

# THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

*Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.*  
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 6.

SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1868.

NO. 153.

**Bankers and Brokers.**

**JOHN J. CISCO & SON,**  
BANKERS,  
NO. 59 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,  
BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.'S BUILDING.  
Receive money on Deposit and allow interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum on daily balances, subject to check at sight.  
Issue Certificates of Deposit bearing four per cent interest, payable on demand.  
Negotiate Loans.  
Execute promptly orders for the purchase and sale of Gold.  
Buy and Sell Government and other Securities on commission.  
Make Collections on all parts of the United States and Canada.  
Special Agents for the sale of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Union Pacific Railroad Company.

**LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.**

**Government and other Securities**  
Bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on usual Commission.

**Interest Allowed on Deposits.**

**Winslow, Lanier & Co.,**  
BANKERS,  
27 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.

**HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,**

**BANKERS**  
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES  
GOLD, &c.  
No. 12 WALL STREET.

**GARTH, FISHER & HARDY,**

**BANKERS,**  
No. 18 NEW STREET,  
*Successors to Harrison, Garth & Co. and Henry Hardy.*  
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc. bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Broker and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commission only.  
Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought, sold and collected.

**FRANK & GANS,**

**BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.**  
No. 14 WALL STREET

**TEMPLE & MARSH,**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS.**  
Dealers in Government Securities, &c. on Commission  
No. 9 Wall Street, cor. New.

**Gibson, Beadleston & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**  
50 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK.  
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold, ONLY on Commission, at the Stock, Mining Stock and Gold Boards, of which we are members.  
Interest allowed on Deposits.  
Dividends, Coupons and Interest collected.  
Liberal advances on Government and other Securities.  
Information cheerfully given to Professional men, Executors etc., desiring to invest.  
Refer by permission to Messrs. LOOKWOOD & Co.,  
" DABNEY, MORGAN &

**Bankers and Brokers.**

JOHN BAILEY, J. A. BUCKINGHAM, F. F. HILL,  
Late Bound & Bailey. Member N.Y. St. Ex.

**Bailey, Buckingham & Co**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**  
44 WALL STREET.  
Buy and sell Commercial Paper, make advances on good securities, execute orders for the purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold for the usual commission.

**SOUTTER & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**  
No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.  
Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.  
Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.  
Advances made on approved securities.  
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.  
Collect ins both inland and foreign promptly made.  
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

**R. T. WILSON & Co.,**

LATE  
**WILSON, CALLAWAY & CO.,**  
**Bankers and Commission Merchants,**  
NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.  
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants Bankers and others allowed 4 per cent on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents, Messrs. K. GILLIAT & CO., Liverpool.

**LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.**

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.  
SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW  
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.  
AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

**James G. King's Sons,**

54 William Street.

JAY COOKE, } H. C. FAHNESTOCK  
WM. G. MOORHEAD, } EDWARD DODGE,  
H. D. COOKE, } PITT COOKE.

**JAY COOKE & Co.,**

**BANKERS.**  
Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.,  
New York.

No. 114 South 3d Street,  
Philadelphia.

**Fifteenth Street,**  
**Opposite Treas. Department,**  
**Washington.**

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co. New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.

JAY COOKE & CO.  
March 1, 1868

**Bankers and Brokers.**

**LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.**

Sterling Exchange at Sight and Sixty Days upon  
**ALEX. S. PETRIE & CO., London,**  
Orders for Stocks, Bonds, and Merchandise, executed in London by cable or mail.

**WILLIAMS & GUION,**

71 Wall Street, New York,

**Lounsbery & Fanshawe,**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**  
NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK  
**Government Securities,**  
**Gold and Foreign Exchange.**

RICHARD P. LOUNSBERY. WILLIAM S. FANSHAW.

**WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**  
No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.  
Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly executed. **FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED on deposits, subject to check at sight.**

**Philadelphia Bankers.**

**AUSTIN & OBERGE,**

313 WALNUT STREET,  
**PHILADELPHIA.**  
**Commission Stock Brokers.**  
J. BELL AUSTIN. CHAS. H. OBERGE.

**Cincinnati Bankers.**

**GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,**

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in **GOLD, SILVER** and all kinds of  
**GOVERNMENT BONDS.**

**COLLECTIONS MADE** at all accessible points and remitted for on day of payment.

**CHECKS ON LONDON AND PARIS**  
FOR SALE.

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF Cincinnati, Ohio.**

JOHN W. ELLIS, Pres. LEWIS WORTHINGTON, V. Pres.  
THEODORE STANWOOD, Cashier.  
CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000 SURPLUS.....\$314,852 89  
Collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at best rates.

**DIRECTORS:**  
John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L. B. Harrison  
Jas. A. Frazer, R. M. Bishop, Robt. Mitchell,  
William Woods A S. Winslow, Jos. Rawson.

Cash Capital, \$150,000. Real Capital, \$1,000,000.

**Jos. F. LARKIN & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**  
**CINCINNATI.**  
Jos. F. Larkin, } GENERAL } Thomas Fox.  
John Cochnower, } PARTNERSHIP. } John M. Phillips.  
Adam Poe, } } Thos. Sharp.  
Harvey Decamp, } } John Gates.

## Financial.

**L. P. MORTON & Co.,**

BANKERS,

80 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE,

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travellers' Use, on

**L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,**

(38 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

**UNION BANK OF LONDON.**

Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON.  
WALTER H. BURNS.CHARLES E. MILNOR.  
H. CRUGER OAKLEY.**Central National Bank,**

318 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$3,000,000

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and County accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELOCK, President  
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.**TENTH NATIONAL BANK.**

Capital.....\$1,000,000.

No. 29 BROAD STREET.

Designated Depository of the Government. Banker and Dealers' Accounts solicited.

T. H. STOUT, Cashier.

D. L. ROSS, Preside

**The Tradesmen's NATIONAL BANK.**

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000  
SURPLUS.....450,000RICHARD BERRY, President,  
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.**DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,**

BANKERS,

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

ISSUE

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT,

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope, West Indies, South America, and the United States

**JOHN MUNROE & Co.,**

AMERICAN BANKERS,

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,

AND

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits,

**S. G. & G. C. WARD,**

AGENTS FOR

**BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY,**

66 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

**Drake Kleinwort & Cohen**

LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort &amp; Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &amp;c. Marginal credits the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,

26 Exchange Place, New York.

## Financial

**MANSFIELD, FREESE &****BROWNELL,**

Bankers and Commission Merchants,

NO. 50 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

U. S. Bonds, Coin, Stocks, Grain, Flour, and Provisions Bought and Sold on Commission only. Liberal advances on consignments. Particular attention given to collections. Four per cent., interest allowed on deposits.

J. L. MANSFIELD,

Vice-Pres. 1st Nat. Bank Decatur, Ill.

J. L. BROWNELL,

Pres. of the Open Board Stock Brokers, N.Y.

I. M. FREESE &amp; CO.,

Commission Merchants, Chicago, Ill.

FREESE &amp; COMPANY,

Bankers, Bement, Ill.

**J. L. Brownell & Bro.,**

BANKERS &amp; BROKERS,

28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission. Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

REFERENCES:

J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass., N.Y.  
C. E. BLAIR, Pres't Merchants' Nat. Bank, Chicago.**FIRST NATIONAL BANK,**

OF DECATUR, ILL.

Capital.....\$100,000

ISAAC FREESE, Pres. J. L. MANSFIELD, Vice-Pres.  
T. W. FREESE, Cashier.

Prompt attention given to collections on all accessible points in the Northwest.

**FREESE & COMPANY,**

BANKERS,

Bement, Ill.,

A Regular Banking and Exchange business transacted. U. S. Bonds and Coin bought and sold. Capitalists can make desirable Real Estate Investments through our House. Correspondence solicited.

**I. M. FREESE & Co.,**

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Chicago, Ill.,

Advances made on Consignments. Eastern orders for all Western products solicited. Prompt and careful attention given.

THE

**National Trust Company**

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

NO. 336 BROADWAY.

Capital, One Million Dollars.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE.

DARIUS R. MANGAM, Pres., JAMES MERRELL, Sec.

Receives deposits and allows FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST on daily balances, Subject to Check at Sight.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for six months, or more, may be made at five per cent.

The Capital of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is divided among over 500 shareholders, comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock. As the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on ALL DAILY BALANCES, parties can keep accounts in this Institution with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

**Hedden, Winchester & Co**

NO. 69 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold at market rates, on commission only. Interest allowed on balances. Advances made on approved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the purchase or sale of the Adams, American, United States, Wells Fargo &amp; Co., and Merchants' Union Express Stocks. All orders faithfully executed.

JOSIAH HEDDEN,

ISAIAH C. BABCOCK,

LOCKE W. WINCHESTER,

ROBT M. HEDDEN.

WASHINGTON M. SMITH.

JOHN MCGINNIS, JR

E. W. MCGINNIS.

**McGinniss, Bros. & Smith,**

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 4 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Exchange, Commercial Paper and Gold, Purchased or Sold on Commission.

Deposits received and interest allowed same as with an Incorporated Bank. Bonds and Loans negotiated for Railroad Companies

## Financial.

INCORPORATED 1798.

**The New York Mutual**

INSURANCE COMPANY,

NO. 61 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

January 23, 1868.

The Trustees submit the following Statement of the affairs of the Company in conformity with the requirements of the Charter:

Outstanding Premiums to Dec. 31, 1866.....	\$89,855 49
Premiums received.....	293,116 87
Total.....	\$382,972 68

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks, nor upon Fire Risks, disconnected with Marine Risks.

Earned Premiums to Jan. 1, 1868.....\$307,390 93

Losses and Expenses.....	\$207,661 23
Return Premiums.....	14,418 30

The Company have the following assets:

Cash in Banks.....	\$29,809 57
United States Stocks.....	272,925 00
Bank, City and other Stocks.....	194,790 00
Loans on Stocks, and Cash due the Company.....	40,785 15
Real Estate, Bonds and Mortgages.....	92,000 00

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....\$680,309 72

Salvage, Re-insurance, Accrued Interest and other Claims due the Company.....83,399 12

Insurance Scrip and Sundry Notes at estimated value.....31,037 69

22,803 20

\$767,549 73

SIX PER CENT.

Interest on the outstanding Certificates of Profit will be paid on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February, 1868.

TWENTY PER CENT. DIVIDEND

and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which Certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.

FIFTY PER CENT.

of the outstanding Certificates of Profits of the issue of 1859 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled to that extent.

By order of the Board,

W. P. HANSFORD, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Stewart Brown,  
Stephen Johnson,  
Arthur Leary,  
Henry Meyer,  
Edward H. R. Lyman,  
George Moke,  
E. V. Theband,  
Francis Hathaway,  
Lloyd Aspinwall,Edward Kaupé,  
Henry Oelrichs,  
James R. Smith,  
George Mosle,  
Gustave H. Kissell,  
Gerhard Janssen,  
William Paxson,  
John H. Earle,  
Francis Skiddy,

E. P. Fabbri.

JOHN H. LYELL, President.

THEO. B. BLEECKER, Jr., Vice-Pres.

**St. Louis & Iron Mountain**

RAILROAD COMPANY.

SEVEN PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, FEBRUARY AND AUGUST COUPONS.

The title of the ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN RAILROAD having been confirmed by act of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, and the bonds declared valid, the work of extending the same to a connection with the Southern system of roads at Columbus, Kentucky, is now going rapidly forward; 91 miles being in profitable operation, 45 miles of new work graded with rails enough on hand for 47 miles; it is expected that the whole line from St. Louis to Belmont, 192 miles, will be opened for business early next year, so that there will be a continuous line from St. Louis to Mobile, New Orleans and other Southern cities. A very large traffic is anticipated. The old part of the road (91 miles) already earns enough to secure all the interest on the whole mortgage debt, and the extension completed will vastly increase the earnings. The proceeds of these bonds going into the extension of the road adds to the security, and a projected branch southwestward from Pilot Knob for which a cash subsidy of \$15,000 per mile is granted by the State as a free gift to the company, will add very much to the value of their property.

THOMAS ALLEN, President,  
St. Louis.

St. Louis, April, 1868.

We the undersigned, cordially recommend these 7 per cent. mortgage bonds of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad as a good security. The revenue of the road will be large and the administration of the affairs of the company is in capable and experienced hands, and is entitled to the greatest confidence of the public.

James S. Thomas, Mayor of St. Louis.  
John J. Roe, President Chamber of Commerce.  
E. W. Fox, President Board of Trade.  
Barton Bates, President North Missouri Railroad.  
J. H. Britton, President National Bank State of Mo.  
Wm. L. Ewing, Pres. Mer. Nat. Bank of St. Louis.  
Geo. H. Rea, Pres. 2d Nat. Bank of St. Louis.  
Jas. B. Eads, Chief Engineer St. L. & Ill. Bridge Co.  
G. R. Taylor, President Pacific Railroad.  
Wm. Taussig, President Traders' Bank St. Louis.  
Jno. R. Lionberger, Pres. 3d Nat. Bank St. Louis.  
Adolphus Meier, Vice-Pres. Union Pacific Railroad.  
Robert Barth, Pres. German Savings Institution,  
New York References:E. D. Morgan & Co. John H. Swift. Isaac N. Phelps.  
W. V. Brady. S. Gandy. W. T. Blodgett.Bonds for sale and pamphlets giving details can be had at the New York agency of the Company, 48 Wall street.  
H. G. MARQUAND, Vice-President.

**Boston Bankers.**

**Page, Richardson & Co.,**

**BANKERS & MERCHANTS,**  
DEALERS IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE, GOLD AND BONDS.

114 State Street, Boston.

TRAVELLERS' CREDITS issued on London and Paris available in all parts of Europe.  
LOANS OF STERLING made to Merchants upon favorable terms.  
DEPOSITS OF GOLD AND CURRENCY received, subject to draft at sight and interest allowed.  
ADVANCES made on consignments to Liverpool and London.

**Dupee, Beck & Sayles,**

**STOCK BROKERS,**

No. 25 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

**Southern Bankers.**

**WASHINGTON.**

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

**OF WASHINGTON,**

H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.), Pres't.

WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier.

**Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.**  
We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to business connected with the several departments of the Government.  
Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

ROBT H. MAURY. JAS. L. MAURY. ROBT T. BROOKE.

**R. H. MAURY & Co.,**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS.**

No. 1014 MAIN ST, RICHMOND, VA.,

Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.  
Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.  
N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILYE & Co.

**Jas. M. Muldon & Sons,**

No. 52 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Securities, Bonds, Gold and Silver. Prompt attention given to Collections.

**REFERENCES:**

- Babcock Bros. & Co., Bankers, New York.
- Goodyear Bros. & Durand, Bankers, New York.
- E. H. Bulky & Co., Brokers, New York.
- Byrd & Hall, New York.
- Martin, Bates & Co., Merchants, New York.
- Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Wolf & Gillespie.
- Henry A. Hurlburt, late Swift & Hurlbert.
- Home Insurance Company of New York.
- New York Life Insurance Company.
- Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford.
- Underwriters Agency New York.
- Charles Walsh, President Bank of Mobile.
- Henry A. Schroeder, Pres. Southern Bank of Ala.

**Western Bankers.**

**The Marine Company**

**OF CHICAGO.**

J. YOUNG SCAMMON ..... President.  
ROBERT REID ..... Manager.

**General Banking and Collections promptly attended to.**

P. HAYDEN. JOS. HUTCHESON. W. B. HAYDEN  
**BANKING HOUSE OF**

**Hayden, Hutcheson & Co**

NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,  
**COLUMBUS, OHIO,**  
Do a General Banking, Collection, and Exchange Business.

**National Trust Company**

423 PENN STREET,

**PITTSBURGH, PA.**

Capital.....\$100,000  
Particular attention given to collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

**L. A. BENOIST & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**

**ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,**

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas. Also, drafts on London and Paris for sale.

**Western Bankers.**

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF IDAHO**

**Boise City, I. T.**

Organized March 11, 1867, (with circulation), under Act of Congress approved June 3, 1864.  
CAPITAL, \$100,000. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$500,000.

B. M. DU RELL, Pres. C. W. MOORE, Cashier.  
New York Correspondent, National Bank of North America.

Collections on the principal places in Idaho Territory promptly attended to. "Telegraph Transfers," Sight and Time Exchange, for Gold or Currency, can be purchased on this Bank, of National Bank North America, New York City; National Bank of Commerce, Boston, Mass.

**Bankers and Brokers.**

**THOMAS DENNY & Co.,**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**

NO. 39 WALL STREET.

**Our Annual Financial Circular for 1868**

Is now ready, and will be forwarded free of charge to parties desiring to make investments through us.

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM. GEORGE PHIPPS.  
THOS. BELKNAP, JR.

**KETCHUM, PHIPPS & BELKNAP,**  
**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**

No. 24 Broad Street, New York.

Government securities, railroad and other bonds, railroad, mining and miscellaneous stocks, gold and exchange bought and sold on commission. Mercantile paper and loans in currency or gold negotiated. Interest allowed on deposits.

**A. W. DIMOCK & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**

NO. 16 NASSAU STREET.

Government Securities of all issues, Gold and Stocks bought and sold upon commission only, and advances made upon the same on the most favorable terms.

**Special Attention**

given to the accounts of Banks and Bankers.  
Interest allowed upon Gold and Currency Deposits subject to check at sight, at the best rates.  
A. W. DIMOCK & CO.

**TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**

No. 32 Broad Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates.

**ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.**

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.

**Make Collections on favorable terms,** and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or sale of Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

**HODGSKIN, RANDALL &**

**HOBSON,**

NO 39 EXCHANGE PLACE,

**BROKERS IN**

Foreign Exchange, Gold, Government, and other Securities.

GENERAL PARTNERS;  
James B. Hodgskin,  
Chas K. Randall,  
J. Lowry Hobson

SPECIAL PARTNERS.  
John Randall,  
J. Nelson Tappan,  
Geo. G. Hobson.

**SMITH, RANDOLPH & Co.**  
**Bankers,**

76 So. 3d St., | 3 Nassau St.,  
Philada. | New York.

Dealers in U. S. Securities and Foreign Exchange, and members of Stock and Gold Exchanges in both cities.

Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on liberal terms.

**U. S. Bonds a Specialty.**

**Bankers and Brokers.**

**FISK & HATCH,**

**BANKERS AND DEALERS IN**

**GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,**

NO. 5 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK

Buy and sell, at market rates, all descriptions of United States Securities, and give especial attention to the conversion of

**SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES**

Into the

NEW FIVE TWENTY BONDS OF 1865 AND 1867.  
Certificates of Deposit issued, Deposits received and Collections made. Also, General Agents for

**Central Pacific Railroad First Mortgage Bonds,**

**VERMILYE & Co.,**

**BANKERS.**

No. 44 Wall Street, New York.  
Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all issues of

**UNITED STATES STOCKS**

INCLUDING

- 6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
- 6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862,
- 6 " " " 1864,
- 6 " " " 1865,
- Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
- 3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series
- 1 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

**LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.**

**Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.**

**VERMILYE & CO.**

**M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,**

**BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,**

12 PINE STREET.

Negotiate Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos.,

Contract for Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives, Cars, etc., and undertake all business connected with Railways.

**LOCKWOOD & Co.,**

**BANKERS.**

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.

**DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.**

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

HASLETT MCKIM. ROBT. MCKIM. JNO. A. MCKIM.

**McKim, Bros. & Co.,**

**BANKERS,**

62 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

**DRAKE BROTHERS,**

**STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,**

No. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum and Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Investments made. **Orders Promptly Executed.**

**HOYT & GARDNER,**

**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**

NO. 5 NEW STREET, NEAR WALL, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

**Gold a Specialty.**

Money received upon deposit and interest allowed upon current balances.  
T. A. HOYT, JAMES GARDNER,  
Vice-Pres't. Gold Exchange, formerly of Georgia

**B. MURRAY, JR.,**

**BROKER IN**

**GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES,**

NO. 2 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,  
(Over Jay Cooke & Co.'s Banking House.)

**STATEMENT OF THE  
P H Œ N I X  
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,  
OF HARTFORD, CONN.,  
FOR THE YEAR ENDING JANUARY 1, 1868.**

**EDSON FESSENDEN, President.**  
**JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.**

<b>ASSETS.....</b>	<b>\$2,218,344 29</b>
<b>RATIO OF ASSETS TO LIABILITIES.....</b>	<b>\$155 54 per \$100</b>
Net Assets January 1, 1867.....	\$1,198,256 96
Premiums received during year.....	1,058,245 15
Interest received during year.....	120,799 13
	\$2,377,301 24
Add Premiums in hands of Agents.....	199,643 00
Add Accrued Interest and Cash Balances.....	28,576 02
	228,219 02
	<b>\$2,605,520 26</b>

**DISBURSEMENTS :**

Paid claims by death on 52 policies.....	\$107,700 00
“ Commissions and Salaries to Agents.....	163,135 88
“ Dividends, and for Policies surrendered.....	41,583 38
“ Physicians' Fees, Salaries, Taxes, Printing, Postages and all other expenses.....	74,576 71
	388,175 97
	<b>\$2,218,344 29</b>

**ASSETS :**

Loans on Real Estate .....	\$455,100 00
Bank Stocks and Railroad Bonds .....	205,275 00
United States Coupon Bonds.....	113,000 00
Hartford City Gas Light Company Stock.....	6,201 00
Loans on Collateral Security.....	14,900 00
Bills Receivable, amply secured.....	1,089,397 40
Furniture in offices.....	3,459 25
Cash in Bank.....	102,792 62
Accrued Interest and Cash Balances.....	28,576 02
Amount in the hands of Agents, and in course of transmission .....	199,643 00
	<b>\$2,218,344 29</b>

Number of Policies issued during the year.....	5,811
Amount insured during the year.....	\$15,250,910
Total amount of losses paid.....	530,500

<b>DIVIDENDS PAID IN 1865.....</b>	<b>50 PER CENT.</b>
<b>DIVIDENDS PAID IN 1866 .....</b>	<b>50 PER CENT.</b>
<b>DIVIDENDS PAID IN 1867 .....</b>	<b>50 PER CENT.</b>
<b>DIVIDENDS BEING PAID IN 1868.....</b>	<b>50 PER CENT.</b>

**NEW YORK OFFICE.**

**JOHN E. DE WITT, Resident Director.**

**T. L. FRALEIGH, General Agent.**

**Insurance.**

**HOMŒOPATHIC  
Mutual Life Insurance Co**

**Of the City of New York,  
BANG'S MARBLE BUILDING  
NO. 231 BROADWAY,  
Two doors above the Astor House, opposite the Park.**

This Company offers to insurers all the advantages hitherto afforded by any responsible company in respect to terms and plans of insurance, and, in addition to low rates on ordinary lives, it makes a still further reduction to those using the Homeopathic practice. Persons about to insure are invited to give our proposals a careful examination.

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A. COOKE HULL, M. D., Medical Director.

**Financial.**

**The Ohio Stove Works,**

**TIFFIN, O.**

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....	\$150,000
CAPITAL ACTUALLY PAID IN .....	50,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES .....	2,250

**OBJECTS :**

Manufacture of Stoves, Hollow Ware and Castings

**EARNINGS :**

The Company earned 15 per cent the past year, have an established trade in the States of Ohio, Michigan and Indiana, and a steadily increasing demand for their products already largely in excess of their ability to supply.

For the purpose of increasing the Manufacturing capacity of their Works the Company offer a limited number of its shares at par. It is believed that with an increase of \$30,000 capital the Company can earn and regularly pay quarterly dividends of 5 per cent. An unexceptionable and capable party with capital would be assigned the position of Secretary of the Company at a fair salary.

The City of Tiffin is one of the most flourishing and beautiful of the West and equally desirable as a business point or residence. Application for stock may be made at once to

E. TIFFANY & CO.,  
15 Wall Street, New York.

**A Desirable Investment.**

**UNION AND LOGANSPORT**

**SEVEN PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS**

We offer for sale a limited amount of the above named bonds at the low rate of 85 and accrued interest. These bonds are secured by a First Mortgage on the road between Union, Ohio, and Logansport, Indiana, being a link in the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railroad Company, the new route to Chicago, and are convertible at the option of the holder, into the First Mortgage Bonds of that Company. For further particulars apply to

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.

No. 18 Wall Street, New York.

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At a meeting of the Directors and Trustees of the Merchants' Exchange and News Association, 50 and 52 Pine street, organized in 1867, it was resolved to declare a First Dividend of FIVE PER CENT, on the Capital Stock of \$50,000, payable on June 1, 1868, leaving a sufficient surplus to meet all contingencies.

**Specie and Banking Office.]**

OR

**KENNEDY, HUTCHINSON & CO.,**

NO. 40 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Gold, Silver, Government Securities, &c

**Collections Made.**

# THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

**Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.**  
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,  
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 6.

SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1868.

NO. 153.

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## The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning by the publishers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, with the latest news up to midnight of Friday.

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Complete files of the CHRONICLE from July 1, 1866, to date can be had at this office.

### THE ADVANCE IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

One of the most conspicuous movements at the Stock Exchange is the activity in government bonds, and no small anxiety is manifested to know whether the increased demand and the consequent advance in quotations will be kept up for any considerable length of time. Apart from its patriotic aspects almost everybody has a personal interest in this question; because throughout the length and breadth of this Continent scarcely a family can be found some of whose members do not hold, directly or indirectly, a share of the national securities. From the heavy capitalist of Wall street who counts his millions of Five-Twenties or Ten-Forties or Seven-Thirties, to the domestic servant or the emancipated freedman who puts his hard-earned frugal surplus into a savings bank, the masses of our people have a pecuniary interest in the federal debt, and never in the history of nations have any government securities become so completely popularized or forced their way so generally into the homes of all classes and sections of the people.

How, then, shall we answer this question? How judge of the probable duration of the recent activity in Government bonds? It is evident that in the first place we must find out what are the special causes to which that activity is due. And among them, one of the most obvious is the

increase in the foreign demand. As we approached the close of the impeachment trial, and it became evident that the result would be a verdict of acquittal, so that the financial and industrial machinery of the country would be released from the incubus which checked and hampered its movements, the foreign markets for American securities responded to the improvement of our Government credit and received an immediate impulse upwards. Money is so cheap in Europe, and our Five Twenties at 72 pay such large interest, that it seems as if the European demand must needs grow. Or if it is checked to some extent [by absurd and ill-timed discussions about paying the bonds in greenbacks, this agitation has become circumscribed within narrow limits, and will soon attract as little notice in Europe as on this side. And, moreover, the pacific counsels which are developing so overpowering a public sentiment on the Continent in favor of disarmament, will set free a large amount of capital which heretofore timidity has locked up. Hence European capitalists can scarcely fail to show greater eagerness for investments which, like American Five-Twenties, pay better, and are safer than almost any low-priced securities with which they have to compete in the money markets of the old world.

