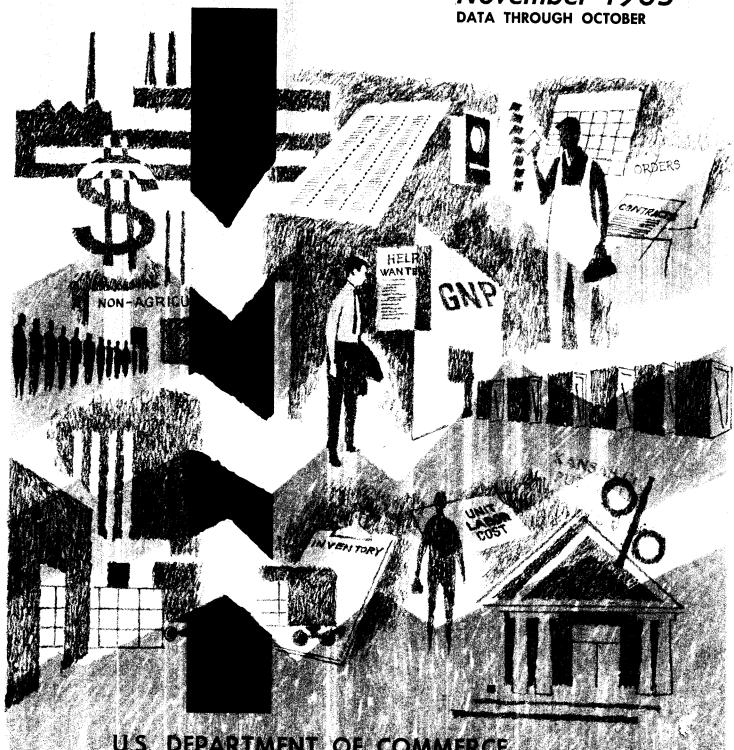
BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS

November 1965
DATA THROUGH OCTOBER



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of the Census

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PREFACE This report brings together many of the available economic indicators in convenient form for analysis and interpretation. The presentation and classification of series follow the business indicators approach. The classification of series and the business cycle turning dates are those designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) which, in recent years, has been the leader in this field of investigation. However, this publication is not to be taken as implying acceptance or endorsement by the Bureau of the Census or any other government agency of any particular approach to business cycle analysis. It is intended only to supplement other reports of the Department of Commerce that provide data for analyzing current business conditions.

The unique features are the arrangement of data according to their usual timing relations during the course of the business cycle and the inclusion of special analytical measures and historical cyclical comparisons that help in evaluating the current stage of the business cycle. In addition the movements of the series are shown against the background of the expansions and contractions of the general business cycle so that "leads" and "lags" can be readily detected and unusual cyclical developments spotted.

About 90 principal series and over 300 components are included in preparing the report. The exact number of series included for the total and important classes of series may vary from month to month because of additions of new series and revisions in the composition of indexes. Almost all of the basic data are available in published reports. A complete list of series and the sources of data is shown on the back cover of this report. Series are seasonally adjusted except those that do not appear to contain seasonal movement.

The chief merits of this report are the speed with which the data are collected, assembled, and published and the arrangement of the series for business cycle studies. Publication is scheduled for around the 22d of the month following the month of data.

BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS

November 1965 DATA THROUGH OCTOBER Series ESI No. 65-11

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ABOUT THE COVER-

Series in this publication are grouped according to their usual timing and shown against the background of contractions and expansions in general business activity. The cover design illustrates this concept. The black vertical bar represents a contraction; the top curve, the Leading Series which usually fall before a contraction has begun and rise before it has ended; the middle curve, the Coincident Series which usually fall with the contraction period; the bottom curve, the Lagging Series which fall after a contraction has begun and rise after it ends.

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** A limited number of changes are made from time to time to reflect the change from one stage of the business cycle to another, to show new findings of business cycle research and newly available economic series, or to emphasize the activity of a particular series or series group. Such changes may involve additions or deletions of series used, changes in placement in relation to other series, changes in components of indexes, etc.

Changes in this issue are as follows:

1. The following revisions have been made in the Cyclical Comparisons section of the report:

Reference cycle comparisons have been added to chart 3 and tables 6 and 7 for the series on gross national product in constant dollars (series 50); index of wholesale prices, all commodities except farm products and foods (series 55); Federal cash surplus or deficit (series 84); and change in total money supply and time deposits (series 98).

Chart 4 and table 8, showing specific cycle comparisons, will no longer be shown during this expansion.

The expansion curves in chart 3 are not shown for the period after the end of the following recession (indicated by a circle).

- 2. Balance of payments data are now shown throughout the report on an "official settlements" basis (series 89b) in addition to the "liquidity balance" basis (series 89a), previously shown.
- 3. The series on total funds raised by private nonfinancial borrowers in credit markets (series 110) and gross retained earnings of nonfinancial corporations (series 111) have been revised by the source agency for the period 1952 to date. This revision reflects the incorporation of revised national income data and the source agency's annual revision of the statistics on the basis of more complete information.
- 4. Appendix \mathbb{F} includes historical data for series 110 and 111.

Punch cards containing the X-11 and X-11Q seasonal adjustment programs, compiled in Fortran IV on Univac 1107 and IBM 7090, are now available from the Census Bureau. See page iv for further information and page 75 for order blanks.

Punch cards from our data bank of business cycle series are now available at lower rates. For further information, see page iv of this issue.

The December issue of BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS is scheduled for release on December 22.

Since October 1965, the Bureau of the Census has been using the X-11 variant of Census Method II as its standard seasonal adjustment program, replacing the X-9 and X-10 variants. The X-11 variant is described in Bureau of the Census Technical Paper No. 15, The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program. An abstract of the paper appeared in the October 1965 issue of BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS. A version to adjust quarterly series (X-11Q) is also available.

The X-11 and X-11Q programs have been compiled in Fortran IV on the Univac 1107 and the IBM 7090 and may be adapted for use on other large-scale computers. The X-11 program contains 2,500 Fortran source statements and requires 23,000 36-bit words of core memory on the 1107. The X-11Q contains 1,500 Fortran statements and requires 15,000 words on the 1107. The programs will adjust series as short as 3 years and as long as 30 years in length.

Prospective users, particularly those with machines other than the Univac 1107 and the IBM 7090, should study the detailed description of the program in Technical Paper No. 15 before purchasing it. This program is being adapted for small computers. Information about such adaptations will be provided by the Bureau of the Census upon request when it becomes available. However, the Census Bureau staff will not be available to help resolve problems that arise in the use of these adaptations. Before purchasing the Fortran deck, please be sure you can adapt it for your computer.

A program for the computation of diffusion indexes is also available. It contains 450 Fortran statements and requires 16,000 words on the 1107. The program will accept up to 80 component series of up to 20 years in length for each index.

Data Bank of Business Cycle Series

A punch card file containing data shown in BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOP-MENTS for the principal business cycle series included in table 2, the diffusion indexes in table 4, and the component series (listed in table 5) used to compute 14 of the diffusion indexes is maintained at the Bureau of the Census. Duplicate cards for 85 of the principal series, the 30 diffusion indexes, and 145 of their components are available. (The other series may be obtained only from the sponsoring agencies.) One card is required per series year. (For the few series where data are not available back to 1948, data will be included beginning with the first available year.) The cost for the 85 principal series, from 1948 to date, is \$50. For these principal series plus the 30 diffusion indexes and 145 component series, the cost is \$100 for the same period. The series are available in these two quantities only. The Census Bureau cannot supply special sortings or tabulations of these data.

The Bureau of the Census cannot keep customers' files current. However, the figures required for this purpose are published in BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS each month.

Copies of the programs, papers, and data may be ordered by using the form on page 75.

DESCRIPTIONS AND PROCEDURES

INTRODUCTION

Students of economic conditions describe the business cycle as consisting of alternating periods of expansion and contraction in production, employment, income, money flows, prices, and other economic processes. The fluctuations take place in a concerted manner, but not simultaneously. Once an expansion gets underway, it spreads from firm to firm, from industry to industry, from area to area, and from process to process, cumulating until a cyclical peak in aggregate activity is reached. Even while expansion is widespread during the upward phase of the business cycle, some activities continue to move in the opposite direction. Declines begin to spread as the expansion nears its peak and continue to spread even faster after the peak has been passed. But some activities continue to expand during the general contraction. Before long these expansions become stronger and more widespread. When they begin to dominate the situation, the upturn in aggregate activity has arrived and a new expansion is underway. This sequence is recurrent, but not periodic.

The causal relations among these various economic processes are primarily responsible for the cumulative nature of cyclical forces, and explain why expansion eventually turns into recession and recession into expansion. Cyclical fluctuations in production and employment are preceded by fluctuations in measures which relate to future rather than to current production—measures such as new orders for durable goods, the formation of new business enterprises, and accessions to payrolls. They are followed by fluctuations in various types of enonomic costs, such as labor costs, interest rates, fulfillment of long-term commitments, and holdings of inventories and of debts.

Although this pattern has been characteristic of American economic history, today many economists do not consider it inevitable.

Intensive research by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) over many years has provided a list of those significant series that usually lead, those that usually move with, and those that usually lag behind cyclical movements in aggregate economic ac-

tivity. The series have been grouped and classified by the NBER as "leading", "roughly coincident", or "lagging" indicators. These indicators are defined as follows:

- NBER Leading Indicators.—Series that usually reach peaks or troughs before those in aggregate economic activity as measured by the roughly coincident series (see below). One group of these series pertains to activities in the labor market, another to orders and contracts, and so on.
- NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators.—Series that are direct measures of aggregate economic activity or move roughly together with it; for example, nonagricultural employment, industrial production, and retail sales.
- NBER Lagging Indicators.—Series, such as new plant and equipment expenditures and manufacturers' inventories, that usually reach turning points after they are reached in aggregate economic activity.

Other U.S. series with business cycle significance are included in this report. Some of these series, such as change in money supply, merchandise trade balance, and cash surplus or deficit, represent important factors in the economy, but they have not qualified as indicators for various reasons, such as irregularity in timing. Finally, industrial production indexes for several countries which have important trade relations with the United States are presented.

The list of series covered and sources of the basic data are shown on the back cover of this report. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order.

METHOD OF PRESENTATION

Data are shown in this report in three general categories, as follows:

Basic Data (chart 1 and tables 1 and 2).—Data are shown for business cycle indicators, additional U.S. series with business cycle significance, and industrial production indexes for selected countries. Together, they provide a broad view of current and prospective business cycle fluctuations in the economy as well as the basis for making an economic interpretation of these fluctuations.

- Analytical Measures (chart 2 and tables 3 to 5).—
 These are measures that aid in forming a judgment of the imminence of a turning point in the business cycle, determining the extent of current changes in different parts of the economy, and pointing to developments in particular industries and places.
- Cyclical Patterns (chart 3 and tables 6 and 7).—
 Current cyclical levels are compared with levels at corresponding stages of earlier cycles. These comparisons are made in different ways depending upon the phase of the business cycle.

In addition to the data shown as part of the regular report, certain appendix materials are presented. These materials include historical data, key information, and adjustment factors.

DESIGNATION OF BUSINESS CYCLE TURNING POINTS

The business cycle turning dates used in this report are those designated by the NBER. They mark the approximate dates when aggregate economic activity reached its cyclical high or low levels. As a matter of general practice, a business cycle turning date will not be designated until at least 6 months after it has occurred.

Monthly business cycle peaks and troughs have been dated by the NBER for the period 1854-1961. Over this span, expansion has prevailed 61 percent of the time and contraction, 39 percent. If war periods are disregarded, expansion has prevailed 56 percent of the time and contraction, 44 percent.

SEASONAL AND RELATED STATISTICAL ADJUSTMENTS

Adjustments for normal seasonal fluctuations are often necessary to bring out the underlying cyclical trends of a series. Such adjustments allow for periodic intrayear variations resulting chiefly from normal differences in weather conditions during the year and from various institutional arrangements. Some series contain considerable variation attributable to the number of working or trading days in each month. An additional adjustment is necessary in such cases to reduce this variation. Variations due to holidays are usually accounted for by the seasonal adjustment process; however, there are some cases in which a separate holiday adjustment is necessary for holidays with variable dates. Such a case is retail sales of apparel which is affected strongly by the date of Easter and, to a lesser degree, by the dates of Labor Day and Thanksgiving.

In general, the seasonal adjustment process is designed to adjust for average weather conditions but not for the dispersion about that average. Thus, some seasonally adjusted series, such as housing starts, will tend to be low in months of unusually bad weather and high during unusually good weather. At the Bureau of the Census, studies have been started on some series to determine the effects of abnormal weather. Although it eventually may be possible, Census methods do not at present make any adjustments for such variations.

Most of the series contained in this report are presented in seasonally adjusted form. Unadjusted data are used only for those series which appear to have no pattern of seasonal variation. (Unadjusted series are identified in table 2.) In most cases, the seasonally adjusted data used for a series are the official figures released by the source agency; therefore, several different methods of seasonal adjustment are involved. In addition, for the special purposes of business cycle studies, a number of series that are not ordinarily published in seasonally adjusted form are shown on a seasonally adjusted basis in this report. For these series, seasonal adjustments have been developed by either the NBER or the Census Bureau. The adjustment factors for these series, derived by Census Method II, are shown in appendix D. Factors for series which are the sums of seasonally adjusted components or which are based on unpublished source data are not shown.

MCD MOVING AVERAGES

MCD (months for cyclical dominance) is an estimate of the appropriate span over which to observe the cyclical movements in a monthly series. This span is usually longer than a single month because month-to-month changes are often dominated by erratic movements, but shorter than the frequently used 12-month span (change from the same month a year ago), and is different for different series (see appendix C for MCD values and method of computation).

MCD is, on average, the first span of months for which the average change for the cyclical factor is greater than that of the irregular factor and remains so. It is small for smooth series and large for irregular series. The month-to-month differences between moving averages of the period equal to MCD are commensurate with the differences between seasonally

adjusted values separated by the same MCD span; thus, the month-to-month differences in a 3-month moving average are commensurate with differences in seasonally adjusted values over 3-month spans. MCD moving averages all have about the same degree of smoothness. Consequently, MCD moving averages of highly irregular series, such as business failures and Federal cash payments, will show their cyclical movements about as clearly as the seasonally adjusted data for such smooth series as industrial production.

MCD moving averages are shown in chart 1 for all series with an MCD of "5" or more. To provide an indication of the variation about these moving averages, seasonally adjusted data are also plotted beginning with 1958. Although not so smooth as more powerful moving averages (such as the weighted 13-term Henderson curve), the MCD curve is more current and has a smaller rounding bias around business cycle peaks and troughs. On balance, the MCD curve seems to offer a reasonable compromise in terms of currency, smoothness, and fidelity to the patterns of business cycle fluctuations.

Because of advance reporting and preliminary seasonal factors, the MCD's for current data are usually larger than those computed from historical series and shown in appendix C. MCD is usually computed for a fairly long period, one covering both expansions and contractions. Since the pace of change varies from phase to phase of the business cycle, such a measure will not provide an accurate estimate of the span over which to estimate cyclically significant changes at all times. Thus, MCD computed for the period 1953-63 is likely to be too high during the early stages of recovery when expansion has usually been rapid and too low during the late stages of expansion when the rate of advance has usually been small. This limitation should be borne in mind when making use of this measure.

ANALYTICAL MEASURES OF CURRENT CHANGE

Three kinds of analytical measures are presented—timing distributions, diffusion indexes, and directions of change. These measures aid in forming a judgment of the current changes compared to previous changes, the imminence of a turning point in the business cycle, and the extent of current changes in different parts of the economy. They also point to developments in particular industries and places.

Timing Distributions

Distributions of current "highs" appear to be helpful in appraising the evidence for a prospective business cycle turning point. Each month a timing distribution is constructed. This timing distribution shows the number of series reaching new highs and the percent currently high for each of several recent months (see table 3). Similar distributions of "lows" will be presented during contractions.

To provide historical perspective for interpreting the distribution of current highs, such distributions are also shown for leading and coincident series as they appear 3 months and 6 months before the peak of each of the earlier post-World War II expansions and at their peaks.

To compile timing distributions for the current cyclical phase, the data for the leading and roughly coincident business cycle indicators are scanned each month. During a business cycle expansion, the date of the high value for each series is recorded. (For inverted series—that is, series with negative conformity to the business cycle—dates of low values are taken.) If the values for 2 or more months are equal, the latest date is taken as the high month. In selecting these values, erratic values may be disregarded, although it is, of course, difficult to identify an erratic value, particularly for the current month.

The letter "H" is used in table 2 to identify and highlight the current high values during the expansion. The highs designated during the current cyclical phase will not necessarily be the specific cycle peaks. (See appendix B.) As new high levels are reached during the expansion, the current highs will be moved ahead. Comparisons of the current timing distributions with those for periods around earlier business cycle peaks are helpful for appraising the evidence of a prospective business cycle turning point.

Interpretations of timing distributions must be made in light of the fact that a contraction following a high value reached several months ago may be the result of an erratic fluctuation and that a new high may be reached in some future month. In short, when the percent currently high falls below 50 percent for both the leading and roughly coincident series, this does not necessarily signify that a business cycle peak has occurred. It may do so, but it may simply reflect a short reversal in the upward movement.

Diffusion Indexes

Diffusion indexes are simple summary measures of groups of economic series. They express, for a given aggregate series, the percent of the series components

¹ For a more complete description of MCD and its use in studying economic series, see *Business Cycle Indicators*, Geoffrey H. Moore, editor; National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., vol. 1, ch. 18, "Statistics for Short-Term Economic Forecasting," by Julius Shiskin (Princeton University Press: 1961).

which have risen over given spans of time. Their turning points tend to lead the turning points of the aggregate and they measure how widespread a business change is. They vary between the limits of 100 (all components rising) and zero (all components falling). Widespread increases are often associated with rapid growth and widespread declines with sharp reductions in aggregate activity.

The diffusion indexes in this report are grouped according to the timing classification of the NBER. For monthly series, comparisons are made over 1-month spans (January-February, February-March, etc.) and generally for either 6- or 9-month spans, depending upon the irregularity of the series. The indexes based on 1-month spans are more "current" but they are also more irregular than the 6- or 9-month indexes. (See chart 2.) Quarterly series are compared over 1-quarter spans, 3-quarter spans, and 4-quarter spans.

Recent research has shown that the longer-span diffusion indexes are not only smoother, but have systematically larger amplitudes than the 1-month indexes. The 1-month indexes generally have large irregular fluctuations, but the movements may be significant when important changes are taking place, particularly around cyclical turning points. Since the longer-span diffusion indexes are centered, there is an apparent loss in currency equal to one-half the span; for example, 3 months in the case of a 6-month diffusion index. However, the most recent figure for a 6-month or longer-span index does provide the latest available information on changes over that span. If a significant reversal has taken place within that span, the 1-month indexes are likely to reveal it. Presentation of both 1-month and longer-span diffusion indexes provides an opportunity for the user to take advantage of the best features of each in interpreting current changes.

Series numbers preceded by the letter "D" designate diffusion indexes. When one of these numbers corresponds to the number of a basic indicator series, it means that the diffusion index has been computed from components of the indicator series; for example, the diffusion index numbered "D6" is computed from components of series 6. Diffusion indexes not computed from basic series components are assigned new numbers.

Diffusion indexes that are based on business expectations show what proportion of business enterprises (or industries) are forecasting a rise in activity. Comparisons with indexes based on actual changes show whether there is a generally optimistic bias or a lag in recognition of actual developments.

Diffusion-Index Components

Many of the component series used to make up the diffusion indexes are shown in table 5. Where possible, recent basic data for the components are shown in part A. In part B, directions of change in these components are indicated for consecutive months and, depending upon the irregularity of the diffusion index, for either 6- or 9-month spans. The directions of change are indicated by "+" for rising, "o" for unchanged, and "—" for falling. (In counting the number of components rising, a "o" is counted as one-half.)

This table provides a convenient view of changing business conditions and is helpful in making an economic interpretation of the movements in the more highly aggregated statistical measures. That is, it shows which economic activities went up, which went down, and how long such movements have persisted. The table also helps to show how a recession or recovery spreads from one sector of the economy to another.

COMPARISONS OF CYCLICAL PATTERNS

In forming a judgment about the current intensity and probable ultimate character of a cyclical fluctuation, some economists find it helpful to compare the behavior of the various series in the current business cycle phase with their behavior during the corresponding phase of previous business cycles. These comparisions are made in different ways depending upon whether the current cyclical phase is an expansion or contraction.

Expansions are compared in one way by measuring changes from the immediately preceding peak levels. In table 6 of this report, data for the latest month in the current expansion (shown by number of months from the February 1961 trough) are compared with the May 1960 reference peak. For each earlier expansion, data for a like period (same number of months from the trough of the expansion) are compared with the preceding reference peak. This type of comparison is designated as changes computed from reference peak levels and reference trough dates. This type of comparison shows whether, and by how much, the current level of activity exceeds or falls short of the level at the preceding business cycle peak, and how the current situation compares, in this respect, with earlier expansions. For those earlier periods of expansion that were shorter than the current one, the comparisons reflect the status at a point after a new contraction had set in.

Expansions are also compared by computing changes from reference trough levels and reference trough dates (table 7). For the current expansion, this type of comparison measures the extent of the rise from the trough level (February 1961) to the level at the current month. For each earlier expansion, data for a like period (same number of months from the trough of the expansion) are compared with the level at the trough. The same situation exists here as for the comparisons shown in table 6: For earlier expansions that were shorter than the current one, the comparisons show the status at a point after a new contraction had set in.

Contractions can be compared by computing changes over the span from the most recent business cycle peak to the current month and over equal spans from previous reference peaks. This type of comparison is designated as changes from reference peak levels and reference peak dates. These comparisons will be made during a contraction period.

In addition to comparing cyclical fluctuations on the basis of reference dates, which are the same for all series, similar comparisons may be made using the specific peak and trough dates identified for each series. (Appendix B lists specific dates for a selected group of series.) Such comparisons would be based on changes from specific peak levels and specific trough dates and on changes from specific trough levels and specific trough dates. Although these specific cycle comparisons are not currently included in this report, they have been shown in previous issues.

Nearly all series have undergone changes in definition, coverage, or estimation procedure since 1919; therefore, the historical comparisons are to be considered only approximate. Furthermore, it is sometimes necessary to use data for a closely related series for cycles prior to the period covered by the series used currently. The principal substitutions of this type are as follows:

- 7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started (prior to 1948: Residential building contracts, floor space, by F. W. Dodge Corp.)
- 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments (prior to 1929: Factory employment)
- 52. Personal income (prior to 1929: Quarterly data as published by Barger and Klein)
- 54. Sales of retail stores (prior to 1929: Department store sales)
- 62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing (prior to 1948: Production worker wage cost per unit).

Carabba

Two types of charts are used to highlight the cyclical patterns of the business cycle series: Historical time series and cyclical comparisons.

Historical Time Series (charts 1 and 2)

These charts show cyclical fluctuations against the background of expansions and contractions in general business activity from 1948 to the current month. Shaded areas on the charts indicate periods of business cycle contractions between business cycle peak dates (beginnings of shaded areas) and business cycle trough dates (ends of shaded areas). The shading for a new contraction will be entered only after a trough has been designated.

Several different ratio and arithmetic scales are used to highlight the cyclical movements of the various series. The scale selected for each series is identified in the margin of the chart. Rates of change of various series can be compared with each other only where scales are identical. See the diagram, page 6, for additional help in using these charts.

Cyclical Comparisons (chart 3)

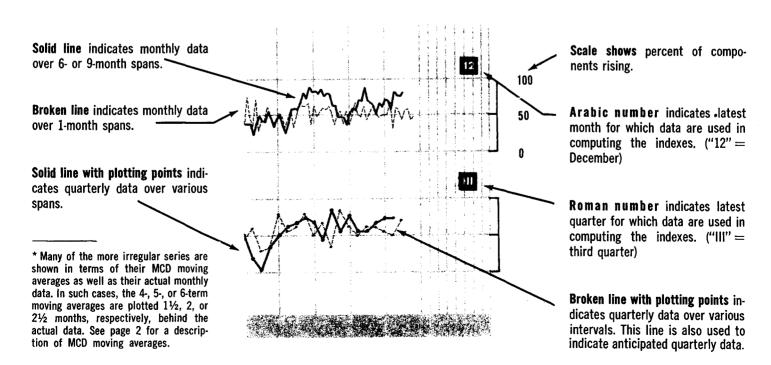
This chart compares the movements of selected series during the current business cycle with their movements through the corresponding phases of previous business cycles. Actually, it is an extension of the concept behind table 6. While table 6 makes a comparison at one point in time, chart 3 shows these comparisons over the course of the whole business cycle. These comparisons facilitate judgments on the vigor of the current expansion relative to behavior during the expansions of earlier cycles.

Instead of following the usual date sequence, as in charts 1 and 2, the data in this chart are alined according to the strategic points of the business cycle. Each of the included series is separated into four segments which encompass the three complete business cycles since 1948 and the current expansion. These segments are alined so that the trough dates all fall at the same point on the horizontal scale and so that the levels of the preceding peaks all fall at the same point on the vertical scale.

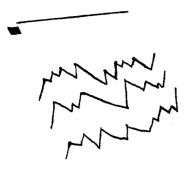
A similar chart, based on specific cycle dates, was previously included in this report but has been discontinued for the present.

Peak (P) of cycle indicates end of Trough (T) of cycle indicates end of expansion and beginning of Reces-CHART 1 - Business Cycle Series recession and beginning of Expansion (shaded areas) as designated sion (white areas) as designated by by NBER. NBER. See back cover for complete titles Arabic number indicates latest and sources of series. month for which data are plotted. ("12" = December)Solid line indicates monthly data. (Data may be actual monthly fig-Roman number indicates latest ures or MCD moving averages.*) guarter for which data are plotted. ("II" = second quarter) Broken line indicates actual monthly data for series where an **Dotted line** indicates anticipated MCD moving average * is plotted. data. H 60 Parallel lines indicate a break in 50 continuity (data not available, Various scales are used to highchanges in series definitions, light the patterns of the individual extreme values, etc.) series. Series plotted to different scales are not directly comparable. "Scale A" is an arithmetic scale, Solid line with plotting points indi-"scale L-1" is a logarithmic scale cates quarterly data. with 1 cycle in a given distance, "scale L-2" is a logarithmic scale with 2 cycles in that distance, etc.

CHART 2 - Diffusion Indexes



Section ONE



charts and tables

LEADING INDICATORS

Sensitive employment and unemployment

New investment commitments

New businesses and business failures

Profits and stock prices

Inventory investment, buying policy, and sensitive prices

ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS

Employment and unemployment

Production

Income and trade

Wholesale prices

\GGING INDICATORS

Investment expenditures

Cost per unit of output

Inventories

Debt

Interest rates

OTHER U.S. SERIES

Federal budget and military commitments

Reserves, money supply, and financing

Interest rates

Foreign trade

INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

Industrial production indexes for selected foreign countries

CHANGES OVER 4 LATEST MONTHS

		Bas	ic data¹			Averag	e percent c	hange ²	Current	percent o	change ²
Series (See complete titles and sources on back cover)	Unit of measure	July 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1965	Oct. 1965	1953 to 1963 (without sign) ³	Oct. '64 to date (without sign) ⁴	Oct. '64 to date (with sign) ⁵	July to Aug. 1965	Aug. to Sept. 1965	Sept. to Oct. 1965
NBER LEADING INDICATORS											
Avg. workweek, prod. workers, mfg Accession rate, manufacturing Nonagri, placements, all industries Layoff rate, manufacturing Temporary layoff, all industries Avg. weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance	Hours	40.9 4.1 541 1.7 121 231	40.9 r4.2 530 r1.6 110	r40.8 p4.3 528 p1.2 84	p41.0 (NA) p553 (NA) 84	0.5 4.8 1.8 9.4 17.8	0.5 4.6 2.9 10.2 18.7	+0.1 +0.8 +0.6 +2.3 -1.8 +1.3	0.0 +2.4 -2.0 +5.9 +9.1	-0.2 +2.4 -0.4 +25.0 +23.6 +12.1	+0.5 (NA) +4.7 (NA) 0.0 +4.1
6. New orders, durable goods indus 24. New orders, mach. and equip. indus 9. Construction contracts, commercial	Bil. dol	22.20 4.35	r21.51 4.16	r21.90 r4.09	p21.81 p4.28	3.8 4.5	2.6 2.8	+1.1	-3.1 -4.4	+1.8 -1.7	-0.4 +4.6
and industrial. 10. Contracts and orders, plant, equip 11. New capital appropriations, mfg ⁶	floor space Bil. dol do	55.90 5.16	49.60 4.90 (NA)	63.48 p5.08	(NA) (NA)	9.7 4.9 11.4	11.4 3.8 13.7	+2.4 +1.1 +13.7	-11.3 -5.0 (NA)	+28.0 +3.7	(NA) (NA)
7. Private nonfarm housing starts 29. New bldg. permits, private housing 38. Index of net business formation 13. New business incorporations 14. Liabilities of business failures	Ann. rate, thous	1,447 109.7 105.3 16,369 120.64	r1,409 107.4 104.2 16,957 128.98	r1,432 r104.1 104.8 17,138 108.56	p1,371 p109.3 (NA) (NA) 85.67	7.3 3.8 1.0 2.7 16.9	3.7 3.7 0.8 2.1 25.1	-0.6 +0.1 -0.2 +0.4 -3.6	-2.6 -2.1 -1.0 +3.6 -6.9	+1.6 -3.1 +0.6 +1.1 +15.8	-4.3 +5.0 (NA) (NA) +21.1
15. Large business failures	No. per week Ann. rate,	39	45	43	35	13.1	13.0	+0.1	-15.4	+4.4	+18.6
 17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, mfg 18. Profits per dol. of sales, mfg 6 22. Ratio, profits to income originating, corporate, all industries 6 	bil. dol 1957-59=100 Cents	104.0	p44.8 103.4 (NA) p13.0	r102.3	p103.1	5.7 0.6 6.8 4.4	6.1 0.6 8.9 4.2		+0.9 -0.6 (NA)	-1.1	+0.8
19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks*21. Change in business inventories, all	1941-43=10 Ann. rate,	84.91	86.49	89.38	91.39	2.6	1.7	+0.6	+1.9	+3.3	+2.2
industries ^{6,7} . 31. Change in book value, manufacturing	bil. dol		+6.1	_	, \	2.3	1.3	-0.5	-0.6		()
and trade inventories?	do	+11.6	r+8.1 r+1.4	p+0.7 p+3.6	(NA) (NA)	3.5 1.5	5.3 1.7	-0.1	-3.5 +0.7	-7.4 +2.2	(NA) (NA)
Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories	Percent	57	60	58	45	6.8	5.3	-1.8	+5.3	-3.3	-22.4
ments 60 days or longer *	do	62	63	61	63	5.8	2.5	+0.5	+1.6	-3.2	+3.3
slower deliveries *25. Change in unfilled orders, durable	do	62	64	62	60	7.7	4.9	-1.4	+3.2	-3.1	-3.2
goods industries ⁷ 23. Industrial materials prices *	Bil. dol	+0.38 114.6	r+0.32 115.2	r+1.01 114.8	p+0.79 115.0	0.49 1.3	0.34 1.0	-0.02 +0.2	-0.06 +0.5	+0.69	-0.22 +0.2
NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS						*					
41. Employees in nonagri. establishments 42. Total nonagricultural employment 43. Unemployment rate, total 40. Unemployment rate, married males 45. Avg. weekly insured unemploy. rate,	Thous do Percent do	60,602 68,092 4.5 2.3	r60,685 67,821 4.5 2.6	r60,796 67,777 4.4 2.2	p61,019 67,935 4.3 2.1	0.3 0.4 3.9 5.6	0.4 0.4 3.6 6.5	+0.3	+0.1 -0.4 0.0 -13.0	+0.2 -0.1 +2.2 +15.4	+0.4 +0.2 +2.3 +4.5
State	1957-59=100	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.7	4.8	3.4	1	0.0	+3.3	+6.9
47. Industrial production	Ann. rate,	145 144.2	152 r144.4	160 r143.0	p167 p143.6	1.1	3.0 0.9	+0.7	+4.8	+5.3	+4.4
49. GNP in current dollars ⁶	bil. dol do do	•••	r609.7 r677.5 r671.3	!		1.2 1.5 1.3	1.4 1.9 1.9		+1.4 +1.7 +1.8		
51. Bank debits, all SMSA's except N.Y 52. Personal income 53. Labor income in mining, mfg., constr 54. Sales of retail stores 55. Wholesale prices, except farm products	do do do Mil. dol	3,021.0 530.5 142.5 23,743	3,018.8 532.0 143.3 r23,544	r545.7 r143.5	p144.7	0.8	1.6 0.8 0.8 1.5	+0.7	-0.1 +0.3 +0.6 -0.8	+0.1 +2.6 +0.1 +1.0	+1.5 -1.0 +0.8 +0.8
and foods	1957-59=100	102.6	102.8	102.9	p102.8	0.2	0.1	+0.1	+0.2	+0.1	-0.1

