NINTH ANNUAL REPORT

TO THE

FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD

BY THE

FEDERAL RESERVE AGENT

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK SAN FRANCISCO



FOR THE
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1923

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FOR THE
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1923

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Federal Reserve Bank, San Francisco, California, February 1, 1924.

GENTLEMEN:

I have the honor to submit the following report concerning conditions in the Twelfth Federal Reserve District and the operations of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco, for the year ended December 31, 1923.

Yours respectfully,

Chairman of the Board and Federal Reserve Agent.

Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D. C.

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DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

OF THE

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

January 1, 1924

Class	Group	DIRECTORS Expir	res
A	1	C. K. McIntosh, San Francisco, California 192 Vice-President, Bank of California, N. A.	25
A	2	J. S. MACDONNELL, Pasadena, California 192 President, First National Bank.	26
A	3	M. A. Buchan, Palo Alto, California 192 President, First National Bank.	24
В	1	A. B. C. Dohrmann, San Francisco, California 192 President, Dohrmann Commercial Company.	26
В	2	William T. Sesnon, Soquel, California 192 Agriculturist.	24
В	3	E. H. Cox, Madera, California 192 Vice-President and General Manager, Madera Sugar Pine Company, Madera, California.	25
С		WM. SPROULE, San Francisco, California 192 President, Southern Pacific Company.	25
C		JOHN PERRIN, San Francisco, California 192 Chairman of the Board.	26
C		Walton N. Moore, San Francisco, California 192 Deputy Chairman, President, Walton N. Moore Dry Goods Co., Inc.	24

MEMBER FEDERAL ADVISORY COUNCIL

D. W. Twohy, representing District No. 12. Chairman Board of Directors, Old National Bank, Spokane, Washington.

Jno. U. Calkins, Governor
WM. A. DAY, Deputy Governor
IRA CLERK, Assistant Deputy Governor
L. C. Pontious, Assistant Deputy Governor
W. N. Ambrose, Cashier W. M. Hale, Assistant Cashier Chester D. Phillips, Assistant Cashier C. E. Earhart, Assistant Cashier H. N. Mangels, Assistant Cashier M. McRitchie, Assistant Cashier H. M. Craft, Assistant Cashier E. C. Mailliard, Assistant Cashier
S. A. MacEachron, Assistant Cashier A. C. Agnew, Counsel

[4]

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS OF BRANCHES

January 1, 1924

SPOKANE BRANCH

Directors

PETER McGregor*
G. I. Toevs*
C. E. McBroom†
R. L. RUTTER†
W. L. PARTNER†

Officers

W. L. Partner, Manager D. L. Davis, Assistant Manager Evan Berg, Assistant Cashier

SEATTLE BRANCH

Chas. H. Clarke*
Chas. E. Peabody*
M. A. Arnold†
M. F. Backus†
C. R. Shaw†

C. R. Shaw, Manager B. A. Russell, Assistant Cashier

PORTLAND BRANCH

NATHAN STRAUSS*
JOSEPH N. TEAL*
J. C. AINSWORTH†
EDWARD COOKINGHAM†
FREDERICK GREENWOOD†

Frederick Greenwood, Manager R. B. West, Assistant Manager J. P. Blanchard, Assistant Cashier

SALT LAKE CITY BRANCH

LAFAYETTE HANCHETT*
G. G. WRIGHT*
CHAPIN A. DAY†
L. H. FARNSWORTH†
R. B. MOTHERWELL†

R. B. Motherwell, Manager A. B. Nordling, Assistant Manager Paul M. Lee, Assistant Cashier J. M. Leisner, Assistant Cashier

LOS ANGELES BRANCH

ISAAC B. NEWTON*
HENRY M. ROBINSON*
HENRY S. McKee†
J. F. Sartori†
C. J. Shepherd†

C. J. Shepherd, Manager G. H. Schmidt, Assistant Manager H. C. Vogelsang, Assistant Cashier A. J. Dumm, Assistant Cashier

^{*}Appointed by Federal Reserve Board. †Appointed by Federal Reserve Bank.



Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco Sacramento and Sansome Streets, San Francisco, California.

Section one of the new building—approximately 78 per cent of the whole—was completed and occupied in December, 1923. All activities of the Head Office of the bank are now carried on in this building. (See text page 21.)

ECONOMIC REVIEW OF THE YEAR 1923 IN THE TWELFTH FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT

Stability in trade and prices was more nearly realized during 1923 than in any year since 1915. Production, which had been gaining momentum during the latter half of 1922, reached record levels in the early months of 1923, from which a moderate decline occurred. but at no time during the later months of the year did the volume of production fall below normal. Distribution and trade, as distinguished from production, experienced neither the abnormal activity which was a feature of productive effort during the spring months nor the subsequent decline of the summer and early fall, but continued at uniformly high levels throughout most of the year. The general price level fluctuated less during 1923 than in any year since 1915, and such readjustments as have occurred between or within commodity groups have tended to restore the relationships which prevailed before the dislocations incident to the war. Sufficient credit has been available at moderate cost throughout the year to care for the increasing needs of industry and trade, and evidence of its careful employment is found in the strong position of the banking system at the year's close.

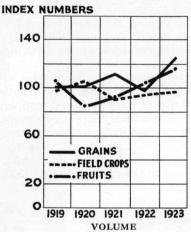
Mention should be made, however, of certain basic industries of this district in which conditions have not been altogether favorable during the year. Irregularities in agriculture have persisted, copper mines seem still to be producing more copper than current consumption will absorb, and the petroleum industry has suffered during most of the year from the effects of overproduction of oil following the discovery and exploitation of new oil fields in Southern California.

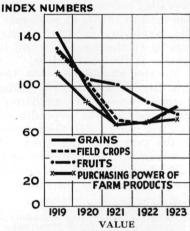
Production, trade, and credit conditions in the district during 1923 are summarized in the following table:

Primary Production	1923	1922
Grains* (index number of volume—five-year		
average 1918-1922 or 1919-1923 = 100)	123.8	97.5
Field crops* (as above)	96.8	94.9
Fruits* (as above)	115.0	103.8
Lumber (output of four associations in board		
feet)	8,403,620	6,580,965
Copper (pounds)	952,607,000	547,555,000
Petroleum (barrels)	264,000,000	138,468,000
Business Activity		
	#410 700 000	#210 G44 000
Building permits—value in 20 cities	\$419,726,000	\$310,644,000
Bank debits—20 cities	\$29,411,000,000	\$25,024,000,000
Prices		
Wholesale prices—United States Bureau of		
Labor average 404 commodities for Decem-		
ber (1913 = 100)	151.0	156.0
Cost of living—December index number Na-		
tional Industrial Conference Board (July,		
1914 = 100)	165.0	158.9
Credit		
(프리카프리아 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 -		
Loans—total loans of reporting member banks	\$1,007,606,000	\$908,690,000
at close of year	\$1,007,000,000	\$908,090,000
Borrowings of all member banks from Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco at close of		
	Ø52 114 000	\$37,304,000
year	\$53,114,000	\$57,504,000
Interest rates charged commercial borrowers	51/001	51/2-6%
by San Francisco banks at close of year	51/2-6%	072-070
*See page 8 for list of crops included.		

Production

Agriculture is of primary importance among the productive industries of this district. Yields of the principal farm crops in 1923 were generally larger than in 1922 and were considerably above the average of the past five years, except in the field crops, i. e., beans, cotton, potatoes, rice, and sugar beets. Distribution of the district's large crops has been facilitated by adequate transportation service, but prices received have frequently failed to return a profit, on the year's operations, satisfactory to the grower. Notwithstanding these reports, the total farm value of crops grown in the district was greater in 1923 than in either of the two preceding years, this increase being the more significant because the purchasing power of farm products has been rising during this period. Index numbers prepared by this





Volume and Value of Production of Fourteen Principal Crops in the Twelfth Federal Reserve District Note: See text and table for sources and explanation.

bank to show the trend of production and value of the principal crops of the district, and the United States Department of Agriculture's index number of the purchasing power of farm products expressed in terms of things the farmer must buy, are presented in the following table and shown graphically in the accompanying charts:

	1923		1922		1921	
	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value
Grains (wheat, barley, oats)*	123.8	83.9	97.5	69.3	111.4	67.2
Field crops (beans, cotton, potatoes, rice, sugar beets)*	96.8	83.7	94.9	68.2	90.4	71.8
Fruits (apples, peaches, pears, prunes, raisins, oranges)*						
prunes, raisins, oranges)*	115.0	76.8	103.8	86.1	91.8	100.8
Purchasing power of farm products (1913 = 100)	7	2	6	9	67	

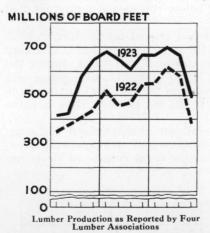
^{*}Five-year average 1918-1922 or 1919-1923=100.

