

The Obama Administration's Efforts To Stabilize the Housing Market and Help American Homeowners



September 2014

U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development

The Administration's goal remains to stabilize the housing market and provide security for homeowners. To meet these objectives in a challenging market, the Administration developed a broad approach implementing state and local housing agency initiatives, tax credits for homebuyers, neighborhood stabilization and community development programs, mortgage modifications and refinancing, housing counseling, continued Federal Housing Administration (FHA) engagement, support for Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac and increased consumer protections. In addition, Federal Reserve and Treasury Mortgage-Backed Securities purchase programs have helped to keep mortgage interest rates at record lows for more than a year. More detail on the Administration's efforts can be found in the Appendix.

- **New home sales soared in August to their highest level in more than six years.** Purchases of new home sales climbed 18.0 percent from a month earlier to a seasonally adjusted annual rate (SAAR) of 504,000 in August, and were 33.0 percent higher than one year ago. New home sales were last at this pace in May 2008. New home sales data can be volatile, however, and are often revised. (Source: HUD and Census Bureau).
- **Sales of previously owned (existing) homes fell slightly in August, although sales are at their second highest pace of 2014.** The National Association of Realtors® (NAR) reported that existing homes—including single-family homes, townhomes, condominiums, and cooperatives—sold at a pace of 5.05 million (SAAR) in August, down 1.8 percent from July and are 5.3 percent below the 5.33 million pace last August, which was the second-highest peak level in 2013. The drop in sales was mainly attributable to a decrease in investor purchases.
- **In the second quarter of 2014, 946,000 borrowers returned to a position of positive equity in their homes.** From the beginning of 2012 through the second quarter of 2014, the number of underwater borrowers (those who owe more on their mortgage than the value of their home) has fallen 56 percent—from 12.108 million to 5.309 million—lifting 6.8 million homeowners above water. Approximately 10.7 percent of residential properties with a mortgage are still underwater, however. (Source: Corelogic).
- **House prices increase in July while year-over-year gains continue to slow.** The Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) seasonally adjusted purchase-only house price index showed home values appreciated by 0.1 percent over the prior month and 4.4-percent over the previous year, marking the seventh straight month of more modest annual growth in home prices. The FHFA index shows that U.S. home values are on par with prices

in July 2005 and now stand just 6.4 percent below their previous peak in April 2007. The S&P/Case-Shiller 20-City Home Price Index (not seasonally adjusted) posted month-over-month returns for July of 0.6 percent and gains of 6.7 percent over the past 12 months; annual rates of gain in home prices have slowed over the last eight months. The Case-Shiller index shows home values at November-2004 levels and 16.1 percent below their peak in July 2006. (The Case-Shiller and FHFA price indices are released with a 2-month lag.)

- **Foreclosure starts are on par with a year ago, while completions continue their annual downward trend.** Lenders started the public foreclosure process on 55,573 U.S. properties in August, up 12 percent from the previous month but virtually the same as a year earlier (foreclosure starts were up from a year ago in 19 states). Lenders completed the foreclosure process (bank repossessions or REOs) on 26,343 U.S. properties in August, up 2 percent from the previous month but down 33 percent from one year ago. (bank repossessions were up from a year ago in 7 states). (Source: Realty Trac)
- **The Administration's foreclosure mitigation programs continue to provide relief for millions of homeowners as the recovery from the housing crisis continues.** In all, more than 8.7 million mortgage modification and other forms of mortgage assistance arrangements were completed between April 2009 and the end of August 2014. More than 2.1 million homeowner assistance actions have taken place through the Making Home Affordable Program, including more than 1.4 million permanent modifications through the Home Affordable Modification Program (HAMP), while the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) has offered more than 2.4 million loss mitigation and early delinquency interventions through August. These Administration programs continue to encourage improved standards and processes in the industry, with lenders offering families and individuals nearly 4.2 million proprietary modifications through July. You can read the Treasury's MHA report [here](#).

