## BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS

January 1968
DATA THROUGH DEGEMBER


This report was prepared in the Economic Research and Analysis Division under the direction of Julius Shiskin, Chief. Tectnical staff and their responsibilities for the publication are-

Feliks Tamm-Technical supervision and review,
Barry A. Beckman-Specifications for computer processing.
Gerald F. Donahoe- New projects,
Morton Somer-Selection of seasonal adjustment methods.
Betty F. Tunstall-Collection and compilation of basic data.
Editorial supervision is provided by Geraldine Censky of the Administrative and Publications Services Division. Stuart 1. Freeman is responsible for publication design.
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ABOUT THE COVER-Series in this publication are grouped according to their usual liming and shown against the background of contractions and expansions in general business activity. The center panel illustrates this concept. The vertical bar represents a contraction; the top curve, the Leading Series which usually fall before a contraction has begun and rise before it has ended; the middie curve, the Coincident Series which usually fall with the contraction period; the bottom curve, the Lagging Series which fall after a contraction has begun and rise after it ends. Series are also classified by economic process within each timing group. Processes are indicated in the squares bordering the panel.


# BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS 

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## Cross-Classification of Business Indicators by Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

|  | LEADING indicators (36 series) | ROUGHLY COIMCIDENT INDICATORS ( 25 serles) | LaGGING NDICHTORS <br> (11 series) | OTHER SELECTED U.S. SERHES ( 16 series) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT (14 series) | Marginal employment adjustments ( 5 series) | Job vacancies <br> ( 2 series) <br> Comprehensive employment (3 series) Comprehensive unemployment (3 series) | Long-duration unemployment (1 series) |  |
| II. PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE (8 series) |  | Comprehensive production (3 series) <br> Comprehensive income (2 series) <br> Comprehensive consumption and trade (3 series) |  |  |
| III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT (14 series) | Formation of business enterprises (2 series) <br> New investment commitments ( 8 series) | Backlog of investment commitments (2 series) | Investment expenditures (2 series) |  |
| IV. INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT (9 series) | Inventory investment and purchasing ( 1 series) |  | Inventories (2 series) |  |
| V. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS (11 series) | Sensitive commodity prices <br> (1 series) <br> Stock prices <br> (1 series) <br> Profits and profit margins (4 series) | Comprehensive wholesale prices (2 series) | Unit labor costs (2 series) | Comprehensive retail prices (1 series) |
| VI. MONEY AND CREDIT <br> (17 series) | Flows of money and credit ( 6 series) Credit difficulties ( 2 series) | Bank reserves (1 series) <br> Money market interest rates (4 series) | Outstanding debt (2 series) Interest rates on business loans and mortgages (2 series) |  |
| VII. FOREIGN TRADE AND PAYMENTS ( 6 series) |  |  |  | Foreign trade and payments (6 series) |
| VIII. FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES ( 9 series) |  |  |  | Federal Government activities (9 series) |

## BACKGROUND MATERIALS

A revised list of indicators was introduced in the April issue of BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS. Research work for the revised list was carried out by the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. (NBER), a private, nonprofit research organization which has been preparing lists of economic indicators and research reports in the field of business cycle analysis for more than 40 years. This revised list was published by the National Bureau in March 1967, and is the result of a periodic review made by that agency of its previous list of indicators of aggregate economic activity. This is the third revision of the list originally published by the National Bureau in 1938.

The method of preparing the new list, the reasons for adding certain series and dropping others, and an explanation of the classification system used are described in a new report, INDICATORS OF BUSINESS EXPANSIONS AND CONTRACTIONS, published by the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 261 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y., 10016. Other reports on the historical studies and methods of making current interpretations of the indicators are listed in this book.

The revised list includes some new series, discontinues some of those on the previous list, and has assigned timing classifications to some series previously unclassified by timing. The chief features of the new list follow:

1. The major principle of classification is a fourfold grouping by cyclical timing: Leading, roughly coincident, and lagging indicators, and other selected series. The first three categories take into account timing at both peaks and troughs; the fourth group includes economic activities that have an important role in business cycles but have displayed a less regular relation to them. The new list of indicators includes 36 leading series, 25 roughly coincident series, 11 lagging series, and 16 series unclassified by timing- 88 series in all; 69 are monthly and 19 are quarterly. This list includes 13 series not on the previous NBER list and omits 5 series. In addition, 14 series previously unclassified by timing are assigned a timing classification.
2. The type of economic process represented by the series is used as a secondary principle of classification, with emphasis on the processes that are important for business cycle analysis. The 88 U.S. series are classified into eight major groups: (I) Employment and Unemployment, 14 series; (II) Production, Income, Consumption, and Trade, 8 series; (III) Fixed Capital Investment, 14 series; (IV) Inventories and Inventory Investment, 9 series; (V) Prices, Costs, and Profits, 11 series; (VI) Money and Credit, 17 series; (VII) Foreign Trade and Payments, 6 series; and (VIII) Federal Government Activities, 9 series. Each of these major categories is subdivided into economic processes that exhibit rather distinct differences in cyclical timing. For example, under Fixed Capital Investment, new investment commitments are distinguished from investment expenditures.
3. A short list of 25 indicators, drawn from the full list, is identified throughout BCD. This more selective list includes 12 leading, 7 roughly coincident, and 6 lagging series; 21 are monthly and 4 are quarterly. The short list involves little of the duplica-
tion in economic coverage that is provided, for various reasons, in the full list. The series on the short list are identified by asterisks.
4. Two other groups of series are shown in BCD in addition to the 88 NBER indicators. They are "U.S. Series Under Consideration" (eight series not yet classified by cyclical timing and economic process but under consideration for the list of indicators) and "International Comparisons" (19, series showing industrial production, consumer prices, and stock prices for several countries which have important trade relations with the United States).
Changes in the 1966 list of indicators are as follows (series identification number and title):

## 13 series new to the 19.66 list:

33. Net change in mortgage debt held by financial institutions and life insurance companies
34. Delinquency rate, 30 days and over, total installment loans
35. Index of wholesale prices, manufactured goods
*71. Manufacturing and trade inventories, book value
*72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding, weekly reporting large commercial banks
36. National defense purchases
37. Nonagricultural job openings unfilled
*502. Unemployment rate, persons unemployed 15 weeks and over
38. Machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures
39. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments
*816. Manufacturing and trade sales
40. Manufacturers' new orders for export, durable goods except motor vehicle and parts
41. Index of export orders, nonelectrical machinery
5 series on the previous list but omitted from the 1966 list:
42. Number of persons on temporary layoff, all industries
43. Number of business failures with liabilities of $\$ 100,000$ and over
*51. Bank debits, all standard metropolitan statistical areas except New York
*64. Manufacturers' inventories, book value
44. Corporate gross savings

10 series specially constructed for business cycle studies at the suggestion of the NBER:
*10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment
*17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, manufacturing
22. Ratio of profits to income originating, corporate, all industries
33. Net change in mortgage debt held by financial institutions and life insurance companies
*38. Index of net business formation
53. Wages and salaries in mining, manufacturing, and construction
*62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing
68. Index of labor cost per dollar of real corporate GNP
505. Machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures
511. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments *Denotes series included on "short list."

A limited number of changes are made from time to time to reflect new findings of business cycle research and newly available economic series and to report recent changes made by producing agencies in concept, composition, comparability, coverage, seasonal adjustment methods, benchmark data, etc. Such changes may involve additions or deletions of series used, changes in placement of series in relation to other series, changes in components of indexes, etc.

There are no changes as described above in this issue.
Appendix $F$ includes historical data for series 32, 67,
93, 115, 117, and 118.

The February issue of BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS is scheduled for release on February 28.

## 3 CENSUS PROJECTS

 on economic fluctuationsCENSUS METHOD II ADJUSTMENT PROGRAM.A time series computer program for measuring and analyzing seasonal, trading-day, cyclical, and irregular fluctuations and the relations among them. This program is particularly useful in analyzing economic fluctuations which take place within a year.
The latest variant, X-11, has greater generality and scope than any of the earlier programs. It can adjust quarterly as well as monthly series and series with negative and positive numbers as well as those with positive numbers alone. The $\mathrm{X}-11$ version measures and adjusts not only for seasonal variations, but also for trading-day variations. Further, it computes many summary and analytical measures of the behavior of each series. The program includes various techniques, such as $F$ tests and variance analysis, for use in extending the scope of time series studies and is written in a simplified computer lan-guage-Fortran IV. The program deck can be purchased from the Census Bureau at cost.

BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS. A monthly report for analyzing economic fluctuations over a short span of years.
This report brings together several hundred monțhly and quarterly "economic indicator" series for the analysis of short-term economic trends and prospects. These series have been selected, tested, and evaluated, after half a century of continuing research, as the most useful and reliable for this purpose. The publication provides not only the basic data, but also various charts and analytical tables to facilitate such studies. In addition, a time series punchcard file and a diffusion index program are available for those who wish to carry on further research in business cycle analysis.

LONG TERM ECONOMIC GROWTH An annual report for the study of economic fluctuations over a long span of years.
This report has been developed from available statistics to provide a comprehensive, long-range view of the U.S. economy. It has been planned, prepared, and published as a basic research document for economists, historians, investors, teachers, and students. It brings together for the first time under one cover, in meaningful and convenient form, the complete statistical basis for a study of long-term economic trends. It is a unique presentation of the full range of factors required for an understanding of our country's economic development. Some of the statistical series go back to 1860. A punchcard file of the time series included in the report is available for purchase.

## DESCRIPTIONS

AND PROCEDURES

## INTRODUCTION

The business cycle is generally described as consisting of alternating periods of expansion and contraction in aggregate economic activity-that is, the complex of activities represented by such concepts as total production, employment, income, consumption, trade, and the flow of funds. Although a recurrent pattern has been characteristic of American economic history, many economists do not consider it inevitable.

The causal relations among various economic processes are primarily responsible for the cumulative nature of cyclical forces and explain why expansions have eventually turned into recessions and recessions into expansions. Cyclical fluctuations in production and employment are preceded by fluctuations in measures which relate to future rather than current production-measures such as new orders for durable goods, formation of new business enterprises, and accessions to payrolls. They are followed by fluctuations in various economic costs, such as labor costs, interest rates, fulfillment of long-term commitments, and holdings of inventories and debts.

## TIMING CLASSIFICATION

On the basis of many years of research, the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) has compiled a list of indicators of aggregate economic activity and has classified these indicators according to whether they usually lead, roughly coincide with, or lag behind the cyclical movements in aggregate activity. The 1966 list, as issued by the NBER, is the basis for the presentation of U.S. series in BUSINESS CYCLE DEVELOPMENTS. Prior to April 1967, their 1960 list was used. The series have been grouped and classified by the NBER as "leading," "roughly coincident," or "lag-
ging" indicators. These indicators are described as follows:

Leading Indicators.-Series that usually reach peaks or troughs before those in aggregate economic activity as measured by the roughly coincident series (see below). One group of these series pertains to orders and contracts, another to inventory investment, and so on.

Roughly Coincident Indicators.-Series that are direct measures of aggregate economic activity or move roughly together with it; for example, nonagricultural employment, industrial production, and retail sales.
Lagging Indicators.-Series, such as new plant and equipment expenditures and manufacturers' inventories, that usually reach turning points after they are reached in aggregate economic activity.
Also included in BCD are (a) "Other Selected U.S. Series," economic activities which are important in analyzing business cycles but have a less consistent relation to them; (b) "U.S. Series Under Consideration," indicators that measure important economic relationships but have not been classified by economic process and timing and, therefore, not yet incorporated into the list of 88 indicators; and (c) indexes of industrial production, consumer prices, and stock prices for several countries which have important trade relations with the United States.

The business cycle turning dates used in this report are those designated by the NBER. They mark the approximate dates when aggregate economic activity reached its cyclical high (peak) or low (trough) levels. As a matter of general practice, a business cycle turning date will not be designated until at least 6 months after it has occurred. (See appendix A for peak and trough dates.)

## ECONOMIC PROCESS CLASSIFICATION

A secondary principle of classification, economic process, supplements the timing classification. All series are cross-classified according to these two principles. The major economic process categories are employment and unemployment; production, income, consumption, and trade; fixed capital investment; inventories and inventory investment; prices, costs, and profits; money and credit; foreign trade and payments; and Federal Government activity.

## "SHORT LIST" OF INDICATORS

A short, substantially unduplicated list of principal indicators provides a convenient way of summarizing the current situation and outlook. The NBER has identified, for this purpose, a short list of 25 . This list includes 12 leading, 7 roughly coincident, and 6 lagging indicators; 21 are monthly and 4 are quarterly. These series are identified throughout BCD.

## METHOD OF PRESENTATION

This report consists of two major sections as follows:
Basic Data (chart 1, tables 1 and 2).-Data for all series are shown for the current and prior periods in both graphic and tabular form. Thus, a broad view of past and current bụsiness cycle fluctuations is provided.

Analytical Measures (chart 2, tables 3 and 4).Measures are presented which help to determine the magnitude and scope of current changes in different processes, industries, and areas, and aid in evaluating the prospects of a turning point in the business cycle.

A list of titles and sources for all series is shown on the back cover of this report. The series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order.

## CONCEPTS AND PROCEDURES

Several other concepts and procedures used in this report are summarized below:

Adjustments for average seasonal fluctuations are often necessary to bring out the underlying cyclical trends of a series. In most cases, the seasonally adjusted data used for a series are the official figures released by the source agency. In addition, for the
special purposes of business cycle studies, a number of series that are not ordinarily published in seasonally adjusted form are shown on a seasonally adjusted basis in this report. The seasonal adjustment process usually accounts for variations due to holidays; however, there are some cases in which a separate holiday adjustment is needed for holidays with variable dates.

Months for cyclical dominance ( $M C D$ ) is an estimate of the appropriate span over which to observe the cyclical movements in a monthly series. MCD moving averages are shown in chart 1 for series with an MCD of " 5 " or more; however, to provide an indication of the variation about these moving averages, monthly data are also plotted.

Diffusion indexes are simple summary measures which express what percentage of the components of an aggregate series has risen over given time spans. Their turning points tend to lead those of the aggregate. Series numbers preceded by "D" designate diffusion indexes. Many of the component series used to make up the diffusion indexes are shown in table 4.

During the current expansion, high values for the indicators are identified in table 2. These values are not necessarily cyclical peak values, but are simply the highest values reached to date.

Certain appendix materials are presented regularly in this report. These materials include historical data, adjustment factors, peak and trough dates, and other information helpful in interpreting trends in the indicators.

## REFERENCES

Fuller explanations of the use of indicators of aggregate economic activity in analyzing current business conditions and prospects may be found in the following references:
(1) Alexander, Sidney S. "Rate of Change Approaches to Forecasting-Diffusion Indexes and First Differences," The Economic Journal, June 1958, pp. 288-301.
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(3) Burns, Arthur F. and Mitchell, Wesley C. Measuring Business Cycles. New York: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1946.
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(5) Gordon, R. A. "Alternative Approaches to Forecasting: The Recent Work of the National Bureau," The Review of Economics and Statistics vol. XLIV, No. 3 (August 1962), pp. 284291.
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(7) Moore, Geoffrey H., Editor, Business Cycle Indicators. New York: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1961.
(8) Moore, Geoffrey H. and Shiskin, Julius. Indicators of Business Expansions and Contractions,

Occasional Paper 103. New York: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1967.
(9) Morris, Frank E. "The Predictive Value of the National Bureau's Leading Indicators," Business Cycle Indicators vol. I, ch. 4, pp. 110-119. New York: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1961.
(10) Okun, Arthur M. "On the Appraisal of Cyclical Turning Point Predictors," Journal of Business, April 1960, pp. 101-120.
(11) Shiskin, Julius. Business Cycle Indicators: The Known and the Unknown. Paper presented at the 34th session of the International Statistical Institute, Ottawa, Canada, August 24, 1963. Washington: Bureau of the Census, 1963.
(12) Shiskin, Julius. Signals of Recession and Recovery, Occasional Paper 77. New York: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., 1961.

## HOW TO READ CHARTS I AND 2

Peak (P) of cycle indicates end of expansion and beginning of Recession (shaded areas) as designated by NBER.

Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Series are arranged in charts and tables according to their classification by timing and economic process.

Solid line indicates monthly data. (Data may be actual monthly figures or MCD moving averages.*)

Broken line indicates actual monthly data for series where an MCD moving average * is plotted.

Parallel lines indicate a break in continuity (data not available, changes in series definitions, extreme values, etc.).

Solid line with plotting points indi cates quarterly data.


Trough ( T ) of cycle indicates end of recession and beginning of Expansion as designated by NBER.

Arabic number indicates latest month for which data are plotted. ('3" 3 = March)

Roman number indicates latest quarter for which data are plotted. ("II" = second quarter)

Dotted line indicates anticipated data.

Various scales are used to highlight the patterns of the individual series. "Scale A" is an arithmetic scale, "scale L-1" is a logarithmic scale with 1 cycle in a given distance, "scale L-2" is a logarithmic scale with 2 cycles in that distance, etc. The scales should be carefully noted because they show whether or not the plotted lines for various series are directly comparable.

Solid line indicates monthly data over 6- or 9-month spans.

Broken line indicates monthly data over 1-month spans.


Solid line with plotting points indicates quarterly data over various spans.

Many of the more irregular series are shown in terms of their MCD moving averages as well as their actual monthly data. In such cases, the 4-, 5-, or 6 -term moving averages are plotted $11 / 2,2$, or $21 / 2$ months, respectively. behind the actual data. See appendix $C$ for a description of MCD moving averages.

## CHART 2 - Diffusion Indexes

## Section ONE



## BASIC DATA

## charts and tables

LEADING INDICATORS
Employment and unemployment
Fixed capital investment
Inventories and inventory investment
Prices, costs, and profits
Money and credif
ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS
Employment and unemployment
Production, income, consumption, and trade
Fixed capital investment
Prices, costs, and profits
Money and credit
LAGGING INDICATORS
Employment and unemployment
Fixed capital investment
Inventories and inventory investment
Prices, costs, and profits
Money and credit
OTHER U.S. SERIES
Prices, costs, and profits
Foreign trade and payments
Federal Government activities

Also U.S. SERIES UNDER CONSIDERATION (unclassified series) and INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS (indexes of industrial production, consumer prices, and stock prices for selected foreign countries)