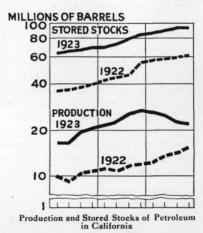
The livestock industry as a whole has been slower in recovery from the depression of 1920-1921 than have other industries, but progress was apparent during the past year. Sheep raisers in particular, benefiting from relatively high prices and active markets for wool and lambs, have been able to liquidate many old debts, and in some cases to plan moderate increases in the size of their flocks. An improved situation in the cattle industry has proceeded from less satisfactory causes. Cattle prices during 1923 offered little opportunity for accumulating profits with which to repay indebtedness incurred in previous years, so that some cattlemen found it necessary to sell their stock and leave the business. The number of livestock on farms and ranges of the district on January 1st of the past three years has been estimated by the United States Department of Agriculture as follows:

	1924	1923	1922
Cattle	4,671,000	4,712,000	4,611,000
Sheep	12,208,000	11,938,000	11,702,000
Hogs	1,877,000	1,778,000	1,612,000

The increasing importance of the district in general, and the Pacific Northwest in particular, as a source of **lumber** for the nation makes the condition of the industry a matter of national as well as district concern. Production during 1923 was more than 25 per cent greater than during 1922, and practically all of the lumber cut was sold, so that stocks in producers' hands were little greater at the close of the year than at its beginning. The figures of production and sales for approximately 200 reporting mills follow (000 omitted):

	Dec. 29, 1923 (board feet)	Dec. 30, 1922 (board feet)	Dec. 31, 1921 (board feet)
Production	8,403,620	6,580,965	4,192,500
ShipmentsOrders		6,063,165 $6,819,623$	4,114,445 4,383,680





Mining was active throughout 1923. Production schedules during the spring months were especially heavy, and shortages of mine labor were reported in a few areas during the first half of the year. Output of all of the principal metals was greater than in 1922, as shown by the following table:

	Gold	Silver*	Copper*	Lead* (lbs.)	Zinc (tons)
1923	1,347,327	48,675	952,607	399,569	27,200
1922	1,209,598	39,946	547,555	364,385	8,044
1921	1,222,632	31,699	240,743	302,656	841

^{*000} omitted.

Production of copper exceeded consumption during a large part of 1923. As stocks of the metal increased prices declined until doubts concerning further profitable operation of "high cost" mines threatened a curtailment of production which was partially realized during the last few weeks of the year. Certain changes in the character of silver mining operations occurred during 1923 as a result of the cessation on July 1st of Government purchases of silver, under the Pittman Act, at a fixed price of \$1.00 per ounce. Rapid production of ores immediately available, which characterized mining of the metal during the first half of the year, was followed by a period of more orderly development of ore bodies, but output was not materially less than during the previous period. Production of petroleum in California, as a result of flush production in the newer fields of Southern California, increased rapidly from 531,000 barrels per day in January to a peak of 859,000 barrels per day in September. later declining to a flow of 706,000 barrels per day for December. Total output for the year was almost twice as large as in 1922, the

previous record year:	California Production (barrels)	United States Production (barrels)	Per Cent California to United States
1923*	264,000,000	735,000,000	35.9
1922	138,468,000	557,531,000	24.8
1921	114,709,000	469,639,000	24.4

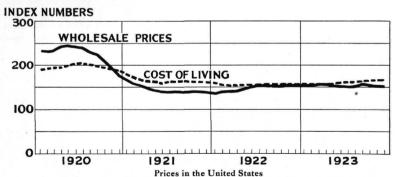
^{*}Estimated.

Storage stocks of petroleum held in California increased by 30,740,000 barrels during the year, and on January 1, 1924, stood at 91,925,000 barrels, but 0.2 per cent below the record figure reached-

the previous month.

Building activity, which had reached record levels during 1922, increased rapidly during the first three months of 1923, and continued at these high levels, with only seasonal variations, during the remainder of the year. There were 144,673 permits authorizing construction valued at \$419,726,000 issued in 20 principal cities of the district during 1923, compared with 122,295 permits with a value of \$310,644,000 issued in 1922.

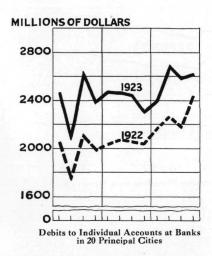
Full **employment** of all classes of labor characterized the year. Local and temporary shortages or surpluses of workers were occasionally reported, but at no time was the total volume of those unemployed abnormally large.

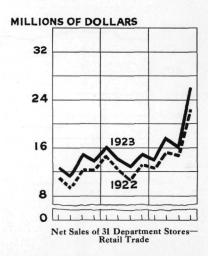


Bureau of Labor Statistics Index Number of Wholesale Prices—1913=100
National Industrial Conference Board's Index Number of Cost of Living—July, 1914=100

Business Activity

The total volume of trade carried on in the district is reflected in the amount of checks drawn against bank accounts (bank debits), figures for which are tabulated weekly by this bank for the 20 principal clearing house centers in the district. The average monthly volume of such bank debits in 1923 was 20 per cent greater than in 1922, and nearly 30 per cent in excess of the figures for 1919, a year of more than average activity in industry and trade. These figures are affected materially, of course, by changes in the price level, but correction for price fluctuations is unnecessary for comparison with 1922, and would increase the gain as compared with 1919. Trade at





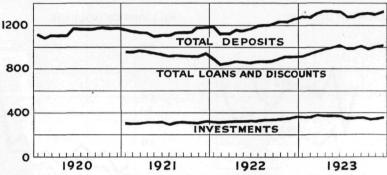
wholesale was generally greater in value and volume in 1923 than in 1922. Sales in each of 11 lines of wholesale business for which this bank collects figures were larger in value during most of the 12 months of 1923 than in the corresponding months of 1922, the margin of increase being greatest during the spring, diminishing in the summer, increasing again in the autumn, and then declining to the lowest level of the year in December. Retail business experienced a normal growth during the year. Sales of 35 department stores were larger each month by 10 per cent or more than during the same month of 1922. Retail distribution was affected by the early spring activity in smaller degree than either primary production or distribution at wholesale, but the movement of goods at retail continued to increase in the latter part of the year when activity in other fields was declining. Foreign commerce of the district increased in 1923 as did domestic trade. The value of imports for 1923 was 13 per cent and the value of exports 19 per cent greater than in 1922. Imports through the four Pacific Coast customs districts exceeded exports by 29 per cent.

Credit Conditions

The great activity of 1923 entailed no strain upon the banking resources of the district. An increased demand for credit followed naturally the expansion in trade and industry, but member banks were able to care for the needs of their customers without substantial rediscounting with the Reserve Bank, and signs of the employment of bank credit for speculative purposes were lacking.

