SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

FEDERAL RESERVE AGENT

OF THE

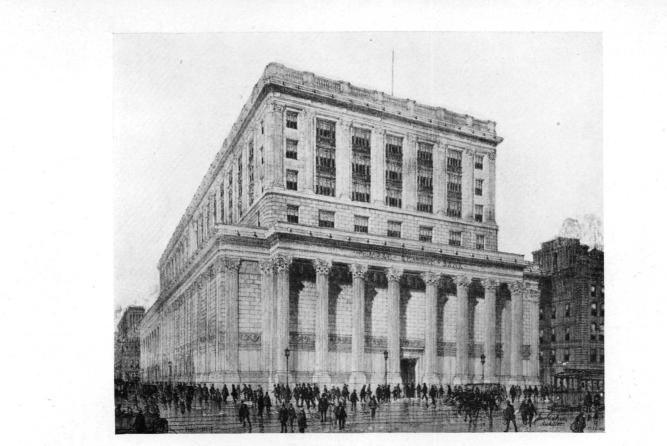
NINTH FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICT

TO THE

FEDERAL RESERVE BOARD



COVERING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1921



New Building under Construction for the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis

REPORT

OF THE

FEDERAL RESERVE AGENT

Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis, Office of the Federal Reserve Agent, Minneapolis, Minn., February 17, 1922.

Sir:

In conformity with your letter of November 3, 1921, I have the honor to submit herewith the Seventh Annual Report of the Federal Reserve Agent of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis, relating to the operations for the twelve months which ended December 31, 1921.

The year 1921 was a period of financial readjustment in the Northwest. The fall of prices in 1920 and the impairment of confidence which resulted from this decline caused grave financial distress in the agricultural sections of the United States. In the country districts, financial readjustment has been limited to a reduction of wages paid to hired help, and a curtailment of purchases of agricultural implements, and other items not absolutely necessary. On the contrary, banks in the larger cities have experienced notice-able improvement during 1921 which enabled them to reduce their borrowings.

FINANCIAL CONDITIONS IN 1921

The total of the outstanding loans of this Bank to its member banks, indicates very clearly the credit situation in this district. During 1921 these loans were greatly reduced. On January 7, 1921, they reached the highest point of the year, totaling 94 millions. By March 11, they had been reduced to about 66 millions. Thereafter, the demands of farmers for funds first to meet spring planting expenditures and later to pay harvesting expenses, caused member banks to increase their borrowings from us to nearly 86 millions on August 24. From this date member bank borrowings from us declined steadily to little more than 52 millions on December 28. The

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total reduction from the highest point of the year (January 7) to the lowest point (December 28) amounted to 45 per cent. A small part of this reduction of borrowings from us during the latter part of 1921 was helped indirectly by the loaning of 14 millions to banks in rural communities by the War Finance Corporation between November 7 and December 31.

The percentage of our cash reserve to deposits and Federal Reserve Notes in circulation combined, did not reach a point lower than 38.6 per cent in 1921 owing to our ability to borrow from other Federal Reserve Banks. The percentage which would have existed if we had not been able to rediscount with other Federal Reserve Banks is a better measure of conditions. Beginning with a percentage of 29.2 per cent on January 7, this adjusted reserve rose to 50.4 per cent on March 11 and then declined to 22.0 per cent on August 24th, which was the low point of the year. The percentage then rose weekly to December 28 when it stood at 56.7 per cent, the highest point reached during the year.

It became increasingly difficult for member banks to carry reserve deposits with this Federal Reserve Bank large enough to meet legal requirements during 1921, owing to withdrawals of deposits, and slow collection of loans. Their total deposits with us declined about five millions. During the year 744 banks were penalized for deficient reserves (as compared with 698 banks in 1920) out of the total membership on December 31, 1921, of only 1,024 banks.

The elastic nature of the Federal Reserve Note makes it an excellent index of changes in the volume of business and the movement of prices combined. From a total of 78 millions on January 7, our circulation declined to $55\frac{1}{2}$ millions on August 24. Thereafter it increased to 58 millions on October 11, then declined to a little over 56 millions on November 30, and again rose to about $57\frac{1}{2}$ millions on December 28. Allowing for gradually declining prices there is depicted a pronounced slump in business during the first eight months of 1921 followed by a moderate amount of activity incident to harvesting and marketing the crops and finally a little fillip at the close of the year caused by Christmas buying.

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS

The Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank discounted paper during 1921 for 765 member banks or 75 per cent of the total number of member banks in the district. The number of banks served shows an increase over 1920 when only 704 banks were served, representing about 70 per cent of the total membership. More than 104,000 pieces of discounted paper were handled in 1921 as compared with 73,000 in 1920, but the dollar amount involved in 1921 was only 730 millions as compared with 953 millions in 1920.

More South Dakota banks in proportion to the total membership from that state borrowed from the Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank than was the case for any other state in this district. In South

Dakota 93 per cent of the member banks discounted paper with the Federal Reserve Bank during some part of 1921. Montana was next with 82 per cent of its membership receiving accommodation. The percentages for the other states were as follows: North Dakota, 81 per cent; Minnesota, 68 per cent; Wisconsin, 47 per cent, and Michigan, 45 per cent. Every state except Minnesota increased its borrowings in proportion to the total number and amount of rediscounts at the Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank between 1920 and The rural banks of Minnesota increased their proportion of 1921. the total borrowings from the Federal Reserve Bank, but the proportion for the state as a whole was lowered through the fact that Twin City member banks greatly reduced their borrowings. On December 31, 1920, the borrowings (50.6 millions) of Twin City banks represented 53 per cent of the total member bank borrowings in the Ninth Federal Reserve District, of which a large part had been reloaned by them to country banks. On December 31, 1921, the borrowings of the same Twin City member banks (10.8 millions) were but 21 per cent of the total borrowings from this Federal Reserve Bank. City banks in general throughout the district have been a constantly decreasing factor during 1921 in Federal Reserve Bank discounts.