CHANGES OVER 4 LATEST MONTHS—Continued

•	ADL	_

		Bas	ic data¹			Averag	e percent c	hange ²	Current	percent c	hange 2
Series (See complete titles and sources on back cover)	Unit of measure	July 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1965	Oct. 1965	1953 to 1963 (without sign) ³	Oct. '64 to date (without sign) ⁴	Oct. '64 to date (with sign) ⁵	July to Aug. 1965	Aug. to Sept. 1965	Sept. to Oct. 1965
NBER LAGGING INDICATORS											
 61. Business expenditures, new plant and equipment⁶. 62. Labor cost per unit of output, mfg 68. Labor cost per dollar of real corporate 	Ann. rate, bil. dol 1957-59=100	98.8	a51.15 99.8	r100.8	p100.6	3.2 0.6	2.3 0.6	+2.3	+1.6 +1.0	+1.0	-0.2
GNP ⁶	Bil. dol	65.4	p106.6 65.8	p66.2	(NA)	0.8	0.8 0.6	+0.1 +0.6	+0.4 +0.6	+0.6	(NA)
finished goods	Mil. dol	22.5 62,922	22.5 63,531	p22.6 64,214	(NA) (NA)	0.8	0.6 1.0	+0.3 +1.0	0.0 +1.0		(NA) (NA)
loans*9	Percent			5.00		2.3	0.4	0.0		+0.2	
OTHER SELECTED U.S. SERIES											
82. Federal cash payments to public	Ann. rate, bil. dol	120.2	129.5	137.7	p123.9	3.7	5 . 9	+0.6	+7.7	+6.3	-10.0
83. Federal cash receipts from public 84. Federal cash surplus or deficit 7 95. Balance, Federal income and product	do	122.1	121.9 -7.6	121.4	p113.2 p-10.7	4.1	5.4 11.7	+0.3	-0.2 -9.5	-0.4 -8.7	-6.8 +5.6
account ^{6,7} 90. Defense Dept. oblig, procurement	do Mil. dol	954	p-4.1 1,893	1,619	(NA')	2.4 26.9	3.6 48.7	-1.0 +20.6	-6.9 +98.4	- 14.5	(NA)
91. Defense Dept. obligations, total	do Bil. dol Mil. dol Ann. rate,	4,258 2,699 2.62 -175	5,223 2,770 r2.81 -136	5,276 2,465 r3.31 r-155	(NA) (NA) p2.88 p-149	26.2 23.0	13.4	+2.9	+22.7 +2.6 +7.3 +39	+1.0 -11.0 +17.8 -19	(NA) (NA) -13.0 +6
98. Change in money supply and time	percent	+5.16	+1.44	+11.76	p+9.48	3.06	6.67	+0.41	-3. 72	+10.32	-2.28
deposits 7	Ann. rate,	+9.72	+10.80 p63,132	+12.24	p+12.96	2.51 11.6		+0.37 +2.8	+1.08 -6.9	+1.44	+0.72
111. Corporate gross savings ⁶	mil. dol do Ann. rate,	•••	p57,216			4.3	7.4 5.3	+5.1	+3.1		
113. Change, consumer installment debt 7 114. Treasury bill rate* 115. Treasury bond yields * 116. Corporate bond yields* 117. Municipal bond yields*	bil. dol do Percent do do do do do do	+10.00 +7.99 3.83 4.15 4.57 3.27	+5.53 +7.31 3.84 4.19 4.66 3.24	+4.00 +8.20 3.91 4.25 4.71 3.35	p+5.33 (NA) 4.03 4.28 4.69 3.40	0.85 7.3 1.8 1.7	1.04 1.7 0.5 0.7	+0.30 +1.0 +0.2 +0.4	-4.47 -0.68 +0.3 +1.0 +2.0 -0.9	+1.8 +1.4	+1.33 (NA) +3.1 +0.7 -0.4 +1.5
118. Mortgage yields *	do Mil. dol do	5.44 2,262.8 1,669.8 +593.0	5.45 2,345.7 1,725.4 +620.3	5.46 2,297.7 1,786.8 +510.9	5.49 (NA) (NA) (NA)	4.6 3.6	17.9 10.1	+4.5 +2.3	+3.7 +3.3	+0.2 -2.0 +3.6 -109.4	
89. U.S. balance of payments ^{6,7} : a. Liquidity balance basis b. Official settlements basis ⁸	do		p-485 p+260			267 (NA)	782 348		- 732 +50		
81. Consumer prices	1957-59=100	110.0 149 57.83	110.0 139 r58.15	110.1 147 r59.16 (NA)	(NA) (NA) p59.95	0.2 7.0 1.5 6.6	5.7 1.0	+0.9 +1.0	0.0 -6.7 +0.6	+0.1 +5.8 +1.7 (NA)	(NA) (NA) +1.3

r = revised; p = preliminary; e = estimated; a = anticipated; NA = not available.

Series are seasonally adjusted except for those series, indicated by an asterisk (*), that appear to contain no seasonal movement. See additional basic data and notes in table 2.

To facilitate interpretations of cyclical movements, those series that usually fall when general business activity rises and rise when business falls are inverted so that rises are shown as declines and declines as rises (see series 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 40, 43, and 45). Percent changes are calculated in the usual way but the signs are reversed; see footnote 7 for other "change" qualifications.

This average computed without regard to sign. The period varies among the series, covering 1953-63 for most series. Average computed without regard to sign.

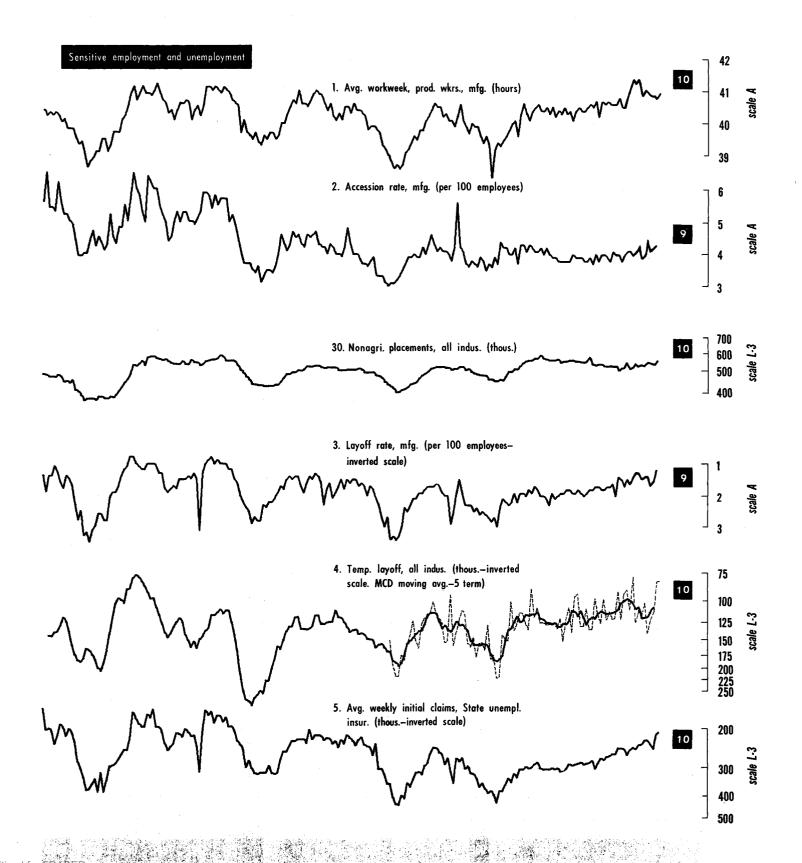
Quarterly series. Figures are placed in the middle month of quarter.

Since basic data for this series are expressed in plus or minus amounts, the changes are month-to-month (or quarter-to-quarter) differences expressed in the same unit of measure as the basic data, rather than in percent.

This balance represents a provisional estimate by the Department of Commerce on the basis of official settlements.



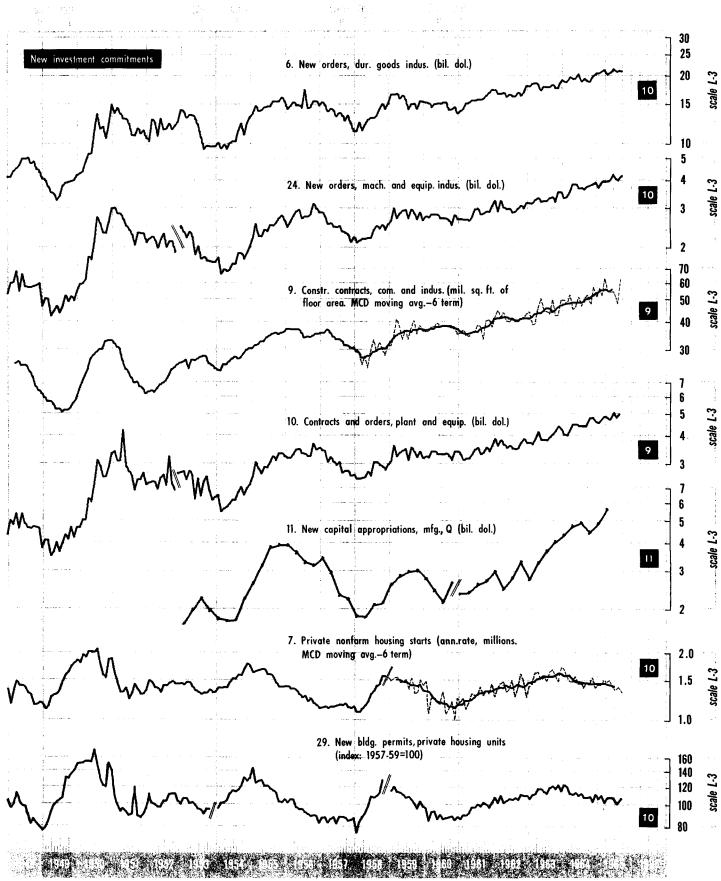
BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT NBER Leading Indicators



CHART

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—CONTINUED **NBER Leading Indicators—Continued**





BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—Continued NBER Leading Indicators—Continued

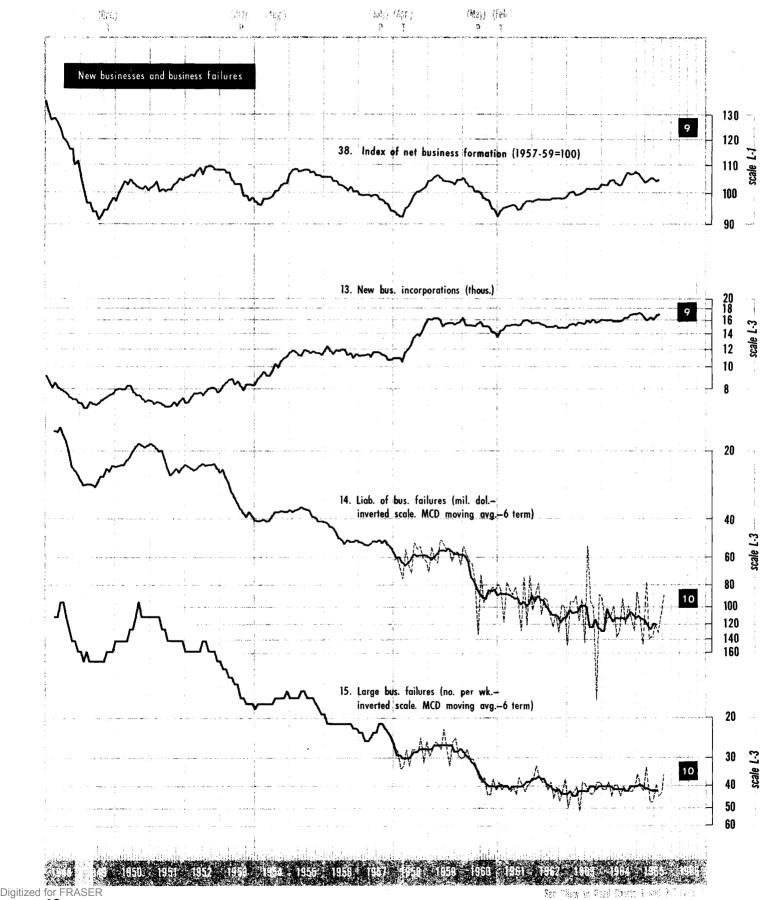
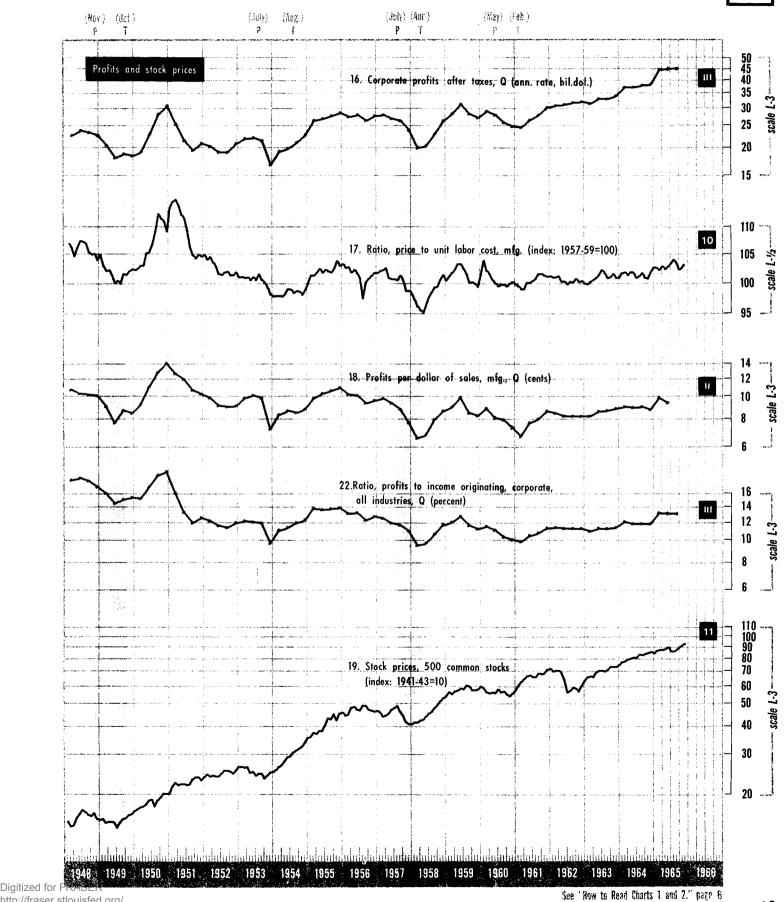




CHART 1 A

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT —Continued NBER Leading Indicators—Continued



1 A

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT —Continued NBER Leading Indicators—Continued

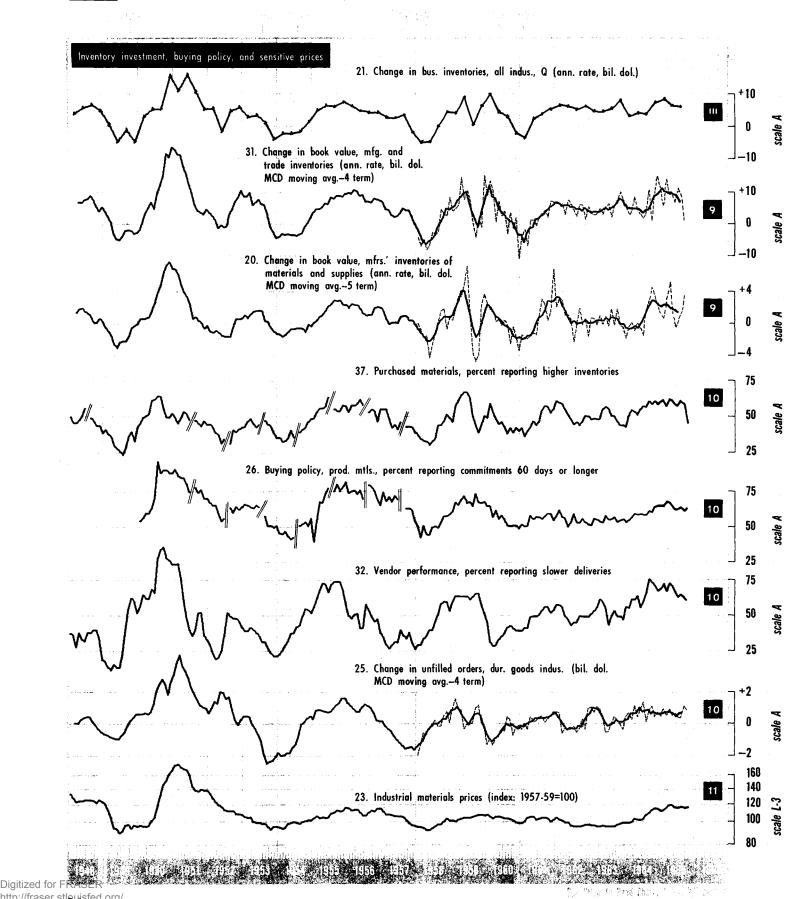
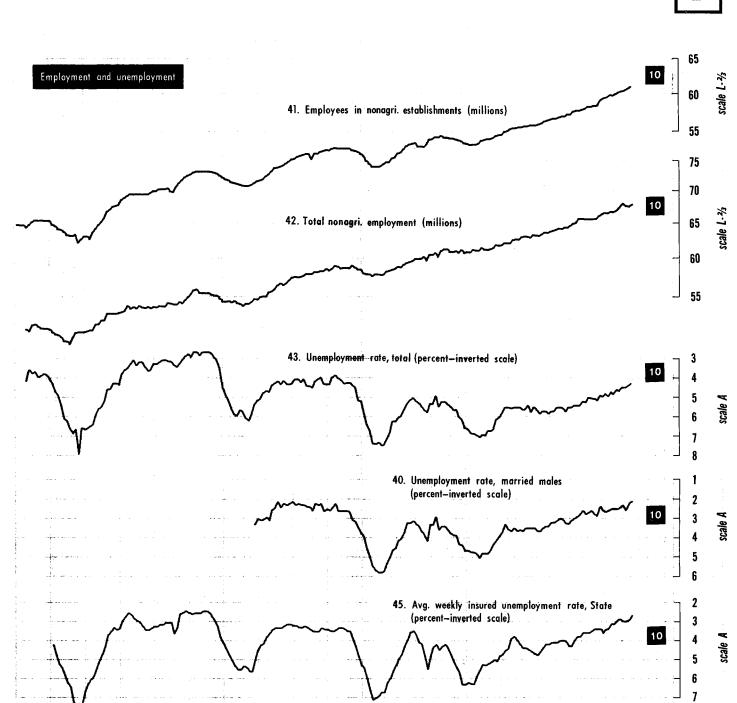




CHART B

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—Continued NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators



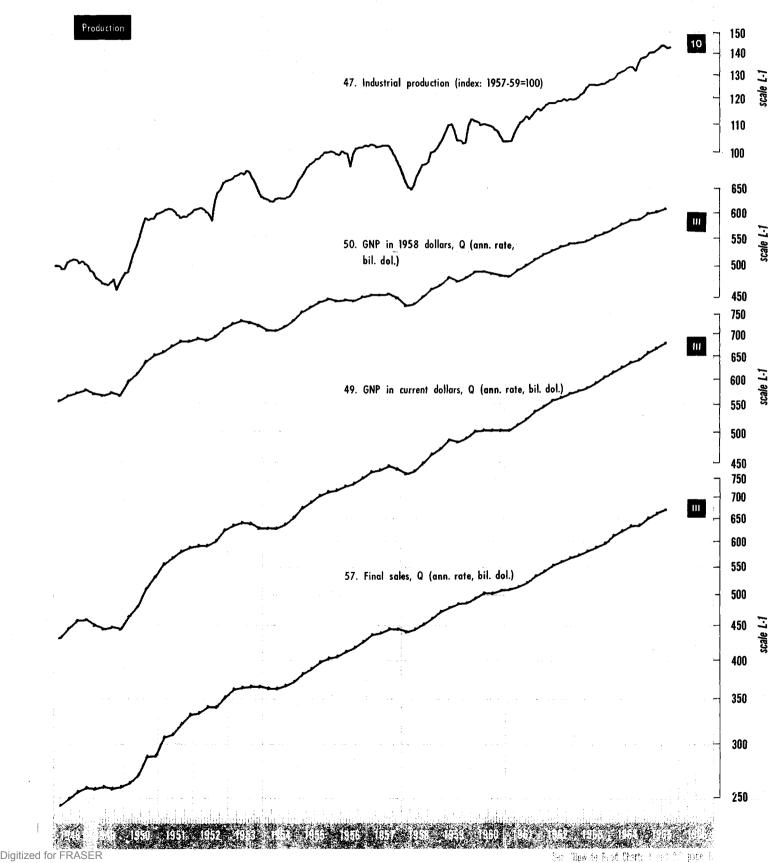
46. Help-wanted advertising (index: 1957-59=100)

60

Sea "New to Read Charts 1 and 2



BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—CONTINUED NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators—Continued

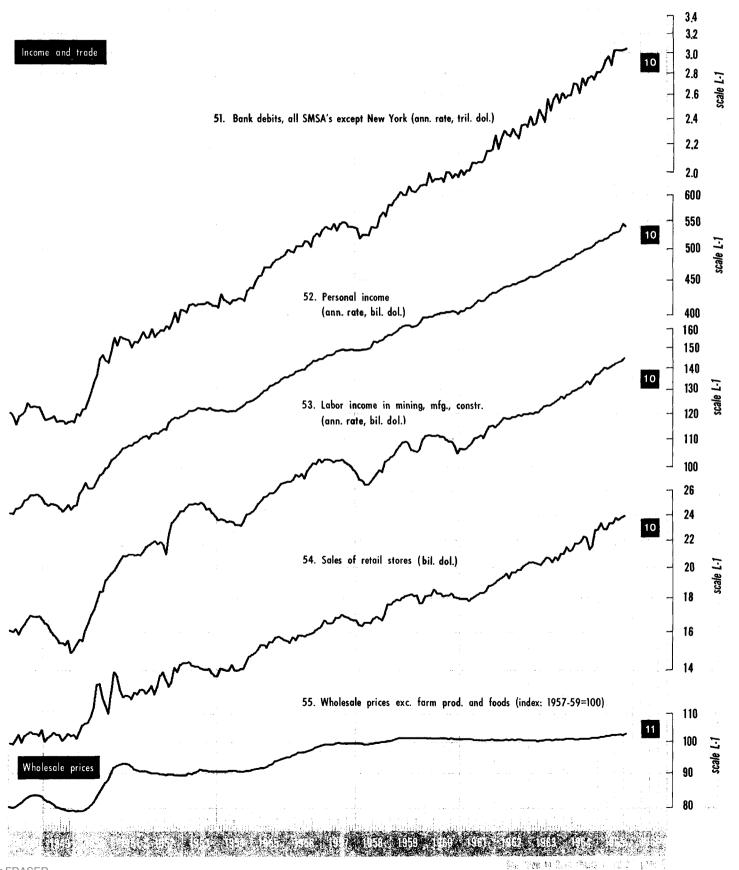




CHART

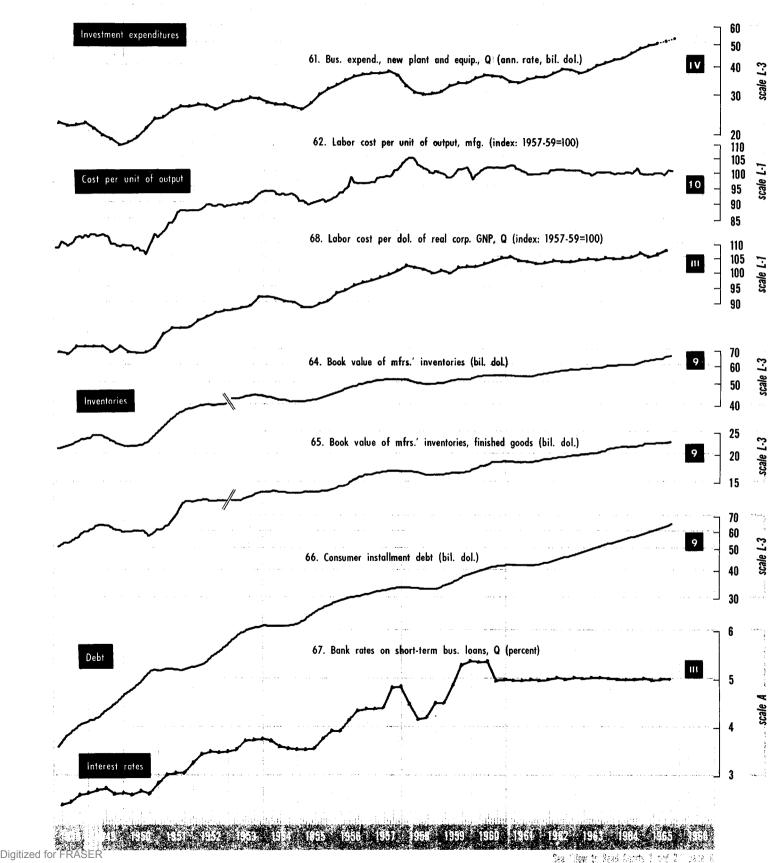
1
B

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT —Continued NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators—Continued





BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT —Continued NBER Lagging Indicators



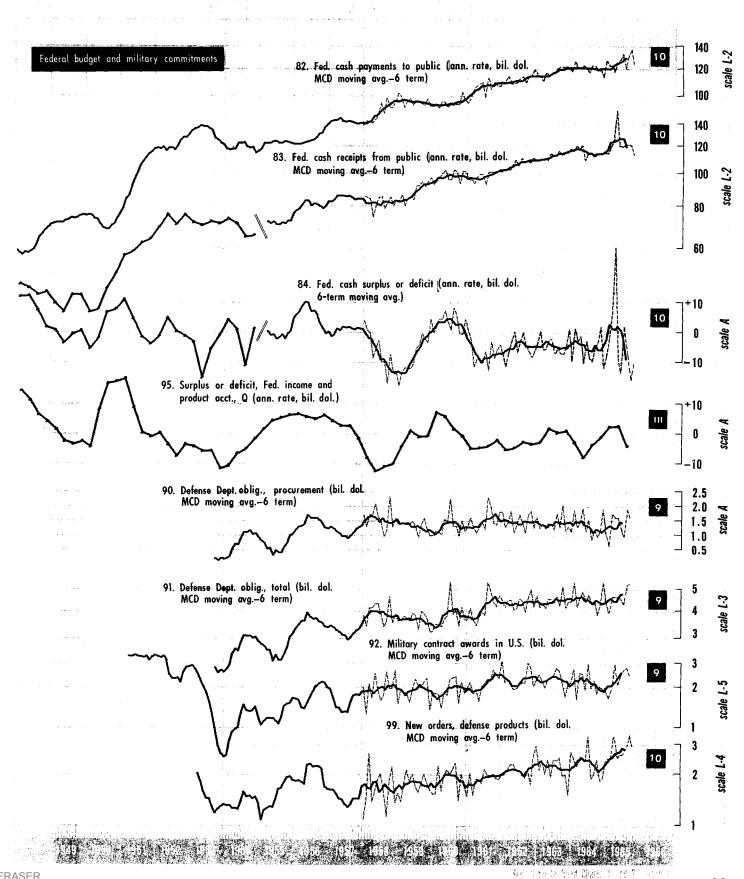


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BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—Continued