Total loans of 65 reporting member banks in nine principal cities of the district increased from \$899,765,000 on January 3, 1923, to \$1,009,394,000 on June 20, 1923, a period of rapidly expanding business activity, and fluctuated around the billion-dollar level during

MILLIONS OF DOLLARS



Total Deposits, Loans and Discounts, and Investments of the Reporting Member Banks
(as of the last statement of each month)

the remainder of the year. During the first half of the year, while loans of reporting member banks were increasing by \$110,000,000, they increased their rediscounts at the Reserve Bank from \$14,480,000 on January 10th to \$56,853,000 on July 11th, a total increase of \$42,000,000, or less than 40 per cent of the increase in their loans to customers. Movement of member bank credit throughout the year is indicated in the following table and in the accompanying chart:

Reporting City Member Banks-Twelfth Federal Reserve District

	[000 omitted]			
	Jan. 3, 1923	June 27, 1923	Oct. 31, 1923	Jan. 9, 1924
Loans and discounts	\$ 899,765	\$1,008,699	\$ 992,406	\$1,005,658
Investments	357,491	368,159	343,845	344,192
Total loans and investments	1,257,256	1,376,858	1,336,251	1,349,850
Borrowings from Federal Reserve	10-1000			
Bank	23,986	48,032	41,939	32,746
Total deposits	1,257,470	1,315,017	1,303,092	1,344,183
Ratio of deposits to loans and in-				
vestments	100.0	95.5	97.5	99.6

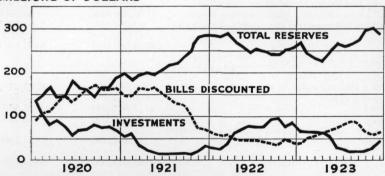
The course of reserve bank credit during 1923 was similar, in a general way, to that of member bank credit. The decline in rediscounts with the Federal Reserve Bank, which had begun as far back as September, 1920, terminated in January, 1923, and from January 10th to July 11th of that year rediscounts increased from \$32,874,000 to \$84,078,000. Seasonal demands of the autumn carried them to a peak of \$91,442,000 on September 5th, followed by a steady decline to \$50,406,000 on January 9, 1924. The latter figure

was \$17,532,000, or 53 per cent above the low point of recent years, reached in January, 1923. Both city and country member banks availed themselves of reserve bank credit in increasing amounts during the first half of the year, and reduced their indebtedness during the later months. Investments of the Federal Reserve Bank were allowed to diminish as discounts advanced in the spring, and were later increased as seasonal reduction of discounts occurred in the autumn. Changes in Federal Reserve note circulation during the year have been small, a large part of the increased demand for currency normally attendant upon a period of growing business activity having been met by putting into circulation gold certificates and silver certificates. The amount of Federal Reserve notes in circulation in this district fell steadily from the holiday peak (\$244,000,000) at the close of 1922 to a low of \$196,000,000 in April, 1923, and then gradually rose to a peak of \$232,000,000 at the height of the holiday demand for additional hand to hand currency in December, 1923. With the passing of the year end need for currency, circulation declined, the amount of notes in circulation on January 9, 1924, being \$219,546,000. The general course of Federal reserve bank credit in this district during the past year is shown in the following table and in the accompanying chart:

Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco

[000	omitted			
	Jan. 10, 1923	July 11, 1923	Sept. 5, 1923	Jan. 9, 1924
Discounts	\$ 32,874	\$ 84,078	\$ 91,442	\$ 50,406
Purchased bills and securities	86,852	28,012	20,846	49,697
Total earning assets	119,726	112,090	112,288	100,103
Total reserves	259,788	262,567	267,036	293,286
Federal Reserve note circulation	226,388	217,423	217,534	219,546
Reserve ratio	69.7	70.8	72.5	76.9

MILLIONS OF DOLLARS



Total Reserves, Bills Discounted, and Investments, Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco
(as of the last statement of each month)

Interest rates on the whole reflected the abundant supply of credit available throughout the year. The rate charged by banks on customers' prime commercial paper of 4 to 6 months' maturity fluctuated between $5\frac{1}{2}$ and 6 per cent at San Francisco, and between 6 and 7 per cent in other cities of the district. The discount rate of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco was advanced from 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on March 6, 1923, and now stands at the latter figure.

OPERATIONS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO DURING 1923

The Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco operated during 1923 under more nearly normal conditions than have prevailed during any year since the bank was organized in 1914. The volume of the principal services of the bank continued to increase during 1923, as will appear by reference to the table on the opposite page presenting in comparative form operating statistics of the years 1921, 1922, and 1923. Particular attention is directed to the increases in the number and value of checks handled during 1923 as compared with the previous year. There has been a continuous growth in the use of the Federal reserve bank clearing system since its inception. Detailed figures showing the extent to which member and non-member banks are making use of the Federal reserve bank facilities for collecting checks are presented in Exhibit F, page 29. The staff of the bank, including Head Office and five branches, remained during the year at approximately 1100 persons.

Statement of Condition

A comparative statement of condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco as of December 31, 1923, and December 30, 1922, is presented in condensed form below:

RESOURCE	S	
	Dec. 31, 1923	Dec. 30, 1922
Total reserves	\$301,002,000	\$267,804,000
Loans and investments:		,
Loans to member banks	53,114,000	37,304,000
Bills and securities purchased:		
Acceptances United States Government securities	38,059,000	43,486,000
	9,185,000	34,766,000
Total loans and investments (earning assets)	100,358,000	115,556,000
All other resources (mostly uncollected checks)	52,584,000	51,838,000
Total Resources	\$453,944,000	\$435,198,000
LIABILITIES		
Federal Reserve notes in circulation	\$229,082,000	\$235,041,000
Total deposits	160,432,000	143,549,000
Capital	7,862,000	7,565,000
Surplus	15,301,000	15,263,000
All other liabilities (mostly checks on deferred		
credit)	41,267,000	33,780,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$453,944,000	\$435,198,000

Business activity, which continued at high levels throughout the year, was financed by the banks of the district largely upon their own resources, discounts of the Reserve Bank increasing only \$15,810,000. This increase was more than offset by the sale of \$31,008,000 of its investments, including both bankers' acceptances and United States Government obligations. Consequently total earning assets at the end of the year, at \$100,358,000, were lower by \$15,198,000, or 13 per cent, than at its beginning. Money reserves increased by an amount approximately equal to that realized from the sale of investment holdings during the

PRINCIPAL OPERATIONS

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

The following table presents in comparative form for the past three years the volume of the principal operations of the bank, which are of such character that they can be expressed in quantitative terms.

	1923	1922	1921
Supplying Currency and Coin			•
Currency Paid Out, Received, or			
Redeemed:	00 000 000	F0 00F F01	F4 F00 F00
Individual notes counted Dollar amount paid, received, and	83,236,000	56,865,721	51,589,738
redeemed	\$1,469,507,997	\$1,213,012,170	\$1,023,043,251
of the Federal Reserve Bank: Number of coins handled in re-			
ceiving and counting	32,070,000	16,811,407	18,636,459
Dollar amount paid out, received,	£42.077.007	990 F70 F19	#70 000 100
or redeemed	\$43,977,897	\$29,579,513	\$72,892,130
Making Loans and Investments	en and the first		
Bills Discounted for Member Banks, either discounted customers' paper or advances against the notes of member banks secured by collateral in the form of Government securities or commercial or agricultural paper.			
Number of bills discounted Dollar amount Bills Purchased for the Account of this Bank:	\$2,108,963,000	\$1,535,300,005	\$2,823,018,000
Number Dollar amount	21,975 \$228,365,646	17,134 \$211,799,756	36,916 \$130,461,000
Collecting Checks, Drafts, Notes, and Coupons			
Checks handled for collection for banks in all parts of the country: Number of items. Dollar amount. Collection Items handled, including drafts, notes, and coupons: Number of items.	65,441,000 \$14,066,535,756		\$8,055,574,000
Dollar amount	5,702,490 \$320,082,123	6,957,318 \$243,966,939	8,756,065 \$270,165,405
Supplementary Services United States Government Securities issued, redeemed, or ex-	\$620,002,120	Ψ210,000,000	Ψ210,100,100
changed, including Government bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness:			
Number of items	10,826,719 \$486,429,000	2,150,615 \$763,487,732	6,406,707 \$1,375,896,081
and from all parts of the country for the Treasury Department and for member banks:			
Number of transfers Dollar amount	\$7,973,133,000	\$4,000 \$5,812,947,000	\$4,247,855,000

year. Federal Reserve note circulation was less by \$5,959,000 at the close of 1923 than at the close of 1922, but other forms of currency have, to a considerable extent, been circulated in place of Federal Reserve notes during the past year (see page 13). Growth of capital and surplus and deposits of member banks has resulted in a slight increase in both capital and reserve deposits of this bank during 1923. The reserve ratio tended upward during most of the year, rising from 67.9 on January 3rd to 81.7 on November 21st, the highest point reached since February 21, 1922. On December 31st it stood at 77.3.

