computed from reference peak levels and from reference trough dates. Although the spans from reference trough dates are the same number of months for each expansion, the spans from the preceding peak dates are different, depending on the length of the contractions for each period. Also, for those earlier periods of expansion that were shorter than the current one, the comparisons made in table 7 reflect the status at a point after a new contraction had set in. This type of comparison answers the question whether, and by how much, the current level of activity exceeds or falls short of the level at the preceding business cycle peak, a given number of months after the recovery began, and how the current situation compares, in this respect, with earlier expansions.

Expansions also may be compared by computing changes from reference trough levels and from reference trough dates (table 8). This type of comparison measures the extent of the rise from the trough level so many months after the upswing began. The same situation exists here as for the comparisons shown in table 7: For earlier expansions that were shorter than the current one, the comparisons show the status at a point after a new contraction had set in.

Contractions can be compared by computing changes over the span from the most recent business cycle peak to the current month and over equal spans from previous reference peaks. This type of comparison is designated as representing changes from reference peak levels and from reference peak dates. These comparisons will be made during a contraction period.

In addition to comparing cyclical fluctuations on the basis of reference dates (which are the same for all series), comparisons are made on the basis of specific peak and trough dates identified for each series. For example, the specific peak in retail sales corresponding to the May 1960 reference peak is April 1960; the specific peak in stock prices is July 1959 (See appendix B). Specific cycle comparisons are shown in table 9. These comparisons differ from those shown for reference cycles in that they show the status only up to the specific peak date. For some series past specific expansions were shorter than the current one and, therefore, the earlier comparisons span fewer months than those for the current expansion.

In order to make historical comparisons, it is frequently necessary to use data for a closely related series for cycles prior to the initial date covered by the series used currently. Such comparisons are, therefore, to be considered only approximate. Nearly all series have undergone change in definition, coverage, or estimation pro-
cedure since 1919. The principal cases of this sort are as follows:
7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started (prior to 1939: Residential building contracts, floor space)
41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments (prior to 1929: Employmen in manufacturing)
52. Personal income (prior to 1929: Quarterly data as published by Barger and Klein)
54. Sales of retail stores (prior to 1935: Department store sales)
62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, tota: manufacturing (prior to 1946: Productior worker wage cost per unit).

## Charts

Two types of charts are used to highlight the cyclical patterns of the business cycle indicators: Historical time series and cyclical comparisons.

Historical Time Series (charts 1, 2, and 3).These charts show the cyclical fluctuations of each series against the background of expansions and recessions in general business activity from 1948 to the current month. Shaded areas on the charts indicate periods of business cycle recession between business cycle peak dates (beginnings of shaded areas) and business cycle trough dates (ends of shaded areas). The shading for a new recession will be entered only after a trough has been designated.

Several different ratio and arithmetic scales are used to highlight the cyclical movements of the various series. The scale selected for each series is identified in the margin of the chart. Rates of change of various series can be compared with each other only where scales are identical. See the diagram, page 5, for additional help in using these charts.

Cyclical Comparisons (charts 4 and 5). -These charts compare the performance of each series during the current expansion with its performance during the expansion phase of previous business cycles. The usual date sequence followed in charts is disregarded, and instead the data are alined al the strategic point of the business cycle: For expansions, the reference trough (chart 4) and specific trough (chart 5). Thus these charts facilitate judgements on the vigor of the current expansior relative to cyclical movements during the corresponding expansions of previous cycles.

Two types of cyclical comparisons are made. Chart 4 compares the pattern of the current business or reference cycle (i.e., the cycle for aggregate economic activity) with movements over the corresponding phase of previous reference cycles. Chart 5 compares the pattern of the current specific cycle (i.e., the cycle for a particular series) with the movements over the corresponding phases of previous specific cycles in that series. In botr charts, the trough dates are alined. In chart 4 , the levels of the preceding peaks are also alined anc in chart 5, the levels of the preceding troughs are also alined. See the section, "Comparisons of Cyclical Patterns", for more detailed descriptions of these comparisons.
How to
Read
Charts 1,2,
and 3
*Certain irregular series are shown in terms of their MCD moving averages. These series are noted. Such averages are plotted 2 months behind actual data for MCD 5-term moving averages and $21 / 2$ months behind, for MCD 6-term moving averages. See text for description of MCD moving averages.

Table 1..-BASIC DATA AND CURRENT CHANGES FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 4 MOST RECENT MONTHS

| Series descriptions <br> (See complete titles and sources on back cover) | Basic data ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | Percent change ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of measure | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | Sept. 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | Avg. <br> change, 1953-1 $1963^{3}$ | Aug. <br> to Sept. <br> 1.964 | Sept. to Oct. 1964 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Nov. } \\ 1964 \end{gathered}$ |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Avg. workweek, prod. workers, mfg... | Hours | r 40.8 | r40.5 | r40.5 | p40.9 | 0.5 | -0.7 | 0.0 | +1.0 |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing....... | Per 100 empl. | r 4.0 | r3.8 | p3.9 | (NA) | 4.8 | -5.0 | +2.6 | (NA) |
| 30. Nonagri. placements, all industries. | Thous........ | 499 | 514 | 514 | 545 | 1.8 | +3.0 | 0.0 | +6.0 |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing.......... | Per 103 empl. | r1. 4 | 1.5 | pl. 5 | (NA) | 9.4 | -7.1 | 0.0 | (NA) |
| 4. Temporary layoff, all industries. | Thous........ | 87 | 127 | 92 | 91 | 17.8 | -146.0 | +27.6 | +1.1 |
| 5. Avg. weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance. | ..do......... | 240 | 241 | 248 | 266 | 5.3 | -0.4 | -2.9 | $-7.3$ |
| 6. New orders, durable goods indus..... | Bil. dol..... | 19.34 | 19.91 | r19.49 | p19.43 | 3.8 | +2.9 | -2.1 | -0.3 |
| 24. New orders, mach. and equip. indus.. | ..do.......... | 3.77 | r3.69 | 3.78 | p3.88 | 4.5 | -2.1 | +2.4 | +2.6 |
| 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial. | Mil. sq. ft. floor space. | 46.30 | 50.40 | 54.80 | (NA) | 9.7 | +8.9 | +8.7 | (NA) |
| 10. Contracts and orders, plant, equip.. | Bil. dol..... | 4.51 | r4.53 | p4. 57 | (NA) | 4.9 | +0.4 | +0.9 | (NA) |
| 11. New capital appropriations, mfg. ${ }^{4}$... | ..do.. | r5.41 |  |  |  | 11.4 |  |  |  |
| 7. Private nonfarm housing starts...... | Ann. rate, thous...... | 1408 | r1433 | r1567 | pl391 | 7.3 | +1.8 | $+9.4$ | -11.2 |
| 29. New bldg. permits, private housing.. | 1957-59=100.. | 113.0 | 107.8 | r107.6 | p110.9 | 3.8 | -4.6 | -0.2 | +3.1 |
| 12. Net change, number of businesses ${ }^{4} 5$. | Thous | +16 |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| 13. New business incorporations......... | Number. . | 16074 | 16715 | 16559 | (NA) | 2.7 | +4.0 | -0.9 | (NA) |
| 14. Liabilities of business failures.... | Mil. dol. | 76.20 | 125.89 | 101.92 | 116.30 | 16.9 | -65.2 | +19.0 | -14.1 |
| 15. Large business failures.. | No. per week. | 40 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 13.1 | -5.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 16. Corporate profits after taxes ${ }^{4}$....... | Ann. rate, bil. dol.... | 32.0 |  |  |  | 6.3 |  |  |  |
| 17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, mfg.. | 1957-59=100.. | 103.6 | r103.3 | r102.7 | p103.3 | 0.7 | -0.3 | -0.6 | +0.6 |
| 18. Profits per dol. of sales, mfg. ${ }^{4}$.... | Cents........ | 8.9 |  |  |  | 6.8 |  |  |  |
| ing, corporate, all industries ${ }^{4}$.... | Perce | 10.4 |  |  |  | 5.1 |  |  |  |
| 19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks*.... | 1941-43=10... | 82.00 | 83.41 | 84.85 | 85.44 | 2.6 | +1.7 | +1.7 | +0.7 |
| 21. Change in business inventories, all industries ${ }^{4}$ | Ann. rate, bil. dol.... | +2.8 |  |  |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |
| 31. Change in book value, manufacturing and trade inventories ${ }^{5}$................. | . | +1.0 | $\mathrm{r}+7.3$ | p-2.5 | (NA) | 3.5 | +6.3 | -9.8 | (NA) |
| 20. Change in book value, mfrs.' inventories of materials and supplies ${ }^{5}$.. | ..do. | +1.3 | r+2.6 | p+2.3 | (NA) | 1.5 | +1.3 | -0.3 | (NA) |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories............... | Percent. | 57 | 60 | 56 | 59 | 6.8 | +5.3 | -6.7 | +5.4 |
| 26. Buying policy, prod. mtls., commitments 60 days or longer*............. | . ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 58 | 61 | 60 | 64 | 5.8 | +5.2 | -1.6 | +6.7 |
| 32. Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries*. | . .do......... | 65 | 74 | 72 | 70 | 7.7 | +13.8 | -2.7 | -2.8 |
| 25. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods industries ${ }^{5}$. | Bil. dol. | +0.06 | r+0.77 | r+1.00 | p+0.23 | 0.49 | +0.71 | +0.23 | -0.77 |
| 23. Industrial materials prices*........ | 1957-59=100. . | 105.7 | 108.2 | 112.0 | 113.2 | 1.3 | +2.4 | +3.5 | +1.1 |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Employees in nonagri. establishments. | Thous........ | r58301 | r 58458 | r58372 | p58790 | 0.3 | +0.3 | -0.1 | +0.7 |
| 42. Total nonagricultural employment.... | . .do. | 65678 | 65534 | 65580 | 66029 | 0.4 | -0.2 | +0.1 | +0.7 |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total............ | Perce | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.2 | -2.0 | 0.0 | +3.8 |
| 40. Unemployment rate, married males.... | ..do......... | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 6.0 | -11.5 | +3.4 | +10.7 |
| 45. Avg. weekly insured unemploy, State. | do | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 4.8 | +2.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 46. Help-wanted advertising.............. | 1957-59=100.. | 123 | 126 | 127 | pl35 | 3.1 | +2.4 | +0.8 | +6.3 |
| 47. Industrial production................ | ..do.......... | 133.8 | 134.0 | 131.7 | p134.9 | 1.1 | +0.1 | -1.7 | +2.4 |
| 50. GNP in 1954 dollars ${ }^{4}$.................. | Ann. rate, bil. dol.... | 519.6 |  |  |  | 1.3 |  |  |  |
| 49. GNP in current dollars ${ }^{4}$............. | ..do. | 628.4 |  |  |  | 1.5 |  |  |  |
| 57. Final sales ${ }^{4}$.. | . .do. | 625.7 |  |  |  | 1.3 |  |  |  |
| 51. Bank debits outside NYC. | ..do.......... | r2372.6 | 2424.8 | r2454.0 | p2470.2 | 1.5 | +2.2 | +1.2 | +0.7 |
| 52. Personal income........................ | . .do. | 494.9 | 497.9 | r498.7 | p502.0 | 0.5 | +0.6 | +0.2 | +0.7 |
| 53. Labor income in mining, mfg., constr.. | . .do. . . . . . . . | 127.9 | 129.2 | r127.7 | pl30.2 | 0.8 | +1.0 | -1.2 | $+2.0$ |
| 54. Sales of retail stores............... | Mil. dol..... | 22266 | r22254 | r21362 | p21265 | 0.8 | -0.1 | -4.0 | -0.5 |
| 55. Wholesale prices, except farm products and foods............................ | 1957-59=100.. | 101.2 | 101.2 | 101.4 | p101.6 | 0.2 | $\bigcirc 0.0$ | +0.2 | +0.2 |

Table 1.--BASIC DATA AND CURRENT CHANGES FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 4 MOST RECENT MONTHS..-Continued

| Series descriptions <br> (See complete titles and sources on back cover) | Basic data ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | Percent change ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of measure | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug . } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | Sept. 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1964$ | Avg. change, 1953 $1963^{3}$ 1963 | Aug. to Sept. 1964 | Sept. to Oct. 1964 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Nov. } \\ 1964 \end{gathered}$ |
| NBER LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61. Business expenditures, new plant and equipment ${ }^{4}$ | Ann. rate, bil. dol.... | 45.65 |  |  | a 46.70 | 3.2 |  |  | +2.3 |
| 62. Labor cost per unit of output, mfg.. 68. Labor cost per dollar of real cor- | 1957-59=100.. | 97.5 | r98.4 | r98.7 | p98.2 | 0.6 | +0.9 | +0.3 | -0.5 |
| porate GNP ${ }^{4}$........................ | . .do.......... | r105.2 |  |  |  | 0.9 |  |  |  |
| 64. Book value of mfrs.' inventories.... | Bil. dol..... | 60.8 | r61.0 | p61.6 | (NA) | 0.5 | +0.3 | +1.0 | (NA) |
| 65. Book value of mfrs.' inventories of finished goods. | ..do.......... | 21.6 | 21.6 | p21.8 | (NA) | 0.8 | 0.0 | +0.9 | (NA) |
| 66. Consumer installment debt........... | Mil. dol..... | 56508 | 57021 | 57431 | (NA) | 0.8 | +0.9 | +0.7 | (NA) |
| 67. Bank rates on short-term business loans* ${ }^{4}$ | Percent...... | 4.98 |  |  |  | 2.3 |  |  |  |
| OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 82. Federal cash payments to public..... | Ann. rate, bil. dol.... | 117.1 | 124.1 | 119.3 | 108.2 | 5.7 | +6.0 | -3.9 | -9.3 |
| 83. Federal cash receipts from public... | .do. | 110.0 | 114.1 | 113.1 | 114.3 | 5.4 | +3.7 | -0.9 | +1.1 |
| 84. Federal cash surplus or deficit ${ }^{5}$.... | . .do. | -7.1 | -10.0 | -6.2 | +6.1 | 5.6 | -2.9 | +3.8 | +12.3 |
| 95. Balance, Federal income and product account ${ }^{4} 5$.................................. | ..do......... | -5.2 |  |  |  | 2.5 |  |  |  |
| 90. Defense Dept. oblig., procurement... | Mil. dol. | 716 | 1165 | 908 | (NA) | 26.9 | +62.7 | -22.1 | (NA) |
| 91. Defense Dept. obligations, total.... | . .do. | 4147 | 4472 | 3853 | (NA) | 15.1 | +7.8 | -13.8 | (NA) |
| 92. Military contract awards in U.S..... | ..do | 1915 | 2291 | 1879 | (NA) | 26.2 | +19.6 | -18.0 | (NA) |
| 99. New orders, defense products. | Bil. dol..... | 1.86 | r1.98 | r2.38 | pl. 85 | 23.0 | +6.5 | +20.2 | -22.3 |
| 93. Free reserves*5........ | Mil. dol..... | +79 | +90 | +103 | p-34 | 104.2 | +11 | +13 | -137 |
| 85. Change in money supply ${ }^{5}$. | Ann. rate, percent..... | r+3.84 | $\mathrm{r}+6.12$ | r44.56 | p+3.84 | 2.78 | +2.28 | -1.56 | -0.72 |
| 98. Change in money supply and time deposits ${ }^{5}$. | ..do.......... | r+7.44 | r+8.16 | r+8.64 | $p+10.68$ | 2.52 | +0.72 | +0.48 | +2.04 |
| .10. Total private borrowing ${ }^{4}$............ | Ann. rate, bil. dol.... | 55324 |  |  |  | 11.6 |  |  |  |
| 11. Corporate gross savings ${ }^{4}$ | ..do. | 44676 |  |  |  | 4.3 |  |  |  |
| .12. Change, business loans ${ }^{5}$.............. | .do | +4.75 | +5.24 | +1.91 | +1.26 | 1.22 | +0.49 | -3.33 | -0.65 |
| 13. Change, consumer installment debt ${ }^{5}$.. | ..do.......... | +5.22 | +6.16 | $+4.92$ | (NA) | 0.85 | +0.94 | -1.24 | (NA) |
| .14. Treasury bill rate*. | Perce | 3.51 | 3.53 | 3.58 | 3.62 | 7.3 | +0.6 | +1.4 | +1.1 |
| 15. Treasury bond yields* | do | 4.14 | 4.16 | 4.16 | 4.12 | 1.8 | +0.5 | 0.0 | -1.0 |
| 16. Corporate bond yields*. | . .do | 4.43 | 4.49 | 4.49 | 4.47 | 1.7 | +1.4 | 0.0 | -0.4 |
| 17. Municipal bond yields*. | do | 3.19 | 3.23 | 3.25 | 3.18 | 2.6 | +1.3 | +0.6 | -2.2 |
| 18. Mortgage yields*. | . .do. . . . . . . | 5.46 | 5.46 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 0.58 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.0 |
| 86. Exports, excluding military aid..... | Mil. dol..... | 2084.9 | 2271.2 | 2134.3 | (NA) | 4.6 | +8.9 | -6.0 | (NA) |
| 87. General imports..... | . .do. | 1592.2 | 1557.5 | 1550.7 | (NA) | 3.6 | -2.2 | -0.4 | (NA) |
| 88. Merchandise trade balance ${ }^{5}$. | . .do | +492.7 | +713.7 | +583.6 | (NA) | 59.0 | +221.0 | -130.1 | (NA) |
| 89. U.S. balance of payments ${ }^{4}$ | . .do. | r-562 |  |  |  | 286 |  |  |  |
| 81. Consumer prices....................... | 1957-59=100.. | 108.2 | 108.2 | 108.3 | (NA) | 0.2 | 0.0 | +0.1 | (NA) |
| 94. Construction contracts, value....... | ..do.. | 121 | 131 | 136 | (NA) | 7.0 | +8.3 | +3.8 | (NA) |
| 96. Unfilled orders, dur. goods indus... | Bil. dol. | 51.37 | r52.14 | r53.14 | p53.37 | 1.5 | +1.5 | +1.9 | +0.4 |
| 97. Backlog of capital appro. mfg. ${ }^{6} . . .$. | do. |  | p14.95 |  |  | 6.6 | +13.8 |  |  |

[^0]


## CHART 1 BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT-Con.

ABER Leading Indicators-Con.


[^1]


[^2]


See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.



D Other U.S. Series with Business Cycle Significance


## CHART 1 BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT-Con.

D Other U.S. Series with Business Cycle Significance--Con.


## CHART 1 BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT-Con. <br> D Other U.S. Series with Business Cycle Significance--Con.


e "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.

## CHART 1 BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT-Con. <br> $D$ Other U.S. Series with Business Cycle Significance--Con.



CHART 1 BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT-Con.
E International Comparisons of Industrial Production


Table 2mBASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk（＊）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by（L）and current highs，by $⿴ 囗 木$ ；the reverse is true for inverse series（series 3，4，5，14，15，40，43，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and dc not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．


[^3]${ }^{3}$ Beginning with April 1962，the 1960 Census is used as the benchmark for computing this series．Prior to April 1962 the 1950 Census is used as the benchmark．
${ }_{5}{ }^{4}$ Data exclude Puerto Rico which is included in figures published by source agency．
${ }^{5}$（L）$=$ November 1960.
${ }^{6}$ See＂New Features and Changes for This Issue，＂page ii．
${ }^{7}$ Week ended December 12.

