

U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development I U.S. Department of the Treasury

The Administration's goal remains to stabilize the housing market and provide security for homeowners. To meet these objectives in a challenging market, the Administration developed a broad approach implementing state and local housing agency initiatives, tax credits for homebuyers, neighborhood stabilization and community development programs, mortgage modifications and refinancing, housing counseling, continued Federal Housing Administration (FHA) engagement, support for Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac and increased consumer protections. In addition, Federal Reserve and Treasury Mortgage-Backed Securities purchase programs have helped to keep mortgage interest rates at record lows for more than a year. More detail on the Administration's efforts can be found in the Appendix.

June 2014 Scorecard on Administration's Comprehensive Housing Initiative

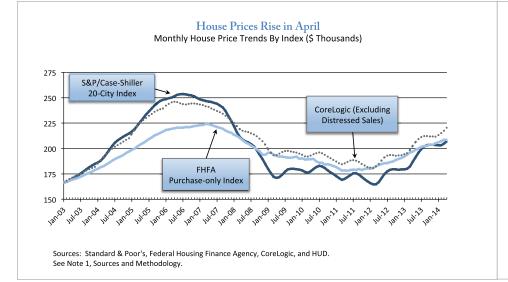
The President's housing market recovery efforts began immediately after taking office in 2009. The June 2014 housing scorecard includes key indicators of market health and results of the Administration's comprehensive response, as outlined above:

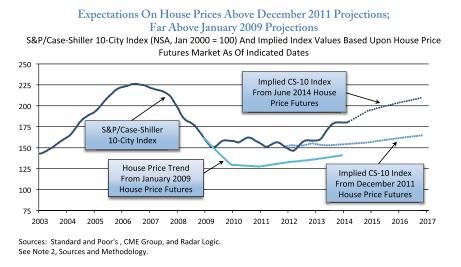
- Purchases of new homes surged by 18.6 percent in May. New home sales rebounded to a seasonally adjusted annual rate (SAAR) of 504,000 in May, following sales of 425,000 in April, and were up 16.9 percent from one year ago. Purchases of new homes rose in May by the biggest monthly gain in 22 years (since January 1992) and to the highest level since May 2008, indicating that home sales are rebounding from a severe weather-induced lull during the previous two quarters. (Source: HUD and Census Bureau).
- Sales of previously owned (existing) homes rose again in May after a lackluster performance in the previous two quarters. The National Association of Realtors[®] (NAR) reported that existing homes including single-family homes, townhomes, condominiums, and cooperatives sold at a pace of 4.89 million (SAAR) in May, up 4.9 percent from April but remain 5.0 percent below the 5.15 million pace a year-earlier.
- Homeowners' equity continues to show strong gains. According to the Federal Reserve, homeowners' equity was up nearly \$795 billion in the first quarter of 2014, reaching more than \$10.8 trillion, the highest level since the second quarter of 2007. Homeowners' equity has risen sharply since the beginning of 2012, with equity up 73 percent, or nearly \$4.6 trillion through the first quarter of 2014. The change in equity since April 1, 2009 now stands at more than \$4.7 trillion.

