

USA

Army

Volume 22

Nov 28.32 — Nov. 24.33

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Dec 22.

Nov 28. '32. Sunday.

Mr. DeLoach advised before  
Miller, and Merrill to explain  
loan for 35000 given to Insurance  
Trust Co.

We decided to meet with Merrill  
Monday on interview with the  
William, one of the Wilson Cleveland  
directors

DeLoach admitted he had not  
told any of his directors of the  
loan, until shortly ago when he  
told the William

He said the Funcher also had a  
loan from same Co.

DeLoach said he kept all the  
deposits since he came to  
Cleveland w. this country.  
Funcher did not see Mr. DeLoach  
of this loan when he came  
before us w. a report of DeLoach  
of Insurance Trust Co. some days  
ago.

The loan given out of warehouse  
of steel in this country and  
has been being returned at the  
time to date.

Mr H leaves Albany on Wednesday. 8.5 AM  
arrived Wash. at 1 PM and took a  
small room in the Adams house.

Mr H called. He was very bitter  
at criticism of Mr. W. over the  
articles to which he had referred. He said that  
And. C. had attacked me at Wash.  
D.C. office and that C. had told me  
he was instructed to do this; that  
I had written at least a terrible  
letter to Wash.

He asked if we should all attend  
the meeting in the case of Newell,  
Goldman & Co. C. said the  
Board should suggest it and refer  
to the Sen. Pr. & Com. Com.

(As a result the Board recommended  
Pr. & Com. Committee against  
giving Mr. Newell to Newell & Co.,  
and recommending against divorce of  
articles.)

He said he had finished his work  
for Pr. & Com. Com.

He said he believed the Board  
could not possibly

emboldened; that he has been told a  
number of stories and he believed it  
could be true. He said  
and that he is confident  
that in the case of Newell  
could safely guarantee default to  
say 3 years. He said the Board  
could not refuse to  
and that while if the case was  
settled the fact might safely  
guarantee default to say 3 years  
the danger was that the 3 years  
might be extended indefinitely.  
C. said of course he did not  
such a guarantee was very  
leaving over the subject.

Nov 29, Monday

Sent Mr. C. copy of Newell  
- Newell, July 1788, given me by  
Newell Library - To copy library  
to be sent w. and long copy  
taken.

My brother-in-law contacted with me.  
He said he had been called as  
witness of Charles L. L. &  
C. and was working hard and that

while not absolutely clear, there are  
 no reasonable doubts but that  
 Howe had acted dishonestly; that  
 when he was in Australia he had  
 been had a very low opinion of  
 Howe; that they searched when he  
 showed up to be an engineer and  
 said he was really a promoter.  
 He said his share was that Howe  
 was an unimpeachable standard.

→  
 How do you  
 we must things be see steps  
 to Huy Adam.  
 we don't at low for club to need  
 them interested + discuss business  
 of the club.

Dec 1. Monday  
 Must things be see steps  
 to Huy Adam.

Dec 2. Tuesday  
 Ned wanted to visit Canada.  
 got round to Huy Adams  
 time into room at common club  
 4 P.M.  
 Ned said they refused to attend

How do you state - can you state and that  
 it must be proved  
 was told Richardson to examine into  
 one plan to give it that a credit  
 against debt due Dec 15 then seen  
 to be used in buying bills based on  
 our estimates + commitments.  
 G. wanted that unless the bills  
 were payable on sterling it would  
 give little relief to E.P.B. (See Schedule)

Found w. Rebt Lincoln Allen;  
 present, Walter Sullivan, Poney,  
 Gilbert (Meyersound), Hank Reed  
 Kemp Simonds, Blount (Brevin's  
 Institute), C. Green & Co.  
 After dinner we talked 2 hours over  
 creating committee defences.

- are agreed:
1. Howe should recommend a  
 extension of time on debt next  
 due Dec 15.
  2. That E.P.B. if extension refused,  
 would default.
  3. Extension deferred on to effect of  
 default on sterling. Next attempt  
 better deflation + full of time



line number at 12 the share which was  
 later added to number at 37 the  
 share and at all times was to  
 142 the share.

could it be possible that the  
 reference to being individually  
 was an endorsement for the loan  
 to Small Co. etc. can not believe  
 this but time will tell.

Dec 4. Sunday

Edw. Hamble leave work.

We call on Mrs. Mansel and  
 Mrs. Hester group.

We call on Mrs. Hawry and  
 Janet Girardeau.

Dec 5 Monday

Miller & Co. reported to Board  
 that we could not recommend  
 the withdrawal of shares  
 of bank of W. Va. of Cleveland  
 as class C directors for 3 years  
 beginning Jan 1, 1923

Early in 1928 the business for  
 a Member State bank the  
 Warden Trust Co. is a substantial

sum of money for the purchase of  
 carrying shares of an unincorporated  
 company, and in February 1929  
 received the business for the  
 bank.

In this bank we had always  
 held the deposit account.

Every time period of the business  
 the bank was not in satisfactory  
 condition and at present time is  
 almost near insolvency.

A month ago Board came  
 before Board to consider what  
 to do with the bank could  
 have done to the bank.

When before Board of bank did  
 not tell Board of the loan-  
 demand from - from the  
 company, but advised Board  
 at the time is a little later  
 by letter, that no action should  
 be taken.

A little later Paulge was chief  
 of a new movement that the  
 Warden Trust Co. held two  
 demand notes of bank.

embodied by stock of annuities as slow  
in liquid and as to no risk with  
no or very inadequate security,  
Allen + Hunt had cause you  
to be a bank a hearing.

Allen + Hunt were judged in their  
report: 1. By the concealment of  
debts on Board and on the  
own directors of their loan.

2. By the fact that he was  
shareholder at a time when the  
Board were trying to clear  
shareholder by capital deposit  
rate, and in Feb 7. 29 by  
direct payment.

3. That the bank was not examined  
about the above, as to the  
status of clearance of the  
Board

we felt that, about the  
question whether or not oblige  
should be given at all on a  
M. bank, it was clearly  
improper as to borrow, for

speculative investments, and that  
the trust or clearance of the  
Board and borrow on the  
bank was mainly requested  
or at least demanded a brief  
statement to the Director - which  
he never had made

It seems that Parlye found that  
the Director also was a borrower  
from some bank, but we did not  
inquire into this in this con-  
-nection.

The Board discussed our report  
and voted that the Parlye  
should act as the witness. The  
Security clearance to come before  
the Board however to go  
was the balance and Director  
matter

Parlye asked the bank what  
interest he was paying and he  
said he thought 6%; later he  
said or wrote, 5%.

Parlye said 5% was too low

but such an unimproved poorly secured loan, and the Federal Reserve Bank would never have lent in such a low rate, nor have refrained from calling it long ago, were it not for fact that the bank was chairman of the Board.

William Grant wrote acknowledgment card telegraph on Dec 4<sup>th</sup> yesterday.  
Dec 6 Tuesday

Mr. Wellington Deane of the Cleveland came before Board. He said he was shocked at the loan for \$200,000 in Co of Deane's New Journal; that he had known of loan only in a few days; that he had always regarded Deane as in the whole, a good man but perhaps not of outstanding ability; that he had made a fine head on manager of the Pullman brand; that Woodruff of Pullman who originally recommended Deane was a most able man of high integrity.

He was asked to study the situation and report back to Board as to his recommendation. He agreed to do that.

When Dec 14 is 15.

He said he heard summary note report loan subscription objects in the currency situation in Cleveland which was now more better.

Ad took up letter of Geo Hayes recently received from a credited name to currency & money banking in U.S.

Ad asked if this person was the same as the one submitted to cash members a month or more ago.

Wright said that certain heads of that person had been called. The credit reference to names of currency to cover state bonds to join FR system.

Ad objected to the address and asked him to read the new version, and Ad adjourned to 3:30 PM.

Ad went over the new version with Wright who said it had several changes including that currency would

over all state banks to join the  
M System, but that all branches  
reference to the name and  
be struck out.

At Board meeting also read a  
memorandum of protest, saying  
that while he did not wish  
to influence Council to change  
the new plan, he desired to  
have his views shared with  
the Board. Finally he said if  
the Board did not object to  
his sending his name to them  
he would not object to send  
the plan to the Sen. Com. and  
to them.

Howard H. Harris asked also if he  
would strike out the reference  
to the changed plan on that  
was an internal matter.

Harris had in mind striking  
two days on the note in  
Bureau report to eliminate  
them.

WMA said in agreement  
to them he would omit the  
reference to a change in the

plan; that he would see them the  
other day and suggest changes  
on first Bureau State banks to  
join the M System.  
See also memorandum. (Serial 64)

Later two days came into call  
of Board and begged them to hold  
the plan better to them for a few  
days at least.

WMA said he would hold it  
until he saw them which  
would probably be within a day  
or two.

WMA and Harris feel that the  
plan in such an extreme  
form will be looked on by the  
state banks as a challenge to  
their existence, and possibly that  
the country may think the  
M System is such a bad  
thing that nothing but  
the extreme radical action of  
Congress can save it.

WMA told Board & said that  
he thought the new draft

were better than the first draft  
and by subsequent reorganization  
report of Camp to Camp merely by  
barely all states to you  
the M. Syst.

Edwards however that he has  
been forced to reach  
the conclusion that he may not  
be worth it by legal  
time ago told that the  
Meyer was barely to clean  
and he did not want to do it.

Wright said however advised  
with Ed's view. - I was - I was  
Meyer's ability selected by me - I was  
merely was given a Meyer - New York  
Dec. 7. 1910.

1111 H to N. B. Smith of Survey  
among members of Board. Gen 72  
1000.

Dec. 8. Monday

Board made ability of class C  
direction and independence of M. Syst.  
Heller showed slightly of center  
and the Meyer seemed to agree  
with me.

Edwards said the Board had no direction

unanimously observed earlier the Government  
about the Harding death, and that  
in order to get the thing the voluntarily  
withheld - that they showed the  
course of the direction as to the  
calculations.

Heller told that the Meyer was  
so ill that someone that for  
3 weeks he had doctors here in  
his house with him.

Edwards asked Heller if it would not  
be advisable to speak to the  
Meyer about Meyer's health,  
saying that if not mentioned we  
would not speak to  
embarrass him.

Heller advised no - that it  
might say he attempted  
him in our presence that he  
would be embarrassed, and that  
such an intimate case of  
not true would embarrass  
the Government in Secretary  
Corner. He said it is  
absolutely true undoubtedly

They would call us up and ask  
our advice.

But believe this is desirable  
and so the ability is made and  
they does not consent to call  
will go to them.

So there is not a doubt  
on Dec 4, 33 there will be only  
1 Republican on the Board -  
Ew Mays and Cullen Jan 25  
when Mays has expired under  
Dec 4. There will be on Board  
only Ew Mays, Cull, Kulla and  
June, so that after there  
will have 4 men on only  
enough to require 5  
members.

But believe it would relieve  
the Roosevelt of a terrible  
burden of Mays is able and  
conferred. If not, hundreds  
of dirt barons were demand  
about was a few elements  
a politician would get it and  
hundreds of better elements  
doubtless admitted  
will be made.

Dec 8 (contd)

In re-arranging direction today  
Ew Mays succeed as the agent  
of a class & director and 69.  
He seem to be but we shall  
admit we are 60 years.  
He did say, however, that we  
should have a witness system.  
Kulla said no man was but  
to be an officer of M Syste who  
was not paying and enough  
to the salary to receive a  
contribution on his old age,  
at which the members smiled!  
Ew Mays has a substantial  
contribution for old age and other  
wishes it.

June 24th 1933 died with me

Dec 10. Sat.

Dec 9. Wed.

we asked Paulge to examine  
short of 4 years of Cull. See No  
+ 2 co. in application for admission  
to M Syste, of which Cull. See

a copy, to see if currency sleeves in a  
hopper on the Board, as James  
said he heard was the case.

Agden knew in annual report on Dec  
of Murray recommends a list of a  
joint committee of experts to study currency  
inflation and that all monetary laws  
be strengthened. He evidently wants  
to keep the Glass bias

H.P.H. went to a tea at Rutledge Meyer.

Dec 11. Sunday

To NY with H.P.H. Carnegie meeting  
& P.M. dinner in St. Bullen

Dec 12. Monday

Carnegie meeting.

Annual Report

Monday, Dec 13

Dec. 13. Tuesday

at Atlantic City, with H.P.H.

Dec 14. Wed.

Sent 15.01 to Sub. Res. - last report  
of money tax for 1932.

On Monday Dec 12 Fed allowed  
deposit of 95 million by Fed  
but in Dec 13 England committed  
on Atlantic City, and when 10% to  
cur money 95 million for 60  
of England to be used to 2.5 times  
the Fed 100 but to stick to 95  
million to Atlantic City.

Mr Meyer came on on a long talk  
evidently to represent currency  
w. case. He said whether he was  
his wife had made a political  
contribution since he came on  
Board

He also spoke very indirectly  
of Roosevelt currency, a  
new currency, but he stressed  
most clearly his belief that  
the would be continued  
He said Agden bills was strong  
type of money but whether  
became in the future in  
currency to Roosevelt he did  
not know.

He was thoughtful in a very  
subdued frame of mind.

We dined with Ellen Leonard.

Dec 15. Thursday

a report by Paul [unclear] [unclear]  
Mr. Stevens of [unclear] [unclear]  
and, with two others, ten cent.  
All [unclear] + [unclear] to about 1 million  
two hundred thousand dollars with  
collateral of [unclear] [unclear] value  
of only about \$500,000. The [unclear]  
Allen would state in his report  
to be of doubtful worth.

Dec 16 Friday

Received letter from Helen South  
on Bermuda.

Some days ago Board was  
discussing Clayton Act [unclear]  
and Helen said Board had  
been subject to [unclear] and  
without any basis [unclear].

He cited case of Hall as  
interlocking directors of 2  
California banks, as a flagrant  
decision. [unclear] looked at  
the [unclear] granted and  
found words in it, - [unclear]  
issued by [unclear].

Allen left today to visit in Newark.

Yesterday [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]  
Board to discuss [unclear] select  
in Atlantic City. Some [unclear]  
on 15 day Note, [unclear] [unclear]  
and [unclear] [unclear] by [unclear]  
[unclear] into [unclear] [unclear]. He  
wanted to [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] a  
See 10 below. Board [unclear]  
to [unclear] [unclear] on [unclear]  
stand.

The Penn. Insurance Co. has a  
Bermuda stock trust Co. was  
[unclear] down some time ago  
Board in its [unclear] to  
[unclear] [unclear] stock of a  
new bank at Ardmore, Pa.  
as [unclear] [unclear] of [unclear]  
branch bank [unclear].

Board has just learned that  
the bank has gone to [unclear]  
on behalf of its [unclear]  
a [unclear] of many [unclear] to  
subscribe to [unclear] stock of  
Ardmore bank.

The [unclear] was [unclear] [unclear]

Also and said the Board covered  
advised at that time were held;  
that the State Exhibit raised no  
objection either to the law or to  
branches was same as the Wash  
law.

Arthur attacked Board and said  
he was considering writing the  
bank to withdraw the M. B. L.  
Name said the law was presented  
to Chairman Arthur.

The Board members were almost  
violent in attacking Board.  
said said Arthur was to be  
excused but not really the  
Board knew of the law  
before it was carried out,  
and he felt the attack  
on Board was not justified.  
The Board clearly went too  
far, and really, look back  
that the Board is really  
responsible for everything the  
M. B. L. did.

N. Red just by saying decision  
to increase mortgages a little  
probably.

Dec 17. Sat.

When Richmond votes to cut down  
gallery and work of head by  
73000:

Solomon	cut down
James M. 1200	5000
Wm 1200	5000
Asbridge	18000
	<hr/>
	73000

Not asked for further details.

We dined w. Ch. Walker to meet  
Judge & Mrs. Hoban.

Sarah Borville calls on me.

Sent 500 show card + 10 cards to West Mo  
by sale.

Dec 18. Sunday

We lunched w. Miss Hageman.

Dined with Mrs. Lanning.

Dec 19 Monday

M. Arthur came before Board.

admitted that he knew of  
proposed acts of Pen. Bureau to  
before it had finally been  
taken in check, and said he should  
have notified Board.

also introduced Motion that the  
Chairman Pen. Bureau investigate the M. B. L.

given by Mr. Stevens to Nat. Com. being  
approved by Com. Ill., Mr. and Mrs.  
q. Motion voted in favorably.

Resolved by Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. 20 9 and that the Com. be  
be 20. Tuesday

An ordinance came before Board.  
The said ordinance was so called in  
Cleveland Dist. that to be to report  
of Com. + the Finance report made  
very serious trouble; that he had  
talked with the trustee about  
delance and he and they advised  
Board to refer report delance +  
trust to the trustee as report  
to be accepted at pleasure of  
Board; that meantime he  
would look around for a  
good success. He said he  
valued the grant of delance  
work in especially for the  
line held to the trustee trust  
co + felt the Bd was justified  
in getting an end to the relation  
but felt in view of the current  
situation it would be well to  
do as he had suggested

He said he had not talked in the trustee  
now in the direction about him;  
that he did not know as to the  
trustee's of his own; that he  
was now sick. He suggested that  
the trustee should be as usual,  
and at earliest opportunity he  
would talk with him, ascertain  
the facts, talk with the trustee  
and advise our Board

Board, sitting as office. Com. voted  
unanimously to carry out trustee  
advice.

Present: Geo Meyer, Esq. James  
Meyer  
Heller absent - sick.

Wish Catherine want a letter.  
Wish Helen Brewer ..  
Heller was here seen in last session  
Monday night.

Dec 24 Sat.

Janet Gooden wrote that she could not come to tea today as she had to work on her class.

Wrote Marion Sample.

Dined w. Mrs. Under. Evening.

Dec 25. Sunday Christmas Day.

Mrs. Sophie Bond a 2<sup>d</sup> cousin of HPH has been in Washington for 10 days, staying at Carlton Hotel. She is now ill - probably the Grippe.

We lunched with Mr. Neff to meet Admiral Stout.

We dined w. Mr. & Mrs. Heston Newell, the Dutch Minister and wife - Van Ruy - and others.

Dec 26 Monday

Wrote Judy Grant - recovery from catarrh of nose.

HPH - supper w. Ch. & Anne

Spent all night & day for 2 days.

Dec 27. Tuesday

Letter received very nice letter from Marshall Roosevelt.

Round trip w. street for work - subject reported by Chicago.

at suggestion of Merrill will send list, the Board having settled the principle - earlier vote

he would vote for it as a

member of the Council so it

could be acted on by the

Council - moving over the objection

to the plan on principle

Round trip. Mr. Albert of a

see Shaker or Lab. Rev. to

Miss Cleary, Shaker owned

w. his family a controlling

interest in a de. Gov. of

St. Louis.

Ad. discussed whether a

rev. ought to be transmitted

to our sheet in a de. Gov.

altho. said does not wish it,

but was for a conference

w. Rev. Mr. J. J. J.

Willed  
Prayer, Neck, son of Tom Jr and  
Korramund died from chest balloony  
a chest for acute bronchitis, a  
crustion Co, Dec 24.

Dec 28. Wed.

See letter for 1/2 term, she never  
mentioned her visit to her Mother.  
Janet Richardson sends me a letter  
telling me our relationship, dated  
Dec 27.

Dec 22. Monday

Mr Grant sends me a communique  
for Anna on balloons:-

Mr Grant:

Well, I have both Anna & Frank  
near today, I think she is near  
now, is that so?

Joe:

You should have very anxious  
to get to her Mother and Father

Mr Grant

So glad to hear you came  
to see Anna, were you there?

Anna.

You I do want to cheer, to send them  
my love and say lots more if I  
could only get it to them.

