FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF RICHMOND

CALDWELL NARDY,

J. G. FRY.

R. H. LEE, ASST. FEDERAL RESERVE AGENT

January 3, 1923.

Eligibility of Acceptances of Non-Members SUBJECT:

Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D. C.

Attention: Mr. Hoxton

Dear Sirs:

Your favor of December 30th to hand on the above subject, and I am obliged to you for the information given me.

Chairman of the Board.

CH:F

Muchanish White

#5

322.3

3332.40

December 30, 1922.

Mr. Caldwell Hardy, Federal Reserve Agent, Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond, Richmond, Virginia.

Dear Sir :

Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of December 18th edvising the Board that the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond has declared the acceptances of the Commerce Trust Company of Baltimore, Maryland, a non-member institution, eligible for rediscount by redoral reserve banks and others, this Company having furnished you with a statement of its condition and agreed to inform you upon request concerning transactions underlying any acceptances it may issuep It is assumed that you refer to the eligibility of these acceptances for purchase in the open market.

The Board does not at present see any necessity for receiving advice from Federal reserve banks that they have declared the acceptances of a non-member bank eligible for purchase in the open market. With reference to your request for any circulars, rulings or other date concerning the handling and reporting of such cases, the Board does not appear to have passed upon this question except in its Regulation 3, which provides in substance that a bankers' acceptance, unless accepted or indersed by a member bank, is not eligible for purchase until the acceptor has rurnished a satisfactory financial statement and has agreed to inform a Federal reserve bank as to its acceptance business.

Federal reserve banks in declaring adoptances of non-member banks eligible for purchase, while it would seem to be the better practice for the eligibility or such adoptances to be passed upon in the first instance by the Federal reserve bank in whose district the accepting bank is located, neither the law nor Regulation B contains any such requirement. It is to be remembered, also, that these are open market operations, and a rederal reserve bank, or course, may purchase the acceptances of a bank wherever located, provided they comply with the relevant provisions or the law and the Board's regulations.

Yours very truly, (Signed) W. W. Hoxtor

WM. W. HOXTON Secretary

ais-

EWF OMC

CALD

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF RICHMOND

333,4(5)

CALDWELL HARDY,
CHAIRMAN OF THE FOARD
AND
PEDERAL RESERVE AGENT

J. G. FRY,
ASST. FEDERAL RESERVE AGENT
R. H. LEE,

ASST, FEDERAL RESERVE AGENT

December 18, 1922.

SUBJECT: Commerce Trust Co., Baltimore, Md.

Eligibility of Acceptances.

Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

This is to advise that by action of our executive committee we have declared the acceptances of the Commerce Trust Company, Baltimore, Maryland, eligible for rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks and others.

This institution has furnished us a statement of its condition, has agreed, upon request, to inform us fully with regard to transactions underlying any acceptances they may issue, and its standing appears to be satisfactory.

I will be glad if you will advise us whether the Board wishes to be advised in regard to future cases of this character, and will also furnish me with any circulars, rulings or other data with regard to the handling and reporting of such cases. A case came to our attention some time ago where another Federal Reserve Bank had, without action on our part and prior to the completion of an investigation and report by us on the non-member bank, which we were making at the request of the Federal Reserve Bank referred to, declared the acceptances of a non-member State bank in our district eligible for rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. While we assume no responsibility in such cases, the pursuit of such a policy by other Federal Reserve Banks might lead to embarrassing Labould be glad to have the views of the Board situations. in the matter R

outs very truly,

Chairman of the Board.

Ruy

CH:F

DEC 19

Digitized for FRASER
http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/_____
lederal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

2.

H J OF BIO

3022

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF RICH

FIFTH DISTRICT

OFFICERS

GEORGE J.SEAY, GOVERNOR CHAS A. PEPLE, DEPUTY GOVERNOR R. H. BROADDUS, DEPUTY GOVERNOR GEORGE H. KEESEE, CASHIER. C. V. BLACKBURN, ASST. CASHIER. THOMAS MARSHALL, JR. ASST. CASHIER. W. W. DILLARD, ASST. CASHIER.