A detailed statement of the condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco at the close of the past three years appears in the Appendix on page 22. Movements of principal asset and liability items during 1923 are tabulated on page 26, and graphically presented on page 23.

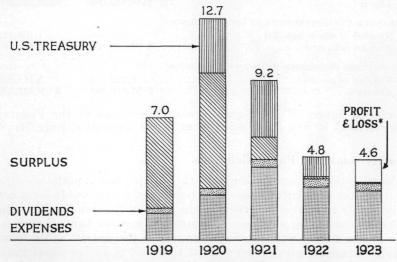
Earnings and Expenses

The gross income of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco during 1923 (\$4,615,227) was less by \$206,000, or 4.2 per cent, than in 1922 (\$4,821,202), continuing, but at a greatly reduced rate, the decline in gross earnings noted in each year since 1920. (The year 1920 was the culminating year of a period during which rediscounting with the Reserve Bank by member banks, and consequently its earnings, reached a maximum.) Earnings from interest on rediscounts and on purchased acceptances during the past year were greater than in 1922, but this increase was more than offset by a decline in income from investments in United States Government securities, following the sale of the larger part of such securities held earlier in the year. The accompanying diagram shows the amount and distribution of gross earnings of the bank from 1919 to 1923.

Expenses of conducting the business of the bank were slightly less in 1923 (\$2,817,165) than in 1922 (\$3,006,387), and current net earnings, at \$1,798,062 in the later year, were almost equal to those of 1922, when they amounted to \$1,814,815. Charge-offs at the end of 1923, however, were substantially larger than at the end of 1922, so that net earnings available for dividends, surplus, and franchise tax (\$505,426) were but one-third as large as in the previous year. The three exceptional charge-offs made in 1923 were—

- 1. The sum of \$615,921.20 to write down the value of the bank's real estate, building and vault, and fixed machinery and equipment to its estimated replacement cost. This figure was arrived at by determining the mean of two amounts, namely (1) the total actual cost of constructing the building, and (2) the estimated cost of constructing it, based on the lowest prices that have prevailed during the last fifteen years.
- 2. The sum of \$325,000 as a reserve for possible losses to this bank upon the paper of failed member banks which it holds, bringing this reserve to a total of \$897,000.
- 3. The sum of \$324,281.71, representing the cost of furniture and equipment, chiefly in the new building in San Francisco.

Dividends on the stock of this bank, which is held by member banks, were paid at the rate of 6 per cent fixed by law, and amounted to \$467,720. The remainder of net earnings was used to increase the surplus fund of the bank, which at the end of the year was still \$423,000 short of the amount (100 per cent of the subscribed capital of the bank) prescribed in the law. Until this surplus fund is raised to 100 per cent of subscribed capital, no payments to the United States Government on account of franchise tax are authorized by Section 7 of the Federal Reserve Act.



Amount and Distribution of Gross Earnings of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco
[In millions of dollars]

*Note: For explanation of this item see text at bottom of previous page.

A comparative table of earnings and expenses of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco during the past three years is presented in detail in the Appendix, page 24.

Fiscal Agency Operations

The principal duties performed by this bank in its capacity as Fiscal Agent of the United States Government during 1923 were the redemption of uncalled Victory Notes which matured May 20, 1923, and the redemption of the first and largest issue of War Savings Stamps (Series of 1918), which matured January 1, 1923. Additional functions performed by the bank for the Government were in general the same as in previous years. They included:

- 1. Sale and redemption of Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness,
- 2. Sale of short term Treasury Notes,
- 3. Exchanges and conversions of Government bonds, notes, and certificates,
- 4. Handling of Government deposits and disbursements,
- 5. Telegraphic transfers of funds in connection with purchases and sales of Government paper in Eastern markets,
- Sale of Treasury Savings Certificates and exchange thereof for maturing War Savings Certificates.

With the exception of the item War Savings Securities, the volume of Treasury transactions handled by the bank was smaller in 1923 than in 1922. Approximately one-half of the expenses of performing the various Fiscal Agency functions were paid by this bank without reimbursement from the United States Treasury.

Issues of Certificates of Indebtedness and Treasury Notes:	1923	1922
Number of subscriptions	1,549 \$145,952,000	2,312 \$228,535,000
Exchanges and Conversions of Liberty Bonds:		
Number of pieces handled	594,976	1,166,125
Amount delivered	\$ 91,633,863	\$170,411,000
WAR SAVINGS SECURITIES SOLD AND REDEEMED:		
Number of pieces	9,922,254	1,213,999
Amount	\$ 51,810,981	\$ 9,293,150

Detailed figures of the Fiscal Agency operations of the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco appear in the Appendix, page 31.

Member Bank and Public Relations

Consolidation of various banks in the district and liquidation of a small number of member banks have been chiefly responsible for a net decline of 18 in total membership in the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco during the past year. Resources of member banks, however, were 69 per cent of total banking resources of the district at the close of 1923 compared with 67 per cent at the close of the previous year. Changes in bank membership during 1923 are shown in the table which follows. Detailed figures as to the total number and resources of banks in the district, by states, appear in Exhibits I and J in the Appendix.

Changes in Bank Membership During the Year 1923

National and State Bank Membership in District, December		821
31, 1922 New national banks established during year	23	021
New state member banks admitted during year	5	
	28	28
		849
National banks absorbed by state banks	15	
State member banks absorbed by other state banks	8	
State member banks liquidated	4	
National banks absorbed by other national banks	3	
National banks liquidated	11	
State member banks absorbed by or converted into national		
banks	3	
State member banks withdrawn	2	
	-	
	46	46
Total Number of Member Banks in District, December 31, 1923		803

During the year the question of the relation of the Federal Reserve System to branch banking, which has had a rapid growth in California, has been formally considered by the Federal Reserve Board. On November 7, 1923, the Board adopted a resolution which contained the following paragraphs:

Resolved, That as a general principle, State banks with branches or additional offices outside of the corporate limits of the city or town in which the parent banks are located or territory contiguous thereto ought not be admitted to the Federal reserve system except upon condition that they relinquish such branches or additional offices, be it further

Resolved, That as a general principle, State banks which are members of the Federal reserve system ought not be permitted to establish or maintain branches or additional offices outside the corporate limits of the city or town in which the parent bank is located or territory contiguous thereto.*

It was stated that these resolutions would not become effective until February 1, 1924, and that they were not intended to affect the status of any branches or additional offices established prior to that date. The following table shows the number of banks in California which had established branches, the number of such branches, and their total resources on December 31st of 1922 and 1923:

Branch Banks in California

Date		Number	Number of	Total
Dec. 31, 1922-	-State Banks:	Banks	Branches	Resources
	Member Non-member	$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 61 \end{array}$	213 158	\$912,097,000 374,845,000
	Total number of state banks Total number of national banks	82 6	371 11	\$1,286,942,000 260,219,000
	Total	88	382	\$1,547,161,000
Dec. 31, 1923-	-State Banks:			
	Member	19	264	\$1,036,517,000
	Non-member	69	202	570,213,000
	Total number of state banks	88	466	\$1,606,730,000
	Total number of national banks	8	14	286,542,000
	Total	96	480	\$1,893,272,000

Resources of branch banking systems in California were 59 per cent of total banking resources of that state on December 31, 1923, compared with 54 per cent on December 31, 1922.

As in previous years, this bank has independently and in co-operation with the state banking departments and the national bank examiners of the district, examined all banks contemplating membership in the system and many banks which were already members. Continuance of the arrangements whereby this bank, although not participating in the

^{*}During the month of January, 1924, the term "territory contiguous thereto," as used in the resolution quoted above, was interpreted, with special reference to the cities of San Francisco and Los Angeles, as including a considerable area financially dependent upon these centers of population although not actually physically adjacent to the corporate limits of the respective cities. This amendment of the Board's Resolution is effective only until August 1, 1924.

examinations, receives copies of all reports of examinations of national banks and of state member banks, as made by national bank examiners or by state banking departments, has been a material assistance to the Reserve Bank. A summary of examinations and investigations made by this bank during the year 1923 follows:

	1923
Independent examinations	9
Examinations made concurrently with national or state banking departments	56
Independent credit investigations	8
Credit investigations made concurrently with state banking departments	70
Other investigations	3
	-
Tomas Excession and Inventoria and Inventoria	146

The Federal Reserve Agent at San Francisco has continued publication of a Monthly Review of Business Conditions in the Twelfth Federal Reserve District, which is distributed without charge to member banks, and to others who may be interested. Circulation of the Review increased from 13,900 in December, 1922, to 19,000 in December, 1923. Two special supplements on financial conditions in the district were published and distributed with the March and September issues of the Review.