But there are nearer and more important reasons for this activity in Government bonds. We must recognize in the growing ease in our money market one of the most essential and efficient. Money is lending freely at 4 per cent. or less, and the probabilities are favorable to a continuance of low rates of interest. In this view there is a general acquiescence. A large amount of floating capital is seeking investment here, and its large aggregate will, in a few weeks, receive an increase of some sixty millions of dollars by the payment of the July interest on Government securities, bank stocks, insurance and railroad shares. Until the month of September opens the Fall trade, with its pressure on the monetary machinery, there is no ordinary cause of stringency to be anticipated.

Among the other active causes of the movement in government bonds, we must not forget that the public is waking up to the near approach of the time when further issues of gold-bearing six per cents will be stopped. After the small remainder of the Seven-Thirties are converted, no more of the gold bonds will be issued from the Treasury. And when this will be it is easy to foresee. On the 1st of May the 830 millions of Seven Thirties had fallen to the low aggregate of 163 millions, and at this moment there are only about 100 millions outstanding, all of which will be converted within a few weeks. Let the new supply of these Five-Twenties be once cut off, and the market, it is supposed, will at once take an upward spring, in accordance with the well known law, that if the supply ceases and the demand increases, the

equilibrium of values is disturbed, and the sensitive price-gauge of the Stock Exchange goes up.

With these facts before us, we need have little surprise at the late advance. For our bonds [are still selling much below their relative value as compared with other securities; and there is little apparent reason why the upward movement should not be continued; if, at least, Congress can be persuaded to refrain from agitating the public mind with discussions and resolutions touching the public faith and the public debt.

In this point of view we cannot but regret that in the Senate on Thursday Mr. Morgan lent the high sanction of his name to a joint resolution for reducing the interest on the debt. Such projects are premature, and can result in no practical good to the public credit. The resolution authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue "coupon or registered bonds of the United States in such form and of such denominations as he may prescribe, redeemable in coin at the pleasure of the United States, after twenty, thirty and forty years respectively, and bearing the following rates of interest, payable semi-annually in coin, viz.: the issue of bonds falling due in twenty years shall bear interest at 5 per cent per annum; those payable in thirty years, at  $4\frac{1}{2}$  per cent, and the forty years bonds at 4 per centum." All these bonds are to be exempt from taxation by State, municipal or local authority, and also to be exempt from all taxes or duties to the United States, other than such income tax as may be assessed upon other incomes. The bonds are to be exclusively used for the redemption of any of the present interest-bearing debt of the United States, other than the existing five per cent bonds and the three per cent certificates, and may be issued to an amount sufficient in the aggregate to cover the principal, of all outstanding obligations, and no more; but the amount of the issue redeemable in twenty years is not to exceed one-third part of the whole issue of the new bonds thus authorized.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Finance, and it is scarcely probable that any early action will be taken upon it. At least this appears to be the opinion in Wall street, for the eager rush of investors to buy government bonds does not seem to have been very much checked.

#### THE POLITICAL REVOLUTION IN ENGLAND.

It is important that we should not suffer the engrossing character of the political complications by which commerce and industry are just now surrounded in our own country, to make us indifferent to the grave events which are actually occurring, and to the still more grave events which seem to be preparing, in the political world of Great Britain.

It is unnecessary for us to dwell upon the fact that the interests of Great Britain and of the United States are destined to be more and more closely interwoven with every year's development of either nation. This fact is obvious to every competent observer of the world's affairs, and neither those who anticipate the predominance of American over English interests in the markets of the world as a result to be rapidly reached by the completion of our new system of communication with the East, nor those who look forward to a protracted tenure of her imperial position by the great British metropolis, will deny that a serious change in the political constitution of the British Empire must entail upon America, as well as upon England, social and financial consequences of the greatest moment.

That such a serious and decided change is now actually impending over Great Britain, we hold to be demonstrable. It was observed, the other day, by the *Pall Mall Gazette*, which, though one of the youngest, has already commanded for itself a general recognition as one of the very ablest

of the London journals, that up to the present time the influence of the Atlantic cable, upon political matters in both continents, had been unredeemably deplorable. The remark may have been a trifle too sweeping, but it is, nevertheless, full of truth. The value of political news sent from England to America, or from America to England, is contingent upon the just interpretation of that news by the intelligence of either nation. The satirical statement of the great economist, Mr. John Stuart Mill, that so-called "practical persons," in his experience were, for the most part, men who had observed, collected and *misunderstood* a great store of facts has a direct application here. The rapidity with which political items are now flashed through the wires, and the curtness with which they are necessarily stated, when every word represents a small ingot of gold, combine to make it extremely difficult, not to say impossible, for most men to form any exact and coherent notion of the significance of the news which has hardly reached them before its impression is followed up and effaced by a fresh wave. Brevity, which is the soul of wit, is too often the tomb of truth. Almost all important human transactions require to be fully stated, with all their modifications, bearings, and relations before they can be usefully understood, or their real drift ascertained.

The bare announcements, for example, which have recently from day to day been made to us, that Mr. Gladstone, as the leader of the opposition in the English Parliament, has assailed the British Premier, Mr. Disraeli, on the question of dis-establishing the English Church in Ireland: that the assailant has carried repeated majorities in the House of Commons: that, in spite of these repeated majorities carried against him, the Premier still retains his place, and after consultation with the Queen refuses either to resign or to dissolve Parliament; these bare announcements, we say, may suffice to produce the impression that a sharp contest for political power is going on within the walls of Parliament between two of the cleverest and most ambitious of living English statesmen. But they do not suffice to convey to the hasty reader of the daily journal, no matter how well informed he may be, or how deeply interested in regard to British politics, any just sense of what we believe to be the truth, that this sharp Parliamentary contest is only the beginning and the indication of a coming contest on a wider field, which threatens to assume the proportions of a genuine political revolution. The existing British Parliament is the last which will ever be assembled under the existing laws regulating Parliamentary representation, unless Mr. Disraeli should suffer himself to be forced into, or should conclude it to be wise to order a dissolution with a fresh election during the current summer. Should he do so he would inflict almost equal annoyance upon his supporters and his opponents. An English Parliamentary election involves to each member engaged in the contest, whether he be elected or whether he be defeated, an extraordinary outlay of funds. Cases have been known in which an ambitious candidate has expended more than one hundred thousand dollars for the pleasure of seeing himself beaten at the polls; and it is but rarely that any man succeeds in reaching a seat at St. Stephen's without drawing his cheques to a large amount. Now, as it will be necessary next year to make a new appeal to the new constituencies which will then be called into being by the Reform Bill of 1867, it is clear that neither the friends nor the foes of Mr. Disraeli can be gratified by the prospect of a dissolution which would entail upon them all the burdens of two electoral contests within a single twelvemonth.

When, therefore, Mr. Gladstone and his majority brought the question of the disestablishment of the Irish church before the existing Parliament, Mr. Disraeli took the ground, in resisting Mr. Gladstone's proposition, that while he did not believe a majority of the existing constituencies were in favor

of such a measure, and, therefore, in ordinary circumstances would not hesitate to dissolve Parliament and "go to the country" upon the issue, he felt still more certain that a majority of the future constituencies to be next year created would take the same view of the case, and that he should therefore reserve the question for a future decision by them, and decline to abdicate under the pressure of the majority. Although this was a most unusual course for a British Premier to adopt, the circumstances of the case also are so unusual that Mr. Disraeli's conduct in the matter is applauded even by many of those who dislike him most as a man, and distrust him most as a Minister. It is felt and conceded by Liberals who have no immediate interest in Mr. Gladstone's immediate advent to power, that to "force the hand" of Mr. Disraeli at this time is a blunder, if not in its way a crime in politics. A dissolution and election under the existing Parliamentary laws would be a public annoyance and misfortune. A change of government would also be a calamity, in the face of the fact that the Disraeli Ministry by which the English Reform Bill had been passed, or at least accepted, is now anxious to complete its work by passing the Scotch and Irish Reform Bills also. Men who feel this, and say what they feel, are vexed and mortified by the spectacle of a Liberal leader who shows himself impracticable, impolitic, hot-headed, selfish and greedy of immediate office, when he has it in his power to strengthen both himself and his party permanently by resting on his victories, and helping the Tory government to an easy death.

Mr. Disraeli, on the contrary, is no doubt quite as much delighted as the supporters of Mr. Gladstone are provoked by the disposition of his rival; and relying upon a continued term of office until the expiration of the existing Parliament, he is organizing his forces and his policy for a future conflict when the new constituencies come into being. And he is doing this, we repeat, on a basis and in a way which indicates that he at least believes the political constitution of England to be on the eve of undergoing a serious revolution. The new Reform Bill will introduce into the politics of Great Britain a vast multitude of new voters, variously estimated at from half a million to a million of men. But no estimate has yet been made of them, which does not concede to them the power to swamp the existing constituencies, or, in other words, to make the House of Commons a representation not of the territorial, nor of the mercantile, nor of the financial, nor of the intellectual, but of the numerical force of Great Britain. Many enthusiastic British liberals anticipate from this change a fresh impulse to progress in a liberal sense. Other liberals of a less sanguine or of a more cynical turn of mind, already begin to question the soundness of such anticipations. Mr. Disraeli evidently relies upon a widely different result of the great change. The astute and unscrupulous Premier, who has seen himself elevated to the first rank in the affairs of the empire by combining the tory aristocracy with the new democracy in support of a democratic reform bill, plainly believes that he will be enabled to retain the rank which he has won by combining the new democracy with the tory aristocracy against the establishment of religious equality in Ireland. "Justice to Ireland" is the cry, and a very noble and commendable cry it is, of the liberals, whose victories Mr. Gladstone is abusing. But who can be sure that "justice to Ireland" will be as potent a cry with the suddenly enfranchised masses of a strongly Protestant England as it is with the educated leaders of English liberal thought, and with the intelligent voters of the upper middle classes in England? Mr. Disraeli has been a close observer of men and things in his time. He has seen in France, if nowhere else, that sudden spasms of democratic fervor may as often conduce to fortify prejudices, and to establish arbitrary power as to enlighten politics and to extend true

liberty. He knows that in England Ireland is not loved. Englishmen, and especially Englishmen of the classes now about to be enfranchised, hate Irishmen, in the first place, because Ireland has long been oppressed, and there is no dislike so bitter as the dislike of men who have played the part of oppressors for the men whom they have oppressed; in the second place, because Irishmen are Roman Catholics; in the third place, because Irish labor invades and cheapens the labor market of England.

When we reflect that all these illiberal possibilities in the temper and training of the new English constituencies are to be played upon by so ingenious a politician as Mr. Disraeli, backed by the whole power of the British Church, which feels that in defending the Irish Establishment it is really fighting for its own life, and by the whole power of the landed aristocracy outside the Whig party, which feels that if the endowment principle in the church be overthrown, the entail principle in the State must be the next point of attack, when we reflect on these things it must be plain that the political battle to which Mr. Disraeli looks forward is certain to be one of the most fiercely contested and the most dubious which England has ever witnessed.

And whether it be won or lost by Mr. Disraeli it must inaugurate a political revolution of which Mr. Disraeli himself, perhaps, hardly foresees the possible eventualities. For it will give the new constituencies a keen and formidable consciousness of their power and their importance. It will introduce into British politics something, at least, of the temper and the tactics of universal suffrage. It will democratize the intrigues, and therefore, by a fatal and inevitable logic, it will democratize the machinery also of British politics. It will begin at least to modify the tenure of office in England by calling into being there a powerful class of politicians hitherto few and unimportant in numbers on the other side of the Atlantic, but neither few nor unimportant, alas! among ourselves, to whom politics will be a trade, and offices a prize. Of such a change as this who can wisely prefigure the full force and the possible fruits? Neither the fiscal, the commercial nor the industrial policy of Great Britain can be said to be fixed, from the day when, over a million new voters at the polls of England, the wand of a fierce religious and political excitement is deliberately waved by the most reckless, if not the most dangerous, public man who has ever appeared at the head of British affairs since the revolution of 1688.

FOREIGN TRADE WITH THE UNITED STATES.

The last monthly report of the Director of the Bureau of Statistics enables us to present a tolerably accurate statement of the foreign trade of the country for a series of months past. The returns for the later months are subject to slight modification upon the receipt of the monthly schedules from the Pacific and some of the minor ports; but these changes will not materially affect the general result. The imports for each month of 1867 have been as follows:

IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES IN 1867.

	Free.	Merchandise. Dutiable.	Total.	Gold and silver.	Total.
1867.					
January.....	\$1,004,570	\$25,818,879	\$26,823,449	\$1,111,018	\$27,934,467
February.....	1,241,852	33,737,833	34,979,685	686,227	35,665,912
March.....	2,770,632	29,404,137	32,174,819	605,666	32,780,485
April.....	1,871,259	37,063,226	38,939,485	644,088	39,583,573
May.....	1,692,695	33,593,047	35,285,742	1,320,000	36,605,742
June.....	1,659,327	29,572,944	31,232,271	615,033	31,847,304
July.....	1,255,249	31,982,542	33,237,791	1,197,893	34,435,684
August.....	1,419,676	31,905,783	33,325,464	1,175,831	34,501,295
September.....	1,473,521	29,098,714	30,572,235	1,199,806	31,772,041
October.....	1,390,631	27,986,431	29,377,062	1,262,189	30,639,251
November.....	1,462,826	24,022,927	25,485,753	329,203	25,814,956
December.....	1,219,873	19,263,448	20,483,321	924,924	21,408,245
Total imports.....					\$383,048,825

These figures, it will be perceived, are for the calendar year, and as the ordinary official returns are made up for the fiscal year, viz., from July to July, it is difficult to present an exact comparison of this total with that of former years.

As the best parallell obtainable, however, we give the following statement of annual importations for the last ten fiscal years:

IMPORTS INTO THE UNITED STATES FROM 1857-8 to 1866-7.

	Specie.	Merchandise.	Total.
1857-58.....	\$19,274,496	\$263,338,654	\$282,613,150
1858-59.....	7,434,789	331,333,341	338,768,130
1859-60.....	8,550,135	353,616,119	362,166,254
1860-61.....	46,339,611	288,310,542	335,650,153
1861-62.....	16,415,052	258,941,999	275,357,051
1862-63.....	9,584,105	243,335,815	252,919,920
1863-64.....	13,115,612	316,447,283	329,562,895
1864-65.....	9,810,072	238,745,580	248,555,652
1865-66.....	10,700,092	431,812,066	442,512,158
1866-67.....	22,308,345	389,924,977	412,233,322

Although the imports began to decline toward the close of last year, yet the aggregate for the year is largely in excess of the highest period before the war, is \$135,000,000 in excess of the last year of hostilities, and \$62,000,000 below the year next succeeding peace, which was far in excess of the most active year in the history of our trade. There can be no reasonable doubt that, for the years 1865-66 and 1866-67, the importing trade was largely overdone, and a period of reaction was to be expected. The process of contraction appears to have set in with the preparations for the trade of this Spring, and hence we find the receipts from November to the present time to have been upon a conservative scale. The following comparison shows the importations into the United States (specie included) for the past three months of the current year, compared with the same period of 1867:

IMPORTS FOR JANUARY, FEBRUARY AND MARCH, 1868 AND 1867.

	1868.	1867.
January.....	\$22,243,651	\$27,934,467
February.....	28,785,637	31,665,942
March.....	33,038,066	32,780,485
Total 1st quarter ..	\$84,067,354	\$96,380,894
Decrease 1868.....	12,313,540	

It is thus apparent that the receipts for the first quarter are at the rate of \$50,000,000 per annum, or 12 per cent less than for the same period of 1867. This reduction, however, has not been such as to render the importing trade much more profitable than it was a year ago; so that it would seem to be fairly presumable that the preparations for the Fall importation will not be on a scale exceeding the arrivals for the current season.

We now turn to the export movement. The Director's returns present that portion of the produce exports usually entered in currency values reduced to gold; and for the convenience of comparison we shall therefore give the entire exports in gold values:

EXPORTS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR 1867, GOLD VALUE.

1867.	Domestic produce.		Specie and bullion.	For re-exports.	
	Atlantic ports.	Pacific ports.		Merchandise.	Specie.
January....	\$27,891,753	\$1,008,992	\$3,851,532	\$1,130,364	\$190,459
February....	29,610,032	1,108,141	3,017,548	1,672,364	475,542
March.....	37,775,064	763,263	2,622,442	2,037,982	397,818
April.....	31,021,884	1,147,350	3,244,358	2,072,138	941,688
May.....	21,362,021	1,064,106	1,660,713	1,273,269	598,873
June.....	20,165,941	511,582	8,052,403	1,212,732	848,508
July.....	18,537,087	861,490	15,320,293	699,500	1,578,173
August....	14,385,289	1,617,827	2,978,081	980,197	516,396
September..	12,745,792	1,384,587	3,468,334	1,151,937	877,618
October....	17,867,475	1,652,069	3,222,056	1,073,881	524,415
November..	24,576,445	1,049,392	2,061,272	911,191	432,839
December..	25,162,125	1,222,433	8,955,060	830,564	755,827
Total....	\$281,100,907	\$13,891,331	\$67,455,092	\$15,056,179	\$8,138,506

RECAPITULATION OF ITEMS.

Domestic produce at Atlantic ports.....	\$281,100,907
"    Pacific ports.....	13,891,331
Domestic specie and bullion.....	67,455,092
Foreign merchandise.....	15,056,179
"    specie.....	8,138,506
Total exports.....	\$385,642,015

It thus appears that the total exports for the year 1867 amounted to \$385,652,015, gold value, against \$383,048,825 of imports, showing an excess of exports amounting to about \$2,500,000.

The exports for the first three months of the current year show a material decline from those of the same period of last year, as will appear from the following comparative statement:

EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES FOR JANUARY, FEBRUARY AND MARCH, 1867 AND 1868, GOLD VALUE.

Months.	1868.			1867.		
	Domestic produce.	Domestic specie.	Foreign re-exports.	Domestic produce.	Domestic specie.	Foreign re-exports.
January.....	\$26,211,337	\$7,287,767	\$1,779,735	\$28,900,745	\$3,851,532	\$1,320,823
February....	27,134,412	4,005,632	1,119,798	30,718,173	3,017,548	2,147,906
March.....	26,295,455	3,223,696	1,758,934	38,538,326	2,622,442	2,435,800
Total ..	\$79,641,204	\$4,517,095	\$4,658,467	\$98,157,244	\$9,491,522	\$5,904,529

RECAPITULATION OF TOTALS.

	1868.	1867.
Domestic produce.....	\$79,641,204	\$98,157,244
Domestic specie.....	4,517,095	9,491,522
Foreign re-exports.....	4,658,467	5,904,529
Total, three months.....	\$98,816,766	\$113,553,295

The total exports for the past quarter of the year are thus \$98,816,766, against \$116,553,495, showing a decrease of \$14,736,529. This falling off is due mainly to the lower value of our shipments of cotton this year. The quantity and value of cotton shipped in each of these months in 1867 and 1868, stands on the Bureau reports as follows:

Months.	1868.		1867.	
	Pounds.	Cur. value.	Pounds.	Cur. value.
January.....	109,164,492	\$16,691,424	91,662,704	\$29,832,988
February....	101,723,505	18,018,189	91,607,260	29,476,413
March.....	101,031,453	21,546,685	123,264,739	38,275,314
Total, 3 months ..	311,919,450	\$56,256,298	306,534,703	\$97,584,715

While we have shipped 5,400,000 lbs. of cotton during the first quarter, more than last year, yet the declared value is \$41,300,000, currency, less than then. This heavy falling off in the value of this staple has been, to a large extent, compensated by an increased value in nearly all the other exports. It may be of interest, as affording a criterion of the probable movement of the precious metals, to ascertain the balance of our foreign trade, so far as indicated in these returns; we therefore present the following comparison of imports and exports for the first quarter of the year:

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR FIRST QUARTER OF 1867 AND 1868.

	Imports.	Exports.	Exc. of exp'ts.
First quarter, 1868.....	\$84,067,354	\$98,816,766	\$14,749,412
First quarter, 1867.....	96,380,894	113,553,295	17,172,401

According to these figures, the exports for the three months were \$14,749,412, in gold, above the value of the imports. This, however, is not an infallible indication of the real position of the trade balance. Much of the cotton sent out was consigned on account of home shippers, and during the late advance on the staple would realize much higher prices than the invoice value; while, as a rule, consignments of foreign merchandise to this market have not realized the invoiced price. Upon the whole, this showing cannot be deemed an unsatisfactory one.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON—MAY 15.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam...	short.	11.17½ @ 11.17½	May 15.	short.	11.88 @ —
Antwerp.....	3 months.	25.37½ @ 25.42½	"	"	25.20 @ —
Hamburg.....	"	13. 9½ @ 13.10	"	"	13. 8 @ —
Paris.....	"	25.35 @ 25.37½	"	"	25.15 @ —
Paris.....	short.	25.15 @ 25.25	"	3 mos.	25.17½ @ 25.20
Vienna.....	3 months.	11.85 @ 11.90	"	"	—
Berlin.....	"	6.26½ @ 6.27½	"	"	—
St. Petersburg	"	32½ @ 32½	May 15.	3 mos.	33
Cadiz.....	"	48½ @ 48½	"	"	—
Lisbon.....	90 days.	51½ @ 51½	May 14.	80 days.	51½ @ 51½
Milan.....	3 months.	28.25 @ 28.30	"	"	—
Genoa.....	"	28.25 @ 28.30	"	"	—
Naples.....	"	28.25 @ 28.30	"	"	—
New York.....	"	—	May 15.	60 days.	110
Jamaica.....	"	—	April 24.	90 days.	1 p. c.
Havana.....	"	—	May 15.	60 days.	10½
Rio de Janeiro	"	—	April 21.	"	18½ @ 20
Bahia.....	"	—	April 29.	"	20½ @ 21
Valparaiso....	"	—	April 22.	"	36½ @ —
Pernambuco....	"	—	May 2.	"	20½ @ 20½
Singapore.....	60 days.	4s. 4d.	April 7.	6 mos.	4s. 4½d. @ —
Hong Kong....	"	4s. 4d.	April 22.	"	4s. 4d. @ —
Ceylon.....	"	2 p. c. dis.	April 8.	"	1½ @ 1½ per ct.
Bombay.....	"	1s. 11½d.	May 10.	"	2s. 1-16d.
Madras.....	"	1s. 11d.	May 8.	"	1s. 11½d.
Calcutta.....	"	1s. 11d.	May 8.	"	1s. 11½d.
Sydney.....	30 days.	1 p. c. dis.	April 28.	30 days.	1 @ 1½ p. c.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, May 16, 1868.

Had it not been for our very satisfactory trade with India and China, it is probable that, notwithstanding the great falling off in the supply



of the raw material, the value of cotton would not have risen so rapidly and the price of Middling Orleans would not have been at so high a point as it is at the present moment. It is, perhaps, a fortunate circumstance, in some respects, that cotton has materially improved in value, because the quotation was falling so low that there was not only a strong disposition to curtail the production abroad, but such a movement was already in progress, and the effects of that movement would, in the course of a few months, have been seriously felt here. It happened, however, that the excitement at Liverpool was extremely opportune, and much encouragement seems to have been given to the grower in foreign parts. This week the value of cotton has declined, but judging from the tone of the market towards the close, it seems unlikely that the trade will allow prices to fall much lower.

In this connection it is particularly interesting to notice the destination of our shipments of cotton piece goods during the past three months of the current year, compared with the corresponding period of 1867 and 1866. The prominent features of the statement will be seen to be a large increase in our exports to India, China and Australia, and a considerable falling off in our shipments to the United States, France and the South American Republics, as is indicated by the following figures. Those in which there is an increase for the three months this year are subjoined :

Exported to—	INCREASE.		
	1866.	1867.	1868.
Turkey.....yds.	68,162,637	37,899,074	54,444,655
New Granada.....	14,904,421	13,257,561	23,625,680
China and Hong Kong.....	40,311,175	24,127,341	80,094,178
Foreign West Indies.....	8,205,614	10,592,636	13,593,309
British West Indies.....	8,244,737	8,488,087	10,596,861
British India.....	94,814,092	142,676,123	219,380,032
Australia.....	4,736,886	2,256,224	6,028,697

—while those in which there is an important decrease are as follows:

	DECREASE.		
	1866.	1867.	1868.
United States.....	55,725,388	44,144,818	33,730,098
Egypt.....	58,105,072	91,905,857	76,907,478
France.....	9,023,061	13,193,797	8,103,488
Brazil.....	29,522,127	34,900,804	24,286,088
Argentine Confederation.....	8,515,932	13,090,806	6,639,818
Chili.....	2,238,284	14,854,511	5,299,598
Peru.....	5,818,965	8,881,540	6,067,050
Java.....	10,881,446	8,279,640	6,528,212
Philippine Islands.....	3,271,180	9,641,565	7,682,820

No doubt the fear of war on the Continent and the war in the Brazils have had a prejudicial effect on our exports to the Continent and to South America. The bad harvest of last year, and, as a consequence, the dearness of bread, must have tended to an important extent in the same direction ; but now that the prospect, politically as well as in an agricultural point of view, is much brighter, we ought to expect an increasing export trade in cotton goods. The result of the operations of the first three months is not, however, unsatisfactory, the shipments of piece goods in that period being as much as 732,428,640 yards against 621,976,799 yards in 1867, and 581,818,356 yards in 1866.

The following figures show the extent of our exports of cotton, linen and woolen goods to the United States in the first three months of the current year, compared with 1867 and 1866 :

	TO THE UNITED STATES.		
	1866.	1867.	1868.
Cotton piece goods.....yds.	52,725,388	44,144,818	33,730,098
Cotton thread.....lbs.	436,591	402,946	483,722
Linen piece goods.....yds.	39,322,662	29,449,010	20,773,444
Linen yarn.....lbs.	603,236	400,902	240,284
Woolen cloth.....yds.	2,408,069	2,055,665	1,518,652
Carpets and druggets.....yds.	1,436,702	1,528,291	855,514
Shawls, rugs, &c.....No.	40,853	58,046	51,951
Worsted stuffs.....yds.	31,763,339	16,768,185	19,952,440
Total.....	128,726,840	94,807,863	77,586,135

The public sales of colonial wool were commenced on Thursday, and, according to present arrangements, will not be concluded until the 4th of July next. The arrivals are very large, the total supply to be brought forward being as much as 210,000 bales, of which about 33,000 bales are from the Cape of Good Hope. Notwithstanding the large supply in the market, both home and foreign buyers have purchased freely, and, in some instances, prices exhibit a slight improvement. The tone of the wool trade is clearly very healthy, and should the harvest be favorable we may safely expect a better price for wool as we approach the close of the year. The particulars of our imports and exports of wool and woolen goods from and to all quarters are subjoined :

	IMPORTS OF WOOL.		
	1866.	1867.	1868.
From Continent.....lbs.	5,957,040	2,892,253	1,410,705
Cape.....	3,797,795	5,471,900	5,037,928
East Indies.....	110,737	1,523,543	3,126,123
Australia.....	13,498,843	16,856,581	11,454,298
Other countries.....	2,483,834	5,981,853	2,581,452
Total.....	26,846,349	32,676,130	23,660,506

	EXPORTS.		
	1866.	1867.	1868.
Colonial.....	6,487,902	10,182,527	18,017,635
Foreign.....	1,576,126	2,493,357	1,469,934
Home grown.....	1,899,673	1,446,945	2,651,271

EXPORTS OF WOOLEN GOODS.