DIRECTORS

CALDWELL HARDY;
CHAIRMAN AND FEDERAL RESERVE AGENT
CHAS.E.RIEMAN, BALTIMORE, MD.
JAS.F. OYSTER, WASHINGTON, D.C.
JOHN F. BRUTON, WILSON, N.C.
EDMUND STRUDWICK, RICHMOND

JAMES A.MONCURE.
DEPUTY CHAIRMAN
EDWIN MANN, BLUEFIELD, W.VA.
D.R.COKER, HARTSVILLE, S.C.
HOWARD BRUCE, BALTIMORE, MD.

333.43/

November 20, 1919.

Hon. W. P. G. Harding, Hovernor, Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D. C.

My dear Governor:-

Your favor of the 19th instanto hand in answer to mine of the 5th regarding policy as to approving as eligible the acceptances of non-member banks which are eligible for membership.

I am pleased to know that my views meet the approval of the Board.

Very truly yours,

Chairman of the Board.

RECEIVEDNOV 2 1 1919

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR: Wai Warend William Wovemb

PREDERAL RESERVE ROLLS V

November 19, 1919.

333 4(5)

Dear Mr. Hardy: -

Your letter of the 5th instant was duly received but in some way has been overlooked.

The Board takes the view that, while you have a wide discretion in the matter of approving the eligibility of purchases of acceptances of private bankers and state banks, as a matter of policy it would be best not to approve as eligible the acceptance of non-member state banks which are eligible for membership.

With apologies for the delay in raply to your letter, I am

Very truly yours,

Governor.

Mr. Caldwell Hardy, Chairman, Federal Reserve Bank, Richmond, Va.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF RICHMOND

FIFTH DISTRICT

OFFICERS

GEORGE J.SEAY, GOVERNOR CHAS A.PEPLE, DEPUTY GOVERNOR R.H. BROADDUS, DEPUTY GOVERNOR GEORGE H. KEESEE, CASHIER C. V. B.I. ACKBURN ASET CACHIER THOMAS MARSHALL JR. ASST. CASHIER. . EDMUND STRUDWICK, RICHMOND W.W.DILLARD.ASST.CASHIER.

DIRECTORS

CALDWELL HARDY,
CHAIRMAN AND FEDERAL RESERVE AGENT CHAS.E. RIEMAN, BALTIMORE, MD. JOHN F. BRUTON WILSON N.C.

JAMES A.MONCURE, EDWIN MANN BLUEFIFLD W VA D.R.COKER, HARTSVILLE, S.C. HOWARD BRUCE BALTIMORE MD 333,4/5

November 5, 1919.

Hon. W. P. G. Harding, Governor, Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:-

I have for consideration an application from a nonmember bank to declare its bankers acceptances eligible for purchase by other Federal Reserve Banks. I am not ready to act on the specific case, but it brings to my mind, in its broad aspect, our moral responsibility in declaring such acceptances so eligible.

Paragraph D at the foot of page 7, Regulations of 1917, is apparently the only ruling of the Federal Reserve Board on the subject. I wrote to the Board on December 4. Last, and Mr. Broderick's reply of December 6th advised that only the "form" statement required in such cases was to be approved by the Federal Reserve Board, and indicated that the last report of examination by the State Bank Examiner was a satisfactory form. Acting under the Regulation referred to, we have only approved as eligible the acceptances of two State institutions -

The Virginia Trust Company, The American Trust Company,

Richmond, Va., and Charlotte, N. C.,

the latter having since become a member bank. The questions raised in my mind are those of policy and moral responsibility. In a district such as that of New York, I can readily understand the advisability of declaring as eligible the acceptances of certain non-members, a number of which probably would not be eligible for membership in the Federal Reserve System, but whose acceptances would be beyond question. It would probably be inconsistent not to adopt the same rule in this District, but as a matter of fact, I very much question the policy in doing so. In almost every instance where such a facility would be granted, it would probably be to an institution which ought to become a member, and I have a strong prejudice against granting unnecessarily, facilities to non-member institutions.