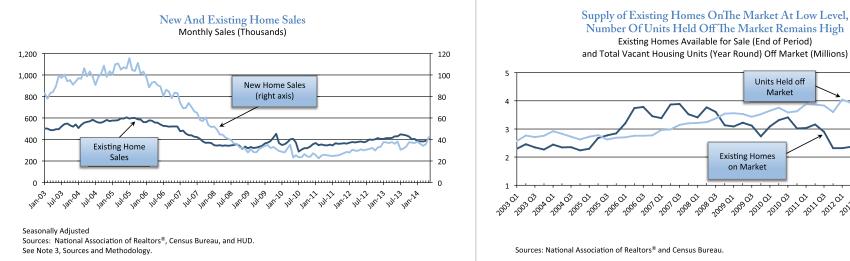
- Foreclosure starts continue their downward trend. Lenders started the
 public foreclosure process on 49,240 U.S. properties in May, down 10 percent
 from the previous month and down 32 percent from one year ago to the lowest
 level since December 2005—a 101-month low (although foreclosure starts were
 up from a year ago in 12 states). (Source: Realty Trac)
- Foreclosure completions also fell in May. Lenders completed the foreclosure process (bank repossessions or REOs) on 28,373 U.S. properties in May, down 6 percent from the previous month and down 27 percent from one year ago to the lowest level since July 2007—an 82-month low (although bank repossessions were up from a year ago in 14 states). (Source: Realty Trac)
- House price indices show home values stable or rising in April. The Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA) seasonally adjusted purchase-only house price index showed no change in home values from the prior month but indicated a 5.9-percent appreciation over the previous year, marking the fourth straight month of more modest annual growth in home prices. The FHFA index shows that U.S. home values are on par with prices in mid-2005. The S&P/Case-Shiller 20-City Home Price Index (not seasonally adjusted) posted month-overmonth returns for April of 1.15 percent and gains of 10.8 percent over the past 12 months. The Case-Shiller index shows that annual rates of gain in home prices have slowed over the last five months and that home values are at mid-2004 levels. (The Case-Shiller and FHFA price indices are released with a 2-month lag.)
- The Administration's foreclosure mitigation programs continue to provide relief for millions of homeowners as the recovery from the housing crisis continues. In all, more than 8.5 million mortgage modification and other forms of mortgage assistance arrangements were completed between April 2009 and the end of May 2014. Nearly 2.1 million homeowner assistance actions have taken place through the Making Home Affordable Program, including nearly 1.4 million permanent modifications through the Home Affordable Modification Program (HAMP), while the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) has offered more than 2.3 million loss mitigation and early delinquency interventions through May. The Administration's programs continue to encourage improved standards and processes in the industry, with HOPE Now lenders offering families and individuals more than 4.1 million proprietary modifications through April (data are reported with a 2-month lag). You can read Treasury's MHA report here.

Encouraging news notwithstanding, there is a need to continue with recovery efforts to sustain home sales, help homeowners that are underwater, and reduce mortgage delinquencies rates that remain elevated. There is also considerable geographic variation in market conditions not captured in the national statistics, which suggests some markets are improving at different rates than others. Given the current state of the market and recognizing that recovery will take place over time, the Administration remains committed to its efforts to prevent avoidable foreclosures and stabilize the housing market.









Number Of Units Held Off The Market Remains High Existing Homes Available for Sale (End of Period) and Total Vacant Housing Units (Year Round) Off Market (Millions) Units Held off

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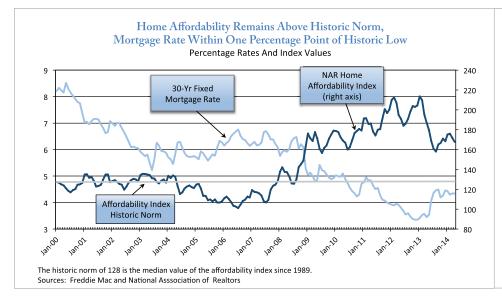
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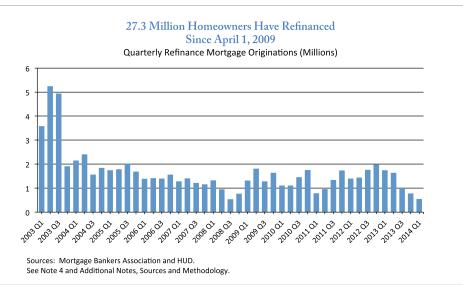
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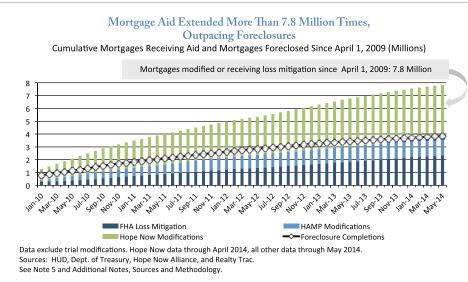
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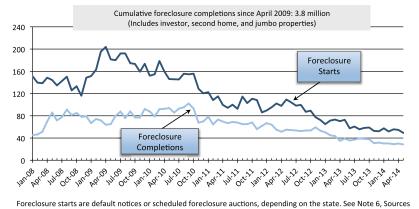
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Mortgage Aid Helps Keep Foreclosure Filings Down Monthly Foreclosure Actions (Thousands)

