The Obama Administration's Efforts To Stabilize the Housing Market and Help American Homeowners

October 2014

U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development

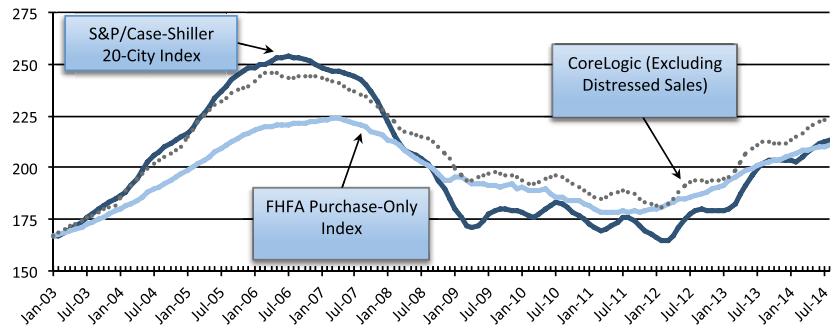
The Administration's goal remains to stabilize the housing market and provide security for homeowners. To meet these objectives in a challenging market, the Administration developed a broad approach implementing state and local housing agency initiatives, tax credits for homebuyers, neighborhood stabilization and community development programs, mortgage modifications and refinancing, housing counseling, continued Federal Housing Administration (FHA) engagement, support for Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac and increased consumer protections. In addition, Federal Reserve and Treasury Mortgage-Backed Securities purchase programs have helped to keep mortgage interest rates at record lows for more than a year. More detail on the Administration's efforts can be found in the Appendix.

- **New home sales inched up in September to their highest level in more than six years.** Purchases of new home sales were up 0.2 percent from a month earlier to a seasonally adjusted annual rate (SAAR) of 467,000 in September and were 17.0 percent higher than one year ago. New home sales were last at this pace in July 2008. The previous month's hefty gain was revised downward, however. New home sales data can be volatile and are often revised. (Source: HUD and Census Bureau).
- **Sales of previously owned (existing) homes bounced back in September to their highest pace in a year.** The National Association of Realtors® (NAR) reported that existing homes—including single-family homes, townhomes, condominiums, and cooperatives—sold at a pace of 5.17 million (SAAR) in September, up 2.4 percent from August but still down 1.7 percent from the 5.26 million pace last September. Existing home sales are at their highest pace since September 2013.
- **House prices increase in August, with year-over-year gains showing mixed results.** The Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) seasonally adjusted purchase-only house price index for August showed home values appreciated by 0.5 percent over July and 4.7 percent over the previous year, marking the first time in eight months that year-over-year house price gains were higher than the previous month's annual gain according to this index. The year-over-year gain in July was 4.6 percent. The FHFA index shows that U.S. home values are approximately on par with August 2005 prices and now stand just 5.8 percent below their previous peak in April 2007. Another index tracked in the Scorecard, the S&P/Case-Shiller 20-City Home Price Index (not seasonally adjusted), posted month-over-month returns for August of 0.2 percent and gains of 5.6 percent over the past 12 months. According to the Case-Shiller index, annual rates of gain in home prices have slowed over the last nine months. The Case-Shiller index shows home values at November-2004 levels and 15.8 percent below their peak in July 2006. (The Case-Shiller and FHFA price indices are released with a 2-month lag.)
- **Foreclosure starts and completions continue their annual downward trend.** Lenders started the public foreclosure process on 50,385 U.S. properties in September, down 9 percent from the previous month and 13 percent from a year earlier. Lenders completed the foreclosure process (bank repossessions or REOs) on 22,930 U.S. properties in September, down 13 percent from the previous month and down 40 percent from one year ago. (Source: Realty Trac)
- **The Administration's foreclosure mitigation programs continue to provide relief for millions of homeowners as the recovery from the housing crisis continues.** In all, more than 8.9 million mortgage modification and other forms of mortgage assistance arrangements were completed between April 2009 and the end of September 2014. More than 2.2 million homeowner assistance actions have taken place through the Making Home Affordable Program, including more than 1.4 million permanent modifications through the Home Affordable Modification Program (HAMP), while the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) has offered nearly 2.5 million loss mitigation and early delinquency interventions through September. These Administration programs continue to encourage improved standards and processes in the industry, with lenders offering families and individuals over 4.2 million proprietary modifications through August (data are reported with a 2-month lag). You can read the Treasury's MHA report here.