My dearest of all friends - you I'll say  
that ever if it is a bit more to my  
heart's heart. You will truly love to  
not and always have been, you still  
are even over here. I feel your loving  
thoughts of me continually.

How I loved the Christmas time with  
you as a little girl when I used to  
hang my stockings up and squeal with  
delight over everything you gave me.

I can see the things now that stand  
out in my memory. My best big doll,  
my first horse that I loved so  
dearly - - -

My love

Mr Grant

She is showing me a lot of  
things but it is hard to distinguish.

A watch, a pearl but with something  
- it she was very kind of, and  
brose, one of which she held close  
to her, something she carried with  
her most of the time.

I see several days standing by the, one a black one and a brown one, the brown day has choppy hair, these days by the best

Mama

I have been trying to show the best some of my treasures, a very few of them, my dear.

I am with you, my darling family a great deal of the time, we have regularly had parties together you and I, the Olives grandmother, who is such a fun over-herb - she is young as I was on earth, and oh, such a lot of relatives on both sides.

It is such a comfort to see to be near you at times, you can count on me most of the time, I love to be near.

We are so happy with you, and we have no chuckle, - it seems as if you must be with you and try to smooth the way for you.

I know these anniversaries are hard for you, but try to think of all

pleasures since I came over here, Father, you would call it really valuable work. I have learned to live because I know what life means.

I have learned how much interplay there is between earth and Heaven, if you wish to ease their pleasure by their old names.

We are closely bound together in our lives, we are not separated for one earth of here and for a long time. It was one time in earth, that was out of our recent earthly character development, I wish I could set down for heaven and back things over.

You and I are living together now and now, Father and Mother, you are every nearer to me in thought and interests all the time and I am telling you how very all I can.

I am looking back at your head as I did when a little girl but the time I am looking you.

When they never faulted, my dear one  
on your dear <sup>dear</sup> Army in battle running  
ahead of us, with his hair blowing  
as usual

The sheet is right and it is living

Every  
Anna

Dec 25. Christmas

Catherine Grant sent me a  
copy of Mozart and to H & H  
a history of New Amsterdam N.Y.

Bertie sent Mr. Walker a card  
on Christmas. In that year  
she has always sent us one  
but this year nothing has come!

Dec 17.

Prof Robert Oliver, 4  
Lenthall Road, Reading.  
Informed me that  
he had located the other  
copy sheet - the Burn-  
-Dumbold letter, though it was  
not in the chronological Burn  
Dumbold, but was in the  
Burn House - Dumbold.

He said the sheet was bound in a  
leather cover; that it originally  
belonged to Provost General of Dumbold;  
that it was bought and presented to  
the Dumbold House by Mr James  
Barrie, at Provost General's death  
He said he had deliberately  
sweating it as it was indexed as  
part of a letter to an "unknown  
correspondent".

He said he compared it with  
one photostated copy and in every  
part (?) - size and type of paper,  
writing etc - it is clearly what  
Prof Wilson says it is - the ballroom  
sheet to you, and that of the  
letter Burn sent to her Dumbold  
on 7 October, 1788.

He gave a copy of the letter in  
another sheet.

He said he was trying to get a  
photostated copy of it which he  
saw of the Dumbold Burn club  
then promised and then to  
have taken.

He now has another photostated  
copy of one unnumbered &

just to the editor of the Bureau  
Chronicle etc etc etc.

(copy letter in book in Sunday office)

also in Dec 20 sends her another  
presidential copy and asks if  
the Bureau club would exchange  
the one Bureau letter to Dr. Nelson  
copy - too

also sends Prof. Hagen a copy of  
Bureau letter.

also sends her Green a copy

Dec 30. Friday

Had a lunch at Wm. B. Co.  
club for Sophie Bessie. Present.  
Mr. Cary, Rachel Hall, Ellen  
Lemond, Melinda Hays, Mrs.  
Huffman, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Hays

Rob Woolley called.

He said he asked Adm. Hays to  
to ask her when her a subject  
to French Revolution committee  
by Hays and Dr. She is very  
cold towards her

Woolley said her W. just as she was  
saying for John said - I am broken  
nowise!

He also said Andrew Hays felt very  
sad the few he had met had been  
to, although Woolley said he had  
sent in some material with her  
few days. He said Swager clearly  
was a man of ability but an  
intellectual snob.

Dec 31 Sat

Dr. Hays sent me a bottle of  
new so-called dates.

Janet Girardeau called.

Two or three days ago Mrs. O'Bag, of the  
NY State Comm wrote Bette from  
Ireland every reader of the Comm.  
The News was with her monthly  
articles; that a well known copyist  
wrote while in the office and  
me of H & H's letter, said it was  
admirable and congratulated  
the News on being with a  
correspondent.

Jan 11. Sunday

Last week Bob Lowry said he would  
take us down if he would across the  
See us state, it obvious. He said -  
don't ask me. I have had two  
business. In 1929 I could have  
retired comfortably; I invested  
my earnings in secured common  
stocks and now everything is shut  
to hell!

Jan 2. Monday

Sophie Borel dined with us.  
She is certainly a most fascinating  
woman, very handsome and intelligent.  
-gent. She has been receiving medical  
attention in Washington.  
We went to see at Capital Hill,  
then for the Treasury staff and  
Board.

Jan.

Jan 3. Sunday

Lunched w. Mr + Mrs Haughe  
Dined w. Mrs. Welton.

Mr Harvey called me at  
10.30 PM and said that  
James Warden could get no  
work and was almost desperate

She said her Mother said her not to  
come down or later was nothing  
then for her to do, and that she  
did not dare to go to try to  
see Aunt for fear she might  
lose some opportunity there.  
Aunt said he was doing all he  
could to find some place for  
her, but could find nothing.  
She said she was taking the  
train tomorrow to a Mr. Walker who  
asked her to bring them, and  
would let me know the result.

Jan.

Jan 4 and 5

Government Conference.  
See next page.

Wed. Jan. 4, 1933:

The Governors met with the Board as an Open Market Committee this morning. Governor Meyer stated very briefly that the position of the Board as to its open market policy which should be taken today, was one of the most important in the history of the system. He rather inclined to the view that we should continue our open market policy without change, for if we changed, the public would be likely to take alarm, and also the banks might become frightened and try to dispose of their Government securities. He also spoke of the danger of inflation from bills introduced in the present Congress.

He also stated that the result of the election had not been such as to inspire confidence in the country.

Secretary Mills then addressed the meeting, stating that it made practically no difference to the Treasury whether the System adhered to or changed its present open market policy; that of course the Government was getting money at too low a rate, and begged the Governors not to consider the interests of the Treasury - whatever they might be - in any conclusion they reached. He said, however, that if the Board were to change this policy today, it would undoubtedly give impetus to a great many inflationary bills now pending. He said that the demand for inflation was never as great in the country's history as it is today, and any change in the attitude of the System would simply increase the agitation for cheap money. He said that further issues of cheap money, so-called, after being first paid out to individuals, would drift into the banks, and then into their reserve account with the Federal reserve banks, merely increasing the present excess reserves. He characterized the pending bill for agricultural relief as an absolutely insane proposition.

Governor Harrison then addressed the meeting and gave a very fair statement of reasons why the policy should be continued, and at the same time, the principal arguments existing for a change in the policy. He said that today the 600 millions of excess reserves were concentrated in New York and Chicago, and that if this should increase very much, the chance would be that the banks would cease to pay any interest on deposits, which would undoubtedly increase hoarding.

He stated, on the other hand, that if the banks, especially the New York and Chicago banks, were to discontinue paying interest on bank balances only, that this would tend to scatter the excess reserves now deposited in New York and Chicago throughout the country, and would bring a pressure for using them which did not now obtain. While he said he had an open mind, I am inclined to think that he favors no change in present policies.

Governors McDougal, Seay and Calkins seemed to favor a change, as also Governor Young.

The meeting adjourned at 1 o'clock, the Governors to go into executive session in the afternoon, to be ended by another meeting of the Board.

In the afternoon, the Governors continued their conference, and finally Governor Harrison brought in a resolution which provided for the sale of 125 millions of short term Government bills during the month of January, but expressed the opinion that the total excess reserves should not be allowed to fall beyond 500 millions.

Governor Harrison stated that his former statement that it would be a good thing to scatter the excess reserves by putting an end to interest on bank balances was unanimously opposed by the Governors, as they thought the only effect would be that each bank would have to lower interest still further on deposits, thus encouraging hoarding.

The Board objected to mentioning the figures 125 millions and 500 millions, and also to some other parts of the proposed resolution. The Board then adjourned until Thursday.

Thursday, Jan. 5, 1933:

The Board met. Governor Harrison brought in another resolution which, after some discussion and some amendments, was agreed to by the Board.

The Board then met in conference with the Governors,

Wed. Jan. 4, 1933

The Governors met with the Board as an Open Market Committee this morning. Governor Meyer stated very briefly that the position of the Board as to its open market policy which should be taken today, was one of the most important in the history of the system. He rather inclined to the view that we should continue our open market policy without change, for if we changed, the public would be likely to take alarm, and also the banks might become frightened and try to dispose of their Government securities. He also spoke of the danger of inflation from bills introduced in the present Congress.

He also stated that the result of the election had not been such as to inspire confidence in the country.

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and the final resolution was adopted, no mention being made of the specific amount of securities to be sold, or of the specific amount at present of excess reserves.

There was a gentlemen's agreement, however, covering four points:

1. That the Executive Committee is authorized to allow the maturity without replacement or to sell up to \$125,000,000 of securities from System account in order to offset an equal amount of return flow of currency, provided such action does not reduce excess reserves below \$500,000,000;
2. That the computation to determine whether there has been a return flow of currency to the amount of \$125,000,000 will be made from the high point of the Christmas holiday circulation;
3. That the present level of excess reserves means approximately \$500,000,000;
4. That if, after selling, anything should happen to reduce excess reserves below \$500,000,000, the Executive Committee is authorized to purchase securities but will not increase the System account above the amount now held, without another meeting of the Conference.

The question then came up of some public announcement, and after much discussion Governor Meyer appointed Dr. Miller, Governor Harrison, C.S.H. and Governor Norris to retire and prepare a statement.

A statement was finally prepared based on one offered by Dr. Miller, but with many changes. C.S.H. thought it was too long and too much like an essay, and he suggested the following as a substitute:

"It was determined that no change should be made in the general policy of maintaining excess reserves at least equal to the present volume. Minor readjustments in connection with currency and gold movements and other conditions which might develop, shall be made as conditions develop, in the manner and the times consistent with this general policy."

Thursday, Jan. 8, 1933

He stated, on the other hand, that if the banks especially the New York and Chicago banks, were to discontinue paying interest on bank balances only, that this would tend to scatter the excess reserves now deposited in New York and Chicago throughout the country, and would bring a pressure for raising them which did not now obtain. While he said he had an open mind, I am inclined to think that he favors no change in present policies.

Governor McAdams, Governor Meyer and Governor Norris seemed to favor a change, as also Governor Young.

The meeting adjourned at 1 o'clock, the Governors to go into executive session in the afternoon, to be called by another meeting of the Board.

In the afternoon, the Governors continued their conference, and finally Governor Harrison brought in a resolution which provided for the sale of 125 million of short term Government bills during the month of January, but expressed the opinion that the total excess reserves should not be allowed to fall below 500 million.

Governor Harrison stated that his former statement that it would be a good thing to scatter the excess reserves by cutting on interest on bank balances was unanimously opposed by the Governors, as they thought the only effect would be that each bank would have to lower interest still further on deposits, thus encouraging hoarding.

The Board objected to mentioning the figure 125 million and 500 million, and also to some other parts of the proposed resolution. The Board then adjourned until Thursday.

The Board met. Governor Harrison brought in another resolution which, after some discussion and some amendments, was agreed to by the Board.

The Board then met in conference with the Governors.

C.S.H. however, finally accepted the longer resolution which was then reported to the conference, and unanimously adopted.

The vote of the Governors for the resolution was unanimous, but three Governors stated certain qualifications; namely, that they felt that more than 125 millions should be sold at once, and that 500 millions was too large a figure for permanent excess reserves. These Governors were McDougal, Young, and Seay.

The meeting then adjourned.

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and the final resolution was adopted, no mention being made of the specific amount of securities to be sold, or of the specific amount at present of excess reserves.

There was a gentleman's agreement, however, covering four points:

1. That the Executive Committee is authorized to allow the authority without replacement or to sell up to \$125,000,000 of securities from System account in order to offset an equal amount of return flow of currency, provided such action does not reduce excess reserves below \$200,000,000.

2. That the committee to determine whether there has been a return flow of currency to the amount of \$125,000,000 will be made from the high point of the Christmas holiday circulation.

3. That the present level of excess reserves means approximately \$200,000,000.

4. That if, after selling, anything should happen to reduce excess reserves below \$200,000,000, the Executive Committee is authorized to purchase securities but will not increase the System account above the amount now held, without another meeting of the Conference.

The question then arose as to some public announcement and after much discussion Governor Meyer appointed Dr. Miller, Governor Harrison, C.S.H. and Governor Morris to retire and prepare a statement.

A statement was finally prepared based on one offered by Dr. Miller, but with many changes. C.S.H. thought it was too long and too much like an essay, and he suggested the following as a substitute:

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The vote of the Governor for the resolution was unanimous, but three Governors stated certain qualifications; namely, that they felt that more than 125 million should be sold at once, and that 500 million was too large a figure for permanent excess reserve. These Governors were McDonald, Young, and Seay.

The meeting then adjourned.

*[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten notes on lined paper, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side.]*

Jan. 4. Wednesday

Sophie Burrell called and stayed over to dinner with us.

She is really one of the most <sup>interesting</sup> and beautiful women I have ever seen.

Jan. 5.

Sophie Burrell went to Ann Arbor and called in this afternoon.

Harriet wrote that Hodder had become involved and had gone into bankruptcy; liabilities \$50,000; and practically insolvent.

Jan. 6. Friday

Nesta and Sophie Burrell dined with Allen Leonard.

Carl wrote collector Grand thanks for her two present - two labels of Bergsund.

Called in Janet Goodwin who said she was to go to her school in Washington and the Marshall thought he might get some work for her.

Nesta Burrell to whom Carl had written concerning Janet Goodwin called and telephoned Monday at 4 P.M. for her to call on her & he said he would give her some letters which might help.

Nesta spoke to Mr. Nelson who said Janet should write to and Admiral Grayson, asking for a check under the name of Carl.

Carl wrote Janet about her Burrell.

Carl visited Mrs. Burrell in Telegraph City who asked if we could bring Sophie Burrell to lunch with us Sunday, told me that Sully Nelson (Nelson) died Wednesday Jan 4 at her daughter's in Pa. Carl worked and wrote Alex. Nelson study sympathy.

On Tues. Sophie Burrell to dinner at Ann. Nat. Alm. Club.

Jan.  
Jan 7. Sat.

Wright said he heard Hester say  
to Geo Meyer that he was probably  
the best member of the Board  
to oblige himself for that work,  
to which Geo Meyer replied  
I also obliged myself for  
my part!

Wrote Sublie Borville sendy to  
a copy of Geo Bruce's attack  
on Carter's attack on F. O. B. and  
defense of the new House  
policy of non-recognition of  
territory seized by violence:

Went to Ballou and attended  
the funeral of Sully Nelson  
(Hester). Geo Bruce saw me  
and remarked on my sitting in  
the pew with the family.

Jan.  
Jan 8, Sunday.

Geo Meyer 7. Beyond did this  
morning at 1 A M

We took our cousin, Sophie Dorrel  
to luncheon at Dexter, Ind. with  
Geo Senator and Geo Bruce.  
I bought round trip RR tickets  
at abnormally low rates - \$1.25  
each - only to arrive, too late.  
They were not good in parlor  
cars but only in ordinary  
coaches. However we subsisted  
in the spirit of true democracy  
and equality, and found the  
journey perfectly comfortable.  
Sophie charmed our hosts and  
their other guests - herself and  
Geo Allen her son, and Nelson  
Cleveland, the son of President  
Grover Cleveland. She was  
quietly but charmingly dressed  
and we were both proud of  
having such a cousin.  
It was quite a long day but  
when we returned at 5 P M  
both Bertie and Sophie seemed

fresh and vigorous.

On further reflection, I am satisfied that my first impression, alluded to before in this diary, is correct - viz that Sophie Borst is one of the most agreeable, interesting, intelligent, and, as well, one of the most beautiful women I have ever met. On both hands an affection and love for her as if she was our own sister.

Jan.

9. Monday

Sophie Borst called on me for tea Monday, down at the West door, saying she wished to go over the White House, but the attendants would not let her enter unless and until she presented a letter from some prominent person in the administration.

She came into my office and we had a nice chat together and then I went over to the White House with her and we had no difficulty in being admitted.

I asked her if she would like

to go down into the vaults of the Museum, N.Y. and she said she would very much, so I dictated a letter of introduction to Chairman Cook and Geo. Harbo. I called on Cook and he said he would be delighted to show her over the vaults; I will find time to see tomorrow.

called in evening into Peter's - Sen. & Mrs. Harbo.

Cook explained to them on the House exhibit. Harbo said it showed clearly an emergency; that the Democrats in Senate voted not to embrace article whose terms of force after Dec 4, would say + Navy and cause of emergency; that a course was adopted to remedy and report on to Congress - Harbo. Baskin and the thought Baskin; that he would take it up tomorrow evening; that he had no doubt they would

accepted the evidence.

Carl said the talk was fairly well  
between Democrats & he would like  
to have his message on the opportunity.

Elmer said he would be glad to  
see him

Carl said he would leave it to  
him to decide who was not to  
comment on Roosevelt.

Carl left with a letter to be  
written and a memorandum on  
the subject.

Carl sent a copy to Helms.

As we left Elmer said I will  
take care of that at once.

Elmer agreed that it would be  
inconspicuous to have Roosevelt  
in the 1st tier ahead of  
members of the Fed

Elmer interested last debate  
in the case might be presented  
by Govt, perhaps through the  
liquidator, Covert. He said the  
would certainly be one way  
of embodying the beauty  
system

Carl called at Joe Meyer at 9.30 PM  
and told him the whole story.

Jan 10. Tuesday

Joe Meyer went to cabinet to  
see Sen. Elmer. Returning, he said  
he had had a very satisfactory  
interview, but he did not  
communicate with Carl!

Sophie Dorris dined with us.

Carl gave her letter to Carl and  
Joe Harris, March 27.

Jan 11. Wed

We attended funeral of Mr. Bequest.  
The church was well filled.

Carl and Bertie went to Carlton  
Hotel to bid good bye to  
Sophie Dorris. Carl went with  
me to the station and saw her  
off in the 4 PM exp. Limited.  
She certainly is one of the most  
charming women I ever met,  
and being old enough to be  
the father. Carl can speak

without restraint.

On ~~Monday~~ <sup>Tuesday</sup> evening last when she dined with me she inserted a card reading from his diary as to the day with Sen + her Bruce on Sunday. Carl tried to correct it but she inserted, so he read it alone. Carl told her he was an old man and she a young woman, otherwise he would never read what he had written. After hearing it she was very much abashed and when Carl said he looked the respectable sentiment as abject and love of Peter's eyes for her, she started out her hand, took Carl's and said almost with sob that she did indeed.

Jan 12. Thursday

Carl wrote the House going to see Soble Rogers NY address - The New <sup>Hotel</sup> Hotel, 50 E 5th and Madison Ave. N.Y. saying that he would call her up and get a date for his visit

To the N.Y. Govt.

Jan 11. Wed

We dined with her + the Charles Elliot and Sam Elliot - they send Charles into trying to obtain the points of our Sec. as he continues out with some novel to all state

Jan 12. Thursday

Geo Meyer left Board meeting at 11.45 and attended meeting at Mount N.Y. district at 2 PM. leaving by airplane.