| Series <br> (See complete titles and sources on back cover) | Basic data ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | Average percent change ${ }^{2} 3$ |  |  | Current percent change ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unit of measure | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sept. } \\ & 1967 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \text { oct } \\ & 1967 \end{aligned}$ | Nov 1967 | Dec. 1967 | Dec. '66 to date $\binom{\text { with }}{\text { sigi) }}^{4}$ | Dec. '66 to date (without sign) | $\begin{aligned} & 1953 \text { to } \\ & 1965 \\ & \text { (without } \\ & \text { sign) } \end{aligned}$ | Sept. to 0 ct. 1967 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1967 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { Dee. } \\ & 1967 \end{aligned}$ |
| LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marginal Employment Adjustments: <br> *1. Avg. workweek, prod. workers, mfg. | Hours | 40.8 | r 40.7 | r40.7 | p40.8 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.5 | -0.2 | 0.0 | +0.2 |
| ${ }^{*} 30$. Nonagri. placements, all industries | Thousands. | 473 | 474 | 482 | p474 | -0.8 | 3.0 | 1.8 | +0.6 | $+1.7$ | $-1.7$ |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing.... | Per 100 employ. | 4.3 | r4.7 | p4. 4 | (NA) | -0.2 | 4.5 | 4.6 | +9.3 | -6.4 | (NA) |
| 5. Avg. weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance (inverted ${ }^{3}$ ). | Thousands. | 200 | 203 | 194 | 197 | 0.0 | 8.1 | 5.0 | $-1.5$ | +4.4 | -1.5 |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (inverted ${ }^{3}$ ). | Per 100 employ. | 1.3 | 1.3 | p1. 2 | (NA) | -0.3 | 10.7 | 9.2 | 0.0 | +7.7 | (NA) |
| III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Formation of Business Enterprises: <br> *38. Index of net business formation | 1957-59 = 100. . . | 110.2 | 110.3 | 112.9 | (NA) | +1.0 | 1.1 | 0.8 | +0.1 | +2.4 | (NA) |
| 13. New business incorporations.. | Number | 18,409 | 17,908 | 18,621 | (NA) | +1.2 | 4.2 | 2.5 | $-2.7$ | +4.0 | (NA) |
| New Investment Commitments: <br> *6. New orders, durable goods industries.. . | Bil. dollars | 23.42 | r23.38 | r23.84 | p26.11 | +0.8 | 2.9 | 3.8 | -0.2 | +2.0 | +9.5 |
| 94. Construction contracts, value | 1957-59=100... | 168 | 171 | 168 | 166 | +2.1 | 6.2 | 6.6 | +1.8 | -1.8 | -1.2 |
| *10. Contracts and orders, plant and equip. | Bil. dollars.. | 5.74 | r5.96 | r5.81 | p6. 04 | +0.9 | 3.5 | 4.7 | +3.8 | -2.5 | +4.0 |
| 11. New capital appropriations, mfg.? | do |  |  | (NA) |  | +0.5 | 2.8 | 9.7 |  | (NA) |  |
| 24. New orders, mach. and equip. indus . | do | 4.66 | r4.61 | r4. 87 | p5.13 | +1.0 | 3.8 | 4.2 | -1.1 | +5.6 | +5.3 |
| 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial buildings | Mil. sq. ft. floor space . . . | 62.01 | 55.11 | 65.50 | 65.37 | +1.5 | 11.2 | 9.3 | -11.1 | +18.9 | -0.2 |
| 7. Private nonfarm housing starts. . . | Ann. rate, thous. | 1,415 | r1,478 | r1,564 | p1,241 | +3.1 | 8.0 | 7.3 | $+4.5$ | +5.8 | -20.7 |
| *29. New bldg. permits, private housing. | 1957-59 = $100 .$. | 102.3 | 106.9 | r102. 2 | p120.2 | +5.3 | 7.1 | 3.7 | +4.5 | -4.4 | +17.6 |
| IV. INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventory Investment and Purchasing: <br> 21. Change in business inventories, all industries ${ }^{7}$ | Ann. rate, bil.dol. |  |  | p+9.0 |  | -2.4 | 6.6 | 2.3 |  | +5.2 |  |
| *31. Change in book value, manufacturing and trade inventories 8 | .... . do ..... | -0.7 | $\mathrm{r}+6.2$ | $\mathrm{p}+12.3$ | (NA) | -0.7 | 5.8 | 3.7 | +6.9 | +6.1 | ( NA ) |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories. | Percent | 45 | 47 | 48 | 55 | $+0.4$ | . 5 | 6.5 | +4.4 | +2.1 | +14.6 |
| 20. Change in book value, mfrs. ${ }^{\circ}$ inventories of materials and supplies ${ }^{8}$ | Ann. rate, bil.dol. | -1.0 | r-0.1 | p+0.3 | (NA) | -0.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 40.9 | +0.4 | (NA) |
| 26. Buying policy, prod. muls., commitments 60 days or longer (a) | Percent | 61 | 62 | 63 | $\bigcirc$ | -0. | 4. | 5.3 | +1.6 | +1.6 | +1.6 |
| 32. Vendor performance, percent reporti |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| slower deliveries | do | 44 | 50 | 51 | 48 | -0.8 | 8.3 | 7.5 | +13.6 | +2.0 | -5.9 |
| 25. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods industries ${ }^{8}$ | Bil. dollars ... | +0.47 | r+1.07 | r+0.19 | $p+0.93$ | +0.06 | 0.72 | 0.48 | +0.60 | -0.88 | +0.74 |
| V. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sensitive Commodity Prices: <br> *23. Industrial materials prices (u)........ . | 1957-59 = 100. . . | 97.8 | 97.7 | 99.1 | 100.1 | -0.5 | 1.1 | 1.3 | -0.1 | +1.4 | +1.0 |
| Stock Prices: <br> *19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks (u) ... | 1941-43=10 ... | 95.81 | 97.66 | 92.66 | 95.30 | +1.3 | 2.1 | 2.5 | -0.2 | -3.1 | +2.8 |
| Profits and Profit Margins: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *16. Corporate profits after taxes ${ }^{7}$..... | Ann. rate, bil.dol. |  |  | (NA) |  | $-1.5$ | 2.3 | 5.6 |  | (NA) |  |
| 22. Ratio, profits to income originating, corporate all industries? | Percent |  |  |  |  | -2.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18. Profits per dollar of sales, $\mathrm{m} \mathrm{mg} . .$. | Cents. |  |  | (NA) |  | -2.4 -3.4 | 3.4 | 4.2 5.7 |  | (NA) |  |
| *17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, mfg .... | 1957-59 = $100 .$. | r99.2 | 99.4 | r 99.4 | p100. 8 | -0.2 | 0.5 | 0.6 | +0.2 | 0.0 | $+1.4$ |
| VI. MONEY AND CREDIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flows of Money and Credit: <br> 98. Change in money supply and time deposits ${ }^{8}$. | Ann.rate,percent | +6.12 | r+10.08 | r+8.64 | p+5.28 | -0.02 | 3.70 | 2.49 | +3.96 | -1.44 | -3.36 |
| 85. Ciange in total i. ${ }^{\text {S }}$ money supply ${ }^{8}$ | ..... do. | +0.72 | r+7.32 | $\mathrm{r}+6.00$ | p+2.04 | -0.01 | 5.63 | 2.88 | $+6.60$ | $-1.32$ | -3.96 |
| 33. Change in mortgage debt ${ }^{8} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | Ann. rate, bil.dol. | r+20.62 | $\mathrm{r}+20.20$ | p+21.70 | (NA) | $+1.27$ | 3.00 | 1.31 | -0.42 | +1.50 | (NA) |
| ${ }^{*} 113$. Change in consumer instaliment debt ${ }^{8} \cdot$. | do. | +3.41 | +3.73 | +5.02 | ( NA ) | +0.11 | 0.77 | 0.87 | +0. 32 | +1.29 | (NA) |
| 112. Change in business loans ${ }^{8}$ | do | -2.34 | r+5.36 | $\mathrm{r}+1.90$ | $\mathrm{p}+7.62$ | +0.66 | 7.68 | 2.22 | $+7.70$ | -3.46 | +5.72 |
| 110. Total private borrowing ${ }^{7}$. | Ann. rate, mil.dol |  |  | (NA) |  | +5.7 | 10.1 | 11.0 |  | (NA) |  |
| Credit Difficulties: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Liabilities of business failures (inv. ${ }^{3}$ ) | Mil. dollars ... | 93.10 | 98.00 | 77.24 | 234.92 | $-11.8$ | 32.2 | 18.7 | $-5.3$ | $+21.2$ | -204.1 |
| 39. Delinquency rate, installment loans, 30 days and over (inverted ${ }^{3}$ ) | Percent. |  | 1.69 |  | (NA) | +0.5 | 4.9 | 2.6 | 2. |  | (N |



## CHANGES OVER 4 LATEST MONTHS—Continued



[^0]I. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT
(Nov.) (Oct.)
(July) (Aug.)
(July) (Apr.)
(May) (Feb.)
P T
P
T
P $\mathbf{T}$


See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Asterisk (") identifies series on 'short list'. Current data for these series are shown on page 33.

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued
Leading Indicators-Continued III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT


See 'How to Read charts 1 and 2,' page'4. Asterisk !' $\mid$ tientifies seties on 'shont list'. Current data for these series are showr on pages 33 anci 34.
III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT - Continued


See How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Asterisk ['] identifies series on 'short list'. Current data for these series are shown on page 34

## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued Leading Indicators-Continued



See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Asterisk (") identifies series on 'short list'. Current data for these series are shown on page 35.
IV. INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT - Continued

I. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS
Wensitiv Commodity Prices

See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Asterisk (*) identifies series on 'short list'. Current data for these series are shown on pages 35 and 36.

## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued <br> Leading Indicators-Continued

I. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS-Continued

II. MONEY AND CREDIT


## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued <br> Leading Indicators-Continued

ZI. MONEY AND CREDIT -Continued


## I. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT



See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Asterisk ["] identifies series on 'short list'. Current data for these series are shown on page 38.

## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued

Roughly Coincident Indicators-Continued
I. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT-Continued

II. PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE


[^1]

See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Asterisk (') identifies series on 'short list'. Current data for these series are shown on page 39.

## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued

Roughly Coincident Indicators-Continued
III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT


See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Current data for these series are shown on page 40


## BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued <br> Lagging Indicators

I. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT


## III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT


IV. INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT


## V . PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS


II. MONEY AND CREDIT


See 'How to Read Charts $\mathbf{t}$ and 2,' page 4. Asterisk (') identifies series on 'short list'. Current data for these series are shown on page 42.

BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued
Other Selected U.S. Series
Z. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS

VII. FOREIGN TRADE AND PAYMENTS


Other Selected U.S. Series-Continued
III. FOREIGN TRADE AND PAYMENTS -Continued


Other Selected U.S. Series-Continued VIII.FEDERAL GOVERNMENT:ACTIVITIES

[^2]VIII. FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES-Continued


BUSINESS CYCLE SERIES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued


See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2', page 4. Current data for these series are shown on page 45.


See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2' page 4 . Current data for these series are shown on page 45.

## SERIES FOR INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS FROM 1948 to PRESENT




BASIC DATA

## SERIES FOR INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS FROM 1948 to PRESENT--Continued



| Major Economic Process | EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  | FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Marginal Employment Adjustments |  |  |  |  | Formation of Business Enterprises |  |
| Year and <br> month | *1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing <br> (Hours) | *30. Nonagricultural placements, all industries <br> (Thous.) | 2. Accession rate, manufacturing <br> (Per 100 employees) | 5. Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Thous.) | 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing <br> (Per 100 employees) | *38. Index of net business formation $(1957-59=100)$ | 13. Number of new business incorporations <br> (Number) |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | 1-41.4 | - 570 | 4.9 | 222 | 1.2 | 109.1 | 18,087 |
| February.... . . . . . . . | D 41.6 | $\xrightarrow{5} 500$ | 4.9 | 219 | 1.2 | 109.6 | 17,451 |
| March.............. . | 41.5 | 589 | 5.1 | 182 | 1.1 | 109.6 | 17,266 |
| April | 41.5 | , 522 | 4.9 | H 179 | 1.2 | 107.6 | 17,057 |
| May ............... | 41.4 | 513 567 | $\square \quad 5.1$ | -185 | 1.1 | 106.8 | 16,644 |
| June.............. | 41.3 | 567 | H 5.2 | 186 | 1.3 | 106.2 | 16,577 |
| July . | 41.2 | 542 | 4.7 | 230 | 1.7 | 104.8 | 16,074 |
| August. . . . . . . . . . | $\times 41.4$ | 543 | 5.1 | 196 | 1.1 | 103.9 | 16,343 |
| September . . . . . . . . | 42.4 | 509 | 4.9 | 183 | 1.1 | 102.7 | 15,764 |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | $\square 41,3$ | $\square 533$ | - 5.1 | 186 | $\square 1.1$ | 103.3 | 16,233 |
| November | $-41.3$ | $\bigcirc 530$ | 4.8 | 194 | 1.2 | 100.6 | 16,206 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | 41.0 | CH 534 | \% 4.6 | 203 | 1.4 | 102.2 | 16,703 |
| February........... | 40.3 | $\square 519$ | 4.3 | 242 | 1.5 | + 103.2 | 15,987 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . . | 40.4 | $\square 497$ | - 4.1 | 256 | $\square \quad 1.7$ | $\bigcirc 103.3$ | $\square 16,244$ |
| April . .............. | 440.5 | $\square 474$ | 4.2 | 263 | 1.5 | 104.0 | 16,760 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 440.3 | $\bigcirc 448$ | , 4.6 | 234 | + 1.4 | $\square \pm 105.7$ | $\square 17,627$ |
| June. | $\square 40.3$ | - 487 | $\pm 4.6$ | 225 | צ 1.4 | $\cdots \quad 109.0$ | $\square 17,799$ |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | 40.4 | $\square \square 484$ | 4.2 | 265 | -1.6 | - 108.4 | $\pm 16,072$ |
| August. ............. | 40.7 | $4 \square 487$ | 4.3 | 211 | $\Delta 1.1$ | - 110.3 | - 17,388 |
| September......... | 40.8 | Wr 471 | 4.3 | 200 | 1.3 | 110.2 | - 18,409 |
| October . . . . . . . . . | r20.7 | $\square 474$ | r4.7 | 203 | $\square 1.3$ | 110.3 | - 17,908 |
| November . . | r40.7 | SH 482 | pL .4 | - 194 | $\square \mathrm{pl}, 2$ | $0>112.9$ | $H>18,621$ |
| December | p40.8 | $\square \mathrm{p} 474$ | (NA) | 197 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 1968 |  | $\square,$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February . . . . . . . . . |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ |
| April ............... |  | + |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June.............. |  | W ST, |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| July |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August. . . . . . . . . . .September . . . . . |  | , |  |  |  | , | $\triangle \square \square+$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  | ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . . |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| December . ........ |  |  |  |  |  | $\triangle \square$ |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (L). Current high values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e^{*}$, estimated; " $a^{*}$. anticipated; and "NA". not available.
${ }^{1}$ Data exclude Puerto Rico which is included in figures published by source agency.

| Major Economic Process | FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | New Investment Commitments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and month | *6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 94. Index of construction contracts, total value $(1957-59=100)$ | *10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment <br> (Bil. dol.) | 11. Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corporations <br> (Bil. dol.) | 24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial buildings (Mil. sq. ft. floor space) | 7. New private nontarm housing units started ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Ann.rate, thous.) | *29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits ${ }^{2}$ $(1957-59=100)$ |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . | 23.58 | $\bigcirc 152$ | 5.46 |  | 4.45 | 62.29 | 1,403 | 111.9 |
| February . . . . . . . . . . . | 23.74 | + 157 | 5.71 | 6.34 | 4.58 | ID 70.42 | 1,381 | 106.4 |
| March.............. | 24.89 | , 150 | 5.66 | ... | 4.59 | 67.99 | 1,400 | 112.1 |
| April . . . . . . . . . . | 24.20 | 161 | 5.91 |  | 4.79 | 68.28 | 1,356 | 105.3 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 24.28 | 156 | 5.77 | 18.69 | 4.84 | 64.00 | 1,232 | 97.4 |
| June.............. | 24.59 | 147 | 5.57 |  | 4.75 | 65.85 | 1,161 | 84.7 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | 24.37 | 147 | 6.10 | - 9 | 5.09 | 63.54 | 1,061 | 82.1 |
| August. . . . . . . . . . | 23.51 | 139 | $\square 5.87$ | 5.97 | 4.81 | 63.52 | 1,088 | 75.2 |
| September . . . . . . . . | 25.27 | 146. | $\longrightarrow 6.28$ | ... | 4.91 | 64.40 | 1,020 | 65.3 |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | 24.24 | 139. | 5.76 |  | 4.82 | 54.76 | 824 | 63.4 |
| November . . . . . . . . . | 23.03 | 130 | 5.52 | 5.96 | 4.65 | 64.42 | 956 | 63.4 |
|  |  |  |  | . . . | 4.60 | 60.21 |  | 67.1 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | 22.07 | +126 | 5.40 |  | 4.54 | 49.09 | 1,079 | 83.1 |
| February............ | 22.33 | 143 | 5.34 | 5.76 | 4.24 | 57.84 | 1,132 | 78.9 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 22.06 | 149 | 5.50 | . . | 4.32 | 56.14 | 1,067 | 81.9 |
| April ............... | 22.23 | -138 | 5.37 | $\cdots$ | 4.44 | 59.04 | 1,099 | 90.7 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 23.86 | -154 | 5.55 | 5.83 | 4.61 | 53.16 | 1,254 | 91.1 |
| June.............. | 24.26 | 164 | 5.82 | ... | 4.79 | 64.03 | 1,214 | 97.9 |
| July | 23.72 | 149 | 5.72 | $\cdots$ | 4.85 | 55.29 | 1,356 | 96.4 |
| August. <br> September | 23.73 | 165 | 6.16 | p6.05 | 5.06 | 63.00 | 1,381 | 99.4 |
|  | 23.42 | 168 | 5.74 | ... | 4.66 | 62.01 | 1,415 | 102.3 |
| October . . . . . . . . .November . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | r23.38 | $\bigcirc 171$ | r5.96 |  | x4.61 | 55.11 | r1,478 | 106.9 |
|  | - r23.84 | $\begin{array}{r}168 \\ \hline 166\end{array}$ | r5.81 | (NA) | - 44.87 | 65.50 | r1,564 | r102.2 |
| December | $\mathrm{H} \mathrm{p}^{26.11}$ | 166 | p6.04 |  | $\pm$ 10.13 | 65.37 | p1,241 | pl20.2 |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . |  |  | " |  |  |  |  |  |
| February........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July................ <br> August. <br> September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December .......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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${ }^{1} H i g h ~ v a l u e ~(1,833) ~ w a s ~ r e a c h e d ~ i n ~ O c t o b e r ~$
${ }^{2}$

| Major Economic Process | INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Inventory Investment and Purchasing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and month | 21. Change in business inventories after valuation adjustment, all industries <br> (Ann. rate, bil.dol.) | *31. Change in book value of manufacturing and trade inventories, total <br> (Ann.rate,bil.dol.) | 37. Purchased materials, percent of companies reporting higher inventories ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Percent reporting) | 20. Change in book value of manufacturers' inventories of materials and supplies ${ }^{2}$ <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 26. Production materials, percent of companies reporting commitments 60 days or longer (1) <br> (Percent reporting) | 32. Vendor performance, percent of companies reporting slower deliveries (a) <br> (Percent reporting) | 25. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . |  | +8.1 | $\square 49$ | +0.9 | 68 | 74 | $+1.27$ |
| February ............ | $+9.9$ | $+11.7$ | 47 | $+1.2$ | 67 | 85 | $+1.31$ |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . |  | $+13.1$ | 52 | +0.8 | 68 | $\xrightarrow{+} 86$ | $+1.65$ |
| April . . . . . . . . . . . |  | $+12.8$ | $\square 51$ | $\square \quad+3.8$ | - 69 | 82 | +1.49 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | +14.0 | $+17.7$ | - 53 | $\square, 4.3$ | 70 | 75 | +1.36 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . |  | +12.5 | $0 \quad 47$ | +2.2 | 72 | 48 | -0.99 |
| February . . . . . . . . | $+7.1$ | +2.3 | - 43 | -1.0 | 67 | 51 | -0.30 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May . .............. | +0.5 | $+0.9$ | $\square 39$ | - -1.1 | 66 | $\square \quad 36$ | $+0.96$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  | \%ma |  |
| January........... . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April ............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August. <br> September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  | UTO |  |
| November . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ |
| December . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  | - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | * |

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${ }^{1}$ High value (63) was reached in November 1964.
${ }^{2} \mathrm{High}$ value ( +6.6 ) was reached in December 1961.

Leading Indicators-Continued


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (a). Current high values are in dicated by $-\mathbb{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by H 1 . Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " d ", anticipated; and " $N A^{\prime \prime}$ " not available.
${ }^{1}$ Average for January 18, 19, and 22.
${ }^{2}$ Average for January 19, 22, and 23.

| MajorEconomic ProcessMinorEconomic Process | MONEY AND CREDIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Flows of Money and Credit |  |  |  |  |  | Credit Difficulties |  |
| Year and month | 98. Change in money supply and time deposits <br> (Ann. rate, percent) | 85. Change in total U.S. money supply <br> (Ann. rate, percent) | 33. Net change in mortgage debt held by fin. inst. and life insurance companies ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *113. Net change in consumer installment debt ${ }^{2}$ <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 112. Change in business loans <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 110. Total private borrowing <br> (Ann. rate, mil. dol.) | 14. Current liabilities of business failures ${ }^{3}$ <br> (Mil. dol.) | 39. Delinquency rate, 30 days and over, total installment loans ${ }^{4}$ <br> (Percent) |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | $+6.48$ | $+7.92$ | $+23.81$ | $+7.16$ | $+14.10$ |  | 111.67 |  |
| February . . . . . . . . . | $+4.56$ | +2.88 | $+21.85$ | + +6.46 | $+6.24$ | 66,924 | 94.59 | 1.73 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | $+9.12$ | +6.36 | $+22.87$ | +7.79 | $+8.76$ |  | 98.73 | $\cdots$ |
| April ............... | $+12.36$ | $+9.24$ | $+20.77$ | $+6.37$ | $+8.50$ |  | 106.93 | 1.78 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | $+4.80$ | $-2.16$ | $+17.76$ | + +5.92 | $+9.58$ | HS 77,784 | 92.41 | $\cdots$ |
| June.............. | +7.80 | $+2.88$ | $+15.22$ | +6.59 | $+17.70$ | , | 111.23 | 1.76 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | $+3.72$ | -4.92 | $+12.54$ | + +6.77 | H- +21.11 |  | 62.84 |  |
| August. . . . . . . . . . | $+5.16$ | +1.44 | +12.68 | $\square+7.22$ | +3.28 | 56,320 | 159.29 | 1.76 |
| September......... | $+3.36$ | $+2.88$ | $+11.40$ | $+5.70$ | +0.67 | \% ... | 128.77 | ... |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | -0.72 | -2.76 | $+9.96$ | $\square+4.56$ | $+5.93$ |  | 128.02 | 1.79 |
| November . . . . . . . . | -0.72 | 0.00 | r+9.66 | + +5.33 | $r+2.63$ | 50,524 | 116.90 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | $+7.68$ | -0.72 | $+11.05$ | +3.36 | $+6.01$ |  | -118.61 |  |
| February . . . . . . . . . | $+14.16$ | +8.40 | $+12.11$ | $\square+2.59$ | +0.86 | 57,508 | +111.23 | 1.82 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April .............. | $+5.64$ | -2.76 | $\bigcirc+11.64$ | 12.56 | $+9.25$ | $\cdots 2$ | 110.80 | 1.90 |
| May <br> June. | $+13.08$ | H> +12.48 | $+15.80$ | $\square+2.32$ | $+1.63$ | 63,220 | 93.00 | - |
|  | $+14.28$ | $+11.64$ | $+19.34$ | + 3.50 | $+8.16$ | $\cdots$ | 87.20 | 1.72 |
| July............... | $+13.44$ | $+11.52$ | +12.95 | $\square+2.70$ | $+16.46$ | 1 | 64.15 |  |
| August. . . . . . . . . . .September . . . . . | $+12.96$ | $+8.04$ | $+22.84$ | + +4.13 | -9.44 | p59,104 | 98.29 | 1.65 |
|  | $+6.12$ | +0.72 | $\mathrm{r}+20.62$ | $\square+3.41$ | -2.34 |  | 93.10 | ... |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | +10.08 | $\mathrm{r}+7.32$ | $r+20.20$ | + +3.73 | $\mathrm{r}+5.36$ |  | - 98.00 | 1.69 |
| November .......... | $\mathrm{r}+8.64$ $\mathrm{p}+5.28$ | $\mathrm{r}+6.00$ $\mathrm{p}+2.04$ | $\frac{\mathrm{p}+21.70}{\text { (NA) }}$ | +5.02 $(\mathrm{NA})$ | r+1.90 | (NA) | 77.24 234.92 | (NA) |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February.......... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ March. . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AprilMayJune. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August....September. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (a). Current high values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$ : for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and "NA". not available.
${ }^{7}$ High value $(24.02)$ was reached in October 1963.
${ }^{2}$ High value $(+8.94)$ was reached in April 1965.
${ }^{3}$ High value (52.86) was reached in August 1963.
${ }^{4} \mathrm{High}$ value (1.57) was reached in May 1963.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $\mathbb{B}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by $\mathbb{E}$. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The "r" indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $\mathrm{a}^{\prime \prime}$, anticipated; and "NA". not available.
${ }^{1}$ Data exclude Puerto Rico which is included in figures published by source agency.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those serres that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by 1 ; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45$. 93, and 502), current low values are indicated by B Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Roughly Coincident Indicators-Continued


