1. Inflation - We have it St Louis Rotan
Class - Sept 19/

II. Why Inflation?

Trace G.N.P. growth
Current dollar

Real

Excessive nature of expansion.

III. Why has expansion been excessive?

Two schools of analysis
Fiscal stimulus

New Economics

Fine tuning

'60 - '64 it worked (apparently)

'64 on it didn't - why?

Delay in Congressional action and The influence of Monetary policy

Trace rates of expansion

Tight Money - Tight money policy

IV. The July I fiscal package

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

Prior to June heralded as a must

Digitized for FRASERM mediately following enactment

Overkill

Rapid reduction in growth

Predictions of recession

Must keep interest rates down Housing, etc.

G.N.P. to 10 billion advance - third quarter

Some of us were skeptical

Belief

Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis

While excessive Federal spending coupled with massive budget deficits generates intense pressure toward monetary expansion, Fiscal policy effective as an economic stabilization influence only in so far as monetary management makes it effective.

Commerce estimates raised for 3rd quarter - 10 to 15 - likely higher

How about 4th quarter? Ist quarter of 1969?

Too short a period to tell.

If it is - Ist quarter of '69 might ease off

If not - strength through 1st quarter.

Finally - What do we want?

Accept 5 - 6 - 7% inflation to
Hold interest rates low for a time
Hold unemployment at 3 1/2%
Hold business profits high
Or are we willing to accept
Temporary reductions in profits
Increase in unemployment
Higher interest rates for a time.

To my view

We must take the relatively minor pains of correction if we want long-run stability, optimum economic growth, and further expansion of living standards.