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## ABOUT THE REPORT

## NATIONAL

INCOME AND
PRODUCT accounts summarize both receipts and final expenditures for the personal, business, foreign, and government sectors of the economy and provide useful measures of total economic activity. The total of the final expenditures, which equals the total of the receipts, is known as gross national product, the most comprehensive single measure of aggregate economic output. GNP is defined as the total market value of the final output of goods and services produced by the Nation's economy.


CYClical
INDICATORS
are economic time series which have been singled out as leaders, co inciders, or laggers in relation to movements in aggregate economic activity. In this report, the series on the NBER's list of cyclical indicators are classified by economic process and by cyclical timing. These indicators were selected primarily on the basis of their cyclical behavior, but they have also proven useful in forecasting, measuring, and interpreting other short-term fluctuations in aggregate economic activity.


## ANTICIPATIONS

 ANDINTENTIONS data provide information on the plans of business men and consumers regarding their major economic activities in the near future. This information is considered to be a valuable aid to economic forecasting either directly or as an indication of the state of confidence concerning the economic outlook. A number of surveys by various organizations and government agencies have been developed in recent years to ascertain anticipations and intentions. The results of some of these surveys, expressed as time series, are presented in this report.


This monthly report brings together many of the nomic time series found most useful by business an: and forecasters. Its predecessor, Business Cycle Dt ments, emphasized the cyclical indicators approach analysis of business conditions and was based lar the list of leading, roughly coincident, and laggins tors maintained by the National Bureau of Econo search, Inc. Some other approaches commonly use dents of economic conditions include econometric dael: and anticipations and intentions data. The econ netri model concept utilizes historical and mathematical chtion ships among consumption, private investment, government and various components of the major aggregates to generatı forecasts of gross national product and its composition Anticipations and intentions data express the expectations of businessmen and the intentions of consumers. Most of the content of Business Cycle Developments has been retained in this new report and additional data reflecting the emphasis of other approaches have been added tc make it more generally useful to those concerned with an evaluation of current business conditions and prospects.

The use of the National Bureau's list of indicators and business cycle turning dates in the cyclical indicators section of this report, as well as the use of other concepts, is not to be taken as implying endorsement by the Bureau of the Census or any other government agency of any particular approach to economic analysis. This report is intended only to provide statistical information so arranged as to facilitate the analysis of the course of the Nation's economy.

Almost all of the basic data presented in this repori have been published by their source agencies. A series finding guide, as well as a complete list of series titles and data sources, is shown at the back of this report.

Subscription price, including supplements, is $\$ 15$ a year ( $\$ 3.75$ additional for foreign mailiag). Single issues are $\$ 1.50$. Airmail delivery is available at an additional charge. For information about domestic or foreign airmail delivery, write to the Superiatendent of

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# NEW FEATURES <br> AND CHANGES <br> FOR THIS ISSUE 

A limited number of changes are made from time to time to incorporate recent findings of economic research, newly available time series, and revisions made by source agencies in concept, composition, comparability, coverage, seasonal adjustment methods, benchmark data, etc. Changes may result in revisions of data, additions or deletions of series, changes in placement of series in relation to other series, changes in composition of indexes, etc.
.ufacturing) and D4l (employees on nonagricultural payrolls) are shown .. table E3 for a period of about 1 year. Revised diffusion index data :or the earlier period will be shown in a subsequent issue.

Revised data for other series based on factory employment statistics iseries 48, 856, and 858) will be published as soon as they become เvailable.

Additional information concerning these revisions may be obtained .rom the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Division of Industry and Employment Statistics.
3. New seasonal adjustment factors have been computed by the source igency for series 45, insured unemployment rate. The new seasonal factors, rpplicable beginning with 1969, caused only a few scattered revisions in ;he data.
4. Appendix C contains historical data for series 6, 10, 11, 20, 24, :5, 31, 56, 65, 69, 71, 96, 97, 121, 122, 123, 125, 126, 127, 128, 410, i12, 647, 781b, 781c, and D11.
'he October issue of BUSINESS CONDITIONS DIGEST is scheduled for release in October 29.

## BUSINESS CONDITIONS DIGEST

A monthly report for analyzing economic fluctuations over a short span of years.

This report brings together approximately 600 monthly and quarterly economic time series in a form which is convenient for analysts whether their approach to the study of current business conditions and prospects is the national income model, the leading indicators, anticipations and intentions, or a combination of these. Other types of data such as foreign trade, Federal government activities, and international comparisons of consumer prices, stock prices, and industrial production are included to facilitate a more complete analysis.
Data are presented in charts and tables, and appendixes are included which provide historical data, series descrip. tions, seasonal adjustment factors, and measures of variability. Also, a computer tape containing data for most of the series in the report is available for purchase.

DEFENSE INDICATORS

A monthly report for analyzing the current and prospective impact of defense activity on the national economy.

This report brings together the principal time series on defense activities which influence short-term changes in the national economy. These include series on obligations, contracts, orders, shipments, inventories, expenditures, employment, and earnings. The approximately 50 time series included are grouped in accordance with the time at which the activities they measure occur in the defense order-produc-tion-delivery process. Most are monthly series, although a few are quarterly. This publication provides original and seasonally adjusted basic data in monthly, quarterly, and annual form. Charts and analytical tables are included to facilitate interpretation.

## LONG TERM ECONOMIC GROWTH

A report for the study of economic fluctuations over a long span of years, 1860-1965.

This report has been developed from available statistics to provide a com prehensive, long-range view of the U.S. economy. It has been planned, prepared, and published as a basic research document for economists, historians, investors, teachers, and students. It brings together for the first time under one cover, in meaning. ful and convenient form, the complete statistical basis for a study of long.term economic trends. It is a unique presentation of the full range of factors required for an understanding of our country's economic development. Some of the statistical series go back to 1860. A computer tape file of the time series included in the report is available for purchase.

COMPUTER PROGRAMS FOR TIME SERIES ANALYSIS

The source statements for FORTRAN IV programs whir are used by the Bureau in its analysis of time series are available from the BI on a single computer te

SEASONAL ADJUSTMEI PROGRAMS.-Two varia. of the Census computer program for measuring anu analyzing seasonal, trading. day, cyclical, and irregular fluctuations and the relations among them. They are particularly useful in analyzing economic fluctuations which take place within a year. The X-11 variant is used for adjusting monthly data and the $X-11 Q$ for quarterly data. These programs can make additive as well as multiplicative adjustments and compute many summary and analytical measures of the behavior of each series.

## DIFFUSION INDEX

 PROGRAM.-A computer program for computing diffusion indexes, cumulated diffusion indexes, and summary measures of the properties of each index.
## METHOD OF PRESENTATION

THIS REPORT is organized into six major subject sections, as follows:
A. National Income and Product
B. Cyclical Indicators
C. Anticipations and Intentions
D. Other Key Indicators
E. Analytical Measures
F. International Comparisons

Each of these sections is described briefly in this introduction. Data for each of the above sections are shown both in Part I (charts) and in Part 11 (tables) of the report. Most charts begin with 1950 (except in section $C$ where they begin with 1957); the tables contain data for only the last few years. Except for section F, most charts contain shading which indicates periods of recession in general business activity.
In addition to the charts and tables described above, some issues contain a summary table which shows the current behavior of many of the series, and several appendixes which present historical data, series descriptions, seasonal adjustment factors, and measures of variability. An index appears at the back of each issue. It should be noted that the series numbers used are for identification purposes only anc' do not reflect relationships or order.

## Seasonal Adjustments

Adjustments for average seasonal fluctuations are often necessary to bring out the underlying trends of time series. Such adjustments allow for the effects of repetitive intrayear variations resulting primarily om normal differences in weather condins and from various institutional argements. Variations attributable to lays are usually accounted for by the -nal adjustment process; however, a ate holiday adjustment is occasionrequired for holidays with variable .es, such as Easter. An additional adstment is sometimes necessary for se?s which contain considerable variation ce to the number of working or trading ays in each month. As used in this report, :he term 'seasonal adjustment"' includes rading-day and holiday adjustments where 'ey have been made.
.lost of the series in this report are presented in seasonally adjusted form and, in most cases, these are the official figures eleased by the source agencies. However, or the special purposes of this report, a :umber of series not ordinarily published 1 seasonally adjusted form are shown here n a seasonally adjusted basis.

## ${ }^{1}$ CD Moving Averages

Month-to-month changes in a series are often dominated by erratic movements. MCD (months for cyclical dominance) is an estimate of the appropriate span over which to observe cyclical movements in a monthly series. (See appendix A.) It is the smallest span of months for which the average change in the cyclical factor is greater than that in the irregular factor. The more erratic a series is, the larger the MCD will be; thus, MCD is 1 for the smoothest series and 6 for the most erratic. MCD
moving averages (that is, moving averages of the period equal to MCD) tend to have about the same degree of smoothness for all series. Thus, a 5 -term moving average of a series with an MCD of 5 will show its cyclical movements about as clearly as the seasonally adjusted data for a series with an MCD of 1 .

The charts for sections B and D include centered MCD moving averages for all series with an MCD greater than 4. The seasonally adjusted data are also plotted to indicate their variation about the moving averages and to provide observations for the most recent months.

## Reference Turning Dates

The historical business cycle turning dates used in this report are those designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. (NBER). They mark the approximate dates when, according to the NBER, aggregate economic activity reached its cyclical high or low levels. As a matter of general practice, neither new reference turning dates nor the shading for recessions will be entered on the charts until after both the new reference peak and the new reference trough bounding the shaded area have been designated. This policy is followed because of the conceptual and empirical difficulties of designating a current recession and the practical difficulties of terminating the shading of a current recession without including part of a new expansion.


The national income and product accounts, compiled by the Office of Business Economics (OBE), summarize both receipts and final expenditures for the personal, business, foreign, and government sectors of the economy and provide useful measures of total economic activity. The total of the final expenditures (including additions to business inventories), which equals the total of the receipts (mainly incomes), is known as gross national product (GNP). GNP is defined as the total market value of the final output of goods and services produced by the Na tion's economy. It is the most comprehensive single measure of aggregate economic output.

Gross national product consists of four major components: (1) Personal consumption expenditures, (2) gross private domestic investment, (3) net exports of goods and services, and (4) government purchases of goods and services.

Personal consumption expenditures is the market value of goods (durable and nondurable) and services purchased by individuals and nonprofit institutions and the value of food, clothing, housing, and finan-
cial services received by them as income in kind. The total purchase cost is covered, including sales taxes. Home purchases are excluded, but the estimated rental value of owner-occupied homes is included.
Gross private domestic investment combines gross fixed investment and net changes in business inventories. Fixed investment consists of producers' durable equipment and private (as opposed to government) structures, including owneroccupied residential units. The estimates are gross in the sense that there is no deduction for capital consumption. The inventory component measures the change in the physical volume of inventories valued at current replacement cost.
Net exports of goods and services measures the excess of exports over imports. Exports include receipts from domestic output sold abroad, transportation, travel, other services, fees and royalties and income on investments in foreign areas. Imports include purchases of foreign goods, payments for transportation, travel and other services, military expenditures as well as payments of income on foreign investments in the United States. More detail on U.S. balance of payments is provided in Section D.
Government purchases of goods and serv. ices includes general government expenditures for compensation of employees, net purchases from business and from abroad, payments to private nonprofit institutions for research and development, and the gross fixed investment of government enterprises. Not included are current outlays of government enterprises, acquisitions of land, transfer payments, subsidies, loans, and interest payments to domestic creditors.
A breakdown of the goods portion of GNP, covering durable and nondurable goods and both final sales and changes in business inventories, is also included in section A. Other major aggregates taken from the national income and product accounts are described below.
National income is the total earnings arising from the current production of goods and services and accruing to the labor and property employed in production. The components of national income are compensation of employees, proprietors' income, rental income of persons, corporate profits and the inventory valuation adjustment, and net interest.
Personal income measures the current income of individuals, owners of unincorporated businesses, nonprofit institutions, private trust funds, and private health and welfare funds. It consists of wage and salary disbursements, other labor income, proprietors' income, rental income of persons, dividends, personal interest income, and transfer payments to persons, less personal contributions for social insurance.
Disposable personal income is the personal income available for spending or saving. It consists of personal income less personal taxes and other nontax payments to general government.
Gross saving represents the difference between income and spending during an
accounting period. It is the total of personal saving, undistributed corporate profits, corporate inventory valuation adjustment, the excess of wage accruals over disbursements (usually negligible), government surplus or deficit, and capital consumption allowances.

Most of the series in this section are on a current-dollar basis, but some are shown on a constant (1958) dollar basis so that the effects of price changes are eliminated. The implicit price deflator (computed by dividing the current-dollar data by the con-stant-dollar data) for total GNP is also shown.


## SECTION B <br> CYCLICAL INDICATORS

The business cycle is generally described as consisting of alternating periods of expansion and contraction in aggregate economic activity; that is, the complex of activities represented by such concepts as total production, employment, income, consumption, trade, and the flow of funds. Although a recurrent pattern has been characteristic of American economic history, many economists do not consider it inevitable.
One of the techniques developed in business cycle research is widely used as a
tool for analyzing current economic conditions and prospects. This is the cyclical indicators concept, which singles out certain economic time series as being leaders, coinciders, or laggers in relation to movements in aggregate economic activity. The NBER has, since 1938, maintained a list of such indicators and has periodically subjected the list to extensive review. Their most recent (1966) list of 72 cyclical indicators is the basis for this section of BCD. These indicators were selected primarily for their cyclical behavior, but they have also proven useful in forecasting, measuring, and interpreting other short-term fluctuations in aggregate economic activity.

The NBER employs a dual classification scheme which groups the indicators by cyclical timing and by economic process, and this report uses the same classification groupings. The diagram below summarizes the cross-classification system used in this section. The $\mathbf{7 2}$ cyclical indicators are presented with economic process as the principal basis of classification and cyclical timing as the secondary basis. The major processes are divided into minor processes which exhibit rather distinct differences in cyclical timing. The timing classification takes into account a series' historical record of timing at business cycle peaks and troughs. Leading indicators are those which usually reach peaks or troughs before the corresponding turns in aggregate economic activity; roughly coincident indicators are direct measures of aggregate economic activity or move roughly together with it; lagging indicators usually reach their turning points after the turns in aggregate economic activity.

The NBER has also specified a "short list" of indicators. This more selective and substantially unduplicated group of principal indicators is drawn from the full list and provides a convenient summary of the current situation. The short list consists of 26 series: 12 leading, eight roughly coincident, and six lagging. Only five of these are quarterly series; the rest are monthly. The short list is classified only by timing and is shown separately in chart B8.

Included in this section are a number of composite indexes which provide simple summary measures of the average behavior of selected groups of indicators. Each component of an index is weighted according to its value in forecasting or identifying short-term movements in aggregate economic activity. The components are standardized so that each has, aside from its weight, an equal opportunity to influence the index. Each index is standardized so that its average month-to-month percent change is 1 (without regard to sign).

The composite indexes presented in this report are based on groups of indicators selected by timing. Thus, there is an index of leading indicators, another of coincident indicators, and a third of lagging indicators. In addition, there are five indexes based on leading indicators which have $b: m$ grouped by economic process. These indexes indicate the underlying cyclical trends of each group of indicators and the relative magnitude of their short-term changes. The index of 12 leading indicators has been "reverse trend adjusted" so that its long-run trend parallels that of the coincident index. This facilitater

## Cross-Classification of Cyclical Indicators by Er.onomic Process and Cyclical Timing


comparisons among the leading, coincident, and lagging indexes and tends to shorten the leads of the leading index at business cycle peaks while lengthening them at troughs; it also reduces the variability of the leads and lags.


Most businessmen and many individual consumers have some type of plans as to their major economic activities in the near future. Information on these plans is regarded as a valuable aid to economic forecasting either directly or as an indication of the state of confidence concerning the economic outlook. In recent years, much progress has been made in compiling such information, and a number of surveys by various organizations and government agencies ascertain anticipations and intentions of businessmen and consumers. The results of some of these surveys, expressed is time series, are presented in this section of the report.

The business analyst who uses these series should be aware of their limitations. These data reflect only the respondents' anticipations (what thev expect others to do) or intentions (what they plan to do) not firm commitments. Among both businessmen and consumers, some responses má! not be very reliable; that is, the plaris may be conjectural or the respondent may make little effort to reply accurately to the survey questions. Also, many plans are subject to modification or even complete abandonment due to unforeseen and uncontrollable developments. In some cases, the anticipations (or intentions) may have a systematic bias; for example, the anticipations (or intentions) data may tend to be lower than the subsequent actual data under certain economic conditions and higher under other conditions. Sometimes they merely project what has already occurred and hence appear to lag behind actual changes. Actual data are included in this section to indicate their historical relationship to the anticipations and intentions. Some of the series are diffusion indexes, a concept explained in the description for section $E$.


Many economic series are available which, although not included in the three main sections of the report, are nevertheless important for an overall view of the economy. This section presents a number of such series, though by no means a com-
prehensive selection. In general, these series reflect processes which are not direct measures of economic activity but which do have a significant bearing on business conditions.

The foreign trade and payments series include data on imports and exports and their balance, export orders, and the balance of payments. Many of the components of the balance-of-payments accounts are shown. Some are charted in a manner which emphasizes the balance between receipts and expenditures for each component; for example, comparisons of exports of goods and services with imports of goods and services, and income on U.S. investments abroad with payments on foreign investments in the United States. In addition, balances are shown for U.S. Government grants and capital transactions and for capital transactions of the private sector (banks and U.S. residents other than banks).' Finally, cumulative changes are shown for other components; for example, U.S. liquid liabilities to all foreigners and U.S. official reserve assets. Because these data are influenced by foreign as well as domestic conditions, the cyclical shading has been omitted from the balance-of-payments charts.

The Federal Government activities series include Federal receipts and expenditures and their balance, and selected Federal defense activities. The receipts and expenditures data are from the national income and product accounts, but are not shown in section A of this report. The defense series included are only a few of the many available. For a more comprehensive picture of defense activities, see Defense Indicators, a monthly Bureau of the Census publica. tion.

The price movements series consist of consumer and wholesale price indexes and their major components. Additional data on prices and costs are shown in several other sections.


This section begins by comparing gross national product in constant dollars with a measure of potential GNP. In effect, these two series reflect the relationship between the economy's productive capacity and total demand, the excess of potential over actual GNP indicating the degree to which potentially productive resources are not fully utilized. The measure of potential GNP, developed by the Council of Economic Advisers in the early 1960's, takes into account increases in both available man-hours and output per man-hour.

The NBER list of cyclical indicators includes some series which measure the relationship between different economic variables (for example, the series on labor cost
per unit of output). There are, however, additional analytical ratios which have proven useful in evaluating business conditions and prospects. A number of such ratios are shown in the second part of this section.

The third part presents a selection of diffusion indexes. Many series in this report are aggregates compiled from a number of components. A diffusion index is a summary measure expressing, for a particular aggregate, the percentage of components rising over a given timespan (half of the unchanged components are considered rising). Cyclical changes in diffusion indexes tend to lead those of the corresponding aggregates. Since diffusion indexes are highly erratic, long-term (6- or 9 -month span) indexes are used to indicate underlying trends and short-term (1month span) indexes are used to show recent developments. Most of the indexes are constructed from components of series shown in section B, and these indexes have the same identification numbers as the corresponding aggregates. The diffusion indexes are classified by the cyclical timing of the aggregates to which they relate. Recent data and directions of change for many of the components are shown in table E4.

The final part (E5) presents, in chart form, rates of change for a selected group of economic series. Percent changes are shown for 1 - and 3 -month spans or for 1 -quarter spans.


Because this report is designed as an aid to the analysis of U.S. business conditions, all previous sections are based on data which relate directly to that purpose. But many business analysts examine economic developments in other important countries with a view to their impact on the United States. This section is provided to facilitate a quick review of basic economic conditions in six of the nations with which we have important trade relationships.

Data on consumer prices, industrial production, and stock prices are shown for Canada, the United Kingdom, France, West Germany, Japan, and Italy and are compared with the corresponding U.S. series. Also included is an industrial production index for the European countries in the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. The industrial production series provide a comprehensive measure of output and the consumer price indexes measure an important sector of prices, while stock prices tend to be important as leading indicators. In this section, the U.S. business cycle shading has been omitted from the charts.

Peak (P) of cycle indicates end of expansion and beginning of Recession (shaded areas) as designated by NBER.

Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order.

Solid line indicates monthly data. (Data may be actual monthly figures or MCD moving averages.*)

Broken line indicates actual monthly data for series where an MCD moving average* is plotted.

Parallel lines indicate a break in continuity (data not available, changes in series definitions, extreme values, etc.).

Solid line with plotting points indicates quarterly data.


Scale shows percent of compo. nents rising.

Arabic number indicates latest month for which data are used in computing the indexes. (" 6 " $=$ June)

Roman number indicates latest quarter for which data are used in computing the indexes. ("l" = first quarter)

Broken line with plotting points indicates quarterly data over various spans.

NOTE: Some of the charts of anticipations and intentions data (section C) and balance of payments data (section D) do not conform to the above method of presentation. Deviations are adequately explained as they occur.

## HOW TO LOCATE A SERIES

To locate a series in BCD, consult the "Index-Series Finding Guide" in the back of the book where series are arranged into six sections and various subsections. Also, in the list of "Titles and Sources of Series" which follows the Finding Guide, series are listed in numerical order within each of the six sections, and the charts and tables in which they appear are indicated.

Table 1. Summary of Recent Data and Current Changes for Principal Indicators

| Series title | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unit } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { measure } \end{gathered}$ | Basic datal ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percent change |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | Ist O 1970 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{~d} Q \\ 1970 \end{gathered}$ | 300 190 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4th } Q^{2} \\ & 1970 \end{aligned}$ | $1 s t$ 1971 | 20 1971 | $\begin{gathered} 3 d Q \\ \text { to } \\ 4 \text { th } 0 \\ 1970 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4th Q } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { 1st } 0 \\ & \text { 1971 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ist Q } \\ \text { to } \\ 20 \\ 1971 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| A. NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Al. Gross National Produet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 200. GNP in current dollars | Ann.rate, bil.dol. | 864.2 | 929.1 | 974.1 | 956.0 | 968.5 | 983.5 | 988.4 | 1020.8 | 1043.1 | 0.5 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 200 |
| 205. GNP in 1958 dollars. | ..... do . | 706.6 | 724.7 | $720 \cdot 0$ | 719.8 | 721.1 | 723.3 | 715.9 | 729.7 | 738.4 | -1.0 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 205 |
| 210. Implicit price deflator. | 1958=100 | 122.3 | 128.2 | 135.3 | 132.8 | 134.3 | 136.0 | 138.1 | 139.9 | 141.3 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 210 |
| 215. Per capita GNP in current dollars | Ann. rate, dol... | 4,307 | 4,585 | 4.755 | 4.686 | 4.735 | 4.795 | 4.804 | 4.949 | 5,045 | 0.2 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 215 |
| 217. Per capita GNP in 1958 dollars.. | ..... do ..... | 3,522 | 3.576 | 3.515 | 31528 | 3.526 | 3.526 | 3,480 | 3.538 | 3,571 | -1.3 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 217 |
| A2. National and Personal Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 220. National income, current dollars. | Ann.rate, bil.dol. | 711.1 | 763.7 | 795.9 | 785.8 | 793.4 | 802.2 | 802.1 | 828.3 | 844.5 | 0.0 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 220 |
| 222. Personal income, current dollars......... | ..... do . | 688.9 | 750.3 | 803.6 | 784.3 | 803.8 | 809.8 | 816.7 | 834.3 | 854.8 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 222 |
| 224. Disposable personal income, current dol... | ..... do | 591.0 | 634.2 | 687.8 | 667.6 | 685.7 | 696.2 | 701.5 | 721.6 | 740.8 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 224 |
| 225. Disposable personal income, constant dol. . 226. Per capita disposable personal income. | . do | 499.0 | 513.5 | 531.5 | 524.4 | 533.0 | 536.0 | 532.5 | 542.7 | 551.8 | -0.7 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 225 |
| current dollars. | Ann. rate, dol... | 2,946 | 3,130 | 3.358 | 31272 | 3,353 | 3,395 | 3,410 | 3,498 | 3.583 | 0.4 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 226 |
| 227. Per capita disposable personal income, constant dollars. | do | 2,487 | 2,535 | 2.595 | 2.570 | 2,606 | 2,613 | 2,588 | 2.631 | 21669 | -1.0 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 227 |
| A3. Personal Consumption Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 230. Total, current dollars. | Ann,rate , bil.dol. | 536.2 | 579.6 | 615.8 | 604.0 | 613.8 | 620.9 | 624.7 | 644.6 | 660.9 | 0.6 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 230 |
| 231. Total, constant dollars. | ..... do | 452.7 | 469.3 | 475.9 | 474.4 | 477.1 | 477.9 | 474.2 | 484.8 | 492.3 | -0.8 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 1.5 | 231 |
| 232. Durable goods, current dollars. | do | 84.0 | 89.9 | 88.6 | 88.6 | 90.7 | 90.4 | 84.9 | 97.6 | $100 \cdot 8$ | -6.1 | 15.0 | 3.3 | 232 |
| 233. Durable goods, exc. autos, current dollars. . | do | 53.6 | 58.2 | 60.7 | 59.7 | 60.8 | 60.8 | 61.4 | 63.7 | 66.3 | 1.0 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 233 |
| 234. Automobiles, current dollars..... | do | 30.4 | 31.7 | 28.0 | 28.9 | 29.9 | 29.6 | 23.5 | 33.9 | 34.5 | -20.6 | 44.3 | 1.8 | 234 |
| 236. Nondurable goods, current dollars. | ..... do | 230.8 | 247.6 | 264.7 | 259.4 | 262.9 | 265.5 | 270.9 | 272.0 | 279.8 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 2.9 | 236 |
| 237. Services, current dollars... | $\ldots .$. do | 221.3 | 242.1 | 262.5 | 256.1 | 260.2 | 265.0 | 268.9 | 275.0 | 280.4 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 237 |
| A4. Gross Private Domestic Investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 240. Gross private domestic investment, total... | .. do | 126.0 88.8 | 137.8 98.6 | 135.3 102.1 | 131.2 100.8 | 134.1 102.1 | 138.6 104.8 | 137.3 100.8 | 143.8 104.3 | 152.4 107.0 | -0.9 -3.8 | 4.7 3.5 | 6.0 2.6 | 240 |
| 241. Fixed investment, total nonresidential .... | . ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 88.8 30.3 | 98.6 34.5 | 102.1 36.8 | 100.8 36.1 | 102.1 36.6 | 104.8 37.3 | 100.8 37.1 | 104.3 37.9 | 107.0 38.2 | -3.8 -0.5 | 3.5 2.2 | 2.6 0.8 | 241 242 |
| 242. Fixed investment, nonresidential structures, 243. Fixed imvestment, producers' dur, equip... | do | 30.3 58.5 | 34.5 64.1 | 36.8 65.4 | 36.1 64.7 | 36.6 65.6 | 37.3 67.5 | 37.1 63.7 | 37.9 66.3 | 38.2 68.8 | -0.5 -5.6 | 2.2 4.1 | 0.8 3.8 | 242 243 |
| 244. Fixed investment, residential structures.... | $\ldots . .$. do..... | 30.1 | 31.8 | 30.4 | 30.0 | 29.9 | 28.7 | 32.8 | 36.4 | 39.7 | 14.3 | 11.0 | 9.1 | 244 |
| 245. Change in business inventories, tota ${ }^{2} \ldots$. | ..... do | 7.1 | 7.4 | 2.8 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 5.7 | -1.4 | -0.5 | 2.5 | 245 |
| A5. Foreign Trade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 250. Net exports of goods and services? | do | 2.5 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 4.2 | -0.5 | $-1.3$ | 1.5 | -4.7 | 250 |
| 252. Exports. | do | 50.6 | 55.6 | 62.9 | 61.5 | 63.2 | 63.7 | 63.2 | 66.1 | 66.4 | -0.8 | 4.6 | 0.5 | 252 |
| 253. Imports. | do | 48.1 | 53.6 | 59.3 | 58.0 | 59.0 | 59.7 | 60.5 | 61.9 | 66.9 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 8.1 | 253 |
| A6. Govemment Purchases of Goods and Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 260. Total | do | 199.6 | 209.7 | 219.4 | 217.3 | 216.5 | 220.1 | 223.7 | 228.2 | 230.2 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 260 |
| 262. Federal | do | 98.8 | 99.2 | 97.2 | 100.2 | 96.8 | 96.1 | 95.9 | 96.7 | 95.7 | -0.2 | 0.8 | -1.0 | 262 |
| 264. National defense. | do | 78.0 | 78.8 | 76.6 | 78.9 | 75.1 | 74.2 | 73.2 | 73.0 | 71.8 | -1.3 | -0.3 | -1.6 | 264 |
| 266. State and local. | do | 100.7 | 110.8 | 120.9 | 117.1 | 119.7 | 124.0 | 127.9 | 131.5 | 134.5 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 266 |
| A7. Final Soles and Inventories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 270. Final sales, durable goods... | do | 169.6 | 180.9 | 180.8 | 181.5 | 183.7 | 184.9 | 173.1 | 188.0 | 191.5 | -6.4 | 8.6 | 1.9 | 270 |
| 271. Change in business inventories, durable goods ${ }^{2}$ | . do | 4.9 | 4.5 | -0.6 | -1.8 | -2.0 | 4.7 | -3.4 | 3.8 | 2.7 | -8.1 | 7.2 | -1.1 | 271 |
| 274. Final sales, nondurable goods . . . . . . . . . . | . do | 252.9 | 269.0 | 284.7 | 279.9 | 282.9 | 284.9 | 290.9 | 292.0 | 297.4 | 2.1 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 274 |
| 275. Change in business inventories, nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$. | ..... do.... | 2.1 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 4.0 | 0.4 | 7.1 | -0.6 | 3.0 | 6.7 | -7.7 | 3.6 | 275 |
| A8. Netional Income Components |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 280. Compensation of employees. | . do. | 514.6 | 565.5 | 601.9 | 593.2 | 598.5 | 606.5 | 609.3 | 627.9 | 639.5 | 0.5 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 280 |
| 282. Proprietors' income. . . . . | . do. | 64.2 | 67.0 | 66.9 | 68.0 | 67.6 | 66.0 | 65.9 | 66.0 | 66.7 | -0.2 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 282 |
| 284. Rental income of persons. . . . . . . . . . . . | do | 21.2 | 22.6 | 23.3 | 23.0 | 23.2 | 23.4 | 23.7 | 23.8 | 24.2 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 1.7 | 284 |
| 286. Corp. profits and inventory valuation adj . . | do | 84.3 | 78.6 | 70.8 | 69.8 | 71.5 | 73.0 | 69.0 | 75.5 | 78.3 | -5.5 | 9.4 | 3.7 | 286 |
| 288. Net interest | do | 26.9 | 29.9 | 33.0 | 31.8 | 32.6 | 33.4 | 34.2 | 35.0 | 35.8 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 288 |
| A9. Saving |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 290. Gross saving, total | .. do. | 128.3 | 141.0 | 140.3 | 139.0 | 141.1 | 142.6 | 138.3 | 149.8 | 152.7 | -3.0 | 8.3 | 1.9 | 290 |
| 292. Personal saving ... | do | 39.8 | 37.9 | 54.1 | 46.2 | 54.2 | 57.4 | 58.5 | 58.4 | 60.9 | 1.9 | -0.2 | 4.3 | 292 |
| 294. Undistributed corporate profits plus inventory valuation adjustment . | .. do..... | 20.9 | 14.5 | 11.7 | 10.8 | 12.2 | 12.2 | 11.7 | 13.8 | 15.4 | -4.1 | 17.9 | 11.6 | 294 |
| 296. Capital consumption allowances |  | 74.5 | 81.1 | 87.6 | 85.4 | 86.9 | 88.2 | 89.8 | 95.6 | 97.3 | 1.8 | 6.5 | 1.8 | 296 |
| 298. Government surplus or deficit, total ${ }^{2}$. | do | -6.8 | 7.4 | $-13.1$ | -3.4 | $-12.2$ | -15.2 | -21.7 | -17.9 | -21.0 | -6.5 | 3.8 | -3.1 | 298 |
| E1. Actual and Potential GNP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 207. GNP gap (potential less actual) ${ }^{2}$... | . do.. | -6.8 | 3.2 | 38.3 | 26.6 | 33.2 | 39.0 | 54.5 | 48.8 | 48.3 | 15.5 | -5.7 | -0.5 | 207 |

