## OCTOBER 1963

## Business Cycle Developments



## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

# Business Cycle Developments 

## OCTOBER 1963

data through september

Series ES1 No. 63-10
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Luther H. Hodges, Secretary bureau of the census Richard M. Scammon, Director

## A. ROSS ECKLER, Deputy Director HOWARD C. GRIEVES, Assistant Director CONRAD TAEUBER, Assistant Director

MORRIS H. HANSEN, Assistant Director for Research and Development CHARLES B. LAWRENCE, Jr., Assistant Director for Operations WALTER L. KEHRES, Assistant Director for Administration JOSEPH F. DALY, Chief Mathematical Statistician CALVERT L. DEDRICK, Chief, International Statistical Programs Office JOHN BAKER, Public Information Officer

# Office of the Chief Economic Statistician <br> JULIUS SHISKIN, Chief <br> SAMUEL L. BROWN, Assistant Chief 

This report is prepared under the direction of Julius Shiskin, Chief Economic Statistician of the Bureau of the Census. His technical staff includes Feliks Tamm, Allan H. Young, Betty Tunstall, and Eugene L. Rossidivito. Editorial supervision is provided by Geraldine Censky of the Statistical Reports Division.

The cooperation of the various government and private agencies which provide data for the report is gratefully acknowledged. Credit is given to these agencies in the list of series and sources on the back cover of this report.

Correspondence about technical subject matter should be addressed to the Office of the Chief Economic Statistician, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Subscription price is $\$ 4$ a year ( $\$ 1$ additional for foreign mailing). Single issues are 40 cents.

Airmail delivery in the United States is available at an additional charge of $\$ 5.25$ per year.

Make checks payable to the Superintendent of Documents. Send to U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, or to any U.S. Department of Commerce Field Office. See list below.
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE FIELD OFFICES

Albuquerque, N. Mex. 87101 U.S. Courthouse

Anchorage, Alaska 99501 Rm. 360, Loussac-Sogn Bldg. 5th and D Streets
Atlanta, Ga. 30303
4th Fl., Home Savings Bank Bldg.
75 Forsyth St., N.W.
Birmingham, Ala. 35203
Title Building
2028 Third Ave. N.
Boston, Mass. 02110
Room 230
80 Federal Street
Buffalo, N.Y. 14203 504 Federal Bldg. 117 Ellicott St.

Charleston, S.C. 29401 Suite 201, Marcus Bldg. 6 Broad St.

Cheyenne, Wyo. 82001 207 Majestic Bldg. 16th and Capitol Ave.

Chicago, I11. 60606
Room 1302
226 West Jackson Blvd.
Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 809 Fifth Third Bank Bldg. 36 E. Fourth St.

Cleveland, Ohio 44101
Federal Reserve Bank Bldg. E. 6th St., and Superior Ave.

Dallas, Tex. 75201 3-104, Merchandise Mart 500 S. Ervay St.
Denver, Colo. 80202 142 New Custom House
19th and Stout Sts.
Detroit, Mich. 48226 438 Federal Bldg.
230 W. Fort St.
Greensboro, N.C. 27402 407 U.S. Post Office Bldg.

Hartf ord, Conn. 06103 18 Asylum Street

Honolulu, Hawaii 96813 202 International Savings Bldg. 1022 Bethel St.

Houston, Tex. 77002 5102 Federal Bldg. 515 Rusk Ave.

Jacksonville, Fla. 32202 512 Greenleaf Bldg. 204 Laura St.
Kansas City, Mo. 64106 Room 2011 911 Walnut St.

Los Angeles, Calif, 90015 450 Western Pacific Bldg. 1031 S. Broadway
Memphis, Tenn. 38103
212 Falls Bldg.
22 N. Front St.

Miami, F1a. 33132 408 Ainsley Bldg. 14 N.E. First Ave.
Milwaukee, Wis. 53203 Straus Bldg., Suite 1201 238 West Wisconsin Ave.

Minneapolis, Minn. 55401
304 Federal Bldg.
110 S. Fourth St.
New Orleans, La, 70130 1508 Masonic Temple Bldg. 333 St. Charles Ave.

New York, N. Y. 10001 Empire State Bldg.
Philadelphia, Pa. 19107 Jeffers on Bldg. 1015 Chestnut St.

Phoenix, Ariz. 85025
New Federal Bldg.
230 N. First Ave.

Pittsburgh, Pa. 15222 1030 Park Bldg. 355 Fifth Ave.
Portland, Oreg. 97204 217 Old U.S. Courthouse 520 SW Morrison St.
Reno, Nev. 89502 1479 Wells Ave.
Richmond, Va. 23240 2105 Federal Bldg. 400 N. Eighth St.
St. Louis, Mo. 63103 2511 Federal Bldg. 1520 Market St.

Salt Lake City, Utah 84101 222 SW Temple St.
San Francisco, Calif. 94011 419 Customhouse 555 Battery St.
Santurce, P.R. 00907 Room 628
605 Condado Ave.
Savannah, Ga. 31402 235 U.S. Courthouse and Post Office Bldg. 125-29 Buil St.

Seattle, Wash. 98104 809 Federal Office Bldg. 909 First Ave.

## Preface

This report has been prepared to bring together many of the available economic indicators in convenient form for analysis and interpretation by specialists in business cycle analysis. The presentation and classification of series in this report follows the business indicators approach. The classification of series and the business cycle turning dates are those designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) which, in recent years, has been the leader in this field of investigation. However, this publication is not to be taken as implying acceptance or endorsement by the Bureau of the Census or any other government agency of any particular approach to business cycle analysis. It is intended only to supplement other reports of the Department of Commerce that provide data for analyzing current business conditions.

The unique features are the arrangement of data according to their usual timing relations during the course of the business cycle and the inclusion of special analytical measures and historical cyclical comparisons that help in evaluating the current stage of the business cycle.

About 70 principal indicators and over 300 components are used for the different measures shown. The movements of the series are shown against the background of the expansions and contractions of the general business cycle so that "leads" and "lags" can be readily detected and unusual cyclical developments spotted. The exact number of series included for the total and important classes of series may vary from month to month because of additions of new series and revisions in the composition of indexes. Almost all of the basic data are available in published reports. A complete list of the series and the sources of data is shown on the back cover of this report. All the data shown are seasonally adjusted where seasonal variations appear to exist.

The chief merits of this report are the speed with which the data for indicators are collected, assembled, and published and the arrangement of the series for business cycle studies. Electronic computers are used for many of the computations, thus making early publication possible. Publication is scheduled for around the 20th of the month following the month of data.

# New Features and <br> Changes for This Issue 

A limited number of changes are made from time to time to reflect the change from one stage of the business cycle to another, to show new findings of business cycle research and newly available economic series, or to emphasize the activity of a particular series or series group. Such changes may involve additions or deletions of series used, changes in placement in relation to other series, changes in components of indexes, etc. These changes will be listed in this section each month. The changes made in this issue are as follows:

1. Cyclical comparisons shown in tables 7, 8, and 9 relate changes in the current expansion to changes over periods of like duration during previous expansions. In some cases the intervals covered by the current expansion are longer than those of previous expansions. In tables 7 and 8 on reference cycle comparisons, the percentage changes continue to be for the same period as covered by the current expansion although, for some periods, a contraction was underway. In table 9 on specific cycle comparisons, the percentage changes cover only the period of the specific expansion; i.e., to the specific peak level. For some expansions this interval is shorter than that of the current expansion.
2. Series 30 , Nonagricultural Placements, All Industries, has been revised because of the introduction of a trading-day adjustment.
3. The summary measures shown for individual monthly series in appendix $C$ have been recomputed for a more current period. The new computations change the period of the moving averages shown in chart 1 for series $9,82,83,84$, and 91 .
4. Appendix $G$ shows historical data for series 30, 53, and 54.

The November issue of Business Cycle Developments is scheduled for release on November 21, 1963.

## BACKGROUND MATERLALS

To aid users of Business Cycle Developments, a paper "Business Cycle Indicators - The Known and the Unknown" by Julius Shiskin was included as appendix $H$ of the September 1963 issue. This paper explains what is known about business cycle indicators, the problems of using them, and the research needed to improve their usefulness. It was presented at the 34th session of the International Statistical Institute in Ottawa, Canada, on August 24, 1963.

A limited number of copies of the September issue of Business Cycle Developments are available, free of charge. If you would like copies, write to the Chief Economic Statistician, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C., 20233.

## Contents

Page
Preface ..... i
New Features and Changes for This Issue ..... ii
Descriptions and Procedures
Business Cycle Series ..... 1
Method of Presentation ..... 1
Designation of Business Cycle Turning Points ..... 1
Seasonal Adjustments ..... 1
MCD Moving Averages ..... 2
Analytical Measures of Current Change ..... 2
Comparisons of Cyclical Patterns ..... 3
Charts ..... 4
How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3 ..... 5
Basic Data
Chart 1.-Business Cycle Series: 1948 to Present:
A. NBER Leading Indicators ..... 6
B. NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators ..... 11
C. NBER Lagging Indicators ..... 14
D. Other U.S. Series With Business Cycle Significance ..... 15
E. International Comparisons of Industrial Production ..... 18
Table 1.-Basic Data for Business Cycle Series: January 1960 to Present. ..... 20
Analytical Measures
Table 2.-Recent Changes for Business Cycle Series ..... 30
Table 3.-Distribution of Highs in Business Cycle Indicators During
Table 3.-Distribution of Highs in Business Cycle Indicators DuringRecent Months Compared With Periods Around Previous BusinessCycle Peaks32
Chart 2.-Diffusion Indexes: 1948 to Present: A. NBER Leading Indicators ..... 33
B. NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators ..... 34
Chart 3.-Diffusion Indexes - Actual and Anticipated: 1948 to Present . ..... 35
Table 4. -Diffusion Indexes (Percent Rising) for 12 Major Economic Activities: January 1960 to Present ..... 36
Table 5.-Diffusion Indexes, Actual and Anticipated, for 4 Manufac- turing Activities: January 1960 to Present ..... 39
Table 6.-Direction of Change in Series Components Over SpecifiedTime Spans and Percent of Series Rising: July 1962 to Present:A. (D1) Average Workweek of Production Workers, Manufacturing 40B. (D6) Value of Manufacturers' New Orders, Durable GoodsIndustries41
C. (D19) Index of Stock Prices, 500 Common Stocks ..... 42
D. (D23) Index of Industrial Materials Prices ..... 43
E. (D5) Initial Claims for Unemployment Insurance, State Programs ..... 44
F. (D41) Number of Employees in Nonagricultural Establishments ..... 45
G. (D47) Index of Industrial Production ..... 46
H. (D54) Sales of Retail Stores ..... 47

## Contents

## Cyclical Patterns

Chart 4.-Comparisons of Reference Cycle Patterns..................... . . . 48
Chart 5. - Comparisons of Specific Cycle Patterns
Table 7.-Percent of Reference Peak Levels as Measured at
Designated Months After the Reference Trough Dates in the 9 Most Recent Expansions57

Table 8. - Percent Change From Reference Trough Levels as
Measured at Designated Months After the Reference Trough Dates
in the 9 Most Recent Expansions....................................... ..... 58
Table $9 .-$ Percent of Specific Peak Levels and Percent Change from
Specific Trough Levels as Measured at Designated Months After the Specific Trough Dates in the 9 Most Recent Expansions ..... 59
Appendixes
Appendix A. - Business Cycle Reference Dates and Duration of Expansions and Contractions in the United States: 1854 to 1961 ..... 61
Appendix B.-Specific Trough and Peak Dates for Selected Business Indicators ..... 62
Appendix C. - Average Percentage Changes and Related Measures for Monthly and Quarterly Business Cycle Series ..... 63
Appendix D.-Current Seasonal Adjustment Factors for Business Cycle Series Adjusted by Bureau of the Census or NBER (November 1962 to December 1963) ..... 65
Appendix E.-Summary Description of X-9 and X-10 Versions of theCensus Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program (not shown thismonth)
Appendix F.-Percent Change for Selected Series Over Contraction andExpansion Periods of Business Cycles: 1920 to 1961 (not shownthis month)
Appendix G. - Historical Data for Selected Series. ..... 66
Series Index to Charts, Tables, and Appendixes ..... 67

## Descriptions and <br> Procedures

## Business Cycle Series

Intensive research over many years has provided a record of the typical sequence of changes in economic processes during a business cycle; more specifically, a list of significant series that usually lead, those that usually move with, and those that usually lag behind cyclical movements in aggregate economic activity. The series have been grouped, in accordance with the NBER classification, as "leading," "roughly coincident," or "lagging" indicators. In addition, other series are included in this report for a more complete coverage of the national economy. The series are described as follows:

NBER Leading Indicators.-Around 30 series usually reach peaks or troughs before those in aggregate economic activity as measured by the roughly coincident series (see below). For this reason, they are designated as "leading" series. One group of these series pertains to activities in the labor market, another to orders and contracts, and so on.

NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators. - About 15 series are direct measures of aggregate economic activity or move roughly together with it; for example, nonagricultural employment, industrial production and retail sales. For this reason they are referred to as "roughly coincident" series.

NBER Lagging Indicators.-Some series, such as new plant and equipment expenditures and manufacturers' inventories, usually have reached turning points after they were reached in aggregate economic activity, and for this reason, they are designated as "lagging" series.

Other series.-Additional U.S. series with business cycle significance are also shown. Some of these series, such as change in money supply, merchandise trade balance, and cash surplus or deficit, represent important factors in the economy, but they have not qualified as indicators for various reasons, such as irregularity in timing. Finally, industrial production indexes for several countries which have important trade relations with the United States are presented.

## Method of Presentation

Data are shown in this report in three general categories, as follows:

Basic data (chart 1 and table 1). -Over 50 business cycle indicators and 20 additional series with business cycle significance are included. Together they provide a broad view of current and prospective business cycle fluctuations in the economy as well as the basis for making an economic interpretation of these fluctuations.

Analytical measures (charts 2-3 and tables 2-6). These are measures which aid in forming a judgment of (1) the magnitude of current changes compared to previous changes, (2) the imminence of a turning point in the business cycle, and (3) the extent of current changes in different parts of the economy. They also aid in pointing to developments in particular industries and places.

Cyclical patterns (charts 4-5 and tables 7-9). The current cyclical change is compared with changes at corresponding stages of earlier cycles. These comparisons are made in different ways depending upon the phase of the business cycle.

In addition to the data shown as part of the regular report, certain appendix materials are presented. These materials include historical data, key information, and adjustment factors.

## Designation of Business Cycle Turning Points

The historical business cycle turning points are those designated by the NBER. They mark the approximate date when aggregate economic activity reached its cyclical high or low levels. As a matter of general practice, a business cycle turning point will not be designated until at least 6 months after it has occurred.

## Seasonal Adjustments

Official seasonally adjusted data are used in this report wherever they are available. However, for the special purposes of business cycle studies, a number of series that are not ordinarily published in seasonally adjusted form are shown on a seasonally adjusted basis in this report. These series are as follows:
4. Number of persons on temporary layoff, all industries
5. Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs
9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings, floor space
13. Number of new business incorporations
14. Current liabilities of business failures
15. Number of business failures with liabilities of $\$ 100,000$ and over
17. Price per unit of labor cost index
18. Profits (before taxes) per dollar of sales, all manufacturing corporations
30. Nonagricultural placements, all industries
55. Index of wholesale prices, all commodities other than farm products and foods
62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing
81. Index of consumer prices
82. Federal cash payments to the public
83. Federal cash receipts from the public
84. Federal cash surplus or deficit
90. Defense Department obligations, procurement
91. Defense Department obligations, total
92. Military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms
97. Backlog of capital appropriations, manufacturing
128. Japan, index of industrial production

Seasonal adjustments for these series were developed by either the Bureau of the Census or the NBER. The adjustment factors used are shown in the appendix table $D$, except for series 97 which is the sum of seasonally adjusted components, and series 9 which is based on unpublished source data. Seasonally adjusted data prepared by the collecting agency will be substituted for the series mentioned above whenever they are published.

## MCD Moving Averages

MCD (months for cyclical dominance) is an estimate of the appropriate span over which to observe the cyclical movements in a monthly series. This span is usually longer than a single month because month-to-month changes are often dominated by erratic movements, but shorter than the frequently used 12 -month span (change from the same month a year ago), and is different for different series (see appendix $C$ for $M C D$ values and method of computation).

MCD is, on average, the first interval of months for which the average amplitude of the cyclical factor is greater than that of the irregular factor and remains so. It is small for smooth series and large for irregular series. The differences between moving averages of the period equal to MCD are commensurate with the differences between seasonally adjusted values separated by the same MCD span; thus, the month-to-month differences in a 3 -month moving average are commensurate with differences in seasonally adjusted values over 3 -month spans. MCD moving averages all have about the same degree of smoothness. Consequently, MCD moving averages of highly irregular series, such as business failures and Federal cash payments, will show their cyclical movements about as clearly as the seasonally adjusted data for such smooth series as industrial production and
personal income. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{MCD}$ moving averages are shown for some series in chart l. To provide an indication of the variation about these moving averages, seasonally adjusted data are also plotted for years beginning with 1960.

Because of advance reporting and preliminary seasonal factors, the MCD's for current data are usually larger than those computed from historical series and shown in appendix $C$.

## Analytical Measures of Current Change

Four kinds of analytical measures are pre-sented-rates of change, diffusion indexes, timing distributions, and direction-of-change tables. These measures aid in forming a judgment of the magnitude of current changes compared to previous changes, the imminence of a turning point in the business cycle, and the extent of current changes in different parts of the economy. They also point to developments in particular industries and places.

Rates of change. - There is considerable interest in the rate of acceleration during expansions and the rate of retardation during recessions. ${ }^{2}$ For this reason, rates of change for the principal monthly and quarterly business cycle series are included in table 2 of this report. Rates of change are helpful in judging and appraising trends of acceleration or retardation in a current business cycle phase, despite the fact that the erratic nature of month-tomonth rates of change often makes it difficult to determine the significance of a change until some months after it has occurred. For series, such as unemployment and layoffs, which usually move down during expansions and up during recessions, the changes are inverted so that, in table 2, rises are shown as declines and declines as rises.

Diffusion indexes. - Diffusion indexes are simple summary measures of groups of economic series. They express, for a given group, the percent of the series which has risen over given intervals of time. Their turning points tend to lead the turning points of the aggregate and they measure how widespread a business change is. They vary between the limits of 100 (all components rising) and zero (all components falling). Widespread increases are often associated with rapid growth in aggregate activity, and widespread declines with sharp reductions.

The diffusion indexes in this report are grouped according to the timing classification of the NBER. For monthly series, comparisons are made over
${ }^{1}$ For a more complete description of MCD and its use in studying economic series, see Business Cycle Indicators, Geoffrey H. Moore, editor; National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., vol. 1, ch. 18, "Statistics for Short-Term Economic Forecasting," by Julius Shiskin (Princeton University Press: 1961).
${ }^{2}$ Various terms are used to describe the phases of the business cycle. In this report both "contraction" and "recession" are used to describe the declining phase. No difference in meaning is intended.

1-month intervals (January-February, FebruaryMarch, etc.) and generally for either 3- or 5 -month intervals depending upon the irregularity of the series. Quarterly series are shown at l-quarter or 4-quarter intervals. The indexes based on 1month intervals are more "current" but they are also more irregular than the 3 - or 5 -month indexes (see chart 2). Quarterly series are compared over l-quarter intervals and 4-quarter intervals.

Series numbers preceded by the letter "D" designate diffusion indexes. When one of these numbers corresponds to a basic indicator series number, it means that the diffusion index has been computed from components of the indicator series; for example, the diffusion index numbered "D6" is computed from components of series number 6. Diffusion indexes not computed from basic series components are assigned new numbers.

This report includes 29 diffusion indexes based on 16 indicator series (see tables 4 and 5). Seventeen of these indexes are computed by the Bureau of the Census utilizing nearly 300 components of 9 indicators (D1, D5, D6, D19, D23, D41, D47, D54, and D58). Indexes for 8 of these indicators show comparisons for components over 1 -month and either 3- or 5-month spans while, for 1 indicator (D58), comparisons are over $1-m o n t h ~ s p a n s ~ o n l y . ~$ The 12 other diffusion indexes are based on 7 indicators closely related to the above 9 indicators. They include two indexes on capital appropriations ( 602 companies and 15 industries) -NBER indexes based on data from the National Industrial Conference Board; the Chicago Purchasing Agents Association index based on monthly reports of changes in profits ( 200 companies); and First National City Bank of New York index based on quarterly profit reports ( 700 companies); and 8 NBER diffusion in-dexes-actual and anticipated-for the following: Manufacturers' sales ( 800 companies) and new orders ( 400 companies), based on data from Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; carloadings ( 19 commodity groups), based on data from the Association of American Railroads; and new plant and equipment expenditures ( 16 industries), based on data from the Office of Business Economics and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Diffusion indexes that are based on anticipations show what proportion of business enterprises (or industries) are forecasting a rise in activity. Comparisons with indexes based on actual changes show whether there is a generally optimistic bias or a lag in recognition of actual developments.

Diffusion indexes constructed on the basis of current data are often highly irregular and require careful judgment in their use and interpretation.

Timing distributions. - Distributions of current "highs" appear to be helpful in appraising the evidence for a prospective business cycle turning point. Each month a timing distribution is constructed which shows the number of series reaching high values during each month of the expansion. The timing distribution is summarized by showing the number of series reaching new highs and the percent currently high for each of several recent months (see table 3). Similar distributions of "lows" will be prepared during contractions.

To provide historical perspective for interpreting the distribution of current highs, such distributions are also shown for leading and coincident series as theyappear 3 months and 6 months before the peak of each of the earlier post-World War II expansions and at their peaks.

To compile timing distributions for the current cyclical phase, the data for the principal business cycle indicators are scanned each month. During a business cycle expansion, the high value for each series is recorded. (For inverted series, that is series with negative conformity to the business cycle, low values are taken during expansions and high values during contractions.) If the values for 2 or more months are equal, the latest date is taken as the high month. In selecting these values, erratic values are disregarded, although it is, of course, difficult to identify an erratic value, particularly for the current month.

The letter "H" is used in the basic data table (table 1) to identify and highlight the current high values during the expansion, and the letter "L" to identify the low values preceding the current highs. The highs designated during the current cyclical phase will not necessarily be the specific cycle peaks. Thus, as new high levels are reached during the expansion, the current highs will be moved ahead. On the other hand, lows preceding current highs are usually specific cycle troughs. Comparisons of the current timing distributions with those for periods around earlier business cycle troughs and peaks are helpful for appraising the evidence of a prospective business cycle turning point.

Interpretations of timing distributions must be made in light of the fact that a contraction following a high value reached several months ago may be the result of an erratic fluctuation and that a new high may be reached in some future month. In short, when the percent currently high falls below 50 percent for both the leading and roughly coincident series, this does not necessarily signify that a business cycle peak has occurred. It may do so, but it may also simply reflect a short reversal in the upward movement.

Direction-of-change tables. - Direction-of-change tables show directions of change ( $1+1$ for rising, "o" for unchanged, and "-" for falling) in the components used for the diffusion indexes. These tables provide a convenient view of changing business conditions and are helpful in making an economic interpretation of the movements in the more highly aggregated statistical measures. That is, they show which economic activities went up, which went down, and how long such movements have persisted. They also help to show how a recession or recovery spreads from one sector of the economy to another.

Directions of change for each index component are shown for consecutive months and, depending upon the irregularity of the series, for either 3-or 5 -month spans.

## Comparisons of Cyclical Patterns

In forming a judgment about the current intensity and probable ultimate character of a cyclical fluctuation, some economists find it helpful to compare
the behavior of the indicator series and diffusion indexes in the current business cycle phase with their behavior during the corresponding phase of previous business cycles. These comparisons are made in different ways depending upon the phase of the business cycle.

Contractions are compared by computing changes over the span from the most recent business cycle peak to the current month and over equal spans from previous reference peaks. This type of comparison is designated as representing changes from reference peak levels and from reference peak dates.

Expansions may be compared by measuring changes from the immediately preceding peak levels. In this report the current expansion is related to the May 1960 reference peak. For earlier expansions, percentage changes are also computed from their respective reference peaks to dates which are the same number of months beyond the succeeding referencetroughs as the current expansion is beyond its reference trough. This type of comparison is designated as representing changes computed from reference peak levels and from reference trough dates. Although the spans from reference trough dates are the same for each expansion, the spans from the preceding peak dates are different, depending on the length of the contractions. This type of comparison answers the question whether, and by how much, the current level of activity exceeds or falls short of the level at the preceding business cycle peak, a given number of months after the recovery began, and how the current situation compares in this respect with earlier recoveries.

Expansions also may be compared by computing changes from reference trough levels and from reference trough dates. This type of comparison measures the extent of the rise from the trough level so many months after the upswing began.

In addition to comparing cyclical fluctuations on the basis of reference dates (which are the same for all series), comparisons are made on the basis of specific peak and trough dates identified for each series. For example, the specific peak in retail sales corresponding to the May 1960 reference peak is April 1960; the specific peak in stock prices is July 1959.

Recent performance in several individual indicators is compared graphically with that in earlier business cycles. In making graphic comparisons, the reference peak or trough levels are set equal to 100 , and the reference peak or trough dates are alined depending on the phase of the business cycle.

In order to make historical comparisons, it is frequently necessary to use data for a closely related series for cycles prior to the initial date covered by the series used currently. Such comparisons are, therefore, to be considered only approximate. Nearly all series have undergone change in definition, coverage, or estimation procedure since 1919. The principal cases of this sort are as follows:
7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started (prior to 1939: Residential building contracts, floor space)
41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments (prior to 1929: Employment in manufacturing)
52. Personal income (prior to 1929: Quarterly data as published by Barger and Klein)
54. Sales of retail stores (prior to 1935: Department store sales)
62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing (prior to 1946: Production worker wage cost per unit).

## Charts

Two types of charts are used to highlight the cyclical patterns of the business cycle indicators: Historical time series and cyclical comparisons.

Historical Time Series (charts 1, 2, and 3).These charts show the cyclical fluctuations of each series against the background of expansions and recessions in general business activity from 1948 to the current month. Shaded areas on the charts indicate periods of business cycle recession between business cycle peak dates (beginnings of shaded areas) and business cycle trough dates (ends of shaded areas). The shading for a new recession will be entered only after a trough has been designated.