Encouraging news notwithstanding, there is a need to continue with recovery efforts to foster home sales, help homeowners that are underwater, and reduce mortgage delinquency rates that remain elevated. There is also considerable geographic variation in market conditions not captured in the national statistics, which suggests some markets are improving at different rates than others. Given the current state of the market and recognizing that recovery will take place over time, the Administration remains committed to its efforts to prevent avoidable foreclosures and stabilize the housing market.

House Prices Rise in August

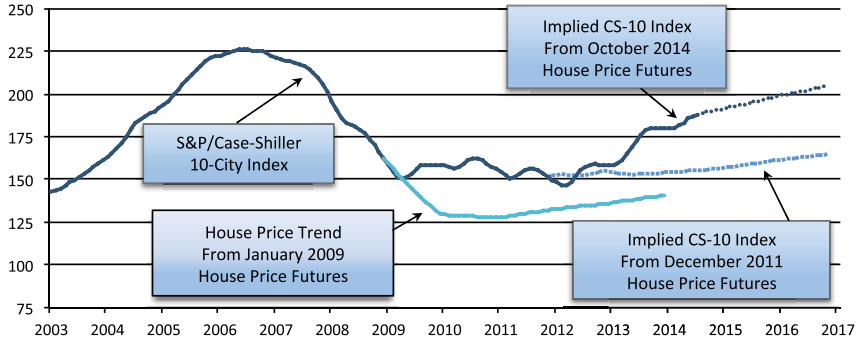
Monthly House Price Trends by Index ($ Thousands)



Sources: Standard & Poor's, Federal Housing Finance Agency, CoreLogic, and HUD.
See Note 1, Sources and Methodology.

Expectations on House Prices Above December 2011 Projections; Far Above January 2009 Projections

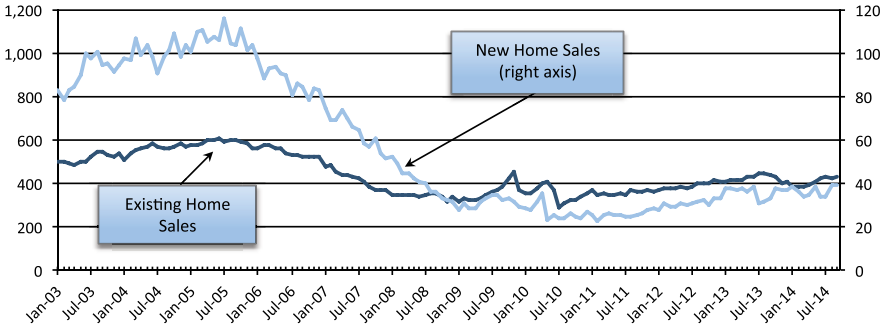
S&P/Case-Shiller 10-City Index (NSA, Jan 2000 = 100) and Implied Index Values
Based Upon House Price Futures Market as of Indicated Dates



Sources: Standard and Poor's, CME Group, and Radar Logic.
See Note 2, Sources and Methodology.

New and Existing Home Sales

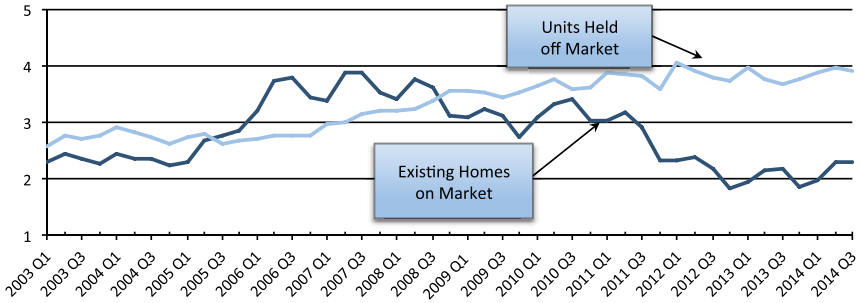
Monthly Sales (Thousands)



Seasonally Adjusted
Sources: National Association of Realtors®, Census Bureau, and HUD.
See Note 3, Sources and Methodology.

