# bcd BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS 

July 1968<br>DATA THROUGH JUNE



This report was prepared in the Statistical Analysis Division under the direction of Julius Shiskin, Chief. Technical staff and their responsibilities for the publication are-

Feliks Tamm-Technical supervision and review,
Barry A. Beckman-Specifications for computer processing,
Gerald F. Donahoe-New projects,
Morton Somer-Selection of seasonal adjustment methods,
Betty F. Tunstall - Collection and compilation of basic data.

Editorial supervision is provided by Geraldine Censky of the Administrative and Publications Services Division.

The cooperation of various government and private agencies which provide data is gratefully acknowledged. The agencies furnishing data are indicated in the list of series and sources on the back cover of this report.

Subscription price is $\$ 7$ a year ( $\$ 1.75$ additional for foreign mailing). Single issues are 60 cents.

Airmail delivery is available at an additional charge. For information about domestic or foreign airmail delivery, write to the Superintendent of Documents (address below), enclosing a copy of your address label. Make checks payable to the Superintendent of Documents. Send to U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, or to any U.S. Department of Commerce Field Office.

ABOUT THE COVER Series in this publication are grouped according to their usual timing and shown against the background of contractions and expansions in general business activity. The center panel illustrates this concept. The vertical bar represents a contraction; the top curve, the Leading Series which usually fall before a contraction has begun and rise before it has ended; the middle curve, the Coincident Series which usually fall with the contraction period; the bottom curve, the Lagging Series which fall after a contraction has begun and rise after it ends. Series are also classified by economic process within each timing group. Processes are indicated in the squares bordering the panel.



## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

C. R. Smith, Secretary

William H. Chartener, Assistant Secretary for Economic Affairs

## BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

A. Ross Eckler, Director<br>Robert F. Drury, Deputy Director

JULIUS SHISKIN. Assistant Director

PREFACE This report brings together many of the available economic indicators in convenient form for analysis and interpretation. The presentation and classification of series follow the business indicators approach. The list of indicators and their classification into "leading," "roughly coincident," and "lagging" groups are those designated by the National Bureau of Eco" nomic Research (NBER), a private, nonprofit research organization which has been preparing lists of business cycle indicators for more than 40 years. The business cycle turring dates are also those designated by NBER. In addition, all series within each timing group are classified under eight economic processes (e.g., employment and unemployment; production, income, consumption, and trade; fixed capital investment; etc.). Some special series included in the list (such as labor costs in manufacturing and the total of machinery and equipment sales and business construction) have been constructed by the NBER for purposes of business cycle analysis.

The utilization of the National Bureau list of indicators and their cyclical turning dates is not to be taken as implying acceptance or endorsement by the Bureau of the Census or any other government agency of any approach to business cycle analysis, nor of the special series compiled by the National Bureau to facilitate cyclical studies. This report is intended only to supplement other Department of Commerce reports that provide information so arranged as to facilitate the analysis of current business conditions.

The unique features of BCD are the arrangement of data according to their usual timing relations during the course of the business cycle, the cross-classification by timing and economic process, and the inclusion of special analytical measures and historical cyclical comparisons that help in evaluating the current state of the business cycle. In addition, the movements of the series are shown against the background of the expansions and contractions of the general business cycle so that "leads" and "lags" can be readily detected and unusuai cyclical developments spotted.

About 116 principal series and over 300 components are used in preparing BCD. (This figure includes 19 foreign series in addition to 97 U.S. series.) Almost all of the basic data have been published by the source agency. A complete list of series titles and the sources of data is shown on the back cover of this report.

# BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS 

## CONTENTS

New Features and Changes for This Issue ..... iii
Cross-Classification of Business Indicators by Economic
Process and Cyclical Timing ..... v
4 Census Projects on Economic Fluctuations ..... vi
Descriptions and Procedures
Introduction ..... 1
Background ..... 1
Timing Classification ..... 1
Economic Process Classification. ..... 2
Short List of Indicators ..... 2
Method of Presentation ..... 2
Concepts and Procedures ..... 2
References ..... 3
How to Read Charts ..... 4
Section One-Basic Data
Table 1. Changes Over 4 Latest Months ..... 6
Chart 1A. Business Cycle Series From 1948 to Present ..... 9
Chart 1B. Series for International Comparisons From 1948 to Present ..... 30
Table 2A. Latest Data for Business Cycle Series ..... 33
Table 2B. Latest Data for International Comparisons. ..... 46
Section Two-Analytical Measures
Chart 2. Diffusion Indexes From 1948 to Present ..... 51
Table 3. Latest Data for Diffusion Indexes ..... 54
Table 4. Selected Diffusion Indexes and Components ..... 58

[^0]
## CONTENTS

Continued

## Appendixes

Appendix A. Buşiness Cycle Expansions and Contractions in the United States: 1854 to 1961 ..... 65
Appendix B. Spdcific Trough and Peak Dates for Selected Business Indicators ..... 66
Appendix C. Average Changes and Related Measures for Business Cycle Series (See June issue)
Appendix D. Current Adjustment Factors for Business Cycle Serics ..... 68
Appendix E. Percent Change for Selected Series Over Contraction and Expansion Periods of Business Cycles: 1920 to 1961 (See June issue)
Appendix F. Historical Data for Selected Series ..... 69
Appendix G. Descriptions and Sources of Series ..... 77Index
Series Finding Guide ..... 80

B A limited number of changes are made from time to time to reflect new findings of business cycle research and newly available economic series and to report recent changes made by producing agencies in concept, composition, comparability, coverage, seasonal adjustment methods, benchmark data, etc. Such changes may involve additions or deletions of series used, changes in placement of series in relation to other series, changes in components of indexes, etc.

Changes in this issue are as follows:

1. Revisions from 1965 to date are shown throughout the report for series $16,21,22,49,50,52,53,57,68$, 95, 101, 854, 951, and 952. These changes reflect the source agency's periodic revisions of the national income and product accounts. Further information concerning these revisions may be obtained from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, National Income Division.
2. Series 17 (price per unit of labor cost) and series 62 (labor cost per unit of output) are revised for the period beginning January 1968 to reflect revisions in national income and product accounts data. Further revisions of these series are being delayed pending the annual updating of seasonal adjustment factors for their industrial production component by the Federal Reserve System.
3. Series 85 and 98 on money supply have been revised from 1964 and 1963, respectively, to reflect the source agency's adjustments to a new benchmark (1967) and new seasonal adjustment. Further information concerning this revision may be obtained from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Banking Section.
4. The titles for series 41 and 42 have been changed. The new titles more accurately define the series. They do not reflect any changes in the basic data.
5. Appendix $F$ includes historical data for series 16, 21, 22, 49, 50, 52, 53, 57, 68, 85, 95, 98, 101, 854, 951, and 952. (Quarterly and annual totals for series 85 and 98 were not available at press time.)
6. Appendix $G$ includes ${ }^{\text {descriptions for series 16, } 21, ~}$ $22,49,50,52,53,57,68,95,101,854,951$, and 952. Descriptions for series 85 and 98 will be shown in a subsequent issue.
7. Appendixes $C$ and $E$ have been omitted from this issue in order to provide space for expanded appendixes $F$ and $G$.

The August issue of BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS is scheduled for release on August 29.

A companion report, Defense Indicators, is now available monthly. This report contains the principal defense-activity time series grouped in an order-productiondelivery sequence. Data are presented in tables and charts back to 1950 where possible. An order blank for this report appears on page 82.

## Cross-Classification of Business Indicators by Economic Process and Cyclical Timing



BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS. A monthly report for analyzing economic fluctuations over a short span of years.

This report brings together several hundred monthly and quarterly "economic indicator" series for the analysis of short-term economic trends and prospects. These series have been selected, tested, and evaluated, after half a century of continuing research, as the most useful and reliable for this purpose. The publication provides not only the basic data, but also various charts and analytical tables to facilitate interpretation. In addition, a time series punchcard file and a diffusion index program are available for those who wish to carry on further research in the analysis of short-term business conditions and prospects.

DEFENSE INDICATORS. A monthly report for analyzing the current and prospective impact of defense activity on the national economy.

This report brings together the principal time series on defense activity which influence short-term changes in the national economy. These include series on obligations, contracts, orders, shipments, inventories, expenditures, employment, and earnings. The approximately 30 tirae series included are grouped in accordance with the time at which the activities they measure occur in the defense order-production-delivery process. Most are monthly though a few are quarterly. This publication provides original and seasonally adjusted basic data in monthly, quarterly, and annual form. Charts and analytical tables are included to facilitate interpretation.

LONG TERM ECONOMIC GROWTH. A report for the study of economic fluctuations over a long span of years, 1860-1965.

This report has been developed from available statistics to provide a comprehensive, long-range view of the U.S. economy. It has been planned, prepared, and published as a basic research document for cconomists, historians, investors, teachers, and students. It brings together for the first time under one cover, in meaningful and convenient form, the complete statistical basis for a study of long-term economic trends. It is a unique presentation of the full range of factors required for an understanding of our country's economic development. Some of the statistical series go back to 1860 . A punchcard file of the time series included in the report is available for purchase.

CENSUS METHOD II ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM. A time series computer program for measuring and analyzing seasonal, trading-day, cyclical, and irregular fluctuations and the relations among them. This program is particularly useful in analyzing economic fluctuations which take place within a year.

The latest variant, $\mathrm{X}-11$, has greater generality and scope than any of the earlier programs. It can adjust quarterly as well as monthly series and scrics with negative and positive numbers as well as those with positive numbers alone. The X-11 version measures and adjusts not only for seasonal variations, but also for trading-day variations. Further, it computes many summary and analytical measures of the behavior of each series. The program includes various techniques, such as $F$ tests and variance analysis, for use in extending the scope of time series studies and is written in a simplified computer language-Fortran IV. The program deck can be purchased from the Census Bureau at cost.

## PROCEDURES

## INTRODUCTION

The business cycle is generally described as consisting of alternating periods of expansion and contraction in aggregate economic activity-that is, the complex of activities represented by such concepts as total production, employment, income, consumption, trade, and the flow of funds. Although a recurrent pattern has been characteristic of American economic history, many economists do not consider it inevitable.

The causal relations among various economic processes are primarily responsible for the cumulative nature of cyclical forces and explain why expansions have eventually turned into recessions and recessions into expansions. Cyclical fluctuations in production and employment are preceded by fluctuations in measures which relate to future rather than current produc-tion-measures such as new orders for durable goods, formation of new business enterprises, and accessions to payrolls. They are followed by fluctuations in various economic costs, such as labor costs, interest rates, fulfillment of long-term commitments, and holdings of inventories and debts.

## BACKGROUND

The National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. (NBER) has, since 1938, maintained a list of indicators of aggregate economic activity, and has periodically subjected that list to extensive review. The third revision of the original list was published in March 1967 and in the following month became the basis for the presentation of U.S. series in BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS. Previous issues of BCD were based on the 1960 NBER list.

The revised list of indicators includes some new series, discontinues some of those on the previous list,
and assigns timing classifications to some series formerly unclassified by timing. The method of preparing the new list, the reasons for adding or dropping series, and an explanation of the classification system are described in Indicators of Business Expansions and Contractions. (See reference 8, page 3.) The three major features of the new list are the classification of series by cyclical timing, the classification by economic process, and the short list of indicators.

## TIMING CLASSIFICATION

Cyclical timing is the major principle of classification employed in the new list. Timing at both peaks and troughs is taken into account in grouping the series into leading, roughly coincident, and lagging indicators. These three groups are described as follows:

Leading Indicators- $\mathbf{3 6}$ series that usually reach peaks or troughs before those in aggregate economic activity as measured by the roughly coincident series (see below). One group of these series pertains to orders and contracts, another to inventory investment, and so on.

Roughly Coincident Indicators- $\mathbf{2 5}$ series that are direct measures of aggregate economic activity or move roughly together with it; for example, nonagricultural employment, industrial production, and retail sales.

Lagging Indicators- 11 series, such as new plant and equipment expenditures and manufacturers' inventories, that usually reach turning points after they are reached in aggregate economic activity.

In addition, the new list contains a group of 15 series unclassified by cyclical timing. These are series
which have an important role in business cycles but do not display a consistent timing relation to them.

Also included in BCD, but not on the NBER list, are (1) a group of series which, although they measure significant economic relationships, remain unclassified by cyclical timing and economic process; and (2) indexes of industrial production, consumer prices, and stock prices for several countries which have important trade relations with the United States.

The historical business cycle turning dates used in this report are those designated by the NBER. They mark the approximate dates when, according to the NBER, aggregate economic activity reached its cyclical high or low levels. As a matter of general practice, neither new reference turning dates nor the shading for recessions will be entered in BCD until after both the new reference peak and the new reference trough bounding the shaded area have been designated. This policy is followed because of the conceptual and empirical difficulties of designating a current recession and the practical difficulties of terminating the shading for a current recession without including part of a new expansion. (See appendix A for historical peak and trough dates.)

## ECONOMIC PROCESS CLASSIFICATION

A secondary principle of classification, economic process, supplements the timing classification. Series are cross-classified according to both principles. Eight major economic process categories are used: (I) Employment and Unemployment, 14 series; (II) Production, Income, Consumption, and Trade, 8 series; (III) Fixed Capital Investment, 14 series; (IV) Inventories and Inventory Investment, 9 series; (V) Prices, Costs, and Profits, 11 series; (VI) Money and Credit, 17 series; (VII) Foreign Trade and Payments, 6 series; and (VIII) Federal Government Activities, 8 series. Most of these major categories are subdivided into minor economic processes that exhibit rather distinct differences in cyclical timing.

## SHORT LIST OF INDICATORS

A short, substantially unduplicated list of principal indicators provides a convenient way to summarize the current situation and outlook.. Thus, a short list of 25 indicators, taken from the full list, has been designated by the NBER. This list includes 12 leading, seven roughly coincident, and six lagging indicators;

21 series are monthly and four are quarterly. These series are identified by asterisks throughout the report.

## METHOD OF PRESENTATION

This report consists of two major sections:
Basic Data (chart 1, tables 1and 2).-Data for all series are shown for the current and prior periods in both graphic and tabular form. Thus, a broad view of past and current business cycle fluctuations is provided.

Analytical Measures (chart 2, tables 3 and 4).Measures are presented which help to determine the magnitude and scope of current changes in different processes, industries, and areas, and aid in evaluating the prospects of a turning point in the business cycle.

A list of titles and sources for all series is shown on the back cover of this report. The series numbers are for identification only; they do not reflect series relationships or order. The index (Serics Finding Guide), which appears at the end of this report, is helpful for locating specific series throughout the various charts, tables, and appendixes.

## CONCEPTS AND PROCEDUIRES

Several other concepts and procedures used in this report are summarized below:

Adjustments for average seasonal fluctuations are often necessary to bring out the underlying cyclical trends of a series. In most cases, the seasonally adjusted data used for a series are the official figures released by the source agency. In addition, for the special purposes of business cycle studies, a number of series that are not ordinarily published in seasonally adjusted form are shown on a seasonally adjusted basis in this report. The seasonal adjustment process usually accounts for variations due to holidays; however, there are some cases in which a separate holiday adjustment is needed for holidays with variatle dates.

Months for cyclical dominance (MCD) is an estimate of the appropriate span over which to observe the cyclical movements in a monthly serics. MCD moving averages are shown in chart 1 for series with an MCD of " 5 " or more; however, to provide an indication of the variation about these moving averages, monthly data are also plotted.

Diffusion indexes are simple summary measures which express the percentage of the components of an aggregate series rising over given time spans. Their turning points tend to lead those of the aggregate. Series numbers preceded by "D" designate diffusion indexes. Many of the component series used to make up the diffusion indexes are shown in table 4.

During the current expansion, high values for the indicators are identified in table 2. These values are not necessarily cyclical peak values, but are simply the highest values reached to date.

Certain appendix materials are presented regularly in this report. These materials include historical data, adjustment factors, peak and trough dates, and other information helpful in interpreting trends in the indicators.

## REFERENCES

More comprehensive explanations of the use of indicators of aggregate economic activity in analyzing current business conditions and prospects may be found in the following references:
(1) Alexander, Sidney S. "Rate of Change Approaches to Forecasting-Diffusion Indexes and First Differences," The Economic Journal, June 1958, pp. 288-301.
(2) Broida, Arthur L. "Diffusion Indexes," American Statistician, vol. IX, No. 2 (June 1955), pp. 7-16.
(3) Burns, Arthur F. and Mitchell, Wesley C. Measuring Business Cycles. New York: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1946.
(4) Daly, D. J. and White, D. A. "Economic Indicators in the 1960's," Proceedings of the Business and Economics Statistics Section, American Statistical Association, August 1966, pt. V, pp. 64-75.
(5) Gordon, R. A. "Alternative Approaches to Forecasting: The Recent Work of the National Bureau," The Review of Economics and Statistics, vol. XLIV, No. 3 (August 1962), pp. 284-291.
(6) Lempert, Leonard H. "Leading Indicators," How Business Economists Forecast (William F. Butler and Robert A. Kavesh, Ed.) pt. I, ch. 2, pp. 31-47. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice-Hall, 1966.
(7) Moore, Geoffrey H., Editor, Business Cycle Indicators. New York: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1961.
(8) Moore, Geoffrey H. and Shiskin, Julius. Indicators of Business Expansions and Contractions, Occasional Paper 103. New York: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1967.
(9) Morris, Frank E. "The Predictive Value of the National Bureau's Leading Indicators," Business Cycle Indicators, vol. I, ch. 4, pp. 110-119. New York: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1961.
(10) Okun, Arthur M. "On the Appraisal of Cyclical Turning Point Predictors," Journal of Business, April 1960, pp. 101-120.
(11) Shiskin, Julius. Business Cycle Indicators: The Known and the Unknown. Paper presented at the 34th session of the International Statistical Institute, Ottawa, Canada, August 24, 1963. Washington: Bureau of the Census, 1963.
(12) Shiskin, Julius. Signals of Recession and Recovery, Occasional Paper 77. New York: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1961.

## HOW TO READ CHARTS

Peak (P) of cycle indicates end of expansion and beginning of Recession (shaded areas) as designated


Trough (T) of cycle indicates end of recession and beginning of Expansion as designated by NBER.

Arabic number indicates latest month for which data are plotted. ("3" March)

Roman number indicates latest quarter for which data are plotted. ("II": second quarter)

Dotted line indicates anticipated datal.

Various scales are used to highlight the patterns of the individual series. "Scale A" is an arithmetic scale, "scale $\mathrm{L}-1$ " is a logarithmic scale with 1 cycle in a given distance, "scale $1-2$ " is a logarithmic scale with 2 cycles in that distance, etc. The scales should be carefully roted because they show whether or not the plotted lines for various series are directly comparable.

CHART 2 - Diffusion Indexes
Solid line indicates monthly data over 6- or 9-month spans.


Broken line indicates monthly data over 1-month spans.
 continuity (data not available, changes in series definitions, extreme values, etc.).

Solid line with plotting points indicates quarterly data.

Scale shows percent of comporents rising.

Arabic number indicates latest month for which data are usec in computing the indexes. 1"?"' February

Solid line with plotting points indicates quarterly data over various spans.


Roman number indicates latest quarter for which data are uses in computing the indexes. ("IV" fourth quarter:

- Many of the more irregular series are shown in terms of their MCD moving averages as well as their actual monthly data. In such cases, the 4, 5. or 6 -term moving averages are plotted $1 \frac{1}{2}, 2$, or $21 / 2$ months, respectively, behind the actual data. See appendix $C$ for a description of MCD moving averages.

Broken line with plotting points indicates quarterly data over various ineervals. This line is also used to indicate anticipated quarterly data.

## HOW TO LOCATE A SERIES

To locate a series in BCD, consult the Index-Series Finding Guide in the back of the book where series are arranged into eight groups by economic process and cross referenced by timing classification in the first column. The back cover, whics lists series titles followed by a Roman numeral denoting economic process group) and sources in numerical order within each timing group, may also be helpful to some readers.

## Section ONE



## BASIC DATA

LEADING INDICATORS

## charts and tables

Fixed capital investment
Inventories and inventory investment
Prices, cosfs, and profifs
Money and credit

## ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS

Employment and unemployment
Production, income, consumption, and trade
fixed capital investment
Prices, costs, and profits
Money and credit
LAGGING INDICATORS
Emplayment and unemployment
Fixed capital investment
Inventories and inventory investment
Prices, costs, and profits
Money and credit
SERIES UNCLASSIFIED BY CYCLICAL TIMING
Prices, costs, and profits
Foreign trade and payments
Federal Government activities

Also SERIES UNCLASSIFIED BY CYCLICAL TIMING AND ECONOMIC PROCESS and INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS (indexes of industrial production, consumer prices, and stock prices for selected foreign countries)

| Series(See complete titles and sources on back cover) | COMPARATIVE MEASURES |  |  |  |  | CURRENT PERFORIMANDE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average percent change ${ }^{12}$ |  |  | Duration (months) |  | Basic data ${ }^{\text {B }}$ |  |  |  | Percent change ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
|  | June '67 to date (with sign) ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { June '67 } \\ \text { to date } \\ \text { (without } \\ \text { sign) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1953 \text { to } \\ 1967 \\ (\text { without } \\ \text { sign })^{4} \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Aver- } \\ \text { age }^{6} \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cur- } \\ \text { rent } \\ \text { difec- } \\ \text { tion } 7 \end{gathered}$ | Unit of measure | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1968 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | , 1.968 | Mar. <br> to <br> Apr. <br> 1968 | Apr. <br> to <br> May <br> 1968 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { June } \\ 1968 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marginal Employment Adjustments: <br> *1. Avg. workweek, production workers, | 40.1 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 2.? | 2 | Hours | r40.1 | r40.9 | 040.9 | -1.5 | 12.0 | $0.1)$ | ${ }^{1} 1$ |
| *30. Nonagri. placements, all industries.... | $+0.3$ | 3.2 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1 | Thousands. | 416 | 8.4 .4 | 4149 | -5.7 | -2. 7 | . 11.7 | *33 |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing. . . . . . . . . . . . | +0.3 | 3.1 | 4.6 | 2.2 | 1 | Per 100 employ. . . | r/4. $\%$ | pi.t | (Na) | +14.6 | -?. 1 | (NA) | 2 |
| unemployment insurance (inverted ${ }^{3}$ ). . . . . . . | +1.1 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 1.7 | 1 | Thousands . . . . . | 709 | 193 | 100 | -1.1 | $-6.6$ | 11.6 | 5 |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (inverted ${ }^{2}$ ) . . . . . . | +1.1 | 5.7 | 9.4 | 2.9 | 1 | Per 100 employ. . . | r1. 1 | r. 2 | (NA) | . 8.3 | -9.] | (Ni) | 3 |
| III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Formation of Business Enterprises: <br> *38. Index of net business formation. | +0.5 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 1 | 1957-59․ 100 | p712. | p173. | (NA) | -0. 7 | +2.9 | (NA) | 31 |
| 13. New business incorporations . | +0.6 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 2 | Number | 1:1,660 |  | (NA) | -3.* | + 9.7 | ( NA ) | 13 |
| New Investment Commitments: <br> *6. New orders, durable goods industries | +0.2 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 1.8 | 1 | Bil. dollars | 25.16 | $\mathrm{r} ?^{4} \cdot 4$ | prat ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $-4.3$ | 11.4 | -1.2 | 6 |
| 94. Construction contracts, value . . . . . . . . . . . | +0.2 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 1.6 | 1 | 1957-59-100 . . . | 1/14 | $1 \cdots 2$ |  | $-7.0$ | 11\%, | -",0 | 94 |
| *10. Contracts and orders, plant and equipment .... | $+0.8$ | 5.0 | 4.6 | 1.8 | 2 | Bil. doliars ..... | $\therefore .42$ | rios | $1.3 \%$ | $-2.3$ | +11. ${ }^{3}$ | $1 \because .1$ | * 10 |
| 11. New capital appropriations, manufacluring ${ }^{9}$... | -2.5 | 3.0 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 6 | ...... do...... |  | (NA) |  |  | ( $1 . A$ ) |  | 1. |
| 24. New orders, mach. and equip. industries. . . . . . | $+0.6$ | 3.4 | 4.2 | 1.9 | 4 | Mi... do ...... | 4.71 | \% | +1.11 | 1.9 | \% ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ ? | +5.7 | 24 |
| 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial buildings. | +1.7 | 9.9 | 8.5 | 1.5 | 1 | Mil. sq. ft. floor space | 48.0 | 1..as | if. 3 | -2. 3 | $\cdots$ | -0.9 | 9 |
| 7. Private nonfarm housing starts. . . . . . . . . . . | +1.1 1 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 1.6 | 2 | Ann, rate, thous .. | r7, 66 | 57.8 | $\mathrm{r}, \mathrm{m}$ | 5.6 | $-14.1$ | $-0^{2}$ | \% |
| *29. New building permits, private housing . . . . . . | +1.3 | 6.9 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 3 | 1957-59=100 . . . | 113.7 | r1\% ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | [1,1. | -6. 3 | - -4 | -7.6 | *29 |
| IV. INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventory Investment and Purchasing: <br> 21. Cliange in business inventories, all industries ${ }^{9}$ | +1.5 | 4.6 | 2.6 | 5.3 | 3 | Ann. rate, bil. dol. . |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 6.7 |  | 2 |
| *31. Change in book value, manufacturing and trade inventories ${ }^{10}$. | $+1.2$ | 7.3 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 1 | ..,.. do..... | r+17.0 | pirs | (1/A: | $11 \% 3$ | -9.9 | (1Na) | +31 |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories. | 12.8 | 5.3 | 6.5 | 2.4 | 2 | Percent . . . . . . . | $\bigcirc$ | $p$. | \%, | -?.9 | 17.2 | $\cdots 3$ | 31 |
| 20. Change in book value, mfrs,' inventories of materials and supplies | $+0.4$ | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1 | Ann. rate, bil. dol. . | $\because \% .-$ | +3.4 | ' H A ' | -7.0 $+1 \times ?$ | $\cdots$ | (Ni) | 20 |
| 26. Buying policy, prod. materials, commitments 60 days or longer (u). | 0.0.4 | 1.7 4.8 | 1.5 5.0 | 1.6 | 1 | Ann. ${ }^{\text {ate }}$ Percent . . . . . . . | 6 | - | 6- | + + ? | - | (Na) | 26 |
| 32. Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries (B). | $+2.8$ | 4.7 | 7.4 | 3.2 | 4 | . . . . do ...... | 82 | 3 | 5 | $-3.7$ | 0.0 | 9.6 | 32 |
| 25. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods industries ${ }^{10}$. | -0.1.8 | 0.78 | 0.50 | 1.7 | 3 | Bil. dollars . . . . | 10.544 | ratorimer | p-Aoc | -0.4s | $-{ }^{-14}$ | - ? . in | 25 |
| V. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sensitive Commodity Prices: <br> *23. Industrial materials prices | -0.4 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 3 | 1957-59-100 $\ldots$ | 2? 3 | 86 | $1 \cdot 6$ | -1.i | -2.2 | -'. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | * 2 |
| Stock Prices: <br> "19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks (u) . . . . . . . . | -10.8. | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 3 | 1941-43=10.... | 05.67 | 47.4 | 197.65 | + ${ }^{2} .4$ | 12.3 | 13.7 | ${ }^{4} 19$ |
| Profits and Profit Margins: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| "16. Corporate profits after taxes ${ }^{9}$. <br> 22. Ratio, profits to income originating, | $+1.3$ | 2.9 | 5.2 | 9.2 | 3 | Ann. rate, bil. dol. . | $\cdots$ | (I!A) |  | $\cdots$ | :iA) |  | ${ }^{4} 16$ |
|  | -1.1 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 7.6 | 3 | Percent . . . . . . . . |  | ( 114 ) |  |  | (1A) |  | 28 |
| 18. Profits per dollar of sales, manufacturing ${ }^{9}$. . . | $+1.6$ | 2.4 | 5.6 | 7.9 | 6 | Cents |  | (1:A) |  |  | (JA) |  | 18 |
| *17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, manufacturing.. | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 2.5 | 2 | 1957-59=100 | r107.0 | 9\% | prua | 5.0 | - -5 | -rie | ${ }^{17}$ |
| VI. MONEY AND CREDIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flows of Money and Credit: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 98. Change in money supply and time deposits ${ }^{10}$. . | -0.76 -0.33 | 1.68 3.81 | 2.49 2.89 | 1.5 | 1 | Ann. rate, percent. | 4.2 .22 $r 14$ | r."'4. | $\mathrm{F}^{+\prime \cdot} \cdot 16$ | -3.0n | . $3.2 \%$ | -'.9' | 98 85 |
| 85. Change in U.S. money supply ${ }^{10}$. . . . . . . . . . . . | -0.33 | 3.81 | 2.89 | 1.4 | 1 | ..... do ....... | r, ${ }^{2}$ | rilla |  | +1.32 |  | -at | 85 33 |
| 33. Change in mortgage debt ${ }^{10}$. . . . . . io. . . . . | +0.44 +0.35 | 2.42 0.75 | 1.34 | 1.5 | 2 | Ann.rate, bil. dol. . | 179.00 | $\mathrm{p}+22.86$ | ( $\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{H}$ | 1, 1,4 | + 3.90 $\times 10$ | (NA) | 33 +113 |
| *113. Change in consumer instalment debt ${ }^{10} \ldots \ldots$. | +0.35 | 0.75 | 0.86 | 1.6 | 1 | $\mid \ldots . . \text { do . . . . . . }$ | 16.59 | $t+32$ | (17) | -1, $x$ | $\cdots$ | ( $\because, 1$ ) | ${ }^{*} 113$ |
| 112. Change in business loans ${ }^{10} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. | -0.14 | 9.89 | 2.77 | 1.6 | 1. | $\ldots$ do..... | -19.64 | $\cdots, \therefore 2$ | $\mathrm{r} \cdot \mathrm{Cl}$ | 11'.7 | $\cdots \cdots$ | -.. 1 ' | 112 |
| 110. Total private borrowing ${ }^{\text {a }}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | +2.8 | 12.7 | 12.0 | 6.7 | 3 | Ann. rate, mil. dol.. | ... | $(\because A)$ |  |  | !1/ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 110 |
| Credit Difficulties: <br> 14. Liabilities of business failures (inverted ${ }^{2}$ ).... <br> 39. Delinquency rate, installment loans, 30 days and over (inverted ${ }^{2}$ ) | -3.2 +1.3 | 24.4 5.6 | 19.6 2.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 5.2 \end{aligned}$ | 1 | Mil. dollars . . . . . | 2.43 1.69 | 93.45 | $\because$ <br> $\because$ <br> $\because / 1$ | C. | -1. . |  | 14 39 |




[^1]I. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT
(Nov.) (Oct.) P $\quad \mathbf{T}$
(July) (Aug.)
P


See 'How to Read Cliarts 1 and 2; page 4. Asterisk ["] identifies series on 'short list'. Curreat data for these series are shown on page 33.

## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued <br> Leading Indicators - Continued

III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT


Soe 'How io Read Charts 1 and 2,' page '4. Asterisk $/$ ' $\mid$ ddentifies series on 'short list'. Current data for these series are shown on pages 33 and 34.

## III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT - Continued



BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT -Continued
Leading Indicators-Continued
II. INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT

*31. Change in book velion, mfg. and trade inventories

37. Purchased matinith, percent of cmanies reporting higher inventories

20. Change fook value, mfrs: Inventories of materials and


See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Asterisk |'! identifies series on 'short list'. Cufrent data for these series are shown on page 35.
II. INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT-Continued

Z. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS


## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued Leading Indicators-Continued



See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' poge-4. Asterisk ["] identifies series on 'short list'. Current tata for these series are shown on page 36. Leading Indicators-Continued
ZI. MONEY AND CREDTT


BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued
Leading Indicators-Continued


Creant Uifficulties

I. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT


[^2]
## I EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT-Continued


II. PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE


See 'How to Read Charts I and 2;' page 4. Asterisk ["] itentifies series on 'short list'. Current data for these serles are shown on pages 38 and 39.
II. PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE - Continued


## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued <br> Roughly Coincident Indicators-Continued <br> III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT



ت. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS

Comprehensive Wholesale Prices



BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued Roughly Coincident Indicators-Continued


## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT -Continued <br> Lagging Indicators

I. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT

*502. Unemploymenstefe, persons unemployed 78 weeks and owef (percent-inverted scale)

III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT

IV. INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT


## I. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS


II. MONEY AND CREDIT


See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2;' rage 4. Asterisk (") identifies series on 'shore list'. Gurrent data for these series are shown on page 42.

BASIC DATA

## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued

Series Unclassified by Cyclical Timing
ㅍ.PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS

VII. FOREIGN TRADE AND PAYMENTS


| 2948 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 5 | 6 | 63 | 64 | 65 | (8) | 67 | 96 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



## ZII. FOREIGN TRADE AND PAYMENTS -Continued



See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' poge 4. Currene data for these series are shown en page f3.

## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued Series Unclassified by Cyclical Timing-Continued

 YIII. FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, ACTIVITIES

gIII. FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES-Continued


BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued
Series Unclassified by Cyclical Timing and Economic Process

| (Nov.) [Oct.) | [July) (Aug.) | (July) (Apr.) | (May) (Feb.) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ |





BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued Series Unclassified by Cyclical Timing and Economic Process-Continued

67. Vacancy rate in total rental housing, $\mathbf{Q}$ [percent]

## SERIES FOR INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS FROM 1948 to PRESENT


See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' paçe 4. Current data for these series are shown on page 47.

## SERIES FOR INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS FROM 1948 to PRESENT..Continued




NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $\boldsymbol{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502), current low values are indicated by $\$$. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (") are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " P ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $\mathrm{a}^{\prime}$ " anticipated; and " $N A^{\text {", not available. }}$
${ }^{1}$ Data exclude Puerto Rico which is included in figures published by source agency.

| Major Economic Process | FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT-COn. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | New Invesiment Commitments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and month | *6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 94. Index of construction contracts, total value $(1957-59=100)$ | *10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment <br> (Bil. dol.) | 11. Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corporations <br> (Bil. dol.) | 24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial buildings (Mil. sq. ft. floor space) | 7. New private nonfarm housing units started ${ }^{2}$ <br> (Ann. rate, thous.) | *29. Index of new private housing units aluthorized by local building permits ${ }^{2}$ $(1957-59=100)$ |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | 23.58 | 152 | 5.46 |  | 4.45 | 7-22.29 | 1,403 | 111.9 |
| February............ | 23.74 | 157 | 5.71 | 6.34 | 4.58 | $\bigcirc 70.42$ | 1,381 | 106.4 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 24.89 | 158 | 5.66 | 6. | 4.59 | 67.9\% | 1,400 | 112.1 |
| April .............. | 24.20 | 161 | 5.91 |  | 4.79 | 68.28 | 1,356 | 105.3 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 24.28 | 156 | 5.77 | P 6.69 | 4.84 | 64.00 | 1,232 | 97.4 |
| June................. | 24.59 | 147 | 5.57 | , 6.69 | 4.75 | 65.85 | 1,161 | 84.7 |
| July............... | 24.37 | 147 | 6.10 | -•• | 5.09 | 63.54 | 1,061 | 82.1 |
| August............. | 23.51 | 139 | 5.87 | 5.97 | 4.81 | 63.52 | 1,088 | 75.2 |
| September......... | 25.27 | 146 | 6.28 | ... | 4.91 | 64.40 | 1,020 | 65.3 |
| October. . . . . . . . . . | 24.24 | 139 | 5.76 | ... | 4.82 | 54.76 | 824 | 63.4 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 23.03 | 130 | 5.52 | 5.96 | 4.65 | 64.42 | 956 | 63.4 |
| December . . . . . . . . | 23.96 | 133 | 5.45 | ... | 4.60 | 60.21 | 910 | 67.1 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. . . . . . . . . . | 22.07 | 126 | 5.40 | . 76 | 4.54 | 49.09 | 1,079 | 83.1 |
| February............. | 22.33 | 143 | 5.35 | 5.76 | 4.24 | 57.84 | 1,132 | 78.7 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 22.06 | 149 | 5.50 | .. | 4.32 | 56.14 | 1,067 | 81.7 |
| April .............. | 22.23 | 138 | 5.37 |  | 4.44 | 58.27 | 1,099 | 90.7 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 23.86 | 154 | 5.55 | 5.83 | 4.61 | 54.72 | 1,254 | 91.1 |
| June. ............. | 24.26 | 164 | 5.82 | ... | 4.79 | 62.30 | 1,214 | 97.7 |
| July. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 23.72 | 149 | 5.72 |  | 4.85 | 56.72 | 1,356 | 96.14 |
| August............ | 23.73 | 165 | 6.16 | 5.96 | 5.06 | 61.66 | 1,381 | 99.\% |
| September.......... | 23.42 | 168 | 5.74 | ... | 4.66 | 60.45 | 1,415 | 102.3 |
| October . . . . . . . . . . . | 23.38 | 171 | 5.96 |  | 4.61 | 58.42 | 1,478 | 106.9 |
| November . . . . . . . . | - 23.54 | 168 | 5.84 | 5.81 | 4.79 | 63.17 | 1,567 | 102.? |
| December ......... | 1> 26.49 | 166 | 5.76 | ... | 4.83 | 64.08 | 1,235 | 116.7 |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | 2.4 .77 | 159 | 5.90 | $\cdots$ | 4.87 | 64.51 | 1,430 | 97.? |
| February............ | 24.83 | - 156 | 5.62 | p. 6.57 | 4.49 | 61.39 | 1,499 | 120,0 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . . | 26.28 | H 176 | 5.91 | ... | 4.62 | 66.61 | 1,479 | 121. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| April .............. | 25.16 | 146 | 5.42 | ( $\because \mathrm{NA})$ | 4.71 -4.86 | 47.09 | r1,562 | 113.0 r109.8 |
|  | r25.54 p24.48 | 172 160 | P $\begin{array}{r}\text { r6.03 } \\ \hline 16.34\end{array}$ | (NA) | [ ${ }^{54.86} \mathrm{p} 5.11$ | 66.96 64.35 | r1,326 pl,296 | p108.0 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . .August. . . . . .September . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October. . . . . . . . . . |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicatec oy (u). Current high values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}>$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502), current low values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (") are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; " $x$ ", antic:pated; and "NA", not available.
${ }_{2}{ }_{2}$ High value ( 1,833 ) was reached in October 1963.
${ }^{2} \mathrm{High}$ value (124.6) was reached in February 1964.

Table 2A

| Major <br> Economic Process | INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor <br> Economic Process | Inventory invesiment and Purchasing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and <br> month | 21. Change in business inventories after valuation adjustment, all industries <br> (Ann. rate, bil,dol.) | *31. Change in book value of manufacturing and trade inventories, total <br> (Ann.rate,bil.dol.) | 37. Purchased materials, percent of companies reporting higher inventories ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Percent reporting) | 20. Change in book value of manufacturers' inventeries of materials and supplies ${ }^{2}$ <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 26. Production materials, percent of companies reporting commitments 60 days or longer (1) (Percent reporting) | 32. Vendor performance, percent of companies reporting slower deliveries (a) <br> (Percent reporting) | 25. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) |
| 1966 | Revisec. ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... |  | +8.4 | 49 | +1.1 | 68 | 74 | +1.27 |
| February .......... | +10.9 | +11.6 | 47 | +1.1 | 67 | 85 | +1.31 |
| March............. |  | +13.2 | 52 | +0.8 | 68 | (1) 86 | +1.65 |
| April .............. |  | +13.0 | 51 | +4.1 | 69 | 82 | $+1.49$ |
| May ............... | +15.4 | +18.1 | 53 | +3.5 | 70 | 75 | +1.36 |
| June............... |  | +16.5 | 54 | \% +3.6 | 72 | 69 | +1.70 |
| July .............. |  | +13.3 | 58 | +1.1 | 73 | 70 | +1.34 |
| August............ | +12.8 | +15.5 | 57 | +5.3 | 73 | 73 | +0.64 |
| September......... | ... | $+9.6$ | 53 | +3.3 | 72 | 72 | (H) +2.30 |
| October............ |  | +18.2 | 56 | $+1.3$ | 田 75 | 70 | +0.79 |
| November .......... | (1) +19.8 | +18.4 | 55 55 | +2.2 +1.6 |  | 64 | -0.21 |
| December $\qquad$ 1967 | - $\cdot$. | - +19.8 | 55 |  | 70 | 57 | +0.24 |
| January ........... | $\cdots$ | +12.9 | 48 | +2.5 | 72 | 48 | -0.99 |
| February........... | $+8.4$ | +2.2 | 45 | -1.0 | 67 | 51 | -0.30 |
| March............. | ... | +3.9 | 46 | -0.3 | 68 | 38 | -1.07 |
| April ............. | + $\quad 3$ | +3.2 | 37 | +0.9 | 67 | 39 | -0.04 |
| May ............... | +2.3 | +1.3 | 40 | -1.0 | 66 | 36 | +0.96 |
| June.............. | $\ldots$ | -4.6 | 43 | -1.4 | 68 | 38 | +1.21 |
| July............... | $\ldots$ | +3.7 | 40 | $-0.8$ |  |  | +0.52 |
| August. | +5.3 | +8.9 | 42 | +2.2 | 66 | 43 | +0.09 |
| September......... | ... | -0.7 | 44 | - -1.0 | 61 | 44 | +0.47 |
| October........... |  | +5.7 | 45 | -0.2 | 62 | 50 | $+1.07$ |
| November .......... | +8.3 | +12.8 | 46 | +0.7 | 63 | 51 | +0.06 |
| December $\qquad$ $1968$ | $\ldots$ | +16.9 | 54 | 0.0 | 64 | 48 | +1.20 |
| January |  | +7.2 | 55 | +0.3 | 64 |  | -0.46 |
| February............. March. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | +2.1. | +3.4 | $\begin{array}{ll}7 . & 53 \\ -42\end{array}$ | - $\begin{aligned} & -0.2 \\ & +0.1\end{aligned}$ | 61 | 55 | +0.18 +1.02 |
| March............. | -•* |  | 52 | + +0.1 | 64 | 54. | +1.02 |
| April .............. |  | +17.9 | 51 | +5.8 | 68 | 52 | +0.54 |
| May ............... June........... | p+8.4 | $\underset{(\mathrm{NA})}{\mathrm{p}+8.0}$ |  | +3.4 $(\mathrm{NA})$ | 68 67 | $\begin{aligned} & 52 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{r}+0.06 \\ & \mathrm{p}-1.00 \end{aligned}$ |
| July............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August. September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October ........... | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November ......... December ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (a). Current high values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by $\mathbb{D}$. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. "Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.
${ }^{1}$ High value (63) was reached in November 1964.
${ }^{2} \mathrm{High}$ value ( +6.6 ) was reached in December 1961.
${ }^{3}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES－Continued
Leading Indicators－Continued

| Major Economic Prosess | PRICES，COSTS，AND PROFITS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Sensitive Commodity Prices | Stock Prices | Profits and Profit Margins |  |  |  |
| Year and month | ＊23．Index of indus－ trial materials prices（1） $(1957-59=100)$ | ＊19．Index of stock prices， 500 common stocks（1） $(1941-43=10)$ | ＊16．Corporate profits after taxes <br> （Ann．rate，bil．dol．） | 22．Ratio of profits to income originating， corporate，all indus－ tries <br> （Percent） | 18．Profits（befare taxes）per dollar of sales，all manufac－ turing corporations <br> （Cents） | ＊17．Ratio，price to unit labor cost index， manufacturing $(1957-59=100)$ |
| 1966 |  |  | Revised ${ }^{1}$ | Revised ${ }^{1}$ |  | （1； |
| January． | 120.5 | 93.32 | ， |  | $\cdots$ | 105.1 |
| February ．．．．．．．．． | － 122.9 | 92.69 | 50.8 | H1＞ 13.9 | 5－9．8 | 105.1 |
| March．．．．．．．．．．． | 1123.5 | 88．88 | ．．． | －．． | ．．． | 105.1 |
| April ．．．．．．．．．．． | 121.5 | 91.60 | ．．． |  | ．．． | 104.4 |
| May ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 118.3 | 86.78 | 51.0 | 13.6 | 9.3 | 105.1 |
| June．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 118.4 | 86.06 | ．．． | ． | ．．． | 104.6 |
| July．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 118.8 | 85.84 | 6 | ．$\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | D 105.2 |
| August．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 111.7 | 80.65 | H 51.6 | 13.5 | 9.2 | 104.5 |
| September ．．．．．．．．． | 208.9 | 77.81 | 2 | ．．． | ．$\cdot$ | 104．2 |
| October ．．．．．．．．．． | 106.3 | 77.13 | 7 |  | $\cdots$ | 103.9 |
| November ．．．．．．．．． | 105.9 | 80.99 | 50.7 | 12.9 | 9.0 | 103.0 |
| December $\qquad$ $1967$ | 105.8 | 81.33 | ．． | ．．． | － | 103.1 |
| January ．．．．．．．．．． | 106.8 | 84.45 | 꾸 | ＂ | $\cdots$ | 101.5 |
| February．．．．．．．．．． | 105.2 | 87.36 | 47.1 | 12.1 | 8.5 | 101.0 |
| March．．．．．．．．．．． | 102.5 | 89.42 | ．．． | ．．． | － | 100.7 |
| April ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 100.1 | 90.96 | 173 | ．．． | $\because$ | 100.8 |
| May ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 99.6 | 92.59 | 47.3 | 12.1 | 8.2 | 100.3 |
| June．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 99.8 | 91.43 | －•• | －•• | －． | 99.8 |
| July ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 98.3 | 93.01 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 100.2 |
| August．．．．．．．．．．．． | 98.1 | 94.49 | 47.6 | 11.8 | 8.1 | 99.8 |
| September ．．．．．．．． | 97.8 | 95.81 | －•• | ．．． | $\ldots$ | 99.2 |
| October ．．．．．．．．．． | 97.7 | 95.66 | 50.3 |  | $\cdots$ | 99.4 99.5 |
| November ．．．．．．．．． | 99.1 100.1 | 92.66 95.30 | 50.3 $\ldots$ | 12.2 .. | 8.4 | 99.5 100.5 |
| $1968$ | 100.1 | 95．30 |  | ． | ． | 10．． |
| January ．．．．．．．．．． | 99.8 | 95.04 | i9i | 7 | $\cdots$ | ri9．$\%$ |
| February．．．．．．．．． | 99.5 | 90.75 | 49.1 | 11.7 | 3.6 | r94．6 |
| March．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 100.1 | 89.09 | $\cdots$ | － | $\ldots$ | r100．0 |
| April ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 98.3 | 95.67 | （ NA ） | （ NA$)$ | $\cdots$ | r100．3 |
| May ．．．．．．．．．．．． | 96.1 95.6 | $\begin{array}{r}97.87 \\ \hline-100.53\end{array}$ | （NA） | （NA） | （NA） | 99．3 |
| July ．．．．．．．．．．．． | ${ }^{2} 94.3$ | ${ }^{3} 98.83$ |  |  |  |  |
| August．．．．．．．．．．．． September．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October． <br> November $\qquad$ <br> December $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE：Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement．Unadjusted series are indicated by（iu）．Lurrent high values are in－ dicated by $⿴ 囗 十 ⺝ 丶$ ；for series that move counter to movements in general business activity（series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$ ，and 502 ），current low values are indicated by B Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order．Complete titles and sources are shown on the lack cover．Series preceded by an asterisk（＂）are included in the 1966 NBER＂short list＂of indicators．The＂$r$＂indicates revised；＂ p ＂，preliminary；＂ e ＂，estimated；＂ $\mathrm{a}^{\text {＂}}$ ，anticipated；and＂NA＂，not available．

[^3]| Major <br> Economic Process <br> Minor <br> Economic Process | MONEY AND CREDIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Flows of Money and Credit |  |  |  |  |  | Credit Difficulties |  |
| Year and month | 98. Change in money supply and time deposits <br> (Ann. rate, percent)' | 85. Change in iU.S. money supply <br> (Ann. rate, percent) | 33. Net change in mortgage debt held by fin. inst. and life insurance companies ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *113. Net change in consumer installment debt ${ }^{2}$ <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 112. Change in business loans <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 110. Total private borrowing <br> (Ann. rate, mil. dol.) | 14. Current liabilities of business failures ${ }^{3}$ <br> (Mil. dol.) | 39. Delinquency rate, 30 days and over, total installment loans <br> (Percent) |
| 1966 | Revised ${ }^{4}$ | Revised ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January............ | $+8.40$ | +7.92 | +23.81 | +7.16 | +14.10 | ... | 111.67 |  |
| February........... | +4.92 | +5.04 | +21.85 | +6.46 | +6.24 | 70,500 | 94.59 | 1.73 |
| March.............. | +7.20 | +4.32 | +22.87 | +7.79 | +8.76 | ... | 98.73 | ... |
| April .............. | $+12.48$ | $+7.80$ | +20.77 | $\therefore+6.37$ | $+8.50$ |  | 106.93 | 1.78 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | +6.72 | 0.00 | +17.76 | +5.92 | +9.58 | 73,908 | 92.41 | ... |
| June.............. | $+6.72$ | +1.44 | +15.22 | +6.59 | +17.70 | ... | 111.23 | 1.76 |
| July .............. | +4.44 | -4.20 | +12.54 | $+6.77$ | (4) +21.11 | - ${ }^{\circ}$ | 62.84 | $\cdots$ |
| August............. | $+4.08$ | +0.72 | +12.68 | +7.22 | +3.28 | 58,004 | 159.29 | 1.76 |
| September......... | +4.80 | +3.48 | +11.40 | +5.70 | +0.67 | ... | 128.77 | . . |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | -2.52 | -2.16 | $+9.96$ | $+4.56$ | +5.93 | -•• | 128.02 | 1.79 |
| November . . . . . . . | -1.4 | 0.00 | +9.66 | +5.33 | +2.63 | 45,748 | 116.90 |  |
| December . . . . . . . | +5.16 | $+1.44$ | +6.86 | +3.85 | +0.14 | ... | 194.09 | 1.75 |
| 1967 |  | - |  | ) |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | $+10.20$ | -0.72 | +9.40 | $+3.36$ | $+7.04$ | . | 118.61 |  |
| February........... | $\cdots+14.52$ | +10.56 | +11.78 | $+2.59$ | +0.86 | 60,804 | 111.23 | 1.82 |
| March. ............. | +13.56 | +9.72 | +11.47 | +3.17 | +6.83 | ... | 108.87 | -• |
| April .............. | +5.28 | (1) $\begin{array}{r}-4.80 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $+11.87$ | $+2.56$ | $+9.25$ |  | 110.80 | 1.90 |
| May ............... | +13.68 | $\xrightarrow{4}+13.20$ | r+16.0i | +2.32 | +1.63 | 61,864 | 93.00 | $\cdots$ |
| June............... | $+14.28$ | $+11.04$ | +18.11 | $+3.50$ | +8,09 | ... | 87.20 | 1.72 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | +13.8 | $+12.24$ | +14.11 | $+2.70$ | +16.09 | 66 | 76.85 | $\cdots{ }^{\circ}$ |
| August. . . . . . . . . . . | +11.88 | $+7.44$ | +22.82 | $+4.13$ | -9.19 | 66,044 | 91.13 | 1.65 |
| September......... | +8.04 | $+1.32$ | +20.74 | $+3.41$ | -2.15 | ... | 91.29 | -• |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | +7.68 | $+7.32$ | +21.02 | $+3.73$ | $+5.36$ |  | 95.81 | 1.66 |
| November . . . . . . . . | +7.32 | +5.28 | +22.07 | +5.02 | $+2.66$ | H-76,936 | $\begin{array}{r}85.55 \\ \hline 192.56\end{array}$ |  |
| December ......... | +6.00 | +2.04 | +19.87 | $+4.60$ | +8.39 | -•• | 192.56 | 1.74 |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | +5.28 | $+6.60$ | +18.49 | +4.78 | +12.53 |  | 116.62 |  |
| February . . . . . . . . . | +4.92 | +2.64 | +19.20 | +6.79 | -2.28 | p6\%,564 | 81.06 | 81.51 |
| March. ............. | +7.20 | +4.56 | +17.96 | +6.79 | +4.07 | . . | 80.46 | ... |
| April .............. | +4.201 +7.41 | +5.88 | $+19.00$ | $+6.50$ | +19.64 | ) | 80.43 | 1.69 |
| May ................ | +7.46 $p+5.16$ | +11.76 $p+7.08$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{p}+22.96 \\ \text { (NA) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} +7.32 \\ (\mathrm{NA}) \end{array}$ | +2.23 $p+6.41$ | (NA) | $\begin{aligned} & 93.95 \\ & 62.31 \end{aligned}$ | ( $\times \mathrm{NA})$ |
| July ...............August. . . . . . . .September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October. . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by H ; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by $B$. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series precededby an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; " $a^{\prime \prime}$, anticipated; and "NA", not available.
${ }^{1}$ High value (24.02) was reached in October 1963.
2High value ( +8.94 ) was reached in April 1965.
${ }^{3} \mathrm{High}$ value (52.86) was reached in August 1963.
${ }^{4}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.


LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES-Continued
Roughly Coincident Indicators

| Major Economic Protess | EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Job Vacancies |  | Comprehensive Employment |  |  | Comprehens.ve Unemployment |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | 301. Nonagicultural job openings unfilled <br> (Thous.) | 46. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspapers $(1957-59=100)$ | 511. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments <br> (Ann. rate, bil. man-hours) | *41.Number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls, establishment survey <br> (Thous.) | 42. Persons engaged in nonagricultural activities, labor force survey <br> (Thous.) | *43. Unemployment rate, total <br> (Percent) | 45. Average weakly insured unerployment rate, State programs ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Percent) | 40. Unemployment rate, married males <br> (Percent) |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January............ | 383 | 184 | 126.73 | 62,535 | 68,185 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 1.9 |
| February........... | 401 | 191 | 127.89 | 62,884 | 68,179 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 1.9 |
| March.............. | 425 | 201 | 128.71 | 63,253 | 68,192 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| April ............. | 431 | 189 | 128.23 | 63,456 | 68,375 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 1.8 |
| May .............. | 426 | 185 | 128.27 | 63,714 | 68, 488 | 3.9 | 2.1 | 1.8 |
| June............... | 424 | 184 | 129.52 | 64,141 | 68,772 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 1.9 |
| July .............. | 428 | 186 | 129.45 | 64,273 | 68,943 | 3.8 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
| August............. | 424 | 189 | 130.00 | 64,438 | 69,230 | 3.8 | 2.4 | 1.9 |
| September......... | (1) 438 | 189 | 129.86 | 64,539 | 69,264 | 3.8 | 2.1 | 1.8 |
| October . . . . . . . . . | 429 | 193 | 130.52 | 64,779 | 69, 515 | 3.9 | -1 2.0 | 1.8 |
| November ......... | 414 | 194 | 131.11 | 65,000 | 69,915 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 1.8 |
| December .......... | 404 | 193 | 131.13 | 65,272 | 69,828 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 1.8 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... | 392 | 189 | 132.15 | 65,524 | 70,104 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 1.7 |
| February........... | 375 | 190 | 1.31 .57 | 65,646 | 70,197 | 3.: | 2.4 | 1.7 |
| March.............. | 362 | 184 | 131.67 | 65,672 | 69,964 | $3 . \%$ | 2.6 | 1.8 |
| April ............. | 353 | 181 | 131.08 | 65,619 | 70,096 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 1.9 |
| May ............... | 351 | 174 | 1.30 .99 | 65,677 | 69,822 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 1.9 |
| June............... | 351 | 171 | 131.80 | 65,821 | 70,430 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 1.9 |
| July . ............ | 344 | 169 | 131.62 | 65,920 | 70,631 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 1.8 |
| August............. | 350 | 180 | 132.74 | 66,186 | 70,708 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 1.7 |
| September.......... | 373 | 185 | 132.56 | 66,123 | 70,942 | 4.1 | 2.4 | 1.8 |
| October........... | 360 | 186 | 132.35 | 66,286 | 71,017 | 4.7 | 2.3 | 1.3 |
| November .......... | 352 | 187 | 134.37 | 66,778 | 71,166 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 1.7 |
| December .......... | 345 | 190 | 134.06 | 67,060 | 71,361 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 1.7 |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... | 356 | 184 | 132.68 | 67,058 | 71,164 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 1.1 |
| February........... | 360 | - 193 | 134.75 | 67,600 | 71,604 | 3.7 | 2.3 | $1 .$. |
| March.............. | 36,8 | H 202 | 134.54 | 67,656 | 71,789 | 3.6 | 2.2 | 1." |
| April .............. | 370 | 128 | r134.00 | r67,755 | 71,656 | 3.5 | 2.1 | H-1. |
| May .............. June............ | prom | Fint | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r134.63 } \\ \hline \text { p134.98 }\end{array}$ | (467,781 | (1) $\begin{array}{r}71,936 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\bigcirc \begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 3.8\end{aligned}$ | 2.2 2.2 | - |
| July .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August. September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October November December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by ư. Current high values are indicated by $1>$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14 ; 39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), cerrent low values are indicated by HP. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e^{\prime \prime}$, estimated; "a", antic pated; and "NA". not availa'jle.
${ }^{1}$ Data exclude Puerto Rice which is included in figures published by source agency.

| Major Economic Process | PRODUCTION, INCOME ${ }^{\text {c CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Comprehensive Production |  |  | Comprehensive Income |  | Comprehensive Consumption and Trade |  |  |
| Year and month | 49. Gross national product in current dollars <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *50. Gross national product in 1958 dollars <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *47. Index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | *52. Personal income <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 53. Wages and salaries in mining, manufacturing, and construction <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *816. Manufacturing and trade sales <br> (Mil. dol.) | 57. Final sales (series 49 minus series 21) <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *54. Sales of retail stores <br> (Mil. dol.) |
| 1966 | Revised ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | Revised ${ }^{1}$ |  | Revised ${ }^{1}$ | Revised ${ }^{1}$ |  | Revised ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 150.7 | 565.3 | 149.4 | 84,679 |  | 25,081 |
| February .......... | 728.4 | 648.6 | 152.4 | 570.5 | 151.5 | 84,517 | 717.0 | 25,049 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . . | ... | ... | 153.8 | 575.5 | 153.5 | 86,939 |  | 25,536 |
| April . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 153.9 | 578.0 | 154.6 | 85,434 |  | 24,949 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 740.4 | 653.3 | 155.4 | 578.9 | 155.3 | 85,365 | 725.0 | 24,475 |
| June............... | , | ,. | 156.5 | 584.0 | 156.6 | 86,917 | ... | 25,394 |
| July ............... |  | ... | 157.2 | 587.5 | 157.2 | 86,611 | $\ldots$ | 25,362 |
| August............. | 753.3 | 659.5 | 157.8 | 592.2 | 158.7 | 86,939 | 740.4 | 25,572 |
| September.......... | ... | 659.5 | 158.1 | 596.7 | 159.4 | 86,734 | 74 | 25,703 |
| October . . . . . . . . . | , | $\cdots$ | 159.4 | 601.2 | 160.6 | 86,983 |  | 25,550 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 768.2 | 667.1 | 159.1 | 605.2 | 161.3 | 86,528 | 748.4 | 25,610 |
| December .......... | . . | ... | 159.5 | 607.2 | 161.5 | 87,690 | ... | 25,368 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ | . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 158.2 | 612.1 | 162.4 | 87,182 | \% ${ }^{\circ}$ | 25,687 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | 772.2 | 665.7 | 156.6 | 614.6 | 161.4 | 86,133 | 763.8 | 25,470 |
| March. ............ | ... | ... | 156.4 | 617.6 | 161.7 | 87,242 | ... | 25,739 |
| April . ............. |  | $\cdots$ | 156.5 | 618.6 | 161.2 | 86,643 | 778. | 25,918 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 780.2 | 669.2 | 155.6 | 620.6 | 161.2 | 87,286 | 778.0 | 25,897 |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ | ... | 155.6 | 625.8 | 162.2 | 88,244 | ... | 26,544 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . . | 995; |  | 156.6 | 629.8 | 163.2 | 88,454 | 780. | 26,444 |
| August. ............ | 795.3 | 675.6 | 158.1 | 634.2 | 164.9 | 88,768 | 789.9 | 26,422 |
| September . . . . . . . . | ... | . . | 156.8 | $637.0{ }^{\circ}$ | 165.2 | 88,323 | ... | 26,732 |
| October............ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 156.9 | 638.0 | 165.0 | 87,196 | $\cdots$ | 26,089 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 811.0 | 681.8 | 159.5 | 64.4 .9 652.6 | 168.2 170.2 | 89,612 | 802.7 | 26,411 |
| December . . . . . . . . | - | ... | 162.0 | 652.6 | 270.2 | 92,057 | ... | 26,470 |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 161.2 | 654.9 | 170.2 | 92,544 | $\cdots$ | 27,065 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | 831.2 | 692.7 | 162.0 | 663.0 | 173.8 | 92,595 | 829.1 | 27,399 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . . | . $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | 163.0 | 670.0 | 174.2 | 94, 327 | . . | (1) 28,120 |
| April . . . . . . . . . . |  | ( $70{ }^{\circ}$ | 162.5 | 672.7 | 174.0 | r93,368 | - $1 \times \dot{5}$ | r27,620 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . . June. . . . . . . | 4 - ${ }^{\text {P }} 850.3$ | $\xrightarrow{\longrightarrow} \mathrm{P} 701.7$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r164.1 } \\ \hline \text { P164.4 }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}676.3 \\ \hline \mathbf{p 6 8 3 . 1}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}176.6 \\ \hline \text { pl77.4 }\end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow[(\mathrm{NA})]{\mathrm{p} 95,155}$ | (14) P 842.5 | $\begin{aligned} & r 27,981 \\ & \text { p28,044 } \end{aligned}$ |
| July August. September......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . December . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (L). Current high values are indicated by $\boldsymbol{D}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by [B]. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

[^4]BASIC DATA
LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES-Continued
Roughly Coincident Indicators-Continued

| Major Economic Process | FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT |  | PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS |  | MONEY AND CREDIT |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor <br> Economic Process | flacklog of investment Commitments |  | Comprehensive Wholesale Prices |  | Bank Reserves | Money Market interest Rates |  |  |  |
| Year <br> and <br> month | 96. Manufac:turers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 97. Backlog of capital appropriations, manufacturing (Bil. dol.) | 55. Index of wholesale prices, industrial commodities (4) $(1957-59=100)$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { 58. Index of } \\ \text { wholesale } \\ \text { prices, man- } \\ \text { wfactured } \\ \text { goods }(1) \\ (1957-59=100) \end{array}$ | 93. Free reserves (0) <br> (Mil. dol.) | 114. Treasury bill rate (a) <br> (Percent) | 116. Corrpor. ate bond yields (©) <br> (Percent) | 115. Treasury hond yields (i) <br> (Percent) | 117. Municipal bond yields(iu) <br> (Percent) |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... | 63.80 | $\ldots$ | 103.5 | 104.4 | -44 | 4.60 | 4.93 | 4.43 | 3.52 |
| February .......... | 65.11 |  | 103.8 | 104.9 | -107 | 4.67 | 5.09 | 4.61 | 3.64 |
| March............. | 66.76 | 19.33 | 104.0 | 105.0 | -246 | 4.63 | 5.33 | 4.63 | 3.72 |
| April ............. | 68.25 | $\cdots$ | 104.3 | 105.1 | -268 | 4.61 | 5.38 | 4.55 | 3.56 |
| May ............... | 69.61 |  | 104.7 | 105.5 | -352 | 4.64 | 5.55 | 4.57 | 3.65 |
| June............... | 71.31 | 20.56 | 104.9 | 105.6 | -352 | 4.54 | 5.67 | 4.63 | 3.77 |
| July.............. | 72.65 | $\ldots$ | 105.2 | 106.0 | -362 | 4.86 | 5.81 | 4.75 | 3.95 |
| August............. | 73.29 |  | 105.2 | 106.4 | -390 | 4.93 | 6.04 | 4.80 | 4.12 |
| September......... | 75.59 | $\pm 20.77$ | 105.2 | 106.4 | -368 | 5.36 | 6.14 | 4.79 | 4.1? |
| October . . . . . . . . | 76.38 | $\cdots$ | 105.3 | 106.3 | H H $^{-431}$ | 5.39 | 6.04 | 4.70 | 3.9.4 |
| November ......... | 76.17 | 20.72 | 105.5 | 106.2 | -222 | 5.34 | 6.11 | 4.74 | $3.8 i$ |
| December ......... | 76.42 | 20.72 | 105.5 | 106.2 | -165 | 5.01 | 5.98 | 4.65 | 3.81 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | 75.43 | $\ldots$ | 105.8 | 1.06 .4 | -16 | 4.76 | 5.53 | 4.40 | 3.5i4 |
| February .......... | 75.13 |  | 106.0 | 106.4 | -4 | 4.55 | 5.35 5.55 | 4.47 | $3.5 \%$ |
| March............. | 74.06 | 20.40 | 106.0 | 106.3 | +236 | 4.29 | 5.55 | 4.45 | 3.55 |
| April .............. | 74.02 | $\ldots$ | 106.0 | 106.2 | +175 | 3.85 | 5.59 | 4.51 | 3.60 |
| May .............. | 74.97 |  | 106.0 | 106.3 | +269 | 3.64 | 5.90 | 4.76 | 3.89 |
| June............... | 76.18 | 20.32 | 106.0 | 106.6 | +297 | 3.48 | 6.06 | 4.86 | 3.96 |
| July.............. | 76.71. | $\ldots$ | 106.0 | 106.8 | +272 | 4.31 | 6.06 | 4.86 | 4.02 |
| August............ | 76.80 |  | 106.3 | 106.8 | +298 | 4.28 | 6.30 | 4.95 | 3.99 |
| September......... | 77.27 | 20.63 | 106.5 | 107.1 | +268 | 4.45 | 6.33 | 4.99 | 4.12 |
| October. . . . . . . . . | 78.34 | $\ldots$ | 106.8 | 107.1 | +160 | 4.59 | 6.53 | 5.19 | 4.30 |
| November .......... | 73.40 |  | 107.1 | 107.2 | +270 | 4.76 | 6.87 | D 5.44 | 4.32 |
| December .......... | 79.60 | 20.61 | 107.4 | 107.6 | +107 | 5.01 | 6.93 | 5.36 | 4.43 |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... | 79.14 | $\cdots$ | 107.8 | 108.1 | +144 | 5.08 | 6.57 | 5.18 | 4.29 |
| February............ | 79.32 80.34 |  | 108.3 | 108.6 | +38 | 4.97 | 6.57 | 5.16 | 4.31 |
| March.............. | 80.34 | p20.53 | 108.6 | 108.9 | -315 | 5.14 | 6.80 | 5.39 | 4.54 |
| April .............. | 80.88 | $\ldots$ | 108.8 | 109.1 | -413 | 5.36 | 6.79 | 5.28 | 4.34 |
| May $\ldots . . . . . . . . . .$. june............ | 588.94 F 79.94 | $(\dot{N a} \dot{\text { a }}$ | (1) $\begin{array}{r}108.6 \\ \text { r108.8 }\end{array}$ | H $\begin{array}{r}109.1 \\ 109.4\end{array}$ | $\mathrm{r}-326$ $\mathrm{p}-339$ | - 5.62 | $\begin{array}{r}6.00 \\ \hline \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5.20 5.23 | $\bigcirc \begin{array}{r}4.54 \\ 4.50\end{array}$ |
| July ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November December $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (i). Current high values are indicated by 18 ; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by . Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (3). Current high values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by H- Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The "r" indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " d ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.


BASIC DATA


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $B>$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by . Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

[^5]| Major Economic Process | PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS | FOREIGN TRADE AND PAYMENTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Comprehensive Retail Prices | Foreign Trade and Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and month | 81. Index of consumer prices (ㄴ)$(1957-59=100)$ | 89. Excess of receipts (+) or payments ( - ) in U.S. balance of payments |  | 88. Merchandise trade balance (series 86 minus series 87) <br> (Mil. dol.) | 86. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total <br> (Mil. dol.) | 861. Manufacturers' new orders for export, durable goods except motor vehicles and parts (1) <br> (Mil. dol.) | 862. Index of export orders, nonelectrical machinery$(1957-59=1100)$ | 87. General imports, total <br> (Mil. dol.) |
|  |  | a. Liquidity balance basis | b. Official settlements |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | (Mil. dol.) | .(Mil. dol.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January... | 111.0 | $\ldots$ | - ... | +346.6 | 2,264.4 | 852 | 237 | 1,917.8 |
| February .......... . . | 111.6 | $\cdots \quad-630$ | 5. -409 | +352.4 | +2,375.9 | 849 | 201 | 2,023.5 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | 112.0 | . | $\cdots$ | $+474.4$ | 2,554.2 | 904 | 227 | 2,079.8 |
| April | 112.5 | $\cdots$ | - 110 | $+241.3$ | 2,354.3 | 749 | 295 | 2,113.0 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 112.6 | -93 | - -116 | +333.9 +345 | 2,415.5 | . 976 | 217 | 2,081.6 |
| June............... | 112.9 | ... | * ... | $+345.7$ | 2,487.0 | 1,078 | 217 | 2,141.3 |
| July. . . . . . . . . . . . | 113.3 | … | - $\quad 0$ | $+277.4$ | 2,455.4 | 805 | 201 | 2,178.0 |
| August............. | 113.8 | -301 | +692 | +324.4 | $\begin{array}{r}2,443.6 \\ \hline 5396\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}826 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 199 | 2,119.2 |
| September......... . | 114.1 | $\cdots$ | \% ... | $+244.4$ | $\because 2,539.6$ | 1,059 | 200 | 2,295.2 |
| October........... | 114.5 | 3 | $\cdots$ | $+338.2$ | 2,588.3 | 865 | 240 | 2,250.1 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 114.6 | -333 | $+99$ | +316.6 | 2,502.9 | 785 | 235 | 2,186.3 |
| December .......... | 114.7 | \% ... | , ... | +184.3 | - 2,408.9 | 1,200 | 225 | 2,224.6 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | 114.7 | $\cdots$ | -170i | $r+361.2$ | r2,616.7 | 891 | 235 | 2,255.5 |
| February . . . . . . . . | 114.8 | \% -505 | -1,764 | $r+375.5$ | r2,604.7 | 833 $\therefore \quad 905$ | 196 | 2,229.2 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | 115.0 | - | . | $r+349.0$ | r2,548.5 | 905 | 252 | r2,199.5 |
| April . ............. | 115.3 | $\cdots$ | $\because 6$ | $r+427.1$ | r2,653.1 | 772 | 215 | 2,226.0 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 115.6 | -522 | - -806 | $r+409.5$ | r2,546.6 | 1,029 | 220 | r2,137.1 |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . . | 116.C | . . | - . . | $r+350.0$ | r2,577.1 | 1,043 | 218 | r2,227.1 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . . | 116.5 | ‥0 | 117 | +376.1 | r2,584.6 | 875 | 219 | r2,208. 5 |
| August. . . . . . . . . . | 116.9 | -802 | + +247 | r+423.8 | r2,549.1 | 841 | 230 | r2,125.3 |
| September......... | 117.1 | ... |  | r+429.8 | r2,638.3 | 905 | 231 | 2,208.5 |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | 117.5 | 712 |  | $\mathrm{r}+195.8$ | r2,393.9 | 796 | 258 | r2,198.1 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 117.8 | 4. $-1,742$ | -1,082 | $r+309.6$ | r2,691.4 | $\begin{array}{r}878 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 234 | r2,381.8 |
| December ......... | 118.2 | \% |  | $\mathrm{r}+78.4$ | r2,603.4 | 1,085 | 255 | r2,525.0 |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | 118.6 | $\because$ | - -10 | $+175.7$ | 2,784.7 | 877 | 215 | 2,609.0 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | 119.6 | -606 | \%-510 | $+171.2$ | -2,773.1 | 932 | 260 | 2,601.9 |
| March. ............ | 119.5 | . . | . . | -157.7 | 2,454.7 | 967 | 252 | 2,612.4 |
| April .............. | 119.9 | (®i) | $\cdots(\dot{N a})$ | $+248.0$ | 2,888.5 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r890 } \\ \hline 1893\end{array}$ | r241 | 2,640.5 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . June. . . . . . . . . | 120.3 | (NA) | \% (Na) | -32.2 -87.2 | $2,719.7$ $2,759.3$ | pl, 073 (NA) | (NA 237 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,751.9 \\ & 2,846.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| July................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August............. | $\cdots$ | $\pm$ | * |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November $\qquad$ <br> December | \% | \% | * | $\%$ |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (®). Series numbers are for identlfication only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ". estimated; " a ", anticipated; and " NA ", not available.


## LATEST DATA FOR BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES-Continued

Series Unclassified by Cyclical Timing-Continued

| Major Economic Process | FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Federal Government Activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and month | 95. Federal surplus ( + ) or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts <br> (Ann. rate, bil. doi.) | 951. Federal receipts, national income and product accounts <br> (Ann, rate, bil. dol.) | 952. Federal expenditures, national income and product accounts <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 101. National defense purchases, current dollars <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 91. Defense Department obligations, total <br> (Mil. dol.) | 90. Defense Department obligations, procurement <br> (Mil. dol.) | 99. New oders, defense products industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 92. Military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms and institutions $\left(\mathrm{Mil}_{\mathrm{t}}, \mathrm{tof} .\right)$ |
| 1966 | Revised ${ }^{1}$ | Revised ${ }^{1}$ | Revised ${ }^{1}$ | Revised ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 5,100 | 1,639 | 3.40 | r2, 54.9 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | $+2.0$ | 136.8 | 134.8 | 55.3 | 5,179 | 1,?36 | 3.04 | r2, (0) |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . . | ... | ... | ... | ... | 5,879 | 1,904 | 3.38 | r2, 56 |
| April . . . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | , | . 6 | 6,444 | 2,109 | 3.30 | r3, 161 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | +3.7 | 142.1 | 138.4 | 58.6 | 5,447 | 1,620 | 2.91 | r2, cre |
| June............... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7,084 | 2,415 | 3.68 | r3, 69$)$ |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | . | . |  |  | 4,998 | 1,753 | 3.53 | r2, 20 |
| August............. | -0.3 | 14.5.6 | 145.8 | 63.0 | 7,215 | 2,251 | 3.16 | r3, 16 |
| September . . . . . . . . | . . | ... | . . | ... | 6,579 | 1,866 | 4.67 | r 2.1 : |
| October........... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | , | 6,059 | 1,931 | 3.31 | r3, 03 |
| November . . . . . . . . | -2.8 | 1.7 .7 | 150.5 | 65.4 | 5,989 | 1,723 | 2.73 | r3, 26 |
| December .......... | ... | . . | . . . | ... | 6,023 | 1,937 | 3.36 | r3.4.3 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 6,518 | 2,296 | 2.85 | r3, 64 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | -11.2 | 148.1 | 159.3 | 70.0 | 6,595 | 2, 1.40 | 3.33 | r3, 430 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | . . . | ... | ... | ... | 6,343 | 1,903 | 3.24 | r3, 6.3 .4 |
| April | $\cdots$ | 1409 | 7..9 | $\cdots$ | 6,211 | 1,754 | 3.27 | r3, (2i) |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | -13.3 | 14.2 | 161.5 | 72.1 | 7,732 | 2,480 | 3.86 | r4, (\%) |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . . | ... | ... |  | ... | 6,891 | 2,290 | 4.20 | r3, 6 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ | 1... | . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | … | 5,928 | 1,633 | 3.64 | r? ${ }^{3}$ |
| August. . . . . . . . . . . | -12.9 | 152.2 | 165.1 | 72.9 | 7,003 | 1,925 2,958 | 2.84 | r3, 0 |
| September.......... | . . . | ... | ... | ... | 7,479 | 2,958 | 3.71 | r3, ${ }^{0}$ |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | $\ldots$ | . $\cdot$ |  |  | 7,449 | 2,935 | 4.09 | r3, 626 |
| November . . . . . . . . | -12.2 | 156.4 | 168.6 | 74.6 | 6,565 | 2,273 | 3.06 3.97 | 3, 30 |
| December . . . . . . . . | ... | . . | . . | ... | 6,331 | 1, 3346 | 3.97 | 3, 2.79 |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ |  | 17. |  | 7,033 | 2,360 | 3.33 | 2, $: \times 7$ |
| February........... | -8.6 | 166.6 | 175.1 | 76.8 | 7,615 | 2,365 | 3.77 | 3,26! |
| March. ............. | ... | . . | ... | -•• | 6,208 | 1,985 | 5.28 | 3,12.4 |
| April .............. |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 6,765 | 2,161 | 4.42 | 3,158 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . . | (NA) | (NA) | pl81.? | p79.3 | 7,441 | 2,299 | r3.74 p .17 | (AA) |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . December....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasorially adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated joy ©eries numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The "r" indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.
${ }^{1}$ See "New Featurea and Changes for This Issue," page ii.:.

| Major <br> Economic Process | UNCLASSIFIED INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Unclassified Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and <br> month | 850. Ratio, output to capacity, manufacturing (Percent) | 851. Ratio, inventories to sales, manufacturing and trade <br> (Ratio) | 852. Ratio, unfilled orders to shipments, manufacturers' durable goods (Ratio) | 853. Ratio, production of business equipment to consumer goods (1957-59=100) | 854. Ratio, personal saving to disposable personal income <br> (Ratio) | 855. Ratio, nonagricultural job openings unfilled to persons unemployed <br> (Ratio) | 858. Output per man-hour, total private nonfarm $(1957-59=100)$ | 856. Real avg. hourly earnings, prod. workers, mfg. <br> (1957:59 dol.) | 859. Real spendable avg. wkly. earnings, nonagri. prod. or nonsupv. workers (1957-59 dol.) | 857. Vacancy rate in total rental housing housing (a) <br> (Percent) |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  | Revised ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... |  | 1.43 | 3.21 | 117.9 |  | 0.130 |  | 2.40 | 78.53 |  |
| February........... | 90.5 | 1.45 | 3.28 | 119.1 | 0.059 | 0.143 | 126.1 | 2.39 | 78.58 | 7.5 |
| March............. | ... | 1.42 | 3.25 | 119.7 |  | 0.149 | ... | 2.39 | 78.61 | ... |
| April .............. |  | 1.46 | 3.37 | 119.8 |  | 0.154 |  | 2.39 | 78.53 |  |
| May .............. | r90.8 | 1.48 | 3.40 | 121.5 | 0.062 | 0.145 | 126.4 | 2.40 | 78.36 | 6.8 |
| June.............. |  | 1.46 | 3.50 | 123.2 | ... | 0.146 | . . | 2.40 | 78.54 | ... |
| July............... |  | 1.48 | 3.49 | 124.8 |  | 0.148 | 37 | 2.40 | 78.44 |  |
| August............. | 90.6 | 1.49 | 3.54 | 125.9 | 0.064 | 0.146 | 126.1 | 2.40 | 77.88 | 6.8 |
| September ......... | ... | 1.50 | 3.64 | 126.4 | ... | 0.153 | ... | 2.41 | 78.36 | -.. |
| October . . . . . . . . |  | 1.52 | 3.67 | 125.4 |  | 0.149 | ㄲ․․ | 2.41 | 78.43 | $\because$ |
| November ......... | 90.0 | 1.54 | 3.67 | 125.9 | 0.073 | 0.152 | 127.0 | 2.41 | 78.16 | 7.0 |
| December $\qquad$ 1967 | ... | 1.54 | 3.62 | 126.1 | ... | 0.141 | . $\cdot$ | 2.41 | 78.12 | - |
| January . .......... |  | 1.56 | 3.64 | 126.3 |  | 0.138 |  | 2.41 | 78.23 |  |
| February........... | 87.1 | 1.58 | 3.68 | 127.7 | 0.074 | 0.131 | 125.8 | 2.42 | 77.91 | 6.6 |
| March............... | ... | 1.57 | 3.58 | 125.8 | ... | 0.127 | ... | 2.43 | 77.89 | ... |
| April .............. |  | 1.58 | 3.73 | 124.7 |  | 0.123 | $\ldots$ | 2.42 | 77.65 |  |
| May .............. | r85.0 | 1.57 | 3.69 | 124.7 | 0.068 | 0.119 | 127.5 | 2.42 | 77.79 | 6.3 |
| June.............. | ... | 1.55 | 3.74 | 123.4 | $\ldots$ | 0.115 | $\ldots$ | 2.43 | 77.91 | ... |
| July.............. |  | 1.55 | 3.71 | 122.9 |  | 0.114 | 128i | 2.43 | 78.18 |  |
| August. ........... | r84.3 | 1.55 | 3.63 | 121.5 | 0.074 | 0.119 | 128.1 | 2.44 | 78.23 | 6.4 |
| September.......... | . $\cdot$. | 1.56 | 3.78 | 122.3 | $\ldots$ | 0.118 | ... | 2.43 | 78.51 | ... |
| October ........... |  | 1.59 | 3.88 | 119.6 | $\ldots$ | 0.108 |  | 2.43 | 78.02 |  |
| November .......... | r84.7 | 1.55 | 3.70 | 122.3 | 0.078 | 0.118 | 128.6 | 2.44 | 78.42 | 5.6 |
| December .......... | ... | 1.53 | 3.64 | 120.0 | ... | 0.119 | ... | 2.45 | 78.09 | ... |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January............ |  | 1.53 | 3.53 | 121.2 | $\cdots$ | 0.129 |  | 2.47 | 77.77 |  |
| February ........... | r84.9 | 1.53 | 3.58 | 119.6 | 0.071 | 0.122 | 130.0 | 2.46 | 78.79 | 6.5 |
| March............. | $\ldots$ | 1.50 | 3.54 | r118.3 | ... | 0.129 | $\ldots$ | 2.48 | 78.64 | ... |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aprii ............... } \\ & \text { May .............. } \end{aligned}$ | p84.5 | rl .54 pl .51 (1A) | $\begin{array}{r}3.66 \\ \mathrm{r} 3.58 \\ \hline 3.58\end{array}$ | r118.3 r116.9 p11. | p0. 077 | $\begin{array}{r}0.137 \\ 0.139 \\ \hline 0.129\end{array}$ | ( $\underset{\mathrm{Na}}{ } \mathrm{i})$ | 2.47 ra 2.48 (NA) | $\begin{array}{r}78.14 \\ \times 78.81 \\ \hline(N 1)\end{array}$ | $\left(\underset{\mathrm{NA}}{ }{ }^{\text {a }}\right.$ |
| June............... |  | (NA) | p3.52 | p116.4 |  | p0.129 |  | (NA) | (NA) |  |
| July <br> August. <br> September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October <br> November <br> December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by ©. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order! Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e^{\prime \prime}$, estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.
${ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

| Major Economic Process | INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Industrial Production Indexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and month | 47. United States, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 123. Canada, index of Industrial production (1957-59 = 100) | 122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 121. OECD ${ }^{1}$ European countries, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 126. France, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 125. West Germany, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 128. Japan, int dex of industrial production $(195 \%-59 \sim 100)$ | 127. Italy, index of industrial pro duction $(1957-59=100)$ |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... | 151 | 161 | 132 | 152 | 147 | 157 | 252 | 1 $\because 3$ |
| February........... | 152 | 163 | 131 | 152 | 150 | 157 | 251 | 1:8 |
| March............... | 154 | 163 | 134 | 155 | 152 | 16.3 | 257 | 191 |
| April .............. | 154 | 164 | 132 | 154 | 151 | 16. | 261 | $1 \geqslant 8$ |
| May ............... | 155 | 163 | 130 | 153 | 151 | 159 | 265 | 19 \% |
| June............... | 156 | 163 | 130 | 154 | 154 | 160 | 267 | 194 |
| July.............. | 157 | 163 | 132 | 154 | 155 | 159 | 273 | 195 |
| August............ | 158 | 164 | 131 | 154 | 155 | 159 | 277 | 196 201 |
| September ......... | 158 | 166 | 130 | 155 | 156 | 155 | 279 | 201 |
| October............ | 159 | 167 | 128 | 154 | 155 | 156 | 285 | 199 |
| November .......... | 159 | 168 | 127 | 153 | 156 | 153 | 291 | 200 |
| December .......... | 160 | 167 | 129 | 154 | 156 | $15: 2$ | 299 | 20.4 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... | 158 | 166 | 129 | 153 | 156 | 150 | 298 | 2017 |
| February .......... | 157 | 166 | 129 | 153 | 154 | 149 | 295 | 21 |
| March............. | 156 | 166 | 129 | 154 | 156 | 150 | 304 | 209 |
| April ............. | 156 | 168 | 130 | 154 | 153 | 149 | 305 | $2 \cdot 2$ |
| May .............. | 156 | 167 | 128 | 153 | 152 | 150 | 312 | 2:2 |
| June............... | 156 | 168 | 129 | 154 | 156 | 14.3 | 317 | 2.1 |
| July.............. | 157 | 169 | 129 | 155 | 1.56 | 154 | 321 | 211 |
| August. ........... | 158 | 170 | 129 | 154 | 156 | 152 | 327 | 158 |
| September.......... | 157 | 170 | 128 | 156 | 159 | 155 | 336 | 211 |
| October........... | 157 | 169 | 129 | 157 | 159 | 156 | 338 | 3 |
| November .......... | 160 | 173 | 131 | 159 | 160 | 158 | 346 | ren |
| December .......... | 162 | 174 | 134 | 164 | 161 | $17]$ | 349 | 217 |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... | 161 | 172 | r133 | P160 | 162 | ri? | 347 | 1272 |
| February............ | $\begin{array}{r}162 \\ \hline 163\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}170 \\ \mathrm{r} 9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 134 r1) 24 | 16.8 | 164 | 169 | 354 | r23] |
| March............. | 163 | ma | r135 | (6) | pl67 | $10 \%$ | 351 | re? |
| April ............. | 16.2 70.4 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{p} 8 \mathrm{z} \\ & \mathrm{Ha}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{pi}^{2} \mathrm{~m}^{(\mathrm{NA})} \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{(\mathrm{NA})}{\mathrm{pin}^{2},}$ | (NA) | $\frac{\mathrm{Mai}}{\mathrm{Ma}}$ |  | $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{p} 2}^{\mathrm{NA}}$ |
| Muy .................. | p174 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July .............. | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August. September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (i). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The ".r" indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", es. timated; " a ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.
${ }^{2}$ Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

JULY 1968


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (a). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; "a", anticipated, and "NA", not available.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated ty @. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", es" timated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.