Yarns.....	lbs.	7,528,988	8,155,365	11,833,629
Cloth.....	yds.	8,853,876	8,400,929	6,101,674
Flannel.....	"	1,403,299	1,320,067	1,240,600
Blankets.....	"	948,449	750,538	714,296
Blanketing and baizes.....	"	382,522	437,756	208,296
Carpets and druggets.....	"	1,982,158	2,019,405	1,549,319
Shawls, rugs, &c.....	No.	165,164	172,298	116,945
Worsted stuffs.....	yds.	65,724,271	54,778,753	51,468,314

In the wheat trade there is no important feature. The demand both for home grown and foreign produce is in a most sluggish state, but the holders of good qualities are still firm, and no material change has taken place in prices. Inferior wheat is very dull, but there is no actual fall in their value. The statements of imports and exports of wheat and flour, from the commencement of the season to the close of last week, is subjoined :

	WHEAT.		—Exports—	
	1866-67.	1867-68.	1866-67.	1867-68.
From—				
Sept. 1 to April 25.....	16,720,119	24,746,056	297,127	557,397
Week ending May 2.....	837,491	668,044	27,134	8,213
"    "    "    9.....	777,113	770,687	21,461	6,545
Total.....	18,334,723	26,184,787	345,722	572,155

	FLOUR.		—Exports—	
	1866-67.	1867-68.	1866-67.	1867-68.
Sept. 1 to April 25.....	2,463,773	2,239,978	13,884	18,986
Week ending May 2.....	89,717	36,142	353	2,103
"    "    "    9.....	80,690	53,640	358	654
Total.....	2,634,185	2,379,760	14,595	21,743

The following is a summary of the news from the principal grain-growing districts of France, published in the *Times* of yesterday :

- " Nord.—Wheats are prospering marvellously, and promise a good yield and early, if the weather continues as favorably as everything seems to predict.
- " Pas de Calais.—General appearances satisfactory.
- " Eure.—Only a few English varieties do not look well.
- " Bas-Rhin.—Barley and wheat superb.
- " Seine Inferieure.—Corn continues to look well.
- " Sarthe.—Very fine.
- " Cher.—The cereals have recovered.
- " Loiret.—The winter sorts are green, vigorous and high.
- " Indre.—Where the ground is well cultivated the wheats look well, but, failing that requisit, the appearance is poor.
- " Charente-Inferieure.—Everything prognosticates a good harvest.
- " Saone-et-Loire.—The thickly-sown grain is passable.
- " Var.—The corn fields are fine.
- " Meuse.—Crops promising.
- " Haute-Garonne.—A good return is fully counted on."

From Algeria the following information has been received respecting the crops :—The barley is everywhere nearly ripe and ready to be cut; the harvest will begin in the first fortnight of this month, and the yield promises to be excellent; the grain is full, and will weigh at least 60 kilogrammes the hectolitre. The wheat, which was rather backward, has improved in appearance since the last rains; the roots appear very vigorous. The flax blossoms are already formed, and the stalks bend under the weight; beans also look well. Lentils and peas seem likely to largely remunerate their cultivators. The maize plants are in a flourishing state. The vine has everywhere been subjected to a preventive sulphuration, and promises an abundant yield.

The directors of the Bank of England have again refrained from making an alteration in their rates of discount, and hence the *minimum* quotation remains at 2 per cent. Although in the open market bills are not discounted below 2 per cent, yet, in the present position of affairs, there seems to be no prospect that the Bank rates will be raised to a higher point, as is pretty clearly indicated by the Bank returns of the present week. There is, indeed, a slight decrease in the supply of bullion held by the establishment, but then the reserve of notes shows an important increase. While in the other securities a very trifling increase has taken place. Many circumstances, moreover, seem to point to a continuance of a 2 per cent rate of discount. No one entertains the opinion that money will become dear, but there are some that hold that the discount market will be a rising market. For some time past there have been indications of dearer (not dear) money, but the tendency to higher rates was only a tendency, and has not yet developed itself into a reality. At the present moment there is nothing to justify a higher rate of money. Trade remains quiet; there appear to be no signs of any rapid extension of business, the agricultural prospect is favorable, and there are very large supplies of gold and silver on passage to this country from the United States, Mexico and Australia. In addition to those circumstances the Continental exchanges rule more favorable to this country, and the export demand for gold has almost ceased. It seems next to certain that the supplies of the precious metals will accumulate on this side, and that, as there is much caution in business, and no disposition on the part of the public to facilitate the introduction of new loans or of public companies, there will be no justification for a rise in the Bank *minimum* for some weeks to come. The rates of discount in the open market, compared with those of last year, are shown in the following statement :

1867.		1868.		1867.		1868.	
Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
30 and 60 days' bills	2 3/4 @ 3	2 @ -	6 months' bank bills	3 @ 3 1/4	2 1/2 @ 2 1/2	3 @ 3 1/4	2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
3 months, bills	2 3/4 @ 3	2 @ -	4 and 6 trade bills	3 @ 4	2 1/2 @ 3 1/4	3 @ 4	2 1/2 @ 3 1/4
4 months, bank bills	3 @ 3 1/4	2 @ 2 1/4					

Money on the Continent is in very moderate request, and the quotations have tended downward. At Paris and at St. Petersburg the rates are rather lower. The supply of bullion held by the Bank of France amounts to £16,370,560, while discounts are at £16,792,560. Annexed are the quotations at the leading cities:

	B'k rate		Op. m'kt			B'k rate		Op. m'kt	
	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.		1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.
At Paris	3	2 1/2	2 1/2	1 1/2-2	Turin	5	5	5	5
Vienna	4	4	4	4	Brussels	3	2 1/2	2 1/2-3/4	2 1/2-3
Berlin	3	4	2 1/2	2 1/2-3	Madrid	5	5	5	5
Frankfort	2 1/2	2 1/2	1 1/2-2	1 1/2-2	Hamburg	-	-	2 1/2	2
Amst'rd'm	3	2 1/2	2-2 1/2	2	St. Pet'g.	7	6 1/2	7-8 1/2	6-6 1/2

Bills of Exchange have been less in demand, and the rates are rather more favorable to this country.

Messrs. Bischoffsheim & Goldschmidt have abandoned the Spanish Colonial Loan. The prospectus of the loan stated that the interest and sinking fund were guaranteed by the Imperial Government, and Messrs. Bischoffsheim urged the necessity of introducing a bill into the Cortes confirming the guarantee. The Spanish Finance Minister, however, declined to pursue such a course, and before any of the public money had left the country, Messrs. Bischoffsheim prudently, as well as boldly, arrested the matter, returning to the subscribers their money, with two per cent. interest; but the firm may have some difficulty in obtaining from the Spanish Government the sum of £110,000, advanced by them as caution-money. It ought to take a long time before an Englishman has faith in Spanish securities or Spanish integrity.

Messrs. Belding & Keith have stopped payment for, it is said, about £50,000. The firm is of about two years standing.

In the Stock Exchange much quietness has prevailed, but the tone has, on the whole, been steady. The Stock Exchange markets have, in fact, been almost featureless. The highest and lowest prices of consols on each day of the week are subjoined:

Week ending May 16	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money	94 - 94 1/4	94 1/4 - 94 1/2	94 1/2 - 94 3/4	94 3/4 - 94 1/2	94 1/2 - 94 1/4	94 1/4 - 94 1/2

United States Five-Twenty Bonds are steady, and have slightly improved in value. Atlantic and great Western Railway securities are weaker, and Erie Railway shares are rather lower in price. United States Five-Twenty bonds close this afternoon at 70 3/4 @ 70 1/2; Atlantic and Great Western consolidated mortgage bonds, 32 @ 33; Erie Railway shares, 45 @ 46; and Illinois Central, 94 1/2 @ 95 1/2. The highest and lowest prices of the principal American securities, on each day of the week, are subjoined:

Week ending May 16	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day	Thu'day.	Friday.	Sat'rday.
U. S. 5-20's	70 3/4 - 70 3/4	70 3/4 - 70 3/4	70 3/4 - 70 3/4	70 3/4 - 70 3/4	70 3/4 - 70 3/4	70 3/4 - 70 3/4
Atlantic & G't West-ern consol'd bonds	31 1/2 - 33 1/2	32 1/2 - 33	32 1/2 - 33 1/2	32 1/2 - 33 1/2	32 1/2 - 33 1/2	32 - 32 1/2
Erie Shares (\$100)	45 1/2 - 46	45 1/2 - 46	45 1/2 - 46	45 1/2 - 46	45 - 46	45 - 46
Illinois shares (\$100)	94 1/2 - 95 1/2	95 - 95 1/2	94 1/2 - 95 1/2	94 1/2 - 95 1/2	95 1/2 - 95	95 - 95 1/2

The following statement shows the present position of the Bank of England, compared with the state of its resources at this date since 1865. It also exhibits the minimum rate of discount, the price of Consols, wheat, Middling Upland cotton, and of No. 40 mule yarn, at this date since 1865:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Circulation	21,769,022	26,650,817	23,643,607	22,978,430
Public deposits	7,566,661	5,936,219	7,534,212	5,774,277
Private deposits	13,489,291	18,620,672	17,513,323	20,061,034
Government securities	10,984,441	10,837,056	12,886,314	13,277,696
Other securities	20,027,201	30,943,259	19,258,506	19,390,487
Reserve	8,266,913	1,202,810	11,060,772	10,015,115
Coin and bullion	15,023,913	12,323,805	19,245,277	20,293,388
Bank rate	4 1/2 p. c.	10 p. c.	3 p. c.	2 p. c.
Price of Consols	90 1/4	87 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2 - 93 x d
Average price of wheat	40s. 11d.	45s. 9d.	64s. 9d.	74s. 7d.
Mid. Upland cotton	14 1/2 d.	12 1/2 d.	11 1/2 d.	12d.
40 mule yarn, fair 2d quality	1s. 8 1/2 d.	1s. 8d.	1s. 5d.	1s. 3 1/2 d

**English Market Reports—Per Cable.**

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary:

**London Money and Stock Market.**—During the first part of the current week Consols were quiet and steady; since which time they have been active and advancing, and close firm with a tendency toward still higher prices. Consols for money opened at 94 1/2 @ 94 1/4, do. for account 93 1/2 @ 93 1/4, and closed at 96 1/2 @ 96 1/4 and 94 1/2 @ 94 1/4 respectively. There has been more doing in United States bonds, and the price shows a gain of fully one per cent on the week. Railroad securities have been generally firm in tone, and prices show a slight advance on the week; Illinois Central opening at 95 1/2 and Erie at 45 1/2, and closing respectively at 96 1/2 and 46 1/2. United States bonds at Frankfort still continue firm, and have advanced to 77, at which price they close.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Consols for money	94 1/4 - 7/8	94 1/4 - 7/8	94 1/4 - 95	95 1/4	95 1/4	95 1/4
do. for account	93 1/4 - 3/8	93 1/4 - 3/8	93 1/4	93 1/4 - 94	94 1/4	94 1/4
U. S. 6's (5 20's) 1862	71 1/2 - 1/2	71 1/2 - 1/2	71 1/2 - 3/4	71 1/2	71 1/2	72 1/2
Illinois Central shares	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	96	96 1/2
Erie Railway shares	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	45 1/2	46	46 1/2
Atl. & G. W. (consols)	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfort were—  
Frankfort..... 75 1/2 - 3/4 76 1/2 - 3/4 76 1/2 - 3/4 76 1/2 76 1/2 - 3/4 77

**Liverpool Cotton Market.**—The cotton market opened steady, and so continued for a day or two; after which the market became very heavy, and remained so until Thursday, when there was more animation apparent, and the market closed firmer with an advancing tendency in prices. Middling Uplands opened at 11 1/2 d., and do Orleans 11 1/2 d., and touched 11 1/2 d. and 11 3/4 d. on Wednesday, but closed at 11 1/2 d. and 11 1/4 d. respectively. The sales of the current week foot up 43,000 bales.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Bale sold	8,000	10,000	7,000	4,000	4,000	10,000
Fri. Midd. Uplds.	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
do. Orleans	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Mid. Uplds. to arriv	....	....	....	....	....	....

**Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.**—The articles under this head have been generally dull and heavy, and prices show a material decline on nearly the whole list. Flour has lost 1s., Milwaukee Wheat 10d., California Wheat 6d., Corn 3d., and Peas 1s.; Oats still continued to be quoted at 3s. 10d. The market was quiet at the close.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Flour, (Western) p. bbl	35 0	35 0	35 0	34 0	34 0	34 0
Wheat (No. 2 Mil. Red) p. cwt	13 6	13 4	13 4	13 0	12 9	12 8
do. (California white)	14 10	14 10	14 10	14 6	14 4	14 4
Corn (West. mx'd) p. 480 lbs	38 6	38 6	38 6	38 6	38 3	38 3
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 10	3 10
Peas (Canadian) pr 504 lbs	46 0	46 0	46 0	45 0	45 0	45 0

**Liverpool Provisions Market.**—This market has remained remarkably quiet and unchanged. Pork has showed a little variation, opening at 85s., and after touching 86s., closed at 84s. The remaining articles in the list opened and closed at the same figures. The market closed steady.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	110 0	110 0	110 0	110 0	110 0	110 0
Pork (Etn. pr. mess) p. 200 lbs	85 0	85 0	86 0	86 0	84 0	84 0
Bacon (Cumb. cut) p. 112 lbs	48 0	48 0	48 0	48 0	48 0	48 0
Lard (American)	68 0	68 0	68 0	68 0	68 0	68 0
Cheese (fine)	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0

**Liverpool Produce Market.**—This market, also, has continued quiet, and prices steady. Spirits Petroleum showed a little more firmness at the close, and gained 1d. Spirits Turpentine lost 6d., and closed at 29s. 6d. The remaining articles show no change, and are quoted the same as at the close of last week.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wed.	Th.
Rosin (com Wilm) .per 112 lbs	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6	6 6
do. middling	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
do. fine pale	....	....	....	....	....	....
Sp turpentine	30 0	30 0	30 0	30 0	29 6	29 6
Petroleum (std white) p. 8 lbs	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3	1 3
do. spirits	7	7	7	7	7	8
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs	44 6	44 6	44 6	44 6	44 9	44 6
Clover seed (Am. red)	....	....	....	....	....	....

**London Produce and Oil Markets.**—Sugar continued steady at 27s. 9d. up to Wednesday, when the price fell off 3d., and closed at 27s. 6d. per 112 lbs. Linseed Cake and Oil, and Sperm Oil, show no change from last week.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wd.	Th.
Linseed cake (obl'g) p. ton	£10 10 0	£10 10 0	£10 10 0	£10 10 0	£10 10 0	£10 10 0
do. oil	35 00 0	35 00 0	35 00 0	35 00 0	35 00 0	35 00 0
Sperm oil	96 00 0	96 00 0	96 00 0	96 00 0	96 00 0	96 00 0
Whale oil p. 252 gals.	....	....	....	....	....	....
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) per 112 lbs	27 9	27 9	27 9	27 9	27 6	27 6

**Latest: Friday Evening, May 29.**

Consols are quoted at this hour at 96 1/2 @ 96 1/4 for money, and 94 1/2 @ 94 1/4 ex div. for account, and United States Five-Twenty bonds at 72 1/2 @ 72 1/4. Railroad Securities are still firm, and are now quoted as follows: Erie shares 47 1/2 and Illinois Central shares 97. U. S. bonds at Frankfort are firm at 77 for the old issue.

The cotton market has been firm and steady to-day, with considerable business doing in cotton to arrive at 11 1/2 d. The *Brokers' Circular*, issued to-day, gives the following statistics in regard to the cotton market: The sales of the week have been 37,000 bales, of which 6,000 were taken for export, and 4,000 for speculation. The total stock of cotton in port and on shipboard is estimated at 620,000 bales. It is estimated that more than one-half of the stock of cotton in port was imported from the United States. American 363,000. The total stock of cotton at sea at present bound to this port is estimated at 512,000 bales, of which only 90,000 are on the way from the United States. The shipments of cotton from Bombay to the 23d inst., since last report, have been 50,000 bales.

In Breadstuffs the market is dull and heavy, and every article in the list has declined in price. The usual authorities in the trade furnish the following figures as the quotations at this hour: Corn 37s. 9d. per qr

for new Mixed Western, Wheat 14s. 3d. per cental for California, and 12s. 6d. for No. 2 Red Western. Oats 3s. 6d. per bush. Peas 44s. per 504 pounds. Flour 33s. 6d. per bbl. for Western Canal.

In Provisions, Lard is quiet. Pork dull.

There are no changes to report in the Liverpool produce, or London produce and oil markets.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show a decrease in dry goods, and a considerable decrease in general merchandise, the total being \$3,469,371, against \$5,773,251 last week and \$4,216,906 the previous week. The exports are \$3,657,521 this week, against \$4,035,781 last week, and \$2,434,538 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 5,309 bales, against 4,827 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) May 23, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) May 23 :

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

Table with 5 columns: Item, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868. Rows include Dry goods, General merchandise, Total for the week, and Previously reported.

Since Jan. 1 ..... \$58,294,034 \$126,138,639 \$103,655,187 \$91,923,025

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending May 26 :

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

Table with 5 columns: Item, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868. Rows include For the week, Previously reported, and Since Jan. 1.

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, compared with the corresponding time of last year, is shown in the following table :

Table with 5 columns: To, This week, 1865, Since Jan. 1, 1865, Week, 1867, Since Jan. 1, 1867. Rows list various countries like Great Britain, France, Holland, etc.

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending May 23, 1868 :

Table with 5 columns: Date, Location, Item, Amount, Total. Rows include May 19-23 for various locations like St. Cambria, Hamburg, etc.

Table with 5 columns: Same time in, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1870, 1871, 1872. Rows list years and corresponding values.

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows :

Table with 5 columns: Date, Location, Item, Amount, Total. Rows include May 18-20 for locations like La Creole, Curacao, etc.

Table with 5 columns: Date, Location, Item, Amount, Total. Rows include Gold, Silver, and Total for weeks ending May 22 and 23.

NATIONAL TREASURY.—The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom Houses.

1.—Securities held by the U S. Treasurer in trust for National banks :

Table with 5 columns: Date, For Circulation, For U. S. Deposits, Total. Rows include dates from May 2 to 23.

2.—National bank currency issued (weekly and aggregate), and the amount (including worn-out notes) returned, with the amount in circulation at date :

Table with 5 columns: Week ending, Current week, Aggregate, Notes returned, Notes in Circulation. Rows include dates from May 2 to 23.

3.—Fractional currency received from the Currency Bureau by U. S. Treasurer and distributed weekly ; also the amount destroyed :

Table with 5 columns: Week ending, Received, Distributed, Destroy'd. Rows include dates from May 2 to 23.

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Henry Chauncey, from Aspinwall, arrived at this port May 28, with treasure for the following consignees :

Table with 5 columns: Consignee, Amount, Consignee, Amount. Rows include Panama Railroad Co, Lees & Waller, etc.

The arrivals of treasure from San Francisco since the commencement of the year, are shown in the following statement :

Table with 5 columns: Date, Steamship, At date, Since Jan. 1, Date, Steamship, At date, Since Jan. 1. Rows include dates from Jan 9 to Mar 22.

THE consolidation of the railway lines of the Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati and Bellefontaine and Indianapolis Companies, under the style of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Railway Company, has been made on the following basis :

Table with 5 columns: Item, Amount. Rows include Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati Company, old stock, Twenty per cent extra, etc.

TOLEDO, PEORIA AND WARSAW RAILROAD.—A meeting of the stockholders of this road is called for June 15 proximo to vote on the question of extending the road from La Harpe to Burlington, Iowa, and from Warsaw to Quincy, Ill.

The Milwaukee Wisconsin says Mr. Daniel S. Wells, of that city, has taken the contract for building the extension of the Yates City and Lewiston Branch of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, from Lewiston south. The extension is about 40 miles in length, and will be ready for the cars by the 1st of January next.

MINNESOTA RAILROADS.—The following account of the railroads of Minnesota, from the Cincinnati Railway Record, is of much interest :

We come now to the railroad system, which has progressed in Minnesota, for a new State very rapidly. The principal railroads are aided very largely by the Government. In 1857, Congress made a land grant of four and a half millions to Minnesota for railroad purposes. In 1864, an additional grant was made. These acts gave ten sections 6,400 acres of land for each mile of road; to be built under the law, for the great projected lines. The principal lines are :

- 1. First Division of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad.—This goes from St Paul via St. Anthony and Minneapolis, to a point on the Western boundary of the State, at or near Big Stone Lake. The main line is 200 miles in length, of which twenty five miles are in operation, fifteen graded, and the company expect to complete, in all, seventy miles this year. Connected with this line is a bridge over the Mississippi, above the Falls of St. Anthony. This road has a branch from St. Anthony to Watab, of which sixty five miles, to Sauk Rapids is in operation.
2. A Line from Watab (connecting with the former) via Crow Wing to Pembina, on the great Red River of the North, 320 miles in length—This line is located, but no part of it is constructed.
3. The Minnesota Valley Railroad.—This goes up the Minnesota Valley from St. Paul to the Iowa State line, and thence to Sioux City, which is the northern terminus (by Act of Congress) of a branch of the

Union Pacific Railroad. The whole distance to Sioux City is 240 miles, of which sixty-two miles are in operation, and ninety will be at the end of the year.

4. *The Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad.*—This line is nearly North and South, is 110 miles long, and all of it in operation.

5. *St. Paul and Superior Railroad.*—This line goes from St. Paul to the head of Lake Superior, which is 150 miles. It has thirty miles graded, and a large land grant. It will be pushed to completion.

6. *The Hastings and Dakota Railroad.*—Considerable grading is done on this road, and twenty-two miles will be finished this year. It is East and West across the State.

7. *The Winona and St. Peters Railroad.*—This line is East and West across the entire State, and will be 250 miles. It is completed 105 miles, and will be finished to the Minnesota River, 140 miles, by the close of 1868.

8. *The Southern Minnesota Railroad.*—This line is from La Crescent up the Valley of Root River to the western boundary of the State. It is finished thirty miles, and will be 250 miles in length.

9. *The Chicago and St. Paul Railroad.*—This is to be constructed along the Mississippi River to the southern boundary of the State, and has been endowed by the State with 10,000 acres of land per mile. A large force is engaged in construction, and the company have determined to build and equip the road with the least possible delay.

10 *The Stillwater and St. Paul Railroad.*—This is eighteen miles in length, and is intended to bring the lumber trade of the St. Croix Valley to St. Paul.

THE HOMŒOPATHIC MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is a corporation which has lately been organized for the purpose of insuring lives and giving, as its name indicates, especial attention to the principles of homœopathy in its medical examinations. Recognizing, therefore, the homœopathic practice as one which shows a smaller per centage in the death rate of its patients, and relying upon the proposition that persons are healthier and live longer under the homœopathic system than under any other, this company appeals directly to that large class of our community which holds the same ideas. Insurance upon the lives of persons using the allopathic treatment is taken at low rates, but homœopaths have a preference still.

In their circulars lately issued the attention of homœopathic physicians is called to the fact that the company is a direct and legitimate advertisement and support of the profession, and ought to have their cordial co operation and assistance. The point is well made, and we doubt not will be well responded to.

A second advantage claimed by the company is—that they insure at lower rates than other companies, taking less cash down, instead of promising to return all his money back to the insured in dividends in the course of a few years.

The custom of this company certainly seems to be rational, for, according to the inscrutable and intricate plans set forth in the circulars of many companies, one would suppose that we would not only get back the whole premium paid, but would also, by some unfathomable system of accumulations, receive enough in dividends to support his family during his own life.

As to the reliability of the company—the names of its officers and Directors, which will be found in the advertisement on page four, furnish to the public information as to the character and standing of the gentlemen who are engaged in the formation and management of the enterprise.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The particular attention of our readers is called to the following new advertisements, which appear to-day in the columns of the CHRONICLE, viz:

The business card of Messrs. Lounsbury & Fanshawe, Bankers and Brokers, late of Broad street, now in their handsome new office No. 8 Wall street. The members of this firm are well and favorably known to the financial and business community, and as young men we are glad to notice the progress they have made since the firm was established some two years since.

The advertisement of Messrs. S. W. Hopkins & Co., which will be found on the third column of the last page. This firm is well known to railroad men as heavy dealers in iron and steel rails, and with a branch house in London they have great facilities for meeting all the wants of Railroad Companies in furnishing new rails, either iron or steel, in exchanging new rails for old, and also, as will be seen by the card, in negotiating bonds of Railroads, Towns, Cities or Counties, in connection with the same business.

The Scovill Manufacturing Company, on the last page, manufacturers of Sheet Brass, German Silver Plated Metal, Brass Butt Hinges, &c., Kerosene Oil Burners and Lamp Trimmings, and dealers in Photographic Goods.

The Ohio Stove Works, with an authorized capital of \$150,000, of which \$50,000 is paid in—the character and prospects of the Company may be seen from their advertisement on page four.

St. Louis City 6 per cent Bonds, interest payable semi-annually in New York, are offered by Messrs. Jameson, Smith & Cotting at 85. Their notice will be found on page 696.

Messrs. Drexel, Winthrop & Co., of 18 Wall St., offer 7 per cent Mortgage Bonds of the Union and Logansport Railroad—see notice on the fourth page.

The Opposition Line to California advertises on page 695.

## The Bankers' Gazette.

### DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividends have been declared during the past week:

NAME OF COMPANY.	PER CENT.	WHEN PAY'BLE	WHERE PAYABLE	BOOKS CLOSED.
<b>Railroads.</b>				
Chi. & N. W. (stock) com..	10	June 29	Company's Office	June 17
do do do pref	10	June 29	Company's Office	June 17
Ohio & Miss. pref., semi-annual interest.....	3½	June 1	Company's Office	May 23
Forty-second & Grand st Ferry R. R. Company ....	5	May 25	Company's Office	.....

FRIDAY, May 29, 1868, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The course of the money marked still tends toward decided ease. There is no important influx of currency from the interior; but at all the leading points money is so easy that the banks here apprehend no withdrawing of balances by their correspondent banks, and are therefore the more disposed to use their fund freely. The redemption of the May Compound Interest Notes has had an important effect in easing the market. About \$22,000,000 of 3 per cent. certificates have been issued in exchange for these notes, representing about \$18,000,000 of principal, and nearly \$4,000,000 of interest; and the payment of the interest in an interest-bearing legal tender has so far augmented the legal reserve. Beside, the ready convertibility of the certificates into plain legal tenders induces the banks to run closer upon their reserve than when a large portion of it consisted of notes redeemable only at maturity and carrying a large amount of interest. The last bank statement reflected the effect of the redemption of the compounds. The legal tenders showed an increase of \$1,619,000, due chiefly to the interest upon the compounds, which, as above stated, was paid in 3 per cent certificates. The net deposits were up \$1,194,000, and the loans down \$343,000. In the specie deposits there was a decrease of \$462,000; so that the increase in the currency deposits was \$1,656,000. The effect of this change in the condition of the banks has been to produce a great abundance of loanable funds; and the banks, in their anxiety to employ all their balances, have gradually lowered the rate on call loans to 4@5 per cent., the lower rate being quite general on Government collaterals.