Five ratio scales and several arithmetic scales are used to highlight the cyclical movements of the various series. The scale selected for each series is identified in the margin of the chart. Rates of change of various series can be compared with each other only where scales are identical. See the diagram, page 5 , for additional help in using these charts.

Cyclical Comparisons (charts 4 and 5). -These charts compare the performance of each series during the current expansion or recession with that during the corresponding phase of previous business cycles. In these charts the usual date sequence followed in charts is disregarded, and instead the data are alined at a strategic point of the business cycle, either the trough or the peak. Thus these charts facilitate judgements on the vigor of a current expansion or the severity of a current recession relative to cyclical movements during the corresponding phases of previous cycles.

Two types of cyclical comparisons are made. Chart 4 compares the pattern of the current business or reference cycle (i.e., the cycle for aggregate economic activity) with movements over the corresponding phase of previous reference cycles. Chart 5 compares the pattern of the current specific cycle (i.e., the cycle for a particular series) with the movements over the corresponding phases of previous specific cycles in that series. In both charts, the trough dates are alined. In chart 4, the levels of the preceding peaks are also alined and in chart 5, the levels of the preceding troughs are also alined. See the section, "Comparisons of Cyclical Patterns", for more detailed descriptions of these comparisons.

## How to

Read
Charts 1,2 ,
and 3

*Certain irregular series are shown in terms of their MCD moving averages. These series are noted. Such averages are plotted 2 months behind actual data for
MCD 5 -term moving averages and $2 / 2$ months behind, for MCD 6 -term moving averages. See text for description of MCD moving averages.

A NBER Leading Indicators


See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.


## CHART 1 BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT-Con.

A
NBER Leading Indicators-Con.


- See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.


## CHART 1

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT-Con.


See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.


See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.


See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.

B
NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators-Con.


See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, ond 3," page 5.

B
NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators-Con.
 See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.

## CHART I

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT-Con.


See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.

## CHART 1

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT—Con.
D Other U.S. Series With Business Cycle Significance


## CHART I

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT-Con.
D Other U.S. Series With Business Cycle Significance-Con.


See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.

## CHART 1



CHART 1 BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: 1948 TO PRESENT-Con.


See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.

## E International Comparisons of Industrial Production-Con.



See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.

## Table 1.--BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT

Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated
 true for inverse series (series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$, and 45 ). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

| Year and month | NBER Leading Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing | 2. Accession rate, manufacturing | 30. Nonagricultural <br> placements, all industries | 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing | 4. Number of persons on temporary layoff, all industries ${ }^{1}$ | 5. Avg. weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs | 6. Value of mfrs.' new orders, durable goods industries | 24. Value of mfrs.' new orders, machinery and equipment industries |
| 1960 | (Hours per prod. wkr.) | (Per 100 employees) | (Thous.) <br> Revised ${ }^{2}$ | (Per 100 employees) | (Thous.) | (Thous.) | (Bil. dol.) | (Bil. dol.) |
| January........ | 40.6 | 4.2 | 518 | 1.6 | 122 | 281 | 14.19 | 5.04 |
| February....... | 40.2 | 4.1 | 519 | 1.9 | 110 | 271 | 14.80 | 5.14 |
| March. ......... | 39.9 | 3.6 | 501 | 2.3 | 116 | 303 | 14.64 | 5.06 |
| April.......... | 39.7 | 3.6 | 512 | 2.4 | 156 | 294 | 14.47 | 5.12 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . | 40.0 | 3.8 | 490 | 2.3 | 160 | 316 | 14.68 | 5.17 |
| June........... | 39.8 | 3.7 | 481 | 2.5 | 145 | 322 | 14.34 | 5.01 |
| July........... | 39.8 | 3.6 | 475 | 2.4 | 177 | 335 | 13.84 | 4.78 |
| August.......... | 39.6 | 3.8 | 472 | 2.6 | 154 | 363 | 14.41 | 4.96 |
| September...... | 39.5 | 3.9 | 476 | 2.5 | 153 | 351 | 14.62 | 4.87 |
| October. | 39.6 | (D) 3.5 | 471 | 2.4 | 166 | 373 | 13.74 | (L) 4.65 |
| November. . . . . . | 39.3 | 3.6 | 453 | 2.6 | 128 | 385 | 13.60 | 4.81 |
| December....... | (L) 38.4 | 3.6 | 459 | 2.8 | 183 | 381 | 13.22 | 4.66 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | 39.2 | 3.9 | (L) 44.4 | 2.9 | 173 | 393 | (L)12.88 | 4.79 |
| February....... | 39.4 | 3.8 | 447 | (L)2.9 | (L)222 | (C)429 | 13.36 | 4.80 |
| March........... | 39.4 | 4.3 | 459 | 2.4 | 215 | 379 | 13.82 | 5.10 |
| April.......... | 39.5 | 4.2 | 448 | 2.1 | 141 | 381 | 14.38 | 4.99 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . | 39.6 | 4.2 | 469 | 2.2 | 150 | 358 | 14.79 | 5.17 |
| June........... | 39.8 | 4.0 | 494 | 2.2 | 151 | 334 | 14.90 | 5.30 |
| July........... | 39.9 | 4.1 | 493 | 2.3 | 101 | 348 | 15.02 | 5.28 |
| August......... | 40.0 | 4.1 | 512 | 1.9 | 136 | 316 | 15.63 | 5.55 |
| September...... | 39.8 | 3.8 | 507 | 2.2 | 127 | 329 | 15.74 | 5.45 |
| October........ | 40.3 | [ 4.4 .4 | 524 | 1.7 | 113 | 304 | 16.07 | 5.59 |
| November....... | 40.6 | 4.3 | 540 | 1.8 | 115 | 305 | 16.10 | 5.74 |
| December....... | 40.3 | 4.1 | 551 | 2.0 | 127 | 296 | 16.24 | 5.48 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | 40.0 | 4.2 | 557 | 1.9 | 154 | 304 | 16.43 | 5.78 |
| February....... | 40.3 | 4.2 | 559 | 1.9 | [H82 | 291 | 16.19 | 5.71 |
| March.......... | 40.6 | 4.1 | 572 | 1.7 | 118 | 279 | 16.00 | 5.59 |
| April.......... | 40.6 | 4.2 | 574 | 1.8 | 112 | 280 | 15.73 | 5.47 |
| May........... | 40.5 | 4.1 | W592 | 2.0 | 116 | 300 | 15.97 | 5.60 |
| June............ | 40.4 | 4.0 | 557 | 2.0 | 114 | 309 | 15.44 | 5.62 |
| July........... | 40.4 | 4.2 | 557 | 2.1 | 128 | 308 | 16.27 | 5.71 |
| August......... | 40.2 | 3.9 | 550 | 2.3 | 131 | 303 | 15.91 | 5.60 |
| September...... | [140.7 | 4.0 | 555 | 1.9 | 120 | 300 | 15.89 | 5.69 |
| October........ | 40.2 | 3.9 | 554 | 2.0 | 129 | 300 | 16.57 | 5.62 |
| November....... | 40.4 | 3.8 | 559 | 1.9 | 139 | 298 | 16.34 | 5.85 |
| December....... | 40.2 | 3.8 | 540 | 2.0 | 114 | 317 | 16.02 | 5.74 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | 40.4 | 3.7 | 552 | 2.0 | 179 | 316 | 16.71 | 5.75 |
| February....... | 40.3 | 3.9 | 557 | 1.8 | 112 | 295 | 17.09 | 5.89 |
| Mareh........... | 40.5 | 3.8 | 557 | 1.8 | 108 | - 277 | 17.48 | 5.84 |
| April.......... | 40.1 | 4.1 | 563 | 1.8 | 146 | 288 | 囚17.89 | 6.01 |
| May............ | 40.5 | 3.8 | 554 | 1.8 | 87 | 287 | 17.70 | 6.14 |
| June............ | 40.5 | 3.9 | 543 | 团1.7 | 85 | 288 | 17.08 | 6.15 |
| July. . . . . . . . . . | 40.4 | $r 4.0$ | 541 | r1.9 | 130 | 286 | r17.23 | $r 6.09$ |
| August......... | 40.3 | p3.6 | 538 | p2.1 | 134 | 285 | r16.85 | r6.07 |
| September...... | p40.6 | ( NA ) | 554 | (NA) | 100 | 284 3300 | p17.52 | [4] p6.28 |
| November........ |  |  |  |  |  | 300 |  |  |
| December....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Beginning with April 1962, the 1960 Census is used as the benchmark for computing this series. Prior to April 1962 , the 1950 Census is used as the benchmark.
${ }_{3}^{2}$ See "New Festures and Changes For This Issua," page ii.
${ }^{3}$ Week ended October 12, 1963.

## Table 1．－BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT－Continued

Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk（＊）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by（L）and current highs，by $[G$ ；the reverse is true for inverse series（series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$ ，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．

| Year and month | NEER Leading Indicators－－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 9．Construc－ tion contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings | 10．Contracts and orders for plant and equipment | 11．Newly ap－ proved capital appropriations， 602 manufac－ turing corpo－ rations | 7．New private nonfarm dwel－ ling units started | 29．Index of new private housing units authorized by local build－ ing permits | 12．Net change in business population， operating businesses | 13．Number of new busi－ ness incor－ porations |
| 1960 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Mil, sq. ft. } \\ & \text { floor space) } \end{aligned}$ | （Bil．dol．） | （Bil．dol．） | （Ann．rate， thous．） | （1957－59＝100） | （Thous．） | （Number） |
| January．．． | 37.32 | 5.56 |  | 1，444 | 100.2 |  | 16，561 |
| February．． | 36.93 | 5.69 | 2.27 | 1，508 | 98.2 | ＋19 | 15，274 |
| March．．．．． | 36.73 | 5.61 | ．．． | 1，107 | 86.0 |  | 15，233 |
| April．．．．．．． | 38.73 | 5.72 | $\ldots$ | 1，252 | 93.9 | $\cdots$ | 15，280 |
| May．．．．．．．．． | 39.25 | 5.78 | 2.02 | 1，249 | 95.4 | ＋17 | 15，176 |
| June．．． | 40.31 | 5.58 | ．．． | 1，231 | 88.1 |  | 15，630 |
| July．．． | 38.87 | 5.39 | $\cdots$ | 1，184 | 91.5 | ． | 15，828 |
| August．．．．． | 39.38 | 5.58 | （L） 1.78 | 1，285 | 87.8 | ＋14 | 15，114 |
| September．．． | 38.96 | 5.51 | ．．． | 1，113 | 88.4 | ．．． | 15，112 |
| October．．． | 39.44 | （L）5．27 | $\cdots$ | 1，210 | 89.9 | $\cdots$ | 15，035 |
| Novermer． | 39.44 | 5.39 | 2.10 | 1，192 | 90.8 | ＋10． | 14，264 |
| December．． | 38.15 | 5.28 | ．．． | （L）1，041 | （LL） 87.0 | ．．． | 14，097 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．． | 36.21 | 5.53 | $\cdots$ | 1，216 | 89.5 | $\ldots$ | （L）13，607 |
| February．．． | 36.49 | 5.45 | 1.84 | 1，199 | 88.2 | （1）＋6 | 14，570 |
| March．．．．．． | 37.49 | 5.58 | ．．． | 1，305 | 91.3 | ．．． | 14，658 |
| April．．．．．．． | 35.62 | 5.53 | $\cdots$ | 1，133 | 91.4 | $\cdots$ | 15，327 |
| May．．．．． | （L） 35.16 | 5.73 | 1.93 | 1，215 | 93.2 | ＋10 | 15，298 |
| June．． | 36.73 | 5.90 | ．．． | 1，340 | 98.7 | ．．． | 15，431． |
| July．．．． | 36.57 | 5.82 | $\cdots$ | 1，305 | 98.9 |  | 15，492 |
| August．．．． | 39.32 | 6.13 | 2.23 | 1，252 | 101.9 | ＋10 | 15，277 |
| September． | 38.73 | 5.97 | $\cdots$ | 1，453 | 100.2 | ．．． | 15，402 |
| October． | 33.88 | 6.16 | $\ldots$ | 1，381 | 104.2 | $\cdots$ | 16，035 |
| November．． | 41.61 | 6.42 | 2.10 | 1，319 | 101.8 | ＋10 | 16，149 |
| December． | 41.69 | 6.02 | ．．． | 1，324 | 99.0 | ．．． | 15，711 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．． | 38.99 | 6.34 |  | 1，392 | 102.8 |  | 15，279 |
| February．． | 44.10 | 6.38 | 2.34 | 1，253 | 109.8 | ＋1i | 15，775 |
| March．．．．． | 45.19 | 6.31 | ．．． | 1，460 | 105.0 | ．．． | 15，727 |
| April．．．．． | 40.87 | 6.11 | ． | 1，489 | 111.5 |  | 15，372 |
| May．．．． | 45.39 | 6.27 | 2.02 | 1，501 | 103.7 | ＋12 | 15，363 |
| June．．．．． | 42.99 | 6.29 | ．．． | 1，366 | 107.1 | ．．． | 14，990 |
| July．．．．．．．． | 39.86 | 6.37 | $\ldots$ | 1，423 | 108.6 | －．． | 15，171 |
| August．．．．．． | 42.65 | 6.29 | 2.41 | 1，459 | 106.3 | ＋11 | 15，216 |
| September．． | 39.90 | 6.24 | $\ldots$ | 1，328 | 110.2 |  | 15，232 |
| October．．．． | 41.62 | 6.24 | ． 7 | 1，491 | 109.5 |  | 15，121 |
| November．． | 41.68 | 6.50 | 田2．71 | 1，564 | 114.9 | ＋11 | 14，892 |
| December．． | 42.48 | 6.59 | ．．． | 1，541 | 114.5 | ．．． | 14，767 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．． | 44.94 | 6.36 | $\ldots$ | 1，317 | 110.0 |  | 14，457 |
| February．．． | 46.98 | 6.51 | 2.15 | 1，353 | 109.3 | ＋11 | 15，398 |
| March．．．．．． | 38.92 | 6.37 | ．．． | 1，549 | 112.9 | $\cdots$ | 15，604 |
| April．．．．．．． | 37.87 | 6.63 | $\ldots$ | 1，590 | 111.3 |  | 15，257 |
| Yay．．．．．．．． | 47.95 | ［47．02 | 2.59 | 1，590 | 117.9 | ［田＋12 | 15，756 |
| June．．．．．．．． | 田53．97 | 6.87 |  | 1，554 | 120.5 |  | 15，512 |
| July．．．．．．．． | 4.78 4.78 | 6.70 6.68 |  | r1， 515 r1， | 115.1 r111 |  | 15,356 16,201 |
| 4ugust．．．．． | 45.31 | ${ }^{6.68}$（MA） | （NA） | r1， 19 困pl，654 | r111． 龱 $\mathrm{pl21} .2$ | （NA） | 16,201 （NA） |
| Jc tober．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jovember．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 1．－BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT－Continued
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk（＊）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by $(\square)$ and current highs，by $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text {（ } ~ \text { ；the reverse is }\end{array}\right.$ true for inverse series（series 3，4，5，14，15，40，43，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．

| Year and month | NBER Leading Indicators－－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 14．Current liabilities of business failures | 15．Business failures with liabilities of \＄100，000 and over | 16．Corpo－ rate profits after taxes | 17．Price per unit of labor cost index | 18．Profits （before tax－ es）per dol． sales，all mf g ．corpo－ rations | 22．Ratio， profits to income orig－ inating，cor－ porate，all industries | 19．Index of stock prices， 500 common stocks＊ | 21．Change in bus．invento－ ries，farm and nonfarm，after valuation ad－ justment |
| 1960 | （Mil．dol．） | （Number per week） | （Ann．rate， bil．dol．） | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | （Cents） | （Percent） | （1941－43＝10） | $\begin{gathered} \text { (Ann. rate, } \\ \text { bil. dol.) } \end{gathered}$ |
| January．．．．． | 52.88 | 29 |  | 103.6 | A |  | 58.03 |  |
| February．．．． | 57.60 | 27 | 24.1 | 102.3 | 8.8 | 9.7 | 55.78 | ＋9． |
| March．．．． | 61.57 | 30 | ．．． | 101.9 | ．．． | ．．． | 55.02 |  |
| April．．．．． | 63.71 | 30 |  | 101.4 | ．．． |  | 55.73 |  |
| May．．．．．．．． | 76.52 | 32 | 22.6 | 100.8 | 8.0 | 9.1 | 55.22 | ＋4． |
| June．．．．．．．． | （L）131．31 | 36 | ．．． | 100.4 | ．．． | ．．． | 57.26 | ． |
| July ．． | 71.04 | 38 |  | 100.4 | $\cdots$ |  | 55.84 |  |
| August．．．．．． | 94.66 | 36 | 20.9 | 99.9 | 7.8 | 8.4 | 56.51 | ＋2． |
| September．．． | 86.02 | 43 | ．．． | 99.9 | ．．． | ．．． | 54.81 |  |
| October．．．．． | 85.98 | （L） 43 |  | 100.0 | $\cdots$ |  | （L） 53.73 |  |
| November．．．． | 80.44 | 37 | 20.4 | 99.9 | 7.2 | 8.4 | 55.47 | －2． |
| December．．．． | 82.78 | 41 | ．．． | 98.9 | ．．． | ．．． | 56.80 | ． |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．． | 77.79 | 38 |  | 99.2 |  |  | 59.72 |  |
| February．．． | 83.73 | 41 | （L）19．2 | （L）98．9 | （L） 6.6 | （6）7．7 | 62.17 | （L）-4. |
| March．．．．．． | 116.17 | 39 | ．．． | 99.0 | ．．． | ．．． | 64.12 | ． |
| April．．．．． | 76.88 | 39 | $\cdots$ | 100.0 | ．．． | ．．． | 65.83 | $\ldots$ |
| May．．．．．．．． | 82.96 | 42 | 21.6 | 100.2 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 66.50 | ＋1． |
| June．．．．．．． | 86.69 | 40 | ．．． | 100.9 | ．．． | ．．． | 65.62 |  |
| July．．．．．．．． | 80.15 | 43 | $\cdots$ | 101.2 |  |  | 65.44 |  |
| August．．．． | 94.47 | 36 | 22.0 | 102.6 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 67.79 | ＋3． |
| September． | 126.12 | 39 | ．．． | 102.2 | ．．． | ．．． | 67.26 |  |
| October．． | 72.28 | 42 | ， | 102.0 | $\cdots$ | ． | 68.00 |  |
| November． | 119.93 | 39 | 24.3 | 101.7 | 田8．6 | 9.3 | 71.08 | ＋7 |
| December．．．． | 71.81 | 38 | ．．． | 102.1 | ．．． | ．．． | 71.74 |  |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．．． | 101.53 | 37 |  | 101.2 | $\cdots$ |  | 69.07 |  |
| February．．．． | 86.03 | 田32 | 24.2 | 101.0 | 8.2 | 9.1 | 70.22 | $\underline{H}+8$ |
| March．．．．．． | 74.89 | 36 | － | 101.4 | －•＊ | ．．． | 70.29 |  |
| April．．．．．． | 108.58 | 38 |  | 100.6 | －．． |  | 68.05 |  |
| May．．．．．． | 94.54 | 38 | 24.6 | 101.1 | 8.1 | 9.1 | 62.99 | ＋6 |
| June．．．．．．． | 91.70 | 41 | ．．． | 100.7 | ．．． | ．．． | 55.63 |  |
| July．．．． | 107.48 | 38 | ．．． | 101.3 | ． | ．． | 56.97 |  |
| August．．．．．． | 132.64 | 45 | 24.3 | 100.0 | 8.1 | 8.9 | 58.52 | ＋3 |
| September．． | 103.73 | 40 | ．．． | 102.4 | ．．． | ．． | 58.00 |  |
| October．．． | 122.39 | 46 | ．．． | 101.3 | ．．． |  | 56.17 |  |
| November． | 98.94 | 42 | 25.5 | 101.3 | 8.3 | 9.1 | 60.04 | $+4$ |
| December． | 90.41 | 37 | ．．． | 100.9 | －•＊ | ．． | 62.64 | ． |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．．． | 153.15 | 49 | ．．． | 100.7 | $\cdots$ |  | 65.06 |  |
| February．．．． | 90.04 | 42 | 25.4 | 100.0 | 7.9 | 9.6 | 65.92 | ＋ |
| March．．．．．．． | 93.49 | 41 | ．．． | 100.8 | ．．． | ．．． | 65.67 |  |
| April．．．．．．． | 89.72 | 40 |  | 100.6 | ．$\cdot$ |  | 68.76 |  |
| May．．．．．．．．．． | 122.31 | 54 | （H2．6．8 | 102．1： | 8.5 | 바9．5 | 70.14 | ＋ |
| June．．．．．．．． | 89.37 | 38 | ．． | ［⿴囗十⺀⿺𠃊⿻丷木斤丶 103.1 |  | 4 | 70.11 |  |
| July．．．．．．． | 142.28 | 38 |  | r101．9 |  |  | 69.07 |  |
| August．．．．．．． | ［458．40 | 42 | （NA） | rl00．6 | （NA） | （NA） | －70．98 | ＋ |
| September．．． October．．．． | 92.59 | 44 |  | p101．9 |  |  | ［ ${ }^{\text {H }} 72.85$ |  |
| November．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Average for October 15,16 ，and $17,1963$.

Table 1．．－BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT－Continued
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk（ $*$ ）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by（L）and current highs，by $⿴ 囗 十 ⺝$ ；the reverse is true for inverse series（series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$ ，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂ p ＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．

| Year and month | NBER Leading Indicators－－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 31．Change in book value of manufacturing and trade in－ ventories， total | 29．Change in book value of mfrs．＇inven－ tories， purchased materials | 37．Purchased materials， percent re－ porting higher inventories | 26．Buying pol－ icy，production matls．，percent reporting com－ mitments 60 days or longer＊ | 32．Vendor performance， percent reporting slower deliveries＊ | 25．Change in manufacturers＇ unfilled or－ ders，durable goods indus－ tries | 23．Index of industrial materials prices＊ |
| 1960 | $\begin{gathered} \text { (Ann. rate; } \\ \text { bil. dol.) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (Ann. rate, } \\ \text { bil. dol.) } \end{gathered}$ | （Percent reporting） | （Percent reporting） | （Percent reporting） | （Bil．dol．） | （1957－59＝100） |
| January．．．．． | ＋12．8 | ＋4．6 | 48 | 64 | 44 | －0．52 | 105.7 |
| February．．．． | ＋11．7 | ＋1． 5 | 58 | 64 | 30 | －0．78 | 104.3 |
| March．．．．．．． | ＋11．4 | ＋0．8 | 52 | 56 | （L）27 | －0．77 | 102.4 |
| April．．．．．．．． | ＋3．2 | ＋1．0 | 47 | 61 | 28 | －0．68 | 103.8 |
| May．．．．．．．．． | ＋8．5 | ＋0．4 | 44 | 55 | 32 | －0．19 | 104.1 |
| June．．．．．．．．． | ＋2．3 | －1．6 | 45 | 57 | 34 | －0．22 | 102.7 |
| July．．．．．．．．． | －1．5 | －1．4 | 42 | 54 | 36 | －0．24 | 101.6 |
| August．．．．．． | ＋0．4 | －1．2 | 37 | 50 | 40 | －0．17 | 102.1 |
| September．．． | －0．6 | －3．2 | 41 | 49 | 41 | －0．13 | 101.2 |
| October． | ＋2．4 | －2．4 | 38 | 50 | 39 | （L） 0.77 | 99.7 |
| November．． | －2．1 | （L）－3．4 | 41 | 50 | 38 | －0．41 | 98.5 |
| December．．．． | －6．2 | －0．4 | 39 | （L） 48 | 38 | －0．30 | （L）96．8 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．．． | －5．8 | －0．3 | 41 | 52 | 38 | －0．37 | 97.3 |
| February．．．． | －3．2 | －1．0 | （L） 35 | 49 | 40 | －0．02 | 99.3 |
| March．．．．．．． | （ㄴ）－8．7 | ＋0．1 | 39 | 50 | 40 | ＋0．02 | 103.1 |
| April．．．．．．． | ＋4．1 | －0．1 | 42 | 57 | 47 | ＋0．46 | 104.1 |
| May．．．．．．．．． | ＋0．7 | ＋0．8 | 46 | 54 | 48 | ＋0．23 | 田104．4 |
| June．．．．．． | ＋0．4 | －2．2 | 43 | 56 | 48 | ＋0．11 | 101.0 |
| July．．．．．．．．． | $+4.5$ | ＋1．1 | 46 | 56 | 49 | ＋0．31 | 101.7 |
| August．．．．．． | ＋1．8 | ＋0．2 | 54 | 55 | 52 | ＋0．35 | 102.9 |
| September．．． | 田＋7．8 | ＋3．0 | 57 | 57 | 55 | ＋0．06 | 102.9 |
| October．．．． | $+4.2$ | ＋0．5 | 56 | 59 | 55 | ＋0．29 | 102.3 |
| November．．．． | $+6.1$ | ＋0．9 | 52 | 59 | 51 | ＋0．34 | 98.9 |
| December．．．． | ＋5．0 | ＋1．3 | 55 | 54 | 53 | ＋0．55 | 101.0 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．．． | ＋7．6 | 田＋5．0 | ［⿴囗十⺀⿺𠃊⿻丷木斤丶 | 57 | 56 | ＋0．53 | 102.9 |
| February．．．． | $+6.3$ | ＋2．2 | 57 | ［⿴囗十丌61 | 56 | ＋0．22 | 100.6 |
| March．．．．．．． | ＋4．2 | ＋2．9 | 57 | 56 | 55 | －0．10 | 100.4 |
| April．．．．．．． | ＋2．5 | ＋1．0 | 55 | 55 | 48 | －0．34 | 98.3 |
| May．．．．．．．．．． | +3.1 +4.3 | +0.2 -1.0 | 53 | 49 52 | 46 | -0.31 -0.32 | 97.8 95.4 |
| June．．．．．． July．${ }^{\text {a }}$ ． ． | +4.3 +3.3 | －1．0 | 48 | 52 58 | 42 | -0.32 -0.05 | 95.4 94.2 |
| July．．．．．．．．． | +3.3 -3.0 | -1.5 -1.7 | 45 | 58 52 | 44 | －0．05 | 94.2 94.5 |
| September．．． | $+5.7$ | －0．1 | 44 | 52 | 48 | －0．55 | 94.0 |
| October．．．．． | ＋3．8 | －0．8 | 45 | 55 | 48 | －0．18 | 94.9 |
| November．．．． | -1.9 +3.1 | -0.9 +0.7 | 49 | 52 | 48 | －0．52 | 96.4 95.8 |
| December．．． $1963$ | ＋3．1 | ＋0．7 | 48 | 51 | 48 | r－0．03 | 95.8 |
| January．．． | ＋3．3 | ＋1．1 | 46 | 50 | 50 | ＋0．31 | 95.5 |
| February．．．． | ＋1．9 | ＋1．0 | 48 | 55 | 52 | ＋0．61 | 95.1 |
| March．．．．．．． | ＋4．7 | ＋0．3 | 46 | 54 | 54 | 四＋1．42 | 94.4 |
| April．．．．．．． | ＋2．8 | ＋1．0 | 49 | 53 | 田60 | $+0.64$ | 94.5 |
| May．．．．．．．．．． | ＋3．8 | －0．3 | 57 | 52 | 58 | ＋0．81 | 95.2 |
| June．．．．．．．． | ＋7．5 | ＋1．1 | 57 |  |  | －0．36 | 93.9 |
| July．．．．．．．．． | r＋5．4 | r＋1．5 | 55 | 54 | 42 | $r-0.45$ $r-0.20$ | 94.2 |
| August．．．．．． September．．． | p－0．1 | $\underset{(\mathrm{NA})}{\text { p－0．7 }}$ | 50 50 | 55 56 | 48 52 | $\mathrm{r}-0.20$ $\mathrm{p}+0.41$ | 94.2 94.1 |
| Jctober．．．．． |  |  |  | 56 |  |  | 196.3 |
| November．．． Jecember．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Average for October 15，16，and 17， 1963.