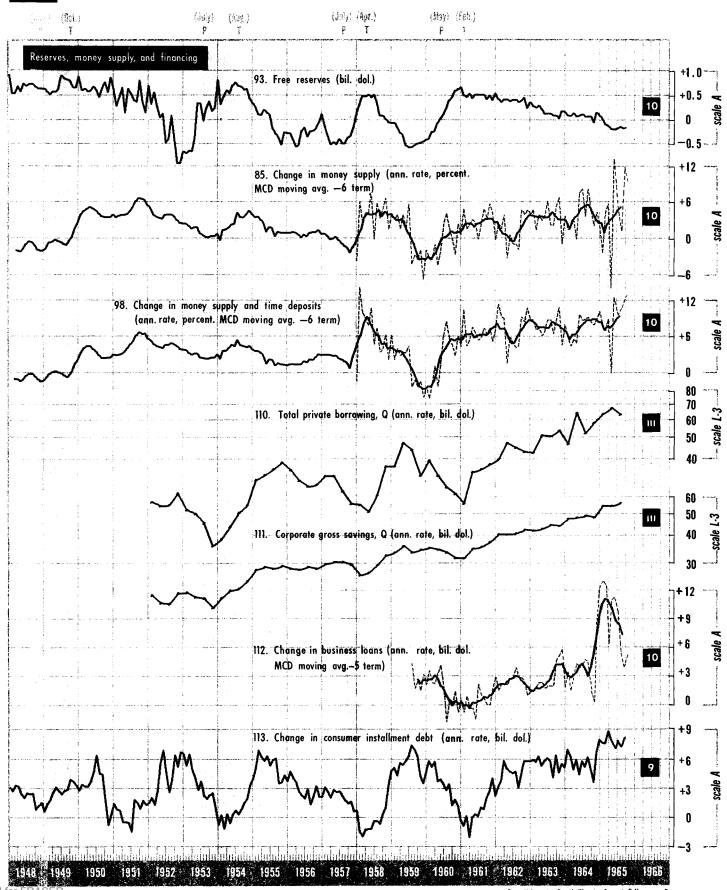
Other Selected U.S. Series





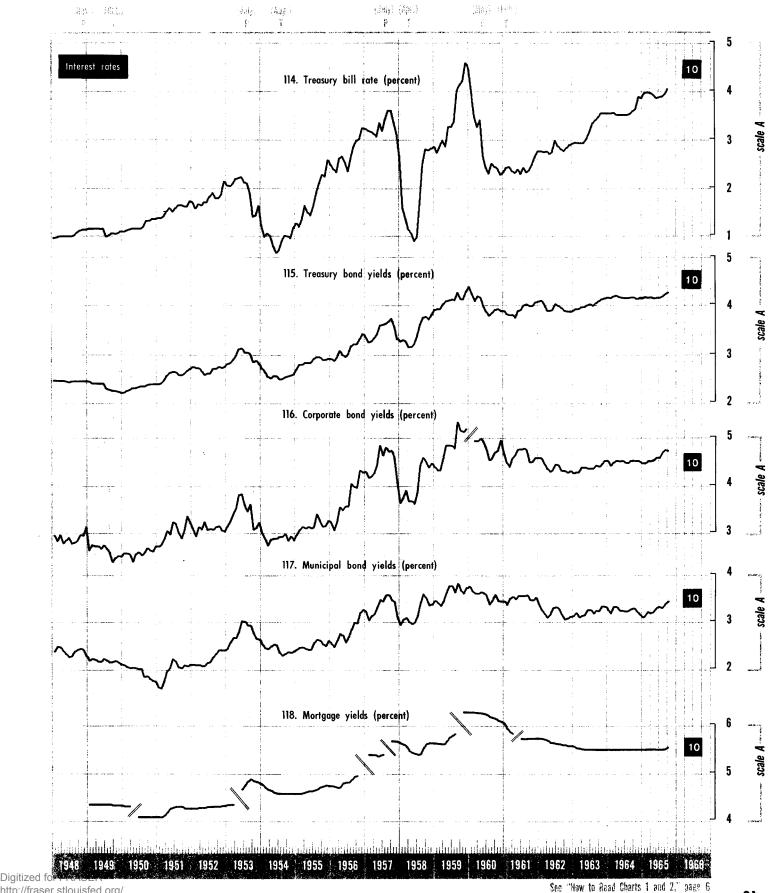


BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—Continued Other Selected U.S. Series—Continued



CHART

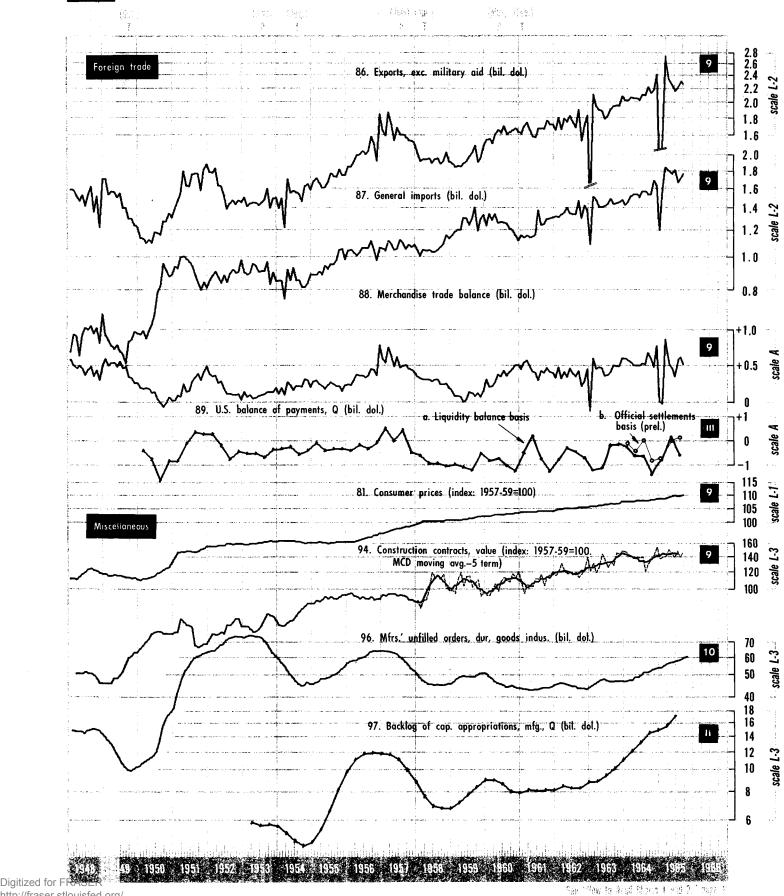
BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—Continued Other Selected U.S. Series—Continued





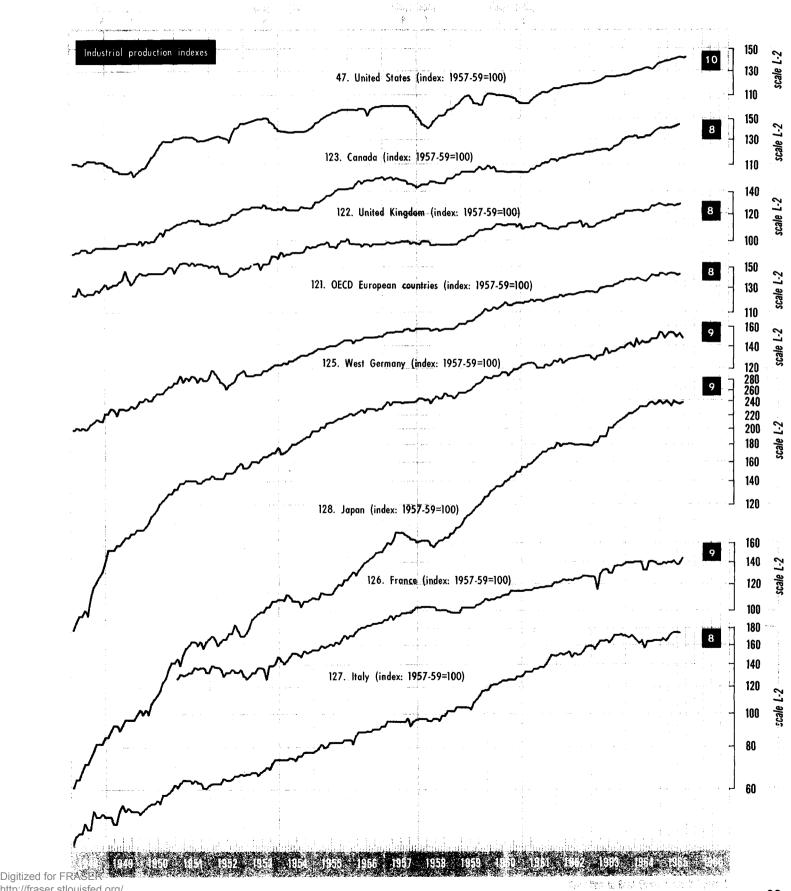


BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—Continued Other Selected U.S. Series—Continued



1 E

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—Continued International Comparisons





LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES

NBER Leading Indicators

Year and month	1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing	2. Accession rate, manufac- turing	30. Nonagricul- tural placements, all industries	3. Layoff rate, manufacturing	4. Number of persons on temporary layoff, all industries ¹	5. Average weekly initial claims for unem- ployment in- surance, State programs ²	6. Value of man- ufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries	24. Value of man- ufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(Hours)	(Per 100 employees)	(Thous.)	(Per 100 employees)	(Thous.)	(Thous.)	(Bil. dol.)	(Bil. dol.)
1962	İ							
January	40.1	4.3	557	1.8	135	301	17.70	3.15
February	40.4	4.2	557	1.9	88	295	17.70	3.30
March	40.5	4.1	569	1.7	118	287	17.15	2.97
April	40.6 40.4	4.1 4.2	569 H 586	1.8	107 126	283 301	17.02 17.22	3.31 3.10
June	40.4	4.0	561	2.0	124	304	16.65	3.02
July	40.5	4.2	557	2.1	128	303	16.91	3.07
August	40.3	4.0	553	2.3	127	305	16.59	2.94
September	40.5	3.9	551	1.9	127	300	16.55	2.98
October	40.2	3.9	557	2.1	125	304	17.29	3.05
November	40.4	3.8	565	2.0	133	299	16.73	3.16
December	40.3	3.8	543	1.9	120	310	17.33	3.07
1963								
January	40.5	3.8	552	1.9	152	310	18.47	3.25
February	40.3	3.8	554	1.8	121	301	18.23	3.21
March	40.4	3.8	555	1.8	107	288	18.78	3.22
April	40.1	4.0	557	1.9	138	293	19.04	3.35
May June	40.4 40.5	3.9 3.9	546 545	1.9 1.8	95 92	288 284	18.74 17.68	3.42 3.29
July	40.4	3.9	541	1.9	131	281	18.28	3.33
August	40.4	3.8	543	2.0	130	290	18.06	3.31
September	40.5	3.8	553	1.9	108	285	18.24	3.42
October	40.6	3.9	575	1.8	135	282	18.62	3.44
November	40.5	3.7	533	1.8	134	276	18.11	3.27
December	40.7	4.0	525	1.7	97.	301	17.97	3.61
1964								
January	40.2	3.8	534	1.7	116	284	19.74	3.62
February	40.7	4.0	532	1.8	125	270	19.50	3.41
March	40.6	4.0	522	1.8	98	277	19.26	3.46
April	40.7 40.6	3.9 3.8	519 526	1.7	122	265	20.46	3.61
June	40.6	4.1	520	1.7	111	262 257	19.94 20.02	3.93 3.92
July	40.6	4.0	523	2.0	. 118	2,60	21.25	3.77
August	40.8	4.0	502	1.4	91	244	19.34	3.77
September	40.5	3.8	516	1.5	121	245	19.91	3.69
October	40.5	4.0	519	1.7	92	249	19.62	3.79
November	40.9	4.1	549	1.5	89	262	19.45	3.88
December	41.2	4.1	518	1.6	109	251	20.72	3.92
1965 January	,,,,	, ,	500			212	22.25	2 2 4
January February	41.4 41.3	4.0 4.1	520 548	1.4	H 79	243	21.27	3.96
March	H41.4	4.1	548 527	1.3	124 110	248 237	21.13 21.71	3.80
April	40.9	3.9	531	1.5	117	237	22.04	4.02 4.08
May	41.1	4.0	529	1.4	102	224	20.99	4.07
June	41.0	H 4.5	549	1.4	140	224	21.31	4.09
July	40.9	4.1	541	1.7	121	231	⊞ 22.20	⊞ 4.35
August	40.9	r4.2	530	rl.6	110	248	r21.51	4.16
September	r40.8	p4.3	528	⊞ pl.2	84	218	r21.90	r4.09
October November December	p41.0	(NA)	p553	(NA)	84	H 209	p21.81	p4.28
	I	<u>.l.</u>	1	l	l	İ		J

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk (*). Current high values are indicated by \boxdot ; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 40, 43, and 45), current low values are indicated by \boxdot . Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

¹Beginning with April 1962, the 1960 Census is used as the benchmark for computing this series. Prior to April 1962, the 50 Census is used as the benchmark. ²Data exclude Puerto Rico which is included in figures published by source agency. 1950 Census is used as the benchmark.

TABLE

2

LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES—Continued

NBER Leading Indicators—Continued

Year and month	9. Construction contracts, com- mercial and in- dustrial buildings	10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment	11. Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corporations ¹	7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started	29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits	38. Index of net business forma- tion	13. Number of new business incorporations	14. Current liabilities of business failures
1962	(Mil. sq. ft. floor space)	(Bil. dol.)	(Bil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, thous.)	(1957-59=100)	(1957-59=100)	(Number)	(Mil. dol.)
January February March April May June July August September October	42.75 45.90 42.72 44.64 41.16 40.56 42.69 40.96 41.08	3.71 3.98 3.71 3.96 3.76 3.66 3.72 3.61 3.56	2.53 2.81	1,470 1,296 1,422 1,494 1,515 1,365 1,409 1,531 1,300 1,410	103.8 109.1 104.0 111.9 103.8 106.1 108.7 107.1 109.1	97.2 97.8 98.1 97.8 97.8 97.7 98.4 98.5 98.5	15,599 15,758 15,670 15,372 15,245 14,947 15,171 15,056 15,249 14,892	101.53 86.03 77.40 107.15 89.80 93.15 107.98 121.85 106.02 129.87
November December	42.20 41.89	3.82 3.99	3.35	1,634 1,521	113.0 112.0	98.0 98.3	14,951 14,985	96.62 99.61
January	44.61 45.11 39.42 40.23 47.00 51.39 45.78 44.93 43.88 50.81 43.73 45.43	3.84 3.82 3.75 3.98 4.28 3.96 3.94 3.91 4.08 4.17 4.32 4.56	2.80 3.30 3.72 4.10	1,285 1,438 1,486 1,652 1,676 1,550 1,574 1,522 1,676 1,706 1,592 1,522	111.8 108.2 112.9 113.6 120.0 119.3 116.5 113.5 121.0 123.6 119.9 123.7	98.9 100.2 100.5 99.2 99.6 100.0 100.7 101.7 101.4 101.7	14,924 15,390 15,563 15,305 15,682 15,536 15,431 16,093 15,689 16,275 15,759 15,867	146.46 93.05 94.12 88.15 115.05 91.07 144.50 阻 52.86 94.52 99.92 255.72 87.17
January	51.05 48.41 53.48 46.22 47.82 52.62 47.72 51.41 53.75 49.61	4.38 4.14 4.11 4.36 4.63 4.64 4.52 4.53 4.51 4.56 4.92 4.94	4.39 4.81 5.00 4.52	H1,753 1,706 1,571 1,506 1,496 1,593 1,475 1,489 1,422 1,495 1,480 1,575	116.8 1124.6 121.7 113.6 112.9 115.1 111.5 113.4 109.7 109.1 110.8 105.4	103.1 102.8 102.9 104.4 104.7 103.2 102.5 102.9 105.0 107.0 106.4 106.6	16,250 16,018 15,992 16,180 15,917 15,919 16,074 16,605 16,493 17,103 17,154	91.69 119.29 110.67 107.10 97.92 136.19 125.14 90.99 118.59 97.98 111.00 126.49
January February March April May June July August September October November December	54.04 164.26 56.13 55.28 55.90 49.60 63.48 (NA)	4.72 4.67 4.84 4.98 5.02 4.81 1 5.16 4.90 p5.08 (NA)	4.99 Pp5.84 (NA)	1,417 1,468 1,465 1,532 1,501 1,539 1,447 r1,409 r1,432 p1,371	112.9 108.0 112.0 104.7 109.4 110.6 109.7 107.4 r104.1 p109.3	IM 107.3 106.6 105.0 103.6 104.3 105.4 105.3 104.2 104.8 (NA)	17,275 17,367 17,112 16,504 16,043 16,671 16,369 16,957 17,138 (NA)	84.54 107.57 146.29 79.51 139.09 135.66 120.64 128.98 108.56 85.67

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk (*). Current high values are indicated by :

Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

¹Data prior to 1961 not comparable because of "a change in asset accounting basis in machinery, except electrical, and a recalculation of the seasonal pattern for petroleum and coal products." (See NICB publication <u>Investment Statistics - Capital Appropriations</u>: First Quarter 1965.)

LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES—Continued

NBER Leading Indicators—Continued

	15. Number of	16. Corporate	17. Ratio, price to	18. Profits (before	22. Ratio of profits	19. Index of stock	21. Change in
Year and month	business failures with liabilities of \$100,000 and over	profits after taxes	unit labor cost index, manufactur- ing	taxes) per dollar of sales, all manufac- turing corporations	to income origi- nating, corporate, all industries	prices, 500 common stocks*	business inventories after valuation ad- justment, all indus- tries
	(Number per week)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(1957-59=100)	(Cents)	(Percent)	(1941-43=10)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)
1962							
January	37		100.9			69.07	
February	囲 32 36	30.7	101.0	8.4	11.3	70.22 70.29	+6.7
April	38		100.1			68.05	
May	38	30.9	100.1	8.1	11.1	62.99	+6.1
June	41 38	•••	99.7	•••	• • •	55.63 56.97	
August	45	31.5	100.2	8.1	11.2	58.52	+5.2
September	40		100.7		•••	58.00	
October	46	22.0	100.2			56.17	
November	42 37	31.8	100.4	8.1	11.1	60.04 62.64	+6.4
1963)		, ,,,,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		02.04	•••
January	49		99.7			65.06	
February	43	31.2	100.1	8.1	10.8	65.92	+4.5
March	42 40		100.5	•••	• • •	65.67 68.76	•••
May	51	32.6	101.3	8.5	11.2	70.14	+4.7
June	38		102.2	l		70.11	
July	39	32.8	101.7			69.07	
August September	42 43)2.0	100.9	8.6	11.2	70.98 72.85	+5.8
October	42	• • •	101.5			73.03	
November	38	33.8	100.8	8.8	11.3	72.62	+8.1
December	38	• • • •	100.8	•••	• • •	74.17	•••
January	41		101.6			76.45	
February	41	36.7	101.9	9.0	11.9	77.39	+3.3
March	38		101.3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		78.80	
April	44 39	27 0	101.9 101.7		11.7	79.94	
June	39	37.0	100.8	8.9	11.7	80.72 80.24	+4.1
July	44		101.2			83.22	
August	40	37.5	101.6	9.0	11.7	82.00	+3.8
September	42 42		100.8		•••	83.41 84.85	
November	42	37.8	101.8	8.7	11.7	85.44	+7.5
December	40		102.6			83.96	
1965							
January	35	,;;;	102.5	 		86.12	國 . 6 *
February March	40 42	44.0	102.2 102.8	19. 8	⊞ 13.1	86.75 86.83	田+8.7
April	33		102.5		•••	87.97	•••
May	47	44.4	102.8	9.3	13.0	89.28	+6.7
JuneJuly	47 39	•••	103.3 H104.0	•••	•••	85.04	
August	45	<u>н</u> р44.8	103.4	(NA)	p13.0	84.91 86.49	+6.1
September	43		r102.3			89.38	
October	35		p103.1			回91.39	
November						192.41	
	<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>			

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¹Average for November 16, 17, and 18.



TABLE 2

LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES—Continued

NBER Leading Indicators—Continued

Year and month	31. Change in book value of man- ufacturing and trade inventories, total	20. Change in book value of man- utacturers' inven- tories of materials and supplies 1	37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories	26. Production materials, percent reporting commit- ments 60 days or longer*	32. Vendor per- formance, percent reporting slower deliveries*	25. Change in un- filled orders, durable goods industries	23. Index of industrial materials prices*
1962	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Percent reporting)	(Percent reporting)	(Percent reporting)	(Bil. dol.)	(1957-59=100)
	+6.0	.,	60	E77	£6	+0.63	102.9
January February	+5.7	+1.9 +3.0	59	57 61	56 56	+0.62	100.6
March	+6.0	+2.7	58	56	55	-0.67	100.4
April	+2.6	+0.8	54	55	48	-0.34	98.3
May	+7.1	+1.0	51	49	46	-0.46	97.8
June	+5.6	+0.2	47	52	42	-0.37	95.4
July	+3.9	-2.4	44	58	44	-0.25	94.2
August	+2.0	-0.3	45	52	44	-0.60	94.5
September	+5.6	+1.8	43	52	48	-0.36	94.0
October	+5.5	-0.2	46	55	48	+0.21	94.9
November December	+1.2 +5.1	+0.5 -1.7	50 49	52 51	48 48	-0.40 +0.91	96.4 95.8
	+2.1	-1./	47	21	40	+0.91	99.0
1963							
January	+3.1	+0.6	47	50	50	+0.96	95.5
February	+2.5	+0.4	48	55	52	+0.68	95.1
March	+3.0	-0.2	47	54	54	+0.94	94.4
April	+4.6	+0.9	48	53	60 58	+0.85	94.5 95.2
May June	+2.7 +5.1	-0.3 +0.7	55 56	52 57	58	+0.33 -0.58	93.9
July	+6.0	-0.5	55	54	42	-0.54	94.2
August	+1.8	+1.7	50	55	48	-0.05	94.2
September	+5.6	-0.4	49	56	52	+0.38	94.1
October	+7.1	+1.7	46	53	48	+0.10	96.3
November	+9.6	-0.2	43	54	48	-0.09	97.3
December	+7.2	-0.7	43	55	46	-0.40	97.7
1964							
January	+5.1	-1.9	42	53	55	+0.40	98.5
February	+2.3	-0.5	50	54	54	+0.57	98.5
March	+3.7	0.0	54	56	60	+0.16	98.9
April		-1.0	53	59	60	+1.04	102.4
May	+4.3	-0.1	51	58	63	+0.38	100.9
June	+2.2 +1.2	-0.7 -1.6	55 57	59 58	55 59	+0.81	101.4
July	+2.9	+1.3	56	58	65	H+1.26 +0.06	102.5
September	+10.7	+2.6	60	61	⊞ 74	+0.77	108.2
October	+0.4	+4.3	58	60	72	+1.00	112.0
November	+9.4	+3.5	60	64	70	+0.27	113.2
December	H+14.6	+2.0	58	65	66	+0.55	112.5
1965							
January	+11.2	+1.0	60	65	68	+0.32	110.6
February	+5.0	+0.4	61	65	72	+0.81	110.7
March	+13.8	+2.5	57	H 68	66	+0.44	113.2
April	+8.7	+5.3	<u>ы</u> 61	67	72	+0.84	116.7
May	+9.4	+1.5	60	65	70	+0.50	田116.9
June	+6.1 +11.6	-0.5	58	62	66	+0.58	115.3
August	r+8.1	+0.7	57	62	62	+0.38	114.6
September		r+1.4 p+3.6	60	63	64	r+0.32	115.2
October	(NA)	(NA)	58 45	61 63	62 60	r+1.01	114.8
November	'''''	(IVA.)	47	63	1	p+0.79	115.0 2115.2
December	1			1			119.2
		l		L	L	L	<u> </u>

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk (*). Current high values are indicated by \blacksquare ; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 40, 43, and 45), current low values are indicated by \blacksquare . Series numbers are for identification only and on not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

 $^{^{1}}$ \mathbb{H} = December 1961.

²Average for November 15, 16, and 17.

LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES—Continued

NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators

Year and month	41. Number of employees, in non- agricultural estab- lishments	42. Total non- agricultural employ- ment, labor force survey ¹	43. Unemployment rate, total ¹	40. Unemployment rate, married males ¹	45. Average weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs ²	46. Index of help- wanted advertising in newspapers	47. Index of industrial production
	(Thous.)	(Thous.)	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Percent)	(1957-59=100)	(1957-59=100)
1962							
January	54,695 55,003 55,162 55,411 55,502 55,565 55,657 55,673 55,767 55,874	61,948 62,162 62,234 62,167 62,565 62,693 62,623 63,015 63,147 63,070 62,921	5.8 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.7 5.4 5.4	3.7 3.3 3.6 3.7 3.5 3.7 3.6 3.7 3.5 3.5	4.7 4.5 4.4 3.9 3.8 4.0 4.2 4.4 4.4 4.5 4.6	114 115 115 112 114 109 110 108 107 107	115.0 116.4 117.5 118.0 118.2 118.1 119.0 119.7 119.1
December	55,881	63,336	5.5	3.5	4.7	e107	119.4
1963 January February March April May July August September October November December	55,900 56,044 56,187 56,368 56,511 56,601 56,763 56,768 56,868 57,070 57,101 57,291	63,133 63,230 63,487 63,708 63,613 63,825 64,055 64,089 64,253 64,205 64,371 64,449	5.7 5.9 5.7 5.7 5.7 5.5 5.5 5.6 8	3.7 3.7 3.5 3.4 3.2 3.2 3.1 3.0 3.1 3.3	4.8 4.6 4.4 4.2 4.2 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.1	e107 e109 e108 109 105 104 109 105 107 111 112	119.8 120.6 121.9 122.7 124.4 125.6 125.6 125.4 125.7 126.1 126.1
January February March April May June July August September October November December	57,334 57,684 57,754 57,827 57,931 58,104 58,256 58,301 58,458 58,382 58,878 59,206	64,685 65,051 65,175 65,695 65,790 65,519 65,632 65,641 65,650 65,658 66,084 66,463	5.5 5.4 5.4 5.2 5.3 5.0 5.1 5.1 5.2 4.9	3.1 3.0 2.9 2.8 2.6 2.8 2.7 2.6 2.8 2.9 2.4	4.3 4.0 3.8 3.8 3.6 3.6 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.4	116 117 118 120 118 121 124 123 126 127 134 137	127.9 128.4 129.3 130.8 131.8 132.0 133.3 134.0 131.6 135.4
January	59,334 59,676 59,992 59,913 60,110 60,382 60,602 r60,685 r60,796 Hp61,019	66,771 66,709 66,890 66,874 66,979 67,459 H 68,092 67,821 67,777 67,935	4.8 5.0 4.7 4.9 4.6 4.7 4.5 4.5 4.4	2.7 2.6 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.4 2.3 2.6 2.2 田2.1	3.4 3.3 3.1 3.1 2.9 2.9 3.0 3.0 2.9 H2.7	137 145 148 143 145 146 145 152 160	138.6 139.2 140.7 140.9 141.6 142.7 144.2 Hr144.4 r143.0 p143.6

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¹Beginning with April 1962, the 1960 Census is used as the benckmark for computing this series. Prior to April 1962, the 50 Census is used as the benchmark. ²Data exclude Puerto Rico which is included in figures published by source agency. 1950 Census is used as the benchmark.



TABLE



LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES—Continued

NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators—Continued

Year and month	50. Gross national product in 1958 dollars	49. Gross national product in current dollars	57. Final sales (series 49 minus series 21)	51. Bank debits, all SMSA's ex- cept New York (224 SMSA's)	52. Personal income	53. Labor income in mining, manu- facturing, and construction	54. Sales of retail stores	55. Index of wholesale prices except farm products and foods
1962	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Mil. dol.)	(1957-59=100)
January February March April May June	519.7 527.9	547.8	541.1	2,260.6 2,155.9 2,233.1 2,299.6 2,266.6 2,249.9	430.7 433.7 437.2 439.8 440.8 441.8	114.3 115.5 116.7 118.3 118.0	18,990 19,139 19,320 19,389 19,585 19,311	100.8 100.7 100.7 100.7 100.9 100.8
July	533.6	564.4	559.2 565.6	2,311.3 2,268.8 2,236.7 2,340.7 2,351.5 2,324.9	443.4 444.6 447.0 447.9 450.4 452.6	118.8 118.7 119.5 118.9 119.7 119.7	19,658 19,671 19,844 19,837 20,112 20,253	100.9 100.8 100.9 100.9 100.8 100.7
1963 January February March April May. June July August September October November December 1964 January February March April May. June July August September October November December	541.2 544.9 553.7 560.0 575.9 582.6	577.0 583.1 593.1 603.6 614.0 624.2 634.8	572.5 578.4 587.3 595.5 610.7 620.1 631.0	2,416.2 2,345.9 2,357.2 2,472.5 2,419.2 2,368.2 2,561.0 2,463.1 2,559.0 2,605.5 2,527.4 2,610.2 2,571.5 2,597.3 2,693.8 2,693.8 2,693.8 2,688.4 2,607.4 2,746.7 2,755.9 2,771.5 2,730.3 2,803.5	456.6 454.9 456.7 457.2 460.0 463.1 464.8 467.1 469.3 473.2 474.7 478.9 481.2 483.2 484.5 487.7 491.2 492.8 499.5 501.7 502.8 506.6 512.0	120.1 120.0 120.8 120.7 122.0 123.3 123.4 124.4 125.1 125.7 127.1	20,387 20,374 20,376 20,276 20,200 20,486 20,719 20,666 20,426 20,716 20,558 21,019 21,000 21,533 21,223 21,777 21,777 21,7773 21,935 22,266 22,254 21,383 21,383 21,661 22,781	100.5 100.5 100.5 100.4 100.5 100.8 100.9 100.9 100.9 101.1 101.2 101.2 101.2 101.2 101.2 101.2 101.3 101.6 101.7
1965 January February March April May June July August September October November December	601.4 Hr609.7	656.4 665.9 Hr677.5	647.6 659.2 函r671.3	2,803.3 2,845.1 2,923.8 2,962.0 2,871.5 3,019.4 3,021.0 3,018.8 3,022.6 吨p3,068.9	515.8 515.7 518.4 520.7 525.3 528.8 530.5 532.0 11r545.7 p540.2	137.8 139.0 140.4 139.7 140.6 141.5 142.5 143.3 r143.5 • p144.7	22,900 23,317 22,805 22,865 23,352 23,331 23,743 r23,544 r23,774 P23,959	101.7 101.9 102.1 102.2 102.3 102.6 102.6 102.8 102.9 pl02.8

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¹ Week ended November 16.

LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES—Continued

NBER Lagging Indicators

Year and month	61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total	62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing	68. Index of labor cost per dollar of real corporate GNP	64. Book value of manufacturers' inventories	65. Book value of manufacturers' inventories of finished goods	66. Consumer in- stallment debt	67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 19 cities*
1000	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)*	(1957-59=100)	(1957-59=100)	(Bil. dol.)	(Bil. dol.)	(Mil. dol.)	(Percent)
1962		00.7			10.0	10.000	
January February	35.70	99.7 99.7	103.0	55.4 55.7	19.0	42,960	
March		99.5		56.0	19.1	43,532	4.98
April	24.05	100.7	102.7	56.1	19.2	44,017	•••
May June	36.95	100.8	103.7	56.4 56.3	19.3	44,437 44,826	5.01
July		100.7		56.9	19.5	45,200	1
August	38.35	100.9	103.3	57.0	19.5	45,588	
September October	•••	100.4	•••	57.3	19.7	45,838	4.99
November	37.95	100.8	103.3	57.4 57.6	19.7	46,206 46,689	
December		100.7		57.8	19.8	47,174	H 5.02
1963						,	
January	36.95	100.6	10,0	57.9 58.0	19.9	47,659	
March	,,,	99.7	104.0	58.1	20.0	48,154 48,631	5.00
April		99.5		58.3	20.0	49,152	1
May	38.05	99.3	104.2	58.5	20.1	49,593	
June July	•••	98.7 99.3		58.7 58.9	20.3	50,079 50,588	5.01
August	40.00	100.1	103.9	58.9	20.4	51,069	
September		99.7	• • •	59.1	20.6	51,410	5.01
October November	41.20	99.8	30/7	59.3	20.6	51,941	}
December	41.20	100.0	104.7	59.8 60.1	21.0	52,324 52,784	5.00
1964					~2	,,,,,,,	
January	• • •	99.3		60.0	21.2	53,212	
February March	42.55	99.1 99.7	104.2	60.1	21.4	53,791	
April	•••	99.3	•••	60.3 60.5	21.4	54,315 54,727	4.99
May	43.50	99.3	104.6	60.5	21.6	55,220	
June July	•••	100.0		-60.4	21.5	55,590	4.99
August	45.65	99.7	105.1	60.5 60.8	21.6 21.6	56,073 56,508	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
September		100.3		61.0	21.6	57,021	4.98
October	17 75	H101.2	106.3	61.8	21.8	57,431	
December	47.75	99.5 98.9	106.3	62.4 62.9	21.9	57,732 58,292	5.00
1965				02.9	~ ~ ~ ~	JU, 272).00
January		98.9		63.2	22.4	58,962	
February	49.00	99.5	105.2	63.4	22.4	59,603	
March	• • •	99.1	•••	63.7 64.0	22.5 22.3	60,240	4.97
May.	⊞ 50.35	99.8 99.8	106.2	64.3	22.3	60,984 61,654	•••
June		99.6		64.6	22.3	62,256	4.99
July	0.57 7.5	98.8	- 10(· (65.4	22.5	62,922	•••
September	a51.15	99.8 r100.8	Hp106.6	65.8 阿p66.2	22.5 Hp22.6	63,531	5.00
October November	a52.95	pl00.8		(NA)	(NA)	HI64,214 (NA)	5.00

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BASIC DATA

2

TABLE

Other Selected U.S. Series

LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES—Continued

Year and month	82. Federal cash payments to the public	83. Federal cash receipts from the public	84. Federal cash surplus (+) or deficit (-)	95. Surplus (+) or deficit (-), Federal income and product account	90. Defense Department obliga- tions, procurement	91. Defense Department obliga- tions, total	92. Military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms
1962	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Mil. dol.)	(Mil. dol.)	(Mil. dol.)
January February	109.9 113.5	102.2 101.8	-7.7 -11.7	-5.0	1,758 1,228	4,434 4,086	3,073 2,135
March	107.8 108.3 108.6	101.1 105.2 108.6	-6.7 -3.1 0.0	-4.6	1,410 1,791 1,039	4,421 4,477 3,999	2,225 2,062 1,887
June	111.5 113.5 108.1	104.5 110.4 107.7	-7.0 -3.1 -0.4	 -2.6	1,311 1,657 1,395	4,082 4,517 4,385	1,930 2,017 2,149
September	113.4 113.7 118.6 114.9	108.4 107.1 110.1 108.4	-5.0 -6.6 -8.5 -6.5	-3.2	1,040 1,675 1,787 1,205	3,892 4,535 4,920 4,140	2,111 2,983 2,734 1,984
1963	£±4.	200,4)		2,~0>	4,240	2,7.4
January February	112.4 109.6 116.6	108.6 109.9 110.5	-3.8 +0.3 -6.1	-2.5	1,586 1,206 1,366	4,632 4,137 4,233	2,198 2,435 2,154
April	113.5 116.3 115.3	108.0 114.0 112.7	-5.5 -2.3 -2.6	+1.8	1,215 1,358 1,363	4,279 4,078 4,507 4,481	1,966 2,240 2,334
July	120.5 121.9 119.9	112.9 116.5 112.6	-7.6 -7.4 -7.3	+0.6	1,132 1,700 1,207	4,349 4,580 4,160	2,419 2,733 2,578
October	122.0 119.3 117.2	114.7 114.9 118.1	-7.3 -4.4 +0.9	+1.2	2,010 1,094 1,273	5,112 4,093 4,371	2,086 1,681 2,079
1964	305.0	225.0	100				
January	125.9 119.2 120.4 122.6 119.1	115.9 120.5 117.1 121.4 108.7	-10.0 +1.3 -3.3 -1.2 -10.4	-2.6 -7.6	1,075 1,843 1,237 1,389 1,910	4,351 5,317 4,133 4,544 4,818	2,149 2,689 1,598 2,508 2,454
June	116.7 122.8 121.6 117.9	113.8 114.0 111.7 113.0	-2.9 -8.8 -9.9 -4.9	-3.6 	1,079 1,494 803 1,141	4,349 4,677 4,237 4,405	1,879 2,904 1,926 2,191
October	118.4 112.9 126.5	115.1 114.9 114.5	-3.3 +2.0 -12.0	-1.1	, 889 1,089 1,870	3,773 4,228 5,325	1,745 2,008 1,883
1965	303 0	337.0	~ 0		0//		
January	121.8 121.8 117.4 125.2 128.8 133.0 120.2	114.0 120.1 124.5 153.5 119.9 119.4	-7.8 -1.7 +7.1 +28.3 -8.9 -13.6	+2.5	966 603 1,735 1,557 1,567 1,140	4,278 3,839 4,624 4,593 4,630 4,520	1,830 1,628 1,874 2,926 2,025 2,438
August	129.5 137.7 pl23.9	122.1 121.9 121.4 pl13.2	+1.9 -7.6 -16.3 p-10.7	p-4.1	954 1,893 1,619 (NA)	4,258 5,223 5,276 (NA)	2,699 2,770 2,465 (NA)

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LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES—Continued

Other Selected U.S. Series--Continued

Year and month	99. New orders, defense products	93. Free reserves*	85. Change in total U.S. money supply	98. Change in money supply and time deposits	110. Total private borrowing	111. Corporate gross savings	112. Change in business loans
	(Bil. dol.)	(Mil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, percent)	(Ann. rate, percent)	(Ann. rate, mil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, mil. dol.)	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)
1962					Revised 1	Revised 1	
January	1.99	+555	0.00	+7.32		:	+2.90
February	2.05 2.11	+434 +382	+2.52 +1.68	+11.52	40,120	41,276	+1.51
March	2.24	+441	+1.08	+9.36 +8.76	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	+2.23
May	2.24	+440	-3.24	+1.56	47,664	41,008	+2.09 +2.09
June	2.08	+391	+0.84	+6.12	· ·	3	+2.77
July	2.07	+440	-0.84	+5.04		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	+2.66
August	1.94	+439	-0.84	+4.08	45,340	41,732	+3.85
September	1.88	+375	-1.68	+4.56	45,540	41,752	+2.82
October	2.09	+419	+4.92	+9.48	1		+2.82
November	1.70	+473	+4.08	+8.40	43,756	43,236	+2.28
December	2.53	+268	+4.92	+10.80			+0.95
1963							
January	2.89	+375	+4.08	+8.76			+1.43
February	2.09	+301	+4.92	+8.76	43,104	42,668	+1.42
March	2.42	+269	+1.56	+7.20			+1.85
April	1.97	+313	+4.08	+7.68			+2.40
May	2.40	+247	+3.24	+6.24	51,508	43,820	+2.35
June	1.90	+138	+3.96	+7.08	•••	• • • •	+1.74
July	2.40	+161	+6.36	+9.00	F3 010	15 500	+1.97
September	2.36 2.47	+133 +91	+2.40	+8.88	51,040	45,520	+2.04
October	1.92	+94	+2.40 +5.52	+6.48	•••	• • • •	+2.08 +4.66
November	1.97	+33	+7.08	+8.76 +11.04	53,892	45,224	+5.22
December	1.48	+209	-0.84	+4.56)),0/2	47,224	+5.78
1964		·		14.70			
January	2.67	+175	+3.96	+8.16			+1.79
February	2.40	+89	+1.56	+5.88	47,212	48,656	+3.48
March	2.18	+99	+2.40	+4.44			+1.42
April	2.37	+167	+3.12	+5.76			+3.17
May	2.48	+82	0.00	+4.92	64,640	49,308	+4.25
June	2.34	+120	+7.80	+9.72	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	+3.89
August	3.29 1.86	+135 +83	+8.52 +3.84	+8.76 +9.12	50 441	50 106	+4.31
September	1.98	+89	+8.40	+9.48	52,664	50,196	+4.70
October	2.41	+106	+4.56	+8.52			+1.43
November	1.79	-34	+2.28	+8.04	58,460	49,412	+0.32
December	1.87	+168	+4.56	+8.88	,	47,42~	+8.62
1965							
January	2.37	+103	+2.28	+10.44			+12.35
February	2.44	+32	-2,28	+7.92	63,864	55,648	+13.14
March	2.46	-76	+4.56	+6.96	-5,	,,,,,,,	+12.46
April	3.24	-112	+6.00	+9.00			+6.32
May	2.46	-178	-8.16	0.00	67,812	55,520	+11.04
June	2.58	-184	+13.44	+12.60			+11.38
July	2.62	-175	+5.16	+9.72		•••	+10.00
August September	r2.81	-136	+1.44	+10.80	p63,132	p57,216	+5.53
October	r3.31	r-155	+11.76	+12.24			+4.00
November	p2.88	p-149	p+9.48	p+12.96		1	p+5.33
December	Ī					1	
	L		1	I .		<u> </u>	l

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¹ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.



BASIC DATA

TABLE

2 D

LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES—Continued

Other Selected U.S. Series—Continued

Year and month	113. Net change in consumer install- ment debt	114. Treasury bill rate*	115. Treasury bond yields*	116. Corporate bond yields*	117. Municipal bond yields*	118. Mortgage yields*	86. Exports ex- cluding military aid shipments, total
1962	(Ann. rate, bil. dol.)	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Percent)	(Mil. dol.)
JanuaryFebruaryMarchAprilMayJuneJulyAugust	+2.23 +3.12 +3.74 +5.82 +5.04 +4.67 +4.49 +4.66	2.75 2.75 2.72 2.74 2.69 2.72 2.94 2.84	4.08 4.09 4.01 3.89 3.88 3.90 4.02 3.98	4.55 4.54 4.42 4.31 4.26 4.30 4.41 4.39	3.34 3.21 3.14 3.06 3.11 3.26 3.28 3.23	5.69 5.68 5.65 5.64 5.60 5.59 5.58 5.57	1,668.3 1,809.3 1,672.0 1,795.4 1,761.7 1,835.6 1,748.3 1,702.5
September	+3.00 +4.42 +5.80 +5.82	2.79 2.75 2.80 2.86	3.94 3.89 3.87 3.87	4.28 4.27 4.23 4.28	3.11 3.02 3.04 3.07	5.56 5.55 5.54 5.53	1,907.9 1,542.8 1,724.6 1,838.7
February March April May. June July August September October November December	1	2.92 2.90 2.91 2.92 3.00 3.14 3.32 3.38 3.45 3.45 3.52	3.92 3.93 3.97 3.97 4.00 4.01 3.99 4.04 4.07 4.11 4.14	4.25 4.26 4.35 4.35 4.32 4.34 4.33 4.40 4.36 4.42 4.49	3.15 3.05 3.10 3.11 3.21 3.22 3.13 3.20 3.20 3.30 3.27	5.48 5.47 5.46 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45	2,123.6 1,957.8 1,913.7 1,895.2 1,803.1 1,840.8 1,922.1 1,958.2 1,967.5 1,965.6 2,090.8
1964 January	+5.14 +6.95 +6.29	3.53 3.53 3.55 3.48 3.48 3.48 3.48	4.15 4.14 4.18 4.20 4.16 4.13 4.13	4.49 4.38 4.45 4.49 4.48 4.49 4.43	3.22 3.14 3.28 3.28 3.20 3.20 3.18	5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45	2,042.9 2,046.2 2,074.0 2,061.1 2.061.8 2,034.2 2,122.9
August	+4.92 +3.61 +6.72 +8.04	3.51 3.53 3.58 3.62 3.86	4.14 4.16 4.16 4.12 4.14	4.43 4.49 4.49 4.47 4.47	3.19 3.23 3.25 3.18 3.13	5.46 5.45 5.45 5.45 5.45	2,108.8 2,235.3 2,154.8 2,196.8 2,430.4
February March April May June July August September October November. December	+7.64 +8.93 +8.04 +7.22 +7.99 +7.31 +8.20 (NA)	3.93 3.94 3.93 3.90 3.81 3.83 3.84 3.91 4.03	4.16 4.15 4.15 4.14 4.14 4.15 4.19 4.25 4.28	4.44 4.49 4.48 4.52 4.57 4.57 4.66 4.71 4.69	3.09 3.18 3.15 3.24 3.27 3.24 3.35 3.40	5.45 5.45 5.45 5.44 5.44 5.45 5.46 5.49	1,592.7 2,752.7 2,380.3 2,277.7 2,184.8 2,262.8 2,345.7 2,297.7 (NA)

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LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES—Continued

Other Selected U.S. Series—Continued

Series 87 Series 87	riations, manu- cturing ² (Bil. dol.)
1962 1,326.5 +341.8 104.7 115 45.80 105.1 119 46.42 106.1 109 100 100	•••
January	
February. 1,319.8 +489.5 -792 (NA) 104.9 119 46.42 March. 1,341.7 +330.3 105.1 131 45.75 April. 1,365.0 +430.4 105.3 121 45.41 May. 1,404.1 +357.6 -267 (NA) 105.4 117 44.95 June. 1,350.7 +484.9 105.4 120 44.58 July 1,346.6 +401.7 105.3 117 44.33 August 1,345.9 +356.6 -433 (NA) 105.5 118 43.73 September 1,471.4 +436.5 105.9 113 43.37 October 1,312.1 +230.7 105.8 117 43.58 November 1,424.9 +299.7 -711 (NA) 105.8 123 43.18 January 1,099.9	
March 1,341.7 +330.3 105.1 131 45.75 April. 1,365.0 +430.4 105.3 121 45.41 May. 1,404.1 +357.6 -267 (NA) 105.4 117 44.95 June 1,350.7 +484.9 105.4 120 44.58 July 1,346.6 +401.7 105.3 117 44.33 August 1,345.9 +356.6 -433 (NA) 105.5 118 43.73 September 1,471.4 +436.5 105.9 113 43.37 October 1,312.1 +230.7 105.8 117 43.58 November 1,424.9 +299.7 -711 (NA) 105.8 123 43.18 December 1,510.4 +613.2 -1,199 (NA) 106.1 121 45.06 February 1,414.6	
April. 1,365.0 +430.4 105.3 121 45.41 May. 1,404.1 +357.6 -267 (NA) 105.4 117 44.95 Jule 1,350.7 +484.9 105.4 120 44.58 July 1,346.6 +401.7 105.3 117 44.33 August 1,345.9 +356.6 -433 (NA) 105.5 118 43.73 September 1,471.4 +436.5 105.9 113 43.37 September 1,312.1 +230.7 105.8 117 43.58 November 1,312.1 +230.7 105.8 117 43.58 November 1,376.5 +462.2 105.8 123 43.18 December 1,510.4 +613.2 -1,199 (NA) 106.1 121 45.06 February 1,510.4 +613.2 -1,199 (NA) 106.1 130 45.74 March 1,484.8 +473.0 106.2 <td>8.44</td>	8.44
May. 1,404.1 +357.6 -267 (NA) 105.4 117 44.95 June 1,346.6 +401.7 105.3 117 44.33 July 1,346.6 +401.7 105.3 117 44.33 August 1,345.9 +366.6 -433 (NA) 105.5 118 43.73 September 1,471.4 +436.5 105.9 113 43.37 October 1,312.1 +230.7 105.8 117 43.58 November 1,424.9 +299.7 -711 (NA) 105.8 123 43.18 December 1,376.5 +462.2 105.9 138 44.09 1963 January 1,099.9 -114.2 106.1 121 45.06 February 1,484.8 +473.0 106.1 130 45.74 March	•••
July 1,346.6 +401.7 105.3 117 44.33 August 1,345.9 +356.6 -433 (NA) 105.5 118 43.73 September 1,471.4 +436.5 105.9 113 43.37 October 1,312.1 +230.7 105.8 117 43.58 November 1,424.9 +299.7 -711 (NA) 105.8 123 43.18 December 1,376.5 +462.2 105.9 138 44.09 January 1,099.9 -114.2 106.1 121 45.06 February 1,510.4 +613.2 -1,199 (NA) 106.1 130 45.74 March 1,484.8 +473.0 106.2 118 46.68 April 1,414.6 +499.1 106.3 125 47.53 May 1,416.3	• • •
August 1,345.9 +356.6 -433 (NA) 105.5 118 43.73 September 1,471.4 +436.5 105.9 113 43.37 October 1,312.1 +230.7 105.8 117 43.58 November 1,424.9 +299.7 -711 (NA) 105.8 123 43.18 December 1,376.5 +462.2 105.9 138 44.09 January 1,099.9 -114.2 106.1 121 45.06 February 1,510.4 +613.2 -1,199 (NA) 106.1 130 45.74 March 1,484.8 +473.0 106.2 118 46.68 April 1,416.6 +499.1 106.3 125 47.53 May 1,416.3 +478.9 -1,108 (NA) 106.4 144 47.86 June 1,430.9 +372.2 106.7 135 47.28 July 1,449.5 +391	8.32
September 1,471.4 +436.5 105.9 113 43.37 October 1,312.1 +230.7 105.8 117 43.58 November 1,424.9 +299.7 -711 (NA) 105.8 123 43.18 December 1,376.5 +462.2 105.9 138 44.09 January 1,099.9 -114.2 106.1 121 45.06 February 1,510.4 +613.2 -1,199 (NA) 106.1 130 45.74 March 1,484.8 +473.0 106.2 118 46.68 April 1,414.6 +499.1 106.3 125 47.53 May 1,416.3 +478.9 -1,108 (NA) 106.4 144 47.86 June 1,430.9 +372.2 106.9 126 46.74 August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA)	• • •
October 1,312.1 +230.7 105.8 117 43.58 November 1,424.9 +299.7 -711 (NA) 105.8 123 43.18 December 1,376.5 +462.2 105.9 138 43.18 January 1,099.9 -114.2 106.1 121 45.06 February 1,510.4 +613.2 -1,199 (NA) 106.1 130 45.74 March 1,484.8 +473.0 106.2 118 46.68 April 1,414.6 +499.1 106.3 125 47.53 May 1,416.3 +478.9 -1,108 (NA) 106.4 144 47.86 June 1,430.9 +372.2 106.9 126 46.74 August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA) 107.1 132 46.70 September 1,443.3 +514.9	9 24
November 1,424.9 +299.7 -711 (NA) 105.8 123 43.18 December 1,376.5 +462.2 105.9 138 44.09 Interpretable of the control	8.26
December 1,376.5 +462.2 105.9 138 44.09 January 1,099.9 -114.2 106.1 121 45.06 February 1,510.4 +613.2 -1,199 (NA) 106.1 130 45.74 March 1,484.8 +473.0 106.2 118 46.68 April 1,414.6 +499.1 106.3 125 47.53 May 1,416.3 +478.9 -1,108 (NA) 106.4 144 47.86 June 1,430.9 +372.2 106.7 135 47.28 July 1,449.5 +391.3 106.9 126 46.70 August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA) 107.1 132 46.70 September 1,443.3 +514.9 106.9 128 47.07	•••
January 1,099.9 -114.2 106.1 121 45.06 February 1,510.4 +613.2 -1,199 (NA) 106.1 130 45.74 March 1,484.8 +473.0 106.2 118 46.68 April 1,414.6 +499.1 106.3 125 47.53 May 1,416.3 +478.9 -1,108 (NA) 106.4 144 47.86 June 1,430.9 +372.2 106.7 135 47.28 July 1,449.5 +391.3 106.9 126 46.74 August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA) 107.1 132 46.70 September 1,443.3 +514.9 106.9 128 47.07	8.81
February 1,510.4 +613.2 -1,199 (NA) 106.1 130 45.74 March 1,484.8 +473.0 106.2 118 46.68 April 1,414.6 +499.1 106.3 125 47.53 May 1,416.3 +478.9 -1,108 (NA) 106.4 144 47.86 June 1,430.9 +372.2 106.9 125 47.28 July 1,449.5 +391.3 106.9 126 46.74 August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA) 107.1 132 46.70 September 1,443.3 +514.9 106.9 128 47.07	
March 1,484.8 +473.0 106.2 118 46.68 April 1,414.6 +499.1 106.3 125 47.53 May 1,416.3 +478.9 -1,108 (NA) 106.4 144 47.86 June 1,430.9 +372.2 106.7 135 47.28 July 1,449.5 +391.3 106.9 126 46.74 August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA) 107.1 132 46.70 September 1,443.3 +514.9 106.9 128 47.07	
April. 1,414.6 +499.1 106.3 125 47.53 May. 1,416.3 +478.9 -1,108 (NA) 106.4 144 47.86 June 1,430.9 +372.2 106.7 135 47.28 July 1,449.5 +391.3 106.9 126 46.74 August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA) 107.1 132 46.70 September 1,443.3 +514.9 106.9 128 47.07	• • •
May 1,416.3 +478.9 -1,108 (NA) 106.4 144 47.86 June 1,430.9 +372.2 106.7 135 47.28 July 1,449.5 +391.3 106.9 126 46.74 August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA) 107.1 132 46.70 September 1,443.3 +514.9 106.9 128 47.07	8.88
June 1,430.9 +372.2 106.7 135 47.28 July 1,449.5 +391.3 106.9 126 46.74 August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA) 107.1 132 46.70 September 1,443.3 +514.9 106.9 128 47.07	• • •
July 1,449.5 +391.3 106.9 126 46.74 August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA) 107.1 132 46.70 September 1,443.3 +514.9 106.9 128 47.07	9.38
August 1,497.3 +424.8 -210 (NA) 107.1 132 46.70 September 1,443.3 +514.9 106.9 128 47.07	9.00
September 1,443.3 +514.9 106.9 128 47.07	• • • •
	10.05
October	• • •
November 1,465.5 +500.1 -153 (NA) 107.2 144 47.08	
December 1,479.8 +611.0 107.7 148 46.68	11.02
1964	
January 1,434.4 +608.5 107.8 147 47.07	• • •
February 1,460.3 +585.9 -257 -136 107.7 143 47.64 March 1,519.5 +554.5 107.8 140 47.80	12.08
April	12.00
May 1,539.4 +522.4 -582 -351 108.1 138 49.22	
June	13.23
July	• • •
August	14.54
September 1,546.4 +688.9 108.3 131 52.14 October 1,547.7 +607.1 108.4 136 53.14	14.54
November 1,697.7 +499.1 -1,366 -783 108.6 143 53.41	
December 1,642.2 +788.2 108.9 154 53.96	14.97
1965	
January 1,206.4 +10.9 109.0 137 54.28	
February 1,600.5 -7.8 -701 -634 109.0 140 55.09	
March	15.66
April	• • •
May 1,798.9 +478.8 r+247 +210 109.9 145 56.88 June 1,834.8 +350.0 110.2 139 57.45	
July	חויי וה
August	p17.06
September 1,786.8 +510.9 110.1 147 r59.16	•••
October	-
November December	•••

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propriations: First Quarter 1965.)

¹This balance represents a provisional estimate by the Department of Commerce on the basis of official settlements.
²Data prior to 1961 not comparable because of "a change in asset accounting basis in machinery, except electrical, and a recalculation of the seasonal pattern for petroleum and coal products." (See NICB publication <u>Investment Statistics—Capital Ap</u>



BASIC DATA

TABLE

2 F

LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES---Continued

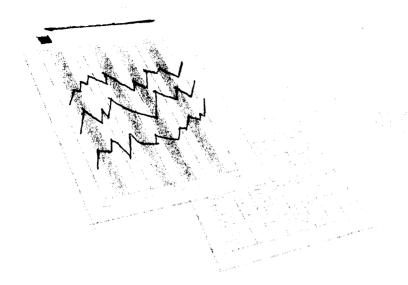
International Comparisons

Year and month	47. United States, index of industrial produc- tion	123. Canada, index of indus- trial production	122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production	121. OECD, ¹ European coun- tries, index of industrial production	125. West Germany, index of industrial production	126. France, index of indus- trial production	127. Italy, index of industrial production	128. Japan, index of industrial production
1962	(1957-59= 100)	(1957-59= 100)	(1957-59= 100)	(1957-59= 100)	(1957-59 = 100)	(1957-59= 100)	(1957-59= 100)	(1957-59= 100)
January February March April May June July August September October November	115 116 118 118 118 119 119 120 119	113 115 116 116 117 118 118 119 119 119	108 110 111 110 113 114 113 114 115 110	122 124 123 124 125 124 125 126 127 127 128	126 129 125 128 129 130 130 131 132 132	122 123 124 123 124 123 125 125 126 128	149 151 149 151 153 147 151 149 150 153 158	182 178 181 181 182 130 179 180 181 179 179
December	119	120	110	127	132	126	160	178
January	120 121 122 123 124 126 126 127 126 126 127	120 121 122 123 123 123 121 123 125 126 128 131	110 111 113 114 115 115 116 118 117 120 121	127 126 127 130 131 132 132 132 134 135 136	129 128 132 133 133 139 134 136 136 138	127 125 116 129 133 134 129 129 136 137 136	158 155 161 165 165 166 163 166 171 171 173 170	179 184 184 191 190 191 203 202 207 211 214 217
February	128 129 131 · 132 132 133 134 134	133 134 133 133 133 134 135 135 136 139 140	123 123 123 124 123 123 122 123 123 127 128 129	139 139 140 139 141 139 138 137 140 r143 143	1.42 1.44 1.45 1.40 1.50 1.43 1.47 1.45 1.45 1.49 1.49	140 139 139 141 140 141 132 132 141 142 142 139	172 169 173 168 166 164 166 156 165 164 166	219 224 224 226 228 233 232 232 239 241 237 242
January February March April May June July August September October November December	139 139 141 141 142 143 144 144 143 p144	142 141 143 142 142 143 144 p146 (NA)	131 129 128 129 129 128 129 p130 (NA)	146 143 145 146 146 144 p145 (NA)	156 155 r149 154 r155 154 r151 154 p150 (NA)	138 140 139 141 140 142 138 138 19146 (NA)	166 169 r166 169 174 r176 r176 p175 (NA)	243 237 242 240 234 243 241 r238 p241 (NA)

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk (*). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", pre-liminery; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

¹Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

Section TWO



charts and tables

DISTRIBUTION OF 'HIGHS' FOR CURRENT AND COMPARATIVE PERIODS

DIFFUSION INDEXES BASED ON HUNDREDS OF COMPONENTS

Average workweek—21 industries

New orders—36 industries

Capital appropriations—17 industries

Profits—700 companies

Stock prices—80 industries

Industrial materials prices—13 materials

State unemployment claims—47 areas

Nonagricultural employment—30 industries

Production—24 industries

Wholesale prices—23 industries

Retail sales—24 types of stores

Net sales—800 companies

New orders—400 companies

Carloadings—19 commodity groups

Plant and equipment expenditures—22 industries

DIRECTIONS OF CHANGE FOR COMPONENTS OF DIFFUSION INDEXES

DISTRIBUTION OF "HIGHS" FOR CURRENT AND COMPARATIVE PERIODS

		Nun	ber of series	that reached a	a high before	benchmark dat	tes-				
Number of months before benchmark date that high was reached		Current e	expansion			Business	cycle peak				
·	July 1965	Aug. 1965	Sept. 1965	Oct. 1965	Nov. 1948	July 1953	July 1957	May 1960			
			N	BER LEADIN	G INDICATOR	RS					
8 months or more	7 1	8 2	10 1	7 2	15 •••	9 1	24	16 2			
6 months	2 1 3	1 3 2	2 2 1	1 1	···	5 1 2		1 2 3			
3 months	2 2	2 2	1 4	 3 	1 	2	•••	•••			
1 month	2 4		··· 3		•••	1	• • •	•••			
Number of series used	24 17	24 0	24 12	16 12	¹ 20 0	² 21 5	24 0	24 0			
			NBER RO	UGHLY COIN	CIDENT INDICATORS						
8 months or more					2	1	2	1			
5 months	 1	•••	•••	•••	1		1 3				
3 months	 	 1 3	 1 1	1 1 2	3 4	1 3	 1	3 2			
Benchmark month	9	7	9	7	 11	3 11	4	. 3 11			
Percent of series high on benchmark date	11 82	11 64	11 82	11 64	0	27	11 36	27			
Number of months before benchmark date	3d mo	onth before bu	siness cycle	peak	6th n	onth before b	usiness cycle	peak			
that high was reached	Aug. 1948	Apr. 1953	Apr. 1957	Feb. 1960	May 1948	Jan. 1953	Jan. 1957	Nov. 1959			
			N	BER LEADIN	NG INDICATORS						
8 months or more	13 2	4 4	21 1	13 2	9 1	1 1 1	18 1	6 7 3			
5 months	•••	2 2	2	1 2	 5 2	1 4	2	2			
3 months	 4	5 1 2	•••	1 2 3	•••	1 2 3	1 2	 1 2			
Benchmark month	1 ¹ 20	1 ² 21	 24	 24	3 ¹ 20	7 ² 21	 24	1 24			
Percent of series high on benchmark date	. 5	5	O NBFR RO	UGHLY COIN	CIDENT IND	CATORS	0	4			
8 months or more	2	1.	2	1	1	1	2				
7 months			•••	<u>.</u>		•••	•••	•••			
5 months	•••	1	1	•••	1	•••	• • •	 4 2			
4 months		:::	• • •	•••		•••	i	1.			
	1	5	3		1 3	1 3	4				
2 months	2 6	4	2	5	5	6	4	3			

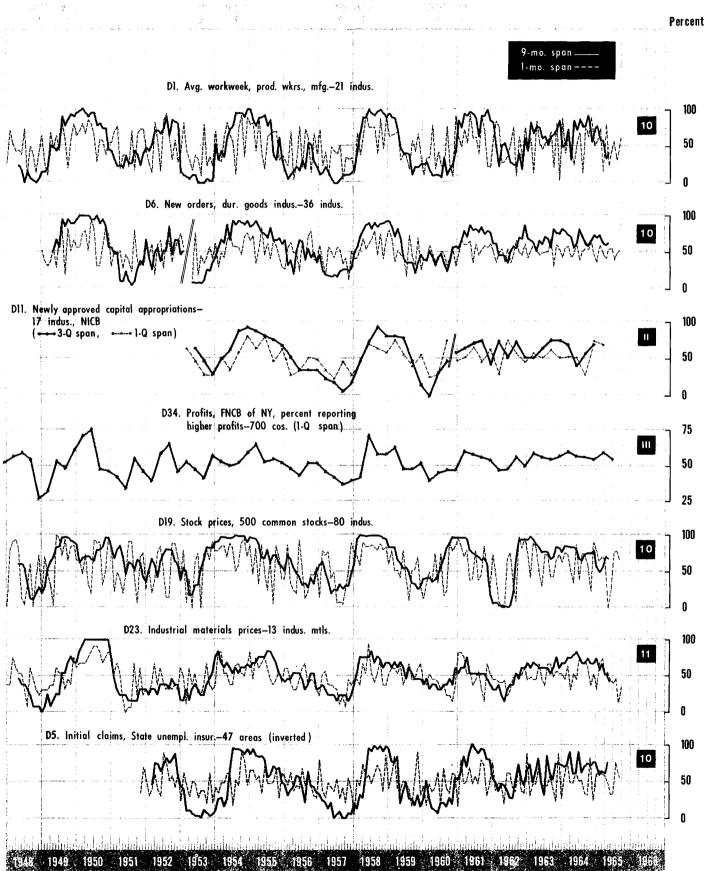
NOTE: All quarterly series and 2 monthly series (series 15, a leading indicator, and series 40, a roughly coincident indicator) are omitted from the distribution.

¹⁴ series were not available.

²1 series was not available and 2 series were omitted because their peaks were reached during the Korean War and such peaks were disregarded in this distribution.