Table 1. Summary of Recent Data and Current Changes for Principal Indicators-Con.

| Series title | Unitof measure | Basic data ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percent change |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1969 | 1970 | 4th 0 1970 | 151 1971 | 20 1971 | June 1971 | July 1971 | Aug. 1971 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { July } \\ & 1971 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { Aug. } \\ & 1977 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4th } 0 \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { Ist } 0 \\ & 1971 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st Q } \\ & \text { to } \\ & 2 \mathrm{~d} Q \\ & 1971 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| B. CYCLICAL INDICATORS <br> B7. Composite Indexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 810. 12 leading indicators, reverse trend adj. ${ }^{3}$. | 1967=100. | 117.3 | 115.0 | 114.5 | 120.2 | 124.8 | 125.0 | 127.1 | 125.9 | 1.7 | -0.9 | 5.0 | 3.8 | 810 |
| 820. 5 coincident indicators. . . . . . . . . . . . | do | 119.7 | 120.8 | 118.6 | 121.7 | 124.4 | 126.1 | 124.5 | 124.2 | -1.3 | -0.2 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 820 |
| 830. 6 lagging indicators . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . do | 125.0 | 130.8 | 129.0 | 124.8 | 123.6 | 124.1 | 124.3 | 126.9 | 0.2 | 2.1 | -3.3 | -1.0 | 830 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 813. Marginal employment adjustments ... | ... do ..... | 102.9 | 93.2 | 90.6 | 93.6 | 93.9 | 94.1 | 93.5 | NA | -0.6 | NA | 3.3 | 0.3 | 813 |
| 814. Capital investment commitments .... | . . do | 110.0 | 106.5 | 106.6 | 109.4 | 111.1 | 111.9 | 113.3 | 113.6 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 814 |
| 815. Inventory investment and purchasing . | do | 104.2 | 103.2 | 102.0 | 102.8 | 102.4 | 101.3 | 102.5 | 102.2 | 1.2 | -0.3 | 0.8 | -0.4 | 815 |
| 816. Profitability. | do | 100.7 | 94.1 | 92.9 | 96.7 | 99.8 | 99.5 | 99,9 | 98.0 | 0.4 | -1.9 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 816 |
| 817. Sensitive financial flows. ........... . . | do | 103.7 | 98.4 | 93.9 | 101.5 | 107.2 | 108.5 | 109.8 | NA | 1.2 | NA | 8.1 | 5.6 | 817 |
| BI. Employment and Unemployment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEADING INDICATORS <br> Marginal Employment Adjustments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *1. Average workweek, prod, workers, mfg. .. | Hours......... | 40.6 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 1 |
| 21. Avg. weekly overtime hours, production workers, manufacturing ${ }^{2}$ | ...... do..... | 3.6 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 | $2 \cdot 9$ | 2.9 | 2.8 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 21 |
| 2. Accession rate, manulacturing ${ }^{2} \ldots \ldots$. | Per 100 employ . . | 4.7 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.6 | NA | -0.1 | NA | 0.1 | 0.0 | 2 |
| *5. Avg. weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance (inverted ${ }^{4}$ ) ... | Thousands ..... | 194 | 296 | 325 | 284 | 290 | 301 | 274 | 327 | 9.0 | -19.3 | 12.6 | -2.1 | 5 |
| 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (inverted ${ }^{\text {a }}{ }^{2}$.. | Per 100 employ. . | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | NA | 0.0 | NA | 0.4 | 0.1 | 3 |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS Job Vacancies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50. Number of job vacancies, mif. . . . . . . . . | Thousands . . . . | 263 | 132 | 77 | 83 77 | 89 | 89 83 | 93 85 | NA 85 | 4.5 2.4 | NA 0.0 | 7.8 -2.5 | 7.2 3.9 | 50 46 |
| 46. Help-wanted advertising . ............. | 1967=100...... | 122 | 93 | 79 | 77 | 80 | 83 | 85 | 85 | 2.4 | 0.0 | -2.5 | 3.9 |  |
| Comprehensive Employment: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ann, rate, billion |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48. Man hoours in nonagricultural establishments. | Ann. rate, billion man-hours. . . . . | 139.1 | 138.6 | 137.1 | 137.4 | 138.1 | 138.0 | 138.0 | 137.9 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 48 |
| *41. Employees on nonagri. payrolls........ | Millions ....... | 70.3 | 70.6 | 70.1 | 70.4 | 70.7 | 70.7 | 70.6 | 70.6 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 41 |
| 42. Persons engaged in nonagri. activities... | ..... do ..... | 74.3 | 75.2 | 75.2 | 75.2 | 75.3 | 75.1 | 75.6 | 75.8 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 42 |
| Comprehensive Unemployment: <br> *43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted $\left.{ }^{4}\right)^{2} \ldots$ | Percent | 3.5 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 6.1 | -0.2 | -0.3 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 43 |
| 45. Avg. weekly insured unemployment rate (inverted $\left.{ }^{4}\right)^{2}$. | do | 2.1 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 0.3 | -0.3 | 0.6 | -0.5 | 45 |
| 40. Unemployment rate, married males (inverted $\left.{ }^{4}\right)^{2}$ | do | 1.5 | 2.6 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 40 |
| LAGGING INDICATORS <br> Long Duration Unemployment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *44. Unemployment rate, 15 weeks and over (inverted d $\left.^{2}\right)^{2}$. | do | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.5 | -0.2 | 0.1 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 44 |
| B2. Production, Income, Consumption, and Trade |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Comprehensive Production: <br> 200. GNP in current dollars. | ate,bil.dol. . | 929.1 | 974.1 | 988.4 | 1020.8 | 1043.1 | -•• | -•• | -•• | ** | -•• | 3.3 | 2.2 | 200 |
| *205. GNP in 1958 dollars . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ..... do..... | 724.7 | 720.0 | 715.9 | 729.7 | 738.4 |  |  |  |  |  | 1.9 | 1.2 | 205 |
| *47. Industrial production. ................ | 1967=100..... | 110.7 | 106.7 | 103.6 | 105.5 | 106.7 | 107.0 | 106.0 | 105.1 | -0.9 | -0.8 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 47 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 53. Wages, salaries in mining, mfg., constr .. | ..... do ..... | 194.4 | 197.6 | 195.2 | 199.8 | 203.2 | 204.0 | 202.7 | 203.7 | -0.6 | 0.5 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 53 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 57. Final sales ........................ | - do ...... | 921.7 | 971.3 | 984.7 | 1017.6 | 1037.4 | -•• | - $\cdot$ - | $\cdots$ | -.. | $\because$ | 3.3 | 1.9 | 57 |
| *54. Sales of retail stores . . . . . . . . . . . . | . do ..... | 351.5 | 364.5 | 364.9 | 380.1 | 395.5 | 400.0 | 396.5 | NA | -0.9 | NA | 4.2 | 4.1 | 54 |
| B3. Fixed Capital Investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEADING INDICATORS <br> Formation of Business Enterprises: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| +12. Index of net business formation . . . . . . . |  | 116.2 | 208.1 | $105 \cdot 3$ | 106.9 | 110.2 | 111.7 |  | NA | NA | NA | 1.5 | 3.1 | 12 |
| 13. New business incorporations........... | Ann, rate, thous. | 274.0 | 266.0 | 264.4 | 265.9 | 286.5 | 296.3 | 300.9 | NA | 1.6 | NA | 0.6 | 7.7 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Construction contracts, total value ..... | 1967=100...... | 125 | 126 | 126 | 128 | 150 | 147 | 151 | 153 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 17.2 | 8 |
| *10. Contracts and orders, plant, equipment. .. | Ann.rate,bil.dol. . | 90.3 | 87.5 | 83.1 | 94.8 | 93.6 | 92.9 | 90.2 | 98.8 | -2.9 | 9.5 | 14.1 | $-1.3$ | 10 |
| 11. New capital appropriations, manufacturing | ..... do..... | 29.6 | 25.4 | 23.6 | 23.0 | 21.7 | -•• | -•• | 7 | - 5 | ** | -2.5 | -5.7 | 11 |
| 24. New orders, producers' cap. goods indus . | ...... do ..... | 72.9 | 69.5 | 70.5 | 77.1 | 72.4 | 74.9 | 73.8 | 77.2 | -1.5 | 4.6 | 9.4 | -6.1 | 24 |
| 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial buildings. | Ann.rate,mil.sq. ft.floor space .. | 905 | $\begin{array}{r}766 \\ \hline 1457\end{array}$ | 642 | 679 1813 | 724 | 754 2,000 | 728 2.215 | 658 2,228 | -3.4 10.8 | -9.6 0.6 | 5.8 2.0 | 6.6 8.2 | 28 |
| 28. New private housing units started, total.. | Ann. rate, thous. | 1.486 | 1.457 116.0 | 1.777 139.6 | 11813 141.0 | 11962 158.2 | 2,000 162.1 | 2,215 179.8 | 2,228 176.0 | 10.8 10.9 | 0.6 -2.1 | 2.0 1.0 | 8.2 12.2 | 28 29 |
| *29. New bldg. permits, private housing..... | 1967=100...... | 116.1 | 116.0 | 139.6 | 141.0 | 158.2 | 162.1 | 179.8 | 176.0 | 10.9 | -2.1 | 1.0 | 12.2 | 29 |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS Backlog of Investment Commitments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96. Unfilled orders, durable goods industries ${ }^{5}$ | Bil. dol., EOP. . . | 84.38 | 77.48 | 77.48 | 79.06 | 74.75 | 74.75 | 74.58 | 74.70 | -0.2 | 0.2 | 2.0 | -5.5 | 96 |
| 97. Backlog of capital approp., mfg. ${ }^{\text {5 }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. . . | ......do ..... | 23.54 | 21.06 | 21.06 | 20.57 | 19.73 | ... | ... | -•• | -•• | -•• | -2.3 | -4.1 | 97 |

Table 1. Summary of Recent Data and Current Changes for Principal Indicators-Con.

| Series title | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unit } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { measure } \end{gathered}$ | Basic data ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percent change |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1969 | 1970 | $46 \mathrm{~h} ~ Q ~$ 1970 | $1 s t$ 1971 | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 1971 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1971 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1971 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aug } \\ 1971 \end{gathered}$ | June to july 1971 | July <br> to <br> Aug. <br> 1971 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4th Q } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { 1st } \\ & \text { 1971 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { st } 0 \\ \text { to } \\ 2 \mathrm{~d} 0 \\ 1971 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| B. CYCLICAL INDICATORS--Con. <br> B3. Fixed Capital Investment--Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LAGGING INDICATORS <br> Investment Expenditures: <br> *61. Business expend., new plant and equip .. <br> 69. Machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures.... | Ann.rate,bil.dol. . | 75.54 86.57 | 79.74 87.74 | 78.63 85.47 | 79.32 90.88 | 81.61 92.03 | 94.90 | 92.44 | NA | -2.6 | NA | 0.9 6.3 | 2.9 1.3 | 61 69 |
| 84. Inventories ond Inventory Investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEADING indicators Inventory Investment and Purchasing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 245. Change in business inventories, all industries ${ }^{2}$. | Ann. rate, billion dollars | 7.4 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 5.7 | -•• | -•• | ... | -•• | -• | -0.5 | 2.5 | 245 |
| *31. Change in book value, manufacturing and trade inventories ${ }^{2}$. | do | 10.8 | 6.3 | $4 \cdot 2$ | 6.8 | 6.2 | 3.8 | 5.0 | na | 1.2 | NA | 2.6 | -0.6 | 31 |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent reporting higher inventories ${ }^{2}$. | Percent........ | 10.0 50 | 46 | 4.2 | 6.8 49 | 6.2 57 | 3.8 58 | 5.0 | 51 | 1.2 | NA -8 | 2.6 3 | -0.6 8 | 31 |
| 20. Change in book value, manufacturers' inventories of materials, supplies ${ }^{2}$. | Ann. rate, billion dollars $\qquad$ | 1.8 | 0.8 | 2.9 | -0.8 | 3.4 | 58 3.2 | 59 2.0 | NA | 1 | -8 | 3 -3.7 | 8 4.2 | 37 20 |
| 26. Buying policy, production materials, commitments 60 days or longer ${ }^{2}$ (1) | Percent........ | 1.8 63 | 0.8 55 | 2.9 53 | -0.8 56 | 3.4 57 | 3.2 58 | 2.0 57 | NA 55 | -1.2 -1 | NA -2 | -3.7 3 | 4.2 | 20 26 |
| 32. Vendor perfiormance, percent reporting slower deliveries ${ }^{2}$ |  | 65 | 51 | 37 | 43 | 52 | 50 | 48 | 49 | -2 | -2 1 | 6 | 9 | 32 |
| 25. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods industries ${ }^{2}$. | Ann. rate, billion dollars ....... | 1.6 | -6.9 | -2.1 | 6.3 | -17.2 | $-23.8$ | -1.9 | 1.4 | 21.9 | 3.3 | 8.4 | -23.5 | 25 |
| LAGGING indicators Inventories: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71. Book value, mfg. and trade inventories ${ }^{5}$. . 65. Book value, manufacturers' inventories | Bil. dol., EOP... | 165.7 | 172.0 | 172.0 | 173.7 | 175.2 | 175.2 | 175.7 | NA | 0.3 | NA | 1.0 | 0.9 | 71 |
| of finished goods ${ }^{5}$. $\ldots$. . . . . . . . . . . . | do | 31.31 | 34.11 | 34.11 | 34.71 | 34.31 | 34.31 | 33.95 | NA | -1.0 | NA | 1.8 | -1.2 | 65 |
| B5. Prices, Costs, and Profits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| leading inoicators Sensitive Commodity Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *23. Industrial materials prices © | 1957-59=100 ... | 111.3 | 113.9 | 108.3 | 107.0 | 108.3 | 206.1 | 104.7 | 106.1 | -1.3 | 1.3 | -1.2 | 1.2 | 23 |
| Stock Prices: <br> *19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks (1) . . . | 1941-43=10.... | 97.8 | 83.2 | 86.2 | 96.7 | 101.5 | 99.7 | 99.0 | 97.2 | -0.7 | -1.8 | 12.2 | 5.0 | 19 |
| Profits and Profit Margins: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *16. Corporate profits, after taxes .......... <br> 22. Ratio, profits to income originating. | Ann.rate, bil.dol. . | 44.5 | 41.2 | 39.2 | 42.9 | 46.0 | -** | -•• | -•• | -* | -•• | 9.4 | 7.2 | 16 |
| corporate, all industries ${ }^{2}$ | Percent ....... | 9.4 | 8.4 | 7.9 | 8.4 | 8.6 | -•• | -•• | ... | -•• | -** | 0.5 | 0.2 | 22 |
| 15. Profits (after taxes) per dol. of sales, mfg. ${ }^{2}$ | Cents ......... | 4.8 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.4 | $\cdots$ |  | $\bullet \bullet \cdot$ | -.. | -•• | 0.4 | 0.4 | 15 |
| *17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, mfg...... | 1967=100 ...... | 99.2 | 97.0 | 96.0 | 96.1 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.9 | 96.6 | 0.6 | -1.3 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 17 |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS Comprehensive Wholesale Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55. Wholesale prices, indus. commodities @. | 1957-59 $=100 \ldots$ | 106.0 | 110.0 | 111.4 | 112.5 | 113.6 | 113.9 | 114.5 | 115.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 55 |
| 58. Wholesale prices, manufactured goods (1). | ...... do...... | 106.2 | 110.2 | 111.2 | 112.3 | 113.4 | 113.8 | 114.5 | 114.9 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 58 |
| LAGGING indicators Unit Labor Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 68. Labor cost per unit of gross product, nonfinancial corporations | Dollars ........ | 0.768 | 0.810 | 0.829 | 0.824 |  |  |  |  |  |  | -0.6 | 0.6 |  |
| -62. Labor cost per unit of output, mig....... | 1967=100 ...... | 107.2 | 113.6 | 115.8 | 116.8 | 116.6 | 116.9 | 116.9 | 118.9 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 0.9 | -0.2 | 62 |
| B6. Money and Credit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEADING indicators Flows of Money and Credit: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 98. Change in money supply and time deposits ${ }^{2}$ | Ann. rate, percent | -1.0 | 11.2 | 12.6 | 18.2 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 10.8 | 5.0 | -1.1 | -5.8 | 5.6 | -5.9 | 98 |
|  | …...do...... | 3.1 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 8.9 | 11.2 | 9.1 | 10.1 | 3.2 | 1.0 | -6.9 | 5.5 | 2.3 | 85 |
| 33. Change in mortgage debt ${ }^{2} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | Ann.rate, bil.dol. . | 20.0 | 19.8 | 24.0 | 24.7 | 35.2 | 41.4 | 45.3 | NA | 3.9 | NA | 0.7 | 10.5 | 33 |
| 113. Change in consumer instaliment debt ${ }^{2} \ldots$ <br> 112. Change in business toans ${ }^{2}$ | ....... do....... | 8.1 11.2 | 2.8 | -1.4 -10.6 | 2.7 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 9.1 | NA | 2.8 | NA | 4.1 | 4.0 | 113 |
| 112. Change in business loans ${ }^{2} \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. | .......d do........ | 11.2 93.9 | 0.2 84.8 | -10.6 90.6 | 1.3 114.2 | 0.3 114.5 | 1.0 | -6.5 | 15.6 | -7.5 | 22.1 | 12.9 | -1.0 | 112 |
|  |  | 93.9 | 84.8 | 90.6 | 114.2 | 114.5 | - . | -•• | -• | ... | -• | 26.0 | 0.3 | 110 |
| Credit Difficulties: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Liabilities of business failures (inv.) <br> 39. Delinquency rate, installment loans | do...... | 1.14 | 1.89 | 1.55 | 2.18 | 2.28 | 1.99 | 1.76 | 1.87 | 11.6 | -6.2 | -40.6 | -4.6 | 14 |
| (inverted $\left.{ }^{4}\right)^{2} 5 \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. | Percent, EOP.... | 1.76 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.80 | 1.81 | 1.81 | NA | NA | NA | NA | 0.10 | -0.01 | 39 |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS Bank Reserves: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 93. Free reserves (inverted $\left.{ }^{4}\right)^{2}$ @......... | Million dollars... | -871 | -616 | -187 | -113 | -116 | -322 | -658 | -634 | 336 | -24 | -74 | 3 | 93 |
| Money Market Interest Rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 114. Treasury bill rate ${ }^{2}$ @ ${ }^{\text {(16. }}$. . . . . . . . . | Percent........ | 6.69 | 6.44 | 5.36 | 3.86 | 4.21 | 4.70 | 5.40 | 5.08 | 0.70 | -0.32 | -1.50 | 0.35 | 114 |
| 116. Corporate bond yields ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ (1). . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. |  | 8.06 | 9.05 | 8.75 | 7.60 5.80 | 8.21 | 8.15 | 8.24 5.24 8.91 | 8.14 | 0.09 | -0.10 | -1.15 | 0.45 | 116 |
| 115. Treasury bond yields ${ }^{2}$ (@)............ | do...... | 6.12 5.72 | 6.58 6.35 | 6.27 5.93 | 5.82 5.25 | 5.88 5.74 | 5.94 5.95 | 5.91 6.06 | 5.78 5.82 | -0.03 0.11 | -0.13 -0.24 | -0.45 -0.68 | 0.06 0.49 | 115 117 |

Table 1. Summary of Recent Data and Current Changes for Principal Indicators-Con.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except for those indicated by@, which appear to contain no seasonal movement. *Series included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. NA = not available. $a=$ anticipated. $\quad E O P=$ end of period.
${ }^{1}$ In many cases, data shown here are rounded to fewer digits or are in different units than those shown in the tables in part II. Where available, annual figures are those published by the source agencies or they are rounded from published figures; otherwise they (and the quarterly figures for monthly series) are averages or totals of the data as shown in part II.
${ }^{2}$ Differences rather than percent changes are shown for this series.
${ }^{3}$ Index for the latest month excludes series $12,16,31$, and 113 , for which data are not yet available
${ }^{4}$ Inverted series. Since this series tends to move counter to movements in general business activity, signs of the changes are reversed.
${ }^{5}$ End-of-period series. The annual figures (and quarterly figures for monthly series) are the last figures for the period.


## NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

Chart Al GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT


Curreme dota for these series are shown on page 64.

## Section A <br> NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

Chart A2 NATIONAL AND PERSONAL INCOME


Current data for these series are shown on page 64 .

## Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

## Chart A3 PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES



Current data for these series are sthown on page 65.

Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT
Chart A4 GROSS PRIVATE DOMESTIC INVESTMENT


Currem data for these series are shown on page 65.

Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT
Chart A5 FOREIGN TRADE


Current data for these series are shown on page 66.

## Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

Chart A6 GOVERNMENT PURCHASES OF GOODS AND SERVICES


Current data for these saries are shown on page 66.

Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

Chart A7 FINAL SALES AND INVENTORIES

(

[^0]
## Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

## Chart A8 NATIONAL INCOME COMPONENTS



Current data for these series are shown on pages 66 and 67

Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

```
Chart A9 SAVING
```



Currem data for these series are shown on page 67.


## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

## Chart B1 EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT

## Leading Indicators



Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B1 EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT---Con.

Roughly Coincident Indicators


Current data for these series are shown on pages 68 and 69

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing Chart B1 EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT Con.

Roughly Coincident Indicators-Con


Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B2 PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE

Roughly Coincident Indicators


NOTE: For this economic process (l.e., Production, Income, Consumption, and Tradel, no leading or lagging indicators have as yet been selected. Current dota for these series are shown on page $T$.

Section B. CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B2 PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE-Con.

Roughly Coincident Indicators-Con.


Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B3 FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT

Leading Indicators


[^1]Current data for these series are shown on page 71.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing Chart B3 FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT Con.

Leading Indicators_-Con.



Section B CYClical IndICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B3 FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT-Con.

Roughly Coincident Indicators


Lagging Indicators

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Current data for these series are shown on page 72.
SEPTEMBER 1971

## Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

## Chart B4 INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT

## Leading Indicators


$\left.\begin{array}{r}+20 \\ +10 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array}\right]$
31. Cliserein book value, Brimifacturing and trade mentories


37. Purchased materials, percent of companies reporting higher inventories






Current data for these series are shown on page 73.

## Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

Chart INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT-Con.

Leading Indicators-Con.


## Lagging Indicators



NOTE: For this economic process (i.e., Inventories and Inventory Investment), no roughly coincident indicators have as yet been selected.
Current data for these series are shown on page 73.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B5 PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS

## Leading Indicators



[^2]Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B5 PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS-Con.

Roughly Coincident Indicators


Lagging Indicators
Unit Labor Costs

Current data for these series are shown on page 74.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

```
Chart B6 MONEY AND CREDIT
```


## Leading Indicators

(July) (Aug.)
Flows of Money and Credit

## Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

## Chart B6 MONEY AND CREDIT-Con.

Leading Indicators-Con.


Current data for these series are shown on page 75.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing Chart B6 MONEY AND CREDIT-Con.

Roughly Coincident Indicators


Current data for these series are shown on page 76.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B6 MONEY AND CREDIT-Con.

Lagging Indicators


Current data for these series are shown on page 76.

## Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing

Chart B7 COMPOSITE INDEXES


Current data for these series are shown on page 77. Numbers entered on the chort indicate length of leads ( - ) and logs $(+)$ in months from reference turning dates.
${ }^{1}$ Reverse trend adjusted index of $\mathbf{1 2}$ leaders contains the same trend as the index of $\mathbf{5}$ coincident indicators.

Section B. CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing Chart B7 COMPOSITE INDEXES-Con.


Current data for these series are shown on page 77.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing
Chart B8 NBER SHORT LIST

## Leading Indicators



Current data for these series are shown on pages 68, 71, and 72.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing

```
Chart B8 NBER SHORT LIST-Con.
```

Leading Indicators-Con.


Current dato for these series are shown on pages 73, 74, and 75.