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1). Current high values are indicated by $\mathbb{\square}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series 3,5,14,39,40, 43, 45, 93, and 502), current low values are indicated by H. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $\mathrm{d}^{\prime \prime}$ " anticipated; and "NA". not available.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted serres are indicated by (u). Current high values are iridicated by $\mathbb{H}>$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by . Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; "e", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA". not available.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (a). Current higit values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}>$ : for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ), current low values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $\mathrm{a}^{*}$ " anticipated: and "NA", not available.
${ }^{1}$ Prior to 1967, data are based on 19 cities and refer to the last month of the quarter.

| Major Economic Process | PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS | FOREIGN TRADE AND PAYMENTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Comprehensive Retail Prices | Foreign Trade and Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and month | 81. Index of consumer prices (a)$(1957-59=100)$ | 89. Excess of receipts ( + ) or payments ( - ) in U.S. balance of payments |  | 88. Merchandise trade balance (series 86 minus series 87) <br> (Mil. dol.) | 86. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total <br> (Mil. dol.) | 861. Manufacturers' new orders for export, durable goods except motor vehicles and parts (ii) <br> (Mil. dol.) | 862. Index of export orders, nonelectrical machinery$(1957-59=100)$ | 87. General imports, total(Mil. dol.) |
|  |  | a. Liquidity balance basis (Mil. dol.) | b. Official settlements basis (Mil. dol.) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January..... | 111.0 |  |  | $+324.0$ | 2,271,6 | 852 | 237 | 1,947.6. |
| February.......... | 111.6 | -651 | $-443$ | + +366.1 | 2,371.2 | 849 | 201 | - 2,005.1 |
| March............. | 112.0 |  | $\cdots$ | +501.2 | 2,568.9 | 904 | 227 | - 2,067.7 |
| April ............... | 112.5 | $\cdots$ | ** | +249.9 | 2,358.8 | 749 | $\square 195$ | 2,108.9 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 112.6 | -122 | $-175$ | +348.3 | 2,410.8 | 976 | $\square 217$ | 2,062.5 |
| June.............. | 112.9 | ... | .. | +354.4 | 2,489.4 | 1,078 | $\square 217$ | 2,135.0 |
| July.............. | 113.3 |  |  | +250.7 | 2,455.4 | 805 | 201 | 2,204.7 |
| August. ........... | 113.8 | $-165$ | $+861$ | $+339.0$ | 2,451.6 | 826 | 199 | 2,172.6 |
| September . . . . . . . . | 114.1 | $\ldots$ |  | $+234.4$ | 2,534.2 | 1,059 | 200 | 2,299.8 |
| October . . . . . . . . . | 114.5 |  | $\cdots$ | + 319.7 | 2,580.7 | 865 | 240 | 2,261.0 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 114.6 | $-419$ | -18 | $+299.8$ | 2,486.1 | 785 | 235 | $2,186.3$ |
| December . . . . . . . . | 114.7 | ... | ... | +184.6 | 2,415.8 | 1,200 | 225 | 2,231.2 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | 114.7 |  |  | r+360.4 | r2, 615.9 | 891 | $\square 234$ | r2,255.5 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | 114.8 | r-529 | $\mathrm{r}-1,815$ | x+378.1 | r2,607.3 | 833 | -196 | r2,229.2 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | 115.0 | $\cdots$ | , | r +348.5 | r2,551.4 | 905 | - 252 | r2,202.9 |
| April .............. | 115.3 |  |  | $\mathrm{r}+427.8$ | $\mathrm{r} 2,653,8$ | - 772 | , 215 | r2,226.0 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 115.6 | $r-547$ | $r-828$ | $\mathrm{r}+407.0$ | r2,546.9 | -1,029 | - 222 | r2,139.9 |
| June............... | 116.0 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | r+349.2 | r2,576.5 | -1,043 | $\square 218$ | r2,227.3 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | 116.5 |  |  | F+376.1 | r2, 584.1 | -875 | \% 219 | r2,208.0 |
| August............ | 116.9 | r-636 | $r+470$ | r $\quad \mathrm{r}+122.8$ | r2,547.9 | 841 905 | + $\quad 230$ | r2, 125.1 |
| September......... | 117.1 |  | .,. | r+434.2 | r2,642,7 | $\square 905$ | + 221 | r2,208.5 |
| October . . . . . . . . . | 117.5 |  |  | r $\mathrm{r}+190.8$ | r2,392.3 | r796 | $\square 272$ | r2,201.5 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 117.8 118.2 | (NA) | (NA) | r + +76.5 | r2, 692.2 $2,603.9$ | ¢ $\mathrm{p}_{(\mathrm{VAA}}$ | $\square \mathrm{p}^{239}$ | 2, $\quad 275.7$ |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ |  |
| February.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  | U, |  |
| March. ............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  | M, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | , $\quad$, |  |
| June.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | THETH |  |
| August............. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\square \square$ | 4 |
| September......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | MTM |  |
| November . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | , Y Y $\quad$ | $4$ |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (a). Series numbers are for identlfication only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.
${ }^{1}$ Beginning with 2d quarter 1966, data reflect graduated withholding of personal income taxes and change in schedule for depositing withheld and OASI taxes.


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| Major Economic Process | INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Industrial Production Indexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and month | 47. United States, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 123. Canada, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 121. OECD ${ }^{1}$ European countries, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 126. France, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 125. West Germany, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 128. Japan, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ | 127. Italy, index of industrial production $(1957-59=100)$ |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . | 151 | 161 | 132 | 152 | 147 | 158 | 252 | 186 |
| February ............ | 152 | 163 | 131 | 152 | 150 | 157 | 251 | 187 |
| March............... | 154 | 163 | 134 | 155 | 152 | 161 | 257 | 190 |
| April . . . . . . . . . . | 154 | 164 | 132 | 153 | 151 | 160 | 261 | 187 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 155 | 163 | 130 | 153 | 157 | 159 | 265 | 196 |
| June............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July............... | 157 | 163 | + 132 | 155 | 155 | 158 | 273 | 194 |
| August. . . . . . . . . . | 158 | 164 | 131 | 153 | 155 | 154 | 277 | 195 |
| September......... | 158 | 166 | 130 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 279 | 202 |
| October ............ | 159 | 167 | 128 | 153 | 155 | 154 | 285 | 200 |
| November | 159 | 168 | 127 | 153 | + 156 | 154 | 291 | 201 |
| December ......... | 160 | 167 | 129 | 155 | 156 | 153 | $\bigcirc 299$ | 204 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. . . . . . . . . . | 158 | 166 | -129 | 153 | 156 | 151 | + 301 | 205 |
| February.......... | 157 | 166 | +129 | 153 | 154 | 150 | 300 | 209 |
| March. ............. | 156 | 166 | - 129 | 155 | 156 | 152 | 309 | 208 |
| April .............. | 156 | 168 | \% 130 | 155 | 153 | 150 | 312 | 210 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 156 | 167 | rr 128 | 154 | 152 | 151 | 315 | 212 |
| June................. | 156 | 168 | 129 | 155 | 156 | 151 | 323 | 212 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . . | 157 | 169 | r129 | 156 | 156 | + 156 | 323 | r 210 |
| August............. | 158 | 170 | r129 | 154 | 156 | , T 152 | 327 | $r 197$ |
| September . . . . . . . . . . | 157 | 170 | 128 | $r 157$ | r160 | - r156 | 337 | 211 |
| October . . . . . . . . . | $r 157$ | p169 | p128 | p158 | 160 | - 158 | - r339 | p216 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 159 | ( NA ) | (NA) | (NA) | p160 | - p160 | - p347 | (NA) |
| December . | p162 |  |  |  | (NA) | (NA) | $\square(\mathrm{NA})$ |  |
| 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . .June. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July ............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August. . . . . . . . . . .September . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December .......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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${ }^{7}$ Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (@). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown on the back cover. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.


| Major Economic Process | STOCK PRICE INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor Economic Process | Stock Price Indexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year and month | 19. United States, index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (1) $(1957-59=100)$ | 143. Canada, index of stock prices (1) $(1957-59=100)$ | 142. United King dom, index of stock prices @ $(1957-59=100)$ | 146. France, index of stock prices (l) $(1957-59=100)$ | 145. West Germany, index of stock prices@ $(1957-59=100)$ | 148. Japan, index of stock prices (i) $(1957-59=100)$ | 147. Italy, index of stock prices (u) $(1957-59=100)$ |
| 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. ........... | 189 | 192 | 173 | 127 | 177 | 223 | 147 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | 188 | 191 | 178 | 123 | 180 | 230 | 153 |
| March.............. | 180 | 186 | 174 | 118 | 178 | 241 | 156 |
| April ............... | 186 | 190 | 173 | 114 | 175 | 240 | 144 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 176 | 182 | 179 | 110 | 168 | 243 | 143 |
| June............... | 174 | 182 | 181 | 110 | 159 | 236 | 143 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | 174 | 180 | 173 | 108 | 149 | 231 | 146 |
| August. . . . . . . . . . . | 163 | 171 | 154 | 108 | 150 | 230 | 147 |
| September......... | 158 | 162 | 152 | 102 | 154 | 226 | 145 |
| October............ | 156 | 158 | 150 | 101 | 151 | 224 | 149 |
| November . ......... | 164 | 162 | 147 | 107 | 147 | 221 | 147 |
| December ......... | 165 | 166 | 151 | 103 | 148 | 218 | 144 |
| 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | 171 | 175 | 157 | 99 | 148 | 223 | 142 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | 177 | - 180 | 156 | 103 | 156 | 229 | 141 |
| March.............. | 181 | 182 | 159 | 98 | 159 | 228 | 127 |
| April ............... | 184 | 185 | 167 | 96 | 158 | 223 | 129 |
| May .............. | 188 | 186 | 171 | 99 | 155 | 231 | 132 |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . . | 185 | 186 | 172 | 98 | 154 | 231 | 130 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | 189 | 189 | 176 | 94 | 156 | 231 | 129 |
| August. . . . . . . . . . . | 192 | 194. | 177 | 99 | 175 | 21.5 | 133 |
| September......... | 194 | 198 | 187 | 110 | 182 | 209 | 139 |
| October ............ | 194 | 192 | 196 | 109 | - 182 | 213 | 143 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 188 | 188 | 203 200 | 106 | $\therefore \mathrm{pl93}$ | 206 | 139 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... | p191 | p190 | p200 | p106 | p212 | p203 | p134 |
| February March. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April . . . . . . . . . .May $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$June............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July <br> August. <br> September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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## charts and tables

DIFFUSION INDEXES BASED ON HUNDREDS OF COMPONENTS Average workweek-21 industries<br>New orders-36 indusiries<br>Capital appropriations-17 industries<br>Profits-1,000 corporations<br>Stock prices-77 industries<br>Industrial materials prices-13 materials<br>State unemployment claims-47 areas<br>Nonagricultural employment-30 industries Production-24 industries<br>Wholesale prices-22 industries<br>Retail sales-23 types of stores<br>Net sales- $\mathbf{8 0 0}$ companies<br>New orders-400 companies<br>Cárloadings- 19 commodity groups<br>Plant and equipment expenditures-18 industries



See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Current data for these series are shown on pages 54 and 55.

DIFFUSION INDEXES FROM 1948 to PRESENT-Continued
Roughly Coincident Indexes


See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Current data for the se series are shown on page 56.
(May) (Feb.) P T

## Actual

Anticipated
035. H



14. New plant an and ipment expend-18 indis. 1-a span)


Data are centered within spans. Latest data are as follows:

| Series number and date of survey |  |  |  | Actual |  |  | Anticipated |  |  |  |  |  | $\square$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D35, D36 (September 1967) <br> D48 (December 1967) <br> D61 (November 1967) |  |  |  | 3c Q $1966-3 \mathrm{C} Q 1967$ <br> 1st Q 1966-Ist Q 1967 <br> 2d Q 1967-3d Q 1967 |  |  | Ist Q 1967.1st Q 1968 1st Q 1967-Ist Q 1968 4th Q 1967-1st Q 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 1968 |

See How to Read Charts 1 and 2; page 4. Current data for these series are shown on page 57.


NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising and are centered within spans: 1 -month indexes are placed on latest month and 9 -month indexes are placed on the 6th month of span; 1-quarter indexes are placed on the 1st month of the 2d quarter and 3-quarter indexes are placed on the 1st month of the $3 d$ quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used. Table 4 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; and " $N A$ ", not available.
${ }^{1}$ Based on 34 industries.

Leading Indexes-Continued


NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising and are centered within spans: 1-month indexes are placed on latest month and 9 -month indexes are placed on the 6th month of span; 1-quarter indexes are placed on the 1 st month of the 2 nd quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in index Dl9 which requires no adjustment and index D34 which is adjusted only for the index. Table 4 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; and "NA", not available. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u).
${ }^{1}$ Based on 77 components through June 1967 and on 76 components thereafter.
${ }^{2}$ Average for January 18, 19, and 22.


NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising andare centered within spans: 1 -month indexes are placed on latest month, 6 -month indexes are placed on the 4 th month, and 9 -month indexes are placed on the 6 th month of span. Seasonaily adjusted components are used except in index D58 which requires no adjustment. Table 4 identifies the components for the indexes shown. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; and "NA", not available. Unadjusted series are indicated by $(\mathbb{1}$.


NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising and are centered within spans: 4 -quarter indexes are centered in the middle quarter; 1 -quarter indexes are placed in the Ist month of the $2 d$ quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used for series D61. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; and " $N$ ", not available. Unadjusted series are indicated by @).

Table 4

Basic Data and Direction of Change

| Diffusion index components | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May | June | July | August | September | October ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | November | December ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |

D1. AVERAGE WORKWEEK OF PRODUCTION WORKERS, MANUFACTURING ${ }^{1}$
(Average weekly hours)


D6. VALUE OF MANUFACTURERS' NEW ORDERS, DURABLE GOODS INDUSTRIES ${ }^{1}$
(Millions of dollars)


NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(t)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. Only the directions of change are shown when numbers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $r=$ revised.

[^3]| Diffusion index components | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December |

D6. VALUE OF MANUFACTURERS' NEW ORDERS, DURABLE GOODS INDUSTRIES ${ }^{1}$-Continued (Millions of dollars)


D19. INDEX OF STOCK PRICES, 500 COMMON STOCKS ${ }^{2}$
( $1941-43=10$ )

| Index of 500 stock prices $\qquad$ <br> Percent rising of 77 components $^{3}$. $\qquad$ | $+$ | $\begin{array}{r} 92.59 \\ (74) \end{array}$ | - | $\begin{array}{r} 91.43 \\ (51) \end{array}$ | $+$ | $\begin{array}{r} 93.01 \\ (82) \end{array}$ | $+$ | $\begin{array}{r} 94.49 \\ (78) \end{array}$ | $+$ | $\begin{array}{r} 95.81 \\ (57) \end{array}$ | - | $\begin{array}{r} 95.66 \\ (32) \end{array}$ | - | $92.66$ <br> (8) | $+$ | $\begin{array}{r} 95.30 \\ (71) \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coal, bituminous. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + | . $\cdot$ | + | $\ldots$ | $+$ | $\cdots$ | + | $\cdots$ | $+$ | $\cdots$ | + | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | + | - . |
| Food composite. | $+$ | $\cdots$ | $+$ | ... | $+$ | . . . | $+$ | $\ldots$ | $+$ | ... | - | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | 4 | $\cdots$ |
| Tobacco (cigarette manufacturers) | - | $\cdots$ | + | . . | $+$ | - | - | . . | - | ... | $+$ | ... | - | . | - | $\cdots$ |
| Textile products . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $+$ | ... | - | $\cdots$ | $+$ | . $\cdot$ | $+$ | ... | $+$ | ... | $+$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | - | ... |
| Paper | $+$ | . . . | - | . | - | ... | - | $\ldots$ | - | $\ldots$ | - | $\cdots$ | - | ... | $+$ | . $\cdot$ |
| Publishing . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $+$ | . | - | ... | - | . . | $+$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\ldots$ | - | ... | - | $\cdots$ | $+$ | . |
| Chemicals. | $+$ | ... | - | ... | - | ... | + | ... | + | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | + | . |
| Drugs. | $+$ | . $\cdot$ | + | . . | $+$ | $\ldots$ | + | $\ldots$ | + | $\cdots$ | - | ... | - | . . | $+$ | ... |
| Oil composite | $+$ | . $\cdot$. | - | $\cdots$ | $+$ | ... | $+$ | . $\cdot$ | $+$ | ... | + | ... | - | $\cdots$ | $+$ | $\cdots$ |
| Building materials composite | - | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $+$ | . . | + | $\cdots$ | $+$ | $\cdots$ | 4 | $\ldots$ | - | .. | $+$ | $\cdots$ |
| Stee!... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | . . | - | . . | $+$ | $\cdots$ | $+$ | * $\cdot$ | 0 | . . | - |  | - | ... | + | $\ldots$ |
| Metal fabricating. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $+$ | $\cdots$ | + | . . . | $+$ | ... | + | $\cdots$ | - | ... | + |  | - | ... | + | $\cdots$ |
| Machiner y composite. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $+$ | . . | + | . . | $+$ | ... | + | . $\cdot$ | $+$ | ... | - | $\cdots$ | - |  | $+$ | ... |
| Office and business equipment. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $+$ | $\cdots$ | + | $\cdots$ | $+$ | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | $+$ | $\cdots$ | + | $\ldots$ | $+$ | $\cdots$ | $+$ | . |
| Electric household appliances | $+$ | $\cdots$ | - | ... | $+$ | ... | + | $\cdots$ | $+$ | .. | $+$ | $\cdots$ | - | ... | - | .. |
| Electronics.. | $+$ | . . | + | . . | - | . . . | - | $\cdots$ | + | ... | + | ... | - | ... | - |  |
| Automobiles | $+$ | ... | - | $\cdots$ | + | $\cdots$ | + | $\cdots$ | + | ** | - | . . | - | $\cdots$ | $\pm$ | ... |
| Radio and television broadcasters | $+$ | . | - | . | - | . | - | ... | + | . | - | ... | - | $\cdots$ | + | $\cdots$ |
| Telephone companies . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - | $\cdots$ | $+$ | $\cdots$ | - | -* | - | ... | 4 | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ | - | . | - | . |
| Electric companies | - | ... | - | ... | + | $\ldots$ | - | $\cdots$ | - | ... | - | ... | - | $\cdots$ | + | . |
| Natural gas distributors. | - | $\cdots$ | - | . | $+$ | . . | $+$ | . $\cdot$ | + | . . | - | . | - | . | $+$ | $\cdots$ |
| Retail stores composite. | + | $\cdots$ | - | . . | $+$ | $\cdots$ | $+$ | $\ldots$ | - | .. | 4 | .. | - | . . | $+$ | .. |
| Life insurance. . | - | - $\cdot$ | - | ... | $+$ |  | - | $\cdots$ | - | ... | - | $\cdots$ | - | ... | + | $\cdots$ |