He did not say where he was going but merely that he would be back on Sat. but he said he had gone to the directors meeting.

The inspection methods are getting on Carl's nerves.

Jan 11. Wed

We called on Mrs. Sen. Carey. We went to her at her Alex Rodffe in honor of their golden wedding.

Her early send Reached Hotel but her very kind in being there

try to get Sara Curry into the jeans  
heap, but it was bust, and she  
she got her work made by Susie  
Lundgren.

Carl showed us him to Rachel Hill  
at the Redden line.

Her Curry had said she had Rachel  
all about her daughter, but Rachel  
had better she had not shown  
of her last affair.

Jan 13. Wed

Carl of Albany, NY called. He said  
Meybaum, of Ford & Taylor, a director  
of the Albany, NY, had cut down  
the currency as low as 10% and  
intended to cut again; that the  
currency had 10% down in the  
current stock and would pay  
a further bonus. To ease the  
seems needed.

Carl wrote Sublim Berril a  
long letter telling her, among  
other things, to come on the  
Hudson boat at the bank when  
had met her.

Carl also informed Tom that

that he had time to time she would work  
him, and he would on her best try  
to reach her in touch with the old  
and blues of neglected titles and  
also with international currents.  
He also enclosed another letter  
of the same parallelly November  
and Howard, much to her disadvantage  
of the latter.

Sublim Berril writes H.H.

This morning Sublim wrote Berril  
a very long note, sending me both  
the letter, and saying it must  
gratefully and affectionately.  
She also thanked Carl for the  
recalls he gave her at the time.

Janet Warden writes that she hoped  
get her a chance to work me from  
a day or a week, but she refused  
it as she had other things to  
do.

Jan 14. Sat

Sublim wrote Berril and she says as  
a result she is sending her.

Jan 15. Sunday

We dined at Sulphur Club with  
Robert Boardman. He called on Mrs. Louis  
Sunderoff, 1822 1/2 St. in Suite 1034  
Mrs. Sage, daughter of [unclear], etc.

Jan 16. Monday

did receive a very good letter from  
Sobhie, with a calendar as a  
present. Sends her love and tells  
it, "abstemiously, Sobhie."

also writes Helen Grant a long  
letter.

We go out to Sherman Center to  
see Ober [unclear]. Just that  
Bessie [unclear] in with  
them and Bertie leaves a  
note for her.

Jan 14. Sat

We went to the [unclear] Club  
in honor of Mrs. [unclear]. She was  
very cordial and said [unclear]  
to have a good talk with [unclear]  
about John.

Jan 16. Monday

Nancy [unclear] called me up and  
said the ballots of the [unclear] Club  
are to be candidates for President  
and [unclear] for Bertie and  
hoped not to receive her ballot.

Bertie [unclear] present of a glass  
box for Sobhie.

and we had [unclear] write [unclear]  
that she would give a [unclear]  
copy of the [unclear] - [unclear] letter  
to the [unclear] House in [unclear]  
in return for a copy of the 2nd  
love sheet.

Bertie wrote and [unclear] of  
Sobhie's [unclear] showing her  
reluctance to [unclear] - 3rd [unclear]  
In Secret [unclear] In Secret [unclear]

Jan 17. Tuesday

did write Sobhie [unclear] a long  
note

heard [unclear] interesting [unclear]  
of [unclear] in 1st Nat. [unclear] and

Mr. Benson went to conference with  
 Board came before Board sometime  
 ago. The vote was:  
 Aye. In favor, James, Hays, etc.  
 No. Orville  
 call board to vote on last 1st  
 1st Nat. had always been a col  
 men bank, with only 8 directors,  
 some of whom were business men  
 but recently officers connected  
 with the bank; that Board  
 satisfied me that he needed  
 some outside members on the  
 Board; that he did not see,  
 through in order to get new  
 business men to enter into  
 connection, but simply to get  
 benefit of his business judgment.  
 Board also explained that  
 there was a substantial  
 stockholder - the 1st Nat  
 by all advised granty, then  
 Petition.

Meeting today, wrote a letter to the  
 Com. Nat. Bank club that it  
 nominated and elected Nelson  
 she would accept and do her  
 best to every one.  
 Nancy Brown told me yesterday  
 that there were many guests  
 better business in the club but that  
 every member joyfully accepted  
 Nelson as the ideal woman for  
 the job. Nancy said it was  
 the finest tribute of love and  
 devotion she had ever seen  
 At Board meeting, Clyde Smith said he  
 had intended to raise \$50 with  
 10 year bond at 3 1/4%, but that  
 the market at Board today of  
 only 38 million bonds was so low  
 that it had been so great on the  
 necessary investment; that Carl  
 said it was now out of the  
 question.  
 The Hays very generously desired  
 them and said for some day

after the next statement, Geo. Seeg  
 work; that only a few people  
 really wanted participation. He  
 also denied that the Press took  
 attitude incident by itself; that  
 he knew such an incident would be  
 fairly today. Geo. Seeg was  
 decidedly "rough neck" in his  
 treatment of Keith after case  
 heard as a fact Geo. Seeg saying  
 have been more nearly right  
 than Keith.

Jan 18 Wed.

This morning D. Y. Lewis in bus  
 column said the actor in lobby  
 seats was off and had a  
 bad chest on the bus market.  
 We dined with Max Moore.

Jan 19. Monday

Geo. Seeg wanted that the Home  
 had told he was contemplating  
 going abroad but would not see  
 the case. Sat.  
 The Bd. would have stood at belt

is not advisable under present conditions  
 but would like to know just why  
 he wanted to go abroad.

Geo. H. said Geo. H. said Geo. Seeg  
 wanted him to go but when some telephone  
 was telephoned to him (as Geo. Seeg  
 was meeting today), Geo. H. was very  
 annoyed at least a formal telegram  
 sent him or he said he had made  
 the suggestion but why to a Geo. Seeg  
 the Seeg.

The Williams of Cleveland came. Geo.  
 Miller passed and said the Seeg  
 would appear before the Board of  
 trustees at its next meeting and  
 explain fully all his transactions.

Miller seemed to feel that while  
 the Seeg was entirely innocent  
 in the man's transaction, and clearing  
 was not absolutely, yet that he  
 is troubled the Geo. Seeg should be  
 dropped in 1935.

Geo. Seeg decidedly disagreed and  
 said the Williams' transaction

was no room for <sup>dropping</sup> anything else at all,  
 and that any official statement  
 issued by the Board for Control  
 should be sent to all banks.  
 I cited the W.B. N.Y. rule  
 but Miller said he did not  
 favor adopting any such rule,  
 then what are we to do?

Jan 20 Friday

Mr. Hume told me that Mr. Kern  
 had acted very discourteously  
 in abruptly rejecting my request  
 to go abroad; that he had talked  
 the case over with him at least 10  
 days ago.

I said that he did not intend  
 it abruptly but merely mentioned  
 it; that members of the Fed  
 resented a meeting at office.

Mr. H said he had a letter  
 drafted in his charge over it.

Mr. H said the directors had  
 no objection at present but were  
 inclined to answer the Fed's  
 letter very cautiously; that  
 10 days ago he had spoken at our

in New Jersey in presence of U.S. &  
 Young; that he said there were  
 strong reasons for going and equally  
 strong ones for not going.  
 Mr. H said he asked me at least to  
 send the letter but he said he  
 could not control it.

Mr. Hume said Sublet Burt  
 called at the bank last Wednesday  
 and that he had his camera along  
 but we were ten minutes from the  
 celebration to the vaults; that he  
 had ten talks with me, the  
 last was 20 minutes; that the  
 was a most clearing evening  
 and he thanked me for going  
 in the opportunity to see him.

We called a Dutch dinner-out.

Mr. Hume said a majority of the  
 Governor in their treaty found a  
 complete reversal of our market  
 policy by letting the securities run off  
 permanently without replacing.  
 In every year a dinner at Com. Ben.

club, went to Mrs. Hargrave, the other  
to Paul, then Janet Dick, and Robt  
L. O'Brien.

Jun 21. Sat.

Mr. Hargrave called again. He said  
that the decision was not really  
to acknowledge that our Board had  
right to determine wh. or not it  
could send to you abroad.

We both agreed however that under  
the new plan here, when matters  
we would have to know

Edith said at first Gladys he was  
opposed to her going as was  
the majority of the Board;  
that one of our members was  
most complimentary to her, -  
that we knew of no one who  
spoke badly, whether of her  
her release or any great  
anxiety should arise when  
he was abroad. This seemed  
to please her.

Jun 22. Sunday

We levelled out the red below;

Jun 23. Monday

did receive long letter from  
Sobbie Burill. She says it - "see  
charlie", or was suggested in the  
last letter and signed it "Abstractly,  
Sobbie."

We called on Justice Brandler, the  
council, and Edith Hahn. The latter  
was out.

Jun 24. Tuesday

did send a long letter to Sobbie  
Burill.

Some days ago her name authorized  
me to write Prof. Blevins stating that  
Harper Library would give the Bureau  
Home a photostat of Bureau - Journal  
if it would give the Library out  
me a copy photostat of the 2nd  
level sheet. did write Prof. Blevins  
accordingly.

Jun 25. Wed.

at meeting of Board we considered  
the estimate of Mayes for last  
month. Board authorized me to  
call on Mayes and ask if an

approved letter for the Board to Glass  
would talk to Glass related that  
the day it would be held but  
must be sent immediately.

In P.M. call, Cuyler, Hoover and  
Hull drew up a letter and  
sent it to Glass - blow of  
smoke. See bank book.

Glass buying one more Senate, 54 to 9.  
Call writes to Catherine Reed.

The Meyer has been a dog all the  
week - has broken in and is  
criticizing w. Harriman.

Jan 26. Thursday

The Meyer said he heard at NY that  
Cuyler has thought the lead has very  
disappearing when he discussed the  
university and since before the  
Board. He said he was very sure  
as Hull had changed that the  
Board desire to get some facts from  
ob had reported the lead report.  
and made a call of 10 year  
bond issues, unfavorable; that

Hull was deceived by the NY advances  
and it is; that the result could  
have been made and could be made  
now; that the bond market had  
been since then.

The trouble with the Meyer is that he  
can not argue with vitally sound  
and pleasing thoroughly obvious.  
Hull did not attack the fact but  
merely said what was true - that  
the price dropped when the very  
one of facts or evidence of a  
changed policy.

The fact was we got more from  
the Governor than they remember  
in their hearts to give us; they  
only wanted a change of  
policy.

Call told Bill of Mr. Hull's request  
to read any reports we might  
have on the gold standard in Canada  
and suggested showing him Gardner  
report. After dinner call was  
authorized to tell Mr. Hull he  
could call on Gardner and he  
could tell him of the situation.

without greeting for the report.

last night we went to Hayblower  
as guests of her son Sam to hear  
a lady sing.

Mr Meyer said he heard Mrs West  
speak in the Union; that he showed  
absolute ignorance of the subject.  
I had never heard her change  
mind any more!

Mrs (Sen) Cary called up and said  
Meyer would be embarrassed at  
right; that they had told her  
so.

Prof Brown writes a long letter  
to object that he is sure the  
Bureau House would not exchange  
the 2nd hand sheet for the  
the National letter. See Sec 2nd.

Jan 27 Wed

Mr Meyer took car and  
Harris to lunch at New Willamette

Subtle Powell sends Berta a long letter  
dated yesterday. She said the Van  
Noyen had visited her. On the  
inquiries and to the church that  
she had received her most interesting  
letter and would soon answer it.

Jan 28 Sat.

Called up Glas 3.30 PM. He said  
there was no chance for Meyer -  
that he had talked with Sen Robinson  
and many others and they would  
not yield; that he had insisted  
on a vote in the Sen. Chamber  
knowing it would be useless.  
He also said if he insisted on a  
vote and was unsuccessful it  
would prejudice Meyer who  
nevertheless could not.

Carl asked if he thought Reynolds  
would send in Meyer's name  
He said yes of course.

He then said Carl insisted he  
should force a vote in the  
but that it was against his  
judgment.

Carl called Mr Lloyd Harris

and told her. We agreed to go over  
the matter with Hays in Monday  
to show Greenlee see of Tracy  
and back it in practically certain  
we will ask Roosevelt to obtain  
Hays.

Substantive Borel in her letter of  
Jun 26 to Bertie asked on to  
Kummen de Heesden.

Ed called in Carl Brown  
and found he was at the  
Broadway Hotel, Westchester  
co. N.Y.

Ed wrote Substantive Borel a  
short note saying that she  
would probably find her at  
above address

We attend tea at Com. building  
in honor of Mrs. Greenlee.

Ed calls on Mrs. Reddy and  
Mrs. Hurren - out.

Ed called - Rachel & John - out.

Jun 29. Sunday

Received letter from Catherine Grant.  
We lunched with Mrs. Hays  
and called on Molly Fairchild  
(Mrs. Stanley - Brown.)

Jun 30. Monday

In New York N.Y.

Called together Roy & Hurren, Marshall  
James and Hays and told them in a  
general way of my talk with them  
& told them there would be no answer  
as to what Roosevelt would do.  
All agreed that they only came to Hays  
was to wait patiently for Mrs. G. and  
then was Hays there.

Later I explained it to Dr. Miller  
who agreed. He thought the only  
dangers might be that Roosevelt  
might want to obtain Wallace.

There had had each of us

Dr. Page called - Glad Hurren 180-80  
said Hurren's medical blood Hurren  
- absolutely no worry in the subject  
before in the 80, whatever normal.

January 21. Tuesday

Dr. Dunn called and took blood and water specimens

Received a long delightful letter from Sophie Borzil.

Dr. Dunn report:

Sugar in urine 0

Blood sugar 20

Blood count. 2,000

H.P.H. wrote Sophie Borzil letter and

Herman Gade called.

Jan 1. Wed

Am from doctor. got letter from copy of Prof. ~~letter~~ letter. says the bone can ~~be~~ ~~restored~~ only to 2nd level chest.

got into long letter to Sophie Borzil.

got letter from the West Haven. Carl Brown called.

Jan 2. Thursday

Grand busy day. He saw <sup>Dr. Dunn</sup> Carl Brown.

Carl Brown, yesterday, said he believed absolutely in Dr. Buckner as the best man there; that at times, for myself show ~~less~~ ~~of~~ ~~last~~ ~~but~~ ~~was~~ ~~at~~ ~~last~~ ~~sure~~; that he never had any ~~contact~~ ~~with~~ ~~Dr~~ ~~Buckner~~ ~~Thursday~~; that ~~the~~ ~~man~~ ~~was~~ ~~not~~ ~~there~~, and ~~one~~ ~~of~~ ~~its~~ ~~members~~ ~~helped~~ ~~the~~ ~~man~~ ~~about~~ ~~5~~ ~~or~~ ~~6~~ ~~months~~, which ~~stayed~~ ~~at~~ ~~last~~; that they saw much of ~~Dr~~ ~~Buckner~~ ~~who~~ ~~seemed~~ ~~to~~ ~~be~~ ~~over~~ ~~the~~ ~~man~~ ~~but~~ ~~that~~ ~~Dr~~ ~~Buckner~~ ~~"challenged"~~ ~~him~~ ~~to~~ ~~do~~ ~~certain~~ ~~things~~ ~~in~~ ~~contact~~ ~~with~~ ~~the~~ ~~man~~ ~~which~~ ~~made~~ ~~him~~ ~~very~~ ~~indignant~~; that finally a ~~case~~ ~~of~~ ~~her~~ ~~case~~ ~~was~~ ~~obtained~~ ~~where~~ ~~for~~ ~~the~~ ~~man~~ ~~a~~ ~~clear~~ ~~view~~; that ~~one~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~men~~ ~~could~~ ~~also~~ ~~under~~ ~~stand~~ ~~found~~ ~~the~~ ~~man~~.

Janet Brandon called and

and said she had a temporary job but  
was to raise a list of ten papers  
for tomorrow & would let me know  
if successful.

cut out a voucher for 10 dates Jan 12  
for Mr Meyer for buying tickets to  
N Y via Ludington Co.

Feb 3. Friday

We placed a voucher in London  
book - anniversary of the date.

Feb 3. 1924

We called on Mr & Mrs Strother.

Mr & Mrs Sam Leonard and

Mr & Mrs Galt.

Friday, Mr Meyer came into cell  
office. He was very independent  
because he did not accept  
of being a man - did think  
a few - when he wanted  
ought a chairman of Mr  
Meyer. to get he had to vary

Feb 5. Sunday

called on Patton and outside  
Meyer

found at Sulgrave club with  
Mrs Currier.

Feb 6. Monday

called at Rachel Hall - out.

Feb 8. Wed.

Arthur said some years ago Mr  
Meyer consulted counsel with a view  
to visiting Helen on Southern Lake  
because of his objection to her  
parents. He sent a telegram of the  
will of Mr Miller called on counsel  
with Mr Meyer. He consulted Mr  
Burling, Helen's brother-in-law!  
Arthur said the disclosure of Mr  
Meyer in attacking Helen in the  
quarter of a bond issue was  
subtly disgusting.

cut sent Arthur condensed a warning  
report to friends at Board  
meeting was accepted by Leo

They not as an act of war, country  
but as a emblem of submissiveness  
to which Miller agreed

Sen Washinton called up cost  
and send many bad stories to  
him suggesting that one Brown like  
no other in Billy John A. Hutchins  
placed at Wash. Mem. Co 2 w  
3 months

cost said in the interest of  
it would scarcely be broken to  
lead up such an interesting  
vacancy.

Sen W. then said 7 months  
closed after death of  
Hutchins before the session  
was adjourned.

Sen W asked how Sen Bid  
would probably act and cost  
said very soon.

cost said some telegrams had  
come in and been cut when  
said he was a Cleveland  
Democrat and better better  
than any one else on the job

Sen W. said he thought largely of  
an amendment. cost said he did too  
but he, the voters and grand jurors  
were all Democrats, but that the  
M system was absolutely outside  
the realm of politics and that  
board selected the best men  
regardless of, and usually not  
knowing of the politics.

cost  
Sen W. did not ask for himself  
that the whole he had not  
that however the statements  
as to be agreed with the  
cost suggested that he would  
the Bid which would at once  
wholly but he was unwillingly  
to do this and cost said he  
would report the amendment  
to the Bid.

cost began that the next step  
was to bring forward a  
amendment to ask that the  
amendment be deferred

Hutchins sent in Phillips had  
been shamelessly treated by

House, and was practically bound  
to keep Ben Nelson and give  
absolutely no substance to

Canada. He said he had received  
that he hoped Mullikin would  
be sent to Italy.

Wright said Congress members  
or Texas told her earlier that  
no change would come to the  
Governor after March 4.

JPHH received an interesting  
letter from Sabine Board  
dated May. In it she stated  
that her delegation letter  
which she would answer  
that evening

May 9. Thursday

Received a letter from Sabine Board  
dated yesterday.

After the Board meeting Agda  
came out and offered me a  
a good lot. She told me that  
made me realize as far as the  
Money - in way to report to  
inside at meeting of the Board.  
She said there was no absolute

confidence and that he would say  
nothing more. He evidently  
understood what was in mind!

Board took up recent disclosure  
in the Chicago. He has just received  
bonds from a business bank to be  
presented for payment. Instead he  
submitted to a new issue and  
delivered the bonds as exchange.

The new issue was a check and  
he sold them at a profit of \$5000  
and then sent ten thousand  
bonds to the business bank, as if  
they had been redeemed in cash  
and held proceeds over - \$5000 -  
for himself.

We discovered also that he had bought  
and bought & sold first bonds in one  
day - a work sale - really and he  
nearly and made \$1500.!