Supply of Existing Homes on the Market Increasing, Number of Units Held off the Market Remains High

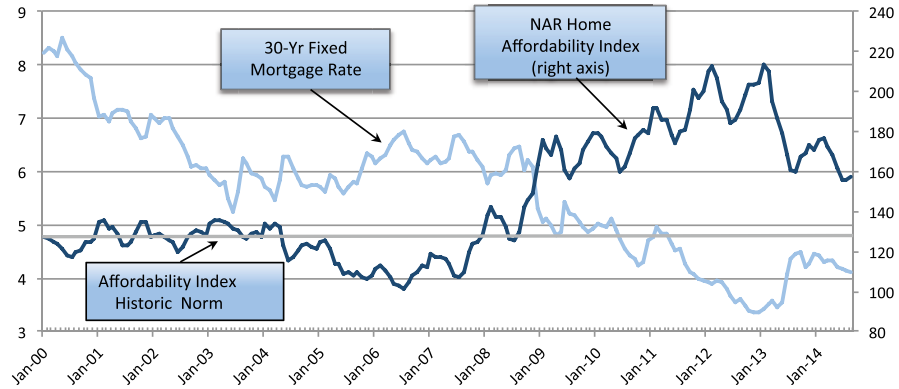
Existing Homes Available for Sale (End of Period) and
Total Vacant Housing Units (Year Round) Off Market (Millions)



Sources: National Association of Realtors® and Census Bureau.

Home Affordability Remains Above Historic Norm, Mortgage Rate Within One Percentage Point of Historic Low

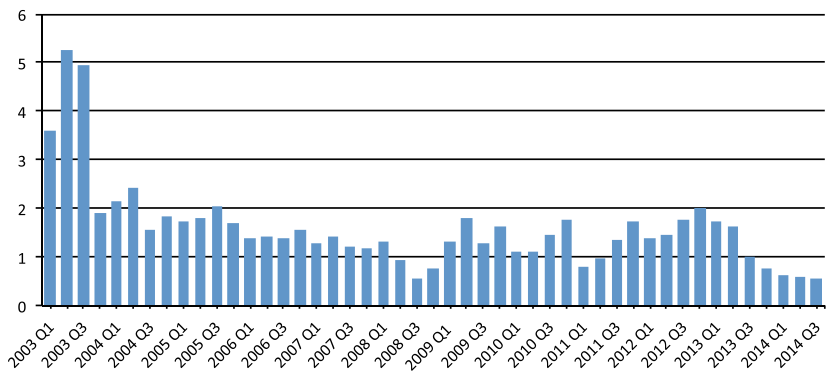
Percentage Rates and Index Values



The historic norm of 128 is the median value of the affordability index since 1989.
Sources: Freddie Mac and National Asssociation of Realtors®.

28.5 Million Homeowners Have Refinanced Since April 1, 2009

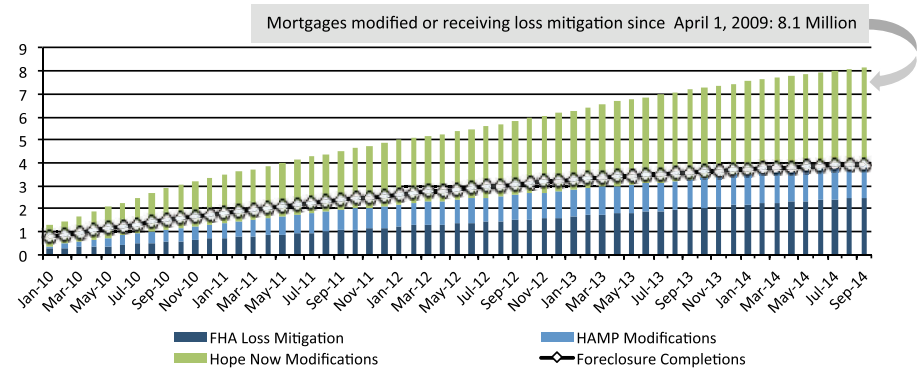
Quarterly Refinance Mortgage Originations (Millions)



Sources: Mortgage Bankers Association and HUD.
See Note 4 and Additional Notes, Sources and Methodology.

Mortgage Aid Extended More Than 8.1 Million Times, Outpacing Foreclosures

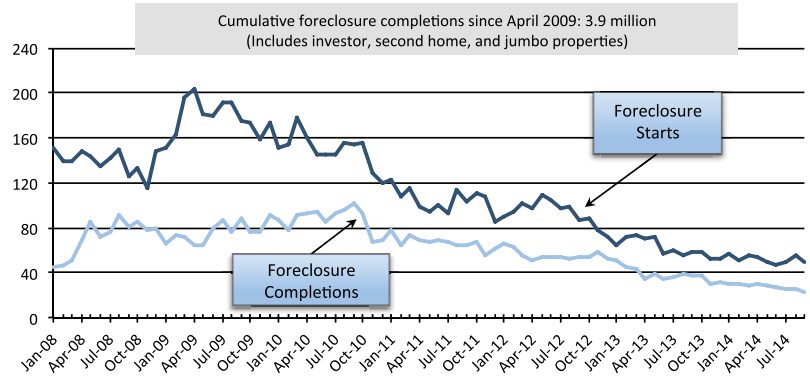
Cumulative Mortgages Receiving Aid and Mortgages Foreclosed Since April 1, 2009 (Millions)



