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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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## BUSINESS CONDITIONS DIGEST

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## ABOUT THE REPORT

## NATIONAL

INCOME AND
PRODUCT accounts summarize both receipts and final expenditures for the personal, business, foreign, and government sectors of the economy and provide useful measures of total economic activity. The total of the final expenditures, which equals the total of the receipts, is known as gross national product, the most comprehensive single measure of aggregate economic output. GNP is defined as the total market value of the final output of goods and services produced by the Nation's economy.


CYCLICAL
INDICATORS
are economic time series which have been singled out as leaders, coinciders, or laggers in relation to movements in aggregate economic activity. In this report, the series on the NBER's list of cyclical indicators are classified by economic process and by cyclical timing. These indicators were selected primarily on the basis of their cyclical behavior, but they have also proven useful in forecasting, measuring, and interpreting other short-term fluctuations in aggregate economic activity.


## ANTICIPATIONS

AND
INTENTIONS data provide information on the plans of business men and consumers regarding their major economic activities in the near future. This information is considered to be a valuable aid to economic forecasting either directly or as an indication of the state of confidence concerning the economic outlook. A number of surveys by various organizations and government agencies have been developed in recent years to ascertain anticipations and intentions. The results of some of these surveys, expressed as time series, are presented in this report.


This monthly report brings together many of the ecc nomic time series found most useful by business analyst and forecasters. Its predecessor, Business Cycle Develof ments, emphasized the cyclical indicators approach to th analysis of business conditions and was based largely o the list of leading, roughly coincident, and lagging indici tors maintained by the National Bureau of Economic Ri search, Inc. Some other approaches commonly used by sti dents of economic conditions include econometric mode and anticipations and intentions data. The econometr model concept utilizes historical and mathematical relatio ships among consumption, private investment, governmen and various components of the major aggregates to genera' forecasts of gross national product and its compositiol Anticipations and intentions data express the expecti tions of businessmen and the intentions of consumer Most of the content of Business Cycle Developments ha been retained in this new report and additional data reflec ing the emphasis of other approaches have been added 1 make it more generally useful to those concerned wit an evaluation of current business conditions and prospect

The use of the National Bureau's list of indicators ar business cycle turning dates in the cyclical indicators se tion of this report, as well as the use of other concepts, not to be taken as implying endorsement by the Burea of Economic Analysis or any other government agency any particular approach to economic analysis. This repi is intended only to provide statistical information so a ranged as to facilitate the analysis of the course of $t \mid$ Nation's economy.

Almost all of the basic data presented in this repi have been published by their source agencies. A seri finding guide, as well as a complete list of series titles al data sources, is shown at the back of this report.

Subscription price, including supplements, is $\$ 15$ a year ( $\$ 3.75$ additional for foreign mailing). Single issues are $\$ 1.50$. Airmail delivery is available at an additional charge. For information about domestic or foreign airmail delivery, write to the Superintendent of D.C. 20402, or to any U.S. Department of Commerce field office.


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UARY 1972
Through December
t ESI No. 72-1

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# NEW FEATURES 

AND CHANGES
FOR THIS ISSUE

## Zhanges in this issue are as follows:

1. A reorganization of the Commerce Department's principal statistical agencies went into effect on January 1, 1972. Under this reorganization, the Bureau of the Census and the Office of Business Economics have become components of a new Social and Economic Statistics Administration. Also, the Office of Business Economics has been redesignated the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). Included in this reorganization was the transfer of the statistical indicators program, including the issuance of Business Jonditions Digest, Defense Indicators, and related work to BEA.
2. On recommendation of the BCD Technical Advisory Committee, 23 new series have been added in this issue. This includes the addition of two new groups to the national income and product section '(Section A) -- one on physical volume GNP, and one on shares of gross ational product and shares of national income. The following new series are included by section:
A. The new group, AlO, contains six new constant dollar series along with the two which have been already shown elsewhere in this section. They are: Final sales (series 273), Change in business inventories (series 246), Fixed nonresidential investment (series 347), Fixed investment in residential structures (series 248), Total rovernment purchases of goods and services (series 261), and Gross tuto product (series 249). All series are shown in constant (1958) lollars and will supplement the current dollar data shown elsewhere $n B C D$.
B. The new group, All, contains seven selected GNP components :xpressed as percent of gross national product as follows: Personal :onsumption expenditures (series 230A), Fixed nonresidential investlent (series 241A), Fixed investment in residential structures series 244 A ), Change in business inventories (series 245A), Net xports of goods and services (series 250A), Federal Government urchases of goods and services (series 262A), State and local ;overnment purchases of goods and services (series 266A).

> (Continued on page iv.)
he February issue of BUSINESS CONDITIONS DIGEST is scheduled for istivedsefan February 29.

Also included in this new group are five selected national income components expressed as percent of total national income as follows: Compensation of employees (series 280A), Proprietors' income (series 282A), Rental income of persons (series 284 A ), Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment (series 286A), and Net interest (series 288A).
C. A new composite index of 5 coincident indicators (series 825) has been added to Section B7. This index is computed essentially from the same series as the original index (series 820) except that the personal income and manufacturing and trade sales components have been deflated (1967 dollars) prior to being combined into this index. Personal income is deflated with a monthly price index based on the quarterly implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures. The interpolation and extrapolation of the quarterly deflator is based on the consumer price index adjusted to remove home ownership cost and to increase the weight of the rent index.

Deflated manufacturing and trade sales is the sum of deflated manufacturers: sales, wholesale sales, and retail sales. These components are deflated separately by seasonally adjusted price indexes as follows: Wholesale price index, manufactured goods for manufacturers' sales; wholesale price index, all commodities for wholesale sales; and consumer price index, all commodities for retail sales. The WPI for manufactured goods and both the WPI and CPI for all commodities are seasonally adjusted using seasonal factors and unadjusted price series supplied by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
D. Section B2 now includes retail sales in constant (1967) dollars (series 59) to supplement the corresponding current dollar series. The new series is deflated by the seasonally adjusted consumer price index for all commodities. This price series and its seasonal adjustment factors are supplied by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
E. Section B5 now contains three new series: Corporate profits after taxes in constant (1958) dollars (series 18) to supplement the corresponding current dollar series already shown in BCD, and Net cash flow data in current dollars (series 34) and in constant (1958) dollars (series 35).

The source for the new series listed above is the Bureau of Economic Analysis as follows: Series in items A, B, D, and E, originate in the National Income Division; and the deflated composite index of five coinciders (item C), in the Statistical Indicators Division.

The "Index--Series Finding Guide" and the "Titles and Sources of Series" at the back of $B C D$ have not yet been revised to reflect either the addition of new series or the organization changes within the U.S. Department of Commerce. These changes will be made as soon as possible.
3. Series based wholly or in part on the national income and product accounts have been revised for 1971. These revisions were occasioned by the Revenue Act of 1971 which affected the GNP and related estimates retroactively, and by unusally large revisions in the source data on which the estimates of the GNP accounts are based. Further information concerning these revisions may be obtained from the National Income Division, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Social and Economic Statistics Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.
4. Data on U.S. foreign trade (series 500, 502, and 512) have been revised for the year 1971 to reflect the development of new seasonal adjustment factors. Further information concerning these revisions may be obtained from the Foreign Trade Division, Bureau of the Census, Social and Economic Statistics Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.
5. Appendix $C$ contains historical data for series $16,18,34,35,59,205,230 \mathrm{~A}$, $231,241 \mathrm{~A}, 244 \mathrm{~A}, 245 \mathrm{~A}, 246,247-249,250 \mathrm{~A}, 261,262 \mathrm{~A}, 266 \mathrm{~A}, 273,280 \mathrm{~A}, 282 \mathrm{~A}, 284 \mathrm{~A}$, 286A, 288A, 820 and 825.
6. Appendix $D$ contains descriptions for series 18,34 , and 35.

## METHOD OF PRESENTATION

THIS REPORT is organized into six major subject sections, as follows:
A. National Income and Product
B. Cyclical Indicators
C. Anticipations and Intentions
D. Other Key Indicators
E. Analytical Measures
F. International Comparisons

Each of these sections is described briefly in this introduction. Data for each of the above sections are shown both in Part I (charts) and in Part II (tables) of the report. Most charts begin with 1950 (except in section $C$ where they begin with 1957); the tables contain data for only the last few years. Except for section F, most charts contain shading which indicates periods of recession in general business activity.

In addition to the charts and tables described above, some issues contain a summary table which shows the current behavior of many of the series, and several appendixes which present historical data, series descriptions, seasonal adjustment factors, and measures of variability. An index appears at the back of each issue. It should be noted that the series numbers used are for identification purposes only and do not reflect relationships or order.

## Seasonal Adjustments

Adjustments for average seasonal fluctuations are often necessary to bring out the underlying trends of time series. Such adjustments allow for the effects of repetitive intrayear variations resulting primarily from normal differences in weather conditions and from various institutional arrangements. Variations attributable to holidays are usually accounted for by the seasonal adjustment process; however, a separate holiday adjustment is occasionally required for holidays with variable dates, such as Easter. An additional adjustment is sometimes necessary for series which contain considerable variation due to the number of working or trading days in each month. As used in this report, the term "seasonal adjustment" includes trading-day and holiday adjustments where they have been made.

Most of the series in this report are presented in seasonally adjusted form and, in most cases, these are the official figures released by the source agencies. However, for the special purposes of this report, a number of series not ordinarily published in seasonally adjusted form are shown here on a seasonally adjusted basis.

## MCD Moving Averages

Month-to-month changes in a series are often dominated by erratic movements. MCD (months for cyclical dominance) is an estimate of the appropriate span over which to observe cyclical movements in a monthly series. (See appendix A.) It is the smallest span of months for which the average change in the cyclical factor is greater than that in the irregular factor. The more erratic a series is, the larger the MCD will be; thus, MCD is 1 for the smoothest series and 6 for the most erratic. MCD
moving averages (that is, moving averages of the period equal to MCD) tend to have about the same degree of smoothness for all series. Thus, a 5 -term moving average of a series with an MCD of 5 will show its cyclical movements about as clearly as the seasonally adjusted data for a series with an MCD of 1 .

The charts for sections $B$ and $D$ include centered MCD moving averages for all series with an MCD greater than 4. The seasonally adjusted data are also plotted to indicate their variation about the moving averages and to provide observations for the most recent months.

## Reference Turning Dates

The historical business cycle turning dates used in this report are those designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. (NBER). They mark the approximate dates when, according to the NBER, aggregate economic activity reached its cyclical high or low levels. As a matter of general practice, neither new reference turning dates nor the shading for recessions will be entered on the charts until after both the new reference peak and the new reference trough bounding the shaded area have been designated. This policy is followed because of the conceptual and empirical difficulties of des. ignating a current recession and the practical difficulties of terminating the shading of a current recession without including part of a new expansion.


The national income and product accounts, compiled by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) summarize both receipts and final expenditures for the personal, business, foreign, and government sectors of the economy and provide useful measures of total economic activity. The total of the final expenditures (including additions to business inventories), which equals the total of the receipts (mainly incomes), is known as gross national product (GNP). GNP is defined as the total market value of the final output of goods and services produced by the Na tion's economy. It is the most comprehensive single measure of aggregate economic output.

Gross national product consists of four major components: (1) Personal consumption expenditures, (2) gross private domestic investment, (3) net exports of goods and services, and (4) government purchases of goods and services.

Personal consumption expenditures is the market value of goods (durable and nondurable) and services purchased by individuals and nonprofit institutions and the value of food, clothing, housing, and finan-
cial services received by them as income in kind. The total purchase cost is covered, including sales taxes. Home purchases are excluded, but the estimated rental value of owner-occupied homes is included.

Gross private domestic investment combines gross fixed investment and net changes in business inventories. Fixed investment consists of producers' durable equipment and private (as opposed to government) structures, including owneroccupied residential units. The estimates are gross in the sense that there is no deduction for capital consumption. The inventory component measures the change in the physical volume of inventories valued at current replacement cost.

Net exports of goods and services measures the excess of exports over imports. Exports include receipts from domestic output sold abroad, transportation, travel, other services, fees and royalties and income on investments in foreign areas. Imports include purchases of foreign goods, payments for transportation, travel and other services, military expenditures as well as payments of income on foreign investments in the United States. More detail on U.S. balance of payments is provided in Section D.
Government purchases of goods and services includes general government expenditures for compensation of employees, net purchases from business and from abroad, payments to private nonprofit institutions for research and development, and the gross fixed investment of government enterprises. Not included are current outlays of government enterprises, acquisitions of land, transfer payments, subsidies, loans, and interest payments to domestic creditors.

A breakdown of the goods portion of GNP, covering durable and nondurable goods and both final sales and changes in business inventories, is also included in section A. Other major aggregates taken from the national income and product accounts are described below.

National income is the total earnings arising from the current production of goods and services and accruing to the labor and property employed in production. The components of national income are compensation of employees, proprietors' income, rental income of persons, corporate profits and the inventory valuation adjustment, and net interest.
Personal income measures the current income of individuals, owners of unincorporated businesses, nonprofit institutions, private trust funds, and private health and welfare funds. It consists of wage and salary disbursements, other labor income, proprietors' income, rental income of persons, dividends, personal interest income, and transfer payments to persons, less personal contributions for social insurance.
Disposable personal income is the personal income available for spending or saving. It consists of personal income less personal taxes and other nontax payments to general government.
Gross saving represents the difference between income and spending during an
accounting period. It is the total of personal saving, undistributed corporate profits, corporate inventory valuation adjustment, the excess of wage accruals over disbursements (usually negligible), government surplus or deficit, and capital consumption allowances.

Most of the series in this section are on a current-dollar basis, but some are shown on a constant (1958) dollar basis so that the effects of price changes are eliminated. The implicit price deflator (computed by dividing the current-dollar data by the con-stant-dollar data) for total GNP is also shown.


## SECTION B

## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

The business cycle is generally described as consisting of alternating periods of expansion and contraction in aggregate economic activity; that is, the complex of activities represented by such concepts as total production, employment, income, consumption, trade, and the flow of funds. Although a recurrent pattern has been characteristic of American economic history, many economists do not consider it inevitable.
One of the techniques developed in business cycle research is widely used as a
tool for analyzing current economic conditions and prospects. This is the cyclical indicators concept, which singles out certain economic time series as being leaders, coinciders, or laggers in relation to movements in aggregate economic activity. The NBER has, since 1938, maintained a list of such indicators and has periodically subjected the list to extensive review. Their most recent (1966) list of 73 cyclical indicators is the basis for this section of BCD. These indicators were selected primarily for their cyclical behavior, but they have also proven useful in forecasting, measuring, and interpreting other short-term fluctuations in aggregate economic activity.

The NBER employs a dual classification scheme which groups the indicators by cyclical timing and by economic process, and this report uses the same classification groupings. The diagram below summarizes the cross-classification system used in this section. The 77 cyclical indicators are presented with economic process as the principal basis of classification and cyclical timing as the secondary basis. The major processes are divided into minor processes which exhibit rather distinct differences in cyclical timing. The timing classification takes into account a series' historical record of timing at business cycle peaks and troughs. Leading indicators are those which usually reach peaks or troughs before the corresponding turns in aggregate economic activity; roughly coincident indicators are direct measures of aggregate economic activity or move roughly together with it; lagging indicators usually reach their turning points after the turns in aggregate economic activity.

The NBER has also specified a "short list" of indicators. This more selective and substantially unduplicated group of principal indicators is drawn from the full list and provides a convenient summary of the current situation. The short list consists of 26 series: 12 leading, eight roughly coincident, and six lagging. Only five of these are quarterly series; the rest are monthly. The short list is classified only by timing and is shown separately in chart B8.

Included in this section are a number of composite indexes which provide simple summary measures of the average behavior of selected groups of indicators. Each component of an index is weighted according to its value in forecasting or identifying short-term movements in aggregate economic activity. The components are standardized so that each has, aside from its weight, an equal opportunity to influence the index. Each index is standardized so that its average month-to-month percent change is 1 (without regard to sign).

The composite indexes presented in this report are based on groups of indicators selected by timing. Thus, there is an index of leading indicators, another of coincident indicators, and a third of lagging indicators. In addition, there are five indexes based on leading indicators which have been grouped by economic process. These indexes indicate the underlying cyclical trends of each group of indicators and the relative magnitude of their short-term changes. The index of 12 leading indicators has been "reverse trend adjusted" so that its long-run trend parallels that of the coincident index. This facilitates

## Cross-Classification of Cyclical Indicators by Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

|  | I. EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT (14 series) | II. PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE (9 series) | III. FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT (14 series) | IV. INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT (9 series) | V. PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS (13 series) | VI. MONEY AND CREDIT (18 series) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LEADING INDICATORS (40 series) | Marginal employment adjustments ( 5 series) |  | Formation of business enterprises (2 series) <br> New investment commitments (8 series) | Inventory investment and purchasing (7 series) | Sensitive commodity prices (1 series) <br> Stock prices (1 series) <br> Profits and profit margins ( 5 series) <br> Cash flows (2 series) | Flows of money and credit (7 series) <br> Credit difficulties (2 series) |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS (26 series) | Job vacancies (2 series) <br> Comprehensive employment (3 series) <br> Comprehensive unemployment (3 series) | Comprehensive production (3 series) <br> Comprehensive income <br> (2 series) <br> Comprehensive consumption and trade (4 series) | Backog of investment commitments (2 series) |  | Comprehensive wholesale prices (2 series) | Bank reserves <br> (1 series) <br> Money market interest rates (4 series) |
| LAGGING INDICATORS <br> (11 series) | Long-duration unemployment (1 series) |  | Investment expenditures (2 series) | Inventories ( 2 series) | Unit labor costs (2 series) | Outstanding debt (2 series) Interest rates on business loans and mortgages (2 series) |

comparisons among the leading, coincident, and lagging indexes and tends to shorten the leads of the leading index at business cycle peaks while lengthening them at troughs; it also reduces the variability of the leads and lags.


Most businessmen and many individual consumers have some type of plans as to their major economic activities in the near future. Information on these plans is regarded as a valuable aid to economic forecasting either directly or as an indication of the state of confidence concerning the economic outlook. In recent years, much progress has been made in compiling such information, and a number of surveys by various organizations and government agencies ascertain anticipations and intentions of businessmen and consumers. The results of some of these surveys, expressed as time series, are presented in this section of the report.

The business analyst who uses these series should be aware of their limitations. These data reflect only the respondents' anticipations (what thev expect others to do) or intentions (what they plan to do), not firm commitments. Among both businessmen and consumers, some responses may not be very reliable; that is, the plans may be conjectural or the respondent may make little effort to reply accurately to the survey questions. Also, many plans are subject to modification or even complete abandonment due to unforeseen and uncontrollable developments. In some cases, the anticipations (or intentions) may have a systematic bias; for example, the anticipations (or intentions) data may tend to be lower than the subsequent actual data under certain economic conditions and higher under other conditions. Sometimes they merely project what has already occurred and hence appear to lag behind actual changes. Actual data are included in this section to indicate their historical relationship to the anticipations and intentions. Some of the series are diffusion indexes, a concept explained in the description for section $E$.


Many economic series are available which, although not included in the three main sections of the report, are nevertheless important for an overall view of the economy. This section presents a number of such series, though by no means a com-


This section begins by comparing gross national product in constant dollars with a measure of potential GNP. In effect, these two series reflect the relationship between the economy's productive capacity and total demand, the excess of potential over actual GNP indicating the degree to which potentially productive resources are not fully utilized. The measure of potential GNP, developed by the Council of Economic Advisers in the early 1960's, takes into account increases in both avail able man-hours and output per man-hour.

The NBER list of cyclical indicators includes some series which measure the relationship between different economic variables (for example, the series on labor cost
per unit of output). There are, however, additional analytical ratios which have proven useful in evaluating business conditions and prospects. A number of such ratios are shown in the second part of this section.

The third part presents a selection of diffusion indexes. Many series in this report are aggregates compiled from a number of components. A diffusion index is a summary measure expressing, for a particular aggregate, the percentage of components rising over a given timespan (half of the unchanged components are considered rising). Cyclical changes in diffusion indexes tend to lead those of the corresponding aggregates. Since diffusion indexes are highly erratic, long-term (6- or 9 -month span) indexes are used to indicate underlying trends and short-term (1month span) indexes are used to show recent developments. Most of the indexes are constructed from components of series shown in section $B$, and these indexes have the same identification numbers as the corresponding aggregates. The diffusion indexes are classified by the cyclical timing of the aggregates to which they relate. Recent data and directions of change for many of the components are shown in table E4.

The final part (E5) presents, in chart form, rates of change for a selected group of economic series. Percent changes are shown for 1 - and 3 -month spans or for I-quarter spans.


## SECTION F

## INTERNATIONAL

 COMPARISONSBecause this report is designed as an aid to the analysis of U.S. business conditions, all previous sections are based on data which relate directly to that purpose. But many business analysts examine economic developments in other important countries with a view to their impact on the United States. This section is provided to facilitate a quick review of basic economic conditions in six of the nations with which we have important trade relationships.

Data on consumer prices, industrial production, and stock prices are shown for Canada, the United Kingdom, France, West Germany, Japan, and Italy and are compared with the corresponding U.S. series. Also included is an industrial production index for the European countries in the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. The industrial production series provide a comprehensive measure of output and the consumer price indexes measure an important sector of prices, while stock prices tend to be important as leading indicators. In this section, the U.S. business cycle shading has been omitted from the charts.

## HOW TO READ CHARTS

Peak ( $\mathbf{P}$ ) of cycle indicates end of expansion and beginning of Recession (shaded areas) as designated by NBER.

Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order.

Solid line indicates monthly data. (Data may be actual monthly figures or MCD moving averages.*)

Broken line indicates actual monthly data for series where an MCD moving average* is plotted.

Parallel lines indicate a break in continuity (data not available, changes in series definitions, extreme values, etc.).

Solid line with plotting points indicates quarterly data.

Diffusion Indexes
Solid line indicates monthly data over 6- or 9-month spans.

Broken line indicates monthly data over 1-month spans.

Solid line with plotting points indicates quarterly data over various spans.
*Many of the more irregular series are shown in terms of their MCD moving averages as well as their actual monthly data. In such cases, the 4-, 5 -, or 6 -term moving averages are plotted $11 / 2,2$, or $21 / 2$ months, respectively, behind the actual data. See appendix A for a description of MCD moving averages.


Scale shows percent of components rising.

Arabic number indicates latest month for which data are used in computing the indexes. (" 6 " $=$ June)

Roman number indicates latest quarter for which data are used in computing the indexes. (" $\mid$ " $=$ first quarter)

Broken line with plotting points indicates quarterly data over various spans.

NOTE: Some of the charts of anticipations and intentions data (section C) and balance of payments data (section D) do not conform to the above method of presentation. Deviations are adequately explained as they occur.

## HOW TO LOCATE A SERIES

To locate a series in BCD, consult the "Index-Series Finding Guide" in the back of the book where series are arranged into six sections and various subsections. Also, in the list of "Titles and Sources of Series" which follows the Finding Guide, series are listed in numerical order within each of the six sections, and the charts and tables in which they appear are indicated.

