Circular No. 70-32
February 10, 1970

REPRINT OF REGULATION H

MEMBERSHIP OF STATE BANKING INSTITUTIONS
IN THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

To All Member Banks
in the Eleventh Federal Reserve District:

Enclosed is the new larger size reprint
of Regulation H, as amended effective March 18, 1969.
The small size Regulation H and applicable
amendments should be destroyed.

Yours very truly,

P. E. Coldwell
President

Enclosure (1)
BOARD OF GOVERNORS
of the
FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

MEMBERSHIP OF STATE BANKING INSTITUTIONS
IN THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

REGULATION H
(12 CFR 208)
As amended effective March 18, 1969

Any inquiry relating to this regulation should be addressed to the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which the inquiry arises. Forms necessary for the preparation of reports may be obtained from any Federal Reserve Bank.
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## STATUTORY AUTHORITY

This regulation is based upon and issued pursuant to provisions of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act (U.S.C., Title 12, sec. 321-338) and related provisions of law.
REGULATION H

(12 CFR 208)

As amended effective March 18, 1969

MEMBERSHIP OF STATE BANKING INSTITUTIONS
IN THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM*

SECTION 208.1—DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Part:

(a) The term "State bank" means any bank or trust company incorporated under a special or general law of a State or under a general law for the District of Columbia, any mutual savings bank (unless otherwise indicated), and any Morris Plan bank or other incorporated banking institution engaged in similar business.1

(b) The term "mutual savings bank" means a bank without capital stock transacting a savings bank business, the net earnings of which inure wholly to the benefit of its depositors after payment of obligations for any advances by its organizers, and in addition thereto includes any other banking institution the capital of which consists of weekly or other time deposits which are segregated from all other deposits and are regarded as capital stock for the purposes of taxation and the declaration of dividends.

(c) The term "Board" means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

(d) The term "board of directors" means the governing board of any institution performing the usual functions of a board of directors.

(e) The term "Federal Reserve Bank stock" includes the deposit which may be made with a Federal Reserve Bank in lieu of a subscription for stock by a mutual savings bank which is not permitted to purchase stock in a Federal Reserve Bank, unless otherwise indicated.

(f) The terms "capital" and "capital stock" mean common stock, preferred stock and legally issued capital notes and debentures purchased by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation which may be considered capital and capital stock for purposes of membership in the Federal Reserve System under the provisions of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act.

SECTION 208.2—ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

(a) Under the terms of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, to be eligible for admission to membership in the Federal Reserve System:

(1) A State bank, other than a mutual savings bank, must possess capital stock and surplus which, in the judgment of the Board, are adequate in relation to the character and condition of its assets and to its existing and prospective deposit liabilities and other corporate responsibilities: Provided, That no bank engaged in the

* The text corresponds to the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 12, Chapter II, Part 208, cited as 12 CFR 208. The words "this Part" as used herein, mean Regulation H. The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has delegated authority to exercise certain functions contained in this Part. See the Board's "Rules Regarding Delegation of Authority," (12 CFR 265).

1 Under the provisions of section 19 of the Federal Reserve Act, national banks and banks organized under local laws, located in a dependency or insular possession or any part of the United States outside the States of the United States and the District of Columbia are not required to become members of the Federal Reserve System but may, with the consent of the Board, become members of the System. However, this Part 208 is applicable only to the admission of banks eligible for admission to membership under section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act and does not cover the admission of banks eligible under section 19 of the Act. Any bank desiring to be admitted to the System under the provisions of section 19 should communicate with the Federal Reserve Bank with which it desires to do business.
§§ 208.3-208.4 REGULATION H

business of receiving deposits other than trust funds, which does not possess capital stock and surplus in an amount equal to that which would be required for the establishment of a national banking association in the place in which it is located, shall be admitted to membership unless it is, or has been, approved for deposit insurance under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

(2) A mutual savings bank must possess surplus and undivided profits not less than the amount of capital required for the organization of a national bank in the place where it is situated.