[^4]
## SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS- Continued

Basic Data and Direction of Change-Continued

| Diffusion index components | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{1968}{\text { January }^{\text {I }}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December |  |
| D23. INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS PRICES ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial materials price index (1957-59=100) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 99.6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left.+{ }_{+}\right)^{99.8}$ | $-148$ | - 98.1 | $-1 \text { IV. } 97.8$ | -1:97.7 | + 1.99 .1 | + 3.100 .1 | + 99.6 |
|  | (Dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent rising of 13 components | $(62)$ | (69) | (31) | (54) | V (19) | - $(46)$ | (46) | (62) | (38) |
| Copper scrap (lb.) . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 3.371 | $\rightarrow$ ). 368 | $-1.366$ | + | - ${ }^{\text {a }}$. 382 | $+\\| .385$ | + + 4.452 | $t)=5.473$ | T). 500 |
| Lead scrap (lb.). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + ${ }_{\text {W }} .064$ | + . 0.065 | + 4.065 | - .064 | - $\quad .062$ | - $\quad .062$ | -1, .061 | - . 060 | - ${ }^{\text {d }} .060$ |
| Steel scrap (ton) . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 28.261 | + 29.016 | - 27.451 | - 27.195 | + 30.174 | - 28.756 | + 29.774 | - 29.723 | 29.580 |
| Tin ( lb.$)$. | - 1.528 | $+\square 1.557$ | $-1.550$ | $-1.528$ | $-1.456$ | $+1.486$ | +1.1.510 | + 1.547 | $-1.503$ |
| $\operatorname{Zinc}(\mathrm{lb}$. | - ${ }_{\text {a }}$ | $-) .142$ | - $\mid .141$ | $t$ + 1.41 | $-1.140$ | $-1.140$ | - 1.139 | t) . 139 | $+\quad .139$ |
| Burlap (yd.). | - 141 | $+1 Y .145$ | $\pm+.145$ | $-\quad .139$ | $-1.134$ | $+\mid=.735$ | $-1.133$ | $-\quad .132$ | -1, 129 |
| Cotton (lb.), 15-market average. . . . . | - $\quad .217$ | + ${ }_{\text {a }}$.219 | + $\quad .223$ | + + . 231 | 7 T . 237 | $+1$. | + ${ }_{\text {L }}$ | + + .275 | $-1.262$ |
| Print cloth (yd.), average. . . . . . . . | + 193 | $+1, .194$ | $-1$. | $t-.193$ | - , , 193 | - 1.4 .192 | + $\quad 193$ | 4 . 195 | $+1.198$ |
| Wool tops (lb.). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 1.663 | +1.1.677 | $=1.646$ | - 1.603 | - 1.588 | + 1.591 | $-1.1 .523$ | + 1.553 | $+\longdiv { 1 . 5 7 5 }$ |
| Hides (lb.) ... | - $1 . .157$ | $+1$. | - $1 . .152$ | + . . 152 | - $\quad .152$ | $+1.1 .153$ | $4) .159$ | $+1 . .167$ | - $\quad .164$ |
| Rosin (100 1b.) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $+10.753$ | $-10.721$ | $+110.872$ | $+110.971$ | $0 \longdiv { 1 0 . 9 7 1 }$ | - 10.949 | $-10.938$ | - 10.894 | $\bigcirc 10.839$ |
| Rubber (ib.). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 201 | + + 214 | - $\quad .209$ | - . 200 | - | - . . 185 | - 171 | $+\square .177$ | - . 168 |
| Tallow (lb.). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | +1.052 | -1..051 | $-1.050$ | $+1.052$ | -1. 050 | $-1.049$ | - $\quad .046$ | -1. 044 | $+1.044$ |

D5. INITIAL CLAIMS FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE, STATE PROGRAMS ${ }^{3}$
(Thousands)


NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. Only the directions of change are shown when numbers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $\rho=$ preliminary, $r=$ revised.
${ }_{2}^{1}$ Average for January 18, 19, and 22.
${ }^{2}$ Series components are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census. The industrial materials price index is not seasonally adjusted. Directions of change are computed before figures are rounded.
${ }^{3}$ The signs are reversed because this series usually rises when general business activity falls and falls when business rises: $(-)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(+)=$ falling. Series components are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census before the direction of change is determined. Data used are for the week including the 12 th of the month. Directions of change are shown separately for only the 26 largest labor market areas. The number following the area designation indicates its size rank.

# SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS—Continued 

Basic Data and Direction of Change-Continued

| Diffusion index components | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May | June | July | August | September | October ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | November | December ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |

D41. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES IN NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS ${ }^{1}$
(Thousands of employees)

| All nonagricultural establishments. $\qquad$ Percent rising of 30 components $\qquad$ | 0 | $\begin{array}{r} 65,639 \\ (42) \end{array}$ | $+$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65,903 \\ (72) \end{array}$ | $+$ | 65,939 $(53)$ | $+$ | 66,190 $(58)$ |  | 66,055 $(35)$ | $+$ | 66,243 $(75)$ | $+$ | 66,929 $(93)$ | + | 67,128 $(72)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ordnance and accessories | 0 | 147 | $\pm$ | 149 | + | 151 | $+$ | 155 |  |  | + | 7 |  | 8 | + | 62 |
| Lumber and wood products | - | 507 | + | 512 | - | 508 | $+$ | 509 | - | 508 | + | 513 | $+$ | r515 | $+$ | 520 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 1 | 375 | - | 371 | - | 366 | $+$ | 369 | + | 370 | + | 374 | + | r377 | + | 382 |
| Stone, clay, and glass prod | - | 495 | $+$ | 498 | $\bigcirc$ | 498 | - | 497 | - | 494 | + | 500 | $+$ | r 507 | t | 12 |
| Primary metal industries | - | 1,042 | - | 1,037 | - | 1,023 | + | 1,024 | - | 1,003 | $+$ | 1,009 | $+$ | r1,032 | - | 1,028 |
| Fabricated metal products | - | 1,041 | + | 1,048 | - | 1,041 | + | 1,048 | - | 1,023 | 4 | 1,024 | 4 | r1,041 | $t$ | 1,047 |
| Machinery | - | 2,373 | - | 1,372 | - | 1,368 | $+$ | 1,375 | - | 1,365 | - | 1,329 | + | r1, 373 | - | 1,333 |
| Electrical equipment | - | 1,284 | - | 1,251 | $+$ | 1,265 | $+$ | 1,290 | - | 1,260 | $+$ | 1,270 | $+$ | r1, 291 | + | 1,295 |
| Transportation equipment | $\pm$ | 1,361 | $+$ | 1,377 | - | 1,326 | + | 1,410 | - | 1,297 | - | 1,289 | + | r1,399 | $+$ | 1,398 |
| Instruments and related products | - | 287 | - | 285 | - | 285 | 0 | 285 | - | 281 | $+$ | 283 | + | r284 | + | 286 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing indus | $-$ | 342 | - | 340 | - | 339 | - | 337 | - | 336 | - | 335 | 4 | r336 | + | 342 |
| Food and kindred produc | + | 1,196 | + | 1,201 | - | , 185 | - | 1,148 | + | 1,175 | + | 1,185 | $+$ | r1,187 | 4 | 1,196 |
| Tobacco manufactures | $+$ | 74 | $+$ | 75 | + | 76 | - | 72 | - | 69 | + | 70 | $+$ | r77 | $-$ | 70 |
| Textile mill products. | - | 835 | + | 841 | - | 834 | + | 839 | $+$ | 842 | $+$ | 847 | $+$ | 849 | + | 858 |
| Apparel and related produc | $+$ | 1,235 | + | 1,239 | - | 1,220 | $+$ | 1,223 | - | 1,218 | $+$ | 1,223 | $+$ | r1,232 | $+$ | 1,235 |
| Paper and allied products. | - | -525 | + | - 535 | + | 536 | - | - 534 | - | 1,227 | $+$ | + 531 | $+$ | r 1533 | + | + 535 |
| Printing and publishing | - | 672 | + | 673 | + | 674 | - | 673 | - | 669 | 0 | 669 | + | r673 | - | 673 |
| Chemicals and allied product | - | 580 | $+$ | 583 | $+$ | 585 | 0 | 585 | 0 | 585 | $+$ | 594 | - | +594 | $+$ | 595 |
| Petroleum and related produc |  | 117 | $+$ | 119 | - | 119 | - | 118 | $\pm$ | 120 | $+$ | 121 | ${ }_{+}$ | 122 | - | 121 |
| Rubber and plastic products. | - | 354 | + | 362 | 0 | 362 | $+$ | 401 | + | 407 | + | 408 | + | r42 | + | 413 |
| Leather and leather products | - | 305 | - | 302 | - | 295 | $+$ | 299 | $+$ | 300 | $+$ | 303 | $+$ | $r 307$ | 0 | 307 |
| Mining | - | 617 | $+$ | 619 | $+$ | 623 | - | 606 | - | 601 | - | 597 | $\bigcirc$ | r597 | $\bigcirc$ | 597 |
| Contract construction | - | 3,192 | - | 3,187 | + | 3,231 | - | 3,223 | + | 3,238 | - | 3,236 | + | r3,299 | $+$ | 3,350 |
| Transportation and public | $+$ | 4,267 | 0 | 4,266 | + | 4,292 | - | 4,283 | - | 4,262 | - | 4,251 | + | r4,288 | $\bigcirc$ | 4,289 |
| Wholesale trade. | + | 3,549 | $\pm$ | 3,555 | 0 | 3,555 | $+$ | 3,569 | - | 3,565 | $+$ | 3,567 | + | r 3,599 | - | 3,596 |
| Retail trade | + | 10,060 | $+$ | 10,093 | 0 | 10,092 | 0 | 10,095 | 4 | 10,154 | + | 10,209 | $+$ | r10,310 | - | 10,314 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate | $+$ | 3,205 | $+$ | 3,227 | + | 3,234 | + | 3,253 | + | 3,264 | + | 3,270 |  | r3,290 | + | 3,302 |
| Service and miscellaneous | $+$ | 9,987 | + | 10,035 | + | 10,074 | + | 10,130 | + | 10,161 | + | 10,199 | $+$ | r10,301 | + | 10,325 |
| Federal government. | $+$ | 2,698 | $+$ | 2,747 | + | 2,759 | - | 2,746 | - | 2,715 | - | 2,712 | - | r2,698 | - | 2,692 |
| State and local government | + | 8,826 | $+$ | 8,889 | $+$ | 8,910 | + | 8,967 | - | 8,953 | + | 9,033 | + | r9,129 | $+$ | 9,184 |

D47. INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ${ }^{1}$
(1957-59=100)


NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, ( 0 ) = unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. Only the directions of change are shown when numbers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $r=$ revised.
${ }^{l}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.
${ }^{2}$ Where actual data for separate industries are not available, estimates are used to compute the percent rising. Directions of change for the most recent spans are computed before figures for the current month are rounded.

## SELECTED DIFFUSION INDEXES AND COMPONENTS-Continued

Basic Data and Direction of Change-Continued



D58. INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES, MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES²
(1957-59=100)

| All manufacturing industries . . . . . . . . . . . . . Percent rising of 22 components. . . . . . . . . | $\pm$ | $\begin{gathered} 106 \cdot 3 \\ (57) \end{gathered}$ | $1+$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.6 \\ & (50) \end{aligned}$ | $+$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106,8 \\ & (64) \end{aligned}$ | $10$ | 106.8 $(66)$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 107.1 \\ & (75) \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 107.11 \\ & (73) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 107{ }^{2}=2 \\ & (r \pi) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 107.6 \\ & (91) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| umber and wood pros | $+$ | 1104.2 | $1+$ | 1104.7 | + | 105.3 | + | 106.1 | + | 108.7 |  | 107.3 |  | 6.7 |  |  |
| Furniture and other housel | 4 | 200. 8 | $\bigcirc$ | 100.8 | + | 100. | + | 101. | 4 | 101.2 |  | 101. 7 |  | 102.0 |  | 102.1 |
| Nonmetallic mineral | , | 103.8 | 4 | 103.9 | + | 104.2 | $+$ | 104.5 | + | 104.7 |  | 104.9 |  | 105. 1 | 4 | 105.3 |
| Iron and steel | o | 103.2 | + | 103.3 | + | 1103.4 | ${ }^{+}$ | 103.5 | + | 104.0 | - | 103.9 |  | 104.3 |  | 304.7 |
| Nonferrous metals |  | 1118. |  | 12 | L | 11 | 4 | 11 | + | 19 |  | 120.7 |  | 2.7 |  | 7 |
| Fabricated structural metal |  | 105.1 | - | 104. | + | 105.1 | 4 | 109.5 | + | 5.6 | * | 105.? |  | 105.9 |  | 106.1 |
| Miscellaneous metal products |  | 113.7 | 10 | 113.7 |  | 1113.8 | 4 | 114.2 |  | 114.1 |  | 114.1 |  | 1114. 1 |  | 114.4 |
| General purpose machinery and equid |  | 113.2 |  | 173.1 |  | 1113.2 |  | 113.6 |  | 114.0 |  | 134.4 |  | 114.7 |  | 115.2 |
| Miscellaneous machinery | 4 |  |  | 109.1 | $\bigcirc$ |  |  | , |  | 9. |  | 9.9 |  | 4 |  | 110.8 |
| Electrical machinery and equi |  | 101.9 |  | 101.8 |  | 101.7 |  | 101.6 |  | 1 |  | 101.5 |  | 104.6 |  | 102.3 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 0 | 101.6 |  | 101.4 |  | 101.3 | ${ }^{\circ}$ | 101.3 |  | 1. |  | 193.4 |  | 104.9 |  | 104.0 |
| Miscellaneous products | 0 | 108.0.0 |  | 109.6 |  | 109.7 |  | 1110.0 |  | 110.2 |  | 1110. 5 |  | 110.6 |  | 110. |
| Nondurable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Processed foods |  | 110. | $15$ | 2. |  | 113 |  | 112. |  | 2 |  | 1. |  | 0. |  |  |
| Cotton product |  | 100. | T |  |  |  |  | 98. |  | 99. |  | 199.1 |  | 101.2 |  | 104.2 |
| Wool products |  | 103. | + | 107:2 |  | 103.3 |  | 102. |  | 102. |  | 102.8 |  | 102.2 |  | 102.2 |
| Manmade fiber textile prod |  | 86. 3 |  | 65.8\% |  | -85.5 | 4 | 85.9 |  |  |  | . 86.9 |  |  |  | 88.6 |
| Apparel. |  |  |  | 106.7 |  | 127.1 |  | 107.3 |  | 107.4 |  | 4075 |  | 108\% |  | 108.1 |
| Pulp, paper, and allied product |  | 103.9 |  |  |  | 1104.1 |  | 104.0 |  | 104. |  | -4.3 |  | 104:6 |  | 104.8 |
| Chemicals and allied products |  | 98.8 |  |  |  | 98.3 |  | 98.0 |  | 97.9 |  | 98.2 |  | 98.2 |  | 98.4 |
| Petroleum products, refined | + | 103.? |  | 103:1 |  | 103, 3 |  | 104.6 |  | 103.9 |  | 101.9 |  | 1100 |  | 99.9 |
| Rubber and rubber products |  | 95.8 |  | 95.8 |  | 95.8 |  | 97.8 |  | 98.2 |  | 98, 8 |  | 0941 |  | 99.2 |
| Hides, skins, leather, and related pro |  | 115.4 |  | 715.6 |  | 115.2 | - | 114.4 | 0 | 11.4 |  | 114.8 |  | 1154 |  | 116 |

[^5][^6]${ }^{2}$ Data are not seasonally adjusted.


NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. Only the directions of change are shown when numbers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $r=$ revised.
${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.

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## APPENDIXES

Appendix A.-BUSINESS CYCLE EXPANSIONS AND CONTRACTIONS IN THE UNITED STATES: 1854 TO 1961

| Business cycle reference dates | Duration in months |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Contraction (trough from previous peak) | Expansion (trough to peak) | Cycle |  |
|  |  |  | Trough from previous trough | Peak from previous peak |
| Trough Peak |  |  |  |  |
| December 1854. . . . . . . . June 1857. | (X) | 30 | (x) | (X) |
| December 1858 . . . . . . . . . October 1860 | 18 | 22 | 48 |  |
| June 1861............... April 1865. | 8 | 46 | 30 | 54 |
| December 1867.......... . June 1869. | 32 | 18 | 78 | 50 |
| December 1870.......... October 1873 | 18 | 34 | $\overline{36}$ | 52 |
| March 1879. . . . . . . . . . . . March 1882. | 65 | 36 | 99 | 101 |
| May 1885 . . . . . . . . . . . . March 1887. | 38 | 22 | 74 | 60 |
| April 1888 . . . . . . . . . . . . July 1890. | 13 | 27 | 35 | 40 |
| May. 1891 . . . . . . . . . . . . J January 1893 | 10 | 20 | 37 | 30 |
| June 1894. . . . . . . . . . . . . December 1895. | 17 | 18 | 37 | 35 |
| June 1897. . . . . . . . . . . . . June 1899. | 18 | 24 | 36 | 42 |
| December 1900.......... . . September 1902 | 18 | 21 | 42 | 39 |
| August 1904. . . . . . . . . . . May 1907 .. | 23 | 33 | 44 | 56 |
| June 1908.............. January 1910 | 13 | 19 | 46 | 32 |
| January $1912 . . . . . . . .$. January 1913 | 24 | 12 | 43 | 36 |
| December 1914..........August 1918. | 23 | 44 | 35 | 67 |
| March 1919............. January 1920 | 7 | 10 | 51 | 17 |
| July 1921. . . . . . . . . . . . May 1923 | 18 | 22 | 28 | 40 |
| July 1924.............. October 1926 | 14 | 27 | 36 | 41 |
| November 1927 . . . . . . . . August 1929. | 13 | 21 | 40 | 34 |
| March 1933. . . . . . . . . . . May 1937 ... | 43 | 50 | 64 | 93 |
| June 1938. . . . . . . . . . . February 1945 | 13 | 80 | 63 | 93 |
| October 1945 . . . . . . . . . November 1948 | 8 | 37 | 88 | 45 |
| October 1949 . . . . . . . . . . July 1953. . | 21 | 45 | 48 | 56 |
| August 1954 . . . . . . . . . . July 1957. |  | 35 |  | 48 |
| April 1958 . . . . . . . . . . . May 1960 | 9 | 25 | 44 | 34 |
| February 1961. | 9 | (X) | 34 | (x) |
| Average, all cycles: |  |  |  |  |
| 26 cycles, 1854-1961. | 19 | 30 | 49 | ${ }^{149}$ |
| 10 cycles, 1919-1961 | 15 | 35 | 50 | 254 |
| 4 cycles, 1945-1961. | 10 | 36 | 46 | ${ }^{3} 46$ |
| Average, peacetime cycles: |  |  |  |  |
| 22 cycles, 1854-1961.. | 20 | 26 | 45 | 446 |
| 8 cycles, 1919-1961. | 16 | 28 | 45 | ${ }^{5} 48$ |
| 3 cycles, 1945-1961................. | 10 | 32 | 42 | ${ }^{6} 42$ |

NOTE: Underscored figures are the wartime expansions (Civil War, World Wars I and II, and Korean War), the postwar contractions, and the full cycles that include the wartime expansions.

| ${ }^{1} 25$ cycles, $1857-1960$. | ${ }^{3} 4$ cycles, $1945-1960$. | 57 cycles, $1920-1960$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ${ }^{2} 9$ cycles, $1920-1960$. | 63 cycles, $1857-1960$. | 6 cycles, $1945-1960$. |

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

| Selected series | Specific trough dates for reference expansions beginning in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. 1961 | Apr. 1958 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & 1949 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1938 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1933 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1927 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1921 \end{aligned}$ |
| LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Average workweek, production workers, manufacturing. | Dec. '60 | Apr. '58 | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 54$ | Apr. 149 | Jan. 138 | June '32 | Apr. '28 | July '24 | Feb. '21 |
| 30. Nonagricultural placements, all industries | Jan. ${ }^{61}$ | Mar. ${ }^{1} 58$ | May 154 | July ' 49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 38. Index of net business formation. . . . . . . | Jan. ${ }^{61}$ | Apr. '58 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 54$ | July '49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 6. New orders, durable goods industries | Jan. '61 | Jan. 158 | Sep. ${ }^{153}$ | June '49 | Apr. ${ }^{1} 38$ | Mar. ${ }^{\text {' }} 33$ | (NSC) | May 124 | Jan. '21 |
| 10. Contracts and orders, plant and equipment. . . | Mar. '61 | Mar. ' 58 | Mar. '54 | Apr. 149 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 29. New building permits, private housing units. . | Dec. '60 | Feb. 158 | Sep. ' 53 | Jan. '49 | Dec. 137 | Dec. ' 32 | May ' 27 | July '24 | Dec. ' 20 |
| 31. Change in book value, manufacturing and trade inventories. | Dec. ' 60 | Apr. 158 | Nov. ' 53 | Apr. '49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 23. Industrial materials prices . . . . . | Dec. '60 | Apr. 158 | Feb. ${ }^{154}$ | June '49 | June ' 38 | July '32 | Aug. ' 28 | June '24 | July ' 21 |
| 19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks | Oct. '60 | Dec. 157 | Sep. ${ }^{1} 53$ | June ' 49 | Apr. '38 | June ' 32 | (NSC) | Oct. '23 | Aug. '21 |
| 16. Corporate profits after taxes (Q). | 1stQ :61 | 1stQ 158 | 4 thQ 153 | 2ndQ '49 | 2ndQ '38 | 3rdQ ' 32 | 4thQ '27 | 3rdQ '24 | 2ndQ ' 21 |
| 17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, manufacturing | Jan. '61 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Mar. '54 | May 149 | Dec. ' 37 | Apr. '32 | Aug. '27 | June ' 24 | Mar. '2l |
| 113. Change in consumer installment debt. . . . . . | Apr. '61 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Mar. ${ }^{1} 54$ | Jan. '49 | Feb. ' 38 | Feb. ' 32 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Employees in nonagricultural establishments. | Feb. '61 | May 158 | Aug. 154 | Oct. 149 | June ' 38 | Mar. '33 | Jan. ${ }^{1} 28$ | July '24 | July '21 |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted). . . . . . . . | May 161 | July '58 | Sep. ' 54 | Oct. '49 | June ' 38 | May '33 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 50. GNP in 1958 dollars (Q) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1stQ '61 | 1stQ 158 | 2ndQ 154 | 2ndQ '49 | 1stQ : 38 | 3rdQ ' 32 | (NSC) | (NSC) | 4 thQ '21 |
| 47. Industrial production | Feb. ${ }^{161}$ | Apr. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Apr. ${ }^{154}$ | Oct. 149 | May 38 | July : 32 | Nov. 127 | July : 24 | Apr. '21 |
| 52. Personal income | (NSC) | Feb. 158 | Apr. : 54 | July : 49 |  | Mar. 133 | $4 \operatorname{thQ} \cdot(N 6$ | 2ndQ ( 24 | 2 ndQ ( NA ) |
| 816. Manufacturing and trade sales | Jan. '61 | Mar. ${ }^{\text {' }} 58$ | Aug. 154 | Oct. ' 49 | (NA) | Mir (NA) | $(N \tilde{N A})$ | (NA) | Mar (NA) |
| 54. Sales of retail stores . . . . . . | Apr. '61 | Mar. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Jan. '54 | (NSC) | May ' 38 | Mar. ${ }^{\text {' }} 33$ | (NSC) | (NSC) | Mar. '22 |
| LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 502. Unemployment rate, persons unemployed 15 weeks and over (inverted). | July '61 | Aug. 158 | Oct. 154 | Nov. ' 49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 61. Business expenditures, new plant and equipment ( Q ) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2ndQ '61 | 3rdQ '58 | 1stQ '55 | 4thQ '49 | 3rdQ 138 | IstQ '33 | 4thQ 127 | 3rdQ '24 | 4thQ '21 |
| 71. Book value, manufacturing and trade inventories | Mar. ${ }^{161}$ | Aug. ${ }^{1} 58$ | Oct. ' 54 | Dec. ' 49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 62. Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing | Sep. '61 | June '59 | Sep. 155 | July 150 | June ' 40 | July '33 | (NSC) | (NSC) | Apr. '22 |
| 72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding. | (NSC) | July '58 | Oct. 154 | Aug. ' 49 | Dec. ${ }^{1} 38$ | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 67. Bank rates on short-term business loans (Q). | 4thQ 161 | 2ndQ 158 | IstQ 155 | 1stQ ' 50 | 3rdQ '42 | (NSC) | Feb. '28 | Nov. '24 | Sep. '22 |

NOTE: Specific trough dates are the actual dates when individual series reached a trough as distinguished from the reference dates which are those dates designated as the trough of business activity as a whole. This table shows, for the 25 indicators on the NBER "short list," the specific dates corresponding to reference dates in 9 recent business cycles.
$N A=$ Not available. $\quad$ NSC $=$ No specific cycle corresponding to reference date.