Data exclude trial modifications. Hope Now data through August 2014, all other data through September 2014.
Sources: HUD, Dept. of Treasury, Hope Now Alliance, and Realty Trac.
See Note 5 and Additional Notes, Sources and Methodology.

Mortgage Aid Helps Keep Foreclosure Filings Down

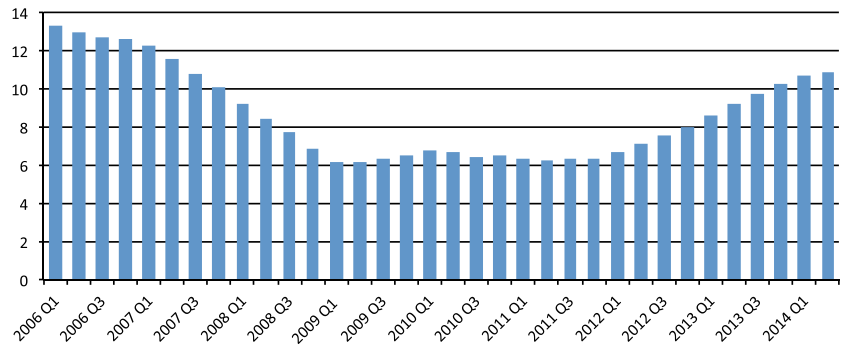
Monthly Foreclosure Actions (Thousands)



Foreclosure starts are default notices or scheduled foreclosure auctions, depending on the state.
Source: Realty Trac.
See Note 6, Sources and Methodology.

Home Equity Posts Another Gain in Second Quarter 2014

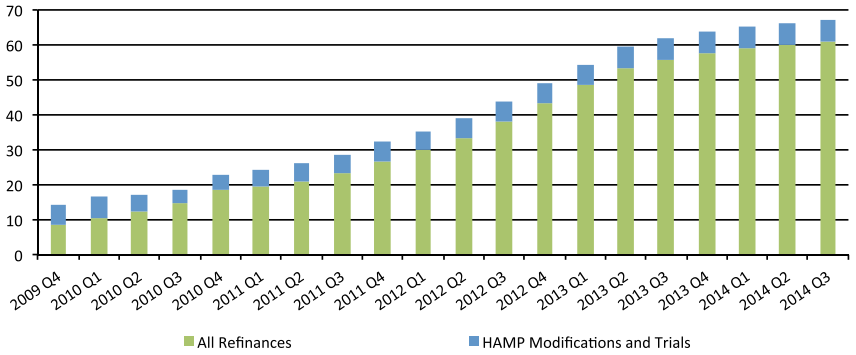
Owners' Equity in Household Real Estate at End of Period ($ Trillions)



Source: Federal Reserve Board.

Homeowners Save From Reduced Mortgage Payments

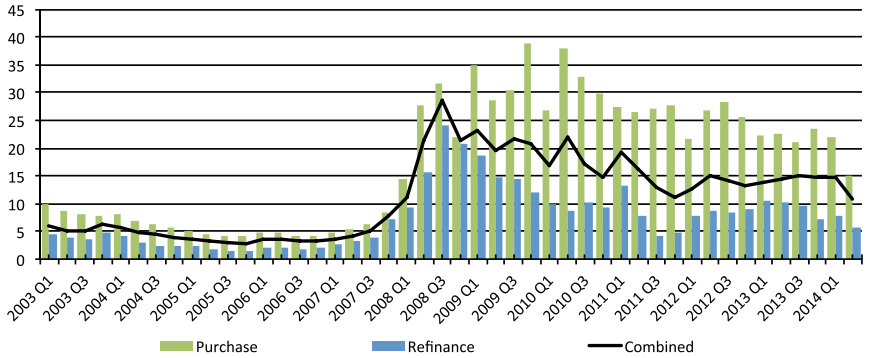
Annualized Savings From Payment Reductions ($ Billions)



Aggregate annual reduction in mortgage payments on refinances since April 1, 2009 plus active trial and permanent HAMP modifications.
Sources: MBA, Treasury, Freddie Mac, and HUD.
See Note 7 and Additional Notes, Sources and Methodology.

