

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 6.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1868.

NO. 137.

Bankers and Brokers.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,
BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, &c.
No. 12 WALL STREET.

CAMPBELL & MILLER,
BANKERS,
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
STOCKS, BONDS, &c.,
NO. 6 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

RICHARD H. FISK,
COMMISSION DEALER IN
Government Securities,
Stocks, Bonds, &c.,
NO. 3 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

A. W. DIMOCK & Co.,
BANKERS,
NO. 16 NASSAU STREET.

Government Securities of all issues, Gold and Stocks
bought and sold upon commission only, and advances
made upon the same on the most favorable terms.

Special Attention
given to the accounts of Banks and Bankers.
Interest allowed upon Gold and Currency Deposits
subject to check at sight, at the best rates.
A. W. DIMOCK & CO.

HOYT & GARDNER,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 5 NEW STREET, NEAR WALL, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold
bought and sold exclusively on Commission.

Gold a Specialty.
Money received upon deposit and interest allowe
upon current balances.
T. A. HOYT, JAMES GARDNER,
Vice-Pres't. Gold Exchange, formerly of Georgia

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
Have Removed their Banking House
TO
NO. 59 WALL ST., COR. HANOVER,
BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.'S BUILDING.

SOUTTER & Co.,
BANKERS,
No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds
Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable
Securities.
Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft
or Check.
Advances made on approved securities.
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.
Collect both inland and foreign promptly made.
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

Two Safes For Sale.

One large and one small new Marvin's Safes, just
bought will be sold for 20 per cent less than cost, the
owner having now no use for them. The safes will be
warranted new and a perfect order. Address SAFE
P. O. Lox 4598.

Bankers and Brokers.

L. P. MORTON & Co.,
BANKERS,
80 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE,
At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Let-
ters of Credit for Travellers' Use, on

L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,
(58 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Available in all the principal towns and cities of
Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and
Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON. CHARLES E. MILNOR.
WALTER H. BURNS. H. CRUGER OAKLEY.

Belding, Keith & Co.,
American Bankers and Merchants,
80 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, E.C.
DEALERS IN
**EXCHANGE, U.S. BONDS AND ALL
AMERICAN SECURITIES.**

Orders for American or European Products promptly
executed. Liberal Advances made on Approved Con-
signments. Collections made and drafts retired.

CIRCULARS (PUBLISHED WEEKLY) FORWARDED
ON APPLICATION.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,
BANKERS,
CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,
ISSUE
CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS
OF CREDIT.

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United
States, available in all the principal cities of the
world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hop
West Indies, South America, and the United State

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen
LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys
in the United States, is prepared to make advances
on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen
London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile
credits upon them for use in China, the East and
West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits
of the London House issued for the same purposes.
SIMON DE VISSER,
26 Exchange Place, New York.

S. G. & G. C. WARD,
AGENTS FOR
BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY,
56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

Bankers and Brokers.

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,
AND
NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all
parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits,

**LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAV-
ELLERS.**

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.
SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW.
STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.
AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons,
54 William Street.

Lockwood & Co.,
BANKERS,
No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.
**DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND
OTHER SECURITIES.**

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency,
subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants
and Bankers upon favorable terms.

WASHINGTON M. SMITH. JOHN MCGINNIS, JR.
E. W. MCGINNIS.

McGinniss, Bros & Smith,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 4 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Exchange,
Commercial Paper and Gold, Purchased or Sold on
Commission.
Deposits received and interest allowed same as with
an Incorporated Bank. Bonds and Loans negotiated
for Railroad Companies.

Wilson, Callaway & Co.,
Bankers and Commission Merchants
NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold
bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Mer-
chants, bankers and others allowed 4 per cent. on
deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cot-
ton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our
correspondents, Messrs. K. GILLIAT & CO.,
Liverpool

Central National Bank,
318 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$3,000,000
Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—
City and County accounts received on terms most fa-
vorable to our Correspondents.
Collections made in all parts of the United States and
Canadas.
WILLIAM A. WHEELOCK, President.
WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

**The Tradesmen's
NATIONAL BANK.**
291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS.....450,000
RICHARD BERRY, President.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.
Capital.....\$1,000,000.
No. 29 BROAD STREET.
Designated Depository of the Government. Banker
and Dealers' Accounts solicited.
D. L. ROSS, Preside
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

Eastern Bankers.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,
STOCK BROKERS,
 No. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.
 JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Page, Richardson & Co.,
 114 STATE STREET, BOSTON,
BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON
 AND
JOHN MUNROE & CO., PARIS.
 ALSO ISSUE
COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent. TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers abroad.

Southern Bankers.

NATIONAL
BANK OF THE REPUBLIC,
 809 & 811 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

Capital.....\$1,000,000
Offers its Services to Banks and Bankers on Liberal Terms.

DIRECTORS:
 Joseph T. Bailey, Edward B. Orne,
 Nathan Hillest, William Ervin,
 Benjamin Rowland, Jr., Osgood Welsh,
 Samuel A. Bispham, Frederic A. Hoyt
 William H. Rhawn,
WILLIAM H. RHAWN, President,
 Late Cashier of the Central National Bank.
JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier,
 Late of the Philadelphia National Bank.

WASHINGTON.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF WASHINGTON,
H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.), Pres't.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier.
Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.
 We buy and sell all classes of **Government securities** on the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to **business connected with the several departments of the Government.**
 Full information with regard to **Government loans** at all times cheerfully furnished.

ROBT H. MAURY. JAS. L. MAURY. ROBT T. BROOKE
R. H. MAURY & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS
 No. 1014 MAIN ST., RICHMOND, VA.
 Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.
 Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.
 N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILTE & Co.

Jas. M. Muldon & Sons,
 No. 52 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Securities, Bonds, Gold and Silver. Prompt attention given to Collections.

REFERENCES:
 Babcock Bros. & Co., Bankers, New York.
 Goodyear Bros. & Durand, Bankers, New York.
 E. H. Bulky & Co., Brokers, New York.
 Byrd & Hall, New York.
 Martin, Bates & Co., Merchants, New York.
 Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Wolf & Gillespie.
 Henry A. Hurlburt, late Swift & Hurlbert.
 Home Insurance Company of New York.
 New York Life Insurance Company.
 Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford.
 Underwriters Agency New York,
 Charles Walsh, President Bank of Mobile.
 Henry A. Schroeder, Pres. Southern Bank of Ala.

BURKE & Co.,
BANKERS

54 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS,
 Draw on Merchants National Bank, New York, and Bank of Liverpool, England.
 Collections and remittances promptly attended to.

Southern Bankers.

Charles D. Carr & Co.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
AUGUSTA, GA.
COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITTED FOR.

Western Bankers.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF IDAHO
Boise City, I. T.

Organized March 11, 1867, (with circulation), under Act of Congress approved June 3, 1864.
 CAPITAL, \$100,000. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$500,000
 B. M. DU RELL, Pres. C. W. MOORE, Cashier.
 New York Correspondent,—National Bank of North America.
 Collections on the principal places in Idaho Territory promptly attended to. "Telegraph Transfers," Sight and Time Exchange, for Gold or Currency, can be purchased on this Bank, of National Bank North America, New York City; National Bank of Commerce, Boston, Mass.

L. A. BENOIST & Co.,
BANKERS,
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas. Also, drafts on London and Paris for sale.

Second National Bank.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Capital..\$200,000 | Surplus..\$150,566
 Prompt attention given to the business of correspondents. E. D. JONES, Cashier.

National Trust Company

423 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital.....\$100,000
 Particular attention given to collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.

J. F. Stark & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,
PITTSBURGH.

Do a general Banking, Exchange and Collection business
 New York Correspondents:—National Bank North America; Knaut, Nachod & Kuhne.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS, COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON.

FOR SALE.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF
Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOHN W. ELLIS, Pres. LEWIS WORTHINGTON, V. Pres.
 THEODORE STANWOOD, Cashier.
 CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000 SURPLUS.....\$314,852 89
 Collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at best rates.

DIRECTORS:
 John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L. B. Harrison,
 Jas. A. Frazer, R. M. Bishop, Robt. Mitchell,
 William Woods A. S. Winslow, Jos. Rawson.

Cash Capital, \$150,000. Real Capital, \$1,000,000.

Jos. F. LARKIN & Co.,
BANKERS,
CINCINNATI.

Jos. F. Larkin, }
 John Cochnower, } GENERAL PARTNERSHIP. { Thomas Fox,
 Adam Poe, } Thos. Sharp,
 Harvey Decamp, } John Gates.

The Marine Company
OF CHICAGO.

J. YOUNG SCAMMON.....President.
 ROBERT REID.....Manager.

General Banking and Collections
 promptly attended to.

Western Bankers.

F. HAYDEN. JOS. HUTCHESON. W. B. HAYDEN
BANKING HOUSE OF
Hayden, Hutcheson & Co
 NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,
COLUMBUS, OHIO,
 Do a General Banking, Collection, and Exchange Business.

Established 1848.

HASKELL & Co.,
BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MO
 Dealers in Government Securities, Gold and Exchange. Collections made on all accessible points and promptly remitted for at current rates of exchange.

Bankers and Brokers.

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,

28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
 Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.
 Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

REFERENCES:
 J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass., N.Y.
 C. E. BLAIR, Pres't Merchants' Nat. Bank, Chicago.

JACKSON BROS.,

DEALERS IN

STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.,

NO. 19 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Wm. Henry Jackson. Fred. Wendell Jackson

TEMPLE & MARSH,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Dealers in Government Securities, &c. on Commission.
No. 9 Wall Street, cor. New.

FRANK & GANS,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 14 WALL STREET

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM. GEORGE PHIPPS.
 THOS. BELKNAP, JR.

KETCHUM, PHIPPS & BELKNAP,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 21 Broad Street, New York.

Government securities, railroad and other bonds, railroad, mining and miscellaneous stocks, gold and exchange bought and sold on commission. Mercantile paper and loans in currency or gold negotiated. Interest allowed on deposits.

DRAKE BROTHERS,

STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,

No. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds, Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum and Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Investments made. **Orders Promptly Executed**

GILLISS, HARNEY & Co.,

BANKERS,

NO. 24 BROAD STREET.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates.

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight draft.

Make collections on favorable terms,
 And promptly execute orders for the Purchase or Sale of Gold, State, Federal and Railroad Securities.

Cohen & Hagen,

BANKERS,

AND DEALERS IN BULLION, SPECIE, AND UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

No. 1 Wall Street.

WINTHROP & BAYLEY,

49 EXCHANGE PLACE.

DEALERS IN

Foreign Exchange, Gold, Government Securities, &c., on commission.

EUGENE WINTHROP, J. ROOSEVELT BAYLEY
 Late of Late of
 Grenville Winthrop & Co. Henry Clews & Co.

Bankers and Brokers.

VERMILYE & Co.,

BANKERS. No. 44 Wall Street, New York. Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all issues of

UNITED STATES STOCKS

INCLUDING 6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881, 6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1862, 6 " " 1861, 6 " " 1865, Per Cent 10-40 Bonds, 3-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series 1 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.

Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.

VERMILYE & CO.

JAY COOKE, WM. G. MOORHEAD, H. D. COOKE, H. C. FAHNESTOCK, EDWARD DODGE, PITT COOKE.

JAY COOKE & Co.,

BANKERS.

Corner Wall and Nassau Sts., New York.

No. 114 South 3d Street, Philadelphia.

Fifteenth Street, Opposite Treas. Department, Washington.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co. New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE, SALE, and EXCHANGE of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.

March 1, 1866

TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 32 Broad Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates,

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.

Make Collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or sale of Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

HODGSKIN, RANDALL &

HOBSON,

NO 39 EXCHANGE PLACE,

BROKERS IN

Foreign Exchange, Gold, Government, and other Securities.

GENERAL PARTNERS: James B. Hodgskin, Chas. K. Randall, J. Lowry Hobson, SPECIAL PARTNERS: John Randall, J. Nelson Tappan, Geo. G. Hobson.

WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly executed. FOUR PER CENT INTEREST ALLOWED on deposits, subject to check at sight.

MURRAY & CHENEY,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

NO. 27 WALL STREET,

R. MURRAY, JR. D. CHENEY

HASLETT MCKIM, ROBT. MCKIM, JNO. A. MCKIM.

McKim, Bros. & Co.,

BANKERS,

62 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

Bankers and Brokers.

GARTH, FISHER & HARDY,

BANKERS,

No. 18 NEW STREET,

Successors to Harrison, Garth & Co. and Henry Hardy).

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc. bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Broker and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commission only.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought, sold and collected.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,

BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,

12 PINE STREET.

Negotiate Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos., Contract for

Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives, Cars, etc., and undertake all business connected with Railways

P. D. RODDEY, J. N. PETTY, R. P. SAWYERS, N. P. BOULETT

P. D. RODDEY & Co.,

No. 2 1/2 Wall Street, N.Y.,

(PETTY, SAWYERS & CO., MOBILE, ALA.)

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Gold, Bonds and Stocks Bought and sold on Commission.

Particular attention given to the Purchase and Sale of all Southern and Miscellaneous Securities. Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on Balances

JOSEPH A. JAMESON, AMOS COTTING, of the late firm of Jameson, Cotting & Co. St. Louis. JAMES D. SMITH, of the late firm of James Low & Co., New York and Louisville, Ky.

Jameson, Smith & Cotting

BANKERS,

NOS. 14 & 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Receive Deposits in Currency and Gold, and allow interest at the rate of FOUR PER CENT per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight.

Will purchase and sell Gold, Bonds and Stocks strictly and only on Commission.

Hedden, Winchester & Co

NO. 69 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold at market rates, on commission only. Interest allowed on balances. Advances made on approved securities.

Particular attention given to orders for the purchase or sale of the Adams, American, United States, Wells Fargo & Co., and Merchants' Union Express Stocks. All orders faithfully executed.

JOSIAH HEDDEN, ISAIAH C. BABCOCK, LOOKE W. WINCHESTER, ROBT M. HEDDEN.

Financial.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK,

New York, December 21, 1867.—A semi-annual dividend of SIX (6) Per Cent. has been this day declared, free of government tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after January 2.

An extra dividend of TWO AND 67-100 Per Cent., free of Government tax, has also been declared, to pay the taxes levied by the city and county against the shareholders of the Banks.

The Transfer Book will remain closed from the 24th instant to January 2d, inclusive. By order of the Board.

O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.

Star Fire Insurance Co.,

NO. 96 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$200,000 00 Surplus Jan. 1, 1868..... 59,267 33 Unsettled Losses..... 4,900 00

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of FIVE Per Cent., free of Government tax, payable at their office on and after Tuesday, the 14th instant.

M. M. BRADLEY, Secretary. New York, Jan. 10, 1868.

John Bloodgood & Co.,

22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight, and particular attention given to accounts of country banks and banker

Financial.

National Trust Company

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, NO. 336 BROADWAY.

Capital, One Million Dollars.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE.

Darius R. MANGHAM, President. (Of the old firm of Garner & Co.) HENRY C. CARTER, First Vice-President. BARNET L. SOLOMON, Second Vice-President. JAMES MERRILL, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY RECEIVES THE ACCOUNTS OF Banks, Bankers, Corporations, and

Individuals, AND ALLOWS

FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST

ON DAILY BALANCES,

Subject to Check at Sight.

CERTIFICATES payable on demand are issued at the same rate. SPECIAL DEPOSITS for one year or more may be made at five per cent.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY discharges all the various duties of similar institutions. It acts as Trustee for Corporations and Individuals, and Mortgagee for Railroads, and as Financial Agent of State and City Governments, and foreign and domestic corporations, banks and bankers. It will act as administrator or executor of estates, and as guardian for minors and as receiver in litigated cases. The Company is also constituted by its charter a legal depository for money paid into Court.

SECURITY OF THE COMPANY.

The Capital stock of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is divided among over five hundred Shareholders comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock.

By its charter, no loan can be made, directly or indirectly, to any trustee, officer or employe of the Company.

The Trustees are compelled to exhibit annually a full statement of their affairs to the Supreme Court, and it is made the duty of the Court to see that they are properly conducted.

The charter restricts the investment of its Capital to United States Government Stocks, or New York State Stocks, or Bonds of Incorporated Cities of this State; or on Loans on Bond and Mortgage on unincumbered Real Estate in this State, worth double the amount loaned.

The Company will make loans from its Deposits and Trust Funds on Government Securities, State Stocks and City Stocks of this State; but it is not permitted to DISCOUNT or deal IN COEMERCIAL OR BUSINESS paper.

The above provisions constitute this Company a very secure Depository for Money and for trusts committed to its charge.

ADVANTAGES TO DEPOSITORS.

As the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on all daily balances, parties can keep accounts in this institution, with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

Star Fire Insurance Co.,

NO. 96 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$200,000

Surplus, Jan. 1, '68..... 53,000

Assets.....\$253,000

DIRECTORS:

Levi Appar, Marshall O. Roberts, D. Randolph Martin, Horace K. Thurber, Chas. H. Applegate, R. Cornell White, O. W. F. Randolph, Erastus T. Tefft, John F. Pupke, Allan Hay, Martin Y. Bunn, Eben Sutton, Edgar Pinchot, David Wagsstaff, John H. Holdane, James Flanagan, Chancellor H. Brooks, James Wallace, Stephen S. Chamberlin, Chris'n H. Liffentha, Charles Spear, Adolph Eberhardt, William W. Owens, Charles B. Richard, John M. White, Timothy C. Kimball, Alexander Bonnell, John R. Flanagan, Robert P. Getty, Robert McLoughlin.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held Monday, December 30, 1867, the resignation of GEO. W. SAVAGE, Esq., as President, was accepted, and the following resolution was unanimously adopted,

Resolved, That the thanks of this Board are due, and are hereby tendered to Geo. W. Savage, Esq., (who resigns to assume the Presidency of the International Insurance Company,) for his devotion to the interest of the stockholders, and the able manner in which he has performed his duties as President of this Company and that this Board congratulate Mr. Savage upon the present prosperous condition of the Company, which is largely due to his efficient administration.

Subsequently NICHOLAS C. MILLER was unanimously elected President, and MOSES M. BRADLEY appointed Secretary.

MOSES M BRADLEY, Secretary.

A. M. FOUTE, Late Pres. Gayoso Bank, Memphis, Tenn. W. W. LORING.

FOUTE & LORING,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

33 BROAD STREET AND 36 NEW STREET.

Government Securities of all kinds, Gold, State, Bank, and Railroad Stocks and

Bonds Bought and Sold. Interest allowed on

Deposits subject to check at sight. Collection

made in all the States and Canadas.

540 MILES OF THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,

Running West from Omaha Across the Continent
ARE NOW COMPLETED,
THE TRACK BEING LAID AND TRAINS RUNNING WITHIN
TEN MILES OF THE SUMMIT OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

The remaining ten miles will be finished as soon as the weather permits the road-bed to be sufficiently packed to receive the rails. The work continues to be pushed forward in the rock-cuttings on the western slope with unabated energy, and a much larger force will be employed during the current year than ever before. The prospect that the whole

Grand Line to the Pacific will be Completed in 1870 was never better.

The means provided for the construction of this Great National Work are ample. The United States grants its Six Per Cent Bonds at the rate of from \$16,000 to \$48,000 per mile, for which it takes a SECOND LIEN as security, and receives payment to a large if not to the full extent of its claim in services. These Bonds are issued as each twenty-mile section is finished, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class road, thoroughly supplied with depots, repair-shops, stations, and all the necessary rolling stock and other equipments.

The United States also makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, which will be a source of large revenue to the Company. Much of this land in the Platte Valley is among the most fertile in the world and other large portions are covered with heavy pine forests and abound in coal of the best quality.

The Company is also authorized to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an amount equal to the issue of the Government and no more. Hon. E. D. Morgan and Hon. Oakes Ames are Trustees for the Bondholders and deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the work progresses, so that they always represent an actual and productive value.

The authorized capital of the Company is One Hundred Million Dollars, of which over five millions have already been paid in upon the work already done.

EARNINGS OF THE COMPANY.

At present the profits of the Company are derived only from its local traffic, but this is already much more than sufficient to pay the interest on all the Bonds the Company can issue, if not another mile were built. It is not doubted that when the road is completed the through traffic of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States will be large beyond precedent, and, as there will be no competition, it can always be done at profitable rates.

It will be noticed that the Union Pacific Railroad is, in fact, a GOVERNMENT WORK, built under the supervision of Government officers, and to a large extent with Government money, and that its bonds are issued under Government direction. It is believed that no similar security is so carefully guarded, and certainly no other is based upon a larger or more valuable property. As the Company's

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

are now offered at PAR. They pay

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

or over NINE PER CENT. upon the investment and have thirty years to run before maturity. Subscriptions will be received in New York at the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street, and by

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau Street.
CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51 Wall Street.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 59 Wall Street.
HENRY CLEWS & CO., Bankers, No. 72 Wall Street.
HEDDEN, WINCHESTER & CO., Bankers, No. 69 Broadway,

and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP

showing the Progress of the Work, Resources for Construction, and Value of Bonds, may be obtained at the Company's Offices or of its advertised Agents or will be sent free on application.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer.
NEW YORK.

February 5 1868

Insurance.

INCORPORATED 1798.

The New York Mutual INSURANCE COMPANY,

NO. 61 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
January 23, 1868.

The Trustees submit the following Statement of the affairs of the Company in conformity with the requirements of the Charter:

Outstanding Premiums to Dec. 31, 1866.....	\$89,855 49
Premiums received.....	298,116 87
Total.....	\$388,972 68

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks, nor upon Fire Risks, disconnected with Marine Risks.
Earned Premiums to Jan. 1, 1868..... \$307,590 98

Losses and Expenses.....	\$207,661 23
Return Premiums.....	14,418 30

The Company have the following assets:

Cash in Banks.....	\$39,809 57	
United States Stocks.....	272,925 00	
Bank, City and other Stocks.....	194,790 00	
Loans on Stocks, and Cash due the Company.....	40,785 15	
Real Estate, Bonds and Mortgages.....	92,000 00	\$630,309 72
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....		83,399 12
Salvage, Re-insurance, Accrued Interest and other Claims due the Company.....		91,037 69
Insurance Scrip and Sundry Notes at estimated value.....		22,803 20
		<u>\$767,549 73</u>

SIX PER CENT.

Interest on the outstanding Certificates of Profit will be paid on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February, 1868.

TWENTY PER CENT. DIVIDEND

and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which Certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.

FIFTY PER CENT.

of the outstanding Certificates of Profits of the issue of 1859 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled to that extent.

By order of the Board,

W. P. HANSFORD, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Stewart Brown,	Edward Kaupé,
Stephen Johnson,	Henry Oelrichs,
Arthur Leary,	James R. Smith,
Henry Meyer,	George Mosle,
Edward H. K. Lyman,	Gustave H. Kissell,
George Moke,	Gerhard Janssen,
E. V. Thebaud,	William Paxson,
Francis Hathaway,	John H. Earle,
Lloyd Aspinwall,	Francis Skiddy,
	E. P. Fabbri.

JOHN H. LYELL, President.

THEO. B. BLEECKER, Jr., Vice-Pres.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

No. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL,..... \$500,000 00

SURPLUS, Jan. 1st, 1868..... 376,815 50

TOTAL ASSETS..... \$876,815 50

RUDOLPH GARRIGUÉ, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Vice President.

HUGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.

14TH DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF THE

Germania Fire Insurance COMPANY.

New York, Jan. 8, 1868.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of

FIVE PER CENT.,

free from Government tax, payable on demand, at the office, No. 175 Broadway.

HUGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.

Gibson, Beadleston & Co., BANKERS,

50 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold, ONLY on Commission, at the Stock, Mining Stock and Gold Boards, of which we are members.

Interest allowed on Deposits.
Dividends, Coupons and Interest collected.
Liberal advances on Government and other Securities.
Information cheerfully given to Professional men, Executors etc., desiring to invest.
Refer by permission to Messrs. LOCKWOOD & Co.,
" DABNEY, MORGAN & Co

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 6.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1868

NO. 137.

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The Chronicle.

THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE is issued every Saturday morning by the publishers of *Hunt's Merchants' Magazine*, with the latest news up to midnight of Friday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

FOR THE COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL CHRONICLE, delivered by carrier to city subscribers, and mailed to all others, (exclusive of postage.)
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 For Six Months 6 00
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WILLIAM B. DANA, } WILLIAM B. DANA & CO., Publishers,
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Complete files of the CHRONICLE from July 1, 1866, to date can be had at the office.

UNSETTLING THE PUBLIC CREDIT.

If it be a sound maxim of financial policy that the public debt should be left to itself now that it is almost consolidated, and will soon be entirely so; and that the currency should be also allowed to recover its equilibrium without any further changes either by increasing or lessening the mass of paper money in circulation—then the people who generally believe in and hold fast by this maxim would be much relieved if Congress would by some positive act give expression to it at an early day.

We had hoped that the universal disapprobation which Mr. Sherman's funding bill evoked throughout the whole country when it was introduced into the Senate, on the 17th December last, would have prevented any further efforts of the same mischievous tendency. There are two reasons which are conclusive against tampering at present with the national securities. First, we have just funded the debt, and it would be puerile extravagance to undo all we have done in order to try experiments, and begin the work over again. Secondly, we have for long, weary months suffered the business of the nation to be deranged, and its financial machinery to be overstrained and disturbed by the funding operations of the Treasury. The country now wishes to be indulged

with a little quiet and to rest from such costly experiments. Our busy millions of workers have, in the progress of the manipulation and consolidation of the debt, been subjected to impoverishment and loss, which they can no longer afford, and are no longer willing to afford. We have spent vast sums of money in funding the national debt in its present form, and in its present form it should for the present rest. Such are well known to be the views of the men who are entitled to be heard on this subject in the chief cities. And yet, on Thursday last Mr. Sherman reported a measure which stands in almost as direct opposition to them as was the recent project which he has seen so emphatically and so unanimously rejected. If correctly reported in the newspapers, this new bill provides as follows:

The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to issue bonds bearing interest at five per cent., principal and interest payable in coin, and due in forty years but redeemable in ten years, to an amount sufficient to cover all outstanding obligations of the United States other than five per cent. bonds, and to be exchanged for such obligations or disposed of otherwise at not less than par, and said bonds or proceeds thereof to be exclusively used for the redemption or in exchange of existing securities of the United States. The bonds to be issued shall be known as the consolidated debt of the United States, and shall be exempt from all taxation by State or local authority, and the same, with the interest thereon and the income therefrom, shall be exempt from the payment of all taxes or duties to the United States, other than such income tax as may be assessed upon other incomes.

And in consideration of the reduction of the rate of interest, there shall be appropriated, out of the import duties, an amount equal to one per cent. on the bonds issued, which shall be applied to the purchase or payment of the national debt. In addition to the sums necessary to pay the interest and maturing bonded debt of the United States there is appropriated out of the Treasury a sum which, including the said interest and maturing debt and the one per cent., as aforesaid, shall amount to \$135,000,000 annually, which sum shall be applied to the reduction of the debt in lieu of the sinking fund contemplated by the act of February 25, 1862.

Five twenty bonds shall, before the expiration of five years from date, at the option of the holders, be exchanged for the new bonds, and such as are now redeemable shall be presented for exchange before the 1st of November next, and not thereafter, and the residue not later than six months after the expiration of five years from date for lawful money of the United States.

And the consolidated bonds and United States notes are to be exchangeable for each other when presented to the Treasury, unless the amount of United States notes outstanding shall be equal to four hundred millions, or unless the United States shall have resumed payment in coin for their notes.

The last section provides that any contracts hereafter specifically made in coin shall be legal and valid, and may be enforced according to the terms of said contracts.

If, as is often said, the brokers and speculators always find their harvest where financial confusion reigns, this bill ought to be a great favorite with that much abused order of persons. For should any such measure ever become a law, nothing is more certain than that an era of distrust would begin for our public securities, and that the resulting confusion would shake the vast fabric of our financial machinery which is built upon them. To the stable foundations of the public credit this measure would apply itself, and insidiously undermine or dissolve away their solid strength, till the imagination shrinks from contemplating what would come after.

The leading feature of this bill is, that for the first time in the financial history of this country it resorts to semi-confiscation. The holders of our six per cent. Government securities are either to give them up, and to take instead a five per cent. bond; or, if they refuse to do this, this bill threatens to pay them off in greenbacks at par six months after the five years option expires. For the 514 millions of 6 per cent. Five-Twenties of 1862, this law proposes to issue immediately an equal amount of 5 per cent. new bonds, and should the holders refuse to submit to the compulsory exchange, then at an appointed time the interest is to be stopped. From that day forward all detached Five-Twenty coupons of subsequent maturity will, if presented at the Treasury be dishonored and repudiated. The same policy of repudiation is to be enforced towards the remaining 860 millions of Five-Twenties of the later issues, until the holders have all submitted to the loss, or, in disgust, have sold their bonds to other persons at home or abroad, if in the general overthrow of our credit there can be found any investors more pliant in the enforcement of their vested rights.