Bank Organization and Personnel

Few changes in the official staff of the bank occurred during 1923. The clerical staff was maintained at slightly over 1100 persons.

On December 31, 1923, the terms of three directors, Mr. John Willis Baer of Class A, Mr. A. B. C. Dohrmann of Class B, and Mr. John Perrin of Class C, expired. Mr. Baer was ineligible for renomination as a representative of member banks in Group Two (those having a combined capital and surplus of not less than \$125,000 nor more than \$599,000), because he had become an officer and director of a Group One bank, and Mr. J. S. Macdonnell, President of the First National Bank of Pasadena, was elected to represent Group Two banks for a term of three years ending December 31, 1926. Mr. Dohrmann was re-elected for a three-year term as a Class B director representing member banks in Group One (those having a capital and surplus of \$600,000 or more). The Federal Reserve Board reappointed Mr. John Perrin of San Francisco a Class C director for a term of three years beginning January 1. 1924, and redesignated him Chairman of the Board and Federal Reserve Agent for 1924.

Mr. Jay L. Reed, Assistant Cashier at Head Office, resigned on May 8, 1923, to become Comptroller of the Sun Maid Raisin Growers' Association of California. Mr. J. C. Galbraith, Assistant Manager of Salt Lake City Branch, resigned on December 9, 1923, to become Vice President and Cashier of the National Bank of Idaho, Pocatello, Idaho. The vacancies created by these resignations have not been filled. On August 15, 1923, Mr. J. D. Paxton, Assistant Cashier of the Los Angeles Branch, resigned, and was succeeded by Mr. A. J. Dumm, who was transferred from Head Office. Effective January 1, 1924, the auditing departments in the branches were discontinued, and the positions of branch auditors accordingly abolished. Two of the former branch auditors, Mr. A. W. Morton and Mr. J. P. Read, have been made auditors at Head Office to

assist the general Auditor in conducting his auditing operations, which will henceforth include periodical audits of the branches.

Following is a comparative summary of the number of officers and of employees in the principal departments of the bank, with corresponding aggregate salaries paid on December 31, 1923, and December 30, 1922. (Figures are for Head Office and branches combined.)

		Offic	ers and Employees	
	N	lumber	Annua	1 Salaries
	1923	1922	1923	1922
Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent	1	1	\$ 24,000	\$24,000
Governor	1	1	25,000	24,000
Other Officers	39	41	214,900	214,200
Banking Department	964	855	1,408,460	1,260,680
Federal Reserve Agent's Department	23	29	60,280	74,440
Auditing Department	28	36	49,320	61,380
Fiscal Agency Department	79	162	134,640	259,680
Totals	1,135	1,125	\$1,916,600	\$1,918,380

Bank Quarters

Early in December, 1923, that part of the new bank building—approximately 78 per cent of the whole—which had been under construction since 1920, was declared ready for occupancy by the architect and contractors in charge of building operations. The old building and the various temporary quarters occupied by the different departments of the bank, with the exception of certain departments housed in the Sub-Treasury, were evacuated following the close of business Saturday, December 8th, and operations of the bank were resumed in the new building the following Monday morning. There was no cessation of business incident to moving. During January, 1924, all coin and securities held in the vaults of the Sub-Treasury Building were transferred to the vaults of the new bank, and the departments charged with their care moved into the new building. All activities of the Head Office of the bank are now carried on in its own building.

A photographic reproduction of the new building appears on page 6. It occupies the larger part of a block 119 feet 6 inches by 275 feet, bounded by Sansome, Sacramento, Battery, and Commercial Streets. The old bank building still stands on the northeast corner of the block. It is soon to be razed and its site covered by

the final wing of the new building.

The branches of this bank in Spokane, Seattle, Portland, Salt Lake City, and Los Angeles occupy rented quarters.

Exhibit A

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CONDITION FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

[In thousands of dollars]

	Dec. 31, 1923	Dec. 30, 1922	Dec. 31, 1921
RESOURCES Gold with Federal Reserve Agent Gold redemption fund with United States	225,808	202,735	220,433
Treasury	5,034	3,977	3,356
Gold held exclusively against Federal Reserve notesGold settlement fund with Federal Re-	230,842	206,712	223,789
serve Board	45,854 $21,978$	37,700 19,106	37,460 18,254
Total gold reserves	$298,674 \\ 2,328$	263,518 4,286	279,503 3,249
Total reserves	$301,002 \\ 3,577$	267,804	282,752 *
Secured by United States Government obligationsOther bills discounted	11,899 41,215	6,867 30,437	13,683 53,410
Total bills discountedBills bought in open market	53,114 38,059	37,304 43,486	67,093 20,795
United States Government securities: Bonds Treasury notes Certificates of Indebtedness	9,185	92 27,525 7,149	210 #2,717 7,927
Total United States Government securities	9,185	34,766	10,854
Total earning assets	100,358	115,556	98,742
serve Bank notes Uncollected items. Bank premises. All other resources.	$\begin{array}{c} 42,135 \\ 2,770 \\ 4,102 \end{array}$	45,438 1,744 4,656	394 37,180 809 6,244
Total Resources	453,944	435,198	426,121
LIABILITIES Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation—net.	229,082	235,041	240,411 4,751
Deposits:	*********		4,701
Member bank—reserve account Government Other deposits	$\begin{array}{c} 152,488 \\ 3,015 \\ 4,929 \end{array}$	$137,801 \\ 1,967 \\ 3,781$	$121,108 \\ 4,225 \\ 3,876$
Total deposits Deferred availability items Capital paid in Surplus All other liabilities	160,432 39,676 7,862 15,301 1,591	143,549 32,906 7,565 15,263 874	129,209 28,045 7,375 15,199 1,131
Total Liabilities	453,944	435,198	426,121
Ratio of total reserves to deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	77.3%	70.7%	76.5%
Contingent liability on bills purchased for foreign correspondents	1,349	1,582	1,472

Digitized for Mos shown separately prior to 1923.

#Victory notes.