FHA Supports Mortgage Lending During Crisis

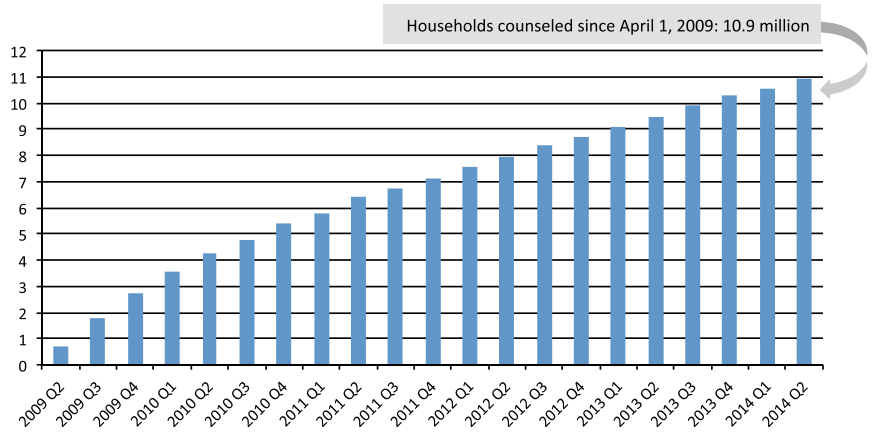
FHA As Share of Quarterly Mortgage Originations by Type (Percent)



Sources: MBA and HUD.
See Note 8, Sources and Methodology.

Housing Counselors Serve Millions of Families

Cumulative Households Counseled Since April 1, 2009 (Millions)



Source: HUD.

HOUSING ASSISTANCE AND STABILIZATION PERFORMANCE METRICS

Indicator	This Period	Last Period	Cumulative From April 1, 2009	Latest Release
Distressed Homeowners Assisted (thousands)				
HAMP Trial Modifications	11.7 (s)	11.0	2,247	September-14
HAMP Permanent Modifications	9.6 (s)	9.6	1,417	September-14
FHA Loss Mitigation Interventions	32.6	31.5	2,486	September-14
HOPE Now Modifications	29.9	25.2	4,222	August-14
HARP Refinances	14.1	15.7	3,219	August-14
Counseled Borrowers (thousands)	385.2	284.3	10,939	2nd Q 14
Borrower Annual Savings ($ millions)				
HAMP Active Trial Modifications	–	–	179	2nd Q 14
HAMP Active Permanent Modifications	–	–	6,209	2nd Q 14
All Refinances	–	–	59,871	2nd Q 14
Activities Completed Under NSP (housing units)				
New Construction or Residential Rehab	–	–	36,606 [62,821] (b,s)	2nd Q 14
Demolition or Clearance	–	–	22,784 [24,280] (b,s)	2nd Q 14
Direct Homeownership Assistance	–	–	11,100 [17,078] (b,s)	2nd Q 14
Change in Aggregate Home Equity ($ billions)	177.3	451.6 (r)	4,699.8	2nd Q 14