Table 1. Summary of Recent Data and Current Changes for Principal Indicators

| Series title |  | Basic data ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Percent change |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 3d Q 1970 | 4th Q 1970 | 151 1971 | $2 d$ 1971 | 3d 0 1971 | 4th ${ }^{\text {e }}$ 1971 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1st Q } \\ \text { to } \\ 2 \mathrm{~d} Q \\ 1971 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 d Q \\ \text { to } \\ 3 d Q \\ 1971 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 3d } Q \\ \text { to } \\ \text { 4th } Q \\ 1971 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| A. NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A1. Gross National Product |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 200. GNP in current dollars | Ann.rate, bil.dol. | 929.1 | 974.1 | $1046 \cdot 8$ | 983.5 | 988.4 | 1020.8 | 1040.0 | 1053.4 | 1073.0 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 200 |
| 205. GNP in 1958 dollars. | .....do | 724.7 | $720 \cdot 0$ | 739.5 | 723.3 | 715.9 | 729.7 | 735.8 | 740.7 | 751.7 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 205 |
| 210. Implicit price deflator. | 1958=100 ..... | 128.2 | 135.3 | 141.6 | 136.0 | 138.1 | 139.9 | 141.3 | 142.2 | 142.7 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 210 |
| 215. Per capita GNP in current dollars........ | Ann. rate, dol... | 4,585 | 4,755 | 5.056 | 4,795 | 4.804 | 4.949 | 5,030 | 5.082 | 5,163 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 215 |
| 217. Per capita GNP in 1958 dollars. . . . . . . . . | . . . . do ..... | 3,576 | 3,515 | 3.572 | 3,526 | 3,480 | 3.538 | 3.559 | 3,573 | 3,617 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 1.2 | 217 |
| A2. National and Personal Income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 222. Personal income, current dollars. | ..... do ..... | 750.3 | 803.6 | 857.0 | 809.8 | 816.7 | 833.5 | 853.4 | 864.6 | 876.6 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 222 |
| 224. Disposable personal income, current dol. | do | 634.2 | 687.8 | 741.2 | 696.2 | 701.5 | 722.0 | 739.6 | 748.5 | 754.8 | 2.4 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 224 |
| 225. Disposable personal income, 1958 dol . . . | do | 513.5 | 531.5 | 550.6 | 536.0 | 532.5 | 542.7 | 550.5 | 553.2 | 556.0 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 225 |
| 226. Per capita disposable personal income, current dollars. | Ann. rate, dol... | 3,130 | 3,358 | 3,581 | 3,395 | 3,410 | 3,500 | 3.577 | 31611 | 3,622 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 226 |
| 227. Per capita disposable personal income, 1958 dollars. | do | 2,535 | 2,595 | 2,660 | 2,613 | 2,588 | 2.631 | 2.663 | 2,669 | 2,668 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 227 |
| A3. Personal Consumption Expenditures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 230. Total, current dollars. | Ann.rate, bil.dol. | 579.6 | 615.8 | 662.2 | 620.9 | 624.7 | 644.9 | 657.4 | 668.8 | 677.7 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 230 |
| 231. Total, 1958 dollars | ..... do | 469.3 | 475.9 | 491.9 | 477.9 | 474.2 | 484.8 | 489.4 | 494.3 | 499.2 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 231 |
| 232. Durable goods, current dollars | do | 89.9 | 88.6 | 100.4 | 90.4 | 84.9 | 96.6 | 99.1 | 102.8 | 103.2 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 0.4 | 232 |
| 233. Durable goods, exc. autos, current dollars. . | do | 58.2 | 60.7 | 65.2 | 60.8 | 61.4 | 62.7 | 64.7 | 66.0 | 67.5 | 3.2 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 233 |
| 234. Automobiles, current dollars. | do | 31.7 | 28.0 | 35.2 | 29.6 | 23.5 | 33.9 | 34.4 | 36.8 | 35.7 | 1.5 | 7.0 | -3.0 | 234 |
| 236. Nondurable goods, current dollars | do | 247.6 | 264.7 | 278.8 | 265.5 | 270.9 | 273.2 | 277.8 | 280.2 | 283.9 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 236 |
| 237. Services, current dollars. . . . . | do | 242.1 | 262.5 | 283.0 | 265.0 | 268.9 | 275.0 | 280.5 | 285.8 | 290.6 | $2 \cdot 0$ | 1.9 | 1.7 | 237 |
| A4. Gross Private Domestic Investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 240. Gross private domestic investment, total. . . | . do | 137.8 | 135.3 | 150.8 | 138.6 | 137.3 | 143.3 | 152.9 | 150.8 | 156.5 | 6.7 | -1.4 | 3.8 | 240 |
| 241. Fixed investment, total nonresidential .... | . do | 98.6 | 102.1 | 108.2 | 104.8 | 100.8 | 104.7 | 108.3 | 109.3 | 110.4 | 3.4 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 24.1 |
| 242. Fixed investment, nonresidential structures. | do | 34.5 | 36.8 | 38.1 | 37.3 | 37.1 | 36.7 | 38.5 | 38,7 | 38.6 | 4.9 | 0.5 | -0.3 | 242 |
| 243. Fixed investment, producers' dur. equip... . | ..... do.... | 64.1 | 65.4 | 70.1 | 67.5 | 63.7 | 68.1 | 69.8 | 70.6 | 71.8 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 243 |
| 244. Fixed investment, residential structures. . . | do | 31.8 | 30.4 | 40.6 | 28.7 | 32.8 | 35.4 | 40.0 | 42.7 | 44.2 | 13.0 | 6.8 | 3.5 | 244 |
| 245. Change in business inventories, total ${ }^{2} \ldots$. | do | 7.4 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 4.6 | -1.2 | 1.9 | 1.5 | $-5.8$ | 3.1 | 245 |
| A5. Foreign Trade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 250. Net exports of goods and services ${ }^{2}$. | do | 2.0 | 3.6 | 0.7 | 4.0 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -2.0 | -4.6 | -0.1 | -2.0 | 250 |
| 252. Exports. | do | 55.6 | 62.9 | 65.5 | 63.7 | 63.2 | 66.2 | 66.5 | 68.2 | 61.2 | 0.5 | 2.6 | -10.3 | 252 |
| 253. 1mports. | do | 53.6 | 59.3 | 64.8 | 59.7 | 60.5 | 61.5 | 66.4 | 68.2 | 63.2 | 8.0 | 2.7 | -7.3 | 253 |
| A6. Govemment Purchases of Goods and Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 260. Total . | do | 209.7 | 219.4 | 233.1 | 220.1 | 223.7 | 227.9 | 229.6 | 233.8 | 240.9 | 0.7 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 260 |
| 262. Federal | do | 99.2 | 97.2 | 97.6 | 96.1 | 95.9 | 96.4 | 96.0 | 97.6 | 100.6 | -0.4 | 1.7 | 3.1 | 262 |
| 264. National defense | do | 78.8 | 75.4 | 71.4 | 74.2 | 73.2 | 72.6 | 71.4 | 70.2 | 71.5 | -1.7 | -1.7 | 1.9 | 264 |
| 266. State and local . | do | 110.8 | 122.2 | 135.4 | 124.0 | 127.9 | 131.6 | 133.6 | 136.2 | 140.3 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 266 |
| A7. Final Sales and Inventories270. Final |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 270. Final sales, durable goods. <br> 271. Change in business inventories, durable | do | 180.9 | 180.8 | 193.3 | 184.9 | 173.1 | 189.4 | 190.6 | 196.4 | 196.9 | 0.6 | 3.0 | 0.3 | 270 |
| grods ${ }^{2}$...................... | .. do | 4.5 | -0.6 | 0.4 | 4.7 | -3.4 | 3.5 | 2.3 | -2.5 | -1.9 | -1.2 | -4.8 | 0.6 | 271 |
| 274. Final sales, nondurable goods .......... | do | 269.0 | 284.7 | 298.7 | 284.9 | 290.9 | 293.1 | 295.5 | 301.0 | 305.3 | 0.8 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 274 |
| 275. Change in business inventories, nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$. | ..... do..... | 2.9 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 7.1 | -0.4 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 3.7 | 2.7 | -1.0 | 2.4 | 275 |
| A8. National Income Components |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 280. Compensation of employees. | . do..... | 565.5 | 601.9 | 641.8 | 606.5 | 609.3 | 627.3 | 638.0 | 645.6 | 656.5 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 280 |
| 282. Proprietors' income...... | do. | 67.0 | 66.9 | 68.3 | 66.0 | 65.9 | 66.4 | 67.2 | 69.2 | 70.5 | 1.2 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 282 |
| 284. Rental income of persons. . . . . . . . . . . | do | 22.6 | 23.3 | 24.3 | 23.4 | 23.7 | 23.8 | 24.2 | 24.5 | 24.6 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 284 |
| 286. Corp. profits and inventory valuation adj .. | do | 78.6 | 70.8 | 80.7 | 73.0 | 69.0 | 79.5 | 82.5 | 80.0 | NA | 3.8 | -3.0 | NA | 286 |
| 288. Net interest ..................... | do | 29.9 | 33.0 | 35.6 | 33.4 | 34.2 | 34.8 | 35.4 | 35.9 | 36.4 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 288 |
| A9. Saving |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 290. Gross saving, total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ..... do..... | 141.0 | 140.3 | NA | 142.6 | 138.3 | 149.1 | 154.5 | 151.8 | NA | 3.6 | -1.7 | NA | 290 |
| 292. Personal saving . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | do | 37.9 | 54.1 | 60.4 | 57.4 | 58.5 | 58.6 | 63.6 | 61.0 | 58.4 | 8.5 | -4.1 | -4.3 | 292 |
| 294. Undistributed corporate profits plus inventory valuation adjustment | ..... do..... | 14.5 | 11.7 | NA | 12.2 | 11.7 | 15.7 | 18.0 | 16.7 | NA | 14.6 | -7.2 | NA | 294 |
| 296. Capital consumption allowances . . . . . . . . | do | 81.1 | 87.6 | 95.2 | 88.2 | 89.8 | 92.0 | 93.9 | 96.2 | 98.7 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 296 |
| 298. Government surplus or deficit, total ${ }^{2}$. . . . . | do | 7.4 | -13.1 | -20.3 | -15.2 | -21.7 | -17.1 | -20.9 | -22.2 | NA | -3.8 | -1.3 | NA | 298 |
| A10. Real GNP (1958 dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 273. Final sales, 1958 doltars, ............ | ..... do.... | 718.2 | 717.7 | 737.5 | 719.4 3.4 | 712.8 | 727.2 | 731.7 | 741.2 | 749.9 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 273 |
| 246. Change in bus. inventories, 1958 dollars.. | ..... do..... | 6.4 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 4.1 | -0.5 | 1.9 | 1.6 | -4.6 | 2.4 | 246 |
| 247. Fixed invest., nonresidential, 1958 dollars. | do | 80.1 | 78.6 | 78.8 | 80.1 | 75.5 | 77.7 | 79.1 | 78.9 | 79.6 | 1.8 | -0.3 | 0.9 | 247 |
| 248. Fixed invest., residential struc., 1958 dol . | do | 23.1 | 21.3 | 27.0 | 20.0 | 22.6 | 24.1 | 26.7 | 28.3 | 28.9 | 10.8 | 6.0 | $2 \cdot 1$ | 248 |
| 249. Gross auto product, 1958 dollars ........ 261. Govt. purchases of goods and services, | do | 35.0 | 28.3 | 35.9 | 31.6 | 19.6 | 36.8 | 34.7 | 37.5 | 34.7 | -5.7 | 8.1 | -7.5 | 249 |
| 261. Govt. purchases of goods and services, total, 1958 dollars. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | ..... do ...... | 145.6 | 139.4 | 139.3 | 138.2 | 138.3 | 137.6 | 137.0 | 139.6 | 142.9 | -0.4 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 261 |
| E1. Actual and Potential GNP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 207. GNP gap (potential less actual) ${ }^{2} 1958$ dol. | . do | 3.21 | 38.3 | 51.5 | $39.0 \mid$ | 54.5 | 48.8 | 50.91 | 54.4 | 51.8 | 2.1 | 3.5 | -2.6 | 207 |

Table 1. Summary of Recent Data and Current Changes for Principal Indicators-Con.


Table 1. Summary of Recent Data and Current Changes for Principal Indicators-Con.


Table 1. Summary of Recent Data and Current Changes for Principal Indicators-Con.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except for those indicated by (u), which appear to contain no seasonal movement. *Series included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. $\quad$ NA $=$ not available. $\quad a=$ anticipated. $\quad E O P=$ end of period. For complete series titles (including composition of composite indexes) and sources, see "Titles and Sources of Series" in the back of BCD.
${ }^{1}$ In many cases, data shown here are rounded to fewer digits or are in different units than those shown in the tables in part II. Where available, annual
 are averages or totals of the data as shown in part II.
${ }^{2}$ Differences rather than percent changes are shown for this series.
${ }^{3}$ Index for the latest month excludes series $12,16,31$, and 113 , for which data are not yet available.
4 Inverted series. Since this series tends to move counter to movements in general business activity, signs of the changes are reversed.
${ }^{5}$ End-of-period series. The annual figures (and quarterly figures for monthly series) are the last figures for the period.


Chart Al GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT


[^0]

Current data for these series are shown on page 66.

## Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

Chart A3 PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES


Current data for these series are shown on page 67

## Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

## Chart A4 GROSS PRIVATE DOMESTIC INVESTMENT



Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT
Chart A5 FOREIGN TRADE


Urrent data for these series are shown on page 68.

Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT
Chart A6 GOVERNMENT PURCHASES OF GOODS AND SERVICES


Current data for these series are shown on page 68

## Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

Chart A7 FINAL SALES AND INVENTORIES


Current data for these series are shown on page 68.

## Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

## Chart A8 NATIONAL INCOME COMPONENTS



Current data for these series are shown on pages 68 and 69.

## Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

Chart A9 SAVING


Current data for these series are shown on page 69.

Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT
Chart A10 REAL GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT


[^1]
## Section A NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT

## Chart A11 SHARES OF GNP AND NATIONAL INCOME

Gross National Product Shares


National Income Shares


Current data for these series are shown on page 70.


## CYCLICAL INDICATORS

Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

## Chart B1 EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT

Leading Indicators


Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

Chart B1 EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT-Con.

Roughly Coincident Indicators


Current data for these series are shown on paqes 71 and 72.

## Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

```
Chart B1 EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT_-Con.
```

Roughly Coincident Indicators-Con.


Lagging Indicators


Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B2 PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE

Roughly Coincident Indicators


NOTE: For this economic process (i.e., Production, Income, Consumption, and Trade), no leading or lagging indicators have as yet been selected
Current data for these series are shown on page 73.

Section B. CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B2 PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE-Con.
Roughly Coincident Indicators-Con.


Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

## Chart B3 FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT

Leading Indicators

|  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (July) (Aug.) |

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

```
Chart B3 FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT-Con.
```

Leading Indicators-Con.


Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B3 FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT-Con.

Roughly Coincident Indicators


## Lagging Indicators



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Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B4 INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT

Leading Indicators


Leading Indicators-Con.


Lagging Indicators


## Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

Chart B5 PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS

Leading Indicators


[^2]Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B5 PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS-Con.

Leading Indicators-Con.


Roughly Coincident Indicators


## Lagging Indicators



Current data for these series are shown on page 77.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B6 MONEY AND CREDIT

## Leading Indicators

(uly) (Aug.)
Flows of Money and Credit (Apr)

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B6 MONEY AND CREDIT-Con.

Leading Indicators-Con.


Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing
Chart B6 MONEY AND CREDIT--Con.

Roughly Coincident Indicators


Current data for these series are shown on page 79.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Economic Process and Cyclical Timing

```
Chart B6 MONEY AND CREDIT--Con.
```



[^3]Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing
Chart B7
COMPOSITE INDEXES


Section B. CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing Chart B7 COMPOSITE INDEXES-Con.


Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing

## Leading Indicators



Current data for these series are shown on pages 71,74, and 75.

NBER SHORT LIST-Con.

Leading Indicators-Con.


Current data for these series are shown on pages 75, 76, 77, and 78.

## Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing

Chart B8 NBER SHORT LIST-Con.

Roughly Coincident Indicators


Current data for these series are shown on pages 72 and 73.

Section B CYCLICAL INDICATORS Selected Indicators by Timing
Chart B8 NBER SHORT LIST-Con.

## Lagging Indicators



Curremt data for these series are shown on pages $72,75,76,77$, and 79.

## |l| <br> |111

Chart C1 AGGREGATE SERIES
(May) (Feb.)


Current data for these series are shown on page 81.

## Section C ANTICIPATIONS AND INTENTIONS

```
Chart C1 'AGGREGATE SERIES-Con.
```



Current data for these series are shown on page 81.

## Section c ANTICIPATIONS AND INTENTIONS


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Section C ANTICIPATIONS AND INTENTIONS
Chart C2 DIFFUSION INDEXES-Con.

Current data for these series are shown on page 82.
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## firn <br>  <br> OTHER KEY INDICATORS

## Chart D1 FOREIGN TRADE



Current data for these series are shown on page 83.

## Section D OTHER KEY INDICATORS

Chart D2 BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND MAJOR COMPONENTS


[^4]
## Section D OTHER KEY INDICATORS

## Chart D2 BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND MAJOR COMPONENTS-Con.



Current data for these series are shown on page 84. End of year figures are used prior to 1960.

```
Chart D2 BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND MAJOR COMPONENTS-Con.
```



543. Income on foreign investments in the U.S.

544. Receipts from foreign travelers in the U.S.


## Section D OTHER KEY INDICATORS

## Chart D2 BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND MAJOR COMPONENTS-Con.

Capital Movements Plus Government
Nonmilitary Unilateral Transfers

Anmual rate, billon collars

| Da Excess of receipts (inflow) |
| :--- |
| E Excess of payments (outtiow) |



[^5]Section D OTHER KEY INDICATORS
Chart D3 FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES



Current data for these series are shown on page 87 .

## Section D OTHER KEY INDICATORS

```
Chart D4 PRICE MOVEMENTS-Con.
```



Current data for these series are shown on page 87.

ANALYTICAL MEASURES

## Chart E1 ACTUAL AND POTENTIAL GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT



## Section E ANALYTICAL MEASURES

## Chart E2 ANALYTICAL RATIOS

(July) (Aug.)
(July) (Apr.)
(May) (Feb.)
(Nov.) (Nov.)




$$
2.0\rfloor
$$



Section E ANALYTICAL MEASURES
Chart E2 ANALYTICAL RATIOS-Con.


Current data for these series are shown on page 89.

## Section E ANALYTICAL MEASURES

## Chart E3 DIFFUSION INDEXES

## Leading Indicators

| (July) (Aug.) | (July) (Apr.) | (May) (Feb.) |  | (Nov.) | (Nov.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | P T |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Percent rising |  |  |

D1. Average workweek phatuction workers, fiemfacturing -21 industries $19-\mathrm{mo}$, span -, 1 mo . span- -1

06. New orders, thrable goods industites -36 industries $[9-m o . ~ s p a n-, 1-m o . ~ s p a n--]$

134. Profits, FNCB of NY, perceit reporting higher profits-about 1,000 manufacturing corporations (1-Q span)


Q23. madustrial makaids prices-13 industral materials (9-mo. span - , 1-mo. span-.--)

05. Whital claims, State unempitypent insurance-47 areas percent declining; 9-mo. span-, 1-mo. span--1

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Current data for these series are shown on pages 90 and 91.

## Section E ANALYTICAL MEASURES

Chart E3 DIFFUSION INDEXES-Con.

## Roughly Coincident Indicators



D41. Employees on nonegitultural payrolls - 30 hidustries 16 -mo. span -, 1 -mo. span- -1


D47. Industial production-24 indestres $16-m o$. span -1 , mo. span--1


D54. Sales of retail stores-23 types of stores (9-mo. span-, 1mo. span-..-)


| 1950 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 1972 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Section E ANALYTICAL MEASURES

## Chart E5 RATES OF CHANGE

(July) (Apr.) (May) (Feb.)
(Nov.) (Nov.)



INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

## Chart F1 CONSUMER PRICES



Current data for these series are shown on page 96.

## Section F INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS

## Chart F2 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION



Current data for these series are shown on pages 96 and 97.

Section F INTERNA TOMAL GOME AREOMS

## Chart F3 <br> STOCK PRICES



Current data for these series are shown on page 97.


[^6]

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Graphs of these series are shown on pages 11 and 12. ${ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjust ed series are indicated by (凹). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and " $\mathrm{NA}^{\text {" }}$, not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages $13,14,15$, and 16. ${ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by @l. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages $16,17,18$, and 19.
${ }^{2}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on poge 19.
${ }^{2}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC <br> PROCESS ....... | B1 EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... | LEADING INDICATORS | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT |
| INDICATORS |  |  |


| Year and month | *1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing <br> (Hours) | 21. Average weekly overtime hours, production workers, manufacturing <br> (Hours) | 2. Accession rate, manufacturing <br> (Per 100 employees) | *5. Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance, State programs ${ }^{\text {² }}$ <br> (Thous.) | 3. Layoff rate, manufacturing <br> (Per 100 employees) | 50. Number of job vacancies, mfg . (1) <br> (Thous.) | 46. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspaper $(1967=100)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. | 40.6 | 3.7 | 4.9 | 179 | 1.1 | ... | 120 |
| February . . | 40.3 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 186 | 1.1 | ... | 123 |
| March....... | 40.8 | 3.7 | 4.9 | 185 | 1.1 | ... | 124 |
| April . | 40.8 | 3.7 | 4.9 | 181 | 1.0 | 293 | 126 |
| May . . . . . . . | 40.7 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 182 | 1.1 | 290 | 125 |
| June......... | 40.7 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 197 | 1.1 | 240 | 122 |
| July . . . | 40.6 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 195 | 1.1 | 256 | 122 |
| August. . . . | 40.6 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 196 | 1.2 | 312 | 120 |
| September . . | 40.7 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 200 | 1.2 | 288 | 126 |
| October . . | 40.5 | 3.5 | 4.6 | 202 | 1.3 | 242 | 122 |
| November | 40.5 | 3.5 | 4.4 | 211 | 2.2 | 209 | 119 |
| December | 40.6 | 3.5 | $4 \cdot 5$ | 210 | 1.4 | 185 | 117 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . | 40.2 | 3.3 | 4.3 | 232 | 1.5 | 186 | 109 |
| February... | 40.2 | 3.2 | $4 \cdot 4$ | 250 | 1.6 | 170 | 109 |
| March. ...... | 40.1 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 263 | 1.7 | 165 | 103 |
| April ...... | 39.9 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 326 | 2.0 | 158 | 99 |
| May . . . . . . . | 39.8 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 313 | 1.8 | 151 | 99 92 |
| June. . . . . . . | 39.9 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 303 | 1.9 | 123 | 92 |
| July. | 40.1 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 265 | 1.6 | 126 | 91 |
| August..... | 39.8 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 288 | 1.8 | 137 | 89 85 |
| September.. | 39.3 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 338 | 1.9 | 118 | 85 |
| October. | 39.4 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 341 | 2.1 | 93 | 77 $r 78$ |
| November . | 39.6 | 2.7 | 3.7 3.8 | 338 | 2.0 | 76 | 778 80 |
| December .. | 39.5 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 297 | 1.8 | 77 | 80 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. | 39.8 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 282 | 1.7 | 81 | 75 |
| February.. | 39.8 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 278 | 1.5 | 80 | 77 |
| March. ...... | 39.8 | 2.9 | 3.9 | 291 | 1.5 | 83 | 78 |
| April ...... | 39.8 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 274 | 1.6 | 93 | 78 |
| May . . . . . . . | 40.0 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 296 | 1.5 | 95 | 79 |
| June........ . | 40.0 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 301 | 1.5 | 89 | 83 |
| July. | 40.0 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 274 | 1.5 | 90 | 85 |
| August..... | 39.8 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 327 | 1.9 | (H) 106 | 85 |
| September... | 39.5 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 324 | 1.7 | 98 | 80 |
| October.... | 39.8 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 310 | rl. 4 | 90 | 80 |
| November .. | 40.1 | r3.0 | (H) ${ }^{\text {P }}$. 2 | 301 | (H) pl .4 | p78 | r81 |
| December | (H) P 40.3 | ([) p 3.1 | (NA) | (H) 266 | (NA) | (NA) | [H] $\mathrm{p}^{26}$ |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $\boxed{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by (H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk $\left({ }^{*}\right)$ are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 20,21 , and 38.
${ }^{1}$ Data exclude Puerto Rico which is ineluded in figures published by source agency.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS. | B1 EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT-COn. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS--Con. |  | LAGGING indicators |
| Minor Economic Process. | Comprehensive Employment | Comprehensive Unemployment | Long-Duration Unemployment |


| Year <br> and <br> month | 48. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments <br> (Ann. rate, bil. man•hours) | *41. Number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls, establishment survey <br> (Thous.) | 42. Persons engaged in nonagricultural activities, labor force survey <br> (Thous.) | *43. Unemployment rate, total <br> (Percent) | 45. Average weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Percent) | 40. Unemployment rate, married males <br> (Percent) | *44. Unemployment rate, persons unemployed 15 weeks and over ${ }^{2}$ <br> (Percent) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... | 137.25 | 69,287 | 73,271 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 0.4 |
| February........... | 137.26 | 69,529 | 73,682 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 0.4 |
| March.............. | 138.20 | 69,766 | 73,870 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 0.4 |
| April ............. | 138.54 | 69,941 | 73,895 | 3.5 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| May ................ | 139.12 | 70,171 | 73,675 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| June............... | 139.30 | 70,368 | 74,110 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| July............. | 139.24 | 70,406 | 74,365 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| August............ | 139.69 | 70,512 | 74,582 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| September.......... | 139.77 | 70,616 | 74,696 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 0.5 |
| October........... | 139.95 | 70, 827 | 75,000 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| November .......... | 139.95 | 70,797 | 75,088 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| December ......... | 140.12 | 70,912 | 75,298 | 3.6 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 0.5 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... | 139.21 | 70,873 | 75,504 | 3.9 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 0.5 |
| February .......... | 139.47 | 70,988 | 75,300 | 4.2 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 0.6 |
| March.............. | 139.62 | 71,147 | 75,436 | 4.4 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 0.7 |
| April ............. | 139.05 | 71,063 | 75,317 | 4.7 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 0.7 |
| May ............... | 138.46 | 70, 796 | 75,031 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 0.7 |
| June............... | 138.25 | 70,634 | 74,763 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 0.8 |
| July .............. | 138.47 | 70,605 | 75,066 | 5.0 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 0.8 |
| August............. | 137.76 | 70, 445 | 75,073 | 5.1 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 0.9 |
| September .......... | 137.05 | 70,480 | 75,043 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 0.9 |
| October........... | 136.52 | 70,082 | 75,398 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 0.9 |
| November ......... | 136.45 | 69, 985 | 75,197 | 5.9 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 1.1 |
| December ......... | 137.04 | 70,313 | 75,055 | 6.2 | 4.0 | 3.4 | 1.3 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ........... | 137.36 | 70,454 | 75,451 | 6.0 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 1.3 |
| February ........... | 136.65 | 70,392 | 75,208 | 5.8 | (H) 3.7 | 3.2 | 1.3 |
| March............. | 137.38 | 70,480 | 75,079 | 6.0 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 1.3 |
| April .............. | 137.56 | 70,599 | 75,140 | 6.1 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 1.3 |
| May ............. | 138.07 | 70,769 | 75,503 | 6.2 | 4.3 | 3.3 | 1.4 |
| June............... | 137.99 | 70,657 | 75,149 | (H) 5.6 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 1.4 |
| July ............. | 137.91 | 70,531 | 75,574 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 1.6 |
| August............ September . . | 137.67 | 70,529 | 75,782 76,169 | 6.1 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 1.5 |
| September......... | 137.64 | 70,853 | 76,169 | 6.0 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 1.5 |
| October ........... | r138.07 | r70,848 | 76,476 | 5.8 | 4.4 | (H)3.0 |  |
| November ......... | r138.91 | r70,981 | 76,629 | 6.0 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 1.5 |
| December ......... | (H) $\mathrm{pl38.93}$ | H) p71,104 | (H) 76,720 | 6.1 | p3.8 | 3.3 | 1.5 |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $\mathbb{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by (H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The "r" indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages $21,22,40$, and 41 .
${ }^{1}$ Data exclude Puerto Rico which is included in figures published by source agency.
${ }^{3}$ No current high.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC <br> PROCESS ....... | B2 | PRODUCTION, INCOME, CONSUMPTION, AND TRADE |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... |  | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |
| Minor ECOnomic <br> Process......... | Comprehensive Production | Comprehensive Income | Comprehensive Consumption and Trade |


| Year and month | *200. Gross national product in current dollars <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *205. Gross national product in 1958 dollars <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *47. Index of industrial production$(1967=100)$ | *52. Personal income <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 53. Wages and salaries in mining, manufacturing and construction <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *56. Manufacturing and trade sales(Mil. dol.) | 57. Final sales (series 200 minus series 245) <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | Sales of retail stores |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54. Current dollar sales | 59. Deflated (1967 dollar) sales |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (Mil. dol.) | (Mil. dol.) |
| 1970 | ${ }^{1}{ }^{1}$ | $\left({ }^{2}\right)$ |  | $\left({ }^{3}\right)$ | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |  | $\left({ }^{1}\right)$ |  | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| January. | $\cdots$ |  | 107.4 | 780.1 | 198.5 | 104,904 | $\ldots$ | 30,334 | 27,230 |
| February........... | 956.0 | 719.8 | 108.0 | 783.5 | 198.2 | 105,870 | 955.6 | 30,669 | 27,408 |
| March.............. | ... | ... | 107.6 | 789.4 | 200.2 | 105,657 | . . . | 30,695 | 27,357 |
| April ............... |  | . | 107.5 | 808.0 | 198.7 | 104,807 | $\ldots$ | 31,005 | 27,511 |
| May .............. | 968.5 | 721.1 | 107.5 | 802.0 | 197.1 | 106,758 | 966.5 | 31,198 | 27,584 |
| June.............. | ... | ... | 107.6 | 801.4 | 197.4 | 107,389 | ... | 31,293 | 27,595 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 723 | 107.5 | 805.3 | 198.3 | 107,626 | 978.4 | 31,601 | 27,818 |
| August............. | 983.5 | 723.3 | 107.5 | 809.0 | 198.5 | 108,052 | 978.4 | 31,710 | 27,889 |
| September . . . . . . . . | ... | ... | 106.5 | 814.9 | 198.0 | 107,738 | ... | 31,951 | 27,978 |
| October. | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 103.7 | 813.6 | 193.4 | 105,610 | … | 31,621 | 27,592 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 988.4 | 715.9 | 102.6 | 815.7 | 193.4 | 104,485 | 984.7 | 31,282 | 27,202 |
| December ...... | . | ... | 104.6 | 820.9 | 198.9 | 106,943 | ... | 31,761 | 27,499 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . | 7.020 .8 | 7297 | 105.3 | r829.9 | r199.1 | 109,346 | 1, 01 | 32,290 | 27,933 |
| February........... | 1,020.8 | 729.7 | 105.7 | r832.4 | r198.4 | 111,166 | r1,017.7 | 32,850 | 28,392 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots$ | ... | 105.5 | r838.3 | r199.8 | 112,740 | ... | 33,274 | 28,610 |
| April .............. |  |  | 106.2 | r843.0 | r200.9 | 113,155 |  | 33,578 | 28,773 |
| May ............... | r1,040.0 | r735.8 | 107.0 | r848.6 | r202.6 | 114,303 | rl,035.4 | 33,502 | 28,585 |
| June.............. | ... | ... | 107.2 | r868.6 | r202.9 | 115,531 | ... | 33,827 | 28,716 |
| July............... | , 0.0. | 740.7 | 106.1 | r857.7 | r201.5 | 114,727 |  | 33,688 | 28,573. |
| August............. | rl,053.4 | r740.7 | 105.3 | r866.1 | r201.9 | 115,064 | r1,054.6 | 34,655 | 29,344 |
| September......... | ... | ... | 106.2 | r869.9 | r203.3 | 115,660 | ... | 35,219 | 29,821 |
| October........... |  | 751 | r106.4 | r871.2 | r204.0 | r114,687 |  | r34,964 | 29,580 |
| November $\ldots \ldots \ldots .$. December $\ldots . . . .$. | (H) $\mathrm{pl}, 073.0$ | (H) P 751.7 | (H) $\begin{array}{r}107.0 \\ \text { plo }\end{array}$ | r874.9 (H) $\mathbf{p} 883.8$ | r204.7 (H) p 208.2 | $\begin{array}{r} (\mathrm{H}) \text { pll7, } 620 \\ (\mathrm{NA}) \end{array}$ | (H)pl,071.2 | $\begin{gathered} (H) \mathrm{p} 35,620 \\ (\mathrm{NA}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{H}) \mathrm{p} 30,084 \\ (\mathrm{NA}) \end{gathered}$ |
| 1972 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . December |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $[\boldsymbol{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by $[H]$. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk $\left(^{*}\right.$ ) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 23,24 , and 40.
${ }^{\text {S }}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS ....... |  | B3 FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS . . . |  | LEADING INDICATORS |
| Minor Economic Process. | Formation of Business Enterprises | New Investment Commitments |