(b) The minimum capital required for the organization of a national bank, referred to hereinbefore in connection with the capital required for admission to membership in the Federal Reserve System, is as follows:

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<td>If located in a city or town with a population:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Not exceeding 6,000 inhabitants ......... $ 50,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exceeding 6,000 but not exceeding 50,000 inhabitants .................................. 100,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exceeding 50,000 inhabitants (except as stated below) .................................. 200,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>In an outlying district of a city with a population exceeding 50,000 inhabitants; provided State law permits organization of State banks in such location with a capital of $100,000 or less .... 100,000</td>
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With certain exceptions not here applicable, a national bank must have surplus equal to 20 per cent of its capital in order to commence business.

SECTION 208.3—INSURANCE OF DEPOSITS

Any State bank becoming a member of the Federal Reserve System which is engaged in the business of receiving deposits other than trust funds and which is not at the time an insured bank under the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, will become an insured bank under the provisions of that Act on the date upon which it becomes a member of the Federal Reserve System. In the case of an insured bank which is admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System, the bank will continue to be an insured bank.

SECTION 208.4—APPLICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

(a) State bank, other than a mutual savings bank. A State bank, other than a mutual savings bank, applying for membership, shall make application on Form F.R. 83A to the Board for an amount of capital stock in the Federal Reserve Bank of its district equal to six per cent of the paid-up capital stock and surplus of the applying institution.

(b) Mutual savings bank. A mutual savings bank applying for membership shall make application on Form F.R. 83B to the Board for an amount of capital stock in the Federal Reserve Bank of its district equal to six-tenths of one per cent of its total deposit liabilities as shown by the most recent report of examination of such institution preceding its admission to membership, or, if such institution be not permitted by the laws under which it was organized to purchase stock in a Federal Reserve Bank, on Form F.R. 83C, for permission to deposit with the Federal Reserve Bank an amount equal to the amount which it would have been required to pay in on account of a subscription to capital stock.

(c) Mutual savings bank which is not authorized to purchase stock of Federal Reserve Bank at time of admission. If a mutual savings bank be admitted to membership on the basis of a deposit of the required amount with the Federal Reserve Bank in lieu of payment upon capital stock because the laws under which such bank was organized do not at that time authorize it to purchase stock in the Federal Reserve Bank, it shall subscribe on Form F.R. 83D for the appropriate amount of stock in the Federal Reserve Bank whenever such laws are amended so as to

Federal Reserve System is not an insured bank, the Board is required under the provisions of sections 4 and 6 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act to issue a certificate to the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the effect that the bank is a member of the Federal Reserve System and that consideration has been given to the financial history and condition of the bank, the adequacy of its capital structure, its future earnings prospects, the general character of its management, the convenience and needs of the community to be served by the bank, and whether or not its corporate powers are consistent with the purposes of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
authorize it to purchase stock in a Federal Reserve Bank.3

(d) Execution and filing of application. Each application made under the provisions of this section and the exhibits referred to in the application blank shall be executed and filed, in duplicate, with the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which the applying bank is located.

SECTION 208.5—APPROVAL OF APPLICATION

(a) Matters given special consideration by Board. In passing upon an application, the following matters will be given special consideration:

(1) The financial history and condition of the applying bank and the general character of its management;

(2) The adequacy of its capital structure in relation to the character and condition of its assets and to its existing and prospective deposit liabilities and other corporate responsibilities; and its future earnings prospects;

(3) The convenience and needs of the community to be served by the bank; and

(4) Whether its corporate powers are consistent with the purposes of the Federal Reserve Act.