We shall not discuss here the last clause of this extraordinary measure. This final section is merely a "rider." It seeks to legalize gold contracts, and has no plan in a bill dealing with the public debt, and the contracts of the nation with its creditors. If passed, the gold contract bill must rest on its own merits. Mr. Sherman's project is certainly broad enough in itself; and does not admit of any heterogeneous matter being tacked to it for any purpose whatever. When the official copy of the bill comes to us from Washington we may perhaps have something further to say about those parts of it which we have purposely refrained from discussing in this place.

STATISTICS OF THE NATIONAL BANKS.

We complete to day our tabular exposition of the state of the National banks, as shown in their quarterly reports of the 6th January. The tables are all official, and though more exhaustive than those of any previous quarter, they have been completed and placed in the hands of the public with unusual despatch. The chief facts for which these voluminous masses of figures are valued, are such as throw light on the stability of the banks. These institutions are so important a part of the financial machinery by which their business is done by the most intelligent, enterprising, energetic trading nation in the world. So great are the privileges conferred on the banks with a view to make them stable and effective, that the people want to know whether the banks are a safe depository of the nation's hopes, and whether our financial barque may be relied on not only when the atmosphere is clear and no special danger threatens, but in those troublesome times which may await us when storms and tempests put it to a much severer trial. Once let it be practically and thoroughly demonstrated that our banking system is really more sound, more elastic, more adapted to the wants of the country than any other that we are likely to get in its place, and there will be little danger of the success of any of those plausible and mischievous schemes which have been urged in Congress and elsewhere for its destruction.

It is because of the prevailing anxiety for the safety and strength of the banking system that the reserves of these institutions are so closely scanned by the public. The belief is that if any directors allow themselves often or habitually to be short of reserve they are otherwise doing bad business. It was on this account, we suppose, that the closing of the Farmers' and Citizens' Bank of Brooklyn was

so generally approved. The offence charged against the institution was the failure to keep up its reserves, though warned repeatedly by the proper officer of the Bureau. When at length, after patient delay the bank was closed by the appointment of a receiver, every one anticipated the indications of over expansion, which were really found and reported, when the books were subjected to official examination. We are glad to be assured, however, that this case is an exceptional and isolated one. All such defaults should be dealt with resolutely and firmly, for a terror to other evil doers, and a protection to those who do well. It is a familiar principle of jurisprudence that penalties deter from crime not so much because they are severe as because they are sure, relentless and not to be escaped. Of course we do not demand that every bank which at any time and to any extent is short of its reserve should be subject to severe discipline, and still less that every default shall be punished in the same way. What is needful is to discriminate between the default which indicates bad banking and that which is an unavoidable incident of business. Such a contingency the law contemplates as possible, and provides a way for meeting it. The Comptroller is specially directed to notify the bank of any defect, and on receipt of this official note the bank is prohibited from making any new loans until its reserve has risen to the legal average. Thus carefully has the law provided on the one side for the safety of the public who deal with the bank, and on the other for the recovery of a sound institution which from temporary causes may be subjected to a drain on its reserve. But this is not all. Weekly reports are to be sent to Washington giving an exact statement of the condition of the bank, duly attested by its responsible officers, and the directors, we believe, are usually very prompt in getting back again into a condition of assured strength and legal solvency. Wherever a bank fails to do this, and fails persistently, the presumption is very strong that there is some reason for the shortcoming. To meet this difficulty and to prevent recourse being had to any severer measures than are absolutely necessary, a special examiner is sent to investigate the condition of the bank. The powers and duties of these officers are often misunderstood. In the 54th section, which authorizes the appointment of such officers, we find the following provisions:

And be it further enacted, That the Comptroller of the Currency with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, as often as shall be deemed necessary or proper, shall appoint a suitable person or persons to make an examination of the affairs of every banking association, which person shall not be a director or other officer in any association whose affairs he shall be appointed to examine, and who shall have power to make a thorough examination into all the affairs of the association, and, in doing so, to examine any of the officers and agents thereof on oath; and, shall make a full and detailed report of the condition of the association to the Comptroller. And the association shall not be subject to any other visitatorial powers than such as are authorized by this act, except such as are vested in the several courts of law and chancery. And every person appointed to make such examination shall receive for his services at the rate of five dollars for each day by him employed in such examination, and two dollars for every twenty five miles he shall necessarily travel in the performance of his duty, which shall be paid by the association by him examined.

To the wise use which the Comptroller has made of this and the other powers for checking bad banking, is largely attributable the success of our new complex organism of banks, which consists of over 1,640 institutions, many of which are new, while others were badly managed as State banks, and stood greatly in need of reform when they were converted under the National Currency law. We find from Mr. Hurlburt's last report that less than a dozen banks have failed in four years and a half, and the total aggregate of loss to the public from such failures has not reached \$250,000 a year for the whole country.

We ventured to express the opinion a fortnight ago that at present the reserves of the banks would be found more adequate than they were 15 months ago, when some 50 were

reported deficient. In confirmation of this opinion we publish the subjoined table which shows the facts in a compendious form:

LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE OF NATIONAL BANKS JANUARY 6TH, 1868.

	Circulation and deposits.	RESERVE.			Re-quir-ed.	In app. redeem.		
		On hand.	In approved redeem ag'ts.	Aggre-gate.		On hand.	Total.	
Maine..	12,840,497	1,196,574	1,828,556	3,025,060	15	9 3-10	14 2-10	23 5-10
N Ham	6,735,456	680,166	1,259,407	1,939,573	15	10 1-10	18 6-10	28 7-10
Verm't.	7,985,866	832,667	836,047	1,668,714	15	10 4-10	10 4-10	20 8-10
Mass...	52,216,507	5,755,905	7,020,862	12,776,767	15	11	13 4-10	24 4-10
R. I'd.	19,696,344	2,003,404	2,346,990	4,350,394	15	10 2-10	11 9-10	22 1-10
Conn	30,232,869	3,154,830	3,766,403	6,921,233	15	10 4-10	12 4-10	22 8-10
N. York	78,211,027	8,685,597	9,124,675	17,810,272	15	11 1-10	10 3-10	21 4-10
NewJer	21,028,436	2,797,006	3,649,085	6,446,091	15	11 6-10	15 1-10	26 7-10
Pennsyl	45,923,862	6,552,979	3,939,386	10,492,365	15	12 1-10	8 5-10	20 6-10
Delaw'e	2,514,876	290,973	301,734	592,707	15	11 5-10	11 9-10	23 4-10
Maryl'd	4,406,632	747,205	366,627	1,113,832	15	16 9-10	8 3-10	25 2-10
D. of C.	206,528	27,008	12,443	39,451	15	13 1-10	6	19 1-10
Virg'ia	5,451,793	70,997	267,727	1,948,724	15	14 3-10	4 9-10	19 3-10
W. Virg.	4,686,394	685,565	326,423	1,011,988	15	14 6-10	6 9-10	21 5-10
N. Car..	950,996	141,025	122,463	263,488	15	14 8-10	12 8-10	27 6-10
S. Car..	1,018,807	236,155	416,152	652,307	15	23 1-10	40 8-10	63 9-10
Georgia	3,618,992	1,018,127	373,911	1,372,038	15	28 1-10	9 7-10	37 8-10
Alabam	720,532	124,940	136,067	261,007	15	17 3-10	18 9-10	36 2-10
Mississ.	144,635	31,135	4,810	35,945	15	21 5-10	3 3-10	24 8-10
Texas..	1,414,486	436,988	227,794	664,782	15	30 8-10	16 1-10	46 9-10
Arkan..	765,683	102,944	60,393	163,342	15	13 4-10	7 9-10	21 3-10
Kentuc.	2,880,500	399,047	265,517	664,564	15	13 8-10	9 2-10	23
Tenn...	4,511,938	708,239	285,559	994,098	15	15 6-10	6 3-10	21 9-10
Ohio...	30,453,014	4,747,374	2,243,885	6,991,259	15	15 6-10	7 3-10	22 9-10
Indiana	18,093,231	3,137,373	888,759	4,026,132	15	17 3-10	4 9-10	22 2-10
Illinois	14,437,742	2,303,326	1,287,406	3,590,732	15	15 9-10	8 9-10	24 8-10
Michi...	6,478,351	1,070,073	575,102	1,645,175	15	16 5-10	8 8-10	25 3-10
Wiscon.	5,460,371	995,516	536,063	1,531,579	15	18 2-10	9 8-10	28
Iowa...	9,060,552	1,730,194	652,504	2,382,698	15	19 1-10	7 2-10	26 3-10
Minn...	3,411,488	577,637	168,050	745,687	15	16 9-10	4 9-10	21 8-10
Missou.	2,282,845	331,416	221,007	552,423	15	14 5-10	9 6-10	24 1-10
Kansas.	1,350,534	227,405	106,298	333,703	15	16 8-10	7 8-10	24 6-10
Nebras.	1,998,130	309,928	34,767	344,695	15	15 5-10	1 7-10	17 2-10
Col Ter.	1,103,308	241,705	90,348	332,053	15	21 9-10	8 1-10	30
Utah "	191,859	28,213	4,600	32,813	15	14 7-10	2 4-10	17 1-10
Total	405,395,131	53,089,566	43,728,125	96,817,691				

CITIES OF REDEMPTION.

Boston.	70,773,263	17,223,365	5,569,134	22,792,499	25	24 3-10	7 8-10	32 1-10
N. York	207,410,561	71,087,316	71,087,316	71,087,316	25	34 2-10	.....	31 2-10
Albany	12,264,359	1,974,275	2,844,263	4,818,538	25	16 1-10	23 1-10	39 2-10
Phila...	52,442,792	17,629,020	1,831,361	19,460,381	25	33 5-10	3 6-10	37 1-10
Pittsb'g	14,323,247	2,910,744	1,335,644	4,246,388	25	20 8-10	9 3-10	29 6-10
Baltim.	18,696,021	4,686,979	1,489,743	6,176,722	25	25	7 9-10	32 9-10
Wash...	4,329,673	864,641	338,670	1,203,311	25	19 9-10	7 8-10	27 7-10
New Or.	2,077,464	782,609	41,487	827,096	25	37 6-10	2 1-10	39 7-10
Louisv.	1,341,633	331,334	68,200	399,584	25	24 7-10	5 1-10	29 8-10
Cincin..	10,093,627	2,139,731	490,475	2,621,206	25	21 1-10	4 8-10	25 9-10
Clevel'd	5,276,669	966,385	540,608	1,506,993	25	13 3-10	10 2-10	28 5-10
Chicago	14,419,895	3,183,150	1,640,034	4,823,184	25	22 1-10	11 3-10	33 4-10
Detroit.	3,572,642	673,921	683,028	1,356,949	25	19	19 1-10	38 1-10
Milwau.	2,671,975	533,584	337,510	876,094	25	20 1-10	12 6-10	32 7-10
St Louis	10,950,414	2,390,274	518,861	2,909,135	25	21 8-10	4 7-10	26 5-10
Total	430,644,235	127,878,378	17,732,018	145,110,396				

RECAPITULATION.

	Total reserve.	Amount required.	Excess.
Aggregate in all the States.....	\$96,817,691	\$6,809,270	\$36,008,421
" " cities of redemption....	145,110,396	107,661,056	37,449,340
Total.....	\$241,928,087	\$168,470,326	\$73,457,761

In the foregoing table the banks are arranged in two groups. The first group contains such banks as are situated outside of the redemption cities. These banks are required to hold 15 per cent. reserve, three-fifths of which may be in the hands of their redeeming agents in New York or elsewhere. The other two-fifths of the reserve must be cash in hand.

The second group of banks are in the redeeming cities, which are compelled to keep 25 per cent. reserve, one-half of which may be in New York, while the other half must be cash in hand.

It will be observed that the foregoing aggregates of deposits and circulation do not agree exactly with the figures of Mr. Hulburd's report, as we published them in our last two issues. The discrepancy arises from the circumstance that in these tables the net deposits are taken as the basis, while in the former tables we preferred to take the gross deposits. Strictly speaking neither is exactly correct, and the figures before us are certainly too low if all the clearing items of 6th January are deducted from the gross deposits of that day. At any rate the receipts by the morning mail should have been deducted. We give Mr. Hulburd's tables exactly as he has prepared them, and after making all the concessions we have suggested, the exhibit affords very gratifying proofs of the results which the zeal, activity and intelligence of a good administrative officer is able to secure for a banking system which is neither exempt from faults in its machinery, nor composed of the best or most homogeneous materials.

OUR BRITISH DIFFICULTY.

Without pretending to apportion accurately either to our own government or to the government of Great Britain such blame as is justly due to *somebody*, for the protracted misunderstanding which now enters upon its seventh year between England and America, we must be permitted to say, in the interest of both countries and of that commerce which is the common life of both, that it is time *something* should be done to put an end to a state of things so unsatisfactory and so perilous.

It is probably true that the diplomatic discussion of the "Alabama claims," under which general name it has now become the fashion to describe all the questions at issue between the two nations, has, on the whole, been conducted with more coolness and a larger regard to consequences by the American than by the British Foreign Office. Thus much, at least, is certainly conceded by Lord Hobart, an intelligent English member of the House of Commons, and heir apparent of a seat in the Lords, who has undertaken recently to bring the matter sharply up for settlement before the British public. Even Mr. Vernon Harcourt, who, under the now well known signature of *Historicus*, attempts to contravene the position of Lord Hobart in letters to the British press, fails to attack Lord Hobart's impeachment of the temper in which the American claims were originally met by the late Whig occupant of the British foreign office, Earl Russell. On the other hand, it is only just to admit that so far as our difficulty with England has been made a theme of debate in the British Parliament and in our Congress, the advantage in point of judicious language and statesmanlike self-command rests rather with the elder of the two legislative bodies. This being the case, it is clear that the matter has by no means past the stage at which a rational and manly settlement of it is practicable. For, while in respect to our foreign relations, the action of Congress is less decisively important than the action of the State Department, the reverse precisely is true of the comparative importance of the British Foreign Office and of the British House of Commons in respect to the like relations of Great Britain. It is fortunate, therefore, that on both sides of the Atlantic we find a disposition to forbearance manifested in exactly that quarter in which forbearance is most important and can produce the best results. This would be true were Earl Russell still in power in England. But Earl Russell has been succeeded by a statesman, Lord Stanley, whose treatment of the case so far has been much less open to criticism than that of his predecessor, saving and excepting that he, too, while conceding arbitration in principle, has insisted upon certain reservations in the submission of the difficulty to arbitration which neither the American State Department, nor the Congress, nor the people of this country can accept. The arrival in this country of a new British minister brings the matter prominently forward at the precise moment when it is apparent that something decisive must be done, and makes it desirable that public opinion here should find full and moderate expression upon the real demands of the United States. These, as we have said before, are not represented by the average tone of recent Congressional utterances on the subject. It is unfortunate that the suspension just at this time of the *habeas corpus* act in Ireland should have led certain local authorities in that part of the British Empire into measures which have exasperated popular feeling here; but thoughtful Americans, sincerely desirous to have the real difficulty between ourselves and Great Britain properly adjusted, will not permit themselves to confound with that difficulty a merely passing and temporary matter, about which there can be no sort of question either as to our abstract rights, or as to the impolicy of interference

with them. No respectable or responsible British organ of opinion, no British public man would for a moment think of denying that the arrest of American citizens on British soil, for words spoken or deeds done beyond the sphere of British sovereignty, is utterly indefensible. This is so certain to be the case, that while the arrest of American citizens in such cases may make an excellent topic of popular declamations, it will hardly be so much as debated in any diplomatic conference. Putting that aside, therefore, as a point already settled in our favor, and about which only the details of the satisfaction proper to be made to persons aggrieved can remain to be discussed, let us reiterate our hope that serious public opinion here will at once make itself felt in favor of peace between the two countries, by giving the new British Minister and his Government to understand clearly and unmistakably that the American people, not the passionate and unthinking, but the grave and weighty public of the United States, expect of England now to make the offer to us which, when made by us to her, was so hastily declined.

A decided demonstration in this sense here cannot be considered in a just sense a hostile demonstration by Great Britain. The questions upon which we asked before, and should now be willing to accept arbitration, are not in themselves so formidable as they have become formidable by over-long gestation. Whether Great Britain was or was not over-hasty in conceding belligerent rights to the Southern States, Lord Russell chose to consider a question not proper to be discussed in an arbitration upon British responsibility for certain results not perhaps brought about by, but certainly made possible by that concession. But surely the question is of a large general interest—affecting not merely Great Britain and the United States, but the possible relations of all states. We never asked such a decision of it as should require of Great Britain, were that decision unfavorable to her policy, either apology or compensation for that policy. We simply insisted and insist that to a decision concerning her responsibility for losses inflicted upon our commerce by vessels which would never have got to sea had she not recognized the belligerent rights of the Southern States, an examination of the propriety of such recognition by her is necessarily germane, and must be of interest to herself and to other powers as well as to ourselves.

As has been frequently set forth in these columns heretofore, the question whether Great Britain did or did not properly execute her existing laws is of less significance than the question whether her existing laws, so far as they affect international relations in time of war, are or are not suited to the requirements of international justice and amity in these days. In short the "British difficulty" is far more a difficulty of temper and feeling than of conflicting national dignity and inherent rights on the one side and on the other. This, which makes it particularly dangerous should also make it particularly easy of settlement. The longer it remains under discussion the more dangerous it becomes. It keeps up a sort of feverish, vague, national ill feeling on both sides. It inflames every such incident as those to which we have alluded in connection with the actual political condition of Ireland. It lies ready to the use of political parties in this country as a means of capturing this or that class of popular sympathies. It is always in the mind of the Continental cabinets in their calculations upon the part which England may be made or expected to play in the growing complications of Europe.

Let it then be settled—settled for the benefit of both countries, even though the apparent triumph in the settlement should be with the United States. We have no wish to humiliate England, no interest in her humiliation, no sort of belief that a decision in our favor as to her liability for

certain acts done by her subjects during the recent civil war would really be to her a humiliation. Modern political economy has at least revealed this truth that whatever clearly establishes the right between any two countries is a positive boon to both. Now that Mr. Thornton is in Washington, and the most important business a British Minister has for years been called upon to transact is vividly "on the order of the day," let it be distinctly made known that the opinion of this country insists upon a prompt and final reference of the matters in dispute between us to a competent arbitration.

TENNESSEE RAILROAD BONDS.

The Comptroller of the Treasury of the State of Tennessee, in October last sent to the Assembly a report on the financial and, incidentally, on the material condition of the State. In this will be found, on page 12, a recapitulation of the State debt in form as herewith transcribed:

State bonds loaned to railroad companies.....		\$21,465,000
Interest on same to Jan. 1, 1866, funded.....	\$3,732,343	
State bonds loaned to turnpike and plank road comp's		490,000
Interest on same to Jan. 1, 1866, funded.....	102,060	
Bonds endorsed for RR. companies & city of Memphis.		2,350,000
State debt proper.....		3,244,607
Interest on same to Jan. 1, 1866, funded.....	743,553	
State bonds loaned to Agricultural Bureau.....		30,000
Interest on same to Jan. 1, 1866, funded.....	7,200	
	\$4,585,156	\$27,679,607
Total amount of funded interest.....		4,585,156
		\$32,264,763
Total amount of original and interest bonds.....		
Deduct: State bonds cancelled \$71,000, endorsed bonds cancelled		214,000
\$143,000.....		
		\$32,050,763
Assumed by Governor: Debt due United States by Edgefield and		
Kentucky, and Memphis, Clarksville and Louisville railroad com-		511,561
panies.....		
Entire State liabilities, actual and contingent.....		\$32,562,324

On the 1st October, 1861, the railroad debt was in gross \$13,959,000. Between March, 1866, and October, 1867, the State issued additional loan bonds to the amount of \$8,172,000. These issues, less unimportant cancellations, make up the \$21,465,000 as given in the first part of the above table. To this amount must be added the interest on the original bonds up to January, 1866, \$3,732,343; the bonds endorsed by the State \$2,350,000, and the bonds assumed by the governor for certain roads \$511,561. Including these the total railroad debt and liabilities in October, amounted to \$28,058,904. From this, however, must be deducted \$214,000 cancelled by the railroad sinking fund, leaving the actual railroad debt at date \$27,844,904.

In the CHRONICLE of January 4, p. 26, we gave a list of the railroads in favor of which the State legislature had recently authorized the further issue of aid-bonds, with the amounts assigned to them respectively. These, in the aggregate, reached \$4,550,000, and are, it is now said, being issued, which will make the railroad debt foot up no less than \$32,394,904.

The actual securities for these large sums of money are the railroads that have been benefitted by their issue. On page 18 of the Comptroller's Report, the length and cost of the several works is summed up. The length is there shown to be 1,390 $\frac{1}{4}$ miles, and the cost \$35,362,565. The new loans when expended will bring the cost up to about \$40,000,000. This is the nominal cost. Whether they are worth this amount depends chiefly on their productiveness, and this depends in turn on the business activity of the country.

We give the above facts in relation to this State's indebtedness in answer to many inquiries, and we think they furnish all that is necessary for our readers to form an opinion as to the value of the securities now being offered.

BOSTON STOCK FLUCTUATIONS.

We are indebted to Mr. Joseph G. Martin, of Boston, for the following tables of stock fluctuations at the Boston Board of Brokers:

BOSTON NATIONAL BANKS.

Table with columns for Dividends (1866-1867), Highest and lowest (1865-1867), and 1868. Lists various banks like Atlantic, Atlas, Blackstone, etc.

* Eagle, actual sale at auction, Sept. 23, 1865. † Dividends July and Jan. ‡ State, changed par from 60 to 100, in 1865.

RAILROAD COMPANIES.

Table with columns for Dividends (1866-1867), Highest and lowest (1866-1867), and 1868. Lists railroad companies like Boston & Lowell, Boston & Maine, etc.

* Ex Dividend. † Extra Dividends. Nashua & Lowell, 20 p. c. in stock, Aug 1. Western, 30 p. c. in stock, July 10. ‡ Boston and Worcester & Western, consolidated as Boston & Albany, share for share, Dec. 1; quotations of the latter since. The B. & A. pays the Worcester 10 p. c. extra, Feb. 1, 1868. § Camb. less State and Government taxes in October.

STATE, CITY AND RAILROAD BONDS.

Table with columns for Interest When payable, Highest and lowest (1866-1867), and 1868. Lists bonds like Albany city (municipal) 6's, long, etc.

* Ex-interest.

Table with columns for Bond Name, Date, and Interest Rate. Lists bonds like New York Central RR, 6's, 1883, etc.

* Ex-interest. † Vermont Central Old, 1st mortgage in 1866. ‡ Paid in bond scrip June and December, 1867.

COIN AND BULLION MOVEMENT—JANUARY, 1867 AND 1868.

The receipts and shipments of coin and bullion at New York in the month of January, 1867 and 1868, comparatively, were as follows. This table usually accompanies our Monthly Review, but we were unable to obtain last week some of the figures necessary for its preparation :

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF COIN AND BULLION AT NEW YORK.

Table with columns for Receipts from California, Imports from foreign ports, Total receipts, Exports to foreign ports, Excess of exports, Excess of imports. Includes values for 1867 and 1868.

The following statement shows the receipts and shipments in the same month of the last eight years :

Table with columns for Receipts (California, Foreign, Total), Exports to foreign ports, Excess of receipts, Excess of exports. Lists data for years 1861-1868.

The following formula furnishes the details of the general movement of coin and bullion at this port in the month of January, 1867 and 1868, comparatively :

GENERAL MOVEMENT OF COIN AND BULLION AT NEW YORK.

Table with columns for Receipts from California, Imports from foreign ports, Coin interest paid by U.S., Coin for bonds of 1847, Total reported supply, Exports to foreign ports, Customs duties, Total withdrawn, Excess of reported supply, Excess of withdrawals, Bank specie increased, Bank specie decreased, Bal. derived from unrepo'd spec's.

The amount of specie in banks at the opening and closing of January, 1867 and 1868, was as follows :

Table with columns for At opening, At closing, Increase, Decrease. Shows specie amounts for 1867 and 1868.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

Table with columns for Exchange at London (Jan. 24) and Exchange on London. Lists rates for various cities like Amsterdam, Antwerp, Hamburg, etc.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, January 25, 1868.

The comparative state of activity noticed in the previous two weeks has this week somewhat subsided, and business appears to have been conducted on more cautious principles. At Manchester manufacturers have been demanding rather higher prices. Buyers, however, are by no means willing to purchase at any advance, and hence since the rise there have been fewer transactions. As regards cotton and cotton goods, there appears to be no doubt that buyers are acting wisely in only purchasing to supply immediate wants, although should manufacturers run into stock they would not operate prejudicially to their own interests, because any further decline in prices can scarcely be expected. But, on the other hand, there is no great prospect of any important advance. Of American cotton there is yet a large supply to come forward during the present season, and it seems clear that the Southern planters are not in a position to hold their produce, but must sell freely in order to meet the expenses they have incurred in planting, picking and moving the crop. In Egypt the prospect is not encouraging, but in India the crop is likely to average that of last season. By some it is remarked that the East Indian cotton planters will not sell at the present low prices. But when we come to examine the matter more closely, we shall find that India will be compelled to export freely of her productions, or else she will be compelled to make large shipments of specie to this country. A further slight fall in the Indian exchanges would, render the export of silver more profitable as a remittance than the shipment of bills of exchange. In order, therefore, to meet what would be a balance of trade against her, India, if it is in her power to do so, will ship cotton rather than gold or silver. The heavy fall in the value of cotton has materially altered the relative position of England and India. While cotton was so dear, silver was transmitted to India in large quantities, and the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company was deriving an annual profit of £120,000 from the traffic. But now there is not only no demand for silver for shipment to the East, but the exchanges indicate that specie is now likely to be transmitted from Bombay to England. Probably, however, shipments of silver will be checked by increased exports of Indian productions, and especially of cotton.

There is a little squabble between the two companies which have connected Great Britain and the United States by means of the electric telegraph, namely, between the Atlantic Telegraph Company and the Anglo-American Telegraph Company. It will be remembered that the latter was the company which laid successfully the cable, and managed to pick up and join the broken cable of 1866. According to the original undertaking the Atlantic Telegraph Company have the power of buying up the Anglo American Company, and the Directors have lately issued proposals to their shareholders, and the public to subscribe to £1,300,000 preference stock, bearing ten per cent. interest, and being a second charge upon the property. A meeting was held yesterday to consider the proposal: but nothing definite was arrived at, the meeting having been adjourned until the 25th of February to obtain time to further consider the matter. Many persons seem to be in favor of the whole concern falling into the hands of the original company, and it would certainly be advisable that the management of the two cables should be in the hands of one board of directors, and that there should be unanimity in the management. Latterly, however, the two boards have held different views in respect to important matters; but so far as management is concerned, I am far more inclined to the Anglo-American than to the Atlantic Telegraph Company. The former company has been in favor of a more moderate tariff, while the latter was very perverse in its opposition to the reduction from £10 to £5 5s.; but as the experiment has now been tried, and has proved successful, it is to be hoped that should the Anglo-American Company fall by purchase into the hands of the Atlantic Telegraph Company, the Atlantic Company will have previously been converted to moderation in their charges, not only for the benefit of the mercantile body, both here and in the United States, but also for the benefit of themselves and the shareholders at large. If, however, the Atlantic Telegraph Company should persist in making heavy charges for the transmission of messages, the Directors will by such acts be indirectly promoters of new lines, which will ultimately not only compel them to reduce their charges, but will necessarily withdraw from them a large portion of their business.

In the early part of the week the cotton trade was dull, and prices had a drooping tendency; but towards the close there has been an active demand, and an advance of about 1/4d. per lb. has been established in the quotations. The sales of the week are larger than for many weeks past, the total being 100,890 bales. In the trade for wool much inactivity continues to prevail. The first series of public sales for the present year will be commenced at the end of February, or on the first

Thursday in March, and it is probable that about 120,000 bales will be brought forward. It is expected that prices will go rather in favor of buyers. The iron trade continues dull, and in an unsatisfactory state while nearly all other branches of business are quiet in the extreme.