The importance of United States Government obligations as collateral for rediscounts was greatly reduced during 1921. While total paper discounted by the Federal Reserve System for member banks in this district declined 45 per cent from 94 millions to 52 millions during the year, discounts secured by United States Government obligations declined 64 per cent from 20 millions to 7 millions. At the beginning of the year paper secured by United States Government obligations was 22 per cent of the total discounts and at the end of the year it was reduced to 14 per cent of the total.

DISCOUNT RATES

The more important discount rates of the Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank were reduced three times during 1921. On May 10 commercial and agricultural paper rates and rates on member banks' notes with this class of collateral were reduced from 7 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. At the same time the rate on customers' and member banks' notes secured by Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness was raised from $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 per cent. On this date the rate of discount for bankers' acceptances and notes secured by Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes remained at 6 per cent. On June 14 an additional rate of 6 per cent was quoted for customers' and member banks' notes secured by Treasury Notes. On October 5 a flat rate of 6 per cent for all classes of paper was established, and on November 7 this flat rate was reduced to $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTES

The business depression existing in 1921 caused a reduction of 29 per cent in Federal Reserve Notes in actual circulation between Décember 31, 1920, and December 31, 1921. The total amount in

actual circulation dropped from \$79,498,000 to \$56,789,000. Although it is considered necessary to keep, as stocks for immediate use about 10 millions of Federal Reserve Notes at Minneapolis and about 2½ millions at Helena, the combined stocks were allowed to decline to \$9,390,000 at the close of 1921 in preparation for expected returns of fit-for-use Federal Reserve Notes by the bank during the first few weeks of 1922.

An important factor in securing elasticity of the Federal Reserve Note issue is the law requiring each Federal Reserve Bank to return direct to every other Federal Reserve Bank all Federal Reserve Notes issued by such other Federal Reserve Banks. During 1921 this rule caused the return of nearly 33 millions of Minneapolis Federal Reserve Notes from other districts and the return by this bank of Federal Reserve Notes from other districts to about the same amount. The largest volume of receipts of our Federal Reserve Notes from other districts occurred in January, February, and March, and the Minneapolis bank returned the largest amounts of notes to other districts in January, May, June, and July.

The different denominations of these notes vary as to their elasticity. It appears that the \$20 bill is responsible for the greater part of the elasticity in the total circulation. There was a reduction of 10 million dollars in 20's; $7\frac{1}{2}$ millions in 10's; and 2 millions in 5's in 1921. The larger denominations, 50's, 100's, 500's, and 1,000's, have a lesser degree of elasticity, owing to the fact that they do not circulate freely, but are used mainly as bank reserves and in interbank transactions. The \$5 bill retains its character as "small change" as is evidenced by its resistance to contraction shown in the dol'ar amount outstanding as well as in its relatively larger number in circulation.

As collateral security for the Federal Reserve Notes, there was held by the Agent on December 31, 1921, more than 49 millions in eligible paper and almost 17 millions in gold coin or certificates and gold deposits in the Redemption Fund and with the Federal Reserve Board at Washington. As gold held by the bank proper is also available for the reserve required for these notes, the requirement of 40 per cent in gold was amply covered on this date.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK NOTES

On December 31, 1921, there were in actual circulation \$4,219,-656 in Federal Reserve Bank Notes, showing a reduction of 45 per cent from the amount outstanding a year ago. The reduction was accounted for by a 32 per cent decline in 1's, a 63 per cent decline in 2's, and a 64 per cent decline in 5's. From September 20, 1918, when Federal Reserve Bank Notes were first issued, to December 31, 1921, \$22,580,000 in these notes were received from the Comptroller of the Currency and \$18,225,800 were destroyed at Washington.

CHANGES IN THE BALANCE SHEET

Between December 31, 1920, and December 31, 1921, capital, surplus, and deposits immediately available of member banks

increased slightly while Federal Reserve Notes and Federal Reserve Bank Notes in actual circulation declined 26 millions. Gold and other legal reserves against deposits and Federal Reserve Notes increased almost 14 millions. Bills discounted and purchased declined almost 32 millions during the year. On December 31, 1921, moreover, this bank had no contingent liability for rediscounts with other Federal Reserve Banks while a year ago there was a contingent liability on this account of more than 14 millions.

The gross earnings of this bank during 1921 were but \$4,966,-311 as compared with \$5,307,381 in 1920. The current expenses during 1921 of \$1,325,867, included \$168,116, representing costs and taxes for Federal Reserve and Federal Reserve Bank Note circulation. After making minor adjustments in the profit account for depreciation on bank premises and other matters, and setting aside a reserve for possible losses of \$500,000, the net earnings available for dividends, surplus, and franchise tax, amounted to \$3,515,154. Dividends totaling \$211,657 were declared at the rate of 6 per cent per annum on our paid-up stock and paid to member banks. There was transferred to surplus account \$488,530, and the remainder, amounting to \$2,450,967, was paid to the United States Government as a franchise tax.

CHECK CLEARINGS, COLLECTIONS AND WIRE TRANSFERS

Our check collection department handled 23,612,000 items during 1921, amounting to \$2,916,117,000, as compared with but 21,589,-000 items handled in 1920, amounting to \$3,908,858,000.