Section B $\quad$ CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing

```
Chart B8 NBER SHORT LIST-Con.
```


## Roughly Coincident Indicators



Current data for these serles are shown on pages 69 and 70.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing

```
Chart B8 NBER SHORT LIST-Con.
```

Lagging Indicators


Current data for these series are shown on pages 69, 72, 73, 74, and 76


ANTICIPATIONS AND INTENTIONS

## Chart Cl AGGREGATE SERIES

(Juiy) (Api) (May) (Feb)
(b) Second anticipations as

(c) First anticipations as


## Current data for these series are shown on page 78.

## Section C ANTICIPATIONS AND INTENTIONS

Chart C1 AGGREGATE SERIES-Con.


Current data for these series are shown on poge 78.
(July) (Apr.)
T $\quad$ (May) $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Feb.) } \\ & \mathrm{T}\end{aligned}$
420. Current income of households compared to income a year ago, Q
(a) Percent of households reporting no change in family income (percent)


Actual
Anticipated .....
III
III

III
(c) Parent of households reporting lower family income [percent)


III
$\qquad$
425. Mean probability of substantial changes in income of households, a (a) Mean probability of increase in family income (percent)
(b) horease less decrease (percent)

四
(c) Mean probability of decrease in family income (percent)
 III





四

$\left.\begin{array}{c}110 \\ 100- \\ 90 \\ 80 \\ 70\end{array}\right]$

## Current data for these series are shown on page 78.

## Section C ANTICIPATIONS AND INTENTIONS

```
Chart C2 DIFFUSION INDEXES
```


(b) Second anticipations

$\frac{\forall \text { less }}{\substack{\text { on in in } \\ \text { in }}}$
100

[^3]$\left.\begin{array}{l}60 \\ 50\end{array}\right]$ $\left.\begin{array}{l}70 \\ 60-\underset{4}{4} \\ 50 \\ 40\end{array}\right]$

| 1957 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 1973 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Current data for these series are shown on page 79.
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## Section C ANTICIPATIONS AND INTENTIONS

## Chart C2 DIFFUSION INDEXES-Con.

| (July) | (Apr.) | (May) | (Feb.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | T | P | T |



[^4]

## OTHER KEY INDICATORS

## Chart D1 FOREIGN TRADE



[^5]Section D OTHER KEY INDICATORS
Chart D2 BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND MAJOR COMPONENTS


[^6]Chart D2 BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND MAJOR COMPONENTS-Con.


Current data for these series are shown on page 81. End of year figures are'used prior to 1960.

Chart D2 BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND MAJOR COMPONENTS-Con.


Current data for these series are shown on page 81. Annual totals are used prior to 1960.

## Section D OTHER KEY INDICATORS

(July) (Aug.)
P $T$
(July) (Apr.)
P T
(May) (Feb.)
P T

## (Nov.) (Nov.)

P T

Investment Income. Military Sales and Expenditures, and Other Services

## Annual rate, billion dollars

| Excess of receipts (inflow) |
| :--- |
| Excess of payments (loutflow) |


543. Income on foreign investments in the U.S.

Travel-

544. Receipts from foreign travelers in the U.S.

Milary sales and expenditures -


Transportation and other services-


Current data for these series are shown on page 82. Annual totals are used prior to 1960.

## Section D OTHER KEY INDICATORS

## Chart D2 BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND MAJOR COMPONENTS-Con.

| (July) | (Aug.) | (July) (Apr.) | (May) (Feb.) | (Nov.) | (Nov.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | T | P | T | P | T |

Capital Movements Plus Government
Nonmilitary Unilateral Transfers
xcess of receipts (inflow) Excess of payments (outfiow)


[^7]| (July) | (Aug.) | (July) (Apr.) | (May) (Feb.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | T | $\mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{T}$ | $\mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{T}$ |

## 600. Federal surplus or deficit, national ineonet and procuct acconnts, 0 [am. rate, bil. dol.) <br> $\left.\begin{array}{r}+20 \\ +10- \\ 0-10 \\ -10 \\ -20\end{array}\right]$



Current data for these series are shown on page 83.
(July) (Aug.)
(July) (Apr.)
(May) (Feb.)
(Nov) (Nov.)
P T
P I
P T
P T


[^8]
## Section D OTHER KEY INDICATORS

## Chart D4 PRICE MOVEMENTS



Current data for these series are shown on page 84.

## Section D OTHER KEY INDICATORS

```
Chart D4 PRICE MOVEMENTS--Con.
```




Current data for these series are shown on page 84.
54


ANALYTICAL MEASURES

## Chart E1 ACTUAL AND POTENTIAL GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT

| (aj) | (Aug.) | (uay) Apry | (May Feb) | Nov, (Now) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | T | $p$ P | P ! | $\stackrel{P}{p}$ |



## Section E ANALYTICAL MEASURES

## Chart E2 ANALYTICAL RATIOS

| (July) | (Aug.) |
| :---: | :---: |
| P | T |

(July) (Apr.)
(May) (Feb.)
(Nov.) (Nov.)
PT
PT
PT
PT





$\left.\begin{array}{c}120 \\ 110- \\ 100-7 \\ 90-7 \\ 80- \\ 70\end{array}\right]$ $\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllll}1950 & 51 & 52 & 53 & 54 & 55 & 56 & 57 & 58 & 59 & 60 & 61 & 62 & 63 & 64 & 65 & 66 & 67 & 68 & 69 & 70 & 71 & 1972\end{array}$

[^9]
## Section E ANALYTICAL MEASURES

Chart E2 ANALYTICAL RATIOS-Con.


Current data for these series are shown on page 86.

## Leading Indicators



D1. Average workweek, production workers, manufacturing-21 industries $99-\mathrm{mo}$. span- , 1-mo. span $--\dagger$


D6. New orders, durable goods industries- $\mathbf{3 6}$ industries [ 9 -mo. span-, $1-\mathrm{mo}$. span---1



D34. Profits, FNCB of NY, percent reporting higher profits-aboust 1,000 manufacturing corporations ( $1-\mathrm{Q}$ span)


D19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks-77 industries (9-mo. span -, 1-mo. span---।



D5. Initial claims, State unemployment insurance-47 areas (percent decining; 9-mo. span-, 1-mo. span---d)


| 1950 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 1972 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Section E ANALYTICAL MEASURES

## Chart E3 DIFFUSION INDEXES-Con.

## Roughly Coincident Indicators

| (duty) (Aug.) | (July) (Apr.) | (May) (Feb.) | (Nov.) (Nov.) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | T | $\mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{T}$ | $\mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{T}$ | P |

## Percent rising

D41. Employees on nonagricultural payrolls-30 industries ( $6-\mathrm{mo}$. span -, 1-mo. span $\cdots-1$

147. Industrial production-24 industries ( 6 -mo. span -, 1-mo. span----)



200. (c) GNP in current dollars (1-Q span)

205. (c) GNP in constant dollars (1-Q span)

820. Composite intex of 5 coincident indicators (series $41,43,47,52,56$ )

3-mo. spm (c)

48. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments


Percent change
55. Index of wholesale prices, industrial commodities (seas. adj.)

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}1957 & 58 & 59 & 60 & 61 & 62 & 63 & 64 & 65 & 66 & 67 & 68 & 69 & 70 & 71 & 72 & 1973\end{array}$
To locate basic data for these rotes of change, consult "Index--Series Finding Guide," pp. 113 and 114


INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

## Chart F1 CONSUMER PRICES



Current data for these series are shown on page 93.
IBCD ${ }_{\text {september } 1971}$

## Section F INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

## Chart F2 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION



Current data for these series are shown on page 94

Chart F3 STOCK PRICES


[^10]

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by @. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 9,10 , and 60 .


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 11 and 12 .


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjust ed series are indicated by (a). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and " $N A^{\prime}$ ", not available.

Graphs of these series ore shown on pages $13,14,15$, and 16.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicat ed by (L). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 16 and 17.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC <br> PROCESS ....... | BI EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... | LEADING INDICATORS | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT |
| INDICATORS |  |  |



NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $\mathcal{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by (H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete tities and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The "r" indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and " $N A^{"}$, not available.
Graphs of these series are shown on pages 18, 19, and 36.
${ }^{1}$ Data exclude Puerto Rico which is included in figures published by source agency.
${ }^{2}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

B CYCLICAL INDICATORS-Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS | B1 EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT-CCon. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS--Con. |  | LAGGING INDICATORS |
| Minor Economic Process. . . . . . . | Comprehensive Employment | Comprehensive Unemployment | Long-Duration Unemployment |



NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $[\bar{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by (H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk $\left(^{*}\right.$ ) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages $19,20,38$, and 39.
${ }^{1}$ Data exclude Puerto Rico which is included in figures published by source agency.
${ }^{3}$ No current high.
${ }^{3}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC <br> PROCESS ....... | B2 PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |
| Minor EConomic <br> Process........ | Comprehensive Production | Comprehensive Income | Comprehensive Consumption and Trade |


| Year and month | *200. Gross na* tional product in current dollars <br> (Ann, rate, bil, dol.) | *205. Gross national product in 1958 dollars <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *47. Index of industrial pro* duction $(1967=100)$ | *52. Personal income <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 53. Wages and salaries in min* ing, manufacturing, and construction <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *56. Manufacturing and trade sales <br> (Mil. dol.) | 57. Final sales (series 200 minus series 245) <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *54. Sales of retail stores <br> (Mil. dol.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . |  | . | 108.4 | 720.8 | 187.3 | 99,508 | ... | 28,955 |
| February. | 906.4 | 721.4 | 109.7 | 726.1 | 187.6 | 100,640 | 899.8 | 29,257 |
| March..... | ... | . . . | 110.3 | 733.4 | 190.9 | 101,222 | ... | 28,881 |
| April | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 110.2 | 738.1 | 192.0 | 101,898 | ... | 29,409 |
| May ... | 921.8 | 724.2 | 110.2 | 742.9 | 192.9 | 102,446 | 915.0 | 29,386 |
| June. . . . . . . . | ... | ... | 110.8 | 748.1 | 194.9 | 102,927 | ... | 29,371 |
| July.. |  | ... | 111.5 | 754.1 | 195.8 | 102,572 | $\cdots$ | 29,090 |
| August. . | 940.6 | 727.8 | 111.4 | 759.5 | 196.8 | 103,790 | 929.8 | 29,346 |
| September... | ... | ... | 211.9 | 764.3 | 197.8 | 104,324 | ... | 29,259 |
| October. | $\cdots$ | $72{ }^{\circ}$ | 111.7 | 768.0 | 198.6 | 105,087 | $\cdots$ | 29,620 |
| November . . | 948.0 | 725.2 | 110.3 | 772.1 | 198.3 | 104,144 | 942.3 | 29,471 |
| December . | ... | ... | 109.9 | 776.5 | 200.2 | 103,530 | ... | 29,419 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . |  |  | 107.4 | 780.1 | 198.5 | 104,140 |  | 29,570 |
| February..... | 956.0 | 719.8 | 108.0 | 783.5 | 198.2 | 105,181 | 955.6 | 29,980 |
| March. . . . . | ... | . . | 107.6 | 789.4 | 200.2 | 104,763 | . $\cdot$ | 29,801 |
| April . | . | ... | 107.5 | 808.0 | 198.7 | 104,338 |  | 30,536 |
| May . | 968.5 | 721.1 | 107.5 | 802.0 | 197.1 | 106,062 | 966.5 | 30,502 |
| June. . | ... | ... | 107.6 | 801.4 | 197.4 | 106,614 | ... | 30,518 |
| July... | ... | .... | 1.07 .5 | 805.3 | 198.3 | 106,754 |  | 30,729 |
| August. .... | 983.5 | 723.3 | 107.5 | 809.0 | 198.5 | 107,123 | 978.4 | 30,781 |
| September.. | ... | ... | 106.5 | 814.9 | 198.0 | 106,672 | ... | 30,885 |
| October . . . . | $\ldots$ | … | 103.7 | 813.6 | 193.4 | 104,523 |  | 30,534 |
| November .. | 988.4 | 715.9 | 102.6 | 815.7 | 193.4 | 103,411 | 984.7 | 30,208 |
| December .... | - | ... | 104.6 | 820.9 | 198.9 | 105,663 | . | 30,481 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 105.3 | 830.0 | 199.5 | 108,210 |  | 31,154 |
| February.... | 1,020.8 | 729.7 | 105.7 | 833.2 | 199.1 | 109,913 | 1,017.6 | 31,597 |
| March. . | ... | ... | 105.5 | 839.7 | 200.8 | 111,733 | ... | 32,257 |
| April . |  |  | 106.2 | 844.4 | 201.9 | 112,421 |  | 32,844 |
| May . . . . . . . . | Hrl, 043.1 | (H) r 738.4 | (H) 107.0 | 850.0 | 203.6 | 113,493 | (H) rl, 037.4 | 32,692 |
| June. . . . . . . . |  |  | (H) $\times 107.0$ | (H) 870.1 | (H) 204.0 | (H) rII 5,041 |  | (H) r33, 337 |
| July........ |  |  | 106.0 | r859.2 | r202. 7 | p113,729 |  | p33,043 |
| August. ..... <br> September |  |  | p105.1 | p868.0 | p203.7 | (NA) |  | (NA) |
| Octaber.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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Graphs of these series are shown on pages 21, 22, and 38.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC <br> PROCESS ....... | B3 | FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS $\ldots .$. | LEADING INDICATORS |  |
| Minor ECOnomic <br> Process........... | Formation of Business <br> Enterprises | New Investment Commitments |


| Year and month | *12. Index of net business formation $(1967=100)$ | 13. Number of new business incorporations <br> (Number) | *6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 8. Index of construction contracts, total value ${ }^{1}$ $(1967=100)$ | *10. Contracts and orders for plant and equip. ment <br> (Bil. dol.) | 11. Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corporations1 ${ }^{2}$ (Bil. dol.) | 24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, producers' capital goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... | 117.2 | 21,364 | 28.76 | 132 | 8.38 |  | 6.07 |
| February.......... | 117.2 | 22,105 | 29.38 | 132 | 7.34 | 6.80 | 6.01 |
| March............. | 116.6 | 22,083 | 29.48 | 117 | 7.26 | ... | 6.04 |
| April ............. | 117.0 | 23,262 | 30.14 | 118 | 7.78 |  | 6.62 |
| May .............. | 1176.6 | 23,118 | 29.74 | 135 | 7.73 | $7 \dddot{70}$ | 6.14 |
| June.............. | 116.8 | 23,439 | 28.60 | 120 | 7.27 | ... | 5.99 |
| July .............. | 116.9 | 23,366 | 30.52 | 116 | 7.38 |  | 6.01 |
| August............. | 116.2 | 22,871 | 29.61 | 139 | 7.07 | 7.60 | 5.75 |
| September .......... | 114.8 | 22,594 | 31.03 | 112 | 7.77 | ... | 6.49 |
| October . .......... | 116.1 | 24,263 | 30.10 | 126 | 7.34 |  | 5.80 |
| November .......... | 114.3 | 23,125 | 29.80 | 115 | 7.11 | 7.44 | 5.98 |
| December ......... | 114.9 | 22,404 | 29.22 | 147 | 7.85 | ... | 6.00 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . | 114.5 | 22,397 | 29.23 | 131 | 8.46 |  | 6.15 |
| February ........... | 114.2 | 23,152 | 28.64 | 137 | 7.96 | 6.65 | 6.02 |
| March............. | 110.7 | 21,383 | 28.45 | 132 | 7.16 | ... | 5.54 |
| April ............. | 109.7 | 21,939 | 28.10 | 130 | 7.69 |  | 5.53 |
| May ................ | 107.8 | 22,267 | 29.33 | 110 | 6.93 | 6.42 | 5.66 |
| June............... | 107.0 | 22,192 | 29.61 | 120 | 7.17 | ... | 5.80 |
| July .............. | 106.1 | 22,105 | 30.07 | 116 | 7.35 |  | 5.90 |
| August............ | 105.2 | 22,055 | 29.75 | 135 | 7.16 | 6.46 | 5.68 |
| September......... | 105.5 | 22,372 | 28.36 | 118 | 6.87 | ... | 5.61 |
| October ........... | 105.9 | 21,625 | 26.78 | 115 | 6.58 |  | 5.84 |
| November ......... | 105.6 | 22,382 | 27.56 | 130 | 7.18 | 5.90 | 5.87 |
| December ........ | 104.5 | 22,085 | 30.14 | 132 | 7.01 | ... | 5.92 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... | 105.8 | 22,338 | 31.67 | 117 | 7.80 |  | 6.44 |
| February........... | 105.6 | 20,923 | 31.07 | 126 | 8.12 | 5.76 | (H) 6.62 |
| March. ............ | 109.2 | 23,220 | 31.47 | 141 | 7.77 | ... | 6.22 |
| April ............. | 109.2 | 22,770 | 30.23 | (H) 161 | 7.88 |  | 5.68 |
| May ............ | 109.8 | 24,168 | 30.60 30.67 | $\frac{147}{147}$ | 7.77 7.74 | p5.43 | 6.19 6.24 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July ............. | (NA) | (H) $\mathrm{p} 25,073$ | (H) r31.72 |  | r7.52 |  |  |
| August. September |  | (NA) | p31.01 | 153 | (H) ${ }^{\text {p } 8.23 ~}$ |  | p6.43 |
| 0ctober........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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Graphs of these series are shown on pages 23, 24, and 36 .
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${ }^{2}$ No current high.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS | B3 FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT*COn. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS . . . | LEADING INDICATORS $\cdots$ Con. | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS | LAGGING INDICATORS |
| Minor Economic Process. . . . | New Investment Commitments--Con. | Backlog of Investment Commitments | Investment Expenditures |


| Year and month | 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial buildings ${ }^{1}$ $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Mil. sq. ft. floor } \\ & \text { space) } \end{aligned}$ | 28. New private housing units started, total <br> (Ann. rate, thous.) | *29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits $(1967=100)$ | 96. Manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 97. Backlog of capital appropriations, manufacturing ${ }^{2}$ z <br> (Bil. dol.) | *61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 69. Machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... | 94.43 | 1.705 | 129.2 | 82.71 | ... | -•• | 85.53 |
| February.......... | 69.98 | 1,639 | 127.3 | 82.89 | * 9 | 72.52 | 85.27 |
| March.............. | 63.50 | 1,588 | 124.1 | 83.18 | 21.50 | ... | 85.84 |
| April . . . . . . . . . . . | 65.82 | 1,505 | 123.9 | 84.18 | $\ldots$ | . $\cdot$ | 84.48 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 85.60 | 1,533 | 116.7 | 84.99 | $\cdots$ | 73.94 | 85.10 |
| June.............. | 80.37 | 1,507 | 118.1 | 84.19 | 22.82 | ... | 86.82 |
| July .............. | 73.70 | 1,429 | 113.1 | 85.28 | -•• | 77 | 86.84 |
| August. . . . . . . . . . . | 71.96 | 1,376 | 116.0 | 84.68 | 23.3 | 77.84 | 87.46 |
| September . . . . . . . . | 68.90 | 1,481 | 109.2 | 85.22 | 23.33 | , | 90.71 |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | 79.96 | 1,390 | 106.2 | 84.80 | ... | 77. | 89.23 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 64.31 | 1,280 | 106.1 | 84.69 | - 9 | 77.84 | 86.38 85.16 |
| December ......... | 86.89 | 1,402 | 103.2 | 84.38 | 23.54 | ... | 85.16 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... . | 88.86 | 1,059 | 92.0 | 84.17 | ... | $\cdots$ | 88.47 |
| February........... | 80.95 | 1,306 | 98.1 | 83.25 | 230̈ | 78.22 | 89.52 88.79 |
| March. ............ | 67.11 | 1,392 | 95.1 | 82.46 | 23.25 | ... | 88.79 |
| April . ............. | 64.00 | 1,224 | 103.2 | 81.51 | ... | … | 86.00 |
| May .............. | 58.19 | 1,242 | 114.7 | 80.91 |  | 80.22 | 89.44 88.47 |
| June............... | 54.47 | 1,393 | 112.6 | 80.41 | 22.56 | ... | 88.47 |
| July . ............. | 70.45 | 1,603 | 114.7 | 80.30 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 89.50 |
| August............. | 61.04 60.16 | 1,425 | 120.8 121.6 | 79.57 78.02 |  | 81.88 | 88.84 87.48 |
| September......... | 60.16 | 1,509 | 121.6 | 78.02 | 21.98 | . . | 87.48 |
| October. . . . . . . . . . | 51.71 | 1,583 | 133.5 | 76.65 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 86.02 |
| November .......... | 54.00 | 1,693 | 130.3 | 76.53 | $\cdots$ | 78.63 | 84.81 |
| December .......... | 54.69 | 2,054 | 155.0 | 77.48 | 21.86 | . $\cdot$ | 85.58 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... | 54.37 | 1,725 | 143.3 | 78.98 | $\cdots$ | , | 90.96 |
| February........... | (1) 50.04 | 1,754 | 137.0 | (H) 79.20 | 2090 | 79.32 | 90.09 |
| March.............. | (H) 65.44 | 1,959 | 142.6 | 79.06 | 20.57 | ... | 91.58 |
| April .............. | 54.82 | 1,912 | 143.6 | 77.98 | $\cdots$ |  | 89.36 |
| May ............... | 63.40 | 1,975 | 168.9 | 76.73 | $\cdots$ | (H) 81.61 | 91.83 |
| June.............. . | 62.83 | r2,000 | 162.1 | 74.75 | p19.73 | -.. | (H) r 94.90 |
| July.............. | 60.67 | r2,215 | (H) r179.8 | r74.58 |  | 2083 3 | $\mathrm{p} 92.44$ |
|  | 54.82 | (H) p2,228 | pl76.0 | p74.70 |  | ra82.38 ... | (NA) |
| October............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  | ra82.42 |  |
| December . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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Graphs of these series are shown on pages 24, 25, 36, and 39.
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${ }^{2}$ No current high.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC <br> PROCESS ...... | B4 INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... | LEADING INDICATORS |  |
| Minor Economic <br> Process........ | Inventory Investment and Purchasing | LAGGING INDICATORS |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { month } \end{aligned}$ | 245. Change in business inventories <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *31. Change in book value of mfg. and trade inventories, total <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 37. Purchased materials, companies report ing higher inventories (Percent reporting) | 20. Change in book value of mfrs.' inventories of mtls. and supplies (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 26. Production materials, companies reporting commitments 60 days or longer(1) (Percent reporting) | 32. Vendor performance, companies reporting slower deliveries (1) (Percent reporting) | 25. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | *71. Manufacturing and trade inventories, book value <br> (Bil. dol.) | 65. Manufacturers' inventories of finished goods book value <br> (Bil. dol.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... |  | +6.4 | 43 | +1.7 | 57 | 62 | -0.10 | 155.40 | 28.89 |
| February ........... | +6.6 | +14.3 | 47 | +0.8 | 58 | 61 | +0.18 | 156.59 | 29.15 |
| March............. |  | +12.7 | 49 | +3.4 | 63 | 61 | +0.29 | 157.65 | 29.41 |
| April .............. |  | +9.9 | 49 | +2.2 | 65 | 68 | +1.00 | 158.48 | 29.64 |
| May ............... | +6.8 | +9.9 | 51 | +2.4 | 64 | 69 | +0.81 | 159.30 | 30.00 |
| June.............. | ... | +11.8 | 49 | -0.2 | 66 | 70 | -0.80 | 160.28 | 30.16 |
| July .............. |  | +10.2 | 50 | +1.1 | 59 | 66 | +1.09 | 161.13 | 30.33 |
| August............ | +10.4 | +11.0 | 51 | +0.1 | 63 | 68 | -0.60 | 162.05 | 30.53 |
| September......... |  | +12.4 | 50 | +2.1 | 65 | 66 | +0.54 | 163.09 | 30.75 |
| 0 October ........... |  | +14.8 | 54 | +3.2 | 63 | 65 | -0.43 | 164.32 | 30.83 |
| November .......... | +5.7 | +3.9 | 57 | +1.4 | 65 | 62 | -0.11 | 164.65 | 31.16 |
| December .......... | ... | +12.1 | 48 | +2.9 | 65 | 64 | -0.31 | 165.66 | 31.31 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... |  | -0.5 | 50 | -1.2 | 61 | 56 | -0.21 | 165.62 | 31.62 |
| February........... | +0.4 | +11.9 | 50 | +2.2 | 62 | 58 | -0.92 | 166.61 | 32.00 |
| March............. | ... | +5.7 | 51 | +0.9 | 56 | 50 | -0.79 | 167.08 | 32.12 |
| April ............. |  | +10.2 | 45 | -0.9 | 60 | 52 | -0.95 | 167.94 | 32.67 |
| May .............. | +2.1 | -3.4 | 40 | -2.1 | 57 | 72 | -0.60 | 167.65 | 32.70 |
| June.............. | $\ldots$ | +9.1 | 46 | +0.1 | 55 | 69 | -0.50 | 168.41 | 32.87 |
| July ............. |  | (H) +13.5 | 46 | $+0.1$ | 52 | 50 | -0.10 | 169.54 | 33.10 |
| August............ | +5.1 | $+8.0$ | 44 | +1.0 | 50 | 45 | -0.74 | 170.20 | 33.33 |
| September......... | . | +9.0 | 47 | +0.8 | 52 | 45 | -1.54 | 170.96 | 33.53 |
| October . . . . . . . . | $\because 7$ | +2.5 | 46 | +2.9 | 54 | 38 | -1.37 | 171.17 | 33.94 |
| December <br> 1971 | . |  |  |  | 52 | 36 | +0.96 |  | 34.11 |
| January ........... |  | +6.1 | 46 | +0.6 | 52 | 38 | [H] +1.50 | 172.51 | 34.38 |
| February ........... | +3.2 | $+4.0$ | 49 | -0.7 | (H) 59 | 44 | +0.22 | 172.84 | 34.49 |
| March. ............ | ... | +10.4 | 51 | $-2.2$ | 56 | 46 | -0.14 | 173.77 | (H) 34.71 |
| April . . . . . . . . . . |  | +5.9 | 57 | [1] + 4.7 | 57 | 52 | -1.08 | 174.19 | 34.45 |
| May . | (H) 5.7 | +8.9 +3.8 | 55 58 58 | +2.4 | 55 58 58 | ([) 53 | -1.25 | 174.93 r 175.25 | 34.46 |
| June... |  | r+3.8 | 58 | +3.2 | 58 | 50 | -3. 98 | r175.25 | 34.31 |
| July ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (H) ${ }^{\text {P1 }} 175.67$ | 33.95 |
| August. September |  | (NA) | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 41 \end{aligned}$ | (NA) | 55 | 49 | p+0.12 | ( NA ) | ( NA ) |
| October........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $\boldsymbol{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by (H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk $\left(^{*}\right.$ ) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages $26,27,37$, and 39.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS | 35 PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... | LEADING INDICATORS |  |  | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS | LAGGING INDICATORS |
| Minor Economic Process. | Sensitive Commodity Prices | Stock Prices | Profits and Profit Margins | Comprehensive Wholesale Prices | Unit Labor Costs |



NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by (H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk $\left(^{*}\right.$ ) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and "NA", not available. Graphs of these series are shown on pages 28, 29, 37, and 39.
${ }^{2}$ No. current high.
${ }^{2}$ Average for September 7, 14, and. 21.
3Average for September 1, 8, and 15.