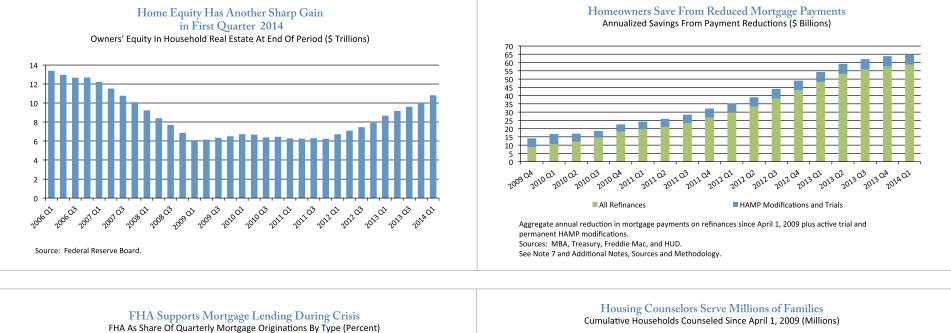


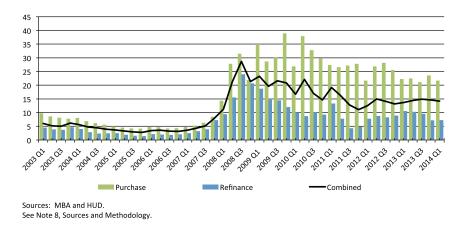
and Methodology. Source: Realty Trac

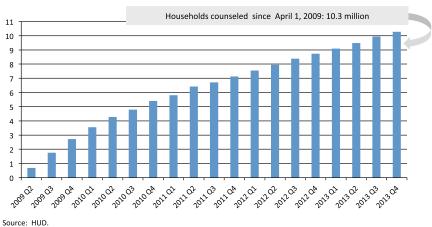
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HOUSING ASSISTANCE AND STABILIZATION PERFORMANCE METRICS							
Indicator	This Period	Last Period	Cumulative From April 1, 2009	Latest Release			
Distressed Homeowners Assisted (thousands) HAMP Trial Modifications HAMP Permanent Modifications FHA Loss Mitigation Interventions HOPE Now Modifications HARP Refinances	10.2 (s) 11.8 (s) 38.1 29.8 19.7	10.2 11.8 37.8 32.1 20.0	2,205 1,377 2,338 4,114 3,155	May-14 May-14 April-14 April-14			
Counseled Borrowers (thousands)	326.0	464.9	10,270	4th Q 13			
Borrower Annual Savings (\$ millions) HAMP Active Trial Modifications HAMP Active Permanent Modifications All Refinances	- - -	- - -	232 6,152 58,663	1st Q 14 1st Q 14 1st Q 14			
Activities Completed Under NSP (housing units) New Construction or Residential Rehab Demolition or Clearance Direct Homeownership Assistance	- - -	- - -	33,861 [63,010] (b,s 28,233 [24,255] (b,s 11,020 [17,363] (b,s	1st Q 14			
Change in Aggregate Home Equity (\$ billions)	795.0	411.1 (r)	4,718.0	1st Q 14			