(b) Procedure for admission to membership after approval of application. If an applying bank conforms to all the requirements of the Federal Reserve Act and this Part and is otherwise qualified for membership, its application will be approved subject to such conditions as may be prescribed pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act. When the conditions prescribed have been accepted by the applying bank, it should pay to the Federal Reserve Bank of its district one-half of the amount of its subscription and, upon receipt of advice from the Federal Reserve Bank as to the required amount, one-half of one per cent of its paid-up subscription for each month from the period of the last

3 The Federal Reserve Act provides that, if the laws under which any such savings bank was organized be not amended at the first session of the legislature following the admission of the savings bank to membership so as to authorize mutual savings banks to purchase Federal Reserve Bank stock, or if such laws be so amended and the bank fail within six months thereafter to purchase such stock, all of its rights and privileges as a member bank shall be forfeited and its membership in the Federal Reserve System shall be terminated in the manner prescribed in section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act.

4 In the case of a mutual savings bank which is not permitted by the laws under which it was organized to purchase stock in a Federal Reserve Bank, it shall deposit with the Federal Reserve Bank an amount equal to the amount which it would have been required to pay in an account of a subscription to capital stock.

5 This applies to capital stock of all classes and to capital notes and debentures legally issued and purchased by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation which, under the Federal Reserve Act, are considered as capital stock for purposes of membership.

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4 The remaining half of the bank's subscription shall be subject to call when deemed necessary by the Board. The bank's membership in the Federal Reserve System shall become effective on the date as of which a certificate of stock of the Federal Reserve Bank is issued to it pursuant to its application for membership or, in the case of a mutual savings bank which is not authorized to subscribe for stock, on the date as of which a certificate representing the acceptance of a deposit with the Federal Reserve Bank in place of a payment on account of a subscription to stock is issued to it pursuant to its application for membership.

SECTION 208.6—PRIVILEGES AND REQUIREMENTS OF MEMBERSHIP

Every State bank while a member of the Federal Reserve System—

(a) Shall retain its full charter and statutory rights subject to the provisions of the Federal Reserve Act and other Acts of Congress applicable to member State banks, to the regulations of the Board made pursuant to law, and to the conditions prescribed by the Board and agreed to by such bank prior to its admission;

(b) Shall enjoy all the privileges and observe all the requirements of the Federal Reserve Act and other Acts of Congress applicable to member State banks and of the regulations of the Board made pursuant to law which are applicable to member State banks;

(c) Shall comply at all times with any and all conditions of membership prescribed by the Board in connection with the admission of such bank to membership in the Federal Reserve System; and

(d) Shall not reduce its capital stock except with the prior consent of the Board.
SECTION 208.7—CONDITIONS OF MEMBERSHIP

(a) Pursuant to the authority contained in the first paragraph of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act, which authorizes the Board to permit applying State banks to become members of the Federal Reserve System "subject to the provisions of this Act and to such conditions as it may prescribe pursuant thereto," the Board, except as hereinafter stated, will prescribe the following conditions of membership for each State bank hereafter applying for admission to the Federal Reserve System, and, in addition, such other conditions as may be considered necessary or advisable in the particular case:

(1) Such bank at all times shall conduct its business and exercise its powers with due regard to the safety of its depositors, and, except with the permission of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, such bank shall not cause or permit any change to be made in the general character of its business or in the scope of the corporate powers exercised by it at the time of admission to membership.⁴

(2) The net capital and surplus funds of such bank shall be adequate in relation to the character and condition of its assets and to its deposit liabilities and other corporate responsibilities.

(b) The acquisition by a member State bank of the assets of another institution through merger, consolidation, or purchase may result in a change in the general character of its business or in the scope of its corporate powers within the meaning of the condition set forth in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, and if at any time a bank subject to such condition anticipates making any such acquisition a detailed report setting forth all the facts in connection with the transaction shall be made promptly to the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which such bank is located.

(c) If at any time, in the light of all the circumstances, the aggregate amount of a member State bank's net capital and surplus funds appears to be inadequate, the bank, within such period as shall be deemed by the Board to be reasonable for this purpose, shall increase the amount thereof to an amount which in the judgment of the Board shall be adequate in relation to the character and condition of its assets and to its deposit liabilities and other corporate responsibilities.