DIFFUSION INDEXES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT NBER Leading Indicators



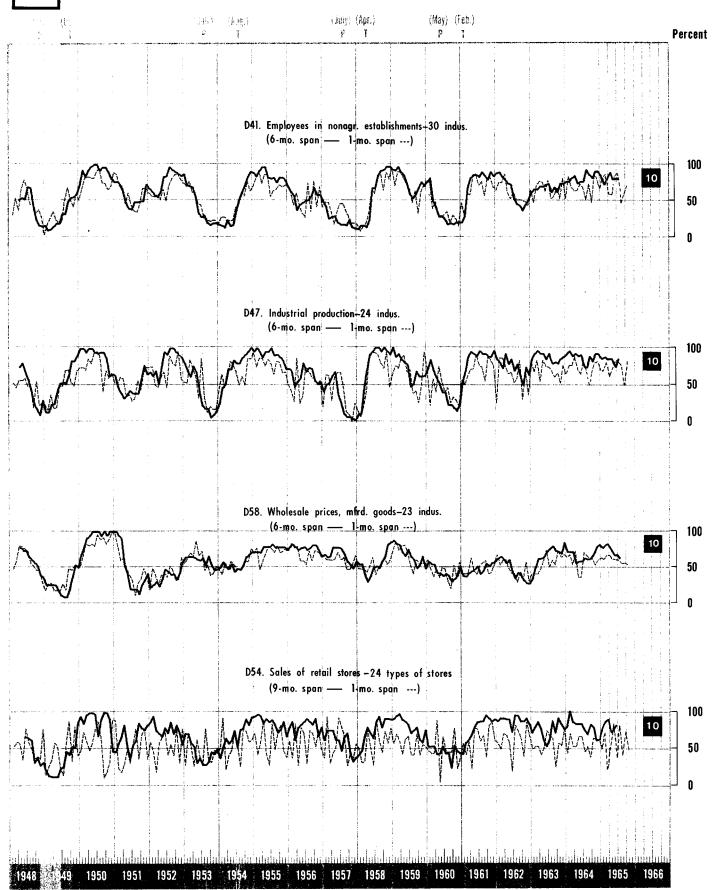


See "Yow to Read Charts 1 and 2" page 8



2 B

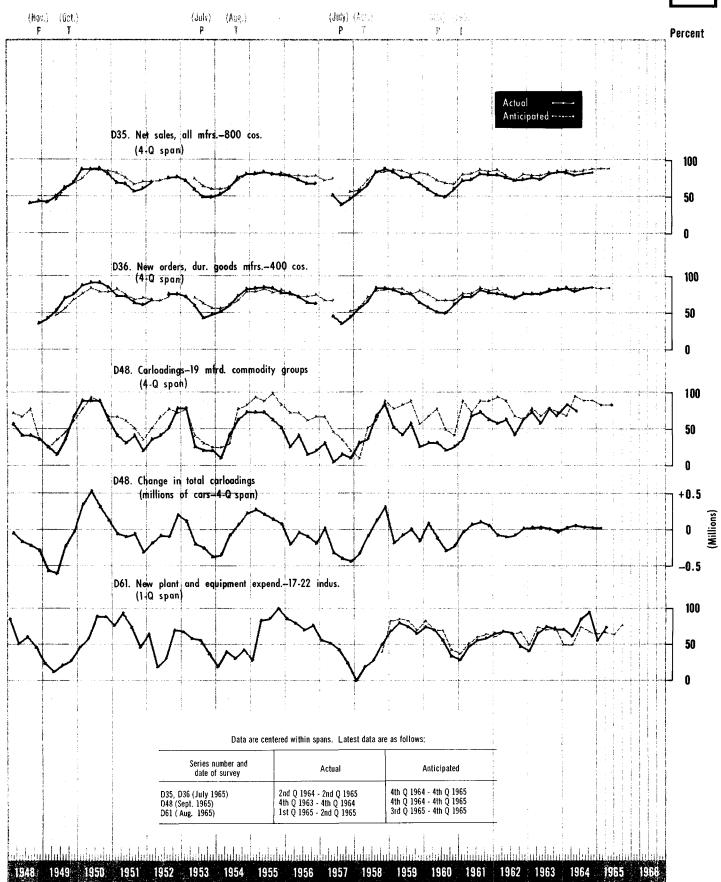
DIFFUSION INDEXES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—Continued NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators



CHART

DIFFUSION INDEXES FROM 1948 TO PRESENT—Continued

Actual and Anticipated Indexes



4 A

LATEST DATA FOR DIFFUSION INDEXES

NBER Leading Indicators

Year and month	D1. Average workw (21 ind	eek, manufacturing ustries)		acturers' new orders, stries (36 industries)	D11. Newly approved capital appropriations, NICB (17 industries) ¹						
	1-month span	9-month span	1-month span	9-month span	1-quarter span	3-quarter span					
1962											
January	21.4 61.9 85.7 76.2 28.6 31.0 38.1 54.8 78.6 9.5 64.3 35.7	85.7 83.3 50.0 23.8 52.4 54.8 42.9 28.6 26.2 23.8 40.5	63.9 52.8 36.1 51.4 56.9 37.5 56.9 36.1 48.6 68.1 50.0	77.8 63.9 63.9 47.2 47.2 45.8 36.1 52.8 59.7 56.9 70.8 69.4	65 29 76 59	47 76 53 74					
1963			47.2		•••	•••					
January. February. March. April. May. June. July August September October. November December	76.2 50.0 61.9 14.3 85.7 54.8 47.6 57.1 59.5 71.4 21.4 83.3	61.9 45.2 83.3 69.0 73.6 76.2 61.9 64.3 52.4 64.3 66.7	63.9 43.1 54.2 63.9 52.8 47.2 51.4 52.8 52.8 69.4 33.3 62.5	88.9 69.4 66.7 63.9 52.8 66.7 62.5 72.2 69.4 58.3 83.3 77.8	47 59 53 65	53 53 65 76					
JanuaryFebruary March April	4.8 88.1 40.5 66.7 42.9	85.7 50.0 52.4 73.8 33.3	55.6 44.4 58.3 61.1 44.4	76.4 83.3 80.6 75.0 72.2	53 56 	76 71 					
June July August September October November December	26.2 54.8 71.4 14.3 76.2 64.3 92.9	85.7 73.8 88.1 78.6 78.6 95.2 59.5	50.0 63.9 40.3 54.2 58.3 55.6 68.1	58.3 63.9 83.3 72.2 63.9 61.1 68.1	 53 32 	 44 59 					
1965 January	52 . 4	76.2	48 . 6	77.8	76	p71					
February. March. April. May. June. July August September October. November December	59.5 76.2 19.0 83.3 23.8 47.6 r59.5 r33.3 p64.3	81.0 59.5 59.5 r33.3 p42.9	38.9 63.9 50.0 44.4 58.3 59.7 r41.7 r50.0 p56.9	75.0 77.8 r68.1 63.9 p66.7	p71 (NA)	(NA)					

NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising and are centered within spans: 1-month indexes are placed on latest month and 9-month indexes are placed on the 6th month of span; 1-quarter indexes are placed on the 1st month of the 2d quarter and 3-quarter indexes are placed on the 1st month of the 3d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used. Table 5 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.

¹Data prior to 1961 not comparable because of "a change in asset accounting basis in machinery, except electrical, and a recalculation of the seasonal pattern for petroleum and coal products." (See NICB publication <u>Investment Statistics - Capital Appropriations: First Quarter 1965.</u>)

TABLE 4

LATEST DATA FOR DIFFUSION INDEXES—Continued

NBER Leading Indicators—Continued

Year and month	D34. Profits, manu- facturing, FNCB (around 700 corpora- tions)	D19. Index of stock stocks (80 ii	prices, 500 common ndustries) ¹	D23. Index of industrial	ial matefials prices I materials)	D5. Initial claims for unemploy- ment insurance, State programs, week ended nearest the 22d (47 areas)					
	1-quarter span	1-month span	9-month span	1-month span	9-month span	1-month span	9-month span				
1962											
January	54 47	25.6 75.0 47.5 8.7	17.5 6.2 7.5 3.1	53.8 46.2 46.2 42.3	38.5 30.8 30.8 38.5	46.8 76.6 38.3 48.9	80.9 55.3 48.9 36.2				
May June July August September	48	1.2 1.2 69.4 78.1 36.2	3.7 2.5 1.2 3.7 18.7	42.3 46.2 23.1 30.8 50.0	23.1 15.4 30.8 38.5 38.5	46.8 19.1 63.8 61.7 42.6	46.8 44.7 38.3 27.7 27.7				
October November	56	8.1 98.7 84.4	67.5 93.7 95.0	53.8 53.8 53.8	53.8 46.2 61.5	36.2 72.3 36.2	53.2 74.5 53.2				
January February	50	97.5 78.7 43.7	95.0 95.0 98.7	61.5 46.2 50.0	61.5 69.2 61.5	34.0 89.4 31.9	44.7 66.0 72.3				
April	59 56	91.2 85.0 51.9 29.4	95.0 89.1 84.6 78.2	46.2 46.2 69.2 46.2	69.2 65.4 61.5 61.5	47.9 46.8 68.1 44.7	48.9 63.8 80.9 46.8				
August September October November December	55	75.0 76.9 44.9 44.9 68.4	79.5 77.6 69.2 71.2 84.4	38.5 69.2 69.2 50.0 57.7	61.5 61.5 53.8 61.5 76.9	44.7 44.7 59.6 40.4 23.4	31.9 85.1 60.6 53.2 73.4				
1964											
January	57 60 	74.7 65.2 78.5 75.6 52.6	83.1 78.2 86.5 85.9 84.6	53.8 53.8 46.2 65.4 30.8	61.5 69.2 69.2 76.9 76.9	89.4 27.7 57.4 77.7 48.9	73.4 72.3 70.2 74.5 89.4				
June July August September October November. December.	57	35.3 89.7 41.0 76.3 73.1 59.6	84.6 81.8 68.8 65.6 75.3 76.6	53.8 46.2 76.9 69.2 73.1 61.5	80.8 84.6 76.9 69.2 69.2 76.9	48.9 63.8 51.1 53.2 34.0 31.9	60.6 61.7 89.4 61.7 70.2 74.5				
1965	•••	24.0	76.6	38.5	69.2	83.0	72.3				
January February March April May June July August September October November December	55 59 55	92.2 81.8 64.3 70.8 66.9 0.0 24.7 79.9 81.2 66.9	80.5 58.4 51.9 58.4 72.7 67.5	53.8 30.8 69.2 76.9 53.8 57.7 46.2 42.3 50.0 15.4 238.5	69.2 76.9 61.5 69.2 53.8 53.8 246.2	24.5 57.4 66.0 61.7 59.6 51.1 34.0 38.3 78.7 57.4	78.7 78.7 59.6 66.0 61.7 78.7				

NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising and are centered within spans: 1-month indexes are placed on latest month and 9-month indexes are placed on the 6th month of span; 1-quarter indexes are placed on the 1st month of the 2d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in indexes D19 which requires no adjustment and D34 which is adjusted only for the index. Table 5 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.

¹The diffusion index is based on 82 components through February 1963; on 80 components, March 1963 to August 1963; on 75 components, September 1963 to March 1964; on 78 components, April 1964 to November 1964; and on 77 components thereafter. Average for November 15, 16, and 17.



LATEST DATA FOR DIFFUSION INDEXES—Continued

NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators

Year and month	D41. Number of nonagricultural ((30 indu	establishments	D47. Index of indu (24 indu		D54. Sales of (24 types		D58. Index of wh (23 manufacturi	
	1-month span	6-month span	1-month span	6-month span	1-month span	9-month span	1-month span	6-month span
1962	(5.0	3/ 3	مُدر م	40.0	**************************************			(2.2
January	65.0 75.0 75.0 86.7 60.0 53.3 61.7 51.7 50.0 48.3	86.7 88.3 81.7 78.3 73.3 71.7 51.7 45.0 41.7 35.0 43.3	25.0 87.5 87.5 87.5 75.0 64.6 66.7 52.1 58.3 83.3 29.2 68.8	83.3 79.2 70.8 91.7 77.1 83.3 66.7 77.1 60.4 47.9 72.9	58.3 50.0 70.8 68.8 58.3 18.8 83.3 75.0 64.6 39.6	87.5 91.7 91.7 89.6 89.6 72.9 95.8 87.5 87.5	67.4 52.2 58.7 60.9 47.8 41.3 28.3 43.5 32.6 56.5	60.9 63.0 58.7 54.3 58.7 43.5 32.6 41.3 37.0 30.4 26.1
December	43.3	50.0	35.4	62.5	66.7	83.3	30.4	26.1
January February March April May June July August September October November December 1964	65.0 46.7 71.7 76.7 75.0 63.3 78.3 53.3 56.7 66.7 53.3 80.0	60.0 65.0 68.3 68.3 71.7 73.3 60.0 66.7 60.0 73.3 73.3	79.2 66.7 83.3 54.2 83.3 75.0 72.9 68.8 58.3 64.6 50.0 77.1	83.3 91.7 95.8 91.7 91.7 83.3 91.7 77.1 79.2 77.1 83.3 85.4	50.0 54.2 52.1 41.7 52.1 75.0 66.7 64.6 25.0 58.3 54.2 77.1	70.8 79.2 85.4 77.1 60.4 52.1 62.5 87.5 70.8 91.7 83.3 77.1	41.3 41.3 47.8 58.7 73.9 50.0 58.7 52.2 69.6 63.0 r71.7	32.6 47.8 58.7 60.9 63.0 69.6 71.7 78.3 71.7 69.6 67.4 82.6
January. February. March April. May. June July August September October. November December 1965	53.3 83.3 66.7 63.3 65.0 73.3 66.7 51.7 73.3 46.7 88.3 78.3	75.0 75.0 80.0 83.3 73.3 75.0 75.0 91.7 86.7 80.0 90.0	62.5 75.0 75.0 87.5 66.7 62.5 83.3 64.6 45.8 68.8 79.2 81.2	91.7 95.8 87.5 91.7 87.5 89.6 70.8 70.8 87.5 79.2 91.7	43.8 70.8 52.1 52.1 66.7 66.7 45.8 52.1 37.5 64.6 62.5 62.5	79.2 100.0 85.4 83.3 83.3 75.0 68.8 83.3 81.2 60.4	63.0 r69.6 52.2 71.7 34.8 34.8 69.6 65.2 60.9 r56.5 r56.5	69.6 69.6 r56.5 56.5 60.9 58.7 60.9 69.6 78.3 82.6
January. February. March. April. May. June. July August September October. November December	66.7 81.7 86.7 58.3 58.3 85.0 86.7 r46.7 r61.7 p71.7	83.3 71.7 76.7 90.0 80.0 r80.0 p78.3	.66.7 66.7 79.2 58.3 70.8 81.2 81.2 r70.8 r45.8 p79.2	83.3 85.4 83.3 83.3 r83.3 r70.8 p83.3	50.0 72.9 20.8 62.5 83.3 39.6 81.2 r41.7 r72.9 p47.9	75.0 87.5 91.7 r68.8 79.2 p83.3	63.0 60.9 67.4 67.9 60.9 r60.9 54.3 1 p52.3	76.1 80.4 82.6 76.1 67.4 r69.6

NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising and are centered within spans: 1-month indexes are placed on latest month, 6-month indexes are placed on the 4th month, and 9-month indexes are placed on the 6th month of span. Seasonally adjusted components are used. Table 5 identifies the components for the indexes shown. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.

¹ Based on 22 components.



TABLE 4 C

LATEST DATA FOR DIFFUSION INDEXES—Continued

Actual and Anticipated Indexes

		s, manufactures mpanies)		s, durable manu- O companies)	D48. Freig	ht carloadings (19 commodity group	D61. New plant and equipmen expenditures (16 industries)					
Year and month	4-quar	ter span	4-quart	er span		4-quarter span		1-quarter span				
	Actual	Anticipated	Actual	Anticipated	Actual	Anticipated	Change in total (000)	Actual	Anticipated			
1962												
January February	 80	88	76	84	57.9	94.7	-68	65.6	62.5			
March	•••		•••		(3.0		•••	68.8	68.8			
May	76 •••	80	74	74	63.2	89.5	-96 •••	45 4				
July	72	74	71	70	42.1	68.4	-67	65.6	65.6			
October	74	82	76	76	63.2	63.2	 +29	46.9	68.8			
December	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••		•••					
January	•••		•••			774.0	. 20	40.6	50.0			
February	76 	80	77	76	73.7	78.9	+39	65.6	75.0			
May June	74	80	76	76	57.9	68.4	+44		15.0			
July August	 82	84	82	80	78 . 9	78.9	+21	75.0	71.9			
September	 84	85	 82	•••			20	71.9	75.0			
December	•••	•••	•••	84	68.4	73.7	- 39					
1964 January								71.9	50.0			
February	83	87	84	84	84.2	68.4	+11					
April	82	86	81	84	73.7	94.7	r+59	62.5	50.0			
July	83	87	84	84	(NA)	89.5	••• ••• +51	84.4	75.0			
September	•••	•••	•••	•••	, ,	•••	•••	96.9	68.8			
November	84	88	84	85		89.5	+49					
1965 January	. • • •		• • • •				•••	56.2	65.6			
February	(NA)	88	(NA)	84		84.2	+23		:::			
April		88		84	ji	84.2		75.0	68.8			
July								(NA)	65.6			
September October									78.1			

NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising and are centered within spans: 4-quarter indexes are centered in the middle quarter; 1-quarter indexes are placed in the 1st month of the 2d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used for series D61; other indexes, based on 4-quarter spans (same quarter a year ago), require no seasonal adjustment. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.

TABLE 5

SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS

Basic Data

Diff size in Land		19	64		1965	-		1965		
Diffusion index title and components	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	June	July	Aug. r	Sept.	Oct. p
					Average we	ekly hours				
D1. AVERAGE WORKWEEK OF PRODUCTION WORKERS, MANUFACTURING 1 (21 industry components)										
All manufacturing industries	40.5	40.5	40.9	41.2	41.4	41.0	40.9	40.9	r40.8	41.0
Durable goods industries: Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products	40.0 39.4 40.5 41.1 42.8 41.3	40.6 39.7 41.2 41.5 41.9 41.4	40.4 39.9 41.5 41.5 42.2 42.0	40.6 40.2 41.8 42.2 42.2 42.3	41.0 40.3 41.6 41.7 42.4 42.3	41.8 39.7 41.4 41.5 42.1 41.9	42.6 40.3 41.1 41.6 42.2 41.7	41.7 40.7 41.3 41.5 42.2 41.8	r41.7 r40.3 r40.9 r41.5 r41.9 r41.4	42.5 40.2 41.3 41.5 41.4 42.0
Machinery, except electrical Electrical machinery Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	42.0 40.3 42.3 40.9 39.1	42.0 40.7 40.5 40.9 39.7	42.8 40.9 41.5 41.1 39.7	43.1 41.1 42.9 41.3 40.0	43.0 41.1 43.5 41.3 39.9	42.9 40.9 43.0 41.5 39.6	42.9 40.6 42.1 41.4 39.8	42.8 40.7 42.3 41.3 40.1	r42.8 r40.5 r41.9 r41.5 r39.9	43.2 40.7 43.0 41.5 40.3
Nondurable goods industries: Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and related products Paper and allied products	40.7 37.0 40.0 34.9 42.7	41.0 39.3 41.4 36.2 42.9	41.0 38.5 41.5 36.4 42.4	41.3 39.6 41.8 36.5 42.9	41.3 38.4 42.2 36.8 43.1	40.9 37.2 41.4 36.4 42.9	41.2 38.3 41.3 36.2 42.9	41.0 37.5 41.9 36.1 43.0	r40.7 r37.0 41.8 r36.2 42.8	40.8 36.7 41.8 36.4 43.1
Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and related products Rubber and plastic products Leather and leather products	38.5 42.1 42.5 41.3 37.7	38.6 41.6 41.6 41.6 38.5	38.4 41.7 41.7 41.3 38.1	38.6 41.6 42.0 41.6 38.2	38.5 41.8 41.3 42.3 37.5	38.5 41.7 41.9 41.7 37.7	38.4 41.5 42.1 41.6 37.9	38.5 41.7 42.7 42.0 37.7	r38.6 r42.2 r42.7 41.5 38.3	38.5 41.9 42.1 42.4 38.9
<u> </u>					Millions o	of dollars				
D6. VALUE OF MANUFACTURERS' NEW ORDERS, DURABLE GOODS INDUSTRIES¹ (36 industry components)	·									
All durable goods industries	19,907	19,623	19,454	20,720	21,271	21,310	22,195	21,509	r21,897	21,807
Primary metals Blast furnaces, steel mills Nonferrous metals Iron and steel foundries Other primary metals	3,847 2,296 	3,767 2,203 	3,663 2,072 	3,821 2,243 	3,739 2,232 	3,454 1,816 	3,493 1,851 	3,119 1,465 	r2,889 p1,252	3,054 (NA)
Fabricated metal products	2,045	1,991	2,011	2,089	2,068	2,042	2,058	1,974	pl,994	(NA)
Machinery, except electrical	2,923 219 	2,994 175	2,971 175	3,098 175	3,092 209	3,189 226 	3,140 149	3,318 283	p3,285 p241	(NA) (NA)
Construction, mining, and material handling* Metalworking machinery *	520 183 •••	566 221	592 20 1	526 239 •••	525 234	560 204	603 242 •••	596 309	p617 p222	(NA) (NA)
Machine shops	211	202	233	237	237 	230	248 	250 	p245	(NA)

NOTE: Data are not shown when held confidential by the source agency. *Denotes machinery and equipment industries that comprise series 24. NA Not available. p = preliminary. r = revised.

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{Data}$ are seasonally adjusted by source agency.



TABLE 5

SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued

Directions of Change

		•		1-	nonth	span	s						-	9-1	month	span	s			_
		,			196	55	-								196	 65				
Diffusion index title and components	Dec-Jan	Jan-Feb	Feb-Mar	Mar-Apr	Apr-May	May-Jun	Jun-Jul	Jul-Aug	Aug-Sep	Sep-Oct	Apr-Jan	May-Feb	Jun-Mar	Jul-Apr	Aug-May	Sep-Jun	Oct-Jul	Nov-Aug	Dec-Sep	Jan-Oct
D1. AVERAGE WORKWEEK OF PRODUCTION WORKERS, MANUFACTURING (21 industry components)			· · · · ·				···		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·								
Percent rising	52 +	60 -	76 +	19	83 +	24	48 -	60 o	33 -	64 +	79 +	79 +	95 +	60 +	76 +	81 +	60 +	60 o	33 -	43 -
Durable goods industries: Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical	- + 0	0 0 +	++00++	+ -	+ + + + + + + +	+ +	+ + - 0	+ + - 0 +	0 - 0 - 0	+ 1 + 0 1 + +	+++0++	+ + + +	+ + + + +	+ + + - + 0	+ + + + + + + + +	+ + + + +	+ + + + +	+ + - 0 0 - 0	+ +	+
Machinery, except electrical	0 + 0 -	+ - + 0	+++++		+ + + +	+	- - - +	+ + - +	+ -	+ + 0 +	+ + + +	+ + + +	+ + + +	+	+ + + -	+ + + +	++++	+++	- - +	- - + +
Nondurable goods industries: Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and related products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and related products	0 - + + + - + -	+ 0 + +		+ +	+ + + +	0 0	+ + - 0 - +	- + - + + + +	- + + 0	+ - 0 + +	+ - + + + - + -	0 - + + + 0 + -	+ + + + + +	+ - + + + +	+ - + + + + + +	+ + + + + 0	+ - 0 0 - +	0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	- 0 - 0 + +	0 0 + +
Rubber and plastic products	+	+	o +	0	+	+ -	+	+	+	+	+ -	•	+	+	+	+ 0	o -	+	+	+ +
(36 industry components) Percent risingAll durable goods industries	49	39 -	64	50 +	44	58	60	42	50	57	72	64	61	68	78	75	78	68	64	67
All durable goods industries Primary metals: Blast furnaces, steel mills	- - -	+ +	+ - + +	+ - +	- + +	+ + + + +	+ - + 0	- + +	+ - + -	+ + - +	+ +	+ +	+ +	+ - +	+ - + +	+ - +	+ - + +	+ - +	+ + + +	+ + + +
Fabricated metal products: Metal cans, barrels, and drums · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+	+ - +	- - +	++-	- + -	+ -+	+ - +	-	+++	+++	- + -	++++	+ - +	+ - -	++-	+ - -	+ - +	- - +	- - -	+ - +
Machinery, except electrical: Steam engines and turbines*. Internal combustion engines *. Farm machinery and equipment. Construction, mining, and material handling *. Metalworking machinery*. Miscellaneous equipment *. Machine shops.	+ + -	+ + + +	- 0 + - +	- + - + + +	+ - + + +	+ + + + -	++	+ + + - + +	+ + + - +	- + + +	+ + + + -	+++++	- - + - +	- 0 + + +	- + + +	+++++-	+ + + + +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + - + -	- + + -
Special industry machinery *	. 0	-	+ + - +	+ + + -	- + -	+ - - +	- + +	+ +	- + +	- + +	+ + + +	- + - +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + +	+++	+ + +	- + +

^{+ =} rising; o = unchanged; - = falling. Directions of change are computed even though data are held confidential. *Denotes machinery and equipment industries that comprise series 24.



SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued

Basic Data—Continued

		19	64		1965			196	65		
Diffusion index title and components	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.¹
					Mil	lions of doll	ars				
D6. VALUE OF MANUFACTURERS' NEW ORDERS, Durable goods industries 2 — Continued											
Electrical machinery	2,581 } 557	2,542 585	2,763 620	2,637 604	2,891 649	2,874 668	3,099 672	r3,000 r690	p2,943 p599	(NA) (NA)	
Household appliances	 618	549	655	 484	731	 691	··· 752	r655	p710	 (NA)	
Electronic components Other electrical machinery *											
Transportation equipment	4,760 	4,544 	4,283 	5,172 	5,546 	5,870 	6,363 	r6,141	r6,745	p6,508	
Aircraft parts Shipbuilding and railroad equipment * Other transportation equipment		• • •	•••	• • •	•••		•••	•••	•••	• • •	
Instruments, total Lumber, total Furniture, total Stone, clay, and glass, total	•••		• • •	•••	• • •		•••	• • •	•••	•••	
Other durable goods, total	<u> </u>				Index	x: 1957-59 :	- 100	•••	•••		
(13 industrial materials components)											
Industrial materials price index	108.2	112.0	113.2	112.5	110.6	115.3 Dollars	114.6	115.2	114.8	115.0	115.2
Copper scrap (lb.) Lead scrap (lb.) Steel scrap (ton) Tin (lb.)	.362 .061 35.933 1.866	.402 .062 38.322 2.075	.417 .065 41.534 1.889	.393 .073 39.824 1.629	.334 .074 36.165 1.614	.426 .076 36.055	.418 .075 35.677 1.867	.444 .074 31.469 1.911	.466 .072 29.918 1.930	.071 29.872	.511 .070 32.909 1.731
Zinc (lb.) Burlap (yd.) Cotton (lb.), 15-market average Print cloth (yd.), average. Wool tops (lb.)	.140 .125 .311 .186	ļ.	.149 .125 .309 .191 1.691	.148 .125 .308 .194	.149 .126 .307 .196	.152 .146 .303 .207	.150 .145 .304 .212	.149 .148 .303 .211	.150 .160 .302 .211	.150 .158 .301 .210	.149 .156 .299 .210
Hides (lb.)	.147 11.874 .260	.142	.138 11.838 .270 .074	.137	.138 12.080 .266 .080	.162 11.733 .265	.164 11.919 .260 .080	.186 11.581 .254	· '	.162 11.488 .238	.165 11.512 .234 .071
D54. SALES OF RETAIL STORES ² (24 retail store components)					Mil	lions of dol	lars				
All retail sales	22,254		21,661	22,781	22,900	1 '			i	p23,959	
Grocery stores Other food stores Eating and drinking places Department stores Mail order houses (department store merchandise) Variety stores Other general merchandise stores	4,755 1,600 1,516 192 427	1,637 1,568 198 429	4,774 1,609 1,580 191 466		4,714 1,704 1,715 193 439	1,749 1,666 205 462	5,015 1,814 1,757 216 467	r1,775 r1,740 207 r468	p1,805 p1,768 p220 p476	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)	
Men's and boys' wear stores		259	261		258	254	260	r267	p266	(NA)	

NOTE: Data are not shown when held confidential by the source agency. * Denotes machinery and equipment industries that comprise series 24. NA = Not available. p = preliminary. r = revised.

¹ Average for November 15, 16, and 17.
2 Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.
3 Series components are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census. (See "Seasonal and Related Statistical Adjustments", Digitized for Fpage 2.) Industrial materials price index is not seasonally adjusted.

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TABLE

SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued

Directions of Change—Continued

1					1-mor	nth sp	ans										onth s	pans				_
500					19	965									 ,	19	965					
Diffusion index title and components	Dec-Jan	Jan-Feb	Feb-Mar	Mar-Apr	Apr-May	May-Jun	jut-nut	Jul-Aug	Aug-Sep	Sep-Oct	Oct-Nov 1	Apr-Jan	May-Feb	Jun-Mar	Jul-Apr	Aug-May	Sep-Jun	Oct-Jul	Nov-Aug	Dec-Sep	Jan-Oct	Feb-Nov 1
D6. VALUE OF MANUFACTURERS' NEW ORDERS, DURABLE GOODS INDUSTRIES — Continued																						
Electrical machinery: Electrical transmission, distr. equipment * Electrical industrial apparatus * Household appliances Radio and TV Communication equipment Electronic components Other electrical machinery *.	-+	- + - +	o + - + + + +	- + + + -	+	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ - + + +	+ - +	- - - + - +	+ - + + +		+ + + + - +	+ - + + +	+ - + + + + +	+ + + + +	- + + + +	+ + + + + + + -	+ + + + + + + + +	+ - + + 0 + -	- + - + + +	+ + + + +	
Transportation equipment: Motor vehicle parts Motor vehicle assembly operations Complete aircraft Aircraft parts Shipbuilding and railroad equipment* Other transportation equipment	+ + + -	++-	+ + + + +	- + - +	+ - + + +	- + + +	+ + + + + -	- + - +	+ - + + -	+ 0		+ - + + +	+ + - +	+ + - +	+ + + - + -	+ + + + -	+ + + - + -	+ + + + -	+ + + +	+ + + +	+ + + + -	
Instruments, total Lumber, total Furniture, total Stone, clay, and glass, total Other durable goods, total	+ - +	+ - - +	+ - +	- + - - +	++	+ - - + -	+ + +	+	- - + +	- + - -	:	+ + + + +	+ + + +	+ + + -	+ + + +	- + + +	+ + + +	+ + + - +	+ + + - +	+ + - +	+ + - +	
D23. INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS PRICES ² (13 industrial materials components)																						
Percent rising	54 -	31 +	69 +	77 +	54 +	58 -	46 -	42 +	50 -	15 +	38 +	69 +	69 +	77 +	69 +	69 +	77 +	62 +	69 +	54 +	54 +	46 +
Copper scrap (lb.)	+	+	+ + + +	+ + - +	+ - + +	+ +	- - -	+ - + +	+ - + +	+	+ + + + -	+ + + +	++++	++++	+ + - +	+ + - +	+ + +	+ +	+ + - +	+ - - +	+ - +	+ +
Zinc (lb.) Burlap (yd.) Cotton (lb.), 15-market average Print cloth (yd.), average Wool tops (lb.).	+ + - + -	+ +	+ + - + -	+ + + +	+ + + -	+ - 0 + +	- + + +	- + - 0 +	+ + - 0 +	- - - +	- - +	+ + - + -	+ + - + -	+ + -	+ + - + -	+ + -	+ + - + -	+ + - + -	+ + + + +	+ + + +	+ + - + +	+ + +
Hides (lb.)	+	- - +	+ +	+ + + +	+ - + -	+ +	+ + - +	+	- - +	-	++	++	++	+ + + +	+ + + +	+ + + +	+ + + +	+ + - +	+ - - +	+ - -	+	+ - -
D54. SALES OF RETAIL STORES (24 retail store components)																						
Percent rising	50 +	73 +	21	62 +	83 +	40 -	81 +	42 -	73 +	48 +		83 +	81 +	60 +	62 +	75 +	88 +	92 +	69 +	79 +	83 +	
Grocery stores Other food stores Eating and drinking places Department stores Mail order houses (department store merchandise) Variety stores Other general merchandise stores	+ +	+ + + - + -		+ + + - +	- + + + + +	+ +	+ + + + + +	- - - + +	+ + + + +	+ - + + - + 0		+ - + + + + +	+ + + + + + +	+ + + + +	+ + + + + + +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + -	+ + + + + -	

^{+ =} rising; o = unchanged; - = falling. Directions of change are computed even though data are held confidential. *Denotes machinery and equipment industries that comprise series 24.

 $^{^{1}\}mathrm{Average}$ for November 15, 16, and 17. $^{2}\mathrm{Directions}$ of change are computed before figures are rounded.

SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued

Basic Data—Continued

		190	64		1965			1965		
Diffusion index title and components	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	June	July	Aug. ^r	Sept. ^p	Oct.
					Millions	of dollars				
D54. SALES OF RETAIL STORES 1— Continued										
Women's apparel, accessory stores Family and other apparel stores Shoe stores Furniture, home furnishings stores Household appliance, TV, radio stores Lumber yards, building materials dealers Hardware stores Farm equipment dealers	504 206 679 388 729 237	512 210 703 385 741 242	517 229 701 397 721 261	518 226 702 411 742 262	531 223 748 355 805 245	517 216 742 365 808 234	527 213 765 370 804 245	511 208 742 390 778 247	511 217 714 422 771 253	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
Passenger car and other automotive dealers Tire, battery, accessory dealers Gasoline service stations Drug and proprietary stores Jewelry stores Liquor stores Other durable-goods stores Other nondurable-goods stores	4,301 230 1,695 734 499	3,265 230 1,722 739 503	3,428 257 1,738 724 509	4,344 244 1,755 731 508	4,470 239 1,749 734 499	4,341 243 1,829 758 521	4,474 246 1,835 776 522	4,387 252 1,826 779 509	4,341 253 1,834 807 530	(NA) (NA) (NA) (NA)
	1964		19	65				1965		
	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	June	July	Aug. ^r	Sept.r	Oct. ^p
					Thousands of	of employees				
D41. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS ¹ (30 industry components)				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						<u> </u>
All nonagricultural establishments	59 , 206	59,334	59,676	59,992	59,913	60,382	60,602	60,685	60,796	61,019
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery Electrical equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	100 536 344 501 1,041 951 1,165 1,078 1,181 237 333	100 533 345 503 1,044 964 1,166 1,086 1,207 238 332	101 540 348 503 1,046 979 1,168 1,099 1,212 240 334	100 544 352 508 1,047 957 1,179 1,113 1,237 241 337	99 535 353 504 1,043 982 1,180 1,125 1,247 243 338	103 529 352 500 1,068 987 1,200 1,145 1,265 246 336	104 534 354 506 1,090 998 1,217 1,155 1,268 252 336	107 533 350 506 1,074 995 1,215 1,151 1,299 249 346	110 528 353 509 1,063 997 1,230 1,159 1,291 251 346	114 527 353 508 1,035 1,002 1,242 1,174 1,292 251 347
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and related products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and related products Rubber and plastic products Leather and leather products Mining	1,154 76 812 1,186 495 610 532 113 339 315	1,150 74 817 1,196 495 611 536 113 343 315	1,144 73 820 1,192 498 615 637 112 350 316	1,147 72 824 1,199 500 616 539 114 354 318	1,124 73 824 1,207 501 617 538 113 356 316	1,121 73 824 1,233 501 619 542 113 355 316	1,129 74 826 1,207 507 624 549 115 358 315	1,132 67 826 1,206 504 624 549 114 359 315	1,117 64 829 1,219 506 623 546 115 357 317 620	1,118 66 831 1,226 507 621 543 115 358 315
Contract construction Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade Retail trade	3,244 4,020 3,259 9,103	3,235 3,939 3,270 9,177	3,281 3,997 3,288 9,244	3,304 4,042 3,303 9,319	3,186 4,044 3,318 9,245	3,220 4,068 3,352 9,321	3,178 4,074 3,362 9,348	3,214 4,092 3,356 9,350	3,201 4,110 3,362 9,369	3,207 4,105 3,369 9,423

NOTE: Data are not shown when held confidential by the source agency. NA = not available. p = preliminary. r = revised.

 $^{^{1}\}mbox{\sc Data}$ are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.



TABLE 5

В

SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued

Directions of Change—Continued

			*	1-	mont	span	s					-		9	-montl	spar	ıs			
					19	65									19	965				
Diffusion index title and components	Dec-Jan	Jan-Feb	Feb-Mar	Mar-Apr	Apr-May	May-Jun	Jun-Jul	Jul-Aug	Aug-Sep	Sep-Oct	Apr-Jan	May-Feb	Jun-Mar	Jul-Apr	Aug-May	Sep-Jun	Oct-Jul	Nov-Aug	Dec-Sep	Jan-Oct
D54. SALES OF RETAIL STORES — Continued				L	L	LI	الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ					L	J	L	.	,	LJ			
Women's apparel, accessory stores Family and other apparel stores Shoe stores Furniture, home furnishings stores Household appliance, TV, radio stores Lumber yards, building materials dealers Hardware stores Farm equipment dealers Passenger car and other automotive dealers Tire, battery, accessory dealers Gasoline service stations Drug and proprietary stores	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	0++++++	+++	+ - + + + + + + +	++++++++++	++++	+ + - + - + + + +	-++-+-+	0 + + - + - + + + +	+ + + + + + + + +	+++++++++	+ 0 - + - + + + + +	+ + 0 + +	++++++++	0 - 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	++++++++++	- + - + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	-+-++++++	+ + - + + - + + + + + +
Jewelry stores	- +	+ + +	- + -	+++	+ + - +	+ - +	+ + 0	- - +	+++	+ + -	+ + + -	+ + + -	+ + +	- + +	- + - +	+ + + +	+ + + -	+ 0 +	+ + + +	+ + +
				1-	-mont	n spar	18							6-	month	span	s			
					1	965								•	19	65				
·	an	ep	lar.	pr	ay	듴	_	gn	eb	ct	E.	a	ar	ā	lay	un	=	gn,	e e	ಕ
D41. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS (30 industry components)	Dec-Jan	Jan-Feb	Feb-Mar	Mar-Apr	Apr-May	May-Jun	Jun-Jul	Jul-Aug	Aug-Sep	Sep-Oct	Jul-Jan	Aug-Feb	Sep-Mar	Oct-Apr	Nov-May	Dec-Jun	Jan-Jul	Feb-Aug	Mar-Sep	Apr-0ct
Percent rising All nonagricultural establishments	67 +	82 +	87 +	58 -	58 +	85 +	87 +	47 +	62 +	72 +	80 +	90 +	90 +	83 +	72 +	77 +	90 +	80 +	80 +	78 +
Ordnance and accessories Lumber and wood products Furniture and fixtures Stone, clay, and glass products Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery Electrical equipment Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	++++++	+ + + 0 + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + +	+ + +	+ - 0 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + 0	+ - 0 + - +	+ + + + + + + 0	+ - 0 + + + + 0 +	- + + + + + + + +	- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	-+++++++++	+++++++	+ 0 - + + + + + + +	+ - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ - + + + + + + + +	+ - + + + + + + + +	+ - 0 + - + + + + +
Food and kindred products Tobacco manufactures Textile mill products Apparel and related products Paper and allied products Printing and publishing Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and related products Rubber and plastic products Leather and leather products Mining Contract construction	+ + 0 + 0	- + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ 0 + + + +	+ 0 - + - + + + 0 -	-0+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+-000-+0	+++-++-+	+++++	+ - + + + + - + +	+ + + + + + + + + .	+++++-+	+++++	- + + + + - + +	- + + + + + -	- 0 + + + + + + + + 0 +	++++	++++	+++++
Transportation and public utilities	-	++++++	+ + + +	- 0 + -	+ + +	+ + + +	- + +	+ - 0	- + +	+ - + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + + +	+++++	+++++	++++	+++	++++	++++	+ + + +

 $^{+ =} rising; \circ = unchanged; - = falling.$ Directions of change are computed even though data are held confidential.



SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued

Basic Data—Continued

Diffusion index title and	1964		1965					1965		
Diffusion index title and components	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.r	Oct. ^p
				Ţ	housands of	employees				
D41. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS1—Con.										
Finance, insurance, real estate	2,975 8,654 2,352 7,340	2,979 8,689 2,342 7,365	2,987 8,730 2,335 7,407	2,997 8,754 2,340 7,451	2,997 8,763 2,344 7,491	3,013 8,814 2,352 7,567	3,018 8,886 2,374 7,568	3,024 r8,901 2,379 r7,580	3,028 8,927 2,377 7,625	3,031 8,973 2,381 7,689
D47. INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION 1 (24 industry components)					Index: 1957	-59 = 100				
All industrial production	138.1	138.6	139.2	140.7	140.9	142.7	144.2	r144.4	143.0	143.6
Durable goods: Primary and fabricated metals Primary metal products Fabricated metal products	138.6 139.7	139.6 140.6	136.9 145.0	140.4 145.2	141.4 147.4	143.0 146.4	148.7 r148.0	r145.0 r147.6	129.9 146.4	122 149
Machinery and related products Machinery, except electrical Electrical machinery Transportation equipment Instruments and related products	150.7 149.2 140.3 142.0	151.3 150.0 141.4 142.7	152.7 152.3 139.7 145.3	153.8 154.1 144.4 146.9	155.2 155.8 144.6 145.5	159.4 158.4 149.5 149.8	r161.7 r159.2 149.8 152.1	r162.4 r160.1 r151.5 r152.6	161.8 161.6 149.4 155.7	164 164 151 157
Clay, glass, and lumber	130.2	132.4 111.9	131.8	129.2 129.5	129.9	131.6 112.8	132.6	r133.5 r117.2	133.8 115.9	127 127 132 (NA)
Furniture and fixtures Miscellaneous	151.5 139.1	150.6 139.6	154.3 140.8	154.3 142.4	155.6 143.2	156.8 143.6	155.8 r143.5	r156.3 r146.6	156.8 147.1	1 <i>5</i> 9 1 <i>5</i> 0
Nondurable goods: Textiles, apparel, and leather Textile mill products Apparel products Leather and products	130.3 140.6 105.6	131.7 142.2 108.7	132.0 143.7 106.6	131.5 144.0 106.1	132.2 144.3 105.0	132.2 145.4 105.1	133.8 r143.8 107.7	r134.1 p143.0 p107.0	134.8 134.6 (NA) (NA)	135 (NA) (NA) (NA)
Paper and printing	140.2	139.1 126.8	137.5 127.7	139.0 128.5	140.0 128.3	139.4 130.0	r142.1 131.3	r141.2 r133.0	142.5 129.3 165.9	134 (NA) 128 167
Chemicals and products	166.4 120.9 165.7	166.7 119.0 164.7	167.8 121.5 171.1	169.5 122.2 172.6	169.2 121.5 167.7	169.9 121.8 169.1	172.8 r124.5 r170.2	r173.8 r125.8 p170.3	175.3 125.0 (NA) 122.4	(NA) (NA) (NA) 123
Foods and beverages	123.8 125.4	124.3	123.4	123.4	122.5 120.9	122.3 121.8	123.1	r122.5 p120.7	122.5 (NA)	(NA) (NA)
Minerals; Coal Crude oil and natural gas	110.1 110.4	107.7 109.8	103.2 110.6	103.1 111.4	107.9 112.0	117.1 112.5	117.1 r113.0	115.2 114.5	106.7 111.7	117 113
Metal, stone, and earth minerals Metal mining Stone and earth minerals	121.8 123.4	126.7 120.8	123.4 122.9	124.6 124.1	125.8 118.2	123.7 125.8	126.4 127.3	r130.1 r129.1	123.4 127.4	127 (NA) (NA)
D58. INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES, ALL MANUFACTURING ² (23 manufacturing industries)										
All manufacturing industries	101.5	101.6	101.8	102.0	102.4	103.1	103.0	103.3	103.2	103.4
Durable goods: Lumber and wood products Furniture and other household durables Nonmetallic mineral products Iron and steel	· 100.6 98.5 101.5 100.9	102.1 98.3 101.8 101.1	101.7 98.2 101.7 101.1	100.9 98.3 101.8 101.4	100.2 98.0 101.7 101.5	99.3 98.0 102.1 101.3	99.5 97.8 rl01.9 101.6	101.0 97.7 101.7 101.3	101.6 97.7 101.7 101.4	101.9 97.9 101.6 101.1

NOTE: Data are not shown when held confidential by the source agency. NA=Not available. p = preliminary. r = revised.

Digitized for FR AData are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census. (See "Seasonal and Related Statistical Adjustments", page 2.)

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Directions of Change—Continued

TABLE

5

В

SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued

										5 UI	•		5 ~		,,,,,	1106				
				1	-montl	ı spar	18							6	-mont	h spa	ns			
					19	65									19	65				
Diffusion index title and components	Dec-Jan	Jan-Feb	Feb-Mar	Mar-Apr	Apr-May	May-Jun	Jun-Jul	Jul-Aug	Aug-Sep	Sep-Oct	Jul-Jan	Aug-Feb	Sep-Mar	Oct-Apr	Nov-May	Dec-Jun	Jan-Jul	Feb-Aug	Mar-Sep	Apr-Oct
D41. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS-Con.																				
Finance, insurance, real estate Service and miscellaneous Federal government State and local government	-	+ + - +	+ + + +	0 + + +	+ + 0 +	+ + + +	+ + + 0	+ + + +	+ + - +	+ + + +	+ + + +	+ + +	+ + +	+ + + +	+ + - +	+ + 0 +	+ + + +	+ + +	+ + + +	+ + + +
D47. INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION (24 industry components)																				
Percent rising ¹ All industrial production	67 +	67 +	79 +	58 +	71 +	81 +	81 +	71 +	46 -	79 +	79 +	92 +	92 +	83 +	85 +	83 +	83 +	83 +	71 +	83 +
Durable goods: Primary and fabricated metals Primary metal products Fabricated metal products Machinery and related products. Machinery, except electrical Electrical machinery Transportation equipment Instruments and related products Clay, glass, and lumber Clay, glass, and stone products Lumber and products. Furniture and miscellaneous. Furniture and fixtures. Miscellaneous Nondurable goods: Textiles, apparel, and leather	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+++	+++++++	. + + . + + + + +		.++.+++.+.			+ - + + + + +		.++.+++.+	· · · + · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		++++	++++	.++.+++.++.+	. + + . + + . + + . + + + +		+++ +	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Textile mill products Apparel products Leather and products Paper and printing. Paper and products. Printing and publishing. Chemicals, petroleum, and rubber Chemicals and products Petroleum products Rubber and plastics products Foods, beverages, and tobacco Foods and beverages Tobacco products Minerals: Coal	+ + + - + - + - + -	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	-+++	+ +	- + + + + + + + - -	+ + + + + +	+ - + + + + -	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ NA NA + - + + - NA O NA NA	NA NA NA H NA NA NA NA NA NA NA	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+++	+ + + + +	+ - + . + + +	H NA NA + + H NA - NA	NA NA + NA + NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
Crude oil and natural gas	- +	+ +	- + + +	+ + + -	+ - · +	+ + + +	· · · + +	- + + +	- - -	+ + NA NA	- + +	- + +	- + +	+ + -	+	+ + + + +	+ + - +	+ + + +	+ +	+ + NA NA
(23 manufacturing industries) Percent rising	+ + -	61 +	67 + - +	67 + -	61 +	61 +	61 -+	54 + +	54 - + 0	52 ² + + +	70 + +	78 + + -	83 + +	76 + -	80 +	83 +	76 + -	67 + -	70 + +	61°
Nonmetallic mineral products	+	- 0	+	+	+	+ 0	- +	-	0 +	-	++	- 0	- +	+	0 +	+	+	o +	0	-

^{+ =} rising; o = unchanged; - = falling. NA Not available.

¹The percent rising is based on 24 industry components. Where actual data for separate industries are not available, estimates are used to compute the percent rising. Directions of change for the most recent spans are computed before figures for the current month are rounded. ² Based on 22 components.



SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued

Basic Data—Continued

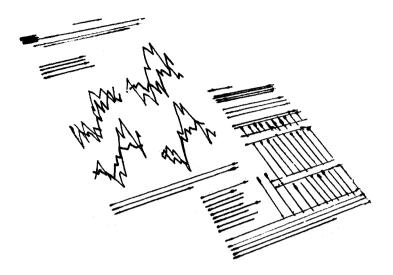
	1964		19	65				1965		
Diffusion index title and components	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	June	July	Aug.	Sept.r	Oct. ^p
					Index: 195	7-59 = 100				
D58. INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES, ALL MANUFACTURING1-Continued										
Durable goods—Continued Nonferrous metals	113.2 99.9 108.0 104.7 104.1 95.8 100.8 109.4	111.6 100.1 107.8 103.9 105.2 96.8 100.8 107.9	112.1 100.1 108.6 104.3 105.1 96.9 101.0 108.4	112.3 100.4 109.0 104.4 105.0 97.3 100.7 109.1	112.9 101.0 109.1 104.3 105.4 97.3 101.0	116.2 101.2 109.0 104.8 105.6 97.2 100.7 113.0	115.8 101.4 109.3 104.7 105.2 97.3 100.5 113.3	116.6 101.7 110.2 105.7 105.2 96.7 100.7 112.2	117.2 101.7 110.0 105.9 104.8 96.6 100.7 110.8	116.8 101.7 109.8 105.9 104.8 96.4 (NA) 110.5
Nondurable goods: Processed foods. Tobacco products and bottled beverages Cotton products. Wool products. Manmade fiber textile products Apparel	96.9 103.1	101.3 107.4 99.1 103.0 97.0 103.3 98.6	102.2 108.0 99.2 102.9 96.4 103.3 98.7	102.0 108.0 99.3 102.7 96.2 103.4 99.3	102.9 108.5 99.5 102.8 96.0 103.5	106.2 107.7 100.7 103.9 95.7 103.6	106.3 107.2 100.9 104.7 95.6 103.6	107.0 107.1 100.8 105.1 94.8 103.7	106.1 107.4 100.9 105.5 94.4 103.9	106.2 107.4 100.9 105.9 93.4 104.1
Pulp, paper, and allied products Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum products, refined. Rubber and rubber products Hides, skins, leather, and leather products	97.3 93.3 91.8 105.1	97.0 94.1 92.0 105.1	97.4 94.0 92.0 105.9	97.3 94.5 92.1 106.7	97.5 94.4 92.2 106.4	97.4 95.4 93.5 107.6	97.5 95.5 93.5 108.4	97.3 97.4 93.4 112.0	97.4 96.7 93.5 111.2	97.5 96.8 93.1 112.2

p = preliminary, r = revised.

Basic data for components of diffusion index D19, Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks, and of diffusion index D5, Initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs, are not available from the Census Bureau.

¹Data are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census. (See "Seasonal and Related Statistical Adjustments", page 2.)

Section THREE



charts and tables

REFERENCE CYCLES

Current expansion compared with expansions in earlier business cycles

PERCENT CHANGES FOR CURRENT AND EARLIER EXPANSIONS

Percent of reference peak levels

Percent change from reference trough levels

Percent of specific peak levels

Percent change from specific trough levels

COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLES

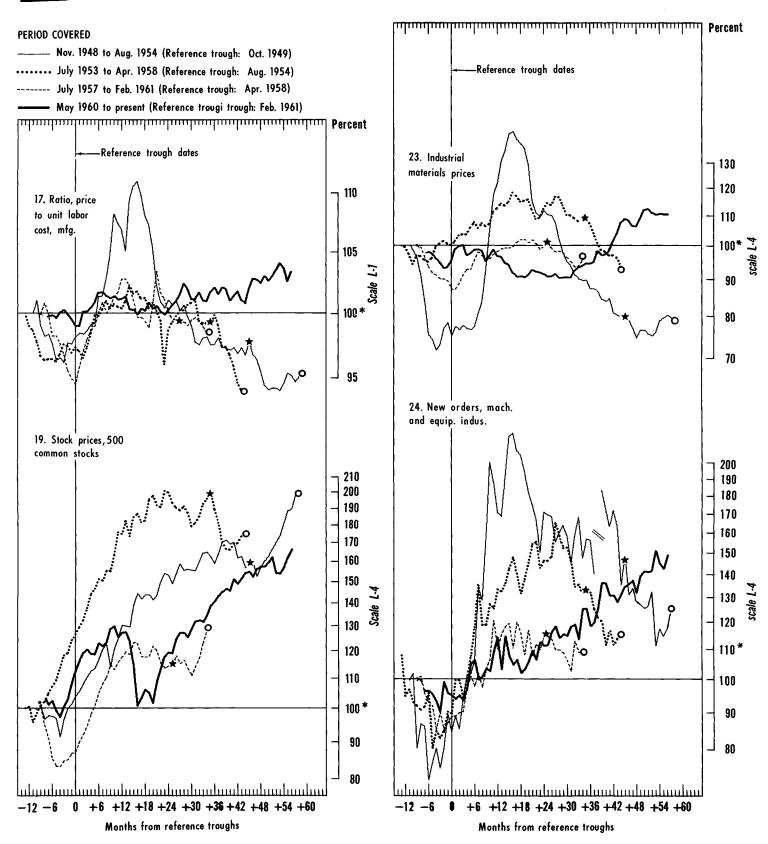


Table 2 shows latest month in current (1961) expansion. Changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 6. Various scales are used. Scale L-1 is a logarithmic scale with 1 cycle in a given distance; scale L-2 is a logarithmic scale with 2 cycles in that distance, etc.

*Reference peak level. ★ Point at which this expansion reached a new reference peak. OPoint at which a new reference trough was reached.

CHART 3

COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLES—Continued

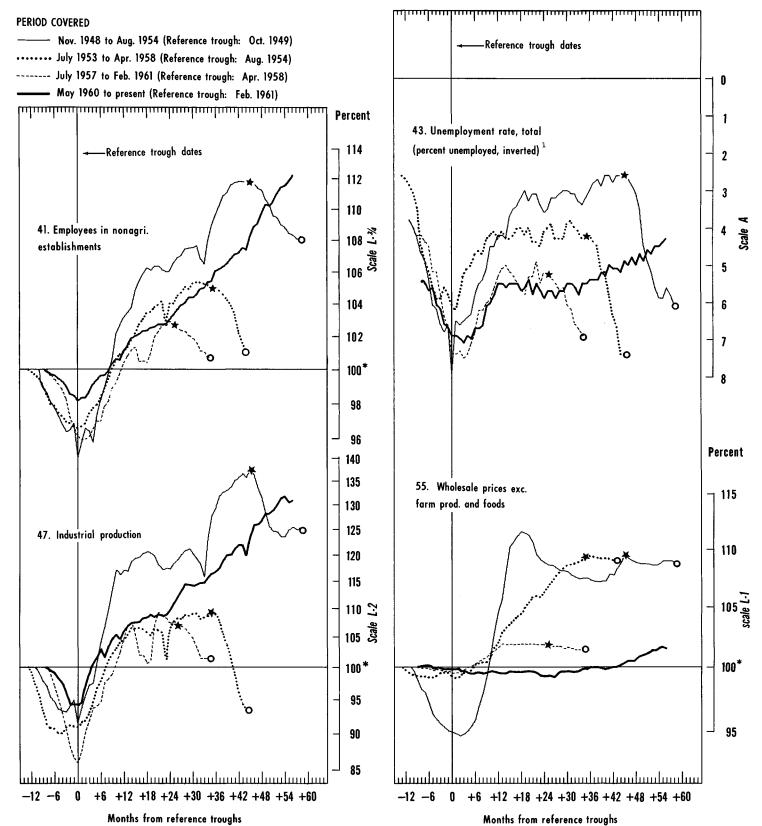


Table 2 shows latest month in current (1961) expansion. Changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 6. Various scales are used. Scale L-1 is a logarithmic scale with 1 cycle in a given distance; scale L-2 is a logarithmic scale with 2 cycles in that distance, etc. Lines represent actual data rather than percentages of reference peak levels.

*Reference peak level. *Point at which this expansion reached a new reference peak. O Point at which a new reference trough was reached.

3

COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLES—Continued

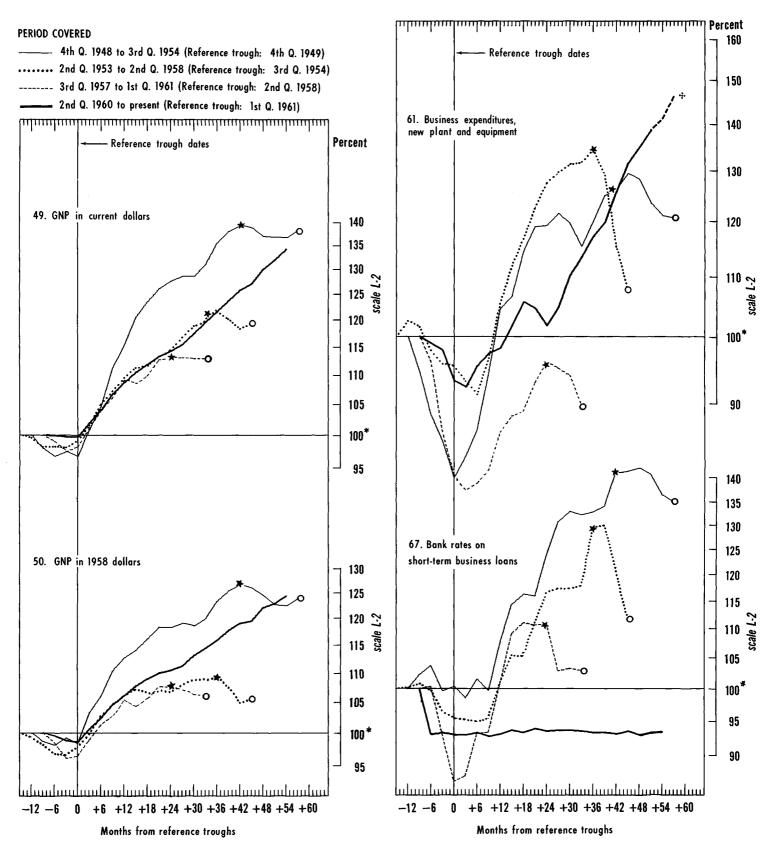


Table 2 shows latest quarter in current (1961) expansion. Changes for this quarter and comparable quarters of previous expansions are shown in table 6. Various scales are used. Scale L-1 is a logarithmic scale with 1 cycle in a given distance; scale L-2 is a logarithmic scale with 2 cycles in that distance, etc. # Latest data anticipated.

*Reference peak level, 🔺 Point at which this expansion reached a new reference peak. 🔻 O Point at which a new reference trough was reached.

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http://fraser.stedisfed.org/ Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLES—Continued



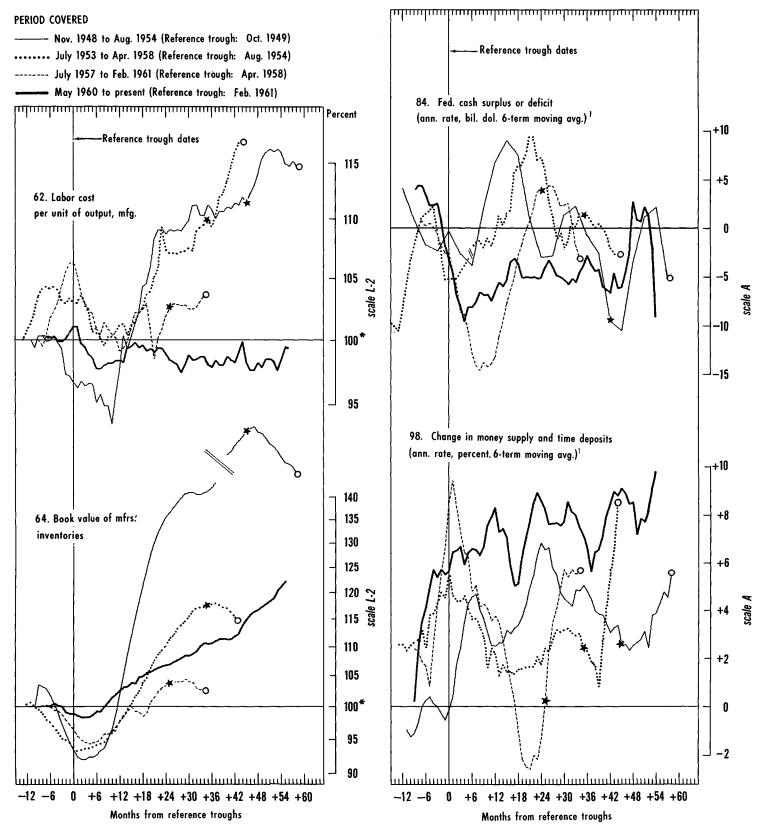


Table 2 shows latest month in current (1961) expansion. Changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 6. Various scales are used. Scale L-1 is a logarithmic scale with 1 cycle in a given distance; scale L-2 is a logarithmic scale with 2 cycles in that distance, etc. 1 Lines represent actual data rather than percentages of reference peak levels.

*Reference peak level. *Point at which this expansion reached a new reference peak. O Point at which a new reference trough was reached.