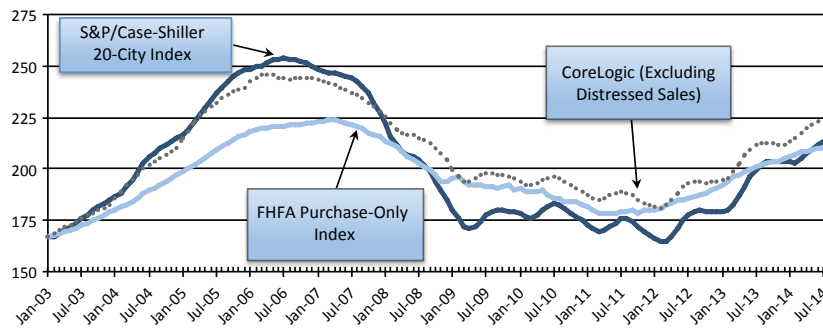
Encouraging news notwithstanding, there is a need to continue with recovery efforts to foster new home sales, help homeowners that are underwater, and reduce mortgage delinquencies rates that remain elevated. There is also considerable geographic variation in market conditions not captured in the national statistics, which suggests some markets are improving at different rates than others. Given the current state of the market and recognizing that recovery will take place over time, the Administration remains committed to its efforts to prevent avoidable foreclosures and stabilize the housing market.



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House Prices Rise in July

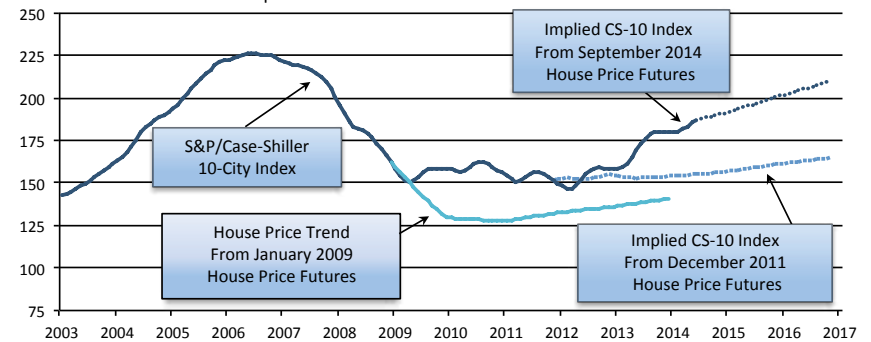
Monthly House Price Trends by Index (\$ Thousands)



Sources: Standard & Poor's, Federal Housing Finance Agency, CoreLogic, and HUD. See Note 1, Sources and Methodology.

Expectations on House Prices Above December 2011 Projections; Far Above January 2009 Projections

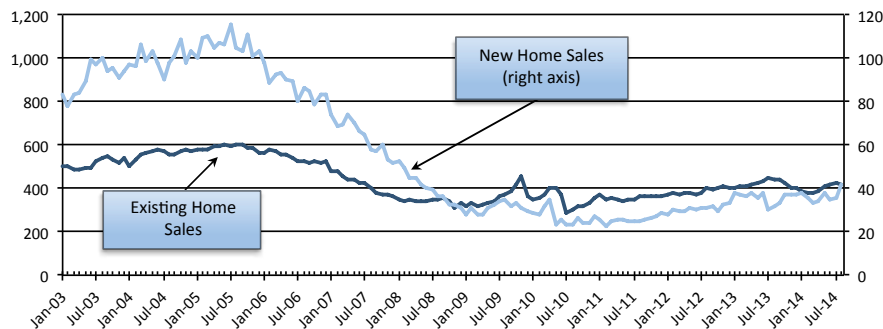
S&P/Case-Shiller 10-City Index (NSA, Jan 2000 = 100) and Implied Index Values Based Upon House Price Futures Market as of Indicated Dates



Sources: Standard and Poor's, CME Group, and Radar Logic. See Note 2, Sources and Methodology.

New and Existing Home Sales

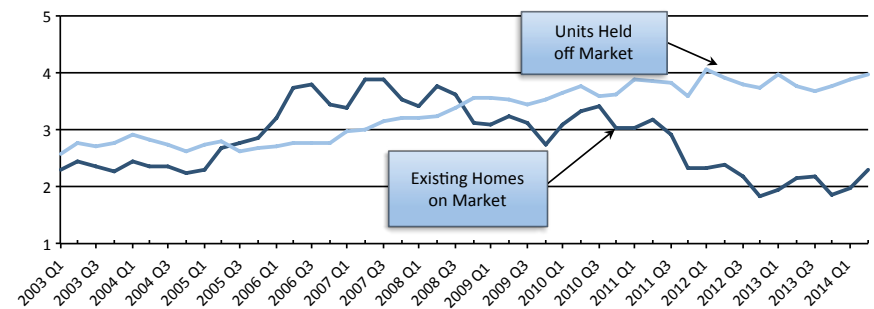
Monthly Sales (Thousands)



Seasonally Adjusted
Sources: National Association of Realtors®, Census Bureau, and HUD. See Note 3, Sources and Methodology.