| Year and month | *12. Index of net business formation $(1967=100)$ | 13. Number of new business incorporations <br> (Number) | *6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 8. Index of construction contracts, total value ${ }^{1}$ $(1967=100)$ | *10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment (Bil. dol.) | 11. Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corpora* tions ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Bil. dol.) | 24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, producers' capital goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 9. Construction contracts, commercial and industrial buildings ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Mil. sq. ft. floor space) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 114.5 | 22,397 | 29.23 | 131 | 8.38 |  | 6.15 | 88.86 |
| February.......... | 114.2 | 23,152 | 28.64 | 137 | 7.77 | 6.65 | 6.02 | 80.95 |
| March............. | 110.7 | 21,383 | 28.45 | 132 | 7.06 | ... | 5.54 | 67.11 |
| April | 109.7 | 21,939 | 28.10 | 130 | 7.67 | $\ldots$ | 5.53 | 64.00 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 107.8 | 22,267 | 29.33 | 110 | 6.90 | 6.42 | 5.66 | 58.19 |
| June............... | 107.0 | 22,192 | 29.61 | 120 | 7.18 | ... | 5.80 | 54.47 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . | 106.1 | 22,106 | 30.07 | 116 | 7.35 | $\cdots$ | 5.90 | 70.45 |
| August............. | 105.2 | 22,055 | 29.75 | 135 | 7.09 | 6.46 | 5.68 | 61.04 |
| September ......... | 105.5 | 22,372 | 28.36 | 118 | 6.86 | ... | 5.61 | 60.16 |
| October............ | 105.9 | 21,625 | 26.78 | 115 | 6.58 | - | 5.84 | 51.71 |
| November .......... | 105.6 | 22,382 | 27.56 | 130 | 7.18 | 5.90 | 5.87 | 54.00 |
| December ......... | 104.5 | 22,085 | 30.14 | 132 | 7.01 | ... | 5.92 | 54.69 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . | 105.8 | 22,338 | 31.67 | 117 | 7.80 | $\ldots$ | 6.44 | 54.37 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | 105.6 | 20,923 | 31.07 | 126 | 8.12 | 5.76 | 6.62 | 50.04 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | 109.2 | 23,220 | 31.47 | 142 | 7.77 | ... | 6.22 | 65.44 |
| April .............. | 109.2 | 22,770 | 30.23 | (H) 161 | 7.88 | … | 5.68 | 54.82 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 109.8 | 24,168 | 30.60 | 141 | 7.77 | 5.44 | 6.19 | 63.40 |
| June.............. | 111.8 | 24,691 | 30.67 | 147 | 7.74 | ... | 6.24 | 62.83 |
| July . | 112.0 | 25,073 | 31.96 | 151 | 7.52 |  | 6.15 | 60.67 |
| August............. | 112.9 | 25,142 | 31.76 | 153 | (H) 8.35 | (H) $\mathrm{p}^{2} .10$ | 6.55 | 54.82 |
| September......... . | 111.7 | 23,278 | 31.03 | 154 | 7.91 | ... | 6.42 | (H) 70.72 |
| October . . . . . . . . . | r114.2 | r25,128 | (4) $\begin{array}{r}31.13 \\ \hline 32.56\end{array}$ | 137 | $\begin{array}{r}7.80 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | ( Ni | (H)6.81 | 61.75 |
| November . . . . . . . December . . . . . . | (H) ${ }_{\text {(NA }}$ | (H) p26,497 | $(H) r 32.56$ p 32.01 | 155 160 | r8.12 p 8.01 | (NA) | r6.56 p6.64 | $\begin{aligned} & 68.70 \\ & 67.27 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1972 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February .......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July. <br> August. <br> September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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Graphs of these series are shown on pages 25,26 , and 38 .
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| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS | B3 | FIXED CAPITAL INVESTMENT-Con. |  | INVESTMENT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS . . . | LEADING INDICATORS--Con. | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS | LAGGING INDICATORS | LEADING INDICATORS |
| Minor Economic Process. . . . . . . . . | New Investment Commitments--Con. | Backlog of Investment Commitments | Investment Expenditures | Inventory Investment and Purchasing |


| Year and month | 28. New private housing units started, total <br> (Ann. rate, thous.) | *29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits $(1967=100)$ | 96. Manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (Bil. dol.) | 97. Backlog of capital appropriations, manufacturing ${ }^{12}$ (Bil. dol.) | *61. Business expenditures on new plant and equipment, total <br> (Ann. rate, bil, dol.) | 69. Machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 245. Change in business inventories <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | *31. Change in book value of mfg. and trade inventories, total <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 37. Purchased materials, companies reporting higher inventories <br> (Percent reporting) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ ) |  |  |
| January . | 1,059 | 93.5 | 84.17 | ... |  | 87.20 |  | +3.3 | 50 |
| February.......... | 1,306 | 100.1 | 83.25 | $\ldots$ | 78.22 | 88.34 | +0.4 | +12.0 | 50 |
| March............. . | 1,392 | 96.8 | 82.46 | 23.25 | ... | 87.99 | ... | $+4.0$ | 51 |
| April ............... | 1,224 | 104.7 | 81.51 | ... | ... | 85.82 | ... | +13.7 | 45 |
| May ............... | 1,242 | 117.1 | 80.91 | . $\cdot$ | 80.22 | 89.49 | +2.1 | -1.8 | 40 |
| June.............. | 1,393 | 115.0 | 80.41 | 22.56 | ... | 88.66 | ... | +11.0 | 46 |
| July............... | 1,603 | 117.2 | 80.30 | -•• | . ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 89.63 | ... | (H) +14.3 | 46 |
| August. ........... | 1,425 | 123.0 | 79.57 | . $\cdot$ | 81.88 | 88.91 | +5.1 | +6.7 | 44 |
| September......... | 1,509 | 123.5 | 78.02 | 21.88 | ... | 87.36 | ... | +6.7 | 47 |
| October . . . . . . . . . | 1,583 | 136.5 | 76.65 | ... | ... | 85.55 |  | +4.2 | 46 |
| November . . . . . . . . | 1,693 | 133.5 | 76.53 | - $\cdot$ | 78.63 | 85.41 | +3.7 | +9.4 | 47 |
| December ......... | 2,054 | 158.5 | 77.48 | 21.06 | ... | 85.94 | ... | +3.1 | 44 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | 1,725 | 143.3 | 78.98 | $\cdots$ | ... | 89.93 | $\ldots$ | +9.3 | 46 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | 1,754 | 137.0 | (H) 79.20 | . . | 79.32 | 89.01 | $r+3.1$ | $+5.1$ | 49 |
| March.............. | 1,959 | 142.6 | 79.06 | 20.52 | ... | 90.98 | ... | $+8.4$ | 51 |
| April .............. | 1,912 | 143.6 | 77.98 | . |  | 89.05 |  | +8.9 | 57 |
| May ............... | 1,975 | 168.9 | 76.73 | ... | (H) 81.61 | 91.24 | (H) $\mathrm{r}+4.6$ | +9.3 | 55 |
| June.............. | 2,000 | 162.1 | 74.75 | 19.73 | (1) 8. | 94.06 | 4 | +4.3 | 58 |
| July .............. | 2,229 | 179.8 | 74.58 | ... | $\cdots$ | 93.77 | ... | +3.0 | (H) 59 |
| August. . . . . . . . . . | 2,258 | 175.8 | 74.88 |  | 80.75 | 95.14 | r-1.2 | +6.1 | 51 |
| September.......... | 2,002 | 166.5 | 74.36 | p19.68 | ... | (H) 96.12 | ... | $+9.2$ | 41 |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | r2,031 | 190.4 | 74.32 |  | ... | r95.61 |  | r+6.5 | 39 |
| November . . . . . . . | r2,303 | r171.1 | r74.78 | (NA) | a84.02 | p94.77 | p+1.9 | p-0.6 | 42 |
| December . . . . . . . . | (H) $p^{2,517}$ | (H) pl95.5 | p74.90 |  | ... | (NA) |  | (NA) | 47 |
| 1972 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  | -•• |  |  |  |  |
| February.......... |  |  |  |  | 287.14 |  |  |  |  |
| March. ............. |  |  |  |  | ... |  |  |  |  |
| April .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May ............... |  |  |  |  | a88.47 |  |  |  |  |
| June.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August. ............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $\bar{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by H. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk ( ${ }^{*}$ ) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages $26,27,28,38,39$, and 41 .
${ }^{1}$ This is a copyrighted series used by permission; it may not be reproduced without written permission from the Conference Board. ${ }^{2}$ No current high. ${ }^{3}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS | B4 INVENTORIES AND INVENTORY INVESTMENT--Con. |  | B5 PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS . . . | LEADING INDICATORS--Con. | LAGGING INDICATORS |  | LEADING | ICATORS |
| Minor Economic Process. . . . . . . . | Inventory Investment and Purchasing--Con. | Inventories | Sensitive Commodity Prices | Stock Prices | Profits and Profit Margins |


| Year and month | 20. Change in book value, mfrs.' inventories of mtls. and supplies <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 26. Production materials,com panies reporting commitments 60 days or longer (u) (Percent reporting) | 32. Vendor performance, companies reportingslower deliveries (1) <br> (Percent reporting) | 25. Change in unfilled orders, durable goods industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | *71.Manufacturing and trade inventories, book value(Bil. dol.) | 65. Manufacturers' inventories of finished goods book value(Bil. dol.) | *23. Index of industrial materials prices (1)$(1967=100)$ | *19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (l)$(1941-43=10)$ | Corporate profits after taxes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16. Current dollars <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 18. Constant (1958)dollars <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ |
| January. | -1.2 | 61 | 56 | -0.21 | 166.69 | 31.62 | 118.9 | 90.31 |  |  |
| February........... | +2.2 | 62 | 58 | -0.92 | 167.69 | 32.00 | 119.5 | 87.16 | 41.5 | 32.7 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | +0.9 | 56 | 50 | -0.79 | 168.02 | 32.12 | 118.7 | 88.65 | ... | - |
| April . . . . . . . . . . . | -0.9 | 60 | 52 | -0.95 | 169.16 | 32.67 | 118.2 | 85.95 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | -2.1 | 57 | 72 | -0.60 | 169.01 | 32.70 | 117.5 | 76.06 | 41.3 | 32.1 |
| June. . | +0.1 | 55 | 69 | -0.50 | 169.93 | 32.87 | 114.8 | 75.59 | ... | ... |
| July ............... | +0.1 | 52 | 50 | -0.10 | 271.12 | 33.10 | 112.4 | 75.72 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| August. . . . . . . . . . | +1.0 | 50 | 45 | -0.74 | 171.68 | 33.33 | 111.2 | 77.92 | 42.9 | 32.9 |
| September......... | +0.8 | 52 | 45 | -1.54 | 172.24 | 33.53 | 110.5 | 82.58 | , | ... |
| October . . . . . . . . . . | +2.9 | 54 | 38 | -1.37 | 172.59 | 33.94 | 109.5 | 84.37 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| November . . . . . . . . | +3.5 | 54 | 36 | -0.12 | 173.37 | 34.24 | 108.9 | 84.28 | 39.2 | 29.6 |
| December ......... | +2.4 | 52 | 36 | +0.96 | 173.64 | 34.11 | 106.4 | 90.05 | ... | ... |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . | +0.6 | 52 | 38 | $(\mathrm{H})+1.50$ | 174.41 | 34.38 | 105.9 | 93.49 | $\cdots$ | ... |
| February . . . . . . . . . | -0.7 | (H)59 | 44 | +0.22 | 174.83 | 34.49 | 107.2 | 97.11 | r44.8 | 33.5 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | -2.2 | 56 | 46 | -0.14 | 175.54 | (H)34.71 | 107.8 | 99.60 | ... | ... |
| April .............. | (H) +4.7 | 57 | 52 | -1.08 | 176.28 | 34.45 | (H) 110.2 | (H) 103.04 | $\cdots 7$ |  |
| May .............. | $+2.4$ | 55 | (H) 53 | -1.25 | 177.05 | 34.46 | 108.6 | 101.64 | r47.8 | 35.3 |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . . | +3.2 | 58 | 50 | -1.98 | 177.40 | 34.31 | 106.1 | 99.72 | ... | -•• |
| July............... | +2.0 | 57 | 48 | -0.16 | 177.65 | 33.95 | 104.7 | 99.00 |  |  |
| August............. | -2.2 | 55 | 49 | +0.30 | 178.16 | 34.00 | 106.1 | 97.24 | (H) r 48.2 | (H) 35.3 |
| September.......... | -4.6 | 52 | 48 | -0.52 | 178.92 | 34.21 | 107.5 | 99.40 | -.. |  |
| October............ | +0.3 | 51 | 50 | -0.04 | Hr 179.47 | 34.63 | 107.4 | 97.29 | - $\cdot$ |  |
| November . . . . . . . . . | +0.9 | 50 | 48 | $\mathrm{r}+0.45$ | p179.42 | 34.50 | 106.9 | 92.78 | (NA) | (NA) |
| December . . . . . . . . | (NA) | 45 | 51 | p+0.13 | (NA) | (NA) | 106.8 | 99.17 |  |  |
| 1972 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 110.5$ | ${ }^{3} 103.51$ |  |  |
| February.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August. ............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . December . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $[\boldsymbol{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by (H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The "r" indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 28, 29,30,39, and 41 .
${ }^{2}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.
Average for January 4, 11, and 18. ${ }^{3}$ Average for January 5, 12, and 19.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS | B5 PRICES, COSTS, AND PROFITS-Con. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS . . . | LEADING INDICATORS--Con. |  | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS | LAGGING INDICATORS |
| Minor Economic Process. | Profits and Profit Margins--Con. | Cash Flow | Comprehensive Wholesale Prices | Unit Labor Costs |


| Year and month | 22. Ratio of profits to income originating, corporate, all indus. <br> (Percent) | 15. Profits (after taxes) per dollar of sales, all mfg. corp. <br> (Cents) | *17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost index, mfg.$(1967=100)$ | Net cash flow, corporate |  | 55. Index of wholesale prices, indus. commod. (1)$(1967=100)$ | 58. Index of wholesale prices, mfd. goods @$(1967=100)$ | 68. Labor cost(cur. dol.) per unit of gross prod. (1958 dol.), nonfin. corp. <br> (Dollars) | *62. Index of labor cost per unit of out put mfg.$(1967=100)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 34. Current dollars | 25. Constant (1958) dollars |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) |  |  |  |  |
| 1970 | ${ }^{1}$ ) |  | ( ) | $\left(^{1}\right)$ | ${ }^{1}$ ) |  |  | ${ }^{1}$ ) | ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| January . ........... | -.. | -•• | 96.1 | . | ... | 108.3 | 108.8 | $\cdots$ | 113.2 |
| February .......... | 8.5 | 4.1 | 97.3 | 71.0 | 55.9 | 108.7 | 109.1 | 0.798 | 112.1 |
| March............. | ... | ... | 96.6 | ... | ... | 108.9 | 109.3 | . . . | 113.2 |
| April .............. | - | $\cdots$ | 97.2 | ... | ... | 109.3 | 109.6 | . $\cdot$ • | 112.7 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | 8.5 | 4.3 | 97.9 | 72.0 | 56.0 | 109.7 | 109.7 | 0.801 | 112.0 |
| June............... | ... | ... | 98.0 | ... | ... | 109.8 | 110.0 | ... | 112.2 |
| July . . . . . . . . . . . . | -•• | $\cdots$ | 98.5 |  |  | 110.0 | 110.6 |  | 112.3 |
| August............. | 8.7 | 4.0 | 97.4 | 74.4 | 56.9 | 110.2 | 110.6 | 0.811 | 113.6 |
| September . . . . . . . . | -•• | ... | 96.9 | ... | ... | 110.4 | 110.8 | ... | 114.4 |
| October. | $\cdots$ |  | 96.9 | ... | $\cdots$ | 111.3 | 111.2 |  | 114.8 |
| November .......... | 7.9 | 3.6 | 96.0 | 72.3 | 54.1 | 111.3 | 111.2 | 0.829 | 115.8 |
| December ......... | -•• | ... | r95.2 | ... | - | 111.7 | 111.2 | ... | r116.8 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January............ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | r96.0 |  | $\ldots$ | 112.2 | 111.8 | ... | r116.5 |
| February . . . . . . . . . | r8.7 | 4.0 | r97.1 | 78.6 | 58.3 | 112.5 | 112.4 | r0. 822 | r115.7 |
| March. . . . . . . . . . . | -•• | ... | r96.3 | . | ... | 112.8 | 112.7 | ... | rll7.0 |
| April ............... | . $\cdot$ |  | r97.5 | . | $\cdots$ | 113.3 | 113.0 |  | r115.9 |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . | r8.9 | (H) 4.4 | r98. 3 | 83.3 | 60.9 | 113.7 | 113.5 | r0. 828 | r 115.5 |
| June. . . . . . . . . . . . | -•• | ... | r98.2 | ... | ... | 113.9 | 113.8 | ... | r115.9 |
| July............... |  | $\cdots$ | (H) r 98.8 |  |  | 114.5 | 114.5 |  | rl115.9 |
| August. . . . . . . . . . . | (H) $\mathbf{r} 9.3$ | 4.3 | r97.8 | (H) 85.2 | ([) 61.5 | 115.1 | 114.9 | (H) 0.832 | r117.5 |
| September......... | ... | ... | r98.3 | - | $\cdots$ | 115.0 | $11 / 4$ | -•• | r116.7 |
| October............ |  |  | r98.2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 115.0 | 114.5 | $\cdots$ | r116.6 |
| November . . . . . . . . . | (NA) | (NA) | r98.1 | (NA) | (NA) | 114.9 | 114.5 | (NA) | r116.7 |
| December .......... |  |  | p97.8 |  |  | (H) 115.3 | (H) 115.1 |  | [H) pll 17.7 |
| 1972 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January........... . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April .............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October ........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| December . ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $[\mathcal{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in genera! business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by (H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available. Grophs of these series are shown on pages $30,31,39$, and 41.
${ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC <br> PROCESS...... | B6 MONEY AND CREDIT |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... | LEADING INDICATORS |  |
| Minor Economic <br> Process........ | Flows of Money and Credit | Credit Difficulties |



NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $\boldsymbol{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and " NA ", not availabie.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 32,33 , and 39.
${ }^{1}$ Beginning with October 1970, data include conventional mortgages held by the Government National Mortgage Association.
${ }^{2}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue, " page iii. ${ }^{\text {B }}$ Average for weeks ended January 5 and 12.

| MAJOR ECONOMIC PROCESS | B6 MONEY AND CREDIT--Con. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TIMING CLASS .... | ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  | LAGGING INDICATORS |  |
| Minor Economic Process. . . . . . . . . | Bank Reserves | Money Market Interest Rates | Outstanding Debt | Interest Rates on Business Loans and Mortgages |



NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Current high values are indicated by $H$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by [H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk $\left(^{*}\right.$ ) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available. Graphs of these series are shown on pages 34, 35, and 41.
${ }^{1}$ No current high. ${ }^{2}$ The survey in which these data are collected was revised, beginning with the lst quarter 1971; thus, data from that point are not strictly comparable with earlier data. Average for weeks ended January 5 and 12. ${ }^{4}$ Average for weeks ended January 6, 13, and 20. ${ }^{\text {S }}$ Average for weeks ended January 7, 14, and 21. Average for week ended January 6.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (). Current high values are indicated by $\boldsymbol{H}$; for series that move counter to movements in general business activity (series $3,5,14,39,40,43,44,45$, and 93 ), current low values are indicated by (H). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. Series preceded by an asterisk $\left(^{*}\right.$ ) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators (chart B8). The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{n}}$, estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 36 and 37.
${ }^{1}$ Reverse trend adjusted index of 12 leaders contains the same trend as the index of 5 coincident indicators.
${ }^{2}$ Data beginning with January 1971 are not strictly comparable with earlier data because of technical changes in the collection of data for one of the components (series 67). For this reason, no current high is indicated.
${ }^{3}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.
4 Excludes series 12, 16, 31, and 113 for which data are not yet available.
${ }^{5}$ Excludes series 56 for which data are not yet available.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (0). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and " NA ", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 42,43 , and 44.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by ©. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " $\mathrm{a}^{n}$, anticipated; and " NA ", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 45 and 46.
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NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary" " e ", estimated; " $\mathrm{a}^{\prime}$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on page 47.
TSee "New Features ard Changês for This Issue," page iii.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by@l. Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; "e", estimates; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available; SDR indicates Special Drawing Rights.
Graphs of these series are shown on pages 48,49 , and 50.
${ }^{1}$ Amount outstanding at end of quarter. ${ }^{2}$ Reserve position at end of quarter. ${ }^{3}$ Balance of payments basis: Excludes transfers under military grants and Department of Defense sales contracts (exports) and Department of Defense purchases (imports). Bata for first quarter 1970 to date are not comparable with earlier data.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete tities and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and " $N A^{\text {" }}$, not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 51 and 52.

| Year and month | D3 FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Receipts and Expenditures |  |  | Defense Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 600. Federal surplus (+) or deficit $(-)$, national income and product accounts (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 601. Federal receipts, national income and product accounts <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 602. Federal expenditures, national income and product accounts <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 264. National defense purchases <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) | 616. Defense Department obligations, total, excluding military assistance <br> (Mil. dol.) | 621. Defense Department obligations, procurement <br> (Mil. dol.) | 647. New orders, defense products industries <br> (Bil. dol.) | 648. New or* ders, defense products <br> (Bil.dol.) | 625. Military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms and institutions <br> (Mil. dol.) |
| 1969 | $\left.{ }^{(3}\right)$ | ${ }^{+}$) | ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . |  |  | . |  | 7,578 | 2,088 | 4.05 | 1.93 | 3,398 |
| February.... | $+9.1$ | 195.6 | 186.5 | 78.3 | 7,050 | 2,075 | 3.77 | 2.17 | 3,447 |
| March......... | ... | ... | ... | . | 6,543 | 1,701 | 3.59 | 2.17 | 2,904 |
| April . . |  | $\ldots$ | .. | ... | 6,520 | 1,638 | 3.73 | 1.95 | 2,825 |
| May . . . . . . . | +11.7 | 199.3 | 187.6 | 77.5 | 6,319 | 1,528 | 3.62 | 1.83 | 3,070 |
| June.......... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6,144 | 1,550 | 2.91 | 1.39 | 2,744 |
| July......... |  |  |  |  | 6,906 | 1,447 | 4.03 | 2.45 | 2,896 |
| August........ | +5.1 | 195.8 | 190.7 | 79.4 | 6,472 | 1,476 | 3.07 | 1.61 | 3,001 |
| September | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6,394 | 1,752 | 3.41 | 1.44 | 2,680 |
| October.. |  |  |  |  | 7,047 | 1,867 | 3.51 | 1.89 | 2,987 |
| November | +3.4 | 196.8 | 193.4 | 78.4 | 7,091 | 1,820 | 3.88 | 2.35 | 2,734 |
| December | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7,088 | 2,103 | 3.56 | 1.93 | 2,765 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January ..... |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 7,045 | 1,807 | 3.45 | 1.90 | 2,855 |
| February.... | -4.5 | 191.6 | 196.1 | 78.9 | 6,516 | 1,523 | 3.59 | 1.74 | 2,623 |
| March. . | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6,519 | 1,669 | 3.53 | 1.58 | 2,904 |
| April ........ |  |  |  |  | 6,643 | 1,559 | 3.37 | 1.38 | 2,591 |
| May ......... | -14.1 | 193.8 | 207.9 | 75.1 | 6,118 | 1,486 | 3.60 | 1.89 | 2,545 |
| June. . | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6,505 | 1,771 | 3.42 | 1.85 | 2,896 |
| July.... |  |  |  | $7 \dot{\square}$ | 7,111 | 1,825 | 4.18 | 3.07 | 2,717 |
| August. ..... | -15.4 | 191.3 | 206.7 | 74.2 | 6,035 | 1,332 | 3.67 3.19 | 1.85 | 2,782 |
| September... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6,407 | 1,542 | 3.19 | 2.00 | 2,113 |
| October ..... |  |  |  |  | 6,251 | 1,459 | 3.12 3.81 | 2.12 | 3,464 |
| November .... | -20.5 | 189.3 | 209.8 | 73.2 | 7,166 | 2,041 | 3.81 | 2.02 | 2,746 |
| December... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7,195 | 2,105 | 3.97 | 2.05 | 3,181 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January |  |  |  |  |  | 2,239 | 3.85 | 2.17 |  |
| February | r-16.2 | r196.5 | r212.7 | r72.6 | 6,928 | 2,171 | 3.25 | 2.36 | 2,619 3,398 |
| March........ | ... | ... | ... | . . . | 6,793 | 1,470 | 3.28 | 1.58 | 3,398 |
| April ......... |  |  |  |  | 6,991 | 1,686 | 3.50 | 1.50 | 2,751 |
| May . . . . . . . . | $\mathrm{r}-23.7$ | r197.7 | r221.4 | r'71.4 | 6,257 | 1,329 | 3.23 | 1.57 | 2,112 |
| June.......... | -•• | -.. | -•• | -•• | r5,830 | r1,291 | 3.63 | 1.68 | 2,367 |
| July . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  | 2,586 | 4.25 | 2.90 |  |
| August....... | $\mathrm{r}-2 \mathbf{6} .7$ | r197.8 | r224.6 | r70.2 | r6,696 | 1,572 | 3.63 | 2.15 | 3,219 |
| September.... | -•• | ... | ... | ... | r5,470 | 1,085 | 3.02 | 1.47 | 2,647 |
| October . . . . . | (ais | (Ni) |  |  | (NA) | (NA) | 3.25 | 7.95 | 2,422 |
| November .... December . | (NA) | (NA) | p229.4 | p71.5 |  |  | r3.95 p3.58 | r2.11 p2 | (NA) |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (a). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary; " $e$ ", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 53 and 54.
${ }^{1}$ See $\mathrm{NNew}_{\text {N }}$ Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

D

| Year and month | D4 PRICE MOVEMENTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Consumer price indexes |  |  |  | Wholesale price indexes |  |  |  |
|  | 781.All items(1) $(1967=100)$ | 782. Food $(1967=100)$ | 783. Commodities less foods $(1967=100)$ | 784. Services(L) $(1967=100)$ | 750. All commodities (1) (1967=100) | 58. Manufactured goods (1) $(1967=100)$ | 751. Processed foods and feeds $(1967=100)$ | 752. Farm products $(1967=100)$ |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . | 106.7 | 105.9 | 105.6 | 108.8 | 104.3 | 104.3 | 103.6 | 105.4 |
| February.... | 107.1 | 105.9 | 106.2 | 109.4 | 104.8 | 104.9 | 103.9 | 105.0 |
| March....... | 108.0 | 106.5 | 107.1 | 110.3 | 105.4 | 105.2 | 104.8 | 106.3 |
| April ... | 108.7 | 107.1 | 107.3 | 111.2 | 105.5 | 105.4 | 105.9 | 106.7 |
| May .......... | 109.0 | 107.7 | 107.6 | 111.7 | 106.3 | 105.8 | 107.4 | 110.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July . . | 110.2 | 109.3 | 108.3 | 112.8 | 107.0 | 106.5 | 108.1 | 109.3 |
| August...... | 110.7 | 109.8 | 108.5 | 113.5 | 106.9 | 106.5 | 108.3 | 109.9 |
| September... | 111.2 | 110.5 | 108.8 | 114.3 | 107.1 | 106.8 | 108.2 | 109.3 |
| October.. | 111.6 | 110.4 | 109.3 | 114.7 | 107.4 | 107.4 | 109.3 | 110.3 |
| November | 112.2 | 111.9 | 109.6 | 115.3 | 108.1 | 107.8 | 109.8 | 113.0 |
| December | 112.9 | 113.0 | 110.0 | 116.1 | 108.6 | 108.1 | 110.6 | 113.5 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. | 113.3 | 113.5 | 110.3 | 117.1 | 109.3 | 108.8 | 111.7 | 112.9 |
| February.... | 113.9 | 114.3 | 110.5 | 118.0 | 109.7 | 109.1 | 112.0 | 113.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April ..... | 115.2 | 114.9 | 111.4 | 120.1 | 109.9 | 109.6 | 112.6 | 112.2 |
| May . | 115.7 | 115.1 | 112.0 | 120.7 | 110.1 | 109.7 | 111.5 | 109.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July ... | 116.7 | 115.1 | 112.6 | 122.0 | 110.9 | 110.6 | 111.8 | 111.0 |
| August...... | 116.9 | 115.1 | 112.9 | 122.7 | 110.5 | 1106 | 112.3 | 109.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October . . . . . | 118.1 | 115.5 | 114.0 | 124.1 | 111.0 | 111.2 | 112.2 | 110.2 |
| November | 118.5 | 115.6 | 114.5 | 124.9 | 110.9 | 111.2 | 112.5 | 108.5 |
| December | 119.1 | 115.5 | 115.3 | 125.6 | 111.0 | 111.2 | 111.6 | 108.2 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . . . . . | 119.2 | 115.5 | 115.5 | 126.3 | 111.8 | 111.8 | 111.5 | 109.0 |
| February ..... | 119.4 | 116.1 | 115.4 | 126.6 | 112.8 | 112.4 | 113.2 | 113.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April ......... | 120.2 | 118.2 | 115.8 | 126.8 | 113.3 | 113.0 | 114.3 | 113.6 |
| May . . . . . . . | 120.8 | 118.4 | 116.6 | 127.5 | 113.8 | 113.5 | 115.0 | 112.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August....... | 122.1 | 119.2 | 117.5 | 129.4 | 114.9 | 114.9 | 114.8 | 111.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October...... | 122.4 | 118.9 | 117.5 | 130.0 | 114.4 | 114.5 | 114.6 | 113.8 |
| November | 122.6 | 119.7 | 117.5 | 130.4 | 114.5 | 114.5 | 115.2 | 113.8 |
| December . . . | 123.1 | 120.5 | 117.9 | 130.8 | 115.4 | 115.1 | 116.8 | 117.0 |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; "e", estimated; " $a$ ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 55 and 56.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { quarter } \end{gathered}$ | E1 ACTUAL AND POTENTIAL GNP |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross national product in constant (1958) dollars |  | 207. Gap (potential less actual) <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) |
|  | 205. Actual value <br> (Ann. rate, bil, dol.) | 206. Potential level ${ }^{1}$ <br> (Ann. rate, bil. dol.) |  |
| 1968 | (2) |  | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| First quarter. . | 692.6 | 689.6 | -3.0 |
| Second quarter. <br> Third quarter. | 705.3 712.3 | 696.4 703.3 | -8.9 |
| Third quarter. . . Fourth quarter. | 712.3 716.5 | 703.3 710.2 | -9.0 -6.3 |
| 1969 |  |  |  |
| First quarter... | 721.4 | 717.2 | -4.2 |
| Second quarter. | 724.2 | 724.3 | +0.1 |
| Third quarter. . . | 727.8 | 731.4 | $+3.6$ |
| Fourth quarter. 1970 | 725.2 | 738.6 | +13.4 |
| First quarter. . . | 719.8 | 746.4 | +26.6 |
| Second quarter. | 721.1 | 754.3 | +33.2 |
| Third quarter. . . | 723.3 | 762.3 | +39.0 |
| Fourth quarter. <br> 1971 | 715.9 | 770.4 | +54.5 |
| First quarter. . | 729.7 | 7778.5 | +48.8 |
| Second quarter | r735.8 | 786.7 | r+50.9 |
| Third quarter. . Fourth quarter. | r740.7 p751.7 | 795.1 | $r+54.4$ |
| Fourth quarter. | p751.7 | 803.5 | $\mathrm{p}+51.8$ |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " $r$ " indicates revised; " $p$ ", preliminary "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on page 57.
${ }^{1}$ Based on a trend line of 3.5 percent per year (intersecting actual line in middle of 1955) from lst quarter 1952 to 4 th quarter 1962, 3.75 percent from 4 th quarter 1962 to the 4 th quarter 1965, 4 percent from 4 th quarter 1965 to 4 th quarter 1969 and 4.3 percent from 4th quarter 1969 to 4th quartier 1971.
${ }^{2}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page ili.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; " a ", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 58 and 59.
${ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.


NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising (half of the unchanged components are considered rising). Data are centered within spans: 1 -month indexes are placed on latest month and 9 -month indexes are placed on the 6 th month of span; 1 -quarter indexes are placed on the 1st month of the 2 d quarter and 3 -quarter indexes are placed on the 1st month of the 3d quarter. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in index D19 which requires no adjustment and index D34 which is adjusted only for the index. Table E4 identifies the components for most of the indexes shown. The "r" indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; and "NA", not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on page 60 .
${ }^{1}$ This is a copyrighted series used by permission; it may not be reproduced without written permission from The Conference Board.
${ }^{2}$ Based on 75 components through March 1970, on 73 components through May 1970, and on 72 components thereafter. Component data are not shown in table $E 4$ but are available from the source agency.
${ }^{3}$ Average for January 4, 11, and 18.


NOTE: Figures are the percent of series components rising (half of the unchanged components are considered rising). Data are centered within spans: 1 -month indexes are placed on latest month, 6 -month indexes are placed in the 4th month, and 9 -month indexes are placed on the 6 th month of span. Seasonally adjusted components are used except in index D58 which requires no adjustment. Table E4 identifies the components for the indexes shown. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; and "NA", not available. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1).

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 60 and 67.
${ }^{1}$ Component data are not available for publication and therefore are not shown in table E4.
${ }^{2}$ Data beginning with August 1971 are not comparable with earlier data due to a revised sample.

E4 Selected Diffusion Index Components: Basic Data and Direction of Change

| Diffusion index components | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May | June | July | August | September | October | November ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | December p |
| D1. AVERAGE WORKWEEK OF PRODUCTION WORKERS, MANUFACTURING ${ }^{1}$ (Average weekly hours) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing industries $\qquad$ <br> Percent rising of 21 components $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r}40.0 \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \circ & 40.0 \\ & (55) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \circ & 40.0 \\ & (64) \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} - & 39.8 \\ & (38) \end{array}\right.$ | $-\quad 39.5$ $(12)$ | $+39.8$ <br> (81) | $\begin{array}{r} 40.1 \\ \\ (86) \end{array}$ | $+\begin{array}{r} 40.3 \\ (60) \end{array}$ |
| Durable goods industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordnance and accessories | - 41.5 | + 41.6 | + 41.9 | $\bigcirc \quad 41.9$ | - 41.7 | $+\mathrm{r} 41.8$ | - 41.8 | + 41.9 |
| Lumber and wood products. | - 39.8 | $+\quad 40.4$ | $+\quad 40.5$ | 40.2 | - 40.1 | $+\mathrm{r} 40.7$ | $+41.1$ | - 40.9 |
| Furniture and fixtures... | + 39.9 | - 39.9 | $+40.1$ | - 39.9 | - 39.4 | + r39.7 | $+\quad 40.0$ | - 39.6 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products | $+\quad 41.4$ | + 42.0 | 41.8 | $\bigcirc \quad 41.8$ | - 41.4 | $+41.8$ | + 42.0 | - 41.7 |
| Primary metal industries . . . . | $\bigcirc 41.0$ | - 41.0 | - 40.6 | - 38.8 | + 39.5 | $+40.1$ | - 40.1 | $+\quad 41.4$ |
| Fabricated metal products | + 40.7 | 40.6 | $+\quad 40.7$ | 40.2 | - 39.3 | $+\mathrm{r} 40.1$ | $+40.4$ | + 41.0 |
| Machinery, except electrical | + 40.5 | + 40.7 | - 40.7 | $+40.8$ | - 40.5 | + r40.8 | $+41.1$ | $+41.6$ |
| Electrical equipment and supplies | + 39.9 | - 39.9 | $+\quad 40.1$ | 40.0 | - 39.6 | + r39.9 | $+\quad 40.1$ | $+40.3$ |
| Transportation equipment. . . | + 41.1 | $+\quad 41.4$ | - 39.5 | + 39.9 | - 38.5 | + 40.5 | + 40.6 | $+40.8$ |
| Instruments and related products . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 40.0 | 39.7 | + 39.8 | - 39.8 | - 39.7 | + r39.9 | $+\quad 40.2$ | - 40.2 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries . . . . . . . . | + 38.9 | 38.7 | + 39.2 | - 39.2 | - 38.7 | + 38.9 | $+39.2$ | - 39.2 |
| Nondurable goods industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products. | $\bigcirc \quad 40.5$ | 40.4 | + 40.5 | $\bigcirc \quad 40.5$ | - 40.5 | - r 40.0 | $+\quad 40.2$ | $+40.3$ |
| Tobacco manufactures. | + 38.3 | 36.2 | + 39.6 | - 37.1 | - 36.6 | - r34.7 | + 35.6 | - 34.6 |
| Textile mill products . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 40.8 | - 40.8 | - 40.3 | + 40.7 | - 40.4 | $+\quad 40.8$ | + 41.1 | $+\quad 41.2$ |
| Appa rel and other textile products. . . . . . . . . . . . | + 35.5 | 35.4 | + 35.8 | - 35.7 | - 35.4 | + 36.0 | $+36.2$ | $+36.5$ |
| Paper and allied products | 42.1 | $+\quad 42.3$ | $+42.4$ | $\bigcirc \quad 42.4$ | - 41.9 | $+42.0$ | + 42.4 | - 42.3 |
| Printing and publishing | + 37.7 | $\bigcirc 37.7$ | 37.6 | - 37.5 | - 37.4 | + r37.5 | + 37.7 | - 37.6 |
| Chemicals and allied products | - 41.5 | $+\quad 41.7$ | - 41.4 | $+41.5$ | + 42.1 | - r41.5 | - 41.3 | + 41.7 |
| Petroleum and coal products. | $\bigcirc \quad 41.7$ | $+\quad 42.3$ | $+42.6$ | $+43.4$ | - 42.9 | - r42.4 | - 41.7 | $+\quad 42.9$ |
| Rubber and plastic products, $n$ | + 40.4 | $+\quad 40.7$ | - 40.3 | - $\quad 40.1$ | - 40.0 | + 40.3 | $+\quad 40.7$ | - 40.7 |
| Leather and leather products. | - $\quad 37.8$ | - $\quad 37.5$ | + 37.7 | - $\quad 37.6$ | - 37.3 | + r37.9 | $+38.3$ | - $\quad 37.6$ |
| D6. VALUE OF MANUFACTURERS' NEW ORDERS, DURABLE GOODS INDUSTRIES ${ }^{12}$ (Millions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All durable goods industries . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $+30,601$ | $+30,666$ | + 31,955 | - 31,758 | - 31,026 | + 31,126 | + 32,564 | - 32,008 |
| Percent rising of 35 components. | (70) | (54) | (50) | (59) | (34) | (51) | (69) | (54) |
| Primary metals | - 4,800 | - 4,536 | - 4,434 | - 4,184 | $+4,517$ | - 4,488 | + 4,809 | - 4,791 |
| Fabricated metal products | + 3,532 | - 3,462 | + 3,489 | + 3,577 | - 3,520 | - 3,353 | $+3,644$ | + 3,691 |
| Machinery, except electrical | + 4,809 | + 5,122 | - 4,823 | + 5,072 | + 5,105 | + 5,292 | - 5,154 | - 5,010 |
| Electrical machinery. . | + 4,409 | - 4,333 | $+4,827$ | - 4,584 | + 4,628 | $+4,737$ | - 4,725 | - 4,641 |
| Transportation equipment | - 6,958 | + 7,065 | + 8,062 | + 7,923 | - 7,130 | - 6,970 | + 7,575 | - 7,273 |
| Other durable goods industries | + 6,093 | + 6,148 | + 6,320 | $+6,418$ | - 6,126 | + 6,286 | + 6,657 | - 6,602 |

[^7]E4 Selected Diffusion Index Components: Basic Data and Direction of Change-Con.

| Diffusion index components | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1972 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | January ${ }^{1}$ |
| D23. INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS PRICES ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial materials price index (1967 =100) . . . . . | - 108.6 | - 106.1 | - 104.7 | + 106.1 | $+107.5$ | - 107.4 | - 106.9 | - 106.8 | 110.5 |
|  | (Dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent rising of 13 components | (38) | (46) | (58) | (62) | (54) | (46) | (35) | (62) | (65) |
| Copper scrap (ib.) | . 451 | . 445 | + . 464 | + . 472 | . 451 | . 436 | . 404 | $+.414$ | + . 422 |
| Lead scrap (lb.). | $+. .049$ | + . 050 | + . 054 | + . 056 | - . 056 | . 055 | - . 055 | . 053 | . 053 |
| Steel scrap (ton). . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - 35.389 | - 32.081 | - 29.787 | + 31.163 | + 32.673 | + 35.522 | - 30.738 | - 29.774 | - 29.685 |
| Tin (lb.). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | - 1.683 | + 1.687 | + 1.701 | + 1.704 | - 1.688 | - 1.681 | + 1.691 | - 1.691 | + 1.693 |
| Zinc (lb.)..................... | + $\quad .158$ | + $\quad .161$ | + . 163 | + . 170 | - . 170 | - . 170 | - . 169 | + . 171 | . 170 |
| Burlap (yd.) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | . 178 | + . 190 | + . 193 | - . 187 | + . 192 | - . 192 | . 187 | + . 208 | + .223 |
| Cotton (lb.), 12-market average | + . 267 | + . 269 | + . 272 | + . 284 | + .291 | + 294 | $+\quad .302$ | + .327 | + .346 |
| Print cloth (yd.), average . . . . . . . . | . 266 | + . 273 | - . 273 | - . 266 | - . 265 | + . 266 | . 264 | + . 265 | + $\quad .269$ |
| Wool tops (lb.) . . . . . . . | 1.021 | . 979 | - $\quad .909$ | - .903 | + $\quad .905$ | - $\quad .903$ | + $\quad .904$ | + . 918 | - $\quad .914$ |
| Hides (lb.) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\bigcirc \quad .167$ | . 163 | $+\quad .169$ | - $\quad .166$ | + $\quad .173$ | $+\quad .174$ | + $\quad .185$ | $\bigcirc \quad .185$ | + $\quad .205$ <br> +17.419 |
| Rosin (100 lb.). . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 18.036 | - 17.968 | - 17.839 | + 17.966 | - 17.893 | - 17.745 | - 17.662 | - 17.453 | - 17.419 |
| Rubber (lb.).. | . 195 | . 1679 | . 162 | + . 180 | - . 178 | $\begin{array}{r}+\quad .179 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | .171 | + . 178 | + .185 |
| Tallow (lb.) . | . 074 | . 073 | . 071 | . 070 | + . 071 | . 069 | . 067 | . 060 | + . 063 |
| D41. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES ON NONAGRICULTURAL PAYROLLS ${ }^{3}$ (Thousands of employees) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All nonagricultural payrolls | $+70,769$ | - 70,657 | - 70,531 | - 70,529 | $+70,853$ | - r 70,848 | + r70,981 | $+71,104$ |  |
| Percent rising of 30 components | (80) | (33) | (42) | (55) | (92) | (55) | (58) | (47) |  |
| Ordnance and accessories. . | + 98 | - 95 | 93 | $+\quad 94$ $+\quad$ | - 94 | - 93 | r92 | - 91 |  |
| Lumber and wood products . . . . . . . | + 491 | + 495 | + 500 | + $\quad 503$ | + 509 | + $\quad$ r515 | + r518 | + 522 |  |
| Furniture and fixtures..... | + 375 | + 378 | + 380 | 375 | + 383 | $+\quad \mathrm{r} 384$ | $+\quad \mathrm{r} 388$ | $+\quad 389$ $+\quad 503$ |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products. . . . | + 502 | - 499 | 496 | + 497 | + 502 | - r502 | + r506 | - 503 |  |
| Primary metal industries. . | + 1,012 | 996 | 965 | 901 | + 926 | + r932 | - r924 | - 917 |  |
| Fabricated metal products. | + 1,020 | 1,013 | + 1,016 | - 1,016 | $+\quad 1,026$ | - r1,020 | - r1,019 | - 1,011 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical | 1,159 | - 1,152 | + 1,156 | + 1,159 | + 1,175 | - 1,171 | + r1,177 | - 1,165 |  |
| Electrical equipment. . . . . . . . . . | + 1,184 | - 1,179 | 1,169 | - 1,167 | + 1,185 | + 1,190 | - r1,189 | - 1,185 |  |
| Transportation equipment . . . . . . . | + 1,253 | - 1,246 | 1,244 | + 1,248 | + 1,251 | - r1,216 | + r,1228 | - 1,220 |  |
| Instruments and related products. . . | + 255 | $+\quad 256$ | $+\quad 257$ | 256 | + 260 | + r261 | - 260 | - 259 |  |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing...... | $+318$ | - 318 | - 318 | - 318 | + 319 | 316 | - r313 | + 321 |  |
| Food and kindred products | $+1,184$ | 1,178 | + 1,188 | 1,179 | + 1,185 | - r1,156 | + r1,177 | - 1,168 |  |
| Tobacco manufactures | 65 | 64 | 56 | - 56 | + $\quad 58$ | - $\quad 56$ | + r58 | - $\quad 56$ |  |
| Textile mill products . . . . . . . . . . | + 845 | 838 | 841 | - 841 | + 842 | + 845 | + r851 | + 857 |  |
| Apparel and other textile products. . | + 1,204 | 1,188 | 1,179 | + 1,180 | $+\quad 1,189$ | $+\quad 1,193$ | + r1,197 | - 1,179 |  |
| Paper and allied products. . . . . . . | 519 | + 520 | 515 | + 520 | + 533 | - r532 | - r530 | + 531 |  |
| Printing and publishing. | + 667 | - 667 | 661 | 658 | + 661 | + r663 | - r661 | + 663 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products. . . . . | + 588 | 585 | 582 | 577 | + 582 | + r581 | - r581 | - 582 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products . . . . . | - 116 | 115 | - 115 | 115 | + 116 | - 116 | - 116 | + 119 |  |
| Rubber and plastic products, n.e.c. . | + 448 | + 449 | + 450 | 447 | + 458 | + 460 | - 460 | - 460 |  |
| Leather and leather products. . . . . . | + 266 | 265 | 259 | $+\quad 264$ | 261 | 260 | + r261 | - 261 |  |
| Mining. . . . | 622 | 619 | 597 | + 609 | + 616 | - r521 | - r521 | + 622 |  |
| Contract construction . . . . . . . . . | - 3,275 | - 3,255 | - 3,228 | - 3,219 | + 3,250 | + r3,290 | $+r 3,318$ | - 3,258 |  |
| Transportation and public utilities. . Wholesale trade . . . . . . . . . . | 3,275 $+\quad 4,518$ $+\quad 3,866$ | $-\quad 4,500$ $-\quad 3,837$ | $-\quad 4,476$ $-\quad 3,835$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } \\ + \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $+\quad 4,460$ $+\quad 3,865$ | - $+\quad$ 4,442 + | - r4,435 | + $+\quad 4,459$ $+\quad 388$ |  |
| Wholesale trade . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Retail trade . . . . . . . . . | $+\quad 3,866$ $+\quad 11,282$ | - 3,837 $+\quad 11,298$ | 3,835 $+\quad 11,323$ | 3,844 $+\quad 11,379$ | $+\quad 3,865$ $+\quad 11,408$ | + r3, 873 $-\mathrm{rl1}, 397$ | - r3, 873 + r11, 403 | + $\quad 3,884$ $+\quad 11,446$ |  |
| Finance, insurance, real estate. . . . | + 3,788 | + 3,807 | - 3,806 | - 3,804 | + 3,821 | + r3,834 | + r3,852 | - 3,847 |  |
| Service. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 11,858 | + 11,895 | + 11,921 | + 11,946 | + 11,962 | + r11,996 | +r12,020 | + 12,046 |  |
| Federal government . . . . . . . . . . . State and local government . . . . | - 2,667 | - 2,640 | + 2,643 | + 2,650 | + 2,674 | - 2,675 | - r2,669 | - 2,666 |  |
| State and local government . . . . . . | $\begin{array}{r} \\ +\quad 10,191 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $+10,198$ | - 10,169 | $+10,193$ | - 10,181 | + r10,260 | + r10,287 | $+10,327$ |  |

NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling.
$N A=$ not available $. \quad p=$ preliminary $. \quad r=$ revised.
${ }^{1}$ Average for January 4, 11 , and 18 .
${ }^{2}$ Series components are seasonally adjusted by the Bureau of the Census. The industrial materials price index is not seasonally adjusted.
${ }^{3}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. Data for latest month show are preliminary.

E4 Selected Diffusion Index Components: Basic Data and Direction of Change--Con.


NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ uncinanged, and $(-)=$ falling.
$N A=$ not available. $\quad p=$ preliminary $. \quad r=$ revised.
${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.
${ }^{2}$ Where actual data for separate industries are not available, estimates are used to compute the percent rising.

E4 Selected Diffusion Index Components: Basic Data and Direction of Change--Con.

| Diffusion index components | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December |
| D54. SALES OF RETAIL STORES ${ }^{12}$ (Millions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All retail sales, | - 33,502 | $+33,827$ | - 33,688 | + 34,655 | + 35,219 | - r34,964 | + 35,620 | (NA) |
| Percent rising of 23 components ${ }^{3}$. . . . . . . . . | (52) | (74) | (NA) | (87) | (39) | (48) | (89) | (NA) |
| Grocery stores | + 6,656 | - 6,642 | 6,878 | + 6,950 | $+6,993$ | - r6,851 | + 6,995 | (NA) |
| Eating and drinking places . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 2,411 | + 2,427 | 2,567 | + 2,614 | - 2,573 | + r2,632 | + 2,676 | (NA) |
| Department stores.................. | - 3,562 | + 3,743 | 3,472 | + 3,511 | + 3,618 | - r3,554 | + 3,647 | (NA) |
| Mail-order houses (department store merchandise). . . | - 303 | + 368 | 354 | $+384$ | - 370 | $+\quad$ r382 | + 393 | (NA) |
| Variety stores | + 641 | - 632 | 571 | + 577 | 571 | - r568 | + 574 | (NA) |
| Men's and boys' wear stores . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $+\quad 392$ | + 403 | 389 | + 409 | 385 | - r384 | - 384 | (NA) |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores . . . . . . . . . . . . | + 710 | $+\quad 737$ | 694 | 686 | 666 | - r665 | + 697 | (NA) |
| Shoe stores . . . . . . . . . . . | 266 | 263 | 285 | + 294 | 284 | + r291 | $+\quad 301$ | (NA) |
| Furniture, home furnishings stores. . . . . . . . . . . . | 854 | + 867 | 926 | + 936 | 903 | $+\quad \mathrm{r} 964$ | - 940 | (NA) |
| Household appliance, TV, radio stores. . . . . . . . . . | 472 | + 505 | 480 | + 509 | 477 | + r510 | + 512 | (NA) |
| Lumber yards, building materials dealers | + 1,055 | + 1,111 | 1,135 | + 1,186 | - 1,179 | + r1,193 | + 1,256 | (NA) |
| Hardware stores . | + 292 | + 320 | 303 | $+307$ | $+309$ | $+\quad \mathrm{r} 322$ | + 328 | (NA) |
| Passenger car and other automotive dealers . . . . . . | 5,640 | + 5,762 | 5,910 | + 6,284 | + 6,809 | - r6,564 | + 6,667 | (NA) |
| Tire, battery, accessory dealers. | 491 | + 505 | 521 | + 546 | + 556 | - r545 | + 575 | (NA) |
| Gasoline service stations . | + 2,277 | + 2,308 | 2,433 | + 2,511 | + 2,523 | - r2,494 | + 2,518 | (NA) |
| Drug and proprietary stores Liquor stores . . . . . . . | $+\quad 1,104$ $+\quad 710$ | $+\quad 1,097$ $+\quad 739$ | 1,126 | $+\quad 1,169$ $+\quad 741$ | - 1,138 | - r1,133 | + 1,160 | (NA) |
| Liquor stores . . . . . . . . . . | + 710 | + 739 | 734 | + 741 | + 754 | - r748 | + 749 | (NA) |

D58. INDEX OF WHOLESALE PRICES MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES ${ }^{4}$
(1967=100)

| All manufacturing industries $\qquad$ <br> Percent rising of 22 components $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} +\quad 113.5 \\ (73) \end{array}$ | + | $\begin{array}{r} 113.8 \\ (73) \end{array}$ | $+$ | $\begin{array}{r} 114.5 \\ (86) \end{array}$ | + | $\begin{array}{r} 114.9 \\ (91) \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 114.7 \\ (39) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 114.5 \\ (25) \end{array}$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\begin{array}{r} 114.5 \\ (46) \end{array}$ | + | $\begin{array}{r} 115.1 \\ (68) \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood product | + 124.9 | + | 126.1 | + | 130.6 | + | 134.6 | - | 134.3 | - | 131.8 | - | 131.3 | + | 132.7 |
| Furniture and household dura | + 109.9 | - | 109.8 | + | 110.0 | + | 110.2 | 0 | 110.2 | - | 110.2 | $\bigcirc$ | 110.2 | - | 110.2 |
| Nonmetallic mineral products | 121.8 | + | 122.2 | + | 123.3 | + | 124.2 | - | 124.2 | - | 124.1 | - | 124.0 | + | 124.2 |
| Iron and steel | + 120.1 | + | 120.3 | + | 121.9 | + | 125.3 | $+$ | 125.6 | - | 125.5 | - | 125.3 | - | 125.3 |
| Nonferrous metals | - 117.2 | - | 116.4 | + | 116.9 | + | 117.1 |  | 116.5 | - | 116.3 | - | 116.0 | - | 114.9 |
| Fabricated structural metal product | + 117.3 | + | 117.9 | + | 118.2 | $+$ | 119.6 | + | 120.3 | - | 120.3 | - | 120.3 | $+$ | 20.4 |
| Miscellaneous metal products | + 118.2 | + | 118.7 | + | 119.3 | + | 119.8 | $+$ | 119.9 | - | 119.7 | - | 119.7 | + | 20.9 |
| General purpose machinery and equi | + 118.7 | + | 119.3 | + | 119.8 | + | 120.3 | - | 120.2 | - | 120.2 | - | 120.2 | + | 120.5 |
| Miscellaneous machinery | 117.2 | o | 117.2 | $+$ | 117.3 | + | 118.0 |  | 117.8 | - | 117.8 | - | 117.8 | + | 117.9 |
| Electrical machinery and equip | 109.4 | - | 109.4 | + | 109.5 | + | 109.9 | - | 109.7 | - | 109.6 | - | 109.3 | - | 109.3 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment | 114.2 | + | 114.4 | + | 114.7 | + | 114.9 | - | 113.8 | $+$ | 115.2 | + | 115.3 | + | 117.5 |
| Miscellaneous products. | 112.5 | + | 112.6 | + | 112.8 | + | 113.0 | o | 113.0 | - | 113.0 | + | 113.1 | + | 113.2 |
| Nondurable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Processed foods and feed | $+114.5$ | + | 114.9 | + | 116.0 | - | 115.4 | - | 114.6 | - | 114.1 | + | 114.4 | + |  |
| Cotton products | 109.6 | + | 110.9 | + | 111.9 | $+$ | 112.5 | - | 112.2 | - | 112.2 | + | 112.5 | + | 113.6 |
| Wool products. | 93.5 | - | 93.4 | - | 92.6 | $+$ | 92.7 | - | 92.5 | - | 92.4 | - | 92.3 | - | 91.5 |
| Manmade fiber textile prod | 99.7 $+\quad 12$ | + | 101.4 | $+$ | 101.9 | $+$ | 103.1 | + | 103.1 | - | 102.5 | + | 103.2 | + | 104.3 |
| Apparel | - 112.2 | + | 112.3 | + | 113.3 | $+$ | 113.6 | + | 113.8 | - | 113.8 | - | 113.8 | - | 113.8 |
| Pulp, paper, and allied product | + 109.9 | + | 110.2 | + | 110.5 | + | 110.6 | - | 110.6 | - | 110.6 | $\bigcirc$ | 110.6 | + |  |
| Chemicals and allied products | 104.3 | + | 104.4 | - | 104.4 | - | 104.3 | - | 104.3 |  | 104.2 |  | 103.8 |  | 103.4 |
| Petroleum products, refined. | + 107.4 | - | 107.4 | - | 107.2 | + | 107.3 | - | 107.3 |  | 106.3 | - | 106.2 | - | 106.1 |
| Rubber and plastic products . . . . . . . | 108.7 | - | 108.7 | + | 109.7 | + | 109.8 | - | 109.7 |  | 109.5 | $\bigcirc$ | 109.5 | - | 109.4 |
| Hides, skins, leather, and related produc | 114.4 | - | 114.2 | - | 114.2 | + | 114.4 | $+$ | 114.7 | - | 114.7 | + | 115.1 | $+$ | 116.2 |

NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(-)=$ falling. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $r=$ revised.