Also an assistant to Under Sec  
Ballentine made similar work  
sales - as the above very dear  
this and Mr. R. & W.  
We sent Paul to Chicago to  
investigate

Called in Rachel Hale, and we had a nice talk. She seemed overjoyed to hear me - called me "Charlie" - was telephonic - she never did that before. She was just going out but begged me to call Sat. P.M.

Feb 10. Friday

Wrote Sophie Burrell and she was at Amador's club giving reminiscences of Presidents. Great success.

Feb 11. Sat

Called in Rachel Hale. She said she thought Gertrude Hayes had been speaking against her to Mrs Van Ness Ketchum.

Edna sends chocky on to above dinner to Sophie Burrell

Alma Ruffler dinner with us.

Feb 12. Sunday

Lunched w. Mrs McClinton - a farewell to Conrad and Corinne Cyclopedia. The Dutch Minister and Adm Van Ruyen were here and we had a nice talk with her about Sophie Burrell. We arranged that they would have tea to the ball and that we would attend to everything else.

Feb 13 Monday

Bond stock most of day, currency to believe bumpy market. There are two large banks of course, one being liquid and the other practically insolvent. Bond had 50 million in one bank and threatened to draw out 25 million tomorrow.

It was generally agreed that the suggestion that the two should purchase a western newspaper was a good one.

Jimmie said that under protest of the revolution in about should be made to leave the

deposition books a trail of lines depend  
perhaps by way of reference start and  
that the the books could be used  
in good evidence.

Dr. Miller suggested clearing leaves  
certificates w. vouchers to the  
Museum which would take  
outside checks in related books  
only on collection & in understanding  
that they could be used in  
clearing house certificates.

at 5.30 Board went over to  
R & C & we consulted together

In Meyer did not receive a  
single material suggestion  
he seemed to be in a  
state.

WMA suggested seeing a busy  
board of say 100 members.

he denied it. Job. Anderson

Thought about bill book money  
I should be able to handle it  
all right I should be able to

Feb 14. Tuesday

Robert Powell writes Peter a note  
congratulating her on her election as  
President of the A. J. L. for the  
South she was to meet w. Mrs. James Rowland.

Marshall told Carl yesterday that he  
and Maryd Harris were with Clyde  
Harris at the house Sunday P.M. and  
overnight. Extraneously that they did  
not notify Carl of the Detroit  
trouble!

Marshall said Mills really had the  
lead and blamed WMA for not  
doing more, but that he encouraged  
him that everything had been done  
which could be.

Marshall said the meeting had  
report did not break up until  
12.30 the evening; that in Chicago  
and vouching of Mich. were there;  
that Chicago worked hard &  
Fred but could accomplish  
nothing.

The two of perhaps had a  
unclaimed a week previous.  
Marshall said maybe still

Mullen suggest of clearing lumber  
contracts was not practicable  
and had clearing men and was  
wholly by clearing lumber, as  
also few houses were less today

Feb 15. Wed.

Mullen said possible indictments  
were before Dept of Justice in  
violation of Cont. Sec. Act & that  
co., and that he was called in by  
the government clearing men and  
asked to see Hoover that if the  
men were there could be great  
damage of Gov. & heavy lumber  
in the clearing district; that he  
delivered the message to Hoover

Mullen said few houses had a  
plan for started buying as  
delights to be used if need  
arise all were empty

Mullen said few houses, houses,  
and perhaps few people were  
working in the in Hoover.

Mullen said it was considered

that NY counsel was discussing  
Hoover, as against the idea of  
clearing lumber contracts and such.  
He said Hoover to Robins board  
the when to send the report to go  
to Hoover and vice versa; that they  
both agreed that Hoover would not  
have the courage to know and if  
however much he might want to.

Mullen agreed to that the Hoover  
and became absolutely negligible  
but that in nearly isolated ground  
it would take Hoover.

cut back on the whole that it is  
better for Hoover, heavy Hoover was  
the board - to go in as he was  
however but the course might be  
cut said to Mullen that the last  
obeyed - on a Board member a  
contractor select - clearing lumber  
contracts.

last report we heard as he still  
keep to meet in Hoover to  
Canadian reports to U.S.

Keller said the Hoover had been  
an under Sec. to Hoover, Stone  
and Keller.

Talking of desert Hoover 06929  
crit said Hoover undoubtedly  
admitted the Board policy but  
had not the guts to come out  
and say so, but that Joe Keller,  
the King & Klats sided against  
us; that Hoover looked like  
coward to see Keller the  
speculative activity must be  
stopped.

Keller said at the conference  
Monday was the behavior which  
the Meyer acted as if he were  
dazed - and tried really to  
obtain and that he acted in  
same way when we went over  
to the N.F.C.

We both believed that they  
demonstrate him.

When before the N.F.C. the  
Meyer acted like a whitehead  
day! What a climax!

The Meyer never came near the  
Board today - he is or used  
working with another crowd -  
Hoover, Hill & the Hoover

Keller said they ought to try to  
bring Parker Gilbert & Hebburn  
in both over to the money. He  
also suggested Stewart on the  
statute down chief.

We dined w. Mr & Mrs Coulter.

Met Madame Van Noye then.  
She said she would meet Gilbert  
Board at 11th St. at 3.30. Home  
2. crit was puzzled whether she  
wanted him to go or not.

Mo 16, Monday

We dined w. Mr & Madame Van  
Noye. Had a good talk with  
each of them. She said she  
would not go to state to meet  
Gilbert Board but would leave  
that to her.

Crit told her Van N. that he  
had letters on the matter and

would have the also on the evening.  
He said it was understood we  
would have care of Sabbath for  
the morning and afternoon of  
March 4. and said they were  
very much pleased at this.

Feb 17. Friday

Wyatt said they returned to  
accept the debt on a by Board  
giving contribution towards  
that promised by St. Louis and  
in a bulletin.

Wyatt said they had agreed on a  
draft of law based on 4%  
when giving contribution towards  
abolish currency, to bring  
debts to 4% - that the draft  
had been sent to <sup>by acting committee</sup> check + then  
in the state legislature  
would pass it; that to apply  
to do at once the above needs  
would have to be added.  
Wyatt was felt that they later  
might accept it.  
None of Board were consulted  
as to this!

Wyatt said that on Sunday when  
+ Clyde Miller had a letter given  
when Miller indicated the Board  
had done nothing in the Federal  
interest, Marshall saying that  
a plan at two days; that  
Marshall sent the Board had  
given consent to the Federal  
matter.

Two days however did not  
consult the Board until Monday  
the day after this view.

Feb 18 Sat.

The Board unanimously authorized  
the Min. Com. - two days and Miller  
to see Mr. Homburg the month  
of duration + March 10 Mr. Com. Min.

Netter yesterday wrote Ray Baker on a  
extra letter to swearing in of  
Roosevelt by Sophie Boverl, who  
she described as one of the owners  
Beverl family of Holland and  
well worthy to be classed as a  
distinguished visitor.

Feb 19. Sunday

Received a delightful letter, date Feb 18. Gen Schlie Boud.

Feb 20. Monday

Received letter from Catherine Hunt.

HHH received note from Ada.

Wagon about to be in the

General Inaugural Com<sup>tee</sup>.

Will write to Sophie Boud.

Will write to Catherine Hunt.

Wm asked Auld, for permission

to draw a line from Cambridge

Mass to another Nat Com<sup>tee</sup> to

write proposed state with

priority as to decisions and

authority of assets and without

any contingent liability on the

proposed stock.

Alden says he has heard that

Wm has definitely declined

to be Sec. of the Com<sup>tee</sup>.

Alden said Woods who is

located at Gen Sec. of Com<sup>tee</sup> is

a man of character, a best class business man, but is very independent business and one who will not be swayed up to Wm's level.

Alden said he had been reading several reports of Nat. Com<sup>tee</sup> assets, and that he believes that the tide will turn by next Fall.

Alden said Joseph Boud called on him & suggested that the abstract of Hetcher's success be held up for several months, at the same time recommending a candidate; that he had the abstract had already been decided on, that there was no trouble in it, and that he told her of the scandal at New City when Hardy asked Boud to abandon construction; that Boud took it very well. Will write Sophie Boud; also enclosed Feb 21. a letter to her from HHH

Feb 21. Tuesday

1888 had other sections taken by  
Harris + Currier, also by Richard

1888 in a gallery in Washington

Com.:-

Wesley Churchin:

United Com. Antiquarian Society

Com. Report Com. Public documents

Com. Review Com.

Had also Council met w Board.

Council presented, among others, a  
resolution calling on President Cleveland  
to advise at once to announce his  
financial policy, stating that the  
country was disturbed and demands  
of stability & peace is balanced  
budget.

Many claimed that after Lyden  
hills favored it. Finally it was  
agreed to leave the resolution  
but have one of the members  
in the Roosevelt and announce  
the the desirability of such a  
statement.

The Board was not called  
to vote. but each believe every

member could have voted No.

did believe it was a balanced view  
to embrace Roosevelt, and that if  
such a resolution should be put out  
it would cause a panic.

See hills his speech is a best  
discussed under his death mainly  
that point of view. could stand  
a breeze of debate by attending  
a conference.

There was always lines of a best  
drawn by Lyden and day also  
but different chiefly in being a  
claim that any bank with excess  
of capital could do better.  
Lyden observed the best but  
not it in at request of hills.  
Hills observed developed and  
been observed that it could be  
enforced on a declaration that  
one bank in US was insolvent  
and start a general run and  
hoarding of gold.

Hills said ten banks insolvent  
were surely sold out of  
the country and thereby lost  
the reserves.

Allen + Nelson have been told the  
business troubles were now localized  
and should be held so by view of  
of clear home citizenship and  
scrub.

No decision was reached.

Nelson looks like now to center  
me as liquid case was the  
concurrent by our Board!

All bills the draft we discuss  
some days also were better  
after it made the committee  
follow of 8 States.

Hills bill says down one grand  
law which in some ways to  
better but not and others  
believed it would start a  
panic!

The debt raised by Board  
with some amendments was reported  
yesterday by Senate Com -  
The Congress bill, then voted  
against it  
We went to the at Johnson  
Cubany.

Mr. Harlan volunteered to be a man and  
was asked by <sup>Adams</sup> Wilson to address it.  
He said the maximum value for  
redemption of bonds between 7 + 8  
billion not less than 7 + 8  
million now was ~~unworkable~~.

He said the ~~fact~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~fact~~  
had now ~~been~~ ~~settled~~ ~~by~~ ~~the~~ ~~Board~~  
on current ~~interest~~ and ~~that~~  
we had ~~nothing~~ to be ~~done~~  
except ~~to~~ ~~wait~~ ~~and~~ ~~see~~.

He said the ~~fact~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~fact~~  
undoubtedly ~~decided~~ ~~the~~ ~~dollar~~  
at least ~~and~~ ~~that~~ ~~the~~ ~~Board~~  
at least. ~~it~~ ~~was~~ ~~his~~ ~~belief~~

He said he could not see how  
republic could ~~be~~ ~~maintained~~  
except ~~on~~ ~~the~~ ~~fact~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~Board~~  
He said ~~the~~ ~~Board~~ ~~should~~ ~~not~~ ~~be~~ ~~convinced~~  
would not ~~be~~ ~~successful~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~long~~ ~~run~~  
but ~~it~~ ~~is~~ ~~not~~ ~~clear~~ ~~that~~ ~~a~~ ~~committee~~ ~~report~~ ~~which~~

would ~~deflate~~ ~~the~~ ~~value~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~dollar~~  
and ~~the~~ ~~value~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~dollar~~ ~~to~~ ~~be~~ ~~lost~~  
of one dollar, which ~~would~~  
gradually ~~depress~~ ~~the~~ ~~value~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~dollar~~

over the world, including the U.S.

He said... and... in... the... many... He... of... products... departments;... of... all... standard and... would... of... a... desirable... to... who...

Feb 22. Wash. but... Best... was... beautiful...

Feb 22. Monday... Received... saying... work...

at Bond... letter... kind... say... which... in... E... blip... need... the... named... station... in... will... Bond... later... Miller... co...

President As cabinet announced:

1 Hull. Sec of State

2 Woods. Navy

3 Swann. Navy

4 Walsh. atty gen.

5 Keiser. ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup> ~~War~~ <sup>War</sup>

6 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

7 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

8 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

9 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

10 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

11 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

12 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

13 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

14 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

15 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

16 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

17 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

18 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

19 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

20 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

21 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

22 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

23 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

24 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

25 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

26 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

27 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

28 ~~Wells~~ <sup>Wells</sup> ~~Interior~~ <sup>Interior</sup>

Hull and Lister was a ~~whistle~~  
but not a ~~movement~~ ~~change~~  
Chicago

On the whole, ~~less~~ ~~than~~ ~~the~~  
cabinet is ~~conservative~~ but not  
strong and ~~is~~ ~~not~~ ~~strong~~

Mr Lister had ~~not~~ ~~yet~~ ~~been~~  
ever ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~job~~ ~~of~~ ~~being~~ ~~in~~ ~~charge~~  
have ~~an~~ ~~appointment~~ ~~to~~ ~~the~~ ~~Sec~~  
of ~~State~~.

as to see Hull, ~~was~~ ~~remember~~  
that ~~had~~ ~~been~~ ~~in~~ ~~charge~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~  
Hull ~~policy~~ ~~and~~ ~~very~~ ~~in~~ ~~charge~~  
became ~~President~~ ~~and~~ ~~was~~ ~~not~~  
interested, ~~and~~ ~~was~~ ~~not~~ ~~in~~ ~~charge~~  
a ~~position~~ ~~to~~ ~~be~~ ~~in~~ ~~charge~~  
of ~~the~~ ~~policy~~ ~~and~~ ~~was~~ ~~not~~ ~~in~~ ~~charge~~  
and ~~was~~ ~~not~~ ~~in~~ ~~charge~~  
in. ~~But~~ ~~President~~ ~~did~~ ~~the~~  
ever ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~policy~~ ~~and~~ ~~was~~ ~~not~~ ~~in~~ ~~charge~~  
the ~~policy~~ ~~and~~ ~~was~~ ~~not~~ ~~in~~ ~~charge~~  
in Hull ~~which~~ ~~is~~ ~~the~~ ~~Sec~~ ~~of~~ ~~State~~

Nov 23. Monday

Berta lunched at Sulzow club  
at luncheon given by Mrs. Minn-  
-ander, wife of the Bishop.  
She sat by her side on stage  
who later married of Sobles  
Burrell, and seemed pleased  
that she was to present  
at the Alt. Berta told in  
a conversation only looked at Berta  
and was very glad to meet  
her.

Nov 24. Tuesday

Received letter from Sydney Burrell  
saying that he was on his way to  
the Alt. Berta told in a conversation  
only looked at Berta and was very  
glad to meet her.  
at 11th. Mrs. Burrell was  
lunch was distributed to say to  
William that he could see  
that the office of Clerk of the  
Cleveland had been made to her and

that this would be very voted at next  
meeting of Board when a green was  
present. - probably Monday or Tuesday.

Present: See Hills, Miller, Jones &  
Cott.

See Hill was in a very distressed  
state of mind & said to Ad that  
carefully considered it there was  
anything more it could do in  
the interest of company. He thought  
the Missouri might be bought  
and bonds offered for sale.  
Miller said they would probably  
buy under a shareholders' offer.  
Cott said he thought the Missouri  
offer was not real & that  
Missouri should not be sold to  
anyone with the company but that  
all agreed & agreed to go  
to try to sell the Missouri  
Miller said that the Missouri was  
not sold, Cleveland was  
interested - but bond might show  
then however, this was possible  
in New City, 2 trust companies  
in Baltimore might also know  
that 2 bonds in Dept of Cal. were

almost ready to fail, drabby down  
of us since banks with ten.

He said any one of these situations  
about could be added but he feared  
that all coming together might be  
- initiate a general panic &  
US

unless you supported clearly to  
cents and a transition.

He said the Baltic was old  
not avoid elements of order  
and were broken.

See Mills said Paulge was  
in action of currency objectives  
as to gold subscription was  
shaky.

He said he had heard nothing  
about since Paulge was  
asked to investigate.

He said Paulge's report was  
not yet written but he had

probably Mills and some of  
Board had been told of it.

He said many of the clearing  
bank objectives, - his the tongue

McKey + others had subscribed to  
certain series and had been but  
in clear lower than their subscribe  
called by the way then a lower  
percentage in the allotment.  
He asked Board to order investigation  
at any time.

He said Paulge had been  
ordered to direct his attention  
to do this.

He insisted that voluntarily,  
the Board should place a  
hand such a resolution, which  
was turned.

Mills in conversation, Williams state  
that he would absolutely withdraw  
from the investment fund early and  
a share of the investment in  
whenever value is in collapse.  
He also spoke of a trust fund  
in favor of Williams, which  
all of the Board had seen and  
material.

He writes Sophie Board.

Nov 25. Sat.

Board formally voted that the Hayes  
voter eliminated by Mrs. Mitchell  
to be included.

Present: See Mills. Mr. Hayes. Miller  
James and Carl

Mr Hayes stated of inquiry to Mr  
Sykes for Charles C. Mitchell Tech  
Urban San Center

He said that last year he told  
Mr Harrison, as a result of  
Sykes policy, that since that  
he later by Mr H. to be  
Mitchell removed from office  
in Nat city bank; that Mr H  
tried to bring the case  
and at first thought he was  
succeeding, but later he found  
it could not be done.

Mr Hayes never told Mr  
of the conversation with Mr  
Harrison!

Miller said Mitchell had dismissed  
Mrs. H. by 7 pm and that  
Board could have removed her  
in 1929  
and said it would leave it

that time mentioned a name  
Miller and Mr Hayes said even if  
did it could not have been an  
disastrous as the later year is  
1929.

Mr Hayes is evidently trying to  
impression that he believed that  
Mr should have removed Mitchell  
as a fact, on June 4, 1931 Mr Hayes  
removed had the health  
files - still in process - should  
be laid on table the discovery  
of two cases!

On Nov 20. 31 Mr Hayes had  
bitterly attacked Mitchell, and  
early in the day he was  
of Wall St. and saying that  
was utterly demoralized.  
Carl asked whether he  
the Mr should have removed  
him and he wanted a direct  
answer, saying that is  
another matter.  
This is the 3rd time Carl has  
put this question to him and he  
waded it every time.

18 May 106

Mr. Meyer in answer to Hillebrand's letter said Hillebrand had never discussed with him and cited his desire to send Burpee to Chicago who he would not approve. The whole Board disapproved it.

June 26. 31

19 May. at 176

July 26. Sunday.

Went. Star line picture of HPH

Board

Costs under Submie, ~~statute~~ study

Resting picture.

July 27. Monday

Hillebrand asked Fed on Chairman's terms how HPH to buy Fed's securities to 100 million, as necessary to draw down Fed's deposits but that out of which 75 million would go to Federal Reserve.

He said the strain on groups will be severe and he feared a serious market result.

Mr. Meyer said that the rate was too low and would be adjusted;

that 3 3/4% could be carried by pretty much any money in Russia.

When Fed adjourned Mr. Lusk, Hillebrand, and Meyer + C. H. Hillebrand was much disappointed but Hillebrand told him the Fed would grant his request to which all agreed.

Hillebrand said he wanted an equivalent for Hillebrand to announce the emergency issue of certificates at higher rates so as to avoid cheap but new deposits had to elicit rates.

Hillebrand said announcement would be made on May 6

After lunch, Fed after lunch up the matter and after Mr. Meyer departed.

Crosby said to limit the credit rates and also buy Fed's was the admitted responsibility on his back, but he said that rates would be adjusted and the Chicago Board ought to consider the change.