Supply of Existing Homes on the Market Increasing, Number of Units Held off the Market Remains High

Existing Homes Available for Sale (End of Period) and Total Vacant Housing Units (Year Round) Off Market (Millions)

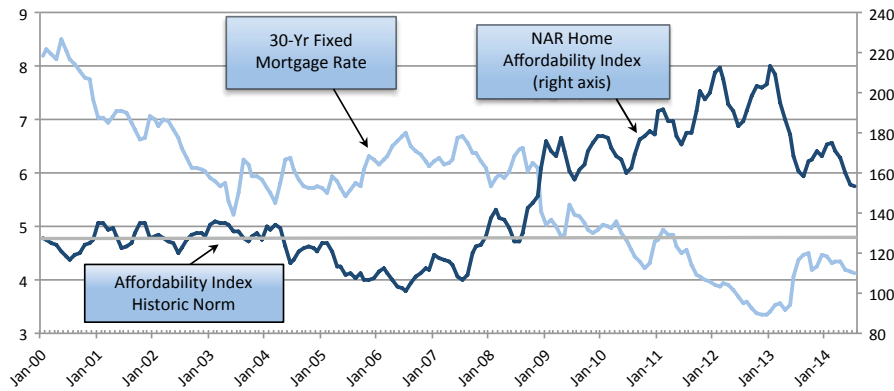


Sources: National Association of Realtors® and Census Bureau.



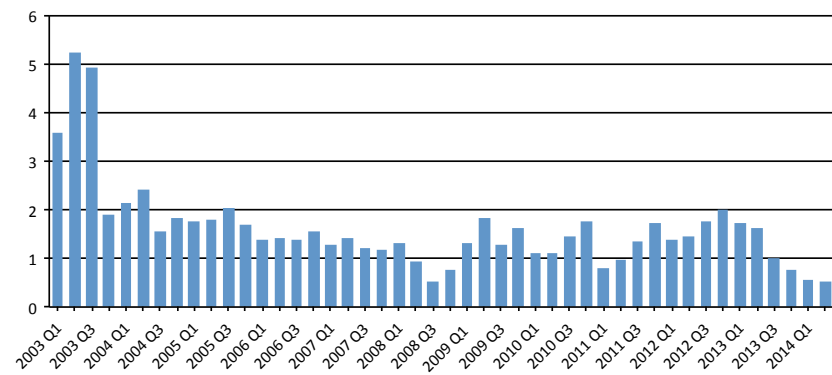
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Home Affordability Remains Above Historic Norm, Mortgage Rate Within One Percentage Point of Historic Low
Percentage Rates and Index Values



The historic norm of 128 is the median value of the affordability index since 1989.
Sources: Freddie Mac and National Association of Realtors®.

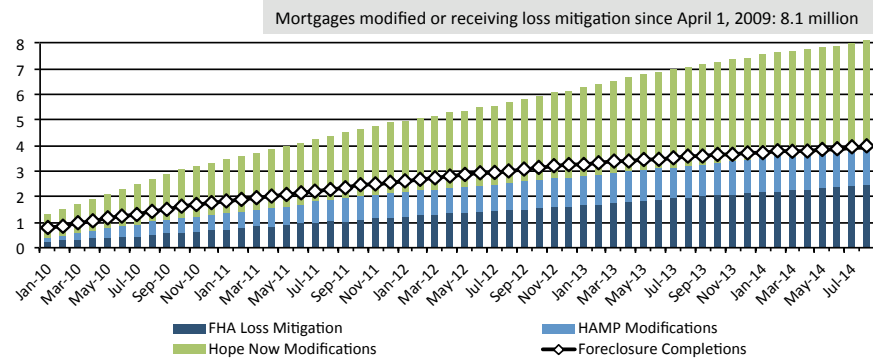
27.9 Million Homeowners Have Refinanced Since April 1, 2009
Quarterly Refinance Mortgage Originations (Millions)



Sources: Mortgage Bankers Association and HUD.
See Note 4 and Additional Notes, Sources and Methodology.