There is very little commercial employment for money. The city trade being dull, little paper is being made of a character that commands ready currency, and prime paper is sought after eagerly 5½@6½ per cent.

There is some doubt as to how long this plethoric condition of the money market may last. The loans of the banks range high, and the legal tender reserve is lower than usual at this season of the year; so that any extraneous demand, such, for instance, as for moving the wool crop or the purchase of breadstuffs, might soon change materially the aspect of the market.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Callloans .....	4 @ 5	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	6 @ 7½
Loans on bonds & mort..	@ 7	do single names.....	7 @ 8
Prime endorsed bills, 2 months.....	5½ @ 6	Lower grades.....	@ ..

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—The growing ease in money, and the general speculative spirit pervading Wall street have encouraged the upward tendency in prices noted last week, and prices are ½@1½ per cent higher than a week ago. The declaration of the Chicago platform, relative to the public debt, has had the effect of improving confidence in bonds, and appears to have had a similar influence abroad, Five-Twenties having advanced 1¼ per cent at London during the week. At the same time, the near approach of the completion of the funding of the short obligations, and the filing up of the authorization of the Ten-Forty loan has a certain tendency to remove the feeling of uncertainty which exists while the debt is changing form and some of its issues are changing amount. The banks have been free buyers of securities. During the late "pinch" in money they sold out a considerable amount of bonds, and the dealers appear to have stolen a march upon them by putting up the market before they had bought in the supply they usually hold pending the Summer ease in money; and this again has helped to support the market. The remarkable firmness of the market, however, has been very much owing to speculative operations among dealers and outside operators; how far they have anticipated a legitimate demand remains to be ascertained from the future course of prices. To-day the market has been rather unsteady, partially from the decline in gold and partly from the sales of speculative

holders. Ten-Forties have touched 105 1/2, but to-day sold down to 105, and closed at 105 1/4.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks :

Table with columns for dates (Apr. 17, May 1, May 8, May 15, May 22, May 29) and rows for various securities like U. S. 6's, 1881 coup, U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons, etc.

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES.—This week there has been a marked improvement in the tone of business at the Stock Exchange. The ease in money, with the prospect of a protracted condition of the loan market favorable to speculative operations, has encouraged a very rapid increase of speculative transactions.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board compared with those of the six preceding weeks :

Table with columns for dates (Apr. 17, Apr. 24, May 1, May 8, May 15, May 22, May 29) and rows for various stocks like Cumberland Coal, Quicksilver, Canton Co., etc.

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at both the Stock Boards for the past and several previous weeks :

Table with columns for Week ending, Bank, Rail road, Coal, Min. ing., Im. pro't., Tele. graph, Steam-ship, Other, Total. Rows for weeks ending Apr. 2, 9, 16, 23, 30 and May 7, 14, 21, 28.

THE GOLD MARKET.—Business in the Gold Room has been unusually quiet, the daily clearings at the Gold Exchange Bank having averaged below 25 millions per day. The active speculation in stocks has the effect of diverting attention from the gold market.

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table :

Table with columns: Quotations (Open, Low, High, Close), Total clearings, Gold, Currency, Balances. Rows for days of the week (Saturday, Monday, Tuesday, etc.) and weekly totals.

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending on Saturday, May 23, was as shown in the following formula :

Table showing Treasury receipts from California, Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports, Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury in New York, etc.

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows :

Table with columns: Custom House (Receipts, Payments), Sub-Treasury (Receipts, Payments), Balances. Rows for days of the week (May 18, 19, 20, etc.) and weekly totals.

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$1,419,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$113,000 in gold, and \$2,049,417 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since March 7 :

Table with columns: Weeks Ending, Custom House (Payments, Receipts), Sub-Treasury (Payments, Receipts), Balances, Changes in Balances. Rows for weeks from Mar. 7 to May 23.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—For Wednesday's steamer the rates for bills were firm, the supply of bars having been exhausted, and quotations being based upon remittances in double eagles.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks

Table with columns: City (London, Paris, Antwerp, etc.), Date (May 8, 15, 22, 29), and exchange rates.

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on May 23, 1868 :

Table with columns: BANKS, Capital, Loans and Discounts, Specie, Circulation, Net Deposits, Legal Tenders. Rows for various banks like New York, Manhattan, Merchants', etc.

Table listing various banks and their financial details, including American Exchange, Commerce, Broadway, Ocean, Mercantile, Pacific, Republic, Chatham, People's, North American, Hanover, Irving, Metropolitan, Citizens, Nassau, Market, St. Nicholas, Shoe and Leather, Corn Exchange, Continental, Commonwealth, Oriental, Marine, Atlantic, Importers and Traders, Park, Mechanics' Banking Ass., Grocers', North River, East River, Manufacturers & Mer., Fourth National, Central National, Second National, Ninth National, First National, Third National, New York N. Exchange, Tenth National, New York Gold Exchange, Bull's Head, National Currency, Bowery National, Stuyvesant, Eleventh Ward, and Eighth National.

Total. 82,520,200 267,381,279 20,476,947 34,183,038 202,567,550 62,233,002

The deviations from the returns of previous week are as follows: Loans... Dec \$343,592 Deposits... Inc. \$1,194,245 Specie... Dec. 462,195 Legal Tenders... Inc. 4,619,907 Circulation... Dec. 10,211

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

Table showing weekly totals for Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, and Aggregate Clearings from Mar. 7 to May 23.

BOSTON BANKS.—The following are the footings of the Boston Banks' return compared with those of the previous statement:

Table comparing Boston Banks' returns for May 25 and May 18, listing Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal tenders, Due from other banks, Due to other banks, Deposits, National Circulation, and State circulation.

The following are comparative totals for a series of weeks past:

Table showing comparative totals for Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, and Circulation (National and State) from March 2 to May 25.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following is the average condition of the Philadelphia Banks for the week preceding Monday, May 25, 1868:

Table showing the average condition of Philadelphia Banks for the week preceding Monday, May 25, 1868, listing Banks, Capital, Loans, Specie, L. Tend., Deposits, and Circulation.

The deviations from last weeks returns are as follows: Capital... Deposits... Decrease 29,766 Loans... Decrease \$31,338 Circulation... Increase 28,611 Specie... Decrease 103,223 Clearings... Increase 2,864,883 Legal Tenders... Increase 441,554 Balances... Decrease 243,294

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks.

Table showing the condition of Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks, listing Date, Loans, Specie, Legal Tend., Deposits, and Circulation from Mar. 7 to May 25.

BANK STOCK LIST.

Table listing bank stocks, including companies like America, American, American Exchange, Atlantic, Atlantic (Brooklyn), Bowery, Broadway, Brooklyn, Bull's Head, Butchers & Drovers, Central, Central (Brooklyn), Chatham, Chemical, Citizens, City, City (Brooklyn), Commerce, Commonwealth, Continental, Corn Exchange, Currency, Dry Dock, East River, Eighth, Eleventh Ward, Fifth, First, First (Brooklyn), Fourth, Fulton, Gold Exchange, Greenwich, Grocers, Hanover, Importers & Trad., Irving, Leather Manufacturers, Long Isl. (Brook.), Manhattan, Manufacturers, Manufac. & Merch., Marine, Market, Mechanics, Mechanics (Brook.), Mech. Bank. Ass., Mechan. & Traders, Mercantile, Merchants, Merchants' Exch., Metropolitan, Nassau, Nassau (Brooklyn), National (Gallatin), New York, New York County, New York Exchange, Ninth, North America, North River, Ocean, Oriental, Pacific, Park, Peoples, Phoenix, Republic, St. Nicholas, Seventh Ward, Second, Shoe & Leather, Sixth, State of New York, Stuyvesant, Tenth, Third, Tradesmen's, Union, and Williamsburg City.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD.—First Mortgage Six Per Cent Gold Bonds, at par and accrued interest, in currency. These securities are based on one of the most important and productive railroad lines in the country—a line exempt from competition, and secured against ordinary contingencies by the aid of the United States Government. The completed portion of the road is earning three times the annual interest liabilities from local traffic merely. Information given and bonds for sale by FISK & HATCH, Bankers and dealers in Government Securities, No. 5 Nassau st, N.Y.

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, MAY 29, TOGETHER WITH THE AMOUNT OF BONDS AND NUMBER OF SHARES SOLD AT BOTH BOARDS IN THE SAME WEEK.

Table with columns for 'STOCKS AND SECURITIES', 'STOCKS AND SECURITIES', and 'Week's Sale'. It lists various financial instruments like American Gold Coin, National and State bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Bank Stocks, along with their prices and weekly sales volumes.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, May 29.

The volume of business has been very fair during the past week, but holders have shown so much anxiety to avail themselves of the improved demand, that in most cases the tendency of prices has been downward; the best that has been done, in any particular, has been to sustain prices, and this at the expense of less activity in trade. The most marked depression has been in leading staples of Domestic Products.

Provisions have uniformly shown a downward tendency, although there was a temporary advance in Pork and Lard in the middle of the week. The high prices have reduced the export movements, and the receipts of live stock at the principal markets are quite large. A St. Louis circular gives the following as stocks of hog products at several Western markets:

Table showing stocks of hog products at several Western markets. Columns include location (St. Louis and vicinity, Louisville, Chicago, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Madison), Bulk Meats and Bacon (lbs.), Pork (brls.), and Lard (tcs.).

The official statement of the stock of Beef and Pork in this market, will be made public on Monday and be printed in our next. The current estimate for to-day is 5,000,000 lbs. Bacon and Cutmeats, 84,000 bbls Pork, and 20,000 pkgs Lard, making with the addition of the above totals, 51,100,000 lbs Bacon, &c., 175,000 bbls Pork, and 74,200 pkgs. Lard—a very moderate quantity, it would seem, with which to supply the demand until next packing season; and in this view, this market recovered a portion of the decline. Little can be said of Beef or of Butter and Cheese, except that they are lower.

Hides have been held for an advance, but with a slow market for Leather, business has been limited. Dry Buenos Ayres sold to-day at 22c, gold.

Naval Stores have been weak; Spirits Turpentine declining under increased supplies, but closing with a sale of 500 bbls. in shipping order at 50c, and Rosin ruling dull, owing to the scarcity of freight room. Petroleum has been rather dull, and towards the close holders of refined have been constrained to meet the views of shippers, and have accepted 28½c for standard White in bond, but crude has ruled rather firmer at 13¼@13½c in bulk. Oils have been quiet and drooping.

Freights have been generally inactive. Petroleum and Grain charters have been few. There is less doing to the West Indies, and Deal charters less active. To Liverpool, the large quantities of Corn pressing for shipment by the steamers, not being in condition to go forward by sail, has caused an advance in rates to 6½d, but otherwise the business is not worth specifying.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week and since Jan. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 and for the same time in 1867, have been as follows:

Table comparing receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1, 1868, with the same time in 1867. Columns include item name, This week, Since Jan. 1, and Same time '67.

Exports of Leading Articles from New York. The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the exports of leading articles of commerce from the port of New York since January 1, 1868. The export of each article to the several ports for the past week can be obtained by deducting the amount in the last number of the CHRONICLE from that here given:

Large table showing exports of leading articles from New York since January 1, 1868. Columns include article name, Same time in 1867, Total since January 1, 1868, Total this week, and various destination categories (Other S. All oth. Ports, Brazil, Amer'n. Ports, British Guiana, etc.).



**Imports of Leading Articles.**

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending May 15, since Jan. 1, 1868, and for the corresponding period in 1867:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	1867.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	1867.
China, Glass & Earthenw <sup>e</sup> .				Molasses.....	3,619	80,956	69,556
China.....	27	2,886		Metals, &c.			
Earthenware	521	15,971		Cutlery.....	60	1,639	1,694
Glass.....	6,367	163,504		Hardware.....	53	2,617	4,813
Glassware..	249	25,746		Iron, RR b'rs	17,430	161,536	130,401
Glass plate.	210	1,803		Lead, pigs..	14,809	179,298	193,626
Buttons.....	70	3,206	2,298	Spelter, lbs.	185,876	1,543,075	682,828
Coal, tons...	790	21,719	23,061	Steel.....	3,202	62,512	101,238
Cocoa, bags...	581	5,456	6,529	Tin, boxes..	23,335	234,388	254,198
Coffee, bags..	1,816	426,718	341,538	Tinslabs, lbs	65,966	2,467,614	1,633,070
Cotton, bales.	41	152	167	Rags.....	2,019	17,228	32,304
Drugs, &c.				Sugar, hhd.			
Bark, Peruv		4,771	4,051	tcs & bbls..	3,099	177,603	122,762
Blea p'wd'rs	120	10,658	12,810	Sugar, bxs & bg	627	267,527	123,276
Brimst, tns.	125	4,423	7,852	Tea.....	2,925	551,339	513,767
Cochineal...	170	1,242	695	Tobacco.....	107	15,687	13,336
Cr Tartar...	85	736	652	Waste.....		506	4,198
Gambier.....	1,493	10,389	7,960	Wines, &c.			
Gums, crude		333	7,381	Champ. bkts	62	33,028	42,194
Gum, Arabic	125	1,797	2,420	Wines.....	677	32,018	53,401
Indigo.....	290	2,553	1,311	Wool, bales..	162	12,628	18,647
Madder.....	192	4,039	2,580	Articles reported by value.			
Oils, ess....	6	261	1,727	Cigars.....	\$8,693	\$224,956	\$168,556
Oil, Olive...	852	17,339	13,746	Corks.....	6,791	77,660	112,339
Opium.....	17	416	334	Fancy goods..	18,438	422,023	1,663,634
Soda, bi-carb	100	37,059	58,126	Fish.....	14,443	179,279	819,720
Soda, sal....	40	20,373	6,213	Fruits, &c.			
Soda, ash...	92	14,054	14,555	Lemons....	11,528	112,915	201,961
Flax.....	24	548	723	Oranges....	20,418	447,169	557,378
Furs.....	89	1,851	1,060	Nuts.....	5,838	235,723	374,460
Gunny cloth.		6,657	17,03	Raisins....	28,184	640,885	416,694
Hair.....	36	2,691	1,728	Hides, undred.	170,082	2,598,230	4,309,546
Hemp, bales..	500	52,352	60,326	Rice.....	20,883	373,014	96,344
Hides, &c.				Spices, &c.			
Bristles....	12	358	653	Cassia.....	2,546	63,526	64,106
Hides, dres'd	176	3,374	3,682	Ginger.....		5,425	18,098
dia rubber..	443	15,331	19,369	Pepper.....		72,316	121,466
vorv.....	4	818	1,266	Saltpetre...		100	16,966
Jewelry....	24	957	237	Woods.			
Watches....	19	461	397	Fustic.....	5,994	58,937	24,869
nseed.....	26,032	221,309	187,296	Logwood...	1,981	128,770	76,886
				Mahogany..	2,688	37,508	58,037

**COTTON.**

FRIDAY, P. M., May 29, 1868.

By special telegrams received by us to-night we are in possession of the returns showing the receipts, exports, &c., of cotton for the week ending this evening, May 29. According to these telegrams the total receipts for the last seven days have reached 7,502 bales (against 10,950 bales last week, 17,377 bales the previous week, and 18,075 bales three weeks since,) making the aggregate receipts since Sept. 1, 1867, up to this date, including the returns by telegraph to-night, 2,136,849 bales, against 1,744,457 bales for the same period in 1866-7, being an excess this season over last season of 392,392 bales. The details of these receipts for this week, (as per telegraph) and the corresponding week of 1867 are as follows:

	Receipts.			Receipts.	
	1868.	1867.		1868.	1867.
Received this week at*			Received this week at-		
New Orleans.....bales.	1,231	4,038	Florida*.....bales	3	288
Mobile.....	220	937	North Carolina.....	303	130
Charleston.....	1,334	1,335	Virginia.....	446	736
Savannah.....	1,424	1,646	Total receipts.....	7,502	13,130
Texas, est.....	1,900	2,380	Decrease this year.....		5,628
Tennessee, &c.....	591	1,640			

\* 626 bales from Mobile were wrongly credited to Florida last week.

The exports for the week ending to-night, also received per telegraph, reach 16,442 bales, of which 13,069 bales were to Liverpool, and 3,373 bales to the Continent. We must, of course, wait for the mail returns to obtain all the details of the shipments; the particulars so far as received by telegraph may be found in a subsequent part of this report. Below we give our usual table of exports, showing the figures for the last mail week, by which it will be seen that the total at all the ports for the week reaches 23,234 bales, against 27,399 bales last week, and 37,772 bales the previous week. The particulars of these shipments for the week, as per mail returns, are as follows:

	Exported this week to—				
From	Liverpool.	Bre-men.	Ham-burg.	Barce-lona.	Total.
New York.....	4,668	481	160		5,304
New Orleans.....	2,953			1,200	4,153
Mobile.....	6,989				6,989
Galveston.....	4,970	1,818			6,788
Total.....	19,575	2,299	160	1,200	23,234

\* In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, &c., we deduct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other Southern ports. For instance, each week there is a certain amount shipped from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Florida return. We are thus particular in the statement of this fact as some of our readers fail to understand it.

For the corresponding week of 1867, the shipments from all the ports amounted to 23,585 bales, showing a decrease for the week this year of 351 bales, and leaving the total increase in the shipments of this season up to this date about 280,000 bales, while the stocks at all the ports of the United States are 140,000 bales less than they were at this date of 1867. The total foreign exports from the United States since Sept. 1, 1867, including the telegraph returns of to-night, reach 1,605,157 bales, against 1,321,069 bales, and the stocks at all the ports, as made up this evening, are now reduced to 153,239 bales, against 300,383 bales at the same time in 1867. Below we give our usual table of the movement of cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, according to the latest mail returns, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

**Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.**

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—			SHIP-MENTS TO NORTH. PORTS.	STOCK.
		Great Britain.	France	Other for'gn.		
N. Orleans, May 22..	577,189	311,026	137,151	106,481	554,658	83,988
Mobile, May 22....	351,963	208,156	10,432	14,679	233,267	42,541
Charleston, May 22.	235,611	86,596	2,936	13,226	102,758	127,620
Savannah, May 22..	481,672	237,492	9,904	9,195	256,591	217,796
Texas, May 15.....	99,521	37,971	1,625	15,195	54,791	28,800
New York, May 29*	106,706	282,604	25,919	54,253	362,776	67,832
Florida, May 22+...	30,531					14,275
N. Carolina, May 29	37,032					37,032
Virginia, May 29...	151,269	8,167			8,167	143,102
Other ports, May 29*	59,196	17,256		3,064	20,320	30,000
Total this year..	2,130,690	1,289,268	187,967	216,093	1,593,328	695,160
Same time last year	1,729,504	1,064,756	153,774	102,539	1,321,069	654,115

The market this week opened dull, and with the offerings' although very small, yet in excess of the demand, became heavy, and on Wednesday Middling Uplands had declined to 30c. On Thursday with better reports from Liverpool, an improvement in the demand on the part of spinners and shippers, and continued light offerings a decided upward turn took place, and the close was 31c. Holders continue to feel great confidence in the future of prices based on the small stocks of American cotton both here and at Liverpool, and this feeling has been strengthened this week by the rather less favorable reports respecting the growing crop. The most of the cotton in this market is held above our quotations. Sales of the week foot up only 7,898 bales, of which 3,098 bales were taken by spinners, 1,484 bales on speculation, 1,916 bales for export and 1,400 bales were in transit. The following are the closing quotations:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans	Texas
Ordinary.....	28 @....	28½ @....	28½ @....	28½
Good Ordinary.....	29 @....	29½ @....	29½ @....	29½
Low Middling.....	30 @....	30½ @....	30½ @....	30½
Middling.....	31 @....	31½ @....	31½ @....	31½

Below we give the price of middling cotton at this market each day of the past week:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Saturday.....	30½ @31	30½ @31½	31 @31½	31½ @31½
Monday.....	30½ @....	30½ @....	31 @....	31½ @....
Tuesday.....	30 @....	30½ @....	30½ @....	30½ @....
Wednesday.....	30 @....	30½ @....	30½ @....	30½ @....
Thursday.....	31 @....	31½ @....	31½ @....	31½ @....
Friday.....	31 @....	31½ @....	31½ @....	31½ @....

In the exports of Cotton this week from New York there is a small increase, the total shipments reaching 5,304 bales, against 4,827 bales last week. Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1867; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

\* The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.  
+ These are the receipts at Apalachicola to March 14, and at the other ports of Florida to May 22.  
‡ Estimate

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1867

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	May 5.	May 12.	May 19.	May 26.		
Liverpool.....	3,613	8,486	3,192	4,663	275,245	311,297
Other British Ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,359	6,057
<b>Total to Gt. Britain..</b>	<b>3,613</b>	<b>8,486</b>	<b>3,192</b>	<b>4,663</b>	<b>282,604</b>	<b>317,354</b>
Havre.....	531	.....	820	.....	25,716	24,115
Other French ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	203	6
<b>Total French.....</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>820</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>25,919</b>	<b>24,121</b>
Bremen and Hanover.....	.....	116	.....	481	31,898	29,589
Hamburg.....	150	52	488	160	10,685	12,331
Other ports.....	.....	5	327	.....	6,832	5,149
<b>Total to N. Europe..</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>641</b>	<b>49,415</b>	<b>47,069</b>
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,172	860
All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,666	952
<b>Total Spain, etc.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>4,838</b>	<b>1,812</b>
<b>Grand Total.....</b>	<b>4,294</b>	<b>8,659</b>	<b>4,827</b>	<b>5,304</b>	<b>362,776</b>	<b>390,356</b>

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

From	This week.		From	This week.	
	Bales.	Sept. 1.		Bales.	Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	217	42,284	South Carolina.....	766	95,182
Texas.....	1,905	18,590	North Carolina.....	290	27,371
Savannah.....	1,469	162,925	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c..	176	99,064
Mobile.....	.....	8,230	Per Railroad.....	231	114,249
Florida.....	.....	13,753			
<b>Total for the week.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>5,104</b>
<b>Total since Sept. 1.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>581,648</b>

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1867:

Receipts from—	—Boston.—		—Philad'phia.—		—Baltimore.—	
	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.	Last week.	Since Sep. 1.
New Orleans.....	111	41,802	.....	4,722	.....	147
Texas.....	.....	3,744	.....	.....	.....	188
Savannah.....	171	18,737	.....	17,507	.....	13,640
Mobile.....	.....	20,601	.....	203	.....	.....
Florida.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	.....	14,103	.....	3,802	63	11,327
North Carolina.....	.....	352	13	1,555	.....	4,782
Virginia.....	124	597	.....	303	167	54,698
New York, &c*.....	1,714	76,159	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c...†	25	33,525	.....	.....	285	25,671
<b>Total receipts.....bales.</b>	<b>2,145</b>	<b>209,360</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>†28,092</b>	<b>515</b>	<b>90,453</b>

\* Reshipments.  
† This total does not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

SHIPPING NEWS.—The foregoing tables show that the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 23,234 bales. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all the ports, both North and South, have been made:

Exported this week from—	Total bales
NEW YORK—To Liverpool, per steamers Palmyra, 708... City of Paris, 749... Helvetia, 1,415... Denmark, 1,473... Australasian, 321... To Bremen, per steamer Smidt..... 481	4,663
To Hamburg, per steamers Bavaria, 100... Saxonia, 60... .. 160	
NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per ship Arc'turus, 2,953 .....	2,953
To Barcelona, per bark Aguedita, 1,200 .....	1,200
MOBILE—To Liverpool, per ships Trimountain, 3,439... Northern Empire, 3,550 .....	6,989
GALVESTON—To Liverpool, per ships Sumter, 1,728... Africa, 3,242 .....	4,970
To Bremen, per ship Elsinore, 1,818 .....	1,818
<b>Total exports of cotton from the United States this week ..bales.</b>	<b>23,234</b>

By Telegraph.—The following telegrams have been received by us to-night showing the receipts, exports and stocks of cotton at all the ports for the week ending this evening May 29 and price on that day.

From—	Receipts for week.	—EXPORTS TO—		Total foreign. Exports.	Price Middling.	Stock
		Great Britain	Continent.			
New Orleans.....	1,281	8,853	2,076	10,929	28½	18,398
Mobile.....	220	None	None	None	28½	12,912
Charleston.....	1,334	None	None	None	29	9,227
Savannah.....	1,424	900	None	900	31	6,200
Texas, est.....	1,900	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,500
All other ports....	1,343	3,316	1,297	4,613	.....	98,002
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>7,502</b>	<b>13,069</b>	<b>3,373</b>	<b>16,442</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>153,239</b>

In addition to the above our telegram from New Orleans states that the market closed quiet and firm with middlings quoted at 28½c.

THE GROWING CROP.—Our reports respecting the growing crop are not as favorable as we could wish. The continued wet, cold Spring, especially along the Atlantic coast, has thus far checked the healthy development of the cotton plant, and made it impossible to keep down the grass. Should, however, the weather improve this would soon be remedied. The reports from Mobile, Louisiana, and Texas of the appearance of the cotton worm are, if correct, more serious. As yet, however, very little confidence has been put in these reports here. In all other particulars the returns from the Gulf States are favorable. It

seems from the best data we can obtain, that the land under cotton in North and South Carolina and Georgia this year is probably about one-sixth less than last season. It would not, however, be fair to conclude that the yield in those sections will necessarily be less, except in the event of continued unfavorable weather, &c. The telegraph the past week reports clearer skies and warmer atmosphere.

MAIL RETURNS.—The course of receipts at the different ports have been as follows for a series of weeks this season and last season. These figures are the receipts proper, that is, the total each week after deducting the amounts received from other Southern ports. Under the head of Texas are included all the ports of that State.

Week ending	N. Orleans.	Mobile.	Savan'h.	Char't'n.	Texas.
1867-8. 1866-7. 1867-8. 1866-7. 1867-8. 1866-7.	20,530	27,703	15,188	10,193	21,081
Nov. 22. 29. 25,477	28,836	16,650	9,640	19,678	6,088
Dec. 6. 26,470	25,299	13,721	10,447	14,171	6,285
" 13. 24,278	31,979	20,833	12,719	18,445	5,159
" 20. 26,010	37,764	23,860	13,899	22,072	9,568
" 27. 26,431	29,461	23,101	14,746	20,031	9,114
Jan. 3. 31,160	24,344	16,537	6,905	24,273	7,713
" 10. 22,195	25,019	17,058	9,508	17,081	6,609
" 17. 20,235	29,664	15,575	8,303	17,883	11,154
" 24. 20,858	30,755	15,922	12,097	18,646	10,466
" 31. 18,355	41,656	16,368	6,563	23,200	10,312
Feb. 7. 32,180	26,030	12,093	10,772	18,602	9,346
" 14. 33,378	19,433	12,460	6,581	21,836	6,743
" 21. 25,427	28,786	12,774	6,900	23,164	7,472
" 28. 23,271	20,576	15,420	5,037	22,684	6,936
Mar. 6. 26,104	17,312	8,954	3,137	14,208	5,250
" 13. 22,309	13,359	5,112	3,857	11,550	4,780
" 20. 16,985	14,587	3,662	3,576	11,804	4,523
" 27. 13,275	10,874	2,927	2,611	7,481	4,201
April 3. 11,667	9,751	4,069	2,741	2,883	2,243
" 10. 10,578	8,405	8,888	1,925	9,967	3,737
" 17. 9,501	9,141	3,293	2,470	5,626	2,623
" 24. 6,382	6,021	2,304	1,255	651	2,478
May 1. 3,864	5,127	2,751	1,848	1,519	2,205
" 8. 2,985	4,592	996	1,927	2,971	3,042
" 15. 2,224	4,800	429	1,557	2,278	1,835
" 22. 1,052	4,256	620	1,264	2,497	3,010

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to these markets, our correspondent in London, writing under the date of May 16 states:\*

LIVERPOOL, May 16.—In the early part of the week the cotton trade was dull, and prices were drooping; but during the last few days the demand has decidedly improved. The fall in prices on the week is as follows: American, ½d.; Brazilian, ¼d. to ½d.; Egyptian, ¼d., and East Indian ¼d. per lb. The total sales of the week amount to 47,070 bales; of which 8,170 bales are on speculation, 6,590 bales declared for export, leaving 32,310 bales to the trade. For cotton, to arrive, the quotations are: New Orleans, basis of Middling, at sea, 12½; due, 12½. @12½d.; ship named, good ordinary, 11½d.; Middling New Orleans, from New York, 12½d. per lb. The prices current of American cotton are subjoined:

Description.	Ord. & Mid.	Fair & g'd fair.	G'd & fine.	Same date 1867—
Sea Island.....	23	27	30 -32	38 -66
Stained.....	11	13	14 -16	17 -19
Upland.....	10½-11	12	12½-...	11½ 13
Mobile.....	10½-11	12½	12½-...	11½ 13
New Orleans.....	10½-11½	12½	13½-...	11½ 14
Texas.....	10½-11½	12½	13½-...	11½ 14

The following figures show the price of middling qualities of cotton at this date since 1865:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Mid. Sea Island 34d.	27d.	18d.	27d.	Mid. Pernamb. 13½d.	13d.	12d.	11½	
Upland... 14½	12½	11½	12	Egyptian... 12½	13	12	10½	
Mobile... 14½	13	11½	12½	Broach... 7½	6½	8	9½	
Orleans... 14½	13½	11½	12½	Dhollerah. 7½	6½	8	9½	

The stocks of cotton in Liverpool and London, including the supplies of American and Indian produce ascertained to be afloat to those ports are subjoined:

	1867.	1868.
Stock in Liverpool.....Bales	826,120	587,440
" London.....	45,876	37,620
American cotton afloat.....	115,000	90,000
Indian .....	516,840	359,110
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>1,503,836</b>	<b>1,074,170</b>

Since the commencement of the year speculation and export have been to the following extent:

Description.	—Taken on spec. to this date—		—Actual export from Liverpool, Hull and other outports to this date—		Actual exp't from K'gdom in 1867.	
	1868. bales.	1867. bales.	1868. bales.	1867. bales.	1867. bales.	1867. bales.
American.....	180,360	42,060	73,930	65,669	67,144	227,900
Brazil.....	39,630	2,730	13,150	20,132	20,940	87,740
Egyptian, &c... 36,281	5,040	9,930	4,960	2,470	12,590	
West India, &c 3,180	590	1,710	4,953	3,468	22,660	
East India, &c. 76,540	84,130	30,580	142,534	138,125	664,150	
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>335,990</b>	<b>84,550</b>	<b>134,300</b>	<b>238,253</b>	<b>234,247</b>	<b>1,015,040</b>

The following statement shows the sales and imports of cotton for the week and year, and also the stocks on hand on Thursday evening last, compared with last year:

	SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.				Total this year.	Same period 1867.	Average weekly sales.
	Trade.	Ex- Specula- tion.	port.	Total.			
American....bales.	20,390	4,080	5,170	29,640	804,150	536,190	27,990
Brazilian.....	3,120	850	1,650	5,620	263,770	119,410	9,700
Egyptian.....	1,840	70	310	2,220	136,640	86,730	4,520
West Indian.....	690	.....	.....	690	40,020	34,700	1,530
East Indian.....	6,270	1,590	1,040	8,900	508,110	434,590	10,300
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>32,310</b>	<b>6,590</b>	<b>8,170</b>	<b>47,070</b>	<b>1,752,690</b>	<b>1,211,620</b>	<b>54,040</b>

\* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph dispatches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ed. COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.

	Imports				Stocks		
	This week.	To this date 1868.	Im-ports. 1867.	Total. 1867.	This day.	Same date 1867.	Dec. 31. 1867.
American.....	40,412	876,195	739,849	1,220,325	358,040	457,010	103,420
Brazilian.....	30,761	269,272	216,127	483,946	114,770	152,750	66,030
Egyptian.....	6,295	114,418	131,029	197,788	58,710	68,900	38,990
West Indian.....	63	23,505	46,217	107,047	6,130	25,526	13,640
East Indian.....	13,520	176,197	204,761	1,264,160	49,790	121,940	225,330
Total.....	91,051	1,450,587	1,337,983	3,223,276	587,440	826,120	447,460

Of the present stock of cotton in Liverpool, 60½ per cent is American, against 55 per cent last year. The proportion of Indian cotton is 8½ per cent, against 14½ per cent.

LONDON, May 16.—Cotton shows an average fall of ¼d. per lb.; but during the closing days of the week the tone of the market has considerably improved. The following are the particulars of imports, deliveries and stocks:

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Imports, Jan. 1 to May 14.....	Bales. 145,309	46,553	55,696
Deliveries.....	118,383	64,442	122,113
Stocks, May 14.....	61,797	45,876	37,620

BOMBAY, May 2.—The shipments of the previous week have been 41,000 bales. The particulars of the exports from January 1 to April 16, are subjoined:

	1867.	1868.
To Great Britain.....	bales. 431,994	345,435
To all parts.....	450,433	391,400

MADRAS, May 8.—Western cotton is quoted at 8½ per lb., cost, freight and insurance.

ALEXANDRIA, May 2.—Cotton has been in good demand, and the quotations have advanced ¼d. per lb. Fair open, with staple, is quoted at 13½d. to 14d., good fair 15d., fully good fair 15½d. to 15¾d. per lb.

BOMBAY, May 8.—Clearances during the week ending to-day 20,000 bales.

**TOBACCO.**

FRIDAY, P. M., May 29, 1868.

We have this week a large increase in the exports of crude tobacco, the total from all the ports reaching 2,448 hhds., 849 cases, 446 bales, 199 hhds. of stems, against 1,232 hhds., 280 cases, 265 bales and 2 tierces for the previous seven days. Of these exports 1,461 hhds., 844 cases, 402 bales were from New York; 987 hhds., 23 bales, 199 hhds. of stems were from Baltimore; 15 bales from Boston, and 5 cases and 6 bales from San Francisco. The direction of the shipments of hhds. was as follows: 244 hhds. to Great Britain, 280 hhds. to Bremen, 960 hhds. to Rotterdam, 375 hhds. to Cadiz, 483 hhds. to Vigo, and the balance to different ports. During the same period the exports of manufactured tobacco reached 117 pkgs. and 118,189 lbs.; of which 39,135 lbs. were shipped to Cuba and 42,676 lbs. to New Granada. The full particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports were as follows:

Export'd this week from	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Stems— hhds. bales.	Pkgs.	Man'f. lbs.
New York.....	1,461	844	402	...	199	79	118,189
Baltimore.....	987	...	23	...	199	6	...
Boston.....	...	...	15	...	...	32	...
San Francisco.....	...	5	6	...	...	...	...
Total this week.....	2,448	849	446	...	199	117	118,189
Total last week.....	1,232	289	265	2	...	401	420,803
Total previous week..	1,635	417	1,609	...	117	...	19,266

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1867:

**Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1867.**

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & tcs.	Stems— hhds. bales.	Pkgs. & bxs.	Man'f'd lbs.
Great Britain.....	6,480	1,488	207	218	...	943	1,063,984
Germany.....	12,178	5,163	14,128	4	1,108	545	107,656
Belgium.....	1,174	1,201	36	...	...	...	3,091
Holland.....	6,094	565	...	...	1,027	146	4,400
Italy.....	2,590	218	...	...	...	6	...
France.....	3,354	21	...	...	...	43	17,916
Spain, Gibralt. &c	8,291	1,039	...	...	...	193	55,570
Mediterranean...	228	57	...	...	...	113	13,404
Austria.....	621	...	60	...	...	...	...
Africa, &c.....	600	73	187	...	...	524	33,018
China, India, &c.	...	1,122	...	...	...	1	8,890
Australia, &c....	4	1,204	...	23	...	264	1,884,011
B. N. Am. Prov..	161	162	364	1	...	976	93,059
South America...	155	435	2,535	...	...	60	188,777
West Indies.....	572	450	6,502	37	...	285	499,042
East Indies.....	...	531	...	...	...	175	...
Mexico.....	6	2	43	...	...	40	6,370
Honolulu, &c....	...	23	...	...	...	903	...
All others.....	8	5	6	...	...	55	...
Total since Nov 1.	41,984	13,764	24,068	233	2,135	5,277	3,979,188

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs. & cer's.	Stems— hhds. bales.	Bxs & pkgs.	Lbs. Man'f'd.
New York.....	23,873	10,055	21,487	199	283	1,606	3,819,044
Baltimore.....	14,518	47	152	30	1,852	231	19,700
Boston.....	499	3,266	2,293	24	...	2,266	9,700
Philadelphia.....	5	70	...	...	...	...	130,544
New Orleans.....	2,927	...	125	...	...	20	...
San Francisco...	...	309	11	...	...	680	...
Virginia.....	162	10	...	30	...	172	...
Portland.....	...	7	...	...	...	302	300
Total since Nov 1.	41,984	13,764	24,068	283	2,135	5,277	3,979,188

The market continues active for Kentucky Tobacco. The qualities most in demand are heavy leaf and low grades. The demand is mainly to fill Government contracts, with some speculation, and upon demand for consumption. The sales for the week amount to about 2,000 hhds, reaching about 7,000 for the month. The prices show no essential change, ranging from 7½c. to 23c, as in quality.

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1 have been as follows:

**RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1867.**

From	This week— hhds. pkgs.	Previously— hhds. pkgs.	T'ls in Nov. 1— hhds. pkgs.
Virginia.....	411	2,225	5,267
Baltimore.....	45	83	1,074
New Orleans.....	162	50	452
Ohio, &c.....	1,752	152	14,002
Other.....	...	...	117
Total.....	2,370	2,510	20,912

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

**EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.\***

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Lbs. manuf.
Liverpool.....	27	100	...	79	...
London.....	197	...	...	...	16,936
Bremen.....	280	439	180	...	...
Hamburg.....	8	30	40	...	...
Cadiz.....	375	124	...	...	...
Vigo.....	483	...	...	...	...
Gibraltar.....	36	124	...	...	...
Cuba.....	...	...	100	...	39,135
Haiti.....	1	...	...	...	...
British West Indies	3	10	...	...	...
Danish West Indies	1	...	...	...	...
French West Indies	40	17	...	...	...
British North American Colonies	...	...	...	...	19,442
British Guiana.....	10	...	...	...	...
New Granada.....	...	...	82	...	42,676
Total for week...	1,461	844	402	79	118,189

\* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows:

From Baltimore—To Liverpool 20 hhds. leaf and 1 box. To Rotterdam 960 hhds. leaf and 199 hhds. stems. To Havana 3 hhds. leaf and 5 boxes. To Trinidad 4 hhds. leaf and 23 bales.  
From Boston—To Curacao 15 bales. To British Provinces 32 boxes.  
From San Francisco—To Petropaulowski 5 cases and 6 bales.

**BREADSTUFFS.**

FRIDAY, May 29, 1868, P. M.

The market the past week has been quite variable and unsettled—opening with a slight speculative advance and closing heavy and depressed for all leading staples.

Flour has been in only moderate supply, but the shipping demand has fallen off. A few thousand bbls. extra State have been taken for Great Britain at \$9, but beyond this the business has been mainly of a small jobbing character to the trade, and the market is without new feature of moment. The prices continue below the parity of wheat, and millers operate on a very reduced scale.

In Wheat, the excitement has been considerable. On Saturday last private advices from Liverpool reported a panic in that market, which the published reports did not make known until the following Tuesday. In the meantime a speculative movement set in, and No. 2 Spring advanced from \$2 18 to \$2 25. The market receded under the Liverpool news to \$2 16, but at this price large orders were brought forward, and some speculation sprung up, followed by a recovery yesterday to \$2 20. At to-day's market No. 2 opened at \$2 20, and closed dull at \$2 18. White California is nominal at \$2 80@2 90. Some Canada taken for export at \$2 35 for Red and \$2 42 for White, in bond.

Corn, in spite of repeated efforts to support prices with speculative operations, has shown a steadily declining movement, prime new mixed selling freely yesterday at \$1 07, or

37c. below the highest point this year. At this price speculation was renewed with considerable vigor, on the expectation that henceforth throughout the Summer the receipts will be greatly reduced. The close to-day was firm at \$1 07 1/2 for prime New Western mixed, with a fair shipping demand.

Oats have not been held with so much confidence by speculators. Receipts are liberal, and stocks increasing with a good many on the way. Under these circumstances there have been free sellers from store and afloat in the past three days. Rye has been dull and drooping; Barley out of market; Barley Malt advancing, and Canada Peas nearly nominal at about \$1 40 in bond.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour, No. 2..... 8 bbl. \$7 40@ 7 85	Corn Meal..... \$5 50@ 6 40
Superfine..... 8 00@ 8 60	Wheat, Spring, per bush. 2 12@ 2 30
Extra State..... 9 00@ 9 50	Red Winter..... 2 60@ 2 65
Shipping R. hoop Ohio. 9 25@ 10 25	Amber do..... 2 70@ 2 80
Extra Western, com- mon to good..... 9 00@ 9 50	White..... 2 65@ 3 00
Double Extra Western and St. Louis..... 10 00@ 15 00	Corn, Western Mixed.... 1 07@ 1 15
Southern supers..... @	Yellow..... 1 14@
Southern, extra and family..... 10 00@ 14 25	Southern White..... 1 12@ 1 15
California..... 11 00@ 13 25	Rye..... 2 02@ 2 07
Rye Flour, fine and super- fine..... 8 25@ 10 00	Oats, Western cargoes... 85@ 87
	Jersey and State..... @
	Barley..... @
	Malt..... 2 20@ 2 35
	Peas Canada..... 1 40@ 1 52

The movement in breadstuffs at this port has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.

	1867.		1868.	
	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.....	36,760	534,975	37,785	812,100
Corn meal, bbls.....	3,590	126,795	6,700	164,475
Wheat, bush.....	61,650	481,955	295,440	3,020,285
Corn, bush.....	242,710	1,301,390	935,425	5,667,960
Rye, bush.....	1,640	5,925	11,270	192,435
Barley, &c., bush.....	38,990	238,160	11,700	657,845
Oats, bush.....	102,950	415,770	230,885	1,574,820

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1

To	Flour, C. meal, Wheat, Rye, Barley, Oats, Corn
	bbls. bbls. bush. bush. bush. bush. bush.
Gt. Brit. week....	4,398 .. 320,454 .. .. .
since Jan. 1.....	76,362 63 2,246,217 .. .. .
N. A. Col. week..	4,620 3,529 .. .. .
since Jan. 1.....	58,870 31,469 500 .. .. .
West Ind. week.	4,202 2,137 .. .. .
since Jan. 1.....	147,486 44,914 .. 21 .. .. .
Total expt, week	19,124 5,796 324,430 .. .. .
since Jan. 1, 1868	326,599 82,121 2,284,935 152,903 .. .. .
same time, 1867.	179,069 66,471 37,549 123,683 860,217 121,923 3,705,659
Since Jan. 1 from	
Boston.....	69,852 24,296 27,090 .. .. .
Philadelphia.....	27,225 23,055 44,370 16,198 .. .. .
Baltimore.....	111,595 23,238 .. .. .

EXPORT OF BREADSTUFFS TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND FROM SEPT 1, 1867.

From	Date.	Flour bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York.....	May 22, 1868.	339,149	6,358,408	5,033,008
New Orleans.....	" 11, 1868..	303	14,779	450,654
Philadelphia.....	" 11, 1868..	20,143	58,286	634,197
Baltimore.....	" 11, 1868..	9,297	..	423,856
Boston.....	" 11, 1868..	18,863	27,090	2,750
California.....	Apr. 28, 1868..	39,715	4,988,582	..
Other ports.....	May 16, 1868..	32,499	7,224	81,703
Total.....		459,969	11,524,369	5,626,168
To about same period, 1867.....		122,147	4,413,494	7,480,791
do do 1866.....		126,573	1,198,969	7,246,579
do do 1865.....		101,873	1,602,813	114,459

TO THE CONTINENT.

From	Flour, bbls.	Rye, bush.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.
New York, to May 22, 1868.....	50,584	576,174	314,576	37,456
Other ports, to latest dates.....	14,717	16,193	26,188	17,180
Total.....	65,301	592,367	340,764	54,636
To about same period, 1867.....	2,183	151,582	74,407	10,365
do do 1866.....	4,277	245,651	68,111	41,808
do do 1865.....	15,801	..	91,484	11,486

GRAIN IN NEW YORK WAREHOUSES.

	May 18, 1868.	May 25, 1868.	May 25, 1867.
Wheat..... bush.	413,699	474,442	608,300
Corn..... bush.	1,079,922	1,039,621	207,436
Oats..... bush.	548,870	593,494	497,600
Rye..... bush.	8,438	..	106,804
Barley..... bush.	53,031	33,341	156,200
Malt..... bush.	18,816	8,705	17,461
Peas..... bush.	13,301	9,860	19,800
Total.....	2,136,077	2,159,463	1,613,601

RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The receipts at the following Lake ports for the week ending May 23:

From	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Chicago.....	34,731	228,271	447,700	231,003	1,598	1,001
Milwaukee.....	13,266	344,596	9,553	51,694	1,380	1,635
Toledo.....	9,387	16,927	80,863	15,430	..	976
Detroit.....	12,014	8,170	6,863	7,144	441	84
Cleveland.....	3,460	30,000	6,850	10,750	..	..
Totals.....	72,908	628,264	551,839	316,021	3,419	3,696
Previous week.....	77,784	611,576	530,942	261,725	4,422	4,824
Correspond'g week, '67.	51,846	241,832	424,470	117,271	15,574	14,964
" " '66.	75,840	644,260	1,392,114	671,860	7,894	58,302

The comparative receipts of flour and grain at the same ports, from January 1st to May 23, for three years were:

	1868.	1867.	1866.
Flour, bbls.....	1,330,441	1,106,118	1,184,025
Wheat, bush.....	5,429,045	3,319,582	5,968,770
Corn, bush.....	10,940,137	8,184,914	7,413,372
Oats, bush.....	3,082,540	2,006,111	3,279,189
Barley, bush.....	373,459	501,894	266,433
Rye, bush.....	176,544	387,160	404,708
Total grain, bush.....	20,001,725	14,399,671	17,331,472

THE EASTWARD MOVEMENT OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FROM LAKE PORTS, for the week ending May 23, 1868, and destination, was:

To	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Buffalo.....	26,395	185,029	392,668	339,565	..	..
Oswego.....	..	108,000	120,433	43,703	..	..
Port Colborne.....	..	..	..	..	..	..
Ogdensburg.....	7,437	29,146	68,008	686	..	..
Erie.....	5,735	..	101,500	3,150	..	..
Detroit.....	2,168	..	18,000	..	..	..
Lexington.....	..	..	1,000	500	..	..
Saginaw.....	..	5,000	..	650	..	..
Port Huron.....	7,911	6,104	24,200	..	..	..
Goderich.....	400	..	20,127	..	..	..
Kingston.....	..	152,833	45,458	..	..	..
Pt. Maitland.....	..	..	16,485	..	..	..
Other ports.....	1,316	184	1,885	6,630	..	..
By railroad.....	7,876	25,912	31,991	8,297	133	..
Totals.....	57,070	512,208	836,755	408,181	133	..
Previous week.....	60,929	424,719	837,189	126,172	..	1,005
Cor. week 1867.....	24,802	80,410	460,374	61,250	2,950	45,423
" 1866.....	39,469	393,485	1,547,855	551,167	..	55,699

SHIPPED BY TOWS from Albany and Troy last week; also from opening of navigation to May 24:

	For the week.	1868.	1867.
Wheat, bush.....	262,700	2,385,500	8,000
Corn, bush.....	806,100	1,662,800	364,500
Oats, bush.....	306,100	1,288,500	196,300
Barley, bush.....	4,500	502,200	37,200
Rye, bush.....	16,400	150,000	..
Malt, bush.....	13,000	162,600	151,900

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, May 29, 1868.

The only branch of trade in which much activity has been shown is that of Tea, and in this department there has been developed, latterly, quite a brisk business. The causes would seem to be chiefly two—first, the very light transactions which have taken place for a number of weeks previously, and, secondly, the apprehension that the supply of this year will be less than was anticipated. Coffee has been decidedly dull, and has declined a fraction on Rio and some other grades. Sugar towards the close, became active and firm. Molasses has been without any feature of unusual interest.

Imports of the week have been considerable, including two cargoes of black tea from Foochow, six cargoes of Rio coffee, four at New York and two at Baltimore, and unusually heavy receipts of sugar and molasses. Stocks, however, have not increased materially, except of Rio coffee, the stock of that sort in the country being reported some 23,403 bags larger than last week. Full details of the imports at the several ports for the week and since Jan. 1 are given below under the respective heads. The totals are as follows:

	This week.	From Jan 1 to date—
	1868.	1867.
Tea..... lbs.	1,309,087	27,989,847
Tea (indirect import)..... pkgs.	436	5,248
Coffee, Rio..... bags.	25,423	445,565
Coffee, other..... bags.	198,452	3,922
Sugar..... boxes.	23,341	261,625
Sugar..... hhds.	26,207	291,600
Sugar..... bags.	17,778	202,893
Molasses..... hhds.	25,198	219,613
Molasses, New Orleans..... bbls.	..	10,925
		8,937

TEA.

The market has shown a steadily increasing activity throughout the week, and closes with a very animated feeling. Prices have been firm and advancing, at the same time showing some of the irregularity pertaining to the excited state of the trade. The inquiry has been brisk for both Black and Green Teas, and with pretty large sales, including 5,200 half-chests Oolongs made to-day. Sales of the week include 8,464 half-chests Greens, 7,610 do Oolongs, 2,716 Japans, and 4,011 Souchongs.

The imports of the week are as follows: "Landsdowne," from Foochow, with 772,287 lbs. Oolongs; "Shakspeare," from Foochow, with 536,800 lbs. Oolongs. Also 436 packages per steamer from Liverpool and London. No later advices from China have come to hand.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1867, to Mar. 24, 1868, the date of latest advices by mail; and importations into the United States, from Jan. 1 to date, in 1867 and 1868:

	SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN SINCE JUNE 1.		IMPORTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN INTO U. S. SINCE JAN 1.	
	1866-67. June 1 to Mar. 24.	1867-68. June 1 to Mar. 24.	1866-67. Jan 1 to Mar. 24.	1867-68. Jan 1 to Mar. 24.
Congou & Sou. .... lbs.	1,858,849	1,464,633	1,454,006	265,000
Pouchong .....	468,183	182,750	191,774	260,493
Oolong & Ning .....	11,043,725	11,512,691	11,257,481	9,139,640
Pekoe .....	12,078	3,300	1,700	3,754
Twan kay .....	611,051	650,716	725,181	388,690
Hys on skin .....	64,091	28,190	33,024	24,588
Hys on .....	1,862,643	1,268,632	1,217,304	1,194,298
Young Hyson .....	7,416,950	7,017,447	5,681,443	4,954,016
Imperial .....	1,709,698	1,456,110	1,416,247	1,110,181
Gunpowder .....	1,773,914	1,843,198	1,700,726	1,160,546
Japans .....	5,466,806	6,320,600	4,320,956	4,644,094
<b>Total, lbs.....</b>	<b>32,287,973</b>	<b>31,743,207</b>	<b>*27,989,847</b>	<b>23,546,364</b>

\* All at New York except three cargoes (1,103,400 lbs.) at Boston.

The above table includes all shipments to the United States, except 96,870 packages to San Francisco.

The indirect importation since Jan. 1 has been 5,248 pkgs.

**COFFEE.**

The market has been very quiet, and holders seem indisposed to operate at present figures further than necessity requires. The telegram of Messrs. Wright & Co. from Rio, under date of May 8th inst. gives sales of coffee for the United States between steamers 38,000 bags. Shipments of do. to the United States for same period 45,000 do. Stock at that date 80,000. Price per arroba 8 milreis 600 reis. Exchange 18½. An increase in price of 300 reis per arroba, and decline in exchange of 1d. since the last telegram (April 23d). It is believed that this news will not greatly affect our market. Rios have declined ¼@½, and Java ½ cent, and other kinds have sympathized to a greater or less extent. Sales of the week amount to 6,164 bags of Rio, 2,700 do of Laguayra and 210 do of Savanilla.

The imports of the week have included 14,093 bags of Rio at New York, 11,335 do at Baltimore, and 3,633 bags of Laguayra and 89 of sundries at this port. The details of the cargoes of Rio are as follows: "Chineserin," 3,307 bags; "Chance," 2,420 bags; "Ane," 3,532 bags; "Fannie V.," 4,834 bags. At Baltimore, "Serene," 7,335 bags; "Clifton," 4,000 bags. The arrival of 3,633 bags Laguayra above noticed was per "Adela."

The stock of Rio coffee May 28, and the imports from Jan. 1 to date in 1868 and 1867 were as follows:

In Bags.	New York.	Phila. del.	Balti. more.	New Orleans.	Savan. Mobile.	Gal. veston.	Total.
Stock.....	113,738	3,500	50,000	8,000	.....	.....	175,238
Same date 1867.	39,925	3,500	11,000	.....	.....	.....	54,425
Imports.....	283,455	5,836	101,723	49,251	3,500	2,800	445,565
" in 1867.	249,126	7,730	84,066	52,882	7,500	3,200	405,165

Of other sorts the stock at New York May 28, and the imports at the several ports since Jan. 1 were as follows:

In bags.	New York Stock.	Boston Import.	Philadel. Import.	Balt. Import.	N. Orle's Import.	Total Import.
Java* .....	16,029	39,800	21,278	.....	.....	61,078
Ceylon .....	10,088	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,088
Singapore* .....	1,948	1,490	.....	.....	.....	3,438
Maracaibo.....	9,159	45,614	33	.....	.....	45,677
Laguayra.....	6,437	13,205	.....	11,154	.....	29,359
St. Domingo.....	1,000	15,833	10,983	.....	.....	26,816
Other .....	3,280	18,897	2,600	.....	355	21,996
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>35,909</b>	<b>150,415</b>	<b>36,384</b>	<b>11,154</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>198,452</b>
Same '67.....	26,055	110,911	36,950	.....	.....	.....

\* Includes mats, &c., reduced to bags.

**SUGAR.**

The decline and inactivity in the sugar market, which we noted in our last, continued to prevail during the earlier part of the week, and was increased by heavy arrivals. Within the last two days, however, a firmer feeling has been apparent, and at the close prices may safely be said to have recovered ¼c. As the tone of the market has improved a corresponding increase of business has accompanied it, and the market closes active, tending upward. Sales include 8,177 hhds. Cuba, 78 do Demerara, 109 English Island and 87 do of sundry other kinds.

The imports of the week show a material increase both in hogsheads and boxes. At all the ports for the week the receipts foot up 23,341 boxes against 13,772—and 26,207 hhds. against 22,036 last week, making the total receipts to date 161,625 boxes and 291,660 hhds., against 124,252 boxes and 227,833 hhds. to same date last year. Details for the week are as follows:

At—	Cuba	P. Rico	Other	Manila	At—	Cuba	P. Rico	Other
	bx's.	hhds.	hhds.	bags.		boxes.	hhds.	hhds.
N. York	17,850	15,075	1,882	439	Philad'l.	669	4,664	201
Portland	69	119	.....	174	Baltimore.	250	716	355
Boston	890	2,173	.....	134	N. Orleans	3,613	235	.....

Stocks May 28, and imports since Jan. 1, 1868, were as follows:

At—	Cuba.	P Rico.	Other	Brazil,	Manila	N O
	b'xs.	*hhds.	*hhds.	For'n,	bg's. &c	hhds
	hhds.	hhds.	hhds.	Tot'l,	hhds.	hhds
N. York stock.....	42,560	.....	.....	52,215	8,098	.....
Same date 1867.....	37,084	.....	.....	53,073	54,846	.....
Imp'ts since Jan 1.....	136,512	146,319	21,870	11,154	179,343	37,510
Portland do .....	3,508	3,250	327	1,200	4,797	.....
Boston do .....	28,786	26,713	2,958	3,325	32,996	2,800
Philadelphia do .....	42,452	41,124	2,572	300	43,996	.....
Baltimore do .....	11,936	10,624	3,036	4,191	22,851	.....
New Orleans do .....	33,431	7,192	485	.....	7,677	.....
<b>Total import.....</b>	<b>261,625</b>	<b>235,222</b>	<b>36,248</b>	<b>20,190</b>	<b>291,660</b>	<b>40,310</b>
Same time 1867.....	124,252	181,282	.....	46,551	227,833	17,107

\* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

HAVANA, May 23, 1868.—Receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas have been as follows:

Year.	Rec'd this week.	Expts to U. S. week.	Since Jan. 1.	Total export week.	Since Jan. 1.	Stocks boxes.
1868.....	72,355	12,867	23,443	50,114	763,901	476,059
1867.....	62,832	.....	131,992	62,710	694,077	474,594
1866.....	79,926	.....	205,343	31,664	619,114	523,329

**MOLASSES**

Business has been, in general, fair throughout the week. For the lower grades of Cuba a slight decline has taken place, followed by a marking down from 1@2 cents on inferior grades of other kinds; for prime grades, however, prices have been fully maintained and are firm at the close. Sales include 2,072 hhds. of Cubas, 316 do Porto Rico and 72 St. Croix.

The aggregate receipts of the week are much larger than those of last week. The receipts at all ports foot up 25,198 hhds., against 16,033 last week. The total receipts at the ports since Jan. 1 now reach 219,618 hhds. against 220,645 hhds. in 1867. Details for the week are as follows:

Hhds at—	Cuba.	Rico.	rara.	Other.	Hhds. at	Cuba.	Rico.	rara.	Other.
N. York.....	6,146	629	584	1,929	Philad'a .....	8,894	292	.....	.....
Portland.....	755	.....	.....	.....	Baltim're .....	1,057	38	.....	.....
Boston.....	3,839	442	.....	458	N. Orle's .....	135	.....	.....	.....

Stocks, May 28, and imports since Jan. 1, 1868, were as follows:

*Hhds at—	Cuba.	Rico.	rara.	Other.	Total.	N. O
New York, stock .....	5,905	3,411	.....	.....	877	10,193
Imp'ts since Jan. 1.....	62,465	9,944	6,079	8,183	86,671	6,576
Portland .....	29,269	183	.....	267	29,719	.....
Boston .....	23,111	3,622	336	3,941	31,010	2,281
Philadelphia .....	44,795	493	.....	51	45,339	2,068
Baltimore .....	11,745	478	533	967	13,723	.....
New Orleans .....	12,939	212	.....	.....	13,151	.....
<b>Total import.....</b>	<b>184,324</b>	<b>14,932</b>	<b>6,918</b>	<b>13,409</b>	<b>219,613</b>	<b>10,925</b>
Same time 1867.....	186,526	16,010	.....	18,049	220,645	8,937

\* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

**FRUITS.**

There has been a quiet trade throughout the week. Turkish Prunes have slightly declined, but otherwise our list shows unchanged quotations. Much of the Sicily green fruit sold during the week has been in poor order, and sold low, when fine it has realized full prices. Sales include 9,132 boxes of Oranges, ranging from \$2 15@6 80, and 5,987 do Lemons from \$1 55@7 30.

**SPICES.**

Have been very quiet at former quotations.

**Tea.**

DUTY: 25 cents per lb.

	Duty paid—		Duty paid—
Hyson, Common to fair .....	90 @ 1 05	do do Ex f. to finest	90 @ 95
do Superior to fine.....	1 10 @ 1 30	Uncol. Japan, Com. to fair..	90 @ 95
do Ex fine to finest.....	1 35 @ 1 50	do Sup'r to fine.....	95 @ 1 05
Y'g Hyson, Com. to fair .....	80 @ 1 00	do do Ex f. to finest	1 10 @ 1 20
do Super. to fine.....	1 15 @ 1 40	Oolong, Common to fair.....	70 @ 75
do Ex fine to finest.....	1 45 @ 1 70	do Superior to fine.....	85 @ 1 10
Gunp. & Imp., Com. to fair	1 00 @ 1 20	do Ex fine to finest .....	1 25 @ 1 65
do Sup. to fine.....	1 25 @ 1 50	Sonc. & Cong., Com. to fair	70 @ 80
do do Ex. f. to finest.....	1 60 @ 1 85	do Sup'r to fine.....	95 @ 1 15
H. Sk. & Tw'kay, C. to fair.	70 @ 80	do Ex f. to finest	1 25 @ 1 55
do do Sup. to fine .....	80 @ 85		

**Coffee.**

Rio, Prime, duty paid .....	gold 16½ @ 17	Native Ceylon .....	gold 17½ @ 19
do good .....	gold 15½ @ 16	Maracaibo .....	gold 15½ @ 17
do fair .....	gold 15 @ 15½	Laguayra .....	gold 15½ @ 17
do ordinary .....	gold 13½ @ 14	St. Domingo .....	gold 14½ @ 15
Java, mats an 1 bags .....	gold 22½ @ 23½	Jamaica .....	gold 15 @ 16

**Sugar.**

Porto Rico, fr to gd ref. #B.	11½ @ 11½	do do do 10 to 12	12 @ 12½
do do do 12 to 13	12 @ 13	do do do 13 to 15	13 @ 13
do prime to ch. do.....	13 @ 14	do do do 16 to 18	13½ @ 14
Cuba, inf. to com. refining .	10½ @ 11½	do do do 19 to 20	15 @ 15½
do fair to good .....	11½ @ 11½	do do white .....	14 @ 15½
do fair to good grocery ..	12 @ 12½	Loaf .....	16½ @ 16½
do pr. to choice do .....	12½ @ 13½	Granulated .....	16½ @ 16½
do centrifugal .....	11 @ 14	Crushed and powdered.....	16½ @ 16½
do Melado .....	7½ @ 9	Soft White .....	15½ @ 15½
Hav'a, Box, D.S. Nos. 7 to 9.	1¼ @ 11½	do Yellow .....	14 @ 15

**Molasses.**

DUTY: 8 cents # gallon.		do Clayed.....	47 @ 49
New Orleans..... # gall. ...	@ ..	Barbadoes.....	46 @ 72
Porto Rico .....	50 @ 70		
Cuba Muscovado.....	49 @ 62		

**Spices.**

DUTY: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50; cassia and cloves, 20; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents # lb.			
Cassia, in mats .. gold #B	52 @ ..	Pepper..... (gold)	23½ @ 24
Ginger, race and Af (gold)	11½ @ 12	Pimento, Jamaica. (gold)	.. @ 20
Mace .....	95 @ ..	Cloves..... (gold)	26½ @ 27
Nutmegs, No. 1..... (gold)	88½ @ 89		

**THE DRY GOODS TRADE.**

FRIDAY, P. M., May 29, 1868.

We have no improvement to note in the state of the dry goods market, the general tone being weak, with a tendency to still lower quotations. The anticipation that trade would revive about this period of the season has not been fulfilled, as no fine weather has yet come; and there are serious misgivings current whether any further demand of importance may now be expected. Fortunately much caution has been

shown on all sides, and stocks are not heavy either in agents or jobbers hands, therefore any further serious decline in prices is not considered probable. Should quotations, however, continue to droop, we may expect to see some of the large houses make speculative purchases for the Fall trade, as it is clearly impossible to manufacture many domestics at current values.

This fact entails a serious difficulty; in many instances the supply of cotton is running short at the mills, and if manufacturers effect large purchases at present quotations, they not only impart a firmer tendency to the raw material, but will at the same time weaken the rates of goods, as domestics are already clearly in excess of the demand. Manufacturers should act with great caution, and limit their production entirely to those fabrics that are generally in demand at the opening of the season. We may then expect to escape many of the complications with which the trade is threatened before the new crop can come to hand, on account of the abnormal position of the markets for cotton and manufactured goods.

The exports of dry goods for the week ending May 26, and since January 1, 1868, and the total for the same time in 1867 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.			FROM BOSTON.	
	Domestics. pks.	D. Goods. Val.	Goods. packages.	Domestics. pks.	Dry Goods cases.
Malta	2	400	.....	.....	.....
Brit. N. A. Colonies	3	354	.....	.....	.....
British West Indies	7	301	.....	.....	.....
Mexico	45	4,879	.....	.....	.....
Brazil	10	1,300	.....	.....	.....
Dutch West Indies	15	872	.....	.....	.....
Liverpool	.....	.....	62	22,579	.....
Canada	.....	.....	2	346	.....
Cuba	.....	.....	5	686	.....
Alexandria	.....	.....	1	275	.....
New Granada	.....	.....	101	18,000	.....
Japan	.....	.....	1	300	.....
Smyrna	.....	.....	.....	37	.....
Havana	.....	.....	.....	5	.....
British Provinces	.....	.....	.....	5	.....
Total this week..	82	\$8,106	172	\$42,186	47
Since Jan. 1, 1868	11,208	1,057,188	2,030	738,626	5,444
Same time 1867...	4,137	575,375	2,966	644,837	3,263
“ “ 1860...	40,259	.....	.....	22,414	.....

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

**BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS** are inactive, although prices show a decline in some favorite brands since our last review. The tendency is still towards lower rates, in spite of the fact that the goods could not be produced with cotton at 25 cents a pound. The low priced light weights are somewhat scarce in the market, and fine grades are slower of sale than standards, for which latter there is but limited demand. Agawam 36 inches 13½, Amoskeag A 36 16½, do B 36 16, Atlantic A 36 17½, do H 36 17, do P 36 14½, do L 36 15, do V 36 15, Augusta 36 16, do 30 14, Broadway 36 15, Bedford R 30 10½, Boott H 27 11, do O 34 12½, do S 40 15, do W 45 20, Commonwealth O 27 8½, Grafton A 27 10, Great Falls M 36 14, do S 33 18, Indian Head 36 17½, do 30 14½, Indian Orchard A 40 15½, do C 36 14½, do BB 36 13½, do L 30 —, do W 34 12½, do F 36 —, do NN 36 16, Laconia O 39 15, do B 37 14½, do E 36 13½, Lawrence C 36 16½, do E 36 15½, do F 36 14½, do G 34 13, do H 27 11½, do LL 36 13½, Lyman C 36 15½, do E 36 17, Massachusetts BB 36 14½, do J 30 13½, Medford 36 16, Nashua fine O 33 15, do R 36 17½, do E 39 19½, Newmarket 36 14, Pacific extra 36 17, do H 36 17, do L 36 15, Pepperell 6-4 27½, do 7-4 28½, do 8-4 42, do 9-4 47½, do 10-4 52, do 11-4 57, Pepperell E fine 39 16, do R 36 15, do O 33 13½, do N 30 —, do G 30 14, Pocasset F 30 10½, do K 36 15, do 40 17, Saranac fine O 33 15, do R 36 17, do E 39 19, Sigourney 36 10, Stark A 36 16½, Superior IXL 36 14½, Tiger 27 9½, Tremont E 33 11.

**BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS** are dull and inactive, and even for the best makes the inquiry is restricted to orders to complete assortments. We hear of no great accumulation of lower grades, which may be accounted for by manufacturers having turned their attention more to Print Cloths, which have commanded a readier sale. Amoskeag 46 in. 22, do 42 21, do A 36 18, do Z 33 1½, Androscoggin 36 18½, Appleton 36 17½, Attawaugan XX 36 15, Atlantic Cambric 36 29, Ballou & Son 36 16, Bartletts 36 17, do 33 15, do 30 14, Bates 36 20, do BB 36 16, do B 33 14, Blackstone 36 16, do D 36 14, Boott B 36 15½, do C 33 14, do H 28 11, do O 30 13½, do R 27 10½, do S 36 15, do W 45 20, Dwight 36 21½, Ellerton E 42 21, do 27 10, Forrest Mills 36 16, Forestdale 36 17, Globe 27 8½, Fruit of the Loom 36 20, Gold Medal 36 16, Greene M'fg Co 36 12½, do 30 11, Great Falls K 36 16, do M 33 14, do S 31 13½, do A 33 15, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 18, do 33 16, Hope 36 15½, James 36 16, do 33 14½, do 31 13½, Lawrence B 36 15½, Lonsdale 36 19, Masonville 36 19, Mattawamkeag 6-4 —, do 8-4 —, do 9-4 —, do 10-4 —, Newmarket O 36 15½, New York Mills 36 28, Pepperell 6-4 29, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 52½, do 10-4 57½, Rosebuds 36 18, Red Bank 36 12½, do 32 11, Slater J. & W. 36 16, Tuscarora 22, Utica 5-4 32½, do 6-4 40, do 9-4 62½, do 10-4 67½, Waltham X 33 14, do 42 16½, do 6-4 29, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 52½, do 10-4 57½, Wamsutta 45 32½, do 40½ 29, do 36 25, Washington 33 10.

**BROWN DRILLS** are dull, and the export demand quite limited. Androscoggin —, Amoskeag 17, Boott 17, Graniteville D 16½, Laconia 17½, Pepperell 17, Stark A 17, do H 15½.

**PRINT CLOTHS** closed dull at 9 cents standard cloth, 64x64. The sales at Providence for the week ending May 22d amounted to 92,000 pieces.

**PRINTS** are steady in price, but the inquiry is limited to a few purchases to complete stocks. Supplies are reported small in first hands, but Jobbers have still full lines of light work in store. There is a speculative inquiry for all dark work with small designs, to which Jobbers are unwilling to respond at present rates. Allens 12½, do pk & pu 14, Amoskeag 12½, Arnolds 10½, Cocheco 14, Conestoga —, Dunnell's 13½, Freeman —, Gloucester 12½, Hamilton 13½, Home 7½, Lancaster 12½, London mourning 12½, Mallory 13-14, Manchester 12½, Merrimac D 13½, do p'k & purple 15, do W 15, do p'k & pur 15½, Oriental 13, Pacific 13½, Richmonds 13½, Simpson Mourning 12½, Sprague's pur and pink 14½, do blue and wh. 16, do fancy 14, do shirtings 14½, Victory 11½, Wamsutta 10, Wauregan 11½.

**GINGHAMS** are quiet, with a limited inquiry for the best makes. Allamance plaid 19, Caledonia 15, Glasgow 15-16½, Hampden 16, Lancaster 18, Manchester 13½.

**MUSLIN DELAINES** continue inactive, with supplies in excess of the demand. Armures 20, do plain 20, Hamilton 16, Lowell 16, Manchester 16, Pacific 16 18, Pekins 24, Piques 22, Spragues 16.

**TICKINGS** are in limited demand. Albany 9, American 14, Amoskeag A C A 38, do A 32, do B 27, do C 24, do D 21, Blackstone River 18, Conestoga 27½, do extra 32½, Cordis 30, do BB 17½, Hamilton 27½, do D —, Lewiston 36 34, do 32 30, do 30 26, Mees. and W'km's 30, Pearl River 35, Pemberton AA 27½, do X 17, Swift River 17½, Thorndike 18½, Whittenden A 22½, Willow Brook 28½-30, York 30 27½, do 32 35.

**STRIPES** are quiet. Albany 9, American 14, Amoskeag 25, Boston 15, Everett 13½, Hamilton 24, Haymaker 17, Sheridan A 13, do G 14, Uncasville dark 16, do light 15, Whittenton AA 22½, do A 20, do BB 16, do C 14, do D 12, York 24.

**CHECKS** are dull. Caledonia No. 70 27½, do 50 25, do 10 25, do 8 19, do 11 22½, do 15 27½, Kennebeck 23½, Lanark No. 2 12½, Park No. 60 15, do 70 22½, do 90 27½, Pequa No 1,200 12½, Star Mills 600 10½, do 800 16, Union No. 20 25, do 50 27½.

**DENIMS** are firm in the heavy grades with a limited demand, while lighter styles are neglected. Amoskeag 32, Blue Hill 14½, Beaver cr. blue 19, do CC 22½, Columbian extra 30, Haymaker 20, Manchester 22½, Lingard's blue 16, do brown —, Otis AXA 29, do BB 27, do CC 23, Pearl River 30, Pittsfield —, Thorndike 18, Tremont 20.

**COTTONADES** show a slight improvement. Far. & Mec. Cass. 42½, Lewiston 40, New York Mills 30, Plow. L. & Anv. 40.

**CORSET JEANS** are quiet. Amoskeag 14, Bates 11, Everetts 15, Laconia 14, Naumkeag 14, do satteen 17½, Pepperell 15½, Washington satteen 16½.

**CAMBRICS AND SILESAS** have been in moderate demand, but prices are not so well maintained. Pequot cambrics 10½, Superior 8½, Victory H 9½, Washington 10, Wauregan 10½, Blackburn silesias 16, Indian Orchard 15, Lonsdale twilled 14½, Victory J twilled 15, Ward 15.

**COTTON BAGS** are in slight demand. American 47½, Lewiston 55, Stark A 55, do C 3 bush 70.

**COTTON YARNS** are held firm, but there is but little business doing. Forty for large and 4½ cents for small skeins are the asking rates.

**FOREIGN DRESS GOODS** have shown an improved inquiry during the week under review: British Dress Goods continue scarce, and some light styles, such as Grenadines, &c., command much better rates. Percales, Jaconets, Organdies, Piques, &c., have been in limited request; Silks have been quiet, but in Ribbons and Millinery Goods we note more activity, with a marked improvement in the prices of really first class style suited for immediate trade.

**DOMESTIC WOOLENS** are quiet, although we note large sales of fancy cassimeres of low and medium grades at rather better prices. For the Fall trade there is a speculative inquiry for seasonable articles of good make, and all odd lots are eagerly purchased at slightly enhanced quotations. Foreign woollens are quiet, and consignments having been small this season, importers are somewhat firmer in their views.

**IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.**

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending May 28, 1868, and the corresponding weeks of 1866 and 1867, have been as follows:

	ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 28, 1868.					
	1866.		1867.		1868.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	856	\$364,999	469	\$202,074	537	\$167,949
do cotton...	947	296,173	426	131,318	475	143,596
do silk...	277	272,302	204	214,777	300	227,862
do flax....	1,172	267,112	347	102,056	561	112,331
Miscellaneous dry goods.	4,746	136,256	321	86,836	251	69,677
Total.....	7,998	\$1,336,342	1,767	\$737,061	2,124	\$721,465
WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	411	\$169,156	442	\$177,550	328	\$136,016
do cotton...	212	79,456	311	84,912	141	36,250
do silk...	59	71,125	165	156,487	37	36,780
do flax....	230	31,788	245	67,337	346	56,514
Miscellaneous dry goods.	2,398	12,674	2,181	32,282	2,260	26,964
Total.....	3,340	\$364,199	3,324	\$509,169	3,112	\$292,624
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	7,998	1,336,342	1,767	737,061	2,124	721,465
Total th'wn upon mak't.	11,338	\$1,700,541	5,091	\$1,246,230	5,236	\$1,014,089
ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	855	\$373,152	653	\$253,640	529	\$174,169
do cotton...	353	138,467	124	40,530	300	71,315
do silk...	234	239,896	132	103,772	86	54,458
do flax....	10,430	149,530	262	74,820	567	121,683
Miscellaneous dry goods.	304	41,443	303	22,742	4,213	42,123
Total.....	12,176	\$941,588	1,474	\$495,506	5,695	\$463,738
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	7,993	1,336,242	1,767	737,061	2,124	721,465
Total entered at the port	20,174	\$2,277,930	3,241	\$1,232,567	7,820	\$1,185,203

**Insurance.**  
OFFICE OF THE  
**ATLANTIC**  
**Mutual Insurance Co.,**

NEW YORK, JANUARY 25TH, 1868,  
The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1867:  
Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1867, to 31st December, 1867..... \$7,322,015 75  
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1867..... 2,833,109 71  
Total amount of Marine Premiums... \$10,160,125 46  
No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.  
Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1867 to 31st December, 1867..... \$7,597,123 16  
Losses paid during the same period..... \$4,224,364 61  
Returns of Premiums and Expenses..... \$1,305,865 93

The Company has the following Assets, viz.:  
United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks. \$6,864,485 00  
Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise..... 2,175,450 00  
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages, Interest and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at..... 252,414 82  
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable... 3,232,453 27  
Cash in Bank..... 373,374 02  
Total Amount of Assets..... \$13,108,177 11

**Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next.**

**Fifty per cent. of the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1865 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next, from which date interest on the amount so redeemable will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled to the extent paid.**

**A dividend of Thirty Per Cent. is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Seventh of April next.**

By order of the Board,

**J. H. CHAPMAN,**  
Secretary

**TRUSTEES:**

John D. Jones,	Wm. Sturgis,
Charles Dennis,	Henry K. Bogert,
W. H. H. Moore,	Joshua J. Henry,
Henry Colt,	Dennis Perkins,
Wm. C. Pickersgill,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
Lewis Curtis,	J. Henry Burgy,
Charles H. Russell,	Cornelius Grinnell,
Lowell Holbrook,	C. A. Hand,
R. Warren Weston,	B. J. Howland,
Royal Phelps,	Benj. Babcock,
Caleb Barstow	Fletcher Westray,
A. P. Pillot	Robt. B. Minturn, Jr.,
William E. Dodge	Gordon W. Burnham
Robt. C. Fergusson,	Frederick Chauncey,
David Lane,	James Low
James Bryce,	George S. Stephenson
Francis Skiddy,	William H. Webb.
Daniel S. Miller.	Paul Spofford.
Robert L. Taylor,	Charles P. Burdett,
Shephard Gandy.	

**JOHN D. JONES,** President,  
**CHARLES DENNIS,** Vice-President.  
**W. H. H. MOORE,** 2d Vice-Pres.  
**J. D. HEWLETT,** 3d Vice-Pres't

**Insurance.**  
**Sun Mutual Insurance Co**  
NO. 52 WALL STREET.  
**INCORPORATED IN 1811.**

**Assets of the Company, May 7, 1868.**

U. S. 10-40 Bonds.....	\$164,831 25
U. S. 5-20 Bonds.....	155,093 75
U. S. 7-30 Bonds.....	80,625 00
	\$400,550 00
City Bond and other Stocks....	\$16,180 00
Bonds and Mortgages.....	26,000 00
Cash.....	29,153 86
	71,333 86
	\$471,883 86
Premium notes and bills receivable not matured.....	208,525 45
Subscription notes in advance of premiums.....	201,970 52
Loans, accrued interest, uncollected premiums, salvage, reinsurance and other claims due the Company.....	180,311 38
	\$1,062,691 12

This Company continues to issue policies of Insurance against marine and inland navigation risks. No fire risks, disconnected from marine, taken by the Company.  
Dealers have the option of participating in the profits, or receiving an abatement in lieu of scrip dividends.  
The Company also issue policies payable in sterling at their bankers' in London.

**Trustees.**

Moses H. Grinnell,	Frederic Sturges,
John P. Paulson,	Wm. Toel.
John E. Devlin,	Thomas J. Slaughter,
John Chadwick,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.,
William H. Macy,	Alex. M. Lawrence,
Samuel L. Mitchell,	Isaac Bell,
Fred. G. Foster,	Elliot C. Cowdin,
Richardson T. Wilson,	Percy R. Pyne,
John H. Macy,	Samuel M. Fox,
Henry Foster Hitch,	Joseph V. Onativia,
Elias Ponvert,	Edward S. Jaffray,
Simon D. Visser,	William Oothout,
Isaac A. Crane,	Ernest Caylus,
A. Yznaga del Valle,	Frederick Chauncey,
John S. Wright,	George L. Kingsland,
Wm. Von Sachs,	James M. Campbell,
Wm. R. Preston,	Anson G. P. Stokes.

**MOSES H. GRINNEL,** President.  
**JOHN P. PAULSON,** V-President.  
**ISAAC H. WALKER,** Secretary.

**Steamship Companies.**

**NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.**  
OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY.  
**THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,**  
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.

New Sailing Arrangements  
**The 5th & 20th of Every Month.**  
or the day before when these dates fall on Sunday, from Pier No. 46 North River, foot King st., at noon.  
JUNE 5.—Steamer SANTIAGO DE CUBA, connecting with new Steamship OREGONIAN.  
JUNE 20.—Steamship GUIDING STAR, connecting with new steamship NEBRASKA.  
These Steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for Safety, Speed, Elegance, and Comfort, and their rates for Passage and Freight will always be as low as by any other Line.  
For further particulars address the undersigned at Pier No. 46, North River, New York.  
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.  
WM. H. WEBB, President.  
CHARLES DANA Vice-President,  
No. 54 Exchange Place, N.Y.

**PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE**

**To CALIFORNIA**

**And Carrying the United States Mail,**  
LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH RIVER, FOOT OF Canal street, at 1 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.  
JUNE:  
1st—OCEAN QUEEN, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.  
11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with MONTANA.  
21st—ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.  
Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.  
Baggage checked through. One hundred pound allowed each adult.  
An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.  
For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot Canal street, North River, New York.  
**F. F. BABY**

**Dry Goods.**  
**JENKINS, VAILL & PEABODY,**

46 LEONARD STREET,  
DRY GOODS COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
Sole Agents for the sale of  
**COTTONS AND WOOLENS,**  
Of Several Mills.

**C. B. & J. F. Mitchell,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.  
**21 WALKER STREET NEW YORK,**  
Sole Agents for  
**JOSEPH GREER'S CHECKS.**  
Also, Agents for the Sale of  
Fine 6-4 Scotch Coatings; Oxford, Cadet, and Fancy Jeans, B. & W. Checks and Fancy Tweeds; Shirting Flannels; Gingham, Ticks, and Balmoral Skirts, of several makes.

**George Hughes & Co.**

**Importers & Commission Merchants,**  
**198 & 200 CHURCH STREET,**  
SCOTCH AND IRISH LINEN GOODS,  
SPANISH LINEN, DUCKS, DRILLS,  
LINEN CHECKS, &c., WHITE GOODS,  
PATENT LINEN THREAD  
Sole Agents for  
**DICKSONS' FERGUSON & CO, Belfast.**  
**And F. W. HAYES & CO., Banbridge.**

**GEORGE PEARCE & Co.,**

70 & 72 FRANKLIN STREET, NEW YORK,  
Importers of  
**White Goods,**  
Laces and Emb's,  
Linen Handk'sts,  
British and Continental.

**BYRD & HALL,**

Manufacturers of  
**UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,**  
Nos. 12 & 14 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK.

**SPOOL COTTON.**

**JOHN CLARK, Jr. & CO'S.**  
Mile End, Glasgow.  
IS UNSURPASSED FOR HAND AND MACHINE SEWING.  
**THOS. RUSSELL,** Sole Agent.  
88 CHAMBERS STREET, N.Y.



**SPRING SHAWLS,**  
From the  
**KEYSTONE KNITTING MILLS,**  
IN GREAT VARIETY OF CHOICE DESIGNS,  
For Sale by  
**TOWNSEND & YALE,**  
SOLE AGENTS,  
**NEW YORK AND BOSTON.**

600 MILES

OF THE

# Union Pacific Railroad

Are now finished and in operation. Sixty miles of track have been laid this Spring, and the work along the whole line between the Atlantic and the Pacific States is being pushed forward more rapidly than ever before. More than twenty thousand men are employed, and it is not impossible that the entire track, from Omaha to Sacramento, will be finished in 1869 instead of 1870. The means provided are ample, and all that energy, men and money can do to secure the completion of this

## GREAT NATIONAL WORK,

at the earliest possible day, will be done.

The UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY receive :

### I.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations.

### II.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of 12,500 acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road. This is an absolute donation, and will be a source of large revenue in the future.

### III.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from \$16,000 to \$48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built. The Government takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c. The interest is now much more than paid in this way, besides securing a great saving in time and money to the Government.

### IV.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT

Of the right to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to aid in building the road, to the same amount as the United States Bonds, issued for the same purpose, and NO MORE. THE GOVERNMENT PERMITS the Trustees for the First Mortgage Bondholders to deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the road is completed, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class railroad, laid with a heavy T rail, and completely supplied with depots, stations, turnouts, car shops, locomotives, cars, &c.

### V.—A CAPITAL STOCK SUBSCRIPTION.

From the stockholders, of which OVER EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS have been paid in upon the work already done, and which will be increased as the wants of the Company require.

### VI.—NET CASH EARNINGS

On its Way Business, that already amount to MORE THAN THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through business that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific but they certainly prove that

## FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount,

### Are Secure Beyond any Contingency.

The Company have abundant means in their treasury, and make no appeal to the public to purchase their Bonds, as the daily subscriptions are entirely satisfactory; but they submit that for entire security and liberal returns, there is certainly no better investment in the market.

The Union Pacific Bonds are for \$1,000 each, and have coupons attached. They have thirty years to run, and bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's office in the City of New York, at the rate of Six Per Cent in Gold. The principal is payable in gold at maturity. At the present rate of gold, these bonds pay an annual income on their cost of

### NEARLY NINE PER CENT.

## And it is believed that they may soon be at a Premium.

The Company reserve the right to advance the price of their Bonds to a rate above par at any time, and will not fill any orders or receive any subscriptions on which the money has not been actually paid at the Company's office before the time of such advance.

Parties subscribing will remit the par value of the Bonds and the accrued interest in currency at the rate of Six Per Cent per annum, from the date on which the last coupon was paid. Subscriptions will be received in New York

At the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street,

AND BY

John J. Cisco & Son, Bankers, No. 59 Wall Street.

And by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States.

Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR 1868 has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the progress of the work, the resources of the country traversed by the road, the means for construction, and the value of the bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's office, or to any of the advertised agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer New York.

MAY 25, 1868.

## Financial.

### St. Louis City

#### SIX PER CENT BONDS.

Bonds have 20 years to run, interest payable May 1st and November 1st, at the

**NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE,**  
In New York.

The subscribers, the authorized agents for the sale of these Bonds, offer a limited amount at

**\$5 and Accrued Interest.**

**Jameson, Smith & Cotting**

**BANKERS,**

14 AND 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

**EVERETT & Co.,**

28 State Street, Boston,

AGENTS FOR

**AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.**  
OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

**S. Thompson's Nephew,**

**EUROPEAN**  
**PASSAGE AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,**  
73 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

**Drafts on England, Ireland & Scotland**  
Bankers furnished with Sterling Exchange and through tickets from Europe to all parts of the United States.

**GRAY, PRINCE & Co.,**

**BANKERS & BROKERS,**

26 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

HENRY WINTHROP GRAY.

JOHN D. PRINCE.

GEO. T. GREEN.

**GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,**

No. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

**ASH CAPITAL, .....** \$500,000 00

**SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1868 .....** 376,815 50

**TOTAL ASSETS .....** \$876,815 50

RUDOLPH GARRIGU E, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Vice President.

UGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.

**Sun Mutual Insurance**

**COMPANY.**

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)

49 WALL STREET.

**Incorporated 1841.**

**Capital and Assets, .....** \$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$500,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continues to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.

JOHN P. PAULISON Vice-President.

ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

**ÆTNA**

**Insurance Company,**  
**OF HARTFORD.**

Incorporated 1819..... Charter Perpetual.

**CAPITAL.....** \$3,000,000.

**L. J. HENDEE, President.**

**J. GOODNOW, Secretary.**

**Assets July 1, 1867.....** \$4,650,938 27

**Liabilities .....** 377,668 46

**INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY**  
**FIRE.**

NEW YORK AGENCY

**NO. 62 WALL STREET.**

**JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.**



The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly earnings (gross and per mile) of the leading railroads for several weeks in 1867 and 1868:

Table with columns: Railroads, Week, Miles of road, Gross earnings, Earn. p. m. Rows include Atlantic & Gt. Western, Chicago and Alton, Chicago and N. West'n, Chic., R. I. and Pacific, Marietta & Cincinnati, Michigan Central, Michigan Southern, Tol. Wabash & Western, Western Union.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The following notices in regard to the election of directors of this company appears in the daily papers.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, DAVENPORT, IOWA, May 23, 1868.

To the Stockholders of this Company: The Legislature of Iowa, by an act passed unanimously, has postponed the election till June, 1868, and the State of Iowa, by its Attorney General, has obtained and served upon the officers and directors of the company an injunction which forbids the directors and stockholders of the company, and their agents, attorneys, servants and counselors, and all persons acting by or under them from calling any meeting for an election or taking any action in such a meeting prior to June, 1868.

EBENEZER COOK, Secretary.

And the following from the other side:

Stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company who are opposed to a perpetuation of the official term and powers of the present managers, by means of the recent act of the Iowa Legislature, which was secured by the acceptance of conditions onerous and unjust, who believe in the right of shareholders to hold meetings in accordance with the charter and by-laws of the company, to manage their own property and to elect their own trustees, and who are in favor of such a change in the administration as may secure to the owners of the property some regular income out of the earnings, are requested to send their proxies for the election to be held at Chicago on the 3d of June next, to either of the under-signed, who will furnish blanks on application: U. A. Murdock, Continental National Bank; Henry Blood, care Jay Cooke & Co.; D. P. Morgan, No. 29 William street; George J. Forrest, No. 19 Nassau street; Wm. H. Appleton, No. 92 Grand street. New York May, 1868.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company, consolidated, will be held at Chicago, Ill., at the office of the company on the first Wednesday in June, 1868, at 10 (ten) o'clock, A. M., and an election of directors will then and there be held, and such other business transacted as may be brought before the meeting. William H. Appleton, Howell L. Williams, Henry Blood, George Denison, Rufus Hatch, Edward R. Fanshawe.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company, of Illinois, will be held on the first Friday of June, 1868, at 10 (ten) o'clock, A. M., at the office of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Company, in the city of Chicago, Ill., to elect directors and transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting. Henry Blood, Edward R. Fanshawe.

For other railroad items, see Commercial and Miscellaneous News, on a previous page.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large comparative table with columns for various railroads (Atlantic & Great Western, Chicago and Alton, Chicago & Northwestern, Chic. Rock Is. and Pacific, Erie Railway, Illinois Central, Marietta and Cincinnati, Michigan Central, Mich. So. & N. Indiana, New York Central, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Ohio & Mississippi, Pittsb., Ft. W., & Chicago, St. L. Alton & T. Haute, Toledo, Wab. & Western, Western Union) and rows for months (Jan-Dec) and years (1866-1868).

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Table with columns for COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend (Periods, Last paid, rate), FRIDAY (Bid, Ask), and another set of columns for COMPANIES, Stock out-standing, Dividend, and FRIDAY. The table lists various railroad, canal, and miscellaneous stock companies with their respective financial details.

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.—PAGE 2.

Bond List Page 1 will appear in this place next week.

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, INTEREST, FRIDAY, Amount outstanding, Rate, Payable, Principal payable, Bid, Ask'd. The table is split into two main sections: 'Railroad' and 'Canal/Miscellaneous'. Each entry includes details like bond type, amount, interest rate, and maturity date.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists various petroleum companies like Allen Wright, Bensenoff Run, etc.

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists various copper mining companies like Adventure, Aetna, Albany & Boston, etc.

\* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares. ‡ Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares.

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists various gold and silver mining companies like Ada Elmore, Alameda Silver, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Askd, COMPANIES, Bid, Askd. Lists various miscellaneous companies like Copake Iron, Foster Iron, etc.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Capital, Net as'te, Dividends (1865, 1866, 1867, Last pa), Periods. Lists various insurance companies like Adriatic, Aetna, American, etc.

CITY PASSENGER RAILROAD STOCKS & BONDS.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Par, Capital paid in, Dividend (Date, p.ct), Price bid, Bonded Debt, Due, Inter. Lists various city passenger railroad stocks and bonds.

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Table listing prices for various goods including Anchors, Ashes, Beeswax, Bones, Bread, Breadstuffs, Bricks, Bristles, Butter and Cheese, Candles, Cement, Chains, Coal, Cocoa, Coffee, Copper, Cordage, Corks, and Cotton.

Table listing prices for various drugs and dyes including Alum, Argols, Antimony, Arsenic, Balsam, Bleaching Powder, Borax, Brimstone, Carb. Ammonia, Cardamoms, Castor Oil, Chlorate Potash, Citric Acid, Cream Tartar, Cutch, Chamomile Flowers, Ginseng, Gum Arabic, Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda, Hyd. Potash, Ipecac, Lic. Paste, Manna, Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, Oil Orange, Oil Cassia, Oil Peppermint, Opium, Oxalic Acid, Phosphorus, Pruss. Potash, Reddo, Rhubarb, Quicksilver, Sal Aratus, Sal Soda, Sarsaparilla, Shell Lac, Soda Ash, Sugar Lead, Sulph. Quinine, Sulph. Morphine, Tartaric Acid, Verdigris, Blue Vitriol, and others.

Table listing prices for various commodities including Alcohol, Aloe, Alum, Annato, Antimony, Argols, Arsenic, Assafetida, Balsam Copivi, Balsam Tolu, Balsam Peru, Bark Petayo, Berries, Bi Carb. Soda, Bi Chromate Potash, Bleaching Powder, Borax, Brimstone, Brimstone, Am. Roll, Brimstone, Flor Sulphur, Camphor, Cardamoms, Castor Oil, Chamomile Flower, Chlorate Potash, Caustic Soda, Caraway Seed, Coriander Seed, Cochineal, Copperas, Cream Tartar, Cutch, Epsom Salts, Extract Logwood, Fennel Seed, Flowers, Benzoin, Gambier, Gamba, Ginseng, Gum Arabic, Gum Senegal, Gum Tragacanth, Hyd. Potash, Iodine, Ipecacuanha, Jalap, Lac Dye, Licorice Paste, Madder, and others.

Table listing prices for various commodities including Manna, Mustard Seed, Nutgalls, Oil Anis, Oil Cassia, Oil Bergamot, Oil Lemon, Oil Peppermint, Oil Vitriol, Opium, Oxalic Acid, Phosphorus, Prussiate Potash, Quicksilver, Rhubarb, Sago, Salaratus, Sal Am'nao, Sal Soda, Sarsaparilla, Seneca Root, Senna, Shell Lac, Soda Ash, Sugar L'd, Sulph. Quinine, Sulphate Morphine, Tart'c Acid, Verdigris, Blue Vitriol, Duck, Dye Woods, Fish, Feathers, Flax, Fruits, Furs and Skins, and Skins.

Table listing prices for various commodities including Deer, Glass, American Window, French Window, Gunny Bags, Gunny Cloth, Gunpowder, Hair, Hay, Hemp, Hides, and various types of Hides.

Upper Leather Stock—  
B. A. & Rio Gr. Kip  
# 1 gold 22 1/2 @ 23  
Sierra Leone... cash 27 @ 23  
Gambia & Bissau... 27 @ 21  
Zanibar... .. @ ..  
East India Stock—  
Calcutta, city sl'hter  
# p. gold... 15 1/2 @ 16  
Calcutta, dead green  
do buffalo, # 12 @ 12 1/2  
Manilla & Batavia,  
buffalo... .. @ ..  
**Honey**—Duty, 2 cent # gallon.  
Cuba (in bond) (gr'  
# gall. 57 @ 58  
**Hops**—Duty: 5 cents # lb.  
Crop of 1867... # 35 @ 45  
do of 1866... nominal.  
Bavarian... 30 @ 40  
**Horns**—Duty, 10 # cent ad val.  
Ox, Rio Grande... # C 6 00 @ 6 50  
Ox, American... 5 00 @ 6 00  
**India Rubber**—Duty, 10 # cent.  
ad val.  
Para, Fine... # 82 1/2 @ 85  
Para, Medium... .. @ ..  
Para, Coarse... .. @ ..  
East India... .. @ ..  
Carthagens, &c... .. @ ..  
**Indigo**—Duty FREE.  
Bengal... (gold) # 1 10 @ 2 05  
Oude... (gold) 75 @ 1 40  
Madras... (gold) 5 @ 1 00  
Manila... (gold) 70 @ 95  
Guatemala... (gold) 1 10 @ 1 45  
Caraccas... (gold) 80 @ 1 05  
**Iron**—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents # lb.  
Railroad, 70 cents # 100 lb; Boiler  
and Plate, 1 1/2 cents # lb; Sheet, Band,  
Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents # lb;  
Fig, # 9 # ton; Polished Sheet, 3  
cents # lb.  
Fig, Scotch, No 1. # ton 39 3/4 @ 42 00  
Fig, American, No. 1... 39 00 @ 40 00  
Fig, American, No. 2... 36 0 @ 37 00  
Bar, Ref'd Eng & Amer 55 @ 59 00  
Bar, Swedes, assorted  
sizes (in gold)... 57 50 @ 90 00  
—STORE PRICES—  
Bar Swedes, ordinary  
sizes... .. @ 150 00  
Bar, English and Amer-  
ican, Refined... 95 00 @ 100 00  
do do Common 85 00 @ 90 00  
Scroll... 125 0 @ 170 00  
Ovals and Half Round 120 00 @ 150 30  
Band... 125 00 @ ..  
Horse Shoe... 125 00 @ ..  
Eods, 5-8 @ 3-16 inch... 100 00 @ 160 00  
Hoop... 133 00 @ 185 00  
Nail Rod... # 9 @ 10  
Sheet, Russia... 17 @ 18  
Sheet, Single, Double  
and Treble... 5 @ 7  
Bails, Eng. (g'd) # ton 52 00 @ 52 50  
do American... 78 00 @ 80 00  
**Ivory**—Duty, 10 # cent ad val.  
East India, Prime # 3 30 @ 3 15  
East Ind., Billiard Ball 3 0 @ 3 25  
African, Prime... 2 62 1/2 @ 2 87 1/2  
African, Scrivel., W.C. 1 25 @ 2 25  
**Lead**—Duty, Fig, # 2 # 100 lb; Old  
Lead, 1 1/2 cents # lb; Pipe and Sheet,  
2 1/2 cents # lb.  
Galena... # 100 lb @ ..  
Spanish... (gold) 6 37 1/2 @ 6 50  
German... (gold) 6 37 1/2 @ 6 62 1/2  
English... (gold) 6 37 1/2 @ 6 87  
Bar... net @ 10 00  
Pipe and Sheet... net @ 12 00  
**Leather**—Duty: sole 35, upper 80  
# cent ad val.  
Oak, sl'hter, heavy # 88 @ 46  
do do middle 33 @ 44  
do do light... 36 @ 40  
do do drop, heavy 38 @ 42  
do do middle 42 @ 46  
do do light... 42 @ 44  
Oak, rough slaughter... 38 @ 46  
Hem'l'k, B. A., &c. h'y  
do do middle 26 @ 28  
do do light 26 1/2 @ 27 1/2  
do do Califor., heavy 25 @ 27  
do do middle 26 @ 27  
do do light 26 @ 27  
do do Orino., heavy 24 @ 25  
do do middle 26 @ 27  
do do light 26 @ 27  
do rough... 35 @ 39  
do good damaged 23 @ 25  
do poor do 19 @ 21 1/2  
**Lime**—Duty: 10 # cent ad val.  
Rockland, com. # bbl. @ 1 10  
do heavy... .. @ 2 00  
**Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.**  
—Duty: Lumber, 20 # cent ad val.;  
Staves, 10 # cent ad val.; Rosewood  
and Cedar, FREE.  
Spruce, East. # M ft 21 00 @ 23 00  
Southern Pine... .. @ 33 00  
White Pine Box B'ds 23 00 @ 27 00  
White Pine Merch.  
Box Boards... 27 00 @ 30 00  
Clear Pine... 55 00 @ 65 00  
Laths, Eastern, # M... 3 00  
Poplar an. White  
wood B'ds & Pl'k. 45 00 @ 55 00  
Cherry B'ds & Plank 70 00 @ 80 00  
Oak and Ash... 4 00 @ 60 00  
Maple and Birch... 30 00 @ 45 00  
Black Walnut... 70 00 @ 125 00  
**STAVES**—  
White Oak, hhd.,  
West India... # M @ 135 00

White oak, pipe,  
extra... # M. @ 275 00  
do pipe, heavy... @ 225 00  
do pipe, light... @ 175 00  
do pipe, culls... @ 170 00  
do pipe, culls, lt... @ 110 00  
do hhd., extra... @ 235 00  
do hhd., heavy... @ 175 00  
do hhd., light... @ 110 00  
do hhd., culls... @ 100 00  
do bbl., extra... @ 150 00  
do bbl., heavy... @ 115 00  
do bbl., light... @ 90 00  
do bbl., culls... @ 60 00  
Red oak, hhd., h'vy... @ 120 00  
do hhd., light... @ 80 00  
**HEADING**—White  
oak hhd... @ 140 00  
**HEADING**—White Oak  
double bbl... 240 00 @ ..  
**Sunogany, Cedar, Rose-**  
**wood**—Duty free.  
Manogany St. Domini-  
can... # 25 @ 50  
do St. Domingo,  
ordinary logs... 7 @ 10  
do Port-au-Platt,  
crotches... 30 @ 40  
do Port-au-Platt,  
logs... 10 @ 14  
do Nuevitas... 10 @ 14  
do Mansanilla... 8 @ 10  
do Mexican... 11 @ 15  
do Honduras  
(American wood)... 14 @ 20  
Cedar, Nuevitas... 12 @ 13  
do Mansanilla... 12 @ 13  
do Mexican... 8 @ 10  
do Florida, # c. ft. 25 @ 75  
Rosewood, R. Jan. # 5 @ 8  
do Bahia... 4 @ 6  
**Molasses**—See special report.  
**Nails**—Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2;  
horse shoe 2 cents # lb.  
Cut, 4d. @ 60d. # 100 lb 4 87 1/2 @ 5 00  
Olinch... 6 50 @ 6 75  
Horse shoe, f'd (6d) # 27 @ 30  
Copper... 40 @ 80  
Yellow metal... 26 @ ..  
Zinc... 13 @ ..  
**Naval Stores**—Duty: spirits of  
turpentine 30 cents # gallon; crude  
Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20  
# cent ad val.  
Turpentine, soft. # 280 lb... @ 4 00  
Tar, N. County # bbl. 3 00 @ 3 25  
Tar, Wilmington... @ 4 00  
Pitch City... @ 3 50  
Spirits turpentine # 48 @ 49  
Rosin, com'n. # 280 lb 3 00 @ 3 06 1/2  
do strained and No. 2... 3 12 1/2 @ 3 62 1/2  
do No. 1... 3 50 @ 5 00  
do Pale... 5 00 @ 6 00  
do extra pale... 6 00 @ 7 50  
**Oakum**—Duty fr., # 8 @ 11  
**Oil Cake**—Duty: 20 # cent ad val.  
City thin obl'g, in bbls.  
do # ton... @ 56 00  
do in bags... @ 53 00  
West. thin obl'g, do 51 00 @ 51 25  
**Oils**—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and  
rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad  
oil, in bottles or flasks, # 1; burning  
fluid, 50 cents # gallon; palm, seal,  
and cocoa nut, 10 # cent ad val.;  
sperm and whale or other fish (for-  
eign fisheries,) 20 # cent ad val.  
Olive, Mar's, qs (gold),  
per case... @ 4 12 1/2  
do in casks. # gall. 2 5 @ 2 60  
Palm... # 12 @ ..  
Linseed, city... # gall. 1 13 @ 1 15  
Whale, crude... 78 @ 80  
do bleached winter 35 @ 90  
Sperm, crude... 2 00 @ ..  
do wint. unbleach. 2 20 @ ..  
Lard oil, prime winter 1 55 @ 1 60  
Red oil, city dist. Klain 80 @ 85  
do saponified, west'n 90 @ 95  
Bank... .. @ 72  
Straits... .. 75 @ 85  
Paraffine, 28 & 30 gr.  
Lubricating... 50 @ 40  
Kerosene... (free). 38 @ ..  
**Paints**—Duty: on white lead, red  
lead, and litharge, dry or ground in  
oil, 3 cents # lb; Paris white and  
whiting, 1 cent # lb; dry ochres, 56  
cents # 100 lb; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents  
# lb; ochre, ground in oil, # 50 # 100  
lb; Spanish brown 25 # cent ad val.;  
China clay, # 5 # ton; Venetian red  
and vermilion 25 # cent ad val.;  
white chalk, # 10 # ton.  
Litharge, City... # 10 @ 11  
Lead, red, City... 1 1/4 @ 11  
do white, American,  
pure, in oil... @ 14  
do white, American,  
pure, dry... .. @ 12  
Zinc, white, American,  
dry, No. 1... 9 @ 9 1/2  
do white, American,  
No. 1, in oil... 9 @ 12  
do White, French, dry  
do white, French, in  
oil... .. @ 17  
Ochre, yellow, French,  
dry... 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2  
do ground, in oil... 8 @ 10  
Spanish brown, dry #  
100 lb... 1 00 @ 1 25  
do gr'd in oil # 8 @ 9  
Paris wh., No. 1... @ 2 1/2  
Chrome, yellow, dry... 15 @ 35  
Whiting, Amer... @ 2  
Vermilion, China, # 1 15 @ 1 20

