

judge. to the Secretary of the Treasury, to obtain a remission of the forfeiture. To the truths of these facts the petitioner made oath on the 12th of September, 1813. The petition presented to the district judge, states that the said goods were a consignment of Samuel Guppy, a British merchant, resident in England, to the house of Vanuxum & Clarke, but that, when he purchased them, he was not informed of that fact. A copy of said petition is herewith reported, as also a letter addressed to the committee by the Secretary of the Treasury, at their request, showing why the equitable powers vested in him do not apply to the petitioner's case.

The committee are of opinion, that, if the petitioner bought said goods, unapprized that the invoices were fraudulent, that he has legal remedy for any damage he may thereby incur against the said Vanuxum & Clarke; and they are bound to believe the fact of his ignorance, as he has made oath to it; nor does he appear unapprized of his remedy against Vanuxum & Clarke, as he notices it in his petition. The committee believe that Congress have, in no instance, by special act, authorized a remitting of forfeitures of goods, shipped after the twenty-third day of June, from British ports, and by British subjects, and certainly not shipments made after war was known to exist at the ports of shipment. The want of authority in the Secretary of the Treasury to take cognizance of this case, arises solely from the forfeiture having been incurred while the goods were in the hands of the consignees. The committee are, therefore, of opinion, that the said petitioner having legal remedy, is not entitled to relief from Congress, and that regularity of proceedings, as well as justice, requires there should not, in this case, be legislative interference. They, therefore, submit the following resolution:

Resolved, That the petitioner have leave to withdraw his petition.

13th CONGRESS.]

No. 452.

[3d SESSION.]

PUBLIC DEBT.

COMMUNICATED TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, MARCH 2, 1815.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, February 24, 1815.

SIR:

I have the honor to submit to the consideration of the Committee of Ways and Means, a proposition to provide for paying the interest, and gradually reducing the stock debt, which has been created during the late war. It was my intention to have accompanied this communication with tables, illustrating, in detail, the operation of the sinking fund, as well as the effect of the present proposition, but various causes render the performance of this task impracticable, before the adjournment of Congress, and I cannot do better than to refer to the report which was made by the Treasury Department to the House of Representatives, on the 9th of April, 1808, exhibiting explanatory statements and notes of the public debt, its increase or decrease, from the 1st of January, 1791, to the 1st of January, 1808. I shall, therefore, confine my views to, 1st, the general state of the public debt before the war: 2d, the general state of the public debt contracted since the war; and, 3d, the particular provision to be now made for the last description of the public debt.

I. On the 31st December, 1814, the amount of the public debt, created before the war, may be estimated at \$39,905,183 66; and it consisted of the following particulars:

1. Old six per cent. stock, the nominal amount being	-	-	-	17,250,871 39	
Of which there had been reimbursed,	-	-	-	12,879,283 78	
Leaving due on the 31st December, 1814,	-	-	-		4,371,587 61
2. Deferred six per cent. stock, the nominal amount being	-	-	-	9,358,320 35	
Of which there had been reimbursed,	-	-	-	3,971,148 36	
Leaving due on the 31st December, 1814,	-	-	-		5,387,171 99
3. Three per cent. stock,	-	-	-	-	16,158,177 34
4. Exchanged six per cent. stock under the act of 1812,	-	-	-	-	2,984,746 72
5. Six per cent. stock of 1796,	-	-	-	-	80,000 00
6. Louisiana six per cent. stock,	-	-	-	-	10,922,500 00

Estimated amount of the whole of the public debt, contracted before the war, due on the 31st of December, 1814, - - - - - \$39,905,183 66

Upon the principles and estimates of the treasury report, of the 9th of April, 1808, it was computed—	
1. That, on the 1st of January, 1808, the public debt amounted to	64,700,000 00
2. If, therefore, the amount of the public debt, computed to be due on the 31st December, 1814, be deducted, to wit,	39,905,183 66

The amount redeemed between the 1st of January, 1808, and the 31st of December, 1814, may be estimated at - - - - - \$24,794,816 34

The establishment of a sinking fund, to redeem the principal of the public debt, was coeval with the funding system of 1790; but the payment of the interest of the debt was not charged upon that fund until 1802. The amount of the public debt was increased, during the several years that intervened between January, 1791, and January, 1803, and the sinking fund was enriched, at various periods, by the assignment of additional revenues. The acts of the 8th of May, 1792, the 3d of March, 1795, the 29th of April, 1802, and the 10th of November, 1803, form, however, the principal basis of the present sinking fund, providing for the annual payment of the interest, as well as for the gradual redemption of the debt.

Under the authority of these acts of Congress, the sinking fund amounts to the sum of \$8,000,000 annually, which, at this time, is supplied from the following sources:

1. From the interest on such parts of the public debt as have been reimbursed, or paid off, and which, at present, amounts to the sum of	-	-	-	1,969,577 64
2. From the nett proceeds of the sales of public lands, (exclusive of lands sold in the Mississippi territory, which, as yet, belong to the State of Georgia) estimated, annually, at the sum of	-	-	-	800,000 00
3. From the proceeds of duties on imports and tonnage, to make the annual sum of \$8,000,000, estimated at about	-	-	-	5,230,422 36
				<u>\$8,000,000 00</u>

II. On the 31st of December, 1814, the amount of the public debt, created since the war, (independent of temporary loans and issues of treasury notes) may be estimated at - - - \$49,780,322 13

And it consisted of the following particulars:

1. Six per cent. stock of 1812, (the eleven millions loan)	-	-	-	-	\$7,710,000 00
2. Do. do. 1813, (the sixteen millions loan)	-	-	-	-	18,109,377 51
3. Do. do. 1813, (the seven millions five hundred thousand loan)	-	-	-	-	8,498,583 50
4. Do. do. 1814, (the loan of ten millions, part of the loan authorized for twenty-five millions)	-	-	-	-	9,919,476 25
5. Do. do. 1814, (the loan of six millions, part of the loan authorized for twenty-five millions)	-	-	-	-	4,342,875 00
					<u>48,580,312 26</u>

But it is proper to bring into view here, the additional six per cent. stock, which will be created in consequence of contracts depending on the 31st of December, 1814, to be completed in 1815, to wit:

1. The committee of defence of Philadelphia contracted to loan \$100,000 to fortify the island in the river Delaware, called the Pea Patch, for six per cent. stock at par, which will be issued under the act of March, 1812,	-	-	-	-	100,000 00
2. The corporation of New York contracted to advance money for fortifications, supplies, &c. at New York, on the terms of the six millions loan, and the amount being liquidated, six per cent. stock has been ordered for	-	-	-	1,100,009 87	
					<u>1,200,009 87</u>
					<u>\$49,780,322 13</u>

There are, however, other contracts for loans, made through the medium of the War Department, which have been recognised at the treasury, to be paid in six per cent. stock, but which have not been so liquidated, as to furnish a ground to estimate their amount.

The six per cent. stock, which was issued under the act of the 24th of March, 1814, amounting to \$3,000,000, and sent to Europe, has not been, and probably will not be, sold. It is, therefore, omitted in the present estimates.

Besides the funded debt, above stated, there have been contracted debts to the amount of \$19,002,800, upon temporary loans, and upon the issues of treasury notes, consisting of the following particulars:

1. Temporary loans have been obtained under the act of March, 1812, (of which the sum of \$500,000 became due in December, 1814, and remains unpaid; and of which \$50,000 will be payable in the year 1817, for	-	-	-	-	550,000 00
2. Treasury notes had been issued or ordered on the 20th of February, 1815.					
(1.) Payable on or before the 1st January, 1815, due and unpaid, principal,	-	2,799,200 00			
(2.) Payable since the 1st of January, 1815, due and unpaid,	-	620,000 00			
(3.) Payable almost daily, from the 11th of March, to and including the 1st of January, 1816,	-	7,227,280 00			
(4.) Payable from the 11th of January, to and including the 1st March, 1816,	-	7,806,320 00			
					<u>18,452,800 00</u>

Making floating public debt, in temporary loans and issues of treasury notes,	-	-	-	-	19,002,800 00
To which add the amount of funded debt,	-	-	-	-	49,780,322 13

And the whole of the ascertained amount of debt created during the war, is the sum of - \$68,783,122 13

The general claims for militia services and supplies, arising under the authority of the individual States, as well as of the United States, have been partially exhibited; but neither the principle of settlement, nor the amount of the claims, can, at this time, be stated.

III. In suggesting provisions to pay the interest, and gradually to reduce the principal of the public debt, contracted since the declaration of war, the inconvenience which has been introduced, by making the payment of the principal and interest of the treasury notes a charge upon the sinking fund, is greatly to be lamented. The treasury notes were, in their design, and ought to be in their use, a species of circulating medium; but it is evident that a sinking fund of eight millions of dollars could never supply the means of paying the prior claims, and, also, of discharging, punctually, the whole of the principal, as well as the interest, of annual issues of treasury notes, amounting to eight or ten millions of dollars. It is indispensable, therefore, to the free and beneficial operation of the sinking fund, that it should be disengaged, as soon as possible, from this burden. The means of disengaging it are, 1st, by the payment of the treasury notes out of the current revenue; or, 2d, by funding them upon reasonable terms, under the act by which it is proposed to authorize a loan for the service of the year 1815; and these means, it is believed, will be effectual.

The sinking fund being thus emancipated from the treasury note debt, would be sufficient, in 1815, for the interest and reimbursement of the stock created before the war; for the interest of the stock created since the war; and for the interest of the loan to be raised for the present year, either in money, or by converting the treasury note debt into stock debt. Thus,

1. The sinking fund amounts to	-	-	-	-	\$8,000,000 00
2. The interest and reimbursement of stocks created before the war, will require a sum of	\$3,452,775 46				
3. The interest on the stocks created since the war, (computed on the above sum of \$49,780,322 13) and including \$7,968, payable for annuities, will require a sum of	2,994,787 32				
4. The interest on the loan for 1815, (computed to average a half year's interest on the sum of \$11,500,000, being the estimated amount of the treasury notes which may be converted into stocks) will require a sum of	-	-	-	345,000 00	
5. But there must be added, the interest and principal of the temporary loans, due and unpaid, which were obtained under the authority to borrow, granted by the act of the — March, 1812, amounting, for 1815, to the sum of	-	-	-	533,000 00	
					<u>7,325,562 78</u>

And would leave a surplus of - - - \$674,437 22

It appears, on this view of the sinking fund, (independent of the operation of the past year) that there will be a surplus of \$674,437 22, to be further applied to the reduction of the principal, both of the old and the new public debt. But this can only be now done by purchases in the market.

The proposition to be, at this time, submitted to the consideration of the Committee of Ways and Means, in relation to the stock debt created since the war, involves the following points:

1. That provision be made for the payment, or for the funding of the treasury note debt, so as to relieve the sinking fund from that charge.

2. That the sinking fund be applied, in the *first* place, to the interest and reimbursement of the old six per cent. stock, according to the existing laws.

3. That the sinking fund be applied, in the *second* place, to the payment of the principal and interest of the temporary loans, obtained under the act of March, 1812.

4. That the sinking fund be applied, in the *third* place, to the payment of the interest accruing upon the stock debt created since the war.

5. That the annual surplus of the sinking fund, after satisfying the above objects, be applied to the purchase of the stock created since the war; and that the interest upon the stock annually purchased, be added, from time to time, to that appropriation, for the purpose of making new purchases.

After the present year, there is reason to presume that the public revenue will considerably exceed the public expenditure, and, consequently, that the necessity of borrowing will cease. At that period, a more satisfactory view may be taken of the subject than can be taken while the amount of the public debt remains, in some measure, unascertained; the operation and product of the new taxes, as well as of the impost upon the revival of commerce, are conjectural, and the legislative intentions, respecting a peace establishment, have not been declared.