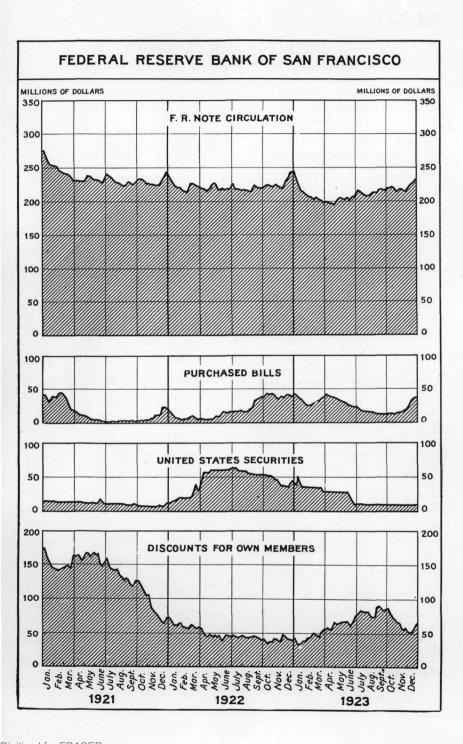


Exhibit B

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

	1923	1922	1921
Earnings	атайцац		
Discounted bills	\$2,786,349	\$2,126,654	\$7,965,583
Purchased bills	1,020,834	712,385	825,577
United States securities	772,777†	1,811,317	
			236,876
Deficient reserve penalties	25,771	48,957	130,254
Miscellaneous	9,496	121,889	26,123
Total Earnings	\$4,615,227	\$4,821,202	\$9,184,413
CURRENT EXPENSES			
Salaries			
Bank officers	\$ 262,456	\$ 235,695	\$ 225,480
Clerical staff	1,461,516	1,543,561	1,687,043
Special officers and watchmen	77,260	81,750	
	124 505		74,174
All other	134,585	113,764	88,954
Governors' conferences	1,148	1,221	1,407
Federal Reserve Agents' conferences	704	1,116	1,929
Federal Advisory Council	2,665	1,483	2,312
Directors' meetings	10,973	11,386	12,413
Traveling expenses#	36,398	38,319	
Assessments for Federal Reserve Board	00,000	00,010	35,115
	10 110	F1 000	
expenses	49,448	51,003	52,375
Legal feesInsurance (other than on currency and	1,914	3,974	6,509
security shipments)	38,703	40,085	69,056
Insurance on currency and security ship-			00,000
ments	30,391	25,889	30,583
Taxes on banking house	3,115	5,134	
Takes on banking nouse			6,713
Light, heat, and power	3,857	5,346	7,488
Repairs and alterations, banking house	294	947	25,497
Rent (head office and 5 branches)	120,629	97,465	137,766
Office and other supplies	48,835	42,060	50,565
Printing and stationery	64,941	85,511	154,529
Telephone	16,091	15,775	
	83,664	88,034	16,915
Telegraph		00,004	100,108
Postage Expressage	$\begin{array}{c} 126,980 \\ 25,864 \end{array}$	137,922	141,285
Federal Reserve Currency:	140.000	000 405	
Original cost, including shipping charges	143,293	230,465	498,762
Cost of redemption, including shipping	and the same of		
	24,422	42,696	74,963
charges Taxes on Federal Reserve Bank note cir-			1 1,000
	4	15,000	49 405
culation	47.010		43,485
All other expenses	47,019	90,786	*271,538
Total Current Expenses	\$2,817,165	\$3,006,387	\$3,816,964

^{*}Includes \$155,031 for furniture and equipment which since 1921 has been charged direct to Profit and Loss.

†Including profit and loss on securities sold.

[#] Other than those connected with governors' and agents' conferences and meetings of directors and of the advisory council.

Exhibit B

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO (Continued)

	1923	1922	1921
Profit and Loss Account Earnings Current expenses	\$4,615,227 2,817,165	\$4,821,202 3,006,387	\$9,184,413 3,816,964
Current Net Earnings	\$1,798,062	\$1,814,815	\$5,367,449
Additions to Current Net Earnings: Amounts deducted from reserve for depreciation on United States bonds All other	\$ 1,729 13,113	\$ 4,395 1,814	\$ 78,876 1,497
Total Additions	\$ 14,842	\$ 6,209	\$ 80,373
Deductions from Current Net Earnings: Depreciation allowances on bank premises. Reserve for possible losses. Furniture and equipment. All other.	\$ 615,921 325,000 324,282 42,275	\$ 36,406 72,000 36,003 16,259	\$ 16,512 500,000 * 10,810
Total Deductions	\$1,307,478	\$ 160,668	\$ 527,322
Net Deductions from Current Net Earnings	\$1,292,636	\$ 154,459	\$ 446,949
Net Earnings Available for Dividends, Surplus, and Franchise Tax	\$ 505,426	\$1,660,356	\$4,920,500
Dividends paid	\$ 467,720 37,706	\$ 448,306 **121,205	\$ 435,361 1,254,824
ment		**1,090,845	3,230,315

^{*}Included with current expenses prior to 1922.

^{**}Bank also charged its surplus account and paid the United States Government \$306,926 as an additional franchise tax for 1921.

MOVEMENT OF PRINCIPAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DURING 1923 FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Total	Bills Di	BILLS DISCOUNTED FOR MEMBER BANKS			United	Total	Member		Federal	Reserve	
Date	earning assets $(2+5+6)$	Total	Bills secured by U.S. Gov't. obligations	Other bills dis- counted	bought in open market	States securities	cash reserves	banks' reserve deposits	Total deposits	Reserve notes in cir- culation	per- centages
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1923											
Jan. 3	120,236	40,511	13,050	27,461	40,958	38,767	263,565	138,499	143,846	244,187	67.9
Jan. 31	101,805	38,041	14,847	23,194	28,998	34,766	269,321	138,832	149,914	212,544	74.3
Feb. 28	113,322	50,200	19,169	31,031	28,375	34,747	244,921	138,473	146,421	202,465	70.2
Mar. 28	119,220	54,782	21,781	33,001	36,821	27,617	233,819	139,226	146,945	197,722	67.8
April 25	129,837	65,186	29,790	35,396	37,010	27,641	225,238	140,208	147,787	196,294	65.5
May 29	122,768	66,786	31,693	35,093	28,341	27,641	245,172	149,237	155,955	203,102	68.3
June 27	104,005	74,169	25,345	48,824	20,651	9,185	267,079	146,955	154,391	207,413	73.8
July 25	106,926	81,876	32,312	49,564	15,865	9,185	261,754	145,783	152,457	208,333	72.6
Aug. 29	111,265	89,759	36,259	53,500	12,321	9,185	265,943	147,781	156,040	211,021	72.5
Sept. 26	104,495	83,805	28,002	55,803	11,505	9,185	273,496	145,465	152,423	216,569	74.1
Oct. 31	86,023	64,388	20,201	44,187	12,450	9,185	298,202	148,588	156,140	213,392	80.7
Nov. 28	85,456	58,239	19,656	38,583	18,032	9,185	301,940	149,497	157,525	214,853	81.1
Dec. 26	109,482	64,954	23,134	41,820	35,343	9,185	286,876	143,800	152,739	232,397	74.5
Daily	,	,	'	100			,				
average	107,616	63,006			24,638	19,972	265,065	143,564	150,921	212,280	73.0

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Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

VOLUME OF DISCOUNT AND OPEN-MARKET OPERATIONS FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	BILLS DISCOUNTED						BILLS BOUGHT IN OPEN MARKET					States se- purchased	Total discount and open-market operations			
Month	Total	Secured by U.S. Gov- ernment obligations	Accept-	Trade Accept- ances	Agricul- tural and livestock paper		All	Total	Bankers' Accept- ances	Dollar Ex- change	Trade Accept- ances	Bonds and Notes	Certifi- cates of Indebt- edness	1923	1922	1921
January February March April May June July August September October November December	115,396 150,311 146,497 197,914 221,843 211,790 203,246 187,421 219,409 170,516 135,650 148,970	71,356 104,202 89,026 149,102 174,169 158,814 152,744 143,042 158,431 116,840 98,678 89,305	576 906 3 113 25 5 33 22 9	389 211 246 302 135 749 1,084 403 426 970 226 802	2,310 1,352 2,323 2,847 4,845 3,748 4,331 3,173 1,951 2,484 2,337 *5,270	88 84 423 235 34	40,765 43,640 54,899 45,550 42,694 48,479 45,062 40,710 58,517 49,766 34,152 53,550	19,526 22,626 37,229 19,416 11,631 11,541 12,384 12,341 10,886 13,625 18,631 35,326	18,993 22,121 36,507 19,336 11,306 11,201 12,199 12,265 10,741 13,490 18,156 33,781	533 505 671 80 325 340 185 76 145 135 475 1,545	51	45	1,000	292,422 172,941 184,901 217,354 233,519 225,991 215,630 199,762 231,295 184,141 154,281 184,296	176,299 149,721 236,799 110,549 118,747 121,917 123,786 152,925 159,901 167,962 155,524 243,607	217,055 196,592 327,336 296,720 347,857 368,886 233,377 194,915 192,744 230,610 203,410 222,098
Total,1923 1922 1921	2,108,963 1,535,300 2,823,018	1,505,709 802,292 1,959,397	1,692 883 4,592	5,943 3,175 16,888	36,971 39,265 99,531	864	557,784 689,685 742,610	225,162 211,800 130,461	220,096 207,127 123,143	5,015 4,224 6,585	51 449 733	49 62,831 4,671	162,359 107,806 73,453	2,496,533	1,917,737	3,031,60

^{*}Includes \$2,000,000 discounted for the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank of Berkeley, California.