Table 1．ぃBASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT～Continued
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk（＊）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by（L）and current highs，by $[(H$ ；the reverse is true for inverse series（series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$ ，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．

| Year and month | NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 41．Number of employees in nonagri－ cultural establish－ ments | 42．Total nonagricul－ tural em－ ployment， labor force survey ${ }^{1}$ | 43．Unem－ ployment rate，total ${ }^{1}$ | 40．Unem－ ployment rate，mar－ ried males ${ }^{1}$ | 45．Avg．weekly insured unem－ ployment rate， State programs | 46．Index of help－wanted advertising in news－ papers | 47．Index of industrial production | 50．Gross national product in 1954 dol－ lars |
| $1960$ | （Thous．） | （Thous．） | （Percent） | （Percent） | （Percent） | （1957＝100） | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Ann. rate, } \\ & \text { bil. dol. } \end{aligned}$ |
| January．．． | 54，331 | 60，521 | 5.29 | 3.38 | 4.27 | 109.0 | 111.7 | － |
| February．．． | 54，527 | 60，863 | 4.96 | 3.11 | 4.17 | 110.1 | 111.0 | 439.9 |
| March．．．．． | 54，499 | 60，464 | 5.45 | 3.53 | 4.54 | 105.4 | 110.5 |  |
| April．．．． | 54，728 | 61，144 | 5.21 | 3.35 | 4.26 | 100.3 | 109.7 |  |
| May．．．．．．． | 54，555 | 61，252 | 5.18 | 3.42 | 4.19 | 99.7 | 109.9 | 442.1 |
| June．．．．．． | 54，449 | 61，215 | 5.46 | 3.60 | 4.39 | 97.8 | 109.6 | ．．． |
| July．． | 54，395 | 61，090 | 5.48 | 3.72 | 4.67 | 90.1 | 109.1 |  |
| August．． | 54，352 | 60，982 | 5.66 | 3.85 | 5.10 | 89.4 | 108.7 | 440.2 |
| September． | 54，248 | 61，114 | 5.60 | 3.80 | 5.38 | 82.6 | 107.8 | ．． |
| October．．．． | 54，160 | 60，857 | 5.98 | 4.28 | 5.68 | 84.6 | 107.0 |  |
| November． | 54，015 | 61，142 | 6.20 | 4.22 | 6.27 | 82.2 | 105.4 | 437.1 |
| December． | 53，752 | （L）60，801 | 6.60 | 4.74 | （L） 6.33 | （L）79．0 | 103.6 | ．．． |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．． | 53，725 | 60，980 | 6.68 | 4.78 | 6.15 | 79.9 | （L）103．3 |  |
| February．． | （1） 53,541 | 60，912 | 7.03 | （L） 5.09 | 6.32 | 79.3 | 103.4 | （L）434．0 |
| March． | 53，615 | 61，314 | 6.82 | 4.72 | 6.26 | 81.1 | 103.8 | ．．． |
| April．．．．．． | 53，713 | 61，111 | 7.01 | 4.91 | 5.91 | 79.8 | 106.6 |  |
| May．．． | 53，911 | 61，091 | （L）7．11 | 5.00 | 5.61 | 82.0 | 108.8 | 443.4 |
| June．． | 54，165 | 61，448 | 6.91 | 4.78 | 5.32 | 83.8 | 110.9 | ．． |
| July．．． | 54，294 | 61，254 | 6.96 | 4.74 | 5.29 | 82.6 | 112.0 | ． |
| August．．．． | 54，444 | 61，283 | 6.67 | 4.61 | 5.22 | 86.1 | 113.4 | 450.4 |
| September．． | 54，480 | 61，330 | 6.69 | 4.54 | 5.10 | 84.8 | 112.0 | ．． |
| October．． | 54，593 | 61，476 | 6.42 | 4.12 | 5.04 | 95.9 | 113.5 |  |
| November．．． | 54，825 | 61，766 | 6.07 | 3.94 | 5.08 | 99.1 | 114.8 | 463.1 |
| December．．． | 54，927 | 61，788 | 5.98 | 3.91 | 4.81 | 96.9 | 115.6 |  |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．． | 54，946 | 61，882 | 5.84 | 3.81 | 4.71 | 102.3 | 114.6 |  |
| February．．． | 55，223 | 62，148 | 5.69 | 3.59 | 4.52 | 105.9 | 116.3 | 467.8 |
| March．．． | 55，368 | 62，356 | 5.49 | 3.53 | 4.41 | ［106．3 | 117.3 |  |
| April．．．．．． | 55，703 | 62，295 | 5.58 | 3.69 | 3.93 | 106.1 | 117.8 | ．． |
| May．．． | 55，822 | 62，552 | 5.52 | 3.48 | 3.82 | 106.0 | 118.3 | $474 . \mathrm{C}$ |
| June．． | 55，908 | 62，541 | 5.50 | 3.64 | 3.96 | 98.5 | 118.4 | ， |
| July．．．． | 56，010 | 62，715 | 5.43 | 3.54 | 4.25 | 97.9 | 119.4 |  |
| August．．．．． | 56，019 | 63，017 | 5.67 | 3.54 | 4.41 | 97.0 | 119.4 | 475.6 |
| September．． | 56，125 | 63，074 | 5.63 | 3.43 | 4.38 | 92.8 | 119.8 |  |
| October．．．． | 56，195 | 63，036 | 田5．34 | 3.35 | 4.55 | 96.8 | 119.2 |  |
| November．．． | 56，205 | 62，708 | 5.76 | 3.43 | 4.84 | 95.9 | 119.5 | 481.1 |
| December．．． | 56，211 | 63，248 | 5.54 | 3.57 | 4.79 | e95．2 | 119.1 | ．．． |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．． | 56，333 | 62，988 | 5.77 | 3.81 | 4.84 | e97．5 | 119.2 |  |
| February．．．． | 56，458 | 63，245 | 6.09 | 4.04 | 4.69 | el00． 5 | 120.2 | 485.3 |
| March．． | 56，706 | 63，628 | 5.59 | 3.50 | 4.39 | e98．5 | 121.3 |  |
| April．．．．．． | 56，873 | 63，851 | 5.65 | 3.37 | 4.03 | 100.2 | 122.5 |  |
| May．．．．．．．． | 57，060 | 63，643 | 5.91 | 3.37 | 3.96 | 95.9 | 124.5 | 489.4 |
| June．．．．．．． | 57，194 | 63，693 | 5.66 | 3.12 | 田3．53 | 94.7 | r125．8 |  |
| July．．．．．．． | r 57，340 | 64，137 | 5.61 | 3.14 | 4.08 | 96.2 | 困126．5 |  |
| August．．．．． | r57，325 | 64，079 | 5.48 | 2.96 | 4.14 | 94.0 | 125.6 | 困494． |
| September．．． | 困p57，427 |  | 5.55 | 田2．92 | 24.00 | p92．9 | pl25．7 |  |
| October．．．．． |  |  |  |  | 24.08 |  |  |  |
| December．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]
## Table 1．－BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT．－Continued

Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk（＊）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by（ $(\square)$ and current highs，by $[\mathcal{H}]$ ；the reverse is true for inverse series（series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$ ，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not avallable．

| Year and month | NBER Roughly Coincident Indicators－－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 49．Gross na－ tional product in current dollars | 57．Final sales （series 49 minus 21） | 51．Bank debits outside NYC， 343 centers | 52．Personal income | 53．Labor income in mining，manu－ facturing，and construction | 54．Sales of retail stores | 55．Index of wholesale prices ex－ cept farm products and foods |
| 1960 | （Ann．rate， bil．dol．） | （Ann．rate， bil．dol．） | （Ann．rate， bil．dol．） | （Ann．rate， bil．dol．） | （Ann．rate， bil．dol．） | （Mil．dol．） | （1957－59＝100） |
| January．．． |  |  | 1，692．2 | 35.0 | 108.7 | 18，097 | 101.5 |
| February．． | 500.4 | 491.1 | 1，765．4 | 395.6 | 108.5 | 18，200 | 101.4 |
| March．．．．． |  |  | 1，715．2 | 395.9 | 107.9 | 18，178 | 101.4 |
| April．．．．．． |  |  | 1，731．2 | 400.8 | 108.3 | 18，557 | 101.4 |
| May．．．．．．．．． | 504.1 | 499.9 | 1，731．2 | 402.3 | 108.8 | 18，320 | 101.2 |
| June．．．．．． | ．．． |  | 1，739．0 | 403.0 | 108.4 | 18，312 | 101.3 |
| July．．．．． | ．．． |  | 1，714．0 | 402.7 | 108.3 | 18，113 | 101.3 |
| August．．．．． | 503.5 | 500.7 | 1，771．8 | 403.5 | 107.6 | 18，195 | 101.3 |
| September．．． | ．．． |  | 1，766．5 | 404.4 | 107.0 | 18，207 | 101.1 |
| October．．．． |  |  | 1，738．0 | 405.2 | 106.9 | 18，298 | 101.2 |
| November．．． | 502.1 | 504.4 | 1，758．9 | 404.5 | 105.5 | 18，080 | 101.1 |
| December．．． | ．．． | ．．． | （L）1，742．3 | （L） 403.2 | 103.7 | 18，008 | 101.0 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．． |  |  | 1，786．2 | 404.4 | 104.0 | 17，942 | 101.0 |
| February．．． | （L）500．4 | 504.7 | 1，755．0 | 405.3 | （L） 103.3 | 17，965 | 101.1 |
| March．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 1，785．1 | 410.1 | 104.2 | 17，971 | 101.1 |
| April．．．．． | 512． | 51］ | 1，781．8 | 411.7 | 106.0 | （L） 17,811 | 100.9 |
| May ．．．．．．． | 512.5 | 511.4 | 1，829．3 | 414.5 | 107.1 | 18，003 | 100.9 |
| June．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 1，824．0 | 417.3 | 108.5 | 18，098 | 100.7 |
| July．．．．．．． |  | 5183 | 1，839．9 | 420.8 | 108.9 | 18，234 | 100.7 |
| August．．．．． | 521.9 | 518.3 | 1，832．7 | 419.1 | 108.5 | 18，373 | 100.8 |
| September． | $\cdots$ | ．．． | 1，848．2 | 420.5 | 108.3 | 18，371 | 100.8 |
| November．．． | 537.8 | 530．5 | 1，904．6 | 424.3 428.4 | 110.1 | 18，494 | 100.7 |
| December．． | 537.8 | 530.5 | $1,903.8$ $1,916.9$ | 428.4 431.3 | 111.7 111.8 | 18，775 | 100.8 100.9 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．．． |  |  | 2，009．7 | 430.1 | 111.3 | 18，990 | 100.8 |
| February．．． | 544.5 | 536.3 | 1，916．6 | 434.0 | 112.8 | 19，139 | 100.7 |
| March．．．．． |  | ．．． | 1，985．3 | 436.4 | 114.0 | 19，320 | 100.7 |
| April．．．．． | ．．． | －•• | 2，044．4 | 439.5 | 116.1 | 19，389 | （1）100．7 |
| May．．．．．．．． | 552.4 | 546.0 | 2，015．0 | 440.8 | 116.0 | 19，585 | 100.9 |
| June． | ．．． | ．．． | 2，000．2 | 441.7 | 115.9 | 19，311 | 100.8 |
| July．．．． |  |  | 2，054．8 | 443.5 | 116.6 | 19，658 | 100.9 |
| August．．．． | 556.8 | 553.1 | 2，017．0 | 444.6 | 116.8 | 19，671 | 100.8 |
| September．． | ．．． |  | 1，988．5 | 445.5 | 116.7 | 19，769 | 100.9 |
| October．．．． |  | ．${ }^{\circ}$ | 2，080．9 | 447.7 | 116.5 | 19，875 | 100.9 |
| November．． | 565.2 | 561.2 | 2，090．5 | 449.9 | 116.9 | 20，112 | 100.8 |
| December．． | ．．． | ．．． | 2，066．9 | 452.1 | 116.5 | 20，253 | 100.7 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．． |  |  | 2，148．8 | 454.0 | 116.4 | 20，387 | 100.5 |
| February．．． | 571.8 | 566.6 | 2，086．4 | 452.9 | 117.1 | 20，374 | 100.5 |
| March．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 2，096．3 | 454.8 | 117.8 | 20，350 | 100.5 |
| April．．．．．． |  | － | 2，198．7 | 457.4 | 119.4 | 20，276 | 100.2 |
| May．．．．．．．． | 579.6 | 575.3 | 2，151．1 | 460.1 | 120.8 | 20，200 | 100.5 |
| June．．．．．．． | ．．． | ．．． | 2，105．3 | 462.6 | 121.6 | 20，486 | 100.8 |
| July．．．．．．． |  | （10） | 2，276．6 | 464.2 | 121.6 | （1720，719 | 100.9 |
| August．．．．． | ［－1588．5 | 困584．0 | r2，194．1 | r 565.1 | r121．8 | r20，676 | （⿴囗 101.0 |
| September．． |  |  | 田p2，280．0 | T］p466．4 |  | p20，170 | 100.9 1100.9 |
| November ．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 100.9$ |
| December．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Week ended October 15， 1963.

Table 1．－－BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES：JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT－Continued
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk（＊）．Low values preceding current highs are indicated by（ $(\square)$ and current highs，by $[\square$ ；the reverse is true for inverse series（series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$ ，and 45）．Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover．The＂r＂indicates revised；＂p＂，preliminary；＂e＂，estimated；＂a＂，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．

| Year and month | NBER Lagging Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 61．Business expenditures on new plant and equipment， total | 62．Index of labor cost per unit of output，total manufacturing | 63．Index of labor cost per unit of output，total GNP | 64．Book value of manufac－ turers＇inven－ tories，all manufacturing industries | 65．Book value of mfrs．＇in－ ventories of finished goods， all manufac－ turing indus． | 66．Consumer installment debt | 67．Bank rates on short－term business loans， 19 cities＊ |
| 1960 | $\begin{gathered} \text { (Ann. rate, } \\ \text { bil. dol.) } \end{gathered}$ | （1957－59＝100） | （1957－59＝100） | （Bil．dol．） | （Bil．dol．） | （Mil．dol．） | （Percent） |
| January．．． |  | 97.1 |  | 53.3 | 20.4 | 38，971 |  |
| February．． | 35.15 | 98.6 | 103.3 | 53.9 | 20.6 | 39，452 | 5.34 |
| March．．．．．．． |  | 99.1 |  | 54.3 | 20.8 | 39，878 |  |
| April．．．．．． | $\because$ | 99.7 | $\cdots$ | 54.7 | 21.0 | 40，377 |  |
| May．．．．．．．．． | 36.30 | 100.3 | 104.3 | 55.0 | 21.2 | 40，672 | 5.35 |
| June．．．．．． | ．．． | 100.9 | ．．． | 55.1 | 21.3 | 41，013 | ．．． |
| July．．．．．．．． | $\ldots$ | 100.9 | $\ldots$ | 54.9 | 21.4 | 41，299 |  |
| August．．．． | 35.90 | 101.4 | 105.2 | 55.0 | 21.6 | 41，508 | 4.97 |
| September．．． | ．．． | 101.2 | ．．． | 54.7 | 21.9 | 41，762 | ．．． |
| October．．．． | $\ldots$ | 101.2 | $\ldots$ | 54.4 | 21.9 | 41，898 | $\ldots$ |
| November．．． | 35.50 | 101.7 | 105.2 | 54.0 | 21.9 | 42，032 | 4.99 |
| December．．． $1961$ | ．．． | 102.2 | ．．． | 53.7 | 21.8 | 42，143 | ．．． |
| January．．． |  | 101.9 | $\ldots$ | 53.7 | 21.8 | 42，118 |  |
| February．．． | 33.85 | 102.1 | 106.0 | 53.6 | 21.8 | 42，032 | 4.97 |
| March．．．．．． | ． | 102.0 | ．．． | （L） 53.3 | 21.7 | 41，986 | ．．． |
| April．．．．． | ．． | 100.8 | ．．． | 53.4 | 21.7 | 41，865 |  |
| May．．．．．．． | （L）33．50 | 100.4 | 206.0 | 53.4 | 21.5 | （C）41，856 | 4.97 |
| June．．．．．．．． | ．．． | 99.6 | ．．． | 53.4 | 21.5 | 41，900 | ．．． |
| July．．．．．．．．． |  | 99.3 |  | 53.5 | （b）21．5 | 41，904 |  |
| August．．．．．． | 34.70 | （L）98．1 | 105.8 | 54.0 | 21.7 | 41，959 | 4.99 |
| September．．． |  | 98.4 | ． | 54.4 | 21.8 | 42，008 |  |
| October．．．． November． |  | 98.5 | （1）104．7 | 54.8 55.0 | 21.9 21.9 | 42,170 42,439 | （1） 4096 |
| December．．． 1962 | ．．． | 98.7 | ．．． |  |  | 42，787 | －•• |
| January．．．．． |  | 99.4 |  | 55.7 | 22.1 | 43，066 |  |
| February．．． | 35.70 | 99.5 | 105.8 | 56.2 | 22.1 | 43，338 | 4.98 |
| March．．．．．．． |  | 99.0 |  | 56.6 | 22.2 | 43，716 |  |
| April．．．．．．． |  | 99.9 | $\ldots$ | 56.7 | 22.2 | 44，209 |  |
| May．．．．．．．．． | 36.95 | 99.7 | 106.5 | 56.8 | 22.3 | 44，648 | 5.01 |
| June．．．．．．． | ．．． | 100.1 | ．．． | 56.9 | 22.4 | 45，069 | ．．． |
| July．．．．．．．．． | ． 3 | 99.7 | $\cdots$ | 57.0 | 22.5 | 45，455 | $\cdots$ |
| August．．．．．． | ［⿴囗十38．35 | （101．0 | 107.1 | 57.0 | 22.6 | 45，813 | 4.99 |
| September．．． | ．．． | 98.9 | ．．． | 57.2 | 22.7 | 46，015 | ．．． |
| October．．． | ． | 99.7 | ． | 57.3 | 22.7 | 46，399 |  |
| November．．． | 37.95 | 99.5 | 106.6 | 57.2 | 22.8 | 46，980 | 四5．02 |
| December．．．． | ．．． | 99.9 | ．．． | 57.4 | 23.0 | 47，438 | ．．． |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January．．． |  | 99.4 |  | 57.5 | 23.0 | 47，925 |  |
| February．．． | 36.95 | 100.1 | 107．i | 57.7 | 23.0 | 48，350 | 5.00 |
| March．．．．．． | ．．． | 99.0 | ．．． | 57.9 | 23.2 | 48，739 |  |
| April．．．．．．． | ．．． | 99.1 | $\cdots$ | 58.1 | 23.2 | 49，270 | ．．． |
| May．．．．．．．．． | 38.05 | 98.3 | 108.3 | 58.4 | 23.3 | 49，704 | 5.01 |
| June．．．．．．．． |  |  | ．．． | 58.8 | 23.6 | 50，137 |  |
| July．．．．．．．． |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { r99.2 } \\ \text { r100.5 } \end{array}$ |  | r58．9 | 23.5 |  |  |
| August．．．．． | 239.95 | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{rl00.5} \\ \mathrm{p} 98.9 \end{array}$ | 田108．6 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { (NA) } 59.0 \\ \left(\mathrm{~N}^{2}\right) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 田p23.7 } \\ (\mathrm{Na}) \end{array}$ | ［ $\mathbf{H 1}$（NA） | 5.01 |
| October．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November．．． | 241.15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Table 1.-BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT-Continued

Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk (*). Low values preceding current highs are indicated by $(\square)$ and current highs, by $[\square$; the reverse is true for inverse series (series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$, and 45). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

${ }^{1}$ Includes single direct investment transactions of $\$ 370$ million.
${ }^{2}$ Includes $\$ 650$ million in special debt payments to the United States.

Table 1. -BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT-Continued
Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk (*). Low values preceding current highs are indicated by (L) and current highs, by [ $H$; the reverse is true for inverse series (series $3,4,5,14,15,40,43$, and 45). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

| Year and month | Other U.S. series with business cycle significance--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 91. Defense Department obligations, total | 92. Military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms | 85. Percent change in total U.S. money supply | 98. Percent change in money supply and time deposits | 93. Free reserves* | 81. Index of consumer prices | 94. Index of construction contracts, total value | 96. Mfrs.' unfilled orders, durable goods industries | 97. Backlog of capital appropriations, manufacturing |
| 1960 | (Mil. dol.) | (Mil.dol.) | (Percent) | (Percent) | (Mil.dol.) | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | (Bil.dol.) | (Bil. dol.) |
| January. | 3,234 | 1,770 | -0.14 | -0.14 | -375 | 102.3 | 93 | 47.56 |  |
| February. | 3,439 | 1,740 | -0.28 | -0.38 | -365 | 102.5 | 93 | 46.77 |  |
| March. . . | 3,368 | 1,738 | -0.28 | -0.10 | -219 | 102.6 | 100 | 46.00 | 7.92 |
| April.... | 3,362 | 1,368 | -0.14 | -0.00 | -194 | 102.9 | 105 | 45.32 | ... |
| May. . . . | 3,677 | 1,811 | -0.28 | -0.05 | -33 | 103.0 | 97 | 45.13 | . . |
| June...... | 3,771 | 1,687 | -0.28 | -0.05 | +37 | 103.1 | 108 | 44.91 | 7.68 |
| July.... | 5,305 | 2,231 | +0.21 | +0.53 | +120 | 103.1 | 113 | 44.67 | ... |
| August... | 3,824 | 2,302 | +0.36 | +0.67 | +247 | 103.3 | 109 | 44.50 | ... |
| September. | 3,999 | 2,361 | +0.07 | +0.38 | +414 | 103.2 | 107 | 44.37 | 7.27 |
| October. | 3,357 | 1,477 | +0.07 | +0.47 | +480 | 103.5 | 117 | 43.60 | ... |
| November. | 4,109 | 2,127 | -0.14 | +0.28 | +614 | 103.6 | 111 | 43.19 | -.. |
| December.. | 3,583 | 1,797 | +0.28 | +0.52 | +669 | 103.8 | 120 | 42.89 | 7.02 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January... | 3,641 | 1,944 | +0.14 | +0.56 | +696 | 103.9 | 108 | 42.52 | ... |
| February. | 4,065 | 2,153 | +0.28 | +0.74 | +517 | 104.0 | 95 | 42.49 |  |
| March... | 3,537 | 1,757 | +0.28 | +0.51 | +486 | 104.0 | 104 | 42.51 | 6.68 |
| April. . . | 3,381 | 1,910 | +0.21 | +0.46 | +551 | 103.9 | 103 | 42.97 | ... |
| May. . . . . . | 3,727 | 1,530 | +0.21 | +0.64 | +453 | 103.9 | 102 | 43.20 |  |
| June. . | 3,893 | 1,993 | 0.00 | +0.36 | +549 | 104.1 | 111 | 43.31 | 6.55 |
| July.... | 3,784 | 2,087 | +0.07 | +0.45 | +530 | 104.4 | 110 | 43.62 | ... |
| August.... | 5,344 | 2,232 | 0.00 | +0.32 | +537 | 104.4 | 116 | 43.97 | ... |
| September. | 4,874 | 2,158 | +0.42 | +0.58 | +547 | 104.5 | 103 | 44.03 | 6.58 |
| October... | 4,296 | 2,651 | +0.49 | +0.67 | +442 | 104.5 | 114 | 44.32 | ... |
| November. | 4,121 | 2,379 | +0.49 | +0.62 | +517 | 104.5 | 116 | 44.66 | ... |
| December. | 4,476 | 2,281 | +0.55 | +0.57 | +419 | 104.5 | 119 | 45.21 | 6.53 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January... | 4,488 | 3,073 | +0.14 | +0.79 | +555 | 104.7 | 115 | 45.74 |  |
| February. . | 3,990 | 2,135 | -0.27 | +0.57 | +434 | 104.9 | 119 | 45.96 |  |
| March... | 3,914 | 2,225 | +0.14 | +0.82 | +382 | 105.1 | 131 | 45.86 | 6.82 |
| April. | 4,402 | 1,885 | +0.27 | +0.69 | +441 | 105.2 | 121 | 45.52 | , |
| May... | 4,126 | 1,808 | -0.27 | +0.21 | $+440$ | 105.4 | 117 | 45.22 | -•* |
| June.. | 4,019 | 1,808 | -0.07 | +0.42 | +391 | 105.4 | 120 | 44.90 | 6.81 |
| July...... | 5,026 | 2,068 | +0.07 | +0.51 | +440 | 105.5 | 117 | 44.85 | 6.81 |
| August.... | 4,623 | 2,488 | -0.41 | +0.04 | +439 | 105.6 | 118 | 44.28 |  |
| September. | 3,968 | 2,242 | +0.14 | +0.46 | +375 | 105.9 | 113 | 43.73 | 6.87 |
| October.. | 4,914 | 3,089 | +0.55 | +0.84 | +419 | 105.9 | 117 | 43.55 |  |
| November.. | 4,936 | 3,154 | +0.55 | +0.91 | +473 | 105.9 | 123 | 43.03 |  |
| December. | 3,785 | 1,758 | +0.68 | +1.03 | +268 | 105.8 | 138 | 43.00 | 7.29 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. . . | 4,714 | 2,390 | +0.54 | +0.98 | +384 | 106.2 | 121 | 43.40 | -•• |
| February... | 4,050 | 2,674 | -0.07 | +0.44 | +300 | 106.2 | 130 | 44.01 |  |
| March. . . . . | 3,593 | 2,157 | +0.20 | +0.72 | +271 | 106.3 | 118 | 45.43 | 7.06 |
| April. . . . . | 4,031 | 1,786 | +0.34 | +0.52 | +313 | 106.2 | 125 | 46.07 |  |
| May . . . . . . . | 4,682 | 2,165 | 0.00 | +0.44 | $+248$ | 106.4 | 144 | 46.88 | $\cdots$ |
| June....... | [r4,357 | 1,962 | +0.27 | +0.47 | $+141$ | 106.7 | 135 | 46.52 | 7.46 |
| July. . . . . | 5,019 | 2,572 | +0.60 | +0.75 | +158 | 107.1 | 126 | r 46.06 | . |
| August. . . . . | 4,871 | 3,213 | -0.13 | +0.39 | $\mathrm{r}+137$ | 107.2 | 132 | r45.86 |  |
| September. . | 1 (NA) | (NA) | -p+0.27 | $\mathrm{p}+0.47$ | p+90 | (NA) | (NA) | p46.27 | (NA) |
| November... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Table 1.-BASIC DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES: JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT-Continued

Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by an asterisk (*). Low values preceding current highs are indicated by $(\mathbb{L})$ and current highs, by $[\mathbb{H}$; the reverse is true for inverse series (series 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 40, 43, and 45). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

| Year and month | International comparisons of industrial production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 121. OECD, ${ }^{1}$ <br> European countries, index of industrial production | 122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production | 123. Canada, index of industrial production | 47. United States, index of industrial production | 125. West Germany, index of industrial production | 126. France, index of industrial production | 127. Italy, index of industrial production | 128. Japan, index of industrial production |
| 1960 | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (1957-59= \\ 100) \end{gathered}$ |
| January. ....... | 111 | 109 | 109 | 112 | 113 | 107 | 118 | 132 |
| February....... | 112 | 109 | 107 | 111 | 113 | 108 | 122 | 136 |
| March.......... | 114 | 110 | 108 | 110 | 115 | 108 | 123 | 137 |
| April........... | 113 | 112 | 105 | 110 | 115 | 110 | 123 | 140 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . | 114 | 112 | 105 | 110 | 116 | 110 | 124 | 140 |
| June............ | 116 | 111 | 105 | 110 | 118 | 111 | 126 | 143 |
| July........... | 118 | 111 | 104 | 109 | 118 | 112 | 125 | 145 |
| August......... | 116 | 112 | 104 | 109 | 115 | 112 | 127 | 148 |
| September...... | 116 | 112 | 105 | 108 | 118 | 115 | 127 | 151 |
| October........ | 117 | 112 | 105 | 107 | 120 | 114 | 126 | 151 |
| November. . . . . . | 118 | 110 | 105 | 105 | 120 | 115 | 129 | 157 |
| December....... | 118 | 112 | 105 | 104 | 122 | 114 | 129 | 158 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | 117 | 109 | 104 | 103 | 124 | 115 | 130 | 162 |
| February....... | 119 | 110 | 105 | 103 | 125 | 116 | 134 | 160 |
| March.......... | 119 | 110 | 105 | 104 | 126 | 116 | 134 | 166 |
| April.......... | 120 | 111 | 107 | 107 | 126 | 116 | 134 | 166 |
| May............. | 119 | 110 | 107 | 109 | 124 | 117 | 136 | 172 |
| June........... | 120 | 113 | 109 | 111 | 121 | 117 | 136 | 175 |
| July. . . . . . . . . | 120 | 113 | 109 | 112 | 122 | 118 | 138 | 179 |
| August......... | 119 | 111 | 111 | 113 | 121 | 118 | 137 | 182 |
| September...... | 120 | 110 | 112 | 112 | 124 | 119 | 140 | 183 |
| October......... | 121 | 109 | 112 | 114 | 123 | 119 | 145 | 187 |
| November....... | 122 | 109 | 114 | 115 | 124 | 119 | 149 | 190 |
| December....... | 123 | 109 | 114 | 116 | 128 | 122 | 148 | 191 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | 122 | 108 | 113 | 115 | 126 | 122 | 149 | 190 |
| February....... | 124 | 110 | 115 | 116 | 129 | 123 | 151 | 188 |
| March.......... | 123 | 111 | 116 | 117 | 125 | 124 | 149 | 193 |
| April.......... | 124 | 110 | 116 | 118 | 128 | 123 | 151 | 194 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . | 125 | 113 | 117 | 118 | 129 | 124 | 153 | 196 |
| June. . . . . . . . . . | 124 | 114 | 118 | 118 | 130 | 123 | 147 | 194 |
| July. ........... | 125 | 113 | 118 | 119 | 130 | 125 | 151 | 191 |
| August......... | 126 | 114 | 119 | 119 | 131 | 125 | 149 | 194 |
| September...... | 127 | 115 | 119 | 120 | 132 | 126 | 150 | 194 |
| October........ | 127 | 110 | 119 | 119 | 132 | 128 | 153 | 192 |
| November....... | 128 | 113 | 120 | 120 | 133 | 128 | 158 | 192 |
| December....... | 127 | 110 | 120 | 119 | 132 | 126 | 160 | 191 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | 126 | 110 | 120 | 119 | 129 | 127 | 158 | 193 |
| February....... | 126 | 111 | 121 | 120 | 128 | 127 | 155 | 199 |
| March.......... | 126 | 113 | 122 | 121 | 132 | 117 | r162 | 197 |
| April.......... | 130 | 114 | 123 | 122 | 133 | 129 | r166 | r205 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . | 130 | 115 | r124 | 124 | 133 | 131 | rl66 | r205 |
| June............ | 132 | 115 | r124 | 126 | r139 | 134 | 166 | 205 |
| July. . . . . . . . . | 131 | 116 | 122 | 126 | 135 | 130 | (NA) | 212 |
| August......... | (Na) | (NA) | (NA) | 126 | 135 | 130 |  | (NA) |
| September....... |  |  |  | p126 | (NA) | (NA) |  |  |
| November. . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

Table 2.--RECENT CHANGES FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES
To facilitate interpretations of cyclical movements, those series that usually fall when general business activity rises and rise when business falls are inverted so that rises are shown as declines and declines as rises (see series 3 , 4, $5,14,15,40,43$, and 45). The month-to-month percent changes are calculated in the usual way but the signs are reversed; for example, if the rate decreased by 0.6 percent, the sign of this drop is reversed and shown as +0.6 .

| Series | Measure of change | Avg. change, 1953$1963^{1}$ | 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Jan. to Feb. | Feb. to Mar. | Mar. to Apr. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { May } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ | June to July | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { Aug. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { Sept. } \end{aligned}$ | Sept. to 0ct. ${ }^{2}$ |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing........ | Percent. . | 0.5 | -0.2 | +0.5 | -1.0 | $+1.0$ | 0.0 | -0.2 | -0.2 | +0.7 |  |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing.. | . do | 4.9 | +5.4 | -2.6 | +7.9 | -7.3 | +2.6 | +2.6 | -10.0 | NA |  |
| 30. Nonagri. placements, all industries | . do | 1.8 | +0.9 | 0.0 | +1.1 | -1.6 | -2.0 | -0.4 | -0.6 | +3.0 |  |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (inverted). | . do | 9.5 | +10.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | +5.6 | -11.8 | -10.5 | NA |  |
| 4. Number of persons on temporary layoff, all industries (inverted)..... |  | 17.8 | $+37.4$ | +3.6 | -35.2 | +40.4 | +2.3 | -52.9 | -3.1 | +25.4 |  |
| 5. Avg. weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, state (inverted). | . .do | 5.3 | +6.6 | $+6.1$ | $-4.0$ | +0.3 | -0.3 | +0.7 | +0.3 | +0.4 | -5.6 |
| 6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries. $\qquad$ |  | 3.8 | +2.3 | +2.3 | +2.3 | -1.1 | -3.5 | +0.9 | -2.2 | +4.0 |  |
| 24. Value of manufacturers ${ }^{1}$ new orders, machinery and equipment industries... |  | 4.6 | +2.4 | -0.8 | +2.9 | +2.2 | +0.2 | -1.0 | -0.3 | +3.5 |  |
| 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings.. |  | 9.7 | $+4.5$ | -17.2 | -2.7 | +26.6 | +12.6 | -17.0 | +1.2 | NA |  |
| 10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment. |  | 4.6 | +2.4 | $-2.2$ | $+4.1$ | +5.9 | -2.1 | -2.5 | -0.3 | NA |  |
| 11. Newly approved capital appropriations, 602 manufacturing corporations ${ }^{3}$...... | . .do..... | 11.2 | $-20.7$ | ... |  | +20.5 |  |  | NA |  |  |
| 7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started. |  | 7.3 | +2.7 | +14.5 | +2.6 | 0.0 | -2.3 | +1.4 | -9.9 | +16.6 |  |
| 29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local bldg. permits.... | - | 3.8 | -0.6 | +3.3 | -1.4 | +5.9 | +2.2 | -4.5 | -3.2 | +8.8 |  |
| 12. Net change in-business population, operating businesses ${ }^{3}$ | Thous | 2 | 0 |  |  | +1 |  |  | NA |  |  |
| 13. Number of new business incorporations. | Percen | 2.7 | +6.5 | +1.3 | -2.2 | +3.3 | -1.5 | -1.0 | +5.5 | NA |  |
| 14. Current liabilities of business failures (inverted)........................ | . .do..... | 16.9 | +41.2 | -3.8 | +4.0 | -36.3 | $+26.9$ | -59.2 | +59.0 | -58.5 |  |
| 15. No. of business failures with liabilities of $\$ 100,000$ and over (inv.).... | d | 13.1 | +14.3 | +2.4 | +2.4 | -35.0 | +29.6 | 0.0 | -10.5 | -4.8 |  |
| 16. Corporate profits after taxes ${ }^{3}$. | .do | 7.7 | -0.4 |  |  | +5.5 |  |  | NA |  |  |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index.... | . .do | 0.7 | -0.7 | +0.8 | -0.2 | +1.5 | +1.0 | -1.2 | -1.3 | +1.3 |  |
| 18. Profits (before taxes) per dollar of sales, all mfg. corporations ${ }^{3}$......... | . .do..... | 7.7 | -4.8 |  |  | +7.6 |  |  | NA |  |  |
| 22. Ratio, profits (after taxes) to income originating, corporate, all indus. ${ }^{3}$.. | ..do | 5.8 | 0.0 |  |  | $+4.4$ |  |  | NA |  |  |
| 19. Index of stock prices, 500 stocks..... | .do | 2.6 | +1.3 | -0.4 | +4.7 | +2.0 | 0.0 | -1.5 | +2.8 | +2.6 | 0. |
| 21. Change in bus. inventories, farm and nonfarm, after val. adjustment ${ }^{3}$ 4.... | Ann.rate, bil.dol. | 2.5 | +1.1 |  |  | -0.8 |  |  | +0.2 |  |  |
| 31. Change in book value of mfg . and trade inventories, total ${ }^{4} . .$. ........... |  | 3.6 | -1.4 | +2.8 | -1.9 | +1.0 | +3.7 | -2.1 | -5.5 | NA |  |
| 20. Change in book value of mfrs. inventories, purchased materials ${ }^{4}$.......... |  | 1.6 | -0.1 | -0.7 | +0.7 | -1.3 | +1.4 | +0.4 | -2.2 | NA |  |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories.................. | Percent. . | 6.8 | +4.3 | -4.2 | +6.5 | +16.3 | 0.0 | -3.5 | -9.1 | 0.0 |  |
| 26. Buying policy, prod. mtlis., percent report. commitments 60 days or more.. | . .do..... | 5.8 | +10.0 | -1.8 | -1.9 | -1.9 | +9.6 | -5.3 | +1.9 | +1.8 |  |
| 32. Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries. | do..... | 7.7 | $+4.0$ | +3.8 | +11.1 | -3.3 | -6.9 | -22.2 | +14.3 | +8.3 |  |
| 25. Change in mfrs.' unfilled orders, durable goods industries ${ }^{4}$. | Bil. dol. | 0.38 | +0.30 | +0.81 | -0.78 | +0.17 | -1.17 | -0.09 | +0.25 | +0.61 |  |
| 23. Index of industrial materials prices.. NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS | Percent. | 1.3 | -0.4 | -0.7 | +0.1 | +0.7 | -1.4 | +0.3 | 0.0 | -0.1 | +2 |
| 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments.. | ..do..... | 0.3 | +0.2 | +0.4 | +0.3 | +0.3 | +0.2 | +0.3 | 0.0 | +0.2 |  |
| 42. Total nonagricultural employment, labor force survey. | . .do | 0.4 | +0.4 | +0.6 | +0.4 | -0.3 | +0.1 | +0.7 | -0.1 | +0.2 |  |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted)... | ..do | 4.1 | -5.5 | +8.2 | -1.1 | -4.6 | $+4.2$ | +0.9 | +2.3 | -1.3 |  |
| 40. Unemploy, rate, married males (inv.).. | do | 5.5 | -6.0 | +13.4 | +3.7 | 0.0 | +7.4 | -0.6 | +5.7 | +1.4 |  |
| 45. Avg. weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs (inverted)............... | ..do. | 4.8 | +3.1 | $+6.4$ | +8.2 | +1.7 | +10.9 | -15.6 | -1.5 | +3.4 | -2 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## Table 2.--RECENT CHANGES FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES--Continued

To facilitate interpretations of cyclical movements, those series that usually fall when general business activity rises and rise when business falls are inverted so that rises are shown as declines and declines as rises (see series 3, 4, $5,14,15,40,43$, and 45 ). The month-to-month percent changes are calculated in the usual way but the signs are reversed; for example, if the rate decreased by 0.6 percent, the sign of this drop is reversed and shown as +0.6.

| Series | Measure of change | Avg. change, 1953$1963^{1}$. | 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { Feb. } \end{aligned}$ | Feb. to Mar. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Apr. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { May } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { June } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { July } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Aug. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { Sept. } \end{aligned}$ | Sept. to Oct. ${ }^{2}$ |
| n. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspapers. $\qquad$ | Percent. | 3.4 | +3.1 | -2.0 | +1.7 | -4.3 | -1.3 | +1.6 | -2.3 | -1.2 |  |
| 47. Index of industrial production....... | . .do | 1.1 | +0.8 | +0.9 | +1.0 | +1.6 | +1.0 | +0.6 | -0.7 | +0.1 |  |
| 50. Gross national product in 1954 dol | do | 1.4 | +0.8 | ... | ... | +0.8 | ... | ... | +1.0 |  |  |
| 49. Gross national product in cur. dol. ${ }^{3} .$. | do | 1.9 | +1.2 | $\ldots$ |  | +1.4 | . . |  | +1.5 |  |  |
| 57. Final sales (series 49 minus 21) ${ }^{3}$. | .do | 1.6 | +1.0 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | +1.5 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | +1.5 |  |  |
| 51. Bank debits outside NYC, 343 centers.. | . .do | 1.5 | -2.9 | +0.5 | $+4.9$ | -2.2 | -2.1 | +8.1 | -3.6 | +3.9 |  |
| 52. Personal income......................... | do | 0.5 | -0.2 | +0.4 | +0.6 | +0.6 | +0.5 | +0.3 | +0.2 | +0.3 |  |
| 53. Labor income in mining, manufacturing, and construction.......................... | . .d | 0.8 | +0.6 | +0.6 | $+1.4$ | +1.2 | +0.7 | 0.0 | +0.2 | +0.2 |  |
| 54. Sales of retail stores................. | . .do | 0.8 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.4 | -0.4 | +1.4 | +1.1 | -0.2 | -2.4 |  |
| 55. Index of wholesale prices except farm products and foods. | . | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | +0.3 | +0.3 | +0.1 | +0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 |
| NBER LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total ${ }^{3}$. |  | 3.6 | -2.6 | . $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | +3.0 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }^{5}+5.0$ |  |  |
| 62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing........... | do | 0.6 | +0.7 | -1.1 | +0.1 | -0.8 | -0.4 | +1.3 | +1.3 | -1.6 |  |
| 63. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total GNP ${ }^{3}$. | . | 1.0 | +0.5 | ... | $\ldots$ | +1.1 | $\ldots$ |  | +0.3 |  |  |
| 64. Book value of mfrs.' inventories, all manufacturing industries.............. |  | 0.6 | +0.3 | +0.3 | +0.3 | +0.5 | +0.7 | +0.2 | +0.2 | NA |  |
| 65. Book value of mfrs.' inventories of finished goods, all mfg. industries.. | . do | 0.6 | 0.0 | +0.9 | 0.0 | +0.4 | +1.3 | -0.4 | +0.9 | NA |  |
| 66. Consumer installment debt............. | . .do | 0.8 | +0.9 | +0.8 | +1.1 | +0.9 | +0.9 | +1.0 | +0.8 | NA |  |
| 67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 19 cities ${ }^{3}$. | .do | 3.0 | -0.4 | ... |  | +0.2 |  |  | 0.0 |  |  |
| OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total................................. | . do | 4.6 | +116.9 | -6.6 | -3.7 | -0.9 | -4.6 | -1.9 | +6.6 | NA |  |
| 87. General imports, total................. | .do | 3.6 | +36.6 | -0.6 | -4.1 | -1.2 | +0.3 | +4.2 | +4.3 | NA |  |
| 88. Merchandise trade balance ${ }^{4}$. | Mil. dol. | 59.5 | +748.5 | -131.0 | -11.7 | -0.5 | -90.9 | -93.2 | +53.9 | NA |  |
| 89. Excess of receipts or payments in U.S. balance of payments ${ }^{3}{ }^{4}$. | . .do..... | 286 | -58 |  |  | -411 |  |  | NA |  |  |
| 82. Federal cash payments to the public... | Percent. . | 5.7 | -8.6 | +8.9 | +1.1 | -0.9 | -6.7 | +16.3 | -6.1 | +3.2 |  |
| 83. Federal cash receipts from the public. | .do | 5.4 | +1.9 | -2.6 | +3.0 | +3.5 | -1.5 | +2.4 | +1.0 | -3.2 |  |
| 84. Federal cash surplus or deficit ${ }^{4} . . .$. | Ann.rate, bil.dol. | 5.5 | +12.1 | -12.4 | +1.9 | $+4.9$ | +6.1 | -15.0 | +8.9 | -7.5 |  |
| 95. Surplus or deficit, Federal income and product accóunt ${ }^{3}{ }^{4}$.................. | ..do..... | 2.5 | +0.7 |  |  | +1.6 |  |  | NA |  |  |
| 90. Defense Dept. obligations, procurement. | Percent. | 26.9 | -29.1 | -16.7 | +24.6 | +25.0 | -12.7 | +1.8 | +20.9 | NA |  |
| 91. Defense Dept. obligations, total...... | - | 15.1 | -14.1 | -11.3 | +12.2 | +16.1 | -6.9 | +15.2 | -2.9 | NA |  |
| 92. Military prime contract awards to <br> U.S. business firms. | ..do..... | 26.2 | +11.9 | -19.3 | -17.2 | +21.2 | -9.4 | +31.1 | +24.9 | NA |  |
| 85. Change in money supply excluding time deposits ${ }^{4}$. | . do | 0.23 | -0.61 | +0.27 | +0.14 | -0.34 | +0.27 | +0.33 | -0.73 | +0.40 |  |
| 93. Free reserves ${ }^{4}$. .......................... | Mil. dol. | 107 | -84 | -29. | +42 | -65 | -107 | +17 | -21 | -47 |  |
| 81. Index of consumer prices............... | Percent. | 0.2 | 0.0 | +0.1 | -0.1 | +0.2 | +0.3 | +0.4 | +0.1 | NA |  |
| 94. Index of construc. contracts, total... | . .do.... | 7.0 | +7.4 | -9.2 | +5.9 | +15.2 | -6.3 | -6.7 | $+4.8$ | NA |  |
| 96. Mfrs. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ unfilled orders, dur. goods.... | do | 1.4 | +1.4 | +3.2 | +1.4 | +1.8 | -0.8 | -1.0 | -0.4 | +0.9 |  |
| 97. Backlog of cap. appropriations, mfg. ${ }^{3}$. | ..do | 6.3 | -3.2 | ... | ... | +5.7 | ... | ... | NA |  |  |
| 98. Change in money supply including time deposits ${ }^{4}$. | .do. . . . | 0.21 | -0.54 | +0.28 | -0.20 | -0.08 | +0.03 | +0.28 | -0.36 | +0.08 |  |

[^1]Table 3..-DISTRIBUTION OF HIGHS IN BUSINESS CYCLE INDICATORS DURING RECENT MONTHS COMPARED WITH PERIODS AROUND PREVIOUS BUSINESS CYCLE PEAKS

| Number of months before benchmark date that high was reached | Number of series that reached a high before benchmark dates-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Business cycle peak |  |  |  | 3d month before business cycle peak |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. $1948$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1953 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1957 \end{aligned}$ | May 1960 | Aug. 1948 | Apr. <br> 1953 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1957 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1960 |
|  | NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 months or more... | 12 | 7 | 22 | 14 | 11 | 3 | 20 | 12 |
| 7 months. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 1 | ... | 2 | 1 | 4 | -. | 1 |
| 6 months. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . . | 3 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | , |
| 5 months..................................... | 4 | 1 | - | 3 | . | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 4 months. | 1 | . | . | 2 | 1 | 2 | . | 2 |
| 3 months........................ . . . . . . . . . . | ... | 2 | ... | 1 | -• | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 months............................. . . . . . . | . . | 2 | ... | ... | 4 | 1 | . . | 3 |
| 1 month. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ... | - | . . | ... | 1 | $\cdots$ | - | 2 |
| Benchmark month. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . | 3 | . . | . . | - | 4 | . | 1 |
| Number of series used....................... | ${ }^{1} 18$ | ${ }^{2} 19$ | 23 | 23 | ${ }^{1} 18$ | ${ }^{2} 19$ | 23 | 23 |
| Percent of series high on benchmark date. | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 4 |
|  | NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 months or more............................ | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | ... | 1 | 1 |
| 7 months. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ | -•• | ... | $\cdots$ | 2 | -•• | -•• | - |
| 6 months...................................... . | - | - | - | ... | ... | -• | 1 | . . |
| 5 months.................................... . | , | 1 | 1 | . | . | 2 | . | . |
| 4 months...................................... . | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | . . . | . . . | 1 | 1 |
| 3 months................................... . | 1 | - | . . | 3 | - | - | . | $\cdots$ |
| 2 months. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2 | 2 | . . . | . | . | 1 | 2 | . |
| 1 month. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 3 | - | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| Benchmark month. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 3 | 5 | 3. | 4 | 4 | 3 | 6 |
| Number of series used...................... | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Percent of series high on benchmark date. | 9 | 27 | 45 | 27 | 36 | 36 | 27 | 55 |
| Number of months before benchmark date that high was reached | 6th month before business cycle peak |  |  |  | Current expansion |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1948 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1953 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1957 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1959 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1963 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1963 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1963 \end{aligned}$ | Sept. 1963 |
|  | NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 months or more............................ | 61 | 2 | 17 | 4 | 12 | 12 | 10 | 6 |
| 7 months...................................... . |  | 1 | 1 | 4 | . . | ... | . . | $\cdots$22 |
| 6 months............................ . . . . . . . | . 1 | 2 | 1 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 months....................................... | 42 | 1 | 1 | 2 | . | $\cdots$ | 2 |  |
| 4 months...................... . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 4 | - | 4 | . |  | 2 | 2 |
| 3 months.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . . |  | 1 | ... | 2 | 2 | 2 | -1 |
| 2 months..................................... | 22 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 5 |  |
| 1 month....................................... |  | 3 |  | 2 | 2 | 5 | . . | - |
| Benchmark month. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Number of series used........................ | ${ }^{1} 18$ | ${ }^{2} 19$ | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 1625 |
| Percent of series high on benchmark date. | $6 \quad 16$ |  | 4 | 9 | 22 | 0 | 9 |  |
|  | NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 months or more............................ | 1 | -•• | 1 | . . | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 7 months. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | . . . | ... | $\cdots$ |
| 6 months. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | * | ... | . |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 months...................................... | $\cdots$ |  | -•• | 42 | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ |
|  | . 4 | ... | -. |  | ... | . . | ... |  |
| 3 months. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 2 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | 1 |
| 2 months....................................... | $\cdots$ | 2 | . . | $\ldots$ |  | $\cdots$ | 1 | 2 |
| 1 month. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 3 | 5 | 23 | $\cdots$ |  | 5 | 1 |
| Benchmark month.............................. | 5 | 6 | 3 |  |  | 8 | 3 | 5 |
| Number of series used...................... | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | 1155 | 11 | 1127 | 1155 | 117 | 1127 | 11 |
| Percent of series high on benchmark date. |  |  | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |

All quarterly series, l leading monthly series (series 15), and l roughly coincident series (series 40) are omitted from the distribution.
${ }_{15}$ series were not available.
${ }^{2} 2$ series were not available and 2 series were omitted because their peaks were reached during the Korean war and such peaks were disregarded in this distribution.


See "How to Read Charts 1, 2, and 3," page 5.