Since, therefore, the existing sinking fund (being relieved, in the manner before intimated, from the incumbrance of the treasury note debt) is already charged with the payment of the interest on the stock created since the war, and will be sufficient for that purpose, besides paying the interest, and the annual reimbursement of the stock created before the war, I respectfully propose that no further step be taken, during the present session of Congress, than to authorize the subscription of treasury notes to the loan which is now under legislative consideration, and to direct the surplus of the sinking fund to be applied to purchases of the stock created since the war, for the emolument of the fund. But it will be proper to confine the benefit of subscribing to the loan, to such treasury notes only as have been, or may be, issued under the acts which render them a charge upon the sinking fund, namely, the acts of the 30th of June, 1812, of the 25th of February, 1813, and of the 4th of March, 1814; and the Secretary of the Treasury should be authorized to designate the notes to be received in subscription, from time to time, according to the date of the issues.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, sir, your most obedient servant,

A. J. DALLAS.

The Hon. J. W. EPPES,
Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means.

Receipts and Expenditures, from the 4th of March, 1789, to the 31st December, 1815; also, the balances in the Treasury at the close of each year.

RECEIPTS.

Years.	Customs.	Internal Revenue.	Direct Taxes.	Postage.	Public Lands.	Loans, and Treasury Notes, &c.	Dividend and sales of Bank Stock and bonus	Miscellaneous.	Total.
1791*	\$4,399,473 09	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	\$5,791,112 56	- - -	\$19,440 10	\$10,210,025 75
1792	3,443,070 85	\$208,942 81	- - -	- - -	- - -	5,070,806 46	\$8,028 00	9,918 65	8,740,766 77
1793	4,255,306 56	337,705 70	- - -	\$11,020 51	- - -	1,067,701 14	38,500 00	10,390 37	5,720,624 28
1794	4,801,065 28	274,089 62	- - -	29,478 49	- - -	4,609,196 78	303,472 00	23,799 48	10,041,101 65
1795	5,588,461 26	337,755 36	- - -	22,400 00	- - -	3,305,268 20	160,000 00	5,917 97	9,419,802 79
1796	6,567,987 94	475,289 60	- - -	72,909 84	\$4,836 13	362,800 00	1,240,000 00	16,506 14	8,740,329 65
1797	7,549,649 65	575,491 45	- - -	64,500 00	83,540 60	70,135 41	385,220 00	30,379 29	8,758,916 40
1798	7,106,061 93	644,357 95	- - -	39,500 00	11,963 11	308,574 27	79,920 00	18,692 81	8,209,070 07
1799	6,610,449 31	779,136 44	- - -	41,000 00	- - -	5,074,646 53	71,040 00	45,187 56	12,621,459 84
1800	9,080,932 73	809,396 53	\$734,223 97	78,000 00	443 75	1,602,435 04	71,040 00	74,712 10	12,451,184 14
1801	10,750,778 93	1,048,033 43	534,343 38	79,500 00	167,726 06	10,125 00	88,800 00	266,149 15	12,945,455 95
1802	12,438,235 74	621,898 89	206,565 44	35,000 00	188,628 02	5,597 36	1,327,560 00	177,905 86	15,001,391 31
1803	10,479,417 61	215,179 69	71,879 20	16,427 26	165,675 69	- - -	- - -	115,518 18	11,064,097 63
1804	11,098,565 33	50,941 29	50,198 44	26,500 00	487,526 79	9,532 64	- - -	112,575 53	11,835,840 02
1805	12,936,487 04	21,747 15	21,883 91	21,342 50	540,193 80	128,814 94	- - -	19,039 80	13,689,508 14
1806	14,667,698 17	20,101 45	55,763 86	41,117 67	765,245 73	48,897 71	- - -	10,004 19	15,608,828 78
1807	15,845,521 61	13,051 40	34,732 56	3,614 73	466,163 27	- - -	- - -	34,935 69	16,398,019 26
1808	16,363,550 58	8,210 73	19,159 21	- - -	647,939 06	1,822 16	- - -	21,802 35	17,062,544 09
1809	7,296,020 58	4,044 39	7,517 31	- - -	442,252 33	- - -	- - -	23,638 51	7,773,473 12
1810	8,583,309 31	7,430 63	12,448 68	- - -	696,548 82	2,759,992 25	- - -	84,476 84	12,144,206 53
1811	13,313,222 73	2,295 95	7,666 66	37 70	1,040,237 53	8,309 05	- - -	60,068 52	14,431,838 14
1812	8,958,777 53	4,903 06	859 22	85,039 70	710,427 78	12,837,900 00	- - -	41,125 47	22,639,032 76
1813	13,224,623 25	4,755 04	3,805 52	35,000 00	835,655 14	26,184,435 00	- - -	236,571 00	40,524,844 95
1814	5,998,772 08	1,662,984 82	2,219,497 36	45,000 00	1,135,971 09	23,377,911 79	- - -	119,399 81	34,559,536 95
1815	7,282,942 22	4,678,059 07	2,162,673 41	135,000 10	1,287,959 28	35,264,320 78	- - -	150,282 74	50,961,237 60
	\$228,640,381 31	\$12,805,802 45	\$6,143,218 13	\$882,388 50	\$9,678,933 98	\$127,900,335 07	\$3,773,580 00	\$1,728,438 11	\$391,553,136 57

* From the 4th of March, 1789, to December 31, 1791.

STATEMENT—Continued.

EXPENDITURES

Years.	Civil List.	Foreign Inter- course.	Miscellaneous.	MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.				Naval Establish- ment.	Public Debt.	Total.	Balances in the Treasury at the end of each year.
				Military services, including Fortifica- tions, Aisenals, Ar- mories, Ordnance, Internal Improve- ments, &c.	Revolutionary Pensions.	Other Pensions.	Indian Depart- ment.				
1791*	\$757,134 45	\$14,733 33	\$311,533 83	\$632,804 03	- -	\$175,813 88	\$27,000 00	\$570 00	\$5,287,949 50	\$7,207,539 02	\$973,905 75
1792	380,917 58	78,766 67	194,572 32	1,100,702 09	- -	109,243 15	13,648 85	53 02	7,263,665 99	9,141,569 67	783,444 51
1793	358,241 08	89,500 00	24,709 46	1,130,249 08	- -	80,087 81	27,282 83	-	5,819,505 29	7,529,575 55	753,661 69
1794	440,946 58	146,403 51	118,248 30	2,639,097 59	- -	81,399 24	13,042 46	61,408 97	5,801,578 09	9,302,124 74	1,151,924 17
1795	361,633 36	912,685 12	92,718 50	2,480,910 13	- -	68,673 22	23,475 68	410,562 03	6,084,411 61	10,435,069 65	516,442 61
1796	447,139 05	184,859 64	150,476 14	1,260,263 84	- -	100,843 71	113,563 98	274,784 04	5,835,846 44	8,367,776 84	888,995 42
1797	483,233 70	669,788 54	103,880 82	1,039,402 66	- -	92,256 97	62,496 38	382,631 89	5,792,421 82	8,626,012 78	1,021,899 04
1798	504,605 17	457,428 74	149,004 15	2,009,522 30	- -	104,845 33	16,470 09	1,381,347 76	3,990,294 14	8,613,517 68	617,451 43
1799	592,905 76	271,374 11	175,111 81	2,466,946 98	- -	95,444 03	20,302 19	2,858,081 84	4,596,876 78	11,077,043 50	2,161,867 77
1800	748,688 45	395,288 18	193,636 59	2,560,878 77	- -	64,130 73	31 22	3,448,716 03	4,578,369 95	11,989,739 92	2,623,311 99
1801	549,288 31	295,676 73	269,803 41	1,672,944 08	- -	73,533 37	9,000 00	2,111,424 00	7,291,707 04	12,273,376 94	3,295,391 00
1802	596,981 11	550,925 93	315,022 36	1,179,148 25	- -	85,440 39	94,000 00	915,561 87	9,539,004 76	13,276,084 67	5,020,697 64
1803	526,583 12	1,110,834 77	205,217 87	822,055 85	- -	62,902 10	60,000 00	1,215,230 53	7,256,159 43	11,258,983 67	4,825,811 60
1804	624,795 63	1,186,655 57	379,558 23	875,423 93	- -	80,092 80	116,500 00	1,189,832 75	8,171,787 45	12,624,646 36	4,037,005 26
1805	585,849 79	2,798,028 77	384,720 19	712,781 28	- -	81,854 59	196,500 00	1,597,500 00	7,369,889 79	13,727,124 41	3,999,388 99
1806	684,230 53	1,760,421 30	445,485 18	1,224,355 38	- -	81,875 53	234,200 00	1,649,641 44	8,989,884 61	15,070,993 97	4,538,123 80
1807	655,524 65	577,826 34	464,546 52	1,288,685 91	- -	70,500 00	205,425 00	1,722,064 47	6,307,720 10	11,292,292 99	9,643,850 07
1808	691,167 80	304,992 83	427,124 98	2,900,834 40	- -	82,576 04	213,575 00	1,884,067 80	10,260,245 35	16,764,584 20	9,941,809 96
1809	712,465 13	166,306 04	337,032 62	3,335,772 17	- -	87,833 54	337,503 84	2,427,758 80	6,452,554 16	13,867,226 30	3,848,056 78
1810	703,994 03	81,367 48	315,783 47	2,294,323 94	- -	83,744 16	177,625 00	1,654,244 20	8,008,904 46	13,319,986 74	2,672,276 57
1811	644,467 27	264,904 47	457,919 66	2,032,828 19	- -	75,043 88	151,875 00	1,965,566 39	8,009,204 05	13,601,808 91	3,502,305 80
1812	826,271 55	347,703 29	509,113 37	11,817,798 24	- -	91,402 10	277,845 00	3,959,365 15	4,449,622 45	22,279,121 15	3,862,217 41
1813	780,545 45	209,941 01	738,949 15	19,652,013 02	- -	86,989 91	167,358 28	6,446,600 10	11,108,123 44	39,190,520 36	5,196,542 00
1814	927,424 23	177,179 97	1,103,425 50	20,350,806 86	- -	90,164 36	167,394 86	7,311,290 60	7,900,543 94	38,028,230 32	1,727,848 63
1815	852,247 16	290,892 04	1,755,731 27	14,794,294 22	- -	69,656 06	530,750 00	8,660,000 25	12,628,922 35	39,582,493 35	13,106,592 88
	\$15,437,280 94	\$13,344,484 38	\$9,623,325 70	\$102,274,843 19		\$2,176,346 90	\$3,256,865 66	\$53,528,303 93	\$178,795,192 99	\$378,447,443 69	