SECTION 208.8—ESTABLISHMENT OR MAINTENANCE OF BRANCHES

(a) In general. Every State bank which is or hereafter becomes a member of the Federal Reserve System is subject to the provisions of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act relating to the establishment and maintenance of branches in the United States or in a dependency or insular possession thereof or in a foreign country.

Under the provisions of section 9, member State banks establishing and operating branches in the United States beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which the parent bank is situated must conform to the same terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions as are applicable to the establishment of branches by national banks under the provisions of section 5155 of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to the establishment of branches in the United States, except that the approval of any such branches must be obtained from the Board rather than from the Comptroller of the Currency. The approval of the Board must likewise be obtained before any member State bank establishes any branch after July 15, 1952, within the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which the parent bank is situated (except within the District of Columbia). Under the provisions of section 9, member State banks establishing and operating branches in a dependency which deposits are received, or checks paid, or money lent.⁵

⁴For many years, the Board prescribed, as standard conditions of membership, a condition which, in general, prohibited banks from engaging as a business in the sale of real estate loans to the public and certain conditions relating to the exercise of trust powers, including one which prohibited self-dealing in the investment of trust funds. The elimination of these conditions as standard conditions of membership does not reflect any change in the Board's position as to the undesirability of the practices formerly prohibited by such conditions; and attention is called to the fact that engaging as a business in the sale of real estate loans to the public or failing to conduct trust business in accordance with the applicable State laws and sound principles of trust administration may constitute unsafe or unsound practices and violate the condition set forth in this subparagraph.

⁵Section 5155 of the Revised Statutes of the United States provides that: "(f) The term 'branch' as used in this section shall be held to include any branch bank, branch office, branch agency, additional office, or any branch place of business located in any State or territory of the United States or in the District of Columbia at which deposits are received, or checks paid, or money lent."
or insular possession of the United States or in a foreign country must conform to the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions contained in section 25 of the Federal Reserve Act relating to the establishment by national banks of branches in such places.

(b) Branches in the United States. (1) Before a member State bank establishes a branch (except within the District of Columbia), it must obtain the approval of the Board.

(2) Before any nonmember State bank having a branch or branches established after February 25, 1927, beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which the bank is situated is admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve System, it must obtain the approval of the Board for the retention of such branches.

(3) A member State bank located in a State which by statute law permits the maintenance of branches within county or greater limits may, with the approval of the Board, establish and operate, without regard to the capital requirements of section 5155 of the Revised Statutes, a seasonal agency in any resort community within the limits of the county in which the main office of such bank is located for the purpose of receiving and paying out deposits, issuing and cashing checks and drafts, and doing business incident thereto, if no bank is located and doing business in the place where the proposed agency is to be located; and any permit issued for the establishment of such an agency shall be revoked upon the opening of a State or national bank in the community where the agency is located.

(4) Except as stated in paragraph (b)(3) of this section, in order for a member State bank to establish a branch beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which it is situated, the aggregate capital stock of the member State bank and its branches shall at no time be less than the aggregate minimum capital stock required by law for the establishment of an equal number of national banking associations situated in the various places where such member State bank and its branches are situated.*

(5) A member State bank may not establish a branch beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which it is situated unless such establishment and operation are at the time authorized to State banks by the statute law of the State in question by language specifically granting such authority affirmatively and not merely by implication or recognition.

(6) Any member State bank which, on February 25, 1927, had established and was actually operating a branch or branches in conformity with the State law is permitted to retain and operate the same while remaining a member of the Federal Reserve System, regardless of the location of such branch or branches.

(7) The removal of a branch of a member State bank from one town to another town constitutes the establishment of a branch in such other town and, accordingly, requires the approval of the Board. The removal of a branch of a member State bank from one location in a town to another location in the same town will require the approval of the Board if the circumstances of the removal are such that the effect thereof is to constitute the establishment of a new branch as distinguished from the mere relocation of an existing branch in the immediate neighborhood without affecting the nature of its business or customers served.