Crosby agreed with Hillebrand that

to draw out 75 million but they  
 said, give it to N.F.C. and go  
 N.F.C. to give it to Detroit where  
 it would be distributed as "  
 Mbs" was simply redundancy the  
 money in circulation.  
 COT said it was sense and  
 we sold 75 million of bonds.

James suggested Treasury did  
 overdraw giving a check  
 certificate.

COT said he would prefer  
 to buy bonds.

Bob agreed that the Mbs  
 could change some of the  
 short term investments into  
 investments having longer  
 not over 18 months, but  
 Miller changed view from  
 bonds at least then and  
 COT was only one wants  
 to buy bonds.

The new Sec. of Treasury, Mr  
 Woodrow, came in and sat  
 with Bob 1/2 hour.  
 He is magnificent beauty.

Ben Nease, Budget Director called up  
 Burtis and said Sen Robinson had  
 sent him 3 seats for security  
 and as Sohlus Board were going  
 with us, should be voted the  
 other ticket. Burtis said COT  
 would telephone him.

COT telephoned & told him we  
 had plenty of tickets not  
 only for Sohlus but also for  
 Col Rice.

COT then asked him briefly if  
 he preferred to have Sohlus  
 sit with him. He said that if  
 course they would be glad to  
 have her with them but that  
 it was 50-50 - if we really  
 wanted her they would be  
 glad to have her 80 cents so.  
 as we had agreed at the  
 dinner.

COT said we really wanted  
 her & he said that was  
 most satisfactory, and asked  
 if COT would call and get  
 her & COT said yes and  
 would let her know later.

and what time, so we left at that. He said they had only 2 seats on the Parade & we said we had plenty.

He then said that we were short to him of his hospital check and that he feared he would soon have to be operated on himself. We said we would gladly call on him at any time and explain the whole matter, - then in response to a cheerful request for him.

He said he would be greatly obliged if we would do this when he is recuperating.

He told Peter to lend me an invitation to Roosevelt's lunch.

As in winter he never shows to Van Noye about his operation. Some one else may have told her.

She sent formal note to Mason club of secret service warning her that last week he had promised to leave her

of the tickets to her Roosevelt on Friday and at 12 o'clock Mason representative called at club and saw Peter and gave some suggestions as to coats, lights, etc.

Mar 28

Miller told me other day that he had heard from several reliable sources that Glen's interview with Roosevelt was not satisfactory to Glen. What was the reason? It looks dubious

Wrote Mr Van Noye asking her to loan Sophie Powell to see on Friday evening for dinner.

March 1. Wed.

Mr Noye and late Lydia Miller told Board of a meeting last night in Board room attended by Miller, Mr Noye, Mason, Flood, Hansen, Loyall, Miller, & R.F.C. Reminds of Mrs. N.Y. Mary Nelson also Garrison of N.Y. <sup>arrived</sup> <sup>in Black</sup> as all that they said meeting lasted until

able undumped; that Bonds  
 would a 50% guaranty by law  
 of deposits; that Davis thought  
 this would not stain the area.  
 They also said the quality of clearing  
 to certificates and scrip was  
 also thoroughly discussed but  
 this did not appear in advisability  
 of our Board publicly advising  
 such certificates; that Nelson  
 later advised P. Smith that he  
 was not prepared to advise  
 them

The object was that such  
 certificates issued by sound  
 banks would strengthen the  
 weakness of banks which had  
 this collection when which to  
 get it.

Huller said our Board was  
 drifting and should turn away  
 out for clearing to certificates  
 and scrip 2 weeks ago;  
 that the inertia must be  
 but that the whole Board  
 should be reorganized.

Huller said even if clearing to certificates  
 were issued there would be a  
 demand for M. & O. and gold  
 for payment of interest, but  
 later etc.

Huller said the local banks should  
 agree on what such payment  
 should be permitted.

Huller again expressed his opinion  
 and said that if we temporarily  
 declined gold against M. & O. it  
 would only be temporary.

Huller asked who should receive  
 gold in payment of the interest  
 obligation.

Huller said even then could be  
 done temporarily without necessarily  
 leaving the gold standard.

CR said he was ready to vote  
 with Huller but objection was  
 by Board recommending issue of  
 clearing to certificates and scrip; that  
 the Revolution would treat the  
 banks which could not get  
 certificates and that then use by the  
 strong banks would greatly help  
 those near the line; that even

the thing banks would need the  
 it then was a general view as  
 we heard might look.  
 Two days read a letter to Board  
 for Hoover, - evidently sent in for  
 highest reason to make a  
 need, asking whether the Board  
 would approve 'guaranty of bank  
 deposits; 2. clearing to credits  
 and debit; 3. in last smaller  
 detail.

Two days read a memorandum  
 which Mr. Miller & Co. felt  
 was weak and inadequate.  
 In addition, two days read draft  
 corrected to meet some of  
 exec's criticism and then another  
 draft which was sent to Mr. Miller  
 & Co. if he would.

Two days were very talk with  
 Miller and sent in was  
 mysterious; that every month  
 as to the needed we were  
 going off gold started and  
 yet attacked Hoover for  
 instructing the other to  
 draw sheets.

Two days said he would never have  
 a 2nd guaranty of deposits which  
 be 50% or 100%.  
 In morning discussion was sent to  
 Board a resolution and sent to  
 and clear some credits in any  
 equality started with view; that  
 the local banks could determine  
 how much cash to try out on  
 first days etc.

Miller said this would create  
 problems but was sent the  
 could not be better.

Miller said Bremer was very  
 skeptical and would have several

Mr. Helthoven of N.C. called and  
 said he had been offered a  
 place in J.P. Board and asked  
 as to duties etc. He said his  
 wife wanted very much to  
 live in Wash. and he wanted  
 some very much not really  
 much work and he was  
 already asked to resign was  
 not just his a business matter

of Bonds was and sent in but  
it would surely involve  
continuous night and day work.  
He told me he was somewhat  
discouraged at the account of  
Bonds work.

He said he had met Talpa  
Newcomb, and that he, but  
is not sure; he said Newcomb  
had written in. He certainly  
said Muller a Newcomb & leads  
in Nebraska told her the  
abhorrent was a release  
and that he could bear it.  
He is 75 years old and looks  
rather decrepit.

He said he could see the  
to Dr Muller and if he wishes  
to the whole Board.

Such an abhorrent would  
turn the Board into a  
old gentlemen's team, and  
would debase the Board  
by plunging it into politics!  
I can not believe Newcomb  
has done this.

See also in the advertisement in the  
Journal says Hatcher led the  
Neb. abhorrent in secret to the  
Board; that he favored only 4  
Members, and introduced his own  
and few who all the Nels voted.

On 26.8.32 cattle went to the  
a letter addressed "Cyril".

Some days ago the letter sent  
if he did not know where about  
the bond mentioned then say it  
to Hatcher advised, he should  
be removed from the Board!  
Modesty!

Mary's library, through her  
Newcomb sent + H. H. G.  
a lecture in the library on  
Robert Burns by Prof. Green  
of Edinburgh University library  
on the 6. we report

Mon 2 Monday

Had address re Reserve Policy  
to House.

Reserve said NY wanted to  
increase disc rate from 2%  
to 3 1/2%. Said it might be  
little effect in U.S. but would  
tend to break down in  
by banks, where rates were  
now over above even; that  
it would also cause a  
increase in rates of interest  
on debent.

After dinner, Res Reserve was  
authorized to observe the  
increase if made.

ay. Res Reserve was, gave  
No. Miller

Res Reserve said Miller would  
vote ay.

Sate NY increased to 3 1/2%.

We went to AM club and  
met Subline Board.

*New Bank Needs.*

March 2, 1933, meeting at 9:30 p.m.

Hoover to Board as to emergency powers under Section 5 of Trading with the Enemy Act, asks Board to give further consideration to possibility of some form of Federal guaranty of deposits. Governor Meyer reported that Mr. Wyatt reported to him that the Attorney General had authorized Messrs. Harlan and Wyatt to tell the Secretary of the Treasury that there is sufficient color of authority under the Trading with the Enemy Act to justify the President in taking action under it if he felt that the emergency justified it; and that the Attorney General was then in Mr. Mills' office working on a draft of a proclamation or executive order, with the assistance of Mr. Wyatt, Mr. Morrill, and Mr. Harlan.

During the course of the meeting, Mr. Mills advised the Board that the Attorney General had stated that while he thought the President could act under the provisions of Section 5 of the Trading with the Enemy Act if he deemed the emergency great enough, the matter was not free from doubt and he did not feel that he should advise the President to do so without the consent and approval of the incoming administration.

The Board unanimously felt that the banking holiday should be declared for Friday, Saturday, and Monday, on the understanding that Congress would be called in extra session on Monday, or not later than Tuesday, to enact appropriate legislation. Mr. Mills so advised Mr. Woodin, who was with the President-elect.

March 3, 1933, meeting at 3:00 p.m.

Board discussed the advisability of a nation-wide bank holiday. The Governor left the meeting to discuss the matter with the President and on return reported that he thought the President would be disposed to issue a proclamation declaring a bank holiday if the President-elect were to indicate his approval of such a course, and that there would be further discussion of the matter with Mr. Woodin and Mr. Roosevelt for the purpose of ascertaining their attitude.

March 3, 1933, meeting at 12:00 noon.

March 3, 1933, meeting at 9:15 p.m.

Board had before it, prepared by its Counsel:

1. Draft of Executive Order declaring a nation-wide bank holiday.

2. Draft of Joint Resolution ratifying and confirming the proclamation if it should be issued.

3. Draft of Joint Resolution declaring a nation-wide bank holiday.

The Board unanimously of the opinion that the situation demanded a nation-wide bank holiday, and, as the Senate had adjourned for the day, the issuance of a presidential Proclamation or Executive Order seemed to be the only course open. This view was shared by Secretary Mills, with whom the Committee was in touch. Governor Meyer talked over the telephone with the President, emphasized the seriousness of the situation, and stated that the Board felt that action was necessary tonight. Following this conversation, the Board decided to address a letter to the President urging the issuance tonight of a proclamation or Executive Order declaring a nation-wide bank holiday.

Dr. Miller, at 10 p.m. went to the Mayflower Hotel to see the President-elect. He did not see him, but left copies of the above documents. Subsequently, Dr. Miller advised the Board that he had talked on the telephone with the President-elect and explained the situation to him.

Resolution adopted by Board of Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at special meeting March 3rd, in favor of a nation-wide holiday, received.

Board drafted letter to the President. Governor Meyer called Secretary Mills, who was then with the President. The President answered the call, and Governor Meyer again discussed the situation with him and emphasized the necessity for action. Miller also on the wire with the Governor, participated in the discussion.

After this conversation, Mills talked with Governor Meyer who told him the Board had prepared a letter to the President urging the declaration tonight of a nation-wide bank holiday, and stated it was planned to send the letter to the Secretary at the White House for approval and delivery to the President. Mills indicated that the Board could not act unless all five members were present, and asked that the sending of the letter be withheld until he could return to the Treasury from the White House. The Board then communicated with Mr. James by telephone shortly after 11 o'clock, and requested that he come in to the meeting.

119  
The Board

March 3, 1933, meeting at 8:30 p.m.

However to Board as to emergency powers under Section 5 of Trading with the Enemy Act, and Board to give further consideration to possibility of some form of Federal Emergency Proclamation. Governor Meyer reported that Mr. Wyatt reported to him that the Attorney General had authorized Messrs. Harlan and Wyatt to tell the Secretary of the Treasury that there is sufficient color of authority under the Trading with the Enemy Act to justify the President in taking action under it if he felt that the emergency justified it; and that the Attorney General was then in Mr. Mills' office working on a draft of proclamation or executive order, with the assistance of Mr. Wyatt, Mr. Morrill, and Mr. Harlan.

During the course of the meeting, Mr. Mills advised the Board that the Attorney General had stated that while he thought the President could not under the provisions of Section 5 of the Trading with the Enemy Act if he deemed the emergency great enough, the matter was not free from doubt and he did not feel that he should advise the President to do so without the consent and approval of the incoming administration.

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March 3, 1933, meeting at 8:00 p.m.

Board discussed the advisability of a nation-wide bank holiday. Governor left the meeting to discuss the matter with the President. An action was reported that he thought the President would be expected to issue a proclamation declaring a bank holiday if the President-elect were to indicate his approval of such a course, and that there would be further discussion of the matter with Mr. Woodin and Mr. Roosevelt for the purpose of ascertaining their attitude.

March 3, 1933, meeting at 12:00 noon

March 3, 1933, meeting at 8:15 p.m.

Board had before it, prepared by its Counsel:

1. Draft of Executive Order declaring a nation-wide bank holiday.

While awaiting the arrival of Secretary Mills and Mr. James, reports were received to the effect that the Governors of Illinois and New York had under consideration the question of declaring state holidays, but there appeared to be considerable doubt that the Governors would take the necessary action. Mr. Morrill stated that at 11:30 p.m., Chairman Stevens of Chicago advised him over the telephone that his Executive Committee was in session with representatives of member banks in Chicago. He read a resolution of the Executive Committee calling for the immediate declaration of a national bank holiday. Mr. Stevens said that there would be very large demands for gold tomorrow, which would take practically all the gold we have. Probably 100 millions of Federal reserve notes will be presented for redemption in gold. One bank alone is asking about 75 or 80 million dollars.

March 4, 1933, meeting at 12:05 a.m.

Board considered the proposed letter to the President urging a national bank holiday. Mr. Hamlin moved that it be sent to the White House. Mr. Mills said he would like to have the following statement noted in the minutes:

"The Attorney-General holds that the authority under the Trading with the Enemy Act is of the thinnest possible kind and at most there is the barest color of authority, and that he does not believe the President can do it without the agreement of the President-elect, to be followed by a validating Act by the Congress. I think it should be further noted that it was my understanding when I left the President ten minutes ago that Governor Roosevelt felt that in view of the information he had from New York that he did not see the occasion for him to request a national holiday, or, indeed, to assume joint responsibility for it. I think therefore that in view of the opinion given by the Attorney General that I do not see how the President can act on the recommendation of the Board tonight unless the whole question is to be reopened. I don't differ with the other members of the Board on the practical situation as it exists now at midnight. There is no formal opinion from the Attorney-General."

Mr. Miller called attention to the letter of March 2nd received from the President, asking that the Board prepare a proclamation if it is its view that such a national holiday should be put in effect. (C.S.H. remembers Dr. Miller stated that we have never answered this letter of the President, and we should now do so.) Mr. Mills stated that "last night

(Thursday) I informed you that the Attorney-General advised the President not to issue such a proclamation and on the basis of that report of mine you decided it was unnecessary to answer the letter. We didn't answer the letter last night or this morning. The Attorney General didn't think it advisable to issue that proclamation under all the circumstances."

Mr. Wyatt said that "earlier in the evening (Thursday) the Attorney General asked me to convey to the Secretary of the Treasury the message that he had considered the Trading with the Enemy Act last evening about 8:30 and that he considered it was sufficient to justify the President in acting if he considered the emergency great enough."

Mr. Mills replied that "later that evening the Attorney General advised me that in his opinion he was not justified in acting under the Trading with the Enemy Act and I so reported to the Board last night."

Governor Meyer stated that "the question of legal authority is one thing and the question whether you will act with or without agreement with the President-elect is another thing."

Mr. Miller referred to the contents of the proposed letter to the President, and while Mr. Mills stated that he had not objected to the letter, he wanted to call attention to what had happened Thursday. Mr. Hamlin pointed out that the members of the Board had been advised that on Thursday evening in Secretary Mills office, the Attorney General had dictated a form of proclamation for the President to sign, and that it was after information was received that the President-elect would not assume joint responsibility that the Attorney General expressed the opinion that the President would not be justified in acting under the Trading with the Enemy Act.

Mr. Mills moved to strike out the words of the proposed letter "referring to your letter of March 2 and subsequent conversations". Mr. Hamlin did not object to this amendment, and it was passed accordingly. Reference was made to proposed draft of a ratifying resolution by Congress, but Mr. Mills thought it would be of no use to send it, and the Board decided not to transmit it.

Thereupon Governor Meyer signed the letter to the President, and at 12:30 a.m. sent it by his secretary (Mr. Fahy) to the White House.

The Federal Reserve Board expressed its opinion that a national bank holiday is absolutely necessary to prevent a banking

While awaiting the arrival of Secretary Mills and Mr. ... reports were received to the effect that the Governor of Illinois and New York had under consideration the question of declaring state holidays, but there appeared to be considerable doubt that the Governor would take the necessary action. Mr. Hamlin stated that at 11:30 p.m. Chairman ... of Chicago advised him over the telephone that his Executive Committee was in session with representatives of ... banks in Chicago. He read a resolution of the Executive Committee calling for the immediate declaration of a national bank holiday. Mr. Stevens said that there would be very large demands for gold tomorrow, which would take practically all the gold we have. Probably 100 million of Federal Reserve notes will be presented for redemption in gold. The bank alone is asking about 75 or 80 million dollars.

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collapse. The Board also sent a form of executive order for the President to sign.

Secretary Mills stated that it would be useless to attempt to get legislation from Congress Saturday morning, as Senator Robinson, the majority leader, would not be there.

Governor Meyer's secretary, Mr. Fahy, returned to the office shortly after 1 a.m. and reported that, when he arrived at the White House, he was informed that the President had retired at 12:06 a.m. and that the attendants hesitated to disturb him. Finally, they telephoned to Mr. Richey, one of the President's secretaries, who authorized them to deliver the letter to the President at once.

Mr. Morrill read a telephone message from Chairman Stevens showing the seriousness of Chicago situation.

Mr. Mills tried to reach Governor Pinchot by telephone, but was unsuccessful. The Counsel for the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia had been in touch with the Attorney General of Pennsylvania. Governor Meyer talked with Governor White of Ohio and Governor Herring of Iowa as to possibility of declaring bank holidays.

At 2:22 a.m. Mr. Mills reported he had received information which indicated that, in all probability, the Governors of Illinois and New York would declare bank holidays in their respective states. At 2:45 a.m. Mr. Stevens of Chicago advised that a proclamation was being drafted by the Governor of Illinois.

At 3:10 a.m. Governor Harrison of New York reported that a legal holiday would be declared by the Governor of New York.

At 3:20 a.m. Chairman Stevens advised that a legal holiday would be declared by the Governor of Illinois.

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Mon 3 Monday Thursday

Board met in P.M. decided to answer Hoover letter sent in yesterday.

Not set until 2 am; without answer having had declaration of a Nat holiday. Much of my sleep in effort to keep Roosevelt and Hoover together.

Mr. Attorney Gen sent in letter before.

Wooden was in NY with Hoover and NY Governor.

a new letter from Hoover came asking for Nat holidays on the Nat holiday.

Myself said only the card that while there was doubt then was color of law for belief that President could make a Nat holiday under ready to every act; that is Roosevelt would not with the counsel where Hoover to do it but not otherwise.

Effort to buy Roosevelt & Hoover together failed.

a dramatic way. Not would later w. wooden in NY and the

The Board also sent a form of executive order for the President to sign. Secretary Mills stated that it would be useless to attempt to get legislation from Congress Saturday morning, as Senator Johnson, the majority leader, would not be there.

Governor Meyer's secretary, Mr. Eddy, returned to the office shortly after 1 a.m. and reported that when he arrived at the White House, he was informed that the President had retired at 12:05 a.m. and that the attendants located to inform him. Finally, they telephoned to Mr. Richey, one of the President's secretaries, who authorized them to deliver the letter to the President at once.

Mr. Merrill read a telephone message from Chairman Stevens following the seriousness of Chicago situation.