Appendix B.-SPECIFIC TROUGH AND PEAK DATES FOR SELECTED BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued

| Selected series | Specific peak dates for reference contractions beginning in- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1957 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1953 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1948 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1937 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1929 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } \\ 1926 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1923 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1920 \end{aligned}$ |
| LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Average workweek, production workers, manufacturing . | June 59 | Nov. 155 | Mar. 53 | (NSC) | Dec. 36 | Oct. ${ }^{29}$ | Nov. ' 25 | Nov. ' 22 | (NA) |
| 30. Nonagricultural placements, all industries. | July 159 | Nov. 155 | Feb. ${ }^{53}$ | (NSC) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 38. Index of net business formation. | Apr. '59 | Mar. 155 | Sep. '52 | Apr. ${ }^{46}$ | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 6. New orders, durable goods industries | Apr. 159 | Dec. ${ }^{155}$ | Jan. ${ }^{53}$ | Aug. 148 | Dec. ${ }^{136}$ | (NSC) | Nov. 125 | Jan. ' 23 | (NA) |
| 10. Contracts and orders, plant and equipment. | Sep. '59 | Nov. ${ }^{\text {a }} 5$ | May 151 | June 148 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 29. New building permits, private housing units. . | Nov. ${ }^{58}$ | Feb. ' 55 | Nov. ${ }^{\text {a }} 5$ | Oct. 147 | Feb. ${ }^{37}$ | Feb. ${ }^{128}$ | July '25 | Jan. '24 | July '19 |
| 31. Change in book value, manufacturing and trade inventories. | Dec. ' 59 | Apr. ${ }^{56}$ | Jan. 153 | July ' 46 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 23. Industrial materials prices ............ | Nov. 59 | Dec. 155 | Feb. ${ }^{51}$ | Jan. 148 | Mar. ${ }^{137}$ | Mar. ' 29 | Nov. 125 | Mar. '23 | Apr. ${ }^{120}$ |
| 19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks | July 59 | July '56 | Jan. 153 | June '48 | Feb. ${ }^{37}$ | Sep. ' 29 | (NSC) | Mar. '23 | July '19 |
| 16. Corporate profits after taxes ( Q ) | 2ndQ 159 | 4 thQ 155 | 2ndQ 53 | 2ndQ 148 | 4 thQ 36 | 3rdQ '29 | 3rdQ 26 | 2ndQ '23 | (NA) |
| 17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, manufacturing $\qquad$ | June 159 | Oct. 155 | Jan. ${ }^{51}$ | June ${ }^{48}$ | Mar. 37 | July '29 | Sep. 126 | June '22 | Feb. '20 |
| 113. Change in consumer instaliment debt. | Aug. 159 | Mar. 155 | Dec. ${ }^{52}$ | Mar. ${ }^{\text {' }} 88$ | Mar. 136 | May 129 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Employees in nonagricultural establishments. | Apr. 160 | Mar. $\quad 57$ | June 153 | Sep. 148 | July : 37 | Aug. ${ }^{29}$ | Jan. ${ }^{2} 26$ | June ' 123 | Jan. ${ }^{120}$ |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted). | Feb. ${ }^{60}$ | Mar. 57 | June '53 | Jan. ${ }^{\text {d }} 4$ | July 137 |  | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 50. GNP in 1958 dollars (0). | 1stQ '60 | 3rdQ 57 | 2ndQ 153 | 4 the 148 | 3rdQ 37 | 3rdQ '29 | (NSC) | (NSC) | (NA) |
| 47. Industrial production | Jan. 160 | Feb. 157 | July 153 | July '48 | May 137 | July '29 | Mar. ' 27 | May 123 | Feb. ${ }^{\prime} 20$ |
| 52. Personal income ... | (NSC) | Aug. 157 | Oct. 153 | Oct. 148 | June 137 | Aug. 29 | 2ndQ '26 | 1stQ '24 | (NA) |
| 816. Manufacturing and trade sales | Jan. ${ }^{60}$ | Feb. 157 | July 53 | Aug. ' 48 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 54. Sales of retail stores. | Apr. 60 | Aug. 57 | Mar. 153 | (NSC) | Sep. ${ }^{37}$ | Sep. ' 29 | ( NSC ) | (NSC) | July ' 20 |
| LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 502. Unemployment rate, persons unemployed 15 weeks and over (inverted) | May 160 | Sep. ${ }^{157}$ | Oct. ${ }^{53}$ | Jan. '49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 61. Business expenditures, new plant and equipment ( Q ) | 2ndQ 160 | 3rdQ 157 | 3rdQ 153 | 4thQ 148 | 3rdQ 37 | 2ndQ 29 | 4thQ '26 | 2ndQ '23 | 2ndQ : 20 |
| 71. Book value, manufacturing and trade inventories | July '60 | Sep. '57 | Sep. ' 53 | Feb. '49 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| 62. Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing. | Jan. '61 | Mar. 158 | Mar. ${ }^{54}$ | Nov. 148 | Dec. ${ }^{37}$ | (NSC) | (NSC) | Oct. '23 | Nov. '20 |
| 72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding. | (NSC) | Sep. ${ }^{57}$ | July ${ }^{53}$ | Aug. 148 | Sep. 37 | (NA) | (NA) | ( NA ) | (NA) |
| 67. Bank rates on short-term business loans (Q) | 4thQ ' 59 | 4thQ 157 | 4 tha ${ }^{\text {c }} 53$ | 2ndQ 149 | (NSC) | Oct. ' 29 | Oct. ${ }^{126}$ | Oct. 123 | Feb. ${ }^{21}$ |

NOTE: Specific peak dates are the actual dates when individual series reached a peak as distinguished from the reference dates which are those dates designated as the peak of business activity as a whole. This table shows, for the 25 indicators on the NBER "short list," the specific dates corresponding to reference dates in 9 recent business cycles.
$N A=$ Not available. $\quad$ NSC $=$ No specific cycle correspondıng to reference date.

Part 1.-Average Percentage Changes

| Monthly series | Period covered | $\overline{\mathrm{Cl}}$ | $T$ | $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ | T/C | MCD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} / \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { for } \\ & \text { MCD } \\ & \text { Span } \end{aligned}$ | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cl | 1 | C | MCD |
|  | MONTHLY SERIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *1. Average workweek of production workers, mfg | Jan. '53-Aug. '67. . | . 46 | . 41 | 19 | 2.18 | 3 | . 73 | 2.19 | 1.48 | 9.72 | 4.02 |
| *30. Nonagricultural placements, all industries... | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 1.83 | 1.34 | 1.09 | 1.23 | 2 | . 63 | 2.11 | 1.52 | 7.24 | 3.97 |
| 2. Accession rate, manufacturing. $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. 5. Average weekly initial claims, State | Jan. '53-June '67.. | 4.63 | 4.38 | 1.43 | 3.05 | 4 | . 79 | 2.19 | 1.49 | 12.36 | 3.70 |
| unemployment insurance.................... . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65 . . | 4.95 | 4.38 | 2.17 | 2.02 | 2 | . 95 | 1.69 | 1.42 | 12.67 | 3.97 |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing .................. | Jan. '53.June '67.. | 9.25 | 8.41 | 3.26 | 2.58 | 3 | . 85 | 2.16 | 1.48 | 7.86 | 4.75 |
| *38. Index of net business formation. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | . 79 | . 60 | . 53 | 1.15 | 2 | . 66 | 2.71 | 1.63 | 6.61 | 4.08 |
| 13. New business incorporations. . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 2.49 | 2.18 | 1.00 | 2.18 | 3 | . 78 | 1.92 | 1.63 | 7.24 | 3.19 |
| *6. New orders, durable goods industries | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 3.76 | 3.33 | 1.51 | 2.20 | 3 | . 66 | 1.81 | 1.58 | 8.44 | 4.41 |
| 94. Construction contracts, value ................. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 6.64 | 6.38 | 1.55 | 4.12 | 5 | . 87 | 1.55 | 1.52 | 8.00 | 3.15 |
| *10. Contracts and orders, plant and equipment....... | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 4.69 | 4.39 | 1.43 | 3.08 | 4 | . 84 | 1.88 | 1.71 | 9.50 | 3.39 |
| 24. New orders, machinery and equipment industries .. <br> 9. Construction contracts, commercial | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 4.18 | 3.81 | 1.52 | 2.51 | 3 | . 88 | 1.83 | 1.60 | 10.86 | 3.41 |
| and industrial, floor space ................ | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 9.30 | 9.17 | . 97 | 9.41 | 6 | (1) | 1.60 | 1.48 | 12.67 | 3.00 |
| 7. Private nonfarm housing starts . . . . . . . . . . . . | May '59-June '67. . | 7.30 | 7.10 | 1.18 | 6.04 | 6 | ( ${ }^{1}$ | 1.60 | 1.55 | 16.83 | 2.67 |
| *29. New building permits, private housing. . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-June '66. . | 3.70 | 3.31 | 1.30 | 2.54 | 3 | . 82 | 1.87 | 1.55 | 12.38 | 3.06 |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories | Jan. '53-Sep. '65. . | 6.46 | 5.24 | 2.84 | 1.85 | 3 | . 76 | 2.37 | 1.62 | 7.60 | 3.57 |
| 26. Buying policy, production materials, commitments 60 days or longer. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 5.27 | 4.77 | 1.98 | 2.41 | 3 | .77 | 1.88 | 1.63 | 8.94 | 3.49 |
| 32. Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65. . | 7.47 | 5.79 | 4.00 | 1.45 | 2 | . 95 | 3.17 | 1.85 | 8.94 | 3.77 |
| *23. Industrial materials prices | Jan. '53.Sep. '65.. | 1.31 | 1.04 | . 73 | 1.41 | 2 | . 99 | 2.49 | 2.11 | 11.69 | 3.87 |
| ${ }^{* 19 .}$ Stock prices, 500 common stocks . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 2.49 | 1.68 | 1.64 | 1.02 | , | . 57 | 2.37 | 1.58 | 9.50 | 3.97 |
| *17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, manufacturing. . . . | Jan. '53-0ct. '66.. | . 62 | . 51 | . 27 | 1.93 | 3 | . 92 | 2.62 | 1.70 | 5.69 | 4.18 |
| 14. Liabilities of business failures. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 18.74 | 18.24 | 1.70 | 10.72 | 6 | (1) | 1.49 | 1.39 | 8.94 | 2.23 |
| 39. Delinquency rate, instaliment credit loans....... | Jan. '53-Dec. '65. . | 2.63 | 2.42 | .95 | 2.55 | 3 | . 80 | 1.85 | 1.57 | 8.44 | 4.17 |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 301. Nonagricultural job openings unfilled . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | 3.12 | 1.77 | 2.34 | . 76 | 1 | . 76 | 3.27 | 1.70 | 9.82 | 3.27 |
| 46. Help-wanted advertising. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 3.00 | 1.87 | 2.30 | . 81 | 1 | . 81 | 3.10 | 1.39 | 8.94 | 3.10 |
| 511. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | . 44 | . 31 | . 31 | 1.00 | 2 | . 51 | 2.98 | 1.52 | 12.85 | 5.03 |
| *41. Employees in nonagricuitural establishments. | Jan. '53-Aug. '67. | . 31 | . 14 | . 27 | . 52 | 1 | . 52 | 5.00 | 1.61 | 19.44 | 5.00 |
| 42. Total nonagricultural employment . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | . 35 | . 29 | . 21 | 1.42 | 2 | . 75 | 2.09 | 1.55 | 27.83 | 4.05 |
| *43. Unemployment rate, total | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | 3.94 | 3.05 | 2.16 | 1.41 | 2 | . 72 | 2.53 | 1.44 | 7.95 | 4.05 |
| 45. Average weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65. . | 4.19 | 2.19 | 3.29 | .67 | 1 | .67 | 4.90 | 1.75 | 7.60 | 4.90 |
| 40. Unemployment rate, married males. | Nov. '54-Dec. '66. | 5.07 | 4.38 | 2.55 | 1.72 | 2 | . 92 | 3.37 | 1.48 | 8.53 | 4.11 |
| *47. Industrial production | Jan. '53-Sep. '65. . | 1.02 | . 54 | . 76 | . 71 | 1 | . 71 | 3.62 | 1.67 | 11.69 | 3.62 |
| *52. Personal income .... | Jan. '53-June '66. . | . 53 | . 27 | . 46 | . 58 | 1 | . 58 | 4.88 | 1.56 | 23.00 | 4.88 |
| 53. Wage and salary income in mining, manufacturing, and construction | Jan. '53-June '66. . | . 84 | . 50 | . 64 | . 78 | 1 | . 78 | 2.93 | 1.56 | 14.64 | 2.93 |
| *816. Manufacturing and trade sales. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. | 1.02 | . 74 | . 62 | 1.19 | 2 | .62 | 2.35 | 1.50 | 8.79 | 3.69 |
| *54. Sales of retail stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65. . | . 97 | . 83 | . 44 | 1.88 | 3 | .70 | 2.08 | 1.57 | 15.20 | 4.84 |
| 96. Unfilled orders, durable goods industries 55. Wholesale prices, industrial | Jan. '53-Sep. '65. . | 1.45 | . 54 | 1.28 | . 42 | 1 | . 42 | 5.63 | 1.57 | 10.86 | 5.63 |
| commodities ........... | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. | . 17 | . 11 | . 13 | . 84 | 1 | . 84 | 3.88 | 1.64 | 9.82 | 3.88 |
| 58. Wholesale prices, manufactured goods. . | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | . 20 | . 16 | . 13 | 1.25 | 2 | . 77 | 3.27 | 1.78 | 10.44 | 4.61 |
| 114. Treasury bill rate.. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65. . | 6.70 | 5.00 | 4.46 | 1.12 | 2 | . 73 | 2.53 | 1.77 | 6.61 | 3.68 |
| 116. Corporate bond yields, | Jan. '59.June '66. | 1.58 | 1.31 | . 82 | 1.60 | 3 | . 74 | 2.54 | 1.85 | 12.71 | 3.78 |
| 115. Treasury bond yields | Jan. '53-Sep. '65. . | 1.65 | 1.31 | . 93 | 1.41 | 2 | . 98 | 2.76 | 2.00 | 8.00 | 3.68 |
| 117. Municipal bond yields . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65. . | 2.46 | 2.08 | 1.10 | 1.90 | 3 | . 87 | 2.58 | 1.88 | 8.00 | 3.66 |

See footnotes and definitions of measures at end of part 1.

Part 1.-Average Percentage Changes-Continued

| Monthly series | Period covered | $\overline{\mathrm{Cl}}$ | İ | $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\overline{1 / c}$ | MCD | T/ C <br> for <br> MCD <br> span | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cl | 1 | C | MCD |
|  | MONTHLY SERIES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LAGGing indicators <br> *502. Unemployment rate, 15 weeks and over 505. Machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | 6.52 | 5.25 | 4.16 | 1.26 | 2 | . 64 | 4.07 | 1.55 | 7.95 | 5.72 |
|  | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | 1.63 | 1.32 | . 89 | 1.49 | 2 | . 75 | 1.96 | 1.50 | 18.56 | 3.32 |
| *71. Book value, manufacturing and trade inventories... 65. Book value manufactures' | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | . 54 | . 18 | . 50 | . 36 | 1 | . 36 | 7.26 | 1.58 | 23.86 | 7.26 |
| 65. Book value, manufacturers' inventories of finished goods. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | . 62 | . 28 | . 55 | . 52 | 1 | . 52 | 3.63 | 1.42 | 15.18 | 3.63 |
| *62. Lator cost per unit of output, manufacturing. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | . 51 | . 37 | . 30 | 1.26 | 2 | . 72 | 2.54 | 1.57 | 7.86 | 3.81 |
| *72. Consumer instal lment debt.................. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65. . | . 84 | . 11 | . 82 | . 14 | 1 | . 14 | 11.69 | 1.63 | 21.71 | 11.69 |
| reporting large commercial banks | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | . 95 | .46 | . 83 | . 55 | 1 | . 55 | 4.07 | 1.50 | 23.86 | 4.07 |
| 118. Mortgage yields, residential............... | Jul. '61-Sep. '65 . . | . 11 | . 07 | . 21 | . 65 | 1 | . 65 | 10.00 | 1.92 | 5.56 | 10.00 |
| OTHER SELECTED U.S. SERIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 81. Consumer prices . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Dec. '66. . | . 19 | . 12 | . 14 | . 83 | 1 | . 83 | 3.98 | 1.62 | 9.82 | 3.98 |
| 86. Exports, excluding military aid $\qquad$ <br> 861. Export orders, duratles except motor vehicles | Jan. '53-0ct. '64... | 3.81 | 3.56 | . 94 | 3.77 | 4 | . 91 | 1.78 | 1.66 | 14.10 | 4.06 |
| and parts .......................... | Oct. '62-Dec. '66. . | 12.45 | 12.28 | 1.57 | 7:80 | 6 | (1) | 1.43 | 1.35 | 16.67 | 2.37 |
| 862. Export orders, nonelectrical machinery | Jan. '57-Dec. '66.. | 6.32 | 6.10 | 1.84 | 3.31 | 4 | . 85 | 1.63 | 1.55 | 9.92 | 3.05 |
| 87. General imports. | Jan. '53-0ct. '64.. | 3.04 | 2.87 | . 80 | 3.59 | 4 | . 86 | 1.83 | 1.62 | 10.85 | 3.54 |
| 91. Defense Department obligations, total. | Jul. '53-Sep. '65.. | 13.86 | 13.59 | 1.26 | 10.77 | 6 | (1) | 1.40 | 1.42 | 6.64 | 2.07 |
| 90. Defense Dept. obligations, procurement | Jan. '56-Sep. '65.. | 27.42 | 27.34 | 2.16 | 12.68 | 6 | (1) | 1.43 | 1.43 | 8.92 | 2.02 |
| 99. New orders, defense products industries | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 22.53 | 22.53 | 1.92 | 11.72 | 6 | (1) | 1.57 | 1.48 | 9.50 | 2.53 |
| 92. Military contract awards in U.S. . | July '55-Apr. '67 .. | 18.06 | 17.61 | 1.92 | 9.17 | 6 | (1) | 1.44 | 1.38 | 10.07 | 2.43 |
| U.S. SERIES UNDER CONSIDERATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 851. Ratio, inventories to sales, mfg. and trade . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Apr. '67.. | . 99 | . 86 | . 47 | 1.82 | 2 | . 93 | 2.85 | 1.50 | 9.00 | 4.72 |
| 852. Ratio, unfilled orders to shipments, durable goods. . 853. Ratio production of business equipment to pro- | Jan. '53-Apr. '67.. | 2.04 | 1.76 | . 98 | 1.80 | 3 | . 71 | 2.09 | 1.58 | 10.69 | 4.45 |
| duction of consumer goods. | Jan. '53-Apr. '67. . | . 95 | . 62 | . 66 | . 95 | 1 | . 95 | 2.71 | 1.54 | 9.00 | 2.71 |
| 855. Ratio, nonagricultural job openings unfilled to number of persons unemployed. | Jan. '53-Apr. '67.. | 5.78 | 3.41 | 4.21 | . 81 | 1 | . 81 | 2.95 | 1.50 | 8.55 | 2.95 |
| 856. Ratio, average hourly earnings of production workers in manufacturing to consumer prices. . . . | Jan. '53-Apr. '67 . . | . 35 | . 29 | . 19 | 1.52 | 2 | . 78 | 2.34 | 1.50 | 13.15 | 3.78 |
| INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 123. Canada, industrial production. | July '53-Mar. '67.. | . 89 | . 68 | . 57 | 1.19 | 2 | . 53 | 2.30 | 1.45 | 10.63 | 4.22 |
| 122. United Kingdom, industrial production | Jan. '53.Sep. '65.. | 1.08 | 1.02 | . 42 | 2.41 | 3 | . 86 | 2.58 | 1.48 | 10.13 | 5.17 |
| 121. OECD European countries, industrial production. . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | . 86 | . 77 | . 49 | 1.55 | 2 | . 87 | 3.62 | 1.73 | 25.33 | 5.81 |
| 126. France, industrial production........ | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 1.45 | 1.38 | . 62 | 2.24 | 3 | . 84 | 2.67 | 1.45 | 16.89 | 6.00 |
| 125. West Germany, industrial production. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 1.51 | 1.33 | . 66 | 2.02 | 3 | . 64 | 2.71 | 1.62 | 19.00 | 5.00 |
| 128. Japan, industrial production. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 1.73 | 1.23 | 1.22 | 1.01 | 2 | . 47 | 3.38 | 1.37 | 13.82 | 5.21 |
| 127. Italy, industrial production. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65.. | 1.50 | 1.40 | . 72 | 1.96 | 3 | . 67 | 2.49 | 1.69 | 16.89 | 4.84 |
| 133. Canada, consumer prices. . | Jan. '53-June '67. . | . 25 | . 31 | . 18 | 1.71 | 2 | . 95 | 9.11 | 1.99 | 10.81 | 12.29 |
| 132. United Kingdom, consumer prices. | Jan. '53-June '67. . | . 46 | . 50 | . 27 | 1.81 | 3 | . 73 | 6.41 | 1.68 | 15.73 | 9.00 |
| 136. France, consumer prices. | Jan. '53-June '67. . | . 52 | . 45 | . 39 | 1.14 | 2 | . 59 | 6.92 | 1.54 | 8.65 | 7.48 |
| 135. West Germany, consumer prices | Jan. '53-June '67. . | . 32 | . 37 | . 22 | 1.64 | 3 | . 74 | 8.24 | 2.01 | 12.36 | 12.21 |
| 138. Japan, consumer prices. | Jan. '53-June '67. . | . 81 | . 74 | . 39 | 1.91 | 3 | . 68 | 3.09 | 1.66 | 10.81 | 7.12 |
| 137. Italy, consumer prices. | Jan. '53-June '67. . | . 34 | . 35 | . 31 | 1.14 | 2 | . 61 | 19.22 | 1.80 | 8.24 | 24.57 |
| 143. Canada, stock prices. | Jan. '53-June '67 | 2.78 | 2.15 | 1.61 | 1.34 | 2 | . 87 | 3.20 | 1.77 | 10.81 | 3.91 |
| 142. United Kingdom, stock prices | Jan. '53-June '67 | 3.14 | 2.50 | 1.67 | 1.49 | 2 | . 91 | 2.58 | 1.73 | 7.86 | 3.66 |
| 146. France, stock prices. | Jan. '53.June '67 | 3.95 | 3.30 | 1.88 | 1.75 | 3 | . 65 | 2.47 | 1.66 | 7.52 | 4.17 |
| 145. West Germany, stock prices | Jan. '53-June '67 | 3.30 | 2.00 | 2.33 | . 86 | 1 | . 86 | 3.53 | 1.84 | 7.52 | 3.53 |
| 148. Japan, stock prices. | Jan. '53-June '67 | 3.60 | 2.43 | 2.28 | 1.07 | 2 | . 64 | 3.26 | 1.68 | 7.21 | 4.53 |
| 147. Italy, stock prices.. . | Jan. '53-June '67 | 3.80 | 3.01 | 1.90 | 1.58 | 3 | . 73 | 2.44 | 1.84 | 9.11 | 5.03 |

