UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

President - Herbert Clark Hoover (elected Nov. 1928, inaugurated March 4, 1929)

Secretary of Treasury - Andrew W. Mellon (appointed March 4, 1921, served until Feb. 12, 1932)

Comptroller of Currency - J. W. McIntosh (date of appointment Dec. 20, 1924, resigned Nov. 20, 1928)

- J. W. Pole (date of appointment Nov. 21, 1928, resigned Sept. 20, 1932)
- Frank B. Kellogg

- Dwight F. Davis - Curtis D. Wilbur - Hubert Work, Roy O. West

William M. Jardine
William F. Whiting
James J. Davis

- Harry S. New

- John D. Sargent

Secretary of State
Secretary of War
Secretary of Navy
Secretary of Interior
Secretary of Agriculture
Secretary of Commerce
Secretary of Labor
Postmaster General

Attorney General

NORBECK. Peter

EDGE, Walter E.

FRAZIER, Lynn J.

PINE, W. B.

PHIPPS, Lawrence C.

BROOKHART, Smith W.

STEIWER, Frederick

SACKETT, Frederic M.

U. S. GOVERNMENT

SENATE

Banking and Currency Committee

70th Congress

Republicans

South Dakota

New Jersey Colorado Kentucky

North Dakota Oklahoma

Iowa Oregon

GLASS, Carter EDWARDS, Edward I.

FLETCHER, Duncan U.

MAYFIELD, Earle B. WAGNER, Robert F.

BARKLEY, Alben W. TYDINGS, Millard E.

Democrats

Florida Virginia New Jersey

Texas New York

Kentucky

Maryland

U. S. GOVERNMENT

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Banking and Currency Committee

70th Congress

Republicans

McFADDEN, Louis T.
KING, Edward J.
STRONG, James G.
LUCE, Robert
MacGREGOR, Clarence
FENN, E. Hart
CAMPBELL, Guy E.
LEATHERWOOD, Elmer O.
BEEDY, Carroll L.
HOOPER, Joseph L.
GOODWIN, Godfrey G.
LETTS, F. D.

Ponneylyrania

Pennsylvania
Illinois
Kansas
Massachusetts
New York
Connecticut
Pennsylvania
Utah
Maine
Michigan
Minnesota
Iowa

Democrats

WINGO, Otis
STEAGALL, Henry B.
BRAND, Charles H.
STEVENSON, William F.
BLACK, Eugene
GOLDSBOROUGH, T. Alan
PRALL, Anning S.
CANFIELD, Harry C.

Arkansas
Alabama
Georgia
South Carolina
Texas
Maryland
New York
Indiana

Ex Officio Members

A. W. Mellon,
Secretary of the Treasury,
Chairman

J. W. McIntosh Comptroller of the Currency Roy A. Young, Governor Edmund Platt, Vice Governor

Adolph C. Miller Charles S. Hamlin George R. James Edward H. Cunningham

Secretary's Office

Walter L. Eddy, Secretary
J. C. Noell, Asst. Secretary
E. M. Mc Clelland, Asst. Secretary.

Fiscal Agent
W. M. Imlay, Fiscal Agent

J. F. Herson, Chief and

Chief Federal Reserve Examiner

Counsel's Office
Walter Wyatt, General Counsel

E.A. Goldenweiser, Director
Carl E. Parry, Asst. Director

Division of Bank Operations
E. L. Smead, Chief

Arthur M. Heard

L. L. Rue

Harris Creech

P. D. Houston

District No. 1 (Boston) District No. 2 (New York)

District No. 3 (Philadelphia)

District No. 4 (Cleveland)

District No. 5 (Richmond)

District No. 6 (A+lanta)

District No. 7 (Chicago)

District No. 8 (St. Louis)

District No. 10 (Kansas City)

District No. 12 (San Francisco)

District No. 9 (Minneapolis)

District No. 11 (Dallas)

W. W. Smith

Walter Lichtenstein, Secretary

Theodore Wold

James S. Alexander

P. W. Goebel

Frank O. Wetmore, President

John F. Bruton, Vice President

B. A. McKinney

F. L. Lipman

OPEN MARKET INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Composed of five Governors of Federal Reserve Banks:

Boston - W. P. G. Harding

New York - Benjamin Strong (d. Oct. 16) George L. Harrison, Nov.23

Philadelphia - George W. Norris

Cleveland - E. R. Fancher

Chicago - J. B. McDougal

Governor - W. P. G. Harding

Deputy Governor - W. W. Paddock

Chairman and Federal
Reserve Agent - Frederic H. Curtiss

Deputy Chairman - Allen Hollis

DIRECTORS

	erm Expires Dec. 31
CHAMBERLAIN, Frederick S. (New Britain, Conn.) RIPLEY, Alfred L. (Boston, Mass.) KENNARD, Edward S. (Rumford, Me.)	1928 1929 1930 (re-elected)
Class B	
BOWMAN, Albert C. (Springfield, Vt.) ALLEN, Philip R. (East Walpole, Mass.) WASHBURN, Chas. G. (Worcester, Mass.)	1928 1929 1930 (re-elected)
Class C	
MANCHESTER, Chas. H. (Providence, R.I.) CURTISS, Frederic H. (Boston, Mass.) Chairman and FR Agent HOLLIS, Allen (Concord, N.H.) Deputy Chairman	1928 1929 1930 (re-appointed)

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G. L. Harrison

Owen D. Young

Benjamin Strong (died October 16)

George L. Harrison (effective Nov. 23)

Gates Mc Garrah (after October 16 to Nov. 23)

E. R. Kenzel

L. R. Rounds

A. W. Gilbart

OFFICERS

Governor

Acting Governor

Deputy Governors

Deputy Chairman

Chairman Reserve	and Federal Agent	-	Gates	Мс	Garrah

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

Governor - George W. Norris

Deputy Governor - William H. Hutt

Chairman and Federal
Reserve Agent - Richard L. Austin

Deputy Chairman - Alba B. Johnson

DIRECTORS		
Class A	Term Exp	
COSGROVE, John C. (Johnstown, Pa.) WAYNE, Jos.(Jr.) (Philadelphia, Pa.) REILY, Geo. W. (Harrisburg, Pa.)	1928 1929 1930	(elected)
Class B		
STOUT, C. F. C. (Philadelphia, Pa.) SEAWALL, Arthur W. (Philadelphia, Pa.) DORRANCE, A. C. (Camden, N. J.)	1928 1929 1920	(elected)
Class C		
CANNON, H. L. (Bridgeville, Del.) AUSTIN, R. L. (Philadelphia, Pa.) Chairman and FR Agent JOHNSON, Alba B. (Philadelphia, Pa.) Deputy Chairman	1928 1929 1930	(appointed)

Governor - E. R. Fancher

Deputy Governors - M. J. Fleming Frank J. Zurlinden

Chairman and Federal
Reserve Agent - George De Camp

Deputy Chairman - L. B. Williams

DIRECTORS

Class A	Term Expires Dec. 31	
LAMBERTON, Chess (Franklin, Pa.) WARDROP, Robert (Pittsburgh, Pa.) SAMS, O. N. (Hillsboro, Ohio)	1928 1929 1930 (re-elected)	
Class B		
WRIGHT, R. P. (Erie, Pa.) CRABBS, Geo. D. (Cincinnati, Ohio) BUSH, S. P. (Columbus, Ohio)	1928 1929 1930 (elected)	
Class C		
WILLIAMS, L. B. (Cleveland, Ohio) Deputy Chairman De CAMP, George (Cleveland, Ohio) Chairman and FR Agent KNIGHT, W. W. (Toledo, Ohio)	1928 1929 1930 (re-appointed)	

OFF	CICERS	
Governor	-	George J. Seay
Deputy Governors		C. A. Peple R. H. Broaddus
Chairman and Federal Reserve Agent	-	William W. Hoxton
Deputy Chairman	-	Frederic A. Delano

DIRECTORS

Class A	Term Expires Dec. 31
BRASWELL, Jas.C.(Rocky Mount, N.C.) JOHNSON, L. E. (Alderson, W. Va.) RIEMAN, Chas. E. (Baltimore, Md.)	1928 1929 1930 (re-elected)
Class B	
GRAHAM, Edwin C. (Washington, D.C.) COKER, D. R. (Hartsville, S.C.) STRUDWICK, Edmund (Richmond, Va.)	1928 1929 1930 (re-elected)
Class C	
LASSITER, Robert (Charlotte, N.C.) HOXTON, Wm. W. (Richmond, Va.) Chairman and FR Agent DELANO, Frederic A. (Washington, D. C.) Deputy Chairman	1928 1929 1930 (re-appointed)