## CHART 3



Data are centered within intervals. Latest data are as follows:

| Series number and <br> date of survey | Latest interval shown |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual | Anticipated |
| D35, D36 (July 1963) | 2nd Q 1962-2nd Q 1963 | 4th Q 1962-4 th Q 1963 |
| D48 (September 1963) | 4th Q 1961-4th Q 1962 | 4th Q 1961-4th Q 1962 |
| D61 (August 1963) | Ist Q 1963-2nd Q 1963 | 3rd Q 1963-4th Q 1963 |

[^2]Toble 4.-DIFFUSION INDEXES (PERCENT RISING) FOR 12 MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES: JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT
Numbers are centered within intervals; l-month figures are placed on latest month; 3-month figures are placed on the 3d month and 5 -month figures are placed on the 4 th month of span; 4-quarter figures are centered in the middle quarter; l-quarter figures are placed in the lst month of the 2 d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in indexes D11a. D19, D23, and D33, which require no adjustment, and D34 and D58, which are adjusted only for the index. Table 6 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.


Table 4.-DIFFUSION INDEXES (PERCENT RISING) FOR 12 MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES: JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT.-Continued
Numbers are centered within intervals; l-month figures are placed on latest month; 3-month figures are placed on the 3d month and 5-month figures are placed on the 4 th month of span; 4 -quarter figures are centered in the middle quarter; l-quarter figures are placed in the lst month of the 2 d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in indexes D1la, D19, D23, and D33, which require no adjustment, and D34 and D58, which are adjusted only for the index. Table 6 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.

| Year and month | NBER Leading indexes--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D34. Profits, mfg., FNCB (around 700 corporations) <br> 1-quarter interval | D19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (80 industries) ${ }^{1}$ |  | D23. Index of industrial materials prices <br> (13 industrial materials) |  | D5. Initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs, week ended nearest the 22nd (47 areas) |  |
|  |  | 1-month interval | 3-month <br> interval | 1-month <br> interval | 3-month <br> interval | 1-month <br> interval | 5-month <br> interval |
| 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January..... | 52 | 28.5 | 27.1 | 69.2 | 53.8 | 34.0 | 59.6 |
| February... | ... | 11.2 | 11.8 | 42.3 | 53.8 | 54.8 | 63.8 |
| March. ...... | ... | 33.5 | 27.6 | 46.2 | 46.2 | 10.6 | 14.9 |
| April..... | 40 | 52.4 | 41.2 | 53.8 | 46.2 | 47.9 | 11.7 |
| May....... | ... | 36.5 | 52.4 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 38.3 | 17.0 |
| June... |  | 75.9 | 50.6 | 57.7 | 46.2 | 37.2 | 14.9 |
| July. ..... | 45 | 32.9 | 63.5 | 46.2 | 38.5 | 55.3 | 26.6 |
| August...... |  | 76.5 | 38.8 | 46.2 | 57.7 | 17.0 | 23.4 |
| September.. | 4 | 15.3 | 36.5 | 42.3 | 34.6 | 68.1 | 20.2 |
| October... | 47 | 23.5 | 42.4 | 23.1 | 42.3 | 42.6 | 21.3 |
| November.. | ... | 89.4 | 76.5 | 46.2 | 15.4 | 36.2 | 57.4 |
| December.. | ... | 80.7 | 93.8 | 26.9 | 30.8 | 53.2 | 31.9 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January... | 47 | 87.0 | 96.3 | 38.5 | 46.2 | 59.6 | 57.4 |
| February.. | $\ldots$ | 96.3 | 96.3 | 69.2 | 76.9 | 31.9 | 59.6 |
| March.... | $\cdots$ | 86.0 | 95.1 | 80.8 | 73.1 | 80.9 | 61.7 |
| April..... | 60 | 72.6 | 93.9 | 65.4 | 80.8 | 40.4 | 66.0 |
| May........ | $\ldots$ | 81.1 | 70.7 | 53.8 | 57.7 | 48.9 | 68.1 |
| June........ | $\ldots$ | 40.2 | 57.3 | 46.2 | 50.0 | 58.5 | 66.0 |
| July...... | 58 | 42.1 | 57.9 | 50.0 | 53.8 | 51.1 | 61.7 |
| August.... |  | 81.1 | 54.9 | 76.9 | 69.2 | 61.7 | 93.6 |
| September.. | $\cdots$ | 39.6 | 55.5 | 53.8 | 69.2 | 46.8 | 93.6 |
| October... | 56 | 45.7 | 62.2 | 38.5 | 42.3 | 78.7 | 68.1 |
| November.. | ... | 87.8 | 72.6 | 30.8 | 46.2 | 74.5 | 63.8 |
| December... | ... | 56.1 | 52.4 | 65.4 | 57.7 | 23.4 | 91.5 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.... | 54 | 26.2 | 39.6 | 73.1 | 61.5 | 57.4 | 74.5 |
| February... | ... | 74.4 | 37.8 | 34.6 | 53.8 | 83.0 | 51.1 |
| March...... |  | 48.2 | 32.9 | 46.2 | 42.3 | 46.8 | 66.0 |
| April...... | 47 | 9.1 | 0.0 | 38.5 | 50.0 | 46.8 | 31.9 |
| May........ | $\ldots$ | 1.2 | 1.2 | 53.8 | 42.3 | 40.4 | 21.3 |
| June....... |  | 1.2 | 1.2 | 23.1 | 42.3 | 14.9 | 34.0 |
| July...... | 48 | 67.7 | 8.5 | 30.8 | 23.1 | 68.1 | 31.9 |
| August..... |  | 78.0 | 67.1 | 42.3 | 23.1 | 57.4 | 38.3 |
| September.. |  | 34.8 | 31.1 | 50.0 | 42.3 | 44.7 | 78.7 |
| October.... | 56 | 6.7 | 72.6 | 57.7 | 65.4 | 46.8 | 48.9 |
| November.. | ... | 98.8 | 90.2 | 69.2 | 79.2 | 72.3 | 22.3 |
| December... |  | 84.8 | 98.8 | 37.5 | 62.5 | 27.7 | 63.8 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.... | 50 | 97.6 | 97.6 | 58.3 | 50.0 | 36.2 | 63.8 |
| February... |  | 79.3 | 93.8 | 66.7 | 58.3 | 87.2 | 44.7 |
| March...... |  | 43.8 | 91.2 | 46.2 | 50.0 | 47.9 | 53.2 |
| April..... | 99 | 91.2 | 90.0 | 50.0 | 53.8 | 44.7 | 83.0 |
| May........ | $\cdots$ | 85.0 | 88.0 | 46.2 | 34.6 | 48.9 | 46.8 53.2 |
| June........ | ( NA ) | 51.9 | 62.5 54.4 | 65.4 34.6 | 38.5 38.5 | 71.3 46.8 | 53.2 57.4 |
| July....... | ( NA ) | 29.4 75.0 | 54.4 60.2 | 34.6 46.2 | 38.5 34.6 | 46.8 55.3 | 57.4 |
| August..... |  | 75.0 76.9 | 60.2 | 46.2 50.0 | 34.6 265.4 | 55.3 36.2 |  |
| October.... |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 73.1$ |  |  |  |
| November... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^3]Table 4.-DIFFUSION INDEXES (PERCENT RISING) FOR 12 MAJOR ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES: JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT-Continued
Numbers are centered within intervals: l-month figures are placed on latest month; 3-month figures are placed on the 3d month and 5 -month figures are placed on the 4th month of span; 4-quarter figures are centered in the middle quarter; l-quarter figures are placed in the lst month of the 2 d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in indexes D1la, D19, D23, and D33, which require no adjustment, and D34 and D58, which are adjusted only for the index. Table 6 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The " $r$ " indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.


Table 5. - DIFFUSION INDEXES, ACTUAL AND ANTICIPATED, FOR 4 MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES: JANUARY 1960 TO PRESENT
Numbers are centered within intervals: 4-quarter figures are centered in the middle quarter; l-quarter figures are placed in the lst month of the 2d quarter. "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; and "NA", not available.

| Year and month | D35. Net sales, manufactures (800 companies) 4-quarter interval |  | D36. New orders, durable manufactures (400 companies) 4-quarter interval |  | D48. Freight carloadings (19 manufactured commodity groups) <br> 4-quarter interval |  |  | D61. New plant and equipment expenditures (16 industries) <br> 1-quarter <br> interval |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual | Anticipated | Actual | Anticipated | Actual | Anticipated | Change in total (000) | Actual | Anticipated |
| 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | $\cdots$ | -•• | . | . | $\cdots$ | ... | . . | 75.0 | 84.4 |
| February....... | 61 | 82 | 58 | 76 | 31.6 | 68.4 | +96 | ... | ... |
| March. ......... | . . | . | . | . . . | -•• | . | . | ... | . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| April........... | - . | $\cdots$ | -.. | . | . | ... | . | 71.9 | 71.9 |
| May............. | 53 | 74 | 51 | 68 | 31.6 | 78.9 | -103 | ... | ... |
| June........... | -•• | -• | -* | -• | -• | ... | . | ... | -•• |
| July............ | -.. | . . | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 56.2 | 71.9 |
| August......... | 50 | 70 | 50 | 68 | 21.1 | 50.0 | -279 | ... | ... |
| September...... | -•• | $\cdots$ | -• | -•• | ... | ... | ... | -•* | . ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| October........ | - . | - . | -.. | -.. | ... | . | . . | 34.4 | 43.8 |
| November. . . . . . | 60 | 68 | 62 | 68 | 26.3 | 42.1 | -212 | . | ... |
| December....... | - | -• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -• | -•• | -.. |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | - . | -•• | -•• | -•• | $\cdots$ | -•• | - . | 28.1 | 37.5 |
| February....... | 72 | 82 | 72 | 78 | 36.8 | 89.5 | -28 | ... | - |
| March. ......... | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | . $\cdot$ | ... |
| April........... | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | -•• | 46.9 | 53.1 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . | 74 | 83 | 73 | 78 | 68.4 | 73.7 | +79 | ... | -•• |
| June........... | - | -• | - . | . . | -•• | . $\cdot$ | -•• | -.. | -. 5 |
| July........... | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | - | - . | - ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | - | -.. | 56.2 | 62.5 |
| August......... | 82 | 88 | 82 | 86 | 87.5 | 89.5 | +125 | ... | ... |
| September...... | -•• | -•• | -• | -•• | -•• | . . . | ... | . $\cdot$ | -•• |
| October........ | -• | $\cdots$ | - ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | - | -•• | -•• | -•• | 59.4 | 65.6 |
| November....... | 81 | 86 | 78 | 82 | 63.2 | 89.5 | +62 | ... | ... |
| December....... | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•* | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | - . |
| 1962 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........ | - | $\cdots$ | - | - | ... | . | - | 65.6 | 62.5 |
| February. . . . . . | 80 | 88 | 76 | 84 | 57.9 | 94.7 | -67 | -•• | -.. |
| March. . . . . . . . | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | . . . | -.. | -•• |
| April.......... | - | $\cdots$ | -.. | -•• | . . | . | -•• | 68.8 | 68.8 |
| May............. | 76 | 80 | 74 | 74 | 63.2 | 89.5 | -96 | ... | -•• |
| June............ | -•• | -•• | -•• | ... | ... | -•• | -•• | $\cdots$ |  |
| July............ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ |  | -.. | - | 65.6 | 65.6 |
| August. ........ | . 72 | 74 | '71 | 70 | (NA) | 68.4 | -66 | ... | - |
| September...... | . $\cdot$ | -•* | . . | -•• |  | ... | ... | ... |  |
| October........ | $\cdots$ | - . | $\cdots$ | - . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | -•• | -•• | 46.9 | 68.8 |
| November. . . . . . | 74 | 82 | 76 | 76 |  | 63.2 | $\underline{r}+28$ | ... | -•• |
| December....... | $\ldots$ | -• | . . | -•• |  | ... | ... | -• | -•• |
| 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. ....... |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  | 40.6 | 50.0 |
| February....... | (NA) | 80 | (NA) | 76 |  | 78.9 | r+38 | 20.6 | $\cdots$ |
| March........... |  | $\cdots$ |  | -•• |  | . . |  | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ |
| April.......... |  | - |  | $\cdots$ |  | . $\cdot$ |  | 65.6 | 75.0 |
| May. . . . . . . . . . |  | 80 |  | 76 |  | 68.4 |  | - | -•• |
| June............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ) | $\cdots$ |
| July............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (NA) | 71.9 |
| August.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| .October......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 62.5 |
| November....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

A..-(D) Average Workweek of Production Workers, Manufacturing

$+=$ rising; $0=$ unchanged; $=$ falling. Series components are seasonally adjusted by issuing agency before the direction of change is determined.
B..-(D6) Value of Manufacturers' New Orders, Durable Goods Industries


[^4]
## C...(D19) Index of Stock Prices, 500 Common Stocks



+ = rising; $0=$ unchanged; $-=$ falling. Series components are not seasonally adjusted. NA $=$ Not available.
The 24 components shown here include 19 of the more important industries and 5 composites representing an additional 22 of the industries used in computing the diffusion index
${ }^{2}$ Based on 82 industries, July 1962 to February 1963, and on 80 industries thereafter.

Table 6．－DIRECTION OF CHANGE IN SERIES COMPONENTS OVER SPECIFIED TIME SPANS AND PERCENT OF SERIES RISING：JULY 1962 TO PRESENT．－Continued
D．．－（D23）Index of Industrial Materials Prices

| 13 industrial materials components | 1－month spans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3－month spans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1962 |  |  |  |  |  | 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1962 |  |  |  |  |  | 1963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 号 | 这 | ［ | ［ | 荿 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { g } \\ & \text { a } \\ & \dot{e} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | （10 |  | 矣 | 寅 | 5 <br> 3 <br> 1 <br> $\vdots$ <br> m <br> m | 䂞 | 答 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} -1 \\ + \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \\ & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | 告 | 吅 | + <br> 8 <br> 8 <br> 1 <br> -1 <br> 5 | $\begin{array}{\|l} 3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 00 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | $\square$ <br> $\sim$ <br> 0 <br> 1 <br> + <br> 8 | （10 | 4 <br> $n$ <br> $\vdots$ <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 |  |  | 呂 | 3 | 等 | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \frac{1}{2} \\ & \frac{5}{5} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | （1） | 号 |  |
| Percent rising．．．．．．．．．．． All industrial materials | －＋－＋＋－ |  |  |  |  |  | 58674650466535465073 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 | 23 | 23 | 42 + | 65 + | 79 + | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{rllllllll} 62 & 50 & 58 & 50 & 54 & 35 & 38 & 38 & 35 \\ + & - & - & - & + & - & - & - & + \\ + \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Copper scrap（lb．） |  |  | － |  |  |  | ＋ | － |  |  |  | ＋ |  |  |  | ＋ |  |  |  |  | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lead scrap（lb．）． |  | － | O | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | － | － |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  | o |  | － | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － |  | － | $+$ | ＋ | $+$ | $+$ |  |  |
| Steel scrap（ton） | $+$ | ＋ | － | － | － | ＋ | － | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | $+$ | ＋ | － |  |  | － | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － | $+$ | ＋ |  |  |
| Tin（lb．）．． |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － |  | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | ＋ |  |  |
| Zinc（lb．）． | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | o | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | NA | NA |  | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |  |  | － | － | $\bigcirc$ | － | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | o | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | ＋ | $+$ | $+$ | ＋ |  |  |  |
| Burlap（yd．）． |  | － | ＋ | ＋ |  | NA |  |  |  |  | ＋ | － | － | $+$ | ＋ | － |  |  | ＋ | － | － |  | ＋ | NA | NA | － |  |  | － | － | － | － | － | ＋ |  |  |
| Cotton（1b．）， 15 market average | － | － | － | $\bigcirc$ | － | ＋ | $\begin{aligned} & ++ \\ & ++ \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － | － | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $+$ | － | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － |  | － | － |  |  |
| Print cloth（yd．），average． | ＋ | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |  | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | － | ＋ |  |  | ＋ | － | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ |  |  |
| Wool tops（lb．）．．．．．．．．．．．． | ＋ | － | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | － | $\begin{aligned} & +\quad+\quad+ \\ & +\quad+\quad+ \end{aligned}$ |  |  | － | － | ＋ | － | $+$ | － | － |  |  | ＋ | $+$ | ＋ | 0 | $+$ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － | － | $+$ | － | $+$ |  |  |
| Hides（1b．）． | $\begin{array}{lllll} - & + & + & + & - \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & - & - \\ - & + & + & + & - \\ - & - & + & - \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} + & - \\ \circ & 0 \\ - & - \end{array}$ | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － | － | － | ＋ |  |  | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |
| Rosin（100 lb．）． |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － | － | $\bigcirc$ | 0 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | － | － | － | － |  |  |
| Rubber（1b．）． |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  | ＋ | － | － |  | ＋ |  |  | － | － | － | ＋ | $+$ | $+$ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |
| Tallow（1b．）． |  |  |  |  |  |  | $+$ |  |  | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | ＊ | ＋ |  |  | － | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | － | － | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | ＋ | $+$ | $\bigcirc$ | $+$ |  |  |

[^5]E...(D5) Initial Claims for Unemployment Insurance, State Programs


Table 6.-DIRECTION OF CHANGE IN SERIES COMPONENTS OVER SPECIFIED TIME SPANS AND PERCENT OF SERIES RISING: JULY 1962 TO PRESENT--Continued
F.--(D41) Number of Employees in Nonagricultural Establishments

$+=$ rising; $0=$ unchanged; $-=$ falling. Series components are seasonally adjusted by issuing agency before the direction of change is determined.

## G.--(D47) Index of Industrial Production


$+=$ rising; $O=$ unchanged; $-=$ falling. Series components are seasonally adjusted by issuing agency before the direction of change is determined.
 http://fraser.stlouisfed.afe used to compute the percent rising. The percent rising is based on 24 industry components.
H.--(D54) Sales of Retail Stores

$+=$ rising; $0=$ unchanged; $-=$ falling. Series components are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census before the direction of change is determined.

Percent of reference peak levels of selected series compared for 4 business cycles. Period begins with the reference peak date preceding the trough of each cycle.

## PERIOD COVERED

——— Nov. 1948 to Oct. 1952 (Reference trough: Oct. 1949)
......... July 1953 to Aug. 1957 (Reference trough: Aug. 1954)
--一-- July 1957 to Apr. 1961 (Reference trough: Apr. 1958)
May 1960 to present ${ }^{1}$ (Reference trough: Feb. 1961)



[^6]CHART 4 COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLE PATTERNS--Con.
Percent of reference peak levels of selected series compared for 4 business cycles. Period begins with the reference peak date preceding the trough of each cycle.

## PERIOD COVERED

———Nov. 1948 to Oct. 1952 (Reference trough: Oct. 1949)
......... July 1953 to Aug. 1957 (Reference trough: Aug. 1954)
----- July 1957 to Apr. 1961 (Reference trough: Apr. 1958)
——May 1960 to present ${ }^{1}$ (Reference trough: Feb. 1961)



[^7]Percent of reference peak levels of selected series compared for 4 business cycles. Period begins with the reference peak date preceding the trough of each cycle.


[^8]
## CHART 4 COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLE PATTERNS.-Con.

Percent of reference peak levels of selected series compared for 4 business cycles. Period begins with the reference peak date preceding the trough of each cycle.
period covered
_ Nov. 1948 to Oct. 1952 (Reference trough: Oct. 1949)
......... July 1953 to Aug. 1957 (Reference trough: Aug. 1954)
-- - - - July 1957 to Apr. 1961 (Reference trough: Apr. 1958)
$\longrightarrow$ May 1960 to present ${ }^{1}$ (Reference trough: Feb. 1961)



[^9]
## CHART 4 COMPARISONS OF REFERENCE CYCLE PATTERNS.-Con.

Percent of reference peak levels of selected series compared for 4 business cycles. Period begins with the reference peak date preceding the trough of each cycle.

## PERIOD COVERED

___ Nov. 1948 to Oct. 1952 (Reference trough: Oct. 1949)
-........ July 1953 to Aug. 1957 (Reference trough: Aug. 1954)

-     -         -             - July 1957 to Apr. 1961 (Reference trough: Apr. 1958)
$\longrightarrow$ May 1960 to present ${ }^{1}$ (Reference trough: Feb. 1961)


*Reference peak level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or " 2 ", the figure for the reference peak is set at "100". For series with an MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the reference peak quarter is set at " 100 ". MCD values are shown in appendix C .
${ }^{1}$ See table 1 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month ond comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 7.
${ }^{2}$ Last 2 quarters anticipated.


## CHART 5

Percent of specific trough levels of selected series compared for 4 business expansions. Period begins with the specific trough date ${ }^{1}$ of each series for each expansion.


* Specific trough level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the specific trough is set of " 100 ". For series with on MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the specific trough month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the specific trough quarter is set at "100". MCD values are shown in appendix C.
${ }^{1}$ See appendix $B$ for specific dates. ${ }^{2}$ See table 1 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months after the specific troughs of previous expansions are shown in table 9. ${ }^{3}$ For the current eycle, changes are based on the low ( L ) shown in toble 1 . For the 1949 and 1958 cycles, a 3-term moving average is shown.


## CHART 5

COMPARISONS OF SPECIFIC CYCLE PATTERNS.-Con.
Percent of specific trough levels of selected series compared for 4 business expansions. Period begins with the specific trough date ${ }^{1}$ of each series for each expansion.

\#Specific trough level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or "2", the figure for the specific trough is set at " 100 ". For series with an MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the specific trough month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the specific trough quarter is set at " 100 ". MCD values are shown in appendix C .
${ }^{1}$ See appendix B for specific dates. ${ }^{2}$ See table 1 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comporable months after the specific troughs of previous expansions are shown in table9.

## CHART 5

COMPARISONS OF SPECIFIC CYCLE PATTERNS.-Con.
Percent of specific trough levels of selected series compared for 4 business expansions. Period begins with the specific trough date ${ }^{1}$ of each series for each expansion.

PERIOD COVERED
From specific trough dates to 42 months later. ${ }^{2}$ Specific trough dates are the dates each series actually begins the expansion identified with the reference trough of--


*Specific trough level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the specific trough is set of " 100 ". For series with an MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the specific trough month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the specific trough quarter is set at " 100 ". MCD values are shown in appendix C .
${ }^{1}$ See appendix B for specific dates. ${ }^{2}$ See table 1 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months after the specific troughs of previous expansions are shown in table 9.

CHART 5 COMPARISONS OF SPECIFIC CYCLE PATTERNS.-Con.
Percent of specific trough levels of selected series compared for 4 business expansions. Period begins with the specific trough date ${ }^{1}$ of each series for each expansion.

*Specific trough level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the specifie trough is set at " 100 ". For series $w$ an MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the specific trough month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the specific trough quarter is $s$ of " 100 ". MCD values are shown in appendix C .
${ }^{1}$ See appendix B for specific dates. ${ }^{2}$ See table 1 for latest manth in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months after the speci troughs of previous expansions are shown in table $9 . \quad{ }^{3}$ For the current eyele, changes are based on the low ( $L$ ) shown in table 1.

Table 7.--PERCENT OF REFERENCE PEAK LEVELS AS MEASURED AT DESIGNATED MONTHS AFTER THE REFERENCE TROUGH DATES IN THE 9 MOST RECENT EXPANSIONS
For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD)of "1" or "2" (series 1, 17, 19, 23, 41, 43, 47, 52, 54, 55, 62, 64, and 66), the figure for the reference peak month is used as the base. For series with an MCD of "3" or more (series $2,3,6,7,9,13,14,24,29$, and 51 ), the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is used as the base. The base for quarterly series (series $16,49,50,61$, and 67 ) is the reference peak quarter. See also MCD footnote to appendix C.

| Selected series | Months after reference trough ${ }^{1}$ | Percent of reference peak prior to reference expansion beginning in-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1921 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1927 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1938 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1949 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1958 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. <br> 1961 |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing. | 31 | NA | 95.8 | 91.8 | 70.6 | 98.7 | 101.5 | 98.8 | 98.5 | 101.5 |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing. | 30 | 46.7 | 29.9 | 38.9 | 56.4 | 128.0 | 104.9 | 80.1 | 95.5 | - 97.3 |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (inverted). | 30 | 14.5 | 20.3 | 48.4 | 59.3 | 113.0 | 122.2 | 87.5 | 79.2 | 114.3 |
| 6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries. | 31 | 173.8 | 124.8 | 57.5 | 55.0 | 216.4 | 140.6 | 124.5 | 103.5 | 120.9 |
| 7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started. | 31 | 208.3 | 125.6 | 45.0 | 46.5 | 202.5 | 127.5 | 89.9 | 104.7 | 133.0 |
| 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs., floor space ${ }^{2} .$. | 30 | 40.0 | 105.4 | 70.4 | 23.0 | 214.7 | 97.2 | 141.1 | 109.5 | 114.9 |
| 13. Number of new business incorporations | 30 | 68.0 | 97.7 | 104.2 | 70.1 | 79.9 | 107.7 | 133.9 | 128.8 | 105.5 |
| 14. Current liabilities of bus. failures (inv.). | 31 | 22.2 | 94.1 | 52.3 | 218.9 | 118.6 | 123.5 | 70.5 | 60.5 | 97.8 |
| 16. Corporate profits after taxes (Q)........... | 27 | 62.0 | 96.2 | 73.6 | 22.1 | 115.1 | 88.1 | 121.4 | 92.5 | 118.6 |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index. | 31 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 97.6 | 102.1 | 99.8 | 101.1 |
| 19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stock | 31 | 100.5 | 157.6 | 165.3 | 39.6 | 64.9 | 155.2 | 181.3 | 114.3 | 131.9 |
| 23. Index of industrial materials prices... | 31 | 62.3 | 81.5 | 76.5 | 75.5 | 92.7 | 93.4 | 109.8 | 94.9 | 90.4 |
| 24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries................. | 31 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 145.3 | 139.6 | 112.0 | 123.1 |
| 29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits............... | 31 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | 103.2 | 131.1 |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments. | 31 | 87.6 | 95.6 | 92.2 | 85.0 | 107.6 | 107.6 | 105.4 | 101.9 | 105.3 |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted) | 31 | Na | NH | NA | NA | 107.1 | 118.1 | 68.2 | 67.3 | 93.3 |
| 47. Index of industrial production.. | 31 | 107.4 | 106.6 | 96.2 | 81.9 | 118.4 | 119.0 | 109.1 | 103.1 | 114.4 |
| 49. Gross national product in current dollars( $Q$ ) | 30 | NA | 113.3 | 105.1 | 68.6 | 113.8 | 128.4 | 118.9 | 112.0 | 116.7 |
| 50. Gross national product in 1954 dollars (Q).. | 30 | NA | 113.5 | 110.5 | 85.3 | NA | 117.5 | 109.8 | 106.4 | 111.8 |
| 51. Bans debits outside NYC, 343 cente | 31 | 97.7 | 121.2 | 107.5 | 56.0 | 111.6 | 131.2 | 129.2 | 119.1 | 131.5 |
| 52. Personal income..... | 31 | NA | 112.4 | 102.8 | 71.3 | 113.7 | 125.9 | 119.6 | 113.8 | 115.9 |
| 54. Sales of retail stores......................... | 31 | 109.4 | 108.8 | 94.6 | 76.3 | 116.9 | 122.8 | 116.8 | 107.6 | 110.1 |
| 55. Index of wholesale prices, all commodities other than farm products and foods......... | 31 | 65.7 | 89.3 | 86.6 | 85.4 | 97.3 | 107.7 | 108.7 | 101.5 | 99.7 |
| nBER LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total (Q): ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 27 | 54.5 | 108.1 | 104.3 | 40.6 | 105.1 | 121.6 | 129.8 | 95.1 | 104.8 |
|  | 33 | 51.3 | 96.2 | 75.7 | 47.8 | NA | 115.2 | 131.8 | 89.7 | 113.4 |
| 62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing. | 31 | 82.2 | 91.5 | 90.9 | 81.7 | 98.1 | 111.6 | 106.3 | 102.5 | 98.6 |
| 64. Manufacturers' inventories, book value...... | 30 | NA | Na | NA | 75.6 | 110.2 | 138.5 | 116.3 | 100.6 | 107.3 |
| 66. Consumer installment debt.. | 30 | NA | NA | NA | 78.5 | 140.1 | 179.8 | 144.8 | 128.5 | 125.5 |
| 67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 19 cities(Q). | 30 | 88.1 | 91.5 | 103.2 | 59.8 | 98.5 | 133.0 | 117.4 | 103.3 | 93. |

NOTE: For the expansions beginning in July 1921, July 1924, November 1927, and Apri1 1958, the peak had been passed and a reference contraction was underway by the month indicated in the first column. See appendix a for the reference peak dates and earlier issues of Business Cycle Developments for the levels reached on those dates.