## ANALYTICAL MEASURES

charts and tables

> DIFFUSION INDEXES BASED ON HUNDREDS OF COMPONENTS Average workweek-21 indusfries
> New orders- 36 industries
> Capital appropriations-17 industries
> Profits- 1,000 corporations
> Stock prices-77 industries
> Industrial materials prices-13 materials
> State unemployment claims-47 areas
> Nonagricultural employmenf-30 industries
> Production-24 industries
> Wholesale prices-22 industries
> Retail sales-23 types of stores
> Net sales- 800 companies
> New orders-400 companies
> Carloadings-19 commodity groups
> Plant and equipment expenditures-18 industries

BASIC DATA AND DIRECTIONS OF CHANGE FOR COMPONENTS OF DIFFUSION INDEXES


0\% E Industrial materlals prices-13 indus. mtls.


See 'How to Read charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Current data for these series are stown on pages 54 and 55.

ANALYTICAL MEASURES
DIFFUSION INDEXES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued
Roughly Coincident Indexes
$\underset{\mathrm{p}}{\text { (Nov.) }} \underset{\mathrm{T}}{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{Oct}$ )
$\underset{\mathrm{P}}{\text { (July) }} \underset{\mathrm{T}}{\text { (Aug. }}$
$\underset{\mathrm{P}}{\text { (Suly) (Apr.) }}$
P T
(May) (Feb.)
P $\mathbf{T}$

Percent



D47. Industrial prodection-24 indus. |e mo. span- 1-mo. span-......|


D58. Wholesale prices, mfrd. geeds-22 indus. (8-4ne. span- 1-mo. span…--)


D54. Sales of retail stores-23 types of stores ( 0 -me. span - $1-\mathrm{mo}$. span-....-)




# bed JULY 1968 <br> ANALYTICAL MEASURES <br> DIFFUSION INDEXES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued <br> Actual and Anticipated Indexes 



See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' pege 4. Current data for these serias are shown on page 57.


NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising and are centered within spans: 1-month indexes are placed on latest month and 9 -month indexes are glaced on the 6th month of span; 1 -quarter indexes are placed on the 1st month of the $2 d$ quarter and 3 -quarter indexes are placed on the 1 st nonth of the $3 d$ quarter. Seasonally edjusted components are used. Table 4 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; and " NA ", no" available.
${ }^{2}$ Based on 36 industries through August 1967 and on 34 industries thereafter.
${ }^{2}$ Based on revised data. See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii, June 196 m ;


NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising and are centered within spans: 1 -month indexes are placed on latest month and 9-month indexes are placed on the 6 th month of span; 1 -quarter indexes are placed on the 1st month of the 2nd quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in index D19 which requires no adjustment and index D34 which is adjusted only for the index. Table 4 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; and "NA", not availahle. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u).
${ }^{1}$ Based on 77 components through June 1967 and on 76 components thereafter.
${ }^{2}$ Average for July 22, 23, and 24.


NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising andare centered within spans: 1 -month indexes are placed on latest month, 6 -month indexes are placed sn the 4 th month, and 9 -month indexes are placed on the 6 th month of span. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in index 058 which yequires no adjustment. Table 4 identifies'the components for the indexes shown. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; and " NA ", not available. Unadjusted series arr, indicated by @)
${ }^{1}$ Based on revised data. See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii, June 196 A insur.

| Year and month | D35. Net sales, manufactures (800 companies) (ㄴ) <br> 4-quarter span |  | D36. New orders, durable manufactures (400 companies) (1) 4-quarter span |  | D48. Freight carloadings ( 19 manufactured commodity groups) (1) <br> 4-quarter span |  |  | D61. New plant and equipment expenditures (18 industries) <br> 1-quarter span |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual | Anticipated | Actual | Anticipated | Actual | Anticipated | Change in total (000) | Actual | Anticipated |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 83.3 | 62.5 |
| February........... | 87 | 91 | 85 | 89 | 57.9 | 84.2 | $+21$ | ... | ... |
| March.............. | . $\cdot$ | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| April .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 83.3 | 71.9 |
| May . ............. | 84 | 88 | 82 | 83 | 52.6 | 78.9 | +1 | ... | ... |
| June.............. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| July.............. | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\because$ |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 55.6 | 37.5 |
| August............ | 72 | 84 | 68 | 82 | 42.1 | 78.9 | -51 | $\ldots$ | ... |
| September......... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| October........... | $\ddot{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 75.0 | 65.6 |
| November ......... | 72 | 84 | 67 | 80 | 31.6 | 52.6 | -88 | ... | $\cdots$ |
| December ......... | . | ... | ... | . $\cdot$ | . $\cdot$ | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . .......... | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55.6 | 50.0 |
| February.......... | 70 | 82 | 65 | 78 | 10.6 | 78.9 | -1.31 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
| March.............. | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| April .............. | $\because$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  |  |  | 30.6 | 41.7 |
| May ................. | 74 | 81 | 70 | 78 | (NA) | 73.7 | -91 | ... | ... |
| June.............. | -• | ... | $\cdots$ | . |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| July.............. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 33.3 | 44.4 |
| August............ | 73 | 82 | 70 | 80 |  | 73.7 | -2.1 | ... | ... |
| September......... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| October ........... | ( NA A$)$ | $\because 8$ | ( ${ }_{\text {NA }}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 84 |  | 63.2 | ris | 61.1 ... | 50.0 $\ldots$ |
| December $\qquad$ |  | 86 |  | . 8. |  | 6.2 |  | $\cdots$ | . |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... |  |  |  |  |  | 73.7 |  | 66.7 | 63.9 |
| February .......... |  | 86 |  | 78 |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | ... |
| macr............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (NA) | 55.6 |
| May ............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |
| June.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| July.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | p20.6 |
| August............ September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November ......... December ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising and are centered within spans: 4 -quarter indexes are centered in the middle quarter; 1 -quarter indexes are placed in the Ist month of the 2d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used for series D61. The "r" indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; and "NA", not available. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1).

# SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS 

Basic Data and Direction of Change

| Diffusion index components | 1967 |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |

## D1. AVERAGE WORKWEEK OF PRODUCTION WORKERS, MANUFACTURING <br> (Average weekly hours)


06. VALUE OF MANUFACTURERS' NEW ORDERS, DURABLE GOODS INDUSTRIES ${ }^{1}$
(Millions of dollars)


NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(t)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(\cdot)=$ falling. Only the directions of change are shown when numbers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $\mathrm{r}=\mathrm{r}$ revised.
*Denotes machinery and equipment industries that comprise series 24.
${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by source agency.
${ }^{2}$ Last four months of data for series components are not comparable with earlier data. See "New Featuees and Changes for
This Issue," page iii, June 1968 issue.

Basic Data and Direction of Change-Continued

| Diffusion index components | 1967 |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

DG. VALUE OF MANUFACTURERS' NEW ORDERS, DURABLE GOODS INDUSTRIES ${ }^{1}$-Continued (Millions of dollars)


D19. INDEX OF STOCK PRICES, 500 COMMON STOCKS²
$(1941-43=10)$


[^6]
# SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued 

## Basic Data and Direction of Change-Continued

| Diffusion index components | 1967 |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November | December | January | Februay | March | April | May | June | July ${ }^{2}$ |

D23. INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS PRICES ${ }^{2}$

| Industrial materials price index (1957-59=100)........ | $+$ | 99.1 | $+$ | 100.1 | - | 99.8 | - | 99.5 | + | 100.1 | $\rightarrow$ | 98.3 | -- | 96.1 | - | 95.6 | - | 4.4 .3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent rising of 13 components |  | (46) |  | (62) |  | (46) |  | (46) |  | (54) |  | (46) |  | (54) |  | (50) |  | (46) |
| Copper scrap (lb.) | $+$ | . 452 | + | . 473 | + | . 494 | + | . 514 | + | . 520 | - | . 421 | - | . 388 | $+$ | . 396 | $+$ | . 407 |
| Lead scrap (b.). | - | . 061 | - | . 060 | - | . 060 | + | . 061 | + | . 062 | + | . 063 | - | . 056 | $\bigcirc$ | . 256 | - | . 052 |
| Steel scrap (ton) | + | 29.774 | - | 29.723 | + | 29.940 | $+$ | 30.078 | - | 26.136 | - | 25.471 | -. | 24.87? | - | 22.562 | - | 21.22\% |
| Tin (lb.). | $+$ | 1.510 | + | 1.547 | - | 1.496 | - | 1.469 | + | 1.500 | - | T...ir | .- | 1.428 | - | 1.419 | - | 1.409 |
| Zinc (lb.) | - | . 139 | + | . 139 | + | . 139 | + | . 139 | - | . 10.4 | + | - I..' |  | .117 | $+$ | .141 | 0 | . 14.7 |
| Burlap (yd.). | - | . 133 | - | . 132 | - | . 129 | - | . 127 | - | . 125 | + | . $1: 25$ | + | . 126 | + | . 131 | $+$ | .140 |
| Cotton (lb.), 15-market average. | $+$ | . 254 | + | . 275 | - | . 264 | - | . 254 | - | . 249 | - | . 244 | - | . 241 | - | . 240 | $+$ | . 299 |
| Print cloth (yd.), average. . . . . | $+$ | . 193 | + | . 195 | + | . 198 | + | . 199 | - | . 198 | + | . 198 | $+$ | . 20 ? | + | . 204 | 0 | . 20.4 |
| Wool tops (lb.)......... | - | 1.523 | + | 1.553 | + | 1.563 | $+$ | 1.591 | + | 1.640 | - | 1.619 | $+$ | 1.631 | - | 1.632 | - | 1.5.7\% |
| Hides (lb.). | $+$ | . 159 | $+$ | . 167 | - | . 164 | - | . 154 | + | . 159 | - | .157 | -- | . 157 | - | . 139 | - | . 132 |
| Rosin (100 lb.) | - | 10.938 | - | 10.894 | - | 10.839 | - | 10.796 | - | 10.743 | - | 10.711 | , | 13.774 | - | 10.764 | $+$ | 10. 29. |
| Rubber (lb.). | - | . 171 | + | . 177 | - | . 171 | - | . 167 | + | . 174 | $+$ | . 194 | $+$ | . 136 | 1 | . 208 | + | . $20: 4$ |
| Tallow (lb.). | - | -\% | - | . 044 | $+$ | . 045 | - | . 042 | + | . 046 | + | . 017 | $+$ | . 0.5 | - | . 247 | - | . 04 |

D5. INITIAL CLAIMS FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE, STATE PROGRAMS ${ }^{3}$ (Thousands)


NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. Onily the directions of change are shown when numhers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $\mathrm{i}=\mathrm{r}$ revised.

[^7]Basic Data and Direction of Change-Continued

| Diffusion index components | 1967 |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November | December | January | February | March | April ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | May | June ${ }^{p}$ |

D41. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES ON NONAGRICULTURAL PAYROLLS 22
(Thousands of employees)

| All nonagricultural payrolls $\qquad$ <br> Percent rising of 30 companents $\qquad$ | + | $\begin{array}{r} 66,778 \\ (92) \end{array}$ | + | $\begin{array}{r} 67,060 \\ (78) \end{array}$ | 0 | 67,058 $(63)$ | $+$ | 67,600 $(70)$ | + | 67,656 $(57)$ | 1 | 67,755 $(57)$ | - | r67, 781 $(67)$ | + | 67,863 $(68)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ordnance and accessories | - | 157 | + | 158 | + | 160 | - | 160 |  | 191 | + | 192 | + | r193 | + | 197 |
| Lumber and wood products | + | 515 | + | 520 | + | 523 | 1. | 527 |  | 528 | - | 520 | - | r516 | - | 513 |
| Furniture and fixtures | + | 377 | + | 383 | + | 387 | - | 387 |  | 385 | + | 387 | + | 389 |  | 387 |
| Stone, clay, and glass prodicher | + | 505 | + | 514 | - | 513 | - | 479 |  | 463 | + | 517 | - | r515 | + | 516 |
| Primary metal industries | + | 1,031 |  | 1,030 | - | 1,029 | + | 1,030 |  | 1,038 | + | 1,054 | - | r1,054 | - | 1,041 |
| Fabricated metal products | + | 1,045 | + | 1,058 | - | 1,055 | - | 1,053 |  | 1,062 | - | 1,059 | + | r1,061 | + | 1,067 |
| Machinery | + | 1,372 | - | 1,336 | + | 1,347 | + | 1,349 |  | 1,346 | - | 1,332 | - | r1,329 | + | 1,330 |
| Electrical equipmen | + | 1,289 | + | 1,293 | + | 1,294 | - | 1,293 |  | 1,311 | - | 1,310 | + | r1,311 | + | 1,314 |
| Transportation equipment. | + | 1,380 | + | 1,398 | + | 1,408 | + | 1,413 |  | 1,429 | - | 1,425 | - | r1,417 | + | 1,424 |
| Instruments and related products | + | 285 | + | 286 | - | 286 | - | 285 |  | 278 | - | 275 | + | r276 | - | 275 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | + | 338 | - | 337 | + | 344 | - | 342 |  | 340 | - | 335 | + | r337 | - | 337 |
| Food and kindred products | + | 1,188 | + | 1,190 | - | 1,183 | - | 1,180 |  | 1,181 | + | 1,191 | - | r1,185 | + | 1,188 |
| Tobacco manufactures | + | 77 | + | 78 | - |  | $+$ | 74 |  | 74 | - | 1, 68 | + | 73 | - | 1,72 |
| Textile mill products. | + | 848 | + | 855 | $\bigcirc$ | 855 | + | 866 |  | 867 | + | 868 | $+$ | 871 | + | 876 |
| Apparel and related produc | + | 1,231 | + | 1,234 | - | 1,221 | $+$ | 1,231 |  | 1,243 | + | 1,251 | + | r1,256 | + | 1,265 |
| Paper and allied products. | + | 533 | + | 536 | - | 536 | + | 537 |  | 534 | + | 536 |  | r537 | + | 539 |
| Printing and publishing | + | 673 |  | 672 | - | 671 | + | 672 |  | 662 | + | 663 |  | r664 | + | 667 |
| Chemicals and allied product | $+$ | 595 | + | 597 | + | 598 | + | 599 |  | 607 | - | 602 |  | r602 | + | 603 |
| Petroleum and related product | $\bigcirc$ | 121 | - | 121 | + | 122 | - | 122 |  | 117 | - | 117 | $\bigcirc$ | 117 | + | 118 |
| Rubber and plastic products, | + | 412 | + | 414 | - | 414 | + | 420 |  | 422 | + | 426 |  | r 427 | + | 435 |
| Leather and leather product | + | 306 | + | 07 | $\bigcirc$ | 307 | - | 307 |  |  | + | 311 | - | r311 | - | 311 |
| Mining | - | 597 | + | 598 | - | 598 | + | 604 |  | 609 | + | 632 |  | r631 | - | 627 |
| Contract constructio | + | 3,289 | + | 3,353 | - | 3,175 | + | 3,461 |  | 3,330 |  | 3,313 |  | r3,248 | - | 3,169 |
| Transportation and public uti | + | 4,287 | + | 4,290 | + | 4,294 | + | 4,318 |  | 4,332 | - | 4,331 |  | r4,283 | + | 4,320 |
| Wholesale trade | + | 3,602 | - | 3,598 | + | 3,609 | + | 3,640 |  | 3,632 | + | 3,641 |  | r3,652 | + | 3,669 |
| Retail trade | $+$ | 10,298 | - | 10,272 | + | 10,306 | + | 10,409 |  | 10,367 | - | 10,368 |  | r10,387 |  | 10,379 |
| Finance, insurance, real | + | 3,290 | + | 3,304 | + | 3,308 | + | 3,321 |  | 3,311 | + | 3,323 | + | 3,333 | + | 3,337 |
| Service and miscellaneous | + | 10,297 | + | 10,332 |  | 10,358 | + | 10,207 |  | 10,415 | - | 10,402 |  | r10,423 | + | 10,460 |
| Federal government. |  | 2,698 | + | 2,708 | + | 2,721 | - | 2,719 |  | 2,718 | - | 2,717 | $+$ | r2,721 | - | 2,721 |
| State and local govern | + | 9,138 | + | 9,180 | + | 9,257 | + | 9,309 |  | 9,335 | + | 9,371 | $+$ | r9,418 | + | 9,456 |

D47. INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ${ }^{1}$
(1957-59=100)


NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(\cdot)=$ falling. Only the directions of change are shown when numbers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $r=$ revised.
${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.
${ }^{2}$ Last four months of data for series components are not comparable with earlier data. See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii, June 1968 issue.
${ }^{3}$ Where actual data for separate industries are not available, estimates are used to compute the percent rising. Directions of change for the most recent spans are computed before figures for the current month are rounded.

SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS-Continued
Basic Data and Direction of Change-Continued

| Diffusion index components | 1967 |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |

D47. INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ${ }^{2} \rightarrow$ Continued
(1957-59=100)

| Nondurable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Textiles, apparel, and leather .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + | \$144.0 | + | pl4.4. |
| Textile mill products. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + | 147.4 | + | 151.6 | - | 147.6 | + | 148.8 | + | 149.9 | - | 1146.6 | + | 1147.6 |  | (NA: |
| Apparel products. | + | 148.6 | + | 150.9 | - | 145.2 | + | 146.4 | + | 1148.5 | + | 1148.6 |  | (NA) |  | ( $\mathrm{NA}_{1}$ |
| Leather and products. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + | 113.3 | + | 115.1 | - | 110.4 | - | 109.7 | + | 113.7 | + | 1114.0 |  | (NA) |  | ( NA : |
| Paper and printing..................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 215.3.4 | + | pl5i; |
| Paper and products................... | + | 156.1 | + | 157.0 | - | 155.9 | + | 157.1 | + | 159.2 | + | \$15c.4 |  | (NA) |  | (NA) |
| Printing and publishing. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + | 145.5 | - | 144.1 | - | 143.3 | + | 145.9 | + | 146.8 | - | 1245 |  | 128.3 |  | P147 |
| Chemicals, petroleum, and rubber. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 202.9 | - | p20:? |
| Chemicals and products. | + | 208.0 | + | 210.5 | + | 211.8 | + | 213.8 | + | 2215.0 | - | \$214.6 |  | 216.2 |  | (NA) |
| Petroleum products. | - | 136.8 | + | 138.0 | - | 134.8 | + | 235.7 | + | 2136.1 | + | 133:. 1 |  | 1138.6 |  | (NA) |
| Rubber and plastics products. . . . . . . . . . . . . | + | 207.5 | + | 215.4 | - | 206.7 | + | 212.3 | + | 215.7 | - | , 20¢. 4 |  | (NA) |  | (NA) |
| Foods, beverages, and tobacco. . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 123.7 | + | p135 |
| Foods and beverages. | + | 133.5 | + | 134.1 | - | 133.5 | - | 133.2 | + | 134.5 | + | 2135. 2 |  | 1234.8 |  | (NA) |
| Tobacco products . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | 115.5 | + | 120.5 | - | 114.4 | + | 132.1 | - | 122.9 | - | .12:.1 |  | (NA) |  | (NA) |
| Minerals: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal. | + | 115.3 | + | 116.1 | - | 113.4 | + | 116.8 | + | 126.0 | - | 122.4 |  | 120.4 | + | p124 |
| Crude oil and natural gas. | + | 126.4 | - | 123.5 | + | 123.6 | + | 124.5 | + | 126.0 | + | 126.7 |  | 126.6 | + | p127 |
| Metal, stone, and earth minerals. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | + | p135 |
| Metal mining........... | + | 93.2 139.0 |  | 95.7 742.7 |  | $1 \begin{aligned} & 100.0 \\ & 135.3\end{aligned}$ |  | 102.8 145.0 | + |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1232.3}$ |  | (NA) |
| Stone and earth minerals . | + | 139.0 |  | 124.7 |  | 135.3 | + | 145.0 | - | $1 \angle 1.2$ |  | 413". 1 |  | 134.8 |  | (NA) |

D58. INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES, MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES ${ }^{2}$
(1957-59 =100)

| All manufacturing industries . . . . . . . . . . . | + | $\begin{gathered} 107.2 \\ (77) \end{gathered}$ | + | $\begin{aligned} & 107.6 \\ & (91) \end{aligned}$ | + | \|108.1 | + | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}108.6 \\ (84)\end{gathered}\right.$ | + | 208.9 | + | 120', ${ }^{(73)}$ | - | \|209.1 | + | 109.4 $(61)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products | - | 106.7 | + | 107.6 | + | 108.6 | + | 111.6 | + | 133.9 | + | 115.8 | + | 117.0 | + | 117.2 |
| Furniture and other household did | + | 102.0 | + | 202.1 | + | 103.0 | + | 103.3 | + | 203.6 | + | 103.8 | + | 104.0 | - | 103.9 |
| Nonmetallic mineral products | + | 105.1 | + | 105.3 | + | 106.0 | + | 106.9 | + | 207.3 | + | 107.4 | + | 107.8 | + | 108.3 |
| lron and steel | + | 124.3 | + | 104.7 | + | 105.5 | + | 105.8 | - | 205.4 | - | 105.0 | - | 104.9 | - | 104.8 |
| Nonferrous metals | + | 122.7 | + | 123.7 | + | 125.1 | + | 128.8 | + | 133.2 | - | 131.0 | - | 124.1 | - | 123.6 |
| Fabricated structural metal | + | 105.9 | + | 106.1 | + | 106.2 | + | 126.4 | + | 106.8 | + | 107.1 |  | 106.7 | + | 107.5 |
| Miscellaneous metal products. | - | 214.1 | $+$ | 114.4 | + | 114.7 | + | 115.3 | - | 1215.3 | + | 115.5 | $\bigcirc$ | 115.5 | $+$ | 115.7 |
| General purpose machinery and eq | + | 114.7 | + | 115.2 | + | 115.4 | + | 116.0 | + | 216.5 | + | 116.8 | + | 117.0 | + | 117.2 |
| Miscellaneous machinery | + | 110.4 | + | 110.8 | + | 112.0 | + | 112.3 | + | 112.7 | + | 113.0 | + | 114.2 | + | 114.3 |
| Electrical machinery and equi | + | 101.6 | + | 102.3 | + | 102.7 | - | 102.7 | - | 202.6 | + | 103.0 |  | 102.9 | - | 202.7 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | + | 104.0 | - | 104.0 |  | 104.3 | - | 104.3 | - | 204.3 | - | 104.3 | - | 104.2 | + | 104.5 |
| Miscellaneous produc | + | 110.6 | + | 110.7 | + | 111.0 | + | 111.3 | + | 111.5 | - | 111.8 | - | 111.8 | - | 121.8 |
| Nondurable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Processed foods and feeds | - | 110.9 | + | 111.5 | + | 112.4 | + | 113.3 | - | 12.9 | - | 112.8 | + | 213.6 | + | 114.6 |
| Cotton product | + | 101.2 | + | 104.2 | + | 105.2 | - | 105.0 | - | 135.0 | + | 155.2 | - | 104.9 | - | 104.7 |
| Wool products | - | 102.2 | - | 102.2 | + | 102.3 | + | 102.8 | + | 133.1 | - | 1 C 3.0 | + | 203.5 | + | 103.8 |
| Manmade fiber textile | + | 88.1 | + | 88.6 | + | 89.3 | + | 89.6 | - | 89.3 | - | E9.3 |  | 89.7 |  | 89.9 |
| Apparel | + | 108.0 | + | 08.1 | + | 108.3 | + | 108.8 | + | 109.1 | + | 2 C 9.3 | $+$ | 209.4 | + | 110.1 |
| Pulp, paper, and allied p | + | 04.6 | + | 104.8 | + | 105.2 | + | 105.7 | - | 105.2 | - | 1 C 5.2 | + | 105.5 | - | 104.7 |
| Chemicals and allied prod | - | 98.2 | + |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum products, refined | - | 100.4 |  |  | - | 98.8 |  | 99.5 | - | 99.5 |  | 1.0. $=$ |  | 10c. 5 |  | 103.1 |
| Rubber and rubber products | + | 99.1 | + | 99.2 | + | 99.5 | - | 99.5 | + | 99.7 | - | ¢19.7 |  | 99.8 | + | 99.9 |
| Hides, skins, leather, and related produ | + | 15.4 | + | 16.0 | + | 116.5 | 1 | 116.7 | + | 117.9 | + | 218.3 | $+$ | 118.8 | - | 18.7 |

NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: ( + ) = rising, ( 0 ) : unchanged, and ( - ) falling. (Only the directions of change are shown when numbers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $r=$ revised.

[^8]| Diffusion index components | 1967 |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November | December | January | February | March | April ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | May | June ${ }^{\mathrm{P}}$ |

D54. SALES OF RETAIL STORES ${ }^{1}$
(Millions of dollars)

| All retail sales. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Percent rising of 23 components. | + | $\begin{array}{r} 26,411 \\ (67) \end{array}$ | + | $\begin{array}{r} 26,470 \\ (48) \end{array}$ | $+$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27,065 \\ (74) \end{array}$ | + | $\begin{array}{r} 27,399 \\ (50) \end{array}$ | $+$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,120 \\ (87) \end{array}$ | - | $\begin{array}{r} 27,620 \\ (17) \end{array}$ | + | 27,981 $(56)$ | + | $\begin{array}{r} 28,044 \\ (30) \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grocery stores | + | 5,584 | $+$ | 5,666 | $+$ | 5,743 | - | 5,655 | + | 5,744 | + | 5,814 | + | p5,877 | + | (NA) |
| Other food stores | - |  | + |  | - |  |  |  | + |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| Eating and drinking p | $+$ | 2,133 | + | 2,144 | $+$ | 2,173 | + | 2,206 | + | 2,230 |  | 2,214 | + | p2,227 | - | (NA) |
| Department stores | + | 2,371 | - | 2,367 | $+$ | 2,388 | + | 2,480 | $+$ | 2,570 | - | 2,508 | - | p2,475 | - | (NA) |
| Mail-order houses (department store merchandise) . . | - | 239 | - | 231 | $+$ | 241 | - | 237 | $+$ | 256 | - | 254 | - | p235 | + | (NA) |
| Variety stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + | 533 | - | 529 | - | 526 | + | 534 | $+$ | 565 | - | 530 | $+$ | p563 | - | (NA) |
| Other general merchandise sto | $+$ |  | - |  | + |  | + |  | + |  |  |  | $+$ |  | - |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores | + | 324 | - | 304 | + | 338 | - | - 324 | + | 354 | - | 330 | $+$ | p342 | - | (NA) |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores | $+$ | 578 | - | 559 | $+$ | 584 | + | 590 | + | 631 | - | 591 | + | p604 | + | (NA) |
| Family and other apparel stores | $+$ |  | $+$ |  | - |  | $+$ |  | - |  | - |  | + |  | - |  |
| Shoe stores. | - | 249 | - | 246 | + | 261 | + | - 271 | $+$ | 277 | - | 260 | - | p257 | + | (NA) |
| Furniture, home furnishings | + | 782 | - | 778 | $+$ | 789 | + | 840 | + | 866 | - | 859 | + | p890 | - | (NA) |
| Household appliance, TV, radio stores | + | 454 | + | 463 | $+$ | 469 | $\bigcirc$ | 469 | + | 472 | - | 456 | - | p453 |  | (NA) |
| Lumber yards, building materials deal | - | 774 | + | 839 | - | 819 | + | - 906 | $+$ | 929 | - | 902 | - | p829 | - | (NA) |
| Hardware stores. | - | 247 | + | 249 | + | 265 | $-$ | 261 | $+$ | 274 | - | 267 | - | p258 | + | (NA) |
| Farm equipment dealers | - |  | + |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | $+$ |  | - |  | - |  |
| Passenger car and other automotiv | - | 4,331 | + | 4,355 | $+$ | 4,549 | $+$ | 4,736 | $+$ | 4,934 |  | 4,723 | $+$ | p5,023 | + | (NA) |
| Tire, battery, accessory dealers | + | 361 | - | 323 | + | 343 | - | 332 | + | 345 | + | 352 | - | p324 | - | (NA) |
| Gasoline service station | + | 2,064 | - | 2,017 | + | 2,095 | + | 2,116 | + | 2,174 | - | 2,152 | + | p2,157 | - | (NA) |
| Drug and proprietary store | $+$ | 928 | + | 949 | $+$ | 954 | - | 936 | $+$ | 948 | - | 944 | $+$ | p983 | - | (NA) |
| Liquor stores. | + | 601 | - | 586 | + | 633 | - | : 625 | + | 647 | - | 620 | + | p637 | - | (NA) |
| Jewelry stores. |  |  | + |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $+$ |  |  |  |
| Other durable-goods stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  | " |  |  | - | * | + |  |  |  | $+$ |  |  |  |
| Other nondurable-goods stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + |  | - |  | + |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | - |  | + | $\ldots$ |

NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. Only the directions of change are shown when numbers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $r=$ revised.
${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.