Our collection department received 282,189 items during 1921 and collected 266,834 items, amounting to \$109,689,726. In 1920 this department received but 154,923 items and collected 148,749 items, amounting to \$125,044,297.

This bank purchased 12,769 wire transfers during 1921 amounting to \$897,398,827, and sold 10,066 wire transfers amounting to \$409,722,496. The greatest volume of transfers were made with the Chicago and New York Federal Reserve Banks.

FISCAL AGENCY FUNCTIONS

The fiscal agency operated by us for the United States Government paid 3,588,452 government coupons amounting to \$14,346,797, and redeemed about 4,500 United States Certificates of Indebtedness, amounting to \$33,971,500 during 1921. Exchanges and conversions, particularly of temporary for permanent bonds of the Fourth Liberty Loan issue played a very important part in the fiscal agency services performed by us during 1921. In the aggregate, conversions and exchanges of 1,225,893 pieces were received and 749,474 pieces were delivered, the transactions totaling \$230,000,350. From the foregoing figures which show a smaller number of pieces delivered than received, it appears that Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes were being absorbed by permanent investors or banks which desire large denominations for their greater convenience.

In addition to the foregoing, this department made purchases of \$175,100 in Victory Notes for the United States Treasury, and received \$313,000 in Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes for payment of inheritance taxes and War Savings securities were sold to the amount of \$50,428, and redeemed or paid to the amount of \$4,713,769.

This bank assisted in the allotment of 18 issues of United States Certificates of Indebtedness and Treasury Notes during 1921. In the operation of this department, 1,779 individual allotments were made, amounting to \$87,635,500. In addition to handling the original allotments, repurchases, and resales of these Certificates of Indebtedness, to relieve banks which could not afford to hold them and to assist those banks also who desired to invest in them, amounted to \$60,199,100.

MEMBERSHIP

At the close of the year there were 1,024 member banks in this district as compared with 1,009 at the beginning of the year, or a gain of more than 1 per cent. As the Federal Reserve Act requires a payment on capital stock equal to 3 per cent of the combined capital and surplus of member banks and our capital increased \$108,100, it follows that these gains in membership represented banks having a combined capital and surplus amounting to about \$3,603,300. There was a net gain of 17 state banks and trust companies, and a net loss of two national banks. The total membership at the close of 1921 was divided into 886 national banks and 138 state banks. The new members are:

MICHIGAN

		Shares
Bank	Town	Subscribe
State Bank of Ewen First National Bank of Hermansville National Bank of Iron Mountain Union National Bank	Hermansville Iron Mountain	18 96
MINNESC	DTA	
First National Bank Farmers & Merchants State Bank Ihlen State Bank Kenyon State Bank Farmers & Merchants State Bank Citizens State Bank Peoples National Bank First National Bank	Hutchinson Ihlen Kenyon Menahga Minneapolis New Ulm Proctor	
MONTAL	NA	
Ballantine State Bank First State Bank First National Bank	Clyde Park	17

rirst National Dank	30
Moccasin State Bank	19
First State Bank Philipsburg	36
State Bank of Townsend	66
Security State Bank	18

NORTH DAKOTA

Merchants National Bank	24
Security National BankEdgeley	. 17
Dakota National BankFargoFargo	. 125
Farmers State Bank	
Lamb's National Bank	. 18

SOUTH DAKOTA

Commercial State BankGregory	34
Bank of Philip Philip	
Security Savings Bank	39
Farmers State BankRockham	21
Winner National Bank	20

WISCONSIN

First National Bank..... 18

Since the organization of this bank, 133 state banks have acquired membership by conversion and 138 have taken and retained membership as state banks, making a total of 271 state institutions which have entered the system. On June 30, 1921, there were 985 state banks in this district eligible for membership, of which 133 or $13\frac{1}{2}$ per cent held membership in the system. The state member banks had a capital and surplus totaling 22.6 per cent of all those eligible and had total resources equal to 21.9 per cent of all those eligible.

FIDUCIARY POWERS

National bank members have continued to apply for trust powers under Section 11-K of the Federal Reserve Act. Applications received and approved by the Federal Reserve Board during 1921 include the following:

Bank	Location	Date	Capital
First National Bank	Blooming		
	Prairie, Minn	9-9-21	\$50,000
First National Bank	Canton, S. D	2-16-21	50,000
Minnesota National Bank	Duluth, Minn	3- 1-21	600,000
Northern National Bank	Duluth, Minn	4-18-21	750,000
First National Bank	Eveleth, Minn	4-18-21	50,000
Security National Bank	.Fargo, N. D	6-13-21	300,000
First National Bank	. Fargo, N. D	10-14-21	100,000
First National Bank	Menominee, Mich	1-17-21	200,000
Commercial National Bank	Miles City, Mont	3- 8-21	250,000
Second National Bank	Minot N. D	1-19-21	100,000
First National Bank	Missoula, Mont	12-27-21	200,000
Welcome National Bank	Welcome, Minn	8-11-21	50,000

BANK EXAMINATION DEPARTMENT

During the year, this department made 206 examinations of state and national banks with resources totaling \$159,385,928, which includes examinations made of 24 state banks who applied for membership, of which number five later completed membership. All state bank members in the district were examined at least once in 1921 with the exception of one bank which completed its membership

on December 27. The total number of banks examined was more than three times as great as a year ago, and necessitated the use of 17 different examiners for part time or full time during the year, these examiners having covered 91,597 miles during the year. In addition to the regular examinations, 163 special trips were made to various banks to verify loans and securities, make estimates as to collectibility, and to render general assistance.