HOUSING MARKET FACT SHEET							
Indicator	This Period	Last Period	Year Ago	As of Dec 2008	Latest Release		
Mortgage Rates (30-Yr FRM, percent)	4.12	4.14	4.29	5.10	3-July-14		
Housing Affordability (index)	167.8	171.8 (r)	187.0	162.9	April-14		
Home Prices (indices) Case Shiller (NSA) FHFA (SA) CoreLogic - Excluding Distressed Sales (NSA)	168.7 211.4 175.1	166.8 211.4 ^(r) 173.1 ^(r)	152.2 199.6 162.1	150.5 196.4 (r) 160.0	April-14 April-14 May-14		
Home Sales (thousands, SA) New Existing First Time Buyers Distressed Sales (percent, NSA)	42.0 407.5 170.8 (p) 15 (p)	35.4 (r) 388.3 161.0 17 (r)	35.6 429.2 176.7 21	31.4 334.2 149.9 32	May-14 May-14 May-14 April-14		
Housing Supply Existing Homes for Sale (thousands, NSA) Existing Homes - Months' Supply (months) New Homes for Sale (thousands, SA) New Homes for Sale - Months' Supply (months, SA) Vacant Units Held Off Market (thousands)	2,280 5.6 189 4.5 3,888	2,230 (r) 5.7 (r) 189 (r) 5.3 3,757	2,150 5.0 162 4.5 3,964	3,130 9.4 353 11.2 3,542	May-14 May-14 May-14 May-14 1st Q 14		
Mortgage Originations (thousands) Refinance Originations Purchase Originations	549.1 509.6	774.3 631.2	1,745.2 637.8	767.1 986.3	1st Q 14 1st Q 14		
FHA Originations (thousands) Refinance Originations Purchase Originations Purchases by First Time Buyers	18.9 (p) 56.7 (p) 45.1 (p)	16.5 (r) 52.2 (r) 39.5 (r)	50.5 67.3 53.2	62.9 72.7 56.2	May-14 May-14 May-14		
Mortgage Delinquency Rates (percent) Prime Subprime FHA	2.8 29.6 9.8	2.8 29.4 9.6	3.2 28.7 10.2	4.4 34.3 14.3	May-14 May-14 May-14		
Seriously Delinquent Mortgages (thousands) Prime Subprime FHA	624 988 562	647 (r) 1,018 566	904 1,418 645	915 1,632 333	May-14 May-14 May-14		
Underwater Borrowers (thousands)	6,284	6,596 (r)	9,824	-	1st Q 14		
Foreclosure Actions (thousands) Foreclosure Starts Foreclosure Completions Short Sales REO Sales	49.2 28.4 16.3 (p) 34.8 (p)	54.6 30.1 15.7 (r) 38.5 (r)	72.7 38.9 31.9 50.6	148.6 78.9 14.0 74.8	May-14 May-14 April-14 April-14		

SA = seasonally adjusted, NSA = not SA, p = preliminary, r = revised, b = brackets include units in process, s = see note Sources and Methodology page.

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SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