[^8]| Year and month | F1 CONSUMER PRICES |  |  |  |  |  |  | F2 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 781. United States, index of consumer prices@ $(1967=100)$ | 133. Canada index of consumer prices(1) $(1967=100)$ | 132. United Kingdom, index of consumer prices (1) $(1967=100)$ | 135. West Germany, index of consumer prices(1) $(1967=100)$ | 136. France, index of consumer prices(l) $(1967=100)$ | 138. Japan, index of consumer prices (1) $(1967=100)$ | 137. Italy, index of consumer prices() $(1967=100)$ | 47. United States, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ | 123. Canada index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ | 122. United Kingdom, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ | 126. France, index of industrial production $(1967=100)$ |
| 1969 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . | 107 | 106 | 108 | 104 | 108 | 108 | 102 | 108 | 109 | r109 | 115 |
| February. | 107 | 106 | 109 | 104 | 109 | 108 | 102 | 110 | 110 | 108 | 115 |
| March.... | 108 | 107 | 109 | 105 | 109 | 109 | 103 | 110 | 112 | r108 | 114 |
| April | 109 | 108 | 110 | 105 | 110 | 110 | 103 | 110 | 110 | 109 | 118 |
| May . | 109 | 108 | 110 | 105 | 110 | 110 | 103 | 110 | 110 | 109 | 118 |
| June. | 110 | 109 | 111 | 105 | 111 | 110 | 104 | 111 | 110 | r110 | 117 |
| July ..... | 110 | 110 | 110 | 105 | 111 | 113 | 104 | 112 | 110 | 109 | 120 |
| August...... | 111 | 110 | 110 | 105 | 111 | 113 | 105 | 111 | 109 | 109 | 120 |
| September.. | 111 | 110 | 111 | 105 | 112 | 114 | 105 | 112 | 111 | 109 | 118 |
| October. | 112 | 110 | 112 | 105 | 113 | 114 | 105 | 112 | 111 | 109 | 121 |
| November | 112 | 110 | 112 | 106 | 113 | 114 | 106 | 110 | 113 | 110 | 118 |
| December | 113 | 111 | 113 | 107 | 113 | 114 | 106 | 110 | 115 | 110 | 119 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . | 113 | 111 | 114 | 107 | 114 | 116 | 107 | 107 | 115 | 109 | 125 |
| February.. | 114 | 112 | 114 | 108 | 115 | 117 | 107 | 108 | 116 | 110 | 125 |
| March. .... | 114 | 112 | 115 | 108 | 115 | 118 | 108 | 108 | 114 | 112 | 124 |
| April . | 115 | 112 | 117 | 108 | 116 | 119 | 108 | 108 | 115 | rlil | 126 |
| May .. | 116 | 112 | 117 | 109 | 117 | 118 | 109 | 108 | 114 | r109 | 124 |
| June. | 116 | 113 | 117 | 109 | 117 | 117 | 109 | 108 | 115 | 110 | 122 |
| July . | 117 | 113 | 118 | 109 | 118 | 118 | 109 | 108 | 114 | 109 | 124 |
| August. | 117 | 113 | 118 | 109 | 118 | 118 | 109 | 108 | 114 | r111 | 124 |
| September.... | 118 | 113 | 119 | 109 | 118 | 122 | 110 | 107 | 113 | 112 | 125 |
| October.. | 118 | 113 | 120 | 109 | 119 | 124 | 111 | 104 | 113 | $r 112$ | 124 |
| November | 118 | 113 | 121 | 110 | 119 | 123 | 111 | 103 | 114 | 110 | 125 |
| December . | 119 | 113 | 121 | 110 | 120 | 124 | 112 | 105 | 114 | 112 | 126 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January . | 119 | 113 | 123 | 111 | 120 | 125 | 112 | 105 | 115 | 113 | 127 |
| February. | 119 | 113 | 124 | 112 | 121 | 125 | 113 | 106 | 115 | 110 | 129 |
| March. . . . | 120 | 114 | 125 | 113 | 121 | 125 | 113 | 106 | 116 | 109 | 130 |
| April | 120 | 115 | 128 | 11.4 | 122 | 127 | 113 | 106 | 115 | 111 | 128 |
| May . | 121 | 115 | 128 | 114 | 123 | 127 | 114 | 107 | 116 | 112 | 126 |
| June........ | 122 | 115 | 129 | 115 | 123 | 127 | 114 | 107 | 116 | r112 | 130 |
| July......... | 122 | 116 | 130 | 115 | 124 | 127 | 114 | 106 | 117 | 112 | 132 |
| August.... | 122 | 117 | 130 | 115 | 124 | 126 | 115 | 105 | 119 | 112 | 132 |
| September.... | 122 | 117 | 130 | 116 | 125 | 131 | 115 | 106 | 120 | 113 | 133 |
| October... | 122 | 117 | 131 | 116 | 126 | 131 | 116 | 106 | p120 | p112 | pl34 |
| November | 123 | 117 | 132 | 117 | 126 | 129 | 117 | 107 | (NA) | (NA) | (NA) |
| December | 123 | (NA) | (NA) | 117 | (NA) | 129 | (NA) | pl08 |  |  |  |

NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The " r " indicates revised; " p ", preliminary; " e ", estimated; "a", anticipated; and " $\mathrm{NA}^{\text {" }}$, not available.

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 63 and 64.


NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (u). Series numbers are for identification only. and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; "p", preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available

Graphs of these series are shown on pages 62 and 63.
${ }^{1}$ Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development.

## A. MCD and Related Measures of Variability

Part 1. Monthly Series: Average Percentage Changes


See footnotes and definitions of measures at end of part 1.

## A. MCD and Related Measures of Variability-.Continued

Part 1. Monthly Series: Average Percentage Changes-Continued

| Monthly series | Period covered | $\overline{\mathrm{Cl}}$ | T | $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ | $\bar{T} / \bar{C}$ | MCD | $\begin{aligned} & T / \bar{C} \\ & \text { for } \\ & \text { MCD } \\ & \text { span } \end{aligned}$ | Average duration of run (ADR) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cl | 1 | C | MCD |
| E. ANALYTICAL MEASURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 851. Ratio, inventories to sales, mfg. and trade. | Jan. '53-June '71.. | 0.92 | 0.81 | 0.41 | 1.94 | 3 | 0.72 | 2.80 | 1.59 | 8.50 | 4.87 |
| 852. Ratio, unfilled orders to shipments, durable goods. | Jan. '53-June '71.. | 1.84 | 2.59 | . 83 | 1.91 | 3 | . 76 | 2.19 | 1.69 | 11.63 | 3.98 |
| 853. Ratio, production of bus equip. to consumer goods. | Jan. '53-Jul. '71.. | 1.07 | . 80 | . 72 | 1.10 | 2 | . 57 | 2.88 | 1.52 | 9.65 | 4.70 |
| 856. Real avg. hourly earnings, production workers, mfg. | Jan. '53-June '70.. | . 38 | . 35 | . 17 | 2.05 | 3 | . 78 | 3.03 | 1.57 | 9.95 | 6.27 |
| 859. Real spendable average weekly earnings, nonagri. production or nonsupv. workers | Jan. '60-Aug. '71.. | . 34 | . 30 | . 14 | 2.11 | 3 | .74 | 2.11 | 1.70 | 9.93 | 3.61 |
| F. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 121. OECD European countries, industrial production . | Jan. '53-May '71 | . 90 | .90 | . 55 | 1.64 | 2 | .87 | 4.58 | 1.63 | 24.44 | 7.30 |
| 122. United Kingdom, industrial production . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-May '71 .. | 1.08 | 1.04 | . 37 | 2.81 | 3 | . 98 | 2.62 | 1.51 | 9.57 | 4.84 |
| 123. Canada, industrial production. . . . . . | Jan. '53-May '71.. | 1.00 | .97 | . 51 | 1.91 | 2 | .91 | 3.28 | 1.55 | 14.67 | 5.92 |
| 125. West Germany, industrial production | Jan. '53-June '71.. | 1.30 | 1.21 | . 65 | 1.87 | 2 | .94 | 2.95 | 1.55 | 22.10 | 5.50 |
| 126. France, industrial production . . . . | Jan. '53-May '71 . . | 1.67 | 1.68 | . 62 | 2.71 | 4 | . 78 | 3.39 | 1.58 | 13.56 | 7.30 |
| 127. Italy, industrial production | Jan. '53-May '71 . . | 1.60 | 1.47 | . 73 | 2.01 | 3 | .75 | 2.86 | 1.69 | 22.00 | 7.79 |
| 128. Japan, industrial production | Jan. '53-June '71.. | 1.71 | 1.49 | 1.20 | 1.24 | 2 | . 59 | 4.70 | 1.52 | 14.73 | 9.57 |
| 132. United Kingdom, consumer prices(u) | Jan. '53-April '70.. | . 47 | . 48 | . 30 | 1.61 | 2 | . 96 | 6.68 | 1.72 | 15.92 | 7.10 |
| 133. Canada, consumer prices (12)..... | Jan. '53-June '70.. | . 27 | . 32 | . 21 | 1.52 | 2 | . 80 | 9.95 | 1.90 | 13.06 | $14.86$ |
| 135. West Germany, consumer prices (u) . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-June '70.. | . 32 | .36 | . 23 | 1.60 | 3 | .69 | 8.36 | 1.94 | 13.06 | 11.50 |
| 136. France, consumer prices(u) | Jan. '53-May '70 . | . 51 | .43 | . 40 | 1.07 | 2 | .55 | 8.32 | 1.56 | 10.40 | 9.00 |
| 137. Italy, consumer prices (u). | Jan. '53-Apr. '70 .. | . 32 | . 34 | . 30 | 1.13 | 2 | . 61 | 18.82 | 1.77 | 8.28 | 22.89 |
| 138. Japan, consumer prices.(u). . . . | Jan. '53-June '70 . | . 81 | . 73 | . 41 | 1.81 | 3 | . 68 | 3.17 | 1.61 | 12.29 | 6.47 |
| 142. United Kingdom, stock prices (u). | Jan. '53-June '70 . | 3.18 | 2.41 | 1.81 | 1.33 | 2 | . 84 | 2.75 | 1.79 | 8.36 | 3.71 |
| 143. Canada, stock prices (u). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-June '70.. | 2.78 | 2.19 | 1.53 | 1.43 | 2 | . 94 | 3.03 | 1.77 | 9.95 | 3.92 |
| 145. West Germany, stock prices (1). | Jan. '53-June '70 . . | 3.23 | 2.03 | 2.27 | $\begin{array}{r}.90 \\ \hline .75\end{array}$ | 1 | . 90 | 3.54 | 1.80 | 7.74 7.21 | 3.54 |
| 146. France, stock prices (u) . . . | Jan. '53-June '70 . . | 3.97 | 3.30 2.95 | 1.88 1.73 | 1.75 | 3 | . 68 | 2.43 | 1.70 | 7.21 | 4.22 |
| 147. Italy, stock prices (1). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-June '70 . . | 3.63 | 2.95 | 1.73 | 1.71 | 3 | . 78 | 2.40 | 1.87 | 8.36 | 4.81 |
| 148. Japan, stock prices(u) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Jan. '53-June '70 . . | 3.57 | 2.45 | 2.24 | 1.09 | 2 | .67 | 3.12 | 1.67 | 7.21 | 4.62 |

*Series included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of 26 indicators. (@) Measures are based on unadjusted data. ${ }^{1}$ Not shown when MCD is "6."

## BRIEF DEFINITIONS OF MEASURES SHOWN IN PART 1

The following are brief definitions; more complete explanations appear in Electronic Computers and Business Indicators, by Julius Shiskin, issued as Occasional Paper 57 by the National Bureau of Economic Research, 1957 (reprinted from Journal of Business, October 1957).
" $\overline{\mathrm{CI}}$ " is the average month-to-month percentage change, without regard to sign, in the seasonally adjusted series (i.e., the series after adjustment for measurable seasonal trading-day, and holiday variations).
" $\overline{\mathrm{C}}^{\prime}$ is the same for the cyclical component, a smooth, flexible moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
" $\overline{\mathrm{I}} "$ is the same for the irregular component, obtained by dividing the cyclical component into the seasonally adjusted series.
"MCD" (months for cyclical dominance) provides an estimate of the appropriate time span over which to observe cyclical movements in a monthly series. It is small for smooth series and large for irregular series. In deriving MCD, percentage changes are computed separately for the irregular component and the cyclical component over 1-month spans (Jan.- Feb., Feb.- Mar., etc.), 2-month spans (Jan.-Mar., Feb.-Apr., etc.), up to 12 -month spans. Averages, without regard to sign, are then computed for the changes over each span. MCD is the shortest span in months for which the
average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the cyclical component is larger than the average percentage change (without regard to sign) in the irregular component, and remains so. Thus, it indicates the point at which fluctuations in the seasonally adjusted series became dominated by cyclical rather than irregular movements. All series with an MCD greater than " 5 " are shown as " 6 ".
" $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \overline{\mathrm{C}}$ " is a measure of the relative smoothness (small values) or irregularity (large values) of the seasonally adjusted series. It is shown for 1 -month spans and for spans of the period of MCD. When MCD is " 6 ", no $\overline{\mathrm{I}} / \overline{\mathrm{C}}$ ratio is shown for the MCD period.
"Average Duration of Run" (ADR) is another measure of smoothness and is equal to the average number of consecutive monthly changes in the same direction in any series of observations. When there is no change between 2 months, a change in the same direction as the preceding change is assumed. The ADR is shown for the seasonally adjusted series CI, irregular component I, cyclical component C, and the MCD curve. The MCD curve is an unweighted moving average (with the number of terms equal to MCD) of the seasonally adjusted series.

A comparison of these measures of ADR with the expected ADR of a random series gives an indication of whether the

## BRIEF DEFINITIONS OF MEASURES SHOWN IN PART 1--Continued

changes approximate those of a random series. Over 1month intervals in a random series, the expected value of the ADR is 1.5 . The actual value of ADR falls between 1.36 and 1.75 about 95 percent of the time. Over 1 -month intervals in a moving average (MCD) of a random series, the expected value of ADR is 2.0 . For example, the ADR of CI is 1.75 for the series on average weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance (series 5). This indicates that 1 -month changes in the seasonally adjusted series, on the average, reverse sign about as often as expected in a random series. The ADR measures shown in the next two columns, 1.47 for I and 12.00 for C , suggest that the seasonally
adjusted series has been successfully separated into an essentially random component and a cyclical (nonrandom) component. Finally, ADR is 4.13 for the MCD moving average. This indicates that a 3 -month moving average of the seasonally adjusted series ( 3 months being the MCD span) reverses direction, on the average, about every 4 months. The increase in the ADR from 1.75 for CI to 4.13 for the MCD moving average indicates that, for this series, month-to-month changes in the MCD moving average usually reflect the underlying cyclical trend movements of the series, whereas the month-to-month changes in the seasonally adjusted series usually do not.

## A. MCD and Related Measures of Variability..Continued

Part 2. Monthly Series: Average Actual Changes


## BRIEF DEFINITIONS OF MEASURES SHOWN IN PART 2

These measures are computed by an additive method. This method is used for series with zero or negative data and for other series where it seems appropriate, such as series expressed in percent.

Thus, " $\overline{\mathrm{CI}}{ }^{"}$ is the average month-to-month change in the seasonally adjusted series. This average is computed without regard to sign and is expressed in the same unit of measure as the series itself.
" $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ " is the same for the cyclical component, which is a moving average of the seasonally adjusted series.
" $\bar{I}$ " is the same for the irregular component, which is determined by subtracting the cyclical component from the seasonally adjusted series.

All other measures have the same meaning as in part 1.
B. Current Adjustment Factors

| Series | 1971 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| 5. Average weekly initial claims, State unemployment insurance. . . . | 149.8 | 114.4 | 93.1 | 92.6 | 79.4 | 81.7 | 122.4 | 84.5 | 71.6 | 79.8 | 97.4 | 132.8 |
| 13. New business incorporations ${ }^{1}$. | 104.6 | 94.1 | 110.9 | 107.1 | 98.9 | 106.4 | 99.3 | 94.3 | 97.7 | 95.4 | 85.7 | 102.8 |
| 15. Profits (after taxes) per dollar of sales, mfg. ${ }^{2}$ | -•* | 97.4 | . $\cdot$ | -•• | 103.4 | -•• | -•• | 96.4 | -•• | -•• | 102.9 | -•• |
| by financial institutions and life insurance companies ${ }^{1}{ }^{3}$......... | -332 | -404 | -142 | -6 | -90 | +371 | +11 | +213 | +110 | +66 | -43 | +231 |
| 37. Purchased materials, percent of companies reporting higher inventories . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 99.9 | 101.0 | 110.2 | 104.9 | 105.8 | 107.9 | 104.4 | 99.9 | 93.2 | 86.4 | 94.7 | 90.8 |
| 39. Delinquency rate, 30 days and over, total installment loans ${ }^{4}$. . . . . . . . | ... | 106.4 | ... | 93.1 | ... | 91.3 | ... | 98.9 | ... | 95.8 | . $\cdot$. | 112.9 |
| 72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding. | 100.3 | 99.2 | 99.8 | 100.1 | 100.1 | 100.7 | 101.4 | 99.7 | 99.2 | 99.6 | 99.3 | 100.3 |
| 508. Index of export orders, nonelectrical machinery. | 103.1 | 105.1 | 108.2 | 98.7 | 97.7 | 100.5 | 98.5 | 92.0 | 98.9 | 101.0 | 94.1 | 101.6 |
| 616. Defense Department obligations, total. | 97.8 | 83.7 | 89.3 | 93.5 | 90.6 | 143.7 | 102.6 | 99.9 | 115.8 | 106.0 | 86.4 | 90.9 |
| 621. Defense Department obligations, procurement. | 86.9 | 77.0 | 84.7 | 84.5 | 83.0 | 194.0 | 58.7 | 86.6 | 153.5 | 112.8 | 83.8 | 95.0 |
| 625. Military contract awards in U.S. $\ldots$. | 88.3 | 86.7 | 84.5 | 79.5 | 84.2 | 173.2 | 104.1 | 93.7 | 118.4 | 112.1 | 77.3 | 98.2 |
| D34. Profits, manufacturing (FNCB) ${ }^{5} \ldots$ | $-14$ | . $\cdot$ | -•• | +12 | -•• | -•• | -8 | -•• | -•• | +17 | . $\cdot$ | -•• |

NOTE: These series are not published oy the source agency in seasonally adjusted form. Seasonal adjustments were made by the Bureau of the Census or the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. They are kept current by the Bureau of the Census. Seasonally adjusted data prepared by the source agency will be substituted whenever they are published. For a description of the method used to compute these factors, see Bureau of the Census Technical Paper No. 15 , The X-11 Variant of the Census Method II Seasonal Adjustment Program.
${ }^{1}$ Factors are products of seasonal and trading-day factors. Seasonally adjusted data resulting from the application of these combined factors may differ slightly from those obtained by separate applications of seasonal and trading-day factors due to rounding.
${ }^{2}$ Quarterly series; figures are placed in middle month of quarter.
${ }^{3}$ These quantities, in millions of dollars, are to be subtracted from the month-to-month net change in the unadjusted monthly totals to yield the seasonally adjusted net change. They were computed by the additive version of the X - 11 variant of the Census Method II seasonal adjustment program.
${ }^{4}$ Bimonthly series. Factors are for even-numbered months (Febriuary, April, June, etc.).
${ }^{5}$ l-quarter diffusion index: Figures are placed in the lst month of the quarter. The unadjusted diffusion index is computed and the factors, computed by the additive version of the $X-11$ variant of the Census Method II seasonal adjustment program, are subtracted to yield the seasonally adjusted index.

## C. Historical Data for Selected Series

This appendix contains historical data (back to 1945 if available) for selected BCD series. Dato are published here for (a) series which have been added to the report, (b) series which have been revised, and (c) series which have not been shown here for a long time. See the "Index--Series Finding Guide" for the latest issue in which historical data were published for each series. Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol (u) (indicating unadjusted
data) follows the series title. Official source agency annual figures are shown if available. Such figures are often based on data with more digits or on data which have not been seasonally adiusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from annual figures based on the monthly or quarterly dota shown here. Current figures are shown in the basic data tables of the repart and may be used to update the tables below.

${ }_{2}^{1}$ This series contains no revisions but is reprinted for the convenience of the user.
${ }^{2}$ This series is shown in this appendix for the first time.

## C. Historical Data for Selected Series-Continued

appendix contains historical data (back to 1945 if available) for selected BCD series.
are published here for (a) series which have been added to the report, (b) series which
been revised, and (c) series which have not been shown here for a long time. See the :x--Series Finding Guide" for the latest issue in which historical data were published ach series. Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol (a) (indicating unadiusted
data) follows the series title. Official source agency annual figures are shown if available. Such figures are often based on data with more digits or on data which have not been seaadusted; theretore, they may differ slightly from annual figures based on the monthly or quarterly data shown here. Current figures are shown in the basic data tables of the report and may be used to update the tables below.

| Year | Quarterly |  |  |  | Annual | Year | Quarterly |  |  |  | Annual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 | 110 | III Q | IV Q |  |  | 10 | 110 | III Q | IV 0 |  |
| 248. RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES IN CONSTANT (1958) DOLLARS (ANNUAL RATE, BILLIONS OF DOLLARS) ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | average | 249. GROSS AUTO PRODUCT IN CONSTANT (1958) DOLLARS (ANNUAL RATE, BILLIONS OF DOLLARS) ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  | average |
| 5..... | ** | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -•• | 2.8 | 19450.... |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\bullet$ | - |
| 6....: | 14.3 | 13.5 | $15 . .5$ | 18.94 | 12.1 | 19460...: | 9.8 | 10.6 | 9.6 | $17 \%$ | $10 \% 3$ |
| 8..... | $17: 9$ | 18.7 | 18.0 | 16.8 | 17.9 | $19480 . .0$ : | 11.6 | 10.3 | 11.3 | 12.4 | 11.4 |
| $9 . . .$. | 16.0 | 16.2 | 17.7 | 19.8 | 17.4 | 19490.... | 12.6 | 15.6 | 17.0 | 14.1 | 14.8 |
| 0..... | 22.0 | 23.719.3 | 24.8 | 23.5 | 23.5 | 1950..... | 16.5 | 18.716.5 |  | 19.9 | 19.115.9 |
| 1..... | 22.2 |  | 18.1 | 18.2 | 19.5 | 1951..... | 18.812.6 |  | 21.1 14.2 | 14.0 |  |
| $2 . .$. | 18.619.9 | 19.3 18.9 | 19.3 | 19.2 | 18.9 | $1952 . \ldots .$.$1953 . \ldots$.1954.0. |  | 16.5 13.2 | 14.2 10.8 | 17.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 15.9 \\ & 13.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| $3 \ldots \ldots$ $4 \ldots \ldots$ |  | 19.9 |  |  | 19.6 |  | 18.2 | 13.2 18.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 10.8 \\ & 19.7 \end{aligned}$ | 18.1 | 18.717.1 |
| 4..... |  | 21.1 |  | 23.8 | 21.7 |  | 15.9 | 17.5 | 16.6 18.2 |  |  |
| 5..... | 25.6 | 25.8 | 25.1 23.9 |  | 25.1 | 1955..... . | 23.6 | 25.3 | 25.8 23.8 |  | 24.6 |
| 6..... |  | 22.6 | 21.919.9 | 21.4 | 22.2 | 19560.... | 19.8 | 18.4 | 17.0 | 19.3 | 18.6 |
| 7..... |  | 20.2 |  | 20.0 | 20.2 | 1957. .... | 21.2 | 20.3 | 21.4 | 17.9 | 20.2 |
| $8 . . .$. | 19.8 24.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 19.7 \\ & 25.4 \end{aligned}$ | 19.9 20.8 | 23.9 | 24.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 1958 \ldots . . \\ & 19590 . . . \end{aligned}$ | 14.619.0 | 13.9 | 13.119.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 16.4 \\ & 15.2 \end{aligned}$ | 18.518.5 |
| 9..... | 24.8 |  | 20.8 24.7 |  |  |  |  | 20.4 |  |  |  |
| 0..... |  | 22.0 | 21.021.0 | 20.7 | 21.9 | 1960. . . . | 22.5 | 21.0 | 21.3 | 19.1 | 21.0 |
| 1..... |  | 21.123.8 |  | 22.6 | 21.6 | 19610.... | 14.2 | 17.7 | 18.0 | 20.3 | 17.5 |
| 2..... | $\begin{aligned} & 20.9 \\ & 23.1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 21.6 24.2 | 23.8 | 23.8 | 19620.... | 20.8 | 21.3 | 23.1 | 23.0 | 22.0 |
| 3..... | 24.3 25.7 | 24.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \cdot 7 \\ & 24.1 \end{aligned}$ | 25.4 23.6 | 24.8 24.2 | 19630.... | 29.0 | 26.2 | 26.7 | 22.9 | 25.5 |
| 5..... |  | 23.7 | 23.8 | 23.8 | 23.8 | 1965..... | 32.7 | 31.2 |  | 31.7 | 31.8 |
|  | 24.1 23.6 | 22.2 | 20.921.3 | 18.6 | 21.3 | 19650.... | 33.526.6 | 29.9 29.9 | 31.4 28.2 |  | 30.6 |
| 7..... |  | 19.223.7 |  | 23.0 | 20.4 | 1967..... |  | 29.9 | 29.9 | 29.8 | 29.0 |
| $8 . . . .$. $9 . . .$. |  |  | 22.6 | 23.7 | 23.2 | 19680.... | 34.4 | 36.0 | 35.4 | 35.7 | 35.4 |
| 9..... | 24.1 | 24.4 | 22.1 | 21.6 | 23.1 | 19690.... | 37.2 | 33.4 | 36.3 | 33.1 | 35.0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 0 . . . . . \\ & 1 . \ldots . . \end{aligned}$ | 21.4 | 21.3 | 20.0 | 22.6 | 21.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 1970 \ldots \ldots . \\ & 1971 \ldots \ldots \end{aligned}$ | 29.1 | 33.0 | 31.6 | 19.6 | 28.3 |
| 230A. PERSONAL CONSUMP |  |  |  |  | aVERage | 241A. NONRESIDENTIAL FIXED INVESTMENT AS PERCENT OF GNP (PERCENT) |  |  |  |  | Average |
| 5..... | 68.9 | $6 \ddot{8.3}$ | 69\%0 | 69.4 | 68.8 | 1945..... |  |  | $\ddot{8.6}$ | ... | $\cdots$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.710.1 |  | 9.4 | 8.1 |
|  | 69.3 68.2 | 69.8 | 70.1 66.9 | 68.8 | 69.5 | 1947...... | 6.7 0.2 |  | 10.0 | 10.1 | 10.1 |
| $9 . . . .$. | 67.9 | 69.3 | 68.5 | 70.1 | 67.4 | 19489..... | 10.3 | 10.1 | 9.5 | 19.3 | 19.8 |
| 0..... | 68.3 | 67.5 | 68.0 | 64.7 | 67.1 | 1950..... | 9.2 | 9.7 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 9.8 |
|  | 65.3 | 62.3 | 61.7 | 62.1 | 62.8 | 19510.... | $9 \cdot 7$ | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 9.7 |
| 2..... | 62.0 | 63.3 | 62.7 | 62.9 | 62.7 | 1952..... | 9.5 | 9.6 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 9.2 |
| 3..... | 62.7 64.4 | 62.6 | 63.1 | 63.8 | 63.0 | 1953..... | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.4 |
| 4..... | 64.4 | 65.1 | 65.1 | 64.8 | 64.8 | 1954..... | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 9.2 |
| 5..... | 64.1 | 64.1 | 63.8 | 63.7 | 63.9 | 1955..... | 8.9 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 9.6 |
|  | 63.8 | 63.5 | 63.6 | 63.5 | 63.6 | 1956..... | 10.2 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.4 |
| 7..... | 63.4 | 63.5 | 63.6 | 64.6 | 63.8 | 1957.....: | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.5 |
| $8 . . . .$. $9 . .$. | 65.4 64.1 | 65.6 63.6 | 64.7 65.0 | 63.8 64.5 | 64.9 64.3 | 1955..... 19590. | 9.9 9.1 | 9.4 9.3 | 9.0 9.5 | 9.0 9.4 | 9.3 9.3 |
| 0..... |  | 64.7 | 64.6 | 65.1 | 64.6 | 1960..... | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.6 |
| 1..... | 65.2 | 64.5 | 64.2 | 63.8 | 64.4 | 1961..... | 9.1 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
| 2..... | 63.6 | 63.1 | 63.3 | 63.5 | 63.4 | 1962..... | $9 \cdot 0$ | 9.2 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 9.2 |
| 3..... | 63.8 | 63.7 | 63.6 | 63.0 | 63.5 | 19630.... | 9.0 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 9.2 |
| 4..... | 63.4 | 63.3 | 63.6 | 63.4 | 63.4 | 19640.... | 9.4 | 9.6 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.6 |
| 5..... | 63.3 | 63.3 | 63.1 | 63.0 | 63.2 | 1965..... | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 10.4 |
| 6..... | 62.8 | 62.1 | 62.3 | 61.6 | 62.2 | 19650.... | 10.8 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 10.9 |
| 7.... | $62 \cdot 1$ | 62.4 | 61.9 | 61.6 | 62.0 | 1967..... | 10.7 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 10.5 |
| $8 . . .$. | 62.3 62.3 | 61.7 62.5 | 62.2 62.1 | 62.1 | 62.1 | 19660.... | 10.6 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 10.2 |
| 9.... | 62.3 | 62.5 | 62.1 | 62.7 | 62.4 | 19690.... | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.6 |
| 0..... | 63.2 | 63.4 | 63.1 | 63.2 | 63.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 19700 . . . \\ & 19710 . \end{aligned}$ | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 10.2 | 10.5 |
|  | NET $A S P$ | OF GOO <br> F GNP | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SERVIC } \\ & \text { WTI } \end{aligned}$ |  | average | 262A. FE | GOVER AS F | RCHAS F GNP | 000 $\$$ NT ${ }^{1}$ | ICES | AVERAGE |
| 5..... | 3. | 3 | - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 1945..... | $\because$ | - 0 |  | $\cdots$ | -•• |
| 6..... | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 1946..... | 11.3 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 8.4 |
| 7...... | 5.18 | 5.3 2.4 | 5.4 2.2 | 4.2 | 5.0 2.5 | 1947*...: | 5.5 5.4 | 5.7 6.1 | 5.3 6.6 | 5.1 7.4 | 5.4 |
| $8 . . .$. | 3.3 2.9 | 2.4 2.8 | 2.2 2.4 | 2.1 1.5 | 2.5 2.4 | 19480.... | 5.4 7.5 | 6.1 8.1 | 6.6 7.9 | 7.4 7.9 | 6.4 7.8 |
| 0..... | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1950.0.. | 6.9 | 6.2 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 6.4 |
| 1.... | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1951..... | 8.7 | 10.5 | 12.6 | 13.9 | 11.4 |
| 2..... | $1 \cdot 4$ | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 1952..... | 14.1 | 15.1 | 15.7 | 15.2 | 15.0 |
| 3..... | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 1953..... | 15.6 | 15.7 | 15.4 | 15.8 | 15.6 |
| 4..... | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 19540.... | 14.5 | 13.2 | 12.5 | 11.8 | 13.0 |
| 5..... | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1955..... | 11.4 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 10.9 | 11.1 |
| 6..... | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 19560.... | 10.8 | 11.0 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 10.8 |
| 7..... | 1.5 | 1.4 0.5 | 1.2 | 1.00 | 1.3 | 1957.... | 11.3 | 11.3 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 11.2 |
| 8..... | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1958..... | 11.8 | 22.1 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 |
| $9 . .$. | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 19590.... | 11.5 | 11.1 | 11.0 | 10.8 | 11.1 |
| 0.... | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1960..... | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 10.6 |
| 1..... | 1.3 | $1 \cdot 1$ | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1961..... | 11.0 | 11.1 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 11.0 |
| 2..... | 0.8 | $1 \cdot 0$ | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1962..... | 11.3 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 11.3 | 11.3 |
| 3.... | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 19630.... | 11.3 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 10.6 | 10.9 |
| 4..... | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1964. . . . | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 10.3 |
| 5..... | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 19650.... | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.8 |
| 6..... | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 19660.... | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 10.4 |
| 7..... | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 19670... | 11.3 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 11.4 |
| 8..... | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 1968..... | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.3 | 11.4 |
| 9..... | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 19690.... | 10.9 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 10.7 |
| O..... $1 \ldots .$. | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 19700.... 1971.0. | 10.5 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 10.0 |