Governor	-	Eugene	R.	Black

Deputy Governors	-	Hugh Foster
		Creed Taylor

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Chairman and Federal
Reserve Agent - Oscar Newton
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DIRECTORS

Class A	Term Expires Dec. 31
MELVIN, E. C. (Selma, Ala.) WARE, G. G. (Leesburg, Fla.) YOUNG, H. Lane (Atlanta, Ga.)	1928 1929 1930 (elected)
Class B	
LEA, Luke (Nashville, Tenn.) SIMON, Leon C. (New Orleans, La.) McCRARY, J. A. (Decatur, Ga.)	1928 1929 1930 (re-elected)
Class C	
KETTIG, W. H. (Brimingham, Ala.) Deputy Chairman NEWTON, Oscar (Atlanta, Ga.) Chairman and FR Agent HARRIS, Geo. S. (Atlanta, Ga.)	1928 1929 1930(appointed)

Governor - J. B. Mc Dougal

Deputy Governor - C. R. Mc Kay John H. Blair

Chairman and Federal
Reserve Agent - W. A. Heath

Deputy Chairman - James Simpson

DIRECTORS

Class A	Term Expires Dec. 31
McNIDER, Chas. H. (Mason City, Iowa) JOHNSON, E. L. (Waterloo, Iowa) REYNOLDS, George M. (Chicago, Ill.)	1928 1929 1930
Class B	
CRAPO, S. T. (Detroit, Mich.) MUELLER, Robert (Decatur, Ill.) VOGEL, A. H. (Milwaukee, Wis.)	1928 1929 1930 (re-elected)
Class C	
BALL, F. C. (Muncie, Ind.) SIMPSON, James (Chicago, Ill.) Deputy Chairman HEATH, W. A. (Chicago, Ill.) Chairman and FR Agent	1928 1929 1930 (re-appointed)

Governor - D. C. Biggs

Deputy Governor - 0. M. Attebery

Chairman and Federal
Reserve Agent - William McC. Martin

Deputy Chairman - John Boehne

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis (Dist. 8)

	DIRECTORS		
Class A		Term Exp	
MARTIN, John C. (Salem LONSDALE, John G. (St. NAHM, Max B. (Bowling	Louis, Mo.)	1928 1929 1930	(elected)
Class B			
PLUNKETT, W. B. (Littl PERCY, Le Roy (Greenvi WELLS, Rolla (St. Loui	lle, Miss.)	1928 1929 1930	(re-lected)
Class C			
	ille, Ind.) Deputy Chairm Louis, Mo.) Chairman and		(re-appointed)
PLUNKETT, W. B. (Littl PERCY, Le Roy (Greenvi WELLS, Rolla (St. Loui Class C DILLARD, Paul (Memphis BOEHNE, John W. (Evansv	lle, Miss.) s, Mo.) f, Tenn.) fille, Ind.) Deputy Chairm	1929 1930 1928 an 1929	

Governor - W. B. Geery

Deputy Governors - B. V. Moore Harry Yaeger

Chairman and
Federal Reserve
Agent - John R. Mitchell

Deputy Chairman - Homer P. Clark

DIRECTORS

Class A	Dec. 3	
LEEMAN, Paul J. (Minneapolis, Minn.) BASSETT, J. C. (Aberdeen, S.Dak.) FARUP, Karl J. (Park River, N.Dak.)	1928 1929 1930	(elected)
Class B		
MYERS, Paul N. (St. Paul, Minn.) HOLTER, N. B. (Helena, Mont.) OWEN, John S. (Eau Claire, Wis.)	1928 1929 1930	(re-elected)
Class C		
McCORMICK, Geo. W. (Menominee, Mich.) MITCHELL, John R. (Minneapolis, Minn.) Chairman and FR Agent CLARK, Homer P. (St. Paul, Minn.) Deputy Chairman		(re-appointed)