Exhibit E VOLUME OF BILLS DISCOUNTED FOR MEMBER BANKS IN EACH STATE OF DISTRICT FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

Монтн	Arizona*	Uтан	Nevada	CALIF- ORNIA	Oregon	Ідано	Wash- ington	TOTAL	Number of member banks in district at end of month	Number of member banks accommodated during the month
January	556	4,184	57	87,517	2,037	12,336	8,709	115,396	822	260
February	440	1.196		127,640	4,835	9,809	6,391	150,311	822	232
February March	359	1,474	28	112,335	9,994	12,066	10,241	146,497	815	266
April	302	2,209		166,691	12,487	10,135	6,090	197,914	816	270
May	197	2,676		188,699	10,618	11,677	7,976	221,843	817	319
May June	230	2,035	25	178,121	8,481	11,522	11,376	211,790	814	311
July	566	4,079	21	167,294	6,055	11,328	13,903	203,246	813	337
August	493	3,912	28	150,419	7,412	11,380	13,777	187,421	811	316
September October	391	3,636		181,747	11,459	10,522	11,654	219,409	811	269
October	403	3,541		129,030	14,423	10,455	12,664	170,516	809	267
November	46	2,517	2 21 0 2	105,677	8,951	9,532	8,927	135,650	810	240
December	15	4,333	124	**115,528	10,892	7,202	10,876	148,970	809	230
Total, 1923	3,998	35,792	283	1,710,698	107,644	127,964	122,584	2,108,963		
1922	13,422	68,666	263	1,107,212	59,387	211,076	75,274	1,535,300	The second second	The state of the s
1921	27,235	263,152	2,238	1,923,647	144,946	227,461	234,339	2,823,018		
Number of member									V.	
1923	16	52	11	319	136	110	165	809		
1922	16	55	11	325	135	120	164	826		
1921	15	65	11	355	134	127	150	857		
Number of membe				101	20		101	100		
1923	13	38	1	161	63	83	101	460		
1922	12	49	3 5	186	75	102	104	531		
1921	14	62	5	218	86	122	110	617		

Digitized for FRASE in this column relate only to that part of the state located in the Twelfth District.

http://frasea.filellides.\$2,900,000 discounted for the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank of Berkeley, California.

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

OPERATIONS OF FEDERAL RESERVE CLEARING SYSTEM FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

(Figures include cash items only)
[Numbers in thousands; amounts in thousands of dollars]

Month		n on banks in district	Federal Res	arded to other serve Banks and branches		n on Treasurer ed States	Total		
All overantan brane.	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
January	4,623	954,788	245	39,804	255	96,589	5,123	1,091,181	
February	4,060	822,515	185	33,203	202	49,832	4,447	905,550	
March	5,003	1,052,903	210	41,979	215	62,185	5,428	1,157,067	
April	4,597	995,027	202	38,030	225	42,879	5,024	1,075,936	
May	4,769	1,068,848	189	36,332	234	59,266	5,192	1,164,446	
June	4,815	1,099,513	188	32,879	207	56,169	5,210	1,188,561	
July	4,789	1,030,957	206	35,280	204	44,488	5,199	1,110,725	
${f August}$	4.786	1,017,099	192	36,017	218	36,671	5,196	1,089,787	
September	4,575	1,056,527	159	32,465	217	48,055	4,951	1,137,047	
October	5,311	1,248,134	201	40,435	239	44,882	5,751	1,333,451	
November	5,012	1,115,023	182	37,822	221	42,099	5,415	1,194,944	
December	5,530	1,167,553	213	36,292	211	55,949	5,954	1,259,794	
Total, 1923	57,870	12,628,887	2,372	440,538	2,648	639,064	62,890	13,708,489	
1922	46,562	6,746,301	2,378	400,542	2,301	1,294,631	51,241	8,441,474	
1921	37,089	5,871,998	1,928	407,164	2,106	1,319,864	41,123	7,599,026	

Exclusive of duplications on account of items handled by both parent bank and branch.

Exhibit G

CLEARINGS AND TRANSFERS THROUGH THE GOLD SETTLEMENT FUND

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

	Week Ending—1923	Payments to other Federal Reserve Banks	Receipts from other Federal Reserve Banks	Net Loss	Net Gain
	4 (3 days)	47,366	43,328	4,038	
	11	70,747	70,176	571	73
	18 25	47,366 70,747 72,289 65,700	70,176 72,362 64,730	970	73
February	1	62,272	62,879		607
rebruary	8	59.808	51,624 49,058 49,229	8,184	
	15	59,808 52,712	49,058	3,654	
	21	55,172	49,229	5,943	
March	1	78,674	69,396	9,278	
	8 15	69,664 75,260	64,669	4,995 4,479	
	22	84,594	70,781 69,511	15,083	
	29	74,378	69,511 76,703		2,325
April	5	68,557	60,171	8,386	
	12	64,220	66,914		2,694
	19	62,982 73,998	56,962	6,020	4,576
	26		78,574		4,570
May	3	69,668	65,476	4,192	10,577
	10 17	58,449 63,394	69,026 66,640		3,246
	24	76,880	75,071	1,809	
	31	61,705	68,847		7,142
Tune	7	60,269 60,288 71,385	55,500	4,769	
	14	60,288	70,651 74,584		10,363
	21 28	69,254	65,809	3,445	3,199
July	5	62.202	65.667		3,465
rais	12	65,591	62,079	3,512	
	19	62,202 65,591 65,303 64,573	65,667 62,079 61,251 60,338	4,052	
	26	64,573	60,338	4,235	
August	2	56,602	59,660		3,058
	9 16	50,232 50,382	56,004 50,475		5,772 93
	23	59,378	50,475 56,291	3,087	
	30	61,198	55,448	5,750	
September	6	45,502	49,031		3,529
	13	54,999	59,580		4,581
	20 27	68,454 67,812	68,737 59,331	8,481	283
October	4	71,520	74,607		3,087
Jecober	11	57,967	76,611		18,644
	18	61,511	61,306	205	
	25	70,678	68,548	2,130	
November		74,598	77,897		3,299
	8 15	60,235 54,445	64,538 66,813		4,303 12,368
	22	74,054	64,945	9,109	12,503
	28	64,542	61,520	3,022	
December	6	79,402	77,758	1,644	
	13	67,469	61,923	5,546	
	20 27	64 919	74,963 63,530	2,836 1,389	
	28-31 (3 days)	67,469 77,799 64,919 37,120	63,530 42,144	1,309	5,024
Total.	1923	3,418,172	3,389,666	28,506	
	1922	2,985,482	2,885,596	99,886	
	1921	2,468,430	2,457,681	10,749	

Net gain in ownership of gold since establishment of fund in 1915, \$296,060.

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Exhibit H

FISCAL AGENCY OPERATIONS

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

Issues of Certificates of Indebtedness

Year	No. of Issues		ANK		ALL OTHER SUBSCRIPTIONS		OTAL RIPTIONS ISSUES	TOTAL ALLOTMENT*
		No.	Amount*	No.	Amount*	No.	Amount*	
1923 1922	6 7	550 469	89,973 85,488	68 94	1,184 1,305	618 563	91,157 68,793	91,157 86,793
1921	16	2,899	165,589	1,909	11,196	4,808	176,785	176,785

Issues of Treasury Notes

Year	No. of Issues	BANK SUBSCRIPTIONS			OTHER RIPTIONS	Subsc	OTAL RIPTIONS ISSUES	TOTAL ALLOTMENT*	
		No.	Amount*	No.	Amount*	No.	Amount*		
1923 1922	2 5	726 1,181	53,452 137,611	205 568	1,343 4,131	931 1,749	54,795 141,742	54,795 141,742	
1921	2	482	24,421	436	2,991	918	27,412	27,412	

Exchanges and Conversions of Liberty Bonds

	1923	1922	1921
Number of Pieces Received	499,099	880,483	2,391,289
Number of Pieces Delivered		285,642	1,468,143
Amount Delivered	\$91,633,863	\$170,411,000	\$475,490,900

War Savings Securities

	1923	1922	1921
Sold—Number of Pieces	8,641 \$ 1,288,900	\$ 1,148,925	\$ 106,521 \$ 218,730
Redeemed—Number of Pieces	9,913,613† \$50,522,081†	1,209,763 \$ 8,144,233	2,297,723 \$ 11,385,250

^{*}In thousands of dollars.