The trade for wheat has been in a most inactive state. Millers have shown but little disposition to purchase freely; nevertheless, the trade, as regards all good and fine qualities, has been firm, and, in some instances, a slight rise has been established in prices. Inferior wheats are dull and difficult to sell. The weather is now very damp and mild, and the condition of the samples has been affected to a considerable extent. From Sept. 1 to Jan. 18 our imports of wheat into the United Kingdom were nearly 6,500,000 cwts., and our exports from the Kingdom about 144,000 cwt. greater than in the corresponding period in 1866-67. Our imports of flour are about 28,000 cwt. less, and our exports 3,000 cwt. more than in 1866-67. The particulars of these imports and exports are subjoined:

	WHEAT.		Exports.	
	1866-67.	1867-68.	1866-67.	1867-68.
Fr m--	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.
Sept. 1 to Dec. 28.....	7,610,829	13,261,114	237,932	339,460
Week ending January 4....	468,985	871,159	380	9,118
" " 11.....	567,256	634,485	9,340	2,333
" " 18.....	455,336	825,954	17,716	1,485
Total.....	9,102,456	15,642,712	258,368	402,401

	FLOUR.		Exports.	
	1866-67.	1867-68.	1866-67.	1867-68.
Sept. 1 to Dec. 28.....	1,335,925	1,319,735	6,175	9,930
Week ending January 4....	86,121	80,958	186	311
" " 11.....	74,301	50,771	716	727
" " 18.....	44,756	60,689	954	135
Total.....	1,541,103	1,512,153	8,031	11,103

The tone and position of the money market remain without improvement. The supply of money seeking employment in the discount market is still very large, and is considerably in excess of the requirements of borrowers. At present there appear to be no signs of any material increase in the demand for accommodation, for notwithstanding there has been a slight augmentation in the extent of our trade, business is still carried on at low prices, and therefore the supply of capital requisite is comparatively small. Foreign loans are spoken of; but foreign loans do not meet with much favor, and it is not therefore expected that they will be rapidly introduced. The loan for Hungary has at length been advertised in England; but as it has also been introduced at Paris, Frankfurt and Vienna, it will not probably attract much attention in England. It is also said that a Turkish loan will shortly be brought forward. The rates of discount, so far as the best descriptions of paper are concerned, are now as under:

	Per Cent.
30 to 60 days' bills.....	1 1/2 @ 1 1/2
3 months' bills.....	1 1/2 @ 1 1/2
4 months' bank bills.....	1 1/2 @ 2
6 months' bank bills.....	2 @ 2 1/2
4 & 6 months' trade bills....	2 1/2 @ 3

On the Continent, the value of money has not materially changed during the present week. At the leading cities much quietness continues to prevail, but the quotations are mostly unchanged. The supply of bullion held by the Bank of France now amounts to £41,084,652, while discounts are at £20,465,820. Annexed are the rates of discount at the leading cities:

	B'k rate		Op. m'kt		B'k rate		Op. m'kt	
	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.	1867.	1868.
At Paris.....	3	2 1/2	2 1/2	2-2 1/2	Turin.....	6	5	5
Vienna....	4	4	4	4	Brussels..	3	2 1/2	2 1/2-2 3/4
Berlin....	4	4	3 1/2	2 1/2	Madrid....	6	5	5
Frankfort.	3 1/2	2 1/2	3 1/2	1 1/2-2	Hamburg..	-	2 1/2	2 1/2
Amst'rd'm	4	3 1/2	4	3	St. Pet'g.	7	7	8-9

Bills of exchange have continued in demand, and the rates obtained indicate that the outflow of gold is likely to continue.

All the recent amounts of gold have now been absorbed, and as our expected arrivals will be small, it is believed that some considerable withdrawals from the bank will be rendered necessary. The American eagles, which have been received from New York this week, have been disposed of on Continental account, at an advance of 1/4d. per ounce. Silver remains extremely quiet. There is still no demand for transmission to the East, yet prices remain unaltered. The quotations for bullion are subjoined:

	per oz. standard.	GOLD.	
		s. d.	s. d.
Bar Gold.....	per oz. standard.	77	9
do Fine.....	do	77	9
do Refinable.....	do	78	0
Spanish Doubloons.....	per oz. last price.	76	0 @ 77
South American Doubloons....	do	73	9 @
United States Gold Coin.....	do last price.	76	3 1/2 @

	per oz. standard.	SILVER.	
		s. d.	s. d.
Bar Silver.....	per oz. standard.	5	0 1/2 @
do containing 5 grs. gold	do last price	5	0 1/2 @
Fine Cake Silver.....	per oz.	5	5 1/2 @
Mexican Dollars.....	per oz. last price.	4	10 1/2 @

Quicksilver, £6 17s. per bottle; discount 3 per cent.

In the Consol market there has been a fair degree of firmness, and prices have somewhat improved. Consols have been as high as 93 to 93 1/2, but that quotation has not been supported during the closing days of the week. However, with the continued abundance of money, and

with the indisposition shown on the part of the public to invest in the shares of public companies, it seems manifest that, if there are no political complications, the Consol market must continue to rule firm. The highest and lowest prices of consols each day of the week are subjoined:

Week ending Jan. 25	Monday.	Tuesday	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money	92½-93	92¾-93	92¾-93	92¾-93	92¾-93	92¾-93

The market for American securities has been quiet, and rather dull. United States Five-Twenty bonds, though firm in the early part of the week, are now dull, while the securities of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway Company have slightly relapsed. Erie and Illinois Central railway shares are steady. United States Five-Twenty bonds close this evening at 71½ to 72½; Atlantic and Great Western railway debentures 24½ to 25; do. Consolidated Mortgage bonds 23 to 24; Erie Railway shares 48½ to 49½, and Illinois Central 85½ to 86½. The highest and lowest prices of the principal American securities on each day of the week, are subjoined:

Week ending Jan. 25	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day	Thu'day.	Friday.	Sat'day.
U. S. 5-20's.	71½-72	72	71½-72	72	71¾-71½	71½-72
Atlantic & G't West-ern consol'd bonds	24½-26	24½-25	24½-24½	24	23¾-24½	23¾-23½
Erie Shares (\$100)	49	48½-49	48½-49	48½-49	48½-49	48½-49
Illinois shares (\$100)	85½-86	85½-85½	85	85½-85½	86	85½-86½

Advices from Frankfort state that with the exception of American securities, which were dull in consequence of the fluctuations in the gold premium at New York, the Bourse was firm, and the tendency of prices was favorable. There appeared to be but little disposition to invest in United States Five-Twenty bonds.

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary:

London Money and Stock Market.—Consols, which fell off ¼ point on Monday have fully regained last week's closing prices 93½@93½. U. S. 6's have been steady, and close at 71½@72. Illinois Central shares are firm at 87@87½. Erie shares are lower by 2 points than at the opening, the last price being 47. Atlantic and Great Western Consols are selling at 26@26½.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Consols for money	93½@%	93½@%	93½@%	93½@%	93½@%	93½@%
U. S. 6's (5 20's) 1862.	72½	72½	72½	72½	71½	71½@72
Illinois Central shares	86½	86½	86½	87	87	87½
Erie Railway shares	49	48½	48½	48½	48	47
Atl. & G. W. (consols)	26½	26½	26½	26½	26½	26½

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfort were—

Frankfort	76½	76½	76½	76@76½	76	75½@%
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Liverpool Cotton Market.—Sales week ending Jan. 24 (for export 19,000, and on spec. 12,000) 113,000 bales. Stock then in port (146,000 Amer.) 396,000 bales. Sales reported by telegraph during current week 80,000 bales. The market, after a dull turn, is again active and prices advancing, the closing quotations showing an average gain of ¼ per lb. on the lowest of the week.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Bale sold	15,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	15,000	20,000
Pr. Midd. Uplds.	7½d	7½	7½@%	7½	7½@%	7½@8
Orleans	8½d	8½	8@8½	8	8@8½	8½@%
Mid. Uplds. to arrive	.....	.....	7½	.....	7½	7½@%

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—Wheat and flour have lost in price—wheat 3d. per cental and flour 6d. per bbl. Corn is 9d. lower than at the opening, but 3d. above the lowest of the week. Barley and oats maintain their established quotations. Peas are 3d. lower. The market closed quiet.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Flour, (Western) p. bbl	37 6	37 0	37 0	37 0	37 0	37 1
Wheat (No. 2 Mil. Red) p. cbl	14 6	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 3	14 9
California white	16 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	15 9	15 6
Corn (West. mx'd) p. 480 lbs	43 9	43 6	43 9	42 9	42 9	43 0
Barley (American) per 60 lbs	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 6	5 0
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 11	3 11	3 11	3 11	3 11	3 13
Peas (Canadian) pr 504 lbs	46 0	46 0	46 0	45 9	45 9	45 9

Liverpool Provisions Market.—Beef, pork and bacon have been dull throughout the week, and close at a material decline of prices. Beef is 2s. 6d. lower, closing at 117s. 6d., pork is lower, closing at 73s., and bacon 6d. lower, closing at 39s. Lard has advanced to 53s. 6d. Cheese remains at the old quotation.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.
Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	120 0	120 0	119 0	119 0	117 6	117 6
Pork (Etn. pr. mess) p. 200 lbs	74 0	74 0	74 0	74 0	73 6	73 0
Bacon (Cumb. cut) p. 112 lbs	39 6	39 0	39 0	39 0	39 0	39 0
Lard (American)	52 9	53 0	53 3	53 6	53 6	53 6
Cheese (fine)	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0

Liverpool Produce Market.—Rosin of all grades is unaltered. Turpentine is 6d. higher, closing at 29s. 6d. Tallow closed at 42s., being 3d. loss in the week. Sugar is without change. The market is steady.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wed.	Th.
Rosin (com Wilm.) per 112 lbs	6 3	6 3	6 3	6 3	6 3	6 3
“ middling	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
“ fine pale	29 0	29 0	28 6	29 0	29 6	29 6
Sp turpentine	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2
Petroleum (std white) p. 8 lbs	24 6	24 6	24 6	24 6	24 6	24 6
“ spirits per 8 lbs	42 3	42 0	42 0	42 0	42 0	42 0
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) p. 112 lbs.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clover seed (Am. red)	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

London Produce, and Oil Markets.—The quotations of last week are unchanged. Linseed cake £10 10s., linseed oil £36 10s., sperm oil £110, and whale oil £36.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wd.	Th.
Linseed cake (obl'g) p ton	10 10 0	10 10 0	£10 10 0	£10 10 0	£10 10 0	10 10 0
“ oil	36 10 0	36 10 0	36 10 0	36 10 0	36 10 0	36 10 0
Sperm oil	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0	110 0 0
Whale oil p. 252 gals.	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0	36 0 0

Latest: Friday Evening, February 7.

Consols are unchanged. U. S. 6's are lower, the quotations being 71½. Illinois Central shares 87½, and Erie 47½.

Including 9,000 on speculation, and 18,000 for export, the total sales of cotton at Liverpool last week foot up 105,000 bales. The stock in port and on shipboard counted 340,000 bales, of which 134,000 are American. The market continues active and strong, the sales to-day having been 15,000, at 8d. for Uplands and 8½ for Orleans.

There is no change in provisions. Peas have declined to 45s. Tallow has advanced to 42s. 3d., and lard to 54s. All other articles of the reported list are unchanged.

The London produce and oil market continues dull but steady at old quotations.

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show a small increase in dry goods and a large increase in general merchandise, the total being \$3,947,624 against \$2,514,435 last week, and \$3,587,491 the previous week. The exports are \$3,218,009 this week, against \$3,269,323 last week, and \$3,678,601 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 17,276 bales, against 9,647 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) Jan. 31, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Feb. 1:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Dry goods	\$749,534	\$4,350,620	\$3,152,844	\$1,321,855
General merchandise	2,215,643	2,841,953	1,055,116	2,625,769
Total for the week	\$2,965,177	\$7,222,573	\$4,207,960	\$3,947,624
Previously reported	6,792,741	17,317,499	14,955,517	9,557,989
Since Jan. 1	\$9,757,918	\$25,170,072	\$19,163,477	\$13,505,618

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending Feb. 4:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
For the week	\$5,416,660	\$5,917,607	\$2,881,102	\$3,218,009
Previously reported	14,900,512	17,405,006	13,908,549	18,360,704
Since Jan. 1	\$20,317,172	\$23,322,613	\$16,789,651	\$16,578,718

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, compared with the corresponding time of last year, is shown in the following table:

To	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	1867. Week.	Since Jan. 1.
Great Britain	\$1,710,980	\$8,572,270	\$1,974,582	\$11,059,855
France	216,829	1,156,808	6,673	743,836
Holland and Belgium	167,764	781,077	59,122	373,989
Germany	552,152	1,717,795	222,120	1,125,361
Other Northern Europe	.....	.....	.....	.....
Spain	12,855	65,693	31,789	65,049
Other Southern Europe	43,432	505,884	.....	195,708
East Indies	.....	.....	.....	.....
China and Japan	.....	9,700	.....	43,655
Australia	.....	176,484	.....	130,486
British N A Colonies	26,518	352,295	10,400	101,511
Cuba	144,161	780,262	123,333	642,898
Hayti	11,765	193,551	.....	75,311
Other West Indies	121,102	690,251	202,177	716,738
Mexico	.....	253,123	5,560	112,938
New Granada	53,831	345,847	119,763	416,589
Venezuela	.....	61,771	.....	42,565
British Guiana	46,512	146,278	32,257	91,177
Brazil	82,719	349,918	1,800	193,470
Other S. American ports	.....	397,279	11,585	219,444
All other ports	.....	49,480	.....	88,102

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending Feb. 1, 1868:

Jan. 30—St. Weser, Bremen—	American gold	\$12,500
Foreign silver	American silver	2,500
“ 30—St. Weser, Havre—	Gold coin	10,000
Foreign silver	Jan. 31—Bk. Damom, Buenos Ayres—	
Foreign gold	Spanish gold	41,600
Gold bars		
“ 30—St. Weser, London—		
Total for week		\$169,100
Previously reported		7,270,726
Total since January 1, 1868		\$7,439,826

Same time in	Same time in
1867..... \$3,190,309	1859..... \$2,912,659
1868..... 2,827,804	1858..... 7,673,838
1865..... 3,253,070	1857..... 2,265,097
1864..... 6,121,695	1856..... 142,385
1863..... 4,621,574	1855..... 127,064
1862..... 2,653,274	1854..... 1,846,668
1861..... 68,894	1853..... 913,744
1860..... 942,219	1852..... 3,919,535

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

Jan. 25.—Sch. G. Banker, Aruba, Gold ore..... \$2,009	Feb. 1.—Ville de Paris, Havre—Gold..... \$800
" 27.—Bark Pallas, Belize—Gold..... 6,821	" 1.—Henry Chauncey, Aspinwall—Gold..... 400
" 29.—St. Georgia, Vera Cruz—Gold..... 23,454	
Total for the week..... \$31,484	
Previously reported..... 91,296	
Total since Jan. 1, 1868..... \$124,720	

TREASURE FROM CALIFORNIA.—The steamship Henry Chauncey, from Aspinwall January 24, arrived at this port Feb. 1, with treasure to the following consignees:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.	
Panama Railroad Co..... \$10,563 78	Duncan, Sherman & Co..... \$31,634 93
A. Belmont & Co..... 238,780 98	Leys & Waller..... 504,000 00
Eugene Kelley & Co..... 94,700 00	Wells, Fargo & Co..... 79,727 22
Wells & Co..... 67,118 59	Dabney, Morgan & Co..... 201,722 12
Moritz Meyer..... 70,339 84	
Total from San Francisco..... \$1,298,583 80	
Lesman & Kemp—from Aspinwall..... 540 00	
Total from San Francisco and Aspinwall..... 1,299,123 88	

The arrivals of treasure from San Francisco since the commencement of the year, are shown in the following statement:

Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.	Date.	Steamship.	At date.	Since Jan. 1.
Jan. 9	Rising Star	\$939,464	\$989,464	Feb. 1	H. Chauncey	1,298,814	\$1,299,712
" 22	Arizona	951,705	1,941,170				

NATIONAL TREASURY.—The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom Houses.

1.—Securities held by the U. S. Treasurer in trust for National banks

Date.	For Circulation.	For U. S. Deposits.	Total.
Dec. 23.....	\$340,997,750	\$37,817,950	\$378,815,700
Jan. 4.....	340,942,750	37,817,950	378,760,700
" 11.....	341,055,550	37,817,950	378,873,500
" 18.....	341,450,950	37,767,950	379,218,900
" 25.....	341,175,590	37,827,950	379,003,540
Feb. 1.....	341,210,400	37,827,950	379,038,350

2.—National bank currency issued (weekly and aggregate), and the amount (including worn-out notes) returned, with the amount in circulation at date:

Week ending.	Notes issued.		Notes returned.	Notes in Circulation.
	Current week.	Aggregate.		
Dec. 23.....	\$55,650	\$305,486,161	\$5,625,555	\$299,833,806
Jan. 4.....	71,770	305,560,931	5,726,955	299,833,976
" 11.....	150,150	305,711,081	6,223,065	299,483,016
" 18.....	133,880	305,849,961	6,283,655	299,566,296
" 25.....	62,750	305,912,711	6,322,965	299,589,746
Feb. 1.....	68,040	305,978,751	6,435,815	299,542,936

3.—Fractional currency received from the Currency Bureau by U. S. Treasurer and distributed weekly; also the amount destroyed:

Week ending.	Received.	Distributed.	Destroy'd
Dec. 21.....	\$599,500	458,604	\$264,606
" 28.....	399,000	358,628	253,600
Jan. 4.....	434,000	194,571	391,400
" 11.....	590,000	544,514	451,100
" 18.....	560,500	371,736	349,400
" 25.....	613,000	281,476	523,245
Feb. 1.....	530,000	502,186	330,100

4.—Receipts on account of Internal Revenue weekly, and the total from July 1 to date:

Week ending.	Current week.	Total to date
Dec. 28.....	\$2,140,000	\$98,261,000
Jan. 4.....	6,251,172	104,512,172
" 11.....	7,744,307	107,579,771
" 18.....	2,178,000	109,757,771
" 25.....	3,429,224	113,187,005
Feb. 1.....	1,567,310	114,754,315

ASSISTANT TREASURER'S STATEMENT FOR JANUARY.—The following is an official statement of the business of the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, in New York, for the month of January 1868:

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.	
Dec. 31, 1867, by balance.....	\$101,083,223 16
Receipts during the month:	
On account of customs.....	\$7,204,589 69
do Gold notes.....	14,54,520 00
do Internal revenue.....	587,128 61
do Three per cent. Certificates.....	1,775,000 00
do Post-office Department.....	817,540 46
do Transfers.....	13,911,000 00
do Patent fees.....	5,024 25
do Miscellaneous.....	19,515,971 82
do Disbursing accounts.....	16,424,320 01
do Assay office.....	41,904 21
do Interest accounts.....	17,214,220 90—
Total.....	\$193,264,443 11
Payments during the month:	
Treasury drafts.....	\$63,197,893 43
Post-office drafts.....	987,418 35
Disbursing accounts.....	14,128,956 35
Assay Office.....	221,529 01
Interest accounts, viz.:	
In coin.....	16,046,501 84
In currency.....	1,189,408 00—
Total.....	95,771,736 52
Balance.....	\$97,492,706 59
Balance to Cr. Treasurer U. S.....	\$80,546,382 43

Balance to Cr. disbursing accounts.....	13,098,175 45
Balance to Cr. Assay office.....	2,476,018 12
Balance to Cr. interest accounts.....	1,380,139 59—
Total.....	97,492,706 59
Receipts for Customs in the month of January, 1867.....	\$9,520,384 99
Receipts for Customs in the month of January, 1868.....	7,204,589 66
Decrease in January, 1868.....	\$2,315,795 27

UNITED STATES ASSAY OFFICE FOR JANUARY.—Below we give the statement of business at the United States Assay Office at New York for the month ending January 31, 1867:

DEPOSITS OF GOLD.	
Foreign coin.....	\$3,000 00
Foreign bullion.....	4,500 00
United States bullion.....	364,500 00—
Total.....	\$372,500 00
DEPOSITS OF SILVER, INCLUDING PURCHASES.	
Foreign coins.....	\$18,000 00
Foreign bullion.....	25,000 00
United States bullion (contained in gold).....	5,000 00
Colorado.....	2,500 00
Lake Superior.....	500 00
Nevada.....	6,000 00—
Total deposits, payable in bars.....	\$269,000 00
Total deposits, payable in coins.....	160,000 00—
Gold bars stamped.....	197,962 47
Transmitted to U. S. Mint, Philadelphia, for coinage.....	23,958 00

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividends have been declared during the past week:

NAME OF COMPANY.	PER CENT.	WHEN PAY'BLE	WHERE PAYABLE	BOOKS CLOSED.
<i>Banks.</i>				
Manhattan Company.....	5	Feb. 10	At Bank.	—
National Bank of Republic.....	5	Feb. 10	At Bank.	—
Brooklyn.....	5	Feb. 1	At Bank.	—
<i>Insurance.</i>				
Irving Fire.....	5	Feb. 3	Company's Office	—
New York Fire.....	6	Feb. 4	Company's Office	—
City Fire (per share).....	\$5	Feb. 10	Company's Office	—

FRIDAY, FEB. 7, 1868, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The bank statement showed a decided departure from the late tendency in favor of ease. The deposits exhibited an increase of \$3,200,000, while in the loans there was the unexpected gain of \$8,000,000, and the legal tenders were down nearly \$2,000,000. The large increase of loans was partially due to the purchases of United States Securities by the banks, which they usually include in their statement of loans. The loss in legal tenders was chiefly the result of withdrawals into the Sub-Treasury. The currency thus taken out of the banks, however, has been returned probably this week, through payments for Seven-Thirties bought by the government at the close of January.

This change in the position of the banks, however, has had no perceptible effect upon the loan market. The supply of funds has been very abundant through the week, and on call loans the rate has remained easy at 4@5 per cent. At the close of the week the banks are making an effort to put out their balances, and in some cases offer round amounts on stocks at 4 per cent.

The commercial demand for money is very limited. There is more movement in trade, but as yet little paper has come upon the market, and rates are easy at 6@7 per cent. at banks.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans.....	4 @ 5	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	6 1/2 @ 7 1/2
Loans on bonds & mort.....	.. @ 7	do single names.....	8 @ 9
Prime endorsed bills, 3 months.....	6 @ 6 1/2	Lower grades.....	10 @ 20

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—There has been less movement than of late in this class of investments. The unusually high prices have partially checked buying, and it would appear that the advance movement has about culminated. The speculative operations among dealers have abated, the market being too steady to afford encouragement to such transactions. The firmness of gold, together with the steadiness of Five-Twenties abroad, has supported the market; and at the close prices are 1/2@3/4 per cent. above the quotations of a week ago. As prices are now so unusually high, there appears to be a disposition to employ money in railroad bonds and in stocks rather than in Governments; so that any further advance is perhaps not to be anticipated until other securities have risen. The Finance Committee of the Senate has reported a bill for consolidating the public debt, which virtually gives to the holders of Five-Twenties the option of having their bonds exchanged for a 5 per cent. Ten-Forty bond, or of having them paid off in United States notes. There is considerable doubt on the street whether such a bill can pass through Congress, and therefore there is little disposition to discount its effect. The bondholders are persistently indisposed to believe that any measure will be ultimately adopted which at all savors of repudiation.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks :

	Dec 27.	Jan 3, '68	Jan. 10.	Jan. 24.	Jan. 31.	Feb. 7.
U. S. 6's, 1881 comp.	112 1/2	108 3/4	109 1/2	110 1/2	111 1/2	112 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.	108 1/2	107 1/2	108 3/4	111 1/2	111 1/2	111 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1864	105 1/2	105 1/2	106 1/2	108 3/4	108 3/4	109
U. S. 5-20's, 1865	105 1/2	105 1/2	106 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	110
U. S. 5-20's, 1865, N. iss.	108 3/4	104 1/2	105 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
U. S. 5-20's, 1867, c.	108 3/4	104 1/2	105 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
U. S. 10-40's	101 1/2	101 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
U. S. 7-80's 2d Series	104 1/2	104 1/2	105 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
U. S. 7-80's 3rd series	104 1/2	104 1/2	105 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The stock market has been unsettled and, on the whole, weak. There has naturally been a period of reaction and quiet succeeding the late upward excitement—for Wall street is incapable of persistence in any mood—and certain cliques who had realised on their stocks when prices were highest have availed themselves of the temporary dullness for breaking down the market and getting in stocks at lower prices, preparatory to a new advance movement. Outside operators have been somewhat confused and intimidated by these operations, and have sold a good many stocks, but the cliques appear to have held on firmly. Prices have declined at periods during the week 2@4 per cent., and a considerable amount of stocks appears to have gone into the hands of the new combinations. Yesterday and to-day the market has shown much more firmness, and the "bearing" operations seem to have been suspended on most of the shares except Erie. The supposition is that a leading director in Erie requires a considerable amount of the stock, and is endeavoring to keep down the market with a view to buying; there are however, large holders of the stock interested in keeping up the price, and they resist his efforts persistently. Apparently, as the market now stands, there are few interested even temporarily in keeping down prices, and the predominant policy among the cliques seems to be to promote a steady advance. Rock Island has fluctuated violently, in sympathy with the litigation in the company's affairs. The price, after touching 103, suddenly fell off to 97 1/2, in consequence of the introduction of a bill into the Iowa Legislature confirming the action of the Directors in selling the 49,000 shares of new stock; the price closes at 98 1/2@99. The prospective result of the pending suits appears to be involved in much uncertainty.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board, compared with those of the six preceding weeks :

	Dec. 27	Jan 3, '68	Jan. 10.	Jan 17.	Jan. 24	Jan. 31	Feb. 7.
Cumberland Coal	32	32 1/2	26	25 1/2	33 1/2	33 1/2	36 1/2
Quicksilver	22	21 1/2	26	25 1/2	27	25 1/2	24 1/2
Canton Co.	51	50 1/2	50 1/2	53 1/2	58 1/2	58 1/2	61
Mariposa pref.	13 1/2	15	15	15	15	15	15
New York Central	117 1/2	117 1/2	124 1/2	123 1/2	131 1/2	129 1/2	138 1/2
Erie	72 1/2	72 1/2	76 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2	74 1/2	74
Hudson River	132	132 1/2	143	140	145	146 1/2	147
Reading	96 1/2	96 1/2	94 1/2	92 1/2	95 1/2	95 1/2	94 1/2
Mich. Southern	55 1/2	85 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	89	88 1/2	91 1/2
Michigan Central	107 1/2	107	108 1/2	108 1/2	112	112	112
Clev. and Pittsb.	87 1/2	89 1/2	93 1/2	94 1/2	96 1/2	97 1/2	97
Clev. and Toledo	98 1/2	97 1/2	101 1/2	103	112	112	112
Northwestern	58	58	61	61	60 1/2	60	60
" preferred	70 1/2	71 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2	73 1/2	64	74 1/2
Rock Island	99 1/2	94 1/2	97 1/2	96 1/2	97 1/2	100 1/2	99
Fort Wayne	100	97 1/2	100 1/2	100	101 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
Illinois Central	132 1/2	133 1/2	135	135	135	135	136 1/2
Ohio & Miss.	27 1/2	30 1/2	31 1/2	30	32 1/2	32 1/2	32 1/2

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week, closing with this day's business :

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
Bank shares	157	101	211	116	167	239	925
Railroad	55,335	72,542	67,987	77,116	62,574	55,755	388,909
Coal	1,248	155	412	350	350	900	3,065
Mining	1,600	1,000	900	500	310	400	4,710
Improv't	800	400	100	4,000	1,800	6,270	13,370
Telegraph	984	650	4,628	7,960	3,200	2,250	19,667
Steamship	5,005	4,810	5,780	6,200	7,925	6,275	35,445
Express	2,165	3,023	11,513	5,785	5,261	4,350	32,097
Guano	100	400	200	600	200	200	1,700
At Exchange Board	24,290	24,795	31,541	51,357	29,196	34,179	195,358
At Open Board	43,698	57,787	57,185	47,320	51,991	42,460	300,391
Total current week	67,988	82,582	83,676	98,677	81,187	76,639	495,749
Total Previous w'k.	124,249	139,695	94,154	75,955	92,398	87,177	613,628

The transactions in shares for several weeks are shown in the following statement :

Week ending—	Bank.	Rail.	Coal.	Min.	Im.	Tele.	Steam.	Other.	Total.
Nov. 18	1,61	227,961	1,236	4,450	4,650	21,912	14,673	16,858	292,821
" 15	603	235,204	720	1,600	4,760	21,835	27,525	44,681	336,925
" 22	390	327,571	1,171	1,050	4,700	17,032	25,041	27,057	404,775
" 29	996	180,215	394	5,000	1,800	17,607	32,379	23,073	251,464
Dec. 6	738	178,352	493	1,600	2,750	16,133	32,350	31,645	294,061
" 13	813	273,119	936	12,230	4,900	12,428	28,495	23,683	356,604
" 20	479	344,402	850	7,900	7,265	24,370	42,493	31,831	459,590
" 27	210	318,003	3,800	5,750	12,050	37,350	54,073	30,013	461,909
Jan. 3	371	279,060	2,755	2,650	14,100	24,433	26,475	15,511	365,405
" 10	63	487,891	3,970	14,970	10,400	16,815	18,375	17,515	599,569
" 17	1,542	458,652	2,500	15,260	16,950	13,277	23,365	27,259	558,805
" 24	414	586,791	1,060	8,522	29,580	14,038	36,508	15,211	636,124
" 31	999	513,729	6,850	6,260	13,950	11,956	41,146	18,738	613,628
Feb. 7	985	388,304	3,065	4,710	13,370	19,667	35,445	33,797	495,749

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds

and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at the Regular Board on each day of the past week :

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.	Week.
U. S. Bonds	\$272,000	1,157,500	515,000	899,500	542,000	758,500	4,144,000
U. S. Notes	12,000	95,500	29,000	108,800	74,000	10,000	329,300
State & City b'nds	52,000	158,000	152,000	137,000	72,000	267,000	778,000
Company B'nds	45,000	52,000	44,000	87,000	151,200	69,000	418,200
Total Cur. w'k.	\$81,000	1,463,000	740,000	1,232,300	839,200	1,044,500	5,700,000
Previous week	1,095,500	1,000,500	1,333,750	510,500	739,500	1,013,550	5,482,200

The totals for several past weeks are shown in the following tabulation :

Week ending	Governments— Bonds.	Notes.	State & City Bonds.	Company Bonds.	Total amount
Nov. 8	2,497,450	297,000	939,500	131,000	3,865,450
Nov. 15	3,396,600	295,500	597,500	267,000	4,557,000
Nov. 22	2,005,200	245,500	1,091,500	175,000	3,517,000
Nov. 29	1,637,350	292,250	491,000	220,500	2,641,100
Dec. 6	1,623,600	191,250	359,500	241,000	2,415,350
Dec. 13	2,019,100	136,900	544,500	157,800	2,858,300
Dec. 20	3,121,500	170,500	398,500	174,000	3,864,500
Dec. 27	1,497,500	111,500	439,000	102,000	2,150,000
Jan. 3	2,256,400	188,500	931,500	92,800	3,471,200
Jan. 10	5,003,600	393,850	912,000	191,800	6,501,250
Jan. 17	4,379,500	1,425,900	1,083,000	247,000	7,140,000
Jan. 24	4,288,500	392,600	639,000	354,500	5,674,600
Jan. 31	3,908,100	527,300	742,000	315,000	5,492,400
Feb. 7	4,144,500	329,300	773,000	448,200	5,700,000

THE GOLD MARKET.—There has been more speculative movement in the Gold Room. The introduction into Congress of the correspondence between the President and Gen. Grant, relative to the reinstatement of Sec. Stanton in the War Department, and the investigation of the letters by the Reconstruction Committee, with a view to finding therein a basis for impeachment, has produced an unsettled feeling in Wall street, and revived the political excitement upon which the late advance in the premium was chiefly predicated. Yesterday and to-day large amounts of gold have been bought, causing an advance to 142 1/2. The Senate debt consolidation bill, and Mr. Henderson's measure for increasing the circulation of the National Banks has also had a tendency to strengthen the market. The steamers sailing on Wednesday and Thursday took out \$320,000 in treasure, which had its effect in confirming the expectation of a renewal of the exports of specie. The "short" interest continues comparatively light, coin being loaned at 5@6 per cent. for carrying, which so far indicates a prevailing expectation of lower prices. The price closes at 142 1/2.