Vermilion, Trieste... 1 00 @ 1 10  
do Cal. & Eng. 1 15 @ 1 20  
do Amer. com... 22 @ 27  
Venet. red (N.C.) # cwt 2 85 @ 2 87 1/2  
Carmine, city made # 16 00 @ 20 00  
Plumbago... .. @ 6  
China clay, # ton... 30 00 @ 31 00  
Chalk... # lb... @ 1 1/4  
Chalk, block... # ton 23 00 @ 25 00  
Barytes, American # 14 @ ..  
Barytes, Foreign... .. @ ..  
**Petroleum**—Duty: crude, 20 cents;  
refined, 40 cents # gallon.  
Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. # gal @ 17 1/2  
do in bulk... 13 1/2 @ 13 1/2  
Refined, free, S.W... 88 @ 34  
do in bond, prime  
L. S. to W. (110 @  
115 test)... 28 1/2 @ 29  
do Standard white  
do do, prime white... @ 31  
Naphtha, refined... 70  
grav... 15 @ ..  
Residuum... # bbl. 3 25 @ ..  
Gasoline... .. @ ..  
**Provisions**—Duty: beef and pork,  
1 ct; hams, bacon, and lard, 2 ts # lb.  
Pork, new mess, # bbl 12 @ 28 18  
Pork, old mess... 27 50 @ 27 75  
Pork, prime mess... 24 25 @ 24 50  
do prime... 22 75 @ 23 25  
Beef, plain mess... 15 00 @ 20 50  
do extra mess... 20 50 @ 24 75  
do hams... 28 50 @ 32 50  
Hams... # lb 18 1/2 @ 17 1/2  
Shoulders... 13 @ 13 1/2  
Lard... 17 @ 18 1/2  
**Rice**—Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents # lb.;  
paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents  
# lb.  
Carolina... # 100 lb 10 75 @ 11 50  
Rangoon Dressed, gold  
duty paid... 6 75 @ 7 25  
**Salt**—Duty: sack, 24 cents # 100 lb;  
bulk, 18 cents # 100 lb.  
Turks Islands # bush. 45 @ ..  
Cadiz... 37 @ 38  
Liverpool, gr'nd sack 1 60 @ 1 65  
do fine, Ashton's (g'd) 2 50 @ ..  
do fine, Worthing's 2 60 @ ..  
**Salt-petre**—Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents;  
refined and partially refined, 3 cents;  
nitrate soda, 1 cent # lb.  
Refined, pure... # lb @ 14  
Crude... 10 @ 10 1/2  
Nitrate soda... gold 3 1/2 @ ..  
**Seeds**—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp,  
1 cent # lb; canary, # 1 # bushel of  
60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 # cent  
ad val.  
Clover... # 10 @ 11  
Timothy, reaped # bus 2 5 @ 2 60  
Canary... # bus 5 60 @ 6 25  
Hemp... 2 90 @ 3 00  
Lins'd Am. rough # bus 2 65 @ 2 75  
do Calc'a, Bos't'n, g'd @ 2 27 1/2  
do do New Yk, g'd 2 36 @ ..  
**Shot**—Duty: 2 1/2 cents # lb.  
Drop... # lb 1 1/4 @ ..  
Buck... 1 1/4 @ ..  
**Silk**—Duty: free. All thrown silk,  
35 # cent.  
Tsateles, No. 1 @ 3. # lb 10 50 @ 11 00  
Taysams, superior,  
No. 1 2... 9 25 @ 9 75  
do medium, No 3 @ 4. 8 00 @ 8 75  
Canton, re-reel, No 1 @ 2 8 50 @ 8 75  
Canton, Extra Fine... @ 9 50  
Japan, superior... 10 00 @ 12 50  
do Medium... 8 75 @ 9 00  
China thrown... nominal.  
**Spelter**—Duty: in pigs, bars, and  
plates, # 1 50 # 100 lbs.  
Plate, foreign # lb gold 6 1/2 @ 6 1/2  
do domestic... 10 @ 10 1/2  
**Spices**—See special report.  
**Spirits**—Duty: Brandy, for first proof  
# 3 # gallon; Gin, rum and whiskey,  
for first proof, # 2 50 # gallon.  
Brandy, Otard, Dupuy  
& Co. (gold) # gal. 5 20 @ 13 00  
Brandy, Pinet, Castil-  
lon & Co (gold) 5 00 @ 17 00  
do Hennessy (gold) 5 50 @ 18 00  
do Marett & Co (g'd) 5 50 @ 18 00  
do Leger Freres do 5 00 @ 10 00  
do oth for. b'ds (g'd) 4 40 @ 9 00  
Rum, Jam., 4th p. (g'd) 4 50 @ 4 75  
do St. Croix, 3d  
proof... (gold) 3 50 @ 3 75  
Gin, diff. brands, (gold) 3 00 @ 4 75  
**Domestic Liquors**—Cash.  
Brandy, gin & p. sp'ls in b 25 @ 30  
Rum, pure, in bond... 25 @ 35  
Whiskey, in bond... 30 @ 35  
**Steel**—Duty: bars and ingots, valued  
at 7 cents # lb or under, 2 1/2 cents;  
over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts  
# lb; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents # lb  
and 10 # cent ad val. (Store prices.)  
English, cast, # lb... 18 @ 23  
English, spring... 10 @ 12 1/2  
English blister... 11 1/2 @ 20  
English machinery... 12 1/2 @ 16  
English German... 14 @ 16  
American blister... 11 1/2 @ 17  
American cast Tool 21 @ 23  
American spring do 16 @ 18  
American mach'y do... 14 @ 14  
American German, do 10 @ 13

**Sumac**—Duty: 10 # cent ad val.  
Sicily... # ton... 100 00 @ 210 00  
**Sugar**—See special report.  
**Tallow**—Duty: 1 cent # lb.  
American, prime, coun-  
try and city # lb... 12 @ 12 1/2  
**Teas**—See special report.  
**Tin**—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 #  
cent ad val. Plate and sheets and  
terne plates, 25 per cent ad val.  
Banca... # lb (gold) 27 1/2 @ 27 1/2  
Straits... (gold) 24 1/2 @ 24 1/2  
English... (gold) 24 1/2 @ ..  
Plates, char. I.C. # box 11 75 @ 12 10  
do I. C. Coke... 9 50 @ 10 50  
do Terne Charcoal 11 00 @ 11 50  
do Terne Coke... @ 9 25  
**Tobacco**—See special report.  
**Wines**—Duty: Value not over 50 cts  
# gallon, 20 cents # gallon, and 25 #  
cent ad val.; over 50 and not over  
100, 50 cents # gallon and 25 # cent.  
ad val.; over \$1 # gallon, \$1 # gal-  
lon and 25 # cent ad val.  
Madeira... # gall. 3 50 @ 7 00  
Sherry... 1 25 @ 9 00  
Port... 2 00 @ 8 50  
Burgundy port... (gold) 75 @ 1 25  
Lisbon... (gold) 2 25 @ 3 50  
Sticily Madeira... (gold) 1 00 @ 1 25  
Red, Span. & Sicily (g) 90 @ 1 00  
Marseilles Mad'ra (g'd) 70 @ 85  
Marseilles Port. (gold) 80 @ 1 60  
Malaga dry... (gold) 1 00 @ 1 25  
Malaga, sweet... (gold) 1 10 @ 1 25  
Claret... gold. # cask 35 00 @ 60 00  
Claret... gold. # doz 2 65 @ 9 00  
**Wire**—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered  
\$2 to \$3 50 # 100 lb, and 15 # cent ad  
val.  
Iron No. 0 to 18 20 @ 25 # ct. off list.  
No. 19 to 26... 30 # ct. off list  
No. 27 to 36... 35 # ct. off list  
Telegraph, No. 7 to 11  
Plain... # lb 10 1/2 @ ..  
Brass (less 20 per cent) 43 @ ..  
Copper do 53 @ ..  
**Wool**—Duty: Imported in the "ordi-  
nary condition as now and heretofore  
practiced." CLASS 1.—Clothing  
Wools—The value whereof at the last  
place whence exported to the United  
States is 32 cents or less # lb, 10  
cents # lb and 11 # cent ad val.;  
over 32 cents # lb, 12 cents # lb and  
10 # cent ad val.; when imported  
washed, double these rates. CLASS  
2.—Combing Wools—The value where-  
of at the last place whence exported to  
the United States is 32 cents or  
less # lb, 10 cents # lb and 11 #  
cent ad val.; over 32 cents # lb, 12  
cents # lb and 10 # cent ad val.  
CLASS 3.—Carpet Wools and other  
similar Wools—The value whereof at  
the last place whence exported to the  
United States is 12 cents or less #  
lb, 3 cents # lb; over 12 cents # lb,  
6 cents # lb. Wool of all classes  
imported scoured, three times the  
duty as if imported unwashed.  
Am., Sax'y fleece # lb 55 @ 60  
do full blood Merino 48 @ 53  
do 3/4 & 1/2 Merino... 48 @ 52  
do Native & 1/2 Mer. 45 @ 47  
do Combing... 50 @ 55  
Extra, pulled... 43 @ 49  
Superfine, pulled... 42 @ 43  
No 1, pulled... 30 @ 36  
Califor., fine, unwash'd 29 @ 33  
do medium do 26 @ 30  
do common, do 22 @ 25  
Valpraiso, do 28 @ 30  
South Am. Merino do 34 @ 37  
do Mestizado 28 @ 32  
do Creole do 20 @ 24  
do Cordova, washed 34 @ 37  
Montevideo, com. wash'd 32 @ 35  
Cape G. Hope, unwash'd 38 @ 42  
East India, washed... 20 @ 40  
African, unwashed... 14 @ 13  
Mexican, unwashed... 19 @ 21  
African, washed... 30 @ 40  
Texas, Fine... 30 @ 33  
Texas, Medium... 27 @ 30  
Texas, Coarse... 22 @ 25  
**Zinc**—Duty: pig or block, \$1 50 #  
100 lb; sheets 2 1/2 cents # lb.  
Sheet... # lb 12 @ 12 1/2  
**FREIGHTS**—  
To LIVERPOOL (steam): s. d. s.  
Cotton... # lb 1 1/2 @ 5-32  
Flour... # bbl. @ 1 9  
Heavy goods... # ton 17 6 @ 25 0  
Oil... .. @ 35 0  
Corn, b'k & bags # bus. @ 64  
Wheat, bulk and bags 4 @ 6 1/2  
Beef... # tee. @ 3 6  
Pork... # bbl. @ 2 6  
To LONDON (sail)  
Heavy goods... # ton 17 6 @ 20 0  
Oil... .. @ 25 0  
Flour... # bbl. 1 6 @ 1 9  
Petroleum... .. @ 5 0  
Beef... # tee. @ 3 6  
Pork... # bbl. @ 2 6  
Wheat... # bush. 5 1/2 @ ..  
Corn... .. @ 5 1/2  
To HAVRE: # c \$  
Cotton... # lb 1 @ ..  
Beef and pork... # bbl. @ ..  
Messum. g'da. # ton 10 00 @ 12 00  
Petroleum... .. @ ..  
Lard, tallow, cut m t  
etc... # lb 10 @ ..  
Ashes, pot & pl. # ton 10 00 @ 12 00

Miscellaneous.

ESTABLISHED IN 1826.

**A. B. HOLABIRD & Co.,**

CINCINNATI, O.,

ENGINE AND MILL MANUFACTURERS.

Particular attention is called to our

**IMPROVED CIRCULAR SAW MILL.**

It is superior to all others in strength, durability and simplicity, will cut from 15,000 to 20,000 feet of lumber per day.

**REED'S PATENT GOLD PREMIUM WHEAT AND CORN MILLS.**

Built of solid French Burr Rock. Particular attention to Southern patronage.

THE

**Singer Manufacturing Co.**

458 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Proprietors and Manufacturers of the world renowned

**SINGER SEWING MACHINES,**

for family use and manufacturing purposes. Branches and Agencies throughout the civilized world, SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

**Offices To Let,**

On BROADWAY, BROAD and NEW Streets near WALL. Apply to

EDWARD MATTHEWS, No. 6 Broad Street



BEST SIX CORD SPINNING J.P. COATS' WARRANTED 200 YARDS.

**JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,**

Sole Agents in New York for J.P. COATS, of Paisley, Scotland.

**LARGE FIRE!**

Brooklyn, May 15, 1868.

Messrs. MARVIN & Co., New York,

Gentlemen,—Our planing mill, with Fifty Thousand feet of lumber was destroyed by fire last night, and we are happy to say your Alum and Dry Plaster Safe preserved our books, papers, and money in excellent order.

We want another and larger one, and will call on you as soon as we have time.

Yours truly,

SHEARMAN BROS.

This Safe was red hot for several hours, and the cast iron feet were actually melted.

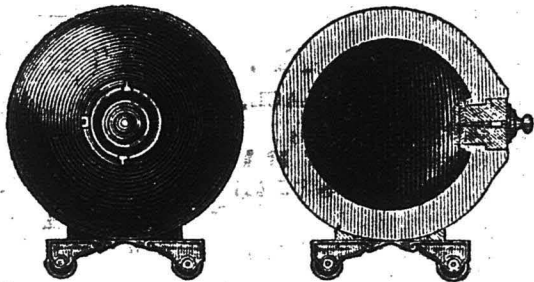
It can be seen at our store, NO. 265 BROADWAY.

PERFECT

**SAFES**

MARVIN'S

**Chrome Iron Spherical**



**Burglar Safe**

Will resist all Burglar's Implements for any length of time.

Please send for Catalogue.

**MARVIN & Co.,**

PRINCIPAL WAREHOUSES.

No. 265 Broadway, New York.

No. 721 Chestnut st, Philadelphia.

No. 108 Bank st, Cleveland, Ohio.

And for sale by our agents in the principal cities throughout the United States.

Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE

**Pacific Mutual Insurance**

COMPANY,

TRINITY BUILDING, 111 BROADWAY.

New York, January 11, 1868.

The following Statement of the Affairs of the Company is published in conformity with the requirements of Section 12 of its charter:

Outstanding Premiums, Jan. 1, 1867.....	\$149,480 75
Premiums received from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1867, inclusive.....	796,612 87
Total Amount of Marine Premiums.....	\$946,093 62

THIS COMPANY HAS ISSUED NO POLICIES EXCEPT ON CARGO AND FREIGHT FOR THE VOYAGE.

**No Risks have been taken upon Time or upon Hulls of Vessels.**

Premiums marked off as Earned during the Period as above.....	\$827,044 19
Paid for Losses and Expenses, less Savings, &c., during the same period.....	608,270 41
Return Premiums.....	74,421 12

**The Company has the following assets.**

Cash in Bank and on hand.....	\$34,029 31
U.S. and other stocks (US.\$433,100).....	476,298 33
Loans on Stocks drawing interest.....	66,550 00
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....	\$626,877 64
Subscription Notes in advance of Premiums.....	279,584 45
Re-insurance and other claims due the Company, estimated at.....	91,438 94
52,477 92	

Total Assets.....\$1,050,378 95

**Six Per Cent. Interest,**

on the outstanding Certificates of Profits, will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 4th day of February next. The remaining Fifty Per Cent. of the

**Outstanding Certificates of the Company of the issue of 1863,**

will be redeemed and paid in cash, to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 4th day of February next, from which date interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be produced at the time of payment and cancelled:

A Dividend in Script of FIFTEEN PER CENT. is declared on the net amount of Earned Premiums for the year ending December 31st, 1867, for which Certificates will be issued on and after the first day of June next.

**TRUSTEES:**

- John K. Myers,
- A. C. Richards,
- A. Augustus Low,
- W. M. Richards,
- G. D. H. Gillespie,
- C. E. Milnor,
- Martin Bates,
- Frederick B. Betts,
- Moses A. Hoppock,
- W. H. Mellen,
- B. W. Bull,
- Horace B. Clafin,
- Ephraim L. Corning,
- A. S. Barnes,
- Egbert Starr,
- A. Wesson,
- William Leconey,
- John A. Bartow,
- Alex. M. Earle,
- John A. Hadden,
- Oliver K. King,
- Dean K. Fenner,
- Wm. T. Blodgett,
- Lewis Buckman,
- Chas. H. Ludington,
- Jos. L. Smallwood,
- Thomas Eakin,
- Henry C. Southwick,
- Wm. Hegeman,
- James R. Taylor,
- Adam T. Bruce,
- Albert B. Strange,

JOHN K. MYERS, President.

WILLIAM LECONEY, Vice-President.

THOMAS HALE, Secretary.

**Niagara Fire Insurance**

COMPANY.

OFFICE 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....	\$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1868.....	363,000

The Directors have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT, free of tax, payable on and after Monday 13th inst. January 8, 1868.

J. D. STEELE, President.  
P. NOTMAN, Vice-Prest.

HENRY KIP, Secretary.

**Queen Fire Insurance Co**

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....	£2,000,000 Stg.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	1,893,220
PAID-UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....	\$1,432,340

**Special Fund of \$200,000**

Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y. GEORGE ADLARD, Manager.

WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.

**HOME INSURANCE Co.,**

OFFICES:

O. 135 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, AND 151 MON TAGE STREET, BROOKLYN.

Capital.....	\$2,000,000 00
Assets, Jan. 1, 1868.....	3,623,896 78
Liabilities.....	107,490 55

Desiring to deal directly with its Customers, this Company will hereafter make a rebate from the Premium or Risks in the City, equal to the Commission heretofore paid as Brokerage.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.  
A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.  
D. A. HEALD, 2d Vice-President.

J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.  
GEO. M. LYON, Asst. Secretary.  
T. B. GREENE, 2d Asst. Secretary.

Insurance.

**NORTH BRITISH AND Mercantile Insurance Co**

OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

UNITED STATES BRANCH,

50 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS (IN GOLD):

Subscribed Capital.....	\$10,000,000
Accumulated Funds.....	12,695,000
Annual Income.....	4,260,635

Policies issued in Gold or Currency at option of Applicant.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid in this Country.

NEW YORK BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:

- CHAS. H. DABNEY, Esq., Chairman.
- SOLON HUMPHREYS, Esq., of Dabney, Morgan & Co.
- AYMAR CAETEL, Esq., of E. D. Morgan & Co.
- DAVID DOWS, Esq., of David Dows & Co.
- EGISTO P. FABBRI, Esq., of Fabbri & Chauncey
- SIMEON B. CHITTENDEN, Esq., of S. B. Chittenden & Co.
- SHEPPARD GANDY, Esq., of Sheppard Gandy, & Co.
- EZRA WHITE, } Associate Managers
- T. C. ALLYN, }
- CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.
- LORD, DAY & LORD, Solicitors.
- DABNEY, MORGAN & Co., Bankers.

**HARTFORD**

**FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.**

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000.

GEO. M. COIT, Sec'y. GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't

**PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF HARTFORD, CONN.**

Capital and surplus \$1,200,000.

W. B. CLARK, Sec'y. H. KELLOGG, Pres't

**SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.**

Capital and Surplus \$700,000.

J. N. DUNHAM, Sec'y. E. FREEMAN, Pres

**CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE CO OF HARTFORD, CONN.**

Capital \$275,000.

M. BENNETT, Jr., Sec'y. J. B. ELDRIDGE, Pres't

Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.

**WHITE, ALLYN & CO., Agents,**

NO. 50 WILLIAM STREET.

**FIRE INSURANCE.**

**North American Fire Insurance Co.,**

OFFICE 114 BROADWAY.

BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....	\$500,000 00
Surplus.....	255,057 77
Cash Capital and Surplus, January 1, 1867,	\$755,057 77.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates. Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

JAMES W. OTIS, President.

R. W. BLEECKER, Vice Pres

F. H. CARTER, Secretary.  
J. GRISWOLD, General Agent.

**UNITED STATES**

**LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, In the City of New York.**

NO. 40 WALL STREET.

ASSETS.....\$2,300,000

New and important plans of Life Insurance have been adopted by this Company. See new Prospectus. Profits available after policies have run one year and annually thereafter.

JOHN EADIE, President.

NICHOLAS DE GROOT, Secretary.

**Hanover Fire Insurance**

COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

JULY 1st, 1867.

Cash capital.....	\$400,000 00
Surplus.....	206,634 79
Gross Assets.....	\$606,634
Total Liabilities.....	50,144

BENJ. S. WALCOTT Presl

RENSEN LANE, Secretary.

**Commercial Cards.****BRAND & GIHON,**

Importers & Commission Merchants.  
110 DUANE STREET.

**IRISH & SCOTCH LINEN GOODS,**

In full assortment for the  
**Jobbing and Clothing Trade:**

Agents for the sale of  
WILLIAM GIHON & SONS'

**WHITE LINENS, & C,**

**BURLAPS, BAGGING,  
FLAX SAIL DUCK, & C**

**W. H. Schieffelin & Co.,**

Importers and Jobbers of

**D R U G S,**

Indigo, Corks, Sponges,

**FANCY GOODS, PERFUMERY, & C.**

170 AND 172 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK

**J. M. CUMMINGS & Co.,**

**DISTILLERS**

AND

**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**

58 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

Offer for sale, IN BOND,

**FINE BOURBON**

**AND RYE WHISKIES,**

from their own and other first-class Distilleries, Kentucky.

**John Dwight & Co.,**

No. 11 Old Slip, New York,  
MANUFACTURERS OF

**SALERATUS,**

**SUP CARB. SODA,**

**AND SAL SODA.**

AGENTS FOR

**HORSFORD'S CREAM TARTAR.**

**Henry Lawrence & Sons,**

MANUFACTURERS OF CORDAGE

**FOR EXPORT AND DOMESTIC USE,**

192 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.

**Thomas J. Pope & Bro.**

**METALS.**

292 PEARL STREET, NEAR BEEKMAN STREET  
NEW YORK

**Cotton Duck,**

All Widths and Weights.

A Large Stock always on hand.

**THEODORE POLHEMUS & CO**

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS

59 Broad Street, corner of Beaver

PHILADELPHIA PA..

**ALFRED SAVIDGE & Co.,**

101 1-2 South Front Street,

BROKERS IN

**SUGARS, SYRUPS MOLASSES, COFFEES, RICE, & C., & C.**

1841.

**S. DAVIS, Jr's., DIAMOND BRAND**

**Sugar Cured Hams**

**CINCINNATI.**

Sold by leading Grocers in principal cities. Apply to

**READ & BOUNDY,**

CORNER BEAVER & NEW STREETS, NEW YORK.

**GANO, WRIGHT & Co.,**

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Cotton, Flour, Grain and Provisions

**NO. 27 MAIN ST., CINCINNATI, O.**

**Iron and Railroad Materials.****NAYLOR & CO.,**

NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILA.,  
99 John street. 80 State street. 208 So. 4th street

**CAST STEEL RAILS,**

**CAST STEEL TYRES,**

Cast Steel Frogs, and all other Steel Material for  
Railway Use.

HOUSE IN LONDON:

**NAYLOR, BENSON & CO.,**  
31 Old Broad Street,

who give special attention to orders for

**Railroad Iron,**

as well as Old Rails, Scrap Iron and Metals.

**BALDWIN LOCOMOTIVE WORKS.**

**M. BAIRD & Co.,**

**PHILADELPHIA.**

All work accurately fitted to gauges and thoroughly  
interchangeable. Plan, Material, Workmanship,  
Finish, and Efficiency fully guaranteed.

MATTHEW BAIRD. GEO. BURNHAM. CHAS. T. PARRY

**MORRIS, TASKER & Co.,**

**Pascal Iron Works, Philadelphia.**

Manufacturers of Wrought Iron Tubes, Lap Welded  
Boiler Flues, Gas Works Castings and Street  
Mains, Artesian Well Pipes and Tools,  
Gas and Steam Fitters' Tools, &c.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES:

**15 GOLD STREET, NEW YORK.**

**ARCHITECTURAL DEPARTMENT  
OF**

**The Novelty Iron Works,**

NOS. 77 & 83 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF BROADWAY, N. Y.

**Manufacture**

Plain and Ornamental Iron Work for Buildings  
Complete Fire-proof Structures—Columns, Lintels,  
Floors, Roofs, Castings, Shutters, Vaults, Safes, etc.,  
of Cast or Wrought Iron, Also, Iron Bridges, Iron  
Piers, etc.

HY. J. DAVISON, }  
WM. W. AYRES, } Agents,  
J. HEUVELMAN, }

NOTICE TO THE CONSUMERS OF THE

**GENUINE SWEDISH DANNE-  
MORA IRON.**

I beg to announce that I have this day entered into  
a contract with Messrs. W. Jessop & Sons, of Sheffield  
for the whole Annual Make of the above Iron, which  
in future, will be stamped

**LEUFSTA, W. JESSOP & SONS.**

And to which I request the special attention of the  
trade.

Leufsta, in Sweden, 29th April, 1867.

CARL EMANUEL DE GEER, Proprietor.

WM. JESSOP & SONS, in referring to the above  
notice, beg to inform dealers in, and consumers of,  
Iron and Steel, that they are prepared to receive orders  
for this IRON, and for BLISTER and EXTRA CAST STEEL  
made from the Iron, at their establishments, Nos. 91 &  
93 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK, and Nos. 133 & 135 FED-  
ERAL STREET, BOSTON.

**Scovill Mnfg. Company,**

Manufacturers of

**SHEET BRASS,**

**GERMAN SILVER PLATED METAL,**

**BRASS BUTT HINGES,**

Gilt, Lasting, Brocade, and Fancy Dress Buttons,

**Kerosene Oil Burners**

And Lamp Trimmings,

And Importers and Dealers in every Description of

**Photographic Goods.**

No. 4 Beekman street & 36 Park Row, NEW YORK,

Manufactory, WATERBURY, CT.

**F. & F. A. Dana,**

**FOREIGN & AMERICAN RAILROAD  
IRON, OLD AND NEW,**

**Fig, Scrap Iron and other Metals, Lo-**  
**comotives, Railroad Chairs & Spikes.**

Old Rails Re-rolled or Exchanged for new.

**67 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,**

**Iron and Railroad Materials.**

**ESTABLISHED 1856.**

**S. W. Hopkins & Co.,**

69 & 71 Broadway, New York,

Negotiations of every description of  
**Railroad, Town, County, City and  
STATE BONDS,**

In connection with the purchase and sale of

**Railroad Iron,**

**LONDON HOUSE, 58 OLD BROAD ST.**

**To Railroad Companies.**

We beg to call the attention of Managers of Rail-  
ways and Contractors throughout the United States  
and Canada to our superior facilities for executing  
orders at manufacturers prices, for all descriptions of  
both AMERICAN and FOREIGN

**Railroad Iron.**

We are always in a position to furnish all sizes, pat-  
terns and weight of rail for both steam and horse  
roads, and in any quantities desired either for IMME-  
DIATE OR REMOTE delivery, at any port in the  
United States or Canada and always at the very lowest  
current market prices. We are also prepared to sup-  
ply

**Bessemer Steel Rails,**

of American and Foreign manufacture, rolled to any  
desired pattern and weight for final yard and of  
approved lengths. Contracts for both IRON AND  
STEEL RAILS will be made payable in United States  
currency for America, and in either currency or gold  
(at the option of the buyer) for Foreign; when desired,  
we will contract to supply roads with their  
monthly or yearly requirements of STEEL OR IRON  
RAILS, taking their

**OLD RAILS IN TRADE FOR NEW**

furnished, receiving the difference in cash, and allow-  
ing the highest market price for their Old Rails, and,  
if necessary, receiving the latter after the delivery of  
the New Rails.

Orders for Foreign Rails, both Steel and Iron, will  
be taken for transmission by Mail or through the cable  
to our

**LONDON HOUSE,**

58 OLD BROAD STREET,

for execution at a fixed price in Sterling or on com-  
mission at the current market price abroad when the  
order is received in London; shipments to be made  
at stated periods to ports in America and at the low-  
est possible rates of freights. Address

**S. W. Hopkins & Co.,**

69 & 71 Broadway, New York.

**To Iron Manufacturers.**

We beg to announce to the proprietors and man-  
agers of Rolling Mills and Iron Manufacturers through-  
out the United States and Canada, that we are con-  
stantly receiving from both American and Foreign  
Railroad Companies heavy shipments of

**Old Rails.**

We are, therefore, always in a position to furnish to  
consumers any quantity desired for IMMEDIATE OR  
REMOTE DELIVERY at all points in the United States  
and Canada, and when required will contract to supply  
mills with their monthly or yearly consumption at  
the lowest current market prices.

We are also prepared to transmit by mail or through  
the cable to our

**LONDON HOUSE,**

58 OLD BROAD STREET,

Orders for old rails off of Foreign Railroads for  
shipments at stated periods to any ports in America  
at a fixed price in sterling or for execution on com-  
mission at the current market prices abroad when the  
order is received in London. In this department  
of our business our facilities are unsurpassed and our  
experience unequalled by any house in America. Our  
yearly transactions in Old Rails being very much  
greater than all other houses combined. Address

**S. W. Hopkins & Co.,**

69 & 71 Broadway, New York.

**GILEAD A. SMITH,**

15 LANGHAM PLACE, LONDON, W.

**RAILROAD IRON,**

**BESSEMER RAILS,**

**STEEL TYRES,**

**AND METALS.**

Railroad Bonds and U.S. and other American Securi-  
ties negotiated, and Credit and Exchange provided for  
U. S. or Continent.

Consignments solicited on the usual terms of any of  
the staples.

Special Counting and Reception Rooms available for  
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at the Continental Bankers.

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