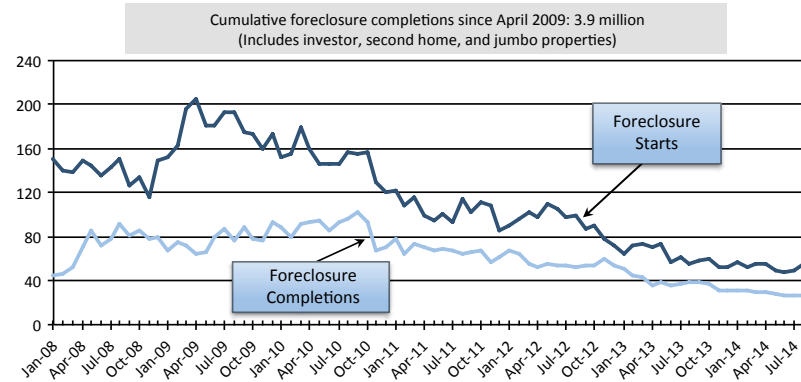
Mortgage Aid Extended Nearly 8.1 Million Times, Outpacing Foreclosures

Cumulative Mortgages Receiving Aid and Mortgages Foreclosed Since April 1, 2009 (Millions)



Data exclude trial modifications. Hope Now data through July 2014, all other data through August 2014.
Sources: HUD, Dept. of Treasury, Hope Now Alliance, and Realty Trac.
See Note 5 and Additional Notes, Sources and Methodology.

Mortgage Aid Helps Keep Foreclosure Filings Down
Monthly Foreclosure Actions (Thousands)



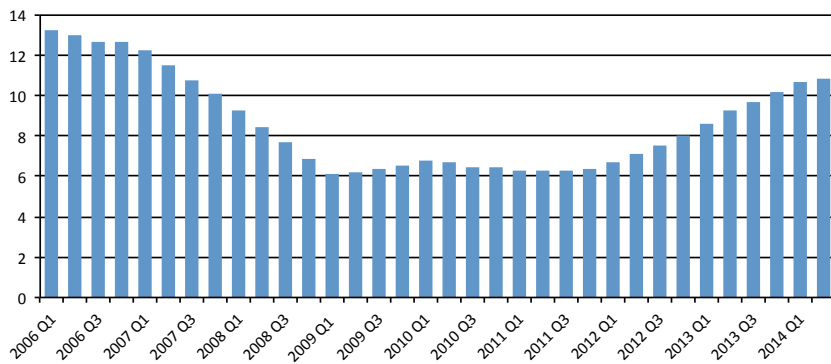
Foreclosure starts are default notices or scheduled foreclosure auctions, depending on the state.
Source: Realty Trac.
See Note 6, Sources and Methodology.



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Home Equity Posts Another Gain in Second Quarter 2014

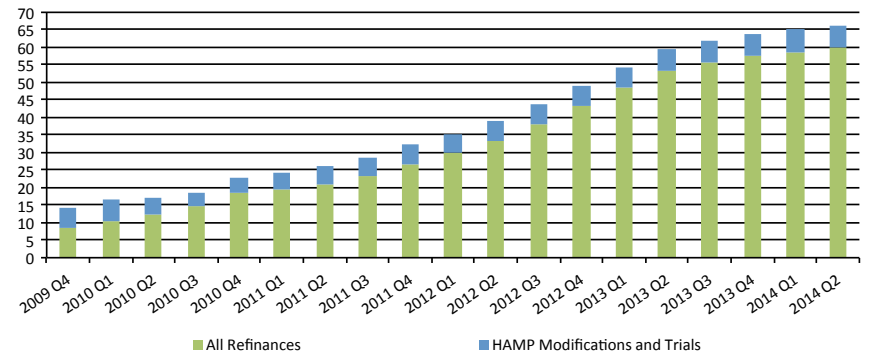
Owners' Equity in Household Real Estate at End of Period (\$ Trillions)



Source: Federal Reserve Board.

Homeowners Save From Reduced Mortgage Payments

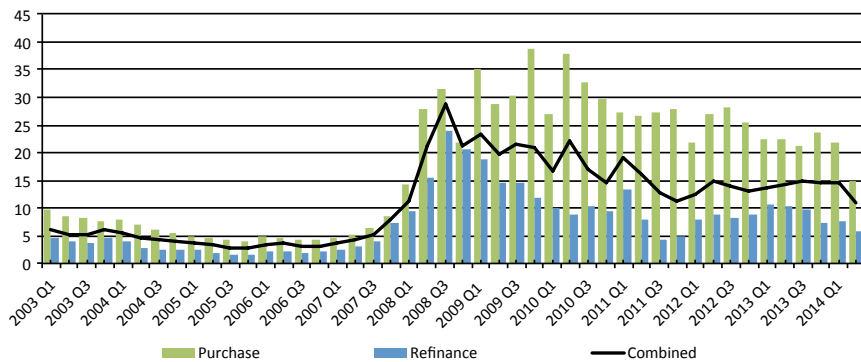
Annualized Savings From Payment Reductions (\$ Billions)



Aggregate annual reduction in mortgage payments on refinances since April 1, 2009 plus active trial and permanent HAMP modifications.
Sources: MBA, Treasury, Freddie Mac, and HUD.
See Note 7 and Additional Notes, Sources and Methodology.