Table 2．－BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT－Continued
jeries are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk（＊）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by $(\mathbb{L}$ and current highs，by $\mathbb{H}$ ；the reverse is true for inverse series（series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$ ，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．

| Year and month | N3ER Leading Indicators－－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 9．Construc－ tion contracts， commercial and industrial buildings | 10．Contracts and orders， plant and equipment | 11．Newly ap－ proved capital appropriations， 1000 manurac－ turing corpo－ rations ${ }^{1}$ | 7．New private nonfarm dwel－ ling units started $^{2}$ | 29．New pri－ vate housing units author－ ized by local building per－ mits ${ }^{2}$ | 12．Net change in business population， operating businesses | 13．New busi－ ness incorpo－ rations |
| 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. sq. ft. } \\ & \text { floor space) } \end{aligned}$ | （Bil．dol．） | （Bil．dol．） | （Ann．rate， thous．） | （1957－59＝100） | （Thous．） | （Number） |
| ＇anuary．．．．．．．． | 36.21 | 3.51 | －•• | 1，216 | 89.5 |  | （L）13，607 |
| ＇ebruary．．．．．．． | 36.49 | 3.39 | 2.26 | 1，199 | 88.2 | （L）+6 | 14，570 |
| larch．．．．．．．．．． | 37.49 | （L） 3.20 | ．．． | 1，305 | 91.3 | ．．． | 14，658 |
| pril．．．．．．．．．． | 35.62 | 3.28 | ．．． | 1，133 | 91.4 | ． | 15，327 |
| lay．．．．．．．．．．．．． | （D） 35.16 | 3.27 | 2.46 | 1，215 | 93.2 | ＋10 | 15，298 |
| une．．．．．．．．．．．． | 36.73 | 3.39 | ．．． | 1，340 | 98.7 | ．．． | 15，431 |
| uly．．．．．．．．．．．． | 36.57 | 3.57 | ．．． | 1，305 | 98.9 | $\cdots$ | 15，492 |
| ugust．．．．．．．．．． | 39.32 | 3.66 | 2.85 | 1，252 | 101.9 | ＋9 | 15，277 |
| eptember．．．．．． | 38.73 | 3.40 | ．．． | 1，453 | 100.2 | ．．． | 15，402 |
| ctober．．．．．．． | 33.88 | 3.48 | $\cdots$ | 1，381 | 104.2 | $\cdots$ | 16，035 |
| lovember．．．．．．． | 41.61 | 3.66 | 2.62 | 1，319 | 101.8 | ＋11 | 16，149 |
| ecember．．．．．．． | 41.69 | 3.50 | ．．． | 1，324 | 99.0 | ．．． | 15，881 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anuary．．．．．．．． | 38.70 | 3.71 | $\cdots$ | 1，392 | 103.8 | … | 15，599 |
| ebruary．．．．．．． | 42.75 | 3.98 | 2.86 | 1，253 | 109.1 | ＋11 | 15，758 |
| arch．．．．．．．．．． | 45.90 | 3.71 | ．．． | 1，460 | 104.0 | ．．． | 15，670 |
| pril．．．．．．．．．． | 42.72 | 3.96 | ．．． | 1，489 | 111.9 | $\ldots$ | 15，372 |
| ay．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 44.64 | 3.76 | 2.56 | 1，501 | 103.8 | ＋12 | 15，245 |
| une．．．．．．．．．．． | 41.16 | 3.66 | ．．． | 1，366 | 106.1 | ．．． | 14，947 |
| uly．．．．．．．．．．． | 40.56 | 3.72 |  | 1，423 | 108.7 | － | 15，171 |
| ugust．．．．．．．．． | 42.69 | 3.61 | 3.04 | 1，459 | 107.1 | ＋11 | 15，056 |
| eptember．．．．．． | 40.96 | 3.56 | ．．． | 1，328 | 109.1 | ．．． | 15，249 |
| ctober．．．．．．．． | 41.08 | 3.66 |  | 1，491 | 107.2 | $\cdots$ | 14，892 |
| ovember．．．．．．． | 42.20 | 3.82 | 3.25 | 1，564 | 113.0 | ＋11 | 14，951 |
| ecember．．．．．．． | 41.89 | 3.99 | ．．． | 1，541 | 112.0 | ．．． | 14，985 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anuary．．．．．．．． | 44.61 | 3.84 |  | 1，287 | 111.8 |  | 14，924 |
| ebruary．．．．．．． | 45.11 | 3.82 | 2.68 | 1，418 | 108.2 | ＋11 | 15，390 |
| arch．．．．．．．．．． | 39.42 | 3.75 | ．．． | 1，551 | 112.9 | 1 | 15，563 |
| pril．．．．．．．．．． | 40.23 | 3.98 | ． | 1，656 | 113.6 | $\cdots$ | 15，305 |
| 日y．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 47.00 | 4.28 | 3.35 | 1，651 | 120.0 | ＋11 | 15，682 |
| une．．．．．．．．．．． | 51.39 | 3.96 | ．．． | 1，558 | 119.3 | $\cdots$ | 15，536 |
| uly．．．．．．．．．．． | 45.78 | 3.94 |  | 1，584 | 116.5 | $\ldots$ | 15，431 |
| ugust．．．．．．．．．． | 44.93 43.88 | 3.91 | 4.07 | 1，454 | 113.5 | ＋13 | 16，093 |
| eptember．．．．．．． | 43.88 50.81 | 4.08 | $\cdots$ | 1，712 | 121.0 | ．．． | 15，689 |
| ctober．．．．．．．．． | 50.81 43.14 | 4.17 4.32 | 3.93 | ［田1，824 | 123.6 | ＋12 | 16，275 |
| ecember．．．．．．． | 44.15 | 田4．68 | 3.93 .. | 1,544 1,524 | 119.9 123.7 | ＋12 | 15,759 15,867 |
| 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anuary．．．．．．．． | 51.64 | 4.37 | $\ldots$ | 1，688 | 117.6 |  | 16，193 |
| ebruary．．．．．．． | 52.47 | 4.12 | 4.01 | 1，613 | 田 123.9 | ＋16 | 16，086 |
| arch．．．．．．．．．．． | 48.17 | 4.10 | ．． | 1，638 | 121.5 | ．．． | 16，064 |
| pril．．．．．．．．．． | 田54．84 | 4.37 | －•• | 1，501 | 112.9 | ．． | 16，242 |
| 2y．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 46.22 | 4.63 | r4．88 | 1，507 | 112.1 | 田＋17 | 15，932 |
| nne．．．．．．．．．．． | 48.22 | 4.63 | ．．． | 1，585 | 115.2 |  | 15，797 |
| nly．．．．．．．．．．．． | 53.55 | 4.50 | －${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1，483 | 109.6 |  | 15，852 |
| 1gust．．．．．．．．． | 46.30 | 4.51 | ［1］rer 5.41 | 1，408 | 113.0 | $+16$ | 16，074 |
| eptember．．．．．． stober．．．．．． | 50.40 54.80 | r4． 53 p 4.57 |  | r1，433 | 107.8 |  | ［⿴囗十⿴囗十丁口16，715 |
| 3tober．．．．．．．． | 54.80 （NA） | P4．57 |  | rl， 567 | r107．6 pl10．9 |  | 16,559 （NA） |
| zcember．．．．．．．． | （NA） | （Na） |  | p1，391 | p110．9 |  | （NA） |

$1(\mathrm{D})=3$ rd quarter 1960．$\quad 2(\mathrm{~L})=$ December 1960.

Table 2．－BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT－Continued
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicatec
 true for inverse series（series 3，4，5，14，15，40，43，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and dc not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．

| Year and month | NBER Leading Indicators－－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 14．Current liabilities of business failures ${ }^{1}$ | 15．Business failures with liabil－ ities of \＄100，000 and over ${ }^{2}$ | 16．Corpo－ rate profits after taxes | 17．Ratio， price to unit labor cost index， manufactur－ ing | 18．Profits （before tax－ es）per dol． sales，all mfg．corpo－ rations | 22．Ratio， profits to income orig－ inating， corporate， all indus． | 19．Stock prices， 500 common stocks＊${ }^{2}$ | 21．Change i business in－ ventories af ter valuatio adjustment， all indus． |
| 1961 | （Mil．dol．） | （Number per week） | （Ann．rate， bil．dol． | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | （Cents） | （Percent） | （1941－43－10） | $\begin{gathered} (\text { Ann. rate, } \\ \text { bil. dol.) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Januery． | 77.79 | 38 |  | 99.3 |  |  | 59.72 |  |
| February．． | 83.73 | 41 | （L）19．5 | （L）98．8 | （1）6．6 | （1）7．9 | 62.17 | （ㄴ）-3.9 |
| March．．．．．． | 116.17 | 39 |  | 98.9 | ．．． |  | 64.12 | ．．． |
| April．．．．．．． | 76.88 | 39 |  | 100.4 |  |  | 65.83 | $\ldots$ |
| May．．．．．．．． | 82.96 | 42 | 21.8 | 100.3 | 7.6 | 8.6 | 66.50 | ＋2．1 |
| June．．．．．．．．． | 86.69 | 40 |  | 101.0 | ．．． |  | 65.62 | ．．． |
| July．．．． | 80.15 | 43 |  | 101.4 | $\because$ |  | 65.44 | $\cdots$ |
| August．．．．．． | 94.47 | 36 | 22.0 | 102.0 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 67.79 | ＋3．7 |
| September．．． | 126.12 | 39 |  | 101.6 | ．．． |  | 67.26 | ．．． |
| October．．．．． | 72.28 | 42 |  | 101.5 | ． 6 |  | 68.00 | ＊${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| November．． | 119.93 | 39 | 24.5 | 101.7 | 8.6 | 9.3 | 71.08 | $+5.6$ |
| December．．．． | 71.81 | 38 | ．．． | 102.3 | ．．． | ．．． | 71.74 | ．．． |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．．． | 101.53 | 37 | $\cdots$ | 101.3 |  |  | 69.07 |  |
| February．．．． | 86.03 | 围32 | 24.5 | 101.7 | 8.2 | 9.2 | 70.22 | ［ -6.9 |
| March．．．．．．． | 77.40 | 36 | ．．． | 101.8 | ．．． | ．．． | 70.29 | ．．． |
| April．．．．． | 107.15 | 38 | $\ldots$ | 100.9 | － | $\cdots$ | 68.05 | $\cdots$ |
| May．．．．．．．．．． | 89.80 | 38 | 24.9 | 101.1 | 8.1 | 9.1 | 62.99 | ＋6．1 |
| June．．．．．．．． | 93.15 | 47 | ．．． | 100.4 | ．．． | ．．． | 55.63 | ．．． |
| July．．．．．． | 107.98 | 38 | $\cdots$ | 100.7 | Bi |  | 56.97 | \％ |
| August．．． | 121.85 | 45 | 25.0 | 100.7 | 8.1 | 9.1 | 58.52 | ＋5．1 |
| September．． | 106.02 | 40 | ．．． | 101.9 | －•• | ．．． | 58.00 | ．．． |
| October．． | 129.87 | 46 | ． | 100.7 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 56.17 | ． |
| November．．．． | 96.62 | 42 | 25.7 | 101.1 | 8.3 | 9.1 | 60.04 | ＋5．4 |
| December．．．． | 99.61 | 37 | ．．． | 100.5 | －•• | ．．． | 62.64 | －•• |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．． | 146.46 | 49 |  | 100.6 |  |  | 65.06 |  |
| February．．．． | 93.05 | 43 | 25.5 | 100.8 | 7.9 | 9.1 | 65.92 | ＋3．6 |
| March．．．． | 94.12 | 42 | ．．． | 101.3 | ．．． | ．．． | 65.67 | ．．． |
| April．．．．．．． | 88.15 | 40 | $\cdots$ | 101.3 | － 0 | $\cdots$ | 68.76 | $\because 0$ |
| May．．．．．．．．． | 115.05 | 51 | 26.6 | 101.8 | 8.5 | 9.4 | 70.14 | ＋3．6 |
| June．．．．．．．． | 91.07 | 38 | $\cdots$ | 102.7 | ．．． | ．．． | 70.11 | $\cdots$ |
| July．．．．．． | 144.50 $⿴ 囗 十 ⿴ 囗 十$ | 39 |  | 102.3 |  |  | 69.07 70.98 |  |
| August．．．．．． | 田52．86 | 42 | 26.7 | 101.5 | 8.5 | 9.3 | 70.98 72.85 | ＋4．2 |
| September．．． | 94.52 | 43 | ．．． | 101.9 | ．．． | ．．． | 72.85 | $\cdots$ |
| October．．．．． | 99.92 | 42 | 283 | 102.0 |  |  | 73.03 72.62 |  |
| November．．．． | 255.72 | 38 39 | 28.3 | 101.9 | 8.8 | 9.8 | 72.62 | ＋6．4 |
| December．．．． | 87.17 | 39 | － | 102.4 | ．．． | －•• | 74.17 | ．．． |
| 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．． | 87.70 | 41 |  | 103.2 |  |  | 76.45 | $\cdots$ |
| February．．．． | 121.87 | 42 | 31.2 | 103.3 | －19．1 | 10.4 | 77.39 | ＋2．5 |
| March．．．．．．． | 107.25 | 37 | ．．． | 102.7 | ．．． |  | 78.80 | ．．． |
| April．．．．．．． | 98.50 | 46 | ．．． | W103．8 | ．$\cdot$ |  | 79.94 | $\cdots$ |
| May．．．．．．．．．． | 90.44 | 39 | 31.9 | 103.7 | 8.9 | ［H10．5 | 80.72 | ＋3．7 |
| June．．．．．．．．． | 153.07 | 38 | ．．． | 102.9 | ．．． |  | 80.24 |  |
| July．．．．．．．．． | 151.92 | 43 | － | 103.5 | ．$\cdot$ | $\ldots$ | 83.22 | $\ldots$ |
| August．．．．．． | 76.20 | 40 | ［田32．0 | 103.6 | 8.9 | 10.4 | 82.00 | ＋2．8 |
| September．．． | 125.89 | 42 |  | r103．3 |  |  | 83.41 |  |
| October．．．．． | 101.92 | 42 |  | r102．7 |  |  | 84.85 |  |
| November．．． | 116.30 | 42 |  | pl03．3 |  |  | $\square \mathrm{H} 85.44$ |  |
| December．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 83.91$ |  |

[^4]${ }^{3}$ Average for December 16，17，and 18.

Table 2..-BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT-Continued
əries are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk (*). Low values preceding current highs are indicated by (L) and current highs, by ( $H$; the reverse is true for inverse series (series 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 40, 43, and 45). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are show on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.


[^5]Table 2.-BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT--Continued
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicater by an asterisk (*). Low values preceding current highs are indicated by (L) and current highs, by (H) the reverse i: true for inverse series (series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$, and 45). Series numbers are for identification only and di not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicatei revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

| Year and month | NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 41. Employees in nonagricultural establishments | 42. Total nonagricultural employment, labor force survey ${ }^{1} 2$ | 43. Unemployment rate, total ${ }^{1}$ | 40. Unemployment rate, married males ${ }^{1}$ | 45. Avg. weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs ${ }^{3}$ | 46. Helpwanted advertising in newspapers | 47. Industrial production | 50. Gross national product in 1954 dollars |
| 1961 | (Thous.) <br> Revised ${ }^{4}$ | (Thous.) | (Percent) | (Percent) | (Percent) | $(1957-59=100)$ | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) |
| January... | 53,533 | 61,034 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 6.2 | 88 | 103.6 |  |
| February. . . | (L) 53,380 | 60,897 | 6.9 | 4.8 | 6.3 | (L) 88 | (1) 103.6 | (L) 434.2 |
| March....... | 53,483 | 61,229 | 6.9 | 4.7 | (L) 6.3 | 90 | 104.0 | ... |
| April...... | 53,496 | 61,154 | 7.0 | 4.9 | 5.9 | 89 | 106.7 |  |
| May. . . . . . . | 53,678 | 61,134 | (1)7.1 | (L) 5.0 | 5.6 | 91 | 108.7 | 444.4 |
| June... | 53,929 | 61,622 | 6.9 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 93 | 110.5 | ... |
| July....... | 54,061 | 61,259 | 6.9 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 94 | 111.5 |  |
| August...... | 54,206 | 61,274 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 98 | 112.9 | 450.6 |
| September. | 54,220 | 61,299 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 5.1 | 98 | 111.6 |  |
| October... | 54,330 | 61,463 | 6.6 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 107 | 113.4 |  |
| November. . | 54,597 | 61,896 | 6.2 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 110 | 114.9 | 462.5 |
| December.. | 54,723 | 61,747 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 110 | 115.8 | ... |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January... | 54,695 | 61,899 | 5.8 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 114 | 115.0 |  |
| February... | 55,003 | 62,179 | 5.5 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 115 | 116.4 | 469.1 |
| March. . . . | 55,162 | 62,253 | 5.5 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 115 | 117.5 | ... |
| April.... | 55,411 | 62,247 | 5.6 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 112 | 118.0 | $\cdots$ |
| May..... | 55,502 | 62,663 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 114 | 118.2 | 475.1 |
| June.... | 55,565 | 62,752 | 5.5 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 109 | 118.1 | ... |
| July....... | 55,657 | 62,620 | 5.4 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 110 | 119.0 |  |
| August.... | 55,673 | 63,021 | 5.7 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 108 | 119.0 | 478.3 |
| September. | 55,767 | 63,039 | 5.6 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 107 | 119.7 | ... |
| October.. | 55,802 | 63,007 | 5.4 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 107 | 119.1 | $\cdots$ |
| November. . | 55,874 | 62,870 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 4.6 | 107 | 119.8 | 483.0 |
| December.. | 55,881 | 63,240 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 4.7 | e107 | 119.4 | ... |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.... | 55,900 | 63,090 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 4.8 | el07 | 119.8 | . |
| February. | 56,044 | 63,227 | 5.9 | 3.7 | 4.6 | el09. | 120.6 | 485.4 |
| March.... | 56,187 | 63,478 | 5.7 | 3.5 | 4.4 | el08 | 121.9 | ... |
| April.... | 56,368 | 63,770 | 5.7 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 109 | 122.7 | . $\cdot$ |
| May. ....... | 56,511 | 63,690 | 5.9 | 3.3 | 4.2 | 105 | 124.4 | 487.9 |
| June....... | 56,601 | 63,843 | 5.7 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 104 | 125.6 | . . |
| July....... | 56,763 | 64,092 | 5.6 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 109 | 125.6 | $\cdots$ |
| August..... | 56,768 | 64,069 | 5.5 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 105 | 125.4 | 494.8 |
| September. | 56,868 | 64,167 | 5.5 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 107 | 125.7 | ... |
| October... | 57,070 | 64,128 | 5.6 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 111 | 126.1 |  |
| November. . . | 57,101 | 64,319 | 5.9 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 112 | 126.1 | 502.0 |
| December. | 57,291 | 64,315 | 5.5 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 118 | 127.0 | ... |
| 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January... | 57,334 | 64,631 | 5.6 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 116 | 127.7 |  |
| February... | 57,684 | 65,035 | 5.4 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 117 | 128.2 | 508.0 |
| March. . . . . . | 57,754 | 65,207 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 118 | 129.0 | ... |
| April....... | 57,827 | 65,811 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 120 | 130.5 | . |
| May........ | 57,931 | 65,889 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 118 | 131.3 | 513.5 |
| June....... . | 58,104 | 65,549 | 5.3 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 121 | 131.6 |  |
| July. . . . . . | 58,256 | 65,706 | 田4.9 | 2.7 | 3.6 | 124 | 132.9 |  |
| August..... | 58,301 | 65,678 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 123 | 133.8 | [ H19.6 $^{\text {c }}$ |
| September. . | 58,458 | 65,534 | 5.2 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 126 | 134.0 |  |
| October.... | 58,372 | 65,580 | 5.2 | 2.8 | -3.4 | 127 | 131.7 |  |
| November. . . | [ ${ }^{\text {H }} 588,790$ | [466,029 | 5.0 | [12.5 | $\stackrel{H}{5}_{5}^{5} 3.4$ |  | [HP134.9 |  |
| December... |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{5} 3.4$ |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Beginning with April 1962, the 1960 Census is used as the benchmark for computing this series. Prior to April 1962, the 1950 Census is used as the benchmark.

2 (L) $=$ December 1960.
${ }^{3}$ Data exclude Puerto Rico which is included in figures published by source agency.
${ }_{5}^{4}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page ii.
${ }^{5}$ Week ended December 5.

Table 2.-BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT-Continued
eries are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movernent. Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk (*). Low values preceding current highs are indicated by (L) and current highs, by $\boldsymbol{H}$; the reverse is true for inverse series (series 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 40, 43, and 45). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The " $r$ " indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.


[^6]Table 2.-BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT-Continued
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicat by an asterisk (*). Low values preceding current highs are indicated by ( $(\mathbb{L}$ and current highs, by $[\boxed{\sim}$; the reverse $j$ true for inverse series (series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$, and 45). Series numbers are for identification only and not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicate revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ Anticipated figures for the lst and 2nd quarters, 1965 , are 47.90 and 48.70 , respectively.