Governor - W. J. Bailey

Deputy Governor - C. A. Worthington

Chairman and Federal
Reserve Agent - M. L. Mc Clure

Deputy Chairman - William L. Petrikin

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	DIRECTORS	Term Exp	inae
Class A		Dec. 3	
SPONABLE, Frank W. (Pac MULLANEY, E. E. (Hill C PARKS, C. C. (Denver, C	ity, Kans.)	1928 1929 1930	(re-elected)
Class B			
BERNARDIN, J. M. (Kansa PHILLIPS, L. E. (Bartle BYRNE, Thos. C. (Omaha,	sville, Okla.)	1928 1929 1930	(re-elected)
Class C			
	r, Colo.) Deputy Chairman City, Mo.) Chairman and FR A and, Nebr.)	1928 gent 1929 1930	(appointed)

Governor - Lynn P. Talley

Deputy Governors - R. R. Gilbert

R. B. Coleman

Chairman and Federal
Reserve Agent - C. C. Walsh

Deputy Chairman - Clarence E. Linz

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DIRECTORS

Class A	Term Expires Dec. 31
PATRICK, W. H. (Clarendon, Tex.) SMITH, Howell E. (Mc Kinney, Tex.) FROST, J. H. (San Antonio, Tex.)	1928 1929 1930 (re-elected)
Class B	
NAIL, J. H. (Fort Worth, Tex.) CULBERTSON, J. J. (Paris, Tex.) MILAN, J. R. (Waco, Tex.)	1928 1929 1930 (Elected)
Class C	
WALSH, C. C. (Dallas, Tex.) Chairman and FR Agent LINZ, Clarence E. (Dallas, Tex.) Deputy Chairman PERKINS, S. B. (Dallas, Tex.)	1928 1929 1930 (re-appointed)

Governor	-	J. U. Calkins	
Deputy Governors		William A. Day Ira Clerk	

Reserve Agent - Isaac B. Newton

Deputy Chairman - Walton N. Moore

Chairman and Federal

	DIRECTORS	Term Expire	s
Class A		Dec.31	_
McINTOSH, C. K, (San Francisc RAMSAY, T. H. (Red Bluff, Cal WHIPPLE, Howard (Turlock, Cal	if.)	1928 1929 1930	
Class B			
COX, E. H. (Madera, Calif.) DOHRMANN, A. B. C. (San Franc SESNON, Wm. T. (Soquel, Calif	isco, Calif.)	1928 1929 1930	(re-elected)
Class C			
SPROULE, Wm. (San Francisco, NEWTON, Isaac B. (San Francis	co, Calif.) Chairman an		()
MOORE. Walton N. (San Francis	co. Calli.) Deputy Char	rman 1930	(re-appointed)

Feb. 9,29 Mar 7

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U.S. Congress. Senate. Banking and currency
                                                      HG
  committee.
                                                    4621
  Brokers' loans: hearings before the committee ... . UI
on S. Res. 113, a resolution favoring a restriction (1928)
of loans by Federal reserve banks for speculative
purposes, February 9, 29, and March 7,1928.
Wash. Govt. ptg. off., 1928.
  96 p.
Testi- Cunningham. E.H. (FRBd)
                                  Mar.7
                                         pp.94-96
 monv:
       Platt, Edmund (FRBd)
                                         pp.77-94
        Young, R; A. (Gov. FRBd)
                                         pp.66-77
        Sprague, Prof.O.M.W.
                                         pp.31-66
        Willis, Dr. H.P.
                                  Feb 29 pp 11-31
F.R.Bd.L.
                                                        8
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Mar 16

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U.S.Congress. House. Rules committee.

Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, Texas:

HEARINGS ...70th,1st sess. on H.Con.Res.24,

March 16, 1928. Wash., Govt.ptg.off., 1928.

18.p.(photo.)
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F.R.Bd.L.

8

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Mar.19-21;Apr 30 May 1-4,8,9,15-18,23,24, 28,29

> U.S. Congress. House. Committee on banking and HB 236 currency. Stabilization: hearings before the committee .U5 ... 70th congress, 1st sess!, on H.R. 11806, 1928 (superseding H.R. 7895.69th cong.), a bill to amend the act approved Dec. 23, 1913, known as The Federal reserve act: to define certain policies toward which the powers of the Federal reserve system shall be directed ... Mar. 19.20.21. April 30. May 1-4, 8.9.15-18.23,24,28,29,1928. Wash., Govt.ptg. off, 1928. 458 p. Testimony: Cunningham, E. H., Letter, p. 385 F.R.Bd.L. Hamlin, C.S. (mbr. F. R. Bd.) May 23, pp. 389-408 Sprague, Prof. O.M.W. Pp. 130-159 Strong, Benjamin, Mar. 19, pp. 12-21

Public-No. 120-70TH Congress H. R. 64911

An Act To amend section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to supplement existing laws against unlawful restraints and monopolies, and for other purposes," approved October 15, 1914, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last proviso of the second paragraph of section 8 of the Act entitled An Act to supplement existing laws against unlawful restraints and monopolies, and for other purposes," found in title 15, chapter 1, section 19, United States Code, approved October 15, 1914, as

amended, is amended to read as follows:

"And provided further, That nothing in this Act shall prohibit any private banker from being an officer, director, or employee of not more than two banks, banking associations, or trust companies, or prohibit any officer, director, or employee of any bank, banking association, or trust company, or any class A director of a Federal reserve bank, from being an officer, director, or employee of not more than two other banks, banking associations, or trust companies, whether organized under the laws of the United States or any State, if in any such case there is in force a permit therefor issued by the Federal Reserve Board; and the Federal Reserve Board is authorized to issue such permit if in its judgment it is not incompatible with the public interest, and to revoke any such permit whenever it finds, after reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard, that the public interest requires its revocation."

Approved, March 9, 1928.

Public-No. 352-70TH Congress 16 to 31 and has to descend [H. R. 10151]

An Act To amend section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act be amended by adding thereto a new

paragraph as follows:

"All banks or trust companies incorporated by special law or organized under the general laws of any State, which are members of the Federal reserve system, when designated for that purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall be depositaries of public money, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary; and they may also be employed as financial agents of the Government; and they shall perform all such reasonable duties, as depositaries of public money and financial agents of the Government, as may be required of them. The Secretary of the Treasury shall require of the banks and trust companies thus designated satisfactory security, by the deposit of United States bonds or otherwise, for the safe keeping and prompt payment of the public money deposited with them and for the faithful performance of their duties as financial agents of the Government."

Approved, May 7, 1928.

[Public-No. 594-70TH Congress]

[8. 1989]

An Act To amend the third paragraph of section 13 of the Federal Reserve Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the third paragraph of section 13 of the Federal Reserve Act (Title 12, section 344, United States Code), be amended and reenacted to read as follows: "Upon the indorsement of any of its member banks, which shall be deemed a waiver of demand, notice, and protest by such bank as to its own indorsement exclusively, and subject to regulations and limitations to be prescribed by the Federal Reserve Board, any Federal reserve bank may discount or purchase bills of exchange payable at sight or on demand which grow out of the domestic shipment or the exportation of nonperishable, readily marketable agricultural and other staples and are secured by bills of lading or other shipping documents conveying or securing title to such staples: Provided, That all such bills of exchange shall be forwarded promptly for collection, and demand for payment shall be made with reasonable promptness after the arrival of such staples at their destination: Provided further, That no such bill shall in any event be held by or for the account of a Federal reserve bank for a period in excess of ninety days. In discounting such bills Federal reserve banks may compute the interest to be deducted on the basis of the estimated life of each bill and adjust the discount after payment of such bills to conform to the actual life thereof."

Approved, May 29, 1928.

March 1929).

- Pressure by Federal Reserve System on member banks to avoid Moral Sussion contributing to growth in speculative security loans. Industrial production expanding rapidly, particularly for Surrounding Circumstances durable goods; prices of stocks increasing sharply; huge

aimed at checking speculative activity and making member

Page 217.

banks scrutinize loan applications more carefully. Joint Committee on the Economic Report Monetary Policy and the Management of the Public Debt (Patman Report) 1952,

Raised in 3 stages from 31/2 to 5 percent at all Banks.

growth in security loans and new security issues; action

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Discount Rate

9.401. Power of Board to control purchase of stock by State member banks prior to 1933.—A State member bank, authorized to purchase stock by its charter and the laws of the State, may lawfully purchase the controlling stock interest of a new bank; and the Federal Reserve Board has no present statutory authority, either express or implied, to regulate, control, or prevent the purchase of such stock interest, so long as the solvency of the bank or the safety of its customers are not thereby jeopardized and the standard required as a condition of membership is maintained. Furthermore, since it does not possess power to prevent the purchase, the Board would not have power to compel such bank to divest itself of the stock when purchased; nor would the Board have authority to require such bank to surrender its stock in the Federal Reserve bank and forfeit its membership in the Federal Reserve System, unless the amount and character of stock investments held by such bank are deemed by the Board to jeopardize the safety of depositors, the solvency of the bank, and/or lower the standard required as a condition of membership in the Federal Reserve System. 35 Op. Atty. Gen. 449 (1928). for the compose of avoiding the m