(c) Application for approval of branches in United States. Any member State bank desiring to establish a branch should submit a request for the approval by the Board of any such branch to the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which the bank is located. Any nonmember State bank applying for membership and desiring to retain any branch established after February 25, 1927, beyond the corporate limits of the city, town, or village in which the bank is situated should submit a similar request. Any such request should be accompanied by advice as to the scope of the functions and the character of the business which are or will be performed by the branch and detailed information regarding the policy followed or proposed to be followed with reference to supervision of the branch by the head office; and the bank may be required in any case to furnish additional information which will be helpful to the Board any such place. There are no additional capital requirements for additional branches within the city, town, or village in which the head office is located.

*The requirement of this paragraph is met if the aggregate capital stock of a member State bank having branches is not less than the total amount of capital stock which would be required for the establishment of one national bank in each of the places in which the head office and branches of the member State bank are located, irrespective of the number of offices which the bank may have in any such place.
in determining whether to approve such request.

(d) **Foreign branches.** With prior Board approval, a member State bank having capital and surplus of $1,000,000 or more may establish branches in "foreign countries", as defined in § 213.2(b) of Part 213 (Reg. M)." If a member State bank has established a branch in such a country, it may, unless otherwise advised by the Board, establish other branches therein after thirty days' notice to the Board with respect to each such branch.

(e) **Application for approval of foreign branches.** Any member State bank desiring to establish such a branch and any nonmember State bank applying for membership and desiring to retain any such branch established after February 25, 1927, should submit a request for the approval by the Board of such branch to the Federal Reserve Bank of the district in which the bank is located. Any such request should be accompanied by advice as to the scope of the functions and the character of the business which are or will be performed by the branch and detailed information regarding the policy followed or proposed to be followed with reference to supervision of the branch by the head office; and the bank may be required in any case to furnish additional information which will be helpful to the Board in determining whether to approve such request.

**SECTION 208.9—PUBLICATION OF REPORTS OF MEMBER BANKS AND THEIR AFFILIATES**

(a) **Reports of member banks.** (1) Each report of condition made by a member State bank to its Federal Reserve Bank pursuant to a call therefor by the Board shall be printed by such member bank within twenty days from the date the call is issued, unless such time is extended by the Reserve Bank as provided in § 265.2(f) (16) of this chapter (Rules Regarding Delegation of Authority).

(2) The report shall be printed in a newspaper published in the place where the bank is located or, if there be no newspaper published in the place where the bank is located, then in a newspaper published in the same or in an adjoining county and in general circulation in the place where the bank is located. The term "newspaper", for the purpose of this Part, means a publication with a general circulation published not less frequently than once a week, one of the primary functions of which is the dissemination of news of general interest.

(3) The copy of the report for the use of the printer for publication should be prepared on the form supplied or authorized for the purpose by the Federal Reserve Bank. Except as permitted in the Instructions for preparation of reports of condition (Form F.R. 105a), the published information shall agree in every respect with that shown on the face of the report of condition submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank. All signatures shall be the same in the published statement as in the original report submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank, but the signatures may be typewritten or otherwise copied on the report for publication.

(4) A copy of the printed report shall be submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank attached to the certificate on the form supplied or authorized for the purpose by the Federal Reserve Bank.

(b) **Reports of affiliates.** (1) Each report of an affiliate of a member State bank, including a holding company affiliate, shall be published at the same time and in the same newspaper as the affiliated bank's own condition report submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank, unless an

Section 9 also provides that the reports of affiliates of a member State bank which are required by that section to be furnished to the respective Federal Reserve Banks "shall be published by the bank under the same conditions as govern its own condition reports". The term "affiliates", as used in this provision of section 9, under the express terms of that section, includes "holding company affiliates as well as other affiliates", but a member State bank is not required to furnish to a Federal Reserve Bank the report of an affiliated member bank.