On the question of moral responsibility; if we, after careful consideration, and possibly special examination, declare #3, Harding.

subject.

the acceptances of an institution eligible, while the responsibility rests with any purchaser of such acceptances, we would doubtless be continually asked in the future as to the present standing of the accepting institution. If the number of these institutions increased to any extent, would it not apparently place upon us a considerable burden in continuing to examine them, as well as the moral responsibility of approving their acceptances. On the other hand, cases might arise where we might feel compelled to discontinue the approval of the acceptances of some one institution, and thereby have imposed upon us the necessity for adverse action which might be criticised and resented.

I should appreciate very much your views on the

Very truty yours,

Chairman of the Board.



WWW. 6, 1914. 3333. 4(5)

My dear Mr. Hardy:

the fourth instant, with reference to the application of the Virginia frust Company, kickmons, Virginia, for permission to have their acceptances made eligible for purchase by Federal Reserve Farks.

Regulation B. Subdivision IV. paragraph (d). with reference to bankers' acceptances, reads as follows:

"Statements.-Bankers' acceptances, other than those accepted or indersed by member banks, shall be eligible for purchase only after the accepter has furnished a satisfactory statement of financial condition in form to be approved by the Federal Reserve Board and has agreed in writing with a Federal Reserve Bank to inform it upon request conserring the transactions underlying such acceptances."

It is the intent of the above provision that the Board pass only upon the form of the statement. The question of whether or not the trust company is in satisfactory financial condition is respectfully referred to you and to your committee. The statement submitted simply gives the resourced and liability items and there is, of course, nothing there which would give a proper index of the business of the institution. There is no doubt that you are fully familiar with its affairs and know personally the officers and directors of the institution.

It would probably assist you if you request the trust company or Mr. Barksdale, the Bank Examiner, to send you for inspection, and, if possible, for your files, a copy of the report of the last examination made by the State Examiner. If, after an analysis of the report you should have any doubt as to the condition of the trust company, it would be well for you to arrange for an examination of the institution.

Yery truly yours.

Mr. Caldwell Bardy, Chairman of the Beard, Sederal Reserve Bank, Rlohmond, Virginia.

Secretary.

Digitized for FRASER http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/ Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF RICHMOND

FIFTH DISTRICT

OFFICERS

GEORGE J.SEAY, GOVERNOR CHAS A.PEPLE, DEPUTY GOVERNOR GEORGE H.KEESSE, CASHIER C.V. BLACKBURN, ASST. CASHIER THOMAS MARSHALL, JR. ASST. CASHIER W.W. DILLARD, ASST. CASHIER. DIRECTORS

CALDWELL HARDY, CHARMAN AND FEDERAL RESERVE AGENT H.B.WILCOX, BALTIMORE, MD. JAS.F. OYSTER, WASHINGTON, D.C. JOHN F. BRUTON, WILSON, N.C. EDMUND STRUDWICK, RICHMOND

JAMES A.MONCURE,
DEPUTY CHARMAN
EDWIN MANN, BLUEFIELD, W. VA.
D. R.COKER, HARTSVILLE, S. C.
HOWARD BRUCE, BALTIMORE, MD.

33340

December 4, 1918.

J. A. Broderick, Esq., Secretary, Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:-

8 12/3/8

Your favor to hand enclosing correspondence with the Virginia Trust Company in reference to authorizing the purchase of its acceptances by Federal Reserve Banks. Paragraph D, at the foot of page 7, Regulations of 1917, provides that

"Bankers acceptances, other than those accepted or endorsed by a member bank, shall be eligible for purchase only after the acceptor has furnished a satisfactory statement of financial condition in form to be provided by the Federal Reserve Board."