B CYCLICAL INDICATORS-Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS . | B6 MONEY AND CREDIT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... | LEADING INDICATORS |  |
| Minor Economic Process. | Flows of Money and Credit | Credit Difficulties |



NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by @ . Current high values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by [H]. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $\mathrm{a}^{\text {" }}$, anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on poges 30,31 , and 37 .
${ }^{1}$ Average for weeks ended September 1,8 , and 15.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS | B6 MONEY AND CREDIT - Con. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS . . . | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  | LAGGING INDICATORS |  |
| Minor Economic Process. | Bank Reserves | Money Market Interest Rates | Outstanding Debt | Interest Rates on Business Loans and Mortgages |


| Year and month | 93. Free reserves(@) <br> (Mil. dol.) | 114. Treasury bill rate (1) <br> (Percent) | 116. Corporate bond yields (1) <br> (Percent) | 115. Treasury bond yields (a) <br> (Percent) | 117. Municipal bond yields (a) <br> (Percent) | 66. Consumer installment debt (Mil. dol.) | *72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding, weekly reporting large commercial banks <br> (Mil. dol.) | *67. Bank rates on shortterm business loans, 35 cities (1) ${ }^{1} 2$ <br> (Percent) | 118. Mortgage yields, residential (1) <br> (Percent) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . .......... | -480 | 6.18 | 7.29 | 5.74 | 4.85 | 88,729 | 73,450 |  | ( NA ) |
| February .......... | -596 | 6.16 | 7.33 | 5.86 | 4.98 | 89,527 | 74,190 | 7.32 | 7.99 |
| March............. . | -701 | 6.08 | 7.76 | 6.05 | 5.26 | 90,173 | 74,886 | ... | 8.05 |
| April . . . . . . . . . . | -844 | 6.15 | 7.54 | 5.84 | 5.19 | 90,933 | 76,283 | ... | 8.06 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | -1,102 | 6.08 | 7.62 | 5.85 | 5.33 | 91,779 | 77,457 | 7.86 | 8.06 |
| June............... | -1,064 | 6.49 | 8.04 | 6.05 | 5.76 | 92,574 | 78,542 | ... | 8.35 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | -1,074 | 7.00 | 8.06 | 6.07 | 5.75 | 93,196 | 79,055 | $\ldots$ | 8.36 |
| August. . . . . . . . . . | -946 | 7.01 | 8.05 | 6.02 | 6.00 | 93,796 | 79,884 | 8.82 | 8.36 |
| September ......... | -831 | 7.13 | 8.36 | 6.32 | 6.26 | 94,494 | 80,889 | ... | 8.40 |
| October. | -992 | 7.04 | 8.46 | 6.27 | 6.09 | 95,163 | 82,073 | $\ldots$ | 8.48 |
| November . . . . . . . . | -988 | 7.19 | 8.94 | 6.52 | 6.30 | 95,783 | 82,627 | 8.83 | 8.48 |
| December | -829 | 7.72 | 9.22 | 6.81 | 6.82 | 96,198 | 83,365 | ... | 8.62 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | -799 | 7.91 | 9.00 | 6.86 | 6.65 | 96,578 | 83,205 |  | (NA) |
| February........... | -819 | 7.16 | 8.84 | 6.44 | 6.36 | 96,996 | 84,229 | 8.86 | 9.29 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | -781 | 6.71 | 9.00 | 6.39 | 6.03 | 97,194 | 84,462 | . . | 9.20 |
| April .............. | -704 | 6.48 | 9.09 | 6.53 | 6.49 | 97,490 | 84,770 | , | 9.10 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | -795 | 7.04 | 9.53 | 6.94 | 7.00 | 97,905 | 85,241 | 8.49 | 9.11 |
| June.............. | -701 | 6.74 | 9.70 | 6.99 | 6.96 | 98,346 | 85,420 | ... | 9.16 |
| July............... | -1,217 | 6.50 | 9.09 | 6.57 | 6.53 | 98,789 | 85,599 | ... | 9.11 |
| August. ............ | -682 | 6.47 | 9.08 | 6.75 | 6.20 | 99,021 | 86,220 | 8.50 | 9.07 |
| September......... | -335 | 6.24 | 9.00 | 6.63 | 6.25 | 99,380 | 86,230 | ... | 9.01 |
| October........... | -208 | 5.93 | 9.14 | 6.59 | 6.39 | 99,298 | 84,649 | ... | 8.97 |
| November . . . . . . . . | -305 | 5.29 | 8.97 | 6.24 | 5.93 | 98,996 | 83,982 | 8.07 | 8.90 |
| December . . . . . . . . | -49 | 4.86 | 8.13 | 5.97 | 5.46 | 99,017 | 83,566 | ... | 8.40 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. . . . . . . . . | -91 | 4.49 | 7.63 | 5.92 | 5.36 | 99,104 | 83,252 | $\ldots$ | (NA) |
| February ........... | -127 | 3.77 | 7.54 | 5.84 | 5.23 | 99,206 | 83,740 | 6.58 | (NA) |
| March............. | -120 | 3.32 | 7.62 | 5.71 | 5.17 | 99,701 | 83,890 | ... | 7.32 |
| April .............. | -8 | 3.78 | 7.76 | 5.75 | 5.37 | 100,364 | 83,283 | 0 | 7.37 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | $-18$ | 4.14 | (H) 8.25 | (H) 5.96 | 5.90 | 100,857 | 83,876 | 6.00 | 7.75 |
| June............... | -322 | 4.70 | 8.15 | 5.9 | 5.95 | 101,382 | 83,959 | ... | 7.89 |
| July.............. | (H) $\mathrm{r}-658$ | (H) 5.40 | 8.24 | 5.91 | (H) 6.06 | (H) 102,143 | 83,414 | $\cdots$ | (H) 7.97 |
| August............ September...... | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{r}-634$ ${ }^{3}-365$ | 5.08 4.67 | 8.14 57.81 | 5.78 5.78 5.56 | 5.82 6.38 | (NA) | [H) $\begin{array}{r}84,712 \\ 86,176\end{array}$ | 6.50 | 7.92 |
| October . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November <br> December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $(\mathbb{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by (H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk $\left(^{*}\right.$ ) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " ${ }^{n}$ ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available. Graphs of these series are shown on pages 32, 33, and 39.
${ }^{1}$ No current high. ${ }^{2}$ The survey in which these data are collected was revised, beginning with the 1st quarter 1971; thus, data from that point are not strictly comparable with earlier data. ${ }^{3}$ Average for weeks ended September 1 , 8 , and 15.4 Average for weeks ended September 2, 9,16, and 23. ${ }^{5}$ Average for weeks ended September 3, 10, and 17. Average for weeks ended September 2, 9 , and 16 .


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $(\mathbf{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by [H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk $\left(^{*}\right.$ ) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e^{n}$, estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 34 and 35.
${ }^{1}$ Reverse trend adjusted index of 12 leaders contains the same trend as the index of 5 coincident indicators.
zData beginning with January 1971 are not strictly comparable with earlier data because of technical changes in the collection of data for one of the components (series 67).

FExcludes series 12, 16, 31; and 113; for which data are not jet available.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by(1). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on poges 40,41 , and 42.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (a). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series ore shown on pages 43 and 44.
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NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; " $\mathrm{e}^{n}$, estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on page 45.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by@. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r "indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimates; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available; SDR indicates Special Drawing Rights.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 46,47 , and 48.
${ }^{1}$ Amount outstanding at end of quarter. ${ }^{2}$ Reserve position at end of quarter. ${ }^{3}$ Balance of payments basis: Bxcludes transfers under military grants and Department of Defense sales contracts (exports) and Department of Defense purchases (imports). ${ }^{4}$ nata for first quarter 1970 to date are not comparable with earlier data.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series reiationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 49 and 50.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r"indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Grophs of these series are shown on pages 51 and 52.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 53 and 54.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary " $e$ ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on page 55.
${ }^{1}$ Based on a trend line of 3.5 percent per year (intersecting actual line in midale of 1955) from lst quarter 1952 to 4 th quarter 1962, 3.75 percent from 4th quarter 1962 to the 4 th quarter 1965, 4 percent from 4th quarter 1965 to 4 th quarter 1969 and 4.3 percent from 4th quarter 1969 to 2nd quarter 1971.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (a). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " $e^{\text {" }}$, estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and " $N A^{\text {" }}$, not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 56 and 57.
${ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iil.

| Year and month | E3 DIFFUSION INDEXES: Leading Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing (21 industries) |  | D6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries (35 industries) |  | D11. Newly approved capital appropriations, The Conference Board (17 industries) ${ }^{\text {² }}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { D34. Profits, } \\ \text { mfg., } \\ \text { FNCB } \\ \text { (about 1,000 } \\ \text { corporations) } \end{array}\right\|$ | D19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (75 industries)@2 ${ }^{2}$ |  | D23. Index of industrial materials prices ( 13 industrial materials) |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1-month } \\ \text { span } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 9-month } \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ | 1-month span | 9-month span | 1-quarter span | 3 -quarter span | 1-quarter span | 1-month span | 9-month span | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1-month } \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ | 9-month span |
| 1969 | (3) | ${ }^{3}$ ) | ${ }^{4}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January............ | 47.6 | 42.9 | 71.4 | 82.9 | 59 | 65 | 52 | 12.0 | 73.3 | 53.8 | 84.6 |
| February........... | 28.6 | 23.8 | 47.1 | 77.1 | 59 | ... | ... | 43.3 | 40.0 | 61.5 | 80.8 |
| March.............. | 97.6 | 26.2 | 50.0 | 65.7 | ... | ... | ... | 13.3 | 14.7 | 46.2 | 76.9 |
| April.............. | 38.1 | 35.7 | 54.3 | 57.1 | 56 | 59 | 55 | 54.0 | 12.0 | 65.4 | 69.2 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . | 40.5 | 28.6 | 50.0 | 74.3 | - | $\ldots$ | .. | 74.7 | 6.7 | 57.7 | 76.9 |
| June............... | 50.0 | 23.8 | 37.1 | 60.0 | - | ... | ... | 1.3 | 21.3 | 76.9 | 92.3 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | 33.3 | 61.9 | 60.0 | 64.3 | 35 | 47 | 49 | 4.0 | 25.3 | 61.5 | 76.9 |
| August............. | 45.2 | 23.8 | 38.6 | 48.6 | ... | . . | ... | 34.7 | 21.3 | 76.9 | 76.9 |
| September . . . . . . . . | 50.0 | 16.7 | 65.7 | 42.9 | ... | . . . | ... | 61.3 | 20.0 | 57.7 | 69.2 |
| October............ | 14.3 | 9.5 | 44.3 | 34.3 | 41 | 41 | 50 | 72.7 | 14.7 | 46.2 | 69.2 |
| November ......... | 57.1 | 9.5 | 31.4 | 42.9 | ... | ... | . . | 68.0 | 25.3 | 50.0 | 69.2 |
| December ......... | 81.0 | 16.7 | 47.1 | 22.9 | ... | ... | -•• | 4.0 | 31.5 | 50.0 | 76.9 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | 33.3 | 9.5 | 37.1 | 41.4 | 47 | 29 | 51 | 43.3 | 5.5 | 50.0 | 61.5 |
| February........... | 26.2 | 19.0 | 51.4 | 40.0 | ... | ... | ... | 23.3 | 5.6 | 30.8 | 42.3 |
| March............... | 57.1 | 28.6 | 40.0 | 51.4 | ... | ... | ... | 82.7 | 5.6 | 57.7 | 38.5 |
| April .............. | 28.6 | 16.7 | 54.3 | 40.0 | 53 | 32 | 47 | 16.4 | 6.9 | 61.5 | 34.6 |
| May .............. | 28.6 | 9.5 | 62.9 | 42.9 | ... | ... | ... | 2.7 | 25.0 | 53.8 | 34.6 38.5 |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . . | 54.8 | 4.8 | 51.4 | 47.1 | ... | ... | ... | 47.9 | 27.8 | 19.2 | 38.5 |
| July.............. | 76.2 | 19.0 | 54.3 | 57.1 | 35 | 24 | 52 | 41.7 | 31.9 | 46.2 | 19.2 |
| August............ | 19.0 | 21.4 | 34.3 | 57.1 | ... | ... | ... | 77.8 | 46.5 | 42.3 | 15.4 |
| September......... | 9.5 | r42.9 | 62.9 | 74.3 | ... | ... | ... | 96.5 | 72.2 | 46.2 | 15.4 |
| October. . . . . . . . . . | r73.8 | r42.9 | 28.6 | 48.6 | 47 | 35 | 40 | 72.2 | 95.8 | 30.8 | 15.4 |
| November . . . . . . . . | r71.4 | 59.5 | 60.0 | 65.7 | ... | ... | ... | 48.6 | 97.2 | 42.3 | 30.8 |
| December ......... | r71.4 | 45.2 | 50.0 | 45.7 | ... | ... | ... | 98.6 | 98.6 | 19.2 | 46.2 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | r61.9 | r83.3 | 62.9 | 67.1 | 59 | p29 | 60 | 95.8 | 98.6 | 46.2 | 46.2 |
| February........... | r45.2 | r83.3 | 57.1 | 61.4 | ... |  | ... | 87.5 | 95.1 | 61.5 | 46.2 |
| March. ............ | r76.2 | 81.0 | 62.9 | (NA) | - |  | $\cdots$ | 71.5 | 91.0 | 80.8 | 46.2 |
| April ............... | r42.9 | p90.5 | 48.6 |  | p35 |  | 61 | 84.0 | 97.2 | 80.8 | 561.5 |
| May ............... | r 71.4 r 54.8 |  | 71.4 45.7 |  |  |  |  | 41.7 27.8 |  | 38.5 46.2 | 5.69 .2 |
| June............... | r54.8 |  | 45.7 |  |  |  |  | 27.8 |  | 46.2 |  |
| July.............. | r57.1 |  | r 50.0 |  |  |  |  | 44.4 |  | 57.7 |  |
| August. <br> September | p69.0 |  | p59.0 |  |  |  |  | 23.6 |  | 61.5 53.8 |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November <br> December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Figures are the percent of ser ies components rising (half of the unchanged components are considered rising). Data are centered within spans: 1-month indexes are
 on the 1 st month of the 3d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in index D19 which requires no adjustment and index D34 which is adjusted only for the index. Table E4 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $\mathrm{p}^{\prime \prime}$, preliminary; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of the se series are shown on page 58.
${ }^{1}$ This is a copyrighted series used by permission; it may not be reproduced without written permission from The Conference Board.
${ }^{2}$ Based on 75 components through March 1970, on 73 components through May 1970, and on 72 components thereafter. Component data are not shown in table E4 but are available from the source agency.
${ }^{3}$ Data beginning with October 1970 (l-month span) and September 1970 ( 9 -month span) are not comparable with earlier data.
${ }^{4}$ Data beginning with July 1971 are not comparable with earlier data.
${ }^{5}$ Average for September 7, 14, and 21.

| Year and month | E3 DIFFUSION INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Leading Indicators-Con. |  | Roughly Coincident Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | D5. Initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs, week including the 12 th ( 47 areas $)^{1}$ |  | D41. Number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls (30 industries) |  | D47. Index of industrial production (24 industries) |  | D58. Index of wholesale prices (22 manufacturing industries) (1) |  | D54. Sales of retail stores (23 types of stores) |  |
|  | 1 -month span | 9 -month span | 1-month span | 6-month span | 1-month span | 6-month span | 1-month span | 6-month span | 1-month span | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 9-month } \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1969 |  |  | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{2}$ ) | ( ${ }^{3}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.. | 72.3 | 70.2 | 91.7 | 86.7 | 54.2 | 83.3 | 68.2 | 81.8 | 69.6 | 73.9 |
| February. | 38.3 | 46.8 | 71.7 | 76.7 | 62.5 | 70.8 | 75.0 | 79.5 | 60.9 | 82.6 |
| March. .... | 55.3 | 40.4 | 73.3 | 73.3 | 91.7 | 77.1 | 75.0 | 84.1 | 21.7 | 71.7 |
| April .. | 48.9 | 58.5 | 51.7 | 75.0 | 45.8 | 75.0 | 84.1 | 90.9 | 73.9 | 67.4 |
| May ... | 57.4 | 34.0 | 56.7 | 68.3 | 66.7 | 72.9 | 79.5 | 90.9 | 41.3 | 65.2 |
| June... | 23.4 | 25.5 | 63.3 | 58.3 | 70.8 | 62.5 | 84.1 | 88.6 | 54.3 | 56.5 |
| July ... | 51.1 | 28.7 | 51.7 | 53.3 | 45.8 | 45.8 | 77.3 | 86.4 | 45.7 | 50.0 |
| August. ..... | 59.6 | 24.5 | 55.0 | 50.0 | 54.2 | 56.2 | 68.2 | 86.4 | 50.0 | 52.2 |
| September... | 38.3 | 8.5 | 48.3 | 50.0 | 37.5 | 41.7 | 77.3 | 81.8 | 30.4 | 56.5 |
| October... | 45.7 | 6.4 | 50.0 | 43.3 | 43.8 | 33.3 | 68.2 | 81.8 | 63.0 | 73.9 |
| November | 31.9 | 12.8 | 45.0 | 46.7 | 62.5 | 41.7 | 84.1 | 81.8 | 34.8 | 65.2 |
| December | 57.4 | 12.8 | 63.3 | 43.3 | 45.8 | 33.3 | 72.7 | 72.7 | 60.9 | 87.0 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . | 31.9 | 4.3 | 45.0 | 33.3 | 37.5 | 56.2 | 86.4 | 79.5 | 60.9 | 78.3 |
| February. | 25.5 | 2.1 | 41.7 | 35.0 | 52.1 | 33.3 | 77.3 | 77.3 | 58.7 | 82.6 |
| March. . | 44.7 | 11.7 | 45.0 | 31.7 | 45.8 | 25.0 | 72.7 | 75.0 | 50.0 | 82.6 |
| April . | 25.5 | 6.4 | 25.0 | 21.7 | 56.2 | 37.5 | 68.2 | 77.3 | 82.6 | 91.3 |
| May .. | 63.8 | 12.8 | 21.7 | 16.7 | 25.0 | 29.2 | 68.2 | 84.1 | 54.3 | 82.6 |
| June. . . . | 42.6 | 2.1 | 26.7 | 16.7 | 54.2 | 20.8 | 56.8 | 86.4 | 39.1 | 82.6 |
| July ... | 59.6 | 12.8 | 35.0 | 20.0 | 54.2 | 12.5 | 61.4 | 75.0 | 56.5 | 78.3 |
| August.... | 42.6 | 25.5 55 | 23.3 | 20.0 | 50.0 | 29.2 | 70.5 | 81.8 | 65.2 | 69.6 |
| September. | 31.9 | 55.3 | 58.3 | 16.7 | 25.0 | 45.8 | 77.3 | 77.3 | 50.0 | 67.4 |
| October.. | 53.2 | 55.3 | r31.7 | r25.0 | 47.9 | 45.8 | 75.0 | 72.7 | 67.4 | 56.5 |
| November | 57.4 | 51.1 | r38.3 | r31.7 | 41.7 | 47.9 | 61.4 | 81.8 | 54.3 | 78.3 |
| December | 70.2 | 46.8 | r58.3 | r33.3 | 58.3 | 75.0 | 56.8 | 81.8 | 47.8 | 91.3 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.. | 38.3 | 46.8 | r 51.7 | r ${ }_{4} 8.3$ | 72.9 | 70.8 | 79.5 | 77.3 | 43.5 | 80.4 |
| February.. | 61.7 | 61.7 | r41.7 | 165.0 | 29.2 | 70.8 | 75.0 | 81.8 | 65.2 | p87.0 |
| March. .... | 42.6 | 72.3 | r40.0 | r46.7 | 75.0 | p62.5 | 72.7 | 81.8 | 73.9 | (NA) |
| April . | 48.9 | 57.4 | 176.7 | r30.0 | 60.4 | (NA) | 68.2 | 90.9 | 73.9 |  |
| May | 44.7 |  | r80.0 | rp53.3 | r56.2 |  | 72.7 | 95.5 | $\begin{array}{r}52.2 \\ \hline 69.6\end{array}$ |  |
| June......... | 40.4 |  | r33.3 |  | r52.1 |  | 72.7 |  | p69.6 |  |
| July . ........ | 57.4 |  | 541.7 |  | r50.0 |  | 86.4 |  | ( NA ) |  |
| August....... September. | 25.5 |  | rp51.7 |  | p43.8 |  | 90.9 |  |  |  |
| October ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November <br> December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising (half of the unchanged components are considered rising). Data are centered within spans: l-month indexes are placed on latest month, 6 -month indexes are placed in the 4th month, and 9 -month indexes are placed on the 6th month of span. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in index D58 which requires no adjustment. Table E4 identifies the components for the indexes shown. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; and "NA", not available. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1).

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 58 and 59.
${ }^{1}$ Component data are not available for publication and therefore are not shown in table E4.
${ }^{2}$ Data beginning with $0 c t o b e r ~ 1970$ are not comparable with earlier data.
${ }^{3}$ Data beginning with May 1971 are not comparable with earlier data.

E4 Selected Diffusion Index Components: Basic Data and Direction of Change


NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $t=$ revised.
${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.
${ }^{2}$ Revised. See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.
Data for most of the 35 diffusion index components are not available for publication; however, they are all included in the totals and directions of change for six major industry groups shown here.
${ }^{4}$ Last three months of data components are not comparable to earlier data. The figures for all durable goods industries are comparable throughout.

## E4 Selected Diffusion Index Components: Basic Data and Direction of Change-Con.

| Diffusion index components | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September ${ }^{1}$ |
| D23. JNDEX OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS PRICES ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial materials price index ( $1967=100$ ). | - 105.9 | + 107.2 | + 107.8 | + 110.2 | - 108.6 | - 106.1 | - 104.7 | + 206.1 | + 107.6 |
|  | (Dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent rising of 13 components | (46) | (62) | (81) | (81) | (38) | (46) | (58) | (62) | (54) |
| Copper scrap (lb.) | .393 | + . 408 | $+.448$ | + .478 | . 451 | - . 445 | + . 464 | $+\quad .472$ | . 454 |
| Lead scrap (lb.). | . 048 | $\bigcirc .048$ | $\bigcirc .048$ | $\bigcirc .048$ | $+\quad .049$ | + . 050 | + . 054 | + 0.056 | $\bigcirc .056$ |
| Steel scrap (ton). | + 40.042 | - 38.869 | - 35.674 | - 35.380 | - 35.389 | - 32.081 | - 29.787 | $+31.163$ | + 32.673 |
| Tin (lb.). . . . . | + 1.590 | + 1.639 | + 1.683 | + 1.684 | - 1.683 | $+1.687$ | + 1.701 | + 1.704 | - 1.686 |
| Zinc (lb.). | .150 | - . 149 | + . 152 | + . 155 | + . 158 | + . 161 | + . 163 | + . 170 | $\bigcirc \quad .170$ |
| Burlap (yd.) | + . 149 | + . 150 | + . 153 | + . 182 | . 178 | $+. .190$ | + . 193 | .187 | + . 192 |
| Cotton (lb.), 12-market average . . . | + . 248 | + . 256 | + . 261 | + . 265 | + 267 | + . 269 | + .272 | $+.284$ | + . 290 |
| Print cloth (yd.), average . . . . . . . . | . 222 | - . 222 | + . 260 | + . 278 | - . 266 | + . 273 | . 273 | . 266 | . 265 |
| Wool tops (lb.). | - 1.179 | - 1.112 | 1.067 | + 1.091 | - 1.021 | - .979 | - .909 | $.903$ | + .905 |
| Hides (lb.) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\bigcirc \quad .159$ | - $\quad .157$ | $+.160$ | + . 167 | $\bigcirc \quad .167$ | - .163 | + .169 | . 166 | + $\quad .172$ |
| Rosin (100 lb.). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 17.056 | $+17.857$ | + 17.928 | $+18.000$ | + 18.036 | - 17.968 | - 17.839 | + 17.966 | - 17.893 |
| Rubber (lb.). | . 188 | + . 190 | + . 192 | + . 196 | - . 195 | - . 169 | . 162 | + . 180 | - . 178 |
| Tallow (lb.) | . 075 | + . 077 | + . 079 | . 075 | . 074 | . 073 | . 071 | . 070 | + . 071 |
| D41. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES ON NONAGRICULTURAL PAYROLLS ${ }^{3}$ (Thousands of employees) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All nonagricultural payrolls. | $+70,454$ | - 70,391 | $+70,480$ | $+70,599$ | + 70,769 | - 70,657 | - 70,566 | -70,552 |  |
| Percent rising of 30 components | (52) | (42) | (40) | (77) | (80) | (33) | (42) | (52) |  |
| Ordnance and accessories. | 108 | 102 | 99 | 97 | + 98 | - 95 | - 94 | + 97 |  |
| Lumber and wood products . . . . . . . | + 483 | + 486 | + 487 | $+\quad 488$ | $+\quad 491$ | + 495 | $+\quad 501$ | + 503 |  |
| Furniture and fixtures. . . . . . . . . . | - 370 | $369$ | $+\quad 370$ | $+\quad 372$ | $\begin{array}{r} 475 \\ +\quad 37 \end{array}$ | + 378 | $\begin{aligned} & 380 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 181 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. . . . | - 496 | 494 | 492 | + 498 | + 502 | - 499 | $494$ | $\begin{aligned} & T \\ & +\quad 497 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Primary metal industries. . . . . . . . | + 997 | - 997 | + 1,002 | + 1,008 | + 1,012 | - 996 | - 967 | - 936 |  |
| Fabricated metal products. . . . . . . | 1,007 | 1,006 | 980 | + 1,014 | + 1,020 | - 1,013 | + 1,020 | - 1,019 |  |
| Machinery. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,198 | - 1,183 | - 1,172 | - 1,163 | - 1,159 | - 1,152 | + 1,156 | + 1,159 |  |
| Electrical equipment. . . . . . . . . . . | - 1,183 | 1,177 | - 1,173 | + 1,177 | + 1,184 | - 1,179 | 1,169 | - 1,167 |  |
| Transportation equipment . . . . . . . | + 1,245 | 1,237 | 1,225 | - 1,225 | + 1,253 | - 1,246 | 1,245 | - 1,240 |  |
| Instruments and related products... | 260 | 256 | 253 | - 253 | + 255 | + 256 | + 257 | + $+\quad 259$ |  |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing indus. | 318 | - 318 | 316 | $+\quad 317$ | + 318 | - 318 | 317 | + 320 |  |
| Food and kindred products | 1,187 | - 1,186 | - 1,184 | - 1,181 | + 1,184 | - 1,178 | + 1,187 | + 1,192 |  |
| Tobacco manufactures | 65 | + 66 | 64 | + 66 | 65 | - 64 | 57 | 56 |  |
| Textile mill products . . . . . . . . . . | + 845 | 841 | 839 | + 840 | + 845 | - 838 | + 842 | - 841 |  |
| Apparel and related products. . . . . . | 1,187 | + 1,189 | + 1,197 | $+1,202$ | + 1,204 | - 1,188 | - 1,171. | - 1,168 |  |
| Paper and allied products . . . . . . . | 531 | - 529 | 526 | + 527 | - $\quad 519$ | + 520 | 515 | + 519 |  |
| Printing and publishing. . . . . . . . . | 672 | 671 | 668 | - 666 | $+\quad 667$ $+\quad 588$ | - 667 | 662 | + 665 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products. . . . | 588 | 586 | 583 | $+\quad 584$ | + 588 | 585 | 582 | - $\quad 577$ |  |
| Petroleum and related products . . . . | - 116 | + 118 | 116 | - 116 | - 116 | - 115 | - 115 | - 115 |  |
| Rubber and plastic products . . . . . | + 431 | $+433$ | + 440 | $+\quad 443$ | + 448 | + 449 | + 452 | - 450 |  |
| Leather and leather products. . . . . . | + 264 | 263 | 262 | + 265 | + 266 | 265 | 262 | + 268 |  |
| Mining . . . . . . . . . | + 625 | 622 | - 622 | + 623 | - 622 | - 619 | 599 | + 610 |  |
| Contract construction . . . . . . . . . . | 3,271 | 3,198 | + 3,264 | + 3,282 | - 3,275 | - 3,255 | - 3,228 | - 3,213 |  |
| Transportation and public utilities. . | $+\quad 4,507$ $+\quad 3,841$ | $+\quad 4,526$ $+\quad 3,85$ | - $\quad 4,520$ | - 4,505 | + 4,518 | - 4,500 | - $\quad$ 4,477 | - 4,453 |  |
| Wholesale trade | $+\quad 3,841$ + + | + 3,845 | + 3,852 | + 3,854 | + 3,866 | - 3,837 | - 3,835 | + 3,845 |  |
| Retail trade . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 11,198 | + 11,214 | + 11,222 | + 11,253 | + 11,282 | + 11,298 | + 11,315 | + 11,338 |  |
| Finance, insurance, real estate. . . . Service and miscellaneous . . . . | + 3,746 | + 3,749 | + 3,758 | + 3,769 | + 3,788 $+\quad 17,858$ | + 3,807 $+\quad 11895$ | - 3,805 | - 3,803 |  |
| Service and miscellaneous . . . . . . Federal gover | + 11,800 | $\begin{array}{r}+\quad 11,809 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } 11,841 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } \\ + \\ + \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}+\quad 11,858 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } 11,895 \\ -\quad 2,640 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 $+\quad 11,903$ $+\quad 2,643$ | $\begin{array}{r}11,895 \\ -\quad 2,638 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| State and local government . . . . . . | $+10,058$ $+\quad 1$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2,662 } \\ +\quad 10,082 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | + 10,130 + | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2,667 } \\ +\quad 10,164 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | + 10,191 + | + 10,198 + | + 10,231 | + 10,256 |  |

NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. $N A=$ not available. $\quad \rho=$ preliminary. $\quad I=$ revised.
${ }^{1}$ Average for September 7, 14, and 21.
${ }^{2}$ Series components are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census. The industrial materials price index is not seasonally adjusted.
${ }^{3}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. Data for the latest month shown are preliminary.
${ }^{4}$ Revised. See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

E4 Selected Diffusion Index Components: Basic Data and Direction of Change--Con.