Mr. Mills tried to reach Governor Haring by telephone but was unsuccessful. The Counsel for the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia had been in touch with the Attorney General of Pennsylvania. Governor Meyer talked with Governor White of Ohio and Governor Haring of Iowa as to possibility of declaring bank holidays.

At 3:23 a.m. Mr. Mills reported he had received information which indicated that, in all probability, the Governor of Illinois and New York would declare bank holidays in their respective states. At 3:45 a.m. Mr. Stevens of Chicago advised that proclamation was being drafted by the Governor of Illinois.

At 3:10 a.m. Governor Haring of New York reported that a legal holiday would be declared by the Governor of New York.

At 3:30 a.m. Chairman Stevens advised that a legal holiday would be declared by the Governor of Illinois.

would later in November in Council  
 He would reply to Woodin and  
 then could leave it up to Hoover  
 Roosevelt and the business. Truly a  
 busy act was in force; that he  
 will intention no object of Hoover  
 would act but that was on the  
 as he would go.

Mullen went up to see Hoover  
 but 12 and 1 and above was  
 result.

The NY decision of Committee resulted  
 in remarkable amount support of  
 50% amount result.

The Atty Gen made a draft  
 of modernist delivery not  
 holiday on Sat. and Congress  
 gave draft of joint resolution  
 voluntarily President act  
 and gave in terms to control  
 trusts of currency by Treasury.

In volume of Board records  
 on March 2.33 through March 33  
 on next page.

Friday, Nov 3

Board in P.M. sent into Board a  
 draft of reply to Hoover's letter  
 and advised that finally a  
 only measure of a very broad  
 character.

Sobles Board dined with us  
 and came over here to the  
 concert at Church Hall.

About 9.45 a message was  
 delivered to Board in his seat  
 to come right over to Board  
 meeting.

at last Sobles + went to  
 Fed, then sent his letter  
 Carter + Pan Am. He met C  
 H.H. who desired, went  
 to concert and later took  
 Sobles to Pan Am. West.

At Board long dinner as  
 to me. On Hoover rising  
 a Nat holiday modernist  
 alone.

Board felt he should and  
 must do this.

Woodin was with me, and he

but not that if he had been in  
work. Thursday night instead  
of on day he could have Thursday  
noon to join in House as  
to a Nat. holiday.

The 4 alternative resolutions offered  
in his letter to House, given seen  
after we telephoned.

The letter was sent to Hill  
- then to House - with request  
to read it and deliver it to  
House, he to explain his  
objection to House if he did  
not agree to it.

Hill telephoned he did not  
approve giving them to House  
& said he would come over  
and discuss it. But he had  
submitted to the committee  
necessary for a green  
man before sending letter. He  
added a resolution but it was  
discussed by saying that holiday  
was vital.

When Hill arrived he  
collected the resolutions  
and letter to House letter

to Ad. He said it looked as if we were  
going to put House in a hole and  
to justify our letter as a reply to  
him. He said the main objection was  
that a reply was  
unnecessary as he told Board  
Thursday night that the only  
letter to House and later in a letter  
told him that he doubted whether  
President had power to act, and  
the Board did not reply.  
He said he would refer to  
Board that the attorney Gen. told  
him there was a color of law  
in acting & if Roosevelt would  
join he would advise him to  
act under the National emergency  
act said he would accept  
Hill's amendment as he did not  
want even to address or reply  
to the House in a hole, but  
strongly wanted to get the Board  
out of a hole by explaining its  
views to President, who would  
for any reason he might care to  
follow it.  
Hill at best said he would bill

above facts, in that they might  
be stated as a restriction to  
Bd letter.

copy notes or amended was  
then handed unanimously and  
the letter was sent to Hoover  
who the next day acknowledged  
that he received it at 1.30 am.

Later Hoover called me in  
Klype who told him the  
unanimous agreement of  
Bd that he should declare a  
legal holiday for Saturday  
to avoid banking disaster.

Hoover was evidently very  
angry but Klype begged  
him as a personal friend as  
well as a politician, i.e. for  
a banking stand point to  
issue it.

Klype was cautious but  
wondered.

Early in the Am. Bank was  
quest of a legal holiday  
for Illinois + day and  
finally they both agreed  
to declare the holiday  
we adjourned at 3.45 am.

Mon 3. July Board sentenced delinquent  
requirements of Illinois NY for 30 days  
Mon 4. Sept.

Ad met 9 am decided it could  
take action even on a holiday to  
force Chicago to discount 125 million  
for N.Y. on NY rates were down to  
2.2% and we agreed to do this  
before the state holidays expired.

Ad called on Sophie Beret  
11.15 and drove her to Secret  
wing of capital. The crowd was  
so thick that only w. greatest  
difficulty could we reach our  
seats.

After ten swearing we could  
not get away as the crowd  
stayed in. Finally Ad with help  
of his conspiracy team got out  
by going in when Reverend  
had stood + going the the  
capital. On the other side the  
crowd was just as thick and  
no tickets could be found.

We walked back way back when  
Sophie persuaded a man with  
a bicycle cart to agree to take  
us to Hwy Adam Street.

It was a Ford car w. 2 seats and  
 an enclosed storage behind it  
 filled with bread etc.  
 Sophie lived in front seat & I  
 sat wrapped to get in the  
 back lying in the back with  
 the bread in the car and  
 sitting in 4 or 5 loaves of soft  
 bread.

The man tried to drive back to  
 the hotel and nearly drove  
 to the Anacostia bridge because  
 he could see up to the North  
 East and reach H St. Some  
 of the streets were rubble  
 but the officer let us through  
 relying on the Anacostia  
 we reached the Hay Adam at  
 about 2:45 and had a  
 quick lunch. For the time  
 a lapse of made a long  
 circuit to west to get on other  
 side of New Ave but finally  
 reached our seats but found  
 the best part of the bread  
 - the military - had already  
 gone by

later we went back to Hay Adam &  
 had tea and then walked back to  
 White House on the street.  
 We could not have seen but we wanted  
 Sophie to meet Roosevelt. It was  
 an awful crowd, and Roosevelt  
 did not appear, but the Roosevelt  
 received  
 Sophie the letter.

We dined at Hayblum to meet  
 the two men who gave a dinner to  
 my friends. The dinner was at  
 7:30 but we stood waiting 1 1/2 hours  
 as the dinner was late.

Mon 5 Sunday  
 At 2 PM because called me but  
 said they had been a car accident  
 in the room of banks all the  
 money and it was now empty;  
 but the people asked if I would  
 be available if he called on me,  
 but there was no man now  
 to come over. He said  
 went to Mary at 2 PM  
 he was about 20 there or many banks.  
 Long discussion on the President

Finally, unanimous vote necessary  
President to discuss what was going on  
- about to a bank holiday through  
Monday.

See, Woods was requested to address  
a sub comm to discuss regulation  
nominally, however to do certain  
things under license.

Item of Woodruff's aspect to  
long discussion on to report on  
President's agreement that would  
our report savings be permitted,  
no gold of course to be used as  
discuss on to collect money  
should continue gold valuable  
in bank.

Finally voted that this should not  
be permitted during holiday.

Some discussion on to a report  
regulate our currency.

Next seemed to be new gold  
not of new deposits.

Adjourned to 8:30

See we would come to consider  
new deposit. Hills was  
Board member in center  
must discuss until about

12 P.M. when we adjourned.  
See W. said President A could see  
Woodruff at 12.5 so as not to leave it  
done on Sunday.

It was generally understood that the  
President needs licensing a commission,  
and finally reached conclusion that a  
new mechanism every time needed  
be necessary.

The mechanism closed our currency and  
allowed see us to issue regulation  
nominally, however to do certain kind  
of business.

Mon 6. Monday

Ad noted we discussed that they  
could exchange gold in currency for  
smaller amounts, and no gold to  
be used and.

A comm was submitted to be currency  
or new regulation, but ultimately  
nothing had been done. Ad is supposed  
a comm of its staff to discuss regulation  
to which under the Advertiser agreed  
and just Wood House a rule to  
effect that type be permitted to  
each check where money was  
absolutely needed for purchase of

travel to one time, and draws  
 an allotype to permanent bonds  
 to bank. early check  
 not also give <sup>250</sup> \$1000 from a man  
 of my line to 1st Nat Co. Ark  
 every night for several bond  
 months.

Soluble Bond issued in Berta + rest  
 talked with me over telephone. told  
 her he had not yesterday N.Y. time  
 to be in N.Y.

Mon. G. Mundy

Spent whole day OKing new regulations  
 primarily bonds to Kentucky <sup>new</sup> ~~new~~  
 business

8.30 P.M. went down to Albany.

Went into Ad. room and found  
 legislative committee in session.

<sup>People</sup> ~~People~~ told me committee had agreed  
 & he looked to go back to NY  
 later.

During day conference discussed  
 preliminary report of legislative committee  
 two below discussed:

1. In House. 50% guaranty
2. Taylor. Bm classified as to

worth. Generally in respect to quality  
 of worth.

They said Taylor's plan would raise  
 100% guaranty for some spec. checks  
 + NY and a much smaller guaranty  
 for others; that practically this would  
 be disastrous as people would not  
 understand it.

Allen also, acc. to Wednesday, the  
 another plan:

1. No bonds to other than absolutely  
 solvent.
2. Bm being say only 40% of worth  
 to be recognized and should  
 absolutely clean, then <sup>not</sup> to  
 bonds necessary, could not  
 could not otherwise be obtained.

Wednesday said Samuel Gillingham  
 observed the use of debenture.

Allen of Richmond at conference  
 claimed only way was to issue  
 almost Ireland notes.

Wednesday thought if this plan was  
 adopted, would be better to issue  
 VA Bond Notes.

Howe related to Nels letter ~~in~~ *Green*;

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COPY

THE WHITE HOUSE  
Washington

March 4, 1933.

Eugene Meyer,  
Federal Reserve Board,  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Governor Meyer:

I received at half past one this morning your letter dated March 3rd. I must assume that this letter was written on the basis of information received by you prior to 11:30 o'clock last night for the reason that before your letter was sent you had certain information as follows:

a. At 11 o'clock last night the President-elect had informed me that he did not wish such a proclamation issued.

b. The Attorney General had renewed the same opinion which he had already given to the Board that the authorities on which you were relying were inadequate unless supported by the incoming administration.

c. That groups of representative bankers in both Chicago and New York, embracing members of the Board of Directors of the Federal Reserve banks in those cities, were then in conference with the governors of the states of Illinois and New York, and that the governors of these states were prepared to act if these representative groups, so recommended. It appears that the governors did take action under their authorities, declaring a temporary holiday in these two critical states, and thus accomplishing the major purposes which the Board apparently had in mind.

In view of the above I am at a loss to understand why such a communication should have been sent to me in the last few hours of this administration, which I believe the Board must now admit was neither justified nor necessary.

Yours faithfully,

HERBERT HOOVER.

Berle

... told me that ...  
... that Roosevelt agreed it was  
not wise to issue ...  
absolutely false; that he was with  
Woodin ...  
Roosevelt said he would intervene  
no objection to Hoover issuing ...  
but did not feel he should join  
with him.

Hoover letter

1. ... in the ...
2. Attorney Gen. ... advised Board that attempt  
much doubt, this was color of  
law on the ... and  
but unless Roosevelt joined in  
would not advise him to issue  
it.
3. Hoover had informed that ...  
of Chicago & NY would ...  
holiday ... 3 & 4 ...  
... after ... letter was sent to  
President. Hoover admits ...  
... letter at 1.30  
Hoover stated that ...  
... in ...  
... to 11.30 and ...  
...  
... on ...

COPY

THE WHITE HOUSE  
Washington

March 4, 1933

Governor Meyer  
D. C.  
Reserve Board  
Meyer

I received at half past one this morning your letter dated ...  
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New York, embracing members of the Board of Directors of the Federal  
Reserve Bank in those cities, were then in conference with the governors  
of Illinois and New York, and that the governors of those  
states were prepared to act if these representative groups recommended  
that the governors did take action under their authorities  
during a temporary holiday in these two critical states, and thus  
preventing the major purposes which the Board apparently had in mind.

In view of the above I am at a loss to understand why such a  
question should have been sent to me in the last few hours of this  
administration, which I believe the Board must now admit was neither  
needed nor necessary.

Yours faithfully,  
HERBERT HOOPER

then is absolutely false. as shown above

The Messrs. told their wife was at White House of our letter; that we were to send it over and asked her to read it & deliver it to Trust with a written acknowledgment. Miss objected and said action & members was not a legal meeting. So she then sent her journal and when Miss came back a quarrel was started and Miss made motion to adjourn as related above.

The whole Board felt that House was obliged to act in our responsibility and that this Board was a blind claimant of his responsibility.

Call called up Sohier Berille and she asked if she could deal with us through her. Call cancelled Berille and later telephoned her we should expect her.

Sophie Board called on Berille in am.

Mon. 7. Monday

Had voted to exclude unless any other Motion and intend Berle, Red. & Chicago to withdraw for N.Y.

Legislative Council has not been able to agree, so Mr. House told me at 5 P.M.

Sophie Board called on me at 5:30 P.M. and went to Murray at 8:30.

Mr. House said the Legislative Council had been discharged and could be unable to agree on any binding plan.

Later call was told that the Sec. Woods had come in while call was out of room and addressed the few members left of the general conference (most had already left) and thanked them and said as they could not agree he had decided to lay whole matter before Trust in being arrived at a solution in their responsibility; that they would be undoubtedly shocked by the solution he had

in mind. He did not say what  
 the solution was. But  
 later he <sup>came into the room</sup> and said he thought the idea  
 was too one sided by which  
 which he had <sup>thought</sup>; that  
 the contemplated change of over  
 the 2500 banks in bank class  
 credits, and a reorganization of  
 the other banks and closing of the  
 other banks all debentures and  
 amply covered by its fund assets;  
 that this would involve ten  
 weeks out - <sup>temporarily</sup> at least  
 of 10 billion of debentures, and  
 every bank closing would be  
 first credits.

Mr. Wood  
 See Woods came into Fed meeting.  
 In reply had plan which has  
 been adopted by Roosevelt. It  
 is the same plan. We were told  
 to verify  
 It opens Friday about 2:30 several  
 banks and allows other banks to  
 move to see. Then Saturday and

around on time to time.  
 Miller objected, saying that the  
 cost. He said it would not  
 open, and that it would result in  
 a complete breaking collapse of  
 all has not being in Friday.

The plan provides for issuing 10 billion  
 notes to any bank or company in need  
 of first funds  
 and that would be ready to  
 accept them.

The Council is willing to assume  
 responsibility for decisively solving  
 the problem; and a letter was written  
 to all Mayors to get me list of  
 all solvent State banks.

The Fed had no agreed central  
 account since <sup>voluntarily</sup>, and  
 must rely on <sup>of</sup> authority of State  
 authorities made in some cases a  
 year or two years ago

Fed felt that was an attempt to  
 make the Fed responsible.

Fed distrust <sup>of</sup> the letter

but it was felt that Sec of Navy  
might send it in his own responsibility.  
If he does then it involves our  
Board, as it would never issue  
such a telegram.

was asked how things to be allowed  
the plan. He gave an evasive answer  
and said the President had allowed  
it and that was all there was to it.

Huller said it was the N.Y. case  
plan.

was asked whether if Pres, <sup>Reilly</sup> ~~Conley~~  
said not to hand them to <sup>Reilly</sup> ~~Huller~~  
Huller said he talked w/ <sup>Reilly</sup> ~~Conley~~  
the am and he felt that <sup>Reilly</sup> ~~Conley~~ <sup>Reilly</sup> ~~Huller~~  
did not allow after he did  
not say so explicitly.

Huller + Floyd Harris allowed  
it i. e. Huller Meyer does  
also.

Under the plan the N.Y. + N.H.  
are to amend the covered letter  
up to bear amount of their  
debts - in other words a  
recency of debts.

The Govt under the plan agree to  
indemnify the N.Y. on any losses  
sustained under the plan.

was indicated a favorable result  
in regard to timber.

was said the plan involves to  
retain and select bonds, being worth  
2500 - as best as they described  
the subvency by reorganizing a  
otherwise.

See wooden agreed to this.

Huller said that yesterday the Dept.  
came - Harris and Brown about - did  
agree on a plan covering all bonds  
having 5% interest in its deposit  
liabilities but that it was lost in the  
struggle.

He did not know what <sup>Reilly</sup> ~~Conley~~ <sup>Reilly</sup> ~~Huller~~  
of present plan.

4 P.M.

Huller said Harris was utterly angry  
with the Meyer today night when  
he tried to persuade him to issue  
the reorganization, that he thought

Meyer was trying to collect him; that  
 later Howe called Mr Miller and  
 said he was willing to raise a gold  
 embargo; that Goldsmith & several  
 bumped this latterly saying it would  
 be an abandonment of gold standard

Miller said he told the the had  
 already been abandoned even if any  
 temporarily; that he personally  
 would have abandoned the.

Miller said that they had called  
 Woods to raise 500 million of  
 irredeemable greenbacks!

Miller said the objections to the  
 Meyer was intense; that Frank  
 Polk so told him today; that  
 the British. Government and keep on  
 a country hated to have a pro  
 or favored; that they under  
 the Meyer irredeemable had for  
 for had to work; that the N.Y.  
 was an object of contempt;  
 that the his reputation had  
 fallen very much

Miller agreed a case that the Board  
 should be a Board of Governors; that  
 now, practically it was the same  
 alone since Meyer became Governor.

at afternoon meeting the Meyer said  
 see Woods as Chairman of the Board  
 had word on reports to report  
 as to solvency of the banks in the  
 district. The Meyer said it could not  
 be done as the reports as to state  
 he was turned on to time and  
 also they would have to rely  
 simply on reports of state  
 of affairs. He also said it would  
 become violent objections in  
 Board on clearly come as  
 solvent.

Miller said it might not  
 be the system but we should  
 do what we could whether  
 the emergency.

Miller pointed out that the  
 letters had already been sent

and that NY and Phila had cables  
they had such a clamor  
and would forward it if need.

but both believe the keys would  
have to object - as shown by  
Hovell & Key's American objection,  
and possibly cut back the  
may need a new and  
strip on it.

Hiller & Co. agreed that whatever  
the consequences, our Board  
must cooperate with London  
& Roosevelt in every way

so we did not Roosevelt can  
surely be given by Congress the  
powers vested in the old  
law - Overman act - giving  
power to transfer funds  
from one Board to another.

Should Board direct with us and  
other drive the treaty.

The first telegraphic call to Berlin  
at many telegrams at 11 am to  
later on telegraphs.

Jan 9. Monday

Should Board telegraphed she could not  
and but would however.

Get embodied spirit of new banking  
legislation.

1. Reserve National President's acts under  
Monday is every act and authority  
before acts.
2. authority would to call in the case to time  
was all gold + currency, held by the
3. could any other conversion
4. preferred to authorized by Act of 1908
5. items of what are practically  
the bank notes based on US Bonds  
checks, notes, drafts etc., under Sec 18  
Mact  
Redeemable in lawful money.
6. under Sec 10 b. Mact  
advances to the bank in ~~the~~ its  
line in demand notes
7. under Sec 13 Mact  
advances to individuals, merchants  
& carried on their own notes  
secured by US Bonds  
etc etc

Round demanded above deposits & thought in good shape. See then seemed that Mrs. had contacted person to close state bank branch and mounted in steady line out of New after President mechanism included it.

President was not present during until Sat.

President asked Ad about advances continued relations in good of bank, accounts, few expenses transaction etc. Ad related go and took up matter to a few of cheap division in NY with some who said they were prepared.

all in charge - regulatory branch

See of money in to decision not before in round comes to when Saturday; as to state see the low money was account certificate on to

soundness of state banking authorities the new mechanism had allowed them to receive a kind of M. C. note, in return, a note were like a N. A. bank issued no less funds in other advanced securities.