CHANGES IN PERSONNEL

In the annual fall election, member banks re-elected Mr. W. C. McDowell of Marion, N. D., as Class A Director, and Mr. F. P. Hixon of La Crosse, Wis., as Class B Director. The Federal Reserve Board announced the appointment of Mr. Homer P. Clark of St. Paul as Class C Director, succeeding Mr. William H. Lightner of St. Paul, Minn., to serve with the above directors for a three-year term beginning January 1, 1922.

The official staff was increased during the year by the addition of Mr. F. M. Bailey as Manager of the Examination Department in the Federal Reserve Agent's office, beginning January 6, 1921.

Promotions were made in March of Mr. H. C. Core, formerly head of the Transit Department, as Assistant Cashier; and Mr. H. F. Brown, formerly of the general staff, as Assistant Cashier.

During the latter part of December, the Federal Reserve Board announced the reappointment of Mr. John H. Rich as Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent, and the redesignation of Mr. Curtis L. Mosher and Mr. J. F. Ebersole as Assistant Federal Reserve Agents, and the appointment of Mr. H. L. Zimmerman as Assistant Federal Reserve Agent for the Helena Branch.

Mr. George H. Prince was elected member of the Advisory Council to serve for the year 1922.

There were no changes in the officers and directors of the Banking Department of the Helena Branch.

The complete staff of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis on December 31, 1921, numbered 467 persons as compared with 459 a year previous or an increase of less than 2 per cent. The number in the Banking Department increased nearly 10 per cent, and in the Auditing Department 18 per cent, while there was a decrease in the Fiscal Agency Department of more than 30 per cent.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN H. RICH, Federal Reserve Agent.

To Governor W. P. G. Harding,

Federal Reserve Board,

Washington, D. C.

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Resources and Liabilities of the Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank at Close of Business, December 31, 1919-1921 (In thousands of dollars)

RESOURCES

	Dec. 31, 1921	Dec. 31, 1920	Dec. 31, 1919
Gold and Gold Certificates Gold Settlement Fund—F. R. Board Gold with Foreign Agencies	\$9,140 31,115	\$9,130 8,456 89	\$8,275 4,872 3,546
Total Gold held by Bank Gold with F. R. Agent Gold Redemption Fund	40,255 16,856 2,765	17,675 25,905 3,098	16,693 35,847 206
Total Gold Reserves Legal Tender Notes, Silver, etc	59,876 811	46,678 250	52,746 65
Total Reserves Bills Discounted—	60,687	46,928	52,811
Secured by U. S. Government Obligations All other	7,289 43,923	$17,093 \\ 64,561 \\ 1,313$	22,331 51,526 12,599
Total Bills on hand U. S. Bonds and Notes U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness—	51,212 115	82,967 116	86,456 116
One Year Certificates (Pittman Act)	4,450	8,480	8,480
All other Municipal Warrants			
Total Earning Assets Bank Premises Five per cent Redemption Fund against F. R. Bank	55,866 763	91,563 590	95,052 500
Notes	201 14,505 1,033	480 21,606 249	400 24,406 224
Total Resources	\$133,055	\$161,416	\$173,393

LIABILITIES

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Capital paid in Surplus	\$3,569 7,468	\$3,461 6,980	\$3,074 3,569
Deposits: Government Member Bank—Reserve Account All other	2,964 43,524 477	1,555 43,520 532	513 53,828 2,262
Total Deposits	46,965 56,789 4,220 12,919 1,125	45,607 79,498 7,655 17,492 723	56,603 87,187 8,200 14,262 498
Total Liabilities Ratio of Total Reserves to Deposit and F. R. Note Liabilities combined	\$133,055 58.5	\$161,416 *38.8	\$173,393 *39.5

*Calculated on basis of net deposits and F. R. notes in circulation

Earnings and Expenses of the Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank, 1921, 1920 and 1919

EARNINGS

	1921	1920	1919
Discounted Bills		\$4,734,259	\$1,829,461
Purchased Bills	13	191,862	882,564
United States Securities	142.001	181,990	213.501
Transfers-Net Earnings	12,581	77.245	51,461
Deficient Reserve Penalties		92,744	26,382
Miscellaneous		29,281	3,672
Total earnings	\$4,966,311	\$5,307,381	\$3,007,041

CURRENT EXPENSES

			1
Salaries-			
Bank Officers	\$115,499	\$77,637	\$61,014
Clerical Staff	517,448	363,724	208,171
Special Officers and Watchmen	23,618	10,766	8,726
All other	18,807	23,686	3.530
Governors' Conferences	770	452	83
Federal Reserve Agents' Conferences	403	27	341
Federal Advisory Council	908	893	1.274
Federal Advisory Council			
Directors' Meetings	11,902	6,705	6,815
Traveling Expenses*	35,505	15,227	5,531
Assessments for Federal Reserve Board Expenses	25,554	22,520	20,209
Legal Fees Insurance (Life, Fidelity, Casualty, Workmen's	11,628	3,100	3,380
Insurance (Life, Fidelity, Casualty, Workmen's)			1
Compensation and General Liability)	29,553	22,253	8,692
Banking House-			
Taxes and Fire Insurance	3,119	1	
Light, Heat, and Power	1,556		
Depairs and Alterations	1,015	45,469	21,498
Repairs and Alterations	1,015	45,409	21,490
Rent, including Light, Heat and Power and Minor	11 100	a second second	
Alterations	44,128	K Permeta Sur	10
Fire Insurance-Furniture and Equipment	112	J	
Printing and Stationery	97,072	62,488	25,228
Telephone	7,248	2,832	2,223
Telegraph	23,494	13,780	2,752
Security Shipments	2,101	1	
Currency and Coin Shipments	20,420	102,156	43,656
Postage and Expressage (other than on money and	20,120	105,100	10,000
	83,139		
security shipments)		100.817	22.026
Furniture and Equipment	53,368	100,817	23,926
Federal Reserve Currency—		10 100	
Original Cost, including Shipping Charges	124,584	62,627	56,273
Cost of Redemption, including Shipping Charges	16,552	15,959	17,002
Taxes on Federal Reserve Bank Note Circulation.	26,980	36,792	24,912
All other expenses	29,384	25,288	11,255
Total Current Expenses	\$1,325,867	\$1,015,198	\$ 556,491
Current Net Earnings	\$3,640,444	\$4,292,183	\$2,450,550
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*Other than those connected with Governors' and Agents' conferences and meetings of directors and of the advisory council.