 $[\]dagger$ War Savings Stamps, Series of 1918, matured in 1923. Redemptions in previous years included only War Savings securities redeemed prior to maturity.

NATIONAL AND STATE BANK MEMBERSHIP BY STATES* TWELFTH FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT

		Nation	AL BAN	KS		STATE MEM	век В	ANKS		ALL MEMI NATIONAL			S	ON-MEMBER FATE BANKS IBLE FOR MEM- BERSHIP
STATE	Dec	ember 31, 1923	Dece	mber 29, 1922	Dece	mber 31, 1923	Dece	mber 29, 1922	Dec	ember 31, 1923	Dece	ember 29, 1922	Ju	ine 30, 1923
	No.	Capital and Surplus	No.	Capital and Surplus	No.	Capital and Surplus	No.	Capital and Surplus	No.	Capital and Surplus	No.	Capital and Surplus	No.	Capital and Surplus
Arizona	11	\$ 1,605,000 103,785,000 6,831,000 2,108,000 18,448,000 5,078,000 24,671,000	14 277 79 11 98 22 112	\$ 1,643,000 101,598,000 7,450,000 2,058,000 18,285,000 5,639,000 23,674,000	2 42 35 37 30 49	\$ 1,030,000 79,978,000 1,860,000 5,272,000 5,524,000 5,363,000	2 45 38 37 33 52	\$ 1,030,000 72,929,000 2,682,000 5,280,000 5,741,000 5,567,000	16 317 108 11 135 51 165	\$ 2,635,000 183,763,000 8,691,000 2,108,000 23,720,000 10,602,000 30,034,000	16 322 117 11 135 55 164	\$ 2,673,000 174,527,000 10,132,000 2,058,000 23,565,000 11,380,000 29,241,000	32 345 53 23 111 59 144	\$ 3,374,700 69,809,489 2,067,140 2,273,973 6,565,684 5,710,150 7,807,928
Totals	608	\$162,526,000	613	\$160,347,000	195	\$99,027,000	207	\$93,229,000	803	\$261,553,000	820	\$253,576,000	767	\$97,609,064
Total number Nat National Banks or Conversions of Ste National Banks re National Banks lee (a) Failure (b) Voluntary I (c) Consolidati National Banks co	ional l ganize ate to l suming aving s iquida ons wi	system through: tion th non-member	during 1923.	922 1923	7 2 3	613 16 5 2 2 636		State bank m (a) Failur (b) Volum (c) Consol State bank m State bank m	ember	STATE I bank members, ed to membership s leaving system ithdrawals with non-mem s consolidated wi s consolidated wi s converted into	December during throughout barries that the other than the other t	g 1923	2	5 212 4 2 2 - 7 - 6 - 2
Total number	Natio	nal Banks, Dece	mber 3	31, 1923		608		Total nu	mber 8	State bank memb	ers, D	ecember 31, 1923	3	198

^{*}Does not include banks which for various reasons—suspension, liquidation, or absorption by other banks—were on December 31, 1923, no longer going institutions, although stock in Federal Reserve Bank which they held while active members had not yet been surrendered.

Exhibit J

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE BANKING RESOURCES OF THE TWELFTH FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT, 1922-1923

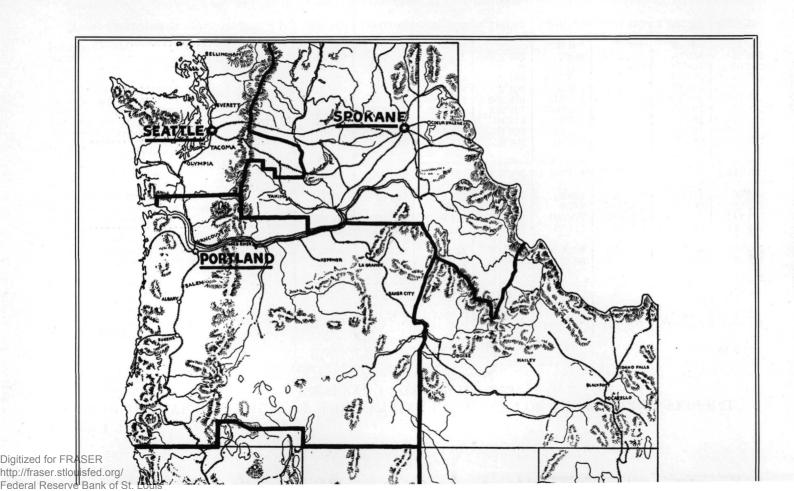
[Amounts in thousands of dollars]

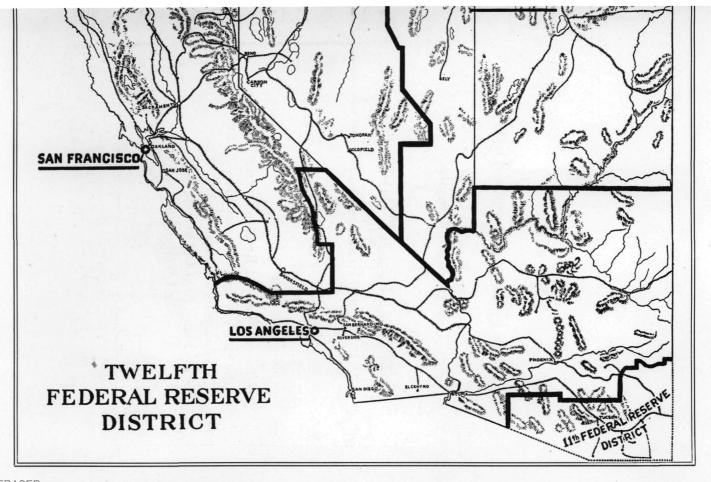
	Nationa	l Banks	STA MEMBER		STA Non-Memi		Сомв	INED
	Dec. 29, 1922	Dec. 31, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922	Dec. 31, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922	Dec. 31, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922	Dec. 31, 1923
Number of Banks	613	*608	207	195	958	938	1,778	1,741
Resources Loans and discounts. Stocks, bonds, and other securities. Banking house, furniture and fixtures, other real estate. Cash and exchange. Acceptances and letters of credit. Other Resources.	862,895 332,986 49,778 329,947 13,090 11,411	916,232 347,126 51,451 352,209 10,925 12,562	692,395 244,327 39,721 169,127 4,268 5,365	823,618 235,589 48,588 195,690 6,843 5,705	675,568 369,756 60,774 160,853 4,588 19,635	789,134 301,889 42,829 166,566 5,795 18,409	2,230,858 947,069 150,273 659,927 21,946 36,411	2,528,984 884,604 142,868 714,465 23,563 36,676
Total Resources	1;600,107	1,690,505	1,155,203	1,316,033	1,291,174	1,324,622	4,046,484	4,331,160
LIABILITIES Capital	213,182 752,421 323,326 22,013 19,412	105,408 81,887 201,809 805,708 366,212 32,541 20,360 60,590 12,758 3,232	66,301 44,680 54,469 363,462 607,078 4,563 6,363 0 4,357 3,930	70,568 46,635 64,813 427,471 685,840 5,106 5,152 0 7,103 3,345	80,949 56,470 6,496 390,781 712,097 5,208 7,862 0 4,609 26,702	82,830 51,816 3,383 392,336 750,035 5,499 7,610 0 5,719 25,394	251,380 187,277 274,147 1,506,664 1,642,501 31,784 33,637 62,877 23,024 33,193	258,806 180,338 270,005 1,625,515 1,802,087 43,146 33,122 60,590 25,580 31,971
Total Liabilities	1,600,107	1,690,505	1,155,203	1,316,033	1,291,174	1,324,622	4,046,484	4,331,160

^{*}Includes Wells Fargo-Nevada National Bank, San Francisco, absorbed by a State bank after the close of business, December 31, 1923.

Digitized for igna for this bank are not included in the abstract of condition of national banks published by the Comptroller of the Currency.

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Map of the

Twelfth Federal Reserve District

Showing Territories of Head Office and Branches

of the

Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco

The Twelfth Federal Reserve District includes the States of Arizona (excepting the five southeastern counties), California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington