## Prefatory Note

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[^0]
## Recent developments

(1) Evidence of the System's current firm policy posture has become more widespread in the four weeks since the last Committee meeting. Apart from yields on short-term bills, both short- and long-term interest rates have generally edged higher on balance. The 3-month bill rate, at near 6.20 per cent, is at about the same level as four weeks ago. It dropped to a low of around 6 per cent in the third week of February, given the relative scarcity of supply and strong liquidity demands by investors. Subsequently the bill rate recovered, reflecting partly anticipations of further prime rate and/or monetary policy moves and partly market reaction to the rise in the British bank rate to 8 per cent.
(2) The Treasury's February refunding resulted in an attrition of $\$ 2$ billion, or 36 per cent of public holdings of the maturing issues, with only $\$ 800$ million of such holdings being exchanged far the $6-1 / 4$ per cent 7 year note. Thus, a sizeable demand for bills from the attrition in the refunding was added to other bill demands. The Treasury's announcement in February of a $\$ 1$ billion bill "strip," consisting of $\$ 200$ million additions to the monthly bills maturing in April-August, provided some relief for the scarcity conditions in the bill market.
(3) Demands for Federal funds in the market increased during the period as the basic reserve position of major New York banks swung

FINANCIAL MARKET RELATIONSHIPS IN PERSPECTIVE
(Yonthly averages and, where available, weekly averages of daily figures)

| Period | Money Market Indicators |  |  |  | Bond Yields |  |  | Flow of Reserves, Bank Credit and Money |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Free Reserves (In mil of do | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{c} \text { Borrow- } \\ \text { ings } \\ \text { lions } \end{array} \\ & \text { 1lars) } \end{aligned}$ | ```Federal Funds Rate 4/``` | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { 3-month } \\ \text { Treas - } \\ \text { ury } \\ \text { Bill } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U.S . } \\ & \text { Gov't. } \\ & (20 \mathrm{yr}) \end{aligned}$ | Corporate New Issues (Aaa) $1 /$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Munic } i- \\ \text { pal } \\ \text { (Aaa) } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Non- <br> borrowed <br> Reserves <br> (In mil <br> of dol | Total Reserves 1ons ars | Bank <br> Credit <br> Proxy <br> (In bil | Money <br> Supply <br> lions of | Time Deposits dolinars) |
| 1967--Dec. | 143 | 185 | 4.51 | 4.96 | 5.59 | 6.51 | 4.15 | -294 | -122 | $+0.2$ | $+0.3$ | + 1.5 |
| 968--Jan. | 142 | 275 | 4.60 | 5.00 | 5.39 | 6.22* | 4.06 | +345 | +347 | $+1.5$ | $+1.0$ | $+0.6$ |
| Feb. | 21 | 368 | 4.72 | 4.98 | 5.38 | 6.25* | 4.01 | +208 | +265 | $+2.3$ | $+0.4$ | + 1.1 |
| Mar. | -312 | 649 | 5.05 | 5.17 | 5.59 | 6.57* | 4.28 | -266 | $+47$ | $+1.0$ | $+0.7$ | $+1.5$ |
| Apr . | -341 | 689 | 5.76 | 5.38 | 5.46 | 6.50* | 4.13 | -197 | -189 | - 1.1 | + 0.9 | $+0.4$ |
| May | -374 | 728 | 6.12 | 5.66 | 5.55 | 6.64 | 4.28 | + 46 | + 88 | $+0.4$ | +1.8 | $+0.5$ |
| June | -386 | 727 | 6.07 | 5.52 | 5.40 | 6.65 | 4.26 | +137 | +105 | + 1.5 | $+1.3$ | $+0.6$ |
| July | -192 | 523 | 6.02 | 5.31 | 5.29 | 6.50\% | 4.12 | +304 | +107 | $+2.1$ | $+2.0$ | $+2.2$ |
| Aug. | -240 | 577 | 6.03 | 5.23 | 5.22 | 6.16 | 4.00 | +493 | +508 | + 5.0 | + 0.9 | $+3.4$ |
| Sept. | -146 | 492 | 5.78 | 5.19 | 5.28 | 6.27 | 4.23 | + 29 | - 36 | $+2.0$ | - 0.8 | + 2.8 |
| Oct. | -192 | 458 | 5.92 | 5.35 | 5.44 | 6.47 | 4.21 | +264 | +215 | + 3.0 | + 0.7 | + 2.9 |
| Nov. | -255 | 541 | 5.81 | 5.45 | 5.56 | 6.57 | 4.33 | - 51 | +122 | + 2.7 | + 1.7 | $+2.4$ |
| Dec. | -327 | 743 | 6.02 | 5.96 | 5.88 | 6.79 | 4.50 | - 21 | +244 | + 3.1 | +12 | + 2.4 |
| 1969--Jan. | -491 | 715 | 6.30 | 6.14 | 5.99 | 6.92 | 4.58 | +273 | +185 | $-1.5 * *$ | $+0.5$ | - 1.8 |
| Feb. p | -604 | 836 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 6.92* | 4.74 | -166 | + 29 | - 0.2 | + 0.4 | - 1.6 |
| 1969--Jan. 29 | -7v3 | 891 | 6.27 | 6.15 | 5.99 | 6.92 | 4.60 |  |  | - 0.6 | - 2.0 | - 0.6 |
| Feb. 5 | -509 | 744 | 6.32 | 6.19 | 6.13 | 6.97 | 4.72 |  |  | +0.3 | + 1.2 | - 0.5 |
| 12 | -621 | 797 | 6.35 | 6.14 | 6.07 | 6.91* | 4.72 |  |  | +1.3 | + 0.2 |  |
| 19 | -694 | 1,043 | 6.75 | 6.10 | 6.05 | 6.90 | 4.70 |  |  |  | + 2.0 | $+0.1$ |
| 26 | -592 | 758 | 6.43 | 6.06 | 6.14 | 6.93* | 4.80 |  |  | - 0.9 | -- | - 0.5 |
|  | Averages |  |  |  |  |  |  | Annual rates of increase ${ }^{3 /}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Year 1968 | -210 | 548 | 5.58 | 5.36 | 5.45 | 6.47 | 4.20 | + 5.2 | +7.2 | + 8.6 | $+6.5$ | +11.3 |
| First Half 1968 | -201 | 567 | 5.39 | 5.29 | 5.46 | 6.47 | 4.16 | + 2.2 | + 5.3 | $+4.1$ | $+6.7$ | $+5.1$ |
| Second Half 1968 | -218 | 529 | 5.77 | 5.42 | 5.44 | 6.50 | 4.22 | $+8.1$ | $+9.0$ | +12.8 | $+6.1$ | +17.1 |
| Recent variation in growth |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11/29/67-7/3/68 | -159 | 515 | 5.25 | 5.24 | 5.48 | 6.47 | 4.15 |  |  | $+3.5$ | $+8.0$ | $+5.2$ |
| 7/3/68-12/18/68 | -203 | 516 | 5.90 | 5.34 | 5.40 | 6.47 | 4.21 |  |  | +14.1 | + 3.4 | +18.1 |
| 12/18/68-2/26/69 | -524 | 838 | 6.44 | 6.14 | 6.04 | 6.92\% | 4.64 |  |  | - 4.0 | + 6.2 | - 9.9 |

$\frac{1}{2}$ Includes issues carrying 5 -year and 10 -year call protection, *-issues carry a 10 -year call protection.
2/ Time deposits adjusted at all commercial banks.
$\frac{3}{4}$ Base is change for month preceding specified period or in case of weekly periods, the first week shown.
Average of total number of days in period. $\quad$ - Preliminary n.a. - Not available.
${ }^{*} \bar{*}$ - Reflects $\$ 400$ million reduction in member bank deposits resulting from withdrawal of a large country bank from System membership. Percentage annual rates are adjusted to eliminate this break in series.

February 28, 1969.
from a small surplus in the last week of January and early February to a sizeable deficit on average in the past three weeks. During this period banks were unable to build up Euro-dollar borrowings much further, although paying increasingly high interest rates, Undor the pressure of market demands, and in view of the tendency for short bill rates to decline throughout much of February, the Federal funds rate was permitted to rise, with the daily effective rate often $6-3 / 4$ per cent and occasionally higher--though the average rate was around 6-1/2 per cent.
(4) Member bank borrowings in the last four statement weeks have ranged roughly between $\$ 750$ million and $\$ 1$ billion, but were closer to the lower number in three of the four weeks. The average level of borrowings during the period-- $\$ 836$ million--was about $\$ 120$ million above that of the preceding four weeks. The increase took place mainly at reserve city banks outside New York and Chicago and to a lesser extent at country banks. Excess reserves during the recent four weeks remained near earlier reduced levels, and net borrowed reserves were generally in a $\$ 500-\$ 700$ million range.
(5) Bank credit in February, as measured by the proxy plus Eura-dollar borrowings through foreign branches, is now estimated to have increased at about a 2 per cent annual rate, compared to a 0 to 3 per cent rate of decline projected in the last Blue Book. The relative strength in the proxy reflects primarily a stronger-than-anticipated performance of private demand deposits at member banks, including interbank deposits. The money supply is estimated to have grown at a 2-1/2 per
cent annual rate, instead of declining. Currency grew more than expected, and the larger-than-anticipated attrition in the mid-February refunding led to a higher average level of private demand deposits.
(6) Time and savings deposits declined at about a 9-1/2 per cent annual rate on average in February, impelled mainly by continued attrition of $C D$ 's, estimated at around $\$ 1$ billion over the course of the month, Other time and savings deposits, after contracting in January, began to rise in February in about seasonal proportions.
(7) The following table sumarizes annual rates of change in major reserve and deposit aggregates for 1968 and for the first two months of 1969:

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } 67- \\ & \text { June '68 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July '68- } \\ & \text { Dec. } 68 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } 69- \\ & \text { Feb. } \quad 69 \mathrm{p} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total reserves | 3.7 | 9.0 | 4.8 |
| Nonborrowed reserves | -0.1 | 8.1 | 4.8 |
| Bank credit, as indicated by: |  |  |  |
| Proxy | 3.7 | 12.8 | -2.8 |
| Proxy plus Euro-dollars | 4.7 | 13.0 | -- |
| Total loans and investments (as of last Wednesday of month) | 6.7 | 14.9 | 2.8 |
| Money supply | 6.1 | 6.1 | 2.8 |
| Time and savings deposits | 5.8 | 17.1 | -10.0 |
| Savings accounts at thrift institutions | 6.1 | 6.3 | 4.4 $4^{1 /}$ |

[^1]
## Prospective developments

(8) Over the coming four weeks, the relationships among day-to-day money market rates, marginal eeserve measures, and other shortterm market variables may continue roughly in track with experience of the past two months, as best can be gauged at this point. A 3-month bill in a $6-6.25$ per cent range might be consistent with a Federal funds rate averaging in a $6-3 / 8-6-5 / 8$ per cent range, with member bank borrowings in a $\$ 700-\$ 900$ million range, and net borrowed reserves in a $\$ 500$ - $\$ 700$ million range. However, both the Federal funds and member bank borrowings could move higher at times in reflection of shifting borrowing tactics by banks as they adapt to potential and actual money market strains--for example, in connection with tax dates.
(9) In addition to the possibility of a prime loan rate increase and the high cost of Euro-dollar funds, two other influences may tend to sustain bill rates in the projected range over the period immediately ahead. One is the Treasury's stated need to raise around \$2 billion of new cash for payment in early April, which presumably will be in the short-term area. The other is possible large demands by business for short-term financing from banks or in the market to meet relatively large March-April corporate income tax payments at a time when there may still be a relatively large, even though diminishing, need to finance additional inventories.
(10) However, there is some probability that the 3-month Treasury bill rate may drop below the lower end of the range as March progresses,
even within a generally unchanged constellation of other money market conditions. Such a decline would hinge on the effects of the beginnings of seasonal repayment of Federal debt, in combination with continuation of recent pattern of very limited market supplies of short bills and sizeable market demands for short-term instruments. These demands may reflect in part liquidity desires of institutional investors and individuals who may be uncertain about, among other things, future stock market trends. The bill rate may also tend to decline if the muchrumored prime loan rate increase does not develop.
(11) Demands for day-to-day borrowings by banks are likely to be reinforced in the weeks ahead by continued attrition in outstanding CD's at a time of expected strong seasonal loan demands and reduced bank liquidity. In March, outstanding large $C D$ 's at banks are expected to decline by about a further $\$ 1$ billion, assuming a bill rate at around the mid-point of the range noted in paragraph (8). Other time and savings at banks are expected to show a little more than seasonal growth. Overall, total time and savings deposits are likely to decline in a 3 - 6 per cent, annual rate, range.
(12) The money supply is likely to show a marked bulge in March-oto expansion in a 5-9 per cent annual rate range--as U.S. Government deposits are drawn down sharply, on average, following a build-up, seasonally adjusted, in the previous two months. The March rate of money supply growth is not expected to be sustained into spring, since it is anticipated that transactions demands for cash will be

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moderating in line with slower GNP growth and that Government cash balances will be rising from their average level in March.
(13) With time deposits continuing to contract on average, with total demand deposits showing little net change (as U.S. Government deposit declines offset private demand deposit increases), and with borrowings abroad costly and perhaps limited in availability, outstanding bank credit is expected to decline somewhat, on average, in March. As measured on a daily-average basis by total member bank deposits, the bank credit proxy is expected to decline in a $4-7$ per cent annual rate range. If Euro-dollar borrowings remain at about current levels, the adjusted bank credit proxy is likely to decline in a 3-5 per cent annual rate range. This decline is not expected to persist into April; continued CD attrition may be roughly offset by a build up in U.S. Government deposits and growth in other time and savings deposits at somewhat more than a seasonal pace, assuming the bulk of interestsensitive funds in this category of deposits have already been withdrawn.
(14) The expected continued strength of loan demands at banks in the face of reduced availabilities of funds suggests that banks will be forced to continue liquidating U.S. Government securities, to withdraw further from the municipal market, and perhaps to begin reducing their advances to the mortgage market. Thus, long-term interest rates are expected to continue under upward pressure. Any reduction in over-all credit demands either because of the high cost of borrowing generally or because of a slowing in economic expansion would tend to counteract the upward rate pressures generated by the immediate impact of monetary policy on bank reserves and credit.

Table A-1
MARGINAL RESERVE MEASURES
(Dollar amounts in millions, based on period averages of daily figures)

| Period |  | Excess reserves | Member banks borrowings | Freereserves |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | As revised todate |  |  | As first published each week | As <br> expected at conclusion of each week's open market operations |
| Monthly (reserves weeks ending in): |  | 389 | 368 |  |  |  |
| 1968--Febr | y |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marc |  | 337 | 649 | $-312$ |  |  |
| Apri |  | 348 | 689 | -341 |  |  |
| May |  | 354 | 728 | -374 |  |  |
| June |  | 341 | 727 | -386 |  |  |
| July |  | 331 | 523 | -192 |  |  |
| Augu |  | 337 | 577 | -240 |  |  |
| Sept |  | 346 | 492 | -146 |  |  |
| Octo |  | 267 | 458 | -191 |  |  |
| Nove |  | 286 | 541 | -255 |  |  |
| Dece |  | 444 | 744 | -300 |  |  |
| 1969--Janu |  | 224 | 715 | -491 |  |  |
| Febr | y $p$ | 232 | 836 | -604 |  |  |
| Weekly: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1968--Dec. | 4 | 479 | 531 | - 52 | -114 | -203 |
|  | 11 | 52 | 434 | -382 | -443 | -446 |
|  | 18 | 368 | 575 | -207 | -274 | -256 |
|  | 25 | 420 | 859 | -439 | -525 | -369 |
| 1969--Jan. | 1 | 901 | 1,320 | -419 | -488 | -473 |
|  | 8 | 202 | 498 | -296 | -365 | -349 |
|  | 15 | 232 | 687 | -455 | -542 | -533 |
|  | 22 | 273 | 782 | -509 | -572 | -610 |
|  | 29 | 188 | 891 | -703 | -758 | -779 |
| Feb. | 5 | 235 | $744$ | -509 | -568 | -615 |
|  | 12 p | 176 | 797 | -621 | -631 | -716 |
|  | 19 p | 349 | 1,043 | -694 | -721 | -726 |
|  | 26 p | 166 | 758 | -592 | -592 | -641 |

p - Preliminary

TABLE A-2
AGGREGATE RESERVES AND RELATED MEASURES
Retrospective Changes, Seasonally Adjusted
(In per cent, annual rates based on monthly averages of daily figures)


Chart 1

## MEMBER BANK RESERVES



Chart 2
MEMBER BANK DEPOSITS AND LIABILITIES TO OVERSEAS BRANCHES
BILLIONS OF DOLLARS


Chart 3

## MONEY SUPPLY AND BANK DEPOSITS



Chart 4
DEMAND DEPOSITS AND CURRENCY


## MAJOR SOURCES AND USES OF RESERVES

## Retrospective and Prospective

(Dollar amounts in millions, based on weekly averages of daily figures)


1 For retrospective details, see $B-4$.

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2/ For factors included, see Table B-3.
3/ For required reserves by type of deposits, see Table B-2
4/ See reverse side for explanation.
 Jan. 18, 1968.

Table B-2
CHANGES IN REQUIRED RESERVE COMPONENTS
Retrospective and Prospective Seasonal and Nonseasonal Changes
(Dollar amounts in millions, based on weekly averages of daily figures)


1/ Reflects reserve requirement changes in March 1967 and January 1968.
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Table B-3
TECHNICAL FAGTORS AFFECTING RESERVES
Retrospective and Prospective Changes
(Dollar amounts in millions, based on weekly averages of daily figures)

| Period | Technical factors (net) | Treasury operations | Float | Foreign deposits and gold loans | Other nonmember deposits and <br> F. R. accounts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACTUAL | (Sign indicates effect on reserves) |  |  |  |  |
| Year: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1967 (12/28/66-12/27/67) | - 165 | - 85 | - 389 | - 7 | + 316 |
| 1968 (12/27/67-12/25/68) | +3,039 | + 928 | +1,309 | - 67 | +869 |
| Year-to-date: |  |  |  |  |  |
| (12/27/67-2/28/68) | - 899 | - 214 | - 832 | $+3$ | $+144$ |
| (12/25/68-2/26/69) | -1,523 | - 109 | -1,104 | + 88 | - 398 |
| Weekly: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969--J an. | - 211 | - 119 | + 26 | $+\quad 2$ | - 120 |
| 8 | - 380 | - 19 | - 372 | - 2 | + 123 |
| 15 | - 346 | + 16 | - 321 | $+1$ | - 42 |
| 22 | $+\quad 179$ | + 18 | + 68 | $+15$ | + 78 |
| 29 | - 776 | - 166 | - 584 | + 69 | - 95 |
| Feb. $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 12 \mathrm{p} \\ 19\end{array}$ | + 55 | + 223 | - 10 | $+3$ | - 161 |
|  | - 265 | - 335 | + 65 | - 4 | + 41 |
|  | + 187 | +161 | + 44 | -- | - 18 |
|  | - 76 | + 112 | + 12 | $+4$ | - 204 |
| PROJECTED |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969--Mar. 5 | - 70 | - 45 | -- | $+10$ | - 35 |
| 12 | - 25 | + 105 | - 160 | -- | $+30$ |
| 19 | + 415 | -- | + 240 | -- | + 175 |
| 26 | - 80 | -- | - 80 | -- | -- |

p - Preliminary.

Table B-4
SOURCE OF FEDERAL RESERVE CREDIT
Retrospective Changes
(Dollar amounts in millions of dollars, based on weekly averages of daily figures)


Chart Reference Table C-1
TOTAL, NONBORROWED AND REQUIRED RESERVES
Seasonally Adjusted
(Dollar amounts in millions, based on monthly averages of daily figures)

| Period | Total reserves | Nonborrowed reserves | Required reserves |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Against private deposits |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Demand |
| 1966--Jan. | 22,785 | 22,325 | 22,456 | 21,936 | 16,822 |
| Feb. | 22,857 | 22,376 | 22,507 | 21,996 | 16,877 |
| Mar. | 22,888 | 22,331 | 22,512 | 22,115 | 16,957 |
| Apr. | 23,118 | 22,490 | 22,714 | 22,283 | 17,043 |
| May | 23,192 | 22,486 | 22,773 | 22,331 | 17,030 |
| June 1/ | 23,149 | 22,472 | 22,780 | 22,361 | 17,043 |
| July | 23,293 | 22,552 | 22,864 | 22,344 | 16,963 |
| Aug. | 23,029 | 22,336 | 22,687 | 22,320 | 16,908 |
| Sept. | 23,065 | 22,319 | 22,712 | 22,349 | 16,922 |
| Oct. | 22,954 | 22,243 | 22,629 | 22,229 | 16,827 |
| Nov. | 22,915 | 22,303 | 22,593 | 22,198 | 16,810 |
| Dec. | 22,895 | 22,286 | 22,600 | 22,262 | 16,825 |
| 1967--Jan. | 23,217 | 22,770 | 22,875 | 22,298 | 16,774 |
| Feb. | 23,471 | 23,107 | 23,134 | 22,559 | 16,959 |
| Mar. | 23.869 | 23,668 | 23,383 | 22,785 | 17,101 |
| Apr. | 23.910 | 23,775 | 23,529 | 22,779 | 17,015 |
| May | 23,952 | 23,874 | 23,531 | 23,071 | 17,244 |
| June | 24,105 | 23,982 | 23,660 | 23,387 | 17,472 |
| Juiy | 24, 342 | 24. 279 | 23,960 | 23,578 | 17,582 |
| Aug. | 24,627 | 24.586 | 24,234 | 23,776 | 17,701 |
| Sept. | 24,786 | 24,721 | 24,476 | 23,850 | 17.704 |
| Oct. | 25,121 | 25,020 | 24,810 | 23,995 | 17,805 |
| Nov. | 25,275 | 25,142 | 24,947 | 24,122 | 17,879 |
| Dec. | 25,153 | 24,848 | 24,914 | 24,157 | 17,860 |
| 1968--Jan. | 25,500 | 25,193 | 25,151 | 24,270 | 17,974 |
| Feb. | 25,765 | 25,401 | 25,389 | 24,333 | 18,025 |
| Mar. | 25,812 | 25,135 | 25,402 | 24,431 | 18,082 |
| Apr. | 25,623 | 24,938 | 25,276 | 24,487 | 18,133 |
| May | 25,711 | 24,984 | 25,236 | 24,751 | 18,387 |
| June | 25,816 | 25,121 | 25,438 | 24,925 | 18,550 |
| July | 25,923 | 25,425 | 25,601 | 25,188 | 18,727 |
| Aug. | 26,431 | 25,918 | 26,053 | 25,340 | 18,765 |
| Sept. | 26,395 | 25,947 | 26,158 | 25,294 | 18,621 |
| Oct. | 26,610 | 26,211 | 26, 344 | 25,528 | 18,746 |
| Nov. | 26,732 | 26,160 | 26,524 | 25,749 | 18,883 |
| Dec. | 26,976 | 26,139 | 26,686 | 26,050 | 19,088 |
| 1969--Jan. | 27,161 | 26,412 | 26,998 | 25,921 | 19,066 |
| Feb. p | 27,190 | 26,346 | 27,014 | 25,927 | 19,167 |

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/ Break in series due to redefinition of time deposits effective June 9, 1966, which reduced required reserves by $\$ 34$ million.

Table C-2
DEPOSITS SUPPORTED BY REQUIRED RESERVES AT ALL MEMBER BANKS
Seasonally Adjusted
(Dollar amounts in billions, based on monthly averages of daily figures)

| Period | Total member bank deposits (credit 1/) | Time deposits | Private demand deposits 2/ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U.S. Gov't. } \\ & \text { demand } \\ & \text { deposits } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1966--July | 245.8 | 128.1 | 112.6 | 5.1 |
| Aug. | 245.6 | 128.8 | 112.3 | 4.5 |
| Sept. | 245.5 | 129.2 | 112.4 | 4.0 |
| Oct. | 244.4 | 128.6 | 111.7 | 4.0 |
| Nov. | 244.0 | 128.3 | 111.6 | 4.1 |
| Dec. | 244.6 | 129.4 | 111.7 | 3.5 |
| 1967--Jan. | 247.7 | 131.5 | 111.4 | 4.8 |
| Feb . | 251.0 | 133.3 | 112.6 | 5.1 |
| Mar. | 254.0 | 135.3 | 113.6 | 5.1 |
| Apr. | 255.8 | 137.2 | 113.0 | 5.6 |
| May | 257.2 | 138.7 | 114.5 | 4.0 |
| June | 259.5 | 140.8 | 116.0 | 2.6 |
| July | 262.4 | 142.8 | 116.7 | 2.9 |
| Aug. | 266.1 | 144.6 | 117.5 | 4.0 |
| Sept. | 268.4 | 146.3 | 117.6 | 4.5 |
| Oct. | 270.8 | 147.4 | 118.2 | 5.2 |
| Nov. | 272.9 | 148.6 | 118.7 | 5.6 |
| Dec. | 273.2 | 149.9 | 118.6 | 4.6 |
| 1968--Jan. | 274.7 | 149.9 | 119.4 | 5.4 |
| Feb. | 277.0 | 150.2 | 119.7 | 7.1 |
| Mar. | 278.0 | 151.2 | 120.1 | 6.7 |
| Apr. | 276.9 | 151.3 | 120.4 | 5.2 |
| May | 277.3 | 151.5 | 122.1 | 3.7 |
| June | 278.8 | 151.8 | 123.2 | 3.9 |
| July | 280.9 | 153.8 | 124.3 | 2.7 |
| Aug. | 285.9 | 156.5 | 124.6 | 4.8 |
| Sept. | 287.9 | 158.9 | 123.6 | 5.3 |
| Oct. | 290.9 | 161.5 | 124.5 | 5.0 |
| Nov. | 293.6 | 163.5 | 125.4 | 4.7 |
| Dec. | 296.7 | 165.8 | 126.7 | 4.2 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { 1969--Jan. } \\ \text { Feb. p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 295.1 \\ & 294.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 163.2 \\ & 160.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 126.6 \\ & 127.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.3 \\ & 6.7 \end{aligned}$ |

1/ Includes all deposits subject to reserve requirements--i.e., the total of time, private demand, and U.S. Government demand deposits. Movements in this aggregate correspond closely with movements in total member bank credit.
2/ Private demand deposits include demand deposits of individuals, partnerships and corporations and net interbank balances.
p - Preliminary.

TABLE C-2a
DEPOSITS SUPPORTED BY REQUIRED RESERVES AT ALL MEMBER BANKS
Seasonally adjusted
(Dollar amounts in billions, based on weekly averages of daily figures)

| Week ending: |  | Total member bank deposits (credit) $1 /$ | Time deposits | Private demand deposits $2 /$ | ```U. S. Gov't. demand deposits``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1968--Aug, | 7 | 284.7 | 155.5 | 125.0 | 4.2 |
|  | 14 | 285.0 | 156.0 | 123.9 | 5.2 |
|  | 21 | 286.4 | 156.8 | 124.9 | 4.7 |
|  | 28 | 287.0 | 157.4 | 124.7 | 4.9 |
| Sept. | 4 | 286.7 | 157.9 | 124.7 | 4.1 |
|  | 11 | 287.0 | 158.3 | 124.1 | 4.6 |
|  | 18 | 287.8 | 158.9 | 123.5 | 5.4 |
|  | 25 | 288.8 | 159.4 | 123.4 | 6.0 |
| Oct. | 2 | 290.3 | 160. 4 | 124.0 | 6.2 |
|  | 9 | 290.4 | 160.8 | 123.9 | 5.7 |
|  | 16 | 289.9 | 161.1 | 125.1 | 3.7 |
|  | 23 | 289.5 | 161.9 | 123.7 | 3.9 |
|  | 30 | 292.7 | 162.2 | 124.3 | 6.2 |
| Nov, | 6 | 293.9 | 162.6 | 125.5 | 5.8 |
|  | 13 | 293.6 | 163.0 | 124.2 | 6.3 |
|  | 20 | 292.9 | 163.6 | 125.9 | 3.4 |
|  | 27 | 294.1 | 164.7 | 126.1 | 3.4 |
| Dec. | 4 | 294.8 | 165.3 | 126.3 | 3.2 |
|  | 11 | 296.4 | 165.9 | 126.3 | 4.2 |
|  | 18 | 296.9 | 166.1 | 126.4 | 4.4 |
|  | 25 | 296.7 | 166.1 | 126.9 | 3.7 |
| 1969--Jan. | 1 | 297.4 | 165.5 | 127.9 | 4.0 |
|  | 8 | 297.2 | 164.4 | 128.2 | 4.5 |
|  | 15 | 294.9 | 163.9 | 126.7 | 4.3 |
|  | 22 | 294.4 | 162.8 | 126.0 | 5.6 |
|  | 29 | 293.8 | 162.1 | 124.9 | 6.8 |
| Feb. | 5 | 294.1 | 161.4 | 126.2 | 6.5 |
|  | 12 p | 295.5 | 161.1 | 126.4 | 8.0 |
|  | 19 p | 295.5 | 160.9 | 127.8 | 6.8 |
|  | 26 p | 294.6 | 160.5 | 128.2 | 5.9 |

p - Preliminary,
1/ Includes all deposits subject to reserve requirements--i.e., the total of time, private demand, and U.S. Government demand deposits. Movements in this aggregate correspond closely with movements in total member bank credit.
2/ Private demand deposits include demand deposits on individuals, partnerships and corporations and net interbank balances.

TABLE C-3
MONEY SUPPLY AND TIME DEPOSITS AT ALL COMMERCIAL BANKS
Seasonally adjusted
(Dollar amounts in billions, based on monthly averages of daily figures)

| Monthly | Money Supply | Currency 1/ | Private Demand Deposits 2/ | Time Deposits Adjusted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1966--July | 169.9 | 37.6 | 132.3 | 155.9 |
| Aug. | 170.0 | 37.8 | 132.2 | 156.9 |
| Sept. | 170.5 | 37.9 | 132.6 | 157.7 |
| Oct. | 170.2 | 38.0 | 132.1 | 157.3 |
| Nov. | 170.2 | 38.2 | 132.0 | 156.9 |
| Dec. | 170.4 | 38.3 | 132.1 | 158.1 |
| 1967--Jan. | 170.3 | 38.5 | 131.8 | 161.0 |
| Feb. | 171.8 | 38.7 | 133.0 | 163.5 |
| Mar. | 173.2 | 38.9 | 134.3 | 165.9 |
| Apr. | 172.5 | 39.0 | 133.5 | 168.1 |
| May | 174.4 | 39.1 | 135.3 | 170.1 |
| June | 176.0 | 39.3 | 136.7 | 172.6 |
| July | 177.8 | 39.4 | 138.4 | 174.8 |
| Aug. | 178.9 | 39.5 | 139.4 | 177.2 |
| Sept. | 179.1 | 39.7 | 139.4 | 179.4 |
| Oct. | 180.2 | 39.9 | 140.2 | 180.6 |
| Nov. | 181.0 | 40.1 | 141.0 | 182.0 |
| Dec. | 181.3 | 40.4 | 140.9 | 183.5 |
| 1968--Jan. | 182.3 | 40.6 | 141.7 | 184.1 |
| Feb. | 182.7 | 40.7 | 141.9 | 185.2 |
| Mar. | 183.4 | 41.1 | 142.2 | 186.7 |
| Apr. | 184.3 | 41.4 | 143.0 | 187.1 |
| May | 186.1 | 41.6 | 144.5 | 187.6 |
| June | 187.4 | 42.0 | 145.4 | 188.2 |
| Ju1y | 189.4 | 42.2 | 147.2 | 190.4 |
| Aug. | 190.3 | 42.6 | 147.6 | 193.8 |
| Sept. | 189.5 | 42.7 | 146.7 | 196.6 |
| Oct. | 190.2 | 42.8 | 147.4 | 199.5 |
| Nov. | 191.9 | 43.2 | 148.7 | 201.9 |
| Dec. | 193.1 | 43.4 | 149.6 | 204.3 |
| 1969--Jan. | $193.6$ | 43.6 | 150.1 | 202.5 |
| Feb. p | 194.0 | 43.9 | 150.2 | 200.9 |

1/ Includes currency outside the Treasury, the Federal Reserve, and the vaults of all commercial banks.
2/ Includes (1) demand deposits at all commercial banks, other than those due to domestic commercial banks and the U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection and Federal Reserve float; and (2) foreign demand balances at Federal Reserve Banks.
p - Preliminary.
table C-3a
MONEY SUPPLY AND TIME DEPOSITS AT ALL COMmercial banks
Seasonally Adjusted
(Dollar amounts in billions, based on weekly averages of daily figures)

| Week Ending |  | Money Supply | Currency 1/ | Private Demand Deposits 2/ | Time Deposits adjusted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1968--Aug. | 7 | 190.4 | 42.2 | 148.1 | 192.5 |
|  | 14 | 189.7 | 42.5 | 147.1 | 193.3 |
|  | 21 | 190.4 | 42.6 | 147.8 | 194.0 |
|  | 28 | 190.2 | 42.7 | 147.5 | 194.6 |
|  | 4 | 190.3 | 42.7 | 147.5 | 195.2 |
|  | 11 | 190.2 | 42.6 | 147.5 | 195.8 |
|  | 18 | 188.7 | 42.7 | 146.0 | 196.6 |
|  | 25 | 188.5 | 42.6 | 145.9 | 197.2 |
| Oct. | 2 | 190.0 | 42.7 | 147.3 | 198.1 |
|  | 9 | 189.9 | 42.9 | 147.0 | 198.7 |
|  | 16 | 191.0 | 42.8 | 148.1 | 199.1 |
|  | 23 | 189.4 | 42.8 | 146.5 | 200.0 |
|  | 30. | 189.9 | 42.9 | 147.0 | 200.4 |
| Nov. | 6 | 191.9 | 42.9 | 149.0 | 200.8 |
|  | 13 | 190.6 | 43.2 | 147.3 | 201.4 |
|  | 20 | 192.2 | 43.2 | 149.0 | 201.7 |
|  | 27 | 193.3 | 43.4 | 149.9 | 202.9 |
| Dec. | 4 | 192.9 | 43.5 | 149.4 | 203.7 |
|  | 11 | 193.1 | 43.5 | 149.6 | 204.1 |
|  | 18 | 192.7 | 43.4 | 149.2 | 204.5 |
|  | 25 | 192.7 | 43.4 | 149.3 | 204.6 |
| 1969--Jan. | 1 | 193.7 | 43.4 | 150.3 | 204.1 |
|  | 8 | 195.4 | 43.5 | 151.9 | 203.3 |
|  | 15 | 193.8 | 43.5 | 150.2 | 202.8 |
|  | 22 | 193.6 | 43.6 | 150.0 | 202.1 |
|  | 29 | 191.6 | 43.5 | 148.1 | 201.5 |
| Feb. | 5 | 192.8 | 43.7 | 149.1 | 201.0 |
|  | 12 | 193.0 | 43.9 | 149.1 | 201.0 |
|  |  | 195.0 | 44.0 | 151.0 | 201.1 |
|  |  | 195.0 | 43.8 | 151.2 | 200.6 |

1/ Includes currency outside the Treasury, the Federal Reserve and the vaults of all commercial banks.
2/ Includes (1) demand deposits at all commercial banks, other than those due to domestic commercial banks and the U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection and Federal Reserve float; and (2) foreign demand balances of Federal Reserve Banks.
p - Preliminary.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ In some cases, original copies needed to be photocopied before being scanned into electronic format. All scanned images were deskewed (to remove the effects of printer- and scanner-introduced tilting) and lightly cleaned (to remove dark spots caused by staple holes, hole punches, and other blemishes caused after initial printing).
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[^1]:    NOTE: Dates are inclusive. p--preliminary.
    1/ January only.