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table :

	Quotations.					Total clearing.	Balances.	
	Open- ing.	Low- est.	High- est.	Range.	Clos- ing.		Gold.	Currency.
Saturday, Feb. 1	140 1/2	140 1/2	140 1/2	0 1/2	140 1/2	\$53,964,000	\$2,338,960	\$3,517,300
Monday, "	3	141 1/2	140 1/2	1 1/2	141 1/2	30,467,000	1,438,187	2,029,784
Tuesday, "	4	141 1/2	141 1/2	1 1/2	141 1/2	49,317,000	1,652,214	2,349,697
Wednesday, "	5	141 1/2	140 1/2	1 1/2	141 1/2	43,668,000	1,915,015	2,772,216
Thursday, "	6	141 1/2	141 1/2	1 1/2	141 1/2	51,203,000	2,176,521	3,069,074
Friday, "	7	141 1/2	141 1/2	1 1/2	142 1/2	67,186,000	1,300,555	1,932,518
Current week	140 1/2	140 1/2	142 1/2	2	142 1/2	\$322,915,000	10,951,452	15,620,479
Previous week	140	139 1/2	141 1/2	2 1/2	140 1/2	\$322,915,000	11,062,714	15,628,912
Jan. 1 '68, to date	133 1/2	133 1/2	142 1/2	9 1/2	142 1/2			

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending on Saturday, Jan. 31, was as shown in the following formula :

Treasure receipts from California	\$951,705
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports	83,484
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury	2,091,951
Coin payment of bonds of 1847 (principal) Jan. 1 to Feb. 1	729,450
Reported new supply thrown on market	\$3,806,590
Withdrawn for export	\$169,100
Withdrawn for customs	2,075,843
Withdrawals in excess of reported new supply	\$
Reported new supply in excess of withdrawals	1,551,647
Specie in banks on Saturday, Jan. 25	\$25,106,808
Specie in banks on Saturday, Feb. 1	23,955,820
Increase of specie in banks	\$
Decrease of specie in banks	1,151,488
Actual excess of reported supply: balance retained in private hands	\$400,164
Actual deficit in reported supply: balance from unreported sources	

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows :

	Custom House.		Sub-Treasury	
	Receipts.	Payments.	Receipts.	Payments.
Jan. 27	\$204,949 28	\$2,326,595 06	\$4,705,321 44	\$4,705,321 44
" 28	319,479 18	916,907 87	1,646,987 11	1,646,987 11
" 29	272,335 22	798,135 41	2,938,350 01	2,938,350 01
" 30	447,616 63	2,557,290 54	2,431,162 18	2,431,162 18
" 31	412,106 21	17,653,217 26	4,218,644 95	4,218,644 95
Feb. 1	419,356 31	547,783 28	1,752,167 04	1,752,167 04
Total	\$2,075,842 81	\$24,826,878 92	\$15,990,518 53	\$15,990,518 53
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of Jan. 27			107,684,456 69	
Deduct payments during the week			24,826,878 92	
Balance on Saturday evening			\$82,857,577 77	
Decrease during the week			8,868,315 34	
Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$3,037,000				
Included in the receipts of customs				

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since Sept. 7 :

Table with columns: Weeks Ending, Custom House, Sub-Treasury (Payments, Receipts, Balances), Changes in Balances. Rows include Nov. 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, Dec. 7, 14, 21, 28, Jan. 4, 11, 18, Feb. 1.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE has been firmer throughout the week, less from any activity of demand than from the scarcity of bills. For the mid-week mail rates for prime bankers, sterling, 60 days, were 109 3/4 @ 110; to-day rates have ruled 1/2 lower.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks :

Table with columns: City, Jan. 17, Jan. 24, Jan. 31, Feb. 7. Rows include London Comm'l., Paris long, Antwerp, Swiss, Hamburg, Amsterdam, Frankfurt, Bremen, Berlin.

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on February 1, 1868 :

Table with columns: BANKS, Capital, Loans and Discounts, Specie, Circulation, Net Deposits, Legal Tenders. Rows list various banks like New York, Manhattan, Merchants, etc.

The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows :

Summary table showing changes in Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, and Aggregate Clearings.

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past :

Table with columns: Weeks, Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits, Legal Tenders, Aggregate Clearings. Rows include Dec. 7, 14, 21, 28, Jan. 4, 11, 18, Jan. 25, Feb. 1.

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following shows the totals of the

leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for last and previous weeks :

Table with columns: Item, Jan. 25, Feb. 1. Rows include Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal Tenders, Deposits, Circulation, Clearings, Balances.

The annexed statement shows the condition of the Philadelphia Banks for a series of weeks.

Table with columns: Date, Legal Tenders, Loans, Specie, Circulation, Deposits. Rows include Dec. 7, 14, 21, 28, Jan. 4, 11, 18, Jan. 25, Feb. 1.

BOSTON BANKS.—The following are the footings of the Boston National banks for this week and last :

Table with columns: Item, Jan. 20, Jan. 27, Feb. 3. Rows include Capital, Loans, Specie, Legal tender notes, Due from other banks, Deposits, Circulation (National), Circulation (State).

BANK STOCK LIST.

Large table listing bank stocks with columns: COMPANIES, CAPITAL, DIVIDEND, FRIDAY. Includes sub-columns for Par of Share, Amount, Periods, Last Paid, Bid, Ask.

SALE-PRICES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, REPRESENTED BY THE LAST SALE REPORTED OFFICIALLY ON EACH DAY OF THE WEEK ENDING FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, TOGETHER WITH THE AMOUNT OF BONDS AND NUMBER OF SHARES SOLD AT BOTH BOARDS IN THE SAME WEEK.

Main table with columns for 'STOCKS AND SECURITIES', 'STOCKS AND SECURITIES', and 'STOCKS AND SECURITIES'. It lists various financial instruments like American Gold Coin, United States 6s, and Railroad Stocks, along with their prices and weekly sales.

Receipts of Domestic Produce for the Week and since Jan. 1.

The receipts of domestic produce for the week and since Jan. 1 and for the same time in 1867, have been as follows:

	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '67		This week.	Since Jan. 1.	Same time '67
Aches, pkgs.	58	314	429	Rosin	1,106	21,702	26,946
Breadstuffs—				Tar	230	1,864	3,732
Flour, bbls.	34,473	211,191	41,116	Pitch	140	298	536
Wheat, bush	63,463	204,189	68,109	Oil cake, pkgs	140	3,382	6,559
Corn	292,988	1,468,311	131,835	Oil, lard	135	577	423
Oats	23,230	128,414	123,992	Oil, petroleum	9,726	47,843	83,427
Rye	1,085	8,168	1,722	Peanuts, bags	575	5,512	2,795
Malt	8,100	40,855	75,400	Provisons—			
Barley	1,250	16,375	2,915	Butter, pkgs.	8,551	54,840	62,732
Grass seed	1,900	5,927	10,594	Cheese	2,235	23,178	46,648
Flaxseed	468	1,135	1,360	Cut meats	4,751	32,464	16,090
Bans	1,086	5,207	9,404	Eggs	1,097	8,759	3,224
Peas		400	2,900	Pork	2,052	25,027	46,899
C. meal, bbls.	2,645	15,609	5,781	Beef, pkgs.	802	8,427	6,097
C. meal, bags	13,204	85,705	99,111	Lard, pkgs.	6,160	23,637	28,490
Buckwheat & B W flour, bg		7,772	5,740	Lard, ke. s.	912	2,917	676
Cotton, bales	23,089	117,850	122,426	Rice, pkgs.	707	3,334	2,748
Copper, bbls.	80	923	768	Starch	725	8,364	4,970
Copper, lats		382	1,019	Stearine	650	1,569	241
Dr'd fruit, pkg	1,264	5,630	7,496	Sugar, hds. & bbls.			904
Grease, pkgs.	273	1,103	1,025	Tallow, pkgs.	105	718	82
Hemp, bales		45	156	Tobacco, pkgs	1,397	5,007	4,521
Hides, No.	9,921	35,283	31,773	Toba. co. hds	169	1,165	1,311
H ps, bales	104	735	1,859	Whisky, bb's.	1,173	10,283	10,693
Leather, sides	27,473	269,480	224,677	Wool, bales	1,568	5,515	4,530
Lead, pigs			579	Dressed hogs,			
Molasses, hds and bb's.	1,842	7,026	5,765	No.	10,523	57,272	53,838
Naval Stores—				Rice, rough,			
Crude trp. bbl		660	669	bush			100
Spirits turp.	398	2,255	4,726				

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending Feb. 1, since Jan. 1, 1868, and for the corresponding period in 1867:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	Same time 1867.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1868.	Same time 1867.
Buttons	130	723	550	Hardware	90	805	1,408
Coal, tons	186	5,725	3,233	Iron, RR b'rs	5,695	16,223	15,834
Cocoa, bags	843	2,400	1,924	Lead, pigs	6,491	37,468	32,933
Coffee, bags	32,654	101,088	75,825	Spelter, lbs.		110,324	331,500
Cotton, bales				Steel	1,891	11,465	19,838
Drugs, &c.				Tin, boxes	9,989	34,047	45,836
Bark, Peruv		1,769	998	Tin slabs, lbs	93,617	145,576	168,025
Blea p'wd'rs	699	2,572	1,100	Rags	581	2,268	1,531
Brimst, tns.	205	290	298	Sugar, hds,			
Cochineal	42	149	30	ts & bbls.	3,091	6,422	1,930
Cr Tartar	70	30	30	Sugar, bxs & bg	23,673	67,749	7,218
Gambier				Tea	3,442	14,046	11,833
Gums, crude	27	54	1,001	Tobacco	2	1,735	4,930
Gum, Arabic	190	532	493	Waste	20	74	1,401
Indigo	67	752	250	Wines, &c.			
Madder	280	390	163	Champ. bkts	223	9,021	7,526
Oils, ess.		62	385	Wines		902	6,965
Oil, Olive	70	2,060	2,276	Wool, bales	1,167	1,789	3,215
Opium	12	91	62	Articles reported by value.			
Soda, bi-carb	700	9,193	6,888	Cigars	36,864	\$41,820	\$30,375
Soda, sal.	333	4,725	1,118	Corks	7,914	15,715	5,819
Soda, ash	817	2,314	1,803	Fancy goods	20,069	110,571	385,853
Flax	11	111	75	Fish	14,136	37,883	87,591
Furs	30	308	12	Fruits, &c.			
Gunny cloth	550	2,465	4,412	Lemons	833	14,358	
Hair	82	499	252	Oranges	21,124	52,737	13,486
Hemp, bales	2,473	16,329	10,093	Nuts	57,357	87,586	55,697
Hides, &c.				Raisins	73,755	359,657	23,344
Bristles	30	47	71	Hides, undred.	362,071	1,073,316	610,994
Hides, dres'd	86	795	1,010	Rice	10,949	3,646	38,268
India rubber	987	5,314	7,039	Spices, &c.			
Ivory	1	177	34	Cassia			18,510
Jewelry, &c.				Ginger	59	1,472	1,895
Jewelry	18	203	72	Pepper		46	46,193
Watches	18	97	88	Saltpetre		100	
Linseed	2,100	88,267	44,786	Woods			
Molasses	2,011	5,708	2,263	Fustic	7,480	17,033	9,716
Metals, &c.				Logwood	22,442	53,991	7,197
Cutlery	30	338	570	Mahogany	3,257	6,372	1,338

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., Feb. 7, 1868.

The receipts of cotton this week show a further small increase, the total at all the ports reaching 84,528 bales, (against 79,182 bales last week, 77,690 bales the previous week, and 78,822 bales three weeks since) making the aggregate receipts since Sept. 1, 1867, 1,268,524 bales, against 1,116,371 bales for the same period in 1867-7, being an excess this season over last season of 152,153 bales. The details of the receipts for the past week, and the corresponding week of 1867, are as follows:

	—Receipts—	—Receipts—
	1868.	1867.
Received this week at*	1868.	1867.
New Orleans	18,355	41,656
Mobile	16,368	6,563
Charleston	10,210	6,399
Savannah	23,200	10,312
Texas	3,070	5,739
Tennessee, &c	4,316	4,051
Received this week at—	1868.	1867.
Florida	2,073	1,454
North Carolina	1,340	882
Virginia	5,596	5,031
Total receipts	84,528	82,087
Increase this year		2,441

In the foregoing table of receipts for the two years some

* In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, &c., we deduct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other Southern ports. For instance, each week there is a certain amount shipped from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Florida return. We are thus particular in the statement of this fact as some of our readers fail to understand it.

remarkable changes will be noticed. For instance—the total at New Orleans and Texas reaches for the week this year only 21,425 bales, against 47,395 bales for the same time last year, while at the ports of Mobile, Charleston, and Savannah, the week's total this year is 49,778 bales, against 21,425 bales in 1867; so that notwithstanding this large falling off at New Orleans and Texas, the aggregate at all the ports for the week shows an increase of 2,441 bales over the figures for last year. In the exports the total at all the ports show a further increase, reaching 72,395 bales, against 67,807 bales last week, and 71,365 bales the previous week. The following table furnishes the particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports:

From	Exported this week to—							Total.
	Liver pool.	Glasgow.	Barce-lona.	Bre-men.	Ant-werp.	Rotter-dam.	Veraz-MajorcaCruz.	
New York	12,195	103	2,227	1,968	110	673	.....	17,276
Portland, Me.	257	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	257
New Orleans	19,598	.....	5,235	400	.....	.....	.....	26,245
Mobile	6,710	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,710
Savannah	12,631	.....	.....	639	.....	.....	.....	13,270
Charleston	6,496	.....	.....	.....	.....	521	.....	7,017
Galveston	.....	.....	.....	1,670	.....	.....	.....	1,670
Total week	57,887	103	7,462	400	4,227	110	673	72,395

For the corresponding week of 1867, the shipments from all the ports amounted to 54,012 bales, showing an increase for the week this year of 18,383 bales, and making the total increase in the shipments of the season up to this date 231,803 bales over the same period last season, and a decrease in the stocks at the ports of the United States of 241,654 bales, compared with this date of 1867. The total foreign exports from the United States since September 1, 1867, now reach 748,487 bales against 576,684 bales for the same period last year, and the stocks at all the ports are at present 361,542 bales against 603,196 bales at the same time in 1867. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—			SHIP-MENTS TO NORTH. PORTS.	STOCK.	
		Great Britain.	France	Other for'gn.			
N. Orleans, Jan. 31..	332,418	128,339	74,364	59,041	261,744	47,372	92,919
Mobile, Jan. 31....	255,205	87,696	7,623	7,303	102,622	22,609	82,123
Charleston, Jan. 31.	150,460	47,511	1,115	10,641	59,267	74,280	21,633
Savannah, Jan. 31.	314,085	94,869	6,032	6,688	107,589	144,217	60,783
Texas, Jan. 21....	32,800	5,346	.....	5,111	10,487	5,603	18,715
New York, Feb. 7*.	61,308	141,265	17,250	38,631	197,146	.....	55,124
Florida, Jan. 31†	18,907	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,183	2,245
N. Carolina, Feb. 7.	21,043	.....	.....	.....	.....	21,043	.....
Virginia, Feb. 7..	66,195	1,996	.....	.....	1,996	64,199	.....
Other ports, Feb. 7*.	16,103	7,227	.....	399	7,636	.....	\$30,010
Total this year.	1,268,524	514,259	106,384	127,844	748,487	385,406	361,542
Same time last year	1,116,371	443,147	43,819	29,718	516,674	466,334	603,196

The market the past week has been active but somewhat irregular, closing, however, with an advance of 1/2c. on the quotation of last Friday. There was considerable depression on Saturday and Monday, and on Tuesday as low as 18 1/2c. was touched for Middling Uplands. No other influence appeared in the market except the decline in Liverpool, and this was ascribed to a misunderstanding in that market of the precise terms of the law repealing the tax. Hence our holders gave way reluctantly and the business at the reduced prices was limited. On Wednesday the reports from Liverpool again improved, and with a decline of a farthing in freights and a rise in gold led to renewed activity and a sharp advance until to-day—20c. is the ruling quotation for Middling Uplands with gold at 142 1/2 and freights by steam 7-16d. The sales of the week foot up 28,732 bales of which 6,567 were taken by spinners, 9,034 bales for export, 5,260 bales in transit, and 7,871 bales on speculation. The following are the closing quotations:

	N. Orleans & Texas.			
	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	& Texas.
Ordinary	18 1/2@18 3/4	18 1/2@18 3/4	18 1/2@18 3/4	18 1/2
Good Ordinary	18 3/4@19	18 3/4@19	19 @19 1/4	19 1/4
Low Middling	19 1/2@19 3/4	19 1/2@19 3/4	19 1/2@19 3/4	19 3/4
Middling	19 3/4@20	19 3/4@20	20 1/2@20 3/4	20 3/4
Good Middling	20 1/2@21	20 1/2@21	21 1/2@21 3/4	21 3/4

* The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.
† These are the receipts at Apalachicola to January 11, and at the other ports of Florida to Jan. 17.
‡ Estimated.

In the exports of Cotton this week from New York there is a considerable increase, the total shipments reaching 17,276 bales, against 9,647 bales last week. Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1867; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1867

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	Jan. 14.	Jan. 21.	Jan. 28.	Feb. 4.		
Liverpool.....	8,209	9,554	6,530	12,195	137,223	143,431
Other British Ports.....	139	508	395	103	4,042	3,141
Total to Gt. Britain..	8,348	10,062	6,925	12,298	141,265	146,572
HAVRE.....	1,590	2,140	577	2,227	17,047	3,784
Other French ports.....	.....	.....	203	.....	203	.....
Total French.....	1,590	2,140	780	2,227	17,250	3,784
Bremen and Hanover.....	940	2,876	1,615	1,968	24,507	7,690
Hamburg.....	380	.....	327	.....	8,322	5,919
Other ports.....	638	35	.....	783	2,745	1,276
Total to N. Europe..	1,958	2,911	1,942	2,751	35,574	14,876
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar.....	.....	18	.....	.....	2,140	860
All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	917	.....
Total Spain, etc.....	.....	18	.....	.....	3,057	860
Grand Total.....	11,896	15,131	9,647	17,276	197,146	166,692

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	From	This week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	835	25,178	South Carolina.....	.....	51,686
Texas.....	.....	2,121	North Carolina.....	.....	17,507
Savannah.....	6,255	117,566	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c..	.....	56,503
Mobile.....	.....	5,178	Per Railroad.....	.....	68,492
Florida.....	633	4,794			
Total for the week.....	.....	.....		16,377	.....
Total since Sept. 1.....	.....	.....		.....	349,055

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1867:

Receipts from—	—Boston.—		—Philad'phia.—		—Baltimore.—	
	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	3,281	19,992	398	3,261	.....	.....
Texas.....	150	1,007	.....	.....	.....	.....
Savannah.....	578	7,535	715	11,316	597	7,706
Mobile.....	742	7,780	.....	203	.....	.....
Florida.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	.....	5,399	267	2,258	169	7,230
North Carolina.....	.....	232	274	659	.....	1,868
Virginia.....	.....	24	.....	.....	1,376	15,300
New York, &c*.....	1,633	41,336	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c..	545	14,181	.....	.....	462	1,922
Total receipts.....bales.	6,929	97,576	1,236	117,697	2,734	84,076

* Reshipments.
† These do not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

SHIPPING NEWS.—The foregoing tables show that the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 72,395 bales. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all the ports, both North and South, have been made:

Exported this week from—	Total bales
NEW YORK—To Liverpool, per steamer City of Antwerp, 730 .. France, 3,004 .. Australasian, 698 .. Aleppo, 1,485 .. per ships Marlborough, 2,949 .. Quebec, 3,107 Upland and 22 Sea Island .. per barks Santa Rosa, 100 .. Mozart, 100 12,195	
To Glasgow, per steamer United Kingdom, 103 103	
To Havre, per ship Fawn, 2,212 Upland and 15 Sea Island 2,227	
To Bremen, per steamer Weser, 952 .. per bark Jenny, 1,016 1,968	
To Antwerp, per bark Northern Belle, 110 110	
To Rotterdam, per bark Loveland, 673 673	
PORTLAND, MAINE—To Liverpool, per 257	257
NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per steamship Gladiator, 935 .. per ships Northampton, 3,248 .. K-n-duck Fish, 3,752 .. I. H. Ryerson, 3,071 .. Westmoreland, 3,454 .. Golconda, 3,160 .. per barks Nouvelle Helveia, 100 .. Eritham, 1,818 19,598	
To Havre, per ships Canova, 1,673 .. Europa, 3,563 5,235	
To Barcelona, per brig Aimable Rosa, 400 400	
To Vera Cruz, per steamship Dudley Buck, 2,023 half bales 1,012	
MOBILE—To Liverpool, per ships W. A. Campbell, 4,114 .. Sandusky, 2,596 6,710	
SAVANNAH—To Liverpool, per ships Speculator, 2,019 Upland and 84 Sea Island .. Lydia Skollie d, 3,445 Upland and 78 Sea Island .. per barks Melbourne, 1,687 Upland and 50 Sea Island .. Quickstep, 2,327 Upland .. Wm. Rathbone, 2,941 Upland 12,631	
To Bremen, per brig Arago, 639 Upland 639	
CHARLESTON—To Liverpool, per ship Elizabeth Hamilton, 148 bags Sea Island and 2,469 bales Upland .. per barks Annie, 148 bags Sea Island and 1,638 bales Upland .. John Fye, 74 bags Sea Island, 2,023 bales Upland 6,493	
To Majorca and a market, per brig Fortuna, 521 Upland 521	
GALVESTON—To Bremen, per bark Texas, 1,620 1,620	

Total exports of cotton from the United States this week ..bales. 72,395

By Telegraph.—The following telegrams have been received by us to-night showing the receipts, exports and stocks of cotton at the ports named for the week ending February 7, and price on that day:

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE CHRONICLE.

From—	Receipts for week.	—EXPORTS TO—		Total foreign Exports.	Price Middling.	Stock.
		Great Britain	Continent.			
Charleston.....	12,190	4,590	1,420	6,010	18½	21,830
Savannah.....	18,500	7,000	.....	7,000	.....	61,000

MAIL RETURNS.—The course of receipts at the different ports have been as follows for a series of weeks this season and last season. These figures are the receipts proper, that is, the total each week after deducting the amounts received from other Southern ports. Under the head of Texas are included all the ports of that State.

Week ending	N. Orleans.	Mobile.	Savan'h.	Char't'n.	Texas.
1867-8. 1867-7.	1867-8. 1867-7.	1867-8. 1867-7.	1867-8. 1867-7.	1867-8. 1867-7.	1867-8. 1867-7.
Nov. 22. 20,530	27,703	15,188	10,193	21,081	7,047
" 29. 25,477	28,836	16,650	9,640	19,678	6,088
Dec. 6. 26,470	25,299	13,721	10,447	14,171	6,285
" 13. 4,278	31,979	20,833	12,719	18,445	5,159
" 20. 26,010	37,764	23,860	13,899	22,072	9,568
" 27. 26,431	29,461	23,101	14,746	20,031	9,114
Jan. 3. 31,160	24,344	16,537	6,905	24,273	7,718
" 10. 22,195	25,019	17,058	9,508	17,081	6,609
" 17. 20,235	29,664	15,575	8,303	17,883	11,154
" 24. 20,858	30,755	15,922	12,097	18,646	10,466
" 31. 18,355	41,656	16,368	6,563	23,200	16,312

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to these markets, our correspondent in London, writing under the date of January 25, remarks:*

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 25.—During the early part of the week cotton was in extensive demand, and a rise of about ½d. per lb. was established in the value of most descriptions of produce. On Wednesday the market was flat, and prices were rather lower, but since then there has been a good demand, and prices show a decided improvement as compared with the close of last week. American cotton shows an improvement ½d., Brazilian ¼d. to ½d., Egyptian ¼d., and East Indian ¼d. to ½d. per lb. The total sales of the week amount to 100,890 bales, of which 9,870 bales are on speculation, 20,150 declared for export, and 70,870 bales for the trade. The prices current of American cotton are subjoined:

Middling—	1867				1867		
	Ordin'y	Mid. Fair	G'd fair.	G'd & Fine.	Mid.	Fair.	Good
Sea Island. 16 ..	18	21	25	..	23	27	44
Stained ... 9 ..	11	12	13	..	16	18	20
Upland... 6½@7¼	7¼	8½	..	..	14½	16	..
Mobile... 6½@7¼	7	8½	..	..	14½	16	..
N. Orleans 6½@7¼	8	8½	..	..	15½	16½	..
Texas. 6½@7¼	8	8½	..	..	15½	16½	..
Pernamb... ..	7½	7½	8½	..	15½	15½	16½
Paraiba, &c ..	7½	7½	8	..	14½	15½	16½

The following statement shows the price of middling qualities of cotton at this date since 1865:

Mid. Sea Island	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	Mid. Pernamb.	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
	44d.	33d.	23d.	18d.		22d.	20 d.	15½d.	7¼
Upland... 23½	19½	14½	7½	Egyptian... 22	21	14½	6½		
Mobile... 23½	19½	14½	7½	Broach... 14	14	11	5½		
Orleans... 24½	19½	15½	8	Dhollerah. 14½	14	11	5½		

Annexed is a statement showing the stocks of cotton in Liverpool and London, and also the quantities of American and Indian produce ascertained to be afloat to those ports:

Stock in Liverpool.....	1867.		1868.	
	Bales	478,300	Bales	406,140
London.....	54,546	103,209	90,000	125,000
American cotton afloat.....	155,100	108,730	777,946	785,079
Indian ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	777,946	785,079	777,946	785,079

Since the commencement of the year the exports of cotton from the United Kingdom have been as follows:

ACTUAL EXPORTS FROM LIVERPOOL, HULL, AND OTHER OUTPORTS TO THIS DATE.

	1868.		1867.	
	bales.	9,997 <th>bales.</th> <th>8,756 </th>	bales.	8,756
American.....	2,144	3,268	West India, &c....	266
Brazilian.....	495	721	East India, &c....	26,678
Egyptian, &c.....	.....	.....	China and Japan ..	632
Total.....	39,570	41,209	39,570	41,209

The following figures show the sales and imports at Liverpool for the week and year, and also the stocks on the evening of Thursday last compared with 1867:

	SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.				Total	Same period 1867.	Average weekly sales.
	Sales this week.		Total				
	Trade.	Ex- Specula- tion.	Total.	Year.			
American...bales.	24,890	2,750	2,300	29,940	59,730	67,440	20,980
Brazilian.....	10,070	410	200	10,680	44,920	17,130	10,670
Egyptian.....	6,190	360	700	7,250	22,500	16,060	4,720
West Indian.....	2,570	100	80	2,750	9,100	6,930	2,000
East Indian.....	27,150	16,500	6,590	50,260	135,550	84,600	19,700
China and Japan..	.....	10	.....	10	10	950	.....
Total.....	70,870	20,150	9,870	100,890	312,810	189,110	58,050

Of the present stock of cotton at Liverpool 28½ per cent. is American, against 32½ per cent. last year.

* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph dispatches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ed. COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.]

LONDON, January 25.—There has been a good demand for cotton, and prices show an advance of ¼d. per lb. The following particulars relate to East India, China and Japan produce:—

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Imports, Jan. 1 to Jan. 23..... Bales.	25,537	4,303	17,714
Deliveries.....	13,634	13,517	18,542
Stocks, Jan. 23.....	46,774	54,546	103,209

ALEXANDRIA, January 11.—Our market is very firm, and the value of fine qualities has an improved tendency. Fair White is quoted at 7d.; fair, with staple, 7½d.; good fair staple, 8d. @ 8½d. per lb. The exports since November 1, 1867 have been:

	Great Britain, bales.	Continent, bales.	Total, bales.
From Nov. 1 1867, to Jan. 9, 1868.....	62,839	19,740	82,579
Same period 1866-7.....	66,821	16,421	83,242
" " 1865-6.....	43,749	12,970	56,719
" " 1864-5.....	66,285	14,540	80,825

BOMBAY, January 22.—Cotton is in strong demand, and prices are much higher. There is also a strong demand for cotton goods. The shipments from January 1 to December 27 were:

	1867. bales.	1866. bales.	China..... bales.	1867. bales.	1866. bales.
To Great Britain.....	1,067,157	916,777	45,661	4,322	
Continent.....	64,393	35,347			
Total.....	1,131,550	952,124	1,177,211	956,446	

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., Feb. 7, 1868

The exports of crude tobacco are very small this week, the total from all the ports reaching only 523 hhds., 847 cases, 172 bales, 13 tierces, against 1,666 hhds., 538 cases, 516 bales, 11 tierces and 390 hhds. of stems for the previous seven days. Of these exports 522 hhds., 682 cases and 77 bales were from New York, and 1 hhd., 165 cases, 95 bales and 13 tierces were from Boston. The direction of the shipments of leaf hhds. were as follows: 249 hhds. to Liverpool, 139 hhds. to Bremen, 20 hhds. to Rotterdam, 97 hhds. to Antwerp, and the balance to different ports. The full particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports were as follows:

	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs.	Stems—hhds. bales.	Pkgs.	Manf'd lbs.
Export'd this week from							
New York.....	522	682	77	13	.....	30	30,410
Boston.....	1	165	95	.....	.....	96	.....
Philadelphia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14,917
Total this week.....	523	847	172	13	.....	126	45,327
Total last week.....	1,666	538	516	11	890	126	25,751
Total previous week..	1,317	256	1,080	.....	136	.....	166,766

Below we give our usual table showing the total exports of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1867:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1867.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's & tcs.	Stems—hhds. bales.	Pkgs. & bxs.	Manf'd lbs.
Great Britain.....	4,145	1,009	197	142	.....	497	566,808
Germany.....	5,483	2,168	8,794	4	597	381	20,588
Belgium.....	646	221	31	.....	.....	.....	.....
Holland.....	2,644	575	.....	.....	828	.....	4,400
Italy.....	2,499	200	.....	.....	.....	6	.....
France.....	3,232	.....	.....	.....	.....	43	2,333
Spain, Gibralt. &c	4,494	353	.....	.....	.....	.....	25,847
Mediterranean.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,613
Austria.....	88	2	20	.....	.....	.....	.....
Africa, &c.....	297	.....	41	.....	.....	66	.....
China, India, &c.	.....	575	.....	.....	.....	.....	530
Australia, &c.....	4	146	.....	23	.....	50	649,037
B. N. Am. Prov.....	62	116	18	1	.....	518	31,363
South America.....	49	322	1,593	.....	.....	4	49,462
West Indies.....	76	156	1,415	37	.....	120	247,382
East Indies.....	.....	489	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mexico.....	4	2	20	.....	.....	20	2,201
Honolulu, &c.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	903	.....
All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total since Nov 1.	24,855	6,348	12,288	207	1,425	2,668	1,610,514

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tcs. & cer's.	Stems—hhds. bales.	Bxs & Pkgs.	Manf'd lbs.
New York.....	14,489	4,751	11,478	123	283	810	1,520,885
Baltimore.....	9,531	.....	.....	30	1,142	23	5,714
Boston.....	281	1,468	683	24	.....	1,023	.....
Philadelphia.....	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	83,715
New Orleans.....	518	.....	125	.....	.....	20	.....
San Francisco.....	.....	100	2	.....	.....	603	.....
Virginia.....	66	.....	.....	30	.....	33	.....
Portland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	96	200
Total since Nov 1.	24,855	6,348	12,288	207	1,425	2,668	1,610,514

Tobacco has been fairly active, and the lower grades have done rather better.

Kentucky Leaf has met with a good demand for the low grades; and these, being in small stock, much of which is held with speculative views, somewhat better prices have been paid. Fine selections are also scarce, with some inquiry, but good grades, ranging from 14 to 18c., are plenty and dull. The sales were about 700 hhds., of which half for export, prices

ranging from 7 to 25c. Seed Leaf has also been quite active, but mostly in fillers, which are taken by cutters in consequence of the scarcity of Lugs and Low Leaf Kentucky. The sales have been 100 cases old Ohio wrappers on private terms, 68 cases Ohio fillers and binders, 5c.; 46 cases Ohio, 6c.; 74 cases State fillers at 4@4½c. Spanish tobacco has been in good demand, the sales embracing 400 bales Havana at 90@95c., and 70 bales Yara at 84c. for I cut, and \$1 11 for II cuts. Manufactured tobacco is very dull, a reduction in the tax being anticipated.

QUOTATIONS IN CURRENCY.

KENTUCKY LEAF (HHDS.).			
	Light.	Heavy.	
Lugs.....	6 @ 7½	7½ @ 8½	Good do..... 12 @ 14
Common Leaf.....	8 @ 9	9½ @ 11	Fine do..... 14½ @ 16
Medium do.....	9½ @ 12	11½ @ 14	Selections..... 17 @ 18
			21 @ 22
SEED LEAF (CASES).			
Connecticut Wrappers, crop of 1865.....	15	@ 35	
" Assorted lots, ".....	12	@ 16	
" Wrappers, " 1866.....	20	@ 45	
" Assorted lots, ".....	16	@ 25	
" Fillers, 1865 and 1866.....	5	@ 8	
New York assorted lots, 1865 and 1866.....	8	@ 16	
Ohio Wrappers, crop of 1836.....	20	@ 45	
" Assorted lots, ".....	10	@ 13	
Pennsylvania wrappers, crop of 1865 and 1866.....	18	@ 32	
" Assorted lots, ".....	8	@ 14	
New York Ohio and Pennsylvania Fillers.....	4	@ 5½	
SPANISH (BALES).			
Havana.—Fillers—Common.....	75 @ 80	Havana.—Wrappers.....	1 50 @ 2 75
" Good.....	82½ @ 90	Yara, assorted lots.....	90 @ 92½
" Fine.....	90 @ 100	" II cuts.....	1 08 @ 1 15
MANUFACTURED.			
Black work—com., tax paid.....	15 @ 30c	Bright work—good, tax paid.....	45 @ 80c
good.....	50 @ 60c	" Fine.....	90 @ 1 20
fine.....	65 @ 70c	Black work, in bond.....	15 @ 40c
Bright work—common.....	15 @ 40c	Bright work, ".....	35 @ 80c

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1, have been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1867.						
	This week		Previously		Total since Nov. 1	
From	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.	hhds.	pkgs.
Virginia.....	29	24	2,193	22,899	2,222	23,723
Baltimore.....	63	46	640	725	708	771
New Orleans.....	18	122	191	38	209	160
Ohio, &c.....	54	46	2,959	4,983	3,013	5,029
Other.....	.....	.....	117	1,529	117	1,529
Total.....	169	1,023	6,100	30,174	6,269	31,212

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*									
	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Mf'd lbs.	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Mf'd lbs.	
Liverpool.....	249	.....	.....	6,151	Hayti.....	.....	.....	19
Bremen.....	139	206	.....	.....	Other W. Ind.	5	.....	18
Rotterdam.....	20	.....	.....	.....	Brit. Guiana.....	12	.....	.....
Antwerp.....	97	473	.....	.....	New Granada.....	3	40	1,201
Cuba.....	22,886	Total export for week.....	522	682	77	30,410

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows:

From Philadelphia—To Matanzas 14,917 lbs. manf d.
From Boston—To Melbourne 50 cases and 25 half tierces... Calcutta 100 cases
Hayti 2 half hhds., 5 cases, 25 bales and 140 half bales ... To British Provinces 10 cases.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, Feb. 7, 1868, P. M.

The market has been dull all the week, and prices have declined for leading articles.

Flour has come forward only sparingly; but the subsidence of speculation, and in its place an increasing pressure to realize, with very limited inquiry from the trade, have led to a decline of 25@50c. per bbl., the low grades being taken for the British Provinces, were rather better supported than the high grades.

Wheat has also declined 3@5c. per bush., the greater decline being in Winter Wheats, the stock of which is said to be disproportionately large. But in these there has been more doing at the decline. Spring wheat remain very dull. An account of the stocks of wheat at various points between New York and Milwaukee, inclusive, gives a total of 5,200,000 bushels, against about 3,500,000 bushels at this date last year. The receipts at Chicago and Milwaukee have latterly increased materially—to be attributed no doubt to the good sleighing. At to-day's market Amber Canada sold at \$2 81, and No. 2 Spring was in some demand at \$2 40@2 42.

Corn continues to arrive freely at all points, and stocks are everywhere large and accumulating. Prices, however, have given way but little, being supported in a measure by considerable speculative confidence, favored by an advance in gold and a decline in ocean freights. The decline at Liverpool has, however, had a depressing effect, and at to-day's market, with the quotation from Liverpool at 42s. 9d., and gold at 142½, the export business was mainly at \$1 27 for prime new Western mixed, with freight by steam at 10d. There is more White Corn going forward to British markets at slightly below the cost of mixed.

Oats have been very dull and depressed. The demand from the trade is very limited. Rye also has been dull and unsettled. Barley and Barley malt continue very scarce and firm.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour, Superfine... 9 bbl. \$8 50@ 9 15	Wheat, Chicago Spring per bushel... 2 30@ 2 48
Extra State... 9 90@10 75	Milwaukee Club... 2 33@ 2 50
Shipping R. hoop Ohio... 9 75@10 60	Red Winter... 2 60@ 2 70
Extra Western, common to good... 9 50@11 50	Amber do... 2 75@ 2 85
Double Extra Western and St. Louis... 11 75@15 25	White... 2 75@ 3 25
Southern supers... 10 00@11 15	Corn, Western Mixed... 1 24@ 1 35
Southern, fancy and extra... 11 25@15 00	Western Yellow... 1 27@ 1 35
California... 12 50@13 75	Southern White... 1 20@ 1 28
Rye Flour, fine and superfine... 7 25@ 9 25	Rye... 1 70@ 1 90
Corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine... 8 75@ 6 30	Oats, Western cargoes... 83½@ 85
	Jersey and State... 1 85@ 2 12
	Barley... 1 70@ 2 00
	Malt... 1 50@ 1 65
	Peas Canada... 1 50@ 1 65

The movement in breadstuffs at this port has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.

	1867.		1868.	
	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.	For the week.	Since Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.	21,430	123,570	36,440	216,115
Corn meal, bbls.	13,140	49,160	9,260	54,955
Wheat, bush.	49,735	50,070	34,860	178,535
Corn, bush.	42,860	162,460	324,420	1,324,850
Rye, bush.	360	1,670	970	7,820
Barley, &c., bush.	12,725	63,940	12,750	49,315
Oats, bush.	11,600	115,595	34,780	125,315

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.

To	Flour, C. meal, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Rye, bush.	Barley, bush.	Oats, bush.	Corn, bush.
Gt. Brit. week	1,790	14,430	...	...	...	153,702
since Jan. 1.	13,536	166,307	...	...	...	793,456
N. A. Col. week	750	430	...	...	...	...
since Jan. 1.	4,299	10,184	500	...	...	4,000
West Ind. week	5,224	2,275	...	...	150	1,290
since Jan. 1.	27,208	10,210	...	...	12,131	5,931
Total exp't, week	13,876	3,055	14,430	...	150	158,292
since Jan. 1, 1868	66,947	21,367	168,507	3,000	12,900	820,037
same time, 1867.	30,315	12,913	18,586	17,360	192,189	49,564
Since Jan. 1, from						
Boston	10,474	6,695	27,090	...	...	50
Philadelphia	3,966	14,530	...	...	...	165
Baltimore	24,901	8,111	...	...	...	2,469

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending Feb. 1:

From	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Chicago	27,570	122,492	527,750	113,430	17,427	4,796
Milwaukee	7,104	108,202	26,572	34,590	10,156	6,000
Toledo	6,416	7,401	176,661	6,050	8 2	...
Detroit	7,169	6,383	14,098	5,188	4,055	29
Cleveland	4,031	11,900	52,000	15,000	420	875
Totals	52,350	256,378	797,081	174,258	32,590	11,700
Previous week	50,081	250,501	899,974	161,283	26,169	14,818
Correspond'g week, '67.	54,730	141,057	164,186	69,995	32,073	13,439

The following will show the comparative receipts of flour and grain at the same ports from January 1st to February 1, for three years:

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Flour, bbls.	264,214	345,297	170,429
Wheat, bush.	1,059,792	1,003,071	1,051,645
Corn, bush.	3,164,614	962,416	698,180
Oats, bush.	641,202	558,612	707,940
Barley, bush.	153,188	162,994	43,998
Rye, bush.	67,220	97,634	82,134
Total grain	5,085,976	2,784,757	2,583,902

The receipts of grain from January 1st to February 1st, 1868 are nearly double what they were for corresponding period in 1866 and 1867. The receipts of flour are less than in 1867 and more than in 1866.

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, Feb. 7, 1868.

Business has been considerable in Rio coffee and raw sugar. In molasses, tea and fruits there has been comparatively little done. Prices are generally firm with the steady price of gold, and the absence of any signs of a decline in the premium. The stock of sugar has become extremely small, lower, in fact,

than for a number of years past; and this fact has enabled holders to advance a fraction in prices, which remain firm at the higher rates. The circumstance gives additional interest to our tables of receipts published below, as the market must be for some time to come much influenced by the quantity imported.

The imports of the week have included several cargoes of Rio coffee at New York, Baltimore and New Orleans. A cargo of new crop green teas has come to hand from Shanghai by the Amicus, which sailed Oct. 11 from that port, this is the first arrival of some twenty-two vessels which sailed within fifteen days of that date, and which we may now look for daily. Full details of the imports at all the ports for the week and since Jan. 1 are given below, under the respective heads. The totals are as follows:

	This week.	From Jan 1 to date—1868.	1867.
Tea	642,161	1,200,398	7,235,832
Tea (indirect import)	...	2,532	404
Coffee, Rio	40,493	132,334	114,240
Coffee, other	8,332	43,117	...
Sugar	1,153	19,547	7,447
Sugar	1,429	5,953	5,679
Sugar	...	28,590	5,832
Molasses	2,718	7,451	8,393
Molasses, New Orleans	2,659	9,845	5,920

TEA.

There is not much business to report as yet. A cargo of greens arrived this week, and one of blacks (per Jane Russel) is reported below to-day; and further arrivals of the new crop are constantly expected. Its quality as compared with last years is somewhat inferior in the leaf, but equal in drawings. A more active business may of course be looked for as the arrivals increase. Among the sales of the week have been 550 half-chests Oologs, 5,500 half-chests greens (and 600 to arrive,) and 1,720 chests Japan.

The imports of tea for the week include one cargo from Shanghai, per "Amicus," amounting to 642,161 lbs. of greens, as follows: 37,716 Twankay, 2,311 Hyson skin, 54,237 Hyson, 391,455 Young Hyson, 71,915 Imperial, 84,527 Gunpowder; also 10 packages from Hong Kong per Jeanie. The "Amicus" sailed on Oct. 11, being one of twenty-two vessels which left China and Japan ports from the 3d to the 31st of that month, so that we may look for considerable receipts of the new crop tea from to-day.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1867, to Nov. 30, the date of latest advices by mail; and importations into the United States, from Jan. 1 to date, in 1867 and 1868:

	SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN SINCE JUNE 1, 1866.		IMPORTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN INTO U. S. SINCE JAN 1, 1867.	
	June 1 to Nov. 1, 1866.	June 1 to Nov. 1, 1867.	Nov. 1 to Nov. 15, 1867.	1868.
Congou & Son, lbs	770,255	600,258	542,972	284,756
Pouchong	213,470	185,224	...	53,000
Oolong & Ning	3,224,497	5,663,653	2,976,966	3,203,671
Pekoe	...	2,900	6,800	...
Twankay	186,419	203,021	212,513	37,716
Hyson skin	2,420	18,188	8,595	10,312
Hyson	505,227	283,380	536,007	58,959
Young Hyson	1,949,691	2,162,584	2,208,153	510,007
Imperial	472,086	448,044	450,864	89,456
Gunpowder	461,167	517,980	557,109	112,587
Japans	2,221,054	2,436,341	...	381,241
Total, lbs.	10,032,346	12,517,495	6,657,794	1,200,398

The above table includes all shipments to the United States, except 21,541 packages to San Francisco

The indirect importation since Jan. 1 into the United States has been 2,842 pkgs.

COFFEE.

There has been a steady demand, and the trade has been good. All grades of Rios have been in request, and the weeks footings show a large business. Prices have been firmly maintained, and the market is steady at our quotations. Among the sales of the week we note 13,962 bags Rios, 17,548 mats Java, 500 bags Ceylon, 500 do San Domingo, 232 do Maracaibo.

There have been considerable imports of Rio coffee during the week, amounting to 23,103 bags by vessels, as follows: "Eaglet" 4,406 bags, "Teresina" 1,907, "Valkyrien" 5,600, "St. Uraula" 4,900, "Ida" 3,306, "Juliet" 2,984. Besides the above 2,486 bags of Maracaibo, 1,297 Jamaica, and 405 of sundries have been received.

The stock of Rio coffee Feb. 4, and the imports from Jan. 1 to date in 1868 and 1867 were as follows:

	New York.	Phila. del.	Balti-morc.	New Orleans.	Savan. & Gal-Mobilc.	Gal-veston.	Total.
In Bags.	119,178	5,500	30,000	38,000	3,500	...	196,478
Stock	53,898	...	8,000	15,000	4,000	2,000	82,898
Same date 1867.	86,619	...	19,413	22,802	3,500	...	132,334
Imports	76,226	...	...	30,814	5,000	2,200	114,240
do in '67.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Of other sorts the stock at New York Feb. 4, and the imports at the several ports since Jan. 1 were as follows:

	New York.	Boston.	Phila.	Balt.	N. Ori's	Total.
In bags.	7,000	6,700	...	...	...	13,700
Stock	2,978	...	...	...	...	...
Java	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ceylon	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singapore	...	...	...	...	...	...

Maracaibo.....	6,678	13,160	.....	.....	.....	13,160
Laguayra.....	727	.....	.....	2,544	.....	.....
St. Domingo.....	.....	2,602	4,579	.....	.....	7,181
Other.....	4,635	5,603	1,344	.....	5	6,952
Total.....	15,011	23,365	12,623	2,544	5	43,617
Same '67.....	32,677	20,265	2,275	.....	.....	.....

SUGAR.

The trade has been very active and prices maintained firmly by holders, who, in view of the very light stock here, have obtained an advance of $\frac{1}{2}$ c. per pound on raw sugars, followed by about the same advance in refined. Large arrivals, however, are expected, and this has operated to both prevent any very sharp advance and retard buyers. We note sales during the week of 3,350 hhds. Cuba, 105 do Demara, 133 hhds. and 35 bbls. clarified do 2,402 boxes.

The imports at all the ports still continue to be small, for the week they foot up 1,153 boxes, against 4,470—and 1,429 hhds. against 1,507 last week. The details are as follows:

At—	Cuba	Other	Manil,	Brz'l	At—	Cuba	P. Rico,	Other
	bx's.	hhds.	hhds.	bags.		boxes.	hhds.	hhds.
N. York	1,153	450	634	.....	Philad'l.	.....	20	.....
Portland	.....	.....	.....	.....	Baltimore	.....	.....	.....
Boston	.....	.....	.....	.....	N. Orleans	.....	.....	.....

Stocks Feb. 1, and imports since Jan. 1, 1868, were as follows:

At—	Cuba	Other	P Rico,	For'n,	Tot'l,	Brazil,	Manila	Other
	b'xs.	*hhds.	hhds.	*hhds.	*hhds.	bgs. &c	bgs, N O	hhds
N. York stock	3,419	.....	.....	5,165	.....	5,853	.....	.....
Same date 1867	36,524	.....	.....	24,566	.....	104,304	.....	.....
Imp'ts since Jan 1	11,413	2,581	1,999	4,590	8,200	17,590	153	.....
Portland do	.....	210	301	511	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston do	4,266	189	410	599	2,800	.....	.....	.....
Philadelphia do	1,740	263	.....	263	.....	.....	107	.....
Baltimore do	1,748	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Orleans do	330	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total import	19,547	3,243	2,710	5,935	11,000	17,590	260	.....
Same time 1867	7,447	4,598	1,081	5,679	.....	5,832	97	.....

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

HAVANA, Feb. 1.—SUGAR (Clayed).—Owing to the brisk demand which has prevailed this week, mostly from buyers for the United States, the market has been firm, with sales of about 9,000 boxes at from $7\frac{1}{2}$ to $7\frac{3}{4}$ rs. per arroba for No. 12 up to yesterday, and one lot at 8 rs. to-day. The demand for Europe has continued dull; the above rates, at which holders are firm, not corresponding with the low ones ruling in London. As only one (unimportant) sale has been closed at 8 rs., we base our quotations on $7\frac{1}{2}$ rs. for No. 12.

Receipts, exports and stocks at Havana and Matanzas have been as follows:

Year.	Rec'd this week.	Expts to U. S. Since Jan. 1.	Total export week.	Since Jan. 1.	Stocks boxes
1868.....	51,752	4,836	12,432	14,403	32,241
1867.....	42,795	.....	3,460	13,419	31,030
1865.....	40,449	.....	11,924	19,563	23,318

MOLASSES.

The market is quiet, and the transactions of the week have been rather limited. Prices are, nevertheless, firmly maintained, and in some instance slightly advanced. We note in the sales for the week 650 bbls N. O. at $79\frac{3}{4}$ c, and 1,105 hhds. of other sugars at prices within our quotations.

The imports at all the ports for the week are not heavy, amounting to 2,718 hhds. of foreign, against 2,618, and 2,659 bbls. New Orleans against 1,209 last week. The details are as follows:

Hnds at—	Porto	Deme-	N. O.	Hnds.	Porto	Deme-	N. O.
	Cuba.	Rico.	Other.	at	Cuba.	Rico.	Other.
N. York	282	259	2,451	Philad'a	997	.....	.....
Portland	.....	.....	.....	Baltim're	.....	.....	.....
Boston	633	.....	1,103	N. Orleans	423	.....	.....

Stocks, Feb. 3, and imports since Jan. 1, 1868, were as follows:

*Hnds at—	Porto	Deme-	Other	Total	N. O.
	Cuba.	Rico.	rara.	foreign.	for. ign.
New York, stock	3,991	33	.....	473	4,502
Imp'ts since Jan. 1	1,049	.....	1,577	371	2,470
Portland	108	.....	.....	66	174
Boston	1,088	.....	165	209	2,173
Philadelphia	1,356	.....	.....	.....	359
Baltimore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Orleans	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,504
Total import	5,541	.....	1,763	646	7,451
Same time 1867	6,264	443	.....	1,686	8,393

* Includes barrels and tierces reduced to hogsheads.

SPICES.

The trade in these has been, since our last, and is at present, very quiet; this is in no measure owing to a surfeit of the market, however, as the stock of spices, both here and throughout the country, is believed to be quite light, not to the views of holders, who are maintaining prices very firmly.

FRUITS.

Business in fruits shows a moderately active trade only. Turkish prunes have arrived so freely as to affect the price, and we have to note a further slight decline of $\frac{1}{2}$ c. They are selling readily at $12\frac{1}{2}$ c. In raisins the extreme firmness with which holders, owing to the advice from Malaga, have held their stocks, has rendered the trade very quiet. Figs have been sold largely within the week at auction, somewhat to the detriment of the legitimate trade.

We annex ruling quotations of goods in first hands:

Tea.

DUTY: 25 cents per lb.			
Hyson, Common to fair	90 @ 1 30	do do Ex f. to finest	85 @ 90
do Superior to fine	1 05 @ 1 25	Uncol. Japan, Com. to fair	80 @ 90
do Ex fine to finest	1 30 @ 1 50	do Sup'r to fine	90 @ 1 00
Y'g Hyson, Com. to fair	75 @ 1 40	do Ex f. to finest	1 10 @ 1 20
do Super. to fine	1 15 @ 1 65	Oolong, Common to fair	70 @ 75
do Ex fine to finest	1 40 @ 1 65	do Superior to fine	80 @ 1 10
Unp. & Imp., Com. to fair	1 00 @ 1 15	do Ex fine to finest	1 25 @ 1 80
do Sup. to fine	1 25 @ 1 45	Sonc & Cong., Com. to fair	65 @ 80
do do Ex f. to finest	1 55 @ 1 85	do Sup'r to fine	9 @ 1 05
H. Sk. & Tw'kay, C. to fair	70 @ 75	do Ex f. to finest	1 25 @ 1 65
do do Sup. to fine	75 @ 80		

Coffee.

DUTY: When imported direct in American or equalized vessels from the place of its growth or production; also, the growth of countries this side the Cape of Good Hope when imported indirectly in American or equalized vessels, 5 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; all other 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad valorem in addition.

Eio, prime, duty paid	gold 17 @ 17 $\frac{1}{2}$	Java, mats and bags	gold 25 @ 25 $\frac{1}{2}$
do good	gold 15 @ 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	Native Ceylon	23 @ 19 $\frac{1}{2}$
do fair	gold 13 @ 13 $\frac{1}{2}$	Maracaibo	16 @ 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
do ordinary	gold 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12	Laguayra	16 @ 17
do fair to g. cargoes	gold 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 15 $\frac{1}{2}$	St. Domingo	15 @ 16

Sugar.

DUTY: on raw or brown sugar, not above No. 12 Dutch standard, 3; on white or clayed, above No. 12 and not above No. 15 Dutch standard, not refined, 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ above 15 a' not over 20, 4; on refined, 5; and on Melado, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

Porto Rico	12 @ 14 $\frac{1}{2}$	do do do 18 to 15	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$
Cuba, inf. to com. refining	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	do do do 16 to 18	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 14 $\frac{1}{2}$
do fair to good	12 @ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$	do do do 19 to 20	14 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 15 $\frac{1}{2}$
do fair to good grocery	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$	do do white	14 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 15 $\frac{1}{2}$
do pr. to choice	13 @ 13 $\frac{1}{2}$	Loaf	..... @ 17
do centrifugal	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 14	Granulated	..... @ 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
do Melado	7 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	Crushed and powdered	16 @ 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Hav'a, Box. D. S. Nos. 7 to 9	11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	White coffee, A	15 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 16
do do do 10 to 12	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$	Yellow coffee	..... @ 15

Molasses.

DUTY: 8 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon.			
New Orleans	7 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 95	do Clayed, n. c.	46 @ 48
Porto Rico	48 @ 65	Barbadoes	50 @ 53
Cuba Muscovado, n. c.	48 @ 49		

Spices.

DUTY: mace, 40 cents; nutmegs, 50; cassia and cloves, 20; pepper and pimento, 15; and ginger root, 5 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

Cassia, in mats	gold $\frac{1}{2}$ lb 53 @ 55	Pepper, (gold)	23 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 24
Ginger, race and Af (gold)	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 11	Pimento, Jamaica (gold)	19 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mace	90 @ 92 $\frac{1}{2}$	Cloves	26 @ 26 $\frac{1}{2}$
Nutmegs, No. 1	87 @ 90		

Fruit.

DUTY: Raisins, Currants, Figs, Plums and Prunes, 5; Shelled Almonds, Almonds, 6; other nuts, 2; Dates, 2; Pea Nuts, 1; Shelled do, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$; Filberts and Walnuts, 3 cents $\frac{1}{2}$ lb; Sardines, 50; Preserved Ginger, 50; Green Fruits, 25 $\frac{1}{2}$ cent ad val.

Raisins, Seedless	9 25 @ 9 37 $\frac{1}{2}$	Sardines	qr. box 17 @ 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
do Layer	3 95 @ 4 00	Figs, Smyrna	7 @ 30
do Bunch	3 90 @ 4 00	Brazil Nuts	7 @ 9
Currants	12 @ 12	Filberts, Sicily	11 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 12 $\frac{1}{2}$
Citron, Leghorn	28 @ 30	Walnuts	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 14
Prunes, Turkish	..... @ 13 $\frac{1}{2}$	Pearl Sago	..... @ 14
Dates	8 @ 9	Tapioca	..... @ 17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Almonds, Languedoc	37 @ 38	Macaroni, Italian	21 @ 23
do Provence	30 @ 31	DRIED FRUIT—	
do Sicily, Soft Shell	18 @ 21	Apples	8 @ 9 $\frac{1}{2}$
do Shelled	34 @ 38	Blackberries	9 @ 10
Sardines	28 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 29	Peaches, par. d.	18 @ 23
		Peaches, unpared	8 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 9

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., February 8, 1868.

We have a very fair business to report for the past week, and there is now every prospect of a steady remunerative trade for the Spring campaign. This refers mainly to domestic cotton goods, which are scarce in many leading brands, and very firm in consequence of the rise in cotton. The ease in the money market also tends to increase confidence, and if transactions are restricted to the demand for consumption, it is thought probable that we have seen the last of the severe crisis through which the trade has just passed.

Stocks are generally reported light in domestic goods, so jobbers have bought freely even at the advancing prices. Quotations are now based upon the value of the raw material, and it depends greatly on the firmness of cotton if present rates can be fully maintained. The trade are buying with caution, but orders are much more freely placed than was generally anticipated a short time since.

The exports of dry goods for the week ending Jan. 21, and since January 1, 1868, and the total for the same time in 1867 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

	FROM NEW YORK		FROM BOSTON	
Exports to	Domestics.	D. Goods.	Domestics.	Dry Goods
	pkgs.	Val.	pkgs.	cases.
Hav'a	5	\$632	46	.....
Brazil	10	1,000	.....	.....
Liverpool	.....	87	30,932	.....
Cuba	.....	1	140	.....

New Granada	2	119	....	....
Cacutta .....	....	....	15	....
Singapore .....	....	....	38	....
British Provinces..	....	....	2	....
Total this week ..	15	\$1,692	90	\$31,241
Since Jan. 1, 1863..	593	35,832	391	168,472
Same time 1867...	359	....	41	....
" " 1860....	6,422	....	....	4,864

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers :

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are firm at the advance noted last week, and we have again to revise our quotations in many brands. 4-4 especially are scarce. Agawam 33 inches 12, Amoskeag A 36 16, do B 36 15½, Atlantic A 36 16, do H 36 15½, do P 36 12½, do L 36 12½, do V 33 12½, do N 27 9, Augusta 36 14½, do 30 12½, Broadway 36 13, Bedford R 30 8½, Boott H 30 9½, do O 34 11½, do S 40 13, do W 45 17½, Cabot A 36 15, Commonwealth O 27 7, Exeter A 36 12, Golden Ridge 36 12, Grafton A 27 8, Great Falls M 36 12, do S 33 11, Indian Head 30 16, do 30 12½, Indian Orchard A 40 13½, do C 36 12, do BB 36 10½, do L 30 9, do W 34 10, do F 36 13, do G 33 11, do do NN 36 13, Kennebec 36 9, Laconia O 39 13, do B 37 12½, do E 36 12, Lawrence C 36 15½, do E 36 13½, do F 36 13, do G 34 11, do H 27 9½, do LL 36 12½, Lyman C 36 13½, do E 36 15½, Massachusetts E 33 11, do BB 36 13, do C 27 9½, do J 30 10½, Medford 36 15, Nashua fine O 33 13½, do R 36 15½, do E 39 17½, New Hartford A 36 11, Newmarket A 36 12½, Pacific extra 36 15½, do H 36 15½, do L 36 12½, Pepperell 6-4 25, do 7-4 26, do 8-4 27½, do 9-4 32½, do 10-4 37½, do 11-4 45, Pepperell E fine 39 14½, do R 36 13½, do O 33 12½, do N 30 11½, do G 30 11½, Pittsfield A 36 12, Pocasset F 30 8½, do K 36 12½, do 40 16, Saranac fine O 33 13, do R 36 15, do E 39 17, Sigourney 36 8½, Stark A 36 15½, Swift River 36 11½, Tiger 27 8, Tremont C 36 12, do E 33 9½.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have been in great demand, and many orders have been received from the country trade, which have been difficult to fill except at a material advance. Amoskeag 46 inches 18½, do 42 17, do A 36 16½, do Z 33 11, Androscoggin 36 17½, do Z 36 21, Ballou & Son 36 13½, do 33 11½, Bartlett's 36 15, do 33 12½, do 30 11½, Bates 36 19, do BB 36 15½, do B 33 12½, Blackstone 36 14, do D 36 12, Boott B 36 13½, do C 33 11, do H 28 10, do O 30 11½, do R 27 9, do S 36 13, do W 45 17½, Canoe 27 8, Dwight 36 17, Ellerton 90 37½, do W S 31 12, do E 42 17, do 27 8½, Forestdale 38 15½, Fruit of the Loom 36 17, Globe 27 8, Greene Mfg Co 36 11½, do 30 10, Great Falls K 36 13, do M 33 12, do S 31 11, do A 33 13, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 17, do 33 14, Hope 36 13½, James 36 14½, do 33 12½, do 31 11½, Langdon 42 16, do 46 18, do 36 13½, do 33 12, Lonsdale 36 17½, Masonville 36 17, New York Mills 36 25, Pepperell 6-4 25, do 8-4 35, do 9-4 40, do 10-4 45, do 11-4 50, Rosebuds 35 16, Red Bank 36 11½, do 32 10, Reynolds AA 36 12½, Slaterville 36 13½, do 33 10½, Slater J. & W. 36 13½, Tip Top 36 15½, Tuscarora 36 20, Utica 5-4 27½, do 6-4 35, do 9-4 55, do 10-4 60, do 35 20, do 36 22, Waltham X 33 11½, do 42 15½, Wamsutta 45 29, do 40½ 26, do 36 22½, White Rock 36 17½, Washington 33 9½.

BROWN DRILLS are quiet, but we notice more activity in first hands. The export demand was not very large during the past week. Amoskeag 15½, Boott 16, Globe 11½, Laconia 16½, Massabesic 14½, Pepperell 16, Stark A do 15½, do H 14, Winthrop 12½.

PRINT CLOTHS are somewhat easier in price ; 64x64 is worth 7½ cents, and the sales at Providence last week amounted to 180,000 pieces.

PRINTS are fairly active. The new styles are all on the market, and many of the Spring patterns are very tasteful in design and brilliant in finish. Prices are firm, and should there be no decline in the raw material, there is a probability of a fair business on the basis of present quotations. Jobbers purchased freely before the advance in cotton, and are thus in a position to effect sales on favorable terms. Allens 12, American 12, Amoskeag 11½, do p'k & purple 12½, do mourning 11, Arnolds 10½, Coheco 13½, Conestoga 11½, Dunnell's 12, Freeman 11, Mallory 12, Gloucester 12, Hamilton 12½, Home 8½, Hovey 7, Lancaster 11½, do shirt. camb. 15, London mourning 12, Manchester 12-12½, Merrimac D 12½, do p'k & pur 13½, do W 13½, do p'k & pur 14, Oriental 12, Pacific 12½, Richmond's 11½-12½, Simpson Mourning 12, Sprague's pur and pink 13½, do blue and wh. 14, do fancy 12½, do shirtings 13½, Victory 11, Wamsutta 9, Wauregan 11½.

GINGHAMS show a slight inquiry. On a more active market we shall probably see them higher in price, as they are selling now at about last season's rates. Caledonia 12½, Glasgow 15, Hadley 12½, Lancaster 16, Manchester 12½, Union 12½.

MUSLIN DELAINES are doing well. Pacifics are in fair demand. Spragues are reduced to 17 cents. Armures 20, do plain 24, Hamilton 18, Lowell 18, Manchester 18, Pacific 18, Pekins 28, Piques 22, Spragues 17.

TICKINGS are selling freely at our revised quotations. Albany 8½ American 18½, Amoskeag A C A 36, do A 28, do B 25, do do C 24, do D 19, Bunker Hill 18, Blackstone River 16, Conestoga 27½, do extra 34, Cordis 27½, do BB 16½, Eagle 22½, Everett 21, Easton A 14½, do B.13½, Hamilton 25, do D 19, Lewiston 36 32, do 32 27½, do 30 25, Mecs. and W'km's 28, Methuen AA 28½, Pearl River 32, Pemberton AA 27½, do X 17, Swift River 16½, Thorndike 16½, Whittenden A 22½, Willow Brook 27½, York 30 25, do 32 32½.

STRIPES show less activity, but there is a small and steady demand. There is more doing in first hands. Albany 8½, American 14, Amoskeag 22½, Boston 13½, Easton 14½, Everett 13½, Hamilton 21½, Haymaker 16, Sheridan A 11½, do G 12, Uncasville dark 15½, do light 14½, Whittenton AA 20, do A 18, do BB 14, do C 12½, do D 10½, York 21½.

CHECKS are neglected. Caledonia No. 70 25, do 50 22½, do 12 26½, do 10 22½, do 9 19, do 7 16, do 11 20, do 15 25, Kennebeck 21, Lanark No. 2 11½, Park No. 60 15, do 70 20, do 80 22½, do 90 25, Pequa 1,200

12½, Star Mills 600 10½, do 800 16, do 900 18, Union No. 20 22½, do 50 25.

DENIMS have shown a very fair trade at advancing prices. Stocks are low, and in consequence holders are firm in their views. Arkwright, bro'n 17, do blue 16½, Amoskeag 30, Blue Hill 17½, Boston brown 13½, Beaver cr. blue 19, do bro'n 15, Chester Dock B 14, Columbian extra 27½, Haymaker 16½, Manchester 17, Liugard's blue 13½, do brown 12½, Otis AXA 27½, do BB 25, do CC 21, Pearl River 27½, Pittsfield 10, Thorndike 15, Tremont 18, Union 14, Uncasville 16, Warren brown 16, Workingman's 21½, York 27½.

CORSET JEANS are selling freely at our revised quotations. Amoskeag 13, Androscoggin 11, Bates 11, Everetts 15, Indian Orch. Imp 12, Laconia 13½, Naumkeag 13½, do satteen 17½, Newmarket 12, Pepperell 15½, Washington satt 17.

CAMBRICS AND SILESAS are but in slight demand, and jobbers in some instances are selling beneath Agents' prices. Pequot cambrics 10, Superior 7½, Victory H 8, Washington 9, Wauregan 9. Blackburn silesias 15, Ellerton 12½, Indian Orchard 12½, Lonsdale twilled 14½, Victory twilled 12, Ward 12½.

CANTON FLANNELS are neglected and prices are nominal. Ellerton N brown 27, do O 24, do P 22, Hamilton 20, Laconia 20, Naumkeag F 16½, Ellerton N bleached 29, do O 26, do P 24, Naumkeag F 29, Pemberton A 12.

IN DOMESTIC WOOLENS business is still dull, although the demand is becoming more brisk as the Spring approaches. The clothiers are buying very prudently ; but the suspension of a well known city firm during the last week has caused a revival of caution as to credits. There is still an inquiry for medium and heavy cloths, doeskins, &c., and some agents report a fair demand for fancy cassimeres. Nevertheless trade in this branch is in a very unsatisfactory state.

FOREIGN DRESS GOODS show a slight improvement since our last report. The demand as yet is very limited, but agents and importers are showing their new styles, and are holding them at about last year's rates, notwithstanding the increase in the tariff. Piques are more active, and there is a steady inquiry for black alpacas suited to the Spring trade. There is every probability of a sound remunerative business if importations are not excessive, and especially if the cable is not used to flood the market at a later stage of the season.

We clip from the *Economist* under date of Jan. 25, a review of the English market at Manchester.

MANCHESTER.—We have to report a large and general business throughout the week, both in yarns and goods at a further advance, say of ¼d. per lb. in yarn, and 8d per piece on shirtings and similar goods. We have had large sales of cotton at Liverpool at advancing rates, and this has compelled producers here to ask more for their yarns and goods, and buyers, fearing a higher range of prices for a time, have bought largely, though owing to the advance asked, there has been a decided falling off in the demand since Tuesday. Shirtings for India and 9-8 printing cloths have been again largely dealt in, and makers are under long contracts for these light goods, as mulls and jaconets have not been in so much request, and domestics, &c., are only in very moderate demand. Yarns for the home trade have been in great request at full prices, but shipping yarns have not been dealt in so largely, and are relatively lower in value. The cotton market after two days quietness, is again active, at advancing rates ; but we hardly fancy that buyers here will follow the market if it goes up, as they have already largely supplied themselves with goods at lower rates than they can now be bought at.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Feb 6, 1868, and the corresponding weeks of 1866 and 1867, have been as follows :

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING FEB. 6, 1868.

	1866.		1867.		1868.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	2,755	\$1,380,989	636	\$323,249	957	\$456,412
do cotton...	1,922	653,465	745	234,979	1,202	343,750
do silk....	739	836,187	215	289,513	479	421,581
do flax....	869	363,936	586	155,701	812	194,902
Miscellaneous dry goods.	5,744	240,117	791	151,351	604	192,133
Total.....	9,029	\$3,379,694	3,003	\$1,154,852	4,084	\$1,608,843

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

Manufactures of wool...	799	\$372,184	1,310	\$611,026	509	\$191,630
do cotton...	882	265,328	972	349,500	497	133,260
do silk....	126	130,016	181	109,940	85	107,337
do flax....	344	95,409	1,780	388,403	616	153,152
Miscellaneous dry goods.	73	23,815	604	52,053	235	39,531
Total.....	2,224	\$891,793	4,847	\$1,600,936	1,942	\$624,910
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	9,029	3,379,694	3,003	1,154,852	4,084	1,608,843
Total th'wn upon mak't.	11,253	\$4,271,487	6,850	\$2,755,788	6,026	\$2,233,753

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

Manufactures of wool...	1,620	\$714,941	1,166	\$515,678	1,182	\$455,634
do cotton...	924	80,289	977	318,352	564	152,358
do silk....	116	143,747	163	191,455	194	204,197
do flax....	970	198,467	549	182,484	661	115,493
Miscellaneous dry goods.	1,422	24,732	137	51,718	3,895	61,723
Total.....	4,762	\$1,362,176	3,007	\$1,259,687	6,406	\$989,455
Add ent'd for consu'pt'n	9,029	3,379,694	3,003	1,154,852	4,084	1,608,843
Total entered at the port	13,791	\$4,741,870	6,010	\$2,414,539	10,490	\$2,598,293

The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly earnings (gross and per mile) of the leading railroads in 1866 and 1867:

Table with columns: Railroads, Week, Miles of road, Gross earn'gs (1866, 1867), Earn'gs p. m. (1866, 1867). Rows include Atlantic & Gt. Western, Chicago and Alton, Chicago and N. West'n, Chic., R. I. and Pacific, Detroit and Milwaukee, Marietta and Cincinnati, Michigan Central, Michigan Southern, Tol. Wabash & Western, and Western Union.

COAL TRAFFIC, 1867.—The quantity of anthracite sent to market from the mines of Pennsylvania in 1866 and 1867 compares as follows:

Table comparing coal traffic for Schuylkill, Lehigh, Wyoming, and Shamokin in 1866 and 1867, including Total (tons) and To which may be added for consumption near the mines at least 2,000,000 tons.

The quantity of semi-anthracite and bituminous coal mined in the United States is estimated as follows:

Table comparing semi-anthracite and bituminous coal production and imports in 1866 and 1867, including Total (tons) and Total bituminous &c.

The whole supply of coal in the United States for the two years may be aggregated thus:

Table aggregating coal supply for 1866 and 1867, including Anthracite sent to market, Anthracite consumed near mines, Semi-anthracite sent to market, Bituminous mined, and Bituminous imported.

The total quantity of coal imported in the year ending June 30, 1867, was (as above) 521,305 tons, of which 338,452 tons came from the British Provinces and 182,813 tons from other foreign countries.

The amount exported in the same year was 266,758 tons, of which 192,912 tons was anthracite, and 92,181 tons domestic and 1,657 foreign bituminous.

The value of the coal imported was \$1,455,044 or \$2 77 (gold) per ton; and of the coal exported, \$1,861,528 or \$6 49 per ton. These are shipping prices.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Large comparative table showing monthly earnings for various railroads (Atlantic & Great Western, Erie Railway, Mich. So. & N. Indiana, Pittsb., Ft. W., & Chicago, etc.) for 1865, 1866, and 1867, with monthly and yearly totals.

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

Main table containing stock lists for Railroads, Canals, and Miscellaneous categories. Includes columns for Name, Stock outstanding, Dividend, Last paid, Date, rate, Bid, Ask, and FRIDAY. The table is organized into two main sections: N.B. - The figures after the name refer to the vol. and page of CHRONICLE containing last report. * means "leased."

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.—PAGE 2.

Bond List Page 1 will appear in this place next week.

Table with columns: DESCRIPTION, Amount outstanding, INTEREST (Rate, Payable), FRIDAY (Bid, Ask'd), and N.B. (Where the total Funded Debt is not given in detail in the 2d column it is expressed by the figures in brackets after the Co's name). The table lists various railroad and canal bonds, including Morris and Essex, Rutland, Sacramento Valley, St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute, and many others, with their respective terms and interest rates.

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Asked, COMPANIES, Bid, Asked. Lists various petroleum companies like Allen Wright, Bemis Heights, Bennehoff Run, etc.

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Asked, COMPANIES, Bid, Asked, Marked thus (*) are participating, & (†) write Marine Risks, Jan. 1, 1867, Capital, Net as'ts, Periods, 1865, 1866, 1867, Last paid. Lists insurance companies like Adriatic, Aetna, American, etc.

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Asked, COMPANIES, Bid, Asked. Lists copper mining companies like Adventure, Aetna, Albany & Boston, etc.

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares. † Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares. ‡ Capital \$200,000, in 20,000 shares. § Capital of Lake Superior companies generally \$500,000, in 20,000 shares

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Asked, COMPANIES, Bid, Asked. Lists gold and silver mining companies like Ada Elmore, Alameda Silver, American Flag, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Table with columns: COMPANIES, Bid, Asked, COMPANIES, Bid, Asked. Lists various other stocks like Copake Iron, Foster Iron, Lake Superior Iron, etc.

STOCK AND BOND SALES AT PHILADELPHIA.—The following taken from Bowen and Fox's Monthly Report of the Philadelphia Stock and Bond Market, shows the highest and lowest prices in January:

Table listing stock and bond sales at Philadelphia with columns for stock names and prices. Includes Philadelphia 6's old, Pennsylvania 5's, Allegheny Co. comp, etc.

* Ex-dividend.

Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE
ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 25TH, 1868,

The Trustees, in Conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following Statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1867:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1867, to 31st December, 1867.....	\$7,322,015 75
Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1867.....	2,838,109 71
Total amount of Marine Premiums..	\$10,160,125 46
No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks; nor upon Fire Risks disconnected with Marine Risks.	
Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1867 to 31st December, 1867.....	\$7,597,123 16
Losses paid during the same period.....	\$4,224,364 61
Returns of Premiums and Expenses.....	\$1,305,865 93

The Company has the following Assets, viz.:

United States and State of New York Stock, City, Bank and other Stocks.	\$6,864,485 00
Loans secured by Stocks, and otherwise.....	2,175,450 00
Real Estate and Bonds and Mortgages.	210,000 00
Interest and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at.....	252,414 82
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable..	3,232,453 27
Cash in Bank.....	373,374 02
Total Amount of Assets.....	\$13,108,177 11

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next.

Fifty per cent. of the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1865 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Fourth of February next, from which date interest on the amount so redeemable will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment, and cancelled to the extent paid.

A dividend of Thirty Per Cent. is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday the Seventh of April next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,
Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

John D. Jones,	Wm. Stargis,
Charles Dennis,	Henry K. Bogert,
W. H. H. Moore,	Joshua J. Henry,
Henry Coit,	Dennis Perkins,
Wm. C. Pickersgill,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
Lewis Curtis,	J. Henry Burgy,
Charles H. Russell,	Cornelius Grinnell,
Lowell Holbrook,	C. A. Hand,
R. Warren Weston,	B. J. Howland,
Royal Phelps,	Benj. Babcock,
Caleb Barstow	Fletcher Westray,
A. P. Pillot	Robt. B. Minturn, Jr.,
William E. Dodge	Gordon W. Burnham,
Robt. C. Fergusson,	Frederick Chauncey,
David Lane,	James Low
James Bryce,	George S. Stephenson
Francis Skiddy,	William H. Webb.
Daniel S. Miller.	Paul Spofford.
Robert L. Taylor,	Charles P. Burdett,
	Shephard Gandy.

JOHN D. JONES, President,
CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President.
W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres.
J. D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice-Pres't.

Insurance.

1867.

OFFICE OF THE

SunMutual Insurance Co.

INSURANCE BUILDINGS,

NO. 49 WALL STREET,

New York, January 29, 1868.

The following statement of the affairs of this Company is published in conformity with the requirements of the 10th Section of the Act of its Incorporation:

Premiums on Unexpired Risks, Dec 31, 1866	\$634,783 94
Premiums received during the year to Dec 31, 1867:	
On Marine Risks.....	\$965,967 96
On Inland Risks.....	72,500 00
	1,038,467 96
	\$1,67,251 90
The amount of Earned Premiums during the year, less return Premiums, was...	\$1,226,090 60
Losses during the year:	
On Marine Risks.....	\$991,285 70
On Inland Risks.....	33,969 72
	\$1,030,255 42
Expenses, Re-insurance, Taxes	
Commissions, &c.....	177,510 09
	\$1,207,765 51

The Assets of the Company on the 31st December, 1867, were as follows, viz:

Real Estate, Bonds and Mortgages.....	\$379,341 04
United States Stocks, Bonds and other Stocks.....	58,925 00
Cash.....	57,007 31
	\$495,273 35
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....	\$236,671 54
Subscription Notes in advance of Premiums, not matured.....	213,000 00
Cash Premiums in course of collection.....	12,371 80
Accrued Interest on Bonds and Mortgages and Loans, Rents of Real Estate, and Sundry Salvage, Re-insurance, and other claims due the Company.....	163,597 35
	631,640 69
Total Assets.....	\$1,126,914 04

No Fire Risks, disconnected from Marine, have been taken by the Company.

By order of the Board,

ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Moses H. Grinnell,	Frederic Sturges,
John P. Paulison,	Wm. Toel,
John E. Devlin,	Thomas J. Slaughter,
John Chadwick,	Joseph Gaillard, Jr.
William H. Macy,	Alex. M. Lawrence
Samuel L. Mitchell,	Isaac Bell,
Fred. G. Foster,	Elliot C. Cowdin,
Richardson T. Wilson,	Percy R. Pyne,
John H. Macy,	Samuel M. Fox,
Henry Foster Fitch,	Joseph V. Onativia,
Elias Ponvert,	Edward S. Jaffray,
Simon De Visser,	William Oothout,
Jacob R. Nevius,	Ernest Caylus,
Isaac A. Crane,	Frederick Chauncey.
A. Yznaga Del Valle,	George L. Kingsland,
John S. Wright,	James M. Campbell,
Wm. Von Sachs,	Anson G. P. Stokes.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.

JOHN P. PAULISON, Vice-Pres.

ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

The Corn Exchange

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK,
Insures against Loss by Fire and the Danger of Inland Navigation.
NO. 104 BROADWAY.

Cash Assets, Jan. 1, '67... \$501,207 54

R. F. MASON, President.
J. S. ROBERTS, Vice-Pres
GEORGE A. DRESSER, Secretary.

Phenix Mutual Life Insurance Co

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets, nearly..... \$3,000,000
Annual Income..... 1,500,000
Annual Dividend..... 50 Per Cent.

Issues Life, Non-Forfeiting and Endowment Policies on the most favorable terms. This Company is strictly Mutual, giving to its members (in equitable ratio) all the profits. Its Annual Dividends have averaged Fifty per cent upon all its tables; it has thrown out all restrictions on Travel, Residence, Occupation, &c. It will take premiums all Cash or part Notes, as the Insured desires. The number of Dividends will always equal the number of outstanding notes, so that there are no deductions from the face of a Policy. It has been in operation seventeen years, and never contested a claim. New York office 153 Broadway.

S. L. FRALEIGH, General Agent.
JOHN E. DEWITT, Resident Director.

Financial.

United States Treasury,

Schedules of (30) THIRTY OR MORE SEVEN THIRTY Coupons due January 15th, 1868, will now be received for examination at the United States Treasury.

H. H. VAN DYCK.

Assistant Treasurer.

Des Moines Valley Rail-ROAD COMPANY'S

FIRST MORTGAGE EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS FOR SALE.

Total Issue..... \$2,310,000

These Bonds are the first and only Mortgage on a completed Railroad, 162 miles in length, running from Keokuk to Des Moines, the capital of Iowa. The balance of the entire issue 268 Bonds of \$1,000 each, are now offered on favorable terms.

The subscribers have sold over a million dollars of these Bonds at par to parties investing for estates and to Capitalists. The principal of these Bonds can be registered payable to the holder.

GILMAN, SON & CO.,

No. 47 Exchange Place, N. Y.

S. Thompson's Nephew,

EUROPEAN

PASSAGE AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,

73 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Drafts on England, Ireland & Scotland

Bankers furnished with Sterling Exchange and through tickets from Europe to all parts of the United States.

T. H. McMAHAN & Co.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

and Dealers in Domestic and Foreign

Exchange.

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

Special attention given to Collections of all kinds, having prompt and reliable correspondents at all accessible points in the State, and

REMITTANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGHT

EXCHANGE AT CURRENT RATES.

REFER TO

National Park Bank, Howes & Macy, and Spofford,

Tilston & Co., New York. Second National

Bank and J. W. Scaver, Esq., Boston. Drexel &

Co. and D. S. Stetson & Co., Philadelphia. T. F.

Thirkield & Co., Cincinnati. Third National Bank

and Jos. E. Elder & Goodwin, St. Louis. Fowler,

Stanard & Co., Mobile. Pike, Lapeyre & Bro.,

New Orleans. Drake, Kleinwerth & Cohen, Lon-

don and Liverpool.

Jacquelin & De Coppet,

NO. 26 NEW STREET, N. Y.

Railroad Stocks,

Bonds,

Gold, and

Government Securities,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

JOHN H. JACQUELIN.

HENRY DE COPPET.

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS

AND PROVISIONS.

Blair, Densmore & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

165 WASHINGTON STREET.

Chicago, Ills.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,

BANKERS,

27 & 29 Pine Street, New York.

DRAW ON LONDON AND PARIS, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers, available in all parts of Europe.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Insurance.

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
In the City of New York.
NO. 40 WALL STREET.

ASSETS.....\$2,300,000

New and important plans of Life Insurance have been adopted by this Company. See new Prospectus. Profits available after policies have run one year, and annually thereafter.

JOHN EADIE, President.
NICHOLAS DE GROOT, Secretary.

Sun Mutual Insurance COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)
49 WALL STREET.

Incorporated 1841.

Capital and Assets.....\$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$500,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continues to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
JOHN P. PAULSON, Vice-President.
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

The Mercantile Mutual INSURANCE COMPANY.

No. 35 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, January 1st, 1867.....\$1,261,349

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

During the past year this Company has paid to its Policy-holders,

IN CASH,
a rebate on premiums in lieu of scrip, equivalent in value to an average scrip dividend of
TWENTY PER CENT.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company makes such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the nett profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.

Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

James Freeland, Samuel Willets, Robert L. Taylor, William T. Frost, William Watt, Henry Eyre, Cornelius Grinnell, Joseph Slagg, Jas. D. Fish, Geo. W. Hennings, Francis Hathaway, Aaron L. Reid, Ellwood Walter,
D. Colden Murray, E. Haydock White, N. L. McCready, Daniel T. Willets, L. Edgerton, Henry K. Kunhardt, John S. Williams, William Nelson, Jr., Charles Dimon, A. William Heye, Harold Dollner, Paul N. Spofford.