Section 21 of the Federal Reserve Act, among other things, provides as follows: "Whenever member banks are required to obtain reports from affiliates, or whenever affiliates of member banks are required to submit to examination, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or the Comptroller of the Currency, as the case may be, may waive such requirements with respect to any such report or examination of any affiliate if in the judgment of the said Board or Comptroller, respectively, such report or examination is not necessary to disclose fully the relations between such affiliate and such bank and the effect thereof upon the affairs of such bank." Therefore, of course, in any case where the Board of Governors waives the filing of a report of an affiliate of a member State bank, no publication of a report of such affiliate is required.
extension of time for submission of the report of the affiliate has been granted under authority of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. When such extension of time has been granted, the report of the affiliate must be submitted and published before the expiration of such extended period in the same newspaper as the condition report of the bank was published.

(2) The copy of the report for the use of the printer for publication should be prepared on Form F.R. 220a. The published information shall agree in every respect with that shown on the face of the report of the affiliate furnished to the Federal Reserve Bank by the affiliated member bank, except that any item appearing under the caption “Financial relations with bank” against which the word “none” appears on the report furnished to the Federal Reserve Bank may be omitted in the published statement of the affiliate: Provided, That if the word “none” is shown against all of the items appearing under such caption in the report furnished to the Federal Reserve Bank the caption “Financial relations with bank” shall appear in the published statement followed by the word “none.” All signatures shall be the same in the published statement as in the original report submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank, but the signatures may be typewritten or otherwise copied on the report for publication.

(3) A copy of the printed report shall be submitted to the Federal Reserve Bank attached to the certificate on Form F.R. 220a.

(c) Waiver of reports of affiliates. (1) Pursuant to section 21 of the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C. 486), the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System waives the requirement for the submission of reports of affiliates of State bank members of the Federal Reserve System, except:

(i) When indebtedness, if any, of the affiliate to the member bank has been carried for more than 6 months in the 12 months preceding the report date as an asset on the bank’s books at a value in excess of $5,000 or 1 per cent of the bank’s capital and surplus, whichever is the greater, regardless of whether the affiliate is so indebted on the report date: Provided, That any indebtedness of the affiliate to the member bank fully secured by direct obligations of the United States Government or by obligations fully guaranteed by the United States Government may be disregarded in determining whether or not the indebtedness of the affiliate is in excess of the limitations prescribed herein.

(ii) When, on the report date, the affiliate is indebted to the member bank, or the member bank owns obligations of, or stock or other evidences of ownership in, the affiliate, and the aggregate amount of such indebtedness, obligations, stock, or other evidences of ownership is carried as an asset on the bank’s books at a value in excess of $5,000 or 1 per cent of the member bank’s capital and surplus, whichever is the greater: Provided, That any indebtedness of the affiliate to the member bank fully secured by direct obligations of the United States Government or by obligations fully guaranteed by the United States Government may be disregarded in determining whether or not the indebtedness of the affiliate is in excess of the limitations prescribed herein.

(2) The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System also waives the requirement for the submission of reports of affiliates in all cases

(i) where the affiliate relationship is based solely on ownership or control of any voting shares of the affiliate by a member bank as executor, administrator, trustee, receiver, agent, depositary, or in any other fiduciary capacity, except where such shares are held for the benefit of all or a majority of the stockholders of such member bank, and

(ii) where the affiliate relationship is based solely on the fact that a majority of the affiliate’s directors, trustees, or other persons exercising similar functions are directors of any one member bank, except where they constitute more than one-fourth of the directors of the member bank.

(3) The above provisions with respect to the waiving of the requirement for submission of reports of affiliates are subject to change whenever deemed advisable by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in order to require the submission of reports which are necessary to disclose fully relations between member banks and their affiliates and the effect thereof upon the affairs of member banks.