Note.—Section 9 of the Federal Reserve Act was amended by the Banking Act of 1933 so as to make State member banks subject to the limitations of section 5136 of the Revised Statutes, with respect to the purchase of investment securities and stock, and so as to require State member banks to submit reports of their affiliates and to obtain from their holding company affiliates agreements that such affiliates should be subject to the same conditions and limitations as are applicable under section 5144 of the Revised Statutes in the case of holding company affiliates of national banks. See 9.402.

13 441 - A State nonmember bank which had refused to remit at par checks drawn upon it and forwarded for payment by the Federal Reserve bank, brought action against the Federal Reserve bank for damages alleged to have resulted from coercion on the part of the latter bank in presenting checks over the plaintiff's counter for payment and thus forcing plaintiff to agree to remit to defendant at par. The court pointed out that the Federal Reserve banks are required to receive on deposit at par from member banks and Reserve banks checks and drafts on any of their member banks; that they are authorized to so receive checks payable on presentation upon any banks within their districts whether such banks are member banks or not; that no exchange charge can be made against the Reserve banks by the member banks and that the Reserve banks may not pay exchange; and that the result is a system of par clearance of checks and items among member banks and between such banks and the Reserve banks. It was held, therefore, that the Federal Reserve bank was justified in employing agents for the presentation of checks drawn on the plaintiff nonmember bank over the plaintiff's counter for payment provided such checks were not accumulated and presented by the Federal Reserve bank in an oppressive manner; and that evidence of oppression or coercion was lacking in this case. Accordingly, judgment for the plaintiff was reversed. First State Bank of Hugo v. Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis, 174 Minn. 535. 219 N.W. 908 (1928), 1928 BULLETIN 517.

13.500. Necessity for proving actual damage. - Certain checks deposited by plaintiff with a national bank were forwarded to the Federal Reserve bank for collection, and the latter bank presented the checks by mail directly to the drawee bank for payment. Upon the failure of the drawee and nonpayment of the checks, plaintiff brought suit against both the national bank and the Federal Reserve bank, alleging negligence on the part of the latter in presenting the checks for payment directly to the drawee rather than through a member bank in the same locality. It appeared that a number of other checks had been presented to the drawee prior to the presentation of the plaintiff's checks and that at no time did the drawee bank have sufficient funds to pay such checks. In the opinion of the court, plaintiff's checks would not have been entitled to any preference and there was no evidence to show that the checks would have been preferred even if they had been presented by the Federal Reserve bank through other banks; and since, therefore, the alleged negligence of the defendant did not result in any actual damage to the plaintiff, it was field that there could be no recovery. In these circumstances, the court deemed it junnecessary to discuss the question whether the authority of the Federal Reserve bank to present the checks directly to the drawee bank for payment was in conflict with or superseded the State statute prohibiting the collection of checks in this manner. Douisville & N. R. Co. v. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, 157 Tenn. 497, 10 S.W. (2d) 683 (1928).

Note.—For opinion in trial court, see 1927 BULLETIN 505.

13.643. Funds on deposit in another bank not impressed with trust.—The Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond forwarded certain checks for collection and payment to the State bank upon which they were drawn; and the latter bank remitted by a draft on a national bank with which it had funds on deposit. The drawee bank failed and its draft was dishonored by the depositary national bank. It appeared that the failed bank was indebted to the national bank and the latter bank therefore claimed the right to apply the deposits of the drawee bank to such indebtedness. The Federal Reserve bank, on the other hand, contended that upon the collection by the drawee bank of the checks drawn upon itself and the issuance of a draft on the national bank, the funds in the national bank became impressed with a trust in favor of the Reserve bank in the amount of such checks. It was held that the funds deposited by the drawee bank with the national bank became the property of the latter bank and created the relationship of debtor and creditor; that no trust was created in favor of the Federal Reserve bank; and that therefore the equity of the national bank in the funds in question was superior to that of the Federal Reserve bank. Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond v. State and City Bank and Trust Co., 150 Va. 423, 143 S.E. 697 (1928).

Note.—See contra 13.602.