ELLWOOD WALTER, President.
CHAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-President.
J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance COMPANY.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1868.....363,000

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash dividends paid in 15 years, 253 per cent.
JONATHAN D. STEELE, President
NOTMAN, Secretary.

H O P E FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, No. 92 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital - - - - - \$150,000
Assets, June 1, 1867 - - - - - 222,433

This Company insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on terms as favorable as any other responsible Company.

Board of Directors:

Henry M. Taber, Theodore W. Riley, Steph. Cambreleng, Joseph Foulke, Cyrus H. Loutrel, Jacob Reese, Lebbens B. Ward, D. Lydig Suydam, Joseph Britton, Fred. Schuchardt,
Henry S. Leverich, Robert Schell, William H. Terry, Joseph Grafton, Amos Robbins, Thos. P. Cummings, Jno. W. Mersereau, David L. Eigenbrodt, William Remsen, hen Hyatt,

JACOB REESE, President.
JAMES E. MOORE, Secretary.

Insurance.

THE NORTH BRITISH AND Mercantile Insurance Co OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

UNITED STATES BRANCH,
74 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS (IN GOLD):
Subscribed Capital.....\$10,000,000
Accumulated Funds..... 12,695 000
Annual Income..... 4,260,635

Policies issued in Gold or Currency at option of Applicant.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid in this Country.

NEW YORK BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:
CHAS. H. DABNEY, Esq., Chairman.
of Dabney, Morgan & Co.
SOLON HUMPHREYS, Esq., of E. D. Morgan & Co.
AYMAR CARTER, Esq., of Aymar & Co.
DAVID DOWS, Esq., of David Dows & Co.
EGISTO P. FABBRI, Esq., of Fabbri & Chauncey.
SIMEON B. CHITTENDEN, Esq., of S. B. Chittenden & Co.
SHEPPARD GANDY, Esq., of Sheppard Gandy, & Co.
EZRA WHITE, } Associate Managers
T. C. ALLYN, }
CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.
LORD, DAY & LORD, Solicitors.
DABNEY, MORGAN & Co., Bankers.

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and Surplus \$1,500,000.

GEO. M. COIT, Sec'y. GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't

PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital and surplus \$1,000 000.

W. B. CLARK, Sec'y. H. KELLOGG, Pres't

SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus \$700,000.

J. N. DUNHAM, Sec'y. E. FREEMAN, Pres

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE CO OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Capital \$275,000.

M. BENNETT, Jr., Sec'y. J. B. ELDRIDGE, Pres't.

Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.
WHITE, ALLYN & CO., Agents,
NO. 74 WALL STREET.

ÆTNA

Insurance Company, OF HARTFORD.

Incorporated 1819.....Charter Perpetual.

CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000.

L. J. HENDEE, President.
J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

Assets July 1, 1867.....\$4,650,938 27
Liabilities..... 377,668 46

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE.

NEW YORK AGENCY
NO. 62 WALL STREET.

JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE.

North American Fire Insurance Co.,

OFFICE 114 BROADWAY,
BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00
Surplus..... 255 057 77

Cash Capital and Surplus, January 1, 1867, \$755,057 77.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates.

Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

JAMES W. OTIS, President.
R. W. BLEECKER, Vice Pres
F. H. CARTER, Secretary.
J. GRISWOLD, General Agent.

Insurance.

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE.

COMMERCIAL Mutual Insurance Co.,

Nos. 57 & 59 William Street.

New York, 17th January, 1868.

The Trustees, in conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1867:

Premiums on Risks outstanding 31st December, 1866.....\$191,397 82
Premiums received during the year 1867..... 403,877 54

Total Premiums.....\$595,275 36

Premiums marked off as earned during the year 1867.....\$449,196 24

Losses and Expenses paid during the same period.....\$191,971 07
Return Premiums..... 66,609 58

The Assets of the Company on the 31st Dec. 1867 were as follows:

United States Stocks.....\$253,300 00
Bank Stocks..... 257,213 50
New York State, City and other Stocks and Bonds, and Loans on Stocks..... 273,604 01
Cash in Banks..... 80,001 98

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....\$564,119 49

Insurance Scrip, Accrued Interest, Sundry Notes at estimated value..... 208,183 68
Salvage and Reinsurance claims due the Company..... 11,654 67
17,845 1

Total Assets.....\$1,101,303 02

SIX PER CENT. interest on the outstanding Certificates of Profits will be paid on and after Tuesday the 11th day of February, 1868.

THIRTY-THREE AND ONE-THIRD PER CENT DIVIDEND, and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1867, for which Certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.

The whole of the outstanding Certificates of Profits of the issue of 1860 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 11th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be presented at the time of payment and cancelled.

DANIEL DRAKE SMITH, President.
ADRIAN B. HOLMES, Vice-President.
HENRY D KING, Secretary.

HOME INSURANCE Co.,

135 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$2,000,000 00
Assets, Jan. 1, 1868..... 3,613,896 78
Liabilities..... 107,495 55

FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.

J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.
GEO. M. LYON, Asst. Secretary.
T. B. GREENE, 2d Asst. Secretary.
D. A. HEALD, General Agent and Adjuster.

Queen Fire Insurance Co

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000 Stg.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... 1,893,220
PAID-UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....\$1,432,340

Special Fund of \$200,000
Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany
UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y.
GEORGE ADLARD, Manager.
WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

JULY 1st, 1867.
Cash capital.....\$400,000 00
Surplus..... 206,634 79

Gross Assets.....\$606,634 79
Total Liabilities..... 50,144 36

BENJ. S. WALCOTT, President.
BENJAMIN LANE, Secretary.

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of Countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Anchors—Duty: 2 1/2 cents per lb. Of 200 lb and upward per lb 8 1/2 @ ..

Ashes—Duty: 15 per cent ad val. Pot, 1st sort... per 100 lb 8 25 @ 8 37 Pearl, 1st sort... 10 25 @ 10 50

Beeswax—Duty, 20 per cent ad val. American yellow... per lb 40 @ ..

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 per cent. Rio Grande shin... per ton 40 00 @ ..

Bread—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Pilot... per lb 7 1/2 Navy... 5 1/2 Crackers... 8 1/2 @ 13 1/2

Breadstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard... per M. 10 00 @ 11 50 Croton... 18 00 @ 22 00 Philadelphia Fronts... 40 00 @ 43 00

Bristles—Duty, 15 cents; hogs hair 1 per lb. Amer'n gray & wh... per lb 40 @ 1 75

Butter and Cheese.—Duty: 4 cents. Butter—

Fresh salt... 43 @ 43 State firkins, prime... 43 @ 45 State firkins, ordinary... 39 @ 43 State, hf-fir... prime... 44 @ 47 State, hf-fir... ordin'y... 36 @ 40 Welsh tubs, prime... 39 @ 43 Welsh tubs, ordinary... 36 @ 40 Western reserve, good... 28 @ 33 Western reserve, fair... 20 @ 28 Western, good... 25 @ 31 Western, fair... 18 @ 25 Canada... 25 @ 37 Grease... 13 @ 20

Cheese— Factory prime... per lb 14 1/2 @ 15 Factory fair... 13 1/2 @ 14 Farm dairies prime... 14 @ 14 1/2 Farm dairies fair... 13 @ 13 1/2 Farm dairies common... 10 @ 12 Skimmed... 8 @ 10

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2 1/2; spermaceti and wax 5; stearine and adamantine, 5 cents per lb. Refined sperm, city... 45 @ 48 Sperm, patent... 55 @ 62 1/2 Stearic... 30 @ 31 Adamantine... 21 @ 23

Cement—Rosendale... per bbl 2 00 @ 2 25

Chains—Duty, 2 1/2 cents per lb. One inch & upward... per lb 8 @ ..

Coal—Duty, bituminous, \$1 25 per ton of 28 bushels 80 lb to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 lb per bushel. Newcastle Gas... 2 240 lb. 10 00 @ 10 50 Liverpool Gas Cannel... 14 00 @ 15 00 Liverpool House Cannel... 18 00 @ 19 00 Liverpool Orrel... 15 00 @ 16 00 Anthracite... per ton of 2,000 lb... 7 00 @ 7 50

Cocoa—Duty, 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond) (gold) per lb... 16 @ 17 Maracibo do... (gold) 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2 Guayaquil do... (gold) 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2 St Domingo... (gold) 8 @ 8 1/2

Coffee.—See special report.

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2 1/2; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 per cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 inches long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 @ 34 oz. per square foot, 3 cents per lb. Sheathing, new... per lb 33 Bolts... 35 @ 35 Braziers... 35 @ 35 Sheathing, &c., old... 16 @ 18 Sheathing, yellow metal... 26 @ 26 Bolts, yellow metal... 27 @ 27 Pig Chile... 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2 American Ingot... 22 1/2 @ 23 1/2

Cordage—Duty, tarred, 8; untarred Manila, 2 1/2 other untarred, 3 1/2 cents per lb. Manila... per lb 21 @ 23 Tarred Russia... 18 @ 18 1/2 Bolt Rope, Russia... 22 @ 23

Corks—Duty, 50 per cent ad val. 1st Regular, qrts... per gro 55 @ 70 do Superfine... 1 40 @ 1 50 1st Regular, Pints... 35 @ 50 Mineral... 50 @ 70 Phial... 12 @ 40

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 60 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafetida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 80 per cent ad val; Balsam Copalvi, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Calisaya Bark, 80 per cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 1 1/2; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 80 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, \$6; Roll Brimstone, \$10 per ton; Flor Sulphur, \$20 per ton, and 15 per cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb.; Carb. Ammonia, 20 per cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, \$1 per gallon; Chlorate Potash, 6; Caustic Soda, 1 1/2; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 per cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzola and Gamboge, 10 per cent; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 per cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin, Gum Kowrie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb.; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geeda and Gum Tragacanth, 20 per cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lic. Paste, 10; Manna, 25; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, \$1 per lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 per cent ad val.; Opium, \$2 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 per cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Red do, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 per cent ad val.; Sal Eratus, 1 1/2 cents per lb; Sal Soda, 2 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 per cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1/2; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 per cent ad val.; Sulph. Morphine, \$2 50 per oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 per cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, \$1 per lb; all others quoted below. FREE.

Alcohol, 95 per cent... 4 25 Aloes, Cape... 20 @ 20 Aloes, Socotrine... 75 @ 85 Alum... 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2 Annato, good to prime... 75 @ 1 40 Antimony, Reg. of, gold... 18 @ 10 1/2 Argols, Crude... 18 @ 20 Argols, Refined, gold... 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2 Arsenic, Powdered... 2 1/2 @ 3 Assafetida... 25 @ 40 Balsam Copalvi... 95 @ 1 00 Balsam Tolu... 1 40 @ 1 50 Balsam Peru... 80 @ 8 75 Bark Petayo... 60 @ 8 75 Berries, Persian, gold... 80 @ .. Bi Carb. Soda, New-castle... gold 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Bi Chromate Potash... 18 1/2 @ .. Bleaching Powder... 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Borax, Refined... 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2 Brimstone, Crude... per ton... (gold) 39 00 @ 40 00 Brimstone, Am. Roll... 31 @ .. Brimstone, Flor Sulphur... 2 1/2 @ .. Camphor, Crude, (in bond)... (gold) 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2 Camphor, Refined... 1 00 @ 1 05 Cantharides... 1 70 @ 1 75 Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk... 17 1/2 @ 17 1/2 Cardamoms, Malabar... 3 25 Castor Oil cases per gal... 1 90 @ 2 00 Chamomile Flowers... 15 @ 60 Chlorate Potash (gold)... 3 1/2 @ 3 1/2 Caustic Soda... 4 1/2 @ 5 Caraway Seed... 18 1/2 @ 19 Coriander Seed... 14 @ 15 Cochineal, Hon (gold)... 90 @ 98 Cochineal, Mexic'n (g'd)... 80 @ 85 Copperas, American... 1 1/2 @ .. Cream Tartar, pr. (gold)... 28 1/2 @ 28 1/2 Cubebs, East India... 33 @ 33 Cutch... 15 1/2 @ 16 Epsom Salts... 3 1/2 @ 4 Extract Logwood... 10 1/2 @ .. Fennel Seed... 17 @ .. Flowers, Benzoin... 80 @ 60 Gambler... gold 4 1/2 @ 4 1/2 Gamboge... 1 75 @ 2 00 Ginseng, South & West... 50 @ 78 Gum Arabic, Picked... 50 @ 78 Gum Arabic, Sorts... 31 @ 35 Gum Benzoin... 60 @ 85 Gum Kowrie... 84 @ 86 Gum Gleditsia... 19 @ 20 Gum Damar... 18 @ 48 Gum Myrrh, East India... 55 @ .. Gum Myrrh, Turkey... 55 @ .. Gum Senegal... (gold) 27 @ .. Gum Tragacanth, Sorts... 35 @ .. Gum Tragacanth, w. flakey... (gold) 60 @ 1 00 Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng... (gold) 8 60 @ 8 70 Iodine, Resublimed... 6 50 @ .. Ipecacuanha, Brazil... 3 85 @ 3 90 Jalap, in bond gold... 85 @ 90 Lac Dye... 25 @ 55 Licorice Paste, Calabria... 31 @ 25 Licorice, Paste, Sicily... 24 @ 25 Licorice Paste Spanish... 29 @ 30 Licorice Paste, Greek... 31 @ .. Madder, Dutch... (gold) 9 @ 9 1/2 do, French, E.X.F.F. do... 9 1/2 @ ..

Manna, large flake... 1 70 @ 1 75 Manna, small flake... 95 @ .. Mustard Seed, Cal... 8 @ 12 Mustard Seed, Trieste... 14 @ .. Nutgalls Blue Aleppo... 35 @ 40 Oil Anis... 5 7 1/2 @ .. Oil Cassia... 3 70 @ 3 80 Oil Bergamot... 6 87 @ 7 00 Oil Lemon... 3 87 @ 4 00 Oil Peppermint, pure... 4 4 7/5 Oil Vitriol... 2 1/2 @ .. Opium, Turkey (gold) 7 12 1/2 @ 7 25 Oxalic Acid... 36 @ .. Phosphorus... 92 1/2 @ .. Prussiate Potash... 75 @ 37 Quicksilver... 78 @ 80 Rhubarb, China... 2 55 @ 3 25 Sago, Pealed... 8 @ 9 Salaratus... 20 @ .. Sal Am'niac, Ref (gold) 8 1/2 @ 9 Sal Soda, Newcastle... 14 @ 11 Sarsaparilla, Hond... 25 @ 27 Sarsaparilla, Mex... 14 @ 14 Seneca Root... 8 @ .. Senna, Alexandria... 25 @ 28 Senna, East India... 20 @ 25 Shell Lac... 85 @ 45 Soda Ash (80 per cent) (g'd) 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2 Sugar L'd, W'g (gold)... 25 @ .. Sulph. Quinine, Am'p oz 2 10 @ .. Sulphate Morphine... 6 30 @ .. Tart'c Acid... (g'd) 49 1/2 @ 50 Tapioca... 13 @ .. Verdigris, dry & ex dry 47 1/2 @ 50 Vitriol, Blue... 11 @ ..

Duck—Duty, 30 per cent ad val. Ravens, Light... per pee 16 00 @ .. Ravens, Heavy... 18 00 @ .. Scotch, G'ek, No. 1... per y 72 Cotton, No. 1... per y 48 @ ..

Dye Woods—Duty free. Camwood, gold, per ton... 38 50 @ 34 00 Fustic, Cuba... 38 50 @ 34 00 Fustic, Tampico, gold... 38 50 @ 34 00 Fustic, Jamaica... 36 00 @ 32 00 Fustic, Savanilla... 36 00 @ 32 00 Fustic, Maracibo... 26 00 @ .. Logwood, Laguna... 19 00 @ .. Logwood, Cam... 19 00 @ .. Logwood, Hond... 19 00 @ .. Logwood, Tabasco... 13 00 @ 13 50 Logwood, St. Dom... 13 00 @ 13 50 Logwood, Jamaica... 13 00 @ 13 50 Limwood... 70 00 @ .. Barwood... 80 00 @ .. Sapan wood, Manila... 80 00 @ ..

Feathers—Duty: 30 per cent ad val. Prime Western... per lb 85 @ 90 Tennessee... 8 @ 8

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, \$2; Herrings, \$1; Salmon \$3; other pickled, \$1 50 per bbl; on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb. Dry Cod... per cwt. 5 00 @ 6 50 Pickled Scale... per bbl. 3 50 @ 3 50 Pickled Cod... per bbl. 4 50 @ .. Mackerel, No. 1, Mass shore... 14 50 @ 15 50 Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax... 17 00 @ .. Mackerel, No. 1, Bay... 17 00 @ .. Mackerel, No. 2, Bay... 13 00 @ .. Mackerel, No. 2, Ha ax... 11 50 @ .. Mac'el, No. 3, Mass. 1 g'ell 25 @ 11 50 Mackerel, No. 3, H'fax... 9 50 @ 10 00 Mackerel, No. 8, Mass. 9 50 @ 10 00 Salmon, Pickled, No. 1... 30 00 @ .. Salmon, Pickled, No. 2... 40 @ 45 Herring, Scaled... per box 40 @ 45 Herring, No. 1... 22 @ 25 Herring, pickled... per bbl. 6 00 @ 8 00

Flax—Duty: \$15 per ton. North River... per lb 15 1/2 @ 22 1/2

Fruits—See special report.

Furs and Skins—Duty, 10 per cent Beaver, Dark... per skin 1 00 @ 8 00 do Pale... 75 @ 2 00 Bear, Black... 5 00 @ 12 00 do brown... 2 00 @ 8 00 Badger... 10 @ 50 Cat, Wild... 25 @ 60 do House... 10 @ 50 Fisher... 4 00 @ 8 00 Fox, Silver... 5 00 @ 50 00 do Cross... 3 00 @ 5 00 do Red... 75 @ 1 00 do Gray... 40 @ 60 do Kitt... 30 @ 50 Lynx... 50 @ 1 50 Marten, Dark... 5 00 @ 20 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Mink, dark... 3 00 @ 8 00 do pale... 1 00 @ 3 00 Otter... 3 00 @ 7 00 Musquash, Fall... 12 @ 15 Opossum... 6 @ 12 Raccoon... 10 @ 50 Skunk, Black... 80 @ 60

Skins—Duty: 10 per cent ad val. Goat, Curacao... per lb cur 35 @ 40 do Buenos A... gold 27 @ 33 do Vera Cruz... gold 37 @ 37 1/2 do Tampico... gold 42 1/2 @ 42 1/2 do Matamoros... gold 40 @ 40 do Payta... gold 28 @ 28 do Cape... 28 @ 28 Deer, San Juan... gold 40 @ 42 1/2 do Central America... do do do Bolivar... gold 30 @ 30 do Honduras... gold 45 @ 45 do Sisal... gold 45 @ 47 do Para... gold 10 @ 10 do Porto Cabo... gold 33 @ 35 do Missouri... gold do do Texas... gold do @ ..

Deer, Arkansas... gold do Florida... gold

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches, 2 1/2 cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24x39 inches 6 cents per square foot; above that, and not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot; all above that, 40 cents per square foot; on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 1 1/2; over that, and not over 16x24, 2; over that, and not over 24x30, 2 1/2; all over that, 8 cents per lb.

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities.

Subject to a discount of 35 @ 40 per cent. 6x 8 to 8x10... 50 ft 6 25 @ 4 75 8x11 to 10x15... 6 75 @ 5 00 11x14 to 12x18... 7 50 @ 5 50 13x16 to 16x24... 8 50 @ 6 00 18x22 to 18x30... 10 00 @ 7 00 20x30 to 24x30... 12 50 @ 8 00 24x31 to 24x36... 14 00 @ 9 00 25x36 to 26x40... 16 00 @ 10 00 28x40 to 30x48... 18 00 @ 14 00 24x54 to 32x56... 20 50 @ 16 00 32x58 to 34x60... 24 00 @ 13 00 34x62 to 40x60... 26 00 @ 21 00

French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick) New 1st of Sept. 25 Discount 20 @ 25 per cent.

6x 8 to 8x10... 50 feet 6 25 @ 4 75 8x11 to 10x15... 6 75 @ 5 00 11x14 to 12x18... 7 50 @ 5 50 13x16 to 16x24... 8 50 @ 6 00 18x22 to 18x30... 10 00 @ 7 00 20x30 to 24x30... 12 50 @ 8 00 24x31 to 24x36... 14 00 @ 9 00 25x36 to 26x40... 16 00 @ 10 00 28x40 to 30x48... 18 00 @ 14 00 24x54 to 32x56... 20 50 @ 16 00 32x58 to 34x60... 24 00 @ 18 00 34x62 to 40x60... 26 00 @ 21 00 English sells at 15 per cent off above rates.

Groceries—See special report.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less, per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, light & h'y... 18 @ 18 1/2

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 16 cents or less per square yard, 3; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, standard, y'd... 19 @ 19 1/2

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, and 20 per cent ad val.; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 per cent ad val. Blasting (B) per 25 lb keg... 4 00 Shipping and Mining... 4 50 Kentucky Rifle... 6 50 @ .. Meal... 6 00 @ .. Deer... 5 50 @ .. Sporting, in 1 lb cansisters... 86 @ 1 06

Hair—Duty free. Rio Grande, mixed... per lb gold... 25 @ 25 1/2 Buenos Ayres, mixed... 20 @ 25 1/2 Hog, Western, unwash... 11 @ 12

Hay—North River, in bales per 100 lbs for shipping... 1 15 @ 1 20

Hemp—Duty, Russian, \$40; Manila \$25; Jute, \$15; Italian, \$40; Sunr and Sisal, \$15 per ton; and Tampico, 1 cent per lb. Amer. Dressed... per ton 325 00 @ 355 00 do Undressed... 170 00 @ 190 00 Russia, Clean... (gold) 250 00 @ Jute... (gold) 120 00 @ 125 00 Italian... (gold) 230 00 @ 240 00 Manila... (gold) 10 @ 10 1/2 Sisal... 11 1/2 @ 12

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 per cent ad val.

Dry Hides— Buenos Ayres... per lb g'd 19 @ 19 1/2 Montevideo... do 19 @ .. Rio Grande... do 18 1/2 @ 19 Orinoco... do 17 1/2 @ 18 California... do 18 1/2 @ 19 San Juan... do 15 @ 16 Matamoros... do 15 @ 16 Vera Cruz... do 14 1/2 @ 15 1/2 Tampico... do 14 @ 15 Bogota... do 15 @ 16 Porto Cabello... do 18 @ 14 1/2 Maracibo... do 13 @ 14 1/2 Truxillo... do 15 @ 16 Bahia... do 13 @ 14 1/2 Rio Hache dry & dry salted... do 12 @ 14 Curacao, dry salted do 12 @ 14 S. Domingo & Pt. au Platt... do 10 @ 12 Texas... do 12 @ 14 Western... do 12 @ 14

Dry Salted Hides— Chill... gold 13 1/2 @ 14 1/2 Payta... do 13 1/2 @ 14 1/2 Maranh... do 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2 Pernambuco... do 10 1/2 @ 11 1/2 Bahia... do 9 1/2 @ 10 1/2 Matamoros... do 12 @ 13 Maracibo... do 10 @ 11 Savanilla... do 11 @ 12 Wet Salted Hides— Bue. Ayres... per lb g'd 10 1/2 @ 10 1/2 Rio Grande... do 10 1/2 @ 11 California... do 10 1/2 @ 11 Para... do 10 @ 11 New Orleans... cur 10 1/2 @ 10 1/2 City's h'ter trim. & s'ured... 10 1/2 @ 11

Upper Leather Stock—		
B. A. & Rio Gr. Kit	22 @	26 1/2
Sierra Leone.. cash	25 @	25
Gambia & Bissau..	21 @	25
Zanibar.....	17 @	19
East India Stock—		
Calcutta, city sl'hter		
p. gold.....	14 @	15
Calcutta, deid green	12 @	13
do buffalo, p' b	11 @	11 1/2
Manilla & Batavia,		
buffalo.....	11 @	11 1/2
Honey—Duty, 2 cent p' gallon.		
Cuba (in bond) (gr)		
p' gall.....	61 @	62
Hops—Duty: 5 cents p' lb.		
Crop of 1867.....	40 @	60
do of 1866.....	30 @	45
Bavarian.....	45 @	55
Horns—Duty, 10 p' cent ad val.		
Ox, Rio Grande.....	7 00 @	8 00
Ox, American.....	7 00 @	8 00
India Rubber—Duty, 10 p' cent ad val.		
Para, Fine.....	70 @	72 1/2
Para, Medium.....	57 1/2 @	61
Para, Coarse.....	45 @	45
East India.....	45 @	45
Carthagen, &c.....	45 @	45
Indigo—Duty FREE.		
Bengal..... (old) p' lb	1 00 @	1 70
Oude..... (gold)	75 @	1 35
Madras..... (gold)	65 @	1 15
Manila..... (gold)	65 @	1 00
Guatemala..... (gold)	90 @	1 20
Caracens..... (gold)	75 @	1 00
Iron—Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents p' lb.		
Railroad, 70 cents p' 100 lb; Boiler and Plate, 1 1/2 cents p' lb; Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 to 1 3/4 cents p' lb; Pig, \$9 p' ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents p' lb.		
Pig, Scotch, No 1.		
p' ton	37 00 @	41 00
Pig, American, No. 1.	35 00 @	6 00
P. g., American, No. 2.	85 0 @	36 00
Bar, Ref'd Eng & Amer	80 9 @	85 00
Bar, Swedes, assorted sizes (in gold).....	87 50 @	92 00
Bar Swedes, ordinary sizes.....	150 00 @	150 00
Bar, English and American, Refined.....	95 00 @	100 00
do do Common	85 00 @	90 00
Soroll.....	125 0 @	110 00
Ovals and Half Round	120 00 @	150 00
Band.....	125 00 @	125 00
Horse Shoe.....	125 00 @	125 00
Rods, 5-8 to 3-16 inch.....	100 00 @	160 00
Hoop.....	130 50 @	185 00
Nail Rod.....	9 @	10
Sheet, Russia.....	15 @	16
Sheet, Single, Double and Treble.....	5 @	7
Rails, Eng. (g'd) p' ton	51 00 @	52 00
do American.....	73 00 @	75 00
Ivory—Duty, 10 p' cent ad val.		
East India, Prime p' lb	3 30 @	3 15
East Ind., Billiard Ball	8 25 @	3 50
African, Prime.....	2 75 @	2 87 1/2
African, Scrivel., W. C.	1 60 @	2 50
Lead—Duty, Pig, \$2 p' 100 lb; Old Lead, 1 1/2 cents p' lb; Pipe and Sheet, 2 1/2 cents p' lb.		
Galena..... p' 100 lb	6 @	6 50
Spanish..... (gold)	6 45 @	6 50
German..... (gold)	6 45 @	6 75
English..... (gold)	6 45 @	6 87
Bar..... net	10 @	10 50
Pipe and Sheet..... net	12 @	12 00
Leather—Duty: sole 35, upper 30 p' cent ad val.		
Oak, sl'hter, heavy p' lb	38 @	40
do do middle	33 @	44
do do light.....	26 @	40
do do crop, heavy	40 @	43
do do middle	33 @	43
do do light.....	33 @	49
Oak, rough slaughter.	38 @	45
Hem'k, B. A., &c. h'y	26 @	28
do do middle.....	27 @	28
do do light.....	25 @	28
do Califor., heavy	25 @	27
do do middle.....	25 @	27
do do light.....	25 @	27
do Orino., heavy.	23 @	26
do do middle	24 @	25 1/2
do do light.....	24 @	25 1/2
do rough.....	85 @	39
do good damaged	21 1/2 @	24
do poor do	17 @	20
Lime—Duty: 10 p' cent ad val.		
Rockland, com. p' bbl.	1 75 @	1 75
do heavy.....	1 85 @	1 85
Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.		
—Duty: Lumber, 20 p' cent ad val.; Staves, 10 p' cent ad val.; Rosewood and Cedar, FREE.		
Spruce, East. p' M ft	18 00 @	20 00
Southern Pine.....	35 00 @	40 00
White Pine Box B'ds	24 00 @	27 00
White Pine Merch.		
Box Boards.....	27 00 @	30 00
Clear Pine.....	60 00 @	65 00
Laths, Eastern. p' M	3 00 @	3 00
Poplar and White wood B'ds & Pl'k.	50 00 @	55 00
Cherry B'ds & Plank	75 00 @	80 00
Oak and Ash.....	45 00 @	55 00
Maple and Birch.....	85 00 @	40 00
Black Walnut.....	75 00 @	100 00
STAVES—		
White Oak, hhd., West India.....	1 35 00 @	1 35 00