## C. Historical Data for Selected Series-Continued

This appendix contains historical data (back to 1945 if available) for selected BCD series. Data are published here for (a) series which have been added to the report, (b) series which have been revised, and (c) series which have not been shown here for a long time. See the "Index--Series Finding Guide" for the latest issue in which histerical data were published for each series. Data are seasonally adjusted unless the symbol (u) (indicating unadjusted
data) follows the series title. Official source agency annual figures are shown if availe Such figures are often based on data with more digits or on data which have not been sonally adjusted; therefore, they may differ slightly from annual figures based on the mor or quarterly data shown here. Current figures are shown in the basic data tables of the re and may be used to update the tables below.

${ }^{1}$ This series is shown in this appendix for the first time.

## C. Historical Data for Selected Series-Continued

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data) follows the series title. Official source agency annual figures are shown if available. Such figures are often based on data with more digits or on data which have not been seaor quarterly data shown here. Current figures are shown in the basic data tables of the report and may be used to update the tables below

| Year | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly |  |  |  | Annual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | Mor. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | 10 | 110 | III Q | IV Q |  |
| 820. COMPOSITE INDEX OF 5 COINCIDENT INDICATORS$(1967=100)^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | average for period |  |  |  |  |
| 1945... | -•• | " | $\cdots$ |  | -* |  |  |  | -•• | -•• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -. | -•• | . |  | -•• |
| 1946... | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\because$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 1948... | 31.5 | 31.1 | 31.3 | 31.3 | 3109 | 32.4 | 32.7 | 32.7 | 32.7 | 32.8 | 32.0 | 32.2 | 30.3 | 31.9 | 32.7 | 32.5 | 32.1 |
| 1949... | 31.4 | 31.0 | 30.6 | 30.2 | 29.6 | 29.4 | 29.0 | 29.2 | 29.7 | 28.2 | 29.1 | 29.4 | 31.0 | 29.7 | 29.3 | 28.9 | 29.7 |
| 1950... | 30.1 | 30.3 | 31.3 | 31.8 | 32.5 | 33.4 | 35.0 | 36.4 | 36.3 | 36.7 | 36.7 | 37.8 | 30.6 | 32.6 | 35.9 | 37.1 | 34.0 |
| 1951... | 39.0 | 39.5 | 39.7 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 39.4 | 40.2 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 40.0 |
| 1952... | 40.8 | 41.4 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 40.7 | 42.3 | 43.7 | 44.4 | 44.9 | 46.8 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 42.2 | 45.4 | 42.6 |
| 1953... | 45.6 42.9 | 46.3 42.8 | 46.8 42.3 | 46.8 42.1 | 47.1 41.9 | 47.0 42.2 | 47.2 42.1 | 46.7 41.9 | 46.0 42.1 | 45.7 42.5 | 44.6 43.5 | 43.3 44.2 | 46.2 42.7 | 47.0 42.1 | 46.6 42.0 | 44.5 43.4 | 46.1 42.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 42.2 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 42.1 |  |  | 44.2 | 42.7 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 43.4 | 42.5 |
| 1955... | 44.8 | 45.4 | 46.2 | 46.8 | 47.6 | 48.1 | 48.7 | 48.7 | 49.3 | 49.5 | 50.0 | 50.4 | 45.5 | 47.5 | 48.9 | 50.0 | 48.0 |
| 1956... | 50.7 | 51.0 | 50.9 | 51.5 | 51.3 | 51.5 | 50.0 | 51.9 | 52.6 | 53.2 | 53.0 | 53.6 | 50.9 | 51.4 | 51.5 | 53.3 | 51.8 |
| 1957... | 53.5 | 54.3 | 54.6 | 54.0 | 53.9 | 54.0 | 54.2 | 54.5 | 53.8 | 53.4 | 52.4 | 51.6 | 54.1 | 54.0 | 54.2 | 52.5 | 53.7 |
| 1958... | 50.9 | 49.7 54.8 | 49.1 | 48.4 | 48.6 | 49.3 | 49.8 | 50.4 | 51.0 | 51.5 | 52.9 | 53.2 | 49.9 | 48.8 | 50.4 | 52.5 | 50.4 |
| 1959... | 54.0 | 54.8 | 55.7 | 56.9 | 57.7 | 58.0 | 57.6 | 56.2 | 56.0 | 55.8 | 56.2 | 58.5 | 54.8 | 57.5 | 56.6 | 56.8 | 56.4 |
| 1960... | 59.4 | 59.8 | 59.1 | 59.6 | 59.4 | 58.9 | 58.8 | 58.6 | 58.5 | 58.1 | 57.5 | 56.7 | 59.4 | 59.3 | 58.6 | 57.4 | 58.7 |
| 1961... | 56.6 | 56.5 | 57.0 | 57.2 | 57.8 | 58.7 | 59.0 | 59.7 | 59.8 | 60.7 | 61.7 | 62.2 | 56.7 | 57.9 | 59.5 | 61.5 | 58.9 |
| 1963...: | 62.2 | 63.1 | 63.6 | 64.1 | 64.3 | 64.3 | 64.7 | 64.8 | 65.3 | 65.6 | 65.8 | 65.8 | 63.0 | 64.2 | 64.9 | 65.7 | 64.5 |
| 1964... | 71.2 | 71.9 | 72.0 | 73.0 | 73.7 | 68.4 73.9 | 74.9 | 759.0 | 76.0 | 75.4 | 76.9 | 78.1 | 71.7 | 67.8 73.5 | 75.4 | 70.3 76.8 | 68.4 74.4 |
| 1965... | 78.7 | 78.9 | 80.3 | 80.8 | 81.7 | 82.5 | 83.6 | 84.2 | 85.4 | 86.1 | 87.3 | 88.5 | 79.3 | 81.7 | 84.4 | 87.3 | 83.2 |
| 1966... | 89.5 | 90.7 | 92.0 | 92.6 | 92.8 | 94.2 | 94.6 | 95.3 | 96.2 | 96.8 | 97.2 | 97.4 | 90.7 | 93.2 | 95.4 | 97.1 | 94.1 |
| 1967... | 98.1 | 97.8 | 98.3 | 98.5 | 98.8 | 99.4 | 99.9 | 101.0 | 101.0 | 100.5 | 102.7 | 104.1 | 98.1 | 98.9 | 100.6 | 102.4 | 100.0 |
| 1968... | 104.5 | 105.7 | 106.8 | 107.6 | 108.8 | 109.5 | 110.5 | 110.8 | 111.9 | 112.9 | 113.9 | 114.5 | 105.7 | 108.6 | 111.1 | 113.8 | 109.8 |
| 1969... | 115.3 | 116.8 | 117.6 | 11.8 .1 | 119.1 | 119.9 | 120.2 | 121.0 | 121.1 | 121.9 | 121.9 | 121.9 | 116.6 | 119.0 | 120.8 | 121.9 | 119.6 |
| 1970... | 121.0 | 121.2 | 121.2 | 121.6 | 121.0 | 121.0 | 120.9 | 120.8 | 120.4 | 118.4 | 117.4 | 118.9 | 121.1 | 121.2 | 120.7 | 118.2 | 120.3 |
| 825. COMPOSITE INDEX OF 5 COINCIDENT, $\begin{aligned} & (1967=100)^{2}\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | average for period |  |  |  |  |
| 1945... | -•• | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | -•* | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | $\ldots$ | -.. | -•• | * ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | -•* | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ |
| 1946... | $\ldots$ | $\because$. | \#.. | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | - 3 | $\cdots$ | … | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ... | . $\cdot$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| 1948... | 3403 | 34.0 | 34.4 | 34.0 | 34.0 | 35.0 | 35.3 | 35.0 | 30.3 | 35.5 | 30.9 | $3{ }^{3} \%$ | $3 \ddot{3}$ | 34.7 | 35.3 | $3{ }^{3} 9$ | 37.9 |
| 1949... | 34.1 | 33.8 | 33.4 | 33.0 | 32.4 | 32.3 | 31.8 | 32.1 | 32.7 | 31.0 | 32.1 | 32.5 | 33.8 | 32.6 | 32.2 | 31.9 | 32.6 |
| 1950... | 33.4 | 33.6 | 34.8 | 35.3 | 35.9 | 36.8 | 38.3 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 40.4 | 33.9 | 36.0 | 39.1 | 39.9 | 37.2 |
| 1951... | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 42.1 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 42.6 | 41.4 | 42.2 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 42.0 |
| 1952... | 42.7 | 43.4 | 43.7 | 43.6 | 43.8 | 43.5 | 42.7 | 44.5 | 46.0 | 46.8 | 47.3 | 48.0 | 43.3 | 43.6 | 44.4 | 47.4 | 44.7 |
| 1953... | 48.0 | 48.9 | 49.4 | 49.4 | 49.7 | 49.5 | 49.7 | 49.0 | 48.3 | 48.0 | 46.8 | 45.5 | 48.8 | 49.5 | 49.0 | 46.8 | 48.5 |
| 1954... | 44.8 | 44.7 | 44.2 | 44.0 | 43.8 | 44.1 | 44.0 | 44.0 | 44.2 | 44.7 | 45.8 | 46.6 | 44.6 | 44.0 | 44.1 | 45.7 | 44.6 |
| 1955... | 47.1 | 47.7 | 48.7 | 49.3 | 50.3 | 50.8 | 51.5 | 51.4 | 51.9 | 52.3 | 52.8 | 53.2 | 47.8 | 50.1 | 51.6 | 52.8 | 50.6 |
| 1956... | 53.5 | 53.6 | 53.5 | 54.1 | 53.8 | 53.8 | 52.0 | 54.1 | 54.8 | 55.4 | 55.1 | 55.6 | 53.5 | 53.9 | 53.6 | 55.4 | 54.1 |
| 1957... | 55.5 | 56.2 | 56.4 | 55.8 | 55.6 | 55.6 | 55.7 | 55.9 | 55.2 | 54.8 | 53.6 | 52.7 | 56.0 | 55.7 | 55.6 | 53.7 | 55.2 |
| 1958... | 51.7 | 50.5 | 49.8 | 49.0 | 49.2 | 49.9 | 50.6 | 51.2 | 51.8 | 52.3 | 53.8 | 54.1 | 50.7 | 49.4 | 51.2 | 53.4 | 51.2 |
| 1959... | 54.9 | 55.8 | 56.7 | 58.0 | 58.8 | 59.0 | 58.6 | 57.0 | 56.7 | 56.5 | 57.0 | 59.4 | 55.8 | 58.6 | 57.4 | 57.6 | 57.4 |
| 1960... | 60.4 | 60.7 | 59.9 | 60.4 | 60.2 | 59.7 | 59.6 | 59.3 | 59.2 | 58.7 | 58.1 | 57.1 | 50.3 | 60.1 | 59.4 | 58.0 | 59.4 |
| 1961... | 57.2 | 56.9 | 57.5 | 57.8 | 58.5 | 59.4 | 59.8 | 60.5 | 60.5 | 61.5 | 62.6 | 63.1 | 57.2 | 58.6 | 60.3 | 62.4 | 59.6 |
| 1962... | 63.1 | 64.0 | 64.5 | 65.0 | 65.2 | 65.2 | 65.8 | 65.8 | 66.1 | 66.4 | 66.7 | 66.8 | 63.9 | 65.1 | 65.9 | 66.6 | 65.4 |
| 1963... | 67.1 | 67.4 | 67.9 | 68.5 | 68.7 | 69.2 | 69.7 | 69.9 | 70.5 | 71.2 | 70.9 | 71.6 | 67.5 | 68.8 | 70.0 | 71.2 | 69.4 |
| 1964... | 72.1 | 72.9 | 73.2 | 74.0 | 74.9 | 75.1 | 76.1 | 76.6 | 77.3 | 76.6 | 78.1 | 79.4 | 72.7 | 74.7 | 76.7 | 78.0 | 75.5 |
| 1965... | 80.0 | 80.1 | 81.6 | 82.0 | 82.9 | 83.5 | 84.8 | 85.5 | 86.8 | 87.5 | 88.6 | 89.8 | 80.6 | 82.8 | 85.7 | 88.6 | 84.4 |
| 1966... | 90.8 | 91.7 | 93.0 | 93.3 | 93.5 | 94.9 | 95.4 | 95.8 | 96.5 | 97.2 | 97.6 | 97.8 | 91.8 | 93.9 | 95.9 | 97.5 | 94.8 |
| 1967... | 98.4 | 98.1 | 98.5 | 98.8 | 99.0 | 99.6 | 99.9 | 100.9 | 100.7 | $100 \cdot 1$ | 102.3 | 103.6 | 98.4 | 99.1 | 100.5 | 102.0 | 100.0 |
| $1969 . .$. | 103.8 112.9 | 104.8 114.2 | 105.8 114 | 106.5 114.9 | 107.6 115.7 | 108.2 116.2 | $109 . \frac{1}{3}$ | 109.4 116.8 | 110.3 116.8 | 1117.3 | 1117.8 | 112.3 116.6 | $104: 8$ 114.0 | 107.4 115.6 | 109.6 116.6 | 111.7 117.0 | 108.4 115.8 |
| 1970... | 115.5 | 115.4 | 115.4 | 115.6 | 114.7 | 11.4 .5 | 114.2 | 114.1 | 113.7 | 111.3 | 110.1 | 111.3 | 115.4 | 114.9 | 114.0 | 110.9 | 113.8 |
| 59. SALES OF RETAIL STORES, 1967 DOLLARS (MILLIONS OF DOLLARS) ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | total for period |  |  |  |  |
| 1945... | $\cdots$ | -•• | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ** | $\cdots$ | - | -•• | - | $\cdots$ | * $\cdot$ | -•• | -•• | -•• | $\cdots$ | - $\cdot$ | - |
| 1946... | - | ... | ... | -•• |  | . | ... | . | . | ... | -.. | . | -.. | $\cdots$ | - | - $\cdot$ | ... |
| 1947 | 13793 | 137904 | $13 \ddot{980}$ | $14 \ddot{083}$ | 13 548 | 13 8ii | $13 \ddot{863}$ | $13 \ddot{903}$ | 13779 | 13889 | $13 \ddot{845}$ | $14 \ddot{202}$ | $41 \dddot{53}$ | 417442 | 41545 | $41 \dddot{906}$ | 166426 |
| 1949... | 13721 | 13943 | 14148 | 14309 | 14242 | 15077 | 14058 | 14257 | 14514 | 14437 | 14573 | 14391 | 41812 | 43628 | 42829 | 43401 | 171670 |
| 1950... | 14764 | 15070 | 15201 | 15196 | 15356 | 15847 | 16943 | 16897 | 15967 | 15333 | 14809 | 15670 | 45035 | 46399 | 49807 | 45812 | 187053 |
| 1951... | 16589 | 16136 | 15123 | 14825 | 14948 | 14909 | 14728 | 15059 | 14965 | 15138 | 15066 | 14753 | 47848 | 44682 | 44752 | 44957 | 182239 |
| 1952... | 14926 | 15257 | 14850 | 15217 | 15793 | 15997 | 15549 | 15186 | 15437 | 16 146 <br> 15  | 15985 | 16417 | 45033 | 47007 | 46172 | 48548 | 186760 |
| 1953... | 16535 | 16522 | 16649 | 16418 | 16340 | 16316 | 16251 | 16149 | 16137 | $\begin{array}{ll}15 & 217 \\ 16 & 5\end{array}$ | 16017 | 15860 | 49706 | 49074 | 48537 | 48094 | 195411 |
| 1954... | 15952 | 16249 | 16208 | 16193 | 16173 | 16557 | 16288 | 16331 | 16498 | 16527 | 16908 | 17219 | 48309 | 48923 | 49117 | 50654 | 197003 |
| 1955... | 17309 | 17463 | 17591 | 17905 | 17953 | 17837 | 18165 | 18160 | 18444 | 18488 | 18436 | 18272 | 52363 | 53695 | 54769 | 55196 | 216023 |
| 1956...: | 18272 | 18146 | 18471 | $18 \quad 254$ | 18467 | 18411 | 18222 | 18338 | 18388 | $\begin{array}{ll}18 & 314 \\ 18\end{array}$ | 18513 | 18570 | 54889 54 | 55 <br> 56 <br> 132 | 54.948 | 55397 | 220366 |
| 1957... | 18683 | 18925 | 18718 | 18721 | 18746 | 19006 | 18918 | 19021 | 18901 | 18856 | 18700 | 18600 | 56326 | 56473 | 56840 | 56156 | 225795 |
| 1958... | 18489 | 18153 | 17972 | 18170 | 18131 | 18145 | 18453 | 18581 | 18503 | 18431 | 18795 | 19432 | 54614 | 54446 | 55547 | 56659 | 221266 |
| 1959... | 19386 | 19571 | 19757 | 19791 | 19902 | 20061 | 20032 | 20160 | 19831 | 19954 | 19428 | 19317 | 58714 | 59754 | 60023 | 58699 | 237190 |
| 1960... | 19859 | 19977 | 19933 | 20344 | 20040 | 20013 | 19877 | 19902 | 19883 | 19992 | 19664 | 19478 | 59769 | 60397 | 59662 | 59134 | 238962 |
| 1961.0. | 19535 | 19445 | 19650 | 19344 | 19635 | 19781 | 19701 | 19897 | 19932 | 20291 | 20478 | 20464 | 58630 | 58760 | 59530 | 61233 | 238153 |
| 1962... | 20640 | 20552 | 20876 | 20967 | 21109 | 20838 | 21214 | 21300 | 21226 | 21606 | 21695 | 21738 | 62068 | 62914 | 63740 | 65039 | 253761 |
| 1963... | 21782 | 21595 | 21744 | 21862 | 21723 | 21839 | 21998 | 21947 | 21939 | 22321 | 21999 | 22435 | 65121 | 65424 | 65884 | 66755 | 263184 |
| 1964... | 22271 | 22421 | 22583 | 22746 | 23053 | 23071 | 23161 | 23487 | 23658 | 22743 | 22908 | 23923 | 67275 | 68870 | 70306 | 69574 | 276025 |
| 1965... | 24074 | 24277 | 23985 | 24162 | 24434 | 24186 | 24632 | 24736 | 24802 | 25415 | 25641 | 25626 | 72336 | 72782 | 74170 | 76682 | 295970 |
| 1966... | 25743 | 25687 | 26055 | 25622 | 25182 | 25737 | 25819 | 25979 | 25952 | 25789 | 25824 | 25666 | 77485 | 76541 | 77750 | 77279 | 309055 |
| 1967... | 26 2689 | 25735 | 25992 | 26149 | 26096 27 | 26568 | 26299 | 26167 | 26712 | 25896 | 26083 | 26179 <br> 27 <br> 175 | 77816 | 78813 | 79178 | 78158 | 313965 |
| 1968... |  | 26869 | 27384 | 27060 | 27334 | 27395 | 27814 | 27785 | 27715 | 27795 | 27813 | 27475 | 80844 | 81789 | 83314 | 83083 | 329030 |
| 1969... | 27773 | 27913 | 27428 | 27664 | 27592 | 27384 | $27 \quad 187$ | 27352 | 27475 | 27536 | 27352 | 27244 | 83114 | 82640 | 82014 | 82132 | 329900 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1970 . . \\ 1971 . . \end{array}$ | 27230 | 27408 | 27357 | 27511 | 27584 | 27595 | 27818 | 27889 | 27978 | 27592 | 27202 | 27499 | 81995 | 82690 | 83685 | 82293 | 330663 |

[^9]
## 18. Corporate Profits After Taxes in Constant Dollars

Corporate profits after taxes measures the earnings of corporations organized for profit accruing to U.S. residents after deduction of Federal and State taxes levied on corporate earnings. Pretax profits are measured before deduction of depletion charges and exclude capital gains and losses and intercorporate dividends from domestic corporations. They include net receipts of dividends and branch profits from abroad. See BCD series 16 for current dollar after-tax profits.

The procedure used for calculating constant dollar aftertax profits is to deflate dividends and undistributed profits separately and then to sum these components to obtain constant dollar profits after taxes. The first component, net corporate dividend payments, was deflated by dividing the current dollar estimates by the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures. The second component, undistributed profits, was deflated by dividing the current dollar estimates by the implicit price deflator for nonresidential fixed investment.

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.)

34 and 35. Corporate Net Cash Flow in Current (series 34) and Constant Dollars (series 35)

Net cash flow is the sum of undistributed profits, the portion of profits remaining after taxes and dividends have been paid, and corporate capital consumption allowances, the charges which reflect estimates of wear and tear, obsolescence, destruction and accidental losses of physical capital.

Constant dollar net cash flow was derived by dividing current dollar estimates by the implicit price deflator for nonresidential fixed investment.

Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.)
E. Busıness Cycle Expansions and Contractions in the United States: 1854 to 1970


NOTE: Underscored figures are the wartime expansions (Civil War, World Wars I and II, Korean War, and Vietnam War), the postwar contractions, and the full cycles that include the wartime expansions.

* Tentative and subject to revision as more information becomes available.
${ }^{1} 26$ cycles, 1857-1969.
${ }^{3} 5$ cycles, $1945-1969$.
${ }^{5} 7$ cycles, 1920 - 1960.
${ }^{4} 21$ cycles, 1857-1960.
${ }^{6} 3$ cycles, 1945-1960.

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.