6

COMPARISONS FROM REFERENCE PEAK LEVELS AND REFERENCE TROUGH DATES

	Month after		Per	cent of refer	ence peak p	rior to refere	nce expansi	on beginning	g in—	
Selected series	reference	Feb.	Apr.	Aug.	Oct.	June	Mar.	Nov.	July	July
	trough ¹	1961	1958	1954	1949	1938	1933	1927	1924	1921
NBER LEADING INDICATORS						i				
Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing	56th	102.5	101.0	100.0	99.2	111.3	66.3	66.5	97.2	(NA)
	55th	116.2	103.6	94.5	69.2	188.0	29.2	36.1	45.9	42.0
	55th	197.2	93.3	84.3	79.7	254.2	30.8	28.3	51.7	12.5
	56th	143.1	124.7	140.6	127.8	308.2	55.6	20.5	124.8	184.8
7. Private nonfarm housing starts 9. Construction contracts, commercial and	56th	109.7	128.2	116.9	124.7	139.5	51.2	13.2	111.6	201.7
industrial, floor space 2	55th	161.0	116.3	129.2	139.5	185.9	36.0	12.3	133.3	49.5
	55th	111.6	128.1	195.1	129.2	40.2	57.8	100.0	114.3	77.8
	56th	105.7	48.9	55.7	64.1	353.5	(NA)	37.0	122.7	32.1
16. Corporate profits after taxes (Q)	54th	161.2	122.3	128.4	88.7	209.3	52.9	(NA)	111.5	94.0
	56th	103.3	99.5	101.9	95.2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	56th	165.5	129.1	235.1	189.4	65.8	37.2	38.5	293.3	133.7
	56th	110.5	92.3	106.0	80.3	110.5	79.9	37.3	83.9	63.1
	56th	148.3	121.0	143.6	117.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	56th	118.2	127.3	118.7	135.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS										
41. Employees in nonagricultural establishments 43. Unemployment rate (percent), total (inverted) ³ 47. Industrial production	56th	112.2	105.4	105.6	108.2	132.2	93.5	60.7	99.9	87.7
	56th	+0.9	-1.3	-2.7	-1.8	(NA)	-13.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	56th	130.7	116.8	114.1	125.3	190.5	84.9	54.8	118.8	116.2
	54th	134.2	128.2	129.0	136.6	191.1	92.1	65.5	125.8	(NA)
50. GNP in 1958 dollars (Q)	54th 56th 56th 56th 56th	124.5 157.4 134.5 130.8	118.3 140.0 127.9 120.6	112.5 146.6 131.7 126.5	122.3 145.1 133.8 127.9	(NA) 157.1 192.0 138.8	106.5 64.6 82.0 87.9	87.5 55.8 60.8 62.2	128.0 141.5 125.8 114.7	(NA) 113.1 (NA) 109.4 64.9
NBER LAGGING INDICATORS										
61. Business expenditures, new plant and equipment (Q): a. Actual	51st	138.7	101.6	106.7	123.4	(NA)	81.1	32.0	112.2	61.7
	57th	145.9	97.9	115.7	120.6	(NA)	78.7	20.9	128.2	68.1
62. Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing 64. Book value of manufacturers' inventories 66. Consumer installment debt	56th	99.3	101.9	108.9	114.6	134.0	100.0	75.8	85.9	74.4
	55th	121.9	110.1	114.2	147.6	160.1	116.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	55th	157.9	142.5	157.1	264.5	74.6	130.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	54th	93.5	103.9	120.9	136.4	(NA)	53.3	100.6	106.0	83.4
OTHER SELECTED U.S. SERIES										
84. Federal cash surplus or deficit ^{3,5} ^{3,5} .8. Change in money supply and time deposits ^{3,5} .	54th	-12.8	-6.4	-4.2	-1.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	54th	+9.52	+4.68	+1.50	+4.86	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NOTE: For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or "2" (series 1, 17, 19, 23, 41, 43, 47, 52, 54, 55, 62, 64, and 66), the value for the month indicated in the 1st column (month after reference trough) is divided by the value for the reference peak month. Similarly, the reference peak quarter is used as the percentage base for quarterly series (series 16, 49, 50, 61, and 67). For series with an MCD of "3" or more (series 2, 3, 6, 7, 9, 13, 14, 24, 29, and 51), the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is used as the base. See MCD footnote to appendix C. For all earlier expansions except the one beginning in June 1938, the peak had been passed and a reference contraction was underway by the month indicated in the 1st column. See appendix A for the reference peak dates. NA Not available.

Based on period from February 1961 (current trough) to latest month for which data are available. Measures for shorter time spans can be found in earlier issues of BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS. Except for 1961, changes are computed in a 3-term moving average of the seasonally adjusted series. Measures are differences from the reference peak levels. Anticipated expenditures (4th quarter 1965) are used for computing the entry shown for the current expansion only. Actual expenditures are used for all other entries. Changes are computed in a 6-term moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.

SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued

TABLE

Directions of Change—Continued

				1-	month	span	S							6-	month	span	s			
					196	35									19	65				
Diffusion index title and components	Dec-Jan	Jan-Feb	Feb-Mar	Apr	May	May-Jun	크	Jul-Aug	Aug-Sep	0ct	Jan	Aug-Feb	Mar	Oct-Apr	Nov-May	Dec-Jun	Juľ	Feb-Aug	Mar-Sep	0ct
	Dec	Jan-	Feb	Mar-Apr	Apr-May	May	Jun-Jul	=	Aug	Sep-Oct	Jul-Jan	Aug	Sep-Mar	Oct-	N ₀ V	Dec	Jan-Jul	Feb	Mar-	Apr-Oct
D58. INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES, ALL MANUFACTURING—Continued																				
Durable goods—Continued Nonferrous metals	_																			
Fabricated structural metal products	+	0	+	+	+	_	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Fabricated nonstructural metal products	_	+	+	+	+	- +	+	+	+	- 0	-	++	+	+	++	+	+	+ +	+	+
Miscellaneous machinery	+	-	-	+	+	0	-	0	-	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	+	-	-
Motor vehicles	+	+	+	o +	-	+	+	+	-	NA	0 +	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	0	NA
Miscellaneous products	-	+	+	+	-	+	r	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-
Nondurable goods: Processed foods	+									+	+									
Tobacco products and bottled beverages	0	+	0	+	-	_	_	_	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	_	-	_	_
Tobacco products and bottled beverages Cotton products Wool products	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	0 +	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Manmade fiber textile products	+	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	+	+	+	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Apparel		0	+	+	-	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	÷	+	+
Pulp, paper, and allied products	l -	+	+	+	+	0	+	+	0	+	+	- +	++	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Petroleum products, refined	+	_	+	_	+	_	+	+	_	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Rubber and rubber products	+	0	+	+	+	+	0	_	+	-	-	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
mass, skins, roution, and roution products	<u> </u>	- '-									_				.,					
				<u>l-</u>	month 19		s 				_			9-	month		S			
			· · · · ·		19	00		1				· · · · · ·			19	00 1				
	an	ep	ar	ъ	ay	S	=	gn	də	ct	an	qə	ar	 <u>=</u>	lay	s	=	√ug	de	ct
D19. INDEX OF STOCK PRICES,	Dec-Jan	Jan-Feb	Feb-Mar	Mar-Apr	Apr-May	May-Jun	Jun-Jul	Jul-Aug	Aug-Sep	Sep-Oct	Apr-Jan	May-Feb	Jun-Mar	Jul-Apr	Aug-May	Sep-Jun	Oct-Jul	Nov-Aug	Dec-Sep	Jan-Oct
500 COMMON STOCKS ¹ (23 industry components) ²		٦	L L	Σ	А	Σ	٦	احًا	۷	Š	٧	Σ	<u> </u>	Lニ	A	Š	0	Z	_	Ť
Percent rising ³ . Index of 500 stock prices	92																			
	+	82 +	64 +	71	67 +	0	25 -	80	81 +	67 +	66 +	75 +	77 +	77 +	80 +	58 +	52 +	58 +	73 +	68 +
Coal, bituminous	+				67 +	0 -	25 - -											58 +	73 +	68 +
Coal, bituminous	++				67 + - +	0 -	25 - -		+ + 0	+ + 0	+							58 + -	73 - +	68 + +
Coal, bituminous	+ + + +				67 + + + + + +	0	25 - - + +		+	+	+					+		58 + - + + +	73 - + + +	68 + + + + +
Coal, bituminous	+ + + +	+ + + -	+ - + +		67 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	0	25 + +		+ 0 +	+ + 0 + + +	+ 0+ -+ -	+ + + - + -	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + - + + -	73 + - + + -	+ + - + -
Coal, bituminous	+ + + +	+ + + -			67 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	0	25 + + - + -		+ 0 +	+ + 0 +	+ 0 + -	+++-			++++	+ - 0 -		58 + - + + + - + - + -	73 + + + + + + + +	68 + + + + + + + + +
Coal, bituminous Food composite Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) Textile products Paper Publishing Chemicals Drugs	+ + + + +	+ + + - +	+ - + +		67 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	0	25 + + - + - +		+ 0 +	+ + 0 + + + +	+ 0 + - + - +	+ + + - + + - +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + - + + - + - +	73 + + + + + + + + +	+ + - + -
Coal, bituminous Food composite Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) Textile products Paper Publishing Chemicals Drugs Oil composite	+ + + + + + + + +	+ + + - +	+ - + +	+ + + + + -	67 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	0	25 + + - + + + +		+ + 0 + + + + + + + + +	+ + 0 + + + + + + +	+ 0 + - + - +	+ + + - + + - +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + + + - + - + -	73 + + + + + + + + + -	+ + - + -
Coal, bituminous Food composite Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) Textile products Paper Publishing Chemicals Drugs Oil composite Building materials composite Steel	+ + + + + + +	+ + + - +	+ - + +	+ + + + + -	67 + + + + + + + + - + 0 -	0	25 + + - +		+ + 0 + + + + + + +	+ + 0 + + + + + +	+ 0 + - + - +	+ + + - + + - +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + + + - +	73 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + - + -
Coal, bituminous Food composite Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) Textile products Paper Publishing Chemicals Drugs Oil composite Building materials composite Steel Metal fabricating	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ - + +	+ + + + + -	67 + + + + + + - + 0 - + +	0	25 + + - + +		+ + 0 + + + + + + + + +	+ + 0 + + + + + + + + +	+ 0 + - + - +	+ + + - + + - +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + + + - + - + - + - + -	73 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + - + +
Coal, bituminous Food composite Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) Textile products Paper Publishing Chemicals Drugs Oil composite Building materials composite Steel	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + - + + + + +	+ - + +	+ + + + + -	67 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	0	25 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		+ + 0 + + + + + + + + +	+ + 0 + + + + + + + +	+ 0 + - + - +	+ + + - + + - +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + + + - + - + + + + + + +	73 - + + + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + - + +
Coal, bituminous Food composite Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) Textile products Paper Publishing Chemicals Drugs Oil composite Building materials composite Steel Metal fabricating Machinery composite Office and business equipment Electric household appliances Electronics	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + - + + + - + 0 + + +	+ - + +	+ + + + + -	67 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	0	25 + + + +		+ + 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ 0 + - + - +	+ + + - + + - +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	73	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
Coal, bituminous Food composite Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) Textile products Paper Publishing Chemicals Drugs Oil composite Building materials composite Steel Metal fabricating Machinery composite Click and business equipment Electric household appliances Electronics Automobiles	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ - + +	+ + + + + -	67 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		25 + + +		+ + 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ 0+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + - + - + + + + - +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	73 - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
Coal, bituminous Food composite Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) Textile products Paper Publishing Chemicals Drugs Oil composite Building materials composite Steel Metal fabricating Machinery composite Office and business equipment Electroric household appliances Electronics Automobiles Radio and television broadcasters Telephone companies	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+ + + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ - + +	+ + + + + -	67 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		25 + + + +		+ + 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ 0 + - + - + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + - + - + + + + - +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + + + + + + + + + +	73	+ + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
Coal, bituminous Food composite Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) Textile products Paper Publishing Chemicals Drugs Oil composite Building materials composite Steel Metal fabricating Machinery composite Office and business equipment Electroic household appliances Electronics Automobiles Radio and television broadcasters Telephone companies Electric companies	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ - + +	+ + + + + -	67 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		25 + + - + - + + + +		+ + 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ 0+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + - + - + + + + - +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	73	+ + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
Coal, bituminous Food composite Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) Textile products Paper Publishing Chemicals Drugs Oil composite Building materials composite Steel Metal fabricating Machinery composite Office and business equipment Electroric household appliances Electronics Automobiles Radio and television broadcasters Telephone companies	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ - + +	+ + + + + -	67 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +		25 + + + + + + + + + + +		+ + 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + 0 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ 0+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + - + - + + + + - +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + +	++++	+ - 0 -		58 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	73	+ + - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +

^{+ =} rising; o = unchanged; - = falling.

¹Data are not seasonally adjusted.

Duals are not seasonally adjusted.

2The 23 components shown here include 18 of the more important industries and 5 composites representing an additional 23 of the industries used in computing the diffusion index in table 4.

3Based on 78 components to November 1964 and on 77 components thereafter.

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SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued

Directions of Change—Continued

				1-	month	span	s							9-	mon th	span	s			
					19	65									19	65				
Diffusion index title and components	Dec-Jan	Jan-Feb	Feb-Mar	Mar-Apr	A pr-May	May-Jun	Jun-Jul	Jul-Aug	Aug-Sep	Sep-Oct	Apr-Jan	May-Feb	Jun-Mar	Jul-Apr	Aug-May	Sep-Jun	Oct-Jul	Nov-Aug	Dec-Sep	Jan-Oct
D5. INITIAL CLAIMS FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE, STATE PROGRAMS ¹ (26 area components)																				
Percent rising	24 -	57 -	66 +	62 -	60 +	51 +	34 -	38 -	79 +	57 -	62 +	70 +	74 +	72 +	79 +	79 +	60 +	66 +	62 +	79 +
Northeast region: Boston (7) Buffalo (19) Newark (11) New York (1) Paterson (20) Philadelphia (4) Pittsburgh (9) Providence (25) North Central region:		+ - + + + +	+ - + + +	- + - - + + -	- + + + + + - +	+ + + + - + + - +	+ + -	- + + + -	+ + + + +	1 + 1 + 1 1	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + +	+ - + + + + - +	+ + + + + + +	- + + + +	+ - + ! + + + +	- + + - + +	- + + + +	+ + + - + - + - +	+ - + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
Chicago (2). Cincinnati (21). Cleveland (10). Columbus (26) Detroit (5). Indianapolis (23) Kansas City (18) Milwaukee (15). Minneapolis (13) St. Louis (8).	- - + + + +	+ + + +	- + + - + + + + -	+ + + + - + - +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ - + + +	+ + + + - + +	- - - - + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ - + + + +	+ - + + + + -	+ - + + + + + + -	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + +	+ + + +	+ + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + -
South region: Atlanta (17)	- + +	+	+++++	- - - +	- + -	- + +	++	- - +	++++++	+ + + -	- + +	+ - + +	+ + +	+ - + +	+ + - +	- + +	+++-	- - + -	- + +	- + +
West region: Los Angeles (3) Portland (24) San Francisco (6) Seattle (22)	+ + - +	+ - + -	- + - +	+	+ + + +	+ - - +	- + - -	- - - +	+ + + +	- - - +	+ + - +	+ - + +	+ + + +	+ +	+ + + +	+ -+ +	+ + - +	+ + +	+ + +	- + +

⁻ = rising; o = unchanged; + = falling. The signs are reversed because this series usually rises when general business activity falls and falls when business rises. Data used are for the week ending nearest the 22d of the month.

¹Series components are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census before the direction of change is determined. "Seasonal and Related Statistical Adjustments", page 2.) The percent rising is based on 47 labor market areas. Directions of change are shown separately for only the 26 largest areas. The number in parentheses indicates the size rank for each labor

TABLE 7

COMPARISONS FROM REFERENCE TROUGH LEVELS AND REFERENCE TROUGH DATES

	Month after		Per	cent change	from refere	nce trough of	expansion t	peginning in-	_	
Selected series	reference	Feb.	Apr.	Aug.	Oct.	June	Mar.	Nov.	July	July
	trough ¹	1961	1958	1954	1949	1938	1933	1927	1924	1921
NBER LEADING INDICATORS										
Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing Accession rate, manufacturing (inverted) New orders, durable goods industries	56th	+4.1	+4.4	+2.3	0.0	+27.6	-1.7	-32.3	+6.4	+5.5
	55th	+7.5	+14.0	+31.4	-22.0	+110.4	-28.7	-50.6	+113.6	+265.9
	55th	+125.0	+61.7	+27.5	+18.8	(NA)	-16.7	-60.1	+66.7	(NA)
	56th	+52.9	+41.3	+57.0	+47.6	+412.7	+189.7	-79.5	+11.4	+161.8
 Private nonfarm housing starts Construction contracts, commercial and industrial, floor space² New business incorporations Liabilities of business failures (inverted) 	56th	+9.6	+32.1	-0.1	-11.0	+48.5	+238.9	-87.3	+12.7	+106.0
	55th	+72.8	+48.0	+33.4	+61.7	+276.8	+201.1	-85.8	+91.9	+81.7
	55th	+20.0	+34.2	+65.2	+23.5	-53.3	-27.1	-3.6	+54.4	+7.6
	56th	+8.0	-35.1	-41.5	-45.3	+380.6	+388.1	-59.8	+36.1	+90.4
16. Corporate profits after taxes (Q)	54th	+83.6	+57.4	+34.0	+8.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	+107.1	(NA)
	56th	+4.4	+5.3	+4.7	-3.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	56th	+47.0	+47.9	+85.8	+82.3	+4.7	+79.8	-70.6	+181.6	+80.9
	56th	+15.8	+6.2	+6.0	+6.9	+63.3	+92.4	-61.8	0.0	+50.7
	56th	+56.4	+37.1	+54.1	+33.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	56th	+21.9	+25.2	-0.8	-15.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS										
41. Employees in nonagricultural establishments 43. Unemployment rate (percent), total (inverted) 3 . 47. Industrial production	56th	+14.3	+9.8	+9.4	+14.0	+47.5	+36.7	-36.8	+14.9	+27.3
	56th	+2.6	+1.9	+0.8	+2.3	(NA)	+11.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	56th	+38.6	+36.0	+25.4	+36.9	+178.9	+76.0	-41.7	+44.7	+70.1
	54th	+34.5	+30.5	+30.0	+41.3	+117.0	+82.7	-34.7	+28.8	+44.8
50. GNP in 1958 dollars (Q)	54th 56th 56th 56th 56th	+26.3 +53.7 +33.2 +33.4 +1.7	+22.5 +44.5 +27.6 +22.5 +1.6	+15.1 +44.3 +31.7 +27.4 +12.1	+24.4 +51.1 +40.3 +27.9	(NA) +88.1 +115.6 +70.3 +18.0	+47.9 +69.4 +66.7 +67.0 +27.5	-14.4 -48.7 -39.7 -37.8	+28.4 +46.0 +25.8 +14.7	+41.8 +45.8 +47.0 +16.7
NBER LAGGING INDICATORS										
61. Business expenditures, new plant and equipment (Q): a. Actual	51 st	+48.7	+26.5	+11.7	+54.2	(NA)	+372.6	-63.6	+60.8	+79.6
	57 th	+56.4	+21.9	+21.1	+50.7	(NA)	+359.0	-76.2	+83.8	+98.3
62. Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing 64. Book value of manufacturers' inventories 66. Consumer installment debt	56th	-1.8	-4.3	+5.8	+18.6	+29.1	+36.4	-23.1	-16.4	-17.3
	55th	+23.3	+14.3	+22.2	+58.1	+69.1	+95.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	55th	+52.8	+41.3	+51.9	+111.3	-20.0	+173.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	54th	+0.6	+20.4	+26.7	+35.8	(NA)	-31.6	+4.5	+20.8	-22.6
OTHER SELECTED U.S. SERIES										
84. Federal cash surplus or deficit ^{3,5}	54th	-6.0	-2.4	-8.5	+2.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
	54th	+4.04	-1.38	-1.50	+4.04	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NOTE: For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or "2" (series 1, 17, 19, 23, 41, 43, 47, 52, 54, 55, 62, 64, and 66), the value for the month indicated in the 1st column (month after reference trough) is divided by the value for the reference trough month. Similarly, the reference trough quarter is used as the percentage base for quarterly series (series 16, 49, 50, 61, and 67). For series with an MCD of "3" or more (series 2, 3, 6, 7, 9, 13, 14, 24, 29, and 51), the average of the 3 months centered on the reference trough month is used as the base. See MCD footnote to appendix C. For all earlier expansions except the one beginning in June 1938, the peak had been passed and a reference contraction was underway by the month indicated in the 1st column. See appendix A for the reference peak dates. NA Not available.

Based on period from February 1961 (current trough) to latest month for which data are available. Measures for shorter time spans can be found in earlier issues of BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS.

2Except for 1961, changes are computed in a 3-term moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.

3Measures are differences from the reference trough levels.

4Anticipated expenditures (4th quarter 1965) are used for computing the entry shown for the current expansion only. Actual expenditures are used for all other entries.

5Changes are computed in a 6-term moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.

APPENDIXES

Appendix A.-BUSINESS CYCLE EXPANSIONS AND CONTRACTIONS IN THE UNITED STATES: 1854 TO 1961

		Duration	in months	
Business cycle reference dates	Contraction (trough from	Expansion (trough to	Cyc Trough from	le Peak from
	previous peak)	peak)	previous trough	previous peak
Trough Peak				
December 1854. June 1857. December 1858. October 1860. June 1861. April 1865. December 1867. June 1869. December 1870. October 1873. March 1879. March 1882.	(X)	30	(x)	(X)
	18	22	48	40
	8	<u>46</u>	30	<u>54</u>
	<u>32</u>	18	<u>78</u>	50
	18	34	36	52
	65	36	99	101
May 1885	38	22	74	60
	13	27	35	40
	10	20	37	30
	17	18	37	35
	18	24	36	42
	18	21	42	39
August 1904. May 1907. June 1908. January 1910. January 1912. January 1913. December 1914. August 1918. March 1919. January 1920. July 1921. May 1923.	23	33	44	56
	13	19	46	32
	24	12	43	36
	23	<u>44</u>	35	<u>67</u>
	<u>7</u>	10	<u>51</u>	17
	18	22	28	40
July 1924 October 1926 November 1927. August 1929 March 1933. May 1937 June 1938. February 1945 October 1945. November 1948 October 1949. July 1953	14	27	36	41
	13	21	40	34
	43	50	64	93
	13	<u>80</u>	63	93
	<u>8</u>	37	<u>88</u>	45
	11	45	48	<u>56</u>
August 1954	<u>13</u>	35	<u>58</u>	48
	9	25	44	34
	9	(X)	34	(X)
Average, all cycles: 26 cycles, 1854-1961	19	30	49	¹ 49
	15	35	50	² 54
	10	36	46	³ 46
Average, peacetime cycles: 22 cycles, 1854-1961	ł .	26 28 32	45 45 42	⁴ 46 ⁵ 48 ⁶ 42

NOTE: Underscored figures are the wartime expansions (Civil War, World Wars I and II, and Korean War), the postwar contractions, and the full cycles that include the wartime expansions.

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

¹25 cycles, 1857-1960. ²9 cycles, 1920-1960.

³4 cycles, 1945-1960. ⁴21 cycles, 1857-1960.

⁵7 cycles, 1920-1960. ⁶3 cycles, 1945-1960.

Appendix B.-SPECIFIC TROUGH AND PEAK DATES FOR SELECTED BUSINESS INDICATORS

	Specific trough dates for reference expansions beginning in—														
Selected series	Feb. 1961		Apr. 1958		Aug. 1954		0ct. 1949		June 1938		Mar. 1933		v. 27	July 1924	July 1921
NBER LEADING INDICATORS															
 Average workweek, production workers, mfg Construction contracts, commercial and industrial	May '6 Jan. '6 Mar. '6 Oct. '6 Dec. '6 Nov. '6	51 Jun 51 Nov 51 Apr 50 Dec 50 Apr	158 157 158 157 158	(N (N Mar. Sep. Feb. Mar.	ISC) ISC) 154 153 154 154	Aug. Feb. July June June Apr.	149 149 149 149 149	Sep. Sep. Apr. June	138 139 (NA)	Oct. Dec. June July	'32 '34 (NA) '32	Sep. Dec. (1	'27 '26 (NA) NSC)	July 124 June 124 (NA Oct. 12	Aug. '21 July '21 (NA)
NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS 41. Employees in nonagricultural establishments. 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted)	May '6 Feb. '6 4thQ '6 1stQ '6 (NS0	61 Jul 61 Apr 60 1st 61 1st 6) Feb 60 May	y 158 . 158 Q 158 Q 158 . 158	Sep. Apr. 2ndQ 2ndQ Apr. Sep.	154 154 154 154 154	Oct. Oct. 4thQ 2ndQ July Oct.	149 149 149 149 149	June May 2ndQ 1stQ May June	138 138 138 138 138	May July 1stQ 3rdQ Mar.	133 132 133 132 133 133	Nov. (1 (1 4thQ	(NA) 127 NSC) NSC)	(NA) July '2. (NSC) (NSC) 2ndQ '2. (NA)	(NA) Apr. '21 4thQ '21 (NA) 2ndQ '21
61. Business expenditures, new plant and equip. 62. Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing. 64. Book value of manufacturers' inventories 67. Bank rates on short-term business loans (Q).	Sep. '6	61 Apr 61 Aug	• 159 • 158	Apr. Sep.	155 154	Aug. Jan.	150 150	June June	140 139	July May	133 133	(1	NSC) (NA)	(NSC (NA	4thQ '21 Apr. '22 (NA) 3rdQ '22
Selected series	More	<u> </u>				Γ		T						ng in—	Ton
Selected series	May 1960	Ţ	ific : uly 957	peak d Jul 195	у	Nov	<i>.</i>	erence May 19	у	Aug 192	g.	beg: Oc:	t.	ng in— May 1923	Jan. 1920
NBER LEADING INDICATORS 1. Average workweek, production workers, mfg 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial 13. New business incorporations 17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, mfg 19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks 21. Industrial materials prices 22. New orders, machinery and equipment indus 23. New building permits, private housing	June 10 Apr. 12 Apr. 12 Apr. 12 July 1	J 1 1 59 Nov 60 Mar 59 Feb 59 Oct 59 Jul 59 Dec 59 Nov	uly 957 • !55 • !56 • !55 y !56 • !55	Jul 195 Mar. (N Feb. Jan. Feb.	'53 '53 '53 '51 '51 '51	Nov 194 (I Mar. July May June Jan. Apr.	V. 48 NSC) 146 148 148 148	May 19 Dec. July Dec. Feb. Mar.	y 37 136 137 136 (NA)	Aug 192 Oct. Jan. Jan. Sep. Mar.	129 129 129 129 (NA)	Nov. Sep. Oct.	t. 26 '25 '25 (NA) NSC)	May 1923 Nov. '2 Aug. '2 Apr. '2 (NA Mar. '2	1920 (NA) Dec. '19 Dec. '19 (NA) July '19 Apr. '20 (NA)
NBER LEADING INDICATORS 1. Average workweek, production workers, mfg 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial	June 10 Apr. 12 Apr. 12 Apr. 12 July 1	J 1 1 59 Nov 60 Mar 59 Feb 59 Oct 59 Jul 59 Dec 59 Nov	uly 957 • !55 • !56 • !55 y !56 • !55	Jul 195 Mar. (N Feb. Jan. Feb.	'53 '53 '53 '51 '51 '51	Nov 194 (I Mar. July May June Jan. Apr.	V. 48 NSC) 146 148 148 148	May 19 Dec. July Dec. Feb. Mar.	y 37 136 (NA) 137 137 (NA)	Aug 192 Oct. Jan. Jan. Sep. Mar.	129 129 129 (NA) 129 129 (NA)	Nov. Sep. Oct.	t. 26 125 125 (NA) NSC) 125 (NA)	May 1923 Nov. '2 Aug. '2 Apr. '2 (NA Mar. '2 Mar. '2	1920 (NA) Dec. '19 Dec. '19 (NA) July '19 Apr. '20 (NA)
NBER LEADING INDICATORS 1. Average workweek, production workers, mfg 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial	Apr. 12 Apr. 12 Apr. 12 May 13 Nov. 12 Nov. 12 Apr. 16 Feb. 17 Jan. 17 Land Q 11 (NS) May	59 Nov 60 Mar 59 Feb 59 Jud 59 Dec 59 Nov 58 Feb 60 Mar 60 Feb 60 3rd 60 3rd 60 Aug 60 Aug	. 155 . 156 . 156 . 156 . 157 . 157 . 157 Q 157 Q 157 Q 157 . 157	Jul 195 Mar. (N (N Feb. Jen. Feb. July July 2ndQ 2ndQ Oct. July	153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153	Nor 19/0 (1) Mar. July May Jan. Apr. Oct. Sep. Jan. July 4thQ 0ct. Aug.	148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148	Mail9 Dec. July Dec. Feb. Mar. July July May 3rdQ June May	'36 (137 '36 (137 '37 (137 (137 '137 '137 '137 '137 '137 '137	Aug. Oct. Jan. Jan. Sep. Mar. Aug. July 3rdQ 3rdQ Aug.	129 129 129 129 129 (NA) 129 (NA) 129 (NA) 129 (NA) 129 129 129	Nov. Sep. Oct. () Nov.	t. 26 '25 '25 '25 '27 '28 '28 '28 '28 '28 '28 '28 '28 '28 '28	May 1923 Nov. '2 Aug. '2 Apr. '2 Apr. '2 Mar. '2 Mar. '2 (NA (NA (NA (NSC (NSC) LstQ '2	1920 (NA) Dec. '19 Dec. '19 NA) July '19 Apr. '20 (NA) (NA) Feb. '20 (NA) (NA) Feb. '20 (NA) (NA)

NOTE: Specific trough and peak dates are the actual dates when individual series reached a trough or peak as distinguished from reference dates which are those dates designated as the trough or peak of business activity as a whole. This table shows, for selected indicators, the specific dates corresponding to reference dates in 9 recent business cycles.

NA Not available. NSC No specific cycle corresponding to reference date.