## APPENDIXES

A. Business Cycle Expansions and Contractions in the United States: 1954 to 1961

| Business cycle reference dates | Duration in months |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Contraction (trough from previous peak) | Expansion (trough to peak) | Cycle |  |
|  |  |  | Trough from previous trough | Peak from previous peak |
| Trough Peak |  |  |  |  |
| December 1854. . . . . . . . June 1857. | (x) | 30 | (X) | (x) |
| December $1858 . . . . . .$. . . October 1860 | 18 | 22 | 48 |  |
| June 1861............... April 1865. | 8 | 46 | 30 | 54 |
| December 1867. . . . . . . . . June 1869. | 32 | 18 | 78 | 50 |
| December 1870.......... October 1873 | 18 | 34 | 36 | 52 |
| March 1879............. . March 1882. | 65 | 36 | 99 | 101 |
| May 1885 . . . . . . . . . . . . March 1887. | 38 | 22 | 74 | 60 |
| April 1888 . . . . . . . . . . . July 1890. | 13 | 27 | 35 | 40 |
| May. 1891 . . . . . . . . . . . . January 1893 | 10 | 20 | 37 | 30 |
| June 1894. . . . . . . . . . . . December 1895. | 17 | 18 | 37 | 35 |
| June 1897. . . . . . . . . . . . . June 1899. | 18 | 24 | 36 | 42 |
| December 1900.......... September 1902 | 18 | 21 | 42 | 39 |
| August 1904. . . . . . . . . . . May 1907. | 23 | 33 | 44 | 56 |
| June 1908.............. January 1910 | 13 | 19 | 46 | 32 |
| January 1912 . . . . . . . . . January 1913 | 24 | 12 | 43 | 36 |
| December 1914.......... August 1918. | 23 | 44 | 35 | 67 |
| March 1919............. January 1920 | 7 | $\overline{10}$ | 51 | 17 |
| July 1921. . . . . . . . . . . . . May 1923 | 18 | 22 | 28 | 40 |
| July 1924.............. . October 1926 | 14 | 27 | 36 | 41 |
| November 1927 . . . . . . . . . August 1929. | 13 | 21 | 40 | 34 |
| March 1933. . . . . . . . . . . May 1937 . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 43 | 50 | 64 | 93 |
| June 1938. . . . . . . . . . . . February 1945 | 13 | 80 | 63 | 93 |
| October 1945 . . . . . . . . . . November 1948 | 8 | 37 | 88 | 45 |
| October 1949 . . . . . . . . . . July 1953. . . . | 11 | 45 | 48 | 56 |
| August 1954. . . . . . . . . . . July 1957. . |  | 35 |  | 48 |
| April 1958 .............. May 1960. | $\frac{13}{9}$ | 25 | 4.4 | 34 |
| February 1961..................... | 9 | (x) | 34 | (x) |
| Average, all cycles: |  |  |  |  |
| 26 cycles, 1854-1961. | 19 | 30 | 49 | ${ }^{1} 49$ |
| 10 cycles, 1919-1961. | 15 | 35 | 50 | 254 |
| 4 cycles, 1945-1961.. | 10 | 36 | 46 | 346 |
| Average, peacetime cycles: 22 cycles, 1854-1961 |  |  |  |  |
| 8 cycles, 1919-1961... | 16 | 26 28 | 45 | ${ }^{4} 48$ |
| 3 cycles, 1945-1961................. | 10 | 32 | 42 | ${ }_{6} 42$ |

NOTE: Underscored figures are the wartime expansions (Civil War, World Wars I and II, and Korean War), the postwar contractions, and the full cycles that include the wartime expansions.
${ }^{1} 25$ cycles, $1857-1960 . \quad{ }^{3} 4$ cycles, 1945-1960. $\quad 57$ cycles, $1920-1960$.
${ }^{2} 9$ cycles, 1920-1960.
421 cycles, 1857-1960.
63 cycles, 1945-1960.
Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

## B. Specific Trough and Peak Dates for Selected Business Indicators

| Selected series |  | Specific trough dates for reference expansions beginning in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. 1961 | Apr. 1958 | Aug. 1954 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1949 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1938 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1933 | Niv. <br> 1927 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1921 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Average workweek, production workers, manufacturing. | Dec. '60 | Apr. ' 58 | Apr. '54 | Apr. '49 | Jan. '38 | June '32 | Apr. ${ }^{\prime 2}$ | July '24 | Feb. ${ }^{121}$ |
| 30. | Nonagricultural placements, all industrie | Jan. 61 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 58$ | May 154 | July '49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (Na) |
|  | Index of net business formation. | Jan. '61 | Apr. ' 58 | Mar. '54 | July '49 | (NA) | (NA) | (HA) | (NA) | (NA) |
|  | New orders, durable goods industries | Jan. '61 | Jan. ' 58 | Sep. ' 53 | June '49 | Apr. ${ }^{1} 38$ | Mar. ${ }^{133}$ | ( $\operatorname{sic}$ ) | May 124 | Jan. ${ }^{1}$ |
|  | Contracts and orders, plant and equipment. . . | Mar. '61 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Mar. ${ }^{154}$ | Apr. '49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (Na) |
|  | New building permits, private housing units. . | Dec. 160 | Feb. ${ }^{158}$ | Sep. '53 | Jan. '49 | Dec. ${ }^{1} 37$ | Dec. 132 | May 127 | July '24 | Dec. 120 |
|  | Change in book value, manufacturing and trade inventories. | Dec. ${ }^{160}$ | Apr. ' 58 | Nov. ${ }^{153}$ | Apr. '49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
|  | Industrial materials prices . . . . . . . . . . | Dec. ${ }^{160}$ | Apr. ' 58 | Feb. ${ }^{154}$ | June '49 | June '38 | July ${ }^{\text {' } 32}$ | Aug. ${ }^{\text {cest }}$ | Tume '24 | July 121 |
| 19. | Stock prices, 5000 common stocks | Oct. '60 | Dec. ' 57 | Sep. ' 53 | June ' 49 | Apr. '38 | June ${ }^{\text {a }} 3$ | (NGC) | 0et. '23 | Aug. '21, |
|  | Corporate profits after taxes ( $Q$ ). | 1stQ '61 | 1stQ ' 58 | 4 thQ ' 53 | 2ndQ '49 | 2ndQ ' 38 | 3rdQ '32 | 4the 1ap | $3 \mathrm{raq} / 24$ | 2ndg 21 |
|  | Ratio, price to unit labor cost, manufacturing | Jan. '61 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Mar. ${ }^{154}$ | May $1 / 49$ | Dec. ${ }^{1} 37$ | Apr. ${ }^{1} 32$ |  |  |  |
| 113. | Change in consumer installment debt | Apr. ${ }^{61}$ | Mar. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Mar. ${ }^{1} 54$ | Jan. '49 | Feb. ${ }^{1} 38$ | Feb. '3? | (NA) | (NA) | (Na) |
|  | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. | Employees on nonagricultural payrolis | Feb. ${ }^{61}$ | May ${ }^{\text {' } 58}$ | Aug. ' 54 | Oct. ' 49 | June '38 | Mar. 133 | Jar. 1288 | Juz y ${ }^{1} 24$ | Juily '21 |
|  | Unemployment rate, total (inverted) . . . . . . | May '61 | July '58 | Sep. '54 | Oct. ' 49 | June '38 | May 133 | (Na) | (NA) | $\text { ( } \mathrm{NA} \text { ) }$ |
| 50. | GNP in 1958 dollars (Q).... . . . . . | 1stQ '61 | lstQ ' 58 | 2ndQ ' 54 | 2ndQ '49 | 1stQ ' 38 | 3rdQ ' 32 | (Ner) | (NSC) | 4tht 121 |
|  | Industrial production | Feb. ${ }^{161}$ | Apr. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Apr. ${ }^{1} 54$ | Oct. ' 49 | May 138 | July 132 | Nov. 127 | Ju7y 124 | Apr. 121 |
| 52. | Personal income . ... | (NSC) | Feb. 158 | Apr. 154 | July '49 | May 138 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 33$ |  |  | 2nda |
| 816. | Manufacturing and trade sales. . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '61 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Aug. 154 | Oct. ' 49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | $(N A)$ | (NA) |
|  | Sales of retail stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Apr. '61 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Jan. ' 54 | (NSC) | May 138 | Mar. ${ }^{133}$ | (Nats) | (NGC) | Mar. ${ }^{15} \mathrm{~s}$ 2 |
|  | LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Unemployment rate, persons unemployed 15 weeks and over (inverted) . . . . . . . | July '61 | Aug. ' 58 | Oct. ' 54 | Nov. $1 / 49$ | (NA) | (NA) | (Na) | (NA) | (NA) |
|  | Business expenditures, new plant and equipment ( $Q$ ) | 2ndQ 161 | 3 rdQ ' 58 | 1stQ ' 55 | 4thQ 149 | 3rdQ 138 | 1stQ 133 | 4the '2? | 3raQ 124 | $4 \operatorname{thQ~} 21$ |
|  | Book value, manufacturing and trade inventories | Mar. ${ }^{161}$ | Aug. 158 | Oct. ${ }^{1} 54$ | Dec. 149 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
|  | Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing | Sep. '61 | June '59 | Sep. ' 55 | July '50 | June ' 40 | July '33 | (NSC) | (NSC) | Apr. 032 |
|  | Commercial and industrial loans outstanding | (NSC) | July '58 | Oct. ${ }^{154}$ | Aug. ' 49 | Dec. ' 38 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
|  | Bank rates on short-term business loans ( Q ). | 4 thQ 161 | 2ndQ 158 | 1stQ : 55 | 1stQ ' 50 | 3rdQ : 41 | (NSC) | Feb. 128 | Nev. 194 | Sep. 92 |

NOTE: Specific trough dates are the actual dates when individual series reached a trough as distinguished from the reference dates which are those dates desigrated as the trough of business activity as a whole. This table shows, for the 25 indicators on the NBER "short list," the specific dates corresponding to reference dates in 9 recent business cycles.
$N A=$ Not available. $\quad$ NSC $=$ No specific cycle corresponding to reference date.
B. Specific Trough and Peak Dates for Selected Business Indicators-Continued


NOTE: Specific peak dates are the actual dates when individual series reached a peak as distinguished from the reference dates which are those dates designated as the peak of business activity as a whole. This table shows, for the 25 indicators on the NBER "short list," the specific dates corresponding to reference dates in 9 recent business cycles.
$\overline{N A}=$ Not available. $\quad N S C=$ No specific cycle corresponding to reference date.

| Series |
| :--- |

NOTE: These data are not published by the source agency in seasonally adjusted form. Seasonal adjustments were made by the Bureau of the Census or the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. They are kept current by the Bureau of the Census. Seasonally adjusted data prepared by the source agency will be substituted whenever they are published. For a description of the method used to compute these factors, see Bureau of the Census Technical Paper No. 25 , "he X-11 Variant of the Cerisus Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program.
${ }^{1}$ Factors are produets of seasonal and trading-day factors. Seasonally adjusted data reeultrig fron tho apglication of these combined factors may differ slightly from those obtained by separate applications of seasonal tha whatims-day factore tuo to rounding.
${ }^{2}$ Quarterly series; figures are placed in middle month of quarter.
${ }^{3}$ These quantities, in millions of dollars, are to be subtracted from the month-to-month net, charce in the unadjusted fionthly totals to yield the seasonally adjusted net change. They were computed by the additive version of the k-l.l variant of the consus Method II seasonal adjustment program.
${ }^{4}$ Bimonthly seriea. Data are for even-numbered months (February, April, June, etc.).
${ }^{5}$ Factors apply to monthly totals before month-to-month changes are computed.
${ }^{6}$ l-quarter diffusion index: Figures are placed on the lst month of the quarter. The unadjusted diffusiox index ic ermputed and the factors, computed by the additive version of the $X-11$ variant of the Census Method If seasonal adjustment program, are subtracted to yield the seasonally adjusted index.

## F. Historical Data for Selected Series

This appendix contains historical data for Business Cycle Developments series extending back to 1945 or to the earliest date thereafler for which data are available. Data are published in this appendix for (a) new series which have been added to Business Cycle Developments, (b) series which have been revised recently, and (c) series which have not been shown historically for a long period of time. See the Index, Series Finding Guide, for the latest issue in which hislorical data for each series were published. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3 . Data are seasonally adjusted uniess the symbol (a) (indicating unadjusied data) have not been seasonally adjusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from totals and averages computed from monthly data presented herein

| Year | Montthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quaterly |  |  |  | Annual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feh | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | 10 | 110 | III Q | IVQ |  |



NOTE: The series on this page are revised from 1965 to date and, where available, data not previously shown for 1946 and 1947 have been added. See "New Features and Changes for This Issue, " page iii.

## F. Historical Data for Selected Series.-Continued

This appendix contains historical data for Business Cycle Developments series extending back to 1945 or to the earliest date thereafter for which data are available. Flata are published in this appendix for (a) new series which have been added to Business Cycle Developments, (b) series which have been revised recently, and (c) series which have not been shown historically or a long period of tire. See the Index, Series Finding Guide, for the latest issue in which historical data for each series were published. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3 . Data are seasonally adjusted uless the syinbol (e) (iisicating unadjusted dati)) follows the series title. Official source agency quarterly and/or annual totals are presented in this table wherever possible. These figures are often calculated from monthly thata with more digits or from date which have not been seasonally adjusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from totals and averages computed from monthly data presented herein.

| Year | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | 1Q | 110 | 1110 | IV 0 |  |

22. RATIO OF PROFITS TO INCOME ORIGINATING, CORPORATE, ALL INOUSTRIES (PERCENT)
averiage for period


Nore: The eeriea on this page are revised from 1965 to date and, where available, data not previbusly shown for 1946 and 1944 ave been added. See "Now reatures and Changes for This Insue," page 111.

## F. Historical Data for Selected Series-Continued

This appendix contains historical data for Business Cycle Developments series extending back to 1945 or to the earliest date thereafter for which data are available. Data are published in this appendix for (a) new series which have been added to Business Cycle Developments, (b) series which have been revised recelitly, and (c) series which have not been shown historically for a long period of time. See the Index, Series Finding Guide, for the latest issue in which historical data for each series were published. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3 . Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol (1) (indicating unadjusted data) follows the series title. Official source agency quarterly and/or annual totals are presented in this table wherever possible. These figures are often calculated from monthly data with more digits or from data which have not been seasonally adjusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from totals and averages computed trom monthly data presented herein.

| Year | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quaterly |  |  |  | Annual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Fen | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | 10 | U Q | III 0 | IV Q |  |
| 50. Gross national product in 1958 dollars (annual rate, billion dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | average for period |  |  |  |  |
| 1945.. | - | ** | . | $\cdots$ | - | -.. | - | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | - . | -•• | - . | $\ldots$ | -* | ** | $\cdots$ | ... |
| 1946.0. | -•• | -•• | , |  | - | -.. | -•• | ... | -•• | ... | ... | ... | 30.9 | 309.0 | 309.6 | $314 \cdot 0$ | 309.9 |
| 1947.. | -•• | $\ldots$ | - . | -.. | -.. | -.. | -.. | . | ... | -.. | ... | - . | 306.4 | 309.0 | 309.6 | 314.5 | 309.9 |
| 1948.. | - $\cdot$ | -•• | -.. | - | - 0 | -.. | -•• | ... | ... | ... | -.. | - $\cdot$ | 317.1 | 322.9 | 325.8 | 328.7 | 323.6 |
| 1949.. | ... | - $\cdot$ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | -•• | ... |  | - | 324.5 | 322.5 | 326.1 | 323.3 | 324.1 |
| 1950.. | - $\cdot$ | ... | ... |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | -• | ... | ... | ... | 339.6 | 348.5 | 362.8 | 370.1 | 355.2 |
| 1951.. | - $\cdot$ | - | -•• | $\ldots$ | -•• | -.. | - | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | $\cdots$ | 374.8 | 381.5 | 388.7 | 388.7 | 383.4 |
| 1952.0 | -.. | -.. | -.. |  | ... | -.. | ... | ... | - | ... |  | ... | 391.4 | 389.6 | 393.9 | 405.3 | 395.0 |
| 1933.. | ... | . | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | - | ... | ... | ... | 412.1 | 416.4 | 413.7 | 408.8 | 412.8 |
| 1954.. | $\cdots$ | -* | -•• | ... | -•• | -.. | $\cdots$ | ... | - $\cdot$ | -•* | $\bullet \cdot$ | -* | 402.9 | 402.1 | 407.2 | 415.7 | 407.0 |
| 1955.. | -.. | -.. | -.. |  | ... | -.. |  | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 428.0 | 435.4 | 442.1 | 446.4 | 438.0 |
| 1956.- | -.. | ... | - | ... | - | ... | -.. | ... | - | -.. | ... | ... | 443.6 | 445.6 | 444.5 | 450.3 | 446.0 |
| 1957.. | -•• | -. | -.. | ... | -. | -. | - | . $\cdot$ | -.. | ... | ... | ... | 453.4 | 453.2 | 455.2 | 448.2 | 452.5 |
| 1958.. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | -... | ... | - | 437.5 | 439.5 | 450.7 | 461.6 | 447.3 |
| 1959.. | ... | -.. | ... | ... | . $\cdot$ | ... | ... | . . | . | ... | . . | . $\cdot$ | 468.6 | 479.9 | 475.0 | 480.4 | 476.0 |
| 1950.. | $\cdots$ | -•• | - | ... | -•• | ... | -•. | -•• | - $\cdot$ | ... | ... | -•• | 490.2 | 489.8 | 487.4 | 483.8 | 487.3 |
| 1951.. | - | -.. | -.. | ... | ... | -.. |  | ... | ... | ... |  | ... | 482.7 | 492.9 | 501.6 | 511.9 | 497.3 |
| 1962.. | -•• | ... | ... | ... | -•• | -.. | -•• | -•• | ... | ... |  | ... | 519.5 | 527.7 | 533.4 | 538.3 | 529.7 |
| 1983.. | -•• | - $\cdot$ | -.. | -•* | - . | - . | -•• | ... | - . | -•• | -•• | ... | 541.2 | 546.0 | 554.7 | 562.1 | 551.0 |
| 1964.. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -.. | -. | ... | ... | ... |  | ... |  |  | ... | 571.1 | 578.6 | 585.8 | 588.5 | 581.0 |
| 1965.. | - | -.. | - . |  | ... |  |  |  | ... | -.. |  | ... | 601.6 | 610.4 | 622.5 | 636.6 | 617.8 |
| 1966.. | -.. | - |  | -•* | -•• | - | - | -•• | - | - | -** | - | 648.6 | 653.3 | 659.5 | 667.1 | 657.1 |
| 52. Personal income (annual rate, billion dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | average for period |  |  |  |  |
| 1745.. | 173.4 | 173.7 | 173.7 | 172.1 | 173.1 | 175.2 | 175.1 | 170.8 | 163.3 | 166.7 | 169.4 | 168.1 | 173.6 | 173.5 | 169.7 | 168.1 | 171.2 |
| 1946.. | 170.3 | 169.6 | 172.6 | 174.5 | 175.9 | 178.1 | 182.4 | 183.7 | 180.3 | 184.7 | 185.2 | 187.4 | 170.8 | 176.2 | 182.1 | 185.8 | 178.7 |
| 1947.. | 188.1 | 187.9 | 187.7 | 184.9 | 185.3 | 188.2 | 188.4 | 189.1 | 204.0 | 196.1 | 196.9 | 199.3 | 187.9 | 186.1 | 193.8 | 197.4 | 191.3 |
| 1948.. | 202.5 | 202.0 | 205.5 | 206.5 | 207.8 | 212.0 | 212.8 | 215.2 | 215.4 | 216.3 | 215.0 | 212.3 | 203.3 | 208.8 | 214.5 | 214.5 | 210.3 |
| 1949.. | 208.9 | 208.0 | 209.1 | 208.1 | 207.6 | 205.6 | 204.0 | 205.5 | 208.7 | 205.0 | 207.5 | 208.7 | 208.7 | 207.1 | 206.1 | 207.1 | 207.2 |
| 1950.. | 216.9 | 219.8 | 224.9 | 220.2 | 220.7 | 221.8 | 226.1 | 230.5 | 232.7 | 235.8 | 237.9 | 243.3 | 220.5 | 220.9 | 229.8 | 239.0 | 227.6 |
| 1951.. | 244.5 | 247.2 | 249.8 | 252.7 | 254.1 | 255.9 | 255.5 | 258.4 | 258.9 | 261.9 | 262.9 | 263.9 | 247.2 | 254.2 | 257.6 | 262.9 | 255.5 |
| 1952.. | 261.9 | 265.7 | 266.4 | 265.8 | 268.8 | 270.4 | 269.4 | 276.9 | 279.7 | 280.8 | 280.1 | 282.1 | 264.7 | 268.3 | 275.3 | 281.0 | 272.3 |
| 1953.. | 282.8 | 284.7 | 287.5 | 287.8 | 289.1 | 290.3 | 289.8 | 289.2 | 289.1 | 290.9 | 289.1 | 288.1 | 285.0 | 289.1 | 289.4 | 289.4 | 288.2 |
| 1954.- | 287.7 | 288.7 | 287.7 | 286.6 | 287.5 | 287.7 | 288.2 | 289.8 | 291.6 | 293.3 | 296.1 | 296.9 | 288.0 | 287.3 | 289.9 | 295.4 | 290.2 |
| 1955.. | 298.2 | 300.0 | 302.4 | 305.5 | 308.1 | 309.2 | 313.9 | 314.3 | 316.5 | 317.9 | 320.4 | 322.5 | 300.2 | 307.6 | 314.9 | 320.3 | 310.7 |
| 1956.. | 323.0 | 325.0 | 326.2 | 329.3 | 329.8 | 331.9 | 331.0 | 335.6 | 337.9 | 341.4 | 341.4 | 343.3 | 324.7 | 330.3 | 334.8 | 342.0 | 333.0 |
| 1957.. | 343.2 | 346.4 | 347.8 | 348.2 | 349.8 | 352.4 | 353.9 | 355.5 | 354.5 | 354.4 | 354.8 | 353.7 | 345.8 | 350.1 | 354.6 | 354.3 | 351.2 |
| 1958.. | 353.8 | 353.5 | 355.3 | 354.6 | 355.8 | 357.6 | 354.0 | 363.8 | 365.7 | 366.4 | 370.8 | 372.6 | 354.2 | 356.0 | 364.5 | 369.9 | 361.2 |
| 1959.- | 373.5 | 375.8 | 378.6 | 381.8 | 384.0 | 385.6 | 386.0 | 383.4 | 383.9 | 385.0 | 389.0 | 395.3 | 376.0 | 383.8 | 384.4 | 389.8 | 383.5 |
| 1960.. | 396.4 | 396.5 | 396.9 | 400.2 | 401.7 | 401.9 | 402.8 | 403.3 | 403.8 | 404.9 | 403.8 | 401.3 | 396.6 | 401.3 | 403.3 | 403.3 | 401.1 |
| 1961.. | 404.8 | 405.5 | 409.5 | 409.6 | 412.2 | 415.8 | 419.6 | 413.8 | 419.8 | 424.3 | 428.6 | 431.1 | 406.6 | 412.5 | 419.4 | 428.0 | 416.6 |
| 1962.. | 430.7 | 433.7 | 437.2 | 439.8 | 440.8 | 441.8 | 443.4 | 444.6 | 447.0 | 447.9 | 450.4 | 452.6 | 433.9 | 440.8 | 445.0 | 450.3 | 442.5 |
| 1963.. | 457.6 | 455.7 | 457.6 | 458.4 | 461.2 | 464.2 | 465.6 | 467.8 | 470.0 | 473.4 | 474.9 | 479.1 | 457.0 | 461.3 | 467.8 | 475.8 | 465.5 |
| 1964.0 | 482.4 | 484.6 | 486.8 | 490.1 | 493.0 | 495.0 | 498.4 | 502.6 | 505.3 | 506.0 | 509.8 | 515.6 | 484.6 | 492.7 | 502.1 | 510.5 | 497.5 |
| 1955.. | 518.9 | 519.4 | 522.9 | 525.9 | 531.1 | 535.5 | 539.0 | 541.8 | 557.2 | 553.5 | 558.3 | 563.3 | 520.4 | 530.8 | 546.0 | 558,4 | 538.9 |
| 1966.* | 565.3 | 570.5 | 575.5 | 578.0 | 578.9 | 584.0 | 587.5 | 592.2 | 596.7 | 601.2 | 605.2 | 607.2 | 570.4 | 580.3 | 592.1 | 504.5 | 586.8 |

NOTE: The series on this page are revised from 1965 to date and, where available, data not previously shown for 1945 through 1947 have bean added. See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page ili.