## F. Specific Peak and Trough Dates for Selected Cyclical Indicators

Specific dates are listed under the reference cycle dates to which they correspond. Numbers in parentheses indicate leads ( $\cdot$ ) or
lags ( + ) of specific dates in relation to reference dates

| Series | Specific trough dates corresponding to expansions beginning in-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | November 1970 |  | February 1961 |  | April 1958 |  | August 1954 |  | October 1949 |  |
| LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Avg. workweek, prod. workers | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | (-2) | Dec. 160 | (-2) | Apr. ${ }^{158}$ | (0) | Apr. ${ }^{54}$ | (-4) | Apr. 149 | (-6) |
| 5. Avg. wkly. initial claims, State unemploy. insur. (inv.). | Oct. '70 | (-1) | Feb. '61 | (0) | Apr. ${ }^{58}$ | (0) | Sep. ${ }^{154}$ | (+1) | Oct. 149 | (0) |
| 12 Index of net business formation . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Dec. ${ }^{70}$ | (+1) | Jan. '61 | (-1) | Apr. ' 58 | (0) | Mar. 154 | (-5) | July '49 | (-3) |
| 6. New orders, durable goods industrie | Oct. ${ }^{7} 70$ | (-1) | Jan. '61 | (-1) | Jan. 158 | (-3) | Mar. ${ }^{1} 54$ | (-5) | June '49 | (-4) |
| 10. Contracts and orders, plant and equipme | Oct. ${ }^{170}$ | (-1) | May : 61 | (+3) | Mar. ${ }^{158}$ | (-1) | Mar. ${ }^{\text {c }} 54$ | (-5) | Apr. ${ }^{149}$ | (-6) |
| 29. New building permits, private housing | Jan. ${ }^{170}$ | (-10) | Dec. 660 | (-2) | Feb. 158 | (-2) | Sep. ${ }^{\text {' }} 53$ | (-11) | Jan. 149 | (-9) |
| 31. Change, mfg. and trade inventories. | May 170 | (-6) | Dec. '60 | (-2) | Apr. 58 | (0) | Nov. '53 | (-9) | Apr. 149 | (-6) |
| 23. Industrial materials prices | Jan. '71 | (+2) | Dec. '60 | (-2) | Apr. 158 | (0) | Oct. 53 | (-10) | June '49 | (-4) |
| 19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks | June '70 | $(-5)$ | Oct. '60 | (-4) | Dec. 157 | (-4) | Sep. ' 53 | (-11) | June 149 | (-4) |
| 16. Corporate profits, after taxes (Q) | IVQ ${ }^{7} 70$ | (0) | IQ '61 | (0) | IQ '58 | $(-2)$ | IVQ 153 | (-9) | IIQ 149 | (-5) |
| 17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, mfg | Dec. ${ }^{170}$ | (+1) | Feb. '61 | (0) | Apr. '58 | (0) | Mar. ${ }^{\text {' }} 54$ | (-5) | May 149 | (-5) |
| 113. Change in consumer installment debt | Nov. ${ }^{170}$ | (0) | Apr. ${ }^{1} 61$ | $(+2)$ | Mar. 158 | (-1) | Mar. ${ }^{154}$ | (-5) | Jan. 149 | (-9) |
| 810. Composite index of 12 leading indicators | Oct. '70 | $(-1)$ | Dec. ' 60 | (-2) | Feb. ${ }^{\text {' }} 58$ | (-2) | Nov. 53 | (-9) | May 149 | $(-5)$ |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41. Employees on nonagricultural payrol | Nov. 'ryo | (0) | Feb. '61 | (0) | May 158 | (+1) | Aug. ${ }^{54}$ | (0) | Oct. 149 | (0) |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted) | Dec. '70 | (+1) | May '61 | (+3) | July '58 | (+3) | Sep. ${ }^{154}$ | (+1) | Oct. 149 | (0) |
| 200. GNP in current dollars (Q) | NSC |  | IVQ 160 | (-3) | IQ 158 | (-2) | IIQ 154 | (-3) | IVQ 149 | $(+1)$ |
| 205. GNP in 1958 dollars (Q) | IVQ ${ }^{7} 70$ | (0) | IQ '61 | (0) | IQ 158 | $(-2)$ | IIQ 154 | (-3) | IIQ 149 | $(-5)$ |
| 47. Industrial production | Nov. ${ }^{170}$ | (0) | Feb. '61 | (0) | Apr. ${ }^{158}$ | (0) | Apr. ${ }^{54}$ | (-4) | Oct. 149 | (0) |
| 52. Personal income | NSC |  | NSC |  | Feb. 158 | (-2) | Apr. 154 | (-4) | July 149 | (-3) |
| 56. Manufacturing and trade sales | NSC '70 |  | Jan. '61 | (-1) | Mar. ${ }^{\text {' }} 58$ | (-1) | Aug. ${ }^{54}$ | (0) | Oct. 149 | (0) |
| 54. Sales of retail stores | NSC |  | Apr. '61 | (+2) | Mar. ${ }^{158}$ | (-1) | Jan. ${ }^{154}$ | (-7) | NSC |  |
| 820. Composite index of 5 coincident indicators. | \| Nov. '70 | (0) | Feb. '61 | (0) | Apr. 158 | (0) | Aug. ${ }^{154}$ | (0) | Oct. 149 | (0) |
| 825. Composite index of 5 coincident indicators, | Nov. '70 | (0) | Feb. '61 | (0) | Apr. '58 | (0) | May ${ }^{\text {' }} 54$ | (-3) | Oct. ' 49 | (0) |
| LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44. Unemploy, rate, 15 weeks and over (inverted) | NSC |  | July ${ }^{61}$ | (+5) | Aug. ${ }^{158}$ | (+4) | Oct. 154 | (+2) | Nov. 149 | (+1) |
| 61. Business expend., new plant and equip. (Q) - | NSC |  | IQ 61 | (0) | IIIQ 158 | (+4) | IVQ 154 | (+3) | IVQ 149 | (+1) |
| 71. Book value, mfg. and trade inventories. | NSC |  | June ${ }^{\text {c }} 61$ | ( +4 ) | Aug. 158 | (+4) | Oct. 154 | $(+2)$ | Dee. 149 | $(+2)$ |
| 62. Labor cost per unit of output, mfgo. | NSC |  | NSC |  | Apr. ${ }^{59}$ | $(+12)$ | June 155 | $(+10)$ | July ' 50 | $(+9)$ |
| 72. Commercial and industrial loans outstand | Jan. ${ }^{171}$ | (+2) | NSC |  | Aug. 58 | (+4) | Oct. 154 | $(+2)$ | Aug. 149 | (-2) |
| 67. Bank rates on short-term bus, loans (Q) | NA 177 |  | IVQ 161 | (+9) | IIQ 158 | (+1) | IQ 55 | (+6) | IQ 150 | $(+4)$ |
| 830. Composite index of 6 lagging indic | May ${ }^{171}$ | $(+6)$ | July '61 | (+5) | Aug. 58 | (+4) | Oct. 154 | (+2) | Dec. 149 | (+2) |
| Series | Specific peak dates corresponding to contractions beginning in-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | November 1969 |  | May 1960 |  | July 1957 |  | July 1953 |  | November 1948 |  |
| LEADING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Avg. workweek, prod, workers, mfg. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mar. 53 |  |  | (-11) |
| 5. Avg. wkly. initial claims, State unemploy. insur. (inv.). | Jan. '69 | (-10) | Apr. '59 | (-13) | Sep. ${ }^{55}$ | (-22) | Nov. 52 | (-8) | Jan. 147 | (-22) |
| 12. Incex of net business formation . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Feb. '69 | (-9) | Apr. '59 | (-13) | Mar. ${ }^{55}$ | (-28) | Sep. 52 | (-10) | NA |  |
| 6. New orders, durable goods industries | Sep. ${ }^{169}$ | (-2) | Apr. ${ }^{\text {' }} 59$ | (-13) | Aug. ${ }^{56}$ | (-11) | Jan. 53 | (-6) | Aug. ${ }^{\prime} 48$ | (-3) |
| 10. Contracts and orders, plant and equipm | Jan. '70 | (+2) | Sep. 159 | (-8) | Nov. 156 | (-8) | Sep. ${ }^{52}$ | (-10) | June '48 | (-5) |
| 29. New building permits, private housing | Jan. '69 | (-10) | Nov. 158 | (-18) | Feb. ' 55 | (-29) | Nov. ${ }^{52}$ | (-8) | Oct. 147 | (-13) |
| 31. Change, mfg. and trade inventories. . | Oct. 169 | (-1) | Dec. 159 | (-5) | Apr. ${ }^{56}$ | (-15) | Jan. ${ }^{53}$ | (-6) | July 148 | (-4) |
| 23. Industrial materials prices.... | Feb. ${ }^{\prime} 70$ | (+3) | Nov. '59 | $(-6)$ | Dec. ' 55 | (-19) | Feb. ${ }^{51}$ | (-29) | Jan. '48 | $(-10)$ |
| 19. Stock prices, 500 common stock | Dec. 168 | (-11) | July 159 | (-10) | July '56 | (-12) | Jan. 53 | (-6) | June 148 | $(-5)$ |
| 16. Corporate profits, after taxes (Q) | IVQ 168 | (-12) | IIQ 159 | (-12) | IVQ 155 | (-20) | IIQ 53 | (-2) | IIQ 148 | $(-6)$ |
| 17. Ratio, price to unit labor cost, mfg. | Feb. '69 | (-9) | Apr. ${ }^{\prime} 59$ | (-13) | Feb. ${ }^{57}$ | (-5) | Jan. ${ }^{151}$ | (-30) | June 148 | (-5) |
| 113. Change in consumer installment debt | Oct. '68 | $(-13)$ | Aug. 159 | (-9) | Mar. 55 | (-28) | Dec. 152 | (-7) | Mar. ${ }^{148}$ | (-8) |
| 810. Composite index of 12 leading indicators........... | Sep. '69 | (-2) | Jan. '60 | (-4) | Nov. ${ }^{56}$ | (-8) | Jan. 153 | $(-6)$ | June 148 | (-5) |
| ROUGHLY COINCIDENT INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43. Unemployment rate, total (inverted) | Feb. '69 | (-9) | Feb. '60 | (-3) | Mar. 157 | (-4) | June 53 | (-1) | NA |  |
| 200. GNP in current dollars (Q) | NSC |  | IIQ 60 | (0) | IIIQ 577 | $(+1)$ | IIQ 153 <br> 153  | (-2) |  | (0) |
| 205. GNP in 1958 dollars (Q). | III 169 | (-3) | IQ : 60 | (-3) | IIIQ 157 | (+1) | IIQ 153 | (-2) | IVQ 148 | (0) |
| 47. Industrial production | Sep. '69 | (-2) | Jan. ${ }^{6} 60$ | (-4) | Feb. 157 | (-5) | July 153 | (0) | July '48 | (-4) |
| 52. Personal income | NSC |  | NSC |  | Aug. ${ }^{57}$ | (+1) | Oct. 153 | $(+3)$ | Oct. 148 | (-1) |
| 56. Manufacturing and trade s | NSC |  | Jan. 660 | (-4) | Feb. 157 | (-5) | July 153 | (0) | Aug. ' 48 | (-3) |
| 54. Sales of retail stores.......... | NSC |  | Apr. ${ }^{1} 60$ | (-1) | Aug. 157 | $(+1)$ | Mar. 153 | (-4) | NSC |  |
| 820. Composite index of 5 coincident indicators.. | Dec. ${ }^{1} 69$ | (+1) | Feb. ${ }^{6} 60$ | (-3) | Aug. 157 | (+1) | July '53 | (0) | Oct. 148 | (-1) |
| 825. Composite index of 5 coincident indicators, deflated | Oct. '69 | (-1) | Feb. 160 | (-3) | Mar. 157 | (-4) | July '53 | (0) | Oct. ' 48 | (-1) |
| LAGGING INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Unemploy, rate, 15 weeks and over (inverted) | NSC |  | May 160 | (0) | Sep. ${ }^{157}$ | (+2) | Oct. 153 | (+3) | Jan. '49 | $(+2)$ |
| 61. Business expend, new plant and equip. (Q) | NSC |  | IIQ 160 | (0) | IIQ 157 | (-2) | IIIQ : 53 | (+1) | IVQ 148 | (0) |
| 71. Book value, mig. and trade inventories | NSC |  | July 160 | (+2) | Sep. 157 | (+2) | Sep. ${ }^{153}$ | $(+2)$ | Feb. '49 | $(+3)$ |
| 62. Labor cost per unit of output, mfg. | NSC |  | Feb. ${ }^{61}$ | $(+9)$ | Apr. 158 | (+9) | Mar. ${ }^{\text {' } 54}$ | (+8) | Nov. ${ }^{1} 48$ | (0) |
| 72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding. | Sep. ${ }^{7} 70$ | $(+10)$ | NSC |  | Sep. ${ }^{\text {' }}$ \% 7 | (+2) | Aug. 153 | (+1) | Aug. 148 | $(-3)$ |
| 67. Bank rates on short-term bus. loans (Q) | IQ ${ }^{170}$ | (+3) | IVQ 159 | $(-6)$ | IVQ 157 | $(+4)$ | IVQ 153 | $(+4)$ | IIQ 149 | $(+6)$ |
| 830. Composite index of 6 lagging indicators | Aug. ${ }^{\text {'70 }}$ | (+9) | May 160 | (0) | Sep. 157 | $(+2)$ | Sep. ${ }^{153}$ | $(+2)$ | Nov. 148 | (0) |

NOTE: Specific peaks and troughs mark the dates when individual series reach their cyclical turning points, whereas reference peak and trough dates indicate the cyclica turning points in business activity as a whole. This table shows, for the 26 series on the NBER "short list" and three composite indexes, the specific peaks and troughs corresponding to post-World War II business cycles. The determination of specific turning points is largely a subjective matter, and honest disagreement may exist among individual analysts. Therefore, the dates listed above should not be interpreted as being absolute. See Measuring Business Cycles by Burns and Mitchell (NBER: 1946) for further information on dating specific peaks and troughs.
$N A=$ Not available. This indicates that data necessary to determine a turning point are not available.
NSC $=$ No specific cycle. This indicates that no specific turning point corresponding to the indicated reference date is discernible.
$\mathrm{Q}=$ Quarterly series. Leads and lags are measured from middle of quarter to reference date.

# G．Recovery Comparisons：Current and Selected Historical Patterns 

## HOW TO READ CYCLICAL（RECOVERY）COMPARISON CHARTS

These charts show graphically，for selected indicators，the path of the most recent business contraction（beginning with the cyclical peak in November 1969）and the recovery and subsequent expansion（beginning with the business cycle trough in November 1970）．To set the current cyclical movements into historical perspective， cyclical paths over generally similar historical periods are shown．The graphic presentations of the data for the selected period are superimposed according to a presentations of the data for the selected period are superimposed according to a special
design．

1．The objective of the chart is to compare the pattern of the current recovery with historical recovery patterns to facilitate critical assessment of the amplitude，dura－ tion，and vigor of the indicators＇current movements．

2．The vertical line represents reference trough dates．The current recovery phase， beginning with the business cycle trough in November 1970，and the selected historical recovery phases，beginning with the troughs in October 1949，August 1954，April 1958， and February 1961 are presented graphically so that their trough dates are placed along this vertical line．

3．The horizontal line represents the level of the data at the beginning point of the most recent business contraction，November 1969，the business cycle peak that preceded the most recent trough．It also represents data levels at other business cycle peaks （November 1948，July 1953，July 1957，and May 1960）that precede the troughs used for this analysis．The peak levels，which also are called recovery levels－－i．e．，the levels at which recoveries from the preceding con－ traction are achieved－－are aligned along the horizontal line for each business cycle depicted．

4．To facilitate comparison，deviations from the previous peak level are computed and plotted for each cycle（consisting of the contraction and portions of the subsequent recovery and expansion）．These deviations from the peak levels may le either percent from the peak levels may le either percent changes or differences in original series units depending upon the nature of the time series． For most series percent changes are used． For series containing negative values（such as percent changes）and series measured in percent units（such as interest rates）devi－ ations are shown in terms of differences．The same type of series could be，and in many instances are，plotted as actual data in original series units rather than deviations from preceding peak levels．

5．The influence of excessive irregular fluctuations in series with MCD of 3 or more is modified by using the average for the 3 months centered on the peak as the reference peak level．

6．For series that move counter to movements in general business activity（e．g．，the un－ employment rate），an inverted scale is used； i．e．，declines in the data are shown as up－ ward movements in the plotted lines，and in－ creases in data as downward movements in plotted lines．

7．For each chart，four curves and two sets of points are shown．One curve describes the current recovery（heavy solid line：$-\infty$ ）． To facilitate historical comparison and avoid overcrowding on the chart，the median pat－ tern of the four post－World war II recoveries （those beginning in 1949，1954，1958，and

1961）is shown as another curve（heavy bro－ ken line：ーーー）．The curve representing the historical median pattern passes through the median points of the four individual recovery paths．（Median is defined here as the aver－ age of the two middle points）．The two most recent individual recoveries（those begin－ ning in 1958 and 1961 are also shown as plot－ ted lines（solid line：—．and knotted line： $\cdots \rightarrow \infty$ ，respectively）．The two sets of points display the relative levels for the remaining two recoveries（those beginning in 1949 （＊）and 1954 （O））at four points in time （trough date， 12 and 24 months after trough date，and at the same time point as the latest month plotted）．

8．The business cycle peaks and troughs used throughout the recovery comparison charts are those designated by the National Bureau of Economic Research and are shown below． The Roman numerals in parentheses indicate the peak and trough quarters used for timing quarterly data：

| Peak | Trough |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nov．＇48（IVQ＇48） | Oct．＇49（IVQ＇49） |
| July＇53（IIIQ＇53） | Aug．＇54（IIIQ＇54） |
| July＇57（IIIQ＇57） | Apr．＇58（IIQ＇58） |
| May＇60（IIQ＇60） | Feb．＇61（IQ＇61） |
| Nov．＇69（IVQ＇69） | Nov．＇70（IVQ＇70） |

G. Recovery Comparisons: Current and Selected Historical Patterns-Continued



## INDEX

## Series Finding Guide

(See table of contents (page i) for chart and table titles)

*Series preceded by an asterisk (*) are on the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators. \# The "number" for this series title was changed since the publication date shown.

Series Finding Guide -Continued

| Series titles (shown in chart/table sequence) (See complete titles in "Titles and Sources of Series," following this index) | Current issue (page numbers) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Historical } \\ \text { data } \\ \text { (issue date) } \end{gathered}$ | Series descriptions (issue date) | Series titles (shown in chart/table sequence) (See complete titles in "Titles and Sources of Series," following this index) | Current issue (page numbers) |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Historical } \\ \text { data } \\ \text { (issue date) } \end{array}\right.$ | Series descriptions (issue date) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Charts | Tables |  |  |  | Charts | Tables |  |  |
| C. ANTICIPATIONS AND INTENTIONS |  |  |  |  | D. OTHER KEY INDICATORS--Con. |  |  |  |  |
| C1. Aggregate Series |  |  |  |  | D4. |  |  |  |  |
| 61. Bus. expend., new plant and equip. | 27,41,42 | 75,81 | July '71 | Nov. ${ }^{168}$ | 781. Consumer price index, all items | 55,63 | 8,87 | June : 71 | May 169 |
| 410. Manufacturers' sales, total. | 43 | 81 | Sep. '71 | Nov. 168 | 782. Consumer price index, food. |  | 87 | June 171 | May 169 |
| 412. Mfrs.' inventories, book value | 43 | 81 | Sep. ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. ${ }^{168}$ | 783. Consumer price index, commodities | 55 | $87$ | June '71 | May '69 |
| 414. Condition of mfrs.' inventories | 43 | 81 | Jan. ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. ${ }^{168}$ | 784. Consumer price index, services. . | 55 | 87 | June '71 | May 169 |
| 416. Adequacy of manufacturers' capacity | 43 | 81 | Jan. ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. '68 | 750. Wholesale price index, all commoditie | 56 | 8,87 | June 171 | June 169 |
| 420. Household income compared to year ago. | 44 | 81 | Jan. ${ }^{771}$ | Nov. 168 | 58. Wholesale price index, mfd. goods. | 31,56 | 87,77 | July 171 | June '69 |
| 425. Probability of change, household income | 44 | 81 | Jsn. ${ }^{171}$ | Nov. ${ }^{168}$ | 751. Wholesale price index, proc. foods, feed | 56 | 87 | June ${ }^{171}$ | June 169 |
| 430. New cars purchased by households.. | 44 | 81 | July ${ }^{\text {'771 }}$ | Nov. '68 | 752. Wholesale price index, farm products. | 56 | 87 | June '71 | June '69 |
| 435. Index of consumer sentiment..... | 44 | 81 | Jan. 71 | Nov. '68 |  |  |  |  |  |
| C2. Diflusion Indexes |  |  |  |  | E. ANALYTICAL MEASURES |  |  |  |  |
| D61. Bus. expend., new plant and equip.. | 45 | 82 82 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { July } & \\ \text { July } & \\ \\ & 71\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Nov. } & 168 \\ \text { Nov. } & 168\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| D440. New orders, manufactur ing . . . . . . D442. Net profits, manufacturing and trade | 45 | 82 82 | July 'ry | Nov. 168 Nov. 168 Nov. | 205. Actual GNP in 1958 dollars. | 9,23,40,57 | 6,66,73, 88 | Aug. ${ }^{171}$ | Oct. '69 |
| D444. Net sales, manufacturing and trade. | 45 | 82 | July '71 | Nov. 168 | 206. Potential GNP in 1958 dollars........... | 57 | 88 |  |  |
| D446. Number of employees, mifg. and trade. | 45 | 82 | July '73 | Nov. '68 | 207. GNP gap (potential less actual), . . . . . . . . | 57 | 5,88 | $\ldots$ |  |
| D450. Level of inventories, mfg. and tren | 46 | 82 | July '71 | Nov. ${ }^{1} 68$ | E2. Analytical Ratios |  |  |  |  |
| 0460. Selling prices, mfg. and trade | 46 | 82 | July '71 | Nov. 168 | 850. Ratio, output to capacity, manufacturing ... | 58 | 8,89 | Jan. ${ }^{171}$ |  |
| D462. Selling prices, manufacturing | 46 | 82 | July '71 | Nov. ${ }^{168}$ | 851. Ratio, inventories to sales, mfg, and trade . | 58 | 8,89 | Dec. ${ }^{171}$ | Feb. '69 |
| 0464. Selling prices, wholesale trade | 46 | 82 | July '71 | Nov. 168 | 852. Ratio, unfilled orders to shipments, |  |  |  |  |
| D466. Selling prices, retail trade ........ | 46 | 82 | July '71 | Nov. '68 | durables <br> 853. Ratio, prod. of bus. equip, to consumer | 58 | 8,89 | Oct. ${ }^{71}$ | Sep. '68 |
|  |  |  |  |  | goods | 58 | 8,89 | Oct. '71 | Nov. '68 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 854. Ratio, personal saving to disposable personal income. | 59 | 8,89 | Aug. ${ }^{171}$ | July 168 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 860. Ratio, help-wanted advertising to |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 858 persons unemployed................. | 59 | 8,89 |  |  |
| D. OTHER KEY INDICATORS |  |  |  |  | 858. Output per man-hour, total private nonfarm. . | 59 | 8,89 | Nov. 171 | June 168 |
| D1. Foreign Trade |  |  |  |  | 856. Real avg. hourly earnings, prod. workers... | 59 | 8,89 | Apr. ${ }^{71}$ | June '68 |
| 500. Merchandise trade balance | 47 | 8,83 | Oct. ${ }^{171}$ | May 69 | 859. Real spendable average weekly earnings, |  |  |  |  |
| 502. Exports, excluding military aid.... | 47 | 8,83 | Oct. '71 | May '69 | nonagri. production or nonsupv. workers. | 59 | 8,89 | Oct. ${ }^{1771}$ | June '68 |
| 506. Export orders, dur. goods exc. motor veiticles. | 47 | 8,83 | July ${ }^{171}$ | Aug.'68\# | 857. Vacancy rate, total rental housing. . | 59 | 8,89 | Nov. '7l |  |
| 508. Export orders, nonelectrical machinery ... | 47 | 8,83 | July '7] |  | E3. Diffusion Indexes |  |  |  |  |
| 512. General imports. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 47 | 8,83 | Oct. ${ }^{71}$ | May 169 | D1. Average workweek, prod. workers, mfg. . . . . D6. New orders, durable goods industries. | 60 | 90,92 90,92 | Oct. ${ }^{171}$ <br> Nov. '71 | ......... |
| D2. Bolance of Payments and Components |  |  |  |  | D11. New capital appropriations, mfg. | 60 | 90 | Sep. ${ }^{171}$ |  |
| 250. Balance on goods and services...... . | 13,48 | 8,84 |  |  | D34. Profits, manufacturing | 60 | 90 | Apr. ${ }^{\text {' }} 71$ |  |
| 515. Balance on goods, services, and remittances. | 48 | 8,84 |  |  | D19. Stock prices, 500 common stocks. | 60 | 90 | Nov. ${ }^{\text {'71 }}$ | May 169 |
| 517. Balance on current account . . . . . . . . . . . | 48 | 8,84 |  |  | D23. Industrial materials prices | 60 | 90,93 | Jan. ${ }^{71}$ | Apr. '69 |
| 519. Balance on current account and long term capital | 48 | 8,84 |  |  | D5. Initial claims, State unemploy, insurance. | 60 | 91 | Nov. '71 | June '69 |
| 521. Net liquidity balance.................. | 48 | 8,84 |  |  | D41. Employees on nonagri. payrolls. | 61 | 91,93 | $\text { Oct. } 171$ <br> Nov. 171 |  |
| 522. Official reserve transactions balance | 48 | 8,84 |  |  | D47. industrial production. .......... | 61 | 91,94 91,95 | Nov. ${ }^{\text {Jan. }}$ '71 | June 169 |
| 530. Liquid liabilities to foreigners.. | 49 | 84 | Aug. ${ }^{170}$ | May '69 | D54. Sales of retail stores | 61 | 91,95 | Jan. '71 |  |
| 532. Liquid and nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies. | 49 | 84 | Aug. ${ }^{170}$ |  | E5. Rates of Change |  |  |  |  |
| 534. U.S. official reserve assets . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 49 | 84 84 | Aug. ${ }^{\text {Aug }}$ ' 70 | May 69 | 200. GNP in current dollars. | 62 |  | Aug. ${ }^{\text {Jan. }} 17$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Oct. } & 169 \\ \text { Oct. } & 169\end{array}$ |
| 535. Aliocations of SOR's...... |  | 84 |  |  | 205. GNP in constant dol lars ............... 820. Composite index of 5 coincident indicators . | 62 |  | Jan. ${ }^{172}$ | Oct. 169 Nov. 168 |
| 253. imports of goods and services | 13,50 13,50 | 84 | Aug. <br> Aug. | May 169 | 48. Man-hours in nonagri. establishments ..... | 62 |  | Dec. Nov. 71 | Nug. 68 \# |
|  | 13,50 | 84 | Aug. ${ }^{\prime} 70$ | May 69 | 47. Index of industrial production ........... | 62 |  | Nov. ${ }^{170}$ | Nov. 168 |
| 536. Merchandise exports, adjust | 50 | 84 | Aug. ${ }^{170}$ | May 169 | 55. Index of whsle. prices, indus. commodities . 781. Index of consumer prices, all items...... | 62 |  | 0st. ${ }^{\text {Sep }} 17$ | June '69 May 169 |
| 537. Merchandise imports, adjust | 50 | 84 | Aug. ${ }^{\text {d }} 70$ | May 169 | 781. Index of consumer prices, all iteris | 62 |  | Sep. ${ }^{71}$ | May 169 |
| services, exports . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 50 | 84 | Aug. ${ }^{7} 7$ | May 169 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 541. Foreigners' investment income, military |  | 84 |  | May 69 | F. INTERNATIONAL COMPARISONS |  |  |  |  |
| expend., and services, imports. ..... | 50 | 84 | Aug. ${ }^{170}$ | May ${ }^{6} 69$ | F1. Consumer Frice Indexes |  |  |  |  |
| 542. Income on U.S. investments abroad. | 51 | 85 | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | May 69 | 781. United States. |  |  | June '71 | May 69 |
| 543. Income on foreign investments in U.S. | 51 | 85 | Sep. '70 | May ${ }^{69}$ | 133. Canada .... | $\begin{aligned} & 55,63 \\ & 63 \end{aligned}$ | 96 | Apr. '71 |  |
| 545. Payments by U.S. travelers abroad | 51 | 85 | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | May 169 | 132. United Kingdom | 63 | 96 | Apr. ${ }^{\text {Apr }}$ '71 Apr | ........ |
| 544. Receipts from foreigners in U.S. . | 51 | 85 | Sep. ${ }^{7} 70$ | May 169 | 135. West Germany. | 63 | $\begin{aligned} & 96 \\ & 96 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. Apr .717 |  |
| 547. U.S. military expenditures abroad. | 51 | 85 | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | May 69 | 136. France. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 63 63 | $\begin{aligned} & 96 \\ & 96 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\text {Apr }}{ }^{\text {Apr }}$. ${ }^{171}$ |  |
| 546. Military sales to foreigners . . . . . | 51 | 85 | Sep. '70 | May 169 | 137. Italy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 63 | 96 | Apr. 71 |  |
| 548. Receipts, transportation and services...... | 51 | 85 | Sep. '77 | May 69 | 13. Naly | 63 | 96 | Apr. 7 |  |
| 549. Payments, transportation and services ..... | 51 | 85 | Sep. ${ }^{70}$ | May '69 | F2. Industrial Production Indexes |  |  |  |  |
| 561. U.S. direct investments abroad. | 52 | 85 | Sep. ${ }^{\prime} 70$ | May '69 | 47. United States. | 23,41,64 | 96 | Oct. '71 | Nov. ${ }^{168}$ |
| 560. Foreign direct investments in U.S.......... | 52 | 85 | Sep. ${ }^{170}$ | May 169 | 123. Canada ...... | 64 | 96 | Sep. ${ }^{171}$ | ........ |
| 565. U.S. purchases of foreign securities....... | 52 | 85 | Sep. ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | May 169 | 122. United kingdom | 64 | 96 | Sep. 71 <br> Sep. ${ }^{171}$ |  |
| 564. Foreign purchases of U.S. securities ..... | 52 | 85 | Sep. ${ }^{\text {Sct. }} 170$ | May 169 | 125. West Germany | 64 | 97 | Sep. ${ }^{1} 71$ |  |
| 570. Govt. grants and capital transactions...... | 52 | 85 | Oct. 170 <br> Oct.  | May <br> May 69 | 128. Japan ....... |  | 97 | Sep. ${ }^{171}$ |  |
| 575. Banking and other capital transactions..... | 52 | 85 | Oct. ${ }^{170}$ | May ${ }^{169}$ | 121. OECD European countries. | 64 | 97 | Sep. '71 |  |
| D3. Federal Government Activities |  |  |  |  | 127. Italy | 64 | 97 | Sep. ${ }^{71}$ |  |
| 600. Fed. balance, nat'l income and prod. acct. . . | 53 | 8,86 | Aug. '71 | July ${ }^{\text {'68 \# }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 601. Fed. receipts, nat'I income and prod. acct.. . | 53 | 8,86 | Aug. ${ }^{77}$ | July'68\# | F3. Stock Price Indexes |  |  |  |  |
| 602. Fed. expend, nat'l income and prod, acct. . . | 53 | 8,86 | Aug. '71 | July'68\# | 19. United States. | 65 | 97 | Apr. ${ }^{177}$ | May ${ }^{1} 69$ |
| 264. National defense purchases............ | 13,54 | 8,68,86 | Aug. '71 | Oct. ${ }^{69}$ | 143. Canada | 65 | 97 | Apr. ${ }^{171}$ | ....... |
| 616. Defense Dept. obligations, total | 54 | 8,86 | Nov. ${ }^{171}$ |  | 142. United Kingdom | 65 | 97 | Apr. ${ }^{\text {'71 }}$ | ....... |
| 621. Defense Dept. obligations, procurement . . . | 54 | 8,86 | Nov. '71 |  | 146. France. . . . . | 65 | 97 | ${ }^{\text {Apr. }} 171$ | ........ |
| 647. New orders, defense products industries ... | 54 | 8,86 | Sep. ${ }^{171}$ | Sep. ${ }^{168 \#}$ | 145. West Germany. | 65 | 97 97 | Apr. 171 |  |
| 648. New orders, defense products . . . . . . . . . | 54 | 8,86 | Nov. ${ }^{71}$ | ........ | 148. Japan | 65 |  | Apr. 171 |  |
| 625. Military contract awards in U.S........... . | 54 | 8,86 | Apr. ${ }^{172}$ | ......... | 147. Italy | 65 | 97 | Apr. ${ }^{171}$ |  |

\#The "number" for this series title was changed since the publication date shown.