Earnings and Expenses of the Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank—Continued.

	1921	1920	1919
Earnings Current Expenses	\$4,966,311 1,325,867	\$5,307,381 1,015,198	\$3,007,041 556,491
Current Net Earnings Additions to Current Net Earnings— Assessment Account Expenses Federal Reserve	3,640,444	4,292,183	2,450,550
Board, previously charged to Profit and Loss All other		16,607	
Total Additions	17,264	16,607	
Deductions from Current Net Earnings— Depreciation Allowances on Bank Premises Reserve for possible Losses Asseessment Account Expenses Federal Reserve	5,275 500,000	177,737	100,000
Board	1,279		16,607
Total Deductions Net Deductions from Current Net Earnings Net Earnings available for Dividends, Surplus, and	506,554 489,290	177,737 161,130	116,607 116,607
Franchise Tax	3,151,154	4,131,053	2,333,943
Dividends paid Transfered to Surplus Account Franchise Tax paid U. S. Government	211,657 488,530 2,450,967	$\begin{array}{r} 195,871\\ 3,410,948\\ 524,234\end{array}$	180,186 2,153,757

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Member Banks Liquidated During 1921

NATIONAL BANKS

Name of Bank	Location	Disposition	Shares Surren- dered
Boyd National Bank Merchants National Bank First National Bank	Boyd, Minn Baylor, Mont Billings, Mont Cut Bank, Mont Joplin, Mont Opheim, Mont Poplar, Mont E. Fairview, N. D. Medina, N. D Streeter, N. D Towner, N. D Eureka, S. D	Liquidation	120 18 17 210 42 60 17 15 19 18 18 19 18 18 19 18 15 15 15 15 15 19 18 17 15 19 18 18 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17

STATE BANKS

Exchange State Bank	S. St. Paul, Minn. Withdrawal	90

Volume of Paper Discounted and Bought During 1921 by the Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank, with totals for 1920 and 1919

(In thousands of dollars; exclusive of Rediscounts for other Federal Reserve Banks or purchases from them)

	Discounted Paper					Purchased Paper			Total Discounted and Purchased Paper			
Month	Total	Secured by Gov't Obliga- tions	Bankers' Accept- ances	Trade Accept- ances	Agricul- tural and Livestock Paper	All Other	Total	Bankers' Accept- ances	Dollar Exchange	1921	1920	1919
						1	1				1	<u></u>
January	\$81,971	\$33,066	\$401	\$227	\$7,948	\$40.329)			\$81,971	\$61,633	\$27.73
February	69,310			111	8,653	24,969				69,310	66,231	17,05
March	66,495	31,155		428	7,366	27.535		39		66,534	70,950	33.44
April	65,172	29,581	132	211	10,442					65.172	91,804	78,34
May	67,366	28,882		250	12,378	25,856				67,366 6:,996	89,910	85,74
June	67,996	26,138		223	12,664	28,921				6: ,996	96,183	54,40
July	51,520			186	8,246					51,520	75,066	39,3.
August	56,610	24,670		349	5,179	26,412				56,610	81,709	45,8.
September	51,864	25,093		199	4,841	21,720				51,864	74,257	79,5
October	56,953	19,999		265	10,005	26,609				56,953	83,513	111,94
November	49,221	17,960		143	9,582					49,221	83,226	99,4.
December	46,184	17,131		104	8,962	19,987	•••••			46,184	96,970	97,29
Total, 1921	\$730,662	\$314,276	\$903	\$2,696	\$106.266	\$306,521	\$39	\$39		\$730,701		
Total, 1920	953.392		\$505	3.138		1,480	18,060		150	4,00,701	\$971,452	
Total, 1919	661,520			565		8,974	108,714					\$770.2.

Operations of Check Clearing and Collection Department of the Minneapolis Federal Reserve Bank in 1921, with totals for 1920

(Figures include cash items only)

(Items handled in actual numbers; - amounts in thousands of dollars)