NA Not available.
${ }^{1}$ Based on period from February 1961 (current trough) to latest month for which data are available.
${ }^{2}$ Except for 1961, changes are computed in a 3-term moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
${ }^{3}$ Comparisons are made for this series on the basis of (a) the period 27 months after the February 1961 trough (actual expenditures) and (b) the period 33 months after the same period (anticipated expenditures for 4th quarter 1963).

## Table 8.--PERCENT CHANGE FROM REFERENCE TROUGH LEVELS AS MEASURED AT DESIGNATED MONTHS AFTER THE REFERENCE TROUGH DATES IN THE 9 MOST RECENT EXPANSIONS

For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or "2" (series 1, 17, 19, 23, 41, 43, 47, 52, 54, 55, 62, 64, and 66), the figure for the reference trough month is used as the base. For series with an MCD of "3" or more (series 2, 3, 6, 7, 9, 13, 14, 24, 29, and 51), the average of the 3 months centered on the reference trough month is used as the base. The base for quarterly series (series 16, 49, 50, 61, and 67) is the reference trough quarter. See also MCD footnote to appendix C.

| Selected series | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Months } \\ & \text { after } \\ & \text { refer- } \\ & \text { ence } \\ & \text { trough } \end{aligned}$ | Percent change from reference trough of expansion beginning in-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1921 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1927 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1933 \end{aligned}$ | June 1938 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1949 \end{aligned}$ | Aug. <br> 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1958 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing. | 31 | +3.9 | $+4.8$ | -6.5 | +4.7 | +13.2 | +2.3 | +1.3 | +1.8 | +3.0 |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing................. | 30 | Na | +39.5 | $-46.8$ | +37.7 | +43.2 | +18.1 | +10.4 | +17.6 | -10.0 |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (inverted)....... | 30 | NA | -34.6 | -31.7 | +60.5 | +127.8 | +82.2 | +35.4 | +33.3 | +30.2 |
| 6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries. | 31 | +146.3 | +11.4 | $-42.5$ | +186.2 | +260.0 | +52.0 | +33.9 | +20.9 | +31.2 |
| 7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started. | 31 | +112.7 | +26.8 | $-56.7$ | +208.3 | +115.6 | -11.5 | -24.7 | +9.3 | +33.4 |
| 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs., floor space ${ }^{2}$... | 30 | +46.6 | +51.9 | -18.9 | +92.6 | +334.9 | +12.6 | $+45.7$ | +39.3 | +23.4 |
| 13. Number of new business incorporations........ | 30 | -6.1 | +31.9 | +0.4 | -11.6 | $-7.2$ | +3.1 | +13.4 | +34.9 | +13.5 |
| 14. Current liabilities of bus. failures (inv.). | 31 | +31.4 | +4.4 | -43.1 | +165.2 | +60.7 | +5.2 | -26.0 | -19.6 | 0.0 |
| 16. Corporate profits after taxes (Q)............ | 27 | NA | +78.6 | 0.0 | NA | +281.2 | +12.7 | +42.5 | +22.2 | +39.6 |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index........... | 31 | NH | NA | NA | NA | NA | -1.2 | +4.0 | +5.5 | +3.0 |
| 19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks.... | 31 | +35.8 | +51.3 | +26.1 | +91.3 | +3.3 | +49.3 | +43.3 | +31.0 | +17.2 |
| 23. Index of industrial materials prices........ | 31 | +48.8 | -2.8 | -21.6 | +81.8 | $+36.9$ | +24.4 | +9.8 | +9.2 | -5.2 |
| 24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries................. | 31 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | +65.3 | +46.3 | +33.6 | +28.3 |
| 29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits............... | 31 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | $-23.7$ | +1.5 | +35.2 |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments. | 31 | +27.1 | +10.0 | -4.0 | +24.3 | +20.0 | +13.4 | +9.1 | +6.2 | +7.3 |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted)......... | 31 | NA | NA | NA | +45.3 | +90.7 | +141.0 | +54.5 | +19.4 | +26.7 |
| 47. Index of industrial production................ | 31 | +57.2 | +29.8 | +2.2 | +69.8 | $+73.4$ | +30.0 | +19.9 | +20.0 | +21.6 |
| 49. Gross national product in current dollars(Q) | 30 | $+28.7$ | +15.9 | $+4.6$ | $+36.1$ | $+29.2$ | +32.8 | +21.1 | +14.8 | +17.6 |
| 50. Gross national product in 1954 dollars (Q).. | 30 | +27.7 | +13.9 | +8.0 | +18.4 | NA | +19.2 | +13.1 | +10.6 | +13.9 |
| 51. Bank debits outside NYC, 343 centers........ | 31 | +26.0 | +25.1 | -1.1 | +46.8 | +33.7 | $+36.6$ | +27.2 | +23.0 | +28.4 |
| 52. Personal income. | 31 | +32.5 | +12.9 | +0.4 | +44.9 | +27.7 | +31.6 | +19.9 | +14.2 | +15.1 |
| 54. Sales of retail stores.......................... | 31 | +16.7 | +8.8 | -5.4 | +45.0 | +43.4 | +22.8 | +17.6 | +9.3 | +12.3 |
| 55. Index of wholesale prices, all comnodities other than farm products and foods.......... | 31 | $+4.3$ | -2.3 | -6.9 | +17.4 | +2.8 | +13.4 | +9.5 | +2.0 | -0.2 |
| NBER LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total ( $Q$ ): ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 27 | +58.9 | +54.9 | +18.8 | +136.8 | +76.1 | +51.9 | +35.8 | +18.4 | +12.4 |
|  | 33 | +49.5 | +37.9 | -13.9 | +178.6 | NA | +44.0 | +38.0 | +11.6 | +21.6 |
| 62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing. | 31 | -8.6 | -11.0 | -7.7 | +11.4 | -5.5 | +16.0 | +4.1 | -3.5 | -3.1 |
| 64. Manufacturers' inventories, book value....... | 30 | NA | NA | NA | +27.7 | +16.5 | +51.4 | +23.3 | +5.6 | +10.1 |
| 66. Consumer installment debt. | 30 | NA | NA | NA | +64.3 | +50.2 | +44.9 | +40.1 | +27.4 | +21.5 |
| 67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 19 cities (Q). | 30 | -18.3 | $+4.3$ | +7.2 | -23.2 | +0.9 | +32.5 | +23.0 | +19.7 | +0.8 |

NOTE: For the expansions beginning in July 1921, July 1924, November 1927, and April 1958, the peak had been passed and a reference contraction was underway by the month indicated in the first column. See appendix A for the reference peak dates and earlier issues of Business Cycle Developments for the levels reached on those dates.

NA Not available.
${ }^{1}$ Based on period from February 1961 (current trough) to latest month for which data are available.
${ }^{2}$ Except for 1961, changes are computed in a 3-term moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
${ }^{3}$ Comparisons are made for this series on the basis of (a) the period 27 months after the February 1961 trough (actual expenditures) and (b) the period 33 months after the same period (anticipated expenditures for 4 th quarter 1963).

## Table 9.--PERCENT OF SPECIFIC PEAK LEVELS AND PERCENT CHANGE FROM SPECIFIC TROUGH LEVELS AS MEASURED AT DESIGNATED MONTHS AFTER THE SPECIFIC TROUGH DATES IN THE 9 MOST RECENT EXPANSIONS

For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of "1" or "2" (series 1, 17, 19, 23, 41, 43, 47, 52, 53, and 54), the figure for the specific peak (trough) month is used as the base. For series with an MCD of "3" or more (series 9, 13, 24, and 29), the average of the 3 months centered on the specific peak (trough) month is used as the base. The base for quarterly series (series 49 and 50) is the specific peak (trough) quarter. See also MCD footnote to appendix $C$.

| Selected series | Months after specific trough ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1921 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1927 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1933 \end{aligned}$ | June 1938 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1949 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1958 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## NBER LEADING INDICATORS

1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing.
2. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs., floor space ${ }^{2} .$.
3. Number of new business incorporations.
4. Price per unit of labor cost index.
5. Index of stock prices 500 common stocks.
6. Index of industrial materials prices........
7. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries..................
8. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits

## NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS

41. Number of employees in nonagricultural
estabilishments..........................
42. Unemployment rate, total (inverted)
43. Index of industrial production.................
44. Gross national product in current dollars(Q)
45. Gross national product in 1954 dollars (Q)..
46. Personal income.
47. Labor income in mining, mfg., and construc..
48. Sales of retail stores

## NBER LEADING INDICATORS

1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing
2. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs., floor space ${ }^{2}$.
3. Number of new business incorporations.......
4. Price per unit of labor cost index.
5. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks....
6. Index of industrial materials prices........
7. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries.
8. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits

## NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS

41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments.
42. Unemployment rate, total (inverted)
43. Index of industrial production..
44. Gross national product in current dollars $(Q)$
45. Gross national product in 1954 dollars (Q)..
46. Personal income.
47. Labor income in mining, mfg., and construc...
48. Sales of retail stores.................................

Percent of specific peak prior to reference expansion beginning in year shown 27 31
31 31
35 33
35

| NA | *97.8 | *100.0 | 66.5 | 94.6 | NSC | *99.8 | *99.0 | 100.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * 45.2 | *114.6 | *108.2 | 17.7 | 192.9 | 41.4 | NSC | 95.5 | ${ }^{3} 117.6$ |
| *86.3 | *106.8 | *110.5 | * 70.4 | 50.0 | 61.6 | NSC | *138.1 | 98.3 |
| NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | *107.2 | *90.3 | *101.0 | 98.4 |
| *99.2 | 141.3 | NSC | 31.2 | 54.9 | 141.1 | *186.3 | *122.5 | 121.9 |
| *71. 3 | *100.8 | *76.6 | 66.5 | 91.0 | *135.1 | *65.1 | *92.9 | 88.9 |
| NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | * 211.9 | *103.7 | *110.2 | 122.3 |
| NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | *96.5 | 101.4 |
| *91. 3 | *96.6 | *105.6 | 85.0 | 107.1 | 107.5 | *105.4 | *103.0 | 104.9 |
| NA | NA | NA | NA | 89.5 | 112.7 | 61.3 | *78.0 | 89.4 |
| *112. 3 | *108.2 | *116.2 | 74.3 | 116.5 | 116.1 | 108.8 | *109.0 | 112.5 |
| NA | NSC | NSC | 68.6 | 108.3 | 127.2 | 116.6 | *112.4 | 116.7 |
| NA | NSC | NSC | 80.0 | NA | 116.7 | 108.7 | *107.6 | 111.8 |
| NA | *111.1 | *112.9 | 73.0 | 114.2 | 125.2 | 117.7 | 113.5 | ${ }^{3} 115.1$ |
| NA | NA | NA | 62.5 | 119.9 | 129.3 | 115.1 | *108.3 | 112.1 |
| 97.1 | NSC | NSC | 74.4 | 108.5 | NSC | 109.6 | *109.4 | 108.7 |

Percent change from specific trough related to reference expansion beginning in year shown

| 33 | *+15.4 | *+7.9 | * +4.5 | -1.6 | +13.5 | +5.2 | * +4.1 | * +5.2 | +5.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | *+118.4 | *+82.6 | * +40.1 | +83.4 | +324.7 | +32.8 | NSC | +39.6 | ${ }^{3}+26.4$ |
| 31 | *+23.6 | *+ 42.9 | * +20.5 | *+12.8 | -37.4 | +4.2 | NSC | * +51.7 | +15.0 |
| 31 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | *+15.2 | *+6.8 | * +9.4 | +3.0 |
| 35 | * +46.2 | +65.9 | NSC | +104.4 | +0.6 | +69.9 | +109.6 | 488.1 | +35.6 |
| 33 | *+75.0 | *+36.7 | * +7.3 | +78.9 | +40.8 | \%100.3 | *+24.7 | *+17.4 | -2.8 |
| 35 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | $4+181.2$ | *+73.8 | *+48.6 | +31.5 |
| 33 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | *+56.3 | $+36.0$ |
| 31 | *+32.6 | *+12.0 | * +11.5 | +24.3 | +20.0 | +13.4 | * +9.1 | *+7.6 | +7.3 |
| 28 | NA | NA | NA | +39.0 | +63.1 | +140.2 | +44.3 | *+50.4 | +28.1 |
| 32 | *+66.1 | *+31.7 | *+24.9 | +59.4 | +75.2 | +28.9 | +20.9 | *+27.2 | +21.7 |
| 30 | NA | NSC | NSC | +36.1 | +29.2 | +31.9 | +19.8 | $\cdots+16.4$ | +17.6 |
| 30 | NA | NSC | NSC | +18.7 | NA | +19.5 | +12.8 | *+12.5 | +13.9 |
| 33 | * +32.8 | *+15.3 | *+15.9 | +48.4 | +30.7 | +32.0 | +19.2 | +14.9 | ${ }^{3}+15.7$ |
| 31 | NA | NA | NA | +75.7 | $+64.0$ | +47.9 | +24.6 | *+17.6 | +18.1 |
| 29 | +13.8 | NSC | NSC | +45.0 | $+34.3$ | NSC | +15.2 | *+13.7 | +13.2 |

NA Not available. NSC No specific cycle related to reference dates.
*Indicates that a specific peak had been passed and a specific contraction was underway for this series by the month indicated in the first column. The figure shown represents the change to the specific peak and the period covered is shorter than that of the current expansion (col. 1). See appendix B for specific peak dates.
${ }^{1}$ Based on period of the most recent specific expansion for each series; i.e., from the most recent specific trough to the latest month shown in table 1. The number of months is the same for each expansion except those indicated by an asterisk. Specific trough dates are shown in appendix B.
${ }^{2}$ Except for 1961, changes are computed in a 3-term moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
${ }^{3}$ Since no specific trough or peak has been designated, figures are based on the low (L) shown in table 1 and the high preceding that low.

## Appendixes

## Appendix A.-.BUSINESS CYCLE REFERENCE DATES AND DURATION OF EXPANSIONS AND CONTRACTIONS IN THE UNITED STATES: 1854 TO 1961


NOTE: Underscored figures are the wartime expansions (Civil War, World Wars I and II, and Korean War), the postwar contractions, and the full cycles that include the wartime expansions.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
125 \text { cycles, 1857-1960. } & 4_{21} \text { cycles, } 1857-1960 . \\
29 \text { cycles, 1920-1960. } & { }^{5} 7 \text { cycles, } 1920-1960 . \\
{ }^{3} 3 \text { cycles, } 1948-1960 & 6_{2} \text { cycles, 1948-1960. }
\end{array}
$$

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research.

## Appendix B.--SPECIFIC TROUGH AND PEAK DATES FOR SELECTED BUSINESS INDICATORS

Specific trough and peak dates are the actual dates that each series reaches its trough and peak. Reference dates are those dates designated as the trough or peak of business activity as a whole. This table shows, for selected leading and coincident series, the specific dates related to reference dates in 9 recent business cycles.

| Selected series | Specific trough dates for reference expansions beginning in-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | Apr <br> 1958 | Aug. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1949 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1938 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1933 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1927 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1921 \end{aligned}$ |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing.............. | Dec.' 60 | Apr. ' 58 | Apr.'54 | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 49$ | Jan. 38 | Jun.'32 | Apr.'28 | Jul. ${ }^{\prime} 24$ | Feb. '21 |
| 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bidgs... | NSC | Jun. ${ }^{58}$ | NSC | Aug. ${ }^{49}$ | Sep. 138 | Oct.'32 | Sep. ${ }^{1} 27$ | Jul. '24 | Mar.'21 |
| 13. Number of new business incorporations | Jan.'61 | Nov. ${ }^{1} 57$ | NSC | Feb. 149 | Sep.'39 | Dec. ${ }^{1} 34$ | Dec. ${ }^{1} 26$ | Jun. ${ }^{2} 24$ | Jan.'21 |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index. | Feb.' 61 | Apr. ${ }^{\text {c }} 58$ | Dec.' 53 | May ' 49 | NA | NA | NA | NA |  |
| 19. Index of stock prices, 500 stocks.. | Oct.' 60 | Dec. ${ }^{157}$ | Sep.' 53 | Jun. ${ }^{\prime} 49$ | Apr. ${ }^{\text {' }} 38$ | Jun. ${ }^{1} 32$ | NSC | Oct.'23 | Aug. '21 |
| 23. Index of industrial mat. prices.... | Dec. ${ }^{\prime} 60$ | Apr. ${ }^{58}$ | Feb. ${ }^{54}$ | Jun. 49 | Jun. ${ }^{1} 38$ | Jul. ${ }^{\prime} 32$ | Aug. ' 28 | Jun. '24 | Jul. '21 |
| 24. Value of mfrs.' new orders, machinery and equipment industries.. | Oct. ${ }^{6} 6$ | Feb. ${ }^{\prime} 58$ | Jan. ${ }^{54}$ | Apr.'49 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local bldg. permits. | Dec. ${ }^{\prime} 60$ | Feb. ${ }^{58}$ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments. | Feb. 61 | May 158 | Aug. ' 54 | Oct. ${ }^{149}$ | Jun. ${ }^{\text {' }} 38$ | Mar.'33 | Jan. 28 | Jul.'24 | Jul.'21 |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted) | May ' 61 | Jul. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Sep. ${ }^{154}$ | Oct.'49 | Jun. ${ }^{138}$ | May 133 | NA | NA |  |
| 47. Index of industrial production..... | Jan. ${ }^{61}$ | Apr. ${ }^{\text {5 }} 58$ | Apr. ${ }^{154}$ | Oct. ${ }^{\prime} 49$ | May 138 | Jul. ${ }^{132}$ | Nov. ${ }^{1} 27$ | Jul. ${ }^{2} 4$ | Apr. '21 |
| 49. GNP in current dollars (Q) | 1stQ'61 | 1stQ 58 | 2ndQ' 54 | 2ndQ' 49 | 2ndQ' 38 | 1stQ'33 | NSC | NSC | $4 \mathrm{th} \mathrm{Q}^{\prime} 21$ |
| 50. GNP in 1954 dollars (Q)............. | 1stQ'61 | 1stQ' 58 | 2ndQ' 54 | 2ndQ'49 | 1stQ'38 | 3rdQ' 32 | NSC | NSC | NA |
| 52. Personal income. | NSC | Feb. ${ }^{158}$ | Mar. ${ }^{54}$ | Oct. ${ }^{49}$ | May ' 38 | Mar. ${ }^{\text {P }} 33$ | 4thQ'26 | 2ndQ' 24 | 2ndQ' 21 |
| 53. Labor income in mining, manufacturing and construction............ | Feb. ${ }^{61}$ | Apr. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Aug. ${ }^{1} 54$ | Oct. ${ }^{49}$ | Jun. 138 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 33$ | NA | NA |  |
| 54. Sales of retail stores | Apr.'61 | Mar. 158 | Jan. 154 | NSC | May ' 38 | Mar. ${ }^{\text {a }} 33$ | NSC | NSC | Mar. ${ }^{\prime} 22$ |


| Selected series | Specific peak dates for reference contractions beginning in-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1957 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1953 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1948 \end{aligned}$ | May 1937 | Aug. 1929 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1926 \end{aligned}$ | May <br> 1923 | Jan. 1920 |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing............. . . | Apr. ${ }^{1} 59$ | Nov. ${ }^{\text {' }} 55$ | Apr . ${ }^{\text {P }} 5$ | NSC | Dec.' 36 | Oct. ${ }^{129}$ | Nov. ${ }^{1} 25$ | Nov. '22 | NA |
| 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial bldgs... | NSC | Mar.' 56 | NSC | Mar. ${ }^{46}$ | Jul. ${ }^{\prime} 37$ | Jan. '29 | Sep.'25 | Aug. '22 | Dec.'19 |
| 13. Number of new business incorporations................................... | Apr. ${ }^{59}$ | Feb.' 56 | NSC | Jul. ${ }^{4} 46$ | Dec.' 36 | Jan. '29 | Oct.'25 | Apr.'23 | Dec.'19 |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index. | May ' 59 | Dec.' 55 | Feb. ${ }^{\text {' } 51}$ | Jan. ${ }^{48}$ | NA | NA | NA | NA |  |
| 19. Index of stock prices, 500 stocks.. | Jul. ${ }^{59}$ | Jul. ${ }^{\text {d }} 5$ | Jan.' 53 | Jun. 148 | Feb. 137 | Sep. ${ }^{129}$ | NSC | Mar. ${ }^{\prime} 23$ | Jul.'19 |
| 23. Index of industrial mat. prices.... | Nov. 159 | Dec. ${ }^{\prime} 55$ | Feb. ${ }^{51}$ | Jan, ${ }^{48}$ | Mar. ${ }^{\text {' }} 37$ | Mar.'29 | Nov. ${ }^{\text {'2 }} 2$ | Mar. ${ }^{\prime} 23$ | Apr . '20 |
| 24. Value of mfrs.' new orders, machinery and equipment industries.. | Dec.'59 | Nov. ${ }^{\text {' }} 56$ | Feb. ${ }^{151}$ | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 48$ | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| 29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local bldg. permits. | Nov. ${ }^{58}$ | Feb.' 55 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments. | Apr. ${ }^{1} 60$ | Mar. ${ }^{\prime} 57$ | Jul. ${ }^{1} 53$ | Jul. ${ }^{48}$ | Jul. ${ }^{1} 37$ | Aug. ${ }^{129}$ | Jan. '26 | Jun. ${ }^{2} 23$ | Jan. '20 |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted) | Feb, '60 | Mar. ${ }^{157}$ | Jun.' 53 | Jan. 148 | Jul. ${ }^{37}$ | NA | NA | NA |  |
| 47. Index of industrial production..... | Jan. '60 | Feb. ${ }^{57}$ | Ju1. ${ }^{153}$ | Jul. ${ }^{148}$ | May ${ }^{\prime} 37$ | Ju1.'29 | Mar. ${ }^{\text {2 }} 27$ | May ' 23 | Feb. ${ }^{\prime} 20$ |
| 49. GNP in current dollars (Q)......... | 2ndQ' 60 | $3 \mathrm{rdQ}{ }^{\prime} 57$ | 2ndQ' 53 | 4thQ'48 | 3rdQ' 37 | $3 \mathrm{rdQ} \mathrm{Q}^{129}$ | NSC | NSC | NA |
| 50. GNP in 1954 dollars (Q)............ | 2ndQ' 60 | 3rdQ' 57 | 2ndQ ${ }^{\text {a }} 53$ | 4 thQ 48 | 3rdQ ${ }^{\prime} 37$ | $3 \mathrm{rdQ} \mathrm{Q}^{\prime} 29$. | NSC | NSC | NA |
| 52. Personal income.................. | NSC | Aug. ${ }^{57}$ | Oct.' 53 | Oct. 148 | Jun. ${ }^{37}$ | Aug. '29 | 2ndQ'26 | 1stQ'24 | NA |
| 53. Labor income in mining, manufacturing and construction............ | May ${ }^{\prime} 60$ | Jul. 157 | Jul. ${ }^{153}$ | Sep. ${ }^{48}$ | May ${ }^{\prime} 37$ | Sep. ${ }^{1} 29$ | NA | NA | NA |
| 54. Sales of retail stores | Apr. '60 | Aug. ${ }^{57}$ | Mar. ${ }^{53}$ | NSC | Sep. ${ }^{1} 77$ | Sep.'29 | NSC | NSC | Jul. ${ }^{\prime} 20$ |

NA not available. NSC No specific cycle related to reference dates.