FHA Supports Mortgage Lending During Crisis

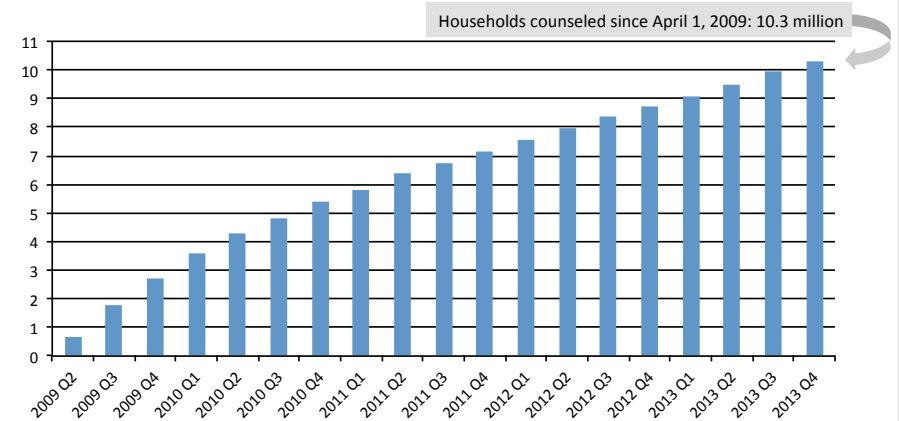
FHA As Share of Quarterly Mortgage Originations by Type (Percent)



Sources: MBA and HUD.
See Note 8, Sources and Methodology.

Housing Counselors Serve Millions of Families

Cumulative Households Counseled Since April 1, 2009 (Millions)



Source: HUD.



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HOUSING ASSISTANCE AND STABILIZATION PERFORMANCE METRICS

Indicator	This Period	Last Period	Cumulative From April 1, 2009	Latest Release
Distressed Homeowners Assisted (thousands)				
HAMP Trial Modifications	11.0 (s)	9.6	2,235	August-14
HAMP Permanent Modifications	9.6 (s)	10.2	1,407	August-14
FHA Loss Mitigation Interventions	31.5	42.2	2,454	August-14
HOPE Now Modifications	25.2	27.7	4,192	July-14
HARP Refinances	15.7	17.8	3,205	July-14
Counseled Borrowers (thousands)	284.3	326.0	10,554	1st Q 14
Borrower Annual Savings (\$ millions)				
HAMP Active Trial Modifications	-	-	180	2nd Q 14
HAMP Active Permanent Modifications	-	-	6,211	2nd Q 14
All Refinances	-	-	59,728	2nd Q 14
Activities Completed Under NSP (housing units)				
New Construction or Residential Rehab	-	-	36,606 [62,821] (b,s)	2nd Q 14
Demolition or Clearance	-	-	22,784 [24,280] (b,s)	2nd Q 14
Direct Homeownership Assistance	-	-	11,100 [17,078] (b,s)	2nd Q 14
Change in Aggregate Home Equity (\$ billions)	177.3	451.6 (r)	4,699.8	2nd Q 14