See footnotes and definitions of measures at end of part 1.

| Quarterly series | Part 1.-Average | Perc | Ch | es- | ued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Period covered | $\overline{\mathrm{cl}}$ | T | $\overline{\mathrm{c}}$ | $\bar{T} / \bar{C}$ | QCD | $\overline{1} / \bar{C}$forQCDspan | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cl | 1 | C | QCD |
|  | QUARTERLY SERIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. New capital appropriations, manufacturing . | IQ'53-IVQ'66 | 9.66 | 4.78 | 7.18 | . 67 | 1 | . 67 | 3.06 | 1.28 | 3.44 | 3.06 |
|  | 1Q'53-1Q'66. . . . | 5.56 | 2.95 | 4.26 | . 69 | 1 | . 69 | 3.06 | 1.27 | 5.20 | 3.06 |
| 22. Ratio, profits to income originating, corporate, all industries | 10'53-10'66. | 4.18 | 2.69 | 2.99 | . 90 | 1 | . 90 | 2.36 | 1.30 | 6.50 | 2.36 |
| 18. Profits per dollar of sales, manufacturing. | 1Q'53-1VQ'66.... | 5.71 | 3.60 | 3.70 | . 97 | 1 | . 97 | 2.50 | 1.31 | 4.23 | 2.50 |
| 110. Total private borrowing . . . . . . . . . . | 1Q'53-IVQ'66.... | 10.97 | 6.31 | 7.99 | . 79 | 1 | . 79 | 2.20 | 1.22 | 3.67 | 2.20 |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49. GNP in current dollars. <br> *50. GNP in 1958 dollars $\qquad$ <br> 57. Final sales. <br> 97. Backlog of capital appropriations, manufacturing. | IQ'53-1Q'66. | 1.54 | . 34 | 1.45 | . 24 | 1 | . 24 | 5.78 | 1.33 | 7.43 | 5.78 |
|  | IQ'53-10'66. | 1.28 | . 35 | 1.14 | . 31 | 1 | . 31 | 3.47 | 1.33 | 5.78 | 3.47 |
|  | IQ'53-10'66. | 1.37 | . 30 | 1.32 | . 23 | 1 | . 23 | 10.40 | 1.21 | 10.40 | 10.40 |
|  | IQ'53-IVQ'66.... | 5.58 | . 85 | 5.45 | . 16 | 1 | . 16 | 4.23 | 1.34 | 6.11 | 4.23 |
| LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *61. Business expenditures, new plant and equipment. | IQ'53-IIIQ'65.... | 3.21 | . 77 | 2.99 | . 26 | 1 | . 26 | 5.56 | 1.47 | 5.56 | 5.56 |
| 68. Labor cost (cur. dol.) per unit of gross product <br> (1958 dol.), nonfinancial corporations . . . . . . . <br> *67. Bank rates on short-term business loans | IQ'53-IVQ'66.... | . 85 | . 40 | . 69 | . 57 | 1 | . 57 | 2.89 | 1.28 | 4.23 | 2.89 |
|  | IQ'53-1ILQ'65.... | 1.99 | . 96 | 1.80 | . 54 | 1 | . 54 | 2.38 | 1.47 | 3.33 | 2.38 |
| OTHER SELECTED U.S. SERIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83. Federal cash receipts from public. . . . . . . . . . . <br> 82. Federal cash payments to public . <br> 101. National defense purchases, current dollars . . . . | 10'53-110'67. | 3.06 | 1.76 | 2.41 | . 73 | 1 | . 73 | 2.28 | 1.30 | 3.35 | 2.28 |
|  | 1Q'53-110'67. | 3.58 | 2.69 | 2.06 | 1.31 | 2 | . 50 | 1.78 | 1.24 | 4.75 | 2.80 |
|  | IQ'53-IVQ'66.... | 2.34 | . 87 | 1.89 | . 46 | , | . 46 | 2.62 | 1.34 | 4.58 | 2.62 |
| U.S. SERIES UNDER CONSIDERATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 850. Ratio, output to capacity, mfg.. . . .854. Ratio, personal saving to disposablepersonal income..........8,857. Vacancy rate in total rental housing | IQ'53-11Q'67. . . . | 2.21 | . 87 | 1.79 | . 49 | 1 | . 49 | 2.85 | 1.42 | 3.80 | 2.85 |
|  | IQ'53-IVQ'66.... | 8.54 | 6.98 | 4.45 | 1.57 | 2 | . 57 | 1.57 | 1.28 | 3.67 | 3.18 |
|  | 1Q ${ }^{\prime} 56-1 Q^{\prime} 67 \ldots .$. | 3.64 | 2.28 | 2.36 | . 97 | 1 | . 97 | 2.10 | 1.33 | 4.40 | 2.10 |

*Series included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of 25 indicators.

## BRIEF DEFINITIONS OF MEASURES SHOWN IN PART 1

The following are brief definitions of the measures shown in part 1 of this table. More complete explanations appear in Electronic Computers and Business Indicators, by Julius Shiskin, issued as Occasional Paper 57 by the National Bureau of Economic Research, 1957 (reprinted from Journal of Business, October 1957).
" $\overline{\mathrm{CI}}$ " is the average month-to-month (or quarter-toquarter) percentage change, without regard to sign, in the seasonally adjusted series.
$\overline{\mathrm{I}} \overline{\mathrm{I}}$ is the same for the irregular component, obtained by dividing the cyclical component into the seasonally adjusted series.
" $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ " is the same for the cyclical component, a smooth, flexible moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
"MCD" (months for cyclical dominance) provides an estimate of the appropriate time span over which to observe
cyclical movements in a monthly series. It is small for smooth series and large for irregular series. In deriving MCD, percentage changes are computed separately for the irregular component and the cyclical component over 1 -month spans (Jan.-Feb., Feb.-Mar., etc.), 2-month spans (Jan.-Mar., Feb.Apr., etc.), up to 12 -month spans. Averages, without regard to sign, are then computed for the changes over each span. MCD is the shortest span in months for which the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the cyclical component is larger than the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the irregular component, and remains so. Thus, it indicates the point at which fluctuations in the seasonally adjusted series become dominated by cyclical rather than irregular movements. All series with an MCD greater than " 5 " are shown as " 6 ".

Similarly, "QCD" provides an estimate of the appropriate time span over which to observe cyclical movements in quarterly series. It is the shortest span (in quarters) for which the average percentage change (without regard to sign)
in the cyclical component is larger than the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the irregular component, and remains so.
$" \bar{I} / \bar{C} "$ is a measure of the relative smoothness (small values) or irregularity (large values) of the seasonally adjusted series. For monthly series, it is shown for 1 -month spans and for spans of the period of MCD. When MCD is " 6 ", no $\bar{I} / \bar{C}$ ratio is shown for the MCD period. For quarterly series, $\bar{I} / \bar{C}$ is shown for 1-quarter spans and QCD spans.
"Average Duration of Run" (ADR) is another measure of smoothness and is equal to the average number of consecutive monthly changes in the same direction in any series of observations. When there is no change between 2 months, a change in the same direction as the preceding change is assumed. The ADR is shown for the seasonally adjusted series CI, irregular component I , cyclical component C , and the MCD curve. The MCD curve is an unweighted moving average (with the number of terms equal to MCD) of the seasonally adjusted series.

A comparison of these measures of ADR with the expected $A D R$ of a random series gives an indication of whether the
changes approximate those of a random series. Over 1 -month intervals in a random series, the expected value of the ADR is 1.5. The actual value of ADR falls between 1.36 and 1.75 about 95 percent of the time. Over 1 -month intervals in a moving average (MCD) of a random series, the expected value of ADR is 2.0 . For example, the ADR of CI is 1.69 for the series on average weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance (series 5). This indicates that 1 -month changes in the seasonally adjusted series, on the average, reverse sign about as often as expected in a random series. The ADR measures shown in the next two columns, 1.42 for I and 12.67 for C , suggest that the seasonally adjusted series has been successfully separated into an essentially random component and a cyclical (nonrandom) component. Finally, ADR is 3.97 for the MCD moving average. This indicates that a 2 -month moving average of the seasonally adjusted series ( 2 months being the MCD span) reverses direction, on the average, about every 4 months. The increase in the ADR from 1.42 for CI to 3.97 for the MCD moving average indicates that, for this series, month-to-month changes in the MCD moving average usually reflect the underlying cyclical trend movements of the series, whereas the month-to-month changes in the seasonally adjusted series usually do not.

| Monthly series | Period covered | Unit of measure | $\overline{\mathrm{Cl}}$ | T | $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\overline{1} / \bar{C}$ | MCD | $\begin{aligned} & T / \bar{C} \\ & \text { for } \\ & M C D \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cl | 1 | C | MCD |
|  | MONTHLY SERIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *31. Change in book value, manufacturing and trade inventories . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65 | Ann. rate, bil. dol.. | 3.68 | 3.58 | .74 | 4.8'; | 5 | . 98 | 1.51 | 1.43 | 9.06 | 2.65 |
| 20. Change in book value of manufacturers' inventories of materials, supplies . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65 | $\ldots{ }^{\text {do. }}$. | 1.51 | 1.44 | . 29 | 4.97 | 6 | (1) | 1.67 | 1.50 | 6.08 | 3.00 |
| 25. Change in unfilled orders, dur. goods industries. | Jan. '53-Sep. '65 | Bil. dol. . | . 48 | . 46 | .13 | 3.51 | 4 | . 98 | 1.69 | 1.62 | 7.60 | 3.10 |
| 98. Change in money supply and time deposits . . . . | Jan. '53-June'67 | Ann. rate, percent . | 2.49 | 2.48 | . 34 | 7.37 | 6 | (1) | 1.45 | 1.37 | 10.81 | 2.85 |
| 85. Change in total money supply. . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-June '67 | ...do. . . | 2.88 | 2.90 | .36 | 7.94 | 6 | (I) | 1.42 | 1.40 | 10.81 | 2.85 |
| 33. Change in mortgage debt. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '55-Dec. '66 | Ann. rate, bil. dol.. | 1.31 | 1.22 | . 34 | 3.58 | 4 | . 93 | 1.52 | 1.39 | 11.92 | 2.69 |
| *113. Change in consumer installment debt. . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65 | . . .do. . . | . 87 | . 79 | . 31 | 2.56 | 3 | . 92 | 1.65 | 1.49 | 10.13 | 3.13 |
| 112. Change in business loans . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Aug. '59-Dec.'66 | . . .do. . | 2.22 | 2.10 | . 46 | 4.56 | 6 | . 90 | 1.60 | 1.66 | 8.00 | 4.15 |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 93. Free reserves . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-Sep. '65 | Mil. dol. . | 98.01 | 78.89 | 46.86 | 1.68 | 3 | . 68 | 2.03 | 1.60 | 10.13 | 3.49 |
| OTHER SELECTED U.S. SERIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 88. Merchandise trade balance. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-June '62 | . . .do. . . | 58.44 | 55.87 | 17.28 | 3.23 | 3 | . 97 | 1.82 | 1.61 | 9.42 | 2.64 |

See footnotes and definitions of measures at end of part 2.

Part 2.-Average Unit Changes-Continued

*Series included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of 25 indicators. ${ }^{1}$ Not shown for series when MCD is "6" or more.

## BRIEF DEFINITIONS OF MEASURES SHOWN IN PART 2

The measures in part 2 are computed by an additive method to avoid the distortion caused by zero and negative data.

Thus, " $\overline{\mathrm{CI}}$ " is the average month-to-month (or quarter-to-quarter) change in the seasonally adjusted series. This average is computed without regard to sign and is expressed in the same unit of measure as the series itself.
" $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ " is the same for the cyclical component, which is a moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
" $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$ " is the same for the irregular component, which is determined by subtracting the cyclical component from the seasonally adjusted series.

All other measures shown in part 2 have the same meaning as in part 1.

| Series | 1966 |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 5. Average weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance | 105.3 | 139.0 | 146.3 | 109.1 | 92.7 | 91.5 | 79.2 | 81.2 | 106.2 | 85.7 | 76.9 | 86.8 | 105.4 | 139.0 |
| 13. New business incorporations ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 86.3 | 99.3 | 112.0 | 95.2 | 117.2 | 98.5 | 106.1 | 104.4 | 05.9 | 99.7 | 88.1 | 96.2 | 86.3 | 99.3 |
| 14. Liabilities of business failures. | 91.3 | 83.2 | 91.2 | 102.0 | 109.6 | 93.7 | 100.4 | 120.0 | 113.1 | 110.8 | 100.9 | 83.3 | 90.6 | 83.2 |
| 18. Profits per dollar of sales, manufacturing ${ }^{2}$ | 99.8 |  | ... | 97.4 |  | ... | 106.1 | ... | ... | 96.7 | ... | ... | 99.7 |  |
| 30. Nonagricultural placements, all industries ${ }^{1}$. | 96.7 | 80.2 | 82.3 | 78.4 | 92.6 | 100.4 | 113.1 | 110.3 | 100.7 | 113.4 | 118.4 | 113.8 | 95.5 | 80.2 |
| 33. Net change in mortgage debt held by financial institutions and life insurance companies ${ }^{3}$. | -96. | 309. | -336. | -390. | -13. | 9. | 25. | 153. | 135. | 151. | 4. | 11. | -98. | 315. |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent of companies reporting higher inventories | 88.7 | 89.8 | 101.9 | 106.6 | 107.7 | 114.4 | 107.8 | 101.6 | 100.3 | 97.8 | 96.1 | 87.0 | 88.4 | 89.8 |
| 39. Delinquency rate, 30 days and over, total installment loans ${ }^{4}$ |  | 109.4 | ... | 109.5 | ... | 91.9 |  | 92.1 | 10.3 | 98.8 |  | 97.3 |  | 109.4 |
| 72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding. | 100.0 | 101.7 | 99.3 | 99.8 | 101.3 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 100.7 | 99.0 | 98.8 | 100.1 | 99.2 | 99.9 | 101.7 |
| 90. Defense Department obligations, procurement | 88.2 | 100.2 | 75.7 | 67.8 | 101.1 | 105.0 | 95.3 | 200.1 | 72.8 | 99.3 | 99.8 | 92.9 | 88.2 | 100.2 |
| 91. Defense Department obligations, total | 89.9 | 97.2 | 91.9 | 80.0 | 100.1 | 99.3 | 90.0 | 145.7 | 109.1 | 97.6 | 102.4 | 96.2 | 89.9 | 97.2 |
| 92. Military contract awards in U.S. | 79.8 | 91.6 | 93.9 | 82.6 | 96.4 | 91.6 | 90.1 | 184.2 | 94.4 | 90.7 | 111.5 | 94.3 | 79.7 | 91.8 |
| 112. Change in business loans ${ }^{5}$. | 99.9 | 100.9 | 100.3 | 99.6 | 100.6 | 100.3 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 99.6 | 99.2 | 99.4 | 99.6 | 99.9 | 100.8 |
| 301. Nonagricultural job openings unfilled ......... | 93.9 | 80.1 | 83.8 | 86.0 | 95.2 | 109.0 | 120.3 | 104.3 | 101.8 | 111.9 | 110.2 | 103.4 | 93.9 | 80.1 |
| 856. Ratio, average earnings to consumer prices. | 100.1 | 100.5 | 100.5 | 100.1 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 100.3 | 100.0 | 99.6 | 98.9 | 99.9 | 99.7 | 100.1 | 100.5 |
| 857. Vacancy rate in total rental housing ${ }^{2}$. | 101.4 | ... |  | 100.8 |  | ... | 98.6 |  | ... | 99.3 | ... |  | 201.4 | ... |
| 862. Index of export orders, nonelectr ical machinery D34. Profits, manufacturing (FNCB) ${ }^{6}$. | 98.6 | 99.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 101.5 \\ -15 \end{array}$ | 105.2 | 104.9 | 103.1 +18 | 100.4 | 100.8 | 94.4 -10 | 94.4 | 98.6 | 98.7 +6 | 98.9 | 99.1 |

NOTE: These data are not published by the source agency in seasonally adjusted form. Seasonal adjustments were made by the Bureau of the Census or the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. They are kept current by the Bureau of the Census. Seasonally adjusted data prepared by the source agency will be substituted whenever they are published. For a description of the method used to compute these factors, see Bureau of the Census Technical Paper No. 15, The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program.
${ }^{1}$ Factors are products of seasonal and trading-day factors. Seasonally adjusted data resulting from the application of these combined factors may differ slightly from those obtained by separate applications of seasonal and trading-day factors due to rounding.
${ }^{2}$ Quarterly series; figures are placed in middle month of quarter.
${ }^{3}$ These quantities, in millions of dollars, are to be subtracted from the month-to-month net change in the unadjusted monthly totals to yield the seasonally adjusted net change. They were computed by the additive version of the $\mathrm{X}-11$ variant of the Census Method II seasonal adjustment program.
${ }^{4}$ Bimonthly series. Data are for even-numbered months (February, April, June, etc.).
${ }^{5}$ Factors apply to monthly totals before month-to-month changes are computed.
${ }^{6} 1$-quarter diffusion index: Figures are placed on the lst month of the quarter. The unadjusted diffusion index is computed and the factors, computed by the additive version of the $X-11$ variant of the Census Method II seasonal adjustment program, are subtracted to yield the seasonally adjusted index.

