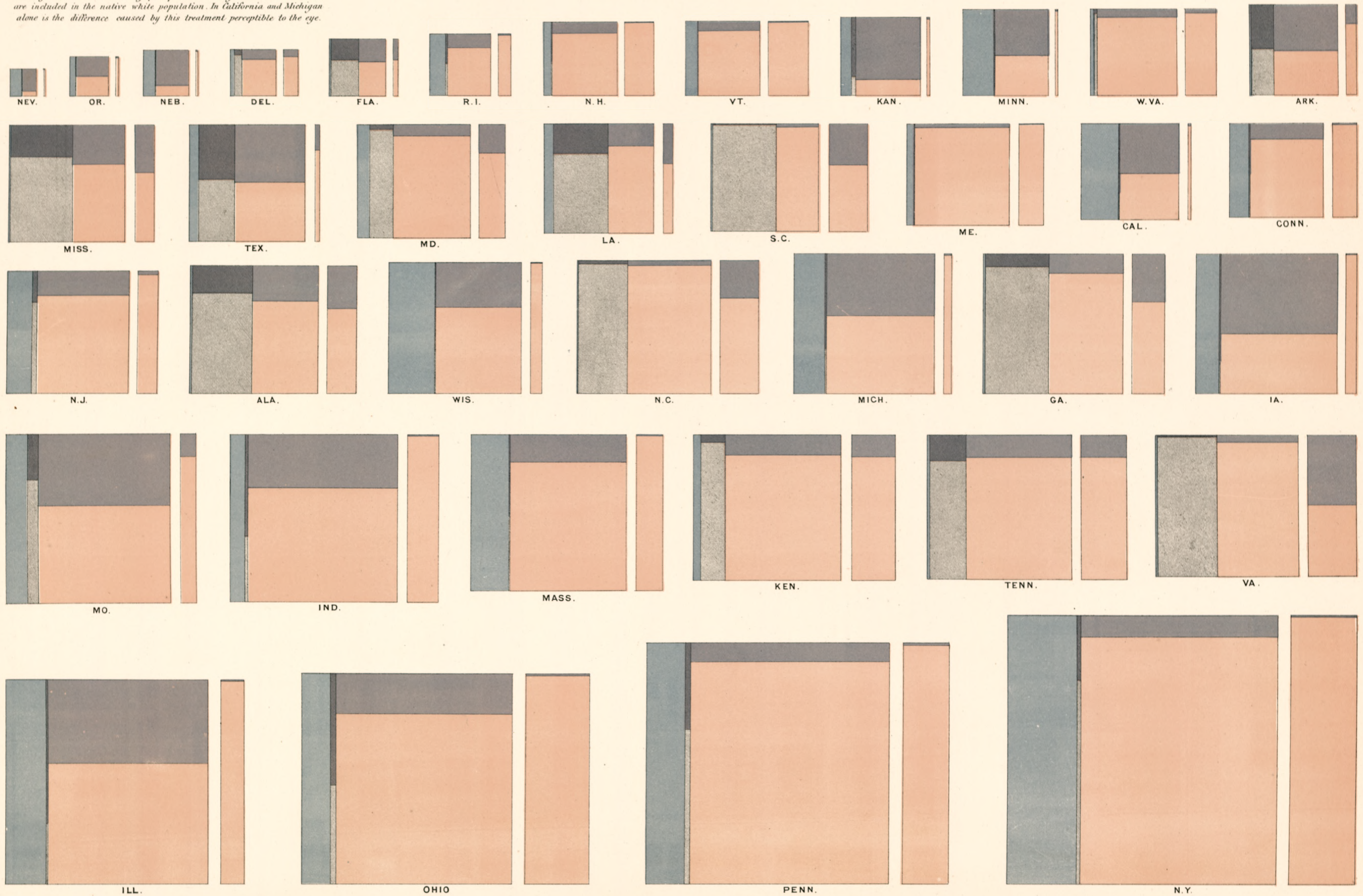


Explanation: The squares are proportional to the population of the States respectively represented (1 square to 350,000 inhabitants to the sq. in.) Each square is divided by vertical lines into three rectangles, the left representing the foreign, the middle the native colored, and the right the native white population. Each of the last two rectangles is divided by a horizontal line to exhibit the proportion of each class of the population represented born respectively within and without the State itself. The lower portions of these rectangles thus divided represent the number native to the State, the upper portions represent the number born in other States and Territories of the Union. Each square has a rectangle of equal height upon its right, which exhibits, in proportion, the number of persons born in the State, who have become residents of other States. This rectangle is divided by a horizontal line, the upper portion representing colored, the lower, white. Caution: Care will in a few cases require to be taken in the use of these figures, where the number of foreign or of colored inhabitants, in the State under representation, is so small as to reduce the enclosed rectangle to a width scarcely perceptible to the eye. Civilized Indians are included in the native white population. In California and Michigan alone is the difference caused by this treatment perceptible to the eye.

CHART  
SHOWING THE  
**PRINCIPAL CONSTITUENT ELEMENTS**  
OF THE  
**POPULATION OF EACH STATE,**  
AS FOREIGN, NATIVE COLORED, AND NATIVE WHITE,  
AND AS BORN WITHIN OR WITHOUT  
THE STATE OF RESIDENCE.  
Compiled from the Returns of Population at the Ninth Census 1870.  
BY  
FRANCIS A WALKER.

Persons born out of the United States  
Native Colored born in the State  
" " " out of the State  
Native White born in the State  
" " " out of the State  
Living in other States.  
(White.  
(Colored.



















MAP  
SHOWING THE PROPORTION TO THE AGGREGATE POPULATION,  
OF PERSONS HAVING ONE OR BOTH  
PARENTS OF FOREIGN BIRTH.  
Compiled from the Returns of Population at the Ninth Census  
OF THE UNITED STATES 1870.

BY  
FRANCIS A WALKER.

*Note: It should be observed that, as a rule, persons found within the United States of foreign birth, were born of parents also foreign, and hence are included in the numbers taken for the computations for this map.*

**Explanations.**  
The Blue lines indicate the boundaries of Groups of Population  
The Figures in Blue 2 18 43 45 express the number of inhabitants  
to the Square Mile found within each group.  
The Shaded Lines in Blue indicate the outside limit of a population  
of 2 or more to the Square Mile. The shading points towards the  
regions which have a population of less than 2 to the Square Mile.  
*Note: The occasional abrupt intervals between the shaded portions  
and the line of no population are doubtless due in many cases to errors  
in the Census returns incident to the sparseness of settlement.*











# MAPS SHOWING THE DISTRIBUTION WITHIN THE TERRITORY OF THE UNITED STATES EAST OF THE 100<sup>TH</sup> MERIDIAN, OF CERTAIN FOREIGN ELEMENTS OF THE POPULATION.

I. ACCORDING TO THEIR NUMBER TO THE SQUARE MILE (ABSOLUTE).  
II. ACCORDING TO THEIR PROPORTION TO THE AGGREGATE POPULATION (RELATIVE).

Compiled from the Returns of Population at the Ninth Census 1870,

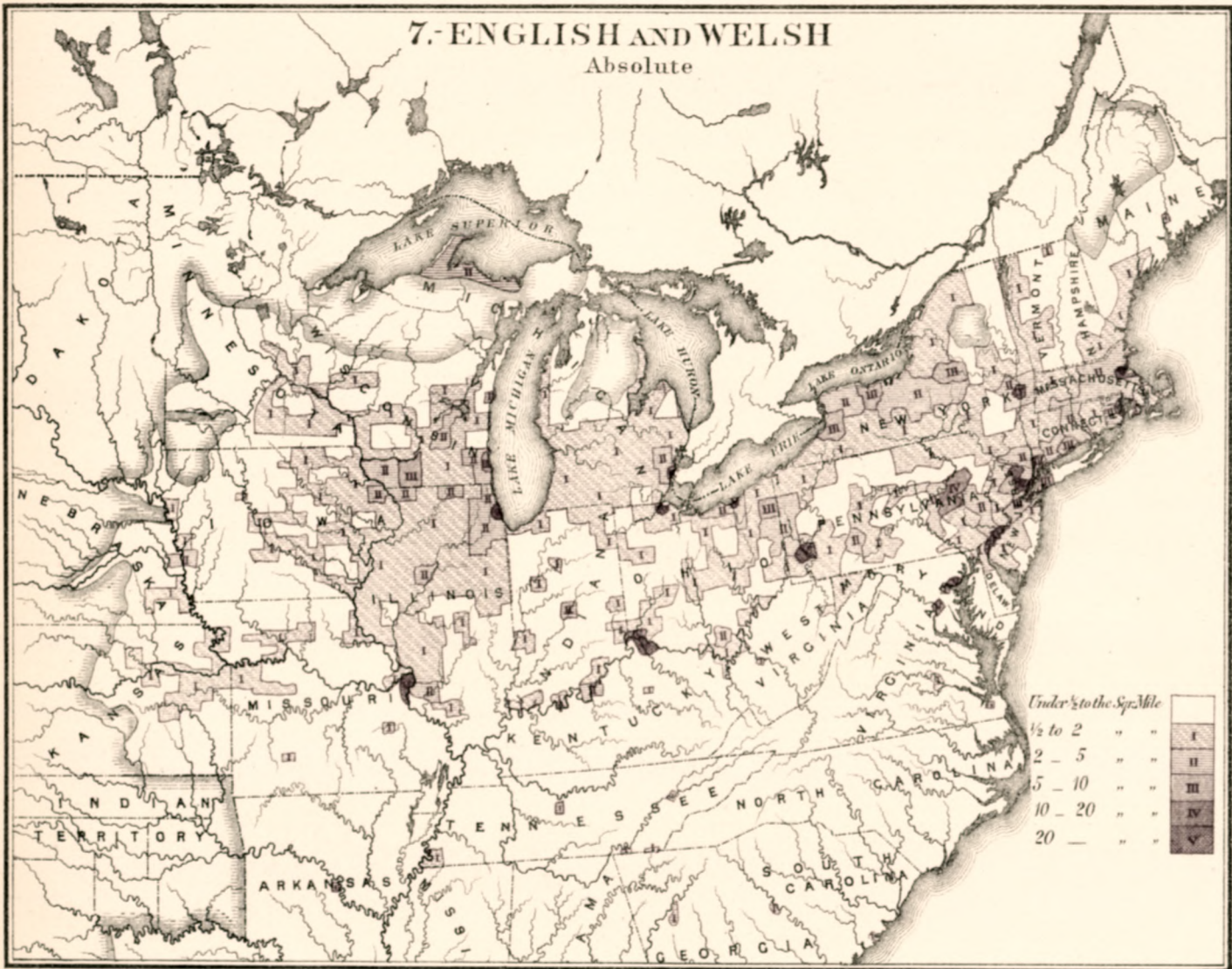
by  
FRANCIS A. WALKER.

PL. XXVII



Note: The Shaded Lines in Black indicate the outside limit of a population of 2 or more to the square mile. The shading points towards the regions which have a population of less than 2 to the square mile.





Note: The Shaded Lines in Black indicate the outside limit of a population of 2 or more to the square mile. The shading points towards the regions which have a population of less than 2 to the square mile.