As a department can get notes for their deposits. So not was 50% of deposits in called for then they were secured. So was that we are can test what will happen.

The H. P. Board then since can plan it was wanted agreement and without debate.

The Sen. Group & Currency Cases selected ten vice boards by the Advo - in the cases - advised to vote! The record!

Noted by the plan was to over 2500 absolutely solvent banks. The money then had was increased to 5500 out of 6100 not bank! The more you create is better

irrevocability of see or money -  
materially announcing that one of  
them cannot be permitted to vote on  
said. He knew that many of  
them are not sound.

The proposed legislation was then  
HR with a vote, without me  
making the bid, successfully.  
In Senate there was some debate  
but it went through easily  
the vote being :-

For the bill.  
Dem. 51. Rep. 22

Against the bill  
Dem. 1. (Carter)

Rep. 5. (Baker, Carey, Hale, Ho, Jelliffe,  
N.Y.)

James - later 1. (Shutsmith)

Passed  
Mr. In House  
Against. (Nash)

The bill was drawn by Wright and  
drafty copies of copies they left  
Tuesday night (they were all right).

House would draw to them yesterday

and met Steagall then. Two people and  
Wright were also there.  
Wright desired President's power to control  
state Non Al Grants to close or open on  
conditions, but he did not object to  
the language of President's resolution  
which applied to State Grants.

Both Glen & Steagall feel that the  
irrevocability of certifying as to  
State Non Al Grants should be used  
squarely in State Grants authority.

Harrell said that Under Sec Bulletin  
was very arbitrary and unbecoming.

Nov 10. Friday

Sophie Board called at Murray to  
say good bye. She left Museum via  
Noyes country in her auto. ;)

Conference with see Woods in the  
Murray room. Woods not present.  
Woods had prepared a notice  
as to granting licenses to Non Al  
State Grants to them.  
In it W. said he was "satisfied"

in me on condition and sister

that the obligatory bank was selected.  
 In reply said that was a heavy  
 responsibility on the part of the  
 bank. Wood said he was willing  
 to accept such responsibility.  
 Finally it was <sup>best "satisfactory"</sup> ~~mediated~~ to reach  
 a <sup>best</sup> "satisfactory" ~~result~~.

Wright said the only constructive suggestion  
 in reply was made was as to revision  
 of old-England notes, & that he asked  
 him to draw a bill on them.

Wright said he was at a conference with  
 Bullentin, In reply, Frank Warren,  
 Danden et al & that that they  
 agreed on matters of the plan which  
 ultimately named by Congress; that  
 Bullentin asked him to draw it with  
 view of some of long legislative  
 drafting work; that they discussed  
 a new law many; that later on  
 In reply, Danden & Warren were  
 not in fact asked a conference;  
 that Wright had learned to bank  
 subject, the was but Bullentin attended  
 the conference; that Wright accepted  
 several minor suggestions and was

good one - that Wright is not sure  
 should terminate when the obligatory  
 was over.

Wright plan in reply is very early  
 with the not consulting the new.  
 Wright said he was amazed at  
 Bullentin's knowledge of banking  
 matters. He thought he is remarkable.

Before leaving Sophie Burr said she  
 considered C. and H. H. as a brother  
 and sister; that she would be glad  
 to write regularly to C. H.; that she  
 wanted very much one of H. H.'s  
 recent photographs and also wanted  
 a good one of C. H. - but she did not  
 have the old one she showed her.

C. H. could not go to train to see Sophie  
 Burr off, but at 7.30 P.M. sent a  
 telegram to N.Y. expressing regret.

Nov 11. Sat.

See Woods' note in a New York letter on November 10 to him asking to be that Adams would not be obliged to take the present business value of bank assets in determining loans, but would have a bare, liberal estimate; that undoubtedly mistakes would be made; that he would at the same time ask Congress to indemnify the Adams on any loss incurred in such valuation of assets and that he was confident Congress would pass such an act.

The Ad. answered this letter.

Mr. Hayes said he thinks it was the best event. He certainly looks depressed.

A New York letter of Dec 10 was to see Mapes was read asking him to forward an application for license to other with their recommendations.

Mr. Hayes said this was a good to put entire responsibility on Adams for charging the

Adams and several of Board objected.

As a first step course of currency also had been asked to make remarks as to use Nat. banks, but the ultimate responsibility was in Dec 10 was.

The New York letter, called on Mapes for remarks as to Nat. banks as well as Mr. Adams.

Finally got suggested address to the letter that the Compt. also had been asked for remarks as to Nat. banks, and Board & Compt. accepted this.

But best of the Mapes thought they alone were responsible for Nat. as well as State banks, it would require

then much more caution, whereas this amendment would bring out that the Dec 10 report would make the decision as to Nat banks based on reports both by Compt. & Mapes.

How does not believe that the Dec would be justified in placing responsibility on Mapes over the State banks. It is the responsibility throughout.

November writes Woods that he was only Congress to indemnify Adams for losses under charging

Nov 11. Sat.

See Woods read in a week-end letter to Roosevelt to him expressing hope that W. Bump would not be obliged to take the present business value of bank assets in determining loan, but would take a base, liberal estimate; that undoubtedly inclusion would be made; that he would at the moment like ask Congress to indemnify the W. Bump on any loss incurred in such valuation of assets and that he was confident Congress would pass such an act.

The Fed approved this letter.

Mr. Hoops said perhaps it was the best course. He certainly looks desirous.

A week-end letter of Sec of War to Mr. Mayhew was read asking him to forward an application for license to deal with these recommendations.

Mr. Hoops said this was a good to put entire responsibility on W. Bump for showing the

course and several of Board objected.

As a fact the Compt. of Currency also had been asked to report recommendations as to use Nat. Bank, but the ultimate responsibility was on Sec of War.

The week-end letter, called on Mayhew for recommendations as to Nat. Bank as well as W. Bump.

Finally not suggested adding to the letter that the Compt. also had been asked for recommendations as to Nat. Bank, and Board & Compt. accepted this.

With belief of the Mayhew's thought they alone were responsible for Nat. as well as State help, it would require the much more caution, whereas this amendment would bring out that the Sec of Navy would make the decision as to Nat Bank based on reports both from Compt. & Mayhew.

We do not believe that the Sec would be justified in placing responsibility on Mayhew over the State help. It is the responsibility throughout.

Roosevelt wrote Woods that he was asking Congress to indemnify W. Bump for losses under existing

Mon. Study

See Woods concerned w/ Board as to  
essence to open the Bk of Amer &  
Anglo Am Bank of S. Mex.

Two cables wired quoting Woods  
telegram as to leaving no bank  
not sound, and said he could  
not recommend either of the  
banks. The Compt. was present

and said he was checking with  
last agents but did not say what  
he had or would recommend

Allen later said Woods said  
the Compt. had made us think

the Bd adjourned waiting some  
word from Comptroller.

The Bd asked Allen Banks was  
not sound.

Allen said his guests were who  
the whole when would not be  
more informed by leaving the  
bank then will be surprised by  
not doing this.

Woods Cleveland would be trying  
see to open the Cleveland bank  
save in a restricted bank but

later withdrew from the bank.

See Woods suggested not opening any S. Mex.  
banks because of the earthquake in a  
month.

and the Bd sent a long letter to solicitor  
Burd.

and buy a ref and follow to Mexico  
for trouble and tempt if we have an  
all night sleep as now seem trouble.

In discussing opening of Bk of Amer  
and Anglo Am Bank, the Regs  
said relations of the bank were interested  
in one of the banks and he advised  
there was trust in the decision. In  
fact he left the room.

We were told that no cables  
would be opened tomorrow because  
of the earthquake.

Newslett later says Regs - cables  
that only sound left would be other  
banks hoped Newslett would get  
delivery and send the full Newslett  
that the reg. could not be of  
aid.

The Monday morning his would cut down Bonds + stocks along 15% but 2 days ago gave out draft of amendment to ease the crisis later it was with James + we both talked in his large late lunch and asked him to take it up w/ them. He said he would be glad to do this.

much stronger idea at railroad hospital.

in James office and in his presence, Bryan Tully, told me that the of America was positively not in sound condition

last sat. I called attach to. Home had letter to Ad saying that Roosevelt advised against issuing treasuries as banking holiday.

Home then wrote him stating as a financial committee was talking w. Roosevelt.

Best recollection of Board is that

Miller told me of the committee as follows: Home told Roosevelt that a Nat. holiday was objected to by NY clearing house banks and by Bank of Ill. + NY, and that A said - in that event, I do not think a Nat. holiday should be proclaimed.

Later Geo. Harman advised me that the NY clearing house banks were unanimous in wanting a National Proclamation, so Home's story was not correct.

Mon 12. Monday

at noon today it was decided to open the cash. books in VA cities and to permit the Am. of Am. + Anglo Am. Bank to open.

This is astounding!

Miller in Harold's office told me that he was w. Roosevelt last evening + Woodin; that they talked to Geo. Collier who would not yield on the points; that he - Miller - told Roosevelt he thought 300 million would be the maximum that could be spent for bank assets,

and its about liabilities are over 6 or  
million.

Huller said Rowell asked him what  
would happen if banks were closed.  
Huller said he told him that under  
deposition receipt withdrawal the  
balance and that if the upper class  
they could break the bank in a  
week; on the other hand things  
might go on for a long time and  
the inevitable he had to do.

Huller said he told him that need  
to open the bank would be very  
immediate directly to collapse.  
This act is absolutely inconsistent  
with them as required by Rowell  
of only strong sound banks.  
and even the act was decided  
whole than of strong.

Huller said the assets of the Nat  
banks were not so very much  
better than the rest of America  
but that they were undoubtedly  
some bank failures.

Received a letter from Huller

Lee (Biddle) in answer to my letter of  
sympathy.

He also received letter from Substant Rowell  
dated Sunday, Dec 12

and Huller received tax return (National).  
Because of loss in sale of 500 lb of  
effects, no tax is due.

He also told Huller today that the  
cause of the Huller's return had  
been a slight short.  
Banks in the city since today, all  
went off readily.

Mar 14. Tuesday

Huller said he talked with Rowell last  
Friday PM & he asked him what he  
thought of the Hatcher's for  
MAd. Huller said he told him he  
was in his 7th year - too old to help  
work in Ad; that what Ad  
needed was a cheap man,  
probably a banker.

Huller said that Rowell said he  
would talk with him later  
in the subject. Huller mentioned

to Miss Roosevelt has not made Helgeson  
an unequivocal offer.

4 P M

Board met see Woods to discuss  
Senate bill whereby that in blank  
state law & trust cor. may apply direct  
to Miss and get benefit of Sec 106 as  
amended by Bank Act which passed a  
few days ago. It also wanted that each  
abstract must have certificate of state  
banking dept that the bank is in a  
sound condition.

But unanimously disapproved the  
bill. as 1. The R. F. Co. and does  
make such loans to N. A. Co.  
2. It would be wrong to do so  
who own 80% of resources of  
Miss to immediately admit all  
banks to benefits of M. Syst  
without any obligation.

was pointed out that all this  
could be obtained now by  
Miss in improvement of M. Co.  
while delay would seem that  
Senate had not intended.

two days called in then who said we  
understand that the bill came on  
White House & Murray.

See we did not know who drew it.  
Then did not know that the new  
banking law had away w. res. of  
5 abber vote of Bd.

Then helped disableness but he may  
have voted on it, perhaps 5 abber.  
vote went res.

Woods, Keegan & Keeler went over  
to White House to report to Roosevelt.

Board met 9 P M.

Keeler suggested that we write them  
that Bd is unalterably opposed to  
Sec. 106, but at same time to  
send them suggestion on remedy  
some of the disableness in their  
arrangement that the bill in some form  
is bound to pass.

a rough draft was presented but  
Ced felt we should insist that  
arrangements be made first and  
advice to M. Syst.

Ced also suggested a decreasing  
rate but two Keegan & Keeler thought

the number.

Monday at 12 o'clock Bob visited to send the letter with a recommendation. The Bob sent the money as a gift to Alan. The Bob went in regard to Alan. The Bob went in regard to Alan. The Bob went in regard to Alan.

Mon 15. Wed

Wright said early this am that the suggestion referred to in letter to Alan was the change agreed to by Alan & November 1. 1. Amount of ability bank 2. Making the value double on M<sup>Bank</sup> Note.

Wright clearly believed the letter could sound suggestion as suggested by letter & applied by Wright said there should not square to November in ability letter and told him the first two were equivalent a dollar to M<sup>Bank</sup> note which sounded like very much being greater than as very large & letter was in wooden room while James read out in James room. It was most disappointing.

Wright says Bullington, Kuyper & Arnold are democracy words; that these had left money because not asked to remain; that they was circumvently brought about circumvently after in case. That money was circumvently to Alan and in circumvently day. Then an they in to give Alan Bob letter and suggest broadly R.F.C.'s Bulletin & making its funds double in value. On notes discrepancy with M<sup>Bank</sup>.

Wright began to begin that November is going along line of least resistance regardless of currency conditions.

Wright said he, Hansen & Leonard had heard about the as in the letter and that after one vote least suggest to change the substance of one letter to Alan, I think study and all release to amend & merely making in the course of the time.

Wright said Bob never visited to send Alan suggestion letter made & all agreed to least suggest. Wright believes they were agreed to

sent report at 12.15 for keeps told James he would draw the same, and he volunteered cost to stand and about without asking him to draw with him. Next day...

Wright said he would have just told the that Roosevelt had. Then - then he would be that through, with the above suggestion agreed to by him as to of course & M. Note.

Wright said just from was with words are the way and certainly wants to resolve R & C by drawing their problems in M. Note.

The Senate has a responsibility as the N. in the state bar can get all the the assistance they need direct from the R. F. C.

James said & cost believe that he has no interest by the way as was so they can draw on the M. Note makes reported by R. F. C. James thought better included against the whole bill.

The Wm. Nat. Bar Club and 4000 Secs. defend in Fed. Nat. Bar of Wash. and volunteered to be observed.

Round table at noon.

Letter to them was read out to Sen. Cox James moved to send copy 1 to President 2 to all others 3 to my & case. Case is H. R. & Senate

Cost said would vote on 1 as we have already advised Pres of our objection; would be ready to vote on 2, letter by Sen in confidence; would observe 3.

Drury discussed James' bill, attacked Miller who lost the vote. Before vote in above had notified Miller who declined to come back.

Drury James agreed to withdraw the motion later & we adjourned.

Cost went into Miller's office. He said he was writing a letter of request, after long talk he practically promised to do nothing with committee cost cost then went to James who after

by decision finally agreed to "hold it off" with Miller.

and call on the Van Noyen, Dutch Minister who was the one interested as to the possible effects, as he is certainly a sensible person.

the Van Noyen told me that Sublet Borel was well engaged to a very prominent and entirely Belgian man <sup>van Noyen?</sup>, the present Minister of the Senate; that he was very distressed and annoyed and that she would make the engagement.

and called on Rachel Hall and thanked her for lending Berta her auto for the whole afternoon, the other day. She said she had had a black head cut out <sup>like</sup> Ben Lee's, and a red coat and lumberstone but was really better.

Nov 16 Monday

David McPherson here in lieu of Senate Bill & sent it to them. Late in P.M. a tele. from Wilson of Buller came. Said death <sup>remuneration</sup> <sup>oblation</sup> <sup>here</sup> and

at well come conference etc but were do nothing unless Fed intervenes.

and went down at 4.30 and about 5.30 the Meyer called a meeting at James residence.

and called up Miller who said he would stay away to keep a question and call helped in not to. as meeting James seemed to want when board would interfere no objection. Call & Miller and Lee would object. Finally

able by decision call record: "While there is no authority - Board to interfere with individual expressions of opinion as to proposed legislation, the Board, in response to your direct question, feels that the action in question is not advisable"

and brought them to see W. who asked to be recorded in its form. It was changed to majority of Fed to hope case of Penn adverse vote. See he agreed to this.

See W. send them had accepted the  
change in Sen, his decreased  
and finally now agreed on by  
Household + them + that had  
might be named the 1st.

It was brought out that see to  
did not know of Ad's letter  
to them sent the other night  
in name of alternative members.

See W send Ad should not have  
done this without going in a  
channel to vote. The boys say  
he was not there and Ad  
sent letter in return to request  
on them.

Marion send them letter <sup>approved</sup> <sup>obviously</sup> <sup>the</sup>  
line. Even w change obviously  
discussed at White House.

that night, + that other change  
was discussed.

see attempt only original has one  
referred to but he is satisfied

Marion in report all the way  
letter attempt was given to the  
change, at that time, only  
under discuss + not agreed.

see W received also disapproval

at Ad sendy copy of Glenn letter in  
embodiment to all W.M.s.

Finally see W send Roosevelt would  
agree that any state bank act to  
a even more that in many  
line of cab. requirement and try  
in view just as if a he G.

them to be settled tomorrow Am.  
In discussing Glenn letter call was  
held that Glenn was obviously the  
suspicion made at White House  
conference. See index 2/158

then they sent 2 days ago a booklet  
or booklet letter to be given to  
Bureau house in return for 2 copies of  
the 2nd level sheet and call  
write Prof Oliver to the effect.

The boys at bank board James motion -  
"interior no objection" and criticized  
call for meeting in copy of Texas telegraph -  
"W.M.s should not lobby". It finally  
accepted call's comprehensive motion.  
The Board has done two things, desirable  
to wordin:

- 1. The alternative members, at Glenn's

urgent, wrote them that even with the change suggested at White House conference, (but not allowed until yesterday) the Fed was dangerous.

2. Fed sent copy of letter to them in confidence to each W.M.A.

Clearly we should have asked Sec W to be present at each of these decisions. In Regs, an old document, said Sec W was not in hearing at the time.

The alternative members felt that the Fed was an attempt to give us knowledge of membership to the N. A. State bank, without any burden on them of complying in capital & reserve requirements imposed on the Fed.

As individuals could see no reason why they should not have acceded to their request and give the Fed a good chance, after it could have been with the Fed wanted until they could find Sec W.

could also feel that it was better

to send the copy of the letter to them to the W.M.A. in confidence; that while either might say that it was meeting the W.M.A. to organize in objection to the Fed was better than in fact it could have just let the objection alone and not let the knowledge that the Board was opposing the Fed would tend to prevent the W.M.A. organizing in objection.

In any event one telegram to Dallas bank makes Board's position clear - that it does not wish W.M.A. to organize in protest.

It is certainly a dramatic situation - the alternative members of Fed in objection to a Fed with changes ultimately agreed to by Roosevelt and Sen. Glass!

If the Fed as agreed to in question changed to provide for capital & reserve requirements, could we really be allowed it in view of interest

Confidence.

Even as agreed upon, the W. B. Co. being given discretion, with right of amendment etc, the Bill really needs given right to purchase (after one or advances) properly secured notes offered by the Bank. It is something like the power vested in W. B. Co. to buy acceptances, foreign and domestic, direct from the Bank.

Subsequent to the latter.

Nov 17. Friday

Ad meeting. See Woods read Bill agreed to by Roosevelt & Shaw. It provided that the Bank should get by some means directly with other reports as of the Bank.

Woods said that in the subsequent members had no letter to them endorsed the bill, he looked the Ad and now accepted the bill as a Reserve report would.

Bill made note that she was end of the bill the bill by amended, and the Ad after discussion vote to accept same.

James, who had always violently opposed the bill said he would to amend the note by adding "and obtain" after "accept". The bill was accepted then & Ad unanimously voted in favor.

James said the views James had changed his mind as to the Bill.

a minute or two - Minutes - told us that Bank clearing House was to protest on the Bill.