HOUSING MARKET FACT SHEET

Indicator	This Period	Last Period	Year Ago	As of Dec 2008	Latest Release
Mortgage Rates (30-Yr FRM, percent)	4.02	3.98	4.16	5.10	6-Nov14
Housing Affordability (index)	157.6	155.7 (r)	159.9	162.9	August-14
Home Prices (indices)					
Case-Shiller (NSA)	173.7	173.3	164.5	150.5	August-14
FHFA (SA)	214.0	213.1 (r)	204.3	196.2	August-14
CoreLogic–Excluding Distressed Sales (NSA)	175.2	175.0 (r)	166.5	159.9 (r)	September-14
Home Sales (thousands, SA)					
New	38.9	38.8 (r)	33.3	31.4	September-14
Existing	430.8	420.8	438.3	334.2	September-14
First-Time Buyers	178.5 (p)	174.7 (r)	179.2	149.9	September-14
Distressed Sales (percent, NSA)	12 (p)	12	16	32	August-14
Housing Supply					
Existing Homes for Sale (thousands, NSA)	2,300	2,330 (r)	2,170	3,130	September-14
Existing Homes–Months' Supply (months)	5.3	5.5	5.0	9.4	September-14
New Homes for Sale (thousands, SA)	207	204 (r)	183	353	September-14
New Homes for Sale–Months' Supply (months, SA)	5.3	5.3 (r)	5.5	11.2	September-14
Vacant Units Held Off Market (thousands)	3,902	3,975	3,674	3,542	3rd Q 14
Mortgage Originations (thousands)					
Refinance Originations	563.7	578.4 (r)	1,017.6	767.1	3rd Q 14
Purchase Originations	783.2	757.8 (r)	891.6	986.3	3rd Q 14
FHA Originations (thousands)					
Refinance Originations	12.9 (p)	13.5 (r)	21.3	62.9	September-14
Purchase Originations	51.4 (p)	56.6 (r)	51.8	72.7	September-14
Purchases by First-Time Buyers	41.2 (p)	40.2 (r)	41.0	56.2	September-14
Mortgage Delinquency Rates (percent)					
Prime	2.8	2.9	3.3	4.4	September-14
Subprime	30.1	31.0	31.5	34.3	September-14
FHA	10.2	10.4	10.9	14.3	September-14
Seriously Delinquent Mortgages (thousands)					
Prime	571	590	815	915	September-14
Subprime	944	952	1,148	1,632	September-14
FHA	544	540	628	333	September-14
Underwater Borrowers (thousands)	5,309	6,255 (r)	7,229	–	2nd Q 14
Foreclosure Actions (thousands)					
Foreclosure Starts	50.4	55.6	58.0	148.6	September-14
Foreclosure Completions	22.9	26.3	38.3	78.9	September-14
Short Sales	16.1 (p)	18.0 (r)	29.2	14.0	August-14
REO Sales	29.0 (p)	34.2 (r)	44.4	74.8	August-14

SA = seasonally adjusted, NSA = not SA, p = preliminary, r = revised, b = brackets include units in process, s = see Additional Notes in Sources and Methodology.

SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

A. Items in Tables

Description	Frequency	Sources	Notes on Methodology
Distressed Homeowners Assisted			
HAMP Trial Modifications	Monthly	Treasury	As reported. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2.
HAMP Permanent Modifications	Monthly	Treasury	As reported. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2.
HARP Refinances	Monthly	Federal Housing Finance Agency	As reported.
FHA Loss Mitigation Interventions	Monthly	HUD	All FHA loss mitigation and early delinquency interventions.
HOPE Now Modifications	Monthly	Hope Now Alliance	All proprietary modifications completed.
Counseled Borrowers (thousands)	Quarterly	HUD	Housing counseling activity reported by all HUD-approved housing counselors.
Borrower Annual Savings			
HAMP Active Trial Modifications	Quarterly	HUD, Treasury, and Freddie Mac	HUD estimate of annualized savings based on Treasury reported active HAMP trial modifications and Freddie Mac monthly savings estimates. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2.
HAMP Active Permanent Modifications	Quarterly	HUD and Treasury	HUD estimate of annualized savings based on Treasury reported active HAMP permanent modifications and median monthly savings estimates. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2.
All Refinances	Quarterly	HUD, and MBA	Refinance originations (see below) multiplied by HUD estimate of annualized savings per refinance.
Completed Activities Under NSP (housing units)	Quarterly	HUD	Housing units constructed/rehabilitated using Neighborhood Stabilization Program. Bracketed numbers include units in process.
New Construction or Residential Rehab	Quarterly	HUD	Housing units demolished/cleared using Neighborhood Stabilization Program. Bracketed numbers as above.
Demolition or Clearance	Quarterly	HUD	Completed downpayment assistance or non-amortizing second mortgages by grantee to make purchase of NSP unit affordable. Bracketed numbers as above.
Direct Homeownership Assistance			
Change in Aggregate Home Equity	Quarterly	Federal Reserve Board	Difference in aggregate household owners' equity in real estate as reported in the Federal Reserve Board's Flow of Funds Accounts of the United States for stated time period.
Mortgage Rates (30-Yr FRM)	Weekly	Freddie Mac	Primary Mortgage Market Survey, as reported for 30-Year fixed rate mortgages (FRM).
Housing Affordability	Monthly	National Association of Realtors®	NAR's composite housing affordability index as reported. A value of 100 means that a family with the median income has exactly enough income to qualify for a mortgage on a median-priced home. An index above 100 signifies that a family earning the median income has more than enough income to qualify.
Home Prices			
Case-Shiller (NSA)	Monthly	Standard and Poor's	Case-Shiller 20-metro composite index, January 2000 = 100. Standard and Poor's recommends use of not seasonally adjusted index when making monthly comparisons. FHFA monthly (purchase-only) index for US, January 1991 = 100. CoreLogic national combined index, distressed sales excluded, January 2000 = 100. (Only available as NSA).
FHFA (SA)	Monthly	Federal Housing Finance Agency	
CoreLogic - Excluding Distressed Sales (NSA)	Monthly	CoreLogic	
Home Sales (SA)			
New	Monthly	HUD and Census Bureau	Seasonally adjusted annual rates divided by 12. A newly constructed house is considered sold when either a sales contract has been signed or a deposit accepted, even if this occurs before construction has actually started.
Existing	Monthly	National Association of Realtors®	Seasonally adjusted annual rates divided by 12. Existing-home sales, which include single-family, townhomes, condominiums and co-ops, are based on transaction closings. This differs from the U.S. Census Bureau's series on new single-family home sales, which are based on contracts or the acceptance of a deposit.
First Time Buyers	Monthly	NAR, Census Bureau, and HUD	Sum of seasonally adjusted new and existing home sales (above) multiplied by National Association of Realtors ® annual estimate of first time buyer share of existing home sales.
Distressed Sales (NSA)	Monthly	CoreLogic	Short sales and REO (Real Estate Owned) sales as a percent of total existing home sales (current month subject to revision).
Housing Supply			
Existing Homes for Sale (NSA)	Monthly	National Association of Realtors	As reported.
Existing Homes - Months' Supply	Monthly	National Association of Realtors	As reported.
New Homes for Sale (SA)	Monthly	HUD and Census Bureau	As reported.
New Homes for Sale - Months' Supply (SA)	Monthly	HUD and Census Bureau	As reported.
Vacant Units Held Off Market	Quarterly	Census Bureau	As reported in Census CPS/HPS Table 4. Estimates of Housing Inventory, line item "Year-round vacant, held off market for reasons other than occasional use or usually reside elsewhere." Vacant units can be held off the market for a variety of reasons.
Mortgage Originations			
Refinance Originations	Quarterly	Mortgage Bankers Association and HUD	HUD estimate of refinance originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of refinance originations.
Purchase Originations	Quarterly	Mortgage Bankers Association and HUD	HUD estimate of home purchase originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of home purchase originations.
FHA Originations			
Refinance Originations	Monthly	HUD	FHA originations reported as of date of loan closing. Estimate for current month scaled upward due to normal reporting lag and shown as preliminary.
Purchase Originations	Monthly	HUD	
Purchases by First Time Buyers	Monthly	HUD	
Mortgage Delinquency Rates (NSA)			
Prime	Monthly	LPS Applied Analytics	Total mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by mortgages actively serviced.
Subprime	Monthly	LPS Applied Analytics	Total mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by mortgages actively serviced.
FHA	Monthly	HUD	Total FHA mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by FHA's insurance in force.
Seriously Delinquent Mortgages			
Prime	Monthly	LPS Applied Analytics, MBA, and HUD	Mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure, scaled up to market.
Subprime	Monthly	LPS Applied Analytics, MBA, and HUD	Mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure, scaled up to market.
FHA	Monthly	HUD	Mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure.
Underwater Borrowers	Quarterly	CoreLogic	As reported.
Foreclosure Actions			
Foreclosure Starts	Monthly	Realty Trac	Foreclosure starts are reported counts of notice of default or scheduled foreclosure auction, depending on which action starts the foreclosure process in a state.
Foreclosure Completions	Monthly	Realty Trac	Real Estate Owned (REO).
Short sales	Monthly	CoreLogic	Count of Short Sales for the month as reported (current month subject to revision).
REO Sales	Monthly	CoreLogic	Count of REO (Real Estate Owned) Sales for the month as reported (current month subject to revision).

SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

B. Notes on Charts.

1. Monthly house price trends shown as changes in respective house price indices applied to a common base price set equal to the median price of an existing home sold in January 2003 as reported by the National Association of Realtors. Indices shown: S&P/Case Shiller 20-metro composite index (NSA), January 2000 = 100, FHFA monthly (purchase-only) index for US (SA), January 1991 = 100, and CoreLogic-Distressed Sales Excluded (Monthly) for US (NSA), January 2000 =100.
2. S&P/Case-Shiller 10-metro composite index (NSA) as reported monthly. Implied Case-Shiller futures index figures report forward expectations for the level of the S&P/Case Shiller index as of the date indicated, estimated from prices of futures purchased on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange reported by CME Group. The January 2009 market trend projection reports forward expectations estimated from prices of futures contracts reported by Radar Logic. Also see additional note in Section C below.
3. Reported seasonally adjusted annual rates for new and existing home sales divided by 12.
4. HUD estimate of refinance originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of refinance originations.
5. Cumulative HAMP permanent modifications started, FHA loss mitigation and early delinquency interventions, plus proprietary modifications completed as reported by HOPE Now Alliance. Some homeowners may be counted in more than one category. Foreclosure completions are properties entering Real Estate Owned (REO) as reported by Realty Trac. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2.
6. Beginning with the September 2012 release, filings of a notice of default or scheduled foreclosure auction, depending on which action starts the foreclosure process in a state, are reported for foreclosure starts. Foreclosure defaults previously had been reported as a proxy for foreclosure starts. Foreclosure completions are properties entering REO. Both as reported by Realty Trac.
7. See "Borrower Annual Savings" above.
8. FHA market shares as FHA purchase and refinance originations divided by HUD estimates of purchase and refinance mortgage originations as noted in "Mortgage Originations" above. See additional note below on FHA market share.

C. Additional Notes.

Beginning with the February 2013 release, the House Price Expectations Chart was updated by replacing market expectations as they existed in January 2009 with expectations as of December 2011. Prices of futures purchased for the S&P/Case-Shiller 10-metro composite index, available on the web from CME Group, were used to estimate expectations for December 2011 and for the current month. Market trend as of January 2009 is estimated from percentage changes in house price futures based on a different house price index: RadarLogic RPX. This trend has been added back to the chart because it imparts important information on how house price expectations have changed over time.

Beginning with the January 2013 release, mortgage aid under HAMP Tier 2 is included in the totals. Effective June 2012, HAMP Tier 2 expanded eligibility requirements to further reduce foreclosures and help stabilize neighborhoods. For non-GSE loans, eligibility was expanded to allow for more flexible debt-to-income criteria and to include properties currently occupied by a tenant, as well as vacant properties which a borrower intends to rent.

FHA market share estimates are based on new methodology beginning with the October 2013 report; estimates were revised back through Q1 2013. See the FHA Market Share report on their website for an explanation of the new methodology: http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/housing/rmra/oe/rpts/fhamktsh/fhamktqtrly.

The Q2 2014 NSP actual count was revised for the demolition or clearance category and the Q2 2014 NSP projected counts were revised for the new construction or residential rehabilitation and the direct homeownership assistance categories.

Appendix

The Administration has taken a broad set of actions to stabilize the housing market and help American homeowners. Three years ago, stress in the financial system had severely reduced the supply of mortgage credit, limiting the ability of Americans to buy homes or refinance mortgages. Millions of responsible families who had made their monthly payments and had fulfilled their obligations saw their property values fall. They also found themselves unable to refinance at lower mortgage rates.

In February 2009, less than one month after taking office, President Obama announced the Homeowner Affordability and Stability Plan. As part of this plan and through other housing initiatives, the Administration has taken the following actions to strengthen the housing market:

- Supported Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac to ensure continued access to affordable mortgage credit;
- The Federal Reserve and the U.S. Treasury purchased more than $1.4 trillion in agency mortgage backed securities through independent MBS purchase programs, helping to keep mortgage rates at historic lows;
- Launched a modification initiative to help homeowners reduce mortgage payments to affordable levels and to prevent avoidable foreclosures;
- Launched a $23.5 billion Housing Finance Agencies Initiative to increase sustainable homeownership and rental resources;
- Supported the First Time Homebuyer Tax Credit, which helped more than 2.5 million American families purchase homes;
- Provided more than $5 billion in support for affordable rental housing through low income housing tax credit programs and $6.92 billion in support for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program to restore neighborhoods hardest hit by the concentrated foreclosures;
- Created the $7.6 billion HFA Hardest Hit Fund for innovative foreclosure prevention programs in the nation's hardest hit housing markets;
- Launched the $1 billion Emergency Homeowners Loan Program, as part of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, to help unemployed and underemployed homeowners pay a portion of their monthly mortgage.
- Created an FHA Short Refinance Option that helps underwater borrowers refinance into a new, stable, FHA-insured mortgage that is more aligned with actual property values.
- Supported home purchase and refinance activity through the FHA to provide access to affordable mortgage capital and help homeowners prevent foreclosures.
- Implemented a series of changes to the Home Affordable Refinance Program (HARP) in an effort to attract more eligible borrowers who can benefit from refinancing their home mortgages during this time of historically low mortgage rates.

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