White oak, pipe, extra.....	p' M.	275 00 @
do pipe, heavy.....		225 00 @
do pipe, light.....		175 00 @
do pipe, culls.....	110 00 @	170 00 @
do hhd., extra.....		235 00 @
do hhd., heavy.....		175 00 @
do hhd., light.....		119 00 @
do hhd., culls.....		100 00 @
do bbl., extra.....		150 00 @
do bbl., heavy.....		115 00 @
do bbl., light.....		90 00 @
do bbl., culls.....		60 00 @
Red oak, hhd., h'vy.		120 00 @
do hhd., light.....		89 00 @
HEADING—White Oak hhd.....		149 00 @
HEADING—White Oak double bbl.....		240 00 @
Guano, Cedar, Rosewood, &c. p' ft.		
Managuan et. p' ft.	25 @	50
do Et. Domingo, ordinary logs.....	7 @	10
do Port-au-Platt, crotches.....	30 @	40
do Port-au-Platt, logs.....	10 @	14
do Nuevitas.....	10 @	14
do Mansanilla.....	10 @	14
do Mexican.....	11 @	15
do Honduras (American wood).....	14 @	20
Cedar, Nuevitas.....	8 @	12
do Mansanilla.....	8 @	12
do Mexican.....	8 @	12
do Florida, p' c. ft.	25 @	50
Rosewood, R. Jan. p' lb	5 @	8
do Bahia.....	4 @	6
Molasses.—See special report.		
Nails—Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2; horse shoe 2 cents p' lb.		
Cut, 4d. @ 60d. p' 100 lb	6 37 @	5 50
Clinch.....	7 00 @	7 25
Horse shoe, f'd (6d) p' lb	27 @	30
Copper.....	42 @	42
Yellow metal.....	26 @	26
Zinc.....	18 @	18
Naval Stores—Duty: spirits of turpentine 30 cents p' gallon; crude Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20 p' cent ad val.		
Turpentine, s. ft. p' 280 lb	4 25 @	4 50
Tar, N. County p' bbl.	2 75 @	2 75
Tar, Wilmington.....	3 25 @	3 50
Cl'ch City.....	3 25 @	3 50
Spirits turpentine p' g.	61 @	61
Wosin, com'n. p' 280 lb	2 75 @	3 81
do strained and No. 2.....	3 00 @	3 12 1/2
do No. 1.....	3 50 @	4 00
do Pale.....	4 50 @	5 50
do extra pale.....	6 00 @	7 00
Oakum—Duty fr., p' lb	8 @	11
Oil Cake—Duty: 20 p' cent ad val. City thin obl'g, in bbls.		
p' ton	54 50 @	5 00
do in bags.....	52 00 @	5 00
West. thin obl'g, do	49 00 @	5 00
Oils—Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and rape seed, 23 cents; olive and salad oil, in bottles or flasks, \$1; burning fluid, 50 cents p' gallon; palm, seal, and cocoa nut, 10 p' cent ad val.; sperm and whale or other fish (foreign fisheries), 20 p' cent ad val.		
Olive, Mar's, qs (gold) per case.....	4 00 @	5 00
do in casks. p' gall.....	1 20 @	1 20
Palm.....	10 1/2 @	11
Linseed, city.....	1 15 @	1 18
Whale, crude.....	63 @	65
do bleached winter	75 @	75
Sperm, crude.....	2 00 @	2 05
do wint. unbleach.....	2 @	2 20
Lard oil, prime winter	1 15 @	1 20
Red oil, city dist. Elaine	60 @	60
do saponified, west'n	63 @	63
Bank.....	65 @	65
Straits.....	70 @	70
Paraffine, 28 & 30 gr. Lubricating.....	50 @	40
Kerosene..... (free)	45 @	45
Paints—Duty: on white lead, red lead, and litharge, dry or ground in oil, 3 cents p' lb; Paris white and whiting, 1 cent p' lb; dry ochres, 56 cents p' 100 lb; oxides of zinc, 1 1/2 cents p' lb; ochre, ground in oil, \$ 50 p' 100 lb; Spanish brown 25 p' cent ad val.; China clay, \$5 p' ton; Venetian red and vermilion 25 p' cent ad val.; white chalk, \$10 p' ton.		
Litharge, City.....	11 @	11 1/2
Lead, red, City.....	11 @	11 1/2
do white, American, pure, in oil.....	13 @	13
do white, American, pure, dry.....	11 1/2 @	12
Zinc, white, American, dry, No. 1.....	8 @	8 1/2
do white, American, No. 1, in oil.....	8 @	12
do White, French, dry	13 @	13
do white, French, in oil.....	14 @	14 1/2
Ochre, yellow, French, dry.....	2 1/2 @	3
do ground, in oil.....	8 @	10
Spanish brown, dry p' 100 lb.....	1 00 @	1 25
do gr'd in oil. p' lb	8 @	9
Paris wh., No. 1.....	2 1/2 @	2 1/2
Chrome, yellow, dry.....	16 @	35
Whiting, Amer.....	2 @	2 1/2
Vermilion, China, p' lb	1 20 @	1 25

Vermillion, Trieste... 1 09 @	1 10
do Cal. & Eng.. 1 20 @	1 25
do Amer. com.. 25 @	35
Venet. red (N.C.) p' cwt	2 85 @ 3 00
Carmine, city made p' lb	16 00 @ 20 00
Plumbago.....	4 @ 6
China clay, p' ton.....	80 00 @ 31 00
Chalk..... p' lb.	1 @ 1 1/2
Chalk, block..... p' ton	22 50 @ 23 00
Barytes, American p' lb	1 @ 1 1/2
Barytes, Foreign.....	39 00 @ 42 75
Petroleum—Duty: crude, 20 cents; refined, 40 cents p' gallon.	
Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. p' gal	16 @ 16 1/2
do in bulk.....	1 @ 1 1/2
Refined, free, S.W.....	42 @ 43
do in bond, prime L. S. to W. (11 @ 115 test).....	23 @ 23 1/2
do do, prime white	24 1/2 @ 25
Naptha, refined, 60 @ 62 grav.....	16 @ 16
Residuam..... p' bbl.	3 00 @ 3 50
Gasoline.....	70 @ 21
Plaster Paris—Duty: lump, free; calcined, 20 p' cent ad val.	
Blue Nova Scotia p' ton	3 87 1/2 @ 4 00
White Nova Scotia.....	4 50 @ 4 70
Calcined, eastern p' bbl	2 @ 2 40
Calcined city mills.....	2 @ 2 50
Provisions—Duty: beef and pork, 1 ct; hams, bacon, and lard, 2 ts p' lb.	
Pork, new mess, p' bbl	21 87 1/2 @ 21 95
Pork, old mess.....	20 00 @ 20 75
Pork, prime mess.....	@ @
do prime.....	@ @
Beef, plain mess.....	13 00 @ 13 00
do extra mess.....	18 50 @ 21 40
do hams.....	29 00 @ 31 50
Hams, dry..... p' lb	12 @ 13 1/2
Hams, in pickle.....	@ @
Shoulders dry.....	8 @ 9 1/2
Shoulders in pickle.....	@ @
Lard.....	13 @ 1 1/2
Rice—Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents p' lb; paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents p' lb.	
Carolina..... p' 100 lb	10 00 @ 11 15
Rangoon Dress'd, gold duty paid.....	6 50 @ 7 00
Salt—Duty: sack, 24 cents p' 100 lb; bulk, 18 cents p' 100 lb.	
Turks Islands p' bush.	45 @ 46
Cadiz.....	@ @
Liverpool, gr'd p' sack	1 85 @ 1 90
do fine, Ashton's (g'd)	2 60 @ 2 80
do fine, Worthing's 2 75 @ 2 80	
Saltpetre—Duty: crude, 2 1/2 cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent p' lb.	
Refined, pure.....	15 @ 15
Crude.....	9 1/2 @ 10 1/2
Nitrate soda..... gold	8 1/2 @ 8 1/2
Seeds—Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp, 1 cent p' lb; canary, \$1 p' bushel of 60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 p' cent ad val.	
Clover..... p' lb	12 1/2 @ 13 1/2
Timothy, reaped p' bus	3 00 @ 3 25
Canary..... p' bus	5 00 @ 5 50
Hemp.....	3 00 @ 3 25
Lin's'd Am. rough p' bus	2 80 @ 2 90
do Cal'e's, Bos'n's, g'd	2 20 @ 2 20
do do New Yk, g'd	2 26 @ 2 21
Shot—Duty: 2 1/2 cents p' lb.	
Drop..... p' lb	11 1/2 @ 11 1/2
Buck.....	1 1/2 @ 1 1/2
Silk—Duty: free. All thrown silk, 35 p' cent.	
Tsatlees, No. 1 @ 3. p' lb	10 25 @ 11 00
Taysaams, superior, No. 1, 2.....	9 25 @ 9 75
do medium, No. 3 @ 4.	8 00 @ 9 00
Canton, re-reel, No. 1 @ 2	7 50 @ 8 00
Canton, Usual Reel.....	@ @
Japan, superior.....	10 10 @ 12 50
do Medium.....	8 00 @ 10 00
China thrown.....	nominal
Soap—Duty: 1 cent p' lb, and 25 p' cent ad val.	
Castile..... p' lb.	13 @ 16 1/2
Spelter—Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, \$1 50 p' 100 lbs.	
Plates, foreign p' lb gold	6 1/2 @ 6 1/2
do domestic.....	10 @ 10 1/2
Spices.—See special report.	
Steel—Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 7 cents p' lb or under, 2 1/2 cents; over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts p' lb; over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents p' lb and 10 p' cent ad val. (Store prices.)	
English, cast, p' lb	18 @ 23
English, spring.....	10 @ 12 1/2
English blister.....	11 1/2 @ 20
English machinery.....	13 1/2 @ 16
English German.....	14 @ 16
American blister.....	11 1/2 @ 17
American cast To. l	21 @ 23
American spring do	12 @ 14
American mach'y do	@ 14
American German do	10 @ 13
Sumac—Duty: 10 p' cent ad val.	
Stilly..... p' ton.	125 00 @ 225 00
Sugar.—See special report.	
Tallow—Duty: 1 cent p' lb.	
American, prime, country and city p' lb.....	10 1/2 @ 11 1/2

Teas.—See special report.	
Tin—Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 p' cent ad val. Plate and sheets and terne plates, 25 p' cent ad val.	
Banca..... p' lb (gold)	26 @ 26
Straits..... (gold)	24 @ 24 1/2
English..... (gold)	23 1/2 @ 23 1/2
Plates, char. I. C. p' box	11 50 @ 12 25
do I. C. Coke.....	9 50 @ 10 50
do Terne Charcoal	10 25 @ 11 75
do Terne Coke.....	9 00 @ 9 50
Tobacco.—See special report.	
Wines and Liquors—LIQUORS	
—Duty: Brandy, first proof, \$3 per gallon; other liquors, \$2.50. Wines—Duty: value net over 50 cents p' gallon 20 cents p' gallon and 25 p' cent ad valorem; over 50 and not over 100, 50 cents p' gallon and 25 p' cent ad valorem; over \$1 p' gallon, \$1 p' gallon and 25 p' cent ad val.	
Brandy—	
J. & F. Martell (gold)	5 35 @ 9 00
Hennessy..... (gold)	5 50 @ 13 00
Otard, Dup. & Co. do	5 20 @ 13 00
Pinet, Castil. & Co. do	5 0 @ 17 00
Renault & Co. do	5 00 @ 16 00
J. Vassal & Co. do	5 00 @ 14 00
Marrette & Co. do	5 50 @ 10 00
Vine Grow. Co. do	5 00 @ 9 00
Leger freres..... do	5 0 @ 10 00
Other br'ds Cog. do	4 75 @ 7 50
Pellevoisin..... do	@ @
A. Seignette..... do	4 75 @
Hiv. Pellevoisin do	4 75 @
Alex. Seignette. do	5 00 @ 5 15
Arzac Seignette do	4 75 @
P. Romieux..... do	4 75 @
Rum—Jamaica..... do	3 50 @ 4 50
St. Croix..... do	3 50 @
Gin—Differ. brands do	3 00 @ 4 75
Dom c.—N. E. Rum. cur.....	@ @
Bourbon Whisky, cur.....	@ @
Whisky (in bond).....	28 @ 35
Wire—Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered \$2 to \$3 50 p' 100 lb, and 15 p' cent ad val.	
Iron No. 0 to 1 & 22, @ 25 p' ct. off list. No. 19 to 26..... 3 1/2 p' ct. off list	
No. 27 to 36..... 3 5 p' ct. off list	
Telegraph, No. 7 to 11 Plain.....	8 1/2 @ 9 1/2
Brass (less 20 p' cent)	43 @ 45
Copper do	53 @
Wool—Duty: Imported in the "ordinary condition as now and heretofore practiced." CLASS 1—Clothing Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 32 cents or less p' lb, 10 cents p' lb and 11 p' cent ad val.; over 32 cents p' lb, 12 cents p' lb and 10 p' cent ad val.; when imported washed, double these rates. CLASS 2.—Combining Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 32 cents or less p' lb, 10 cents p' lb and 11 p' cent ad val.; over 32 cents p' lb, 12 cents p' lb and 10 p' cent ad val. CLASS 3.—Carpet Wools and other similar Wools—The value whereof at the last place whence exported to the United States is 12 cents or less p' lb, 3 cents p' lb; over 12 cents p' lb, 6 cents p' lb. Wool of all classes imported scoured, three times the duty as if imported unwashed.	
Amer., Sax. fleece p' lb	55 @ 60
do full bl'd Merino.	48 @ 52
do 1/2 and 3/4 Merino..	44 @ 47
Extra, pulled.....	45 @ 50
Zinc—Duty: pig or block, \$1 50 p' 100 lbs.; sheets 2 1/2 cents p' lb.	
Sheet..... p' lb	11 1/2 @ 11 1/2
Freights—	
To LIVERPOOL:	
Cotton..... p' lb	7-6 @
Flour..... p' bbl.	8 @ 4 0
Petroleum.....	@ 5 0
Heavy goods..... p' ton	32 6 @ 40 0
Oil.....	40 @ 60 0
Corn, b'k & bags p' bus.	9 1/2 @ 10
Wheat, bulk and bags	9 1/2 @ 10 1/2
Beef..... p' tce.	

Financial.

OFFICE OF THE
**Pacific Mutual Insurance
COMPANY,**

TRINITY BUILDING, 111 BROADWAY.

New York, January 11, 1868.

The following Statement of the Affairs of the Company is published in conformity with the requirements of Section 12 of its charter:

Outstanding Premiums, Jan. 1, 1867.....	\$149,430 75
Premiums received from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1867, inclusive.....	796,612 87
Total Amount of Marine Premiums.....	\$946,093 62

THIS COMPANY HAS ISSUED NO POLICIES EXCEPT ON CABO AND FREIGHT FOR THE VOYAGE.

No Risks have been taken upon Time or upon Hulls of Vessels.

Premiums marked off as Earned during the Period as above.....	\$827,044 19
Paid for Losses and Expenses, less Savings, &c., during the same period.....	603,270 41
Return Premiums.....	74,421 12

The Company has the following assets.

Cash in Bank and on hand.....	\$84,029 31
U.S. and other stocks (U.S. \$133,100).....	476,293 33
Loans on Stocks drawing interest.....	66,550 00
Premium Notes and Bills Receivable.....	\$626,877 64
Subscription Notes in advance of Premiums.....	279,584 45
Re-insurance and other claims due the Company, estimated at.....	91,438 94
52,477 92	
Total Assets.....	\$1,050,378 95

Six Per Cent. Interest,

on the outstanding Certificates of Profits, will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 4th day of February next. The remaining Fifty Per Cent. of the

Outstanding Certificates of the Company, of the issue of 1863,

will be redeemed and paid in cash, to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 4th day of February next, from which date interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be produced at the time of payment and cancelled.

A Dividend in Script of FIFTEEN PER CENT. is declared on the net amount of Earned Premiums for the year ending December 31st, 1867, for which Certificates will be issued on and after the first day of June next.

TRUSTEES:

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| John K. Myers, | William Leconey, |
| A. C. Richards, | John A. Bartow, |
| Sheppard Gandy, | Alex. M. Earle, |
| W. M. Richards, | John A. Hadden, |
| G. D. H. Gillespie, | Oliver K. King, |
| C. E. Milnor, | Benjamin D. Smith, |
| Martin Bates, | Wm. T. Blodgett, |
| Frederick B. Betts, | Lewis Buckman, |
| Moses A. Hoppock, | Chas. H. Ludington, |
| W. H. Mellen, | Jos. L. Smallwood, |
| B. W. Bull, | Thomas Eakin, |
| Horace B. Claffin, | Henry C. Southwick, |
| Ephraim L. Corning, | Wm. Hegeman, |
| A. S. Barnes, | James R. Taylor, |
| Egbert Starr, | Adam T. Bruce, |
| A. Wesson, | Albert B. Strange, |

JOHN K. MYERS, President.
WILLIAM LECONY, Vice-President.

THOMAS HALE, Secretary.

BENEDICT'S

Time Watches!

Fine Jewelry and Silver Ware, Articles suitable for Wedding Presents and Silver Weddings.

BENEDICT BROS.,

UP-TOWN, 691 BROADWAY,

Between Amity and Fourth Streets.

BENEDICT BROS., Jewellers, 171 Broadway

BENEDICT BROS., Brooklyn, 234 Falton St.

Sole Agents for the Remontoir Church Clocks. Also, agents for the American Waltham Watches.

The "Benedict's Time Watch" having proved an exact time-keeper, we confidently recommend it to those wishing to keep the correct time, and in order to introduce it throughout the country, we offer to send it by express at our own expense.

DeLolme Benedict, Agent for the National Watch Company, office No. 691 Broadway.

BENEDICT'S TIME TABLE OFFICE NO. 95 LIBERTY STREET.

Agents for Isaac Reed & Son's Gold Fountain Pen which writes four pages with one dip.

Commercial Cards.

EVERETT & Co.,

28 State Street, Boston,

AGENTS FOR

AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.

OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

Henry Lawrence & Sons,

MAUFACTURERS OF CORDAGE

FOR EXPORT AND DOMESTIC USE,

192 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.

Norton, Slaughter & Co.,

COTTON & TOBACCO FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

40 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Cash Advances made on Consignments

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON TO

OUR FRIENDS IN LIVER-

POOL HAVRE AND

HAMBURG.

NEILL, Bros., & Co.,

134 PEARL STREET.

J. M. CUMMINGS & Co.,

DISTILLERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

53 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

Offer for sale, IN BOND, fine BOURBON and RYE WHISKIES, from their own and other first-class Distilleries, Kentucky.

G. FALLS & Co.,

COTTON BUYERS,

Memphis, Tenn.

G. FALLS. J. C. JOHNSON. J. N. FALLS
Refer by permission to Caldwell & Morris, New York.

GANO, WRIGHT & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Cotton, Flour, Grain and Provisions.

NO. 27 MAIN ST., CINCINNATI, O.

THE

Singer Manufacturing Co.

458 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Proprietors and Manufacturers of the world renowned

SINGER SEWING MACHINES,

for family use and manufacturing purposes. Branches and Agencies throughout the civilized world, SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

Financial.

SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO.
Bankers,

16 So. 2d St., Philada. | 3 Nassau St., New York.

Dealers in U. S. Securities and Foreign Exchange, and members of Stock and Gold Exchanges in both cities.

Accounts of Banks and Bankers received on liberal terms.

U. S. Bonds a Specialty.

BANKING HOUSE

TURNER BROTHERS,

NO. 14 NASSAU STREET,

Corner of Pine, Opposite U. S. Treasury.

We receive Deposits and make Collections, the same as an incorporated Bank. Government Securities Bought and Sold at Market Rates. We also execute orders for Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold on Commission.

TURNER BROTHERS.

Financial.

St. Louis Water Bonds.

Twenty-Year Six Per Cent. Bonds, Principal and Interest Payable in Gold.

The subscribers are the authorized Agents for the Sale of these Bonds, and offer them at 95 and accrued interest, in currency.

JAMESON, SMITH & COTTING,
BANKERS, NO. 16 WALL STREET.

U.S. 5-20s, 10-40s, and 7-30s

CONVERTED INTO WATER BONDS

PHENIX NATIONAL BANK.

New York, December 28, 1867.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR (4) Per Cent. free from Tax, payable on and after January 2, 1868. The Transfer Books will be closed from date until January 2.

JOHN PARKER, Cashier.

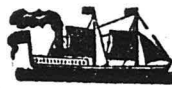
Offices To Let,

On BROADWAY, BROAD and NEW Streets, near WALL. Apply to

EDWARD MATTHEWS,

No. 19 Broad Street.

Steamship Companies.



STEAM COMMUNICATION BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND AUSTRALASIA via PANAMA.

The Panama, New-Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N.Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New-York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New York to ports in New Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, \$346 to \$364 for first class, and \$218 to \$238 for second class.

The above rates include the transit across the Isthmus of Panama, and the first class fares are for forward cabins of the Australian steamer; after cabin, latter \$25 additional. Fares payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New Zealand. Children under three years, free; under eight years quarter fare; under twelve years, half-fare; male servants, one-half fare; female do., three-quarters fare; men servants berthed forward, women do., in ladies cabin.

A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading. For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall st

Or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent, No. 23 William st. New Y

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE

To CALIFORNIA.



And Carrying the United States Mail.

LEAVE PIER NO. 42 NORTH

ER, FOOT o Canal street, at 1

o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th, an

11st of every month (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday), for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

FEBRUARY:

1st—OCEAN QUEEN, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.
11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with MONTANA
21st—ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pound allowed each adult.

An experienced Surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot Canal street, North River, New York.

F. R. BABY Agent.

Commercial Cards.

GEORGE PEARCE & Co.,

70 & 72 FRANKLIN STREET, NEW YORK,

Importers of

White Goods,

Laces and Emb's,

Linen Handk's,

British and Continental,

Commercial Cards.

S. H. PEARCE & Co.,

No. 353 BROADWAY,

Importers of

EUROPEAN AND CHINA SILKS,

and Manufacturers of

SILK AND COTTON HANDKERCHIEFS,

Oiled Silk,

Imitation Oiled Silk.

Our "IMITATION" has a very superior finish, and costs but half as much as real silk, which it equals in appearance and durability.

Agents for the sale of the

Patent Reversible Paper Collars.
 the most economical collar ever invented.

George Hughes & Co.

Importers & Commission Merchants,

198 & 200 CHURCH STREET,

SCOTCH AND IRISH LINEN GOODS,

SPANISH LINEN, DUCKS, DRILLS,

LINEN CHECKS, &c., WHITE GOODS,

PATENT LINEN THREAD.

Sole Agents for

DICKSONS' FERGUSON & CO, Belfast.**And F. W. HAYES & CO., Banbridge.****John O'Neill & Sons,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sewing Silks,

Machine Twist

Embroidery,

Organzine, and Tram.

84 CHAMBERS ST., NEW YORK.

MILLS AT PATERSON, N. J.

J. & P. COATS'

**BEST SIX-CORD CABLED
 Thread.**

JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,

SOLE AGENTS IN NEW YORK.

No. 108 Duane Street.

BRAND & GIHON,

Importers & Commission Merchants-

42 & 44 MURRAY STREET.

IRISH & SCOTCH LINEN GOODS,

In full assortment for the

Jobbing and Clothing Trade.

Agents for the sale of

WILLIAM GIHON & SONS'**WHITE LINENS & C****BURLAPS, BAGGING,****FLAXSAIL DUCK, &c****LINEN GOODS.****Strachan & Malcomson,**

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS

FOR

IRISH AND SCOTCH LINENS,

40 Murray Street, New York.

BYRD & HALL,

Manufacturers of

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,

Nos. 12 & 14 WARREN STREET, NEW YORK.

C. HOLT & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

119 CHAMBERS STREET.

Agents for the Glasgow Thread Company's

SPOOL COTTON.

Also Agents for

**MACHINE AND SEWING SILK, BUTTON-HOLE
 TWIST, FANCY GOODS, &c.****Offer to Jobbers only.**

Commercial Cards.

E. R. Mudge, Sawyer & Co.

AGENTS FOR

WASHINGTON MILLS,**BURLINGTON WOOLEN CO.,****CHICOPEE MANUF. CO.,****VICTORY MANUF. CO.,****MILTON MILLS,**

Nos. 43 & 45 WHITE STREET.

GLOBE WOOLEN Co.,

198 & 200 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

W. W. COFFIN, Treas. W. D. SIMONTON.

Fancy Cassimeres, Silk Mixtures,
Beavers.**Wm. C. Langley & Co.,**

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR

**AMERICAN COTTON AND WOOLEN
 GOODS.**

From Numerous Mills.

7 & 19 WHITE STREET, NEW YORK.

ALEXANDER D. NAPIER

(late of Becar, Napier & Co.)

Agent for S. Courtauld & Co.'s

ENGLISH CRAPES,

And importer of

**Linen Cambric, Madder, Turkey Red
 and Lawn****HANDKERCHIEFS,****HOSIERY and****MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,**

Offers a new Stock of the above at

364 BROADWAY CORNER FRANKLIN STREET.

OSCAR DELISLE & Co.,

IMPORTERS OF

French Dress Goods,

Muslin Draperies,

Lace Curtains.

Machine Edgings,

Swiss & French White Goods.

Real Brussels Laces,

Imitation Laces,

Corsets, &c.

78 LEONARD STREET, NEW YORK.

John Graham,

Manufacturer of

WOVEN CORSETS, SKIRT MATERI-**ALS, WEBBINGS, BINDINGS BED****LACE, COTTON YARNS, &c.,**

234 CHURCH STREET NEW YORK

Wm. G. Watson & Son,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SUPERIOR MACHINE TWIST AND**SEWING SILKS,**

No. 299 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

WORKS PATERSON, N. J.

SPOOL COTTON.**JOHN CLARK, Jr. & CO'S.**

Mile End, Glasgow.

IS UNSURPASSED FOR HAND AND MACHINE**SEWING.****THOS. RUSSELL, Sole Agent,****88 CHAMBERS STREET, N.Y.****Cotton Duck,**

All Widths and Weights.

A Large Stock always on hand.

THEODORE POLHEMUS & CO

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS.

59 Broad Street, corner of Beaver

Commercial Cards.

GILEAD A. SMITH,

15 LANGHAM PLACE, LONDON, W.

RAILROAD IRON,**BESSEMER RAILS.****STEEL TYRES.****AND METALS.**

Railroad Bonds and U.S. and other American Securities negotiated, and Credit and Exchange provided for U. S. or Continent.

Consignments solicited on the usual terms of any of the staples.

Special Counting and Reception Rooms available for Americans in London, with the facilities usually found at the Continental Bankers.

Railroad Iron,**AMERICAN AND FOREIGN,**

FOR

Steam and Street Roads,

FOR SALE BY

S. W. HOPKINS & Co.,

69 & 71 Broadway.

Street Cars, Omnibuses.**JOHN STEPHENSON & CO.,**

MANUFACTURERS.

New York.

NOTICE TO THE CONSUMERS OF THE

GENUINE SWEDISH DANNE-**MORA IRON.**

I beg to announce that I have this day entered into a contract with Messrs. W. Jessop & Sons, of Sheffield for the whole Annual Make of the above Iron, which in future, will be stamped

LEUFSTA, W. JESSOP & SONS.

And to which I request the special attention of the trade.

Leuista, in Sweden, 29th April, 1887.

CARL EMANUEL DE GEER, Proprietor.

WM. JESSOP & SONS, in referring to the above notice, beg to inform dealers in, and consumers of, Iron and Steel, that they are prepared to receive orders for this IRON, and for BLISTER and EXTRA CAST STEEL made from the Iron, at their establishments, Nos. 91 & 93 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK, and Nos. 138 & 135 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON.

MORRIS, TASKER & Co.,**Pascal Iron Works, Philadelphia.**

Manufacturers of Wrought Iron Tubes, Lap Welded

Boiler Flues, Gas Works Castings and Street

Mains, Artesian Well Pipes and Tools,

Gas and Steam Fitters' Tools, &c.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES:

15 GOLD STREET, NEW YORK.**Thomas J. Pope & Bro.****METALS.**

292 PEARL STREET, NEAR BERKMAN STREET

NEW YORK

F. & F. A. Dana,**FOREIGN & AMERICAN RAILROAD
 IRON, OLD AND NEW,****Pig, Scrap Iron and other Metals, Lo-****comotives, Railroad Chairs & Spikes.**

Old Rails Re-rolled or Exchanged for new.

67 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

ESTABLISHED IN 1826.

A. B. HOLABIRD & Co.,

CINCINNATI, O.,

ENGINE AND MILL MANUFACTURERS.

Particular attention is called to our

IMPROVED CIRCULAR SAW MILL.

It is superior to all others in strength, durability and simplicity, will cut from 15,000 to 20,000 feet of lumber per day.

**REED'S PATENT GOLD PREMIUM
 WHEAT AND CORN MILLS.**

Built of solid French Burr Rock. Particular attention
 given to Southern patronage