| Contractions: Reference peak to reference trough | Percent change: Reference peak to reference trough |  |  |  |  |  |  | *43. Unemployment rate, total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | *41. Employees in nonagri. es-tablishments | *47. Index of indus. trial production | *50. GNP in 1958 dollars $(Q)^{1}$ | 49. GNP <br> in cur- <br> rent dollars $(Q)^{1}$ | *52. Personal income | *816. Manufacturing and trade sales | *54. Sales of retail stores | Change in rate, peak to trough | Rate at peak | Rate at trough |
| Jan. 1920-July 1921. | (NA) | -31.6 | (NA) | -19.7 | -21.9 | (NA) | -4. 3 | ${ }^{2}+7.9$ | $2^{2} .0$ | ${ }^{2} 11.9$ |
| May 1923-July 1924. | (NA) | -18.0 | -0.3 | -2.3 | 0.0 | (NA) | -1.9 | ${ }^{2}+2.3$ | 23.2 | 25.5 |
| Oct. 1926-Nov. 1927 | (NA) | -5.9 | +2.3 | +0.4 | +0.9 | (NA) | 0.0 | ${ }^{2}+2.2$ | 21.9 | 24.1 |
| Aug. 1929-Mar. 1933 | -31.6 | -51.8 | -28.0 | -49.6 | -50.8 | (NA) | -43.5 | +25.4 | ${ }^{3} 0.0$ | 25.4 |
| May 1937-June 1938 | -10.4 | -31.7 | -8.9 | -11.9 | -10.9 | (NA) | -17.3 | +8.8 | 11.2 | 20.0 |
| Feb. 1945-0ct. $1945^{4}$. | -7.9 | -31.4 | (NA) | -10.9 | -4.0 | (NA) | +8.6 | +2.2 | 1.1 | 3.3 |
| Nov. 1948-Oct. $1949{ }^{\circ}$ | -5.1 | -8.5 | -1.6 | -3.4 | -4.7 | -7.5 | -0.5 | +4.1 | 33.8 | 7.9 |
| July 1953-Aug. $1954{ }^{5}$. | -3.4 | -9.1 | -2.2 | -0.8 | 0.0 | -7.2 | -0.5 | $+3.4$ | 2.6 | 6.0 |
| July 1957-Apr. 1958 | -4.0 | -14.1 | -3.4 | -1.8 | +0.2 | -6.8 | -2.4 | +3.2 | 4.2 | 7.4 |
| May 1960-Feb. 1961 | -1.8 | -5.7 | -1. 4 | -0.2 | +0.9 | -3.1 | -2.7 | +1.8 | 5.1 | 6.9 |
| Median: ${ }^{6}$ <br> All contractions | $-5.7$ | -16.0 | -1.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Excluding postwar contractions |  | -16.0 | -1.9 | -2.8 | -2.0 | -7.0 | -2.2 | +3.3 | 3.5 | 7.2 |
| Excluding postwar contractions <br> 4 contractions since 1948 | $\begin{aligned} & -6.5 \\ & -3.7 \end{aligned}$ | -16.0 -8.8 | $\begin{aligned} & -2.1 \\ & -1.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -2.8 \\ & -1.3 \end{aligned}$ | -2.4 +0.1 | -5.8 -7.0 | -2.6 | +3.6 +3.3 | 3.9 4.0 | 7.6 7.2 |
| Expansions: Reference trough to reference peak | Percent change: Reference trough to reference peak |  |  |  |  |  |  | *43. Unemployment rate, total |  |  |
|  | *41. Employees in nonagri. establish. ments | *47. Index of industrial production | *50. GNP in 1958 dollars $(Q)^{1}$ | 49. GNP <br> in current dollars (Q) ${ }^{1}$ | *52. Personal income | *816. Manufacturing and trade sales | *54. Sales of retail stores | Change in rate, trough to peak | Rate at trough | Rate at peak |
| July 1921-May 1923 | (NA) | +64.2 | (NA) | +25.1 | +29.6 | (NA) | +15.7 | $2-8.7$ | ${ }^{2} 11.9$ | 23.2 |
| July 1924-0ct. 1926 . . . . . . . . . . | (NA) | +30.4 | +12.4 | $+14.7$ | +13.2 | (NA) | +9.9 | $2-3.6$ | 25.5 | 21.9 |
| Nov. 1927-Aug. 1929 | (NA) | +24.1 | +12.6 | +13.3 | +12.2 | (NA) | $+3.6$ | ${ }^{2}-0.9$ | 24.1 | 233.2 |
| Mar. 1933-May $1937{ }^{\circ}$ | +40.2 | +119.9 | +42.1 | +73.9 | +76.3 | (NA) | +69.2 | -14.2 | 25.4 | 11.2 |
| June 1938-Feb. $1945{ }^{4}$. | +45.9 | +183.3 | (NA) | +169.6 | +157.3 | (NA) | +105.4 | -18.9 | 20.0 | 1.1 |
|  | +17.2 | +21.9 | +3.3 | +34.9 | +28.5 | (NA) | +63.8 | +0.3 | 3.3 | 33.6 |
| Oct. 1949-July 19535. | +17.8 | +50.0 | +28.8 | +44.1 | +41.4 | +50.0 | +25.6 | -5.3 | 7.9 | 2.6 |
| Aug. 1954-July 1957 | +8.9 | +19.7 | +11.8 | +22.4 | +22.1 | +22.6 | +20.3 | -1.8 | 6.0 | 4.2 |
| Apr. 1958-May 1960 . . . . . . . . . | +6.9 | $+25.2$ | $+11.4$ | +15.1 | +13.3 | +16.2 | +11.9 | -2.3 | 7.4 | 5.1 |
| Median: ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All expansions . . . . . . . . . . . | +17.5 | +35.2 | +12.3 | +27.5 | +26.7 | +29.6 | +20.5 | -3.7 | 7.1 | 3.3 |
| Excluding wartime expansions .. | +13.0 | +26.6 | +12.1 | +20.9 | +21.3 | +19.4 | +16.0 | -2.6 | 6.3 | 3.7 |
| 4 expansions since 1945..... | $+13.0$ | +23.6 | +11.6 | $+28.6$ | +25.3 | (NA) | +23.0 | -2.0 | 6.7 | 3.9 |

NOTE: For series with a "months for cyclical dominance" (MCD) of " 1 " or " 2 " (series $41,43,47,52$, and 816 ), the figure for the reference peak (trough) month is used as the base. For series with an MCD of " 3 "" or more (series 54), the average of the 3 months centered on the reference peak (trough) month is used as the base. The base for quarterly series (series 49 and 50) is the reference peak (trough) quarter. See also MCD footnote to appendix C. *Series included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of 25 indicators. $\quad N A=$ Not available.
${ }^{1}$ The most recent quarterly reference dates are as follows: 2d quarter 1958 (trough); 2d quarter 1960 (peak); and 1st quarter 1961 (trough). For earlier dates, see Business Cycle Indicators (NBER) vol. 1, p. 670 .
${ }^{2}$ Based on average for the calendar year.
${ }^{3}$ Differs from figure for same date in expansion (contraction) part of table because of change in series used.
${ }^{4}$ World War II contraction or expansion period.
${ }^{5}$ Korean War contraction or expansion period.
${ }^{6}$ The median is an average of the middle 2 or 3 items.
Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

Historical data and latest revisions are presented for selected series. See the Series Finding Guide for the publication date of the latest historical data for each series. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3. Data are not seasonally adjusted.

${ }^{2}$ These end-of-quarter data for 19 cities are linked to the quarteriy data for 35 cities presentel ir table 2 .
(Jaruary 196)

Historical data and latest revisions are presented for selected series. See the Series Finding Guide for the publication date of the latest historical data for each series. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3. Data are not seasonally adjusted.

| Year | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 93. Free reserves (Millions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945. | +996 | +720 | +766 | +571 | +373 | +749 | +1,056 | +701 | +675 | +699 | +575 | +1,157 |
| 1946 | +1,126 | +807 | +505 | +631 | +806 | +816 | +807 | +765 | +736 | +756 | +643 | +743 |
| 1947 | +744 | +602 | +698 | +707 | +677 | +650 | +689 | +673 | +798 | +783 | +576 | +762 |
| 1948 | +938 | +560 | +552 | +700 | +599 | +752 | +722 | +750 | +756 | +706 | +655 | +663 |
| 1949 | +669 | +600 | +546 | +608 | +601 | +658 | +910 | +861 | +847 | +816 | +677 | +685 |
| 1950 | +900 | +614 | +655 | +593 | $+624$ | +700 | +623 | +483 | +669 | +775 | +586 | +885 |
| 1951 | +613 | +298 | +471 | +672 | +152 | +664 | +562 | +412 | +383 | +821 | +389 | +169 |
| 1952 | +723 | +330 | +578 | +283 | $+65$ | +130 | -468 | -383 | +95 | -400 | -875 | -870 |
| 1953 | -640 | -672 | -614 | -631 | -353 | +365 | +366 | -7 | +250 | +390 | +198 | +252 |
| 1954 | +836 | +339 | +503 | +626 | +561 | +711 | +770 | +725 | +708 | +638 | +650 | +457 |
| 1955 | +369 | +270 | +122 | +95 | +212 | +168 | +92 | -189 | -286 | -359 | -492 | -245 |
| 1956 | -255 | -267 | -409 | -533 | -504 | -195 | -139 | -339 | -214 | -195 | -154 | -36 |
| 1957 | +116 | -126 | -316 | -504 | -444 | -508 | -383 | -471 | -466 | -344 | -293 | -133 |
| 1958 | +122 | +324 | +495 | +492 | +547 | +484 | +547 | +382 | +95 | +96 | +20 | -41 |
| 1959. | -59 | -48 | -140 | -259 | -319 | -513 | -556 | -536 | -493 | -459 | -433 | -424 |
| 1960 | -375 | -365 | -219 | -194 | -33 | +37 | +120 | +247 | +414 | $+480$ | +614 | +669 |
| 1961 | +696 | +517 | +486 | +551 | +453 | +549 | +530 | +537 | +547 | +442 | +517 | +419 |
| 1962 | +555 | +434 | +382 | +441 | $+440$ | +391 | +440 | +439 | +375 | +419 | +473 | +268 |
| 1963 | +375 | +301 | +269 | +313 | +247 | +138 | +161 | +133 | +91 | +94 | +33 | $+209$ |
| 1964 | +175 | +89 | +99 | +167 | +82 | +120 | +135 | +83 | +89 | +106 | -34 | +168 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1965 \ldots . \\ & 1966 \ldots \end{aligned}$ | $+106$ | +36 | -75 | -105 | -180 | -182 | -174 | -134 | -144 | -146 | -83 | -2 |
|  | -44 | -107 | -246 | -268 | -352 | -352 | -362 | -390 | -368 | -431 | -222 | -165 |
|  | 115. Yield on Long-term Treasury bonds (Percent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945. | 2.44 | 2.38 | 2.40 | 2.39 | 2.39 | 2.35 | 2.34 | 2.36 | 2.37 | 2.35 | 2.33 | 2.33 |
| 1946 | 2.21 | 2.12 | 2.09 | 2.08 | 2.19 | 2.16 | 2.18 | 2.23 | 2.28 | 2.26 | 2.25 | 2.24 |
| 1947 | 2.21 | 2.21 | 2.19 | 2.19 | 2.19 | 2.22 | 2.25 | 2.24 | 2.24 | 2.27 | 2.36 | 2.39 |
| 1948 | 2.45 | 2.45 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.42 | 2.41 | 2.44 | 2.45 | 2.45 | 2.45 | 2.44 | 2.44 |
| 1949. | 2.42 | 2.39 | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2.27 | 2.24 | 2.22 | 2.22 | 2.20 | 2.19 |
| 1950 | 2.20 | 2.24 | 2.27 | 2.30 | 2.31 | 2.33 | 2.34 | 2.33 | 2.36 | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2.39 |
| 1951 | 2.39 | 2.40 | 2.47 | 2.56 | 2.63 | 2.65 | 2.63 | 2.57 | 2.56 | 2.61 | 2.66 | 2.70 |
| 1952 | 2.74 | 2.71 | 2.70 | 2.64 | 2.57 | 2.61 | 2.61 | 2.70 | 2.71 | 2.74 | 2.71 | 2.75 |
| 1953 | 2.80 | 2.83 | 2.89 | 2.97 | 3.11 | 3.13 | 3.02 | 3.02 | 2.98 | 2.83 | 2.86 | 2.79 |
| 1954 | 2.69 | 2.62 | 2.53 | 2.48 | 2.54 | 2.55 | 2.47 | 2.48 | 2.52 | 2.54 | 2.57 | 2.59 |
| 1955 | 2.68 | 2.78 | 2.78 | 2.82 | 2.81 | 2.82 | 2.91 | 2.95 | 2.92 | 2.87 | 2.89 | 2.91 |
| 1956 | 2.88 | 2.85 | 2.93 | 3.07 | 2.97 | 2.93 | 3.00 | 3.17 | 3.21 | 3.20 | 3.30 | 3.40 |
| 1957 | 3.34 | 3.22 | 3.26 | 3.32 | 3.40 | 3.58 | 3.60 | 3.63 | 3.66 | 3.73 | 3.57 | 3.30 |
| 1958 | 3.24 | 3.28 | 3.25 | 3.12 | 3.14 | 3.20 | 3.36 | 3.60 | 3.75 | 3.76 | 3.70 | 3.80 |
| 1959. | 3.91 | 3.92 | 3.92 | 4.01 | 4.08 | 4.09 | 4.11 | 4.10 | 4.26 | 4.11 | 4.12 | 4.27 |
| 1960 | 4.37 | 4.22 | 4.08 | 4.18 | 4.16 | 3.98 | 3.86 | 3.79 | 3.84 | 3.91 | 3.93 | 3.88 |
| 1961. | 3.89 | 3.81 | 3.78 | 3.80 | 3.73 | 3.88 | 3.90 | 4.00 | 4.02 | 3.98 | 3.98 | 4.06 |
| 1962. | 4.08 | 4.09 | 4.01 | 3.89 | 3.88 | 3.90 | 4.02 | 3.98 | 3.94 | 3.89 | 3.87 | 3.87 |
| 1963 | 3.89 | 3.92 | 3.93 | 3.97 | 3.97 | 4.00 | 4.01 | 3.99 | 4.04 | 4.07 | 4.11 | 4.14 |
| 1964. | 4.15 | 4.14 | 4.18 | 4.20 | 4.16 | 4.13 | 4.13 | 4.14 | 4.16 | 4.16 | 4.12 | 4.14 |
| 1965 | 4.14 | 4.16 | 4.15 | 4.15 | 4.14 | 4.14 | 4.15 | 4.19 | 4.25 | 4.28 | 4.34 | 4.43 |
| 1966 . | 4.43 | 4.61 | 4.63 | 4.55 | 4.57 | 4.63 | 4.75 | 4.80 | 4.79 | 4.70 | 4.74 | 4.65 |

Historical data and latest revisions are presented for selected series. See the Series Finding Guide for the publication date of the latest historical data for each series. Current data are shown in tables 2 and 3. Data are not seasonally adjusted.

| Year | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 117. Yield on municipal bonds, 20-bond average (Percent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 | . . | ... | ... | ... | ... | -.. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | -•• |
| 1946 | . . | . . . | .. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | $\ldots$ | . . | ... | ... |
| 1947. | -•• | ... | . $\cdot$. | ... | ... | ... | ... | -•• | . $\cdot$. | . $\cdot$ | ... | . $\cdot$ |
| 1948 | 2.36 | 2.47 | 2.45 | 2.37 | 2.31 | 2.24 | 2.27 | 2.37 | 2.41 | 2.42 | 2.38 | 2.26 |
| 1949 | 2.16 | 2.20 | 2.18 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.20 | 2.16 | 2.12 | 2.14 | 2.16 | 2.12 | 2.09 |
| 1950 | 2.06 | 2.03 | 2.01 | 2.03 | 2.00 | 1.99 | 2.01 | I. 83 | 1.84 | 1.79 | 1.74 | 1.72 |
| 1951 | 1.61 | 1.58 | 1.74 | 1.94 | 2.00 | 2.19 | 2.15 | 2.02 | 2.01 | 2.06 | 2.05 | 2.09 |
| 1952 | 2.09 | 2.07 | 2.08 | 2.04 | 2.06 | 2.13 | 2.15 | 2.24 | 2.30 | 2.38 | 2.38 | $\therefore .38$ |
| 1953 | 2.43 | 2.55 | 2.65 | 2.65 | 2.78 | 2.99 | 2.98 | 2.90 | 2.90 | 2.75 | 2.62 | 2.60 |
| 1954. | 2.50 | 2.42 | 2.40 | 2.47 | 2.50 | 2.48 | 2.32 | 2.26 | 2.31 | 2.34 | 2.32 | 2.36 |
| 1955 | 2.40 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.41 | 2.38 | 2.41 | 2.54 | 2.60 | 2.58 | 2.51 | 2.46 | 2.57 |
| 1956 | 2.50 | 2.44 | 2.57 | 2.70 | 2.68 | 2.54 | 2.65 | 2.80 | 2.94 | 2.95 | 3.16 | 3.22 |
| 1957 | 3.18 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.13 | 3.27 | 3.41 | 3.40 | 3.54 | 3.54 | 3.42 | 3.37 | 3.04 |
| 1958 | 2.91 | 3.02 | 3.06 | 2.96 | 2.92 | 2.97 | 3.09 | 3.36 | 3.54 | 3.45 | 3.32 | 3.34 |
| 1959 | 3.42 | 3.36 | 3.30 | 3.39 | 3.58 | 3.72 | 3.71 | 3.58 | 3.78 | 3.62 | 3.55 | 3.68 |
| 1960. | 3.72 | 3.60 | 3.56 | 3.56 | 3.60 | 3.55 | 3.50 | 3.34 | 3.42 | 3.53 | 3.40 | 3.40 |
| 1961. | 3.40 | 3.31 | 3.45 | 3.50 | 3.43 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.52 | 3.53 | 3.42 | 3.41 | 3.47 |
| 1962. | 3.34 | 3.21 | 3.14 | 3.05 | 3.11 | 3.26 | 3.28 | 3.23 | 3.21 | 3.02 | 3.04 | 3.07 |
| 1963 | 3.10 | 3.15 | 3.05 | 3.10 | 3.11 | 3.21 | 3.22 | 3.13 | 3.20 | 3.20 | 3.30 | 3.27 |
| 1964. | 3.22 | 3.14 | 3.28 | 3.28 | 3.20 | 3.20 | 3.18 | 3.19 | 3.23 | 3.25 | 3.18 | 3.13 |
| 1965 | 3.06 | 3.09 | 3.18 | 3.15 | 3.17 | 3.24 | 3.27 | 3.24 | 3.35 | 3.40 | 3.46 | 3.54 |
| 1966 | 3.52 | 3.64 | 3.72 | 3.56 | 3.65 | 3.77 | 3.95 | 4.12 | 4.12 | 3.94 | 3.86 | 3.86 |
|  | 118. Secondary market yieids on PHA mortgages (Percent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945. | -• | -•• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . . | . . | $\ldots$ | . . | . | -•• |
| 1946. | . . . | ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | . . | ... | $\cdots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | . $\cdot$ | ... | . $\cdot$ |
| 1947. | . $\cdot$ | -•• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | . $\cdot$ | . $\cdot$ | $\ldots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 1948. | ... | -•• | ... | . 3 | -•• | -•• | $\cdots$ | - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 4.3 | $\cdots$ | 3 | $\cdots$ |
| 1949. | 4.35 | 4.35 | 4.35 | 4.35 | 4.34 | 4.35 | 4.34 | 4.34 | 4.32 | 4.32 | 4.32 | 4.32 |
| 1950. | 4.31 | 4.31 | 4.30 | INA | NA | 4.09 | 4.08 | 4.08 | 4.08 | 4.08 | 4.08 | 4.08 |
| 1951. | 4.08 | 4.08 | 4.12 | 4.19 | 4.27 | 4.29 | 4.31 | 4.31 | 4.30 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.26 |
| 1952. | 4.26 | 4.27 | 4.29 | 4.29 | 4.29 | 4.30 | 4.30 | 4.30 | 4.30 | 4.31 | 4.32 | 4.32 |
| 1953 | 4.34 | 4.34 | 4.34 | HA | IJA | 4.67 | 4.74 | 4.82 | 4.86 | 4.82 | 4.81 | 4.78 |
| 1954. | 4.75 | 4.69 | 4.64 | 4.62 | 4.59 | 4.57 | 4.56 | 4.56 | 4.56 | 4.56 | 4.56 | 4.56 |
| 1955 | 4.56 | 4.56 | 4.59 | 4.60 | 4.63 | 4.63 | 4.64 | 4.67 | 4.70 | 4.73 | 4.75 | 4.73 |
| 1956 | 4.73 | 4.70 | 4.68 | 4.71 | 4.78 | 4.81 | 4.81 | 4.87 | 4.92 | 4.95 | NA | NA |
| 1957 | NA | 5.36 | 5.35 | 5.35 | 5.32 | 5.35 | 5.38 | MA | Wh | 5.63 | 5.63 | 5.61 |
| 1958. | 5.58 | 5.56 | 5.51 | 5.43 | 5.39 | 5.37 | 5.35 | 5.37 | 5.50 | 5.57 | 5.60 | 5.60 |
| 1959. | 5.60 | 5.58 | 5.57 | 5.58 | 5.64 | 5.71 | 5.75 | 5.80 | JA | NA | 6.23 | 6.23 |
| 1960 | 6.24 | 6.23 | 6.22 | 6.21 | 6.21 | 6.19 | 6.18 | 6.14 | 6.11 | 6.09 | 6.05 | 6.04 |
| 1961. | 6.00 | 5.89 | 5.82 | 5.77 | NA | NA | 5.68 | 5.68 | 5.69 | 5.70 | 5.70 | 5.69 |
| 1962 | 5.69 | 5.68 | 5.65 | 5.64 | 5.60 | 5.59 | 5.58 | 5.57 | 5.56 | 5.55 | 5.54 | 5.53 |
| 1963 | 5.52 | 5.48 | 5.47 | 5.46 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 |
| 1964. | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.46 | 5.46 | 5.46 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 |
| 1965. | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.44 | 5.44 | 5.45 | 5.46 | 5.49 | 5.51 | 5.62 |
| 1966 . | 5.70 | NA | 6.00 | NA | 6.32 | 6.45 | 6.51 | 6.58 | 6.63 | MA | 6.81 | 6.77 |