	Items Drawn on Banks in Own District				Items Drawn on		Items Forwarded to Other F. R. Banks					
Period	Located in F. R. Bank and Branch Cities		F. R	Located Outside F. R. Bank and Branch Cities		Treasurer of United States		Their nches**	Total N	Total Number* Total Amou		mount*
	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	1921	1920	1921	1920
Jan. 1-15	126	\$61,784	757	\$48,240	22	\$2,626	54	\$15,853	959	580	\$128,503	\$130,05
Jan. 16-Feb. 15	259	108,682	1,331	82,782	30	4,391	93	28,133	1,713	1,176	223,988	243,95
Feb. 16-Mar. 15	275	114,978	1,412	89,936	27	5,962	81	23,115	1,795	1,386	233,991	315,08
Mar. 16-Apr. 15	292	134,650	1,639	100,081	54	6,477	91	21,191	2,076	1,632	262,399	357,02
Apr. 16-May 15 May 16-June 15	272	110,900	1,457	85,260	62	5,339	80	17,966	1,871	1,711	219,465	322,49
May 16-June 15	301	118,711	1,617	89,805	47	4,527	89	20,221	2,054	1,845	233,264	332,66
June 16-July 15 July 16-Aug. 15	269	119,198	1,588	88,810	58	4,374	89	19,693	2,004	1,765	232,075	319,52
July 10-Aug. 15	266	118,483	1,485	84,855	41	4,556 4,585	94 92	18,989 20,520	1,886 1,962	$1,827 \\ 1,990$	226,883	311,75
Aug. 16-Sept. 15 Sept. 16-Oct. 15	264 276	124,321 141,270	$1,568 \\ 1,676$	89,813	38 51	5,595	87	20,520	2,090	2,165	268,189	336,07 389,74
Oct. 16-Nov. 15	258	134,206	1,675	100,399	50	5,138	87	21,743	2,090	2,103	261,530	373,98
Nov. 16-Dec. 15	267	130,400	1,707	95,942	38	14,025	91	21,897	2,103	2,145	262,264	324,49
Dec. 16-Dec. 31	135	62,222	823	45,204	26	7,252	45	9,649	1,029	1,095	124,327	152,00
Total, 1921	3,260	\$1,479,805	18,735	\$1,101,770	544	\$74,847	1,073	\$259,695	23,612		\$2,916,117	
Total, 1920	2,902	1,914,838	17,240	1,438,117	373	63,953	1,074	491,950		21,589	[\$3,908,85

*Exclusive of duplications on account of items handled by both parent bank and branch.

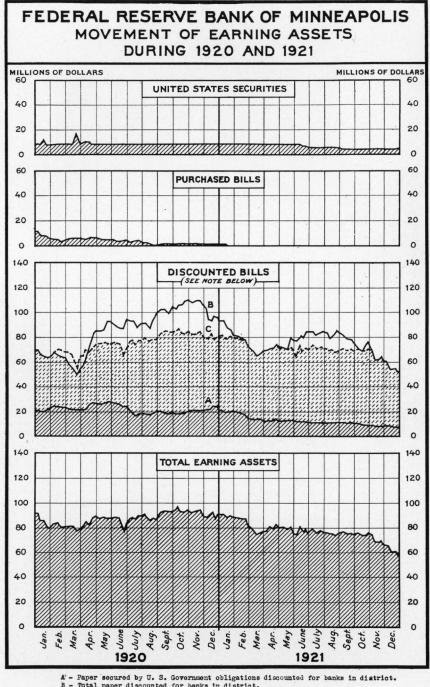
**Does not include items exchanged between Head Office and Helena Branch.

Movement of the Principal Assets of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis During the Calendar Year 1921 (Amounts in Thousands of Dollars)