Bill saw Ballentine who said he would call on Nat. Bank. & Ad Ad

Ad got Curtis, both in of the change, said it was Roosevelt's bill, approved by Shaw and was dead. He said it was obviously in pretty good shape and he would take care of clearing house. He said Shaw has an agreement with Roosevelt; that he called on him and said of the was definitely on Friday being for country advice he covered part

no further amendments on Rhy & Cur  
 come; that he was angry with  
 Woods on not first getting Board  
 approval of any new  
 measure; that in future he would  
 decline to consider any new  
 measure unless specifically  
 approved by Bd.

He said that when Cur was working on  
 his country bill and had asked  
 Wright and Cur to go over it to see  
 what was in legal form, which  
 they did last night; that Wright  
 gave him a draft explicitly not  
 to stop on any first cut down  
 and reamoney. He would not  
 be troubled money; that Cur  
 absolutely agreed to them.

Mon 18 Sat

See Woods attended Board meeting.  
 Woods again explained his views  
 that the appropriate members  
 should not have written them now  
 and a copy to McManis without  
 first notifying him. He said McManis  
 was with Solbrig Board.

were very much delighted about it also.  
 He said, however, that the water had  
 gone over the dam.

He then walked against the telephone  
 sent out yesterday to check Mr. Gray  
 text of bill as agreed to, or rather  
 to the text at the end to correct that  
 after consultation with Cur. See at  
 morning who explained the legislative  
 scheme, the Bd voted to accept  
 and approve the bill; in work  
 to that effect.

Mr. See said that Cur was in a  
 cheap legal - as of Cur was  
 an angry legislative on Cur  
 to him and getting Board to  
 talk him etc etc.

Mr. See said he had really  
 in the extent a fair statement  
 of what the vote actually  
 was. See W. dropped with  
 him very intensely.

Cur said he had not seen the  
 telephone which actually went  
 out.

See W. said he looked in the  
 future he would be advised of

any important action of Board to be  
could vote on it.

After Woods left Merrill reported  
and that the end of the telegram  
sent yesterday to the banks was  
exactly the language of cert's note  
amended by James with only addition;  
that this was discussed on Sep 15  
Merrill and voted for by the  
that he explained that when  
at the act of the Board; that  
it was discussed in understanding  
that the vote of the Board should  
be used to aid the banks.

Ed also remembers that he  
received a telegraphic message  
to each bank and in addition to  
the telegram; that James suggested  
on a telegram which all banks  
agreed to; that later two banks  
called up all the reserves  
and told them.

Ed as stated above also called  
up Carter who said the change  
made the bill satisfactory  
and they would see to some  
effect.

Ed also remembers Merrill.

He attended luncheon at the place  
in honor of the James Board.

Present: Edwin C. Chicago, Van Riper,  
Mrs. Miller et al.

Mr. Merrill told Arthur Sullivan  
Board was to dine with him on  
N. Y. tomorrow, Sunday night.

Ed also remembers Merrill  
and writes Colburn's name.

Merrill told me that last night at  
dinner at White House, Merrill  
talked with him - across the Parish -  
and asked if he would vote with  
on Board and second suggested when  
he said No; that he asked if he  
was independent or whether he  
was dominated; that he told him  
he was able, young, had done  
good work, and he believed he  
to be independent; that he said  
he had been told that Merrill  
was very close to Merrill; that  
he told him he had some doubts  
of this.

Merrill agreed that Ed should

wrote them suggesting that he collect  
Round of Revenue with respect to  
whether they were issues & bills  
and that could quote the on  
bearing it.

and afterward letter to them but  
after the debate before words  
& that, decided not to send it.

Muller said no more why case  
should not write Reynolds  
about draft but after wooden  
statement that Reynolds is not  
pleased with Bonds note as  
to them, case feels it will not  
with draft, and will want  
rather Reynolds's answer in advance.

To sum up wooden testimony:

1. The alternative member met  
during evening and agreed to  
embody into them request  
for an issue of smokeless  
and tentative changes.
2. and afterward several  
suggested them for a new  
bill introduced by Wood, 123  
very abstract but  
memorable, combination  
with draft & other records.

3. Muller dictated in them letter  
and referred in it to the alternative  
plans.

4. at 12 PM when he arrived, Miller  
and you, proposed letter, refer  
to alternative plans, as well as  
ending smokeless with tentative  
changes, was read.

case sent the voted first in  
understanding that Miller favors  
it. all sent them were clearly  
understood & Revenue read  
Miller dictate.

5. The letter as finally sent omitted  
the reference to alternative plans  
although these plans were a  
part sent with the letter.

6. This omission of reference was  
done without knowledge of  
case.

7. This omission of reference left  
the letter as finally sent  
-noting to Wood and the  
& tentative changes, which were  
was amplified by case.

8. When he sent the letter, the

tentative change - description - quantity  
collateral on Miller's note - had  
not been agreed to by Newcomb  
and Glen at what time but  
were merely suggestions wh.  
Glen had not the authority.

9. Glen after writing Home con-  
-ference asked the large, Miller  
& Monroe for whom is not  
remembered.

10. Not remember in July when was  
not attaching any new agreed  
to by Newcomb & Glen.

11. Glen knew of conference as to  
Wooden when, but wanted  
to know when is not remember

Conclusion:

While it might have been better  
to hold up letter until  
Wooden could see it, but they  
said he could not find  
Wooden & Glen wanted an  
immediate answer, - therefore  
not but that the objection  
members were justified in  
saying Glen has letter at

Next time.

write to send every confidentially  
to Mr. Board.

When then came before Board,  
Miller had left you following  
the new water frame. The Ad  
requested him to come in and,  
I think, told him what was  
before it. Miller said would be  
would not come in but that  
Ad could do anything as  
wanted to do without his  
presence.

The Ad - not a green - then  
voted to send copies to Mr. Board.

This was ordinarily done at the  
policy of Ad to keep review  
inbound of Ad's act.

If any one had desired to send  
it could have been inserted in  
a brief Board, but ten weeks  
was so in line with Ad's  
policy that he did not  
give the matter a thought.  
Undoubtedly, however, the  
Board should have seen

Secretary a chance to be present.

Nov 20. Monday

Allen said Woods asked me to give him a record of Board terms. He also says that matter will be settled soon. Allen spoke of some Woods & said that his name is under consideration as one of the alternates.

Also gave Allen a memo. showing vacancies, listing of alternates as to term & names, listing of names etc.

Soluble Board writes HWA in answer to her letter of a few days ago.

Also writes Soluble Board saying a check on to members ready to count & counter speaking.

Allen said that while Woods was present when he voted to work the law as to remedy but not otherwise. He votes to accept & alternate, yet that it did not follow that the entire vote of Board which

he had in telegraph, and that only fact that he observed the vice should have appeared in the telegraph.

Also said no member had seen the telegraph before it was sent out. Keller said with her people heard & that a copy should have been shown each member before study of. Allen said the people were very sloshy in her recollections & that the telegraph was a sloshy one. Allen said Woods best of that time in North is trying to influence the Board.

Also remembers that Woods also being that Roosevelt, then & he observed the vice, sent to Board - now please talk me out! This was certainly very unpleasant. Also feels that few days later demonstrated that she of Mrs. Field could be on Board.

Also writes Van Ruyke to let her "stomach" if he decides to have a operation.

The Treasury sent 2 Voucher regulations to Board for its consideration:

1. an order forbidding gold treasury and Treasury a Treasury of 50% of amount bonded.
2. Prelim. draft showing Treasury in debtary balance out of hand.

1. Issue was not in Board, as it would limit us to gold standard.

But our firm said the same was and the limit was changed in Proclamation to bonds thereby the Treasury was now in debt, where the long bonds were added by current limit into a bond. Treasury debtary to Treasury was reduced they were not obliged to give us less gold. That present credit was given elsewhere by the small sum.

Issue said that credit was gold - only hope was to buy it and make Treasury

Underneath would put us off the gold standard, but said we were off at least temporarily. Mr. Bundy of New York came in and explained actual. He said if we issued the new Treasury notes of \$100 million were at once ready to accept upon conversion which had obligation they also in gold. About 1. He thought to the Treasury and said no of course need the cents might hold that the currency would be exercised on buying gold. But agreed w. then an underlying obligation to include obligation only to State and not to Nat. Govt.

But felt Mr. Street Treasury had credit very good obligation should be allowed to buy gold, ~~but~~ if so demanded, but the Treasury used time to turn it over to the bank under the name of Treasury. But said whatever was done on to domestic gold Treasury the Govt should accept of bank

to sold to borrower kindly oblige  
to our wishes or to our best  
negotiable gold.

Bundy thought we could not  
thus discriminate against  
domestic holders, but he  
agreed to this.

But said he would try our  
dollar and at any cost and  
he would agree.

Evenden thought we should  
cancel all gold in domestic  
circulation but allow gold  
freely under license to carry  
and legitimate transactions & that  
later we should adopt a gold  
bullet standard.

But to our stable standard  
agree.

Joe Meyer said money was  
tight that stability to  
dollar and might make  
heavy losses down in US.

The money was not as good  
as when it was inherited  
quite but he said it should

be ready if and when our dollar should  
be asked.

In it possible the money was worth  
a dollar or to the gold standard  
would naturally rise? I took out.

Board seemed to feel that ultimately  
all gold should be cancelled but  
no immediate thing. Call & plan  
felt should be done in very near  
future.

Joe Meyer said money was coming  
an immediate issue of 500  
notes at 3% int. but to be  
put in and not bought in amount,  
with promise that we should  
be able to be accepted. He said to  
believe the whole thing and  
hope some of the money.

Joe Meyer & Fuller thought it was  
to cancel all gold. Meyer said  
Stewart could not see doing  
they would call to call in money  
but call declined unless bonds  
were cancelled. Bonds in way  
today.

Nov 21. Trends

USS names late on Schickel Busch

The Ames. Not left of Franklin he was not  
owned by Mary. Later Mary  
owned it.

The Seay Corp. did not trust it in last  
but why.

John Campbell asked why to Hammond.

The Seay related corp. does based on  
yellow sheet as not by expansion  
& he did not change records.

The Seay was not here 16 that he is  
visibly returned that does to make was  
due in trust at least to intervention of  
of Senator. (see blank Boyd).

Ward Hurren says check see his as  
Miss Jan 7. said that when Mary  
decided to open Bk of Ames. the  
Miss changed its head and headship  
owned and all banks in future!

Hurren is Texas New school head  
owned with some state banks  
was not owned by Sec of War.

Ward met in am w. See Woods. He asked  
me to advise him and William draft  
of new order probably twenty under  
finally in order to reach boarders advised  
by Council that they were not obliged to  
him in good until a board order to that  
effect was issued.

Miller at first obtained such an order as it  
would correct all the gold in the  
country and in effect put in all  
gold standard.

USS sent not to some order will be  
to board present keep boarders at  
expense of square, present boarders  
deceived by fit order into thinking that  
they were compelled to run over than  
gold - that the big boarders would  
say about gold! to the small one.  
See W and James agreed w. C.H.  
after see W left but helped in  
order until success and agreed  
in P.H.

at lunch USS returned head  
draft of subjects we should  
put in new order, and submitted  
it in P.H.

James owned it; Miller was in

Some doubt at first; Keays was clearly  
finally able to get decision it was  
agreed to accept ~~the~~ suggestion  
w. could begin time at June 30, 1931  
so that the new order would be an  
order to hoard and not a general  
cessation of gold.

But met in evening and would read  
draft, under study at evening and  
and a draft is introduced on see to  
to trust out.

The interview at end tend showed  
that result of order would be to  
buy gold standard + interest stability  
of our currency.

cess agreed in principle but said  
must be able to receive the  
sharper strike. But agreed to  
this: (copy in next page)

Mar 22.

Nov 21,  
Subline some work, ~~and~~ also has cold  
and can not leave until Friday.  
cess work on  
cess write her a letter

March 21, 1933.

(Suggested for consideration  
by C. S. Hamlin.)

1. Issue the order at once.
2. Provide in the new order:
  - (a) That gold will be licensed for legitimate export transactions not involving hoarding or speculation.
  - (b) Licenses will be issued to obtain gold from Federal reserve banks for meeting any gold obligation maturing within three months, when gold is demanded, whether the obligee is at home or abroad.
  - (c) Point out that any citizen or foreigner residing in the United States demanding and receiving gold, is subject to the proclamation requiring its immediate return.
  - (d) Announce that this order is temporary only, and that the Treasury hopes shortly to remove all restrictions on gold.

Round met in am. and of planned to see  
Wooden its draft of new order based on  
cess's suggestion. The Sec. said he thought  
it was advisable & thoroughly approved  
it and said he would at once take  
it up with Roosevelt.  
Hull offered a draft wording the  
main of the order for the President  
Wooden, James & Cess approved it.

after the meeting did ask James why  
Huller was so opposed to the order. James  
said we had reason to know and that  
the "best that man's memory" would be  
did not deliberately say so then was  
no doubt but that he believed that  
Huller or some of his friends in  
relation were gold hoarders.

Nov 23. Thursday

Manuel said Bullenton corrected  
date - June 30. 31 - and thought  
this should be no date.

Manuel said it would still remain  
a binding order after no date  
fixed.

Manuel also said Woods had  
sent draft to Miss. by bus comments  
and that the N.Y. bank was  
voluntarily oblige the order been  
of the new hoarders there!

Ad met. Woods and Bullenton present.

Bullenton burned strategy and date is  
indeed June '31 but strictly burned away  
an order; said if we did not we ought  
to return all gold voluntarily turned in

and said the people constant best order  
on a case or all awarded money;  
that the money permitted the gold to  
be turned in; that Sec. should strictly  
have warned people at the time that  
there was no compulsion or even request  
to turn in gold, if he had never  
intended to issue the order so heavily; that  
that heavy dose than the money is  
naturally bound to issue the order as  
they were the gold voluntarily  
turned in.

Bullenton agreed, and said I was and  
turned in 1 million before date  
deliberately fixed in the order  
& that if we held the date in it  
would have to be returned.

Huller burned truthfully in N.Y. as the  
date and said to fix no date  
as Bullenton proposed would be  
to cancel all gold & that an end  
to gold standard

and said ultimately he believed  
all gold should be cancelled  
& not used in circulation but  
he did not want to vote in

such a violent gust in the middle of the crew, when we could not stress clearly

and said if staying and date will still leave the order in a Hounding order, and not turn it into a curdly order, he will not object to staying and ten date.

and was told by Revere - Seiler - that it will stay through a hounding order.

But that is a likelihood of success being not less to water in system.

It had not been obtained by Woodman but had been by State Substit & was also in defiance of Woodman's orders to receive it.

Now yesterday at first wanted to speak at low velocity. Proceeds in to evening. Finally decided to ride down first by evening in defiance of See vs Manning. it was subject to 10 year improvement & 10000 bins

Mr An See W, said he had talked w Noorwell who felt we ought to

withdrawn quietly. See W said he did not fear him as a precedent, because of the critical situation.

But when voted to remain it to order.

He then ed he talked in general way with See Woodman about arrangements a Board; that he should of Sir Hildesheim and See W, did not remember on heavy letter written about Sir Hildesheim. He then said he told him that he & crew believed a Republic. shall be appointed to at least one of best places.

and 2 or 3 days ago mentioned a man on the bridge and terms of Woodman & gave it to Miller who said he would give it either to Noorwell or Woodman. Miller had looked check it up. Not being he asked by Noorwell in Woodman crew but he has done all by seen in the matter.

Now in P.M. then with measured order. See Woodman & Ballantine present.

Bullentin trained of Bureau "channels of trade" used in debate of treasury

This was adopted 2 reports ago at COT suggests who invented it.

But Bureau agreed to draft and date - July 1, 1931.

COT sd it could still be a hoarding measure and not a general curbing of gold on reserve but under it every individual would keep 100 in gold.

Decided to strike out "in Central Bank U.S." - Sec 1.

Sec 2.(d).

Agreed to strike out "gold certificates" as unnecessary

Sec 2 (e)

originally proposed.

Bureau, NY wanted "gold bullion" and strikes out, as there was not more than 15 million in U.S. and he thought said he wanted it as a best way to set up gold bullion standard

he thought sd to strike out bullion and at once had seen bullion

Standard

COT sd it strikes out any bullion of gold coin etc would it make bullion.

Whole Fed showed slush out "bullion".

Bureau said they were temporary draft of an Order in NY with assurance of Julius Davis Ben, Agnew etc; that this draft would involve currency and gold on a gold obligation & this ten obligations would be placed on obligations by the act of the Fed.

Bureau made NY Board draft in this originally suggested by COT and said NY agreed it was perfectly workable but then Bureau proposed the NY method later Bureau said then several were decided and some much preferred was taken.

Bullentin at Fed said we shall not try gold to be prepared if we returned it at home. We are bumping them and send of

gold not made use in London leads  
such trade would be discouraged;  
that gold is only tender accepted  
in London, trade in West of balance,  
while in U.S. currency in double  
on all numbers; that no business  
could get gold under ten when  
who had not originally found  
gold or its equivalent to U.S.

Finally agreed tentatively on rules  
and new revised copy orders  
wanted.

Monday, Monday

Huller said that see Woodin told  
him that he had a very high  
opinion of C. and a not very  
favorable opinion of James.

Wright said Woodin had my opinion  
as to Hayes and asked Huller to  
back it up for him as he did not  
want to leave it in his desk, but  
would like to refer it to you.  
Huller said he had two sheets  
to mention about Hayes and felt

Woodin also would tell H. what Huller  
had said to him, but that he  
would open check to Woodin  
in near future.

In P.M. Wright again came before Board.  
He made several changes not very  
material and wh. old probably be  
covered by Admin. ruling. He still  
marked when necessary for Navy  
all restrictions on gold bullion. All of us  
said we were not willing to establish  
the gold bullion standard even  
temporarily.

He then said he had written  
to see Woodin giving him suggestions in  
detail which would reach in  
turnover money.

Wright asked if in the letter he H  
claimed that the N.Y. plan is being  
to prevent obligation to pay in gold  
under gold contracts were less  
He said Yes.

Wright made it evident that the  
N.Y. plan was radically debbed  
from the Board table.  
During this discussion, see Wright left

to attend a dinner of the Yale class -  
 NY and soon to receive list and did  
 not return.

No action was possible & we are awaiting  
 the Harrison letter.

After meeting Lyzall and several said  
 there was nothing in the NY plan  
 which would require any changes  
 on debt, and that as to the gold  
 dollar standard, the Board was  
 invariably opposed, as also to the  
 NY plan as to carrying weight in gold.

Before our PM meeting his keeper called  
 Board members into call office and  
 told them confidentially that he had  
 told Roosevelt that he wished to be  
 relieved of his duties as a member  
 of the Board; that Roosevelt asked  
 him for a letter resigning, which he said  
 he would be glad to give him.

At 7.20 we went down to meet Cobble  
 Merrill on the train from NY to Cleveland  
 and had a half hour's talk with her.  
 She asked me to keep two beautiful  
 brooches for her until she returned  
 in about a month. She is to stay  
 at the Summit Hotel.

Some days ago the Mayor said that the  
 Harrison told him he was shocked at  
 Hoover's reference to gold standard as  
 the Hoover standard; that he talked  
 with Ogden Mills over telephone  
 at Minneapolis who said he knew  
 nothing about it.

The first thing I noticed  
 when I stepped out of the  
 car was a beautiful  
 view of the city. The  
 buildings were tall and  
 modern. The streets were  
 clean and well-maintained.  
 I was in luck. The  
 weather was perfect.

I had heard that the  
 city was beautiful and  
 I was not disappointed.  
 The people were friendly  
 and the food was delicious.  
 I was in luck. The  
 weather was perfect.