From this, it would appear that a statement of financial condition requires the approval of the Federal Reserve Board, and we therefore beg to inquire whether the one enclosed is satisfactory to the Board.

Very truly yours

Chairman of the Board.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF

VIRGINIA TRUST COMPANY

RICHMOND, VA.

November 1, 1918

RESOURCES		
Loans and Discounts\$	3,884,106.65	
Bonds and Investments	338,312.17	
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	1,476,450.00	
Guaranteed Bonds	173,000.00	
Cash on Hand and in Banks	195,851.57	
Total	6,067,720.39	
LIABILITIES		
Capital Stock\$	1,000,000.00	
Surplus and Undivided Profits	652,096.63	
Reserve Account	25,000.00	
Set Aside for Interest and Taxes.	50,795.22	
Guaranteed Bonds	173,000.00	
Bills Rediscounted	75,000.00	
Deposits	4,091,828.54	
Total	0,007,720.39	
Book or Actual Value of Stock	165	
Bid for Stock	270	
Annual Dividend Paid	7%	

AN INDIVIDUAL EXECUTOR

Cannot be expected to be continuously at his office in readiness for every emergency, but a Trust Company Executor is ready to act promptly and decisively every business day, and beyond the span of life of the individual executor.

You are cordially invited to discuss with our officers this and the many other advantages of our service.

Correspondence solicited.

Write for our booklet, "The First Step"

76

VIRGINIA TRUST CO. RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

DIRECTORS

E. B. ADDISON,
Director National State and City Bank.

JNO. W. BOYD, Tobacconist.

JONATHAN BRYAN,
President Richmond Forgings Corporation.

J. ELWOOD COX, High Point, N. C. President Commercial National Bank.

W. S. FORBES, W. S. Forbes & Co., Meat Packers.

CHARLES W. HORNE, Clayton, N. C., President Clayton Banking Company.

HERBERT W. JACKSON, President of the Company.

JNO. M. MICLER, Jr., President Fast National Bank.

J. J. MONTAGUE, Vice-President Flanters National Bank.

L. Z. MORRIS, Predicat Savings Bank of Richmond.

SAMUEL, T. MORGAN, President Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company.

MORTON B. ROSENBAUM, Director Planters National Bank.

WALKER SCOTT. Vice-President of the Company.

FRITZ SITTAREMAG,
President Sitterding-Carneal-Davis Company.

GORDON WALL OE, R. U. Cleichian & Co.

PHILE WINDELES, Founder Of . Vir inta Cheroots.

T. C. WELLIAMS, Je., Director Phys. National Bank.

JOHN L. WINGO, Tobaccialist.

COLEMAN WORTHAM, Davenport & Co., Bankers.

VIRGINIA TRUST COMPANY RICHMOND, VA.

ESTABLISHED 1892



OFFICERS

H. W. JACKSON, T. C. WILLIAMS, J.R., J.M. MILLER, J.R., WALKER SCOTT, L.D. AYLETT, J. H. SOUTHALL, T. C. GORDON, P. B. WATT, W. B. JERMAN, S
PRESIDENT
VICE PRESIDENT
VICE PRESIDENT
VICE PRESIDENT
SECRETARY
TREASURER
TRUST OFFICER
ASST SECRETARY
ASST. TREASURER

"THE SAFE EXECUTOR"

33%, 4(5)

December 2, 1918.

Dear Mr. Scott:

I acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 29th ultimo, making application for permission to have your acceptances purchased by the Federal Reserve bank, and would state that the matter is one for consideration > by the Officials of the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond, and your application should be made direct to that bank.

Very truly yours,

Governor.

Mr. Walker Scott,
Vice President Virginia Trust Co.,
Richmond, Va.

W. Walkerson

332-21

December 2, 1918.

Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond. Va.

Gentlemen:

Rich or Virginia Trust Company, addressed to Governor Heading, requesting authorization of purchases of its acceptances by Federal Reserve Banks, tegether with copy of our reply thereto, all of which is sent for your information.

Very truly yours,

Remoder Andrew

November 30, 193. 3

Dear Sir:

Replying to your letter of Movember 26th, stating your bank is considering furnishing the Federal Reserve Board a statement, with the view of having your acceptances made acceptable through the Federal Reserve Bank, and asking for form to be used in that connection, would state that the Federal Reserve Board has not prepared a form for use in the premises.

I would suggest that you commindeste your wishes to the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond.

Very truly yours.

Assistant Secretary.

Mr. W. R. Allen, Treasurer, Greensbore Loan & Trust Company, Greensbore, North Carolina.

A-H

GREENSBORO LOAN & TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL STOCK \$200,000.00

333.15

J. W. FRY, PRESIDENT
J. S. COX, VICE PRESIDENT
W. E. ALLEN, SEC. & TREAS.
W. M. RIDENHOUR, ASST. TREAS.

GREENSBORO, N.C. November 26, 1918

Federal Reserve Board,

Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

Our Bank is considering furnishing to your Board, statuent in view to having our acceptances made acceptable through the Federal Reserve Bank,

I will be glad if you will send me statment blanks and oblige.

truly

Treasurer.

WEA: LM



STATEMENT OF THE

GREENSBORO LOAN & TRUST COMPANY

NOVEMBER 1st, 1918

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans \$2,087,515.39	Capital Stock \$200,000.00
U. S. Bonds and certificates of	Surplus and Profits 50,191.74
Indebtedness 301,877.89	Dividend Account 447.00
Other Bonds and Stock 149,720.91	Interest Reserve 12,719.47
Premiums on Bonds 1,272.34	Bills Payable 415,000.00
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures 168,600.00	Bills Discounted 85,021.91
Customers liability on acceptances 79,500.00	Acceptances executed for customers 79,500.00
Cash and Due From Banks 317,736.47	Deposits <u>2,263,342.88</u>
Total Resources \$3,106,223.00	Total Liabilities \$3,106,223.00

OFFICERS

J. W. FRY - - - - PRESIDENT

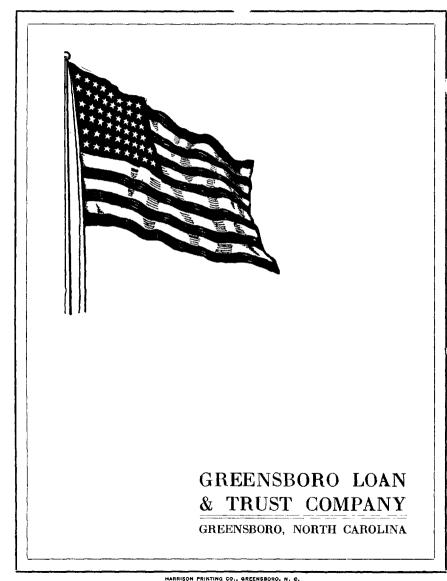
J. S. COX - - - - VICE-PRESIDENT

W. E. ALLEN - - - SEC. AND TREAS.

W. M. RIDENHOUR - - ASST. TREAS.

The Equipment of this bank is complete for making collections, handling active or inactive accounts and acting in all trust capacities.

Full information concerning our service will be promptly furnished on request.



MARKISON PRINTING CO., GREENSBORD, N. C

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF RICH

FIFTH DISTRICT

OFFICERS

GEORGE J.SEAY, GOVERNOR CHAS A.PEPLE, DEPUTY GOVERNOR GEORGE H.KEESEE, CASHIER C.V. BLACKBURN, ASST. CASHIER THOMAS MARSHALL, JR. ASST. CASHIER DIRECTORS

CALDWELL HARDY,
CHARMAN AND FEDERAL RESERVE ABENT
H. B.WILCOX, BALTIMORE, MD.
JAS.F. OYSTER, WASHINGTON, D.C.
JOHN F. BRUTON, WILSON, N.C.
EDMUND STRUDWICK, RICHMOND

JAMES A.MONCURE, DEPUTY FEDERAL RESERVE AGENT EDWIN MANN, BLUEFIELD, W. VA. D. R. COKER, HARTSVILLE, S. G.

Jan. 23, 1918.

EDERAL RESERVE BOARD FILE

Hon. Paul M. Warburg, Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Warburg:

I am in receipt of your letter of the 22nd with reference to the condition of our reserve, which on the 18th was down to 52.3. It has since been fractionally lower. The other Federal Reserve Banks however, owe us over \$6,000,000, and the payment of this sum would improve our reserve to some extent.

I have been keeping a very watchful eye upon our reserve condition, and we have repeatedly discussed it in our Officers' Meetings. Our loans were up to \$50,000,000 on the 21st, but have since been reduced to \$46,000,000. Of this amount \$11,500,000 is directly secured by Government Bonds, and a material percentage of other discounts is due to the Liberty Loan, but, of course, I understand it is not the cause of our loan expansion which concerns you, but the fact.

I rather anticipate further demands when deposits arising from the payment of Liberty Loan by credit are called by the Government. We should prefer not to rediscount or to sell our paper, and are hopeful that we will not have to do so, although I fully recognize that a 50% reserve is low.

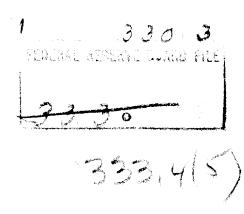
We shall, of course, not think of doing anything in the way of rediscounting or selling without referring the matter to the Board, and doing it through the Board, and if the Board prefers for any reason to have us strengthen our reserve by rediscounting, we are of course willing. But, as above stated, we should prefer not to do so unless our reserves go below 50%.

We have been in communication with the larger banks of our District, and they appreciate the necessity of placing restraint upon their own lending. The difficulty of obtaining shipping for tobacco and cotton is, to a considerable extent, the cause of borrowing in this District.

Very truly yours,

Governor.

#5



January 33, 1918.

Dear Governor Seay:

Your reserves are down to 52.3, which is very low at this time as compared with the average reserve of all banks of 65.3 on January eighteenth.

Have you considered whether or not it would be advisable for your bank to dispose of some of its paperty to other banks? Some of them, as you have seen from the January twenty-first: statement (of which I enclose copy) are pretty strong at this time.

Please let me know your views about the subject before doing anything in the matter and also whether you expect that the demand for accommodation on the part of the member banks is likely to continue during the next week or two.

Very truly yours,

George J. Seay, Esq., Governor, Federal Reserve Bank, Richmond, Virginia.

HTH

October 30, 1915.

Sir:

This is to advise you that the Board's letter of October 8 relating to open market operations, has been slightly modified by the insertion of the words "with respect to bills of exchange" on the last page of the letter after the words *free to exercise the authority granted under Section 14.8 This addition does not alter the sense of the letter, but has been introduced for the make of clearness. The letter as thus modified will be officially published in the Federal Reserve Bulletin for November .

Respectfully,

Secretary.

Mr. William Ingle, Chairman, Board of Directors, Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond.

gitized for FRASEI

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF RI

October 11, 1915.

Hon. F. A. Delano, Acting Governor, Federal Reserve Board. Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Delano:

Permit us to acknowledge receipt of yours of the

8th inst. with its related matter, all referring to the subject of open market transactions. We shall carefully study the points discussed in the correspondence and on Thursday next submit the matter to our Board.

I have read with interest the minutes of the Transit Managers' Conference held at Chicago last week. In the presence of substantial Ananimity on most of the matter under discussion, it would appear that we soon should be able to make progress in this particular direction. am especially pleased in noting that several of the points raised with you in recent correspondence found favor in Chicago.

Respectfully yours,

Mn hall Chairman of the Board.