* From the 4th of March, 1789, to December 31, 1791.

STATEMENT—Continued.

APPROPRIATIONS.

Years	Civil List.	Foreign Inter- course.	Miscellaneous.	MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.			Naval Establish- ment.	Public Debt	Total.	Amounts carried to Surplus Fund.	Balances of appro- priations.
				Military services, including Fortifica- tions, Arsenal, Ar- mories, Ordnance, and Internal Im- provements.	Other than Revo- lutionary Pensions.	Indian Depart- ment.					
1791*	\$946,841 00	\$100,000 00	\$449,344 88	\$947,166 96	\$280,443 32	\$40,000 00	\$33,327 50	\$6,194,476 49	\$8,991,600 15	- -	\$1,784,061 13
1792	400,458 14	90,000 00	175,324 70	1,118,527 91	87,463 60	- -	2,000 00	7,372,871 89	9,216,646 24	- -	1,889,137 70
1793	440,660 95	40,000 00	56,113 76	1,068,376 52	82,245 32	100,000 00	- -	7,489,427 18	9,276,823 73	- -	3,636,385 88
1794	443,031 13	1,040,000 00	169,010 79	4,090,669 25	80,239 55	12,942 77	768,888 82	7,427,903 92	14,032,686 23	415,761 74	7,951,185 63
1795	417,362 07	40,000 00	78,861 86	1,063,121 29	85,357 04	50,000 00	- -	7,521,159 45	9,255,861 71	99,359 03	6,672,618 66
1796	507,228 07	481,991 00	213,619 03	1,139,614 00	114,259 00	229,000 00	5,000 00	5,123,241 35	7,813,952 45	17,417 90	6,101,376 37
1797	540,747 91	640,905 66	147,104 39	1,440,641 20	96,350 00	19,000 00	487,000 00	4,669,686 59	8,041,435 75	62,237 25	5,454,562 09
1798	664,408 96	528,650 00	122,899 61	4,051,730 95	102,067 07	115,880 00	2,024,712 00	4,366,499 45	11,976,848 04	183,120 37	8,634,772 08
1799	568,190 75	496,200 00	161,466 31	3,243,649 00	93,400 00	207,500 00	3,823,789 89	4,632,265 94	13,226,461 89	57,044 38	10,727,146 09
1800	805,051 69	279,000 00	312,823 77	3,272,620 35	93,000 00	69,500 00	2,482,953 49	4,639,672 56	11,954,621 86	2,249,190 77	8,442,837 26
1801	692,824 05	564,364 00	238,845 13	1,963,252 20	93,000 00	83,000 00	3,042,352 95	6,791,519 48	13,472,157 81	395,141 01	9,246,477 12
1802	650,272 80	3,138,365 76	393,331 95	- -	93,000 00	163,000 00	242,294 00	7,378,627 48	12,058,891 99	59,450 12	7,969,834 32