## SERIES FINDING GUIDE

(PAGE NUMBERS. See table of contents (page i) for chart, table, and appendix titles)


[^7](PAGE NUMBERS. See table of contents (page i) for chart, table, and appendix titles)


[^8]| Series titles by economic process and other grouping (See complete titles and sources on back cover) | Timing classi-fication | Charts |  | Tables |  |  |  | Appendixes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | B | C | D | E | F |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Page | Issue |  |
| INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 123. Canada index of industrial production | U.... | 30 | - | - | 46 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 76 | July | 167 |
| 122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production | U.... | 30 | - | - | 46 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 77 | Nov | ${ }^{1} 67$ |
| 126. France, index of industrial production....... | U... | 30 | - | - | 46 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 78 | Nov | ${ }^{1} 67$ |
| 125. West Germany, index of industrial production. |  | 30 | - | - | 46 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 77 | Nov | ${ }^{1} 67$ |
| 128. Japan, index of industrial production. . . . . . | U... | 30 | - | - | 46 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 68 | Oct | '64 |
| 121. OECD-Europe, index of industrial production |  | 30 | - | - | 46 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 77 | Nov | ${ }^{1} 67$ |
| 127. Italy, index of industrial production ... | U.... | 30 | - | - | 46 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 78 | Nov | 167 |
| 133. Canada, index of consumer prices. | U... | 31 | - | - | 47 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 79 | Oct | ${ }^{1} 67$ |
| 132. United Kingdom, index of consumer prices | U... | 31 | - | - | 47 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 79 | Oct | ${ }^{1} 67$ |
| 136. France, index of consumer prices . . . . . | U... | 31 | - | - | 47 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 80 | Oct | 167 |
| 135. West Germany, index of consumer prices | U... | 31 | - | - | 47 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 79 | Oct | '67 |
| 138. Japan, index of consumer prices | U... | 31 | - | - | 47 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 80 | Oct | 167 |
| 137. Italy, index of consumer prices. |  | 31 | - | - | 47 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 80 | Oet | 167 |
| 143. Canada, index of stock prices. | U.... | 32 | - | - | 48 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 81 | Oet | ${ }^{1} 67$ |
| 142. United Kingdom, index of stock prices. | U.... | 32 | - | - | 48 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 81 | Oet | ${ }^{1} 67$ |
| 146. France, index of stock prices . . . . . |  | 32 | - | - | 48 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 82 | Oct | 167 |
| 145. West Germany, index of stock prices |  | 32 | - | - | 48 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 81 | Oet | 167 |
| 148. Japan, index of stock prices. . |  | 32 | - | - | 48 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 82 | Oet | '67 |
| 147. Italy, index of stock prices. . |  | 32 | - | - | 48 | - | - | - | 69 | - | - | 82 | Oet | 167 |
| DIFFUSION INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| D1. Average workweek |  | - | 51 | - | - | 54 | 58 | - | - | - | - | 83 | Oct | 167 |
| D6. New orders |  | - | 51 | - | - | 54 | 58 | - | - | - | - | 72 | Apr | . 65 |
| D11. Capital appropriations |  | - | 51 | - | - | 54 | - | - | - | - | - | 77 | Aug | 167 |
| D34. Profits, mfg. . |  | - | 51 | - | - | 55 | - | - | - | 73 | - | 69 | Oet | '64 |
| D19. Stock prices. . |  | - | 51 | - | - | 55 | 59 | - | - |  | - | 72 | Apr | '65 |
| D23. Industrial materials prices |  | - | 51 | - | - | 55 | 60 | - | - | - | - | 72 | Apr | '65 |
| D5. Initial claims. |  | - | 51. | - | - | 55 | 60 | - | - | - | - | 73 | Ma | '65 |
| D41. Employees in nonagri. establishments | . . . . | - | 52 | - | - | 56 | 61 | - | - | - | - | 79 | Nov | ${ }^{1} 67$ |
| D47. Industrial production |  | - | 52 | - | - | 56 | 61 | - | - | - | - | 73 | Apr | '65 |
| D58. Wholesale prices, mfg. |  | - | 52 | - | - | 56 | 62 | - | - | - | - | 78 | Apr | ${ }^{1} 67$ |
| D54. Retail sales. |  | - | 52 | - | - | 56 | 63 | - | - | - | - | 73 | Apr | '65 |
| D35. Net sales, mfrs. |  | - | 53 | - | - | 57 | - | - | - | - | - | 70 | NOV | '64 |
| D36. New orders |  | - | 53 | - | - | 57 | - | - | - | - | - | 70 | Nov | '64 |
| D48. Freight carloadings |  | - | 53 | - | - | 57 | - | - | - | - | - | 68-9 | Nov | '64 |
| D61. New plant and equipment expenditures |  | - | 53 | - | - | 57 | - | - | - | - | - | 69 | Nov | . 64 |

$U=$ unclassified ("other selected U.S. series," "U.S. series under consideration," and "international comparisons").


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## itles and Sources of Principal Business Cycle Series and Diffusion Indexes

re numbers assigned to the series are for identification puroses only and do not reflect series relationships or order. $M$ " indicates monthly series; " $Q$ " indicates quarterly series. ata apply to the whole period except for series designated "EOM" (end of the month) or "EOQ" (end of the quarter). he Roman numeral identifies the economic process group in hich a series is classified. (See Finding Guide.) Thus, ( $M, \mathrm{II}$ )" indicates a monthly series classified in group II. he general classification follows the approach of the National Sureau of Economic Research, Inc. The series preceded by in asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" Jf 25 indicators.

## 36 Leading Indicators

. Average woikweek of production workers, manufacturing (M,I) . - Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
!. Accession rate, manufacturing (M,I) .-Department of: Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
3. Layoff rate, manufacturing ( $M, 1$ ) . - Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics
i. Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs (M,I).--Department of Labor Bureau of Employment Security; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
3. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods indus: tries (M,III). . - Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census

1. New private nonfarm housing units started (M,III).-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
2. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings, floor space (M,III)..-F.W. Dodge Corporation; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

0 . Contracts and orders for plant and equipment (M,III)... Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and F.iw. Dodge Corporation; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

1. Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corporations ( Q ,III).--National Industrial Conference Board; component industries are seasonally adjusted and added to obtain seasonally adjusted tota!
2. Number of new business incorporations (M,III)...Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
3. Current liabilities of business failures (M,VI).--Dun and Bradstreet. Inc.: seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
4. Corporate profits after taxes ( $Q, V$ )..Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
5. Price per unit of labor cost index-ratio, wholesale prices of manufactured goods index (unadjusted) to seasonally adjusted index of compensation of employees (sum of wages, salaries, and supplements to wages and salaries) per unit of output ( $M, V$...Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics: Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics; and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
6. Profits (before taxes) per dollar of sales, all manulacturing corporations ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{V}$ )... Federal Trade Commission and Securities and Exchange Commission, seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
7. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks ( $M, Y$ )..-Standaru and Poor's Corporation; no seasonal adjustme.ni
8. Change in book value of manufacturers' inventories vi materials and supplies (M,IV).- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
9. Change in business inventories, farm and nonfarm, after valuation adjustment (GNP component) ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{IV}$ ).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
10. Ratio of profits (after taxes) to income originating, corporate, all industries ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{V}$ ).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*23. Index of industrial materials prices (M,V).-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; no seasonal adjustment
11. Value of manulacturers' new orders, machinery and equipment industries (M,III).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
12. Change in manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (M,IV).Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census
13. Buying policy-production materials, percent reporting commitments 60 days or longer (M,IV). - National Association of Purchasing Agents, no seasonal adjustment
*29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits ( $M, I I I$ ).--Department of Comimerce, Bureau of the Census
*30. Nonagricultural placements, all industries (M,I)...Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security, seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
*31. Change in book value of manufacturing and trade inventories, total (M,IV).Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Bureau of the Census
14. Vendor performance, percent reporting slower deliveries (M,IV.).-Chicago Purchasing Agents Association no seasonal adjustment
15. Net change in mortgage debt held by financial institutions and life insurance companies ( $M$, VI)..-Institute of Life Insurance, Federal National Mortgage A.ssociation, National Association of Mutual Savings Banks. U.S. Savings and Loan League, and Board of Governors of the Federal Re.. serve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
16. Percent reporting higher inventories, purchased materials (M,IV).-National Association of Purchasing Agents: seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
*38. Index of net business formation ( $M$, III). . Dun and Bradstreet, Inc., and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census: seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
17. Percent of consumer installment loans delinquent 30 days and over (EOM,VI).-American Eankers Association: seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. (Bimonthly since December 1964)
18. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits plus currency) (M,VI)..-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
19. Index of construction contracts, total value (M.III).…W. Dodge Corporation
20. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits and currency) and commercial bank time deposits ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{VI}$ ).. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
21. Total funds raised by private nonfinancial borrowers in credit markets ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{VI}$ ). - Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
22. Net change in bank loans to businesses ( $M, V I$ )..-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
*113. Net change in consumer installment debt (M,VI) .-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

## 25 Roughly Coincident Indicators

40. Unemployment rate, married males, spouse present (M,I) .Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*41. Number of employees in nonagricultural establishments (M,I) - Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics
41. Total nonagricultural employment, labor force survey (M,I).Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*43. Unemployment rate, total (M,I) Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Depariment of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
42. Average weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs (M,I).--Department of Labor Bureau of Employment Security
43. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspapers ( $M, I$ )..National Industrial Conference Board
*47. Index of industrial production (M,II)..-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
44. Gross national product in current dollars ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{II}$ ) .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*50. Gross national product in 1958 dollars ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{II}$ ). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*52. Personal income (M,II) . Department of Commerce. Office of Business Economics
45. Wage and salary income in mining, manufacturing, and construction ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{II}$ ). . Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*54. Sales of retail stores (M,II)..-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
46. Index of wholesale prices, industrial commodities ( $M, \mathrm{~V}$ ).Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics: no seasonal adjustment
47. Final sales (series 49 minus series 21) ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{II}$ ). . Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
48. Index of wholesale prices, manufactured goods ( $M, V$ ).Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. no sea sonal adjustment
49. Free reserves (meminer bank excess reserves minus borrowings) (M,VI).. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, no seasonal adjustment
50. Manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (EOM, III).. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
51. Backlog of capital appropriations, manufacturing ( $\mathrm{EOQ}, \mathrm{III}$ )... National Industrial Conference Board. component industries are seasonally adjusted and added to obtain seasonally adjusted total
52. Discount rate on new issues of 91 -day Treasury bills (M,VI) .-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
53. Yield on long-term Treasury bonds (M,VI)..-Treasury Department. no seasonal adjustment
54. Yield on new issues of high-grade corporate bonds (M,VI)... First National City Bank of New York and Treasury Department: no seasonal adjustment
55. Yield on municipal bonds, 20 tond average ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{VI}$ ). The Bond Buyer; no seasonal adjustment
56. Nonagriculturat job openings unfilled (EOM, I) Department of Labor. Bureau of Employment Security seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
57. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments, (M,I).Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
*816. Manufacturing and trade sales ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{II}$ ).--Cepartinent of Connmerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census

## 11 Lagging Indicators

*61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total (Q,III) .-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission
*62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing-ratio, index of compensation of employees in manufacturing (the sum of wages and salaries and supplements to wages and salaries) to index of industrial production, manufacturing ( $M, V$ ) $\cdots$ Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
65. Book value of manufacturers' inventories of finished goods, all manufacturing industries (EOM, IV).-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
66. Consumer installment debt (EOM,VI).-Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. FRS seasonally adjusted net change added to seasonally adjusted figure for previous month to obtain current figure

## Titles and Sources of Principal Business Cycle Series and Diffusion Indexes--Continued

*67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 35 cities ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{VI}$ )... Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; no seasonal adjustment
68. Labor cost (current dollars) per unit of gross product (1958 dollars), nonfinancial corporations (ratio of current-dollar compensation of employees to gross corporate product in 1958 dollars) (Q,V).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, National Income Division
*71. Book value, manufacturing and trade inventories, total (EOM,IV).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
*72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding, weekly reporting large commercial banks (EOM, VI).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, inc.
118. Secondary market yields on FHA mortgages (M,VI)..-Federal Housing Administration; no seasonal adjustment
*502. Unemployment rate, 15 weeks and over (M,I).--Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
505. Manufacturers' machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures (industrial and commercial construction put in place) (M, ill).-.Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

## 16 Other Selected U.S. Series

81. Index of consumer prices (M, И..-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; no seasonal adjustment
82. Federal cash payments to the public ( $Q, \mathrm{VIII}$ )..-Treasury Department, Bureau of Accounts, and Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget
83. Federal cash receipts from the public ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{VIII}$ )...Treasury Department, Bureau of Accounts, and Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget
84. Federal cash surplus or deficit ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{VIII}$ ).--Treasury Department, Bureau of Accounts, and Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget
85. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total (M,VII)..Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
86. General imports, total (M,VII).-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
87. Merchandise trade balance (series 86 minus series 87) (M,VII).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
88. Excess of receipts or payments in U.S. balance of payments (Q,VII).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
89. Defense Department obligations, procurement (M,VIII).Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
90. Defense Department cbligations, total (M, VIII).--Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
91. Military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms and institutions (M,VIII).--Department of Defense, Directorate for Statistical Services; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
92. Federal surplus or deficit, national income and product account ( $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{VIII}$ ).--Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
93. New orders, defense products industries (M,VII)...Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
94. Federal purchases of goods and services, national defense (Q,VIII).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
95. Manufacturers' new orders for export, durable goods except motor vehicles and parts (M,VII).--Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; no seasonal adjustment
96. Index ol export orders for nonelectrical machinery (M,VII).--McGraw-Hill, Department of Economics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census

## 8 U.S. Series Under Consideration

850. Ratio, output to capacity, mg. (Q).-Board of Governers of the Federal Reserve System, Department of Commerce, and McGraw-Hill Economics Department
851. Ratio, inventories (BCD series 71) to sales (BCD series 816), manufacturing and trade total (M).- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
852. Ratio, unfilled orders (BCD series 96) to shipments, manufacturers' durable goods (M).-. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
853. Ratio, production of business equipment to production of consumer goods (index: 1957-59 =100) (M).--Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. (Based upon components of the Federal Reserve index of industrial production.)
854. Ratio, personal saving to disposable personal income ( $Q$ ).Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
855. Ratio, nonagricultural job openings unfilled (BCD series 301) to number of persons unemployed (M).-Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security and Bureau of Labor Statistics; and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
856. Ratio, average hourly earnings of production workers in manufacturing to consumer prices (BCD series 81) (M).-Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
857. Vacancy rate in rental housing-unoccupied rental housing units as a percent of total rental housing (Q)..- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

## 19 International Comparisons

121. Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, European Countries, index of industrial production (M).-Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (Paris)
122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production (M).--Central Statistical Office (London)
123. Canada, index of industrial production (M).--Dominion Bureau of Statistics (Ottawa)
124. West Germany, index of industrial production (M).-Statistisches Bundesamt (Wiesbaden); seasonally adjusted by OECD
125. France, index of industrial production (M).-Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (Paris)
126. Italy, index of industrial production (M).-- Istituto Centrale di Statistica (Rome)
127. Japan, index of industrial production (雲).-Ministry of Inte national Trade and Industry (Tokyo)
. . . United States, index of industrial production (M,II).-Se series 47
128. United Kingdom, index of consumer prices (M).-Ministry ( Labour (London); no seasonal adjustment
129. Canada, index of consumer prices (M).--Dominion Bureau o Statistics (0ttawa); no seasonal adjustment
130. West Germany, index of consumer prices (M).--Statistische Bundesamt (Wiesbaden); no seasonal adjustment
131. France, index of consumer prices (M).-Institut National d la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (Paris); ni seasonal adjustment
132. Italy, index of consumer prices (M).--stituto Centrale c Statistica (Rome); no seasonal adjustment
133. Japan, index of consumer prices (mim).--Office of the Primu Minister (Tokyo); no seasonal adjustment
$\ldots$ United States, index of consumer prices (M,V).- Ser Series 81
134. United Kingdom, index of stock prices (Mif).--The Financia Times (London); no seasonal adjustment
135. Canada, index of stock prices (M).-Dominion Bureau 0 Statistics (Ottawa); no seasonal adjustment
136. West Germany, index of stock prices (M).--Statistisches Bundesamt (Wiesbaden); no seasonal adjustment
137. France, index of stock prices (M).-Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (Paris); no seasonal adjustment
138. Italy, index of stock prices (M).-Istituto Centrale di Statistica (Rome); no seasonal adjustment
139. Japan, index of stock prices (M).-Tokyo Stock Exchange (Tokyo); no seasonal adjustment
... United States, index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (M,V).-See series 19

## Diffusion Indexes

The " $D$ " preceding a number indicates a diffusion index. Diffusion indexes and corresponding business cycle series bear the same number and are obtained from the same sources. See sources above for D1, D5, D6, D11, D19, D23, D41, D47, D54, D58, and 061. Sources for other diffusion indexes are as follows:

D34. Profits, manufacturing, FNCB (Q).-First National City Bank of New York; no seasonal adjustment of series components. Diffusion indexes are seasonally adjusted by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
D35. Net sales, total manufactures (Q).--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; no seasonal adjustment
D36. New orders, durable manufactures $(\mathbb{Q})$.--Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; no seasonal adjustment

D48. Freight carloadings (Q).-Association of American Railroads; no seasonal adjustment


[^0]:    *Series included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. (ஹ) Not seasonally adjusted. NA = not available; $r=$ revised; $p=$ preliminary; $e=$ estimated; $a=a n t i c i p a t e d$.
    ${ }^{2}$ Series are seasonally adjusted except for those series, indicated by (u), that appear to contain no seasonal movement. See additional basic data and notes in table 2. ${ }^{2}$ Average percent changes are based on month-to-month (or quarter-to-quarter) percent changes for the specified periods. ${ }^{3}$ To facilitate interpretations of cyclical movements, those series that usually fall when general business activity rises and rise when business falls are inverted so that rises are shown as declines and declines as rises (see series $3,5,14,39,40,43,45,93$, and 502 ). Percent changes are computed in the usual way but the signs are reversed. See footnote 8 for other "change" qualifications. ${ }^{4}$ Average computed with regard to sign. ${ }^{5}$ Average computed without regard to sign. ${ }^{6}$ The period varies among the series; however, for most series, the period covered is 1953-65. ${ }^{7}$ Quarterly series; figures are placed in the middle month of quarter. ${ }^{8}$ Since basic data for this series are expressed in plus or minus amounts, the changes are month-to-month (or quarter-to-quarter) differences expressed in the same unit of measure as the basic data, rather than in percentages. ${ }^{9}$ Figures are placed in the last month of quarter.

[^1]:    See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Asterisk $\left.\right|^{\circ} \mid$ identifies series on 'short list'. Cuhent data for these series are shown on pages 38 and 39.

[^2]:    See 'How to Read Charts 1 and 2,' page 4. Current data for these series are shown on page 44

[^3]:    *Denotes machinery and equipment industries that comprise series 24.
    ${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by source agency.
    ${ }^{2}$ Based on 34 components.

[^4]:    NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. Only the directions of change are shown when numbers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $r=$ revised.
    *Denotes machinery and equipment industries that comprise series 24 . †These industries plus ordnance comprise series 99.
    $1_{\text {Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. }}$
    ${ }^{2}$ Data are not seasonally adjusted. The components shown here include 18 of the more important industries and 5 composites representing an additional 23 of the industries used in computing the diffusion index in table 4.
    ${ }^{3}$ Based on 76 components beginning with July 1967.

[^5]:    NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(\cdot)=$ falfing. Only the directions of change are shown when numbers are held confidential by the source agency. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $I=$ revised.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.

[^7]:    *Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are on the 1966 NBER "short list" of 25 indicators. $L=$ leading $C=$ roughly coincident, $L g=$ lagging. ${ }^{1}$ Appendix $G$ in this issue.

[^8]:    *Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are on the 1966 NBER "short list" of 25 indicators. L=leading, $C=$ roughly coincident, Lg-lagging, $J=$ unclassified ("other selected U.S. series," "U.S. series under con sideration" and "international comparisions"). ${ }^{1}$ Appendix G in this issue. ${ }^{2}$ A description of this series is contained in the July 1964 issue of BCD (appendix G ).