A. Items in Tables						
Description	Frequency	Sources	Notes on Methodology			
Distressed Homeowners Assisted HAMP Trial Modifications HAMP Permanent Modifications HARP Refinances FHA Loss Mitigation Interventions HOPE Now Modifications	Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly	Treasury Treasury Federal Housing Finance Agency HUD Hope Now Alliance	As reported. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2. As reported. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2. As reported. All FHA loss mitigation and early delinquency interventions. All proprietary modifications completed.			
Counseled Borrowers (thousands)	Quarterly	HUD	Housing counseling activity reported by all HUD-approved housing counselors.			
Borrower Annual Savings HAMP Active Trial Modifications HAMP Active Permanent Modifications All Refinances	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	HUD, Treasury, and Freddie Mac HUD and Treasury HUD, and MBA	HUD estimate of annualized savings based on Treasury reported active HAMP trial modifications and Freddie Mac monthly savings estimates. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2. HUD estimate of annualized savings based on Treasury reported active HAMP permanent modifications and median monthly savings estimates. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2. Refinance originations (see below) multiplied by HUD estimate of annualized savings per refinance.			
Completed Activities Under NSP (housing units) New Construction or Residential Rehab Demolition or Clearance Direct Homeownership Assistance	Quarterly Quarterly Quarterly	HUD HUD HUD	Housing units constructed/rehabilitated using Neighborhood Stabilization Program. Bracketed numbers include units in process. Housing units demolished/cleared using Neighborhood Stabilization Program. Bracketed numbers as above. Completed downpayment assistance or non-amortizing second mortgages by grantee to make purchase of NSP unit affordable. Bracketed numbers as above.			
Change in Aggregate Home Equity	Quarterly	Federal Reserve Board	Difference in aggregate household owners' equity in real estate as reported in the Federal Reserve Board's Flow of Funds Accounts of the United States for stated time period.			
Mortgage Rates (30-Yr FRM)	Weekly	Freddie Mac	Primary Mortgage Market Survey, as reported for 30-Year fixed rate mortgages (FRM).			
Housing Affordability	Monthly	National Association of Realtors®	NAR's composite housing affordability index as reported. A value of 100 means that a family with the median income has exactly enough income to qualify for a mortgage on a median-priced home. An index above 100 signifies that a family earning the median income has more than enough income to qualify.			
Home Prices Case-Shiller (NSA) FHFA (SA) CoreLogic - Excluding Distressed Sales (NSA)	Monthly Monthly Monthly	Standard and Poor's Federal Housing Finance Agency CoreLogic	Case-Shiller 20-metro composite index, January 2000 = 100. Standard and Poor's recommends use of not seasonally adjusted index when making monthly comparisons. FHFA monthly (purchase- only) index for US, January 1991 = 100. CoreLogic national combined index, distressed sales excluded, January 2000 = 100. (Only available as NSA).			
Home Sales (SA) New Existing	Monthly Monthly	HUD and Census Bureau National Association of Realtors®	Seasonally adjusted annual rates divided by 12. A newly constructed house is considered sold when either a sales contract has been signed or a deposit accepted, even if this occurs before construction has actually started. Seasonally adjusted annual rates divided by 12. Existing-home sales, which include single-family, townhomes, condominiums and co-ops, are based on transaction closings. This differs from the U.S. Census Bureau's series on new single-family home sales, which are based on contracts or the			
First Time Buyers Distressed Sales (NSA)	Monthly Monthly	NAR, Census Bureau, and HUD Corelogic	acceptance of a deposit. Sum of seasonally adjusted new and existing home sales (above) multiplied by National Association of Realtors ® annual estimate of first time buyer share of existing home sales. Short sales and REO (Real Estate Owned) sales as a percent of total existing home sales (current month subject to revision).			
Housing Supply Existing Homes for Sale (NSA) Existing Homes - Months' Supply New Homes for Sale (SA) New Homes for Sale - Months' Supply (SA) Vacant Units Held Off Market	Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly Quarterly	National Association of Realtors National Association of Realtors HUD and Census Bureau HUD and Census Bureau Census Bureau	As reported. As reported. As reported. As reported. As reported in Census CPS/HPS Table 4. Estimates of Housing Inventory, line item "Year-round va- cant, held off market for reasons other than occasional use or usually reside elsewhere." Vacant units can be held off the market for a variety of reasons.			
Mortgage Originations Refinance Originations Purchase Originations	Quarterly Quarterly	Mortgage Bankers Association and HUD Mortgage Bankers Association and HUD	HUD estimate of refinance originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of refinance originations. HUD estimate of home purchase originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of home purchase originations.			
FHA Originations Refinance Originations Purchase Originations Purchases by First Time Buyers	Monthly Monthly Monthly	HUD HUD HUD	FHA originations reported as of date of loan closing. Estimate for current month scaled upward due to normal reporting lag and shown as preliminary.			
Mortgage Delinquency Rates (NSA) Prime Subprime FHA	Monthly Monthly Monthly	LPS Applied Analytics LPS Applied Analytics HUD	Total mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by mortgages actively serviced. Total mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by mortgages actively serviced. Total FHA mortgages past due (30+ days) but not in foreclosure, divided by FHA's insurance in force.			
Seriously Delinquent Mortgages Prime Subprime FHA	Monthly Monthly Monthly	LPS Applied Analytics, MBA, and HUD LPS Applied Analytics, MBA, and HUD HUD	Mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure, scaled up to market. Mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure, scaled up to market. Mortgages 90+ days delinquent or in foreclosure.			
Underwater Borrowers	Quarterly	CoreLogic	As reported.			
Foreclosure Actions Foreclosure Starts Foreclosure Completions Short sales REO Sales	Monthly Monthly Monthly Monthly	Realty Trac Realty Trac CoreLogic CoreLogic	Foreclosure starts are reported counts of notice of default or scheduled foreclosure auction, depending on which action starts the foreclosure process in a state. Real Estate Owned (REO). Count of Short Sales for the month as reported (current month subject to revision). Count of REO (Real Estate Owned) Sales for the month as reported (current month subject to revision).			



SOURCES AND METHODOLOGY

B. Notes on Charts.

- 1. Monthly house price trends shown as changes in respective house price indices applied to a common base price set equal to the median price of an existing home sold in January 2003 as reported by the National Association of Realtors. Indices shown: S&P/Case Shiller 20-metro composite index (NSA), January 2000 = 100, FHFA monthly (purchase-only) index for US (SA), January 1991 = 100, and CoreLogic-Distressed Sales Excluded (Monthly) for US (NSA), January 2000 = 100.
- S&P/Case-Shiller 10-metro composite index (NSA) as reported monthly. Implied Case-Shiller futures index figures report forward expectations for the level
 of the S&P/Case Shiller index as of the date indicated, estimated from prices of futures purchased on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange reported by CME
 Group. The January 2009 market trend projection reports forward expectations estimated from prices of futures contracts reported by Radar Logic. Also see
 additional note in Section C below.
- 3. Reported seasonally adjusted annual rates for new and existing home sales divided by 12.
- 4. HUD estimate of refinance originations based on MBA estimate of dollar volume of refinance originations.
- 5. Cumulative HAMP permanent modifications started, FHA loss mitigation and early delinquency interventions, plus proprietary modifications completed as reported by HOPE Now Alliance. Some homeowners may be counted in more than one category. Foreclosure completions are properties entering Real Estate Owned (REO) as reported by Realty Trac. Also see additional note in Section C below on HAMP Tier 2.
- 6. Beginning with the September 2012 release, filings of a notice of default or scheduled foreclosure auction, depending on which action starts the foreclosure process in a state, are reported for foreclosure starts. Foreclosure defaults previously had been reported as a proxy for foreclosure starts. Foreclosure completions are properties entering REO. Both as reported by Realty Trac.
- 7. See "Borrower Annual Savings" above.
- 8. FHA market shares as FHA purchase and refinance originations divided by HUD estimates of purchase and refinance mortgage originations as noted in "Mortgage Originations" above. See additional note below on FHA market share.

C. Additional Notes.

Beginning with the February 2013 release, the House Price Expectations Chart was updated by replacing market expectations as they existed in January 2009 with expectations as of December 2011. Prices of futures purchased for the S&P/Case-Shiller 10-metro composite index, available on the web from CME Group, were used to estimate expectations for December 2011 and for the current month. Market trend as of January 2009 is estimated from percentage changes in house price futures based on a different house price index: RadarLogic RPX. This trend has been added back to the chart because it imparts important information on how house price expectations have changed over time.

Beginning with the January 2013 release, mortgage aid under HAMP Tier 2 is included in the totals. Effective June 2012, HAMP Tier 2 expanded eligibility requirements to further reduce foreclosures and help stabilize neighborhoods. For non-GSE loans, eligibility was expanded to allow for more flexible debt-to-income criteria and to include properties currently occupied by a tenant, as well as vacant properties which a borrower intends to rent.

FHA market share estimates are based on new methodology beginning with the October 2013 report; estimates were revised back through Q1 2013. See the FHA Market Share report on their website for an explanation of the new methodology: http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/ housing/rmra/oe/rpts/fhamktsh/fhamktgtrly.



Appendix

The Administration has taken a broad set of actions to stabilize the housing market and help American homeowners. Three years ago, stress in the financial system had severely reduced the supply of mortgage credit, limiting the ability of Americans to buy homes or refinance mortgages. Millions of responsible families who had made their monthly payments and had fulfilled their obligations saw their property values fall. They also found themselves unable to refinance at lower mortgage rates.

In February 2009, less than one month after taking office, President Obama announced the Homeowner Affordability and Stability Plan. As part of this plan and through other housing initiatives, the Administration has taken the following actions to strengthen the housing market:

- Supported Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac to ensure continued access to affordable mortgage credit;
- The Federal Reserve and the U.S. Treasury purchased more than \$1.4 trillion in agency mortgage backed securities through independent MBS purchase programs, helping to keep mortgage rates at historic lows;
- Launched a modification initiative to help homeowners reduce mortgage payments to affordable levels and to prevent avoidable foreclosures;
- Launched a \$23.5 billion Housing Finance Agencies Initiative to increase sustainable homeownership and rental resources;
- Supported the First Time Homebuyer Tax Credit, which helped more than 2.5 million American families purchase homes;
- Provided more than \$5 billion in support for affordable rental housing through low income housing tax credit programs and \$6.92 billion in support for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program to restore neighborhoods hardest hit by the concentrated foreclosures;
- Created the \$7.6 billion HFA Hardest Hit Fund for innovative foreclosure prevention programs in the nation's hardest hit housing markets;
- Launched the \$1 billion Emergency Homeowners Loan Program, as part of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, to help unemployed and underemployed homeowners pay a portion of their monthly mortgage.
- Created an FHA Short Refinance Option that helps underwater borrowers refinance into a new, stable, FHA-insured mortgage that is more aligned with actual property values.
- Supported home purchase and refinance activity through the FHA to provide access to affordable mortgage capital and help homeowners prevent foreclosures.
- Implemented a series of changes to the Home Affordable Refinance Program (HARP) in an effort to attract more eligible borrowers who can benefit from refinancing their home mortgages during this time of historically low mortgage rates.

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