Table 2．－BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT－Continued
ieries are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk（＊）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by（L）and current highs，by $⿴ 囗 十 ⺝$ ；the reverse is true for inverse series（series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$ ，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．

| Year and month | Other U．S．series with business cycle significance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 82．Federal cash payments to public | 83．Federal cash re－ ceipts from public | 84．Federal cash surplus （ + ），or deficit（－） | 95．Surplus （＋），or deficit（－）， Fed．income and product account | 90．Defense Department obligations， procurement | 91．Defense Department obligations， total | 92．Military prime con－ tract awards to U．S．bus－ iness firms | 99．New orders， defense products |
| 1961 | （Ann．rate， bil．dol．） | $\begin{gathered} \text { (Ann. rate, } \\ \text { bil. dol.) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (Ann. rate, } \\ \text { bil. dol.) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (Ann. rate, } \\ \text { bil. dol.) } \end{gathered}$ | （Mil．dol．） | （Mil．dol．） | （Mil．dol．） | （Bil．dol．） |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anuary．．．． | 95.5 | 94.2 | －1．3 |  | 1，277 | 3，641 | 1，944 | 1.45 |
| ＇ebruary．．． | 95.4 | 94.1 | －1．3 | －6．0 | 1，555 | 4，065 | 2，153 | 2.00 |
| larch．．．．． | 107.4 | 92.6 | －14．8 | ．．． | 1，230 | 3，537 | 1，757 | 1.48 |
| pril．．．．．． | 100.6 | 97.0 | －3．6 | $\cdots$ | 1，047 | 3，381 | 1，910 | 1.85 |
| lay．．．．．．．．． | 110.9 | 99.8 | －11．1 | －4．7 | 1，220 | 3，727 | 1，530 | 1.82 |
| une． | 106.5 | 97.7 | －8．8 | ．．． | 1，390 | 3，893 | 1，993 | 1.73 |
| uly．．．．．．．． | 97.7 | 91.2 | －6．5 | $\cdots$ | 1，181 | 3，784 | 2，087 | 2.11 |
| ugust．．．．．．． | 112.7 | 101.0 | －11．7 | －3．4 | 2，278 | 5，344 | 2，232 | 1.96 |
| eptember．．． | 104.1 | 99.2 | －4．9 | ．．． | 1，933 | 4，874 | 2，158 | 1.92 |
| ictober．．． | 109.8 | 99.5 | －10．3 | ． | 1，354 | 4，296 | 2，651 | 1.97 |
| fovember． | 106.5104.3 | 101.3 | －5．2 | －2．6 | 1，286 | 4，121 | 2，379 | 1.86 |
| ecember．．． |  | 101.7 | －2．6 | ．．． | 1，773 | 4，653 | 2，281 | 1.82 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anuary．．．． | 115.1 | 101.7 | －13．4 | $\ldots$ | 1，718 | 4，434 | 3，073 | 1.99 |
| ebruary．．． | 108.8 | 101.3 | －7．5 | －4．4 | 1，319 | 4，181 | 2，135 | 2.05 |
| larch．．．．．．． | 107.4 | 98.1 | －9．3 | ．．． | 1，435 | 4，230 | 2，225 | 2.11 |
| pril．．．．．． |  | 107.8 | －2．3 | 4． 6 | 1，885 | 4，486 | 2，062 | 2.24 |
| lay．．．． | $106.8$ | 109.9 | ＋3．1 | －4．6 | 1，142 | 4，059 | 1，887 | 2.24 |
| une．． | 108.9 | 104.4 | －4．5 | ．．． | 1，246 | 4，024 | 1，930 | 2.08 |
| uly．．．．．． | 116.3 | 111.2 | －5．1 | $\cdots$ | 1，731 | 4，864 | 2，017 | 2.07 |
| ugust．．．．． |  | 110.1 | －1．5 | －2．9 | 1，240 | 4，300 | 2，149 | 1.94 |
| ieptember． | 111.6 | 107.6 | －2．3 | ．．． | 1，044 | 3，928 | 2，111 | 1.88 |
| letober． | 109.9 118.6 | 107.8 | －10．8 | － 5 | 1，684 | 4，553 | 2，983 | 2.09 |
| ovember．．． | 114.7115.2 | 109.0 | －5．7 | －4．5 | 1，818 | 4，952 | 2，734 | 1.70 |
| ＇ecember．．． |  | 109.0 | －6．2 | ．．． | 1，158 | 3，974 | 1，984 | 2.53 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anuary．． | 115.3 | 108.6 | －6．7 |  | 1，565 | 4，642 | 2，343 | 2.89 |
| ＇ebruary．．． | 115.3 | 110.6 | ＋1．4 | －4．8 | 1，325 | 4，253． | 2，571 | 2.09 |
| larch．．．． | 114.5 | 108.9 | －5．6 | ．．． | 1，258 | 3，905 | 2，168 | 2.42 |
| pril．．．．．．． | 117.2 | 110.2 | －7．0 | ．$\cdot$ | 1，304 | 4，108 | 1，973 | 1.97 |
| lay．．．．．．． | 115.8 | 112.2 | －3．6 | －1．0 | 1，530 | 4，601 | 2，250 | 2.40 |
| une． | 110.2 | 111.9 | ＋1．7 | ．．． | 1，298 | 4，378 | 2，125 | 1.90 |
| uly．．． | $\begin{aligned} & 125.7 \\ & 118.0 \end{aligned}$ | 114.9 | －10．8 | $\cdots$ | 1，255 | 4，834 | 2，506 | 2.40 |
| ．ugust．．．．．． |  | 114.7 | －3．3 | －0．7 | 1，512 | 4，497 | 2，704 | 2.36 |
| ，eptember．．． | 121.9 | 113.1 | －8．8 | ．．． | 1，221 | 4，215 | 2，688 | 2.47 |
| Ictober．．．． | 121.9 122.3 | 115.1 | －7．2 |  | 2，038 | 5，176 | 2，224 | 1.92 |
| lovember． | 114.2122.7 | 113.3 | －0．9 | ＋0．6 | 1，125 | 4，138 | 1，566 | 1.97 |
| recember． |  | 118.5 | －4．2 | $\cdots$ | 1，182 | 4，090 | 2，041 | 1.48 |
| 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anuary．．．．． | 129.6 | 114.8 | －14．8 | ．$\cdot$ | 1，071 | 4，370 | 2，337 | 2.67 |
| ＇ebruary．．．． | 117.2 | 123.4 | ＋6．2 | －2．4 | 2，067 | 5，484 | 2，854 | 2.40 |
| larch．．．．．．． | 120.3 | 115.3 | －5．0 | ．．． | 1，030 | 3，731 | 1，603 | 2.18 |
| pril．．．．．．． | 123.2 | 126.6 | ＋3．4 |  | 1，516 | 4，592 | 2，529 | 2.37 |
| lay．．．．．．．．． | 110.3 | 105.1 | －5．2 | －7．8 | 2，192 | 4，941 | 2，465 | 2.48 |
| une．．．．．．．． | r122．5 | rl15．2 | r－7．3 | ．．． | 1，030 | 4，239 | 1，663 | 2.34 |
| uly．．．．．．． | 126.9 | 116.4 | －10．5 |  | 1，691 | 5，274 | 3，016 | 3.29 |
| ．ugust．．．．．． | 117.1 | 110.0 | －7．1 | －5．2 | 716 | 4，147 | 1，915 | 1.86 |
| eptember．． | 124.1119.3 | 114.1 | －10．0 |  | 1，165 | 4，472 | 2，291 | r1．98 |
| ictober．．．．． |  | 113.1 | －6．2 |  | 908 | 3，853 | 1，879 | r 2.38 |
| ovember．．．． | 108.2 | 114.3 | ＋6．1 |  | （NA） | （NA） | （NA） | pl． 85 |

Toble 2. - BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT-Continued
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicatec by an asterisk (*). Low values preceding current highs are indicated by (L) and current highs, by [ $\mathbb{H}$; the reverse is true for inverse series (series 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 40, 43, and 45). Series numbers are for identification only and dc not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

${ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page ii.

Table 2．．－BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT－Continued
jeries are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk（＊）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by（L）and current highs，by $⿴ 囗 十$ ；the reverse is true for inverse series（series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$ ，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．


Table 2．－BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT－Continued
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicater by an asterisk（＊）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by（L）and current highs，by $⿴ 囗 十 \mathbb{H}$ ；the reverse $i$ ： true for inverse series（series 3，4，5，14，15，40，43，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and dr not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicate： revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．

${ }^{1}$ Includes $\$ 650$ million in special debt payments to the United States．

Table 2.-BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT-Continued
ieries are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk (*). Low values preceding current highs are indicated by (L) and current highs, by [ $\mathbb{H}$; the reverse is true for inverse series (series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$, and 45). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

${ }^{1}$ Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

Table 3.-.DISTRIBUTION OF HIGHS IN BUSINESS CYCLE INDICATORS DURING RECENT MONTHS COMPARED WITH PERIODS AROUND PREVIOUS BUSINESS CYCLE PEAKS

| Number of months before benchmark date that high was reached | Number of series that reached a high before benchmark dates-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Business cycle peak |  |  |  | 3d month before business cycle peak |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. <br> 1948 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1953 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1957 \end{aligned}$ | May <br> 1960 | Aug. <br> 1948 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1953 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1957 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 months or more. | 12 | 7 | 22 | 14 | 11 | 3 | 20 | $1:$ |
| 7 months . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 1 | -•• | 2 | 1 | 4 | . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| 6 months. | . | 3 | 1 | 1 |  | -• | 1 | . |
| 5 months..................................... | 4 | 1 | ... | 3 | - | 2 | 1 | ] |
| 4 months.................................... . | 1 | - | ... | 2 | 1 | 2 | $\cdots$ | ; |
| 3 months....................... . . . . . . . . . . | ... | 2 | ... | 1 | . $\cdot$ | 3 | 1 | ] |
| 2 months................................... . | . . | 2 | ... | ... | 4 | 1 | $\ldots$ | - |
| 1 month. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ... | - | ... | ... | 1 | $\cdots$ | - $\cdot$ | ; |
| Benchmark month............................ | . . | 3 | ... | ... | ... | 4 | ... | J |
| Number of series used...................... | ${ }^{1} 18$ | ${ }^{2} 19$ | 23 | 23 | ${ }^{1} 18$ | ${ }^{2} 19$ | 23 | 2 |
| Percent of series high on benchmark date. | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | $\checkmark$ |
|  | NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 months or more............................ | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | ... | 1 | 1 |
| 7 months................................... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... |
| 6 months................................... | ... | - | $\cdots$ | ... | . . . | -• | 1 | . |
| 5 months..................................... | - | 1 | 1 | - | -•• | 2 | ... | $\cdots$ |
| 4 months................................... | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | . . . | ... | 1 | 1 |
| 3 months. | 1 | $\cdots$ | -•• | 3 | $\cdots$ | - | - | ... |
| 2 months. | 2 | 2 | ... | . $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | 2 | . . ${ }^{\text {, }}$ |
| 1 month................................... | -•• | 3 | $\cdots$ | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| Benchmark month. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | $\epsilon$ |
| Number of series used...................... | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Percent of series high on benchmark date. | 9 | 27 | 45 | 27 | 36 | 36 | 27 | 55 |
| Number of months before benchmark date that high was. reached | 6th month before business cycle peak |  |  |  | Current expansion |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1948 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1953 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1957 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1959 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | Sept. <br> 1964 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1964 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1964 |
|  | NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 months or more........................... | 61$\ldots$42$\cdots$2211186 | 2121412332 | 17 <br> 1 1 1 <br> -•• <br> 1 1 <br> - 1 <br> 23 <br> 4 | 44424$\cdots$122239 | 9$\cdots$1$\cdots$21$\cdots$462326 | 71$\cdots$21$\cdots$2462326 | 8$\ldots$21$\cdots$2442 | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \cdots \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 7 months.................................... . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 months.................................. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 months.................................... . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 months.................................... . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 months.................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 months. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 month.................................... . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benchmark month........................... . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of series used............................ <br> Percent of series high on benchmark date. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |
|  | NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 months or more........................... | 1 | $\cdots$ | 1 | -•• | $\cdots$ | . . | . . | $\ldots$ |
| 7 months.................................... . | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| 6 months.................................. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 months.................................... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 42 | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1$\ldots$ |  |
| 4 months.................................. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 months................................... | $\ldots$ | . . | 2 | ... |  | ... | 1 | $\cdots$ 1 1 |
| 2 months................................... |  | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | 1 |  | $\ldots$ |
| 1 month. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 3 |  |  | $\cdots$ | 17 | 1 3 |  |
| Benchmark month............................. . | 5 | 6 | 3 | 3 | 7 |  | 3 5 | 9 |
| Number of series used...................... | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 82 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Percent of series high on benchmark date. | 45 | 55 | 27 | $27$ | $64$ | 64 | $45$ |  |

All quarterly series, 1 leading monthly series (series 15), and l roughly coincident series (series 40 ) are omitted from the distribution.
${ }_{5} 5$ series were not available.
${ }^{2} 2$ series were not available and 2 series were omitted because their peaks were reached during the Korean War and such peaks were disregarded in this distribution.


## CHART 2 DIFFUSION INDEXES: 1948 TO PRESENT.

See "How to Reod Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.

o are centered within intervals. Latest dato are as follows:

| Series number ond <br> date of survey | Latest interval shown |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Actual |  |
| D35, D36 (Oct. 1964) | Ard Q 1963-3rd Q 1964 | 1st Q 1964-1 1st Q 1965 |
| D48 (Sept. 1964) | 4th Q 1962- 4th Q 1963 | 4th Q 1963-4th Q 1964 |
| D61 (Nov. 1964) | 2nd Q 1964-3rd Q 1964 | 4th Q 1954-1 1st Q 1965 |

"How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," poge 5.

Table 4.-DIFFUSION INDEXES FOR 11 MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES: JANUARY $1 \% 1$ TO PRESENT
Percent of series components rising. Numbers are centered within intervals: l-month figures are placed on latest month; 6 -month figures are placed on the 4 th month and 9 -month figures are placed on the 6 th month of span; 4 -quarter figures are centered in the middle quarter; 3-quarter figures are placed on the lst month of the 3d quarter; l-quarter figures are placed in the lst month of the $2 d$ quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in indexes D19, which requires no adjustment, and D34, which is adjusted only for the index. Table 6 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.

| Year and month | NBER Leading indexes |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D1. Average workweek, manufacturing (21 industries) |  | D6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries ( 36 industries) |  | D11. Newly approved capital appropriations, NICB (17 industries) |  |
|  | 1-month <br> interval | 9-month <br> interval | 1-month interval | 9-month <br> interval | 1-quarter interval | 3-quarter <br> interval |
| 1961 | Revised ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | Revised ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | 92.9 | 45.2 | 33.3 | 59.7 | 53 | 59 |
| February. ...... | 61.9 | 85.7 | 48.6 | 56.9 | $\ldots$ | ... |
| March. ......... | 50.0 | 76.2 | 66.7 | 66.7 | $\cdots$ | ... |
| April.......... | 73.8 | 95.2 | 62.5 | 80.6 | 59 | 65 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . | 54.8 | 92.9 | 63.9 | 72.2 | $\ldots$ | 6 |
| June........... | 95.2 | 97.6 | 66.7 | 88.9 | ... | ... |
| Juiy............ | 61.9 | 95.2 | 36.1 | 81.9 | 76 | 71 |
| August......... | 64.3 | 90.5 | 63.9 | 83.3 | ... | $\ldots$ |
| September...... | 40.5 | 64.3 | 47.2 | 79.2 | $\cdots$ | . . |
| October......... | 92.9 | 92.9 | 55.6 | 86.1 | 47 | 65 |
| November. . . . . . | 71.4 | 92.9 | 61.1 | 76.4 | . . | .. |
| December....... | 23.8 | 100.0 | 58.3 | 80.6 | $\cdots$ | . |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. ....... | 21.4 | 85.7 | 63.9 | 77.8 | 65 | 41 |
| February....... | 61.9 | 83.3 | 52.8 | 63.9 | ... | ... |
| March........... | 85.7 | 50.0 | 36.1 | 63.9 | $\cdots$ | ... |
| April. ......... | 76.2 | 23.8 | 51.4 | 47.2 | 32 | 82 |
| May............. | 28.6 | 52.4 | 56.9 | 47.2 | $\ldots$ | ... |
| June........... | 31.0 | 54.8 | 37.5 | 45.8 | $\cdots$ | . |
| July............ | 38.1 | 42.9 | 56.9 | 36.1 | 82 | 53 |
| August. . . . . . . | 54.8 | 28.6 | 36.1 | 52.8 | ... | ... |
| September...... | 78.6 | 26.2 | 48.6 | 59.7 | ... | $\cdots$ |
| October......... | 9.5 | 23.8 | 68.1 | 56.9 | 59 | 71 |
| November. . . . . . | 64.3 | 40.5 | 50.0 | 70.8 |  | ... |
| December....... | 35.7 | 19.0 | 47.2 | 69.4 | - | ... |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January......... | 76.2 | 61.9 | 63.9 | 88.9 | 47 | $5:$ |
| February....... | 50.0 | 45.2 | 43.1 | 69.4 | ... | .. |
| March.......... | 61.9 | 83.3 | 54.2 | 66.7 | $\cdots$ | - |
| April........... | 14.3 | 69.0 | 63.9 | 63.9 | 59 | 5: |
| May . . . . . . . . . . | 85.7 | 78.6 | 52.8 | 52.8 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| June............ | 54.8 | 76.2 | 47.2 | 66.7 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| July............ | 47.6 | 61.9 | 51.4 | 62.5 | 59 | 6. |
| August......... | 57.1 | 64.3 | 52.8 | 72.2 | ... | . |
| September. . . . . | 59.5 | 52.4 | 52.8 | 69.4 | $\cdots$ | . |
| October........ | 71.4 | 64.3 | 69.4 | 58.3 | 53 | 7 |
| November. . . . . . | 21.4 | 66.7 | 33.3 | 83.3 | ... | . |
| December....... | 83.3 | 73.8 | 62.5 | 77.8 | ... | . |
| 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | 4.8 | 85.7 | 55.6 | 76.4 | 47 | 7 |
| February........ | 88.1 | 50.0 | 44.4 | 83.3 | ... | . |
| March.......... | 40.5 | 52.4 | 58.3 | 80.6 |  | $\cdots$ |
| April.......... | 66.7 | 73.8 | 61.1 | 75.0 | r68 | r7 |
| May............ | 42.9 | 33.3 88.1 | 44.4 50.0 | 72.2 r 63.9 | $\cdots$ |  |
| June........... | 26.2 54.8 | 88.1 p73.8 | 50.0 63.9 | r63.9 p63.9 | r59 |  |
| August........... | 71.8 71.4 | p73.8 | 40.3 | p63. | r59 |  |
| September..... | 14.3 |  | r54.2 |  |  |  |
| October........ | 78.6 |  | r47.2 |  |  |  |
| November...... | p66.7 |  | p47.2 |  |  |  |
| December....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^7]Table 4.-DIFFUSION INDEXES FOR 11 MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES: JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT.-Continued
ercent of series components rising. Numbers are centered within intervals: l-month figures are placed on latest month; 6 -month figures are placed on the 4 th month and 9 -month figures are placed on the 6th month of span; 4 -quarter figures are centered in the middle quarter; 3-quarter figures are placed on the lst month of the 3 d quarter; 1-quarter figures are placed in the lst month of the 2 d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in indexes Di9, which requires no adjustment, and D34, which is adjusted only for the index. Table 6 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA, not available.