1803	537,339 64	4,139,946 82	363,579 09	1,518,000 00	93,000 00	34,500 00	1,144,797 46	5,854,957 11	13,686,120 12	1,446,149 23	8,950,821 54
1804	643,617 52	382,874 73	375,954 14	891,413 13	98,000 00	116,500 00	1,677,498 45	8,122,989 77	12,298,847 74	268,810 89	8,356,212 03
1805	707,335 73	2,431,963 38	590,765 10	853,719 88	98,000 00	234,400 00	1,550,000 00	7,369,889 79	13,836,073 88	3,606,428 00	4,858,723 50
1806	681,004 11	216,910 00	547,007 25	3,123,260 77	98,000 00	234,425 00	1,692,141 44	8,989,884 61	15,582,633 18	674,032 14	4,697,240 57
1807	653,535 24	2,188,050 00	587,326 23	1,655,154 55	98,000 00	186,325 00	2,429,564 47	8,021,319 86	15,819,275 35	113,422 68	9,110,800 25
1808	678,409 59	194,550 00	434,025 42	4,719,713 40	98,000 00	269,175 00	1,131,567 80	8,546,645 59	16,072,086 80	3,909,531 86	4,508,770 99
1809	699,607 98	243,050 00	408,679 09	4,037,532 18	98,000 00	232,975 00	2,916,902 50	6,452,554 16	15,089,300 91	706,841 71	5,024,003 86
1810	715,972 08	255,300 69	650,513 23	3,107,920 50	98,000 00	218,625 00	1,664,640 69	8,008,904 46	14,719,877 65	1,187,795 16	5,236,099 61
1811	708,565 22	228,392 67	604,825 37	3,007,315 61	98,000 00	211,950 00	1,870,274 05	8,009,201 05	14,738,526 97	268,709 47	6,104,108 20
1812	785,924 87	266,000 00	666,548 59	14,100,418 89	98,000 00	270,787 76	4,304,669 60	8,000,000 00	28,492,349 71	570,868 96	11,746,467 80
1813	954,050 73	256,900 00	1,184,617 50	16,835,392 27	98,000 00	239,225 00	9,510,788 55	8,000,000 00	37,078,974 05	259,176 57	9,375,741 92
1814	1,213,359 42	207,741 67	5,332,076 32	27,038,406 00	98,000 00	538,225 00	8,174,910 87	8,000,000 00	46,602,719 28	592,309 99	17,357,923 89
1815	1,115,595 07	247,250 00	2,101,272 21	5,403,687 41	98,000 00	273,225 00	5,258,686 25	16,767,593 60	31,268,309 54	393,050 98	8,650,689 10
	\$17,171,394 72	\$18,698,406 38	\$16,368,935 72	\$109,691,304 22	\$2,569,824 90	\$4,150,160 53	\$56,228,760 78	\$183,754,291 78	\$404,633,083 03	\$17,535,850 24	

* From the 4th of March, 1789, to December 31, 1791.