Appendix C.-AVERAGE CHANGES AND RELATED MEASURES FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES

Part 1.-Average Percentage Changes

Monthly series	CI	Ī	₹	ī/c	MCD	Ī/C for	Avera	ge dura (AD	tion of R)	run
Politing Series	O1	_		1/0	1100	MCD span	CI	I	С	MCD
NBER LEADING INDICATORS										
 Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing. Accession rate, manufacturing. Nonagricultural placements, all industries. Layoff rate, manufacturing. Temporary layoff, all industries. Average weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance. 	0.49 4.80 1.82 9.35 17.76	0.42 4.52 1.29 8.52 17.12	0.21 1.63 1.18 3.88 3.99	2.00 2.77 1.09 2.20 4.29	23235	0.95 .91 .59 .70 .89	2.15 2.17 2.27 2.17 1.63	1.65 1.74 1.63 1.74 1.44	10.58 9.93 9.77 8.18 6.35	4.06 4.42 5.25 5.96 3.08
6. New orders, durable goods industries	3.79	3.25	1.61	2.02	3	.59	1.67	1.54	8.33	4.56
24. New orders, machinery and equipment industries. 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial. 10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment. 7. Private nonfarm housing starts. 29. New building permits, private housing. 38. Index of net business formation. 13. New business incorporations. 14. Liabilities of business failures. 15. Large business failures.	4.47 9.66 4.93 7.34 3.82 1.00 2.68 16.86 13.09	4.01 9.43 4.61 7.31 3.39 .78 2.36 16.36 12.81	1.61 1.67 1.47 1.14 1.48 .65 1.10 2.52 2.11	2.49 5.65 3.14 6.41 2.29 1.19 2.15 6.49 6.07	364632366	.84 (1) .82 (1) .68 .66 .77 (1) (1)	1.76 1.70 1.82 1.53 1.89 2.50 2.10 1.48 1.53	1.51 1.54 1.59 1.53 1.60 1.70 1.32 1.37	12.50 6.63 10.75 6.13 14.38 14.60 6.30 5.77 9.77	3.62 3.03 3.71 2.32 3.32 4.90 3.02 2.26 5.30
17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, manufacturing 19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks	.60 2.65	.48 1.86	.29 1.67	1.66 1.11	2 2	•97 •68	2.23 2.35	1.77 1.67	6.18 12.70	3.38 3.94
inventories	6.81	5.29	3.10	1.71	3	.66	2.54	1.76	10.58	4.63
days or longer	5.81	5.32	2.14	2.49	3	.76	1.87 3.53	2.12	12.70 9.77	3.91 4.20
deliveries	7.68 1.32	5.54 1.04	4.73 .74	1.17	2 2	.79 .95	2.44	2.05	11.55	4.06
NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS										
41. Employees in nonagricultural establishments. 42. Total nonagricultural employment. 43. Unemployment rate, total. 40. Unemployment rate, married males. 45. Average weekly insured unemployment, State. 46. Help-wanted advertising.	.30 .36 3.94 5.63 4.82 3.11	.15 .29 3.08 4.16 2.56 1.88	.24 .19 2.29 2.74 3.56 2.35	.63 1.53 1.34 1.52 .72 .80	1 2 2 2 1 1	.63 .79 .71 .86 .72 .80	5.15 1.96 2.75 2.88 3.74 3.47	1.96 1.54 1.79 1.89 2.12 1.60	15.44 15.89 11.00 11.00 9.07 9.62	5.15 3.64 3.84 4.80 3.74 3.47
47. Industrial production	1.48 .50 .85	.58 1.44 .27 .57 .63	.79 .60 .43 .61 .44	.73 2.40 .63 .93 1.43 .77	1 3 1 2 1	.73 .54 .63 .93 .85	3.53 1.69 4.55 2.63 2.53 3.53	2.05 1.53 1.81 1.65 1.80 2.65	9.77 18.14 30.00 16.67 9.54 11.55	3.53 4.31 4.55 2.63 3.62 3.53
NBER LAGGING INDICATORS										
62. Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing	.56 .54	.19	•30 •49	1.37 .39	2	.82 .39	2.40 8.33	1.77 2.02	13.89	3.70 8.33
goods	.80	.54	.49 .78	1.10	1	.53	2.40 11.45	1.42 2.29		5.17 11.45
OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE										
82. Federal cash payments to public	1	3.57 4.02 26.37 14.78 26.21	.61 .74 4.09 2.70 6.12	5.85 5.43 6.45 5.47 4.28	6 6 6 6	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	1.45 1.59 1.51 1.47 1.58	1.38 1.43 1.46 1.43 1.47	9.15 8.50 5.93 6.61 5.95	2.53 3.26 2.27 2.48 2.86
99. New orders, defense products. 114. Treasury bill rate. 115. Treasury bond yields. 116. Corporate bond yields. 117. Municipal bond yields. 118. Mortgage yields.	7.33 1.80 1.68 2.57	23.02 5.69 1.39 1.50 2.17 .27	3.60 4.71 1.04 .58 1.12 .52	6.39 1.21 1.34 2.59 1.94	6 2 2 4 3 1			1.45 2.00 2.13 1.79 1.90 2.63	8.67	

See footnotes at end of table.

Appendix C .- AVERAGE CHANGES AND RELATED MEASURES FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES-Continued

Part 1.—Average Percentage Changes—Continued

Monthly series	σī	ī	c	Ī/c̄	MCD	Ī/C for	Avera	ge dura (AD	tion of R)	run
•				·		MCD span	CI	I	С	MCD
OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE—Con.							i	-		
86. Exports, excluding military aid. 87. General imports. 81. Consumer prices. 94. Construction contracts, value. 96. Unfilled orders, durable goods industries.	4.59 3.61 .15 7.03 1.51	4.39 3.47 .10 6.69 .57	1.11 .97 .13 1.69 1.34	3.95 3.58 .77 3.96 .43	4 1 5 1	0.96 .85 .77 .84 .43	1.77 1.59 6.00 1.52 5.95	1.66 1.51 2.25 1.45 1.87	7.06 7.53 25.20 7.88 13.89	2.75 2.97 6.00 3.59 5.95
INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION										
123. Canada 122. United Kingdom. 121. OECD European countries 125. West Germany. 126. France 127. Italy 128. Japan.	.90 1.14 .86 1.42 1.36 1.44 1.70	.77 1.09 .83 1.18 1.20 1.41 1.07	.52 .47 .50 .69 .68 .74	1.48 2.32 1.66 1.71 1.76 1.91	2 3 2 2 2 3 1	.72 .81 .89 .93 .89 .64	3.47 2.40 3.47 2.86 3.21 2.70 2.91	1.87 2.40	15.63 8.93 31.25 18.00 25.00 31.00 17.86	8.27 5.59 7.75 5.43 11.27 6.42 2.91
Quarterly series	CI	Ī	<u>c</u>	ī/c	QCD	Ī/C for QCD	Avera	ge dura (AD	tion of R)	run
						span	CI	I	С	QCD
NBER LEADING INDICATORS										
11. New capital appropriations, manufacturing	11.35 5.70 6.76 4.43	7.11 3.47 4.80 3.17	7.31 3.89 4.17 2.64	0.97 .89 1.15	1 1 2 2	0.97 .89 .56	2.42 3.27 2.47	1.48 1.44 1.40	5.11 4.90 5.25 4.08	2.42 3.27 2.73 4.00
NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS										:
50. GNP in 1954 dollars	1.23 1.47 1.29	.36 .37 .36	1.08 1.34 1.20	.33 .28 .30	1 1 1	.33 .28 .30	3.27 5.44 9.80	1.48 1.26 1.20	5.44 7.00 9.80	3.27 5.44 9.80
NBER LAGGING INDICATORS										
61. Business expenditures, new plant and equipment 63. Labor cost per dollar of real corporate GNP 67. Bank rates on short-term business loans	.85	1.26 .43 1.57	2.64 .68 2.00	.48 .63 .79	1 1 1	.48 .63 .79	4.67 2.88 2.47	1.83 1.20 1.56	4.67 5.44 4.67	4.67 2.88 2.47
OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE										
110. Total private borrowing	4.32	8.33 2.86 1.47	7.58 2.90 6.15	1.10 .99 .24	2 1 1	.43 .99 .24	2.59 2.30 3.21	1.33 1.48 1.61	4.00 4.60 7.50	4.30 2.30 3.21

NOTE: For most series, measures are computed for a period of at least 10 years. Figures for series 7, 86, 87, and 116 are based on shorter periods.

The following are brief definitions of the measures shown in this table. More complete explanations appear in <u>Flectronic Computers and Business Indicators</u>, by Julius Shiskin, issued as Occasional Paper 57 by the National Bureau of Economic Research, 1957 (reprinted from <u>Journal of Business</u>, October 1957).

" $\overline{01}$ ", is the average month-to-month (or quarter-to-quarter) percentage change, without regard to sign, in the seasonally

adjusted series. " \overline{I} " is the same for the irregular component, obtained by dividing the cyclical component into the seasonally adjusted series. " \overline{C} " is the same for the cyclical component, a smooth, flexible moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.

"MCD" (months for cyclical dominance) provides an estimate of the appropriate time span over which to observe cyclical movements in a monthly series. It is small for smooth series and large for irregular series. In deriving MCD, percentage changes are computed separately for the irregular component and the cyclical component over 1-month spans (Jan.-Feb., Feb.-Mar., etc.), 2-month spans (Jan.-Mar., Feb.-Apr., etc.), up to 5-month spans. Averages, without regard to sign, are then computed for the changes over each span. MCD is the shortest span in months for which the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the cyclical component is larger than the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the

¹Not computed for series when MCD is "6" or more.

irregular component, and remains so. Thus, it indicates the point at which fluctuations in the seasonally adjusted series become dominated by cyclical rather than irregular movements. Since changes are not computed for spans greater than 5 months, all series with an MCD greater than "5" are shown as "6". Similarly, "QCD" provides an estimate of the appropriate time span over which to observe cyclical movements in quarterly series. It is the shortest span (in quarters) for which the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the cyclical component is larger than the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the irregular component, and remains so.

" $\overline{1}/\overline{C}$ " is a measure of the relative smoothness(small values) or irregularity (large values) of the seasonally adjusted series. For monthly series, it is shown for 1-month spans and for spans of the period of MCD. When MCD is "6", no $\overline{1}/\overline{C}$ ratio is shown for the MCD period. For quarterly series, $\overline{1}/\overline{C}$ is shown for 1-quarter spans and QCD spans.

"Average Duration of Run" (ADR) is another measure of smoothness and is equal to the average number of consecutive monthly changes in the same direction in any series of observations. When there is no change between 2 months, a change in the same direction as the preceding change is assumed. The ADR is shown for the seasonally adjusted series CI, irregular component I, cyclical component C, and the MCD curve. The MCD

curve is a moving average (with the number of terms equal to MCD) of the seasonally adjusted series.

A comparison of these measures of ADR with the expected ADR of a random series gives an indication of whether the changes approximate those of a random series. Over 1-month intervals in a random series, the expected value of the ADR is 1.5. The actual value of ADR falls between 1.36 and 1.75 about 95 percent of the time. Over 1-month intervals in a moving average (MCD) of a random series, the expected value of ADR is 2.0. For example, the ADR of CI is 1.67 for the series on new orders, durable goods industries (series 6). This indicates that 1-month changes in the seasonally adjusted series, on the average, reverse sign about as often as expected in a random series. The ADR measures shown in the next two columns, 1.54 for I and 8.33 for C, suggest that the seasonally adjusted series has been successfully separated into an essentially random component and a cyclical (normandom) component. Finally, ADR is 4.56 for the MCD moving average. cates that a 3-month moving average of the seasonally adjusted series (3 months being the MCD span) reverses direction, on the average, about every 4 to 5 months. The increase in the ADR from 1.67 for CI to 4.56 for the MCD moving average indicates that, for this series, month-to-month changes in the MCD moving average usually reflect the underlying cyclical-trend movements of the series, whereas the month-to-month changes in the seasonally adjusted series usually do not.

Appendix C.-AVERAGE CHANGES AND RELATED MEASURES FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES-Continued

Part 2.-Average Unit Changes

Monthly series	Unit of measure	CI	Ī	c	Ī/C	MCD	Ī/C for MCD	Avera	ge dura (AD	tion of	' run
	lileasure						span	CI	I	C	MCD
31. Change in book value, manufacturing and trade inventories. 20. Change in book value of manufacturers' inventories of materials, supplies 25. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods. 84. Federal cash surplus or deficit 93. Free reserves 85. Change in money supply 98. Change in money supply and time deposits. 112. Change in business loans	Ann. rate, bil. dol Mil. dol Ann. rate, percent do Ann. rate, bil. dol	3.06 2.51 1.22	1.45 .46	0.85 .37 .16 .82 52.77 .30 .29 .26 .34 17,50	3.96 3.93 2.93 5.27 1.56 10.37 8.76 4.51 2.19 3.23	5 4 5 2 6 6 5 3 3	0.94 .92 .79 .91 .95 (1) (1)	1.47 1.64 1.79 1.51 2.03 1.36 1.44 1.47 1.71	1.44 1.46 1.58 1.40 1.52 1.36 1.42 1.47 1.55	7.94 6.05 7.44 7.00 10.31 10.71 9.38 6.22 9.00 11.30	3.22 3.15 3.45 2.61 3.17 2.64 2.42 2.48 3.24 2.64
Quarterly series	Unit of measure	ĈĪ	Ī	<u></u>	Ī/C	QCD	Ī/C for QCD	Avera	ge dura (AD	tion of R)	run
	measure						span	CI	I	C	QCD
21. Change in business inventories, all industries	bil. dol				1.15	2	•54	1.75	1.36		2.82
95. Balance, Fed. income and product account. 89. U.S. balance of payments					.82 1.77	2	.82 .77	2.23 1.68	1.48	3.77 3.13	2.23 2.71

NOTE: For most series, measures are computed for a period of at least 10 years. Figures for series 88 and 112 are based on shorter periods.

The measures in the above table are computed by an additive method to avoid_the distortion caused by zero and negative data. Thus, "CI" is the average month-to-month (or quarter-

to-quarter) change in the seasonally adjusted series. This average is computed without regard to sign and is expressed in the same unit of measure as the series itself. " \overline{C} " is the same for the cyclical component, which is a moving average of the seasonally adjusted series. " \overline{I} " is the same for the irregular component, which is determined by subtracting the cyclical component from the seasonally adjusted series.

All other measures shown above have the same meaning as in part 1.

¹ Not computed for series when MCD is "6" or more.

Appendix D.-CURRENT ADJUSTMENT FACTORS FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES (NOV. 1964 TO DEC. 1965)

Series	196	64						19	965			***		
Series	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
 Temporary layoff, all industries Average weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance New business incorporations¹ Liabilities of business failures Large business failures Ratio, price to unit labor cost, mfg. 	104.5 82.4	137.4 101.8 77.7		107.2 91.9 104.1	92.7 115.6 100.2	91.8 107.3 104.7	82.3 103.1 95.7	83.8 105.8 106.6	105.3 102.6 100.7 86.3	83.9 95.0 104.7 95.7	77.4 93.1 96.7	88.6 94.9 95.8 94.6		94.6 137.4 101.8 77.7 86.0 97.8
 18. Profits per dollar of sales, mfg.² 30. Nonagri. placements, all industries¹. 37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories 	101.4 92.5		80.1	95.2 76.9	93.1	104.4	106.3 108.2	111.1	102.4	96.9 113.8	122.0	110.6	101.4 94.4	83.6
 55. Wholesale prices except farm products and foods	99.0 100.1 99.8	100.1 102.4 99.9 103.1 107.8	102.3 99.9 89.6	100.5 99.9 94.4	99.8 99.9 97.6	99.3 99.8 100.4	98.9 99.7 98.4	98.0 99.9 104.0	103.8 100.2 97.0	100.9 100.0 114.2	98.3 100.1 96.9	97.3 100.1 101.9		100.1 102.4 99.9 105.8 107.9
90. Defense Dept. oblig., procurement 91. Defense Dept. obligations, total 92. Military contract awards in U.S 112. Change in business loans ³ 128. Japan, industrial production index	91.5 79.4 101.2		92.8 100.6 100.6	88.6 88.9	125.1 100.3	95.8 84.7 100.3	83.9 88.6 90.2 100.0 100.1	143.1 171.9 99.6	115.2 72.8 98.9	92.4 88.4 98.5	99.7 103.9 99.3	101.1 99.9	91.5	93.3 91.8 92.1 102.0 102.1

NOTE: These data are not published by the source agency in seasonally adjusted form. Seasonal adjustments were made by the Bureau of the Census or the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. They are kept current by the Bureau of the Census. Seasonally adjusted data prepared by the source agency will be substituted whenever they are published.

¹Factors are products of seasonal and trading-day factors. Seasonally adjusted data resulting from the application of these combined factors may differ slightly from those obtained by separate applications of seasonal and trading-day factors.

²Quarterly series; figures are placed in middle month of quarter.

³Factors apply to total series before month-to-month changes are computed.

Appendix E.-PERCENT CHANGE FOR SELECTED SERIES OVER CONTRACTION AND EXPANSION PERIODS OF BUSINESS CYCLES: 1920 TO 1961

	P	ercent chan	ge: Refe	rence pea	k to refer	ence troug	h	43. Unemp	oloyment ra	te, total
Contractions: Reference peak to reference trough	41. Em- ployees in non- agri. es- tablish- ments	47. Index of indus-trial produc-tion	50. GNP in 1958 dollars (Q)1	49. GNP in current dollars (Q)1	51. Bank debits, all SMSA's except New York	52. Per- sonal income	54. Sales of retail stores	Change in rate, peak to trough	Rate at peak	Rate at trough
Jan. 1920-July 1921	(NA) (NA) (NA) -31.6 -10.4	-31.6 -18.0 -5.9 -51.8 -31.7	(NA) -0.3 +2.3 -28.0 -8.9	-19.7 -2.3 +0.4 -49.6 -11.9	-22.5 -3.1 +8.7 -61.9 -16.5	-21.9 0.0 +0.9 -50.8 -10.9	-6.2 0.0 0.0 -47.4 -18.5	² +7.9 ² +2.3 ² +2.2 +25.4 +8.8	² 4.0 ² 3.2 ² 1.9 ³ 0.0 11.2	² 11.9 ² 5.5 ² 4.1 25.4 20.0
Feb. 1945-Oct. 1945 ⁴	-7.8 -5.1 -3.4 -3.9 -1.9	-31.4 -8.5 -9.1 -14.1 -5.7	(NA) -1.6 -2.2 -3.4 -1.4	-10.9 -3.4 -0.8 -1.8 -0.2	-1.0 -4.0 +1.6 -3.1 +2.4	-4.0 -4.7 0.0 +0.2 +0.9	+9.9 0.0 -0.7 -1.6 -1.9	+2.2 +4.1 +3.5 +3.2 +1.7	1.1 ³ 3.8 2.6 4.2 5.2	3.3 7.9 6.1 7.4 6.9
Median: 6 All contractions Excluding postwar con-	-5. 6	-16.0	-1. 9	-2.8	-3.1	-2.0	-1.2	+3.4	3.5	7.2
tractions	-6.5 -3.6	-16.0 -8.8	-2.1 -1.9	-2.8 -1.3	-3.6 -0.8	-2.4 +0.1	-1.8 -1.2	+3.6 +3.4	3.9 4.0	7.6 7.2
								1		
	F	ercent chan	ge: Refe	rence tro	ough to ref	erence pea	uk	43. Unemp	oloyment ra	te, total
Expansions: Reference trough to reference peak	41. Em- ployees in non- agri. es- tablish- ments	47. Index of indus-trial produc-tion	ge: Refe 50. GNP in 1958 dollars (Q)1	49. GNP in current dollars (Q)1	ough to ref 51. Bank debits, all SMSA's except New York	52. Personal income	54. Sales of retail stores	43. Unemp Change in rate, trough to peak	Rate at trough	Rate at peak
Reference trough to	41. Em- ployees in non- agri. es- tablish-	47. Index of indus-trial produc-	50. GNP in 1958 dollars	49. GNP in cur- rent dollars	51. Bank debits, all SMSA's except	52. Per-	54. Sales of retail	Change in rate, trough	Rate at	Rate at
Reference trough to reference peak July 1921-May 1923 July 1924-Oct. 1926 Nov. 1927-Aug. 1929 Mar. 1933-May 1937	41. Em- ployees in non- agri. es- tablish- ments (NA) (NA) (NA) +40.2	47. Index of industrial production +64.2 +30.4 +24.1 +119.9	50. GNP in 1958 dollars (Q) ¹ (NA) +12.4 +12.6 +42.1	49. GNP in current dollars (Q)1 +25.1 +14.7 +13.3 +73.9	51. Bank debits, all SMSA's except New York +23.5 +18.9 +20.4 +78.4	52. Personal income +29.6 +13.2 +12.2 +76.3	54. Sales of retail stores +13.3 +8.8 +2.7 +85.6	Change in rate, trough to peak	Rate at trough 211.9 25.5 24.1 25.4	Rate at peak 23.2 21.9 2 33.2 11.2
Reference trough to reference peak July 1921-May 1923 July 1924-Oct. 1926 Nov. 1927-Aug. 1929 Mar. 1933-May 1937 June 1938-Feb. 1945 ⁴ Oct. 1945-Nov. 1948 Oct. 1949-July 1953 ⁵ Aug. 1954-July 1957	41. Em- ployees in non- agri. es- tablish- ments (NA) (NA) (NA) +40.2 +45.9 +17.2 +17.8 +8.9	47. Index of industrial production +64.2 +30.4 +24.1 +119.9 +183.3 +21.9 +50.0 +19.7	50. GNP in 1958 dollars (Q)1 (NA) +12.4 +12.6 +42.1 (NA) +3.3 +28.8 +11.8	49. GNP in current dollars (Q)1 +25.1 +14.7 +13.3 +73.9 +169.6 +34.9 +44.1 +22.4	51. Bank debits, all SMSA's except New York +23.5 +18.9 +20.4 +78.4 +131.7 +51.5 +49.3 +28.6	52. Personal income +29.6 +13.2 +12.2 +76.3 +157.3 +28.5 +41.4 +22.1	54. Sales of retail stores +13.3 +8.8 +2.7 +85.6 +102.0 +59.7 +26.3 +20.0	Change in rate, trough to peak 2-8.7 2-3.6 2-0.9 -14.2 -18.9 +0.3 -5.3 -1.9	Rate at trough 211.9 25.5 24.1 25.4 20.0 3.3 7.9 6.1	Rate at peak 23.2 21.9 2 33.2 11.2 1.1 33.6 2.6 4.2

NOTE: For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or "2" (series 41, 43, 47, 52, and 54), the figure for the reference peak (trough) month is used as the base. For series with an MCD of "3" or more (series 51), the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak (trough) month is used as the base. The base for quarterly series (series 49 and 50) is the reference peak (trough) quarter. See also MCD footnote to appendix C.

NA Not available.

The most recent quarterly reference dates are as follows: 2d quarter 1958 (trough); 2d quarter 1960 (peak); and 1st quarter 1961 (trough). For earlier dates, see <u>Business Cycle Indicators</u> (NBER) vol. 1, p. 670.

Based on average for the calendar year.

Differs from figure for same date in expansion (contraction) part of table because of change in series used.

⁴World War II contraction or expansion period.

⁵Korean War contraction or expansion period. ⁶The median is an average of the middle 2 or 3 items.

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

Appendix F.-HISTORICAL DATA FOR SELECTED SERIES

Each month historical data are presented for series that either have not been shown here previously or have been revised historically. The months of issue for series previously included in this appendix are given in the index. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 4. Data are seasonally adjusted.

Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
	110.	Total fun	ds raised	by priva	te nonfin	ancial bo	rrowers i	n credit	markets (Annual ra	te, mil.	dol.)
1948												
1949									•••			
1950												
1951	•••					•••						
1952	• • • •	26,104			25,164			25,352			28,488	• • •
1953	•••	24,196			23,236			20,976			16,620	
1954		17,684			20,112			23,432			25,248	• • • •
		' '	• • • •		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	• • •		ĺ í	l	[•••
1955	• • •	32,716	• • •	• • •	34,236	• • •	• • •	36,420			39,156	
1956	• • •	36,156			32,424			30,464			31,264	• • •
1957	• • •	33,928	• • • •	• • •	34,108			28,944			25,580	
1958	• • •	25,232			23,564		•••	28,028			37,440	• • •
1959		37,396		•••	47,780	• • •		44,424			33,896	
1960	• • •	39,656			34,116			30,204			28,176	
1961	• • •	25,592	•••		35,336	• • •	• • •	36,420			38,348	• • •
		111. G	ross reta	ined earn	ings of n	onfinanci	al corpor	ations (A	nnual rat	te, mil. d	ol.)	
								<u> </u>				
1948												
1949	• • •											
1950												
1951										1		
1952		21,920			20,296			20,124			22,300	
1953		22,672			21,388			21,168			19,288	• •
1954		21,364			22,988			23,476		1	25,480	•••
1955		28,548			29,376			29,016	1	1	29,704	
1956	•••	28,776	•••	• • •	28,552	• • •	• • • •	29,424	• • • •		28,956	• •
1957		30,424	•••	•••	30,820	• • •	• • •	31,100	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • •
1958	• • •	26,916	• • •	• • • •	27,820	•••	•••		• • • •	• • • • •	29,944	• • •
1959	• • •	34,112	•••	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	30,076	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		33,144	• •
1960	•••		• • • •	• • • •	36,464	• • •	• • • •	34,128			35,192	• •
1961	• • •	36,028	• • • •		35,204	• • •	• • •	34,052			32,356	• •
1961		32,304	• • •	• • •	35,524			36,228]	38,236	

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^{*}Appendix G.

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TITLES AND SOURCES OF PRINCIPAL BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES AND DIFFUSION INDEXES

The numbers assigned to the series are for identification purposes only and do not necessarily reflect series relationships or order. "M" indicates monthly series "Q" indicates quarterly series. Data apply to the whole period except for series designated by "EOM" or "EOQ". "EOM" indicates that data are for the end of the month and "EOQ" indicates data are for the end of the quarter. The general classification of series follows the approach of the National Bureau of Economic Research. The series preceded by an asterisk (*) were included in the 1960 NBER list of 26 indicators.

30 NBER LEADING INDICATORS

- *1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
- *2. Accession rate, manufacturing (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
- *3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
- Number of persons on temporary layoff, all industries (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- *6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- *7. New private nonform dwelling units started (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- *9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings, floor space (M).--F. W. Dodge Corporation; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
- 10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and F. W. Dodge Corporation; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
- Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corporations (Q)-- National Industrial Conference Board; component industries are seasonally adjusted and added to obtain seasonally adjusted total
- Number of new business incorporations (M).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
- *14. Current liabilities of business failures (M).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
- 15. Number of business failures with liabilities of \$100,000 and over (M).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
- *16. Corporate profits after taxes (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
- 17. Price per unit of labor cost index-ratio, wholesale prices of manufactured goods index to index of compensation of employees (sum of wages, salaries, and supplements to wages and salaries) per unit of output (M).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- 18. Profits (before taxes) per dollar of sales, all manufacturing corporations (Q).--Federal Trade Commission and Securities and Exchange Commission; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- *19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (M).--Standard and Poor's Corporation; no seasonal adjustment
- Change in book value of manufacturers' inventories of materials and supplies (M).-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- *21. Change in business inventories, farm and nonfarm, after valuation adjustment (GNP component) (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
- Ratio of profits (after taxes) to income originating, corporate, all industries (Q).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
- *23. Index of industrial materials prices (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; no seasonal adjustment
- 24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- Change in manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (M).--Department
 of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- Buying policy--production materials, percent reporting commitments 60 days or longer (M).--National Association of Purchasing Agents; no seasonal adjustment
- Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- Nonagricultural placements, all industries (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security: seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census

- 31. Change in book value of manufacturing and trade inventories, total (M).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
- 32. Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries (M).--Chicago Purchasing Agents Association; no seasonal adjustment
- 37. Percent reporting higher inventories, purchased materials (M).--National Association of Purchasing Agents; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- *38. Index of net business formation (M).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc., and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research. Inc.

15 NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS

- 40. Unemployment rate, married males, spouse present (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
- *41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
- Total nonagricultural employment, labor force survey (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- *43. Unemployment rate, total (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- 45. Average weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security
- 46. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspapers (M).--National Industrial Conference
 Roard
- *47. Index of industrial production (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- *49. Gross national product in current dollars (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
- *50. Gross national product in 1958 dollars (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
- *51. Bank debits, all standard metropolitan statistical areas except New York (224 SMSA's)
 (M).--Poard of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- *52. Personal income (M).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
- Labor income in mining, manufacturing, and construction (M).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
- *54. Sales of retail stores (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- *55. Index of wholesale prices, all commodities other than farm products and foods (M).-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of
 the Census
- Final sales (series 49 minus series 21) (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

7 NBER LAGGING INDICATORS

- *61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission
- *62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing--ratio, index of compensation of employees in manufacturing (the sum of wages and salaries and supplements to wages and salaries) to index of industrial production, manufacting (M).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- *64. Book value of manufacturers' inventories, all manufacturing industries (EOM).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- 65. Book value of manufacturers' inventories of finished goods, all manufacturing industries (EOM).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- *66. Consumer installment debt (EOM).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. FRS seasonally adjusted net change added to seasonally adjusted figure for previous month to obtain current figure
- *67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 19 cities (EOQ).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
- 68. Index of labor cost per dollar of real corporate gross national product (ratio of compensation of employees in corporate enterprises to value of corporate product in 1958 dollars) (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, National Income Division

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28 OTHER SELECTED U.S. SERIES

- 81. Index of consumer prices (M).—Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- 82. Federal cash payments to the public (M),--Treasury Department, Bureau of Accounts, and Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget; seasonal adjustment by the Bureau of the Census
- 83. Federal cash receipts from the public (Q, M).--Treasury Department, Bureau of Accounts, and Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget; seasonal ad justment by the Bureau of the Census
- 84. Federal cash surplus or deficit (Q, M),--Treasury Department, Bureau of Accounts, and Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget; seasonal adjustment by the Bureau of the Census
- 85. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits plus currency) (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- 86. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total (M).—Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- 87. General imports, total (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- 88. Merchandise trade balance (series 86 minus series 87) (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- 89. Excess of receipts or payments in U.S. balance of payments (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
- 90. Defense Department obligations, procurement (M).--Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- 91. Defense Department obligations, total (M).--Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- 92. Military prime contract awards, U.S. business firms (M).--Department of Defense, Directorate for Statistical Services; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- 93. Free reserves (member bank excess reserves minus borrowings) (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
- 94. Index of construction contracts, total value (M).--F. W. Dodge Corporation
- 95. Surplus or deficit, Federal income and product account (Q).--Department of Commerce,
 Office of Business Economics
- 96. Manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (EOM).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- 97. Backlog of capital appropriations, manufacturing (EOQ).--National Industrial Conference Board; component industries are seasonally adjusted and added to obtain seasonally adjusted total
- 98. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits and currency) and commercial bank time deposits (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- 99. New orders, defense products (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
- 110. Total funds raised by private nonfinancial borrowers in credit markets (Q).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- 111. Gross retained earnings of nonfinancial corporations (Q).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

- 112. Net change in bank loans to businesses (M).-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
- 113. Net change in consumer installment debt (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- 114. Discount rate on new issues of 91-day Treasury bills (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
- 115. Yieldon long-term Treasury bonds (M).--Treasury Department; no seasonal adjustment
- 116. Yield on new issues of high-grode corporate bonds (M).--First National City Bank of New York and Treasury Department; no seasonal adjustment
- 117. Yield on municipal bonds, 20-bond average (M).--The Bond Buyer; no seasonal adiustment
- 118. Secondary market yields on FHA mortgages (M).--Federal Housing Administration; no seasonal adjustment

7 INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

- Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, European Countries, index of industrial production (M).--Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
- 122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production (M).--Central Statistical Office (London)
- 123. Canada, index of industrial production (M).--Dominion Bureau of Statistics (Ottawa)
- 125. West Germany, index of industrial production (M).--Deutsche Bundesbank (Frankfurt)
- 126. France, index of industrial production (M).--Statistical Office (Paris)
- 127. Italy, index of industrial production (M).--Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
- 128. Japan, index of industrial production (M).—Ministry of International Trade and Industry (Tokyo); seasonal adjustment by compiler and Bureau of the Census
- ... United States, index of industrial production (M).--See series 47.

DIFFUSION INDEXES

The "D" preceding a number indicates a diffusion index. Diffusion indexes and corresponding business cycle series bear the same number and are obtained from the same sources. See sources above for D1, D5, D6, D11, D19, D23, D41, D47, D54, and D61. Sources for other diffusion indexes are as follows:

- D34. Profits, monufacturing, FNCB (Q).--First National City Bank of New York; no seasonal adjustment of series components. Diffusion indexes are seasonally adjusted by National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
- D35. Net sales, total manufactures (Q).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; no seasonal adjustment
- D36. New orders, durable manufactures (Q).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; no seasonal adjustment
- D48. Freight corloadings (Q).--Association of American Railroads; no seasonal adjustment
- D58. Wholesale prices, manufacturing (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census