NOTE: $T_{0}$ facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. $N A=$ not available. $\quad p=$ preliminary. $\quad r=$ revised.
${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.
${ }^{2}$ Data for January 1970 thru March 1971 are on a 1957-59-100 base; data for April 1971 thru August 1971 are on a $1967=100$ base.
${ }^{3}$ Where actual data for separate industries are not available, estimates are used to compute the percent rising.

## E4 Selected Diffusion Index Components: Basic Data and Direction of Change--Con.

| Diffusion index components | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |
| D54. SALES OF RETAIL STORES ${ }^{1}$ (Millions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All retail sales. | + 31,154 | + 31,597 | + 32,267 | $+32,844$ | - 32,692 | + r33,337 | - p33,043 | (NA) |
| Percent rising of 23 components ${ }^{2}$. | (44) | (65) | (74) | (74) | (52) | (70) | (NA) | (NA) |
| Grocery stores ... | - 6,525 | - 6,508 | + 6,548 | + 6,620 | + 6,656 | - p6,643 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Eating and drinking places | - 2,300 | + 2,320 | + 2,339 | + 2,349 | + 2,411 | - p2,408 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Department stores... . | - 3,322 | + 3,343 | + 3,462 | + 3,582 | 3,562 | + p3,712 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Mail-order houses (department store merchandise)... | + 317 | + 329 | + 341 | - 338 | 303 | + p366 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Variety stores | + 619 | 600 | + 632 | 602 | 641 | + p656 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Men's and boys' wear stores . | 379 | + 390 | - 384 | + 388 | + 392 | + p411 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores | 659 | + 661 | + 695 | 677 | + 710 | + p723 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Shoe stores . . . . . . . . | - 279 | + 281 | - 262 | + 270 | - 266 | - p257 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Furniture, home furnishings stores. | + 895 | 874 | + 919 | - 868 | 854 | - p834 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Household appliance, TV, radio stores. | $+435$ | 473 | 466 | + 475 | 472 | + p519 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Lumber yards, building materials dealers | + 1,031 | 944 | + 990 | + 1,024 | + 1,055 | + pl,119 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Hardware stores. | + 259 | + 277 | 270 | $+\quad 276$ | + 292 | + p314 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Passenger car and other automotive dealers | + 5,011 | + 5,387 | + 5,676 | + 5,836 | - 5,640 | + $\mathrm{p} 5,672$ | (NA) | (NA) |
| Tire, battery, accessory dealers. | + 470 | + 488 | + 495 | + 511 | 491 | + p503 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Gasoline service stations | - 2,213 | + 2,231 | + 2,248 | + 2,270 | + 2,277 | + p2,300 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Drug and proprietary stores | - 1,078 | + 1,084 | + 1,113 | + 1,120 | - 1,104 | + pl,115 | (NA) | (NA) |
| Liquor stores. | + 712 | 705 | + 711 | - 702 | + 710 | + p731 | (NA) | (NA) |
| D58. INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES ${ }^{3}$$(1967=100)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing industries | + 111.8 | + 112.4 | + 112.7 | + 113.0 | + 113.5 | + 113.8 | $+114.5$ | 114.9 |
| Percent rising of 22 components | (80) | (75) | (73) | (68) | (73) | (73) | (86) | (91) |
| Durable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products. | $+112.2$ | + 117.5 | + 123.4 | + 124.6 | + 124.9 | + 126.1 | + 130.6 | 134.6 |
| Furniture and other household durab | + 109.3 | + 109.7 | 109.6 | + 109.7 | + 109.9 | 109.8 | $+110.0$ | 110.2 |
| Nonmetallic mineral products | + 118.8 | 119.0 | 120.9 | + 121.6 | + 121.8 | + 122.2 | $+123.3$ | 124.2 |
| Iron and steel. | + 117.6 | + 118.0 | + 118.2 | + 118.4 | + 120.1 | + 120.3 | + 121.9 | 125.3 |
| Nonferrous metals. . | - 115.4 | 114.2 | 113.7 | + 117.2 | - 117.2 | 116.4 | + 116.9 | 117.1 |
| Fabricated structural metal products | + 115.2 | 115.7 | $+116.6$ | + 116.8 | + 117.3 | + 117.9 | + 118.2 | 119.6 |
| Miscellaneous metal products | + 117.7 | 117.7 | + 117.9 | + 118.0 | + 118.2 | + 118.7 | + 119.3 | 119.8 |
| General purpose machinery and equipment | - 117.0 | + 117.3 | $+117.8$ | $+118.3$ | + 118.7 | + 119.3 | $+119.8$ | 120.3 |
| Miscellaneous machinery. | + 116.1 | 115.9 | $+\quad 116.3$ | + 117.0 | + 117.2 | - 117.2 | + 117.3 | 118.0 |
| Electrical machinery and equipment | + 108.8 | 109.3 | $+109.7$ | 109.5 | 109.4 | - 109.4 | + 109.5 | 109.9 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | + 213.9 | + 114.1 | - 113.8 | $+114.1$ | $+114.2$ | + 114.4 | $+114.7$ | 114.9 |
| Miscellaneous products.. | + 112.3 | + 112.6 | + 112.8 | 112.7 | - 112.5 | + 112.6 | + 112.8 | + 113.0 |
| Nondurable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Processed foods and feeds | + 211.8 | + 113.3 | + 113.7 | - 113.5 | $+114.5$ | + 114.9 | + 116.0 | 115.4 |
| Cotton products | + 107.1 | + 107.5 | + 107.8 | $+108.9$ | + 109.6 | + 110.9 | + 111.9 | 112.5 |
| Wool products. . . . . . . . . . | - 96.2 | 95.4 | - $\quad 94.5$ | - $\quad 94.4$ | - 93.5 | - $\quad 93.4$ | 111.9 $-\quad 92.6$ | 92.7 |
| Manmade fiber textile products | - 97.2 | 97.4 | $+\quad 97.6$ $+\quad 112$ | + 98.6 | 99.7 $+\quad 112$ | + 101.4 | + 101.9 | + 103.1 |
| Apparel . . . . . . . . . | + 112.3 | 112.0 | + 112.2 | - 112.2 | - 112.2 | $+112.3$ | + 113.3 | + 113.6 |
| Pulp, paper, and allied products | + 109.0 | $+\quad 109.3$ | - 109.3 | + 109.6 | + 109.9 | + 110.2 | + 110.5 | + 110.6 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | + 103.8 | + 104.2 | + 104.5 | - 104.5 | - 104.3 | + 1104.4 | - 104.4 | 104.3 |
| Petroleum products, refined. | + 107.9 | 106.9 | 105.9 | 105.3 | + 107.4 | - 107.4 | 107.2 | $+107.3$ |
| Rubber and plastic products ........... | - 108.4 | + 109.1 | $\bigcirc \quad 109.1$ | - 109.0 | 108.7 | - 108.7 | $+\quad 109.7$ | + 109.8 |
| Hides, skins, leather, and related products. . . . . | + 111.7 | + 112.4 | + 112.5 | $+114.0$ | + 114.4 | - 114.2 | - 114.2 | + 114.4 |

NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(\cdot)=$ falling. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $r=$ revised.
${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. Data for the latest month shown are preliminary.
${ }^{2}$ The diffusion index includes estimates for six types of stores not shown separately.
${ }^{3}$ Data are not seasonally adjusted.

| Year and month | F1 CONSUMER PRICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 781. United States, index of consumer prices (a) $(1967=100)$ | 133. Canada, index of consumer prices ( () $(1967=100)$ | 132. United King. dom, index of consumer prices (1) $(1967=100)$ | 135. West Germany, index of consumer prices (1) $(1967=100)$ | 136. France, index of consumer prices (ㄴ) $(1967=100)$ | 138. Japan, index of consumer prices (1) $(1967=100)$ | 137. Italy, index of consumer prices (1) $(1967=100)$ |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.. | 107 | 106 | 108 | 104 | 108 | 108 | 102 |
| February.... | 107 | 106 | 109 | 104 | 109 | 108 | 102 |
| March....... | 108 | 107 | 109 | 105 | 109 | 109 | 103 |
| April .. | 109 | 108 | 110 | 105 | 110 | 110 | 103 |
| May . . . . . . . | 109 | 108 | 110 | 105 | 110 | 110 | 103 |
| June.......... | 110 | 109 | 111 | 105 | 111 | 110 | 104 |
| July ........ | 110 | 110 | 110 | 105 | 111 | 113 | 104 |
| August....... | 111 | 110 | 110 | 105 | 111 | 113 | 105 |
| September.... | 111 | 110 | 111 | 105 | 112 | 114 | 105 |
| October . . . . . . | 112 | 110 | 112 | 105 | 113 | 114 | 105 |
| November . . | 112 | 110 | 112 | 106 | 113 | 114 | 106 |
| December . | 113 | 111 | 113 | 107 | 113 | 114 | 106 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January .... | 113 | 111 | 114 | 107 | 114 | 116 | 107 |
| February .... | 114 | 112 | 114 | 108 | 115 | 117 | 107 |
| March. . . . . . | 114 | 112 | 115 | 108 | 115 | 118 | 108 |
| April ......... | 115 | 112 | 117 | 108 | 116 | 119 | 108 |
| May .......... | 116 | 112 | 117 | 109 | 117 | 118 | 109 |
| June........ | 116 | 113 | 117 | 109 | 117 | 117 | 109 |
| July.... | 117 | 113 | 118 | 109 | 118 | 118 | 109 |
| August...... | 117 | 113 | 118 | 109 | 118 | 118 | 109 |
| September... | 118 | 113 | 119 | 109 | 118 | 122 | 110 |
| October ..... | 118 | 113 | 120 | 109 | 119 | 124 | 111 |
| November . . . | 118 | 113 | 121 | 110 | 119 | 123 | 111 |
| December ... | 119 | 113 | 121 | 110 | 120 | 124 | 112 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ..... | 119 | 113 | 123 | 311 | 120 | 125 | 112 |
| February...... | 119 | 113 | 124 | 112 | 121 | 125 | 113 |
| March......... | 120 | 114 | 125 | 113 | 121 | 125 | 113 |
| April ......... | 120 | 115 | 128 | 114 | 122 | 127 | 113 |
| May . . . . . . . . | 121 | 115 | 128 | 114 | 123 | 127 | 114 |
| June.......... | 122 | 115 | 129 | 115 | 123 | 127 | 114 |
| July.......... | 122 | 116 | 130 | 115 | 124 | 128 | (NA) |
| August. ....... <br> September | 122 | 117 | (NA) | 115 | (NA) | 127 |  |
| October...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November December .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on page 61.

| Year and month | F2 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 47. United States, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ | 123. Canada, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ | 122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ | 126. France, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ | 125. West Germany, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ | 128. Japan, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ | 121. OECD, ${ }^{1}$ <br> European countries, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ | 127. Italy, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... | 108 | 109 | 108 | 115 | 122 | 126 | 115 | 113 |
| February ........... | 110 | 110 | 108 | 115 | 123 | 128 | 114 | 110 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | 110 | 112 | 109 | 114 | 124 | 126 | 116 | 114 |
| April . . . . . . . . . . . | 110 | 110 | 109 | 118 | 125 | 134 | 117 | 115 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 110 | 310 | 109 | 118 | 126 | 134 | 118 | 113 |
| June.............. | 131 | 110 | 109 | 117 | 128 | 136 | 119 | 116 |
| July.............. | 112 | 110 | 109 | 120 | 126 | 139 | 119 | 116 |
| August............ | 111 | 109 | 109 | 120 | 127 | 138 | 119 | 114 |
| September . . . . . . . . | 112 | 111 | 109 | 118 | 127 | 143 | 118 | 108 |
| October . . . . . . . . . | 112 | 111 | 109 | 121 | 130 | 146 | 119 | 102 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 110 | 113 | 110 | 118 | 132 | 145 | 119 | 101 |
| December ......... | 110 | 115 | 110 | 119 | 134 | 149 | 120 | 105 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | 107 | 115 | 109 | 125 | 134 | 148 | 122 | 118 |
| February ........... | 108 | 116 | 110 | 125 | 136 | 152 | 124 | 119 |
| March. . ............ | 108 | 114 | 112 | 124 | 136 | 154 | 124 | 120 |
| April .............. | 108 | 115 | 112 | 126 | 135 | 157 | 125 | 118 |
| May | 108 | 114 | 108 | 124 | 138 | 157 | 125 | 117 |
| June. ............... | 108 | 115 | 110 | 122 | 134 | 163 | 123 | 116 |
| July .............. . | 108 | 114 | 109 | 124 | 135 | 164 | 124 | 118 |
| August. ........... | 108 | 114 | 109 | 124 | 133 | 162 | 124 | 112 |
| September......... | 107 | 113 | 112 | 125 | 132 | 164 | 124. | 119 |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | 104 | 113 | 113 | 124 | 135 | 163 | 125 | 117 |
| November . . . . . . . . . | 103 | 114 | 110 | 125 | 133 | 160 | 125 | 120 |
| December ......... | 105 | 114 | 112 | 126 | 134 | 164 | 125 | 118 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | 105 | 115 | 113 | 127 | 147 | 164 | r127 | 117 |
| February ............ | 106 | 115 | 110 | 129 | 140 138 | 164 | 127 | 117 |
| March............... | 106 | 116 | 109 | 130 | 138 | 168 | 126 | 116 |
| April .............. | 106 | 115 | 113 | 128. | 140 | 165 | 127 | 112 |
| May | 107 107 | 116 | r113 | r125 | 137 p138 | 158 -168 | r127 | ( PI 13 ) |
| June............... | 107 | p116 | pll4 | pl25 | p138 | r168 | p126 | (NA) |
| July .............. | 106 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) | pl 70 | (NA) |  |
| August. ........... September ........ | pl05 |  |  |  |  | (NA) |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November $\qquad$ <br> December $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (a). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and " $N A^{\prime}$ ", not available.
Graphs of these series are shown on page 62.
${ }^{1}$ Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on page 63.

## APPENDIXES

## A. QCD and Related Measures of Variability

Part 1. Quarterly Series: Average Percentage Changes


See definitions of measures at end of part 1 .

Part 1. Quarterly Series: Average Percentage Changes-Continued

| Quarterly series | Period covered | $\overline{\mathrm{Cl}}$ | $\overline{1}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\overline{1} / \bar{C}$ | QCD | $\begin{aligned} & T / \bar{C} \\ & \text { for } \\ & Q C D \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cl | 1 | C | QCD |
| D. OTHER KEY INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 252. Exports of goods and services. | 10 '60-110 70. | 3.79 | 2.40 | 2.63 | . 91 | 1 | . 91 | 2.76 | 1.35 | 5.31 | 2.76 |
| 253. Imports of goods and services. | 10 '60-110 $70 . .$. | 3.18 | 1.86 | 2.37 | .79 | 1 | .79 | 2.76 | 1.30 | 6.27 | 2.76 |
| 264. National defense purchases. | 1Q '53-11Q '70. . | 2.19 | . 83 | 1.82 | . 45 | 1 | . 45 | 2.65 | 1.23 | 4.60 | 2.65 |
| 530. Liquid liabilities to all foreigners | 1Q '60-1Q '70. | 2.62 | 1.06 | 2.09 | . 51 | 1 | . 51 | 2.35 | 1.29 | 2.86 | 2.35 |
| 532. Liquid and certain nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies. | 1Q '60-10 '70 | 4.38 | 2.85 | 2.84 | 1.00 | 2 | . 33 | 2.11 | 1.14 | 3.08 | 2.60 |
| 534. U.S. official reserve assets | 10 '60-10 '70 | 2.19 | 1.14 | 1.80 | . 63 | . | . 63 | 2.86 | 1.29 | 3.64 | 2.86 |
| 536. Merchandise exports, adjusted. | IQ '60-1Q '70 | 4.59 | 3.39 | 2.58 | 1.31 | 2 | . 62 | 1.74 | 1.38 | 3.64 | 3.55 |
| 537. Merchandise imports, adjusted. | IQ '60-1Q '70... | 4.40 | 2.60 | 3.16 | . 82 | 1 | . 82 | 3.08 | 1.29 | 6.67 | 3.08 |
| 540. Investment income, military sales, and other services, exports | 1Q '60-1Q '70 . . . | 3.49 | 2.14 | 2.60 | . 82 | 1 | . 82 | 1.90 | 1.33 | 8.00 | 1.90 |
| 541. Foreign investment income, military expenditures, and other services, imports. | 1Q '60-1Q '70... | 2.57 | 1.34 | 2.07 | . 65 | 1 | .65 | 2.50 | 1.21 | 6.67 | 2.50 |
| 542. Income on U.S. investments abroad | IQ '60-10 '70... | 5.64 | 3.72 | 3.72 | 1.00 | 2 | . 40 | 1.90 | 1.18 | 3.64 | 3.00 |
| 543. Income on foreign investments in U.S. | 10 '60-10 '70... | 4.98 | 1.89 | 4.77 | . 40 | 1 | . 40 | 5.00 | 1.18 | 6.67 | 5.00 |
| 544. Receipts from foreign travelers in U.S. | 10 '60-10 '70. | 3.32 | 1.73 | 2.69 | . 64 | 1 | . 64 | 3.08 | 1.38 | 4.44 | 3.08 |
| 545. Payments by U.S. travelers abroad | IQ '60-10 '70 | 3.88 | 2.58 | 2.61 | . 99 | 1 | . 99 | 2.35 | 1.21 | 3.64 | 2.35 |
| 546. Military sales to foreigners . . . . . . | IQ '60-10 '70... | 18.40 | 14.24 | 9.02 | 1.58 | 2 | . 68 | 1.43 | 1.25 | 2.22 | 2.17 |
| 547. U.S. military expenditures abroad ............ | IQ '60-1Q '70... | 3.56 | 2.16 | 2.51 | . 86 | 1 | . 86 | 2.11 | 1.29 | 3.64 | 2.11 |
| 548. Receipts from transportation and other services... | IC '60-10 '70... | 2.60 | 1.69 | 1.98 | . 85 | 1 | . 85 | 3.08 | 1.25 | 13.33 | 3.08 |
| 549. Payments for transportation and other services | 10 '60-1Q '70... | 3.34 | 2.42 | 1.84 | 1.31 | 2 | . 58 | 1.82 | 1.21 | 6.67 | 2.79 |
| 601. Fed. receipts, nat'l. income and product accts. | $10^{\prime} 53.110{ }^{\prime} 70$. | 2.53 | . 90 | 2.33 | . 38 | 1. | . 38 | 3.63 | 1.30 | 6.27 | 3.63 |
| 602. Fed. expend., nat'l. income and product accts. | 1Q '53-11Q '70... | 2.15 | . 90 | 1.90 | . 47 | 1 | . 47 | 4.60 | 1.25 | 6.27 | 4.60 |
| E. ANALYTICAL MEASURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 854. Ratio, personal saving to disposable personal income | IQ '53-ILQ '70 ... | 8.48 | 6.81 | 4.67 | 1.46 | 2 | 54 | 1.47 | 1.30 | 3.63 | 3.24 |
| 858. Output per man-hour, total private nonfarm. | 1Q '53-11Q '70 ... | . 83 | . 39 | .67 | . 58 | 1 | . 58 | 3.00 | 1.21 | 6.27 | 3.00 |

*Series included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of 26 indicators.

## BRIEF DEFINITIONS OF MEASURES SHOWN IN PART 1

The following are brief definitions; more complete explanations appear in Electronic Computers and Business Indicators, by Julius Shiskin, issued as Occasional Paper 57 by the National Bureau of Economic Research, 1957 (reprinted from Journal of Business, October 1957).
$" \overline{\mathrm{Cl}}{ }^{"}$ is the average quarter-to-quarter percentage change, without regard to sign, in the seasonally adjusted series or, if the series contains no measurable seasonal, in the unadjusted series.
$" \overline{\mathrm{C}}$ " is the same for the cyclical component, a smooth, flexible moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
" $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$ " is the same for the irregular component, obtained by dividing the cyclical component into the seasonally adjusted series.
"QCD" (quarters for cyclical dominance) provides an estimate of the appropriate time span over which to observe cyclical movements in a quarterly series. It is small for smooth series and large for irregular series. In deriving QCD, percentage changes are computed separately for the irregular component and the cyclical component over 1-quarter spans (1st quarter-2d quarter, 2d quarter-3d quarter, etc.), 2-quarter spans (lst quarter-3d quarter, 2d quarter-4th quarter, etc.), up to 4 -quarter spans. Averages, without regard to sign, are then computed for the changes over each span. QCD is the shortest span in quarters for which the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the cyclical component is larger than the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the irregular component,
and remains so. Thus, it indicates the point at which fluctuations in the seasonally adjusted series became dominated by cyclical rather than irregular movements. All series with a QCD greater than " 2 " are shown as " 3 ".
" $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \overline{\mathrm{C}}^{\prime}$ is a measure of the relative smoothness (small values) or irregularity (large values) of the seasonally adjusted series. It is shown for 1 -quarter spans and for spans of the period of QCD. When QCD is " 3 ", no $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \overline{\mathrm{C}}$ ratio is shown for the QCD period.
"Average Duration of Run" (ADR) is another measure of smoothness and is equal to the average number of consecutive quarterly changes in the same direction in any series of observations. When there is no change between 2 quarters, a change in the same direction as the preceding change is assumed. The ADR is shown for the seasonally adjusted series CI, irregular component I, cyclical component C, and the QCD curve. The QCD curve is an unweighted moving average (with the number of terms equal to QCD ) of the seasonally adjusted series.

A comparison of these measures of ADR with the expected ADR of a random series gives an indication of whether the changes approximate those of a random series. Over 1quarter intervals in a random series, the expected value of the $A D R$ is 1.5 . The actual value of $A D R$ falls between 1.36 and 1.75 about 95 percent of the time. Over 1-quarter intervals in a moving average ( QCD ) of a random series, the expected value of ADR is 2.0 . For example, the ADR of CI is 1.47 for the series on the ratio of personal saving to disposable personal income (series 854). This indicates that 1 -quarter
changes in the seasonally adjusted series, on the average reverse sign about as often as expected in a random series. The ADR measures shown in the next two columns, 1.30 for I and 3.63 for $C$, suggest that the seasonally adjusted series has been successfully separated into an essentially random component and a cyclical (nonrandom) component. Finally, ADR is 3.24 for the QCD moving average. This indicates that a 2-quarter moving average of the seasonally adjusted series
(2 quarters being the QCD span) reverses direction, on the average, about every 3 quarters. The increase in the ADR from 1.47 for $C I$ to 3.24 for the QCD moving average indicates that, for this series, quarter-to-quarter changes in the QCD moving average usually reflect the underlying cyclical trend movements of the series, whereas the quarter-to-quarter changes in the seasonally adjusted series usually do not.

## A. QCD and Related Measures of Variability-Continued

Part 2. Quarterly Series: Average Actual Changes

*Series included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of 26 indicators. when QCD is "3".

## BRIEF DEFINITIONS OF MEASURES SHOWN IN PART 2

These measures are computed by an additive method. This method is used for series with zero or negative data and for other series where it seems appropriate, such as series expressed in percent.

Thus, " $\overline{\mathrm{CI}}$ " is the average quarter-to-quarter change in the seasonally adjusted series. This average is computed without regard to sign and is expressed in the same unit of measure as the series itself.
" $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ " is the same for the cyclical component, which is a moving average of the seasonally adjusted series
" $\overline{\mathrm{I}}$ " is the same for the irregular component, which is determined by subtracting the cyclical component from the seasonally adjusted series.

All other measures have the same meaning as in part 1
B. Current Adjustment Factors

| Series | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 5. Average weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance. . . . | 149.8 | 114.4 | 93.1 | 92.6 | 79.4 | 81.7 | 122.4 | 84.5 | 71.6 | 79.8 | 97.4 | 132.8 |
| 13. New business incorporations ${ }^{1}$.... | 104.6 | 94.1 | 110.9 | 107.1 | 98.9 | 106.4 | 99.3 | 94.3 | 97.7 | 95.4 | 85.7 | 102.8 |
| 15. Profits (after taxes) per dollar of sales, mfg. ${ }^{2}$. | -•• | 97.4 | -•• | -•• | 103.4 | * | -•• | 96.4 | ... | -•• | 102.9 | $\cdots$ |
| 33. Net change in mortgage debt held by financial institutions and life insurance companies ${ }^{1}{ }^{3}$......... | -332 | $-404$ | $-142$ | -6 | -90 | +371 | +11 | +213 | +110 | +66 | -43 | +231 |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent of companies reporting higher inventories $\qquad$ | 99.9 | 101.0 | 110.2 | 104.9 | 105.8 | 107.9 | 104.4 | 99.9 | 93.2 | 86.4 | 94.7 | 90.8 |
| 39. Delinquency rate, 30 days and over, total installment loans ${ }^{4}$. . . . . . . . | ... | 106.4 | ... | 93.1 | ... | 91.3 | ... | 98.9 | ... | 95.8 | $\cdots$ | 112.9 |
| 72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding. | 100.3 | 99.2 | 99.8 | 100.1 | 100.1 | 100.7 | 101.4 | 99.7 | 99.2 | 99.6 | 99.3 | 100.3 |
| 508. Index of export orders, nonelectrical machinery. | 103.1 | 105.1 | 108.2 | 98.7 | 97.7 | 100.5 | 98.5 | 92.0 | 98.9 | 101.0 | 94.1 | 101.6 |
| 616. Defense Department obligations, total $\qquad$ | 97.8 | 83.7 | 89.3 | 93.5 | 90.6 | 143.7 | 102.6 | 99.9 | 115.8 | 106.0 | 86.4 | 90.9 |
| 621. Defense Department obligations, procurement. | 86.9 | 77.0 | 84.7 | 84.5 | 83.0 | 194.0 | 58.7 | 86.6 | 153.5 | 112.8 | 83.8 | 95.0 |
| 625. Military contract awards in U.S. . . . | 88.3 | 86.7 | 84.5 | 79.5 | 84.2 | 173.2 | 104.1 | 93.7 | 118.4 | 112.1 | 77.3 | 98.2 |
| D34. Profits, manufacturing (FNCB) ${ }^{5}$. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | -14 | ... | -•• | +12 | ... | ... | -8 | -•• | ... | $+11$ | ... | ... |

NOTE: These series are not published by the source agency in seasonally adjusted form. Seasonal adjustments were made by the Bureau of the Census or the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. They are kept current by the Bureau of the Census. Seasonally adjusted data prepared by the source agency will be substituted whenever they are published. For a description of the method used to compute these factors, see Bureau of the Census Technical Paper No. 15 , The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program.
${ }^{1}$ Factors are products of seasonal and trading-day factors. Seasonally adjusted data resulting from the application of these combined factors may differ slightly from those obtained by separate applications of seasonal and trading-day factors due to rounding.
${ }^{2}$ Quarterly series; figures are placed in middle month of quarter.
${ }^{3}$ These quantities, in millions of dollars, are to be subtracted from the month-to-month net change in the unadjusted monthly totals to yield the seasonally adjusted net change. They were computed by the additive version of the $\mathrm{X}-11$ variant of the Census Method II seasonal adjustment program.
${ }^{4}$ Bimonthly series. Factors are for even-numbered months (February, April, June, etc.).
${ }^{5}$ l-quarter diffusion index: Figures are placed in the lst month of the quarter. The unadjusted diffusion index is computed and the factors, computed by the additive version of the X-Il variant of the Census Method II seasonal adjustment program, are subtracted to yield the seasonally adjusted index.

## C. Historical Data for Selected Series

This appendix contains historical data (back to 1945 if available) for selected BCD series. Dota are published here for (a) series which have been added to the report, (b) series which hove been revised, and (c) series which have not been shown here for a long time. See the "Index--Series Finding Guide" for the lotest issue in which historical doto were published for each series. Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol (u) (indicating unadiusted
data) follows the series title. Official source agency annual figures are shown if available. Such figures are often based on data with more digits or on dato which have not been seasonally odiusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from annual figures based on the monthly or quarterly data shown here. Current figures are shown in the basic data tables of the report and may be used to update the tables below.

| Year | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly |  |  |  | Annual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mor. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | 10 | 110 | III 0 | IV Q |  |
| 6. VALUE OF MANUFACTURERS' NEW ORDERS, DURABLE GOOOS INDUSTRIES (BILLIONS OF DOLLARS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | TOTAL FOR PERIOD |  |  |  |  |
| 1945... | -* | -** | -•• | -** | -•• | -•• | ** | -•• | $\cdots$ | -•• | -•* | -** | -* | -•• | -•• | -* | -•* |
| 1947... | 5.66 | 59.98 | 5090 | 5.89 | 6.2i | 5:92 | 5095 | 6.19 | 6.83 | 6:999 | 7.30 | $7: 70$ | 17.30 | 18:02 | 18.97 | 22.07 | 76.60 |
| 1948... | 7.46 | 7.50 | 7.82 | 8.00 | 8.06 | 8.85 | 8.85 | 8.92 | 8.38 | 8.34 | 7.95 | 7.72 | 22.78 | 24.91 | 26.15 | 24.01 | 76.60 97.85 |
| 1949... | 7.14 | 7.08 | 6.67 | 6.16 | 6.02 | 5.75 | 5.93 | 6.85 | 6.92 | 6.77 | 7.12 | 7.00 | 20.89 | 17.93 | 19.70 | 20.89 | 79.41 |
| 1950... | 7.56 | 7.62 | 7.86 | 8.35 | 9.23 | 9.39 | 11.52 | 14.21 | 11.79 | 12.00 | 10.95 | 11.88 | 23.04 | 26.97 | 37.52 | 34.83 | 122.36 |
| 1951... | 15.46 | 14.08 | 14.64 | 13.84 | 13.25 | 12.88 | 12.61 | 11.41 | 10.75 | 11.98 | 11.55 | 11.18 | 44.18 | 39.97 | 34.77 | 34.71 | 153.63 |
| 1952... | 11.06 | 11.06 | 12.81 | 12.94 | 10.86 | 13.00 | 12.04 | 11.76 | 12.66 | 11.85 | 11.95 | 12.89 | 34.93 | 36.80 | 36.46 | 36.69 | 144.88 |
| 1953... | 14.45 | 14.21 | 13.34 | 13.69 | 13.58 | 13.20 | 12.35 | 10.89 | 9.71 | 9.99 | 9.94 | 9.96 | 42.00 | 40.47 | 32.95 | 29.89 | 145.31 |
| 1954... | 9.99 | 10.31 | 9.72 | 10.17 | 9.75 | 10.29 | 10.50 | 10.45 | 11.69 | 12.64 | 11.14 | 12.60 | 30.02 | 30.21 | 32.64 | 36.38 | 129.25 |
| 1955... | 13.48 | 13.92 | 14.96 | 14.24 | 14.51 | 14.84 | 14.98 | 15.04 | 15.74 | 15.74 | 25.74 | 16.42 | 42.36 | 43.59 | 45.76 | 47.90 | 179.61 |
| 1956... | 15.72 | 14.61 | 15.04 | 15.69 | 15.16 | 15.06 | 14.75 | 17.73 | 14.78 | 14.84 | 15.78 | 15.73 | 45.37 | 45.91 | 47.26 | 46.35 | 184.89 |
| 1957... | 15.16 | 15.64 | 15.14 | 14.11 | 14.58 | 14.23 | 13.43 | 14.03 | 13.64 | 12.96 | 13.58 | 12.54 | 45.94 | 42.92 | 41.10 | 39.08 | 169.04 |
| 1958... | 11.62 | 11.67 | 12.66 | 11.69 | 12.44 | 13.13 | 13.40 | 13.32 | 13.64 | 14.63 | 15.36 | 14.62 | 35.95 | 37.26 | 40.36 | 44.61 | 158.18 |
| 1959... | 15.52 | 16.90 | 16.98 | 17.08 | 16.30 | 16.72 | 16.08 | 14.62 | 15.25 | 15.48 | 14.57 | 15.76 | 49.40 | 50.10 | 45.95 | 45.81 | 191.26 |
| 1960... | 15.68 | 15.52 | 15.27 | 14.92 | 15.36 | 15.43 | 15.25 | 15.65 | 15.69 | 14.50 | 14.62 | 14.86 | 46.47 | 45.71 | 46.59 | 43.98 | 182.75 |
| 1961... | 14.16 | 14.36 | 14.44 | 15.26 | 15.48 | 15.83 | 15.56 | 16.46 | 16.28 | 16.40 | 16.91 | 17.46 | 42.96 | 46.57 | 48.30 | 50.77 | 188.60 |
| 1962... | 17.27 | 17.30 | 16.78 | 16.59 | 16.80 | 16.41 | 16.71 | 16.79 | 17.01 | 17.51 | 17.24 | 18.04 | 51.35 | 49.80 | 50.51 | 52.79 | 204.45 |
| 1963... | 17.96 | 18.58 | 18.78 | 18.41 | 18.90 | 17.89 | 18.72 | 18.29 | 18.78 | 18.95 | 18.64 | 18.42 | 55.32 | 55.20 | 55.79 | 56.01 | 222.32 |
| 1964... | 19.89 | 19.35 | 19.37 | 20.03 | 20.25 | 20.32 | 21.27 | 19.74 | 20.96 | 20.39 | 20.34 | 21.51 | 58.61 | 60.60 | 61.97 | 62.24 | 243.42 |
| 1965... | 22.49 | 21.81 | 22.28 | 22.78 | 22.29 | 22.45 | 23.17 | 23.50 | 22,84 | 23.66 | 24.11 | 24.72 | 66.58 | 67.52 | 69.51 | 72.49 | 276.10 |
| 1966... | 25.33 | 25.22 | 26.26 | 25.83 | 25.61 | 26.08 | 25.67 | 25.01 | 26.93 | 25.72 | 24.91 | 25.09 | 76.81 | 77.52 | 77.61 | 75,72 | 307.66 |
| 1967... | 25.06 | 24.29 | 24.19 | 24.32 | 25.92 | 26.32 | 25.38 | 25.95 | 25.09 | 25.18 | 25.66 | 28.00 | 73.54 | 76.56 | 76.42 | 78.84 | 305.36 |
| 1968... | 26.29 | 26.52 | 28.45 | 27.44 | 27.75 | 27.35 | 27.33 | 27.08 | 28.81 | 29.60 | 29.00 | 28.50 | 81.26 | 82.54 | 83.22 | 87.10 | 334.12 |
| 1969... | 28.76 | 29.38 | 29.48 | 30.14 | 29.74 | 28.60 | 30.52 | 29.61 | 31.03 | $30 \cdot 10$ | 29.80 | 29.22 | 87.62 | 88.48 | 91.16 | 89.12 | 356.38 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1970... } \\ & \text { 1971... } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Contracts ano orders for plant and equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | total for period |  |  |  |  |
| 1945... | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -** | -•• | ** | -* | -•• | -* | * | ** | -•• | . ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | ... | -•• | ** |
| 1946... | . | ... | -•* | ... | -•• | -.. | . $\cdot$. | ... | . $\cdot$ | -.. | -•• | . | . | ... | -•• | , | -•• |
| 1948... | 2.50 | 1072 | 1.66 | 1.84 | 1.59 | 1.84 | 1.08 | 1.60 | 1.90 | 1.02 | 1.00 | 1.90 | 4.88 | 5.27 | $4: 87$ | 4081 | 19.83 |
| 1949... | 1.31 | 1.42 | 1.41 | 1.21 | 1.25 | 1.37 | 1.26 | 1.36 | 1.49 | 1.43 | 1.61 | 1.46 | 4.14 | 3.83 | 4.11 | 4.50 | 16.58 |
| 1950... | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 2.16 | 2.09 | 2.53 | 3.20 | 3.01 | 2.71 | 2.72 | 3.00 | 4.94 | 5.99 | 8.74 | 8.43 | 28.10 |
| 1951... | 3.43 | 3.51 | 3.19 | 3.21 | 4.36 | 2.98 | 2.84 | 2.73 | 2.36 | 2.63 | 2.63 | 2.83 | 10.13 | 10.55 | 7.93 | 8.09 | 26.70 |
| 1952... | 2.51 | 2.55 | 2.59 | 2.56 | 2.39 | 2.69 | 2.76 | 2.48 | 3.34 | 2.50 | 2.36 | 2.83 | 7.65 | 7.64 | 8.58 | 7.69 | 31.56 |
| :953... | 2.84 | 2.88 | 2.64 | 2.88 | 2.76 | 2.16 | 2.66 2.65 | 2.23 | 2.57 | 2.72 | 2.34 | 2.14 | 8.36 | 7.80 | 7.46 | 7.20 | 30.82 |
| 1954... | 2.20 | 2.24 | 1.91 | 1.96 | 2.00 | 2.05 | 2.15 | 2.15 | 2.31 | 2.43 | 2.25 | 2.40 | 6.35 | 6.01 | 6.61 | 7.08 | 26.05 |
| 1955... | 2.50 | 2.72 | 3.15 | 2.93 | 2.80 | 2.99 | 2.97 | 3.15 | 3.33 | 3.20 | 3.45 | 3.45 | 8.37 | 8.72 | 9.45 | 10.10 | 36.64 |
| 1956... | 3.35 | 3.26 | 3.28 | 3.40 | 3.56 | 3.60 | 3.43 | 3.41 | 3.33 | 3.34 | 3.79 | 3.58 | 9.89 | 10.56 | 10.17 | 10.71 | 41.33 |
| 1957... | 3.65 | 3.55 | 3.52 | 3.15 | 3.29 | 3.13 | 3.06 | 3.13 | 2.83 | 2.89 | 2.89 | 2.74 | 10.72 | 9.57 | 9.02 | 8.52 | 37.83 |
| 1958... | 2.77 | 2.67 | 2.66 | 2.69 | 2.72 | 2.85 | 2.75 | 3.13 | 3.14 | 3.04 | 3.00 | 2.91 | 8.10 | 8.26 | 9.02 | 8.95 | 34.33 |
| 1959... | 3.09 | 3.19 | 3.73 | 3.35 | 3.46 | 3.54 | 3.61 | 3.22 | 3.63 | 3.50 | 3.30 | 3.49 | 10.01 | 10.35 | 10.46 | 10.29 | 41.11 |
| 1960... | 3.27 | 3.35 | 3.27 | 3.52 | 3.51 | 3.41 | 3.41 | 3.41 | 3.44 | 3.34 | 3.20 | 3.49 | 9.89 | 10.44 | 10.26 | 10.03 | 40.62 |
| 1961... | 3.48 | 3.40 | 3.25 | 3.27 | 3.22 | 3.41 | 3.49 | 3.67 | 3.43 | 3.51 | 3.72 | 3.43 | 10.13 | 9.90 | 10.59 | 10.66 | 41.28 |
| 1962... | 3.62 | 3.94 | 3.65 | 3.85 | 3.68 | 3.61 | 3.65 | 3.66 | 3.64 | 3.73 | 4.00 | 4.08 | 11.21 | 11.14 | 10.95 | 11.81 | 45.11 |
| 1963... | 3.80 | 3.91 | 3.88 | 3.98 | 4.36 | 3.99 | 3.96 | 4.07 | 4.20 | 4.28 | 4.50 | 4.56 | 11.59 | 12.33 | 12.23 | 13.34 | 49.49 |
| 1964... | 4.70 | 4.24 | 4.43 | 4.46 | 4.82 | 4.95 | 4.64 | 4.69 | 4.75 | 4.79 | 5.10 | 5.17 | 13.37 | 14.23 | 14.08 | 15.06 | 56.74 |
| 1965... | 4.89 | 4.93 | 5.22 | 5.25 | 5.18 | 5.10 | 5.27 | 5.08 | 5.49 | 5.51 | 5.45 | 5.82 | 15.04 | 15.53 | 15.84 | 16.78 | 63.19 |
| 1966... | 5.81 | 6.37 | 6.25 | 6.45 | 6.30 | 6.13 | 6.58 | 6.25 | 6.83 | 6.30 | 6.03 | 6.04 | 18.43 | 18.88 |  | 18.37 | 75.34 |
| 1967... | 5.28 | 5.80 | 5.91 | 5.70 | 5.83 | 6.06 | 6.00 | 6.34 | 6.07 | 6.39 | 6.17 | 6.33 | 16.99 | 17.59 | 18.41 | 18.89 | 71.88 |
| 1968... | 5.09 | 6.00 | 6.24 | 5.70 | 6.20 | 6.64 | 6.48 | 7.41 | 6.48 | 7.59 | 6.67 | 7.36 | 18.33 | 18.54 | 20.37 | 21.62 | 78.85 |
| 1969... | 8.38 | 7.34 | 7.26 | 7.78 | 7.73 | 7.27 | 7.38 | 7.07 | 7.77 | 7.34 | 7.11 | 7.85 | 22.98 | 22.78 | 22.22 | 22.30 | 90.28 |
| 1970...$1971 . \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24. VALUE OF MANUFACTURERS' NEW ORDERS, PRODUCERS' CAPITAL GOODS INDUSTRIES (BILLIONS OF DOLLARS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | TOTAL FOR PERIOD |  |  |  |  |
| 1945*.. | - | * | - | -* | " | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | -•• | -•• | , | -•• | - | -•• | -•• | - |
| 1946... | . . $\cdot$ | . |  | . $\cdot$. | . | ... | . ${ }^{\circ}$ | -•• | $\cdots$ | : . | -•• | *. | ... | . $\cdot$ | ... | -. | . $\cdot$. |
| 1947... | $\cdots$ |  |  | . 0 | $\cdots$ | -..7 | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | . | 50 | 1 | $\cdots$ |  |
| 1948... | 1.28 | 1.43 | 1.45 | 1.62 | 1.31 | 1.57 | 1.38 | 1.36 | 1.38 | 1.39 | 1.40 | 1.43 | 4.16 | 4.50 | 4.12 | 4.22 | 17.00 |
| 1949... | 1.13 | 1.22 | 1.21 | 1.02 | 1.08 | 1.13 | 1.06 | 1.13 | 1.26 | 1.19 | 1.25 | 1.20 | 3.56 | 3.23 | 3.45 | 3.64 | 13.88 |
| 1950... | 1.32 | 1.42 | 1.43 | 1.49 | 1.88 | 1.81 | 2.22 | 2.81 | 2.64 | 2.40 | 2.37 | 2.68 | 4.17 | 5.18 | 7.67 | 7.45 | 24.47 |
| 1951... | 3.06 | 3.09 | 2.92 | 2.88 | 2.74 | 2.56 | 2.46 | 2.35 | 2.11 | 2.40 | 2.38 | 2.37 | 9.07 | 8.18 | 6.92 | 7.15 | 31.32 |
| 1952... | 2.18 | 2.25 | 2.30 | 2.22 | 2.04 | 2.23 | 2.36 | 2.07 | 2.20 | 2.19 | 1.97 | 2.19 | 6.73 | 6.49 | 6.63 | 6.35 | 26.20 |
| 1953... | 2.57 | 2.43 | 2.29 | 2.41 | 2.30 | 1.90 | 2.09 | 1.84 | 1.88 | 1.80 | 1,78 | 1.76 | 7.29 | 6.61 | 5.81 | 5.34 | 25.05 |
| 1954... | 1.78 | 1.86 | 1.56 | 1.65 | 1.61 | 1.65 | 1.75 | 1.74 | 1.94 | 1.93 | 1.83 | 1.95 | 5.20 | 4.91 | 5.43 | 5.71 | 21.25 |
| 1955... | 2.09 | 2.29 | 2.62 | 2.30 | 2.31 | 2.47 | 2.43 | 2.59 | 2.57 | 2.64 | 2.77 | 2.87 | 7.00 | 7.08 | 7.59 | 8.28 | 29.95 |
| 1956... | 2.72 | 2.55 | 2.68 | 2.82 | 2.99 | 3.02 | 2.77 | 2.84 | 2.84 | 2.88 | 3.21 | 3.07 | 7.95 | 8.83 | 8.45 | 9.16 | 34.39 |
| 1957... | 2.96 | 2.96 | 2.83 | 2.61 | 2.63 | 2.53 | 2.52 | 2.56 | 2.42 | 2.36 | 2.33 | 2.16 | 8.75 | 7.77 | 7.50 | 6.85 | 30.87 |
| 1958... | 2.28 | 2.16 | 2.21 | 2.25 | 2.26 | 2.28 | 2.29 | 2.46 | 2.56 | 2.48 | 2.58 | 2.47 | 6.65 | 6.79 | 7.31 | 7.53 | 28.28 |
| 1959... | 2.62 | 2.70 | 3.06 | 2.79 | 2.92 | 3.00 | 3.03 | 2.79 | 3.04 | 2.93 | 2.74 | 2.96 | 8.38 | 8.71 | 8.86 | 8.63 | 34.58 |
| 1960... | 2.73 | 2.83 | 2.78 | 2.90 | 2.89 | 2.87 | 2.78 | 2.78 | 2.75 | 2.69 | 2.60 | 2.86 | 8.34 | 8.66 | 8,31 | 8.15 | 33.46 |
| 1961... | 2.74 | 2.76 | 2.76 | 2.73 | 2.66 | 2.81 | 2.94 | 3.08 | 2.91 | 2.94 | 3.04 | 2.88 | 8.26 | 8.20 | 8.93 | 8.86 | 34.25 |
| 1962... | 3.06 | 3.27 | 2.92 | 3.20 | 3.02 | 2.97 | 3.00 | 2.99 | 3.06 | 3.11 | 3.34 | 3.15 | 9.25 | 9.19 | 9.05 | 9.60 | 37.09 |
| 1963... | 3.21 | 3.29 | 3.34 | 3.35 | 3.49 | 3.33 | 3.36 | 3.47 | 3.53 | 3.54 | 3.45 | 3.61 | 9.84 | 10.17 | 10.36 | 10.60 | 40.97 |
| 1964... | 3.94 | 3.52 | 3.77 | 3.72 | 4.12 | 4.23 | 3.90 | 3.94 | 3.92 | 4.01 | 4.06 | 4.15 | 11.23 | 12.07 | 11.76 | 12.22 | 47.28 |
| 1965... | 4.13 | 4.06 | 4.40 | 4.34 | 4.23 | 4.38 | 4.46 | 4.34 | 4.50 | 4.63 | 4.72 | 5.05 | 12.59 | 12.95 | 13.30 | 14.40 | 53.24 |
| 1966... | 4.79 | 5.25 | $5 \cdot 17$ | 5.33 | 5.37 | 5.31 | 5.57 | 5.20 | 5.46 | 5.36 | 5.15 | 5.19 | 15.21 | 16.01 | 16.23 | 15.70 | 63.15 |
| 1967... | 4.43 | 4.69 | 4.73 | 4.78 | 4.88 | 5.03 | 5.13 | 5.24 | 4.99 | 5.04 | 5.12 | 5.40 | 13.85 | 14.69 | 15.36 | 15.56 | 59.46 |
| 1968... | 5.06 | 4.87 | 4.95 | 4.99 | 5.03 | 5.41 | 5.24 | 5.59 | 5.19 | 5.96 | 5.47 | 5.81 | 14.88 | 15.43 | 16.02 | 17.24 | 63.57 |
| 1969... | 6.07 | 6.01 | 6.04 | 6.62 | 6.14 | 5.99 | 6.01 | 5.75 | 6.49 | 5.80 | 5.98 | 6.00 | 18.12 | 18.75 | 18.25 | 17.78 | 72.90 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1970... } \\ & 1971 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## C. Historical Data for Selected Series-Continued

This appendix contains historical data (back to 1945 if available) for selected BCD series. Dota are published here for (a) series which have been added to the report, (b) series which have been revised, and (c) series which have not been shown here for a long time. See the "Index--Series Finding Guide" for the latest issue in which historical data were published for each series. Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol (⿺) (indicating unadiusted
data) follows the series title. Official source agency annual figures are shown if available. Such figures ore often based on data with more digits or on data which have not been seasonally adiusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from annual figures based on the monthly or quarterly data shown here. Current figures are shown in the basic data tables of the report and may be used to update the tables below.


## C. Historical Data for Selected Series-Continued

This appendix contoins historical data (back to 1945 if available) for selected BCD series. Data are published here for (a) series which have been added to the report, (b) series which have been revised, and (c) series which have not been shown here for a long time. See the "Index--Series Finding Guide" for the latest issue in which historical data were published for each series. Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol (u) (indicating unadiusted
data) follows the series title. Official source agency annual figures are shown if ayailable. Such figures are often based on data with more digits or on dato which have not been seasonally adjusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from annual figures based on the monthly or quarterly data shown here. Current figures are shown in the basie dato tables of the report and may be used to update the tables below.

| Year | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly |  |  |  | Annual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jon. | Feb. | Mor. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | 10 | 110 | III 0 | IV Q |  |

65. MANUFACTURERS' INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, BOOK VALUE, ALL MANUFACTURING iNDUSTRIES

| 1945... | 4.16 | 4.07 | 4.03 | 4.05 | 4.03 | 4.00 | 4.06 | 4.05 | 4.14 | 4.20 | 4.36 | 4.35 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1946... | 4.33 | 4.62 | 4.54 | 4.46 | 4.39 | 4.37 | 4.71 | 5.08 | 5.37 | 5.83 | 5.91 | 5.80 |
| 1947... | 6.13 | 6.32 | 6.43 | 6.57 | 6.69 | 6.83 | 7.10 | 7.28 | 7.37 | 7.57 | 7.55 | 7.54 |
| 1948... | 7.73 | 7.84 | 7.96 | 8.02 | 8.13 | 8.22 | 8.43 | 8.53 | 8.80 | 8.95 | 8.99 | 9.15 |
| 1949... | 9.33 | 9.52 | 9.64 | 9.62 | 9.53 | 9.52 | 9.39 | 9.25 | 9.13 | 9.12 | 8.92 | 8.98 |
| 1950... | 8.99 | 9.03 | 9.09 | 9.08 | 9.03 | 9.10 | 8.79 | 8.57 | 8.68 | 8.85 | 9.17 | 9.22 |
| 1951... | 9.33 | 9.49 | 9.65 | 9.98 | 10.43 | 10.91 | 11.55 | 12.05 | 12.34 | 12.32 | 12.22 | 12.28 |
| 1952... | 12.48 | 12.55 | 12.64 | 12.57 | 12.33 | 12.34 | 12.31 | 12.35 | 12.36 | 12.33 | 12.32 | 12.33 |
| 1953... | 12.45 | 12.40 | 12.41 | 12.47 | 12.66 | 12.80 | 12.93 | 13.14 | 13.31 | 13.47 | 13.57 | 13.62 |
| 1954... | 13.62 | 13.64 | 13.71 | 13.56 | 13.46 | 13.47 | 13.45 | 13.32 | 13.28 | 13.32 | 13.28 | 13.46 |
| 1955... | 13.55 | 13.61 | 13.65 | 13.60 | 13.62 | 13.62 | 13.61 | 13.72 | 13.75 | 13.82 | 13.98 | 14.01 |
| 1956... | 14.20 | 14.39 | 14.48 | 14.59 | 14.82 | 15.24 | 15.42 | 15.71 | 15.96 | 16.02 | 16.21 | 16.19 |
| 1957... | 16.35 | 16.40 | 16.52 | 16.56 | 16.72 | 16.78 | 16.89 | 16.92 | 16.88 | 16.86 | 16.74 | 16.75 |
| 1958... | 16.74 | 16.67 | 16.68 | 16.61 | 16.50 | 16.42 | 16.28 | 16.13 | 16.11 | 16.11 | 16.24 | 16.25 |
| 1959... | 16.24 | 16.31 | 16.36 | 16.45 | 16.52 | 16.47 | 16.50 | 16.59 | 16.63 | 16.70 | 16.81 | 17.00 |
| 1960... | 17.23 | 17.45 | 17.68 | 17.83 | 18.03 | 18.23 | 18.38 | 18.37 | 18.50 | 18.55 | 18.57 | 18.54 |
| 1961... | 18.49 | 18.62 | 18.60 | 18.71 | 18.70 | 18.75 | 18.67 | 18.82 | 18.72 | 18.96 | 18.99 | 18.83 |
| 1962... | 18.98 | 18.94 | 19.02 | 19.02 | 19.23 | 19.41 | 19.57 | 19.71 | 19.86 | 19.94 | 19.94 | 20.06 |
| 1963... | 19.98 | 20.01 | 19.97 | 19.89 | 19.98 | 20.21 | 20.11 | 20.28 | 20.44 | 20.44 | 20.57 | 20.63 |
| 1964... | 20.64 | 20.76 | 20.84 | 20.96 | 21.01 | 21.00 | 21.06 | 21.08 | 21.07 | 21.30 | 21.39 | 21.50 |
| 1965... | 21.61 | 21.65 | 21.74 | 21.55 | 21.66 | 21.79 | 21.94 | 21.94 | 22.10 | 22.18 | 22.32 | 22.46 |
| 1966... | 22.65 | 22.77 | 22,94 | 23.01 | 23.22 | 23.50 | 23.73 | 23.90 | 24.23 | 24.43 | 24.79 | 25.07 |
| 1967... | 25.40 | 25.64 | 25.83 | 26.14 | 26.31 | 26.34 | 26.44 | 26.63 | 26.74 | 26.78 | 26.87 | 27.00 |
| 1968... | 27.13 | 27.14 | 27.28 | 27.31 | 27.44 | 27.57 | 27.68 | 27.94 | 28.27 | 28.43 | 28.64 | 28.91 |
| 1969... | 28.89 | 29.15 | 29.41 | 29.64 | 30.00 | 30.16 | 30.33 | 30.53 | 30.75 | 30.83 | 31.16 | 31.31 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1970... } \\ & 1971 . . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

69. MANUFACTURERS' MAC

| 1945... | - | -** | $\cdots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1946... | ... | -.. | -•• |
| 1947... | . $\cdot$ | . $\cdot$. | . $\cdot$. |
| 1948... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... |
| 1949... | ... | -•. | -•• |
| 1950... | *. | - . | -•* |
| 1951... | . | -•• | . $\cdot$ * |
| 1952... | ... | ... | $\cdots$ |
| 1953... | 33.49 | 33.85 | 33.28 |
| 1954... | 31.49 | 30.46 | 29.39 |
| 1955... | 29.70 | 31.14 | 31.75 |
| 1956... | 34.51 | 35.07 | 35.56 |
| 1957... | 41.77 | 42.65 | 41.47 |
| 1958... | 38.04 | 36.64 | 36.47 |
| 1959... | 36.71 | 37.56 | 37.99 |
| 1960... | 41.00 | 40.62 | 41.20 |
| 1961... | 40.60 | 40.81 | 40.27 |
| 1962... | 42.41 | 43.51 | 44.23 |
| 1963... | 44.30 | 45.20 | 44.75 |
| 1964... | 50.24 | 50.11 | 50.57 |
| 1965... | 57.53 | 58.26 | 60.09 |
| 1966... | 68.37 | 68.06 | 70.75 |
| 1967... | 73.85 | 73.13 | 72.18 |
| 1968... | 76.72 | 75.36 | 75.73 |
| 1969... | 85.53 | 85.27 | 85.84 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1970... } \\ & 1971 . . . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |


| 31. change in book value of manufacturing and trade inventories, total (ANNUAL RATE, BILLIONS OF DOLLARS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1945... | -* | -•• | $\cdots$ | - | - $*$ | - $\cdot$ | -* | . | -•• |  |
| 1946... | -•* | -•• | $\cdots$ | -•• | - $\cdot$ | - . 0 | ... | -.. | $\cdot$ |  |
| 1947... | ... | $\cdots$ | \# $\because$ | -•* | $\because$ | -•• | $\because 9$ |  |  |  |
| 1948... | -** | 8.6 | 7.1 | 4.5 | 2.0 | 9.0 | 11.4 | 5.1 | 5.2 |  |
| 1949... | 9.6 | 0.3 | -3.1 | -7.8 | -6.5 | -5.5 | -4.4 | -2.9 | 1.0 |  |
| 1950... | 1.9 | -0.3 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 8.3 | 7.3 | -3.2 | 21.9 | 17.8 | 20 |
| 1951... | 29.2 | 17.8 | 18.4 | 16.6 | 14.5 | 9.4 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 0.1 |  |
| 1952... | 5.7 | -1.1 | -0.2 | -2.2 | -4.5 | 2.2 | -3.0 | -1.0 | 10.8 |  |
| 1953... | 19.6 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 5.4 | 8.7 | 3.9 | 5.7 | 9.5 | 2.8 | 2.6 |  |
| 1954... | -4.7 | -3.5 | -3.8 | -4.6 | -3.8 | -4.6 | -4.2 | -5.4 | -0.9 |  |
| 1955... | 4.5 | 3.2 | 7.6 | 0.8 | 6.0 | 8.0 | 6.6 | 8.9 | 5.0 | 1 |
| 1956... | 9.1 | 12.7 | 5.1 | 13.1 | 8.0 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 8.0 |  |
| 1957... | 6.6 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 3.7 | -0.1 | 0.9 | 3.0 | 7.0 | 5.6 |  |
| 1958... | -4.7 | -7.1 | $-5.4$ | $-8.3$ | -6.8 | -3.1 | -3.7 | -2.8 | 4.2 |  |
| 1959... | 2.4 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 14.6 | 6.4 | 9.9 | 7.2 | -0.5 | -5.2 |  |
| 1960... | 10.6 | 13.0 | 9.4 | 0.7 | 6.8 | 2.4 | 4.0 | -3.8 | 2.2 | - |
| 1961... | -5.0 | -2.0 | -5.7 | 0.0 | 1.1 | -1.3 | 2.2 | 5.3 | 5.3 |  |
| 1962... | 6.8 | $7 \cdot 1$ | 8.0 | 1.5 | 8.9 | 6.1 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 8.7 |  |
| 1963... | 1.5 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 4.8 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 6.9 |  |
| 1964... | 5.7 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 6.6 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 2.0 | 4.9 | 13.3 |  |
| 1965... | 10.5 | 6.0 | 15.4 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 9.5 | 11.8 | 12.7 | 3.9 |  |
| 1966... | 8.8 | 16.7 | 14.6 | 12.9 | 18.3 | 20.8 | 14.0 | 17.4 | 12.5 | 1 |
| 1967... | 15.7 | 7.9 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 6.7 | 11.6 | 3.2 |  |
| 1968... | 6.2 | 9.2 | 5.3 | 14.6 | 14.1 | 9.1 | 5.6 | 12.3 | 9.3 | 1 |
| 1969... | 6.4 | 14.3 | 12.7 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 11.8 | 10.2 | 11.0 | 12.4 | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1970... } \\ & \text { 1971.... } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

AND EQUIPMENT SALES AND BUSINESS
(ANNUAL RATE, BILLIONS OF DOLLARS)

This appendix contains historical data (back to 1945 if available) for selected BCD series. Data are published here for (a) series which have been added to the report, (b) series which have been revised, and (c) series which hove not been shown here for a long time. See the "Index--Series Finding Guide" for the latest issue in which historical data were published for each series. Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol (4) (indicating unadiusted
data) follows the series title. Official source agency annual figures are shown if available. Such figures are often based on data with more digits or on data which have not been seasonally adjusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from annual figures based on the monthly or quarterly dota shown here. Current figures are shown in the basic data tables of the report and mar be used to update the tables below.

C. Historical Data for Selected Series-Continued

This oppendix contoins historical data (back to 1945 if availoble) for selected 8 BCD series. dato) follows the series title. Official source agency annual figures ore shown if available. Data are published here for (a) series which have been added to the report, (b) series which Index-Series Finding Guide" for the lotest issue in which historical doto were published
have ben rever for each series. Data are seasonally odjusted unless the symbol (1) (indicating unadiusted

Such figures are often based on data with mare digits or on data which have not been seosonally odiusted; therefore, they moy differ slightly from annual figures based on the monthly or quarterly data shown here. Current figures are shown in the basic dota tables of the report and may be used to update the tables below.

${ }^{1}$ Since last shown here, this series has been revised beginning with 1965 .
${ }^{2}$ Since last shown here, this series has been revised over the entire peri
since last shown here, this sertes has been revised beginning with 1966 .
(SEPTEMBER 1971 )


## C. Historical Data for Selected Series-Continued



This appendix contains historical data (back to 1945 if availoble) for selected BCD series. Data are published here for (a) series which have been added to the report, (b) series which have been revised, and (c) series which have not been shown here for a long time. See the "Index--Series Finding Guide" for the latest issue in which histcrical data were published for each series. Data are seasonally odjusted unless the symbol (1) (indicating unadjusted
data) follaws the series title. Official source agency annual figures are shown if ovailable, Such figures are often based on data with mare digits or on data which have not been seasonally adjusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from annual figures based on the monthly or quarterly data shown here. Current figures are shown in the basic data tables of the report and may be used to update the tables below.

| Year | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly |  |  |  | Annual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mor. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | 10 | IIQ | III Q | IV 0 |  |
| 128. Japan--INDEX OF INDUStrial production ${ }^{1}$$(1967=100)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | average for period |  |  |  |  |
| 1945... | $\cdots$ | -•• | -•• | ... | ... | ... | . | ... | -•• | ** | . | -•• | -** | . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -•• |
| 1946... | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -.. | : | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |
| +1947... | - 5 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots 7$ | $\cdots 7$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots 7$ | $\cdots$ | - 5 | " 6 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots 7$ | - 6 |
| 1949... | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 8 |
| 1950... | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 10 |
| 1951... | 13 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| 1952... | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| 1953...: | 15 | 16 | 17 20 | 17 20 | 17 19 | 18 19 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 19 20 | 16 | 17 19 | 18 | 19 19 | 18 19 |
| 1955... | 19 | 19 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 22 | 22 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 20 |
| 1956... | 23 | 23 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 25 | 26 | 26 | 27 | 27 | 28 | 23 | 24 | 26 | 27 | 25 |
| 1957... | 28 | 28 | 28 | 29 | 31 | 30 | 31 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 28 | 30 | 30 | 29 | 29 |
| 1958.... | 29 31 | 29 32 | 29 32 | 29 32 | 28 34 | 28 35 | 29 35 | 29 35 | 29 36 | 30 36 | 29 38 | 30 39 | 29 32 | 28 34 | 29 35 | 30 38 | 29 35 |
| 1960... | 39 | 41 | 41 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 40 | 42 | 44 | 46 | 43 |
| 19610. 1962, | 47 56 | 48 56 | $\begin{array}{r}50 \\ \hline \quad 55\end{array}$ | 49 56 | 50 57 | 51 56 | 52 55 | 53 56 | 53 | 54 | 54 | 55 | 48 | 50 | 53 | 54 | 51 |
| 1963... | 56 | 57 | 58 | 60 | 61 | 60 | 62 | 64 | 64 | 66 | 67 | 67 | 57 | 60 | 63 | 67 | 62 |
| 1964... | 68 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 70 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 74 | 74 | 73 | 75 | 69 | 70 | 73 | 74 | 71 |
| 1965... ${ }^{\text {1966. }}$ | 74 | 73 | 74 | 73 81 | 73 82 | 74 <br> 83 | 74 84 | 74 86 | 74 87 87 | 75 88 | 76 90 | 76 92 | 74 78 | 73 82 | 74 86 | 76 90 | 74 <br> 84 |
| 1967... | 93 | 92 | 95 | 95 | 97 | 99 | 100 | 102 | 105 | 105 | 108 | 109 | 93 | 97 | 102 | 107 | 100 |
| 1968.... | 108 126 | 110 128 | 110 126 | $\begin{array}{r}113 \\ 134 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 116 | 116 | 119 | 119 | 121 | 124 | 127 | 125 | 109 | 115 | 120 | 125 | 117 |
| 1969... | 126 | 128 | 126 | 134 | 134 | 136 | 139 | 138 | 143 | 146 | 145 | 149 | 127 | 135 | 140 | 147 | 137 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1970 \ldots \\ & 1971 \ldots \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 781-8. PERCENT CHANGES IN INDEX OF CONSUMER PRICES OVER I-MONTH SPANS ${ }^{2}$ (MONTHLY RATE, PERCENT) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | average for period |  |  |  |  |
| 1945... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ** | -•• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - | -•• |
| 19460.. | :... | 0.6 | 1.8 | 0.0 | -0.9 | 0.0 | 0.7 | O.8 | 20 | $\ldots$ | 80.7 | 1.0 | $\ldots$ | 0.1 | $1: \%$ | $\because \cdot .: 8$ | $\because$ |
| 1948... | 1.2 | -0.1 | -0.7 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.1 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.6 | -0.5 | 0.1 | 0.9 | 1.2 0.3 | 0.8 -0.4 | 0.0 |
| 1949... | -0.1 | -0.4 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -0.9 | 0.0 | 0.2 | -0.4 | 0.2 | -0.4 | -0.2 | (z) | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 |
| 1950... | -0.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 1.5 | (z) | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| 1951... | 1.6 | 1.8 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| 1952... | -0. 1 | $-0.1$ | -0.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 | -0.2 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | (z) | 0.0 |
| 1954... | -0.2 | -0.12 | -0.2 | 0.1 -0.2 | 0.1 0.3 | 0.3 0.0 | -0.3 | 0.2 0.0 | 0.2 -0.2 | 0.2 -0.3 | -0.3 0.1 | 0.0 0.0 | -0.1 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 -0.2 | $(2)$ -0.1 | 0.0 0.0 |
| 1955... | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.2 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | (2) | 0.0 |
| 1956... | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.4 | (2) | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| 1957... | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| 1958... | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 | (2) | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| 1959... | 0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | (2) | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| 1960... | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| 1961... | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | (2) | 0.0 | 0.1 | (2) | 0.0 |
| 1962... | 0.1 0.2 | 0.3 0.1 | 0.2 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -0.2 | 0.11 | 0.2 | -0.5 | -0.1 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.3 | (z) | 0.1 |
| 1963... | 0.2 0.2 | 0.1 -0.1 | 0.1 0.1 | -0.1 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 0.1 | 0.3 0.0 | 0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| 1964... | 0.2 | -0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| 1965... | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.3 | (2) | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| 1966... | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.0 | $0 \cdot 1$ | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| 1967... | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| 1988.... | 0.6 | 0.3 0.4 | 0.4 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.3 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 0.4 | 0.4 0.5 | 0.3 0.5 | 0.5 0.3 | 0.4 0.6 | 0.3 0.6 | 0.4 0.5 | 0.3 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 1970... | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 |  | 0.3 | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1971... | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.5 | ... | $\ldots$ | . 4 |
| 781-C. PERCENT CHANGES IN INDEX OF CONSUMER PRICES OVER 3-MONTH SPANS ${ }^{2}$ (COMPOUNDED ANNUAL RATE, PERCENT) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | average for Period |  |  |  |  |
| 1945... | -•• | -•• | $\cdots$ | -•• | ** | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -•• | $\cdots$ | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•• | -•* | ** | . | - |
| 1946... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\because 9$ | 6.6 | $\cdots$ | $40 \cdot$ | $\because 9$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -.. |
| 1947...: | 10.5 | 17. | 9.7 2.3 | 6.6 6.2 | 1.7 11.8 | 4.6 10.3 | 8.3 7.2 | 14.5 3.4 | 12.7 -1.6 | 12.5 -4.4 | 10.3 -5.3 | 14.2 |  | 4.3 9.4 | 11.8 3.0 | 12.3 -4.9 | 3.1 |
| 1949... | -4.0 | -2.1 | -1.4 | -0.2 | 0.3 | -3,7 | -3.5 | -2.8 | -1.7 -0.7 | -0.0 | -2.6 | $-2.5$ | -2.5 | -1.2 | -2.3 | -4.7 | -1.9 |
| 1950... | -1.5 | 0.6 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 11.1 | 15.4 | 0.5 | 4.6 | 7.6 | 11.6 | 6.0 |
| 1951... 1952 | 21.6 1.8 | 15.2 | 8.6 0.2 | 2.3 0.8 | 0.9 2.3 | 0.0 3.2 | -2.0 | 1.3 1.6 | 4.1 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 4.4 | 15.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 6.2 | 5.9 |
| 1952... | -1.8 | -1.4 | 0.2 0.7 | 0.8 1.6 | 2.3 2.2 | 3.2 <br> 1.6 <br> 100 | 3.1 2.1 | 1.6 | 0.2 2.6 | 0.0 0.2 | 1.0 -0.2 | -0.8 -0.2 | 0.2 0.0 .5 | 2.1 1.8 | 1.6 2.1 | 0.1 -0.1 | 1.0 0.8 |
| 1954... | 1.8 | 0.9 | -1.0 | -0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -1.2 | -2.0 | -2.1 | -1.4 | -0.2 | -0.24 | -0.5 0.6 | 1.8 -0.2 | 1.8 -1.8 | -0.1 -0.6 | 0.8 -0.5 |
| 1955... | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 | -0.5 | -1.1 | -0.6 | -0.7 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.7 | -0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.4 |
| 1955... | -0.1 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 3.9 | 5.6 | 4.1 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 2.8 |
| 1957... | 4.0 4.0 | 3.2 6.0 | 4.0 4.1 | 3.1 3.5 | 3.7 0.5 | 3.6 -0.5 | 4.1 -0.1 | 3.0 0.0 | 1.6 0.1 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.2 |
| 1958... | 4.0 | 6.0 | 4.1 -0.3 | 3.5 0.6 | 0.5 2.0 | -0.5 -2.2 | -0.1 -1.8 | 0.0 1.8 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 4.7 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 1.6 |
| 1959... | 0.6 | 0.2 | -0.3 | 0.6 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| 1960... | 0.9 | 0.2 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 1.5 |
| 1961... | 0.9 | 0.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.7 |
| 1962... | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 1.5 | -0.5 | 0.8 | 2.2 | 0.6 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 1.3 |
| 1963.... | 1.1 1.5 | 1.8 0.8 | 0.6 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 2.8 0.9 | 3.1 0.6 | 1.5 0.9 | 0.7 1.3 | 0.7 2.3 | 2.1 2.2 | 2.5 2.0 | 1.2 0.9 | 1.5 0.9 | 1.8 0.9 | 1.8 2.2 | 1.5 1.2 |
| 1965... | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 1.1 | 3.0 | 0.7 | 2.7 | 1.9 |
| 1966... | 4.5 | $4 \cdot 1$ | 5.2 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 4.5 | 2.7 | 4.4 | 2.0 | 3.4 |
| 1967... | 1.6 | 1.6 5 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.1 |
| 1968... | 4.8 | 5.2 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.7 |
| 1969... | 4.6 | 6.4 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 6.1 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 6.0 |
| 1970... | 7.1 4.0 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.4 |
| 1971... | 4.0 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 5.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.2 | . $\cdot$ | -* | ... | -* |

${ }^{1}$ Since last shown here, this series has been rebased to $1967=100$.
 rates over 3 -month spans using the compound intercst fotmula.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

NOTE: Underscored figures are the wartime expansions (Civil War, World WarsI and II, Korean War, and Vietnam War), the postwar contractions, and the full cycles that include the wartime expansions.
*Tentative and subject to revision as more information becomes available.
${ }_{2}^{1} 26$ cycles, 1857-1969.
${ }^{3} 5$ cycles, 1945-1969.
${ }^{5} 7$ cycles, 1920-1960.
${ }^{2} 10$ cycles, $1920-1969$.
${ }^{4} 21$ cycles, $1857-1960$.
${ }^{6} 3$ cycles, $1945-1960$.

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

Specific dates are listed under the reference cycle dates to which they correspond. Numbers in parentheses indicate leads ( - ) or
lags ( + ) of specific dates in relation to reference dates


NOTE: Specific peaks and troughs mark the dates when individual series reach their cyclical turning points, whereas reference peak and trough dates indicate the cyclical turning points in business activity as a whole. This table shows, for the 26 series on the NBER "short list" and three composite indexes, the specific peaks and troughs corresponding to post-World War II business cycles. The determination of specific turning points is largely a subjective matter, and honest disagreement may exist among individual analysts. Therefore, the dates listed above should not be interpreted as being absolute. See Measuring Business Cycles by Burns and Mitchell (NBER: 1946) for further information on dating specific peaks and troughs.
$N A=$ Not available. This indicates that data necessary to determine a turning point are not available.
NSC = No specific cycle. This indicates that no specific turning point corresponding to the indicated reference date is discernible.
$\mathrm{Q}=$ Quarterly series. Leads and lags are measured from middle of quarter to reference date.

## G. Recovery Comparisons: Current and Selected Historical Patterns

HOW TO READ CYCLICAL (RECOVERY) COMPARISON CHARTS

These charts show graphically, for selected indicators, the path of the most recent business contraction (beginning with the cyclical peak in November 1969) and the recovery and subsequent expansion (beginning with the business cycle trough in November 1970). To set the current cyclical movements into historical perspective, cyclical paths over generally similar historical periods are shown. The graphic presentations of the data for the selected period are superimposed according to a special chart design. The explanatory statements below provide a key to this chart design.

Arabic number indicates latest calendar month of data plotted ( ${ }^{\prime \prime} 7^{\prime \prime}=$ July); Roman number indicates latest quarter for which data are plotted ("III" = third quarter).

Designations "Coincident," "Leading," "Lagging," and "Unclassified" indicate the NBER timing classification for the series.

1. The objective of the chart is to compare the pattern of the current recovery with historical recovery patterns to facilitate critical assessment of the amplitude, duration, and vigor of the indicators' current movements.
2. The vertical line represents reference trough dates. The current recovery phase, beginning with the business cycle trough in November 1970, and the selected historical recovery phases, beginning with the troughs in October 1949, August 1954, April 1958, and February 1961 are presented graphically so that their trough dates are placed along this vertical line.
3. The horizontal line represents the leve: of the data at the beginning point of the most recent business contraction, November 1969, the business cycle peak that preceded the most recent trough. It also represents data levels at other business cycle peaks (November 1948, July 1953, July 1957, and May 1960) that precede the troughs used for this analysis: The peak levels, which also this analysis: The peak levels, which also
are called recovery levels--i.e., the levels at which recoveries from the preceding contraction are achieved--are aligned along the horizontal line for each business cycle depicted.
4. To facilitate comparison, deviations from the peak level are computed for most series and plotted for each segment of the cycle (consisting of the contraction and portions of the subsequent recovery and expansion). These deviations from the peak levels may be either percent changes or diflevels may be either percent changes or dif-
ferences in original series units depending ferences in original series units depending
upon the nature of the time series. For seupon the nature of the time series. For se-
ries that contain negative values (such as percent changes) and series that are measured in percent units (such as interest rates) deviations are shown in terms of differences. The same type of series could be, and in many instances are, plotted as actual data rather than deviations from the preceding peak levels.
5. The influence of excessive irregular fluctuations in series with MCD of 3 or more is modified by using the average for the 3 months centered on the peak as the reference peak level.
6. For series that move counter to movements in general business activity (e.g., the unemployment rate), an inverted scale is used; i.e., declines in the data are shown as upward movements in the plotted lines, and increases in data as downward movements in plotted lines.
7. For each chart, four curves and two sets of points are shown. One curve describes the current recovery (heavy solid line: -mm). To facilitate historical comparison and avoid overcrowding on the chart, the median pattern of the four post-World War II recoveries (those beginning in 1949, 1954, 1958, and 1961) is shown as another curve (heavy bro-
ken line: ----). The curve representing the historical median pattern passes through the median points of the four individual recovery paths. (Median is defined here as the average of the two middle points). Two individual recoveries (those beginning in 1958 and 1961) that bear greatest similarity to the current recovery are also shown as plotted lines (solid line: -, and knotted line: $\longrightarrow$, respectively). The two sets of points display the relative levels for the remaining two recoveries (those beginning in 1949 ( $k$ ) and 1954 ( $\mathbf{O}$ ) ) at four points in time (trough date, 12 and 24 months after trough date, and at the same time point as the latest month plotted).
8. The business cycle peaks and troughs used throughout the recovery comparison charts are those designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research and are shown below. The Roman numerals in parentheses indicate the peak and trough quarters used for timing quarterly data:

| Peak | Trough |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nov. '48 (IVQ'48) | Oct. '49 (IVQ'49) |
| July '53 (IIIQ'53) | Aug. '54 (IIIQ'54) |
| JuIy '57 (IIIQ'57) | Apr. '58 (IIQ'58) |
| May '60 (IIQ'60) | Feb. '61 (IQ'61) |
| Dec. '69 (IVQ'69) | Nov. '70 (IVQ'70) |

## G. Recovery Comparisons: Current and Selected Historical Patterns-Continued




## INDEX

## Series Finding Guide

(See table of contents (page i) for chart and table titles)


[^11]
## Series Finding Guide -Continued

(See table of contents (page i) for chart and table titles)

| Series titles (shown in chart/table sequence) (See complete titles in "Titles and Sources of Series," following this index) | Current issue (page numbers) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Historical } \\ \text { data } \\ \text { (issue date) } \end{gathered}$ | Series descriptions (issue date) | Series titles (shown in chart/table sequence) (See complete titles in "Titles and Sources of Series," following this index) | Current issue (page numbers) |  | Historical data (issue date) | Series descriptions (issue date) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Charts | Tables |  |  |  | Charts | Tables |  |  |
| C. ANTICIPATIONS AND INTENTIONS |  |  |  |  | D. OTHER KEY INDICATORS--Con. |  |  |  |  |
| C1. Aggregate Series |  |  |  |  | D4. Price Movements |  |  |  |  |
| 61. Bus. expend., new plant and equip. | 25,39,40 | 72,78 | July '7] | Nov. ${ }^{2} 68$ | 781. Consumer price index, all items | 53,61 | 8,84 | June '71 | May 169 |
| 410. Manufacturers' sales, total .... | 41 | 78 | Sep. ${ }^{77}$ | Nov. ${ }^{168}$ | 782. Consumer price index, food. | 53 | 84 | June '71 | May 169 |
| 412. Mfrs.' inventories, book value. | 41 | 78 | Sep. ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. '68 | 783. Consumer price index, commodities | 53 | 84 | June '71 | May 169 |
| 414. Condition of mfrs.' inventories | 41 | 78 | Jan. '71 | Nov. 168 | 784. Consumer price index, services. | 53 | 84 | June '71 | May 169 |
| 420. Household income compared to year ago. . . . . <br> 425. Probability of change, household income <br> 430. New cars purchased by households <br> 435. Index of consumer sentiment. | 41 | 78 | Jan. ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. '68 | 750. Wholesale price index, all commodities.... | 54 | 8,84 | June ' 71 | June '69 |
|  | 42 | 78 | Jan. ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. '68 | 58. Wholesale price index, mifd. goods. | 29,54 | 84,74 | July ${ }^{171}$ | June 169 |
|  | 42 | 78 | Jon. ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. '68 | 751. Wholesale price index, proc. foods, fe | 54 | 84 | June '71 | June 169 |
|  | 42 | 78 | July ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. '68 | 752. Wholesale price index, farm products. | 54 | 84 | June '71 | June '69 |
|  | 42 | 78 | Jan. ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. 168 |  |  |  |  |  |
| C2. Diffusion Indexes <br> 061. Bus, expend., new plant and equip. <br> D440. New orders, manufacturing <br> D442. Net profits, manufacturing and trade <br> 0444. Net sales, manufacturing and trade. <br> D446. Number of employees, mfo and trade...... <br> D446. Number of employees, mig. and trade. . . . . . . |  |  |  |  | E. ANALYTICAL MEASURES |  |  |  |  |
|  | 43 | 79 | July ${ }^{\prime} 71$ | Nov. 68 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 43 43 | 79 79 | July <br> July <br>  <br>  | Nov. 688 Nov. 168 | E1. Actual and Potentiol GNP 205. Actual GNP in 1958 dollars. . . . . . . . . |  | 6,64,70,85 | Aug. 71 | Jet. '69 |
|  | 43 | 79 79 | July July 171 | Nov. 68 Nov. 168 | 205. Actuar Giv ir 1958 dollars. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 9,21,38,55 55 | 85 | Aug. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Jct. '69 |
|  | 43 | 79 79 | July '71 | Nov. 68 | 207. GNP gap (potential less actual). | 55 | 5,85 |  |  |
| D450. Level of inventories, mfg, and trade . . . . . . . <br> D460. Selling prices, mig. and trade $\qquad$ <br> D462. Selling prices, manufacturing . $\qquad$ <br> D464. Selling prices, wholesale trade . . . . . . . . . . . <br> D466. Selling prices, retail trade $\qquad$ <br> D. OTHER KEY INDICATORS | 44 | 79 | July ${ }^{\prime} 71$ | Nov. 168 | E2. Analytical Ratios |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4.4 | 79 | July ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. 168 | 850. Ratio, output to capacity, manufacturing | 56 | 8,86 | Jan. '71 |  |
|  | 44 | 79 | July '71 | Nov. 168 | 851. Ratio, inventories to sales, mfg. and trade . | 56 | 8,86 | Nov. '70 | Feb. '69 |
|  | 44 | 79 | July ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. '68 | 852. Ratio, unfilled orders to shipments, |  |  |  |  |
|  | 44 | 79 | July ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. 168 | durables <br> 853. Ratio, prod. of bus. equip. to cons | 56 | 8,86 | Nov. 17 | Sep. '68 |
|  |  |  |  |  | goods 854 Ratio personal saving to disposable | 56 | 8,86 | Apr. '70 | Nov. '68 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 854, Ratio, personal saving to disposable personal income. <br> 860. Ratio, help-wanted advertising to | 57 | 8,86 | Aug. '71 | Juzy '68 |
|  |  |  |  |  | persons unemployed | 57 | 8,86 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 858. Output per man-hour, total private nonfarm. . | 57 | 8,86 | Apr. '7l | June 68 |
| D1. Foreign Trode500. Merchandise trade |  |  |  |  | 856. Real avg. hourly earnings, prod. workers... | 57 | 8,86 | Apr. '71 | June '68 |
|  | 45 | 8,80 | July 170 | May 69 | 859. Real spendable average weekly earnings, |  |  |  |  |
| 502. Exports, excluding military aid............ <br> 506. Export orders, dur. goods exc. motor venicles. <br> 508. Export orders, nonelectrical machinery . <br> 512. General imporis . | 45 | 8,80 | Juxy '70 | May ${ }^{\prime} 69$ | 857. Vonagri. production or nonsupv. workers. . . | $\begin{aligned} & 57 \\ & 57 \end{aligned}$ | 8,86 8,86 | Apr. ${ }^{\text {Apr }}$ '71 | June '68 |
|  | 45 | 8,80 | July ${ }^{171}$ | Aug. 68 \# | 857. Vacancy rate, total rental housing. . . . . . . | $57$ |  | Apr. '71 |  |
|  | 45 | 8,80 | July '71 |  | E3. Diffusion Indexes |  |  |  |  |
|  | 45 | 8,80 | July '70 | May '69 | D1. Average workweek, prod. workers, infg | 58 | 87,89 | Oct. 170 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | D6. New orders, durable goods industries. | $\begin{aligned} & 58 \\ & 58 \end{aligned}$ | 87,89 87 | Apr. ${ }^{\text {'71 }}$ |  |
| D2. Balance of Payments and Components |  |  |  |  | D34. Profits, manufacturing ... | 58 | 87 |  |  |
| 250. Balance on goods and services........... | 13,46 | 8,81 |  |  | D19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks | 58 | 87 | Dec. ${ }^{\text {P }} 7$ | May 16 |
| 515. Balance on goods, services, and remittances. 517. Balance on current account . . . . . . . . . . | 46 | 8,81 8,81 |  |  | D23. Industrial materials prices ... | 58 | 87,90 | Jan. ${ }^{7}$ | Apr. ${ }^{69}$ |
| 517. Balance on current account .......... | 46 | 8,81 |  |  | D5. Initial claims, State unemploy, insurance. | 58 | 88 | Oct. ${ }^{7} 70$ | June '69 |
| 519. Balance on current account and long term capital | 46 | 8,81 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 521. Net liquidity balance. | 46 | 8,81 |  |  | D41. Employees on nonagri. payroils. | 59 | 88,90 | Oet. 170 |  |
| 522. Official reserve transactions balance | 46 | 8,81 |  |  | 047. Industrial production. | 59 | 88,91 | May ${ }^{170}$ |  |
| 530. Liquid liabilities to foreign532. Liquid and nontiquid liabiliofficial agencies...... | 47 | 81 | Aut. |  | D54. Sales of retail stores | 59 | 88,92 | Jan. 71 |  |
|  | 47 | 81 | Aus. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 47 | 81 | Aug. '70 | May 169 | E5. Rates of Change |  |  |  |  |
| 534. U.S. official reserve assets | 47 | 81 | Aug. ${ }^{170}$ | May 69 | 200. GNP in current dollars . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 60 |  | Aug. ${ }^{171}$ | Oct. 169 |
| 535. Allocations of SDR's. |  | 81 |  |  | 205. GNP in constant doilars ................ | 60 |  | Aug. ${ }^{\text {A }}$ (71 | Oct. 169 |
| 252. Exports of goods and services | 13,48 | 81 | Aue. iryo | May 169 | 820. Composite index of 5 coincident indicators <br> 48. Man-hours in nonagri. establishments | $\begin{array}{\|l} 60 \\ 60 \end{array}$ |  | Nov. 77 Nov. 70 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. ' } 68 \\ & \text { Aug. } 68 \# \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| 253. Imports of goods and services | 13,48 | 81 | Aug. ${ }^{170}$ | May ${ }^{6} 69$ | 47. Index of industrial production ........... | 60 |  | Nov. ${ }^{170}$ | Nov. 168 |
| 536. Merchandise exports, adjusted | 48 | 81 | Aue. ${ }^{170}$ | May 169 | 55. Index of whsle. prices, indus. commodities. | 60 |  | Nov. 170 | June 169 |
| 537. Merchandise imports, adjusted540. Investment income, militaryservices, exports ..... | 48 | 81 | Aug. ${ }^{\text {a }} 70$ | May 169 |  | 60 |  | Sep. '71 | May '69 |
|  | 48 | 81 | Aug. ${ }^{170}$ | May 169 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 541. Foxergnd, and service |  |  |  | May | F. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS |  |  |  |  |
|  | 48 | 81 | Aug. ${ }^{170}$ | May ${ }^{\text {2 }} 69$ | F1. Consumer Price |  |  |  |  |
| 542. Income on U.S. investments abroad. | 49 | 82 | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | May 69 | 781. United States. |  |  |  |  |
| 543. Income on foreign investments in $U$ | 4.9 | 82 | Sep. '70 | May '69 | 133. Canada .... | 63,61 | 93 | Apr. ${ }^{\text {June }}$ '71 | May 69 |
|  | 49 | 82 | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | May 169 | 132. United Kingdorn | 61 | 93 | Apr. ${ }^{177}$ | ........ |
| 544. Receipts from foreigners in U.S. .. | 49 | 82 | Sep. ${ }^{\text {Sep }}$ | May 169 | 135. West Germany. | 61 | 93 | Apr. ${ }^{\text {Apr }}$ '71 |  |
| 547. U.S. military expenditures abroad. | 49 | 82 | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | May 169 | 136. France. 138. Japan. | 61 | 93 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Apr. } & 71 \\ \text { Apr. } & 171 \\ \text { Al }\end{array}$ |  |
| 546. Military sales to foreigners | 49 | 82 | Sep. 170 | May 169 | 137. Italy. | 61 | 93 | Apr. ${ }^{\text {Apr. }}$ |  |
| 548. Receipts, transportation and services. | 49 | 82 | Sep. 170 | May 169 |  | 61 | 93 |  |  |
| 549. Payments, transportation and services | 49 | 82 | Sep. 70 | May 69 | F2. Industrial Production Indexes |  |  |  |  |
| 561. U.S. direct investments abroad. | 50 | 82 | Sep. ${ }^{\prime} 70$ | May 69 | 47. United States | 21,38,62 | 94 | Apr. '70 | Nov. 168 |
| 560. Foreign direct investments in U.S. | 50 | 82 | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | May : 69 | 123. Canada .... | 62 | 94 | Sep. ${ }^{171}$ |  |
| 565. U.S. purchases of foreign securities. | 50 | 82 | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | May 169 | 122. United King | 62 | $9 / 4$ 94 | Sep. '71 |  |
| 564. Foreign purchases of U.S. Securities | 50 | 82 | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | May 169 | 125. West Germany | 62 62 | 94 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep. } 171 \\ & \text { Sep. } 171 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 570. Govt. grants and capital transactions. | 50 | 82 | Oct. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ : 70 | May 69 | 128. Japan ..... | 62 | 94 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Sep. } 71 \\ \text { Sep. } \end{array}\right.$ |  |
| 575. Banking and other capital transactions. | 50 | 82 | Det. '70 | May ${ }^{69}$ | 121. OECD European countries. | 62 | 94 | Sep. '77. |  |
| D3. Federal Government Activities |  |  |  |  | 127. Italy | 62 | 94 | Sep. ${ }^{77}$ |  |
| 600. Fed. balance, nat'! income and prod. acct. . . | 51 | 8,83 | Aug. 177 | Juiy'68\# |  |  |  |  |  |
| 601. Fed. receipts, nat'l income and prod. acct. . | 5.1 | 8,83 | Aug. ${ }^{\prime} 71$ | July 68 \# | F3. Stock Price Indexes |  |  |  |  |
| 602. Fed. expend., nat'l income and prod, acct. . . | 51 | 8,83 | Aug. '71 | July'68\# | 19. United States | 63 | 95 | Apr. ${ }^{71}$ | May 169 |
| 264. National defense purchases............ | 14,52 | 8,66,83 | Aup. ${ }^{171}$ | Oct. '69 | 143. Canada | 63 | 95 | Apr. ${ }^{77}$ | ......... |
| 616. Defense Dept. obligations, total | 52 | 8,83 | Dec. '70 | ......... | 142. United Kingdom | 63 | 95 | Apr. ${ }^{71}$ | ........ |
| 621. Defense Dept. obligations, procurement | 52 | 8,83 | Dec. ${ }^{170}$ |  | 146. France. | 63 | 95 | Apr. ${ }^{171}$ |  |
| 647. New orders, defense products ind ustries | 52 | 8,83 | Sep. '71 | Sep. ${ }^{163 \%}{ }^{\prime}$ | 145. West Germany. | 63 | 95 | Apr. '71 |  |
| 648. New orders, defense products.. | 52 | 8,83 | Dec. ${ }^{7} 70$ |  | 148. Japan | 63 | 95 | Apr. ${ }^{171}$ |  |
| 625. Military contract awards in U.S.. | 52 | 8,83 | Apr. '71 |  | 147. Italy | 63 | 95 | Apr. '71 |  |

\#The "number" for this series title was changed since the publication date shown.

Within each of the six sections, series are listed in numerical order The numbers assigned to the series are for identification purposes only and do not reflect series relationships or order. " $M$ " indicates monthly series; "Q" indicates quarterly series. Data apply to the whole period except for series designated by "EOM" (end of the month) or "EOQ" (end of the quarter).
The alphabetic-numeric designations following the series titles indicate all charts and tables in which the series may be found. See the table of contents for chart and table titles and Series Finding Guide for page numbers. The series in section B preceded by an asteris (*) $^{*}$ are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators, chart B8. Unless otherwise indicated, all series which require seasona adjustment have been adjusted by their source.

The " $D$ " preceding a number indicates a diffusion index. Diffusion indexes and corresponding aggregate series bear the same number and are obtained from the same sources.

## A National Income and Product

200. Gross national product in current dollars ( Q ). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (Al, B2, B8, E5)
201. Gross national product in 1958 dollars (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A1, B2, B8, E1, E5)
202. Implicit price deflator, gross national product ( O ). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
203. Per capita gross national product in current dollars (O). .Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
204. Per capita gross national product in 1958 dollars (Q). .- Depariment of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
(A1)
205. National income in current dollars (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
206. Personal income in current dollars (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A2)
207. Disposable personal income in current dollars (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A2)
208. Disposable personal income in 1958 dollars ( $Q$ ). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics(A2)
209. Per capita disposable personal income in current dollars (Q).-. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A2)
210. Per capita disposable personal income in 1958 dollars (Q) .Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A2)
211. Personal consumption expenditures, total, in current dollars (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A3)
212. Personal consumption expenditures, total, in 1958 dollars ( Q ).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A3)
213. Personal consumption expenditures, durable goods, in current dollars (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A3)
214. Personal consumption expenditures, durable goods except automabiles, in current dollars (Q). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
215. Personal consumption expenditures, automobiles, in current dollars (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
216. Personal consumption expenditures, nondurable goods, in current dollars (0). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A3)
217. Personal consumption expenditures, services, in current dollars (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A3)
218. Gross private domestic investment, tolal (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A4)
219. Gross private domestic fixed investment, total nonresidential (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
220. Gross private domestic fixed investment, nonresidential structures (0). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
221. Gross private domestic fixed investment, producers' durable equipment (Q). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
222. Gross private domestic fixed investment, residential structures (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A4)
223. Gross private domestic investment, change in business inventories after valuation adjustnent, all industries (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A4, B4)
224. Balance on goods and services, excluding transfers under military grants (0). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A5, D2)
225. Exports of goods and services, excluding transfers under military grants (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics $\quad$ (A5, D2)
226. Imports of goods and services (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A5, D2)
227. Govermment purchases of goods and services, total (Q). -Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A6)
228. Federal Government purchases of goods and services, total (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
229. Federal Government purchases of goods and services, national defense (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Dffice of Business Economics (A6, D3)
230. State and local government purchases of goods and services, total (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A6)
231. Final sales, durable goods (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
232. Change in business inventories, durable goods (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
233. Final sales, nondurable goods, (Q). .. Department of Commerce Office of Business Economics
234. Change in business inventories, nondurable goods (Q). --Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
235. Compensation of employees (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
236. Proprietors' income (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
237. Rental income of persons ( Q ). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
238. Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment (Q). .. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A8)
239. Net interest (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
240. Gross saving -. private saving plus government surplus or deficit (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
241. Personal saving (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A9)
242. Undistributed corporate profits plus inventory valuation adjustment (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A9)
2\%. Capital consumption allowances, corporate and noncorporate (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
243. Government surplus or deficit, total (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

## B Cyclical Indicators

*1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing (in). Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(B1, B8, E3, E4)
2. Accession rate, manufacturing (ili). .- Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics
3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (im). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
5. Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs (M). -- Department of Labor, Manpower Administration; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
(Bl, E3)
*6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B3, B8, E3, E4)
8. Index of construction contracts, total value (M). -- McGrawHill Information Systems Company. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the source.)
(B3)
9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings, floor space (M). .- McGraw-Hill Information Systems Company; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the source.)
(B3)
*10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and McGraw-Hill Information Systems Company; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census thru May 1970 and by source agency thereafter.
(B3, B8)
11. Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corporations(0). -- The Conference Board
( $83, E 3$ )
*12. Index of net business formation (im). .- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc., and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
(B3, B8)
13. Number of new business incorporations (M). -- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
(B3)
14. Current liabilities of business failures (M). -- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.
(B6)
15. Profits (after taxes) per dollar of sales, all manufacturing corporations ( Q ). .- Federal Trade Commission and Securities and Exchange Commission; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
(B5)
*26. Corporate profits after taxes (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(B5, B8)
*17. Index of price per unit of labor cost -- ratio, index of wholesale prices of manufactured goods (unadjusted) to seasonally adjusted index of compensation of employees (sum of wages, salaries, and supplements to wages and salaries) per unit ol output (im).-Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
( 85,88 )
*19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (M), -- Standard and Poor's Corporation
(B5, B8, E3, F3)
20. Change in book value of manufacturers' inventories of materials and supplies (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B4)
21. Average weekly overtime hours of production workers, manufacturing (17). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(B1)
22. Ratio of profits (after taxes) to income originating, corporate, all industries ( 0 ). ..- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*23. Index of industrial materials prices (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(B5, B8, E3, E4)
24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, producers' capital goods industries (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B3)
25. Change in manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B4)
26. Buying policy - production materials, percent of companies reporting commitments 60 days or longer (M). -- National Association of Purchasing Management
28. New private housing units started, tolal (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits (Ni). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B3, B8)
*31. Change in book value of manufacturing and trade inventories, total (M). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
(B4, B8)

## Titles and Sources of Series

## (Continued from page 115)

32. Vendor performance, percent of companies reporting slower deliveries (M). .- Purchasing Management Association of Chicago
33. Net change in mortgage debt held by financial institutions and life insurance companies (M). -- Institute of Life Insurance Federal National Mortgage Association; Department of Housing and Urban Deveiopment, Government National Mortgage Association; National Association of Mutual Savings Banks; U.S. ciation; National Association of Mutuar Savings Banks; U.S.
Savings and Loan League; and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of
the Census.
$(\mathrm{B6})$
34. Percent of companies reporting higher inventories of purchased materials (M). -- National Association of Purchasing Management; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
35. Percent of consumer installment loans delinquent 30 days and over (EOM). .- American Bankers Association; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and Nationa! Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. (Bimonthly since December 1964)
36. Unemployment rate, married males, spouse present (M). .Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*41. Number of employees on nonagricuitural payrolls, establishment survey (M). ․ Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (B1, B8, E3, E4)
37. Total number of persons engaged in nonagricultural activities, labor force survey (M). - Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B1)
*43. Unemployment rate, total (M). - Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Conmerce, Bureau of the Census
*44. Unemployment rate, 15 weeks and over (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B1, B8)
38. Average weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs (M). - Department of Labor, Manpower Administration (Bl)
39. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspapers (M). . The Conference Board
*47. Index of industrial production (M). ~ Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (B2, B8, E3, E4, E5, F2)
40. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments (M). ․ Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(B1, E5)
41. Number of job vacancies in manufacturing (M) - Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
*52. Personal income (M). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(B2, 88)
42. Wage and salary income in mining, manufacturing, and construction (M). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
*54. Sales of retail stores (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B2, B8, E3, E4)
43. Index of wholesale prices, industrial commodities (M). . - Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
( $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{E}$ )
*56. Manulacturing and trade sales (M). . Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
(B2, B8)
44. Final sales (series 200 minus series 245) (Q). .. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
45. Index of wholesale prices, manufactured goods (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (B5, D4, E3, E4)
*61. Business expenditures for new plant and equipment, total (Q)... Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission ( $\mathrm{B} 3, \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C} 1, \mathrm{C} 2$ )
*62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manufacturing -ratio, index of compensation of employees in manufacturing (the sum of wages and salaies and supplements to wages and salaries) to index of industrial production, manufacturing (M). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System
( 85,88 )
46. Manulacturers' inventories of tinished goods, book value, all manufacturing industries (EOM). ... Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census
(B4)
47. Consumer installment debt (EOM). - Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. FRS seasonally adjusted net change added to seasonally adjusted figure for previous month to obtain current figure
*67. Bank rates on shori-term business loans, 35 cities ( $Q$ ). -Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System (B6, B8)
48. Labor cost (current dollars) per unit of gross product (1958 dollars), nonfinancial corporations .- ratio of current-dollar compensation of employees to gross corporate product in 1958 dollars (Q). .. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
49. Manufacturers' machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures (industrial and commercial construction put in place) ( $M$ ). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of tion put in place) (M). - Department of Commerce, Bureau of
the Census
(B3)
*71. Manufacturing and trade inventories, total book value (EOM)... Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census (B4, B8)
*72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding, weekly reporting large commercial banks (EOM). - Board of Govemors of the Federai Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
(B6, B8)
50. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits plus currency) (M). -- Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System
(B6)
51. Free reserves (member bank excess reserves minus borrowings) (Mi). -- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
52. Manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (EOM). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census (B3)
53. Backlog of capital appropriations, manufacturing ( EOQ ). -The Conference Board
(B3)
54. Percent change in total U.S. money supply (demand deposits olus currency) and commercial bank time deposits (m).-. Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System
55. Total funds raised by private nonfinancial borrowers in credit markets (Q). .- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
(B6)
56. Net change in bank loans to businesses (M). -- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
(B6)
*113. Net change in consumer instaliment debt (M). -- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (B6, B8)
57. Discount rate on new issues of 91 -day Treasury bills (M). -Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System (B6)
58. Yield on longterm Treasury bonds (M). - Treasury Department
(B6)
59. Yield on new issues of high-grade corporate bonds (M). -- First National City Bank of New York and Treasury Department (B6)
60. Yield on municipal bonds, 20 -bond average (M). .. The Bond Buyer
( 86 )
61. Secondary market yields on FHA mortgages (M). .- Department of Housing and Urban Development, Federal Housing Administration
(B6)
*200. Gross national product in current dollars (Q). See in section $A$.
*205. Gross national product in 1958 dollars (O). See in section A.
62. Change in business inventories (GNP component) (Q). See in section A .
63. Twelve leading indicators -- reverse trend adjusted composite index (includes series $1,5,6,10,12,16,17,19,23,29,31$, and 113) (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(87)
64. Twelve leading indicators .. composite index prior to reverse trend adjustment (includes series $1,5,6,10,12,16,17,19$, 23, 29, 31, and 113) (m). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)
65. Harginal employment adjustments -- leading composite index (includes series 1, 2, 3, and 5) (ifi). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)
66. Capital imvestment commitments -- leading composite index (includes series 6, 10, 12, and 29) (Mi.). .. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)
67. Inventory investment and purchasing .- leading composite index (includes series 23, 25, 31, and 37) (m), ․ Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)
68. Profitability .. leading composite index (includes series 16, 17, and 19) (Mi). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)
69. Sensitive financial flows -- leading composite index (includes series 33, 85, 112, and 113) (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
70. Five coincident indicators -- composite index (includes series 41, 43, 47, 52, and 56) (Mi). - Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7, E5)
71. Six lagging indicators -- composite index (includes series 44, 61, 62, 67, 71, 72) (M). - Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)

## C Anticipations and Intentions

61. Business expenditues for new plant and equipment, all industries (Q). See in section B.
62. Manufacturers' sales, total value (Q). .- Department of Com merce, Bureau of the Census and Office of Business Economics
(Cl)
63. Manufacturers' inventories, total book value (EOQ). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Office of Business Economics
64. Percent of total book value of inventories held by manufacturers classitying their holdings as high, less percent classi-
fying holdings as low (EOQ). -- Department of Commerce, Office fying holdings as low ( $\mathbf{E O Q}$ ). .- Department of Commerce, Office
of Business Economics
(C1)
65. Percent of total gross capital assets held by companies classifying their existing capacity as inadequate for prospective operations over the next 12 months, less percent classifying existing capacity as excessive (EOQ). - Department of Commeice, Office of Business Economics
(Cl)
66. Current income of households compared to income a year ago (percent higher, lower, and unchanged) (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(Cl)
67. Mean probability (average chances in 100) of substantial changes (increase, decrease, and increase less decrease) in income of households (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
68. Number of new cars purchased by households (Q). - - Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(CI)
69. Index of consumer sentiment (Q). -- University of Michigan, Survey Research Center

D440. New orders, manufacturing (Q). .- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without witten permission from the source.)
D442. Net prolits, manufacturing and trade $(Q)$. - Dun and Bradstreet, inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the source.)

D444. Net sales, manufacturing and trade (Q). .- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the source.) (C2)

D446. Number of employees, manufacturing and trade (Q). -- Dun and Bradstreet, inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without witten permission from the source.) (C2)
D450. Level of inventories, manufacturing and trade ( $Q$ ). .- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without witten permission from the source.) (C2)
0460. Selling prices, manulacturing and trade (Q). .- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (Used by pemission. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the source.) (C2)
D462. Selling prices, manutacturing ( Q ). .- Dun and Bradstreet, inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the source.)
D464. Selling prices, wholesale trade (Q). -- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the source.)
(C2)
D466. Selling prices, retail trade (Q). -- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the source.)
(C2)

## D Other Key Indicators

58. Index of wholesale prices, manufactured goods (in). See in section B.
59. Balance on goods and services; U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- See in section A.
60. Exports of goods and services, excluding transfers under military grants; U.S. balance of payments (Q).--See in section A.
61. Imports of goods and services: U.S. balance of payments (Q). $\cdots$ See in section $A$.
62. Federal Govermment purchases of goods and services, mationa; defense (Q). -- See in section $A$.
63. Werchandise trade balorre (Series 502 minus series 512) (iil).-Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(D1)
64. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total (iif). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(D1)

## Titles and Sources of Series <br> (Continued from page 116)

5\%. Manufacturers' new orders for export, durable goods except motor vehicles and parts (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
508. Index of export orders for nonelectrical machinery (M). --McGraw-Hill, Department of Economics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
512. General imports, total (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(D1)
515. Balance on goods, services and remittances; U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
517. Balance on current account; U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (D2)
519. Balance on current account and long term capital; U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
521. Net liquidity balance; U.S. balance of payments (Q). -Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (D2)
522. Official reserve transactions balance; U.S. balance of payments (Q). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (D2)
530. Liquid liabilities (excluding military grants) to all foreigners, total outstanding: U.S. balance of payments (EOQ). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
532. Liquid and certain nonliquid liabilities (excluding military grants) to toreign official agencies, total outstanding: U.S. balance of payments (EOQ). . - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
534. U.S. official reserve (assets) position, excluding military grants: U.S. balance of payments (EOQ). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
535. Allocations to the U.S. of Special Drawing Rights: U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
536. Merchandise exports, adjusted, excluding military grants: U.S. balance of payments (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
537. Merchandise imports, adjusted, excluding military: U.S. balance of payments ( Q ) $\cdots$ Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
540. U.S. investment income, military sales, and other services exports, excluding military grants: U.S. balance of payments (Q). . - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
541. Foreigners' investment income, mi:itary expenditures and other services imports: U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). $\cdots$ Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
542. Income on U.S. investments abroad: U.S. balance of payments (Q). . Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
543. Income on Ioreign investments in the U.S.: U.S. balance of payments (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
544. Receipts from foreign travelers in the U.S.: U.S. balance of payments ( 0 ). ․ Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
545. Payments by U.S. travelers abroad: U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
546. Military sales to foreigners: U.S. balance of payments (Q). .Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (D2)
547. U.S. military expenditures abroad: U.S. balance of payments (Q). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
548. Receipts for transportation and other services: U.S. balance of payments ( Q ) . . Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
549. Payments for transportation and other services: U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). $\cdots$ Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
560. Foreign direct investments in the U.S.: U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
561. U.S. direct investments abroad: U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). -Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (D2)
564. Foreign purchases of U.S. securities: U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
854. Ratio, personal saving to disposable personal income (series 292 divided by series 224) (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
565. U.S. purchases of foreign securities: U.S. balance of payments (Q). .. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
570. Government grants and capital transactions, net: U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
575. Banking and other capital transactions, net: U.S. balance of payments (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
600. Federal Government surplus or deficit, national income and product accounts (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
601. Federal Government receipts, national income and product accounts (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
602. Federal expenditures, national income and product accounts (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
616. Defense Department obligations incurred, total, excluding military assistance (M)..- Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
(D3)
621. Defense Department obligations incurred, procurement (M). Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
625. military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms and institutions (M). -- Department of Defense, Directorate for Statistical Services; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
647. New orders, defense products industries (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census (D3)
648. New orders, defense products (M). - Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(D3)
750. Index of wholesale prices, all commodities (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (D4)
751. Index of wholesale prices, processed foods and feeds (M). .Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(D4)
752. Index of wholesale prices, farm products (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (D4)
781. Index of consumer prices (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
(D4, E5, F1)
782. Index of consumer prices, food (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(D4)
783. Index of consumer prices, commodities less food (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(D4)
784. Index of consumer prices, services (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(D4)

## E Analytical Measures

47. Index of industrial production (m). See in section B.
48. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments (M). See in section B.
49. Persoral income (M). See in section B.
50. Sales of retail stores (M). See in section B.
51. Index of wholesale prices, industrial commodities (M). See in section B.
52. GNP in current dollars ( $($ ). See in section $A$.
53. Gross national product in 1958 dollars (Q). See in section A .
54. Potential level of gross national product in 1958 dollars ( Q ). -Council of Economic Advisers
55. Gap -- the potential GNP (series 206) less the actual GNP (Series 205) (Q). -- Council of Economic Advisers
(E1)
56. Index of consumer prices, all items (M). See in section D.
57. Five coincident indicators -- composite index (includes series $41,43,47,52$, and 56) (M). See in section B.
58. Ratio, output to capacity, manufacturing (Q). .- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Department of Commeice, and McGraw-Hill Economics Department
(E2)
59. Ratio, inventories (series 71) to sales (series 56), manufacturing and trade total (EOM). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(E2)
60. Ratio, unfilled orders (series 96) to shipments, manufacturers' durable goods (EOM). - Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(E2)
61. Ratio, production of business equipment to production of consumer goods (M). - Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. (Based upon components of the Federal Reserve index of industrial production.)
62. Real average hourly earnings of production workers in manufacturing, 1957-59 dollars (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
63. Vacancy rate in rental housing -- unoccupied rental housing units as a percent of total rental housing ( Q ). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(E2)
64. Index of output per man-hour, total private nonfarm (Q). .Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
65. Real spendable average weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers (with 3 dependents) on private nonagricultural payiolis, 1957-59 dollars (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
66. Ratio, help-wanted advertising in newspapers (series 46) to total number of persons unemployed ( $M$ ). -- The Conference Board, and Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
(E2)

The " $D$ " preceding a number indicates a diffusion index. Diffusion indexes and corresponding aggegate series bear the same number and are obtained from the same sources. See section B for titles and sources of D1, D5, D6, D11, D19, D23, D41, D47, D54, D58, D61, and section C for D440, D442, D444, D446, D450, D460, D462, D464, D466, and D480. Sources for other diffusion indexes are as follows:
D34. Profits, manufacturing, FNCB (Q). -- First National City Bank of New York; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
(E3)

## F International Comparisons

19. United States, index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (M). See in section B.
20. United States, index of industrial production (M). See in section B.
21. Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, European Countries, index of industrial production (M). Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (Paris)
(F2)
22. United Kingdom, index of industrial production (M) -- Central Statistical Office (London) (F2)
23. Canada, index of industrial production (M). - Dominion Bureau of Statistics (Ottawa)
24. West Germany, index of industrial production (M). -- Statistisches Bundesamt (Wiesbaden); seasonal adjustment by OECD
(F2)
25. France, index of industrial production (M). - - institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (Paris) (F2)
26. Italy, index of industrial production (M). -- Istituto Centrale di Statistica (Rome)
(F2)
27. Japan, index of industrial production (M). .- Ministry of International Trade and Industry (Tokyo)
(F2)
28. United Kingdom, index of consumer prices (M). -- Ministry of Labour (London)
(Fl)
29. Canada, index of consumer prices (M). -- Dominion Bureau of Statistics (OHtawa)
30. West Germany, index of consumer prices (M). -- Statistisches Bundesamt (Wiesbaden)
31. France, index of consumer prices (M). -- Insitut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (Paris) (F1)
32. Italy, index of consumer prices (M). .- Istituto Centrale di Statistica (Rome)
(F1)
33. Japan, index of consumer prices (M). -- Office of the Prime Minister (Tokyo)
34. United Kingdom, index of stock prices (Min). -- The Financial Times (London)
35. Canada, index of stock prices (M). -- Dominion Bureau of Statistics (0ttawa)
(F3)
36. West Germany, index of stock prices (mi). .- Statistisches Bundesamt (Wiesbaden)
37. France, index of stock prices (M). -- Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (Paris) (F3)
38. Italy, index of stock prices (M). -- Istituto Centrale di Statistica (Rome)
(F3)
39. Japan, index of stock prices (M). .- Tokyo Stock Exchange (Tokyo)
40. United States, index of consumer prices (M). See in section D.

## OFFICIAL BUSINESS

FIRST CLASS MAIL

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE


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[^3]:    4
    $\frac{20}{5}$

[^4]:    Cuyrent data for these series are shown on page 79.
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[^5]:    Current data for these series are shown on page 80.

[^6]:    Current data for these series are shown on page 81.

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[^8]:    Current dota for these series are shown on poge 83.

[^9]:    Current data for these series are shown on page 86.

[^10]:    Current data for these series are shown on page 95.

[^11]:    *Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are on the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. *THe "number" for this series title was changed since the publication date shown.