## F. Historical Data for Selected Series-Continued

This appendix contains historical data for Business Cycle Developments series extending back to 1945 or to the earliest date thereafter for which fata are avaitable. Data are pula ished itt ahis appendix for fii) new series which have been added to Business Cycle Developments, (b) series which have been revised recently, and (c) series which have not been shown historically fora long pesiod of timut. Sce the ladex, Serims Finding Guide, for the latest issue in which historical data for each series were published. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3 . Data are seasonally adjusted unless, the syy ithol (u) (imticiatiag unadjusted cath) have not been seasonaliy adjusted therefore, they may differ slightly from totals and averages computed from monthly data presented herein.

| Year | Morithly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly |  |  |  | Anual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Ars. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | 10 | 110 | 1010 | IVQ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & M \\ & M \end{aligned}$ | 53. WAges and |  |  | ND SALARIES IN M (ANNUAL |  | MINING, MANUFACTURING, RATE, BILLION DOLLARS: |  |  | and construction |  |  |  | AVERAGE FOR PERIOD |  |  |  |  |
| 1945.. | 49.1 | 49.0 | 49.0 | 48.1 | 47.1 | 46.5 | 45.1 | 41.7 | 36.7 | 36.4 | 36.8 | 37.1 | 49.0 | 47.2 | 41.2 | 36.8 | 43.6 |
| 1946.. | 36.9 | 36.2 | 40.2 | 41.3 | 42.0 | 43.8 | 44.2 | 46.0 | 46.9 | 47.3 | 47.8 | 48.7 | 37.8 | 42.4 | 65.7 | 47.9 | 43.4 |
| 4947.. | 49.2 | 49.5 | 50.0 | 50.1 | 50.7 | 51.1 | 50.9 | 51.5 | 52.6 | 53.3 | 54.0 | 55.2 | 49.6 | 50.6 | 41.7 | 34.2 | 51.5 |
| 1948.. | 56.4 | 56.2 | 56.9 | 55.9 | 57.1 | 57.9 | 58.8 | 59.7 | 59.4 | 59.4 | 59.6 | 58.9 | 56.5 | 57.0 | 59.3 | 39.3 | 58.0 |
| 1949.. | 58.? | 57.7 | 56.4 | 55.6 | 55.2 | 54.2 | 54.3 | 53.8 | 54.7 | 52.4 | 53.0 | 54.0 | 57.4 | 55.0 | 54.3 | 53.1 | 55.0 |
| 1930.. | 54.9 | 54.6 | 56.7 | 58.2 | 59.8 | 60.9 | 62.7 | 64.7 | 65.0 | 67.3 | 68.3 | 69.2 | 55.4 | 59.4 | 94.1 | 68.3 | 61.9 |
| 1951.. | 69.9 | 71.0 | 72.2 | 73.5 | 73.4 | 73.9 | 73.9 | 73.7 | 74.0 | 73.7 | 74.5 | 75.8 | 71.0 | 73.6 | 73.9 | 74.7 | 73.3 |
| 1952.. | 76.3 | 76.9 | 77.4 | 76.5 | 77.2 | 76.4 | 73.8 | 79.3 | 82.3 | 83.2 | 84.4 | 85.7 | 76.9 | 76.7 | 78.5 | 34.4 | 79.3 |
| 1953.. | 85.8 | 86.7 | 87.6 | 87.3 | 88.0 | 87.6 | 88.1 | 87.6 | 86.2 | 86.5 | 85.2 | 84.4 | 86.7 | 87.13 | 87.3 | 85.4 | 86.11 |
| 1954.0 | 83.3 | 83.5 | 83.1 | 82.5 | 82.8 | 82.5 | 81.9 | 81.9 | 81.6 | 83.0 | 84.8 | 85.2 | 83.3 | 82. 19 | 81.8 | 84.3 | 83.19 |
| 1955.. | 85.7 | 86.6 | 87.9 | 88.7 | 90.1 | 90.4 | 91.2 | 91.1 | 91.9 | 92.9 | 94.3 | 94.5 | 86.7 | 89.9 | 91.4 | 93.9 | 90.4 |
| 1956.. | 94.8 | 95.0 | 95.6 | 97.2 | 96.6 | 97.3 | 95.8 | 98.4 | 99.6 | 101.0 | 100.8 | 102.3 | 95.1 | 97.11 | 97.9 | 101.4 | 97.9 |
| 1957.0 | 101.5 | 102.4 | 102.3 | 101.9 | 101.4 | 102.1 | 102.0 | 102.3 | 101.3 | 100.6 | 100.1 | 98.8 | 102.1 | 101.3 | 101.9 | 99.8 | 101.4 |
| 1998.. | 97.6 | 95.5 | 95.3 | 94.0 | 93.9 | 95.0 | 96.0 | 97.5 | 98.6 | 98.1 | 101.7 | 102.2 | 96.1 | 94.3 | 97.4 | 100.7 | 97.1 |
| 1959.. | 103.2 | 104.1 | 105.7 | 107.2 | 108.4 | 108.9 | 108.3 | 105.7 | 105.5 | 105.0 | 206.1 | 109.8 | 104.3 | 1.08.? | 106.5 | 107.0 | 106.5 |
| 1960.. | 111.2 | 112.5 | 111.0 | 111.2 | 111.6 | 110.9 | 110.6 | 109.7 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 107.4 | 104.7 | 111.2 | 211.2 | 109.7 | 107.0 | 109.9 |
| 1961.. | 106.4 | 106.1 | 106.6 | 107.6 | 108.6 | 110.5 | 110.9 | 111.5 | 110.2 | 113.0 | 114.8 | 115.2 | 206.4 | 108.9 | 110.9 | 114.3 | 110.1 |
| 1932.. | 114.3 | 115.5 | 116.7 | 118.3 | 118.0 | 118.0 | 118.8 | 118.7 | 119.5 | 118.9 | 119.7 | 119.7 | 115.5 | 118.1 | 119.0 | 119.4 | 128.0 |
| 1963.. | 120.0 | 119.9 | 120.6 | 120.7 | 122.2 | 123.0 | 123.5 | 123.5 | 124.6 | 125.3 | 125.7 | 126.8 | 120.2 | 122.0 | 123.9 | 125.9 | 123.0 |
| 1964.. | 125.8 | 128.0 | 128.5 | 129.7 | 130.1 | 130.6 | 131.8 | 133.2 | 134.2 | 132.7 | 134.7 | 136.8 | 127.4 | 1.30 .1 | 133.1 | 134.7 | 131.3 |
| 1963. | 136.5 | 138.0 | 138.7 | 138.3 | 140.1 | 141.0 | 141.6 | 142.7 | 143.4 | 145.3 | 146.9 | 148.4 | 137.7 | 139.8 | 142.6 | 146.9 | 141.7 |
| 1960.. | 149.4 | 251.5 | 153.5 | 154.6 | 155.3 | 156.6 | 157.2 | 158.7 | 159.4 | 160.6 | 161.3 | 161.5 | 151.5 | 155.5 | 1.58 .4 | 161.1 | 156.6 |
|  | 57. | INAL | Les (S | RIES 4 | MINU | SERIE | $21)$ (annual |  | rate, billion dollars ) |  |  |  | avieracie for perioo |  |  |  |  |
| 1945.. | -•• | -•• |  | -•• | -. | - | -•• | ... | ... | -.. | ... | -** |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.946.0 | ... | -* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ... | 190.6 | 195.2 | 208.1 | 214.5 | 202.1 |
| 1447.. | - . | -.. | -•• | -.. | ... | ... | - $\cdot$ | -•• | -•• | *.. | -.. | ... | 223.1 | 228.6 | 334.6 | 240.7 | 231.8 |
| 1948.. | -•• | -.. | -.. | -.. | -•• | - . | -.. | -•• |  | ** | -•• | -•• | 244.8 | 250.4 | 256.4 | 259.6 | 252.8 |
| 1949.. | . . | ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ... | 258.5 | 260.5 | 258.8 | 860.2 | 259.5 |
| 19.9.. | .. | -•• | -•• | -•• | -.. | -•• | - . | -•• | -** | -•• | ... | -•• | 263.6 | 270.6 | 288.2 | 299.4 | 278.0 |
| 1931.. | -•• | -•• | ... | . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | -•* | -•• | -•• | -.. | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | 307.5 | 310.6 | 322.5 | 371.8 | 318.1 |
| 19.2.. | -.. | ... | -.. | ... | ... | -.. | - . | -* | -. | - | . | ... | 334.3 | 341.5 | 141.4 | 352.3 | 342.4 |
| 1433.. | ... | -.. | -.. | -.. | -.. | ... | - | ... | ... |  |  | ** | 361.7 | 364.4 | 365.1 | 369.3 | 364.1 |
| 1954.. | -•• | -* | -•• | -•• | -• | -.. | -.. | - | -.. | -.. | - . | ... | 363.2 | 363.1. | 366.9 | 372.2 | 366.4 |
| 1955.. | -•• | ... | -.. | ... | ... | ... |  | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | .. | 381.6 | 388.3 | 346.4 | 401.7 | 392.0 |
| 1936.. | -•• | -. | -.. | -•• | - |  |  | - | ... | ... | ... | - | 404.5 | 411.9 | 416.5 | 425.1 | 414.9 |
| 1997.. | -•• | * | -.. | -•• | ... | - |  | -.. |  |  |  | ... | 434.8 | 437.5 | 443.1 | 443.8 | 439.11 |
| 19,3.. | ... | .. | -.. |  | ... | -.. | ... | ... | -.. | - | . | -.. | 440.1 | 443.,4 | 451.3 | 460.3 | 448.8 |
| 1929.. | ... | -.. | -.. | -. | -•• | -•• |  |  |  | ... | ... | -•• | 470.1 | 477.8 | 483.6 | 484.1 | 478:9 |
| 3950.. | $\cdots$ | -•• | -.. | ... | -.. | ... | -•• | - . |  |  |  | . $\cdot$ | - | 500.7 | 501.0 | 505.7 | 500.1 |
| 1961.. | ... | . $\cdot$ | -.. | ... | ... | -* | -.. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | 512.8 | 520.4 | 532.3 | 518.1 |
| 1962.. | -•• | -•• | -. | -.. | - . | -•• | ... | -.. | -.. | -.. | -•• | - |  | 551.1 | 559.? | 565.6 | 554.2 |
| 1963.. | -•• | -•• | -•• | - | - | -•• | -.. | -.. | -.. | ... | ... | -•• |  | 579.4 | S8P. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 597.7 | 584.6 |
| 1964... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | ... | ... | -.. | ... | -.. | ... | 612.9 | 621.9 | $634^{\circ}$ | C37.4 | 626.6 |
| 1963... | $\cdots$ | -** | -•• | -•• | ** | -** |  |  |  |  |  | ... | 651.9 | 666.8 | 6. | 100.3 | 675.3 |
| i966... | -•• | -•* | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | - | -•• | -•• | 717.5 | 725.0 | 740.4 | 748.4 | 732.8 |




## F. Historical Data for Selected Series.-Continued

This appendix contains historical data for Business Cycle Developments series extending back to 1945 or to the earliest date thereatter for which data are available. Data are published in this appendix for (a) new series which have been added to Business Cycle Developments, (b) series which have been revised recently, and (c) series which have not been shown historically for a long period of time. See the Index, Series Finding Guide, for the latest issue in which historical data for each series were published. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3 . Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol © (indicating unadjusted data) follows the series title. Official source agency quarterly and/or annual totals are presented in this table wherever possible. These figures are often calculated from monthly data with more digits or from data which have not been seasonally adjusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from totals and averages computed from monthly data presented herein.


NOTE: The series on this page are revised from 1965 to date and, where available, data not previously shown for 1946 and 1947 have been added. See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

## F. Historical Data for Selected Series--Continued

This appendix contains historical data for Business Cycle Developments series extending back to 1945 or to the earliest date thereatter for which data are available. Data are pallisthed in this appendix for (a) new series which have been added to Business Cycle Developments, (b) series which have been revised recently, and (c) series which have not been slown historically for a long geried of time. See the index, Sccies Finding Guide, for the latest issue in which historical data for each series were published. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3 . Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol (i) (indieating unadjusted data) follows the series titte. Official source agency quarterly and/or annual totals are presented in this table wherever possible. These figures are often calculated from men llly dati with niore diggits or fromin data wlich have not been seasonally adjusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from totals and averages computed from monthly data presented herein.

| Year | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly |  |  |  | Anmas |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Felh | Mar. | Apr. | May | Jume | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct . | Nov. | Dec. | 10 | 110 | IIIQ | IVQ |  |
| 854. ratio, personal saving to oisposable personal income (RAT10) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | AVERAGE PER PERTOO |  |  |  |  |
| 1945.. | ** | -•• | -.. | ... | - | $\cdots$ | $\bullet \cdot$ | $\cdots$ | -•* | - $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -11* | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| 1946.0. | ... | ... | ... |  | -.. | -. | -.. | $\cdots$ | ... | . | ... | ... | 0.117 | 0.1106 | 0.082 | 0.077 | 0.096 |
| 1947.- | ... | ... | - | ... | *** | -. | -.. | ... | ... | -.. | -.. | ... | 0.062 | 0.027 | 0.047 | 0.038 | 0.044 |
| 1948.. | -.. | -. | - | - | - | -. | -.. | ... | ... | ... | -•• | ... | 0.050 | 0.058 | 0.084 | 0.079 | 0.070 |
| 1949.. | -.. | -. . | - | ... | *.. | -. | -.. | $\cdots$ | -.. | $\because$ | . | -•. | 0.060 | 0.048 | 0.049 0.032 | 0.043 0.068 | 0.050 |
| 1930.. | -.. | -. . | ... | ... | -•• | ... | -•• | -.. | ... | -•• | - $\cdot$ | -.. | 0.088 | 0.054 | 0.032 | 0.068 | 0.063 |
| 1951.. | -•• | -•* | -• | -•• | - | - . | $\bullet$ | -** | . $\cdot$ | - | - | -•• | 0.047 | 0.099 | 0.085 | 0.082 | 0.076 |
| 1952.. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | - | $\bullet$ | ... | 0.078 | 0.070 | 0.1086 | 0.069 | 0.076 |
| 1953.. | *. | - . | . ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | ... | -•• | . $\cdot$ | ... | - | ... | -.. | - | -•• | 0.067 | 0.075 | 0.073 | 0.076 | 0.073 |
| 1954.. | -•* | - $\cdot$ | - | -.. | ... | -.. | - $\cdot$ | ... | -.. | - | - | $\cdots$ | 0.073 | 0.062 | 0.059 | 0.061 | 0.064 |
| 1955.. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | -.. | -• | ... | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | 0.051 | 0.055 | 0.060 | 0.061 | 0.057 |
| 1936.- | ... | -. | ... | ... | ... | ... | - | ... | - | -.. | -. | ... | 0.065 | 0.070 | 0.072 | 0.073 | 0.070 |
| 1957.- | - | - | -.. | -.. | -•• | -. | -•• | ... | $\cdots$ | - | -•• | -•• | 0.067 | 0.071 | 0.069 | 0.064 | 0.068 |
| 1958.0 | ... | -.. | -.. | ... | -• | ... | -.. | -.. | ... | -.. | -.. | $\cdots$ | 0.068 | 0.066 | 0.072 | 0.074 | 0.070 |
| 1959.. | ... | ... | . . | ... | . $\cdot$. | ... | -.. | - | ... | -. | -• | -•• | 0.062 | 0.063 | 0.047 | 0.054 | 0.056 |
| 1960.. | - . | -•* | - $\cdot$ | ... | -•• | -•* | -•• | -.. | ... | *.. | -•* | ... | 0.052 | 0.047 | 0.052 | 0.045 | 0.049 |
| 1961.. | -. | ... | - | ... | ... | ... | ... | - | ... | - | $\cdots$ | ... | 0.052 | 0.056 | 0.060 | 0.062 | 0.058 |
| 1962.0 | -•• | -.. | -•• | - | -* | - | - | -•• | - | - | - . | -• | 0.059 | 0.062 | 0.054 | 0.048 | 0.056 |
| 1963. - | ** | - | -** | -.. | -** | -.. | -.. | -.. | -.. | -.. | ... | ** | 0.049 | 0.048 | 0.046 | 0.054 | 0.049 |
| 1964.- | -. | . | -. | -.. | -.. | *-. | ... | - | -** | $\bullet$ | -.. | -. | 0.052 | 0.064 | 0.058 | 0.066 | 0.060 |
| 1965.. | - | -. | ... | ... | -.. | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | ... | -. | 0.054 | 0.054 | 0.067 | 0.065 | 0.060 |
| 1966.. | -•• | -•• | -** | - . | -•• | - | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | - | -• | 0.059 | 0.062 | 0.064 | 0.073 | 0.064 |
| 95. |  | Federal surplus |  | or oef icit (-), national income ano product accounts (ANNUAL RATE, BILLION DOLLARS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | averate for perico |  |  |  |  |
| 1945.. | - | ... | -•• | -•• | ... | ... | -•• | . | - | -. | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |  |
| 1946.0 | -.. | -. | - | ... | -. | * | -.. | -•• | - | -. | ... | . | -7.8 | 2.8 | 9.0 | 10.2 | 3.6 |
| 1947.0 | -. | -.. | ... | - . | ... | - | . | . | ... | -.. | -.. | -.. | 14.8 | 13.6 | 10.0 | 15.2 | 13.4 |
| 1948.. | -•• | - | -•• | $\cdots$ | - . | - | - | ... | -. | - 0 | ... | -. | 13.7 | 10.6 | 5.9 | 3.4 | 0.4 |
| $1949 .$. 1950. | -•• | $\cdots$ | -•• | -•• | -•• | -.. | $\bullet$ | -** | -•• | ** | -• | $\cdots$ | 0.8 | -2.9 | -3.9 | $-3.9$ | -2.9 |
| 1950.- | -. | -. | ... | - | -.. | ... | -.. | -•• | -.. | - $\cdot$ | ** | ... | -4.3 | 7.6 | 16.4 | 17.1 | 0.1 |
| 1951.. | - $\cdot$ | - . | -•• | - | -•• | -.. | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•* | -•• | . $\cdot$ | 18.0 | E. 2 | 0.1 | -1.3 | 6.2 |
| $1952 .$. 1953. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | -•• | $\ldots$ | -•• | -. | -.. | $\cdots$ | -.. | - $\cdot$ | ... | $\cdots$ | 0.1 | -3.8 | -7.6 | $-3.7$ | -3.0 |
| 1953.. | ... | -. | -.. | -.. | -•• | -.. | . .. | ... | *.. | -.. | -.. | ... | -4.3 | -6. 2 | -5.7 | -11.7 | -7.0 |
| 1954.- | -•• | -. | -.. | -•• | -•• | - | -•• | -•• | - | -•• | $\bullet \bullet$ | -** | -10.5 | -6.6 | -5.0 | -1.8 | -6.0) |
| 195.7.0. | $\cdots$ | - . | $\cdots$ | -•• | -•• | -.. | - | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1.3 | 4.0 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.1 |
| 1956.. | - . | -. | *** | -•• | - $\cdot$ | - $\cdot$ | -•• | - . | *.. | -•• | -•• | *.. | 6.3 | 5.5 | 4.9 | 6.0 | 5.7 |
| 1997.. | -•• | - $\cdot$ | -•• | -•• | -* | *** |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 | -1.5 | 2.0 |
| 19,8.- | ... | $\cdots$ | -.. | ... | ... | ... | ... | -.. | ... |  | -.. | -• | -8.1 | -12.4 | $-10.8$ | $-9.8$ | -10.3 |
| 1959.. | ... | *. | -.. | -** | ... | .. | -.. | -. | ... | -. | -.. | ... | -4.2 | 0.8 | $-1.0$ | -0.6 | $-1.2$ |
| 1960.. | -•* | - | -•• | -•• | . $\cdot$ | -.. | -.. |  | -.. |  | -. | ... | 7.1 | 5.6 | 1.3 | -0.6 |  |
| 1961. 1962.0 | -.. | ... | -.. | ... | ... | ... | -.. | -.. | ... | ... | -.. | -. | -4.9 | -28.3 | -3.8 | -1.9 | -3.10 |
| 1962.. | - | ** | -•• | -.. | -. | -.. | - . | -. | -* | . $\cdot$ | -. | -•• | -5.0 | -6.6.6 | -2.6 | $-3.8$ | -3. ${ }^{3}$ |
| 1963.. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | -•• | -•• | -.. | , | -•• | -.. | -•• | -•• | ... | -2.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 8.1 | 0.7 |
| 1964.0 1965.0 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... | -.. | ... | ... | -.. | $\ldots$ | -2. 5 | $-6.3$ | $-2.7$ | -0.6 | -3.0 |
| 1965.. | $\cdots$ | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -.. | -.. | -.. | -.. | -.. | -. | -.. | 4.4 | 4.7 | $-3.1$ | -1.1 | 1.3 |
| 176\%.. | -•• | $\cdots$ | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | - $\cdot$ | . $\cdot$. | -•• | -•• | - $\cdot$ | 2.0 | 3.7 | -0.3 | $-3.8$ | 0.6 |




## F. Historical Data for Selected Series-Continued

This appendix contains historical data for Business Cycie Developments series extending back to 1945 or to the earliest date thereafter for which data are available. Data are published in this appendix for (a) new series which have been added to Business Cycle Developments, (b) series which have been revised recentity, and (c) series which have not been shown historically for a long period of time. See the index, Series Finding Guide, for the latest issue in which historical data for each series were published. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3 . Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol @ (indicating unadjusted data) follows the series titie. Official source agency quarterly and/or annual totals are presented in this table wherever possible. These figures are often calculated from monthly data with more digits or from data which have not been seasonally adjusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from totals and averages computed from monthly data presented herein.

| Year | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly |  |  |  | Annual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | 10 | 110 | III Q | IV Q |  |


|  |  | 51. | eral. | receipts, national income and product accounts (ANNiJAL FATE, GILLION OOLLARS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | average for period |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1945.. | - | ... | . | . | ... | - | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . | -.. | -•• | ... | . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | .... | . $\cdot$. |  |  |
| 1946.. |  | ... | -.. | ... | ... | ... | ... | -* | - | -.. | - | ... | 34.9 | 38.2 | 41.1 | 42.1 | 39.1 |
| 1947.. | ... | . | ... | -.. | -... | ... | -.. | ... | -.. | - | -.. | ... | 43.5 | 42.8 | 42.1 | 44.5 | 43.2 |
| 1948.. |  | ... | . | - $\cdot$ | - | -•• | -•• | $\cdots$ | - | ** | . | . 0 | 44.7 | 43.5 | 42.6 | 42.4 | 43.3 |
| 1949.. | - | ... | $\cdots$ | -.. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | -.. | .. | ... | -.. | -.. | $\ldots$ | 40.8 | 38.8 | 38.5 | 37.5 | 38.9 |
| 1950.. | ... | ... | -.. | -.. | - | . | -.. | - $\cdot$ | - | ... | ... | . . $\cdot$ | 42.4 | 46.6 | 52.9 | 57.5 | 49.8 |
| 1951.. | - | -•• | - | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | - | - | $\cdots$ | -** | $\cdots$ | 65.6 | 62.7 | 62.0 | 65.9 | 64.0 |
| 1952.0 | ... | $\cdots$ | - | -•• | - . | $\bullet \cdot \cdot$ | $\bullet \cdot$ | -* | $\bullet \cdot$ | ** | $\bullet$ | -** | 66.2 | 66.3 | 66.8 | 69.8 | 67.3 |
| 1953.. | -.. | -.. | - | -.. | -.. | -.. | -•• | . | ... | .- | ... | ... | 71.7 | 71.9 | 70.7 | 65.6 | 70.0 |
| 1954.. | -.. | -. | . | - . | . | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | . | -•* | -• | 62.9 | 62.9 | 63.6 | 65.7 | 63.8 |
| 1955.. | - . | ... | -.. | $\cdots$ | -•• | -.. | -•• | -.. | -. | -.. | -•* | -•• | 69.2 | 71.1 | 73.3 | 75.0 | 72.2 |
| 1956.. | -.. | -.. | -•• | -.. | -•• | -•• | -•• | - . | -.. | - | -.. | -•. | 75.6 | 77.2 | 77.2 | 80.1 | 77.5 |
| 1957.. | -.. | $\cdots$ | -** | -•• | $\cdots$ | -•* | -•• | * | ** | - | ** | $\bullet$ | 82.4 | 82.2 | 82.3 | 79.4 | 81.6 |
| 1958.. | -. | ... | . | ... | -.. | .. | $\cdots$ | -.. | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 76.0 | 75.9 | 79.5 | 83.1 | 78.6 |
| 1959.. | - . | -•• | -* | -•• | -•• | -•• | -* | -•• | - | . | -•• | -.. | 87.5 | 91.2 | 89.9 | 90.3 | 89.7 |
| $1980 .$. | . | -. | -•• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -** | -•• | -•• | - | -.. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 97.5 | 97.6 | 95.7 | 95.1 | 96.5 |
| 1951.. | -•• | -.. | -.. | - . | $\cdots$ | -•• | -•• | -.. | $\cdots$ | -.. | ** | -.. | 94.4 103.4 | 97.1 | 99.1 | 102.4 | 98.2 |
| 1952.. | -•• | -•• | -•• | - . | ** | -** | - $\cdot$ | -•• | - | - $*$ | - * | -** | 103.4 | 105.6 | 107.6 | 109.2 | 106.4 |
| 1953.. | - . | -•• | . $\cdot$ | - . | ** | $\cdots$ | -•• | - | -.. | -.. | -.. | -•• | 112.0 | 113.9 | 115.0 | 117.2 | 114.5 |
| 1964.. | ... | -.. | . | -.. | -.. | -.. | -• | - | - | -.. | -.. | ... | 115.3 | 112.2 | 115.4 | 117.2 | 115.0 |
| 1965.. | -. | -. | . | ... | . | .. | -.. | - $\cdot$ | -.. | -.. | -.. | ... | 123.2 | 124.8 | 123.4 | 127.4 | 124.7 |
| 1965. | -• | -•• | -** | -•• | $\cdots$ | -** | -•• | * ${ }^{\circ}$ | ** | -• | -•• | -•• | 136.8 | 142.1 | 145.5 | 147.7 | 143.0 |
| 952. Feoeral expenditures, nat ional income and product accounts (ANNUAL RATE, billion dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | average for pepiod |  |  |  |  |
| 1945.. | ** | *** | -.. | -•• | -.. | -.. | ... | -.. | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ | -•• | -•* | ... |  |
| 1946. | ... | ... | ... | -.. | ... | - | - | - | $\cdots$ | ... | -. |  | 42.8 | 35.4 | 32.1 | 32.0 | 35.6 |
| 1947.0. | ... | - $*$ | - . | " ${ }^{\circ}$ | -. | , | ... | ... | ... | ... | . . | . | 28.7 | 29.2 | 32.2 | 29.3 | 29.8 |
| 1948.. | -.. | -. | -.. | ** | -. | $\cdots$ | -. | - $\cdot$ | -.. | -.. | - . | ... | 31.0 | 32.9 | 36.7 | 39.0 | 34.9 |
| 1949.- | ... | -.. | -.. | $\cdots$ | -. | -.. | $\cdots$ | - $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | -.. | ... | $\cdots$ | 40.0 | 41.7 | 42.4 | 41.4 | 41.4 |
| 1950.. | ... | -. | - . | ... | $\cdots$ | -•. | . $\cdot$ | , | -.. | -.. | -.. | . . | 47.2 | 39.0 | 36.4 | 40.4 | 40.8 |
| $1951 . .$ | -•• | -•• | - . | -•• | *** | - - |  |  | -.. |  |  |  | 47.6 |  |  | 67.2 | 57.8 |
| 1952.0. | $\cdots$ | -.. | -.. | :.. | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | -.. | $\ldots$ | ... | . | -. | $\cdots$ | 66.1 | 70.1 | 74.4 | 73.5 | 71.0 |
| 1953.. | -•• | -** | -•• | -•• | -•• | - $\cdot$ | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | - | -•• | 76.2 | 78.0 | 76.5 | 77.3 | 77.0 |
| 1954.* | . $\cdot$ | -•* | - . | -•• | -•• | -•• | . | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | - . |  |  |  | 67.6 |  |
| 1955.. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | -... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | -... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | .... | -.. | $\ldots$ | 67.9 69.3 | 67.1 | 68.3 72.3 | 69.0 | 68.1 71.9 |
| 1956.. | ... | -. | -.. | -.. | * | - . | -•• | -. | -.. | $\cdots$ | - | -.. | 69.3 | 71.8 | 72.3 | 74.1 | 71.9 |
| 1957.. | - | - * | -** | -•• | $\bullet$ | -** | -•* | - | -** | -•• | -•• | -•• | 78.1 | 79.7 | 79.7 | 80.9 | 79.6 |
| 1958.. | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | -.. | -.. | ... | ... | -.. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | - | 84.1 91.7 | 88.3 90.4 | 90.3 90.9 | 92.9 91.0 | 88.9 91.0 |
| 1959.. | -.. | -. | -.. | -•* | $\cdots$ | - $\cdot$ | - $\cdot$ | ** | - $\cdot$ | "* | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 91.7 | 90.4 | 90.9 | 91.0 | 91.0 |
| 1960.. | -** | - $\cdot$ | - $\cdot$ | -•• | -* | ** | -•• | - $\cdot$ | - | - | -•• | -• | 90.4 | 92.0 | 94.2 | 95.7 | 93.1 |
| 1961.0 | -.. | -. | -.. | ... | -.. | ... | -.. | . | . | -.. | ... | ... | 99.3 | 101.6 | 102.9 | 104.3 | 102.0 |
| 1962.0 | -•• | - . | -.. | -.. | ** | -•• | -•• | - . | -.. | - | $\bullet$ | -•• | 108.4 | 110.2 | 110.2 | 112.4 | 110.3 |
| 1963.. | $\cdots$ | -. | -.. | . | $\cdots$ | -.. | - $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\bullet$ | -•• |  | 114.4 | 112.1 | 113.8 | 115.1 | 113.8 |
| 1964.0. | ... | -.. | -.. | - | ... | -. | -.. | ... | - | - | -. | $\ldots$ | 117.8 118.8 | 118.5 120.2 | 118.1 | 117.8 128.5 | 118.0 123.5 |
| 1965.. | -.. | - $\cdot$ | -.. | -•• | - . | -. | - $\cdot$ | -•• | -.. | - | - $\cdot$ | -.. | 118.8 | 120.2 | 126.5 | 128.5 | 123.5 |
| 1966.. | $\cdots$ | -•* | - $\cdot$ | -** | - $\cdot$ | - $\cdot$ | -•• | -•• | ** | - $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | -•* | 134.8 | 138.4 | 145.8 | 150.5 | 142.4 |

NOTE: The series on this page are revised from 1965 to date. See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