Total Earning Assets (2+7 +8) 1	Total Held (4-3) 2	Redis- counted with Other F. R. Banks		inted for M is in This D Secured by	istrict	Bills Bought in Open	U. S. Secur-
1	2		(2 + 3)	U. S. Gov't Obligations	$\operatorname{Per}_{(5 \div 4)}$	Bought	U. S. Secur- ities
		3	4	5	6	7	8
$\begin{array}{l} 89,152\\ 89,522\\ 88,785\\ 87,510\\ 87,013\\ 87,014\\ 87,013\\ 82,258\\ 87,510\\ 87,013\\ 82,258\\ 87,510\\ 87,013\\ 82,258\\ 87,513\\ 82,258\\ 80,792\\ 80,284\\ 83,161\\ 80,792\\ 80,284\\ 83,161\\ 80,929\\ 81,091\\ 74,613\\ 80,929\\ 81,091\\ 74,613\\ 81,804\\ 77,321\\ 80,006\\ 74,662\\ 81,864\\ 77,329\\ 79,410\\ 76,6261\\ 77,399\\ 79,410\\ 76,6434\\ 74,910\\ 75,849\\ 79,410\\ 75,849\\ 79,410\\ 75,849\\ 79,410\\ 75,849\\ 79,410\\ 75,849\\ 79,410\\ 75,849\\ 79,410\\ 75,849\\ 79,410\\ 75,849\\ 79,410\\ 75,849\\ 79,410\\ 75,849\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,998\\ 80,345\\ 74,998\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,998\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,998\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,998\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,998\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,998\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 76,345\\ 74,908\\ 75,233\\ 75,345\\ 75,256\\ 75,25$	\$81,999 79,108 80,650 80,650 80,138 78,376 78,459 73,457 69,988 65,917 69,988 65,917 72,493 70,529 72,123 70,529 72,123 70,529 72,123 70,529 72,123 70,529 70,615 69,170 70,185 71,184 72,137 70,185 71,376 69,988 71,184 69,8825 70,598	\$12,254 8,580 5,792 2,0075 2,000 2,000 7,925 10,347 11,348 7,515 10,050 12,837 14,476 11,140 10,485 11,954 13,849 12,935 10,036 12,597 17,922 14,768 11,014 9,060 7,052 5,423	\$94,253 87,688 86,442 82,213 80,893 73,457 69,988 65,917 69,219 69,836 72,196 67,219 69,836 72,196 72,196 71,653 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,534 74,535 84,576 84,874 84,874 84,874 84,556 84,875 84,550 84,553 85,550 79,048 85,799 85,799 85,799 84,953 82,390 79,048 75,248 78,236 75,248 78,236 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,249 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,248 75,249 75,248 75,249 75,248 75,249 7	\$20,520 20,280 20,177 20,684 19,923 18,987 18,421 15,212 14,295 14,367 14,367 13,118 13,648 13,142 15,368 14,067 13,980 13,510 14,130 13,905 12,967 13,079 12,544 12,984 12,070 11,897 12,149 12,149 12,141 12,113 12,114 12,11	$\begin{array}{c} 21.8\\ 23.1\\ 23.3\\ 23.2\\ 24.6\\ 24.1\\ 23.5\\ 20.7\\ 20.4\\ 21.8\\ 21.8\\ 20.4\\ 21.8\\ 21.8\\ 20.4\\ 21.8\\ 20.4\\ 21.8\\ 20.4\\ 18.9\\ 19.3\\ 19.2\\ 17.7\\ 18.3\\ 19.2\\ 17.7\\ 17.8\\ 16.8\\ 19.3\\ 19.2\\ 17.7\\ 17.8\\ 16.8\\ 19.3\\ 19.2\\ 17.7\\ 17.8\\ 16.8\\ 14.3\\ 14.0\\ 14.9\\ 15.3\\ 14.7\\ 14.1\\ 13.9\\ 14.3\\ 14.5\\ 15.3\\ 15.3\\ 15.3\\ 15.2\\ \end{array}$	\$1,449 1,448 276 51 21 42 28 205 	s \$8,596 8,5
73,806 74,212 76,562 75,449 67,579 68,192 70,416 67,497 66,067 60,062	68,709 68,967 71,419 70,137 62,462 63,078 65,316 62,264 60,947 55,377	6,000 4,366 955	68,709 74,967 75,785 71,092 62,462 63,078 65,316 62,264 60,947 55,377	$\begin{array}{c} 10,305\\ 10,243\\ 10,177\\ 9,952\\ 8,182\\ 8,048\\ 8,852\\ 8,805\\ 9,103\\ 8,747\\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 15.0 \\ 13.7 \\ 13.4 \\ 14.0 \\ 13.1 \\ 12.8 \\ 13.6 \\ 14.1 \\ 14.9 \\ 15.8 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	5,097 5,235 5,133 5,302 5,107 5,104 5,078 5,211 5,088 4,607 4,677
	$\begin{array}{c} 87,014\\ 87,083\\ 82,258\\ 87,083\\ 82,258\\ 87,085\\ 87,085\\ 87,085\\ 80,792\\$	$\begin{array}{rrrr} 87,014 & 78,376 \\ 87,083 & 78,459 \\ 87,083 & 78,459 \\ 82,258 & 73,457 \\ 78,384 & 69,288 \\ 74,513 & 65,917 \\ 76,813 & 68,217 \\ 76,813 & 68,217 \\ 76,813 & 68,217 \\ 76,813 & 68,217 \\ 76,813 & 68,217 \\ 74,514 & 80,929 & 72,155 \\ 81,001 & 72,493 \\ 80,333 & 72,123 \\ 76,610 & 67,937 \\ 74,662 & 65,991 \\ 81,864 & 73,241 \\ 73,216 & 91,72 \\ 80,006 & 71,884 \\ 75,849 & 70,100 \\ 79,410 & 73,734 \\ 76,261 & 70,648 \\ 75,849 & 70,100 \\ 79,410 & 73,734 \\ 76,261 & 70,648 \\ 75,849 & 70,100 \\ 75,300 & 69,825 \\ 73,716 & 69,825 \\ 75,716 & 70,592 \\ 73,800 & 69,825 \\ 75,716 & 70,592 \\ 74,212 & 68,709 \\ 75,79 & 62,462 \\ 60,67 & 60,947 \\ 76,504 & 55,738 \\ 70,416 & 65,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,738 \\ 70,514 & 55,73$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

(a) No acceptances were bought from or sold to other F. R. Banks.

(b) Municipal warrants exclusively from October 19.



B = Total paper discounted for banks in district.
C = Total discounted paper held.
Space between lines B and C represents - where above line B - paper discounted for, and - where below line B - paper rediscounted with, other Federal Reserve banks.

Movement of Demand Liabilities and Cash Reserves of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis During the Calendar Year 1921

