



MEMORANDOM FOR FILES

On November 5, 1947 I received a visit from the following officials of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey: Hr. Howard Page, Assistant to the President in charge of economics, Mr. Leo Welsh, Treasurer, and Mr. George Recgler, Council. The subject of discussion was the role in the Marshall Plan of United States corporations with investments in the Marshall Plan countries.

The representatives of Standard Cil outlined their problems with respect to new investments in Marchall Plan countries, with particular reference to the company's situation in Italy, France, and the United Kingdom. They conceived their alternatives to be: (1) new investment of their own funds entirely at their own risk; (2) investment of their own funds under a guaranty of the United States Government to make possible the transfer of profits; and (3) provision under the Marchall Plan for investment of United States Government funds through U.S. corporations now doing business in the Marchall Plan countries. They wanted to know in particular whether enterprises in the Marchall Plan countries now owned or controlled by U.S. corporations were to be excluded from consideration in the Marchall Plan (as they say is their understanding from a reading of the report of the C.S.E.G.) or whether such operations were to be placed on the same footing as locally owned and controlled operations in the Marchall Plan countries.

ally see any good argument for the guaranty by the U.S. Government of the transfer of profits on private investment in dershall Plan countries, and that it was a type of operation that had not at any time been seriously considered by the Export-Import Bank. I then commented to the representatives of Standard Cil that I knew of no sentiment in the Export-Import Bank or elsewhere in the U.S. Government for discriminating against foreign enterprises owned or controlled by U.S. corporations in the carrying out of the Harshall Plan. I went on to mention the problem recently confronting the Export-Import Bank with reference to Italian companies in which there was an important U.S. interest. I told them that the decision in that case, after consulting with the U.S. interests involved regarding their willingness to invest new funds in their Italian affiliates, was to place them on exactly the same footing, so far as credit arrangements were conserved, as other Italian companies.

I then described in some detail the way in which the Bank's credits to Austrian and Italian enterprises had been arranged, and suggested that the situations with which the Export-Import Bank had been dealing in these two countries were similar to those which would arise under the Marshall Plan. It should be emphasized that the representatives of Standard Oil did not some to the Bank seeking assistance from it but only to explore the thinking of the interested agencies in the U.S. Government on the problem created by required new investment in American properties in Mershall Plan countries.

August Maffry

ee: Board of Directors Secretary's Office Mr. Tirans

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