## Titles and Sources of Series

Within each of the six sections, series are listed in numerical order. The numbers assigned to the series are for identification purposes only and do not reflect series relationships or order. " W " indicates monthly series; " $Q$ " indicates quarterly series. Data apply to the whole period except for series designated by "EOM" (end of the month) or "EOQ" (end of the quarter).
The alphabetic-numeric designations following the series titles indicate all charts and tables in which the series may be found. See the table of contents for chart and table tittes and Series Finding Guide for page numbers. The series in section B preceded by an asterish ${ }^{*}$ ) are included in the 1966 NBER "short list" of indicators, chart B8. Unless otherwise indicated, all series which require seasonal adjustment have been adjusted by their source.
The " D " preceding a number indicates a diffusion index. Diffusion indexes and corresponding aggregate series bear the same number and are obtained from the same sources.

## A National Income and Product

200. Gross national product in current doliars (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A1, B2, B8, E5)
201. Gross national product in 1958 dollars ( $Q$ ). -- Department of Conmerce, Office of Business Economics (Al, B2, B8, El, E5)
202. Implicit price deflator, gross national product (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (Al)
203. Per capita gross national product in current dollars (Q).Department of Commerce, Dffice of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
204. Per capita gross national product in 1958 doliars (Q). .- Depart. ment of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
205. National income in current dollars (Q). -- Department of Conmerce, Office of Business Economics (A)
206. Personal income in current dollars (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A)
:24. Disposable personal income in current dollars ( $Q$ ). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A2)
207. Disposable personal income in 1958 dollars (Q). -- Department Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A)
208. Per capita disposable personal income in current dollars (Q)..: Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A2)
209. Per capita disposable personal income in 1958 dollars ( 0 ) -. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A2)
i0. Personal consumption expenditures, total, in current doliars (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
210. Personal consumption expenditures, total, in 1958 dollars ( Q )..Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A3)
211. Personal consumption expenditures, durable goods, in current dollars (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A3)
212. Personal consumption expenditures, durable goods except automobiles, in current dollars (Q). $\cdots$ Department of Commerce. Office of Business Economics

Personal consumption expenditures, automobiles, in current dollars (Q). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A3)
Personal consumption expenditures, nondurable goods, in current doliars (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A3)
Personal consumption expenditures, services, in current dollars (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A3)
Gross private domestic investment, total (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A4)
Gross private domestic fixed investment, total nonresidential (Q). . Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A4)
Gross private domestic fixed investment, nonresidential strucures (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A4)
Gross private domestic fixed investment, producers' durable squipment (Q). . - Department of Cormmerce, Office of Business economics
244. Gross private domestic fixed investment, residential structures (O). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
245. Gross private domestic investment, change in business inventories after valuation adjustment, all industries ( Q ). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A4, B4)
250. Balance on goods and services, excluding transfers under military grants ( $Q$ ). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{D}$ )
252. Exports of goods and services, excluding transfers under military grants ( Q ), ... Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A5, D2)
253. Imports of goods and services (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A5, D2)
260. Government purchases of goods and services, total ( Q ). .. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A6)
262. Federal Government purchases of goods and services, total (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
264. Federal Government purchases of goods and services, national defense (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A6, D3)
266. State and local government purchases of goods and services, total (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Dffice of Business Economics
270. Final sales, durable goods (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
271. Change in business inventories, durable goods (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A)
274. Final sales, nondurable goods, (Q). -- Department of Commerce Office of Business Economics
75. Change in business inventories, nondurable goods (Q). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A7)
280. Compensation of employees (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A8
282. Proprietors' income (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
284. Rental income of persons (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
286. Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment (Q). -Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A8)
288. Net interest (Q), . - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A8)
290. Gross saving -- privaie saving plus government surplus or deficit (Q). -- Deparment of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (A9)
292. Personal saving (O). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A9)
294. Undistributed corporate profits plus inventory valuation adjustment (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Dffice of Business Economics
(A9)
2\%. Capital consumption allowances, corporate and noncorporate (Q). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
298. Government surplus or deficit, total (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(A9)

## B Cyclical Indicators

*1. Average workweek of production workers, manufacturing (M). -Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(B1, B8, E3, E4)
2. Accession rate, manufacturing (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
3. Layoff rate, manufacturing (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(Bl)
*5. Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance State programs (M). . - Department of Labor, Manpower Administration; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
(B1, E3)
*6. Value of manufacturers' new orders, durable goods industries (Mi). . . Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B3, B8, E3, E4)
8. Index of construction contracts, total value (im). -- McGrawHill Information Systems Company. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the source.)
(B3)
9. Construction contracts awarded for commercial and industrial buildings, floor space (M). .- McGraw-Hill Information Systems Company; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced without written permission from the source.)
(B3)
*10. Contracts and orders for plant and equipment (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and McGraw-Hill Information Systems Company; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census thru May 1970 and by source agency thereafter.
(B3, B8)
11. Newly approved capital appropriations, 1,000 manufacturing corporations ( $Q$ ). -- The Conference Board
(B3, E3)
*12. Index of net business formation (M). .- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc., and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; sea sonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
(B3, B8)
13. Number of new business incorporations (MI). -- Dun and Bradstreet, inc.; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, inc.
(B3)
14. Current liabilities of business failures (M). .- Dun and Bradstreet, Inc.
(B6)
15. Profits (after taxes) per dollar of sales, all manufacturing corporations ( Q ). .- Federal Trade Commission and Securities and Exchange Commission; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
*16. Corporate profits after taxes (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(B5, B8)
*17. Index of price per unit of labor cost -- ratio, index of wholesale prices of manufactured goods (unadjusted) to seasonally adjusted index of compensation of employees (sum of wages, salaries, and supplements to wages and salaries) per unit of output (M). Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (85, B8)
*19. Index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (M). -- Standard and Poor's Corporation (B5, B8, E3, F3)
20. Change in book value of manufacturers' inventories of materials and supplies (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B4)
21. Average weekly overtime hours of production workers, manufacturing (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
22. Ratio of profits (after taxes) to income originating, corporate, all industries (Q). .- Department of Commerce, office of Business Economics
(B5)
*23. Index of industrial materials prices (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (B5, B8, E3, E4)
24. Value of manufacturers' new orders, producers' capital goods industries (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the industries (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the
Census
(B3)
25. Change in manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the industries (min). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the
Census
(84)
26. Buying policy - production materials, percent of companies reporting commitments 60 days or longer (M). .. National Association of Purchasing Management (B4)
28. New private housing units started, total (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*29. Index of new private housing units authorized by local building permits (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*31. Change in book value of manufacturing and trade inventories, total (M). .. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
(B4, B8)

## Titles and Sources of Series

## (Continued from page 115)

32. Vendor performance, percent of companies reporting slowe deliveries (M). .- Purchasing Management Association of Chicago
(B4)
33. Net change in mortgage debt held by financial institutions and life insurance companies (M). - Institute of Life Insurance; Federal Nationa! Mortgage Association; Department of Housing and Urban Development, Government National Mortgage Association; National Association of Mutual Savings Banks; U.S. Savings and Loan League; and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census.
34. Percent of companies reporting higher inventories of purchased materials (M). - National Association of Purchasing Management; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
35. Percent of consumer instaliment loans delinquent 30 days and over (EOM). - American Bankers Association; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc. (Bimonthly since December 1964)
36. Unemployment rate, married males, spouse present (M). -Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Conmerce, Bureau of the Census
(B1)
*41. Number of employees on nonagricultural payrolls, establishment survey (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (B1, B8, E3, E4)
37. Total number of persons engaged in nonagricultural activities, labor force survey (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
*43. Unemployment rate, total (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B1, B8)
*44. Unemployment rate, 15 weeks and over (M). .. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
( $\mathrm{B1}, \mathrm{~B} 8$ )
38. Average weekly insured unemployment rate, State programs (M). - Department of Labor, Manpower Administration (Bl)
39. Index of help-wanted advertising in newspapers (M). . The Conference Board
*47. Index of industrial production (M). .- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
(B2, B8, E3, E4, E5, F2)
40. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(B1, E5)
41. Number of job vacancies in manufacturing (M) - Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(B1)
*52. Personal income (M). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(B2, B8)
42. Wage and salary income in mining, manulacturing, and construction (M). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(B2)
*54. Sales of retail stores (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B2, B8, E3, E4)
43. Index of wholesale prices, industrial commodities (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
( $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{E}$ )
*56. Manufacturing and trade sales (M). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
( $\mathrm{B} 2, \mathrm{B8}$ )
44. Final sales (series 200 minus series 245 ) (Q). "- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(B2)
45. Index of wholesale prices, manufactured goods (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (B5, D4, E3, E4)
*61. Business expenditures for new plant and equipment, total ( Q )..Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission

B3, B8, C1, C2)
*62. Index of labor cost per unit of output, total manutacturing ratio, index of compensation of employees in manufacturing (the sum of wages and salaies and supplements to wages and salaries) to index of industrial production, manufacturing (M). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System
(B5, B8)
65. Manufacturers' inventories of finished goods, book value, all manufacturing industries (EOM). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B4)
66. Consumer installment debt (EOM). - Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. FRS seasonally adjusted net change added to seasonally adjusted figure for previous month to obtain current figure
(86)
*67. Bank rates on short-term business loans, 35 cities ( Q ). -Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System (B6, B8)
68. Labor cost (current doliars) per unit of gross product (1958 dollars), nonfinancial corporations .- ratio of currenl-dollar compensation of employees to gross corporate product in 1958 dollars (Q). .. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
69. Manufacturers' machinery and equipment sales and business construction expenditures (industrial and commercial construction put in place) (M). -. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B3)
71. Manufacturing and trade inventories, total book value (EOM). Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census
(B4, B8)
*72. Commercial and industrial loans outstanding, weekly reporting large commercial banks (EOM). -- Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
(B6, B8)
85. Change in U.S. money supply (demand deposits plus currency) [M1] (M).- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Systerm (B6)
93. Free reserves (member bank excess reserves minus borrowings) (Mi). -- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
96. Manufacturers' unfilled orders, durable goods industries (EOM). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census (B3)
97. Backlog of capital appropriations, manulacturing (EOQ). . The Conference Board
102. Change in U.S. money supply plus time deposits at commercial banks other than large CD's (M2) (M). - Board of Governors of of the Federal Reserve System
(B6)
103. Change in U.S. money supply, plus time deposits at commercial banks other than large CD's, plus deposits at nonbank thrift institutions [M3] (M). $\cdots$ Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
110. Total funds raised by private nonfinancial borrowers in credit makets (Q). - Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System
(B6)
112. Net change in bank loans to businesses (M). -- Board of Govermors of the Federal Reserve System; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
(B6)
*113. Net change in consumer instaliment debt (M). -- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
( 86,88 )
114. Discount rate on new issues of 91 -day Treasury bills (M). Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System
(B6)
115. Yieid on longterm Treasury bonds (M). .- Treasury Department
(B6)
116. Yield on new issues of high-grade corporate bonds (M). .- First National City Bank of New York and Treasury Department (B6)
117. Yield on municipal bonds, 20-bond average (M). .- The Bond Buyer
118. Secondary market yields on FHA mortgages (M). .- Department of Housing and Urban Development, Federal Housing Adminisfration
(B6)
*200. Gross national product in current dollars ( Q ). See in section A .
*205. Gross national product in 1958 dollars ( $Q$ ). See in section $A$.
245. Change in business inventories (GNP component) (Q). See in section A .
810. Twelve leading indicators - reverse trend adjusted composite index (includes series $1,5,6,10,12,16,17,19,23,29,31$ and 113) (m). - Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
811. Twelve leading indicators -- composite index prior to reverse trend adjustment (includes series $1,5,6,10,12,16,17,19$, 23, 29,31, and 113) (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)
813. Marginal employment adjustments - leading composite index (includes series $1,2,3$, and 5) (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
814. Capital investment commitments .- leading composite index (includes series 6, 10, 12, and 29) (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)
815. Inventary investment and purchasing .- leading composite index (includes series 23, 25, 31, and 37) (M). - Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)
B16. Profitability -. leading composite index (includes series 16 , 17, and 19) (M). .. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)
817. Sensitive financial flows -- leading composite index (includes series 33, 85, 112, and 113) (M). -. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
820. Five coincident indicators .- composite index (includes series $41,43,47,52$, and 56) (m). - Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7, E5)
830. Six lagging indicators -- composite index (includes series 44 , 61, 62, 67, 71, 72) (M). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(B7)

## C Anticipations and Intentions

61. Business expenditures for new plant and equipment, all industries (Q). See in section B.
62. Manufacturers' sales, total value (O). - Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Office of Business Economics
63. Manufacturers' inventories, total book value (EOQ). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Office of Business Economics
64. Percent of total book value of inventories held by manufac turers classifying their holdings as high, less percent classi fying holdings as low (EOQ). -- Department of Commerce, Offic of Business Economics
65. Percent of total gross capital assets held by companies class tying their existing capacity as inadequate for prospectiv operations over the next 12 months, less percent classifyin existing capacity as excessive'(EOQ). - Department of Con merce, Office of Business Economics
66. Current income of households compared to income a year as (percent higher, lower, and unchanged) (D). -- Department Commerce, Bureau of the Census
67. Mean probability (average chances in 100 ) of substanti changes (increase, decrease, and increase less decrease) income of households (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Bure of the Census
68. Number of new cars purchased by househoids ( Q ). . Departme of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
69. Index of consumer sentiment (Q). .- University of Michigi Survey Research Center
D440. New orders, manufacturing ( $\mathbf{Q}$ ). -- Dun and Bradstreet, if (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced wi out written permission from the source.)
D442. Net profits, manufacturing and trade ( Q ). - Oun and Bradstre Inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reprodur without written permission from the source.)

D444. Net sales, manufacturing and trade ( O ). $\cdots$ Dun and Bradstrt Inc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduc without written permission from the source.)

D446. Number of employees, manufacturing and trade ( Q ). .. Dun Bradstreet, Inc. (Used by permission. This series may nol reproduced without written permission from the source.) (
D450. Level of inventories, manufacturing and trade ( Q ). .- Dun Bradstreet, Inc. (Used by permission. This series may no reproduced without written permission from the source.) (
D460. Selling prices, manufacturing and trade (Q)... Dun and B street, Inc. (Used by permission. This series may no reproduced without writter permission from the source.) (
0462. Selling prices, manufacturing (Q). .- Dun and Bradstreet, (Used by permission. This series may not be reproduced y out written permission from the source.)

D464. Selling prices, wholesale trade (Q). .- Dun and Bradst lnc. (Used by permission. This series may not be reprod without written permission from the source.)

D466. Selling prices, retail trade (Q). -- Dun and Bradstreet, (Used by pemission. This series may not be reproduced out written permission from the source.)

## D Other Key Indicators

58. Index of wholesale prices, manufactured goods (M). St section B.
59. Balance on goods and services; U.S. balance of payment - See in section A.
60. Exports of goods and services, excluding transfers under tary grants; U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). $\cdot$ See in sect
61. Imports of goods and services: U.S. balance of pay (Q). -- See in section $A$.
62. Federal Government purchases of goods and services, na defense ( Q ). . - See in section $A$.
63. Merchandise trade balance (Series 502 minus series 512) Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
64. Exports, excluding military aid shipments, total (m). - 1 ment of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

## Titles and Sources of Series (Continued from page 116)

506. Manufacturers' new orders for export, durable goods except motor vehicles and parts (ili). .- Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census
507. Index of export orders for nonelectrical machinery (M). --McGraw-Hill, Department of Economics; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
508. General imports, total (M). $\cdots$ Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Cersus
(01)
509. Balance on goods, services and remittances; U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
510. Balance on current account; U.S. balance of payments (Q). -Department of Commerce, Office of Business Econonics
511. Balance on current account and long term capital; U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). -- Department of Commerce, Dffice of Business Economics
512. Net liquidity balance; U.S. balance of payments (Q). -Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (D2)
513. Official reserve transactions balance; U.S. balance of payments (Q). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (D2)
514. Liquid liabilities (excluding military grants) to all foreigners, total outstanding: U.S. balance of payments (EOQ). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
515. Liquid and certain nonliquid liabilities (excluding military grants) to foreign official agencies, total outstanding: U.S. balance of payments (EOQ). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
516. U.S. official reserve (assets) position, excluding military grants: U.S. balance of payments (EOQ). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
517. Allocations to the U.S. of Special Drawing Rights: U.S. balance of payments ( $\mathbf{Q}$ ). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
518. Merchandise exports, adjusted, excluding military grants: U.S. balance of payments (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
519. Merchandise imports, adjusted, excluding military: U.S. balance of payments ( Q ).. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

520. U.S. investment income, military sales, and other services exports, excluding military grants: U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
521. Foreigners' investment income, military expenditures and other services imports: U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
522. Income on U.S. investments abroad: U.S. balance of payments (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
523. Income on foreign investments in the U.S.: U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
524. Receipts from foreign travelers in the U.S.: U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
525. Payments by U.S. travelers abroad: U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
526. Militany sales to foreigners: U.S. balance of payments $(\mathrm{Q})$. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (D2)
527. U.S. military expenditures abroad: U.S. balance of payments (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
528. Receipts for transportation and other services: U.S. balance of payments $(Q)$. $\cdots$ Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
529. Payments for transportation and other services: U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). - Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
530. Foreign direct investments in the U.S.: U.S. balance of payments (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
531. U.S. direct investments abroad: U.S. balance of payments (Q). -Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (D2)
532. Foreign purchases of U.S. securities: U.S. balance of payments (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
533. U.S. purchases of foreign securities: U.S. balance of payments ( Q ). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(02)
534. Government grants and capital transactions, net: U.S. balance of payments (0). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
535. Banking and other capital transactions, net: U.S. balance of payments ( $\mathbf{Q}$ ). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D2)
536. Federal Government surplus or deficit, national income and product accounts ( Q ). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(D3)
537. Federal Government receipts, national income and product accounts (Q)..- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
538. Federal expenditures, national income and product accounts (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics (D3)
539. Delense Department obligations incurred, total, excluding military assistance (M). .- Department of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
540. Defense Department obligations incurred, procurement (M). .Deparment of Defense, Fiscal Analysis Division; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
(D3)
541. Military prime contract awards to U.S. business firms and institutions (MI). -- Department of Defense, Directorate for Statistical Services; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census
(D3)
542. New orders, defense products industries (Mi). .- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(D3)
543. New orders, defense products (M). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(D3)
544. Index of wholesale prices, all commodities (M). -- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
545. Index of wholesale prices, processed foods and feeds (M). .Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (D4)
546. Index of wholesale prices, farm products (M). . Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(D4)
547. Index of consumer prices (M). . Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(D4, E5, F1)
548. Index of consumer prices, food (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(D4)
549. Index of consumer prices, commodities less food (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(D4)
550. Index of consumer prices, services (M). .- Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

## E Analytical Measures

47. Index of industrial production (M). See in section B.
48. Man-hours in nonagricultural establishments (M). See in section B.
49. Personal income (m). See in section B.
50. Sales of retail stores (M). See in section B.
51. Index of wholesale prices, industrial commodities (M). See in section B .
52. GNP in current dollars ( $Q$ ). See in section $A$.
53. Gross national product in 1958 dollars (Q). See in section A.
54. Potential level of gross national product in 1958 dollars (Q). .Council of Economic Advisers
55. Gap - - the potential GNP (series 206) less the actual GNP (Series 205) ( $($ ). $\cdots$ Council of Economic Advisers (El)
56. Index of consumer prices, all items (M). See in section D.
57. Five coincident indicators -- composite index (includes series $41,43,47,52$, and 56 ) (M). See in section $B$.
58. Ratio, output to capacity, manufacturing (Q). .- Board of Govemors of the Federal Reserve System, Department of Commeice, and McGraw-Hill Economics Department
59. Ratio, inventories (series 71) to sales (series 56), manufacturing and trade total (EOM). -- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
60. Ratio, unfilled orders (series 96) to shipments, manufacturers' durable goods (EOM). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census
(E2)
61. Ratio, production of business equipment to production of consumer goods (M). -- Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. (Based upon comiponents of the Federal Reserve index of industrial production.)
62. Ratio, personal saving to disposable personal income (series 292 divided by series 224) (Q). .- Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
(E2)
63. Real average hourly earnings of production workers in manufacturing, $1957-59$ dollars (im). $\cdots$ Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
(E2)
64. Vacancy rate in rental housing -- unoccupied rental housing units as a percent of total rental housing (Q). -- Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census (E2)
65. Index of output per man-hour, total private nonfarm (Q). .Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (E2)
66. Real spendable average weekly earnings of production or nonsupervisory workers (with 3 dependents) on private nonagricultural payrolls, 1957-59 dollars (m). .. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics
67. Ratio, help-wanted advertising in newspapers (series 46) to total number of persons unemployed (M). -- The Conference Board, and Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The " $D$ " preceding a number indicates a diffusion index. Diffusion indexes and corresponding aggregate series bear the same number and are obtained from the same sources. See section B for titles and sources of D1, D5, D6, D11, D19, D23, D41, D47, D54, D58, D61, and sources of D1, D5, D6, D11, D19, D23, D41, D47, D54, D58, D61,
and section C for D440, D442, D444, D446, D450, D460, D462, D464, D466, and D480. Sources for other diffusion indexes are as follows:

D34. Profits, manufacturing, FNCB (Q). .- First National City Bank of New York; seasonal adjustment by Bureau of the Census and National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.
(E3)

## F International Comparisons

19. United States, index of stock prices, 500 common stocks (M). See in section $B$.
20. United States, index of industrial production (mi). See in section $B$.
21. Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, European Countries, index of industrial production (m)... Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (Paris)
22. United Kingdom, index of industrial production (M) .. Central Statistical Office (London)
(F2)
23. Canada, index of industrial production (M). $\cdots$ Dominion Bureau of Statistics (Ottawa)
(F2)
24. West Germany, index of industrial production (M). -- Statistisches Bundesamt (Wiesbaden); seasonal adjustment by OECD
(F2)
25. France, index of industrial production (M). -- Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (Paris) (F2)
26. Italy, index of industrial production (M). .- Istituto Centrale di Statistica (Rome)
(F2)
27. Japan, index of industrial production (M). .- Ministry of International Trade and Industry (Tokyo) (F2)
28. United Kingdom, index of consumer prices (M). -- Ministry of Labour (London) (F1)
29. Canada, index of consumer prices (M). -. Dominion Bureau of Statistics (Ottawa)
(F1)
30. West Germany, index of consumer prices (M). - Statistisches Bundesamt (Wiesbaden)
31. France, index of consumer prices (M). -- Insitut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (Paris) (Fl)
32. Italy, index of consumer prices (m). .- Istituto Centrale di Statistica (Rome)
(Fl)
33. Japan, index of consumer prices (m). $\cdots$ Office of the Prime Minister (Tokyo)
34. United Kingdom, index of stock prices (M). .. The Financial Times (London)
(F3)
35. Canada, index of stock prices (m). .- Dominion Bureau of Statistics (0ttawa)
(F3)
36. West Germany, index of stock prices (M). -- Statistisches Bundesamt (Wiesbaden)
37. France, index of stock prices (M). .- Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (Paris) (F3)
38. Italy, index of stock prices (M). . I Istituto Centrale di Statistica (Rome)
(F3)
39. Japan, index of stock prices (m). .- Tokyo Stock Exchange (Tokyo)
(F3)
40. United States, index of consumer prices (M). See in section D.

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[^0]:    Current data for these series are shown on page 66.

[^1]:    Current dota for these series are shown on pages 66, 67 and 69.

[^2]:    Current data for these series are shown on pages 76 and 77.

[^3]:    Current data for these series are shown on page 79.

[^4]:    Current data for these series are shown on page 84.

[^5]:    Current data for these series are shown on page 85. Anrual totals are used prior to 1960.

[^6]:    NOTE: Series are seasonally adjusted except those series that appear to contain no seasonal movement. Unadjusted series are indicated by (1). Series numbers are for identification only and do not reflect series relationships or order. Complete titles and sources are shown at the back of the book. The "r" indicates revised; " p ", "preliminary; "e", estimated; "a", anticipated; and "NA", not available.

    Grophs of these series are shown on pages 9,10 , and $62 .{ }^{1}$ See "New Features and Changes for This Issue," page iii.

[^7]:    NOTE: To facilitate interpretation, the month-to-month directions of change are shown along with the numbers: $(+)=$ rising, $(0)=$ unchanged, and $(\cdot)=$ falling. $N A=$ not available. $p=$ preliminary. $r=$ revised.
    ${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data for most of the 35 diffusion index components are not available for publication; however, they are all included in the totals and directions of change for six major industry groups shown here.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Data are seasonally adjusted by the source agency. Data for the latest month shown are preliminary.
    ${ }^{2}$ Data on total retail sales are based on a new sample. Component data shown are based on the new sample beginning
    with July and on the old sample for earlier months.
    ${ }^{3}$ The diffusion index includes estimates for six types of stores not shown separately.
    4Data are not seasonally adjusted.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ This series contains no revisions, but is reprinted for the convemience of the user.
    This series is shown in this appendix for the first time