## Appendix C.--AVERAGE PERCENTAGE CHANGES AND RELATED MEASURES FOR MONTHLY AND QUARTERLY BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES

| Monthly series | $\overline{\text { CI }}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{c}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \mathrm{C}$ | MCD | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{I} / \bar{C} \\ & \text { for } \\ & M C D \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CI | I | C | MCD |
| NBER IEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing. $\qquad$ | . 49 | . 42 | . 21 | 2.00 | 2 | . 95 | 2.15 | 1.65 | 10.58 | 4.06 |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing. | 4.92 | 4.69 | 1.72 | 2.73 | 3 | . 89 | 1.85 | 1.54 | 9.00 | 5.64 |
| 30. Nonagricultural placements, all indust | 1.82 | 1.29 | 1.18 | 1.09 | 2 | . 59 | 2.27 | 1.63 | 9.77 | 5.25 |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing...................... | 9.52 | 8.05 | 4.02 | 2.00 | 3 | .70 | 2.21 | 1.73 | 8.40 | 5.39 |
| 4. Number of persons on temporary layoff, all industries. | 17.76 | 17.12 | 3.99 | 4.29 | 5 | . 89 | 1.63 | 1.44 | 6.35 | 3.08 |
| 5. Average weekly initial claims fur unemployment insurance, State programs................... | 5.29 | 4.62 | 2.49 | 1.86 | 2 | . 86 | 1.72 | 1.51 | 9.77 | 3.94 |
| 6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries. | 3.83 | 3.39 | 1.59 | 2.13 | 3 | . 63 | 2.23 | 1.61 | 9.77 | 4.03 |
| 24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries...................... | 4.55 | 4.22 | 1.50 | 2.81 | 3 | .81 | 1.59 | 1.40 | 11.55 | 3.68 |
| 9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings............... | 9.66 | 9.43 | 1.67 | 5.65 | 6 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | 1.70 | 1.54 | 6.63 | 3.03 |
| 10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment. | 4.57 | 4.28 | 1.44 | 2.97 | 3 | . 86 | 1.58 | 1.43 | 11.45 | 3.35 |
| 7. New private nonfarm dwelling units started.... | 7.34 | 7.31 | 1.14 | 6.41 | 6 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | 1.53 | 1.53 | 6.13 | 2.32 |
| 29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits............ | 3.82 | 3.39 | 1.48 | 2.29 | 3 | . 68 | 1.89 | 1.53 | 14.38 | 3.32 |
| 13. Number of new business incorporations...... | 2.68 | 2.36 | 1.10 | 2.15 | 3 | .77 | 2.10 | 1.70 | 6.30 | 3.02 |
| 14. Current liabilities of business failures. | 16.86 | 16.36 | 2.52 | 6.49 | 6 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | 1.48 | 1.32 | 5.77 | 2.26 |
| 15. Number of business failures with liabilities of $\$ 100,000$ and over.............................. | 13.09 | 12.81 | 2.11 | 6.07 | 6 | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ | 1.53 | 1.37 | 9.77 | 5.30 |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index............ | . 69 | . 56 | . 33 | 1.70 | 2 | . 94 | 2.23 | 1.74 | 7.47 | 3.60 |
| 19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks...... | 2.65 | 1.86 | 1.67 | 1.11 | 2 | . 68 | 2.35 | 1.67 | 12.70 | 3.94 |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories. | 6.81 | 5.29 | 3.10 | 1.71 | 3 | . 66 | 2.54 | 1.76 | 10.58 | 4.63 |
| 26. Buying policy--production materials, percent reporting commitments 60 days or longer...... | 5.81 | 5.32 | 2.14 | 2.49 | 3 | .76 | 1.87 | 1.63 | 12.70 | 3.91 |
| 32. Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries. | 7.68 | 5.54 | 4.73 | 1.17 | 2 | . 79 | 3.53 | 2.12 | 9.77 | 4.20 |
| 23. Index of industrial materials prices. | 1.32 | 1.04 | . 74 | 1.41 | 2 | . 95 | 2.44 | 2.05 | 11.55 | 4.06 |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments. $\qquad$ | . 30 | . 15 | . 25 | . 60 | 1 | . 60 | 5.29 | 2.05 | 14.11 | 5.29 |
| 42. Total nonagricultural employment, labor force survey. | . 35 | . 29 | . 19 | 1.53 | 2 | . 76 | 1.98 | 1.55 | 14.11 | 3.23 |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total........................ | 4.14 | 2.98 | 2.45 | 1.22 | 2 | . 65 | 2.40 | 1.65 | 7.47 | 3.41 |
| 40. Unemployment rate, married males............... | 5.50 | 4.46 | 2.96 | 1.51 | 2 | .70 | 2.10 | 1.34 | 9.36 | 3.78 |
| 45. Average weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs. | 4.82 | 2.56 | 3.56 | .72 | 1 | .72 | 3.74 | 2.12 | 9.07 | 3.74 |
| 46. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspapers. | 3.38 | 2.21 | 2.38 | . 93 | 1 | . 93 | 2.27 | 1.41 | 9.07 | 2.27 |
| 47. Index of industrial production. | 1.09 | . 58 | . 79 | .73 | 1 | . 73 | 3.53 | 2.05 | 9.77 | 3.53 |
| 51. Bank debits outside NYC, 343 centers.......... | 1.48 | 1.44 | . 60 | 2.40 | 3 | . 54 | 1.69 | 1.53 | 18.14 | 4.31 |
| 52. Personal income.................................... | . 49 | . 27 | . 41 | . 66 | 1 | . 66 | 3.43 | 1.84 | 18.14 | 3.43 |
| 53. Labor income in mining, manufacturing, and construction. | . 81 | . 53 | .61 | . 87 | 1 | . 87 | 3.43 | 1.90 | 11.55 | 3.43 |
| 54. Sales or retail stores........................... | . 78 | . 63 | . 44 | 1.43 | 2 | . 85 | 2.53 | 1.80 | 9.54 | 3.62 |
| 55. Index of wholesale prices, all commodities other than farm products and foods............ | .17 | . 10 | .13 | .77 | 1 | . 77 | 3.53 | 2.65 | 11.55 | 3.53 |
| NBER LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing. | . 65 | . 48 | . 36 | 1.33 | 2 | . 72 | 2.27 | 1.55 | 9.07 | 4.34 |
| 64. Book value of manufacturers' inventories, all manufacturing industries. | . 60 | . 24 | . 54 | . 44 | 1 | . 44 | 7.41 | 2.38 | 12.60 | 7.41 |
| 65. Book value of manufacturers' inventories of finished goods, all manufacturing indus...... | . 62 | . 34 | . 55 | . 62 | 1 | . 62 | 7.41 | 2.80 | 15.75 | 7.41 |
| 66. Consumer installment debt. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 83 | . 17 | .78 | . 22 | 1 | . 22 | 11.45 | 2.29 | 18.00 | 11.45 |

See footnotes at end of table.

## Appendix C.-- AVERAGE PERCENTAGE CHANGES AND RELATED MEASURES FOR MONTHLY AND QUARTERLY BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES-Continued

| Monthly series | $\overline{C I}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \mathrm{C}$ | MCD | $\bar{I} / \mathrm{C}$ <br> for <br> MCD <br> span | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CI | I | C | MCD |
| OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 81. Index of consumer prices | . 15 | . 10 | . 13 | .77 | 1 | .77 | 6.00 | 2.25 | 25.20 | 6.00 |
| 82. Federal cash payments to the public.......... | 5.68 | 5.59 | . 82 | 6.82 | 6 | (1) | 1.51 | 1.41 | 8.47 | 2.18 |
| 83. Federal cash receipts from the public........ | 5.37 | 5.20 | . 95 | 5.47 | 6 | (1) | 1.74 | 1.57 | 7.47 | 2.60 |
| 86. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total. | 4.59 | 4.39 | 1.11 | 3.95 | 4 | . 96 | 1.77 | 1.66 | 7.06 | 2.75 |
| 87. General imports, total........................ | 3.61 | 3.47 | . 97 | 3.58 | 4 | . 85 | 1.59 | 1.51 | 7.53 | 2.97 |
| 94. Index of construction contracts, total value. | 7.03 | 6.69 | 1.69 | 3.96 | 5 | . 84 | 1.52 | 1.45 | 7.88 | 3.59 |
| 97. Defense Department obligations, procurement.. | 26.87 | 26.37 | 4.09 | 6.45 | 6 | $(1)$ | 1.51 | 1.46 | 5.93 | 2.27 |
| 91. Defense Department obligations, total........ | 15.12 | 14.78 | 2.70 | 5.47 | 6 | (1) | 1.47 | 1.43 | 6.61 | 2.48 |
| 92. Military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms. | 26.25 | 26.21 | 6.12 | 4.28 | 6 | ${ }^{1}$ ) | 1.58 | 1.47 | 5.95 | 2.86 |
| 96. Manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries. | 1.36 | . 46 | 1.23 | .37 | 1 | . 37 | 6.05 | 2.15 | 14.11 | 6.05 |
| INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 121. OECD European countries, index of indus.prod.. | . 86 | . 83 | . 50 | 1.66 | 2 | . 89 | 3.47 | 2.40 | 31.25 | 7.75 |
| 122. United Kingdom, index of indus. prod......... | 1.14 | 1.09 | . 47 | 2.32 | 3 | . 81 | 2.40 | 1.87 | 8.93 | 5.59 |
| 123. Canada, index of indus. prod.................. | . 90 | . 77 | . 52 | 1.48 | 2 | .72 | 3.47 | 2.12 | 15.63 | 8.27 |
| 125. West Germany, index of indus. prod............ | 1.42 | 1.18 | . 69 | 1.71 | 2 | . 93 | 2.86 | 2.14 | 18.00 | 5.43 |
| 126. France, index of indus. prod................... | 1.36 | 1.20 | . 68 | 1.76 | 2 | . 89 | 3.21 | 2.08 | 25.00 | 11.27 |
| 127. Italy, index of indus. prod.................... | 1.44 | 1.41 | . 74 | 1.91 | 3 | . 64 | 2.70 | 1.82 | 31.00 | 6.42 |
| 128. Japan, index of indus. prod................... | 1.62 | . 93 | 1.30 | . 72 | 1 | . 72 | 6.89 | 2.30 | 17.71 | 6.89 |
| Quarterly series | $\overline{\mathrm{CI}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \mathrm{C}$ | QCD | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{I}} / \overline{\mathrm{C}} \\ & \text { for } \end{aligned}$ | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { QCD } \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ | CI | I | C | QCD |
| NBER LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. Newly approved capital appropriations, 602 manufacturing corporations...................... | 11.15 | 7.00 | 7.59 | - 92 | 1 | . 92 | 2.82 | 1.48 | 5.17 | 2.82 |
| 16. Corporate profits after taxes................. | 7.66 | 4.54 | 5.35 | . 85 | 1 | . 85 | 2.83 | 1.65 | 3.64 | 2.83 |
| 18. Profits (before taxes) per dollar of sales, all manufacturing corporations................. | 7.73 | 5.06 | 5.01 | 1.01 | 2 | . 51 | 2.83 | 1.42 | 5.67 | 3.85 |
| 22. Ratio, profits (after taxes) to income originating, corporate, all industries...... | 5.78 | 3.73 | 4.17 | . 89 | 1 | . 89 | 2.89 | 1.49 | 5.50 | 2.89 |
| NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50. Gross national product in 1954 dollars....... | 1.44 | . 65 | 1.13 | . 58 | 1 | . 58 | 3.19 | 1.50 | 5.10 | 3.19 |
| 49. Gross national product in current dollars. | 1.88 | . 69 | 1.59 | .43 | 1 | . 43 | 4.25 | 1.42 | 6.38 | 4.25 |
| 57. Final sales (series 49 minus 21)................. NBER LAGGING INDICATORS | 1.60 | . 82 | 1.45 | . 57 | 1 | . 57 | 4.64 | 1.46 | 7.29 | 4.64 |
| 61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total..................................... | 3.61 | 1.49 | 2.94 | . 51 | 1 | . 51 | 4.64 | 1.55 | 5.67 | 4.64 |
| 63. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total gross national product.................... | 1.02 | . 60 | . 84 | .71 | 1 | .71 | 2.68 | 1.31 | 7.29 | 2.68 |
| 67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 19 cities. | 2.96 | 1.94 | 2.37 | . 82 | 1 | . 82 | 2.68 | 1.55 | 6.38 | 2.68 |
| 97. Backlog of capital appropriations, manufacturing. | 6.27 | 1.26 | 5.79 | . 22 | 1 | . 22 | 4.38 | 1.94 | 5.83 | 4.38 |

NOTE: Measures for monthly series are computed for the period, January 1953 to mid-1963, except for series 7, 86, and 87; for series 7, the period begins with May 1959 and for series 86 and 87, the period ends with June 1962.
${ }^{1}$ Not computed for series when MCD is " 6 " or more.
The following are brief definitions of the measures shown in this table. More complete explanations appear in Electronic Computers and Business Indicators, by Julius Shiskin, issued as Occasional Paper 57 by the National Bureau of Economic Research, 1957 (reprinted from Journal of Business, October 1957).
" $\overline{\mathrm{CI}}$ ", is the average month-to-month (or quarter-toquarter) percentage change, without regard to sign, in the
seasonally adjusted series. " $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$ " is the same for the irregular component, obtained by dividing the cyclical component into the seasonally adjusted series. " C " is the same for the cyclical component, a smooth, flexible moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
"MCD" (months for cyclical dominance) provides an estimate of the appropriate time span over which to observe cyclical movements in a monthly series. It is small for smooth series and lerge for irregular series. In deriving MCD, percentage changes are computed separately for the irregular component and the cyclical component for l-month spans (Jan.-Feb., Feb.-Mar., etc.), 2-month spans (Jan.Mar., Feb.-Apr., etc.), up to 5 -month spans. Averages, without regard to sign, are then computed for the changes

## NOTES FOR APPENDIX C--Continued

jver each span. MCD is the shortest span in months for rhich the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the cyclical component is larger than the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the irregular component, and remains so. Thus, it indicates the point at which fluctuations in the seasonally adjusted series become dominated by cyclical rather than irregular novements. Since changes are not computed for spans greater than 5 months, all series with an MCD greater than "5" are shown as "6". Similarly, "QCD" provides an estimate of the appropriate time span over which to observe cyclical movements in quarterly series. It is the shortest span (in quarters) for which the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the cyclical component is larger than the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the irregular component, and remains so.
" $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \mathrm{C}^{\prime \prime}$ is a measure of the relative smoothness (small values) or irregularity (large values) of the seasonally adjusted series. For monthly series, it is shown for 1month spans and for spans of the period of MCD. When MCD is "6", no $\bar{I} / \mathrm{C}$ ratio is shown for the MCD period. For quarterly series, $\vec{I} / \bar{C}$ is shown for l-quarter spans and QCD spans.
"Average Duration of Run" (ADR) is another measure of smoothness and is equal to the average number of consecutive monthly changes in the same direction in any series of observations. When there is no change between 2 months, a change in the same direction as the preceding change is assumed. The ADR is shown for the seasonally adjusted
series $C I$, irregular component $I$, cyclical component $C$, and the MCD curve. The MCD curve is a moving average (with the number of terms equal to MCD) of the seasonally adjusted series.

A comparison of these measures of $A D R$ with the expected ADR of a random series gives an indication of whether the changes approximate those of a random series. Over lmonth intervals in a random series, the expected value of the $A D R$ is 1.5. The actual value of ADR falls between 1.36 and 1.75 about 95 percent of the time. Over l-month intervals in a moving average (MCD) of a random series, the expected value of $A D R$ is 2.0 . For example, the ADR of CI is 1.58 for series 10, Contracts and Orders for Plant and Equipment. This indicates that l-month changes in the seasonally adjusted series, on the average, reverse sign about as often as expected in a random series. The ADR measures shown in the next two columns, 1.43 for $I$ and 11.45 for $C$, suggest that the seasonally adjusted series has been successfully separated into an essentially random component and a cyclical (nomrandom) component. Finally, ADR is 3.35 for the MCD moving average. This indicates that a 3 -month moving average of the seasonally adjusted series ( 3 months being the MCD span) reverses direction, on the average, about every 3 months. The increase in the ADR from 1.58 for CI to 3.35 for the MCD moving average indicates that, for this series, month-to-month changes in the MCD moving average usually reflect the underlying cyclicaltrend movements of the series, whereas the month-to-month changes in the seasonally adjusted series usually do not.

Appendix D.-.CURRENT SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT FACTORS FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES ADJUSTED BY BUREAU OF THE CENSUS OR NBER (NOVEMBER 1962 TO DECEMBER 1963)

| Series | 1962 |  | 2963 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 4. Number of persons on temporary layoff, all industries. | 83.4 | 102.6 | 121.0 | 116.2 | 97.5 | 82.2 | 92.2 | 83.8 | 99.9 | 140.7 | 89.7 | 88.4 | 81.9 | 102.7 |
| 5. Av. weekly initial claims for unemploy. insurance, State...... | 104.8 | 132.5 | 140.7 | 109.1 | 97.3 | 94.3 | 82.7 | 82.6 | 103.0 | 85.5 | 77.7 | 90.9 | 105.0 | 132.5 |
| 13. No. of new business incorp. ${ }^{2}$ | 86.8 | 94.3 | 120.0 | 91.0 | 104.2 | 106.8 | 106.7 | 96.8 | 103.5 | 93.8 | 88.3 | 101.4 | 82.5 | 94.3 |
| 14. Cur. liabilities of bus.failures. | 99.9 | 89.9 | 105.1 | 105.2 | 107.5 | 112.3 | 96.7 | 96.4 | 84.7 | 111.7 | 92.8 | 97.4 | 100.2 | 89.3 |
| 15. No. of bus. failures with liabilities of $\$ 100,000$ and over... | 96.0 | 88.6 | 111.3 | 113.6 | 116.8 | 110.4 | 94.9 | 105.5 | 89.3 | 95.9 | 89.6 | 88.7 | 96.0 | 88.5 |
| 17. Price per unit of labor cost index. | 101.1 | 98.1 | 98.6 | 100.6 | 100.9 | 100.5 | 100.0 | 101.0 | 95.4 | 99.3 | 101.8 | 103.4 | 101.2 | 98.1 |
| 18. Profits (before taxes) per dol. of sales, all mfg. corp. ${ }^{2} . . .$. | 98.8 |  |  | 97.9 |  |  | 106.1 |  |  | 97.4 |  |  | 98.8 |  |
| 30. Nonagri. placements, all indus. ${ }^{1}$. | 95.3 | 80.4 | 83.1 | 75.9 | 89.1 | 103.3 | 110.5 | 106.3 | 105.7 | 113.5 | 119.6 | 116.4 | 94.0 | 82.7 |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories...... | 96.2 | 98.8 | 109.0 | 108.5 | 110.6 | 109.4 | 102.1 | 96.1 | 93.9 | 91.6 | 91.9 | 92.5 | 96.1 | 98.9 |
| 55. Index of wholesale prices, exc. farm products and foods.......... | 99.9 | 100.0 | 100.2 | 100.1 | 100.1 | 100.2 | 100.0 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 100.0 |
| 62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing..... | 98.8 | 101.7 | 101.9 | 99.7 | 99.5 | 99.8 | 100.0 | 98.9 | 104.7 | 100.4 | 98.2 | 96.5 | 98.8 | 101.7 |
| 81. Index of consumer prices. | 100.1 | 100.0 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 99.9 | 100.2 | 100.1 | 100.1 | 100.0 |
| 82. Federal cash payments to public.. | 104.8 | 98.3 | 90.8 | 98.9 | 92.3 | 98.9 | 103.2 | 106.0 | 95.6 | 114.4 | 93.8 | 102.8 | 105.2 | 98.3 |
| 83. Federal cash receipts from pub... | 102.3 | 105.1 | 70.0 | 113.1 | 129.6 | 79.0 | 119.3 | 149.5 | 49.0 | 113.3 | 124.4 | 46.0 | 102.8 | 105.1 |
| 90. Defense Department obligations-procurement $\qquad$ | 96.0 | 117.4 | 76.9 | 91.6 | 132.2 | 81.2 | 69.2 | 192.7 | 77.9 | 78.1 | 97.1 | 89.2 | 96.0 | 117.4 |
| 91. Defense Dept. oblig., total...... | 90.7 | 105.0 | 90.6 | 90.0 | 117.7 | 96.4 | 84.7 | 148.2 | 96.7 | 86.7 | 97.2 | 95.4 | 90.7 | 105.0 |
| 92. Military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms............ | 72.9 | 108.5 | 89.5 | 79.7 | 125.3 | 93.2 | 92.8 | 216.4 | 68.0 | 72.9 | 92.7 | 90.4 | 72.9 | 108.5 |
| 128. Japan, index of industrial production. | 99.6 | 103.2 | 94.3 | 100.3 | 109.1 | 99.4 | 100.2 | 100.4 | 98.8 | 96.5 | 98.6 | 99.8 | 99.6 | 103.2 |

These data are not published by the source agency in seasonally adjusted form. Seasonal adjustments were made by the Bureau of the Census or the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. Seasonally adjusted data prepared by the source agency will be substituted whenever they are published.
${ }^{1}$ Factors are a combination of seasonal and trading-day factors.
${ }^{2}$ Quarterly series; figures are placed in middle month of quarter.

## Appendix materials retain their original alphabetical designations. Therefore, when appendixes are dropped from an issue, the continuity is interrupted.

"Appendix E.-Summary Description of X-9 and X-10 Versions of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program" and "Appendix F.Percent Change for Selected Series Over Contraction and Expansion Periods of Business Cycles: 1920 To $1961^{\prime \prime}$, not included in this issue, appeared in the September 1963 issue.

Appendix G.--HISTORICAL DATA FOR SELECTED SERIES
Series are in one of the following categories: (1) Those that are new to the report, (2) those that have been revised historically, and (3) those for which historical data have not previously been shown. See table lar later data.

| Year | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 30. Nonagricultural placements, all industries (Thousands)* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 472 | 466 | 458 | 463 | 458 | 470 | 461 | 434 | 445 | 432 | 447 | 403 |
| 1949. | 393 | 380 | 362 | 373 | 372 | 367 | 361 | 379 | 380 | 370 | 369 | 380 |
| 1950. | 371 | 388 | 404 | 420 | 441 | . 53 | 477 | 527 | 515 | 530 | 545 | 520 |
| 1951....... | 569 | 574 | 572 | 557 | 553 | 546 | 557 | 539 | 532 | 523 | 528 | 532 |
| 1952. | 547 | 527 | 526 | 550 | 537 | 538 | 521 | 530 | 54.4 | 554 | 556 | 555 |
| 1953. | 563 | 580 | 569 | 548 | 548 | 551 | 541 | 520 | 497 | 482 | 464 | 447 |
| 1954. | 425 | 426 | 421 | 425 | 419 | 420 | 427 | 422 | 432 | 433 | 446 | 463 |
| 1955. | 482 | 481 | 492 | 490 | 500 | 496 | 503 | 520 | 515 | 521 | 523 | 520 |
| 1956....... | 510 | 503 | 514 | 517 | 514 | 511 | 494 | 498 | 502 | 506 | 502 | 502 |
| 1957. | 505 | 508 | 498 | 485 | 486 | 489 | 492 | 473 | 466 | 459 | 441 | T9 |
| 1958.. | 419 | 409 | 395 | 401 | 409 | 415 | - 421 | 434 | 440 | 445 | 460 | 476 |
| 1959. | 484 | 493 | 511 | 517 | 521 | 516 | 521 | 508 | 508 | 499 | 509 | 508 |
| 1960....... | 518 | 519 | 501 | 512 | 490 | 481 | 475 | 472 | 476 | 471 | 453 | 459 |
|  | 53. Labor income in mining, manufacturing, and construction (Annual rate, billions of dollars)* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948....... | 55.3 | 54.9 | 55.1 | 55.6 | 56.8 | 57.7 | 58.3 | 58.7 | 58.8 | 58.5 | 58.5 | 58.2 |
| 1949....... | 57.2 | 56.4 | 54.7 | 55.0 | 54.7 | 53.6 | 53.2 | 53.3 | 53.2 | 51.4 | 52.3 | 53.9 |
| 1950....... | 54.2 | 53.5 | 55.4 | 56.8 | 58.6 | 60.3 | 61.2 | 63.4 | 64.5 | 66.3 | 66.8 | 68.1 |
| 1951....... | 68.7 | 69.9 | 70.9 | 72.1 | 72.2 | 72.8 | 72.4 | 72.3 | 72.8 | 72.6 | 73.2 | 74.8 |
| 1952....... | 75.0 | 76.1 | 76.2 | 75.8 | 76.0 | 75.5 | 72.8 | 77.6 | 80.1 | 81.1 | 82.5 | 83.8 |
| 1953....... | 84.0 | 84.9 | 85.8 | 86.1 | 86.0 | 86.4 | 86.6 | 86.2 | 85.3 | 85.1 | 84.0 | 83.6 |
| 1954....... | 82.2 | 82.2 | 81.5 | 81.0 | 81.1 | 81.1 | 80.2 | 80.0 | 80.2 | 81.0 | 82.5 | 83.1 |
| 1955....... | 83.5 | 84.4 | 85.7 | 87.0 | 88.6 | 88.8 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 90.3 | 91.3 | 92.6 | 92.9 |
| 1956....... | 92.9 | 93.0 | 93.6 | 95.6 | 95.4 | 96.0 | 94.2 | 96.4 | 97.4 | 98.5 | 98.8 | 100.2 |
| 1957....... | 99.0 | 99.6 | 99.7 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 100.5 | 100.5 | 100.4 | 99.7 | 98.9 | 98.3 | 97.2 |
| 1958....... | 95.3 | 93.1 | 92.7 | 92.5 | 92.9 | 94.1 | 94.6 | 95.2 | 96.6 | 96.0 | 99.0 | 99.3 |
| 1959....... | 100.3 | 101.3 | 103.3 | 105.0 | 106.1 | 107.1 | 106.6 | 103.6 | 103.7 | 102.9 | 104.3 | 107.7 |
| 1960....... | 108.7 | 108.5 | 107.9 | 108.3 | 108.8 | 108.4 | 108.3 | 107.6 | 107.0 | 106.9 | 105.5 | 103.7 |
|  | 54. Sales of retail stores (Millions of dollars)* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. | 10,883 | 10,866 | 11,021 | 11,210 | 10,906 | 11,173 | 11,257 | 11,331 | 11,230 | 11,240 | 11,159 | 11,404 |
| 1949. | 10,949 | 11,099 | 11,191 | 11,290 | 11,223 | 11,217 | 10,993 | 11,106 | 11,263 | 11,160 | 11,221 | 11,052 |
| 1950. | 11,339 | 11,589 | 11,674 | 11,716 | 11,916 | 12,345 | 13,300 | 13,349 | 12,694 | 12,358 | 12,069 | 12,959 |
| 1951. | 13,885 | 13,716 | 13,021 | 12,735 | 12,840 | 12,792 | 12,651 | 12,936 | 12,855 | 13,094 | 13,099 | 12,924 |
| 1952. | 13,030 | 13,274 | 12,890 | 13,208 | 13,708 | 13,885 | 13,512 | 13,212 | 13,430 | 14,047 | 13,891 | 14,266 |
| 1953. | 14,352 | 14,325 | 14,418 | 14,218 | 14,167 | 14,146 | 14,090 | 14,017 | 14,007 | 14,060 | 13,855 | 13,719 |
| 1954....... | 13,712 | 14,055 | 14,020 | 13,991 | 13,957 | 14,272 | 13,991 | 13,996 | 14,073 | 14,081 | 14,406 | 14,671 |
| 1955....... | 14,765 | 14,896 | 15,005 | 15,255 | 15,260 | 15,126 | 15,404 | 15,418 | 15,677 | 15,715 | 15,652 | 15,531 |
| 1956. | 15,495 | 15,370 | 15,663 | 15,516 | 15,771 | 15,797 | 15,744 | 15,826 | 15,906 | 15,933 | 16,106 | 16,193 |
| 1957. | 16,329 | 16,635 | 16,453 | 16,493 | 16,534 | 16,820 | 16,799 | 16,967 | 16,841 | 16,782 | 16,699 | 16,647 |
| 1958....... | 16,659 | 16,374 | 16,319 | 16,535 | 16,517 | 16,476 | 16,746 | 16,853 | 16,745 | 16,662 | 17,048 | 17,605 |
| 1959....... | 17,613 | 17,752 | 17,858 | 17,827 | 17,995 | 18,134 | 18,154 | 18,249 | 18,121 | 18,209 | 17,680 | 17,692 |
| 1960....... | 18,097 | 18,200 | 18,178 | 18,557 | 18,320 | 18,312 | 18,113 | 18,195 | 18,207 | 18,298 | 18,080 | 18,008 |

*Data are seasonally adjusted.