SECTION 208.10—VOLUNTARY WITHDRAWAL FROM FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

(a) General. Any State bank desiring to withdraw from membership in a Federal Reserve Bank
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may do so after six months' written notice has been filed with the Board; and the Board, in its discretion, may waive such six months' notice in any individual case and may permit such bank to withdraw from membership in a Federal Reserve Bank, subject to such conditions as the Board may prescribe, prior to the expiration of six months from the date of the written notice of its intention to withdraw.

(b) Notice of intention of withdrawal. (1) Any State bank desiring to withdraw from membership in a Federal Reserve Bank should signify its intention to do so, with the reasons therefor, in a letter addressed to the Board and mailed to the Federal Reserve Bank of which such bank is a member. Any such bank desiring to withdraw from membership prior to the expiration of six months from the date of written notice of its intention to withdraw should so state in the letter signifying its intention to withdraw and should state the reason for its desire to withdraw prior to the expiration of six months.

(2) Every notice of intention of a bank to withdraw from membership in the Federal Reserve System and every application for the waiver of such notice should be accompanied by a certified copy of a resolution duly adopted by the board of directors of such bank authorizing the withdrawal of such bank from membership in the Federal Reserve System and authorizing a certain officer or certain officers of such bank to file such notice or application, to surrender for cancellation the Federal Reserve Bank stock held by such bank, to receive and receipt for any moneys or other property due to such bank from the Federal Reserve Bank to do such other things as may be necessary to effect the withdrawal of such bank from membership in the Federal Reserve System.

(3) Notice of intention to withdraw or application for waiver of six months' notice of intention to withdraw by any bank which is in the hands of a conservator or other State official acting in a capacity similar to that of a conservator should be accompanied by advice from the conservator or other such State official that he joins in such notice or application.

(c) Time and method of effecting actual withdrawal. Upon the expiration of six months after notice of intention to withdraw or upon the waiving of such six months' notice by the Board, such bank may surrender its stock and its certificate of membership to the Federal Reserve Bank and request that same be canceled and that all amounts due to it from the Federal Reserve Bank be refunded. Unless withdrawal is thus effected within eight months after notice of intention to withdraw is first given, or unless the bank requests and the Board grants an extension of time, such bank will be presumed to have abandoned its intention of withdrawing from membership and will not be permitted to withdraw without again giving six months' written notice or obtaining the waiver of such notice.

(d) Withdrawal of notice. Any bank which has given notice of its intention to withdraw from membership in a Federal Reserve Bank may withdraw such notice at any time before its stock has been canceled and upon doing so may remain a member of the Federal Reserve System. The notice rescinding the former notice should be accompanied by a certified copy of an appropriate resolution duly adopted by the board of directors of the bank.

SECTION 208.11—BOARD FORMS

All forms referred to in this Part and all such forms as they may be amended from time to time shall be a part of the regulations in this Part.

12 Under specific provisions of section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act, however, no Federal Reserve Bank shall, except upon express authority of the Board, cancel within the same calendar year more than twenty-five per cent of its capital stock for the purpose of effecting voluntary withdrawals during that year. All applications for voluntary withdrawals are required by the law to be dealt with in the order in which they are filed with the Board.

12 A bank's withdrawal from membership in the Federal Reserve System is effective on the date on which the Federal Reserve Bank stock held by it is duly canceled. Until such stock has been canceled, such bank remains a member of the Federal Reserve System, is entitled to all the privileges of membership, and is required to comply with all provisions of law and all regulations of the Board pertaining to member banks and with all conditions of membership applicable to it. Upon the cancellation of such stock, all rights and privileges of such bank as a member bank shall terminate. Upon the cancellation of such stock, and after due provision has been made for any indebtedness due or to become due to the Federal Reserve Bank, such bank shall be entitled to a refund of its cash paid subscription with interest at the rate of one-half of one per cent per month from the date of last dividend, the amount refunded in no event to exceed the book value of the stock at that time, and shall likewise be entitled to the repayment of deposits and of any other balance due from the Federal Reserve Bank.