## F．Historical Data for Selected Series－Continued

This appendix contains historical data for Business Cycle Developments series extending back to 1945 or to the earliest date thereafter for which data are available．Date are pithished ir this appendix for（a） new series which have been added to Business Cycle Developments，（b）series which have been revised receitly，and（c）series which have not been shown historically for a long rerian of thite．See the lntex，Series Finding Guide，for the latest issue in which historical data for each series were published．Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3 ．Data are seasenally adjusted unlees the syateol（i）（indtegtimg unadjusted dita） follows the series title．Official source agency quarterly and／or annual totals are presented in this table wherever possible．These figures are often calculated froin moritly ditio witi fame dig ts of from data which have not been seasonally adjusited；therefore，they may differ slightly from totals and averages computed from monthly data presented herein．

| Year | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | gurtely |  |  |  | Anulai |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan． | Fel． | Mar． | Apr． | May | June | July | Aug． | Sept． | Oct． | Nov． | Dec． | 10 | 110 | 1112 | IVQ |  |
| 98．ChANGE IN MONEY SUPPLY ANO TIME DEPOS It （ANNUAL RATE，PERCENT） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | AVERAGE FOR PERICO |  |  |  |  |
| 1 145. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |  | －•• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ＊＊ | $\cdots$ | －＊＊ | ＊． | －•• | －•• | $\ldots$ |  | －•• | $\ldots$ |
| i 146. | $\cdots$ | 3.36 | 5093 | 1.96 | 5．75 | －18 | －0\％ | 0.00 | 5076 | － 6 － | 409 | 0000 | ．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |
|  | $\cdots$ | 3.36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.68 |  |  | －•• | $\cdots$ | ．$\cdot$ | ．$\cdot$ | ． |
| 1.949. | 3.34 | 4.00 | －4．83 | －2．40 | －1．68 | 0.09 | 1.35 | 1.68 | －0．84 | －0．84 | －1．68 | －2．40 | ．$\cdot$ | －•• | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 1944． | －1．68 | 0.00 | 0.03 | ． 6.68 | 2.40 | －0．84 | －1． 34 | －1．68 | －0．84 | 0.011 | 0.84 | 1.68 | ．．． | ．．． | ＊＊＊ | －•• | ．．． |
| 19.3 | 2.40 | 6． $\mathrm{T}^{3}$ | 3.24 | 6.48 | 5.64 | 3.24 | 2.12 | 3.40 | 0.84 | 3.12 | 2.40 | 3.12 | ．． | ．．． | ，． | ．．． | ．． |
| 135i．． | 3.76 | 2.413 | 3.96 | 2.23 | 3.84 | 3.84 | 0.12 | 5.40 | 8.40 | 5.28 | 9.12 | 6.72 | －•• | ＋． | ＊． | ．$\cdot$－ | $\ldots$ |
| 19，2．0 | 4.44 | 6.100 | 3.011 | 3.72 | 4.44 | 5.16 | 1．66 | 3.04 | 7.20 | 3.69 | 5.76 | 3.60 | －•• | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ！$\cdot$ ． |
| 193．． | 1．44 | 2.16 | 6.36 | 3.48 | 3.49 | 1.44 | 6.76 | 2.76 | 1.44 | 3.48 | 2.64 | 2.76 | ．． | ．． | ．． | ．．． | －•• |
| 19，4．． | 3.48 | 3.4 | 3．49 | $-3.72$ | 10.32 | 3.36 | $\bigcirc 12$ | 6.12 | 2.04 | 5.40 | 4.68 | 2.04 | ．$\cdot$ | ．．． | ．．． | $\ldots$ | －•• |
| 295. | 6.915 | 7．3？ | －1．3？ | 3.24 | 4.56 | 0.00 | 3.24 | 0.03 | 3.24 | 1.92 | －0．69 | ？．64 | $\ldots$ | ．．． | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ．．． |
| 1956．． | 1.35 | 0.374 | 2.64 | 3.24 | －c．50 | 3.24 | i．3？ | C．00 | 3.16 | 1.32 | 3.24 | 2.52 | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |
| 1） 7. | 4．4．4 | 2．0． | $4.4 \%$ | 1.92 | 3.72 | 1.20 | 1.72 | 3.12 | 0.60 | $1.2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.20 | 0.00 | ＊ | ．$\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | －•• | ．$\cdot$ |
| 194．．． | －1．2．1 | 14．24 | 4.84 | 9.12 | 7.80 | 10.90 | 4.85 | 7.63 | 3.48 | 4.09 | 6.48 | 2.28 | $\ldots$ | ．．． | －•• | $\ldots$ | －．$\cdot$ |
| ！ゾ9．． | 3.36 | 2．？${ }^{4}$ | 4.33 | 2.89 | 3.48 | 3.43 | 4.56 | －2．28 | －1．08 | －2．28 | $-1.20$ | －3．96 | ．． | ．．． | ．$\cdot$ | ．．． | ．．． |
| 19＋．．． | $\cdots \cdot \cdots 3$ | －4．${ }^{1:}$ | $\cdots .93$ | 1.23 | －2．29 | 1.39 | c． 36 | 9.64 | 5.64 | 4.56 | 2.89 | Tr． 24 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | －•• | ．．． | ．$\cdot$ |
| ： $1+1$. | 4.44 | 10．is | 「．0\％ | 5.52 | 7.69 | 6.60 | 3.40 | 6.00 | 7.56 | 6.36 | 7.44 | 4.80 | ．．． | －•• | －•＊ | $\ldots$ | ＊$\cdot$ |
| ： 6 C ． | 7.92 | 1．．83 | ต．36 | 7.63 | 2.32 | 6.12 | 5.04 | 4.03 | 4.56 | 9.48 | 8.40 | 10.32 | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |
| 1963． | 8． 76 | 9．${ }^{2} 4$ | 4.24 | 8.64 | 6.72 | 8.64 | 9.52 | 6.96 | 6.96 | 9.24 | 11.40 | 3.60 | －＊＊ | ＊．． | ＊$\cdot$ | ．$\cdot$ | ＂．$\cdot$ |
| 1964．． | 7.68 | 5.48 | 4.9 ？ | 6.34 | 7.92 | 7.92 | 1.24 | 7.44 | 9.12 | 7.68 | 8.88 | 7.56 | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |
| 965．． | 9.60 | ＂．6＂ | 7.08 | 7.80 | 6.96 | 9.36 | 9.24 | 10.44 | 10.68 | 12.60 | 7.80 | 9.86 | ．．． | ＂•＂ | ＊． | $\cdots$ | －•• |
| 17tio． | 4.40 | 4．9\％ | 9.20 | 12.44 | 6.72 | 6.72 | 4.44 | 4.08 | 4.80 | －2．52 | －1．44 | 5.16 | －•• | $\ldots$ | ．．． | －•• | ¢ $\cdot$ |
| 85．CHANGE IN U．S．MONEY SUPPLY <br> （ANNUAL RATE，PERCENT） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | AVERAGE FOS PERIOD |  |  |  |  |
| －3．3．． | －•• | －•• | －•• |  |  |  | －•＊ |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | ．．． | $\ldots$ | ．$\cdot$ | ．．． |
| 846. | －． | $\cdots$ | 50.90 | $\because 7$ | 6．0．8 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\because 0$. | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | －•• | －• | －•• | －•• | ．$\cdot$ |
| 947. | －$\cdot$ | 6.6 | 3.60 | 8.76 | 6.48 | 4.32 | 1.03 | 4.32 | 4.32 | －1．08 | 4.20 | －2．16 | －．． | $\cdots$ | －•• | ．．． | －．． |
| 1948． | 3.24 -3.74 | －2．16 | －6．36 | －3．24 | －2．16 | －1．03 | 2.16 | 1.08 | $-1.08$ | －1．08 | －3．24 | －3．24 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | －•• | －•• | ．．． |
| 1947. | $-3.34$ | 0．3．） | 0.01 | 1.03 | 2.16 | －2．16 | －2．08 | －2．16 | －1．08 | － 3 | 1.08 | 2.16 | ．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． |
| 1930．． | 3.24 | 6.93 | 4.3 3 | 7.44 | 5.28 | 4.20 | 3.28 | 4.20 | 2.04 | 5.16 | 2.04 | 3.12 | ．．． | ．$\cdot$ | ．$\cdot$ | －•• | －•• |
| 1ヶ51．． | 5.16 | 4.318 | 5．19 | 2.04 | 4.98 | 4.08 | 3.04 | 5.04 | 8.04 | 6.00 | 9.96 | 6.84 | －•• | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ．$\cdot$ |
| 1952．． | 3.46 | 4．9\％ | 1.92 | 2.88 | 3.84 | 4.80 | 2.88 | 3.84 | 6.72 | 2.89 | 3.84 | 2.88 | ．．． | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ．．． |
| 1433．． | －0．96 | 0.96 | 5.64 | 2.76 | 1.92 | 0.00 | 0.96 | 0.96 | －0．96 | 0.96 | 0.60 | 0.96 | ．．． | $\ldots$ | ．． | ． | ．． |
| 1．854．． | 1.92 | 0.96 | 0.90 | －5．5 | 10.32 | 1.80 | 3.72 | 3.72 | 1.30 | 5.52 | 5.52 | 1.80 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ．${ }^{\text {P }}$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |
| 2955．． | 6.36 | 8.6 | －2．64 | 2.64 | 6.24 | －1．80 | 1.65 | 0.00 | 1.80 | 1.83 | －2．64 | 2.64 | ．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．$\cdot$ ． |
| i956．． | 2.64 | 0.00 | 2.81 | 2.64 | $-1.80$ | 1.80 | 6.00 | －2．64 | 4.44 | 0.84 | 2.64 | 2.64 | ．． | ．$\cdot$ | ．$\cdot$ | ．．． | ．．． |
| 1957．． | 0.00 | －1． 0.84 | 1． 84 | 9.09 | 3.84 | －0．94 | 3.34 | 0.184 | －2．64 | －2．64 | －1． 90 | －3．48 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978．． | －3．48 | 6.24 | 2.64 | 4.44 | 4.32 | 7．8） | 0.00 | 6.12 | 3.48 | 5.16 | 6.84 | 1.68 | $\ldots$ | ．．． |  |  |  |
| 1999．． | 4． 0 | 3.36 | 4.20 | ：．68 | 4.20 | 1.68 | 5.88 | $-4.30$ | －2．52 | －3．36 | －1．68 | －6．72 | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | ．．． | $\ldots$ |
| 1963）． | －1．58 | －3．30 | －3．36 | －3． 34 | －4．32 | －1．58 | $\bigcirc .52$ | 4.32 | 1.68 | 0.00 | －2．5？ | 2.52 | $\ldots$ | ．．． | －•• | ．$\cdot$ | $\cdots$ |
| 161．． | 9.84 | $4 \cdot 8.1$ | 3.58 | 2.52 | 3.36 | 2.52 | $\therefore .00$ | 2.52 | 5.04 | 3.36 | 5.88 | 3.36 | ．．． | ．．． | ．． | ．． |  |
| 1062．． | 0.84 | 2.56 | 1.68 | $2.5 \%$ | －1．68 | 0.84 | $-0.84$ | －0．84 | －1．68 | 4.92 | 4.08 | 4.08 | $\cdots$ | ．$\cdot$ | － | ．$\cdot$ | ．， |
| 1953．0． | 4.92 | 4.92 | 1.56 | 4.08 | 3.96 | 4.80 | $4+80$ | 1.56 | 2.43 | 6.36 | 7.92 | －2．40 | ．．． | ．． | $\ldots$ | －•• |  |
| 1464．．． | 3.96 | 2．4．） | 3.40 | 3.12 | 4.69 | 3.84 | 7.68 | 5.45 | 5．28 | 3.84 | 4.56 | 1.56 | ．．． | $\ldots$ | ．．． | $\ldots$ | $\because$ |
| 1965．0 | 2．？ 8 | 3.00 | 1．4．4 | 3.72 | 1.44 | 6.00 | 5.16 | $5 . \mathrm{HE}$ | 5.88 | 8.76 | 3.80 | 7.92. | ．．． | ．． | ．． | － | $\cdots$ |
| 1965．． | 7.92 | 5.04 | 4．3？ | 7.90 | c． 00 | 1.44 | －4．20 | C． 72 | 3.48 | －2．16 | 0.00 | 1.44 | ＊． | ．$\cdot$ | ＋$\cdot$ | － |  |


Imbue，＂page dii

## G. Descriptions and Sources of Series

## 16. Corporate Profits After Taxes

This series measures the earnings of corporations organized for profit accruing to U.S. residents after deduction of Federal and State taxes levied on corporate earnings. Profits are measured before deduction of depletion charges and exclude capital gains and losses and intercorporate dividends from domestic corporations. They include net receipts of dividends and branch profits from abroad.

Except for the two most recent years, the annual corporate profits data are based on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) tabulations of unaudited corporate income tax returns, adjusted for comparability with other data in the OBE national income accounts.

Annual data for the most recent two years and for quarters are estimated by extrapolating the latest estimates based on IRS tabulations of corporate tax returns. These estimates are based on (1) data on manufacturing corporations published by the Federal Trade Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission in Quarterly Financial Report; (2) reports of Federal regulatory agencies (for industries regulated by the Federal Government); and (3) various nongovernmental surveys. The estimates are revised to conform to IRS tabulations of tax returns when such tabulations become available for a given year.

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)

## 21. Change in Business Inventories, Farm and Nonfarm, After Valuation Adjustment (GNP Component)

This series measures the change in physical volume of inventories valued at current replacement costs. Purchased materials, supplies, goods in process, and finished goods are included. Inventory changes in both the nonfarm and farm sectors of the economy are measured.

BCD series 31 covers the change in inventories in manufacturing and trade industries while this series includes all inventories of the private business sector. Further differences between these series are (1) this series measures changes quarterly, while series 31 measures changes monthly; and (2) current prices are used in valuing the inventory change in this series, while series 31 is based on reported book values; a large portion of book values are recorded in prices of earlier periods.

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)

## 22. Ratio of Profits (After Taxes) to Income Originating, Corporate, All Industries

This series measures after-tax profits originating in corporate business (excluding the rest of the world) as a percent of income originating in corporate business (excluding the rest of the world).

Income originating in corporations is the sum of (1) compensation of employees--income accruing to persons in an employee status as remuneration for their work, including wages and salaries (monetary remuneration, including executives' compensation, commissions, tips, bonuses, and payment in kind), and supplements to wages and salaries (monetary
compensation not regarded as wages and salaries, such as employers' contributions for social insurance, private pensions, health, and welfare funds; compensation for injuries; directors' fees; pay of military reserve; and other minor items of labor income); (2) corporate profits before tax-the earnings of corporations organized for profit which accrue to residents of the U.S., measured before Federal and State profits taxes, without deduction of depletion charges, and exclusive of capital gains and losses (1'rofits are measured by eliminating intercorporate dividends from profits of domestic corporations and include net receipts of dividends and branch profits from abroad.); and (3) net interest--the excess of interest payments (monetary and imputed) of corporations over their interest receipts.

Corporate profits after tax is the net earnings of corporate enterprises after deduction of taxes levied by lederal and State governments on corporate earnings.

Transactions between the rest of the world and the United States are excluded from both components of this series.

The seasonally adjusted corporate profits component is divided by the seasonally adjusted income originating in corporate business total to yield the seasonally adjusted ratio.

Both components of this series are seasonally adjusted by their source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)

49 and 50. Gross National Product in Current (series 49) and Constant (series 50) Dollars

Gross national product measures the market value of all goods and services produced during the reporting period without allowance for capital consumption. The major components are the following:
(1) Personal consumption expenditures, which includes purchases of goods and services by individuals and nonprofit institutions, the value of goods and services received by them as income in kind, and the rental value of owneroccupied dwellings. (It does not include purchases of dwellings, which are classified as capital goods.)
(2) Gross private domestic investment, which consists of the acquisitions of fixed capital goods by private business and nonprofit institutions, purchases of dwellings by persons for their own occupancy, and the value of the change in the volume of inventories held by business; it also includes commissions from the sales of new and existing fixed assets.
(3) Net exports of goods and services, which measures the balance on the exports and imports of goods and services, excluding transfers under military grants.
(4) Government purchases of goods and services. This component is defined elsewhere in this appendix. (See description for series 952.)

The procedure generally used for calculating GNP in constant dollars (series 50 ) is to divide components of the current-dollar GNP by appropriate price indexes, utilizing as fine a product breakdown as possible, and then to sum the components to obtain the constant-dollar GNP. In some cases, constant-dollar values are extrapolated by a quantity serics.

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)

## 52. l'ersonal Income

This series measures the income received by individuals, unincorporated businesses, and nonprofit institutions (including pension, health, welfare, and trust funds). This income represents the sum of labor income, proprictors' income, rental income of persons, dividends, personal interest, and transfer payments, minus personal contributions to social insurance. Capital gains and losses are excluded. Most of the income is in monetary form, but there are important exceptions--chiefly the net rental value of owneroccupied homes, the value of food produced and consumed on farms, and the value of financial services received by individuals and nonprofit institutions without explicit payment.

A large share of the components of personal income are also components of national income; however, personal income differs from national income by including transfer payments and government interest in the total and by excluding contributions for social insurance (by employee and employer), the corporate inventory valuation adjustment, and corporate profits tax liability and undistributed corporate profits. The various components of personal income are based on monthly data collected by a variety of governmental and private agencies and on assumptions of monthly patterns of data less currently available.

Components of this series are seasonally adjusted separately by the source agency (except where seasonal patterns do not exist or are not well defined) and, when aggregated, yield a seasonally adjusted total. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)
53. 1. abor Income in Mining, Manufacturing, and Construction

This series represents total wage and salary disbursements (excluding "other labor income") to workers in all commodity-producing industries except farming--i.e., in mining, manufacturing, contract construction, forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services. Wages and salaries paid in the first three industries named account for approximately 99 percent of this total. This series represents one of the more cyclically sensitive components of personal income, tending to move very closely with business cycles.

The income commonly regarded as wage and salary disbursements received by employees as remuneration for their work includes executives' compensation, commissions, tips, bonuses, and payments in kind which represent income to the recipients. Retroactive wages are counted when paid rather than when earned. Fxcluded are employer contributions to social insurance; employer contributions to private pension, health and welfare funds; compensation for injuries; directors' fees; and a few other minor items of other labor income.

The data are based on information collected monthly from various governmental and private agencies and onextrapolations of other data available less currently.

Components of this series are seasonally adjusted separately by the source agency and, when aggregated, yield a scasonally adjusted total. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)

## 57. Final Sales

This series represents that part of GNP actually sold to final users. Thus, it is the GNP less the change in business inventories. Included are personal consumptionexpenditures,
gross private domestic fixed investment, net exports of goods and services, and government purchases of goods and services.

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source ageney. (Source: U.S. Department of Commeres, Office of Business: liconomics.)
68. Labor Cost (Current Dollars) Per Unit of Gross Product: (1958 Dollars), Nonfinancial Corporitions

This series measures the current-dollar labor cost (compensation of employees) incarred by nonfinancial cor.. porations in producing one 1958 dollar's worth of output in the current period. It is the ratio of current-dollar compen... sation of employees to gross corporate product in 1958 dollars.

The compensation of employees component measures the income of persons in an employee status as remuncration for their work. It includes (1) wage and salary disbursements--the compensation of omployees commonty regarded as wages and salaries, including compensation of executives, commissions, payment ia kind, bonuses, and tips; and (2) supplements to wages and salaries--or "fringe benefits," which includes supplements to wages and sala ies, such as employers' contributions to social insurance; private pension, health, and welfare funds; compensation for injuries; military reserve pay; etc.

Real gross producl: originating in nonfinancial corporations is equal to the current period quartities of mross corporate product valued at 1958 prices. It is defined as the sales of these firms to other businesses, consumers, government, and foreigners, plus the addition to their own inventories, less current purchases from domestic and foreign souces. Alternatively, it may be definec, as the sum of incomes and other charges to gross product, capital consumption allowances, indirect business taxes, compeasation of employees, net interest, and corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. For this series, data based on the laterer definition are used.

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Busincss Economics.)

## 101. Federal Purchases of Gcods and Services--National Defense

This series measures the Federal Government purchases of (or expenditures for) goods ard services related to national defense. "National defense" comprises (1) Department of Defense military functions, (2) military assistance to other nations, (3) development and control of atomic energy, and (4) stockpiling and certain other defense-related activitie:
"Government purchases of goods and services" is defined elsewhere in this appendix. (See deceription for series 952.)

Federal Government purchases for national defense conforms generally to the Daily Treasury Statement classification of expenditures into war and nonwar aetivities for the period prior to 1947. For the period from 1947 to date, it contorms to the "national defense" classification in the Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Y'ar I Inding June $30,1986$. (This description defines the latter concept.)

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)

## G. Descriptions and Sources of Series--Continued

854. Ratio, Personal Saving to Disposable Personal Income

This series shows the proportion of disposable personal income that has been saved.

Disposable personal income is the income remaining to persons after deduction of personal tax and nontax payments to general government. Personal income consists of income from all sources: Wage and salary disbursements, other labor income, proprietors' income, rental income, dividends, personal interest income, and transfer payments, minus personal contributions for social insurance. Personal tax and nontax payments consists of tax and nontax payments to general government (other than contributions for social insurance) which are not deductible as expenses of business operations, and other general government revenues from individuals in their personal capacity. The principal taxes are income, estate, inheritance, gift, motor vehicle, and personal property taxes paid to Federal, State, and local governments. Nontax payments include passport fees, fines, donations, penalties, and tuition fees, and hospital fees paid to State and local governments.

Personal saving is obtained by deducting personal consumption expenditures, interest paid by consumers, and personal transfer payments to foreigners from disposable personal income.

The ratio of personal saving to disposable personal income is obtained by dividing personal saving by disposable personal income.

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)
95. Federal Government Surplus or Deficit, National Income and Product Accounts

This series measures the difference between Federal receipts and expenditures as they are recorded in the U.S. national income and product accounts. Descriptions of Federal Government receipts and expenditures are given elsewhere in this appendix. (See descriptions for series 951 and 952.)

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)

## 951. Federal Government Receipts, National Income and Product Accounts

This series measures the dollar volume of receipts of the Federal Government as reported in the U.S. national income and product accounts. These receipts derive from (1) personal tax and nontax receipts, which consist primarily of individual income taxes, estate and gift taxes, and certain payments such as fines and penalties; (2) corporate profits tax accruals--the Federal tax liability incurred and accrued by resident corporations on their corporate earnings during the specific year or period; (3) indirect business tax and nontax accruals, including liquor, tobacco, and other excise taxes, and customs duties; and (4) contributions for social insurance, which is composed chiefly of employment taxes, contributions to the retirement funds for government employees, and deposits by the State to the unemployment trust fund.

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)
952. Federal Government Expenditures, National Income and Product Accounts

This series measures the dollar volume of expenditures of the Federal Government as reported in the U.S. national income and product accounts. Five categories of expenditures are included:
(1) Federal purchases of goods and services is the only category of Federal spending which is included in the gross national product (GNP). This component is estimated in two categories--defense purchases and other purchases. These purchases represent the value of the Nation's output bought directly by the Federal Government and the gross investment of Government enterprises. They include the pay of military and civilian employees of the Federal Government, outlays on equipment and supplies for defense and other programs, new construction, net purchases from abroad, and the capital formation of Government enterprises. They exclude acquisition of land, current outlays of Government enterprises, transfer payments, Government interest, and subsidies, as well as transactions in financial claims.
(2) Transfer payments are outlays in return for which no current service is deemed to be obtained. Transfer payments to persons include such items as old-age and survivors' insurance benefits, medicare benefits, unemployment compensation, and military and veterans' benefits. Although such payments are not included in GNP, they do enter into the income stream and have an impact on national output. They are reflected in the GNP in another sector of the accounts when spent by the recipients. Foreign transfer payments consist of U.S. Government nonmilitary grants to foreign governments in cash and in kind, and U.S. Government pensions and other transfers, as measured in the balance of payments statistics.
(3) Net interest paid consists of interest outlays to U.S. residents minus interest received from them and is measured on an accrual basis. It excludes interest paid to trust funds.
(4) Grants in aid to State and local governments represents Federal payments to State and local governments (other than for interest on public debt). The most important grants-in-aid payments are for highways, public assistance, education, and public health. Payments to public educational institutions for research and development contracts are included. These statistics exclude outlays in kind, such as farm commodities donated to these governments. Grants in aid have their impact on GNP when respent by the recipient governmental unit.
(5) Subsidies less current surplus of Government enterprises. Subsidies are the monetary grants provided by Government to private business and reflect mainly payments to farmers, certain outlays for export and disposal of surplus agricultural commodities, and shipping subsidies. The current surplus of Government enterprises represents the excess of sales receipts over current operating costs of such Government enterprises as the Post Office, Commodity Credit Corporation, Tennessee Valley Authority. In calculating the current surplus, no deduction is made for depreciation, and interest is not included in either receipts or costs.

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.)

## Series Finding Guide

(See table of contents (page i) for chart and table titles)

| Series titles by economic process and other groupings (See comptete titles and sources on back oover) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tables } \\ & \text { (p. No.) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Historical } \\ \text { data } \\ \text { (issue date) } \end{gathered}$ | Series description (issue date) | Series titles by economic process and other groupings (See-complete titles and soucces on back covel) |  |  | Tanles (p. No.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Historical } \\ \text { data } \\ \text { (issue date) } \end{gathered}$ | Series ilescriptio (issue dat |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. EmPLOYmEnt and unemployment |  |  |  |  |  | V. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS..Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| "1. Avg. workweek, production | L | 9 | 6, 33 | Oct. ' 67 |  | 68. Labor cost per unit of gross product, |  |  |  |  |  |
| *30. Nonagricultural placements, all industries | L | 9 | 6, 33 | Apr. '68 |  | nonfinancial corporations | 18 | 23 | 4, 48 | July 1 es | Tuly t |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing . . . . . . . . | L | 9 | 6, 33 | Sept. 167 |  | *62. Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing . . | 18 | 骂 | 8, 42 | July '6? |  |
| 5. Initial claims, State unemploy. insurance | L | 9 | 6, 33 | Apr. ${ }^{68}$ |  | 81. Consumer prices . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ${ }^{\circ}$ | 8 | 8, 43 | May 168 |  |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing | L | 9 | 6, 33 | Sopt. 167 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 301. Nonagri. job openings unfilled | C | 17 | 7, 38 | Feb. 168 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46. Help-wanted advertising . . . | C | 17 | 7, 38 | June '68 |  | VI. MONEY AND CREDIT |  |  |  |  |  |
| 511. Man-hours in nonagri. establishments | C | 17 | 7, 38 | Feb. '68 |  | 98. Change, money supply and time deposits .... | 1. | $1{ }^{4}$ | 6, 37 | Juzy ${ }^{163}$ | ......... |
| *41. Employees on nonagri. payrolls ... | C | 17 | 7, 38 | Oct. 67 |  | 85. Change, money supply . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 15 | 6, 37 | July 168 |  |
| 42. Persons engaged in nonagri. ac | C | 17 | 7, 38 | Feb. 168 |  | 33. Change, mortgage debt | I. | 18 | 6. 34 | Apr. ${ }^{\text {169 }}$ |  |
| *43. Unemployment rate, total.. | C | 18 | 7, 38 | Feb. ${ }^{168}$ |  | *113. Change, consumer installment debt | 1. | 15 | 6,37 | Doc. 16y | July 16 |
| 45. Avg. weekly insured unemploy, rate | C | 18 | 7, 38 | Dec. 167 |  | 112. Change, business loans | 1. | 15 | 6,34 | Apr. 167 | Juy ${ }^{164}$ |
| 40. Unemployment rate, married males | C | 18 | 7, 38 | Feb. '68 |  | 110. Total private borrowing | 1. | 16 | 6, 34 | Mar. 169 | July ' 6 |
| *502. Unemploy, rate, 15 weeks and over | Lg | 22 | 7, 41 | Feb. 68 |  |  |  | 16 | 6, 34 | Mar. 163 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 39. Delinquency rate, installment loms, 30 days and over | 1. | 1.6 | 0,37 6,37 | Mar. 63 Apr. 167 |  |
| II. PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, and trade |  |  |  |  |  | 30 days and over <br> 93. Free reserves | S | 2.6 | 6, 7, 7 | Apr. <br> Jan. <br> 168 | …… |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 114. Treasury bill rate | - | 2 | 7,47 | Apr. ${ }^{163}$ | Juily 164 |
| 49. GNP in current dollars | C | 18 | 7, 39 | July 168 | July ${ }^{168}$ | 116. Corporate bond yields | - | $2 ?$ | 7, 4t | June 186 | Ju'y 164 |
| *50. GNP in 1958 dollars | C | 18 | 7, 39 | July 68 | July 168 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *47. Industrial production | C | 18 | 7, 39 | Dec. 167 |  | 115. Treasury bond yields . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | C | 31 | $\begin{array}{ll}7, & 40 \\ 7, & 40\end{array}$ | Jan. ${ }^{\text {Jan. }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } 164 \\ & \text { July } 164 \end{aligned}$ |
| *52. Personal income | C | 19 | 7, 39 | July 168 | July 168 July 168 | 117. Municipal bond yields 66. Consumer instal ment debt | ${ }_{4}$ | 23 | 7,40 9,48 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } 68 \\ & \text { Dec. } 61 \end{aligned}$ | $\text { July } 164$ |
| 53. Wages and salaries, mining, mf | C | 19 | 7, 39 | July 168 | July '68 | 66. Consumer instal ment debt . . . . . ${ }^{\text {*72. }}$ | $\mathrm{L}_{-8}$ | 23 | 9, 4, 4 a | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } 61 \\ & \text { Apr. } 168 \end{aligned}$ | . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| *816. Manufacturing and trade sales | C | 19 | 7, 39 | Apr. 167 <br> July  <br> 168  |  | *67. Bank rates on short-terniot business loans | $\mathrm{Lg}_{\mathrm{g}}$ | 23 | 9, ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & \text { Jan. } \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ |
| 57. Final sales ....... | C | 19 | 7, 39 | July 168 | July '68 | *67. Bank rates on short-term business loans <br> 118. Mortgage vielos, resideatial | Lg | 23 | - ${ }^{3}, 48$ | Jan. 'fat | July |
| *54. Sales of retail stores | C | 1.9 | 7, 39 | May ' 68 |  | 118. Mortgage yielos, resideatial | Lf | 23 | 3, 42 | Jan. 'el | July 64 |
| III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT |  |  |  |  |  | VII. FOREIGN TRADE AND PAYMENTS |  |  |  |  |  |
| *38. Index of net business formation | L | 10 | 6, 33 | Apr. 168 |  | 89. U.S. balance of payments: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13. New business incorporations. | L | 10 | 6, 33 | Mar. 168 | .......... | a. Liquidity balance basis | U | 34 | 8, 43 | June 167 | . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| *6. New orders, durable goods industries | L | 10 | 6,34 | June 167 | ......... | 88. Official settlements basi | U | 34 | 8, 43 | June Apr. 167 |  |
| 94. Construction contracts, value | L | 10 | 6,34 |  |  | 88. Merchandise trade balance. | U | ${ }^{2} 8$ | 8, 43 | Apr. ${ }^{167}$ |  |
| *10. Contracts and orders, plant and equipment | L | 10 | 6, 34 | May 168 | ......... | 86. Exports, excluding mililary sid .... | U | $3{ }^{3}$ | 5, 43 | Apx. 16 |  |
| 11. New capital appropriations, manufacturing | L | 11 | 6, 34 | Aug. 167 |  | 861. Export orders, durable goods, except |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24. New orders, mach. and equip. industries ... | L | 11 | 6, 34 | Dec. ${ }^{67}$ |  | 862. Export orders, nonelectric machinery | v | 25 | 8, 43 | Apr. Apr. (\% d |  |
| 9. Construction contracts, comm. and industrial . . | L | 11 | 6, 34 | May 167 |  | 87. General imports................. | II | 8t | 5,4.3 | Apr. 'f' | . $\cdot . .$. |
| 7. Private nonfarm housing starts | L | 11 | 6, 34 | May ${ }^{1} 68$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| "29. New building permits, private housing. | ${ }^{L}$ | 11 | 6, 34 | June 168 | .......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96. Unfilled orders, durable goods industries | C | 20 | 7, 40 | Dec. 167 | .......... | Vili. FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |
| 97. Backlog of capital appropriations, mfg. ...... <br> *61. Bus. expenditures, new plant and equipment . | $\mathrm{Lg}_{\mathrm{Lg}}$ | 20 | 77,40 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Aug. } & 167 \\ \text { Apr. } & 168\end{array}$ |  | 95. Fed. balance, nat'l. income and prod. act. | U | 26 | 8, 14.4 | July 168 | July '6 |
| *61. Bus. expenditures, new plant and equipment .. 505. Mach. and equip, sales and bus, constr. expend. | Lg | 22 | 7, 7,41 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Apr. } & 168 \\ \text { Nov. } & 67\end{array}$ |  | 951. Fed. receipts, nat'l. income and prod. acct. | U | 26 | 8, 44 | July 18 | July 168 |
| 505. Mach. and equip. sales and bus, constr. expend. | Lg | 22 | 7,41 | Nov. 67 |  | 952. Fed. expend, nat'lo income and prod. acci. . | II | 26 | 8, 4,4 | July '6 | July 168 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 101. National defense purchases, current dollers | $U$ | 27 | 8, 44 | duly 'ter | July 'bs |
| IV. INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT |  |  |  |  |  | 91. Defense Department obligations, total | , | $2{ }^{2}$ | 3, 8 | Dec. 'fly |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 90. Defense Dept. obligations, procurement ..... | I | 27 | 8, 84 | Dee. 'fit |  |
| 21. Change in business inventories. | L | 12 | 6, 35 | July '68 | July '68 | 99. New orders, defense products industries | I | \% | 4, 6.4 | Mar. 'f3 |  |
| *31. Change, mfg and trade inventories | L | 12 | 6, 35 | Nov. ${ }^{166}$ |  | 92. Military contract awards in U.S. . | U | 2 \% | \%, 44 | Aug. ' $\mathrm{f}^{\prime}$ |  |
| 37. Purchased materials, higher inventories | L | 12 | 6, 35 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 68$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20. Change, mtls. and supplies inventories | L | 12 | 6, 35 | Dec. ${ }^{167}$ | .......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26. Buying policy, production materials | L | 12 | 6,35 | Mar. '68 | .......... | SERIES UNCLASSIEIED BY CYCLICAL TIMING AND ECONOMICPROCESS |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32. Vendor performance, slower deliveries | L | 13 | 6, 35 | Jan. 688 | .......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods *71. Book value, mfg. and trade inventories. | Lg | 13 | 6,35 7,41 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Dec. } & 167 \\ \text { Apr. } & 167\end{array}$ |  | 850. Ratio, output to capacity, manufacturing |  | 23 | 8, 45 | July ${ }^{169}$ |  |
| 71. Book value, mfgo and trade inventories ...... 65. Mirs.' inventories, finished goods, book value. | Lg | 22 | 7, 41 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Apr. } & 167 \\ \text { Apr. } & 167\end{array}$ |  | 851. Ratio, inventories to sales, infg: and trate ... | U | 28 | 8,48 | July 167 | . $\cdot$. $\cdot$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 6. Mrs. ind |  |  |  |  |  | 852. Ratio, unfilled orders to shipments dur. goods. | U | 23 | 4, 48 | Tuly 167 | . . . . . . . |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 853. Ratio, prod. of bus. equip, to consumer goods. | U | 28 | 9, 45 | July ${ }^{16 \prime}$ | . . . . . . . |
| v. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS |  |  |  |  |  | 854. Ratio, personal saving to disposable personal income | U | 29 | 2, 46 | July ${ }^{1} 6$ | July 168 |
| *23. Industrial materials prices | L | 13 | 6, 36 | Dec. ${ }^{167}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *19. Stock prices, 500 c. stocks (1941-43 10)..... | L | 13 | -6, 36 | Mar. 168 |  | 855. Ratio, nonagri. job openings unfilled |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. Stock prices, 500 c . stocks (1957-59 $=100$ ) . . . | L | 32 14 | 48 6,36 | Oct. 67 <br> July 68 <br>   |  | to unemployed | U | 29 | $\because 45$ | Web. ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| 22. Ratio, profits to income originating, corporate . | L | 14 | 6, 36 | July 168 |  | 858. Output per man-hour, total private nonfarim. | U | C" | \%, 49 | Juno '63 | Juno 168 |
| 18. Profits per dollar of sales, mig. ............ | L | 14 | 6, 36 | Apr. 167 |  | Real avg. hourly mfg. . | U | 29 | 11, 46 | June '6 | June '68 |
| "17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, mig. . . . . . . . | L | 14 | 6, 36 | July 167 |  | 859. Real spendable avg. wkiy, earnings, nomagr. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55. Wholesale price index, industrial commodities.. | C | 20 | 7, 40 | $\text { May } 168$ |  | 857 prod. or nonsupv. workers (1957-59-100). |  | 29 | 19,45 | June ${ }^{1 / 4}$ | June 168 |
| 58. Wholesale price index, manufactured goods. | C | 20 | 7,40 | May 168 |  | 857. Vacancy rate, total rental housing | U | 29 | N, 4.3 | Peb. '60 |  |

 "series unclassified by cyclical timing and economic process," and "international comparisons").

Series Finding Guide--Continued

| ies titles by economic process and other groupings (See complete titles and sources on back cover) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{2} \\ & \frac{5}{2} \\ & \frac{2}{6} \\ & \frac{0}{5} \end{aligned}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{c} \text { Tables } \\ \text { (p. No. }) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Historical } \\ \text { data } \\ \text { (issue date) } \end{gathered}$ | Series description (issue date) | Series titles by economic process and other groupings <br> (See complete titiles and sources on back cover) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{0}{2} \\ & \dot{e} \\ & \text { en } \\ & \frac{n}{5} \end{aligned}$ | Tables <br> (p. No.) | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Historical } \\ \text { data } \\ \text { (issue date) } \end{array}\right\|$ | Series description (issue date) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS |  |  |  |  |  | DIF FUSION INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sanada, index of industrial production | U | 30 | 46 | July 167 |  | D1. Average workweek |  | 51 | 54, 58 | Oct. 167 |  |
| Jnited Kingdom, index of industrial production . | U | 30 | 46 | Nov. 167 | .......... | D6. New orders |  | 51 | 54, 58 | Apr. 165 |  |
| France, index of industrial production........ | U | 30 | 46 | Nov. ${ }^{167}$ | .......... | D11. Capital appropriations | ... | 51 | 54. | Aug. 167 |  |
| Nest Germany, index of industrial production | U | 30 | 46 | June ${ }^{1} 68$ | . ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| lapan, index of industrial production | U | 30 | 46 | Apr. ${ }^{168}$ | ......... | D34. Profits, mfg. |  | 51 | 55 | Oct. 164 |  |
| JECD-Europe, index of industrial production. | U | 30 | 46 | June '68 | ......... | D19. Stock prices. |  | 51 | 55, 59 | Apr. ${ }^{165}$ |  |
| taly, index of industrial production. | U | 30 | 46 | Nov. 167 |  | D23. Industrial materials prices |  | 51 | 55, 60 | Apr. 165 |  |
| Sanada, index of consumer prices . . . . . . . . . | U | 35 | 47 | Oct. 167 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jnited Kingdom, index of consumer prices . . . | U | 31 | 47 | Oct. ${ }^{167}$ |  | D4. Initial claims .................... |  | 51 52 | 55,60 56,61 | May 165 Nov. 167 |  |
| France, index of consumer prices. | U | 31 | 47. | Oct. 167 |  | D4. Employees in nonagri. establishments D47. Industrial production .......... |  | 52 52 | 56,61 56,61 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Nov. } & 167 \\ \text { Apr. } & 165\end{array}$ |  |
| Nest Germany, index of consumer prices | U | 31 | 47 | Oct. 167 |  | D47. Industrial production |  | 52 | 56, 61 | Apr. 165 |  |
| Japan, index of consumer prices | U | 31 | 47 | Oct. '67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| taly, index of consumer prices | U | 31 | 47 | Oct. 167 |  | D58. Wholesale prices, mfg. |  | 52 | 56, 62 | Apr. ${ }^{167}$ |  |
| Sanada, index of stock prices | U | 32 | 48 | Oct. ${ }^{167}$ |  | D54. Retail sales .. |  | 52 | 56, 63 | Apr. '65 |  |
| Jnited Kingdom, index of stock prices | U | 32 | 48 | Oct. 167 | . ........ | D35. Net sales, mfrs. |  | 53 | 57 | Nov. '64 |  |
| France, index of stock prices | U | 32 | 48 | Oct. ${ }^{167}$ | . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nest Germany, index of stock prices | U | 32 | 48 | Oct. ${ }^{167}$ |  | 036. New orders |  | 53 | 57 | Nov. '64 |  |
| Japan, index of stock prices | U | 32 | 48 | Oct. 167 |  | D48. Freight carloadings |  | 53 | 57 | Nov. '64 |  |
| taly, index of stock prices | U | 32 | 48 | Oct. ${ }^{167}$ |  | 061. New plant and equipment expenditures |  | 53 | 57 | Nov. 164 |  |

[^9]

# Current Data on U.S. Defense Activity and its impacton the National Ecomomy 

The principal time series on defense activity which influence short-term changes in the national economy are now available in a new monthly report from the Bureau of the Census.

Defense Indicators includes data on the following measures of defense activity:

\author{

- Obligations - Orders - Shiprnents Employment <br> - Contracts •Expenditures - Inventories •Earnings
}

Recommended by an interagency committee established by the Bureau of the Budget, the new report presents data compiled by the Department of Defense, the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the Bureau of the Census, the Treasury Department, and the Office of Business Economics. With the exception of a few quarterly series, the measures are updated monthly.

The approximately 30 time series included are grouped in accordance with the time at which the activities they measure occur in the defense order-production-delivery process. The measures are presented graphically in three charts to facilitate interpretation:

## - Comparison of National Defense Purchases with Total Gross National Product <br> - Advance Indicators of Defense Activity <br> - Intermediate and Final Indicators of Defense Activities

Analytical tables provide the original and seasonally adjusted basic data in monthly, quarterly, and annual form. Descriptions and definitions of the time series are also included.

Defense Indicators is available from the Super-intendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., or any Department of Commerce field office, at $\$ 4.50$ per year. An order form is furnished with this announcement.

ORDER SUBSCRIPTIONS FROM Superintendent of Documents Government Printing Office
Washington, D.C., 20402
Annual subscription, $\$ 4.50$ (addilional $\$ 1.25$ for foreign mailing). Enclosed is $\$$ $\qquad$ (send only check, money order, or Supt. Docs. coupons). I wish to subscribe to DEFENSE INDICATORS.

Name
Address
City, State \& Zip

## Titles and Sources of Principal Business Cycle Series and Diffusion Indexes

The numbers assigned to the series are for identification purposes only and do not reflect series relationships or order. " $W$ " indicates monthly series; " $Q$ " indicates quarterly series. Data apply to the whole period except for series designated by "EOM" (end of the month) or "EOQ" (end of the quarter). The Roman numeral identifies the economic process group in which a series is classified. (See Finding Guide.) Thus, "(M, II)" indicates a monthly series classified in group II. The general classification follows the approach of the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. The series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of 25 indicators.

## 36 Leading Indicators

*1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{I}$ ).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
2. Accession rate, manufacturing ( $M, I$ ) .。DDepartment of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
3. Layoff rate, manufacturing ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{I}$ ).-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
5. Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs (M,I).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security; seasonal adjusiment by Bureau of the Census
*6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries (M,III)..-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
7. New private nonfarm housing units started (M,III)..-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings, floor space (M,III)...F.W. Dodge Corporation; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
*10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment (M,III)... Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and F.W. Dodge Corporation; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
11. Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corporations ( $Q, I I I) .-$ National Industrial Conference Board; component industries are seasonally adjusted and added to obtain seasonally adjusted total
13. Number of new business incorporations (M,III)..-Dun and Bradstreet, inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
14. Current liabilities of business tailures ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{V}$ ) ...Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.: seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
${ }^{k} 16$. Corporate profits after taxes ( $\mathbf{Q}, \boldsymbol{V}$ ).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*17. Price per unit of labor cost index-ratio, wholesale prices of manulactured goods index (unadjusted) to seasonally adjusted index of compensation of employees (sum of wages, salaries, and supplements to wages and salaries) per unit of output ( $M, V$ )...Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
18. Profits (before taxes) per dollar of sales, all manufacturing corporations ( $\mathbf{Q}, \mathrm{V}$ ).- Federal Trade Commission and Securities and Exchange Commission; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
${ }^{\text {s }} 19$. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (M,V).--Standard and Poor's Corporation; no seasonal adjustment
20. Change in book value of manufacturers' inventories of materials and supplies (M,IV).-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
21. Change in business inventories, farm and nonfarm, after valuation adjustment (GNP component) ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{IV}$ )..-Department of Cormmerce, Office of Business Economics
22. Ratio of profits (after taxes) to income originating, corporate, all industries ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{V}$ ).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
123. Index of industrial materials prices ( $\mathbf{m}, \mathbf{V}$ ).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; no seasonal adjustment
24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equip ment industries (M,III)..-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
25. Change in manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries ( $M, I V$ ).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
26. Buying policy--production materials, percent reporting commitments 60 days or longer (M,IV).-National Association of Purchasing Management; no seasonal adjustment
*29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits (M,III)..-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*30. Nonagricultural placements, all industries (M,I).--Depart ment of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
*31. Change in book value of manufacturing and trade inventories, total (M,IV).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Bureau of the Census
32. Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries (M,IV.).-Chicago Purchasing Agents Association; no seasonal adjustment
33. Net change in mortgage debt held by financial institutions and life insurance companies (M,VI).--fnstitute of Life Insurance, Federal Nationai Mortgage Association, National Association of Mutual Savings Banks, U.S. Savings and Loan League, and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
37. Percent reporting higher inventories, purchased materials (M,IV).--National Association of Purchasing Management; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
*38. Index of net business formation (M,III)..-Dun and Braćstreet, Inc., and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
39. Percent of consumer installment loans delinquent 30 days and over (EOM,VI)..American Bankers Association; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, inc. (Bimonthly since December 1964)
85. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits plus currency) ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{VI}$ )... Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
94. Index of construction contracts, total value (M,III)...F.W. Dodge Corporation
98. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits plus currency) and commercial bank time deposits (M,VI):Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
110. Total funds raised by private nonfinancial borrowers in credit markets ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{V} \mathrm{I}$ )..-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
112. Net change in bank loans to businesses (M,VI)..-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
*113. Net change in consumer installment debt (M,VI).-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

## 25 Roughly Coincident Indicators

40. Unemployment rate, married males, spouse present ( $M$ M,I).Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*41. Number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls, establish ment survey (M,I).--Department of Labor, Bureas of Labor Statistics
41. Total number of persons engaged in nonagricultural activities, labor force survey (M, I).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*43. Unemployment rate, total ( $M, 1$ ).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce Bureau of the. Census
42. Average weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs (M,I).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security
43. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspapers ( $M, I$ )... National Industrial Conference Board
*47. Index of industrial production (M,II). - Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
44. Gross national product in current dollars ( $Q, 11)$.- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*50. Gross national product in 1958 dollars ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{II}$ ). . Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*52. Personal income (M,II).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
45. Wage and salary income in mining, manufacturing, and construction ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{II}$ )... Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*54. Sales of retail stores (M,II)...Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
46. Index of wholesale prices, industrial commodities (M,V)... Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; no sea. sonal adjustment
47. Final sales (series 49 minus series 2I) ( $Q, 11$ ). "Department of Commerce, Office of Business Econonics
48. Index of wholesale prices, manulactured goods ( $M, V$ ). Deparlment of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; no sea. sonal adjustment
49. Free reserves (member bank excess reserves minus borrowings) ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{VI}$ ).. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
50. Manuiacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (EOM, III). .-Department of Comnerce, Bureau of the Census
51. Back $\log$ of capital appropriations, manufacturing (EOQ,III). Nationa! Industrial Conference Board; component industries are seasonally adjusted and added to obtain seasonally adjusted totai
52. Discount rate on new issues of 91 -day Treasury bills (M,VI)..oBoard of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. no seasonal adjustment
53. Yield on long-term Treasury bonds (M, VI). Treasury Depart. ment; no seasonal a djustinent
54. Yield on new issues of high-grade corporate bonds ( $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{VI}$ ). First National City Bank of New York and Treasury Depart. ment; no seasonal adjustment
55. Yieid on municipal bonds, 20 -bond average ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{VI}$ ). The Bond Buyer; no seasonal adjustment
56. Nonagricultural job openings unfilled (EOM, I).. Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security; seasonal adjust ment by Bureau of the Census
57. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments, ( $M, I$ ).~ Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
*816. Manufacturing and trade sales (M,II).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census

## 11 Lagging Indicators

"61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total ( $Q, 111$ ) - -Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Conmission
*62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing-ratio, index of compensation of employees in manufacturing (the sum of wages and salaries and supplements to wages and salaries) to index of industrial production, manufacturing ( $M, V$ ).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
65. Book value of manufacturers' inventories of finished goods, all manufacturing industries (EOM, IV)...Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
66. Consumer installment debt (EOM,VI).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. FRS seasonally adjusted net change added to seasonally adjusted figure for previous month to obtain current figure

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

WASHINGTON, D.c. 20402

OFFICIAL BUSINESS
FIRST CLASS MAIL

## Titles and Sources of Principal Business Cycle Series and Diffusion Indexes--Continued

*67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 35 cities ( $\mathbf{Q}, \mathrm{VI}$ ).Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
68. Labor cost (current dollars) per unit of gross product (1958 doliars), nonfinancial corporations (ratio of current-dollar compensation of employees to gross corporate product in 1958 dollars) (Q,V).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, National Income Division
*71. Book value, manufacturing and trade inventories, total (EOM,IV).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
*72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding, weekly reporting large commercial banks (EOM,VI).-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
118. Secondary market yields on FHA mortgages (M,VI).--Federal Housing Administration; no seasonal adjustment
*502. Unemployment rate, 15 weeks and over ( $M, 1$ ).-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
505. Manufacturers' machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures (industrial and commercial construction put in place) (M,III).--Department of Commerce, Bureall of the Census

## 15 Series Unclassified by Cyclical Timing

81. Index of consumer prices (M,V.--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; no seasonal adjustment
82. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total (M,VII).Department of Comimerce, Bureau of the Census
83. General imports, total (M,VII).-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
84. Merchandise trade balance (series 86 minus series 87 ) (M,VII).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
85. Excess of receipts or payments in U.S. balance of payments (Q,VII).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
86. Defense Depariment obligations incurred, procurement (M,VIII).--Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
87. Defense Department obligations incurred, total (M,VIII).-Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; sea sonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
88. Military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms and institulions (M,VIII).--Department of Defense, Directorate for Statistical Services; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
89. Federal Government surplus or deficit, national income and product account (Q.VIII),-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
90. New orders, delense products industries (M,VII).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
91. Federal purchases of goods and services, national defense ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{VIII}$ ), -Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
92. Manufacturers' new orders for export, durable goods except motor vehicles and parts ( $M$, VII).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; no seasonal adjustment
93. Index of export orders for nonelectrical machinery (M,VII).-McGraw-Hill, Department of Economics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
94. Federal Govemment receipts, national income and product account ( 0 ).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
95. Federal expenditures, national income and productaccount (Q).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

## 10 Series Unclassified by Cyclical Timing and Economic Process

850. Ratio, output to capacity, mfg. (0).-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Department of Commerce, and McGraw-Hill Economics Department
851. Ratio, inventories (BCD series 71) to sales (BCD series 816), manufacturing and trade total (M).- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
852. Ratio, unfilled orders (BCD series 96) to shipments, manufacturers' durable goods (M).- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
853. Ratio, production of business equipmeni to production of consumer goods (index: 1957-59 =100) (M).-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. (Based upon components of the Federal Reserve index of industrial production.)
854. Ratio, personal saving to disposable personal income (Q).Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
855. Ratio, nonagricultural job openings unfilled (BCD series 301) to number of persons unemployed (M).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security and Bureau of Labor Statistics; and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
856. Real average hourly earnings of production workers in manufacturing, 1957-59 dollars (M) -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
857. Vacancy rate in rental housing-unoccupied rental housing units as a percent of total rental housing (Q).-- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
858. Index of output per man-hour, total private nonfarm (Q). Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
859. Real spendable average weekly earnings of nonsupervisory production workers (with 3 dependents) on private nonagricultural payrolls, 1957-59 dollars (M) -Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

## 19 International Comparisons

121. Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, European Countries, index of industrial production (M).-Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (Paris)
122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production (M).--Central Statistical Office (London)
123. Canada, index of industrial production (im).--Dominion Bureau of Statistics (Ottawa)
124. West Germany, index of industrial production (M).-Statistisches Bundesamt (Wiesbaden); seasonally adjusted by OECD
125. France, index of industrial production (M).--Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (Paris)
126. Italy, index of industrial production (M).-Istituta Centrale di Stat stica (Rame)
127. Japan, inder of industrial production (M).--Ministry of International Trade and Industry (Tokyo)
. . . United Statiss, index of industrial production (nin,ll).-See series 47
128. United Kingdom, index of consumer prices (阼.--Ministry of Labour (Londen); no seasenal adjustment
129. Canada, index of consumer prices (M).-Domieion Bureau of Statist cs (0ittawa); no seasonal adjustment
130. West Germany, index of consumer prices (M)..aStatistisches Bundesant (wiesbaden); nô seasonal adjustment
131. France, index. of consumer prices (M).-linstitut National de la Sta'istique et des Etudes Econoniques (Pasis); 110 seasonal adjusitment
132. Italy, index of consumer prices (M).-Istituto Centrale di Statistica (Rone); no seasonal adjustment
133. Japan, index of consumer prices (M).--Offics of the Printe Minister (Tokyo); no seasonal adjustment
$\ldots$ United States, index of consumer prices (M,V).- See Series 81
134. United Kinpdom, index ol stock prices (M)...The Financial Times (Londen); no seasonal adjustment
135. Canada, index of stock prices (m).--Domiaion Bureau of Statistics (Dtawa); no scasonal adjustment
136. West Germany, index of stock prices (M).-Statistisches Bundesamt (Wieshaden); na seasonal adjustrient
137. France, inlex of stock prices (M).--Institut Natronal de la Statislique et des Etudes Economiquies (Paris); no seasonal adjustanent
138. Italy, index of stock prices (M).-Istitute Ceritrale di Statistica (Romee,; he seasonal adjustment
139. Japan, index of stock prices (M).--Tokyo Stock Fxchange (Tokyo); ne seasonal adjustment
... United States, index of stoc̣k prices, 500 cominon stocks (M,V).--See series 19

## Diffusion Indexes

The " $D$ " preceding a number indicates a diffusion index. Diffusion indexes and corresponding business cyutle series bear the same number and are obtained from the sainie sources. See sources ebove for D1, D5, D6, D11, D19, D23, D41, D47, D54, D53, and D61. Sources for other diffusion indexes are as follows:

D34. Prolits, namufacturing, FNCB (Q)..-First Netsonal City Bank of New York; no seasonal adjustment of saries components. Diffusion indexes are seasonally adjusted by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Bureau of the
Research, loc.
D35. Net sales, total manulactures (Q).-Dun and biradstreet, Inc.; no stasonal adjustment
D36. New orders, durable manufactures ( $Q$ ).--Dun and is̀radstreet, Inc.; no seasonal adjustment
D48. Freight carloadings (Q). - -Association of American Railroads; no seasonal adjustiment


[^0]:    For Index--Series Finding Guide, see last pages of issue.

[^1]:    *Series included in the 1966 NBER "stort list" of indicators. (u) Not seasonally adjusted. NA=not available; $p=r$ evised; p=preliminary; e estimated; a anticipated. ${ }^{1}$ Average percent changes are based on month-to-month (or quarter-to-quarter) percent changes for the specified periods. To facilitate interpretations of cyclical movements, those series that usually fall when general business activity rises and rise when business falls are inverted so that rises are shown as declines and declines as rises (see series 3, 5, 14, 39, 40, 43, 45. 93 , and 502). Percent changes are computed in the usual way but the signs are reversed. See footnote 10 for other "changen qualifications, ${ }_{5}$ Average computed with regard to sign. ${ }^{4}$ Average computed without regard to sign. ${ }^{5}$ The period varies among the series; however, for post series, the period covered is 1953.67 . $A v e r a g e$ nurnber of consecutive inonthly changes in the same direction (see the explanation for the "Average Duration of Run" in appendix C). "Duration of the current direction of change (see the sign of the atest entry in current percent change columns) measured in moniths. When there is no change between two consecutive values the direction is assumed to be the same as that of the preceding period. "Series are seasonally adjusted except for those series, indicated by (a), that appear to contain no seasonal movement. See additional baslc data and notes in table $2 .{ }^{9}$ Quarterly series; figures are placed in the middle month of quarter. ${ }^{10}$ Since basic data for this series are expressed in plus or minus amounts, the changes are month-to-month (or quarter-to-quarter) differences expressed in the same unit of measure as the basic data, rather than in percentages. ${ }^{11}$ End-of-quarter series; figures are placed in the last month of quarter.

[^2]:    

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ See＂New Features and Changes for This Issue，＂page iii．
    ${ }^{2}$ Average for July 22，23，and 24 ．
    ${ }^{3}$ Average for July 22，23，and 25.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Prior to 1967, data are based on 19 cities and refer to the last month of the quarter.
    ${ }^{2}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

[^6]:    NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. Only the directions of change are shown when numbers areheld confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $\mathrm{f}=$ revised.
    *Denotes machinery and equipnent industries that comprise series $24 . \quad \dagger$ These industries plus ordnance comprise series 99.
    ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data are not seasonally adjusted. The components shown here include 18 of the more important industries and 5 composites representing an additional 23 of the industries used in computing the diffusion index in table 4.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Averafe for July 22, 23, and 24.
    ${ }^{2}$ Series components are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census. The industrial materiale price index is not seatonm ally adjusted. Directions of change are computed before figures are rounded.
    ${ }^{3}$ The gigns are reverged because this series usually rises when general business activity falls anc falls when bueiness ribect $(-)=$ rising, $(0)$ anchanged, and $(+)=$ falling. Series components are seasonally adjusted by the lureau of the Gencus before the direction of change is determined. Data used are for the week including the lath of the montr. Directions of change aro shown separately for only the 26 largest labor market areas. The number following the area designation iadicates its site reak.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data are not seasonally adjusted.

[^9]:    = unclassified ("series unclassified by cyclical timing," "series unclassified by cyclical timing and economic process," and "international comparisons").