SERIES INDEX TO CHARTS, TABLES, AND APPENDIXES
(Numbers shown are page numbers)

|  | Charts |  |  |  |  | Tables |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Appendixes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mber ${ }^{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ | $G^{3}$ |
| 1.... | 6 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 48 | 53 | 20 | 30 | - | -• | . | . | 57 | 58 | 59 | -• | 62 | 63 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - |
| 2. | 6 | . | . | . | . | 20 | 30 | . | . | . | . . | 57 | 58 | . | . | . | 63 | . | . | . | $\cdots$ |
| 3.... | 6 | . | . | . | - | 20 | 30 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 57 | 58 | . | . | $\cdots$ | 63 | . | . | . | . |
| 4. | 6 | . | . | . | . | 20 | 30 | . | - | . | - | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -• | - | 63 | 65 | $\cdots$ | - |  |
| 5. | 6 | . | . | . | . | 20 | 30 | . | . . | . | . . | . $\cdot$ | - | . | . | . | 63 | 65 | - | . | 66 (7~163) |
| 6. | 7 | $\cdots$ | . | . | . | 20 | 30 | . | - | . | . | 57 | 58 | . | . | . | 63 | . | . | . | 66 (7-163) |
| 7. | 7 | . . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 21 | 30 | . | . | . | . | 57 | 58 | . | . | $\cdots$ | 63 | . | . | . | . . |
| $9 .$. | 7 | -• | . | 48 | 53 | 21 | 30 | - | - | . | $\cdots$ | 57 | 58 | 59 | . | 62 | 63 | - | $\cdots$ | - | -• |
| 10.... | 7 | . | - | $\cdots$ | . | 21 | 30 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | - | $\cdots$ | - | 63 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - |
| 11. | 7 | . | $\cdots$ | . | . | 21 | 30 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 64 | $\cdots$ | - | - | $\cdots$ |
| 12.. | 8 | . | . | $\cdots$ | - | 21 | 30 | . | . | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | . | . |  |
| 13... | 8 | . | . | 49 | 54 | 22 | 30 | . | $\cdots$ | . | - | 57 | 58 | 59 | . | 62 | 63 | 65 | . | $\cdots$ | 66 (8-163) |
| 14. | 8 | . | . | . | . | 22 | 30 | - | $\cdots$ | - | . . | 57 | 58 | . . | . | . | 63 | 65 | . | $\cdots$ | . . |
| 15.... | 8 | . | . $\cdot$ | . | . | 22 | 30 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | - | - | $\cdots$ | 63 | 65 ; | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 16.... | 9 | - | -• | $\cdots$ | - | 22 | 30 | - | - | -• | $\cdots$ | 57 | 58 | . | . | - | 64 | .. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 17... | 9 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 49 | 54 | 22 | 30 | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | - | 57 | 58 | 59 | . | 62 | 63 | 65 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 68 (6-163) |
| 18. | 9 | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 22 | 30 | $\cdots$ | - | . | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 64. | 65 | - | $\cdots$ | .. |
| 19. | 9 | $\cdots$ | - | 49 | 54 | 22 | 30 | $\cdots$ | . | -• | $\cdots$ | 57 | 58 | 59 | - | 62 | 63 | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| 20. | 10 | . | . | . | . . | 23 | 30 | . | . | . | . | . . | - | . | $\cdots$ | - | . | - | $\cdots$ | - | 66 (8-163) |
| 21. | 10 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 22 | 30 | $\cdots$ | . | - | . | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -• | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. |
| 22. | 9 | . | . | $\cdots$ | - | 22 | 30 | . | . | . | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 64 | . | . | $\cdots$ | - |
| 23.... | 10 | . . | . | 49 | 54 | 23 | 30 | - | . | - | $\cdots$ | 57 | 58 | 59 | . | 62 | 63 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | (79) |
| 24.... | 7 | . | . | 48 | 53 | 20 | 30 | . | - | . | . | 57 | 58 | 59 | . | 62 | 63 | . | . | . | 66 (7-163) |
| 25. | 10 | $\cdots$ | -• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 23 | 30 | $\cdots$ | . | - | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | - | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 66 (8-163) |
| 26.... | 10 | . . | . | - |  | 23 | 30 | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{\square}{5}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{9}$ | . | $\cdots$ | 63 | $\cdots$ | - | . | . ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| 29.... | 7 | . | . | 48 | 53 | 21 | 30 | . . | . | $\cdots$ | . | 57 | 58 | 59 | . | 62 | 63 | - | . | . |  |
| 30.... | 6 | . | $\cdots$ | . | . . | 20 | 30 | . . | . | . | . . | . | . | . | - | - | 63 | 65 | . | . | 66 (10-163) |
| 31. | 10 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 23 | 30 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. |
| 32.... | 10 | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | . | 23 | 30 | $\cdots$ | . | . | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | 63 | 0 | $\cdots$ | - |  |
| 37.... | 10 | . | - | . | - | 23 | 30 | . | . | . | . | . | - | -• | . | $\ldots$ | 63 | 65 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $68(6-163)$ |
| 40.... | 11 | - | - | $\cdots$ | -• | 24 | 30 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | -• | $\because$ | 63 | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 42.... | 11 | $\cdots$ | -• | 50 | 55 | 24 | 30 | . | . | . | . | 57 | 58 | 59 | - | 62 | 63 | $\cdots$ | - | 68 | $\cdots$ |
| 42.... | 11 | . | . . | $\cdots$ | - | 24 | 30 | - | - | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | - | $\because$ | . | ii | 63 | - | - | - | - |
| 43.... | 11 | . | $\cdots$ | 50 | 55 | 24 | 30 | . | . | . | . | 57 | 58 | 59 | - | 62 | 63 | $\cdots$ | - | 68 | $\cdots$ |
| 45.... | 11 | . | . | . | . | 24 | 30 | $\cdots$ | . | - | . | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 63 | . | . | - | . |
| 46.... | 11 | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 24 | 31 | . | . . | . | . | $\dot{7}$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | -• | $\cdots$ | 63 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - |
| 47.... | 12 | - | $\cdots$ | 51 | 55 | 24 | 31 | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | 57 | 58 | 59 | -• | 62 | 63 | . | . | 68 | $\cdots$ |
| 49.... | 12 | . | . | 51 | 56 | 25 | 31 | . | - | . | $\cdots$ | 57 | 58 | 59 | - | 62 | 64 | - | . | 68 | - |
| 50. | 12 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | 56 | 24 | 31 | -• | . | -• | . | 57 | 58 | 59 | $\cdots$ | 62 | 64 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 68 | - |
| 51.... | 13 | . | . | 51 | . | 25 | 31 | . | . | . | . | 57 | 58 | - | . | $\cdots$ | 63 | . | . | 68 | $\cdots$ |
| 52.... | 13 | . | . | 51 | 56 | 25 | 31 | . | . | . | . | 57 | 58 | 59 | . | 62 | 63 | . | . | 68 |  |
| 53.... | 13 | . | . | $\cdots$ | 56 | 25 | 31 | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | 59 | . | 62 | 63 | $\cdots$ | . | 6 | 66 (10-163) |
| 54.... | 13 | $\cdots$ | . | 50 | 55 | 25 | 31 | $\ldots$ | . | -• | $\cdots$ | 57 | 58 | 59 | $\cdots$ | 62 | 63 | $\because$ | - | 68 | 66 (10-'63) |
| 55.... | 13 | . | . | 50 | . | 25 | 31 | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 57 | 58 | . | -• | -• | 63 | 65 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. |
| 57.... | 12 | . | - | . | $\cdots$ | 25 | 31 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | - | $\cdots$ | 64 | . | - | -• | - |
| 61.... | 14 | $\cdots$ | - | 52 | $\cdots$ | 26 | 31 | - | . | -, | $\cdots$ | 57 | 58 | . | * | $\cdots$ | 64 | . | - | - |  |
| 62.... | 14 | . | . | 52 | . | 26 | 31 | . | . | . | . | 57 | 58 | . | . | . | 63 | 65 | . | . | $68(6-163)$ |
| 63.... | 14 | . | . . | $\cdots$ | . | 26 | 31 | - | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 64 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - |
| 64.... | 14 | $\cdots$ | - | 52 | - | 26 | 31 | - | - | . | . | 57 | 58 | . | . | . | 63 | . | - | . | . |
| 65.... | 14 | . | . | . | . | 26 | 31 | - | - | . | $\cdots$ | - | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 63 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . |
| 66.... | 14 | - | - | $\cdots$ | - | 26 | 31 | . | -. | $\cdots$ | . | 57 | 58 | . | . | - | 63 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - |
| 67.... | 14 | . | - | 52 | - | 26 | 31 | $\cdots$ | - | -• | $\cdots$ | 57 | 58 | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 64 | $\cdots$ | -• | $\cdots$ | - |
| 81.... | 17 | -• | - | - | - | 28 | 31 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -• | - | - | . | 64 | 65 | $\cdots$ | - | -* |
| 82.... | 16 | . | - | . | - | 27 | 31 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | 64 | 65 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 83.... | 16 | . | - | . | . | 27 | 31 | - | - | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | . | - | - | 64 | 65 | . | . | . |
| 84.... | 16 | - | $\cdots$ | - | - | 27 | 31 | . | . | . | . | . | -• | - | . | - | - | $\cdots$ | - | - | - |
| 85.... | 17 | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 28 | 31 | - | - | . | . | . | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\ddot{6}$ | - | . | - | - |
| 86.... | 15 | . | - | . | . | 27 | 31 | $\cdots$ | . | - | . | . | - | . | . | $\cdots$ | 64 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | - |
| 87.... | 15 | . | - | . | . | 27 | 31 | . | . | . | . | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | 64 | . | . | $\cdots$ | . |
| 88.... | 15 | - | . | . | . | 27 | 31 | . | - | $\cdots$ | . | - | $\cdots$ | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | - | - | $\cdots$ | - |
| 89.... | 15 | - | . | . | . | 27 | 31 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | -• | - | - | - | $\because$ | - | . | - | $\cdots$ |
| 90.... | 16 | - | . | . | . | 27 | 31 | - | - | - | $\cdots$ | . | - | - | . | - | 64 | 65 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -• |
| 91.... | 16 | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 28 | 31 | . | $\cdots$ | . | . | - | . | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 64 | 65 | - | - | - |

(Numbers shown are page numbers)

| Series number ${ }^{1}$ | Charts |  |  |  |  | Tables |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Appendixes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | c | D | E | F | G |
| 92.... | 16 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 28 | 31 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 64 | 65 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 93.... | 17 | .. | $\cdots$ | .. | . | 28 | 31 | .. | . | $\cdots$ | .. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. | .. |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ |
| 94.... | 17 | . | . | . | . | 28 | 31 | . | . | . | . . | . | . | . | . | . | 64 | .. | . | . | $\cdots$ |
| 95.... | 16 | $\cdots$ | . | .. | . | 27 | 31 | $\cdots$ | . | . | .. | . | . | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | .. | $\ldots$ |
| 96.... | 17 | . | . | . | . | 28 | 31 | . | . | . | .. | . | . | . | . | . | 64 | . | $\cdots$ | .. |  |
| 97.... | 17 | . | $\cdots$ | . | . | 28 | 31 | $\cdots$ | . | . | .. | $\cdots$ | . | . | . | . | 64 | . | .. | . | . |
| 98.... | 17 | . | . | . | . | 28 | 31 | . | . | . | .. | . | . | . $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | .. | . | . | . | . | $\cdots$ |
| 121... | 18 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 29 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 64 | . | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ |
| 122... | 18 | $\cdots$ | . | .. | . | 29 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. | 64 | .. | $\cdots$ | .. | $\cdots$ |
| 123... | 18 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 29 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 64 | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 125... | 19 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 29 | .. | . | .. | . | .. | . | . | . . | . | . | 64 | . | .. | $\cdots$ | . |
| 126... | 19 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | 29 | .. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | . | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | . | 64 | . | . | .. | $\cdots$ |
| 127... | 19 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 29 | . | .. | $\cdots$ | .. | .. | . | .. | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 64 | . | . | .. | $\cdots$ |
| 128... | 19 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | . | 29 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | . $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | 64 | 65 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| D1.... | $\cdots$ | 33 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 36 | $\cdots$ | 40 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . |
| D5.... | $\cdots$ | 33 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 37 | $\cdots$ | 44 | .. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . |
| D6.... | . $\cdot$ | 33 | .. | .. | . | . | $\cdots$ | . | 36 | . | 41 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | . |  |
| Dll... | $\cdots$ | 33 | .. | . | .. | $\cdots$ | . | .. | 36 | $\cdots$ |  | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ |
| D19... | .. | 33 | .. | . | . | . | . | . | 37 | . | 42 | . |  | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| D23... | . | 33 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . . | .. | $\cdots$ | 37 | . | 43 | . | . | . | .. | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| D33... | .. | 33 | $\ldots$ | . | . | . | . | . | 36 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . |
| D34... | . $\cdot$ | 33 | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | 37 | .. | . | $\cdots$ | . | . | $\cdots$ | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . |
| D35... | .. | $\cdots$ | 35 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | 39 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | . |
| D36... | $\cdots$ | . | 35 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .. | $\cdots$ | . |  | 39 | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | .. | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |
| D41... | .. | 34 | . | .. | . | . | $\cdots$ | . | 38 | $\cdots$ | 45 | . | . | . | . | . | . | .. | .. | .. | $\cdots$ |
| D47... | $\cdots$ | 34 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 38 | $\cdots$ | 46 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | . | . | -. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| D48... | $\cdots$ | - | 35 | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | 39 |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| D54... | , | 34 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | .. | . $\cdot$ | 38. | $\cdots$ | 47 | . | . | . | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | $\cdots$ | .. | . |
| D58... | $\ldots$ | 34 | $\ddot{\square}$ | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | 38 | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | . $\cdot$ | . $\cdot$ | . | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ |
| D61... | . $\cdot$ | .. | 35 | . $\cdot$ | . | . | . $\cdot$ | . $\cdot$ | . | 39 | . | .. | . | $\cdots$ | . | . | . | . | .. | .. | . |

[^10]
## TITLES AND SOURCES OF PRINCIPAL BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES AND DIFFUSION INDEXES

The numbers assigned to the series are for identification purposes only and do not necessarily reflect series relationships or order. "M" indicates monthly series and " $Q$ "' indicates quarterly series. Data apply to the whole period except for series designated by "EOM" or "EOQ". "EOM" indicates that data are for the end of the month and "EOQ" indicates that data are for the end of the quarter. The general classification of series follows the approach of the National Bureau of Economic Research. The series preceded by an asterisk (*) were included in the 1960 NBER list of 26 indicators.

## 30 NB ER LEADING INDICATORS

*1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing (M).-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
*2. Accession rate, manufacturing (M)..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

* 3. Layoff rate, manufocturing (M)..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

4. Number of persons on temporary layoff, all industries (M)... Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
5. Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs (M)..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security; seasonal adjustment by Buteau of the Census
*6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Office of Business Economics
*7. New private nonform dwelling units started (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings, floor space (M).--F. W. Dodge Corporation; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
6. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment (M).--Department Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and F. W. Dodge Corporation; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
7. Newly approved capital appropriations, 602 manufacturing corporations (Q).--National Industrial Conference Board; component industries are seasonally adjusted by National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., and added to obtain seasonally adjusted total
*12. Net change in the business population, operating businesses (EOQ).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
8. Number of new business incorporations (M)..-Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

* 14. Current liabilities of business failures (M).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

15. Number of business failures with liabilities of $\$ 100,000$ and over (M).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
*16. Corporate profits after taxes (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
16. Price per unit of labor cost index-rotio, wholesale prices of manufactured goods index to index of compensation of employees (sum of wages, salaries, and supplements to wages and salaries) per unit of output (M).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; Department of Labor, Bureau Labor Statistics; and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
17. Profits (before taxes) per dollar of sales, all manufacturing corporations (Q).--Federal Trade Commission and Securities and Exchange Commission; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census

* 19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (M).--Standard and Poor's Corporation; no seasonal adjustment

20. Change in book value of manufocturers' inventories, purchosed materials (EOM).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*21. Change in business inventories, farm and nonfarm, after valuation adjustment (GNP component) (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
21. Ratio of profits (ofter toxes) to income originating, corporate, all industries (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*23. Index of industrial moterials prices (M)..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; no seasonal adjustment
22. Value of monufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries (M)..-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, from special tabulations of the Office of Business Economics
23. Change in manufacfurers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (EOM).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
24. Buying policy--production materials, percent reporting commitments 60 days or longer (M).--National Association of Pur chasing Agents; no seasonal adjustment
25. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
26. Nonagricultural placements, all industries (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
27. Change in book value of manufacturing and trade inventories, total (EOM). --Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
28. Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries (M).-Chicago Purchasing Agents Association; no seasonal adjustment
29. Percent reporting higher inventories, purchased moterials (M)... National Association of Purchasing Agents; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census

## 15 NBER ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS

40. Unemployment rate, married males, spouse present (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
*47. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments (M)..Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
41. Total nonogricultural employment, labor force survey (M).-. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

* 43. Unemployment rate, total (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Deparment of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

45. Averoge weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security
46. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspapers $(M)$.--National Industrial Conference Board and B. K. Davis and Bro. Advertising Service
*47. Index of industrial production (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
*49. Gross national product in current dollars (Q)...Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*50. Gross national product in 1954 dollars (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*51. Bank debits outside New York City, 343 centers (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
*52. Personal income (M).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
47. Labor income in mining, manufacturing, and construction (M)... Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*54. Sales of retail stores (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*55. Index of wholesale prices, all commodities, other than form products and foods (M)..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Buteau of the Census
48. Final sales (series 49 minus series 21) (Q).--Department of merce, Office of Business Economics

## 7 NBER LAGGING INDICATORS

*61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total (Q)... Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; and the Securities and Exchange Commission
*62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturingratio, index of compensation of employees in manufacturing (the sum of wages and salaries and supplements to wages and salaries) to index of industrial production, manufacturing (M).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
63. Index of labor cost per unit of output, tot al gross national product (ratio of compensation of employees to GNP in 1954 dollars) (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*64. Book value of manufacturers' inventories, all monufacturing industries (EOM).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
65. Book value of manufacturers' inventories of finished goods, all manufacturing industries (EOM)..-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*66. Consumer installment debt (EOM).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. FRS seasonally adjusted net change added to seasonally adjusted figure for previous month to obtain current figure (NBER seasonally adjusted data through January 1955 used as base).
*67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 19 eiries (Q).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment

Continued on reverse

# S AND SOURCES OF PRINCIPAL BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES AND DIFFUSION INDEXES.-Con. 

## 18 OTHER U.S. SERIES WITH BUSINESS CYCLE SIGNIFICANCE

81. Index of consumer prices (M)..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
82. Federal cash payments to the public (M)..-Treasury Department, Bureau of Accounts, and Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget. Monthly seasonal adjustments by the Bureau of the Census do not equal quarterly totals of the official seasonally adjusted series because of differences in the method of seasonal adjustment.
83. Federal cosh receipts from the public (M).--Treasury Department, Bureau of Accounts, and Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget. Monthly seasonal adjustments by the Bureau of the Census do not equal quarterly totals of the official seasonally adjusted series because of differences in the method of seasonal adjustment.
84. Federal cash surplus or deficit (M)..-Treasury Department, Buseau of Accounts, and Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget. Monthly seasonal adiustments by the Bureau of the Census do not equal quatterly totals of the official seasonally adjusted series because of differences in the method of seasonal adjustment.
85. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits plus currency) (M)..- Board of Governors of the Federal ReSystem
86. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total (M).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
87. General imports, total (M). --Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
88. Merchandise trade balance (series 86 minus series 87 ) (M)..-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
89. Excess of réceipts or payments in U.S. balance of payments (Q).--Deparment of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
90. Defense Department obligations, procurement (M).--Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
91. Defense Department obligations, total (M). - Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
92. Military prime contract awards, U.S. business firms (M).--Department of Defense, Directorate for Statistical Services; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
93. Free reserves (member bank excess reserves minus borrowings) (M)..-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
94. Index of construction controcts, total value (M).--F. W. Dodge Corporation
95. Surplus or deficit, Federal income and product aceount (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
96. Manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (EOM).Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
97. Backlog of capital appropriotions, manufacturing (Q).--National Industrial Conference Board; component industries are seasonally adjusted by National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., and added to obtain seasonally adjusted total
98. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits and currency) and commerciol bank time deposits (M)... Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

## 7 INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

121. Organixation for Economic Cooperation and Development, European Countries, index of industrial production (M)...Organtion for Economic Cooperation and Development
122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production (M)...Organtion for Economic Cooperation and Development
123. Conada, index of industrial production (M)...Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa
124. West Germany, index of industrial production (M).--Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
125. France, index of industrial production (M)..-Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
126. Italy, index of industrial production (M)...Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development
127. Japan, index of industrial production (M)..-The Bank of Japan, Statistics Department; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
... United Stases, index of industrial production (M).--See series 47.

## DIFFUSION INDEXES

The " $D$ " preceding a number indicates a diffusion index. Diffusion indexes and corresponding business cycle series bear the same number and are obrained from the same sources. See sources above for D1, D5, D6, D11, D19, D23, D41, D47, D54, and D61. Sources for other diffusion indexes are as follows:

D33. Profits, Chicago PAA (M).--Purchasing Agents Association of Chicago; no seasonal adjustment
D34. Profits, Monufocturing, FNCB (Q).--First National City Bank of New York; no seasonal adjustment of series components. Diffusion indexes are seasonally adjusted by National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
D35. Net sales, total mon ufactures ( Q ).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; no seasonal adjustment
D36. New orders, durable manufactures (Q).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; no seasonal adjustment
D48. Freight corloadings (Q).-Association of American Railroads; no seasonal adjustment
D58. Wholesale prices, monufacturing (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; no seasonal adjustment of series components. Diffusion indexes are seasonally adjusted by National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Beginning with April 1962，the 1960 Census is used as the benchmark for computing this series．Prior to April 1962 ． the 1950 Census is used as the benchmark．
    $2_{\text {Week ended }}$ October 5， 1963.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ This average is based on month-tomonth (or quarter-to-quarter) changes without regard to sign. The period varies among the series, covering 1953-63 for most monthly series and 1948-62 for most quarterly series. ${ }^{2}$ Percentage changes cover part of this period only. ${ }^{3}$ Quarterly series; figures show change from previous quarter and are placed in middle month of quarter. Thus the figure for GNP (series 49) shown in the Jan.-Feb. column refers to the change from the 4 th quarter of 1962 to the lst quarter of 1963. the figures shown in table $1 . \quad 5$ Anticipated data is +3.0 .

[^2]:    *Increase of 500,000 carloadings plotted at 100; no change at 50 ; decreose of 500,000 carloadings af 0 .

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ The diffusion index is based on 86 components through January 1960; on 85 components, February 1960 to November 1960 ; on 82 components, December 1960 to February 1963; and on 80 components thereafter. 19 components and 5 composites, representing an additional 22 components, are shown in the direction-of-change table (table 6C).
    ${ }^{2}$ Average for October 15,16 , and $17,1963$.

[^4]:    $+=$ rising; $o=$ unchanged; $-=$ falling. Series components are seasonally adjusted by issuing agency before the direction of change is determined. *Denotes machinery and equipment industries that comprise series 24.
    ${ }^{1}$ Includes durable goods industries not available separately.

[^5]:    $+=$ rising； 0 unchanged；$=$ falling．Series components are not seasonally adjusted．NA $=$ Not available．
    ${ }^{1}$ Average for October 15,16 ，and 17， 1963.

[^6]:    *Reference peak level. For series with o "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the reference peak is set of " 100 ". For series with an MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is set at " $100^{\circ}$. For quarterly series, the reference peak quarter is set at " 100 ". MCD values are shown in appendix C .
    ${ }^{1}$ See table 1 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 7. the 1949, 1954, and 1958 cycles, a 3 -term moving overage is shown.

[^7]:    *Reference peak level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the reference peak is set at " 100 ". For series with an MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the reference peak quarter is set at "100". MCD values are shown in appendix C.
    ${ }^{1}$ See table 1 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 7.

[^8]:    *Reference peak level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the reference peak is set at " 100 ". For series with an MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is set at " $100^{\text {". For quarterly series, the reference peak quarter is set }}$ of " 100 ". MCD values are shown in appendix $C$.
    ${ }^{1}$ See table 1 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 7.

[^9]:    *Reference peak level. For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 ", the figure for the reference peak is set at " 100 ". For series with an MCD of " 3 " or more, the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak month is set at " 100 ". For quarterly series, the reference peak quarter is set of " 100 ". MCD values are shown in appendix C.
    ${ }^{1}$ See table 1 for latest month in current period. Percent changes for this month and comparable months of previous expansions are shown in table 7.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ See back cover for series titles and sources.