| Year and month | NBER Leading indexes--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D34. Profits, mfg., FNCB (around 700 corporations) <br> 1-quarter interval | D19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (80 industries) ${ }^{1}$ |  | D23. Index of industrial materials prices <br> (13 industrial materials) |  | D5. Initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs, week ended nearest the 22d (47 areas) |  |
|  |  | l-month interval | $\begin{gathered} 9-\text { month } \\ \text { interval } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l-month } \\ & \text { interval } \end{aligned}$ | 9-month interval | 1-month interval | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \text {-month } \\ & \text { interval } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anuary........ | 47 | 86.9 | 97.5 | 42.3 | 61.5 | 59.6 | 59.6 |
| ebruary....... | . . | 96.2 | 97.5 | 76.9 | 53.8 | 17.0 | 53.2 |
| arch.......... | $\ldots$ | 85.6 | 97.5 | 84.6 | 61.5 | 78.7 | 64.9 |
| pril.......... | 60 | 72.5 | 97.5 | 73.1 | 53.8 | 44.7 | 85.1 |
| ay............. | ... | 81.9 | 95.6 | 53.8 | 61.5 | 53.2 | 72.3 |
| une.......... | . | 40.0 | 81.2 | 46.2 | 53.8 | 66.0 | 89.4 |
| uly........... | 58 | 42.5 | 76.2 | 53.8 | 53.8 | 46.8 | 100.0 |
| ugust......... | . | 81.2 | 73.7 | 46.2 | 53.8 | 55.3 | 95.7 |
| eptember...... | $\ldots$ | 40.0 | 71.2 | 61.5 | 53.8 | 51.1 | 87.2 |
| ctober........ | 56 | 46.9 | 67.5 | 38.5 | 46.2 | 80.9 | 97.9 |
| ovember...... | . . . | 87.5 | 70.0 | 15.4 | 61.5 | 74.5 | 91.5 |
| ecember....... | ... | 55.0 | 62.5 | 61.5 | 30.8 | 27.7 | 80.9 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anuary........ | 54 | 25.6 | 17.5 | 76.9 | 30.8 | 42.6 | 83.0 |
| ebruary....... | 5 | 75.0 | 6.2 | 38.5 | 30.8 | 83.0 | 57.4 |
| arch.......... | $\cdots$ | 47.5 | 7.5 | 38.5 | 30.8 | 38.3 | 51.1 |
| pril.......... | 47 | 8.7 | 3.1 | 15.4 | 30.8 | 51.1 | 34.0 |
| му. ............. | . $\cdot$ | 1.2 | 3.7 | 42.3 | 23.1 | 42.6 | 48.9 |
| une........... | $\because$ | 1.2 | 2.5 | 26.9 | 23.1 | 19.1 | 44.7 |
| aly............ | 48 | 69.4 | 1.2 | 23.1 | 30.8 | 66.0 | 40.4 |
| qugust......... | . | 78.1 | 3.7 | 34.6 | 38.5 | 55.3 | 25.5 |
| eptember...... | $\cdots$ | 36.2 | 18.7 | 61.5 | 46.2 | 42.6 | 25.5 |
| stober........ | 56 | 8.1 | 67.5 | 53.8 | 61.5 | 39.4 | 42.6 |
| svember....... | $\ldots$ | 98.7 | 93.7 | 84.6 | 53.8 57.7 | 69.1 | 79.8 59.6 |
| зcember....... | ... | 84.4 | 95.0 | 61.5 | 57.7 | 40.4 | 59.6 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anuary........ | 50 | 97.5 | 95.0 | 53.8 | 61.5 | 23.4 | 38.3 |
| sbruary........ | . | 78.7 | 95.0 | 53.8 | 69.2 | 85.1 | 68.1 |
| arch........... | $\ldots$ | 43.7 | 98.7 | 50.0 | 61.5 | 31.9 | 74.5 |
| pril.......... | 59 | 91.2 | 95.0 | 38.5 | 53.8 | 44.7 | 57.4 |
| มу............ |  | 85.0 | 89.1 | 50.0 | 53.8 | 48.9 | 63.8 |
| ane............ | $\because 6$ | 51.9 | 84.6 | 61.5 | 61.5 | 70.2 | 87.2 |
| nly............ | 56 | 29.4 | 78.2 | 53.8 | 61.5 | 42.6 | 48.9 |
| igust......... | -•• | 75.0 | 79.5 | 53.8 | 61.5 | 48.9 | 34.0 |
| sptember...... | $\because 5$ | 76.9 | 77.6 | 53.8 76.9 | 61.5 53.8 | 44.7 61.7 | 85.1 59.6 |
| stober........ | 55 | 44.9 | 69.2 71.2 | 76.9 69.2 | 53.8 57.7 | 61.7 | 59.6 |
| jvember <br> zcember....... | $\ldots$ | 44.9 68.4 | 71.2 84.4 | 69.2 53.8 | 57.7 76.9 | 31.9 34.0 | 57.4 74.5 |
| 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| inuary........ | 57 | 74.7 | 83.1 | 61.5 | 61.5 | 85.1 | 69.1 |
| :bruary........ | -•• | 65.2 | 78.2 | 57.7 | 69.2 | 12.8 | 70.2 |
| treh........... | $\cdots$ | 78.5 | 86.5 | 38.5 | 61.5 | 66.0 | 69.1 |
| ril........... | 60 | 75.6 | 85.9 | 61.5 | 69.2 | 75.5 | 76.6 |
| เ............. | . . | 52.6 | 84.6 | 38.5 | 69.2 | 51.1 | 87.2 |
| ıne............ | $\cdots$ | 35.3 | 84.6 | 50.0 | 84.6 | 51.1 | r70.2 |
| liy............. | 57 | 89.7 41.0 | 81.8 | 65.4 61.5 | 84.6 876.9 | 59.6 57.4 | 55.3 |
| lgust. ......... |  | 41.0 76.3 |  | 61.5 53.8 | ${ }^{2} 76.9$ | 57.4 55.3 |  |
| :tober........ |  | 73.1 |  | 76.9 |  | r31.9 |  |
| vember....... |  | 59.6 |  | 61.5 238.5 |  | 34.0 |  |
| :cember....... |  |  |  | 38.5 |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ The diffusion index is based on 82 components, January 1961 to February 1963; on 80 components, March 1963 to Auist 1963; on 79 components, September 1963 to March 1964; and on 78 components thereafter. 18 components and 5 comjsites, representing an additional 23 components, are shown in the direction-of-change table (table 6 ).
${ }^{2}$ Average for December 15, 16, and 17.

Table 4.-DIFFUSION INDEXES FOR 11 MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES: JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT-Continued
Fercent of series components rising. Numbers are centered within intervals: l-month figures are placed on latest month; 6 -month figures are placed on the 4 th month and 9 -month figures are placed on the 6 th month of span; 4-quarter figures are centered in the middle quarter; 3-quarter figures are placed on the lst month of the 3d quarter; 1-quarter figures are placed in the Ist month of the 2d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in indexes D19, which requires no adjustment, and D34, which is adjusted only for the index. Table 6 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.

| Year and month | NBER Roughly Coincident indexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments (30 industries) |  | D47. Index of industrial production (24 industries) |  | D54. Sales of retail stores (24 types of stores) |  | D58. Index of wholesale prices (23 manufacturing industries) |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { l-month } \\ \text { interval } \end{gathered}$ | $6 \text {-month }$ <br> interval | l-month <br> interval | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6-month } \\ & \text { interval } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l-month } \\ & \text { interval } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9 \text {-month } \\ \text { interval } \end{gathered}$ | l-month <br> interval | 6-month interval |
| 1961 | Revised ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | Revised ${ }^{\text {² }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January... | 46.7 | 20.0 | 56.3 | 52.1 | 58.3 | 41.7 | 39.1 | 37.0 |
| February... | 30.0 | 26.7 | 50.0 | 66.7 | 41.7 | 58.3 | 47.8 | 34.8 |
| March....... | 60.0 | 66.7 | 62.5 | 87.5 | 60.4 | 62.5 | 41.3 | 37.0 |
| April....... | 58.3 | 80.0 | 70.8 | 93.8 | 22.9 | 68.8 | 65.2 | 45.7 |
| May. ....... | 83.3 | 85.0 | 72.9 | 91.7 | 79.2 | 79.2 | 45.7 | 47.8 |
| June........ | 86.7 | 85.0 | 91.7 | 87.5 | 77.1 | 85.4 | 37.0 | 47.8 |
| July.... | 71.7 | 81.7 | 77.1 | 95.8 | 60.4 | 87.5 | 50.0 | 39.1 |
| August..... | 76.7 | 88.3 | 72.9 | 91.7 | 68.8 | 87.5 | 56.5 | 45.7 |
| September... | 56.7 | 83.3 | 54.2 | 91.7 | 39.6 | 95.8 | 60.9 | 52.2 |
| October..... | 80.0 | 78.3 | 87.5 | 87.5 | 83.3 | 91.7 | 39.1 | 50.0 |
| November.. | 81.7 | 88.3 | 83.3 | 87.5 | 87.5 | 87.5 | 47.8 | 54.3 |
| December... | 68.3 | 83.3 | 75.0 | 95.8 | 60.4 | 89.6 | 56.5 | 56.5 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January..... | 65.0 | 86.7 | 25.0 | 83.3 | 58.3 | 87.5 | 69.6 | 60.9 |
| February... | 75.0 | 88.3 | 87.5 | 79.2 | 50.0 | 91.7 | 43.5 | 60.9 |
| March.... | 75.0 | 81.7 | 87.5 | 70.8 | 70.8 | 91.7 | 52.2 | 58.7 |
| April. . | 86.7 | 78.3 | 75.0 | 91.7 | 68.8 | 89.6 | 58.7 | 54.3 |
| May....... | 60.0 | 73.3 | 64.6 | 77.1 | 58.3 | 89.6 | 45.7 | 60.9 |
| June...... | 53.3 | 71.7 | 66.7 | 83.3 | 18.8 | 72.9 | 43.5 | 47.8 |
| July...... | 61.7 | 51.7 | 52.1 | 66.7 | 83.3 | 95.8 | 39.1 | 32.6 |
| August. . | 51.7 | 45.0 | 58.3 | 77.1 | 75.0 | 95.8 | 41.3 | 45.7 |
| September. | 51.7 | 41.7 | 83.3 | 60.4 | 64.6 | 87.5 | 54.3 | 39.1 |
| October. | 50.0 | 35.0 | 29.2 | 47.9 | 39.6 | 87.5 | 34.8 | 30.4 |
| November. | 45.0 | 43.3 | 68.8 | 72.9 | 87.5 | 91.7 | 45.7 | 23.9 |
| December.. | 46.7 | 50.0 | 35.4 | 62.5 | 66.7 | 83.3 | 39.1 | 26.1 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.... | 65.0 | 60.0 | 79.2 | 83.3 | 50.0 | 70.8 | 39.1 | 30.4 |
| February... | 46.7 | 65.0 | 66.7 | 91.7 | 54.2 | 79.2 | 43.5 | 45.7 |
| March...... | 71.7 | 65.0 | 83.3 | 95.8 | 52.1 | 85.4 | 37.0 | 54.3 |
| Apri1...... | 76.7 | 68.3 | 54.2 | 91.7 | 41.7 | 77.1 | 41.3 | 52.2 |
| May......... | 75.0 | 68.3 | 83.3 | 91.7 | 52.1 | 60.4 | 58.7 | 50.0 |
| June....... | 63.3 | 71.7 | 75.0 | 83.3 | 75.0 | 52.1 | 63.0 | 58.7 |
| July........ | 78.3 | 73.3 | 72.9 | 91.7 | 66.7 | 62.5 | 47.8 | 71.7 |
| August...... | 53.3 | 60.0 | 68.8 | 77.1 | 64.6 | 87.5 | 60.9 | 76.1 |
| September... | 56.7 | 66.7 | 58.3 | 79.2 | 25.0 | 70.8 | 58.7 | 73.9 |
| October.... | 66.7 | 60.0 | 64.6 | 72.9 | 58.3 | 81.7 | 73.9 | 69.6 67.4 |
| November. | 53.3 | 73.3 | 50.0 | 83.3 | 54.2 | 83.3 | 69.6 | 67.4 |
| December.. | 80.0 | 73.3 | 77.1 | 83.3 | 77.1 | 77.1 | 60.9 | 67.4 |
| 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January... | 53.3 | 75.0 | 58.3 | 91.7 | 43.8 | 79.2 | 58.7 | 73.9 |
| February.. | 83.3 | 75.0 | 79.2 | 95.8 | 70.8 | 100.0 | 63.0 | 67.4 |
| March..... | 66.7 | 80.0 | 70.8 | 85.4 | 52.1 | 85.4 | 45.7 | 60.9 |
| April...... | 63.3 | 83.3 | 83.3 | 91.7 | 52.1 | 83.3 | 63.0 | 50.0 |
| May. . . . . . . | 65.0 | 73.3 | 70.8 | 87.5 | 66.7 | r83.3 | 43.5 | 60.9 |
| June. . . . . . | 73.3 | 75.0 | 62.5 | r87.5 | 66.7 | r83.3 | 45.7 | 63.0 |
| July........ | 66.7 | 76.7 | 79.2 | 79.2 $p 68.8$ | 45.8 52.1 | p60.4 | 65.2 67.4 | 63.0 p56.5 |
| August..... | 51.7 | p 88.3 | 68.8 | p68.8 | 52.1 $r 37.5$ |  | 67.4 60.9 | p56.5 |
| September.. | 73.3 56.7 |  | r45.8 r68.8 |  | r37.5 r68.8 |  | 60.9 58.7 |  |
| November... | p86.7 |  | p68.8 |  | p45.8 |  | p52.2 |  |
| December... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page ii.

Toble 5.-DIFFUSION INDEXES, ACTUAL AND ANTICIPATED, FOR 4 MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES: JANUARY 1961 TO PRESENT
Percent of series components rising. Numbers are centered within intervals: 4-quarter figures are centered in the middle quarter; l-quarter figures are placed in the lst month of the $2 d$ quarter. "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.

${ }^{1}$ Ist quarter, 1965.
(D6) Value of Manufacturers' New Orders, Durable Goods Industries

$+=$ rising; $0=$ unchanged; $-=$ failing. Series components are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census before the direction of change is deter-
（D19）Index of Stock Prices， 500 Common Stocks

| 23 industry components ${ }^{1}$ | 1－month spans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9－month spans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1963 |  |  |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1963 |  |  |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 3 \\ & 1 \\ & \vdots \\ & 3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 管 | 近 |  <br> 8 <br>  <br> 1 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 | ｜l｜l｜ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 0 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 宕 |  |  | 参 | ｜c｜c | 硣 | 求 | 䉼 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ \frac{1}{4} \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{8} \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}\right.$ | － | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & 8 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 00 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | 迢 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 品 } \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ \frac{9}{4} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \vec{y} \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \sum_{1} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & z \\ & z \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \frac{7}{3} \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{array}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & + \\ & 8 \\ & 1 \\ & \vdots \\ & \text { a } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 若 } \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ¢ <br> ¢ <br> $\vdots$ <br> ch <br> m |
| Percent rising ${ }^{2}$ ．． 500 stock prices． | $\begin{array}{cccccc} 29 & 75 & 77 & 45 & 45 & 68 \\ - & + & + & - & + \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{cccccc} 99 & 95 & 89 & 85 & 78 & 80 \\ + & + & + & + & + & + \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |  |  | 7869718483788686858582$+++++++++++$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal，bituminous |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ |  | ＋ | － | － | － | ＋ | － | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － |  |
| Food composite．．． |  | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ |  | $+$ | o | ＋ | － | $+$ | － | $+$ | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Tobacco（cigarette manufacturing） |  | $-+$ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － | ＋ | $+$ | － |  |  | ＋ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Textile weavers． |  | $+$ | ＋ | － | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ |  | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | $+$ | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Paper．．．． |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | $+$ |  |  |  | ＋ | － | － | ＋ | － | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Publishing． |  | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | $+$ |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Chemicals． |  | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | － | $+$ | $+$ |  |  | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Drugs． |  | －＋ | ＋ | － | － |  | ＋ |  | － | － | － |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Oil composite． |  | + ＋ | ＋ | － | － | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Building materials composite． |  | ＋ |  | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | － | － | ＋ | － | － | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ |  |
| Steel．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | $-+$ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | － |  | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | － |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | $+$ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ |  |
| Metal fabricating．． |  |  | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Machinery composite．．．．． |  | －＋ | － | － | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | $+$ | － |  | ＋ | － | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ |  | ＋ | $+$ |  |
| Office and business equipment |  | $-+$ |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | － |  |
| Electric household appliances． |  | $-+$ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | $+$ | － | ＋ | $+$ | － | － | $+$ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Electronics． |  | －＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | － |  |  | ＋ | － | － | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | $\bigcirc$ | ＋ | ＋ | － | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Automobiles．． |  |  |  | ＋ | － | － |  |  |  | － | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Radio and television broadcasters． |  |  |  |  | $+$ |  |  | ＋ |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  |  | ＋ | $+$ |  |
| Telephone companies． |  | －＋ |  |  |  |  | $+$ | ＋ |  | ＋ | － | － |  |  | － |  |  |  | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － |  |
| Electric companies．． |  |  |  |  |  |  | ＋ | － | － | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Natural gas distributors |  | －＋ | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | － |  | $+$ | $+$ | － | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | $+$ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Retail stores composite． |  | $-+$ | ＋ | － | － |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | － | ＋ | $+$ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Life insurance． |  | －+ | ＋ | － |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | － | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － |  |

## $t=$ rising；$\circ=$ unchanged；$-=$ falling．Series components are not seasonally adjusted

${ }^{1}$ The 23 components shown here include 18 of the more important industries and 5 composites representing an additional 23 of the industries used in comput－ ing the diffusion index in table 4.
${ }^{2}$ Based on 80 industries to August 1963；on 79 industries，September 1963 to March 1964；and on 78 components thereafter．

(D5) Initial Claims for Unemployment Insurance, State Programs

$\underset{\text { verted }}{-=}$ rising; $0=$ unchanged; $+=$ falling. Because this series usually rises when general business activity falls and falls when business rises, it is insonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census before the direction of change is determined
*Designated by Bureau of Employment Security as an area of substantial unemployment ( 6 percent or more) in November 1964.
**Designated by Bureau of Employment Security as an area of substantial ( 6 percent or more) and persistent unemployment in November 1964.
${ }^{1}$ The percent rising is based on 47 labor market areas. Directions of change are shown separately for only the largest 26 .
（D41）Number of Employees in Nonagricultural Establishments

| 30 industry components | 1－month spans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6－month spans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1963 |  |  |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1963 |  |  |  |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 管 | 促 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & + \\ & 8 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}\right.$ | 号 | 免 | ｜r |  | （域 | 噪 | 家 | ［ | 咢 | $\begin{gathered} \frac{20}{2} \\ 1 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ \frac{3}{3} \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \frac{0}{4} \\ 0 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & + \\ & 8 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | O |  |  |  | 迺 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & c_{2} \\ & 1 \\ & \frac{1}{c} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 1 \\ & 5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} \underset{\sim}{\mathbf{W}} \\ \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3} \\ \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3} \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ m_{2} \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 8 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & m_{1}^{3} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | － | 边 |  | ＋ <br> 8 <br> 1 <br> 4 <br> 4 |  | 0 <br> 8 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 5 |
| Percent rising．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． All nonagricultural establishme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{cccccc} 68 & 68 & 72 & 73 & 60 & 67 \\ + & + & + & + & + & + \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 6073737575808373757788 \\ +++++++++ \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordnance and accessories |  |  | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products |  | $+$ | ＋ | + ＋ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | － |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | － | ＋ |  | － | － |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures． |  | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | － | ＋ |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Stone，clay，and glass products |  | － | － | － | ＋ |  |  | －+ | ＋ |  | － | ＋ |  |  | ＋ |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | $+$ | － | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Primary metal industries． |  |  |  |  | ＋ |  |  | ＋＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋+ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | － |  |  |  | $+$ | ＋ | － |  | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products |  | ＋ | ＋＋ |  | － |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋－ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | － |  |  |
| Machinery．．．．． |  | ＋ | ＋ | + ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ |  | ＋ | $+$ | ＋＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Electrical equipment． |  | － | － | $+$ | － |  |  |  | ＋ | $+$ |  | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | － | － |  |  |  | － | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Transportation equipment． |  | － | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋－ | － | $\bigcirc$ |  | ＋ | － |  |  | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | － |  |  |
| Instruments and related products |  | － | － | － | － |  | － | －+ | － | － | － | ＋ |  | － | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | $\bigcirc$ | $+$ | － | － | － | ＋ |  | ＋ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industr |  | ＋ | － | － | ＋ |  | － | ＋ | 0 | － | $\bigcirc$ | ＋ | － | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Food and kindred products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ＋ | 0 | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － |  |  |
| Tobacco manufactures． |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ＋ |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | － | － |  |  | － |  | ＋ | ＋ | － | $\bigcirc$ | ＋ |  | － | ＋ |  |  |
| Textile mill products． |  | － | $\bigcirc$ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | $+$ | － | － | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | － | ＋ | ＋ | － |  |  |  | － | － | － |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | $\bigcirc$ | ＋ |  |  |
| Apparel and related product |  | － | ＋ | ＋+ |  |  |  | ＋＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － |  | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Paper and allied products． |  | ＋ | － | － | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | － | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | － | － | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ | － | $\bigcirc$ |  | $+$ | $\bigcirc$ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Printing and publishing． |  | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － |  |  | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $+$ | － |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products |  | － | － | ＋ | － |  | $\bigcirc$ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | $\bigcirc$ | － |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | － | － | － | $+$ | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Petroleum and related product |  | － | － | $\bigcirc$ | － |  |  | － | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | ＋ | $\bigcirc$ | － | ＋ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | ＋ | － | ＋ | － |  |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rubber and plastics products |  |  | － |  |  |  |  | $+$ |  | $\bigcirc$ | ${ }_{+}^{+}$ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | － |  |  |  |  | － | － |  |  | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | $+$ |  | ＋ |  |  |
| Leather and leather products |  | － | ＋ |  |  |  |  | ＋ |  |  | ＋ |  |  | － | ＋ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  | － | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | － | － | － | － | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Mining． |  | － | － | － |  |  |  |  |  | － | － |  | 0 | － | $\bigcirc$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Contract construction． |  | ＋ | ＋ | － | － |  |  | － |  | － | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | $+$ | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | ＋ | ＋ |  |
| Transportation and public utilities |  | ＋ | ＋ | － | － |  |  |  |  |  | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | ＋ |  |  |
| Wholesale trade．．．．．．．．．．． |  | $\bigcirc$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | － | ＋ |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ |  |
| Retail trade． |  | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ |  |  | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Finance，insurance，real estate |  | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ |  |  | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ |  |  | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Services and miscellaneous． |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal government． |  | － | $+$ | $+$ | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | － | $\stackrel{+}{+}$ | $+$ | － | － | $\bigcirc$ | $+$ | $\overline{+}$ |  |  |  |  | － | － | － | － | ＋ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |
| State and local government |  | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ |  |  | ． |  | ＋ | ＋ |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |

(D47) Index of Industrial Production

$+=$ rising; $0=$ unchanged; $-=$ falling. Series components are seasonally adjusted by issuing agency before the direction of change is determined.
$\mathrm{NA}_{\text {Th }}=$ not available
The direction of change is shown for industry groups where actual data for separate industries are not available; however, estimates for each industry are used to compute the percent rising. The percent rising is based on 24 industry components.
(D54) Sales of Retail Stores

(D58) Index of Wholesale Prices, All Manufacturing

$+=$ rising; $0=$ unchanged; $-=$ falling. Series components are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census before the direction of change is deter-
mined. mined.

## CHART 4

 COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLE PATTERNSPercent of reference peak levels of selected series compared for 4 business cycles. Period begins with the reference peak date preceding the trough of each cycle.

PERIOD COVERED
$\qquad$ Nov. 1948 to July 1953 (Reference trough: Oct. 1949)
......... July 1953 to May 1958 (Reference trough: Aug. 1954)
---- July 1957 to Jan. 1962 (Reference trough: Apr. 1958)

- May 1960 to present¹ (Reference trough: Feb. 1961)
- Indicates the point at which this expansion reached its reference peak.



[^8]
## ZHART 4 COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLE PATTERNS..Con.

Percent of reference peak levels of selected series compared for 4 business cycles. Period begins with the reference peak date preceding the trough of eoch cycle.

## PERIOD COVERED

—— Nov. 1948 to July 1953 (Reference trough: Oct. 1949)
......... July 1953 to May 1958 (Reference trough: Aug. 1954
--- - July 1957 to Jon. 1962 (Reference trough: Apr. 1958)

- May 1960 to present ${ }^{1}$ (Reference trough: Feb. 1961)
- Indicates the point at which this expansion reached its reference peak.



Reference peak level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the reference peak is set at " 100 ". For series on MCD of " 3 " or more, the averoge of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the reference peak quarter is it " 100 ". MCD values are shown in appendix $C$.
See table 2 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions ore shown in table 7.

CHART 4 COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLE PATTERNS.-Con.
Percent of reference peak levels of selected series compared for 4 business cycles. Period begins with the reference peak date preceding the trough of each cycle.

PERIOD COVERED
——_ Nov. 1948 to July 1953 (Reference trough: Oct. 1949
......... July 1953 to May 1958 (Reference trough: Aug. 1954
---- July 1957 to Jon. 1962 (Reference trough: Apr. 1958)
__ May 1960 to presentl (Reference trough: Feb. 1961)

- Indicates the point at which this expansion reached



[^9]:HART 4 COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLE PATTERNS.-Con.
Percent of reference peak levels of selected series compared for 4 business cycles. Period begins with the reference peak date preceding the trough of each cycle.

PERIOD COVERED


रeference peak level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the reference peak is set of " 100 ". For series on MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the reference peak quarter is it " $100^{n}$. MCD values are shown in oppendix C
jee table 2 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comporable months of previous expansions are shown in table 7.

## CHART 4 COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLE PATTERNS.-Con.

Percent of reference peak levels of selected series compared for 4 business cycles. Period begins with the reference peak date preceding the trough of each cycle.
PERIOD COVERED
__ Nov. 1948 to July 1953 (Reference trough: Oct. 1949)
......... July 1953 to May 1958 (Reference trough: Aug. 1954)
--- July 1957 to Jan. 1962 (Reference trough: Apr. 1958) May 1960 to present $^{2}$ (Reference trough: Feb. 1961)

- Indicates the point at which this expansion reached its reference peak.

*Reference peak level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the reference peak is set at " 100 ". For s with on MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is set of " 100 ". For quarterly series, the reference peak quart set at "100". MCD values are shown in appendix C

See table 2 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 7.
${ }^{2}$ Last quarter anticipated.

CHART 5 COMPARISONS OF SPECIFIC CYCLE PATTERNS
Percent of specific trough levels of selected series compared for 4 business expansions. Period begins with the specific trough date ${ }^{1}$ of each series for each expansion.


Specific trough level. For series with o "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the specific trough is set at " 100 ". For series with MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the specific trough month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the specific trough quarter is set * $100^{\prime \prime}$. MCD values ore shown in appendix $C$.

See appendix B for specific dates. ${ }^{2}$ See table 2 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months after the specifie jghs of previous exponsions are thown in table 9. ${ }^{3}$ For the 1949 and 1958 cycles, a 3 -term moving average is shown.

## CHART 5 COMPARISONS OF SPECIFIC CYCLE PATTERNS.-Con.

Percent of specific trough levels of selected series compared for 4 business expansions. Period begins with the specific trough date ${ }^{1}$ of each series for each expansion.

PERIOD COVERED


*Spacific trough level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the specific trough is set at " $100^{\text {". For series } w}$ an MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the specific trough month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the specific trough quarter is at " 100 ". MCD values are shown in appendix $C$.
${ }^{1}$ See appendix $B$ for specific dates. ${ }^{2}$ See table 2 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and eomparable months after the specil


## CHART 5 COMPARISONS OF SPECIFIC CYCLE PATTERNS.-Con.

Percent of specific trough levels of selected series compared for 4 business expansions. Period begins with the specific trough date ${ }^{1}$ of each series for each expansion.


* Specific trough level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the specific trough is set of " 100 ". For series with $n$ MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the specific trough month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the specific trough quarter is set * "100". MCD values are shown in appendix C.
${ }^{1}$ See appendix B for specific dates. ${ }^{2}$ See table 2 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months after the specific oughs of previous exponsions are shown in table 9.

Table 7.--PERCENT OF REFERENCE PEAK LEVELS AS MEASURED AT DESIGNATED MONTHS AFTER THE REFERENCE TROUGH DATES IN THE 9 MOST RECENT EXPANSIONS

For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or "2" (series 1, 17, 19, 23, 41, 43, 47, 52, 54, 55 62,64 , and 66), the figure for the reference peak month is used as the base. For series with an MCD of " 3 " or mor (series 2, 3, 6, 7, $9,13,14,24,29$, and 51 ), the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month $i$ used as the base. The base for quarterly series (series $16,49,50,61$, and 67) is the reference peak quarter. Se also MCD footnote to appendix $C$.

| Selected series | Months after reference trough ${ }^{1}$ | Percent of reference peak prior to reference expansion beginning in-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1921 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1927$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1938 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1949 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1958 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. $1961$ |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing. | 45 | (NA) | 94.4 | 82.5 | 76.4 | 106.5 | 102.0 | 95.3 | 100.5 | 102. |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing.. | 44 | 37.6 | 28.1 | 35.0 | 62.4 | 164.0 | 109.1 | 67.8 | 111.8 | 105. |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (inverted)....... | 44 | 15.6 | 30.4 | 44.9 | 88.9 | 119.6 | 152.8 | 43.4 | 93.3 | 157. |
| 6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries.................................... | 45 | 164.4 | 114.3 | 35.9 | 115.9 | (NA) | 153.4 | 102.4 | 127.4 | 127. |
| 7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started.. | 45 | 198.9 | 142.6 | 33.7 | 75.4 | 236.3 | 112.0 | 88.2 | 117.3 | 111. |
| 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs., floor space ${ }^{2}$... | 44 | 37.9 | 113.9 | 28.3 | 44.0 | 235.2 | 142.4 | 100.1 | 113.7 | 139. |
| 13. Number of new business incorporations........ | 44 | 73.4 | 104.4 | 101.1 | 67.3 | 55.5 | 117.2 | 125.4 | 134.6 | 107. |
| 14. Current liabilities of bus. failures (inv.). | 45 | 21.8 | 118.6 | 59.6 | (NA) | 128.2 | 65.0 | 65.0 | 47.9 | 77. |
| 16. Corporate profits after taxes (Q)............ | 42 | 90.0 | 84.6 | 1.9 | 54.4 | 204.7 | 97.0 | 83.7 | 108.4 | 141. |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index | 45 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 97.6 | 95.5 | 101.2 | 102. |
| 19. Indey of stock prices, 500 common stock | 45 | 116.4 | 223.8 | 106.8 | 56.7 | 50.3 | 158.9 | 179.9 | 142.4 | 154. |
| 23. Index of industrial materials prices........ | 45 | 66.0 | 80.1 | 53.8 | 87.3 | 110.7 | 79.1 | 94.1 | 99.1 | 108. |
| 24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries. | 45 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 148.6 | 116.3 | 124.2 | 134. |
| 29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits............... | 45 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 118.0 | 119. |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments. | 45 | 85.2 | 92.6 | 76.1 | 93.5 | 121.4 | 111.8 | 100.8 | 103.2 | 108. |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted)......... | 45 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 143.7 | 35.6 | 72.6 | 104. |
| 47. Index of industrial production.... | 45 | 109.9 | 104.4 | 76.5 | 102.5 | 153.0 | 137.3 | 95.3 | 112.5 | 122. |
| 49. Gross national product in current dollars(Q) | 42 | (NA) | 119.6 | 85.6 | 80.2 | 1.49 .8 | 138.7 | 117.4 | 119.8 | 124. |
| 50. Gross national product in 1954 dollars (Q).. | 42 | (NA) | 121.7 | 100.7 | 99.0 | (NA) | 125.5 | 105.3 | 112.5 | 117. |
| 51. Bank debits outside NYC, 343 centers... | 45 | 101.2 | 129.5 | 80.5 | 70.1 | 134.8 | 143.3 | 126.3 | 136.1 | 142. |
| 52. Personal income...... | 45 | (NA) | 115.0 | 81.8 | 82.5 | 148.0 | 135.4 | 122.6 | 121.5 | 124. |
| 54. Sales of retail stores........................... | 45 | 109.4 | 105.9 | 83.8 | 91.4 | 124.7 | 126.3 | 117.2 | 113.0 | 116. |
| 55. Index of wholesale prices, all commodities other than farm products and foods......... | 45 | 65.5 | 87.1 | 74.3 | 90.2 | 110.5 | 109.5 | 108.9 | 101.2 | 100. |
| NBER LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total (Q): ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 42 | 54.1 | 94.2 | 50.8 | 57.2 | (NA) | 126.2 | 115.3 | 93.8 | 125. |
| b.................................... | 45 | 54.8 | 100.2 | 41.4 | 64.7 | (NA) | 129.5 | 107.9 | 94.6 | 128. |
| 62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing. | 45 | 74.4 | 90.1 | 83.3 | 83.3 | 118.9 | 111.7 | 114.9 | 100.2 | 97. |
| 64. Manufacturers' inventories, book value. | 4 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 86.2 | (NA) | 153.8 | 113.5 | 105.4 | 113. |
| 66. Consumer installment debt..................... | 44 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 113.2 | 143.4 | (NA) | 151.5 | 130.6 | 141. |
| 67. Benk rates on short-term business loans, 19 cities (Q). | 42 | 79.3 | 88.6 | 91.5 | 54.7 | (NA) | 141.3 | 120.4 | 102.7 | 93. |

NOTE: For the expansions beginning in July 1921, July 1924, November 1927, August 1954, and April 1958, the pes had been passed and a reference contraction was underway by the month indicated in the first column. See appendix a fc the reference peak dates and earlier issues of Business Cycle Developments for the levels reached on those dates.

NA Not available.
${ }^{1}$ Based on period from February 1961 (current trough) to latest month for which data are available.
${ }^{2}$ Except for 1961, changes are computed in a 3-term moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
${ }^{3}$ Comparisons are made for this series on the basis of (a) the period 42 months after the February 1961 trough (actue expenditures) and (b) the period 45 months after the same period (anticipated expenditures for 4th quarter 1964).

Table 8..-PERCENT CHANGE FROM REFERENCE TROUGH LEVELS AS MEASURED AT DESIGNATED MONTHS AFTER THE REFERENCE TROUGH DATES IN THE 9 MOST RECENT EXPANSIONS
or series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "l" or "2" (series 1, 17, 19, 23, 41, 43, 47, 52, 54, 55, 62, 64, and 66), the figure for the reference trough month is used as the base. For series with an MCD of "3" or more (series 2, 3, 6, 7, 9, 13, 14, 24, 29, and 51), the average of the 3 months centered on the reference trough month is used as the base. The base for quarterly series (series 16, 49, 50, 61, and 67) is the reference trough quarter. See also MCD footnote to appendix C.

| Selected series | Months after reference trough ${ }^{1}$ | Percent change from reference trough of expansion beginning in-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1921 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1927 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1938 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1949 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1958 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing. | 45 | +4.4 | +3.3 | -15.9 | +13.3 | +22.1 | +2.8 | -2.5 | +3.9 | +3.8 |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing.......... | 44 | (NA) | +31.0 | -52.2 | +52.5 | +83.6 | +22.8 | -5.7 | +23.0 | -2.5 |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (inverted)....... | 44 | (NA) | -2.0 | -36.6 | +140.7 | +141.2 | +127.8 | -34.3 | +61.7 | +80.0 |
| 6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries. | 45 | +133.0 | +2.0 | -64.0 | (NA) | (NA) | +77.1 | +14.3 | +44.3 | +36.2 |
| 7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started.. | 45 | +103.1 | +44.0 | -67.6 | (NA) | +151.6 | -20.0 | -24.6 | +20.9 | +12.2 |
| 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs., floor space ${ }^{2} .$. | 44 | +39.1 | +64.0 | $-67.3$ | (NA) | (NA) | +65.0 | +3.3 | +44.6 | $+49.2$ |
| 3. Number of new business incorporations....... | 44 | +1.4 | +41.0 | -2.6 | -15.0 | -35.5 | +12.1 | +6.2 | +41.0 | $+16.0$ |
| 4. Current liabilities of bus. failures (inv.). | 45 | +29.21 | +31.6 | -35.2 | (NA) | +74.3 | -44.6 | -31.8 | -36.3 | -20.4 |
| 6. Corporate profits after taxes (Q). | 42 | (NA) | +57.1 | -97.4 | +54.2 | (NA) | +24.1 | -1.8 | +43.3 | +64.1 |
| 7. Price per unit of labor cost index. | 45 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | -1.2 | -2.7 | +7.0 | +4.6 |
| 9. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks.... | 45 | +57.4 | +114.8 | -18.5 | +173.8 | -19.9 | +52.9 | +42.2 | +63.1 | +37.4 |
| 3. Index of industrial materials prices.. | 45 | +57.7 | -4.4 | -44.8 | +110.2 | +63.6 | +5.2 | -5.9 | +14.1 | +14.0 |
| 4. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries.................. | 45 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | +69.5 | +24.9 | +40.6 | $+41.8$ |
| 9. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits.............. | 45 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | -10.8 | -20.1 | +16.0 | +23.7 |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments. | 45 | +23.6 | +6.6 | -20.8 | +36.6 | +35.5 | +17.8 | +4.4 | +7.4 | +10.1 |
| 3. Unemployment rate, total (inverted).......... | 45 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | +98.4 | (NA) | +200.4 | -17.7 | +27.8 | $+38.0$ |
| 7. Index of industrial production... | 45 | +60.8 | +27.1 | -18.7 | +112.5 | +123.9 | +50.0 | +4.8 | +37.0 | $+30.2$ |
| 9. Gross national product in current dollars(Q) | 42 | +34.5 | +22.4 | -14.7 | +59.2 | +70.1 | +43.5 | +19.6 | +22.8 | $+25.3$ |
| O. Gross national product in 1954 dollars (Q).. | 42 | +33.5 | +22.0 | -1.6 | + 37.4 | (NA) | $+27.4$ | +8.5 | +17.0 | +19.7 |
| 1. Bank debits outside NYC, 343 centers......... | 45 | +30.5 | +33.7 | -25.9 | +83.8 | +61.5 | +49.2 | +24.3 | +40.5 | $+39.1$ |
| 2. Personal income. | 45 | +37.4 | +14.9 | -18.9 | +67.7 | +66.2 | +41.5 | +22.9 | +21.9 | +23.6 |
| 4. Sales of retail stores.......................... | 45 | +16.7 | +5.9 | -16.2 | +73.7 | +52.9 | +26.3 | +18.0 | $+14.8$ | +18.4 |
| 5. Index of wholesale prices, all commodities other than farm products and foods.......... | 45 | +3.5 | -4.6 | -20.1 | +24.5 | +17.0 | +15.3 | +9.7 | +1.7 | +0.5 |
| NBER LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| L. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total (Q): ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| a. | 42 | +57.5 | +35.1 | -42.2 | +233.3 | (NA) | +57.8 +61.8 | +20.8 | +16.8 | +34.9 +38.0 |
| b..................................... | 45 | +59.5 | +43.6 | -52.9 | +276.9 | (NA) | +61.8 | +13.0 | +17.7 | +38.0 |
| 2. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing. | 45 | -17.3 | -12.3 | -15.4 | +13.6 | +14.5 | +16.1 | +12.5 | $-5.7$ | -4.1 |
| '. Manufacturers' inventories, book value...... | 44 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | + 45.4 | (NA) | +64.8 | +21.4 | +9.3 | $+14.7$ |
| 3. Consumer installment debt..................... | 44 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | $+136.8$ | +53.8 | +100.3 | +46.6 | +29.5 | +36.6 |
| 7. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 19 cities (Q) | 42 | -26.4 | +1.0 | -4.9 | -29.7 | (NA) | +40.8 | +26.1 | +18.9 | +0.2 |

NOTE: For the expansions beginning in July 1921, July 1924, November 1927, August 1954, and April 1958, the peak ad been passed and a reference contraction was underway by the month indicated in the first column. See appendix A for le reference peak dates and earlier issues of Business Cycle Developments for the levels reached on those dates. NA Not available.
${ }^{1}$ Based on period from February 1961 (current trough) to latest month for which data are available.
${ }^{2}$ Except for 1961, changes are computed in a 3 -term moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
${ }^{3}$ Comparisons are made for this series on the basis of (a) the period 42 months after the February 1961 trough (actual spenditures) and (b) the period 45 months after the same period (anticipated expenditures for 4 th quarter 1964).

## Table 9.--PERCENT OF SPECIFIC PEAK LEVELS AND PERCENT CHANGE FROM SPECIFIC TROUGH LEVELS AS MEASURED AT DESIGNATED MONTHS AFTER THE SPECIFIC TROUGH DATES IN THE 9 MOST RECENT EXPANSIONS

For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or "2" (series 1, 17, 19, 23, 41, 43, 47, 52, 53, an 54), the figure for the specific peak (trough) month is used as the base. For series with an MCD of "3" or mor (series 9, 13, 24, and 29), the average of the 3 months centered on the specific peak (trough) month is used as the base. The base for quarterly series (series 49 and 50 ) is the specific peak (trough) quarter. See also MCD footnot to appendix C .

| Selected series | Months after specific trough ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1921 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1927 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1938 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1949 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1958 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS <br> 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing. <br> 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs., floor space ${ }^{2} .$. | 47 | Percent of specific peak prior to reference expansion beginning in year shown |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | (NA) | $* 97.8$$* 114.6$ | *100.0 | 72.1 | 100.0 | (NSC) | *99.8 | *99.0 | 100.' |
|  | 41 | * 45.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. Number of new business incorporations....... | 45 | *86.3 | \%106.8 | *110.5 | 31.2 .70 .4 | 44.3 | 70.7 | (NSC) | *138.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 100 . \\ 99 . \end{array}$ |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index. | 45 | (NA)$\% 99.2$ | (NA) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { (NA) } \\ \text { (NSC) } \end{array}$ | $=70.4$ (NA) | (NA) | *107.2 | *90.3 | *101.0 |  |
| 19. Index of stock prices, 500 common sto | 49 |  | 180.9$* 100.8$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (NA) } \\ & 49.7 \end{aligned}$ | 43.8 | *155.6 | *186.3 | *122.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 99 . \\ & 143 . \\ & 106 . \end{aligned}$ |
| 23. Index of industrial materials prices. | 47 | *71.3 |  | *76.6 | 72.4 | 106.5 | *135.1 | *65.1 | *92.9 |  |
| 24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries.................... | 48 | (NA) | (NA) | ) | (NA) | (NA) | *211.6 | *106.2 | *99.2 | $106 .$ |
| 29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits............... | 47 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | *96.5 | 132.1 |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments. | 45 | *91. 3 | $\begin{array}{r} * 96.6 \\ (\mathrm{NA}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} * 105.6 \\ (\mathrm{NA}) \end{array}$ | 93.5 | 120.8 | $\cdots 111.7$ | *105.4 | *102.7 | 107. |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted) | 42 | (NA) |  |  | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | *67.5 | *78.2 |  |
| 47. Index of industrial production. | 45 | *112.3 | *108.2 | $\cdots 116.2$ | 86.5 | 150.8 | 135.1 | $\cdots 109.2$ | *109.0 | 120. |
| 49. Gross national product in current dollars(Q) | 42 | (NA) | (NSC) | (NSC) | 80.2 | 142.6 | 134.9 | *121.6 | * 112.4 | 124. |
| 50. Gross national product in 1954 dollars (Q).. | 42 | (NA) | (NSC) | (NSC) | 92.1 | (NA) | 121.9 | *110.1 | $\div 107.6$ | 117. |
| 52. Personal income................................. | 47 | (NA) | $\cdots$ | * 112.9 | 83.9 | 150.5 | 134.9 | \%122.6 | 121.2 | 123. |
| 53. Labor income in mining, mfg., and | 47 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | 82.7 | 191.4 | *147.3 | ${ }^{*} 116.1$ | *108.3 | 119. |
| 54. Sales of retail stor | 43 | 111.8 | (NSC) | (NSC) | 87.2 | 129.7 | (NSC) | 117.7 | *109.4 | 114. |

NBER LEADING INDICATORS

1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing...........................................

- Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs., floor space ${ }^{2} .$.

13. Number of new business incorporations.......
14. Price per unit of labor cost index..........
15. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks.
16. Index of industrial materials prices........
17. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries...................
18. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits.

NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS
41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments
43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted)
47. Index of industrial production.................
49. Gross national product in current dollars $(Q)$
50. Gross national product in 1954 dollars (Q)..
52. Personal income.......................................
53. Labor income in mining, mfg., and construc..
54. Sales of retail stores.............................

NA Not available.
NSC No specific cycle related to reference dates.
*Indicates that a specific peak had been passed and a specific contraction was underway for this series by the mont indicated in the first column. The figure shown represents the change to the specific peak and the period covered i shorter than that of the current expansion (col. l). See appendix B for specific peak dates.
${ }^{1}$ Based on period of the most recent specific expansion for each series; i.e., from the most recent specific trough $t$ the latest month shown in table 2. The number of months is the same for each expansion except those indicated by a asterisk (*). Specific trough dates are shown in appendix $B$.
${ }^{2}$ Except for 1961, changes are computed in a 3-term moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
${ }^{3}$ Since no specific trough or peak has been designated, figures are based on the low (L) shown in table 2 and the hig preceding that low.

## Appendixes

Appendix A..-BUSINESS CYCLE REFERENCE DATES AND DURATION OF EXPANSIONS AND CONTRACTIONS IN THE UNITED STATES: 1854 TO 1961

| Business cycle reference dates |  | Duration in months |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Contraction (trough from previous peak) | Expansion (trough to peak) | Cycle |  |
|  |  | Trough from previous trough |  | Peak from previous peak |
| Trough | Peak |  |  |  |  |  |
| December 1854 | June 1857.. | xxx | 30 | xxx | xxx |
| December 1858 | October 1860. | 18 | 22 | 48 | 40 |
| June 1861 | April 1865... | 8 | 46 | 30 | 54 |
| December 1867 | June 1869... | 32 | 18 | 78 | 50 |
| December 1870 | October 1873. | 18 | 34 | 36 | 52 |
| March 1879 | March 1882.... | 65 | 36 | 99 | 101 |
| May 1885 | March 1887. . . | 38 | 22 | 74 | 60 |
| April 1888 | July 1890.... | 13 | 27 | 35 | 40 |
| May 1891 | January 1893. | 10 | 20 | 37 | 30 |
| June 1894 | December 1895. | 17 | 18 | 37 | 35 |
| June 1897 | June 1899.... | 18 | 24 | 36 | 42 |
| December 1900 | September 1902 | 18 | 21 | 42 | 39 |
| August 1904 | May 1907..... | 23 | 33 | 44 | 56 |
| June 1908 | January 1910.. | 13 | 19 | 46 | 32 |
| January 1912 | January 1913.. | 24 | 12 | 43 | 36 |
| December 1.914 | August 1918.. | 23 | 44 | 35 | 67 |
| March 1919 | January 1920.. | 7 | 10 | 51 | 17 |
| July 1921 | May 1923...... | 18 | 22 | 28 | 40 |
| July 1924 | October 1926. | 14 | 27 | 36 | 41 |
| November 1927 | August 1929.. | 13 | 21 | 40 | 34 |
| March 1933 | May 1937...... | 43 | 50 | 64 | 93 |
| June 1938 | February 1945. | 13 | 80 | 63 | $\frac{93}{45}$ |
| October 1945 | November 1948. | 8 | 37 | 88 | 45 |
| October 1949 | July 1953..... | 11 | 45 | 48 | 56 |
| August 1954 | July 1957.. | 13 | 35 | 58 | 48 |
| April 1958 | May 1960.... | 9 | 25 | 44 | 34 |
| February 1961 |  | 9 |  | 34 |  |
| Average, all cycles: <br> 26 cycles, 1854-1961. <br> 10 cycles, 1919-1961. $\qquad$ <br> 4 cycles, 1945-1961. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 19 | 30 | 49 | ${ }^{1} 49$ |
|  |  | 15 | 35 | 50 | 254 |
|  |  | 10 | 36 | 46 | 346 |
| Average, peacetime cycles: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 cycles, | 1961. . . . . . . . . . | 20 | 26 | 45 | ${ }_{5}^{4} 46$ |
| 8 cycles, 1 | 961. . . . . . . . . . . | 16 | 28 | 45 | $5 / 48$ |
| 3 cycles, 1 | 961. . . . . . . . . . . | 10 | 32 | 42 | ${ }^{6} 42$ |

NOTE: Underscored figures are the wartime expansions (Civil War, World Wars I and II, and Korean War), the postwar contractions, and the full cycles that include the wartime expansions.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1_{25} \text { cycles, 1857-1960. } & 421 \text { cycles, 1857-1960. } \\
29 \text { cycles, 1920-1960. } & 57 \text { cycles, 1920-1960. } \\
{ }^{3} 4 \text { cycles, 1945-1960. } & 63 \text { cycles, 1945-1960. }
\end{array}
$$

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research.

## Appendix B.-.SPECIFIC TROUGH AND PEAK DATES FOR SELECTED BUSINESS INDICATORS

Specific trough and peak dates are the actual dates that each series reaches its trough and peak. Reference dates art those dates designated as the trough or peak of business activity as a whole. This table shows, for selected leading and coincident series, the specific dates related to reference dates in 9 recent business cycles.

| Selected series | Specific trough dates for reference expansions beginning in-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1958 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1949 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1938 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. $1933$ | Nov. $1927$ | July $1924$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1921 \end{aligned}$ |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS <br> 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing.............. <br> 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs... <br> 13. Number of new business incorporations | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec.' } 60 \\ & \text { May '61 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. }{ }^{\prime} 58 \\ & \text { Jun. }{ }^{\prime} 58 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 54$ <br> NSC | Apr . ${ }^{1} 49$ | Jan. ${ }^{38}$ | Jun. ${ }^{1} 32$ | Apr. '28 | Jul. '24 | Feb. ${ }^{\prime} 2$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Aug | Sep. ${ }^{\prime} 38$ | Oct. 32 | Sep. ${ }^{27}$ | Jul. ${ }^{\prime} 24$ | Mar. ${ }^{\prime} 2$ |
|  | Jan.'61 | $\text { Nov . ' } 57$ | NSC | Feb. 149 | Sep. ${ }^{1} 39$ | Dec.'34 | Dec.'26 | Jun. '24 | Jan. '2 |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index. | Feb. ${ }^{61}$ | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 58$ | Dec.' 53 | May ${ }^{\prime} 49$ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 19. Index of stock prices, 500 stocks.. | Oct. '60 | Dec. ${ }^{1} 57$ | Sep.'53 | Jun. 149 | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 38$ | Jun.' 32 | NSC | Oct. 23 | Aug. ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |
| 23. Index of industrial mat. prices.. | Dec. ${ }^{6} 6$ | Apr.' 58 | Feb.' 54 | Jun. ${ }^{49}$ | Jun. ${ }^{138}$ | Jul. ${ }^{\text {d }} 3$ | Aug. '28 | Jun. 24 | Jul. '2 |
| 24. Value of mfrs.' new orders, machinery and equipment industries.. | Nov. ${ }^{160}$ | Feb.' 58 | Mar. 154 | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 49$ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local bldg. permits. | Dec.'60 | Feb.' 58 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments. $\qquad$ | Feb.'61 | May ${ }^{\prime} 58$ | Aug. ${ }^{1} 54$ | Oct. 149 | Jun. 138 | Mar.'33 | Jan. ${ }^{28}$ | Jul. ${ }^{2} 24$ | Jul. ${ }^{2}$ |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted) | May '61 | Jul. ${ }^{\prime} 58$ | Sep.' 54 | Oct. 149 | Jun. ${ }^{138}$ | May ' 33 | NA | NA | NA |
| 47. Index of industrial production. | Feb. ${ }^{161}$ | Apr. ${ }^{158}$ | Apr.'54 | Oct. ${ }^{49}$ | May 138 | Jul. ${ }^{\text {d }} 3$ | Nov. '27 | Jul. ${ }^{2} 4$ | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 2$ |
| 49. GNP in current dollars (Q) | 1stQ'61 | 1stQ' 58 | 2ndQ' 54 | 2ndQ'49 | 2ndQ' 38 | 1stQ'33 | NSC | NSC | 4 thQ' 2 |
| 50. GNP in 1954 dollars (Q) | 1stQ'61 | 1stQ' 58 | 2ndQ' 54 | 2ndQ'49 | 1stQ'38 | 3rdQ' 32 | NSC ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | NSC |  |
| 52. Personal income. | NSC | Feb. 58 | Mar. 154 | Oct. 149 | May ' 38 | Mar.'33 | 4thQ'26 | 2ndQ' 24 | 2ndQ'2 |
| 53. Labor income in mining, manufacturing and construction......... | Dec. ${ }^{1} 60$ | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 58$ | Aug. ${ }^{154}$ | Oct. ${ }^{49}$ | Jun. ${ }^{1} 38$ | Mar.'33 | NA | NA |  |
| 54. Sales of retail stores | Apr. ${ }^{6} 1$ | Mar. 158 | Jan.' 54 | NSC | May 138 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 33$ | NSC | NSC | Mar. ${ }^{2}$ |
| Selected series | Specific peak dates for reference contractions beginning in-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | May <br> 1960 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1957 \end{aligned}$ | July <br> 1953 | Nov. <br> 1948 | May 1937 | Aug. <br> 1929 | Oct. $1926$ | May <br> 1923 | Jan. <br> 1920 |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing | Apr. ${ }^{59}$ | Nov. ${ }^{155}$ | Mar. ${ }^{\text {a }} 5$ | NSC | Dec.'36 | Oct.'29 | Nov.'25 | Nov.' 22 | NA |
| 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs... |  | Mar.' 56 | NSC | Mar. ${ }^{\prime} 46$ | Jul. 137 | Jan. ${ }^{\text {' } 29}$ | Sep. '25 |  | Dec.'1 |
| 13. Number of new business incorporations $\qquad$ | Apr.'59 |  | NSC | Ju1. ${ }^{146}$ | Dec.'36 | Jan. ${ }^{129}$ | Oct. ${ }^{\text {P }} 25$ | Apr. '23 |  |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index. | May ' 59 | Dec. ${ }^{5} 5$ | Feb.' 51 | Jan. ${ }^{148}$ | NA | NA | NA | NA |  |
| 19. Index of stock prices, 500 stocks.. | Jul. ${ }^{59}$ | Jul.' 56 | Jan.'53 | Jun. 148 | Feb. 137 | Sep.'29 | NSC | Mar. ${ }^{\prime} 23$ | Jul. ${ }^{1}$ |
| 23. Index of industrial mat. prices.... | Nov. 159 | Dec. ${ }^{155}$ | Feb, ' 51 | Jan. ${ }^{48}$ | Mar.'37 | Mar.'29 | Nov. 125 | Mar. ${ }^{\prime 2}$ | Apr . ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |
| 24. Value of mfrs.' new orders, machinery and equipment industries.. | Ju7.'59 | $\text { Nov . ' } 56$ | Feb.' 51 | Apr. ${ }^{4} 88$ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local bldg. permits. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | NA |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS | Nov. ${ }^{58}$ | Feb. ${ }^{55}$ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |  |
| 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments.................. | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 60$ | Mar. ${ }^{57}$ | Sun. ${ }^{\text {' }} 53$ | Sep. ${ }^{\prime} 48$ | Jul. ${ }^{137}$ | Aug. '29 | Jan. '26 | Jun. ${ }^{23}$ |  |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted) | Feb. '60 | Mar. ${ }^{57}$ | Jun. ${ }^{53}$ | Jan. 148 | Jul. 137 | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 47. Index of industrial production. | Jan. '60 | Feb. ${ }^{57}$ | Jul.'53 | Jul. ${ }^{148}$ | May 137 | Jul. '29 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 27$ | May '23 | Feb. ${ }^{2}$ |
| 49. GNP in current dollars (Q) | 2ndQ'60 | 3rdQ' 57 | 2ndQ' 53 | 4thQ' 48 | 3rdQ'37 | 3rdQ'29 | NSC | NSC. | NA |
| 50. GNP in 1954 dollars (Q) | 2ndQ' 60 | 3rdQ' 57 | 2ndQ' 53 | 4thQ'48 | 3rdQ 37 | 3rdQ'29 | NSC | NSC | NA |
| 52. Personal income. | NSC | Aug. ${ }^{57}$ | Oct.' 53 | Oct. ${ }^{148}$ | Jun. ${ }^{37}$ | Aug. '29 | 2ndQ'26 | 1stQ'24 | NA |
| 53. Labor income in mining, manufacturing and construction............ | May ${ }^{\prime} 60$ | Jul. ${ }^{57}$ | Jul.'53 | Sep. ${ }^{1} 48$ | May 137 | Sep.'29 | NA | NA |  |
| 54. Sales of retail stores. | Apr. ${ }^{60}$ | Aug. ${ }^{\text {' }} 57$ | Mar. ${ }^{53}$ | NSC | Sep. 137 | Sep.'29 | NSC | NSC | Jul. ${ }^{1} 2$ |

NA Not available. NSC No specific cycle related to reference dates.

Appendix C.--AVERAGE CH ANGES AND RELATED MEASURES FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES
Part 1.--Average Percentage Changes

| Monthly series | $\overline{\mathrm{CI}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$ | $\bar{C}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \mathrm{C}$ | MCD | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{I}} / \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { for } \\ & \text { MCD } \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CI | I | C | MCD |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS <br> - Avg. workweek, production workers, mfg......... <br> - Accession rate, manufacturing....................... <br> - Nonagricultural placements, all industries.... <br> - Layoff rate, manufacturing........................... <br> - Temporary layoff, all industries.................. <br> - Avg. weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance......................................... <br> . New orders, durable goods industries........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | . 49 | . 42 | . 21 | 2.00 | 2 | . 95 | 2.15 | 1.65 | 10.58 | 4.06 |
|  | 4.80 | 4.52 | 1.63 | 2.77 | 3 | . 91 | 2.17 | 1.74 | 9.93 | 4.42 |
|  | 1.82 | 1.29 | 1.18 | 1.09 | 2 | . 59 | 2.27 | 1.63 | 9.77 | 5.25 |
|  | 9.35 | 8.52 | 3.88 | 2.20 | 3 | . 70 | 2.17 | 1.74 | 8.18 | 5.96 |
|  | 17.76 | 17.12 | 3.99 | 4.29 | 5 | . 89 | 1.63 | 1.44 | 6.35 | 3.08 |
|  | 5.29 | 4.62 | 2.49 | 1.86 | 2 | . 86 | 1.72 | 1.51 | 9.77 | 3.94 |
|  | 3.79 | 3.25 | 1.61 | 2.02 |  | . 59 | 1.67 | 1.54 | 8.33 | 4.56 |
| - New orders, machinery and equipment indus..... <br> - Construction contracts, commercial and industrial. $\qquad$ | 4.47 | 4.01 | 1.61 | 2.49 | 3 | . 84 | 1.76 | 1.51 | 12.50 | 3.62 |
|  | 9.66 | 9.43 | 1.67 | 5.65 | 6 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | 1.70 | 1.54 | 6.63 | 3.03 |
| - Contracts and orders, plant and equipment | 4.93 | 4.61 | 1.47 | 3.14 | 4 | . 82 | 1.82 | 1.59 | 10.75 | 3.71 |
| - Private nonfarm housing starts........ | 7.34 | 7.31 | 1.14 | 6.41 | 6 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | 1.53 | 1.53 | 6.13 | 2.32 |
| - New building permits, private housin | 3.82 | 3.39 | 1.48 | 2.29 |  | . 68 | 1.89 | 1.53 | 14.38 | 3.32 |
| - New business incorporations | 2.68 | 2.36 | 1.10 | 2.15 | 3 | . 77 | 2.10 | 1.70 | 6.30 | 3.02 |
| - Liabilities of business failures | 16.86 | 16.36 | 2.52 | 6.49 | 6 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | 1.48 | 1.32 | 5.77 | 2.26 |
| - Large business failures................................ <br> - Ratio, price to unit labor cost, manufacturing <br> - Stock prices, 500 common stocks................... <br> - Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories. | 13.09 | 12.81 | 2.11 | 6.07 | 6 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | 1.53 | 1.37 | 9.77 | 5.30 |
|  | . 69 | . 56 | . 33 | 1.70 | 2 | . 94 | 2.23 | 1.74 | 7.47 | 3.60 |
|  | 2.65 | 1.86 | 1.67 | 1.11 | 2 | . 68 | 2.35 | 1.67 | 12.70 | 3.94 |
|  | 6.81 | 5.29 | 3.10 | 1.71 | 3 | . 66 | 2.54 | 1.76 | 10.58 | 4.63 |
| - Production materials, percent reporting commitments 60 days or longer. <br> - Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries. $\qquad$ <br> , Industrial materials prices.......................... | 5.81 | 5.32 | 2.14 | 2.49 | 3 | . 76 | 1.87 | 1.63 | 12.70 | 3.91 |
|  | 7.68 | 5.54 | 4.73 | 1.17 | 2 | . 79 | 3.53 | 2.12 | 9.77 | 4.20 |
|  | 1.32 | 1.04 | . 74 | 1.41 | 2 | . 95 | 2.44 | 2.05 | 11.55 | 4.06 |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employees in nonagricultural establishments... | . 30 | . 15 | . 24 | . 63 | 1 | . 63 | 5.15 | 1.96 | 15.44 | 5.15 |
| , Total nonagricultural employment............... | . 36 | . 29 | . 19 | 1.53 | 2 | . 79 | 1.82 | 1.62 | 18.71 | 3.33 |
| - Unemployment rate, total... | 4.19 | 3.14 | 2.41 | 1.30 | 2 | . 69 | 2.67 | 1.58 | 8.19 | 3.33 |
| - Unemployment rate, married males. | 5.98 | 5.02 | 2.86 | 1.76 |  | . 88 | 2.53 | 1.63 | 10.90 | 4.91 |
| , Average weekly insured unemployment, State.... | 4.82 | 2.56 | 3.56 | . 72 | 1 | . 72 | 3.74 | 2.12 | 9.07 | 3.74 |
| , Help-wanted advertising.......................... | 3.11 | 1.88 | 2.35 | . 80 | 1 | .80 | 3.47 | 1.60 | 9.62 | 3.47 |
| Industrial production. | 1.09 | . 58 | . 79 | . 73 | 1 | . 73 | 3.53 | 2.05 | 9.77 | 3.53 |
| Bank debits outside NYC | 1.48 | 1.44 | . 60 | 2.40 | 3 | . 54 | 1.69 | 1.53 | 18.14 | 4.31 |
| Personal income. | . 49 | . 27 | .41 | . 66 | 1 | . 66 | 3.43 | 1.84 | 18.14 | 3.43 |
| Labor income in mining, mfg., construc | . 81 | . 53 | . 61 | . 87 | 1 | . 87 | 3.43 | 1.90 | 11.55 | 3.43 |
| Sales of retail stores... | . 78 | . 63 | . 44 | 1.43 | 2 | . 85 | 2.53 | 1.80 | 9.54 | 3.62 |
| Wholesale prices, except farm prod. and foods. <br> NBER LAGGING INDICATORS | . 17 | . 10 | . 13 | . 77 | 1 | .77 | 3.53 | 2.65 | 11.55 | 3.53 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing.. | . 65 | . 48 | .36 | 1.33 |  | .72 | 2.27 | 1.55 | 9.07 | 4.34 |
| Book value of manufacturers' inventories...... | . 54 | . 19 | . 49 | . 39 | , | . 39 | 8.33 | 2.02 | 13.89 | 8.33 |
| Book value of manufacturers' inventories of finished goods. | . 80 | . 54 | . 49 | 1.10 | 2 | . 53 | 2.40 | 1.42 | 15.63 | 5.17 |
| Consumer installment debt. | . 83 | .17 | . 78 | . 22 | 1 | . 22 | 11.45 | 2.29 | 18.00 | 11.45 |
| OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal cash payments to public................ | 5.68 | 5.59 | . 82 | 6.82 | 6 | (1) | 1.51 | 1.41 | 8.47 | 2.18 |
| Federal cash receipts from public. | 5.37 | 5.20 | . 95 | 5.47 | 6 | (1) | 1.74 | 1.57 | 7.47 | 2.60 |
| Defense Dept. obligations, procuremen | 26.87 | 26.37 | 4.09 | 6.45 | 6 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | 1.51 | 1.46 | 5.93 | 2.27 |
| Defense Dept. obligations, total. | 15.12 | 14.78 | 2.70 | 5.47 | 6 | $(1)$ | 1.47 | 1.43 | 6.61 | 2.48 |
| Military contract awards in U.S................ | 26.25 | 26.21 | 6.12 | 4.28 | 6 | (1) | 1.58 | 1.47 | 5.95 | 2.86 |
| New orders, defense products.................... | 23.00 | 23.02 | 3.60 | 6.39 | 6 | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | 1.51 | 1.45 | 5.56 | 2.53 |
| Treasury bill rate. | 7.33 | 5.69 | 4.71 | 1.21 |  | . 81 | 2.47 | 2.00 | 9.71 | 3.55 |
| Treasury bond yields. | 1.80 | 1.39 | 1.04 | 1.34 | 2 | . 95 | 2.72 | 2.13 | 10.46 | 3.75 |
| Corporate bond yields | 1.68 | 1.50 | . 58 | 2.59 |  | . 93 | 2.26 | 1.79 | 8.67 | 4.90 |
| Municipal bond yields........................... | 2.57 | 2.17 | 1.12 | 1.94 | 3 | . 86 | 2.63 | 1.90 | 8.56 | 3.55 |
| Mortgage yields..................................... | . 58 | .27 | . 52 | . 52 | 1 | . 52 | 9.13 | 2.63 | 17.13 | 9.13 |

[^10]| Monthly series | $\overline{C I}$ | $\bar{I}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{c}}$ | I/C | MCD | $\bar{I} / \bar{C}$ <br> for <br> MCD <br> span | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CI | I | c | MC |
| OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE--Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86. Exports, excluding military aid. | 4.59 | 4.39 | 1.11 | 3.95 | 4 | . 96 | 1.77 | 1.66 | 7.06 | 2.' |
| 87. General imports.. | 3.61 | 3.47 | . 97 | 3.58 | 4 | . 85 | 1.59 | 1.51 | 7.53 | $2 .!$ |
| 81. Consumer prices................................. | .15 | . 10 | . 13 | . 77 | 1 | . 77 | 6.00 | 2.25 | 25.20 | 6.1 |
| 94. Construction contracts, value.................. | 7.03 | 6.69 | 1.69 | 3.96 | 5 | . 84 | 1.52 | 1.45 | 7.88 | 3. |
| 96. Unfilled orders, durable goods industries.... | 1.51 | . 57 | 1.34 | . 43 | 1 | . 43 | 5.95 | 1.87 | 13.89 | 5. |
| INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 123. Canada............................................. | . 90 | . 77 | . 52 | 1.48 | 2 | . 72 | 3.47 | 2.12 | 15.63 | 8.1 |
| 122. United Kingdom.................................... | 1.14 | 1.09 | . 47 | 2.32 | 3 | . 81 | 2.40 | 1.87 | 8.93 | 5. |
| 121. OECD European countries........................ | . 86 | . 83 | . 50 | 1.66 | 2 | . 89 | 3.47 | 2.40 | 31.25 | $7{ }^{\prime}$ |
| 125. West Germany. | 1.42 | 1.18 | . 69 | 1.71 | 2 | . 93 | 2.86 | 2.14 | 18.00 | 5. |
| 126. France | 1.36 | 1.20 | . 68 | 1.76 | 2 | . 89 | 3.21 | 2.08 | 25.00 | 11.: |
| 127. Italy. | 2.44 | 1.41 | . 74 | 1.91 | 3 | . 64 | 2.70 | 1.82 | 31.00 | 6. |
| 128. Japan. | 1.70 | 1.07 | 1.23 | . 87 | 1 | . 87 | 2.91 | 1.52 | 17.86 | 2.1 |
| Quarterly series | $\overline{C I}$ | $\bar{I}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \mathrm{C}$ | QCD | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{I} / \bar{C} \\ & \text { for } \\ & \text { QCD } \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CI | I | C | QC |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. New capital appropriations, manufacturing.... | 11.35 | 7.11 | 7.31 | . 97 | 1 | . 97 | 2.42 | 1.48 | 5.11 | 2. |
| 16. Corporate profits after taxes................. | 6.28 | 4.03 | 4.71 | . 86 | 1 | . 86 | 2.47 | 1.35 | 5.25 | 2. |
| 18. Profits per dollar of sales, manufacturing... | 6.76 | 4.80 | 4.17 | 1.15 | 2 | . 56 | 2.47 | 1.40 | 5.25 | 2. |
| 22. Ratio, profits to income originating, corporate, all industries. | 5.10 | 3.76 | 3.78 | . 99 | 1 | . 99 | 3.23 | 1.40 | 5.25 | 3.: |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50. GNP in 1954 dollars. | 1.29 | . 49 | 1.07 | . 46 | 1 | . 46 | 3.82 | 1.45 | 4.67 | 3.1 |
| 49. GNP in current dollars.......................... | 1.54 | . 50 | 1.33 | . 38 | 1 | . 38 | 4.67 | 1.35 | 6.00 | 4.1 |
| 57. Final sales.......................................... | 1.30 | . 38 | 1.20 | .31 | 1 | . 31 | 6.00 | 1.45 | 8.40 | 6.1 |
| NBER LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61. Business expenditures, new plant and equip... | 3.15 | 1.26 | 2.64 | . 48 | 1 | . 48 | 4.67 | 1.83 | 4.67 | 4.1 |
| 68. Labor cost per dollar of real corp. GNP...... | . 90 | . 49 | . 72 | . 68 | 1 | . 68 | 3.15 | 1.41 | 5.86 | 3. |
| 67. Bank rates on short-term business loans...... | 2.31 | 1.57 | 2.00 | . 79 | 1 | . 79 | 2.47 | 1.56 | 4.67 | 2. |
| OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 110. Total private borrowing. | 11.61 | 8.33 | 7.58 | 1.10 | 2 | . 43 | 2.59 | 1.33 | 4.00 | 4.1 |
| 111. Corporate gross savings........................ | 4.32 | 2.86 | 2.90 | . 99 | 1 | . 99 | 2.30 | 1.48 | 4.60 | 2. |
| 97. Backlog of capital appropriations, mfg....... | 6.57 | 1.47 | 6.15 | . 24 | 1 | . 24 | 3.21 | 1.61 | 7.50 | $3 . \%$ |

NOTE: Measures are computed for a period of at least 10 years beginning with January 1953, except for series 7, 86, 87, and 116. The period begins with May 1959 for series 7 and with January 1960 for series 116. For series 86 and 87 , the period ends with June 1962.
${ }^{1}$ Not computed for series when MCD is " 6 " or more.

The following are brief definitions of the measures shown in this table. More complete explanations appear in Electronic Computers and Business Indicators, by Julius Shiskin, issued as Occasional Paper 57 by the National Bureau of Economic Research, 1957 (reprinted from Journal of Business, October 1957).
"CI", is the average month-to-month (or quarter-toquarter' percentage change, without regard to sign, in the seasonally adjusted series. "I" is the same for the irregular component, obtained by dividing the cyclical com-
ponent into the seasonally adjusted series. "C" is $t$ same for the cyclical component, a smooth, flexible mc ing average of the seasonally adjusted series.
"MCD" (months for cyclical dominance) provides an est mate of the appropriate time span over which to obser cyclical movements in a monthly series. It is small f smooth series and large for irregular series. In derivi MCD, percentage changes are computed separately for $t$ irregular component and the cyclical component for 1 -mor spans (Jan.-Feb., Feb.-Mar., etc.), 2-month spans (Jar Mar., Feb.-Apr., etc.), up to 5 -month spans. Average without regard to sign, are then computed for the chang over each span. MCD is the shortest span in months $f$ which the average percentage change (without regard sign) in the cyclical component is larger than the avers percentage change (without regard to sign) in the irreg lar component, and remains so. Thus, it indicates $t$ point at which fluctuations in the seasonally adjust series become dominated by cyclical rather than irregul
vements. Since changes are not computed for spans greater an 5 months, all series with an MCD greater than "5" are own as "6". Similarly, "QCD" provides an estimate of e appropriate time span over which to observe cyclical vements in quarterly series. It is the shortest span (in arters) for which the average percentage change (without gard to sign) in the cyclical component is larger than e average percentage change (without regard to sign) in e irregular component, and remains so.
" $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \mathrm{C}^{\mathrm{C}}$ is a measure of the relative smoothness (small lues) or irregularity (large values) of the seasonally justed series. For monthly series, it is shown for 1nth spans and for spans of the period of MCD. When MCD " 6 ", no I/C ratio is shown for the MCD period. For quarrly series, $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \mathrm{C}$ is shown for l-quarter spans and QCD ans.
"Average Duration of Run" (ADR) is another measure of pothness and is equal to the average number of consecuve monthly changes in the same direction in any series observations. When there is no change between 2 months, change in the same direction as the preceding change is sumed. The ADR is shown for the seasonally adjusted ries CI, irregular component $I$, cyclical component $C$, i the MCD curve. The MCD curve is a moving average ith the number of terms equal to MCD) of the seasonally justed series.

A comparison of these measures of ADR with the expected $A D R$ of a random series gives an indication of whether the changes approximate those of a random series. Over 1month intervals in a random series, the expected value of the $A D R$ is 1.5 . The actual value of $A D R$ falls between 1.36 and 1.75 about 95 percent of the time. Over l-month intervals in a moving average (MCD) of a random series, the expected value of $A D R$ is 2.9. For example, the ADR of CI is 1.67 for series 6, Value of Manufacturers' New Orders, Durable Goods Industries. This indicates that 1month changes in the seasonally adjusted series, on the average, reverse sign about as of ten as expected in a random series. The ADR measures shown in the next two columns, 1.54 for I and 8.33 for $C$, suggest that the seasonally adjusted series has been successfully separated into an essentially random component and a cyclical (nonrandom) component. Finally, $A D R$ is 4.56 for the MCD moving average. This indicates that a 3 -month moving average of the seasonally adjusted series ( 3 months being the MCD span) reverses direction, on the average, about every 4 to 5 months. The increase in the ADR from 1.67 for $C I$ to 4.56 for the MCD moving average indicates that, for this series, month-to-month changes in the MCD moving average usually reflect the underlying cyclical-trend movements of the series, whereas the month-to-month changes in the seasonally adjusted series usually do not.

Appendix C.--AVERAGE CHANGES AND RELATED MEASURES FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES.-Continued
Part 2...Average Unit Changes

| Monthly series | Unit of measure | $\overline{C I}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$ | $\bar{C}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \mathrm{C}$ | MCD ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{I}} / \overline{\mathrm{C}} \\ & \text { for } \\ & \text { MCD } \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CI | I | C | MCD |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| . Change in book value, manufacturing and trade inventories. | Ann. rate, bil. dol... | 3.50 | 3.37 | . 85 | 3.96 | 4 | . 94 | 1.47 | 1.44 | 7.94 | 3.22 |
| 1. Change in book value, mfrs.' inventories of matls., supplies. |  | 1.52 | 1.45 | .37 | 3.93 | 5 | . 92 | 1.64 | 1.46 | 6.05 | 3.15 |
| ;. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods. $\qquad$ | Bil. dol.... | . 49 | . 46 | .16 | 2.93 | 4 | .79 | 1.79 | 1.58 | 7.44 | 3.45 |
| JTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| r. Fed. cash surplus or deficit.... | Ann. rate, bil. dol... | 5.60 | 5.46 | . 97 | 5.64 | 9 | . 79 | 1.54 | 1.47 | 6.09 | 3.07 |
| 1. Free reserves..................... | Mil. dol. | 104.23 | 82.19 | 52.77 | 1.56 | 2 | . 95 | 2.03 | 1.52 | 10.31 | 3.17 |
| i. Change in money supply.......... | Ann. rate, percent.... | 2.78 | 2.81 | . 42 | 6.75 | 11 | . 82 | 1.45 | 1.48 | 6.18 | 3.32 |
| - Change in money supply and time deposits.............................. | ..do........ | 2.52 | 2.52 | . 48 | 5.29 | 7 | . 97 | 1.51 | 1.45 | 6.80 | 2.60 |
| - Change, business loans........... | Ann. rate, bil. dol... | 1.22 | 1.19 | . 26 | 4.51 | 5 | . 93 | 1.47 | 1.47 | 6.22 | 2.48 |
| - Change, consumer installment debt.. | ..do........ | . 85 | .75 | . 34 | 2.19 | 3 | . 78 | 1.71 | 1.55 | 9.00 | 3.24 |
| i. Merchandise trade balance....... | Mil. dol.... | 58.96 | 56.60 | 17.50 | 3.23 | 3 | . 93 | 1.82 | 1.61 | 11.30 | 2.64 |

NOTE: Measures are computed for the period, January 33 to mid-1964, except for series 88 and 112. For series the period ends with June 1962 and for series 112, the 'iod begins with August 1959.
${ }^{1}$ Where MCD is larger than " 6 ", a 6-term moving average used as the MCD curve.

The measures in the above table are computed by an adiive method to avoid the distortion caused by zero and
negative data. Thus, " $\overline{\mathrm{CI}} "$ is the average month-to-month change in the seasonally adjusted series. This average is computed without regard to sign and is expressed in the same unit of measure as the series itself. " $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ " is the same for the cyclical component, which is a moving average of the seasonally adjusted series. "I" is the same for the irregular component, which is determined by subtracting the cyclical component from the seasonally adjusted series. All other measures shown above have the same meaning as in part 1.

Appendix D..-CURRENT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT FACTORS FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES ADJUSTED BY BUREAU OF THE CENSUS OR NBI (NOVEMBER 1963 TO DECEMBER 1964)

| Series | 1963 |  | 1964 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | De |
| 4. Temporary layoff, all industries. | 86.7 | 95.9 | 144.5 | 107.7 | 98.9 | 86.6 | 84.0 | 76.7 | 98.3 | 146.0 | 82.4 | 90.7 | 86.6 | 95 |
| State unemployment insurance | 103.1 | 133.7 | 142.1 | 109.5 | 94.4 | 93.8 | 83.0 | 82.9 | 104.7 | 85.5 | 78.7 | 89.0 | 103.0 | 134 |
| 13. New business incorporations ${ }^{1}$. | 82.3 | 97.5 | 116.3 | 96.3 | 110.0 | 106.9 | 102.9 | 106.7 | 108.2 | 90.5 | 92.5 | 99.0 | 82.3 | 102 |
| 14. Liabilities of business failures. | 102.5 | 78.5 | 110.3 | 101.7 | 103.5 | 114.6 | 103.3 | 94.4 | 82.7 | 124.9 | 91.0 | 92.0 | 102.6 | 77 |
| 15. Large business failures.......... | 94.3 | 85.7 | 111.7 | 112.8 | 115.0 | 109.1 | 99.7 | 104.7 | 87.6 | 95.9 | 90.3 | 93.5 | 94.3 | 85 |
| 17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, manufacturing........ | 101.1 | 97.7 | 98.0 | 99.4 | 100.0 | 100.3 | 100.8 | 102.3 | 96.2 | 99.1 | 101.7 | 103.3 | 101.1 | 97 |
| 18. Profits per dol. of sales, mfg. ${ }^{2}$. | 100.8 |  |  | 94.7 |  |  | 106.2 |  |  | 97.6 |  |  | 100.8 |  |
| 30. Nonagri. placements, all indus. ${ }^{1}$. | 93.1 | 81.1 | 82.6 | 77.4 | 92.0 | 103.6 | 107.4 | 110.8 | 105.0 | 111.0 | 124.4 | 112.6 | 93.3 | 82 |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories...... | 95.1 | 96.7 | 109.6 | 107.4 | 109.3 | 109.1 | 106.3 | 96.7 | 92.8 | 91.6 | 93.7 | 92.1 | 95.1 | 96 |
| 55. Wholesale prices, except farm products and foods. | 100.0 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 100.1 | 100.1 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 100.1 | 100.0 | 100 |
| 62. Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing. | 98.9 | 102.3 | 102.3 | 100.6 | 99.9 | 99.4 | 99.0 | 97.6 | 103.9 | 100.8 | 97.9 | 96.9 | 98.9 | 102 |
| 81. Index of consumer prices. | 100.2 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 99.9 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 100.2 | 100.0 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 99 |
| 82. Federal cash payments to public.. | 103.1 | 98.5 | 91.9 | 96.2 | 93.7 | 99.0 | 103.7 | 102.9 | 96.6 | 115.0 | 93.8 | 105.7 | 102.9 | 98 |
| 83. Federal cash receipts from pub... | 101.9 | 106.4 | 69.3 | 112.1 | 126.6 | 79.0 | 121.6 | 149.8 | 48.9 | 115.1 | 123.5 | 46.1 | 102.0 | 106 |
| 90. Defense Department obligations-procurement............................. | 92.8 | 102.7 | 85.8 | 85.7 | 102.5 | 79.7 | 72.3 | 207.0 | 89.6 | 89.2 | 97.1 | 95.8 | 92.9 | 102 |
| 91. Defense Dept. oblig., total..... | 90.3 | 99.6 | 92.2 | 85.7 | 108.0 | 94.6 | 86.2 | 147.1 | 101.1 | 94.3 | 98.1 | 103.6 | 90.3 | 99 |
| 92. Military contract awards in U.S.. | 84.8 | 94.5 | 91.5 | 83.3 | 124.8 | 84.0 | 89.6 | 197.9 | 69.9 | 88.0 | 99.0 | 93.9 | 84.8 | 94 |
| 112. Change, business Ioans ${ }^{3}$......... | 100.8 | 101.7 | 100.2 | 99.4 | 100.4 | 100.7 | 100.1 | 99.7 | 99.1 | 98.7 | 99.3 | 99.8 | 100.9 | 101 |
| 128. Japan, index of industrial production. | 99.0 | 102.0 | 94.7 | 100.9 | 108.4 | 100.3 | 100.5 | 99.4 | 99.1 | 96.8 | 99.1 | 100.3 | 99.0 | 102 |

These data are not published by the source agency in seasonally adjusted form. Seasonal adjustments were made by $t$ Bureau of the Census or the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. Seasonally adjusted data prepared by the sour agency will be substituted whenever they are published.
${ }^{1}$ Factors are a combination of seasonal and trading-day factors.
${ }^{2}$ Quarterly series; figures are placed in middle month of quarter.
${ }^{3}$ Factors apply to total series before month-to-month changes are computed.

| Contractions: <br> Reference peak to reference trough | Percent change: Reference peak to reference trough |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43. Unemployment rate |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 41. Employees in nonagri. es-tablishments | 47. Index <br> of indus- <br> trial <br> produc- <br> tion | 50. GNP <br> in 1954 <br> dollars <br> (Q) ${ }^{1}$ | 49. GNP in current dollars $(Q)^{1}$ | 51. Bank <br> debits <br> outside <br> NYC | 52. Personal income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 54. Re- } \\ & \text { tail } \\ & \text { sales } \end{aligned}$ | Change in rate, peak to trough | Rate at peak | Rate at trough |
| Jan. 1920-July 1921 | NA | -31.6 | NA | -19.7 | -22.5 | -21.9 | -6.2 | ${ }^{2}+7.9$ | ${ }^{2} 4.0$ | ${ }^{2} 11.9$ |
| May 1923-July 1924. | NA | -18.0 | -0.3 | -2.3 | -3.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | $2+2.3$ | 23.2 | 25.5 |
| Oct. 1926-Nov. 1927. | NA | -5.9 | +2.3 | +0.4 | +8.7 | +0.9 | 0.0 | $2+2.2$ | 21.9 | 24.1 |
| Aug. 1929-Mar. 1933. | -31.6 | -51.8 | -28.0 | -49.6 | -61.9 | -50.8 | -47.4 | +25.4 | 30.0 | 25.4 |
| May 1937-June 1938. | -10.4 | -31.7 | -8.9 | -11.9 | -16.5 | -10.9 | -18.5 | +8.8 | 11.2 | 20.0 |
| Feb. 1945-Oct. 19454 | -7.8 | -31.4 | NA | -10.9 | -1.0 | -4.0 | +9.9 | +2.2 | 1.1 | 3.3 |
| Nov 1948-Oct. 1949...... | -5.1 | -8.5 | -1.4 | -3.3 | -4.0 | -4.3 | 0.0 | +4.1 | 33.8 | 7.9 |
| July 1953-Aug 1954 ${ }^{5}$ | -3.4 | -9.1 | -3.0 | -1.8 | +1.6 | -0.2 | -0.7 | +3.5 | 2.6 | 6.1 |
| July 1957-Apr. 1958...... | -3.9 | -14.1 | -3.8 | -2.5 | -3.1 | -0.3 | -1.6 | +3.2 | 4.2 | 7.4 |
| May 1960-Feb. 1961. . . . . . | -1.9 | -5.7 | -1.8 | -0.5 | +2.4 | +1.0 | -1.9 | +1.7 | 5.2 | 6.9 |
| Median: ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All contractions....... | -5.6 | -16.0 | -2.4 | -2.9 | -3.1 | -2.2 | -1.2 | +3.4 | 3.5 | 7.2 |
| Excluding postwar contractions............... | -6.5 | -16.0 | -2.3 | -2.9 | -3.6 | -2.3 | -1.8 | +3.6 | 3.9 | 7.6 |
| 4 contractions since $1948 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | -3.6 | -8.8 | -2.4 | -2.2 | -0.8 | -0.2 | -1.2 | +3.4 | 4.0 | 7.2 |
|  | Percent change: Reference trough to reference peak |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43. Unemployment rate |  |  |
| Expansions: Reference trough to reference peak | 41 Employees in nonagri. es-tablishments | 47. Index of industrial production | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 50. GNP } \\ & \text { in } 1954 \\ & \text { dollars } \\ & (\mathrm{Q})^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \text { GNP } \\ & \text { in cur- } \\ & \text { rent } \\ & \text { dollars } \\ & (Q)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | 51. Bank debits outside NYC | 52. Personal income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 54. Re- } \\ & \text { tail } \\ & \text { sales } \end{aligned}$ | Change <br> in rate, trough to peak | Rate at trough | Rate at peak |
| July 1921-May 1923. | NA | +64.2 | NA | +25.1 | +23.5 | +29.6 | +13.3 | ${ }^{2}-8.7$ | ${ }^{2} 11.9$ | 23.2 |
| July 1924-0ct. 1926...... | NA | +30.4 | +12.4 | $+14.7$ | +18.9 | +13.2 | +8.8 | $2-3.6$ | 25.5 | ${ }^{2} 1.9$ |
| Nov. 1927-Aug. 1929...... | NA | $+24.1$ | +12.6 | +13.3 | +20.4 | +12.2 | +2.7 | 2-0.9 | 24.1 | ${ }^{2} 33.2$ |
| dar. 1933-May 1937. | $+40.2$ | +119.9 | +42.1 | +73.9 | +78.4 | +76.3 | +85.6 | -14.2 | 25.4 | 11.2 |
| June 1938-Feb. 1945 ${ }^{4}$..... | +45.9 | +183.3 | NA | +169.6 | +131.7 | +157.3 | +102.0 | -18.9 | 20.0 | 1.1 |
|  | +17.2 | +21.9 | +3.3 | +34.9 | +51.5 | +28.5 | +59.7 | +0.3 | 3.3 | ${ }^{3} 3.6$ |
| Jct. 1949-July 19535.... | +17.8 | +50.0 | +27.4 | +43.5 | +49.3 | +41.5 | +26.3 | -5.3 | 7.9 | 2.6 |
| 4ug. 1954-July 1957...... | +8.9 | +19.7 | +13.5 | +23.8 | +28.6 | +22.8 | +20.9 | -1.9 | 6.1 | 4.2 |
| 2pr. 1958-May 1960....... | +6.8 | +25.2 | +11.9 | +15.3 | +21.2 | +13.6 | +10.8 | -2.2 | 7.4 | 5.2 |
| yedian: ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All expansions......... | +17.5 | +35.2 | +12.8 | +27.9 | +33.8 | +27.0 | +19.9 | -3.7 | 7.1 | 3.3 |
| Excluding wartime expansions................ | +13.0 | +26.6 | +12.5 | +21.4 | +24.4 | +21.6 | +14.7 | -2.6 | 6.3 | 3.7 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { expansions since } \\ & 1945 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \end{aligned}$ | +13.0 | +23.6 | +12.7 | +29.4 | +39.0 | +25.6 | +23.2 | -2.0 | 6.8 | 3.9 |

For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or "2" (series 41, 43, 47, 52, and 54), the figure for the reference peak (trough) month is used as the base. For series with an MCD of " 3 " or more (series 51), the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak (trough) month is used as the base. The base for quarterly series (series 49 and 50) is the reference peak (trough) quarter. See also MCD footnote to appendix $C$.
${ }^{1}$ The most recent quarterly reference dates are as follows: 2d quarter 1958 (trough); 2d quarter 1960 (peak); and lst дuarter 1961 (trough). For earlier dates, see Business Cycle Indicators (NBER), vol. 1, p. 670.
${ }^{2}$ Based on average for the calendar year.
${ }^{3}$ Differs from figure for same date in expansion (contraction) part of table because of change in series used.
${ }^{4}$ World War II contraction or expansion period.
${ }^{5}$ Korean War contraction or expansion period.
${ }^{6}$ The median is an average of the middle 2 or 3 items.
Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

Appendix F.--HISTORICAL DATA FOR SELECTED SERIES
Each month historical data are presented for certain series that either have not been shown here previously or have been revised historically. The months of issue for series previously included in this appendix are given in the index. Current data are shown in tables 2, 4, and 5. Data are seasonally adjusted.

| Year | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing (Hours per production worker) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 39.5 |
| 1949. | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.0 | 38.6 | 38.8 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 39.5 | 39.1 | 39.3 |
| 1950. | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.9 |
| 1951. | 40.9 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 40.6 |
| 1952. | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.1 |
| 1953. | 41.0 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 39.7 | 40.1 | 39.7 | 39.6 |
| 1954.. | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 40.0 |
| 1955. | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 40.9 |
| 1956. | 40.8 | 20.6 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.6 |
| 1957. | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 39.0 |
| 1958. | 38.8 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 39.1 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 39.8 | 39.8 |
| 1959. | 40.1 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.2 |
| 1960... | 40.6 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.3 | 38.3 |
|  | 2. Accession rate, manufacturing (Per 100 employees) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 5.6 | 6.5 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.4 |
| 1949.. | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 5.2 |
| 1950. | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.7 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.0 |
| 1951. | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 5.0 |
| 1952. | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.4 | 5.8 |
| 1953. | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.9 | 4.5 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| 1954. | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 4.3 |
| 1955.. | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| 1956.. | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.0 |
| 1957. | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| 1958. | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.2 |
| 1959. | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 5.6 |
| 1960.... | 4.2 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.6 |
|  | 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (Per 100 employees) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.3 |
| 1949. | 2.8 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.1 |
| 1950. | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| 1951. | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.5 |
| 1952. | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.0 |
| 1953.. | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| 1954. | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.8 |
| 1955. | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| 1956. | 1.6 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| 1957. | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| 1958. | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| 1959. | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 1.9 |
| 1960.... | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 |
|  | 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments (Thous.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 44,658 | 44,541 | 44,662 | 44,342 | 44,659 | 44,925 | 45,124 | 45,040 | 45,143 | 45,087 | 45,094 | 45,051 |
| 1949. | 44,622 | 44,445 | 44,214 | 44,058 | 43,848 | 43,626 | 43,457 | 43,506 | 43,671 | 42,811 | 43,163 | 43,525 |
| 1950. | 43,467 | 43,192 | 43,871 | 44,276 | 44,607 | 4,995 | 45,387 | 46,064 | 46,298 | 46,522 | 46,652 | 46,784 |
| 1951.. | 47,267 | 47,518 | 47,725 | 47,890 | 47,829 | 47,951 | 47,951 | 47,815 | 47,770 | 47,815 | 48,049 | 48,188 |
| 1952.. | 48,268 | 48,456 | 48,473 | 48,494 | 48,538 | 48,142 | 47,986 | 48,705 | 49,146 | 49,451 | 49,719 | 49,993 |
| 1953. | 50,084 | 50,320 | 50,398 | 50,418 | 50,394 | 50,416 | 50,413 | 50,304 | 50,173 | 50,115 | 49,845 | 49,673 |
| 1954.. | 49,384 | 49,310 | 49,117 | 49,017 | 48,875 | 48,812 | 48,715 | 48,680 | 48,737 | 48,843 | 49,134 | 49,287 |
| 1955.. | 49,394 | 49,573 | 49,871 | 50,130 | 50,452 | 50,737 | 50,854 | 50,941 | 51,098 | 51,306 | 51,534 | 51,774 |
| 1956.. | 51,922 | 52,145 | 52,168 | 52,305 | 52,415 | 52,500 | 51,814 | 52,459 | 52,429 | 52,681 | 52,778 | 52,935 |
| 1957.. | 52,858 | 53,058 | 53,115 | 53,065 | 53,040 | 52,987 | 53,003 | 53,023 | 52,799 | 52,680 | 52,515 | 52,342 |
| 1958. | 52,058 | 51,484 | 51,189 | 50,916 | 50,822 | 50,865 | 50,946 | 51,168 | 51,421 | 51,403 | 51,893 | 52,029 |
| 1959.. | 52,449 | 52,592 | 52,903 | 53,243 | 53,456 | 53,630 | 53,715 | 53,245 | 53,282 | 53,206 | 53,537 | 54,058 |
| 1960... | 54,224 | 54,433 | 54,389 | 54,555 | 54,389 | 54,299 | 54,220 | 54,199 | 54,077 | 53,980 | 53,852 | 53,577 |

Appendix F.--HISTORICAL DATA FOR SELECTED SERIES--Continued
Jach month historical data are presented for certain series that either have not been shown here previously or have been revised historically. The months of issue for series previously included in this appendix are given in the index. Current data are shown in tables 2, 4, and 5. Data are seasonally adjusted.


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| 6... | 11 | - | - | . | - | 6 | 24 | $\cdots$ | - | - | - | 58 | 59 | - . | . | - | 63 | - | - | 64 | 6-64 | - | - |
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${ }^{1}$ See back cover for series titles and sources.
${ }^{2}$ Page number shown is for August 1964 issue.
${ }^{3}$ Before May 1964, this appendiy was " $G$ ".

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${ }^{1}$ See back cover for series titles and sources.
${ }^{2}$ Before May 1964, this appendix was "G".

## TITLES AND SOURCES OF PRINCIPAL BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES AND DIFFUSION INDEXES

The numbers assigned to the series are for identification purposes only and do not necessarily reflect series relationships or order. "M" indicates monthly series and " $Q$ " indicates quarterly series. Data apply to the whole period except for series designated by "EOM" or "EOQ". "EOM" indicates that data are for the end of the month and "EOQ" indicates that data are for the end of the quarter. The general classification of series follows the approach of the National Bureau of Economic Research. The series preceded by an asterisk (*) were included in the 1960 NBER list of 26 indicators.

## 30 NBER LEADING INDICATORS

*1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing (M).-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
*2. Accession rate, manufacturing (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

* 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing ( $M$ )..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

4. Number of persons on temporary layoff, all industries (M).-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
5. Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, Stote programs (M)..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
*6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries $(M) .=-D e p a r t m e n t ~ o f ~ C o m m e r c e, ~ B u r e a u ~ o f ~ t h e ~ C e n s u s ~$
*7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings, floor space (M)..-F. W. Dodge Corporation; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
6. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment ( $M$ ) , --Department of Cotmmerce, Bureau of the Census, and F. W. Dodge Corporation; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
7. Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corporations (Q).--National Industrial Conference Board; component industries are seas onally adjusted and added to obtain seasonally adjusted total
*12. Net change in the business population, operating businesses (Q). --Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
8. Number of new business incorporotions (M).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

* l4. Current liabilities of business failures (M).--Dun and Bradstreet Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and Na tional Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

15. Number of business failures with liabilities of $\$ 100,000$ and over (M).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

* 16. Corporate profits after taxes (Q). --Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

17. Price per unit of labor cost index-ratio, wholesale prices of monufactured goods index to index of compensation of employees (sum of wages, salaries, and supplements to wages and salaries) per unit of output (M).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; Department of Labor, Bureau Labor Statistics; and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
18. Profits (before taxes) per dollar of sales, all manufacturing corporations (Q)..-Federal Trade Commission and Securities and Exchange Commission; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census

* 19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (M).--Standard and Poor's Corporation; no seasonal adjustment

20. Change in book value of manufacturers' inventories of materials and supplies (M). -Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*21. Change in business inventories, farm and nonfarm, after valuation adjusiment (GNP component) (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
21. Ratio of profits (ofter taxes) to income originating, corporate, alt industries (Q)... Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*23. Index of industrial maferials prices (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; no seasonal adjustment
22. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries (M) $*=$ Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
23. Change in manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (M).-=Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
24. Buying policy--production moterials, percent reporting commitments 60 days or longer (M).--National Association of Purchasing Agents; no seasonal adjustment
25. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
26. Nonagricultural placements, all industries (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
27. Chonge in book value of manufacturing and trade inventories, total (M). --Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
28. Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries (M).-Chicago Purchasing Agents Association; no seasonal adjustment
29. Percent reporting higher inventories, purehased materials(M). -National Association of Purchasing Agents; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census

## 15 NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS

40. Unemployment rate, maried males, spouse present (M)..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
*41. Number of employees in nonagricuitural establishments (M)..Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
41. Total nonagricultural employment, labor force survey (M).-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*43. Unemployment rate, total (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
42. Average weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security
43. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspapers (M).--National Industrial Conference Board and B. K. Davis and Bro. Advertising Service
*47. Index of industrial production (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
*49. Gross national product in current dollars (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*50. Gross national product in 1954 dollars ( Q ).-- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*5 1. Bank debits outside New York City, 343 centers (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
*52 Personal income (M)..-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
44. Labor income in mining, manufacturing, and construction (M).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
45. Sales of retail stores (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*55. Index of wholesale prices, ail commodities, other than form products and foods (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
46. Final sales (series 49 minus series 21) (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

## 7 NBER LAGGING INDICATORS

*6 1. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total (Q)..Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; and Department of Commerce, Office of Busin
*62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturingratio, index of compensation of employees in manufacturing (the sum of wages and salaries and supplements to woges and salaries) to index of industrial production, manufacturing $(M)$.--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
*64. Book value of manufacturers' inventories, all manufacturing in" dustries (EOM. - Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
65. Book value of manufacturers' inventories of finished goods, all manufacturing industries (EOM).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*66. Consumer installment debt (EOM).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. FRS seasonally adjusted net change added to seasonally adjusted figure for previous month to obtain curtent figure
*67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 19 cities (Q)..-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
68. Index of labor cost per dollar of real corporate gross national product (ratio of compensation of employees in corporate enterprises to value of corporate product in 1954 dollars) (Q). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, National Income Division

## TITLES AND SOURCES OF PRINCIPAL BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES AND DIFFUSION INDEXES--Con.

## 28 OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS

 CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE81. Index of consumer prices (M)..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
82. Federal cash payments to the public (M).-Treasuty Department, Bureau of Accounts. Monthly seasonal adjustments by the Bureau of the Census do not equal quarterly totals of the official seasonally adjusted series because of differences in the method of seasonal adjustment.
83. Federal cash receipts from the public (M).--Treasury Department, Bureau of Accounts. Monthly seasonal adjustments by the Bureau of the Census do not equal quarterly totals of the official seasonally adjusted series because of differences in the method of seasonal adjustment.
84. Federal cash surplus or deficit (M).-Treasury Department, Bureau of Accounts. Monthly seasonal adjustments by the Bureau of the Census do not equal quarterly totals of the official seasonally adjusted series because of differences in the method of seasonal adjustment.
85. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demond deposits plus currency) (M).-- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
86. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
87. General imporis, total ( $M$ )...Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
88. Merchandise trade balance (series 86 minus series 87) (M)...Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
89. Excess of receipts or payments in U.S. balance of payments (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
90. Defense Department obligations, procurement (M).--Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
91. Defense Department obligations, total (M).--Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
92. Military prime contract awards, U.S. business firms (M).--Department of Defense, Directorate for Statistical Services; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
93. Free reserves (member bank excess reserves minus borrowings) $(M) .-$-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
94. Index of construction controcts, total value (M).--F. W. Dodge Corporation
95. Surplus or deficit, Federal income and product account (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
96. Manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (EOM).-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
97. Bocklog of copital appropriations, manufoc turing (EOQ).--National Industrial Conference Board; component industries are seasonally adjusted and added to obtain seasonally adjusted total
98. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits and currency) and commercial bank time deposits (M)... Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
99. New orders, defense products (M)...Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
100. Total funds raised by private nonfinancial borrowers in eredit markets (Q).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
101. Gross retained earnings of nonfinancial corporations (Q).-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
102. Net change in bank loans to businesses (M).-- Boardof Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by nors of the Federal Re
Bureau of the Census
103. Net change in consumerinstallment debt (M). -- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
104. Discount rote on new issues of 91-day Treasury bills (M), -Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
105. Yield on long-term Treasury bonds (M). Treasury Department; no seasonal adjustment
106. Yield on new issues of high-grade corporate bonds (M).--First National City Bank of New York and Treasury Department; no seasonal adjustment
107. Yield on municipal bonds, 20-bond average (M)... The Bond Buyer; no seasonal adjustment
108. Secondary market yields on FHA mortgages (M).--Federal Housing Administration; no seasonal adjustment

## 7 INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

121. Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, European Countries, index of industrial production (M).--Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production (M).--Central Statistical Office (London)
123. Canada, index of industrial production (M).--Dominion Bureau of Statistics (Ottawa)
124. West Germany, index of industrial production (M).--Deutsche Bundesbank (Frankfurt)
125. France, index of industrial production (M).--Statistical Office (Paris)
126. Italy, index of industrial production (M)..-Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
127. Japan, index of industrial production (M).--Ministry of International Trade and Industry (Tokyo); seasonal adjustment by compiler and Bureau of the Census
... United States, index of industrial production (M).--See series 47.

## DIFFUSION INDEXES

The " $D$ " preceding a number indicates a diffusion index. Diffusion indexes and corresponding business cycle series bear the same number and are obtained from the same sources. See sources above for D1, D5, D6, D1I, D19, D23, D41, D47, D54, and D61. Sources for other diffusion indexes are as follows:
D34. Profits, Monufocturing, FNCB (Q).--First National City Bank of New York; no seasonal adjustment of series components. Diffusion indexes are seasonally adjusted by National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
D35. Net sales, total man ufoctures (Q)..-Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; no seasonal adjustment
D36. New orders, durable manufoctures ( $Q$ ). .- Dun and Bradstreet, lnc.; no seasonal adjustment
D48. Freight carloadings (Q).--Association of American Railroads; no seasonal adjustment
D58. Wholesale prices, manufacturing (M)..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census


[^0]:    
    ${ }^{1}$ Series are seasonally adjusted except for those series, indicated by an asterisk (*), that appear to contain no seaonal movement. See additional basic data and notes in table 2.
    ${ }^{2}$ To facilitate interpretations of cyclical movements, those series that usually fall when general business activity ises and rise when business falls are inverted so that rises are shown as declines and declines as rises (see series 3 , , 5, 14, 15, 40, 43, and 45). Percent changes are calculated in the usual way but the signs are reversed; e.g., if the ate of decrease is 9.6 percent, it is shown as H. 0.6 . See footnote 5 for other "change" qualifications.
    ${ }^{3}$ This average is based on month-to-month (or quarter-to-quarter) changes without regard to sign. The period varies mong the series, covering 1953-63 for most series.
    ${ }^{4}$ Quarterly series. Figures are placed in the middle month of quarter.
    ${ }^{5}$ Since basic data for this series are expressed in plus or minus amounts, the changes are month-to-month (or quarter0 -quarter) differences expressed in the same unit of measure as the basic data, rather than in percent.
    ${ }^{6}$ End-of-quarter series. Figures are placed in the last month of quarter.

[^1]:    See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.

[^2]:    See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}(\mathrm{~L})=$ December 1960．$\quad 2$（L）$=$ October 1960.

[^4]:    （L）＝June 1960．$\quad 2$（L）October 1960．

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}(\mathrm{D})=$ December 1960.
    ${ }^{2}$ (L) $=\operatorname{March} 1960 . \quad{ }^{3}(\mathrm{~L})=$ January 1960.
    ${ }^{4}$ Average for December 15, 16, and 17.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ (L) $=$ December 1960.
    ${ }^{2}$ Week ended December 15.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page ii.

[^8]:    *Reference peak level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the reference pèak is set at " 100 ". For serie: with on MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is set at "100". For quarterly series, the reference peak quarter is ser at " 100 ". MCD volues are shown in appendix C.
    ${ }^{1}$ See table 2 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 7.
    ${ }^{2}$ For the 1949, 1954, and 1958 cycles, a 3 -term moving average is shown.

[^9]:    * Reference peak level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or "2", the figure for the reference peak is set at " 100 ". For se with an MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the reference peak quarte set af " $100^{n}$. MCD values are shown in appendix $C$.
    ${ }^{1}$ See table 2 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 7.

[^10]:    footnotes at end of table.