HOUSING MARKET FACT SHEET

Indicator	This Period	Last Period	Year Ago	As of Dec 2008	Latest Release
Mortgage Rates (30-Yr FRM, percent)	4.19	4.20	4.22	5.10	2-Oct-14
Housing Affordability (index)	153.8	154.3 (r)	160.7	162.9	July-14
Home Prices (indices)					
Case-Shiller (NSA)	173.3	172.3	162.4	150.5	July-14
FHFA (SA)	212.7	212.5 (r)	203.7	196.2 (r)	July-14
CoreLogic-Excluding Distressed Sales (NSA)	176.9	175.0 (r)	165.7	160.0	July-14
Home Sales (thousands, SA)					
New	42.0	35.6 (r)	31.6	31.4	August-14
Existing	420.8	428.3 (r)	444.2	334.2	August-14
First-Time Buyers	175.9 (p)	176.3 (r)	180.8	149.9	August-14
Distressed Sales (percent, NSA)	12 (p)	13	17	32	July-14
Housing Supply					
Existing Homes for Sale (thousands, NSA)	2,310	2,350 (r)	2,210	3,130	August-14
Existing Homes-Months' Supply (months)	5.5	5.5	5.0	9.4	August-14
New Homes for Sale (thousands, SA)	203	201 (r)	175	353	August-14
New Homes for Sale-Months' Supply (months, SA)	4.8	5.6 (r)	5.5	11.2	August-14
Vacant Units Held Off Market (thousands)	3,975	3,888	3,771	3,542	2nd Q 14
Mortgage Originations (thousands)					
Refinance Originations	534.3	554.0 (r)	1,635.0	767.1	2nd Q 14
Purchase Originations	668.9	521.8 (r)	822.3	986.3	2nd Q 14
FHA Originations (thousands)					
Refinance Originations	17.9 (p)	15.1 (r)	26.8	62.9	August-14
Purchase Originations	56.0 (p)	60.9 (r)	61.4	72.7	August-14
Purchases by First-Time Buyers	44.8 (p)	48.7 (r)	48.8	56.2	August-14
Mortgage Delinquency Rates (percent)					
Prime	2.9	2.8	3.3	4.4	August-14
Subprime	31.0	30.0	30.3	34.3	August-14
FHA	10.4	9.7	10.7	14.3	August-14
Seriously Delinquent Mortgages (thousands)					
Prime	590	596	851	915	August-14
Subprime	952	952	1,132	1,632	August-14
FHA	540	543	623	333	August-14
Underwater Borrowers (thousands)	5,309	6,255 (r)	7,229	-	2nd Q 14
Foreclosure Actions (thousands)					
Foreclosure Starts	55.6	49.6	55.8	148.6	August-14
Foreclosure Completions	26.3	25.9	39.3	78.9	August-14
Short Sales	16.9 (p)	18.8	32.1	14.0	July-14
REO Sales	29.8 (p)	35.2	44.4	74.8	July-14

SA = seasonally adjusted, NSA = not SA, p = preliminary, r = revised, b = brackets include units in process, s = see Additional Notes in Sources & Methodology.



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SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