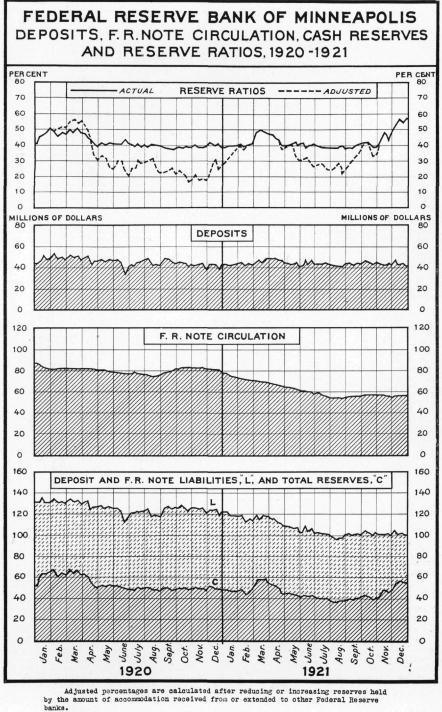
	Total Cash	Total	F. R. Notes	Reserve Percentages (a)		
Date	Reserves	Deposits	in Circulation	Actual	(b) Adjusted	
	1	2	3	4	5	
January 7	\$47,824	\$47,394	\$78,284	39.2	29.2	
January 14	46,902	44,625	76,454	39.6	32.4	
January 21	46,729	45,652	75.020	39.5	34.6	
January 28	47,180	46,779	73,717	39.9	38.1	
February 4	49,412	47,677	72,984	41.4	39.8	
February 11	43,924	46,259	71,802	38.7	38.3	
February 18	46,415	46,791	71,366	40.0		
February 25	49,636	46,237	71,223	43.3		
March 4	57,784	48,735	71,341	48.5	1	
March 11	58,058	47,335	70,487	50.4		
March 18	58,961	49,372	69,943	49.4		
March 25	56,333	48,652	69,303	47.8		
April 1	54,095	48,165	68,017	46.6		
April 8	52,743	49,366	67,360	45.2		
April 15	48,911	46,467	66,545	43.3		
April 22	44,525	45,802	66,096	39.8		
April 27	44,023	43,923	65,544	40.2	38.4	
May 4	45,014	43,772	65,480	41.2		
May 11	44,481	42,805	64,215	41.6		
May 18	42,692	44,730	63,065	39.6	32.3	
May 25	41,922	40,922	61,769	40.8	30.7	
une 1	43,416	41,563	61,230	42.2	31.2	
une 8	42,400	48,096	60,677	39.0	32.1	
une 15	41,982	44,440	59,765	40.3	30.6	
une 22	42,673	47,847	59,541	39.7	27.8	
une 29	42,195	43,743	58,833	41.1	27.0	
uly 6	40,303	44,378	59,613	38.8	28.0	
uly 13	40,172	44,120	58,152	39.3	29.0	
[uly 20	39,773	44,576	57,301	39.0	27.3	
uly 27	39,376	44,366	56,382	39.1	25.3	
August 3	38,118	42,591	56,062	38.6	25.5	
August 10	37,777	41,769	55,577	38.8	28.5	
August 17	38,852	42,379	55,617	39.6	26.8	
August 24	39,411	42,406	55,470	40.3	22.0	
August 31	39,178-	43,932	55,618	39.4	24.5	
September 7	39,639	44,928	57,140	38.8	28.0	
September 14	39,096	42,371	57,172	39.3	30.2	
September 21	40,320	44,681	57,431	39.5	32.6	
September 28	40,930	44,381	56,678	40.5	35.1	
October 5	43,636	46,985	57,928	41.6		
October 11	42,947	44,924	58,160	41.7		
October 19	39,200	41,964	58,152	39.2	33.2	
October 26	40,464	44,820	57,779	39.4	35.2	
November 2	41,543	43,617	57,691	41.0	40.1	
November 9	48,280	43,269	57,595	47.9		
November 16	47,812	43,499	57,418	47.4		
November 23	45,253	45,208	57,002	44.3		
November 30	47,172	43,336	56,352	47.3		
December 7	53,507	47,869	56,955	51.0		
December 14	56,816	44,078	56,656	- 56.4		
December 21	56,414	45,486	57,451	54.8		
December 28	56,380	42,031	57,482	56.7		

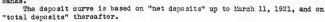
(Amounts in Thousands of Dollars)

(a) Prior to March 18, net deposits, as given below were used in calculating reserve percentages:

January	7\$43,729,000	February	4\$46,275,000	March	4\$47,715,000
January	14 41,922,000	February	11 41,580,000	March	11 44,619,000
January	21 43,386,000	February	18 44,737,000		
January	28 44,558,000	February	25 43,475,000		

(b) Adjusted percentages are calculated after increasing or reducing reserves held by the amount of accommodation extended to or received from other F. R. Banks. A blank (—) in this column indicates that no accommodation was extended to or received from other F. R. Banks.





DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

of the

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF MINNEAPOLIS January 1, 1922.

DIRECTORS

Class A

Theo, Wold (1922) Minneapolis, Minn. J. C. Bassett (1923) Aberdeen, S. D.

Class B F. R. Bigelow (1922) St. Paul, Minn. N. B. Holter (1923) Helena, Mont.

W. C. McDowell (1924) F. P. Hixon (1924) Marion, N. D. La Crosse, Wis.

OFFICERS

John H. Rich, Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent.

Homer P. Clark, Deputy Chairman.

Curtis L. Mosher, Secretary Board of Directors and Assistant Federal Reserve Agent.

- J. F. Ebersole, Assistant Federal Reserve Agent.
- Harry Yaeger, Field Representative.

Fred M. Bailey, Manager Bank Examination Department.

R. A. Young, Governor

W. B. Geerv, Deputy Governor

S. S. Cook, Deputy Governor

F. C. Dunlop, Controller

B. V. Moore, Cashier

Gray Warren, Assistant Cashier

F. G. Norton, Assistant Cashier

H. C. Core, Assistant Cashier

H. F. Brown, Assistant Cashier Andreas Ueland, Legal Counsel.

Member of Federal Advisory Council

George H. Prince, Chairman Board of Directors, Merchants National Bank, St. Paul, Minn.

HELENA BRANCH (HELENA, MONTANA)

Directors

T. A. Marlow, Helena, Chairman Lee M. Ford, Great Falls C. J. Kelly, Butte H. W. Rowley, Billings

Officers

O. A. Carlson, Manager H. L. Zimmerman, Assistant Federal Reserve Agent

R. O. Kaufman. Helena

- R. E. Towle, Cashier
- L. E. Rast, Assistant Cashier
- T. B. Weir, Legal Counsel

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Class C C. H. Benedict (1922) Lake Linden, Mich.

John H. Rich (1923) Minneapolis, Minn. Homer P. Clark (1924) St. Paul, Minn.