A. Items in Tables

Description	Frequency	Sources	Notes on Methodology
Distressed Homeowners Assisted HAMP Trial Modifications HAMP Permanent Modifications HARP Refinances FHA Loss Mitigation Interventions HOPE Now Modifications	Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly	Treasury Treasury Federal Housing Finance Agency HUD Hope Now Alliance	As reported. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2. As reported. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2. As reported. All FHA loss mitigation and early delinquency interventions. All proprietary modifications completed.
Counseled Borrowers (thousands)	Quarterly	HUD	Housing counseling activity reported by all HUD-approved housing counselors.
Borrower Annual Savings HAMP Active Trial Modifications HAMP Active Permanent Modifications All Refinances	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	HUD, Treasury, and Freddie Mac HUD and Treasury HUD, and MBA	HUD estimate of annualized savings based on Treasury reported active HAMP trial modifications and Freddie Mac monthly savings estimates. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2. HUD estimate of annualized savings based on Treasury reported active HAMP permanent modifications and median monthly savings estimates. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2. Refinance originations (see below) multiplied by HUD estimate of annualized savings per refinance.
Completed Activities Under NSP (housing units) New Construction or Residential Rehab Demolition or Clearance Direct Homeownership Assistance	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	HUD HUD HUD	Housing units constructed/rehabilitated using Neighborhood Stabilization Program. Bracketed numbers include units in process. Housing units demolished/cleared using Neighborhood Stabilization Program. Bracketed numbers as above. Completed downpayment assistance or non-amortizing second mortgages by grantee to make purchase of NSP unit affordable. Bracketed numbers as above.
Change in Aggregate Home Equity	Quarterly	Federal Reserve Board	Difference in aggregate household owners' equity in real estate as reported in the Federal Reserve Board's Flow of Funds Accounts of the United States for stated time period.
Mortgage Rates (30-Yr FRM)	Weekly	Freddie Mac	Primary Mortgage Market Survey, as reported for 30-Year fixed rate mortgages (FRM).
Housing Affordability	Monthly	National Association of Realtors®	NAR's composite housing affordability index as reported. A value of 100 means that a family with the median income has exactly enough income to qualify for a mortgage on a median-priced home. An index above 100 signifies that a family earning the median income has more than enough income to qualify.
Home Prices Case-Shiller (NSA)	Monthly	Standard and Poor's	Case-Shiller 20-metro composite index, January 2000 = 100. Standard and Poor's recommends use of not seasonally adjusted index when making monthly comparisons. FHFA monthly (purchase-only) index for US, January 1991 = 100. CoreLogic national combined index, distressed sales excluded, January 2000 = 100. (Only available as NSA).
FHFA (SA) CoreLogic - Excluding Distressed Sales (NSA)	Monthly Monthly	Federal Housing Finance Agency CoreLogic	
Home Sales (SA) New	Monthly	HUD and Census Bureau	Seasonally adjusted annual rates divided by 12. A newly constructed house is considered sold when either a sales contract has been signed or a deposit accepted, even if this occurs before construction has actually started.
Existing	Monthly	National Association of Realtors®	Seasonally adjusted annual rates divided by 12. Existing-home sales, which include single-family, townhomes, condominiums and co-ops, are based on transaction closings. This differs from the U.S. Census Bureau's series on new single-family home sales, which are based on contracts or the acceptance of a deposit.
First Time Buyers	Monthly	NAR, Census Bureau, and HUD	Sum of seasonally adjusted new and existing home sales (above) multiplied by National Association of Realtors® annual estimate of first time buyer share of existing home sales.
Distressed Sales (NSA)	Monthly	CoreLogic	Short sales and REO (Real Estate Owned) sales as a percent of total existing home sales (current month subject to revision).
Housing Supply Existing Homes for Sale (NSA) Existing Homes - Months' Supply New Homes for Sale (SA) New Homes for Sale - Months' Supply (SA) Vacant Units Held Off Market	Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly Quarterly	National Association of Realtors National Association of Realtors HUD and Census Bureau HUD and Census Bureau Census Bureau	As reported. As reported. As reported. As reported. As reported in Census CPS/HPS Table 4. Estimates of Housing Inventory, line item "Year-round vacant, held off market for reasons other than occasional use or usually reside elsewhere." Vacant units can be held off the market for a variety of reasons.
Mortgage Originations Refinance Originations Purchase Originations	Quarterly Quarterly	Mortgage Bankers Association and HUD Mortgage Bankers Association and HUD	HUD estimate of refinance originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of refinance originations. HUD estimate of home purchase originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of home purchase originations.
FHA Originations Refinance Originations Purchase Originations Purchases by First Time Buyers	Monthly Monthly Monthly	HUD HUD HUD	FHA originations reported as of date of loan closing. Estimate for current month scaled upward due to normal reporting lag and shown as preliminary.
Mortgage Delinquency Rates (NSA) Prime Subprime FHA	Monthly Monthly Monthly	LPS Applied Analytics LPS Applied Analytics HUD	Total mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by mortgages actively serviced. Total mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by mortgages actively serviced. Total FHA mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by FHA's insurance in force.
Seriously Delinquent Mortgages Prime Subprime FHA	Monthly Monthly Monthly	LPS Applied Analytics, MBA, and HUD LPS Applied Analytics, MBA, and HUD HUD	Mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure, scaled up to market. Mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure, scaled up to market. Mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure.
Underwater Borrowers	Quarterly	CoreLogic	As reported.
Foreclosure Actions Foreclosure Starts Foreclosure Completions Short sales REO Sales	Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly	Realty Trac Realty Trac CoreLogic CoreLogic	Foreclosure starts are reported counts of notice of default or scheduled foreclosure auction, depending on which action starts the foreclosure process in a state. Real Estate Owned (REO). Count of Short Sales for the month as reported (current month subject to revision). Count of REO (Real Estate Owned) Sales for the month as reported (current month subject to revision).



SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

B. Notes on Charts.

1. Monthly house price trends shown as changes in respective house price indices applied to a common base price set equal to the median price of an existing home sold in January 2003 as reported by the National Association of Realtors. Indices shown: S&P/Case Shiller 20-metro composite index (NSA), January 2000 = 100, FHFA monthly (purchase-only) index for US (SA), January 1991 = 100, and CoreLogic-Distressed Sales Excluded (Monthly) for US (NSA), January 2000 = 100.
2. S&P/Case-Shiller 10-metro composite index (NSA) as reported monthly. Implied Case-Shiller futures index figures report forward expectations for the level of the S&P/Case Shiller index as of the date indicated, estimated from prices of futures purchased on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange reported by CME Group. The January 2009 market trend projection reports forward expectations estimated from prices of futures contracts reported by Radar Logic. Also see additional note in Section C below.
3. Reported seasonally adjusted annual rates for new and existing home sales divided by 12.
4. HUD estimate of refinance originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of refinance originations.
5. Cumulative HAMP permanent modifications started, FHA loss mitigation and early delinquency interventions, plus proprietary modifications completed as reported by HOPE Now Alliance. Some homeowners may be counted in more than one category. Foreclosure completions are properties entering Real Estate Owned (REO) as reported by Realty Trac. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2.
6. Beginning with the September 2012 release, filings of a notice of default or scheduled foreclosure auction, depending on which action starts the foreclosure process in a state, are reported for foreclosure starts. Foreclosure defaults previously had been reported as a proxy for foreclosure starts. Foreclosure completions are properties entering REO. Both as reported by Realty Trac.
7. See "Borrower Annual Savings" above.
8. FHA market shares as FHA purchase and refinance originations divided by HUD estimates of purchase and refinance mortgage originations as noted in "Mortgage Originations" above. See additional note below on FHA market share.

C. Additional Notes.

Beginning with the February 2013 release, the House Price Expectations Chart was updated by replacing market expectations as they existed in January 2009 with expectations as of December 2011. Prices of futures purchased for the S&P/Case-Shiller 10-metro composite index, available on the web from CME Group, were used to estimate expectations for December 2011 and for the current month. Market trend as of January 2009 is estimated from percentage changes in house price futures based on a different house price index: RadarLogic RPX. This trend has been added back to the chart because it imparts important information on how house price expectations have changed over time.

Beginning with the January 2013 release, mortgage aid under HAMP Tier 2 is included in the totals. Effective June 2012, HAMP Tier 2 expanded eligibility requirements to further reduce foreclosures and help stabilize neighborhoods. For non-GSE loans, eligibility was expanded to allow for more flexible debt-to-income criteria and to include properties currently occupied by a tenant, as well as vacant properties which a borrower intends to rent.

FHA market share estimates are based on new methodology beginning with the October 2013 report; estimates were revised back through Q1 2013. See the FHA Market Share report on their website for an explanation of the new methodology: http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/housing/rmra/oe/rpts/fhamktsh/fhamktqttrly.

The Q2 2014 NSP actual count was revised for the demolition or clearance category and the Q2 2014 NSP projected counts were revised for the new construction or residential rehabilitation and the direct homeownership assistance categories.



Appendix

The Administration has taken a broad set of actions to stabilize the housing market and help American homeowners. Three years ago, stress in the financial system had severely reduced the supply of mortgage credit, limiting the ability of Americans to buy homes or refinance mortgages. Millions of responsible families who had made their monthly payments and had fulfilled their obligations saw their property values fall. They also found themselves unable to refinance at lower mortgage rates.

In February 2009, less than one month after taking office, President Obama announced the Homeowner Affordability and Stability Plan. As part of this plan and through other housing initiatives, the Administration has taken the following actions to strengthen the housing market:

- Supported Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac to ensure continued access to affordable mortgage credit;
- The Federal Reserve and the U.S. Treasury purchased more than \$1.4 trillion in agency mortgage backed securities through independent MBS purchase programs, helping to keep mortgage rates at historic lows;
- Launched a modification initiative to help homeowners reduce mortgage payments to affordable levels and to prevent avoidable foreclosures;
- Launched a \$23.5 billion Housing Finance Agencies Initiative to increase sustainable homeownership and rental resources;
- Supported the First Time Homebuyer Tax Credit, which helped more than 2.5 million American families purchase homes;
- Provided more than \$5 billion in support for affordable rental housing through low income housing tax credit programs and \$6.92 billion in support for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program to restore neighborhoods hardest hit by the concentrated foreclosures;
- Created the \$7.6 billion HFA Hardest Hit Fund for innovative foreclosure prevention programs in the nation's hardest hit housing markets;
- Launched the \$1 billion Emergency Homeowners Loan Program, as part of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, to help unemployed and underemployed homeowners pay a portion of their monthly mortgage.
- Created an FHA Short Refinance Option that helps underwater borrowers refinance into a new, stable, FHA-insured mortgage that is more aligned with actual property values.
- Supported home purchase and refinance activity through the FHA to provide access to affordable mortgage capital and help homeowners prevent foreclosures.
- Implemented a series of changes to the Home Affordable Refinance Program (HARP) in an effort to attract more eligible borrowers who can benefit from refinancing their home mortgages during this time of historically low mortgage rates.

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